

Ron Heapy

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A LEXICON

Abridged from

Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon

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HENRY FROWDE

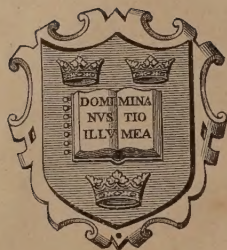
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THE Abridgment of Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon is intended chiefly for use in Schools. It has been reduced to its present compass by the omission

- I. Of passages cited as Authorities, except where examples seemed necessary to explain more clearly the usage of a word ;
- II. Of discussions upon the Derivation of words ;
- III. Of words used only by authors not read in Schools, or of the particular meanings of words not in general use, such as medical or scientific terms. But words used by Theocritus, the writers of the Anthology, Lucian, and Plutarch in his Lives, have been retained ; and especial care has been taken to explain all words contained in the New Testament.

Words are printed in Capitals, when they are radical forms, or when no form nearer the original Root is known to exist. The Derivation, when it is certain, is placed before the English explanation : when this is not the case, some notice will be found at the end of the word.

Many additional tenses and cases, mostly Homeric or Doric, have been inserted to give a clue to the simple word, when there seemed to be any difficulty or irregularity in the formation. All tenses and forms of words in the Gospels that presented any difficulty have been inserted in their place.

The quantity of doubtful syllables has been marked, except in such tenses of Verbs, cases of Nouns, and words, as are regularly derived. In such forms the quantity ought to be known to young students from grammatical rules.

For the sake of clearness, the parts of which compound words are made up have been marked by placing a hyphen between them, as, ἀπο-βάλλω, ἀφ-ίημι, ἄ-βατος, ἔφ-οδος. But when a word is compounded of two parts, one of which is already a compound, this latter compound is left undivided, and must be sought in its own place, as φιλο-κισσοφόρος. And a word immediately derived from a compound is left undivided, so that the elements of the derivation must be sought under the word from which it is derived, as the elements of φιλομονοσέω under φιλό-μονος. In Verbs compounded of a Preposition and a simple Verb, and whenever the component parts remain unaltered by the composition, mere division has been considered sufficient to mark the formation.

The present Edition has been completely revised and has also been considerably enlarged—chiefly by the addition of a number of irregular tenses of Verbs.

For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used :—

= means *equal* or *equivalent* to
 absol. = absolute, absolutely
 acc. = accusative : acc. to = according to
 Act. = active voice
 act. = active signification
 Adj. = adjective
 Adv. = adverb
 Aeol. = Aeolic, in the Aeolic dialect
 aor. = aorist tense
 Att. = Attic, in Attic Greek
 c. = cum (with)
 c. acc. cognato = with cognate accusative, i. e. with a
 Subst. which has the same or a similar signification
 with the Verb
 c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae
 cf. = confer (compare)
 collat. = collateral
 Com. = Comic, in Comic Greek
 Compar. or Comp. = comparative
 Conjunct. = conjunction
 contr. = contracted, contraction
 cp. = compare
 dat. = dative
 Dep. = Deponent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or
 Passive forms with Active sense
 deriv. = derived, derivation
 dissyll. = dissyllable
 Dor. = in Doric Greek
 e. g. = exempli gratia
 Ep. = in Epic Greek
 esp. = especially
 etc. = et cetera
 f. or fut. = future tense
 fem. = feminine
 fin. = ad finem or fine
 freq. = frequent, frequently
 gen. or genit. = genitive
 Hom. = Homer
 i. e. = id est
 imperat. or imper. = imperative mood
 imperf. or impf. = imperfect tense
 impers. = impersonal
 indic. = indicative mood
 inf. = infinitive mood
 intr. or intrans. = intransitive
 Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect
 irreg. = irregular

Lat. = Latin
 lengthd. = lengthened
 masc. = masculine
 Med. = medial or middle voice
 med. = medial or middle signification
 metaph. = metaphorically
 metri grat. = metri gratia (for the sake of the metre)
 n. pr. = nomen proprium (proper name)
 N. T. = New Testament
 negat. = negativum (negative)
 neut. = neuter
 nom. = nominative
 opp. to = opposed to
 opt. or optat. = optative mood
 orig. = originally
 part. = participle
 Pass. = passive voice
 pass. = passive signification
 pecul. = peculiar
 perf. or pf. = perfect tense
 pl. or plur. = plural
 plqpf. = plusquamperfectum (pluperfect)
 poet. = poetically
 Prep. = preposition
 pres. = present tense
 priv. or privat. = privativum
 q. v. = quod vide
 qq. v. quae vide
 radic. = radical
 regul. = regular, regularly
 shortd. = shortened
 signf. = signification
 sing. = singular
 sq. = sequens (the following word)
 sub. = subaudi, subaudito
 subj. = subjunctive mood
 Subst. = Substantive
 syll. = syllable
 Trag. = Tragic, in Tragic Greek
 trans. = transitive
 trisyll. = trisyllable
 usu. = usually
 v. = vide
 verb. Adj. = verbal adjective
 voc. = voce, vocem
 vocat. = vocative

A

A—ἀβληχίς.

A, α, ἄλφα, τό, indecl., first letter of the Gr. alphabet. As numeral, α' = εἰς, and πρῶτος, but α = ἑοοο.

In Ion. Greek α becomes η, as σοφία, σοφίη. In Dor. Greek α is used instead of η, as, ἄδύς for ἡδύς: but the verbal term. ατο is changed into ἦτο, as ἐκνυῖατο into ἐκνυῖητο.

α, as prefix in compos.: I. a privativum, *not*, as σοφός wise, ἀσοφός unwise. II. a copulativum, *together*, as in ἀτάλαντος, ἀκόλουθος. III. a intensivum, *very much*, as in ἀ-τενής, ἀ-σπερχές, though this is very rare. IV. a euphonicum, affecting the sound only, *not* the sense, as ἀ-βληχρός for βληχρός, ἀ-σπαίρω for σπαίρω, ἀ-στεροπή for στεροπή.

ἄ, ἄ or ἄἄ, exclamations used to express strong emotion, like our *ah!*

ἄ ἄ, to express laughter, like our *ha ha*.

ἄ, Dor. for artic. ἦ. 2. ἄ, Dor. for relat. pron.

ἦ. 3. ῥ, Dor. for ῥ, dat. of ὅς. ἀ-ἄατος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀάω) *not to be hurt, inviolable*, of the Styx, by which the gods swore:—but ἀεθλος ἀ-ἄατος a *dangerous or difficult task*.

ἀ-ἄγής, *és*, (a privat., ἄγνυμι) *unbroken, not to be broken, bard, strong*.

ἀ-ἄπτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἄπτομαι) *not to be touched: invincible*.

ἄσα, ἄσάμην, ἄάσθην, v. 'ΑΑ'Ω.

ἀ-ἄσχετος, *ov*, lengthd. poet. for ἀ-σχετος.

ἄατος, *contr. ἄτος, ov*, (a privat., ἄω, ἄσαι to satiate) *insatiate, ἄτος πολέμοιο insatiate of battle*.

'ΑΑ'Ω, old Ep. Verb, used chiefly in aor. 1 act. ἄασα *contr. ἄσα*, med. ἄσάμην, *contr. ἄσάμην*, and pass. ἄάσθην: the pres. occurs only in 3 sing. of Med., ἄαται—all in Hom.:—*to hurt, damage, esp. to hurt mentally, mislead, infatuate*: so too in Med., "Ἀτῇ ἢ πάντας ἄαται II. But the Med. and Pass. usu. have an intr. sense, *to go astray, to be infatuated or bewildered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolishly*. [Hom. has ἄασας, ἄασεν, ἄασαν: so too ἄσάμην, but ἄσάατο.]

ἄω, = ἄω, *to satisfy*, whence 3 sing ἄαται.

ἄβα, Dor. for ἦβη.

ἀβᾶκῶ, (ἀβακῆς) *to be speechless*.

ἀβᾶκῆς, *és*, (a privat., βᾶζω) *speechless*.

ἀ-βάκχευτος, *ov*, (a privat., βακχεύω) *without Bacchic frenzy, uninspired, joyless*.

ἀ-βάπτιστος, *ov*, (a privat., βαπτίζω) *not to be dipped, that will not sink*, Lat. *immersabilis*. II. *unbaptized*.

ἀ-βαρῆς, *és*, (a privat., βάρος) *not heavy: not burdensome*.

ἀ-βασάνιστος, *ov*, (a privat., βασανίζω) *not examined by torture, unquestioned*. Adv. -τως, *without question or trial*.

ἀ-βασίλευτος, *ov*, (a privat., βασιλεύω) *not ruled by a king*. [I]

ἀ-βάσκαντος, *ov*, (a privat., βασκαίνω) *unenvied*. Adv. -τως, *without envy*.

ἀ-βάτος, *ov*, also η, *ov*, (a privat., βαίνω) *untrodden, inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste*.

ἀ-βέβαιος, *ov*, (a privat., βέβαιος) *unsteady, wavering, fickle*.

ἀ-βέβηλος, *ov*, (a privat., βέβηλος) *not profane, inviolable*.

ἀβελτερία, *ῆ*, *stupidity: from*

ἀ-βέλτερος, *ov*, (a privat., βέλτερος) *good-for-nothing, silly, stupid*.

ἀ-βίαστος, *ov*, (a privat., βιάζομαι) *unforced*.

ἀ-βιος, *ov*, (a privat., βίος) *not to be lived or survived, intolerable, insupportable; βίος ἄβιος*. II. *without subsistence, poor*.

ἀ-βιοτος, *ov*, (a privat., βίος) = ἄβιος.

ἀ-βιώτος, *ov*, (a privat., βιώω) = ἄβιος.

ἀβλάβεια, *ῆ*, *freedom from harm: security: from* ἀ-βλάβῆς, *és*, (a privat., βλάβη) *without harm: I. pass. unarmed, unburt*. II. act. *harmless, innocent: preventing harm:—Adv. -βῶς, Ep. -βέως, without harming, without infringement*.

ἀ-βλαβία, *ῆ*, poet. for ἀ-βλάβεια.

ἀ-βλής, *ῆτος, ὅ, ῆ*, (a privat., βάλλω) *not thrown or shot, of an arrow*.

ἀ-βλητος, *ov*, (a privat., βάλλω) *not hit by a dart or arrow*.

ἀ-βληχίς, *és*, (a privat., βληχῆ) *without bleatings*.

ἀ-βληχρός, ἄ, ὄν, (α euphon., βληχρός) *weak, feeble, defenceless*:—of death, *easy, light*.

ἀβληχρώδης, es, = ἀβληχρός.

ἀ-βοᾶτί, Dor. for ἀ-βοητί.

ἀ-βόατος, ον, Dor. for ἀ-βήτος.

ἀ-βοήθητος, ον, (α privat., βοηθῶ) *helpless*.

ἀ-βοητί, Dor. -ᾶτί, Adv. (α privat., βοᾶν) *uncalled, without summons*.

ἀ-βόητος, Dor. -ᾶτος, ον, (α privat., βοᾶν) *uncalled*. II. *unmourned*.

ἀβολῶ, = ἀντιβολῶ, to meet.

ἀ-βόσκητος, ον, (α privat., βόσκω) *ungrazed*.

ἀ-βουκόλητος, ον, (α privat., βουκολῶ) *untended, unneeded*.

ἀ-βουλέω, ἥσω, = οὐ βούλομαι, to be unwilling.

ἀ-βούλητος, ον, (α privat., βούλομαι) *unwilling, involuntary*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-βουλία, ἡ, ill counsel, thoughtlessness: from ἀ-βουλος, ον, (α privat., βουλή) *inconsiderate, ill-advised*:—Adv. -ως, superl. ἀβουλότατα.

ἀ-βοῦτης, ον, ὁ, (α privat., βοῦς) *without oxen*: hence *poor*.

ἀ-βρεκτος, ον, (α privat., βρέχω) *unwetted*.

ἀ-βρίθης, ἐς, (α privat., βρίθω) *without weight*.

ἀβρο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀβρός, βαίνω) *softly or delicately stepping*. [Bā]

ἀβρο-γούς, ον, (ἀβρός, γόος) *womanishly wailing*.

ἀβρο-διαυτος, ον, (ἀβρός, διαυα) *living delicately or effeminately*: τὸ ἀβροδιαυτον *effeminacy*.

ἀβρο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ἀβρός, κόμη) *with delicate, luxuriant hair or leaves*.

ἀ-βρόμιος, ον, (α privat., βρόμιος) *without Bacchus*.

ἀ-βρομος, ον, (α copul., βρόμιος) *noisy, boisterous*.

ἀβρο-πέδιλος, ον, (ἀβρός, πέδιλον) *soft-saddled*.

ἀβρό-πλουτος, ον, (ἀβρός, πλούτος) *richly luxurious*.

'ABPO'Σ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *delicate, pretty, dainty, soft, luxurious*. (Akin to ἡβη.)

ἀβροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀβρότης.

ἀβροτέλω, f. ἄξω, to miss, c. gen.—Ep. word formed from ἀμβροτεῖν, q. v.

ἀβρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀβρός) *delicacy, luxuriousness*.

ἀβροτος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., βροτός) like ἀμβροτος, ἀμβρόσιος, *immortal, divine, holy*.

ἀβρο-φύης, ἐς, (ἀβρός, φύω) *tender of nature*.

ἀβρο-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀβρός, χαιτή) = ἀβρο-κόμης.

ἀβρο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀβρός, χιτών) *softly clad: with soft coverings*. [χ]

ἀ-βροχος, ον, (α privat., βρέχω) *unwetted, waterless*. Adv. -χως.

ἀβρύνω, f. ὠνῶ: aor. 1. ἡβρύνω: (ἀβρός):—to make delicate, treat delicately:—Pass. to live delicately, wax wanton, give oneself airs; ἀβρύνεσθαι τινι to pride oneself on a thing.

ἀ-βρώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀ-βρωτος.

ἀ-βρωτος, ον, (α privat., βιβρώσκω) *not having eaten*. II. pass. not to be eaten, uneatable.

ἀ-βυσσος, ον, (α privat., βύσσος) *bottomless, unfath-*

omed: generally, *unfathomable, enormous*.

as Subst. ἡ ἄβυσσος, the abyss, bottomless pit.

ἀγάσθαι, ἀγάσθε, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἀγαγεῖν, redupl. aor. 2 inf. of ἀγω: ἀγαγον, Ep. for ἡγαγον, aor. 2 ind.

ἀγάγωμι, Ep. for ἀγάγω, aor. 2 subj. of ἀγω.

ἀγάγωμι, poet. form of ἀγαμαι, to admire.

ἀγαθο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἀγαθός, εἶδος) *seeming good*.

ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, to do good; and

ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, ἡ, a good or noble deed: good service. From

ἀγαθο-εργός, contr. -ουργός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ἔργον) doing good: οἱ Ἀγαθοεργοί, at Sparta, the five oldest knights, who went on missions for the state.

ἀγαθοποιέω, = ἀγαθο-εργέω; and

ἀγαθοποιία, ἡ, = ἀγαθο-εργία. From

ἀγαθο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ποιέω) = ἀγαθο-εργός.

'ΑΓΑ-ΘΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, good in its kind, opp. to κακός, bad: 1. in Homer usu. of heroes, brave, noble: later in moral sense, good, virtuous. 2. of things, etc., good in their kind: neut. τὰ ἀγαθὰ the goods of fortune, wealth, also good fare, dainties; τὸ ἀγαθόν, Lat. *summum bonum*.—There are no regular forms of comparison. The Comp. in use are βελτίαν,

also ἀμείναν, κρείσσαν, λῶϊαν (λῶϊον): Ep. βέλτερος, λῶϊτερος, also φέρτερος. Sup. βέλτιστος, ἀριστος, κράτιστος, λῶϊστος (λῶϊστος): Ep. βέλτατος, φέρτατος, φέριστος. The Adv. in common use is εὖ, well.

ἀγαθοεργία, contr. form of ἀγαθοεργία.

ἀγαθύνω, (ἀγαθός) to make good, exalt. II. to do good:—Pass. to be of good cheer.

ἀγαθοσύνη, ἡ, (ἀγαθός) goodness, kindness.

ἀγαιομαι, (ἀγῆ) collat. form of ἀγαμαι, ἀγᾶμαι, only in bad sense, to be angry at: to envy.

ἀγα-κλεής, ἐς, (ἀγαν, κλέος) very glorious, famous, renowned: gen. ἀγακλήος; shortd. poet. forms, acc. sing. ἀγακλέα, pl. ἀγακλέας, dat. sing. ἀγακλέε.

ἀγα-κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀγακλής.

ἀγα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ἀγαν, κλυτός) like ἀγακλής, Lat. *inclytus*.

ἀγα-κτιμένη, (ἀγαν, κτίζω) a poet. fem. = εὐκτιμένη, well-built or placed.

ἀ-γάλακτος, ον, (α privat., γάλα) without milk, giving none. II. getting none, weaned, Lat. *lacte depulsus*.

ἀγαλλιᾷσις, εως, ἡ, exceeding great joy. From

ἀγαλλῶ, aor. ἡγαλλῆσα: also as Dep. ἀγαλλιᾶμαι, f. ἀσσομαι [ᾶ], strengthd. for ἀγάλλομαι:—to rejoice exceedingly.

'ΑΓΑΛΛΕΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a plant, the iris or flag.

'ΑΓΑ'ΛΛΩ, f. ἀγᾶλῶ: aor. ἡγήλα, inf. ἀγῆλαι: = ἀγλάν ποιῶ, to make glorious, glorify, honour, esp. a god: also to deck, adorn:—mostly in Pass. ἀγᾶλλομαι, to glory, delight, exult in a thing, c. dat. Hence

ἀγαλμα, ατος, τό, that wherein one delights, a glory, delight, ornament: a pleasing gift, esp. for the gods: hence, 2. a statue in honour of a god; the image

of a god as an object of worship. 3. any statue or image.

ἀγαλματο-ποιός, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀγαλμα, ποίεω) a maker of statues, a statuary, sculptor.

*ΑΓΑΪΜΑΙ, 2 pl. ἀγάσθε Ep. ἀγάσθε, inf. ἀγασθαι Ep. ἀγάσθαι: impf. ἡγάμην, Ep. 2 pl. ἡγάσθε: fut. ἀγάσομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἀγάσσομαι: the aor. I mostly in Pass. form ἡγάσθην, but also Med. ἡγασάμην (even in Att.); Ep. ἡγασάμην, ἀγασάμην: Dep.: I. to wonder: more freq. to wonder at or admire a person or thing, *τινὰ*, but also *τινί*, Lat. *admirari*. II. in bad sense, to envy, be angry at, *τί, τινί, περί τινος*.—Homer uses in this sense only aor. I ἡγασάμην, and as pres. ἀγάμοι or ἀγαλομαι.

ἀγάμια, ὅ, celibacy. From ἀγάμος, ον, (α privat., γάμος) unmarried, unwedded, single, Lat. *coelebs*:—Tragic phrase, γάμος ἀγάμοι a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal marriage.

*ΑΓΑΝ, Adv. very, much, very much: the word generally is only Dor. and Att., *λίην* being its equiv. in Ep. and Ion. II. too, too much, Lat. *nimis*, as in the proverb *μηδὲν ἄγαν*, Lat. *ne quid nimis*, not too much of any thing. [ᾶν, but later sometimes ἄγαν.]

ἀγανᾶκτέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀγαν) to feel irritation:—to be vexed, displeased, or angry at a thing. Hence ἀγανᾶκτησις, εως, ἡ, irritation, vexation. ἀγανᾶκτικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγανᾶκτέω) irritable. ἀγανᾶκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγανᾶκτέω, irritating, vexatious.

ἀγανᾶκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, irritable, = ἀγανᾶκτικὸς. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀγάνησι, poet. for ἀγαναῖς, dat. plur. fem. of ἀγανός.

ἀγαν-νίφος, ον, (ἀγαν, νίφω) much snowed upon, *επισυνεπάρη*, "Ολυμπος.

ἀγανόρειος, α, ον, Dor. for ἀγνόμεος.

ἀγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (α copul., γανός, γάνυμαι) mild, gentle, kindly; esp. of the arrows of Artemis, to which sudden death was ascribed. Only poet.

ἀγανόφροσύνῃ, ἡ, gentleness, kindliness. From ἀγανόφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγανός, φρήν) kindly disposed: benign.

ἀγανῶπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀγανός, ὤψ) mild-eyed.

ἀγ-ἄνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for ἀγ-ἄνωρ.

ἀγάμοι, Ep. form of ἀγαμαι, only found in part. ὠγάμενος, in act. sense admiring.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἄσω, see ἀγαπάω.

ἀγαπᾶτός, ὄν, Dor. for ἀγαπᾶτός.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἴσω: aor. ἡγάπησα, Ep. ἀγάπησα: pf. ἡγάπηκα: (ἀγαμαι, ἀγάζομαι):—of persons, to welcome, entertain, in which sense ἀγαπάω and Dep. ἀγαπᾶσθαι are used by Homer:—also to take leave of:—generally, to be fond of, to love dearly. II. of things, to be well pleased, to be contented at or with a thing: c. inf. to be wont to do, like φιλέω. [ᾶν]

Hence

ἀγαπῶντες, Ion. for ἀγαπῶντες, pres. part. pl. ἀγάπη, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) brotherly love: charity. [ᾶν]

ἀγάπημα, τό, (ἀγαπάω) an object of love, Lat. *deliciae*.

ἀγαπ-ἡνωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀγαπάω, ἀνήρ) = ἡνωρῆν ἀγαπῶν, loving manfully, manly.

ἀγάπησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) the feeling of love, affection.

ἀγάπητός, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, to be loved, acquiesced in.

ἀγάπητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαπάω) disposed to love, affectionate. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀγάπητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, beloved, dearly beloved: worthy of love. 2. to be acquiesced in, as the least evil. II. Adv. ἀγαπητῶς, cheerfully, contentedly; ἀγαπητῶς ἔχειν to be contented, like ἀγαπᾶν. 2. in Att. prose, so as only just to content one, i. e. only just, scarcely = μόλις.

ἀγάρ-πος, ον, contr. ἀγάρ-πους, ον, (ἀγαν, ῥέω) strong or swift-flowing.

ἀγασθαι, pres. inf. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασθείς, αor. I pass, part. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγασμα, τό, (ἀγαμαι) that which is admired, a wonder, marvel.

ἀγάσομαι [ᾶ], poet. ἀγάσσομαι, fut. of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγάσσατο, poet. for ἡγάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγαμαι.

ἀγά-στονος, ον, (ἀγαν, στένω) much groaning, howling, of the waves, loud-wailing.

ἀγαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) admirable. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀγᾶτος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἀγαστός, as θαυματός for θαυμαστός.

ἀγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) illustrious, noble.

ἀγαιρός, ἄ, ὄν, akin to ἀγανός, stately, proud: sup. Adv. ἀγαιρότατα.

ἀγά-φθεγκτος, ον, (ἀγαν, φθέγγομαι) loud-sounding.

ἀγγᾶρεύω, f. σω, (ἀγγαρος) to despatch a courier or messenger: to press one to serve as a courier.

ἀγγορήτης, ὁ, Ion. form = ἀγγορος:—τὸ ἀγγορήιον the business of an ἀγγορος.

ἀγγορός, ὁ, Persian word, a mounted courier, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.

ἄγγειον, Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (ἀγγος) a vessel, *fail*: a reservoir.

ἄγγελια, Ion. -λη, ἡ, (ἄγγελος) a message, tidings, news, ἀγγελίῃ ἐμή a message concerning me; ἀγγελίης ἐλθεῖν to come on account of a message. 2. a proclamation: a command, order.

ἄγγελια-φόρος, Ion. ἄγγελι-φόρος, ὁ, (ἀγγελία, φέρω) a messenger.

ἄγγελιώτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγγελία) a messenger.

ἄγγέλλω, f. ἀγγεῖλω, Ep. ἀγγελέω: aor. I ἡγγεῖλα: pf. ἡγγέλκα, pass. ἡγγέλμαι: aor. I pass. ἡγγέλθην: (ἀγω):—to bear a message, bring tidings or news, to proclaim, report, tell:—Med. to announce oneself:—Pass. to be reported of. Hence

ἄγγεγμα, τό, a message, tidings, news.

ἄγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγγέλλω) a messenger, envoy. II. a messenger from God, an angel.

ἀγγήϊον, τό, Ion. for ἀγγεῖον.

*Αἴτος, εὖς, τό, a vessel of any kind, a jar, pan, pail: a chest, box.

ἄδην, Adv. (ἄγω) by carrying.

ἄγε, ἄγετε, properly Imperat. of ἄγω, used as Adv. like φέρε, come! come on! well! Lat. age!

ἀγείρω: aor. I ἡγήραι: pf. ἀγγήκεα: (ἄγω):—to bring together, gather together, collect. II. Pass. ἄγείρομαι: aor. I ἡγήρθην, Ep. 3 pl. ἡγεθην: pf. ἀγγήκεμαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀγγήκεσθαι: aor. 3 pl. ἡγήρατο:—to come together, assemble: in which sense we also have an Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀγέρεσθαι, ἀγέροντο, partic. syncop. ἀγρόμενος, η, ον, assembled, gathered together.

ἀ-γέτω, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., γέτων) without neighbour: solitary, desolate.

ἀγελαδόν, Dor. for ἀγελήδον.

ἀγελαζομαι, Pass. (ἀγέλη) to live in herds, to be gregarious.

ἀγελαῖος, α, ον, (ἀγέλη) belonging to a herd, feeding at large. II. in herds or shoals, gregarious. 2. of the herd or multitude, common.

ἀγελαρχης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγέλη, ἄρχω) the leader of a company.

ἀ-γελαστί, Adv. (α privat., γελᾶω) without laughing.

ἀ-γέλαστος, ον, (α privat., γελᾶω) not laughing, grave, sullen. II. not to be laughed at, not trifling.

ἀγελεία, ἡ, (ἄγω, λεία) epith. of Athena, = ληῖτις, λείαν ἀουσα, she that drives off the spoil.

ἀγέλη, ἡ, (ἄγω) a herd of oxen or kine, Lat. armentum, grex:—later any herd or company.

ἀγελήδον, Adv. (ἀγέλη) in herds or companies. Also ἀγελήδα.

ἀγέληθεν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) from a herd.

ἀγέληφι, Ep. dat. of ἀγέλη.

ἀγεμόνευμα, ἀγεμονεύω, ἀγεμών, Dor. for ἡγεμ-.

ἄγεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἔαγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from ἄγνυμι: [ἄ] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for ἦγεν, impf. from ἄγω to lead.

ἀ-γενεαλόγητος, ον, (α privat., γενεαλογέω) without pedigree, of unknown descent.

ἀγενεία, ἡ, (ἀγενής) low birth: meanness.

ἀ-γενέιος, ον, (α privat., γένειον) beardless, boyish.

ἀ-γενής, ἐς, (α privat., γένος) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to ἀγαθός.

ἀ-γένητος, ον, (α privat., γενέσθαι) unborn, uncreated. II. not having happened, Lat. infectus: hence false, groundless.

ἀ-γενής, ἐς, = ἀγενής II. Adv. -νῶς.

ἀ-γέννητος, ον, (α privat., γεννάω) unbegotten, unborn: without origin. II. like ἀγενής II, low-born, mean.

ἀγέομαι, Dor. for ἡγέομαι.

ἀ-γέραστος, ον, (α privat., γέρας) without a gift of honour, unrecompensed, unrewarded.

ἀγέρεσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀγείρω.

ἡγέρεθην, Ep. for ἡγέρεθσαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγέροχος, ον, = ἀγέρωχος.

ἀγέρωσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) a gathering, mustering.

ἀγέρωχος, ον, in good sense, brave, big-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, haughty, fierce.

Adv. -χως. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀγεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἄγω.

ἀγέ-στράτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄγω, στρατός) leading the host.

ἀγέτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡγέτης.

ἀ-γευστος, ον, (α privat., γεύομαι) not tasting: without taste of, c. gen.

ἄγη [ἄ] ἡ, (ἀγαμαι) in good sense, wonder, awe, reverence. 2. in bad sense, envy, hatred, spite: of the gods, jealousy.

ἀγή [ἄ] ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) a fragment, piece, splinter.

ἄγη, Ep. for ἔαγη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀγνυμι, to break.

ἀγγηγέσθαι, ἀγγηγέσθαι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγγήκεα, -ερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἀγγήλαι, aor. I inf. of ἀγάλλω.

ἀγ-ηλατέω, ἦσω, (ἄγος, ἐλαύνω) to drive away polluted or a polluted person, Lat. piaculum exigere: cf. ἀνδρ-ηλατέω.

ἄγημα, τό, (ἄγω) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.

ἀγ-ηνόρειος, Dor. ἀγᾶν-ορ-, α, ον, = ἀγῆνωρ.

ἀγ-ηνορία, ἡ, manliness, manhood, courage.

ἀγ-ἦνωρ, Dor. ἀγ-άνωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγαν, ἀνῆρ) manly, heroic: also headstrong, haughty: and sometimes stately, splendid.

ἀγήοχα, pf. act. of ἄγω to lead.

ἀ-γήραντος, ον, = sq.

ἀ-γήρᾶος, (α privat., γῆρας) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecaying.

Contr. ἀγήρως, ον: acc. sing. ἀγήρων or ἀγήρω:

nom. dual ἀγήρων, nom. and acc. plur. ἀγήρως.

ἀ-γήρᾶτος, ον, = ἀγήρᾶος.

ἀ-γήρως, ον, contr. for ἀγήρᾶος.

ἀγησι-χορος, ον, (ἀγέομαι Dor. for ἡγέεμαι, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἀγητήρ, ἦρος, Dor. for ἡγητήρ. [ἄ]

ἀγητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) admirable, wondrous. [ἄ]

ἀγιάζω, (ἅγιος) to hallow, consecrate.

ἀγιασθήτω, 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. imper. of ἀγιάζω.

ἀγίασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀγιάζω) that wh. ch. is hallowed, a holy place, sanctuary.

ἀγιασμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀγιάζω) consecration, sanctification.

ἀγιαστήριον, τό, = ἀγίασμα.

ἀγίζω, f. Att. ἱῶ, (ἅγιος) to hallow, make sacred, Lat. dedicare.

ἀγίνεω, f. ἦσω: Ep. pres. inf. ἀγινέμεναι: impf. ἡγίνεον, Ion. ἀγίνεσκον: lengthd. Ion. form of ἄγω,

to carry, bring :—Med. to have brought one.— II. to bear fruit.

ἀγιό-γράφος, ον, (ἅγιος, γράφω) written by inspiration : τὰ ἀγιό-γράφα (sub. βιβλία), the Psalms and other books of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Law and the Prophets.

ἅγιος, α, ον, (ἅγιος) devoted to the gods, Lat. sacer, sacred, holy : of persons, pious, pure : as Subst., ἅγιον, τό, a sanctuary. II. sometimes like Lat. sacer, accursed.—In old Att. ἁγρός is used instead. [ἄγ]

ἀγιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἅγιος) sanctity, holiness. ἁγιοτεία, ἡ, mostly in pl. holy rites, the service of the temple or sanctuary. From

ἁγιοστεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀγίζω) to perform sacred rites : hence to be pious, live piously.

ἁγιωσύνη, ἡ, (ἅγιος) = ἀγιότης.

ἄγκ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀνακ- in compds. of the prep. ἀνά with words beginning with κ, e. g. ἀγκέσθαι for ἀνα-κείσθαι.

ἀγκάσσομαι, f. ἄσσομαι : Dep. : (ἀγκας, ἀγκη) :—to take or lift up in the arms.

ἀγκάθεν, Adv. for ἀγκάς, on the arm, i. e. resting on it, Lat. cubito presso : also in the arms.

ἀγκάλλω, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω.

ἀγκάλη, ἡ, (ἀγκή) the bent arm, mostly in plur. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding,

as the arms of the sea, etc. [κᾶ]

ἀγκαλίζομαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι : aor. I ἡγκαλίσαμην : pf. ἡγκάλισμαι : Dep. : (ἀγκάλη) :—ἀγκάσσομαι, to take in the arms.

ἀγκάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, in plur. = ἀγκάλαι, arms. II. a bundle, Lat. manipulus.

ἀγκάλισμα, τό, (ἀγκαλίζομαι) that which is embraced.

ἀγκᾶλος, ὁ, (ἀγκάλη) an armful : a bundle.

ἀγκάς, Adv. (ἀγκή) into or in the arms.

ἀγ-κειμαι, poet. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

ἈΓΚΗ, ἡ, = ἄγκος or ἀγκάλη, an arm.

ἀγ-κηρύσσω, poet. for ἀνα-κηρύσσω.

ἀγκιστρεία, ἡ, (ἀγκιστρον) angling.

ἀγκιστρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγκιστρον) of or for angling : τὸ ἀγκιστρευτικόν, angling.

ἀγκιστριον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκιστρον, a small hook.

ἀγκιστρό-δετος, ον, (ἀγκιστρον, δέω) with a hook bound to it, of a fishing-rod.

ἀγκιστρο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἀγκιστρον, εἶδος) hook-shaped.

ἀγκιστρον, τό, (akin to ἄγκος, ἀγκύλος) a fish-hook.

ἀγ-κλίνω and ἀγ-κλιμα, τό, poet. for ἀνα-κλίνω, ἀνά-κλιμα.

ἀγκοίνη, ἡ, (ἀγκών) poet. for ἀγκάλη, used only in plur. the bent arms. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding ; cf. ἀγκάλη.

ἀγ-κομίζω, poet. for ἀνα-κομίζω.

ἀγ-κονίω, for ἀνα-κονίω, to hasten.

ἈΓΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a bend or hollow, esp. of the arm : hence a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

ἀγ-κρεμάσας, poet. for ἀνακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of ἀνακρεμάννυμι.

ἀγ-κρίσις, poet. for ἀνά-κρισις.

ἀγ-κρούομαι, poet. for ἀνα-κρούομαι.

ἀγκύλη [ῥ], ἡ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend of the arm. II. a loop in a cord : esp. the thong of a

javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amentum : also the javelin itself. 2. any thong or string, e. g. the leash of a hound, a bow-string.

ἀγκυλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγκυλέομαι, thrown from the bent arm :—as Subst., τὸ ἀγκυλητόν, a javelin.

ἀγκύλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκύλη, a small dart or javelin. II. τὰ ἀγκύλια used to translate the Lat. ancilia.

ἀγκυλο-γλῶχιν, ἴνος, ὁ, (ἀγκύλος, γλῶχis) with hooked spurs, of a fighting cock.

ἀγκυλ-όδους, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγκύλος, ὀδοῦς) crook-toothed, barbed, of weapons.

ἀγκύλο-μήτης, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγκύλος, μήτις) crooked of counsel, wily.

ἀγκυλό-πους, πουν, (ἀγκύλος, ποῦς) with curved feet, δίπρος ἀγκι. the Roman sella curulis.

ἀγκύλος, η, ὄν, (ἄγκος, Lat. uncus) crooked, curved, of a bow : of the eagle's beak, hooked. [ῥ]

ἀγκυλό-τοφος, ον, (ἀγκύλος, τόφον) with curved bow.

ἀγκυλό-χείλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγκύλος, χείλος) with hooked beak.

ἀγκυλο-χῆλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγκύλος, χηλή) with crooked claws.

ἀγκυλῶω, f. ὤσω : pass. pf. ἡγκύλωμαι : (ἀγκύλος) : to make crooked or hooked. Hence

ἀγκυλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, of javelins, furnished with a thong, thonged.

ἄγκυρᾶ, (ἀγκος, ἀγκών) ἡ, Lat. ancōra, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pind. ; for in Homer we read only of εὐναί, i. e. stones used as anchors.

ἀγκυρίζω, f. Att. ἰῶ : aor. I ἡγκυρίσα : (ἀγκυρα) :—to hook, catch as with a fish-hook.

ἀγκύριον, τό, Dim. of ἄγκυρα, a small anchor.

ἀγκυρ-συχία, ἡ, (ἀγκυρα, ἔχω) a holding by the anchor ; ἐν ἀγκυροσυχίᾳ when safe at anchor.

ἈΓΚΩ'Ν, ἄνω, ὁ, like ἀγκάλη, the bend or hollow of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow : hence

II. any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river, a bay or creek of the sea ; also the curved horns of the lyre. Hence

ἀγκωνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀγκών.

ἀγλαΐ-θερος, ον, (ἀγλαός, ἔθερα) bright-haired.

ἀγλαΐα, ἡ, (ἀγλαός) splendour, beauty, brightness : hence as opp. to what is useful, ῥονή, sbow, vanity, and in plur. vanities : also festive joy, triumph, and in plur. festivities.

ἀγλαΐεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ἀγλαΐζω, with pass. sense.

ἀγλαΐζω, f. Att. ἰῶ : aor. I ἡγλάισα : (ἀγλαός) :—to make splendid, adorn : also to give as an ornament :

—Pass. to be adorned with a thing, be proud of it, delight in it. Hence

ἀγλαΐσμα, τό, an ornament ; cf. ἄγαλμα.

ἀγλαδό-γυνος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, γύνιον) *with beautiful limbs.*
 ἀγλαδó-δενδρος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, δένδρον) *with beautiful trees.*

ἀγλαδó-δωρος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, δῶρον) *bestowing splendid gifts.*

ἀγλαδó-θρονος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, θρόνος) *with splendid throne.*

ἀγλαδó-καρπος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, καρπός) *bearing or bestowing goodly fruit.*

ἀγλαδó-κουρος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, κούρος) *rich in fair youths.*

ἀγλαδó-κωμος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, κῶμος) *gracing the feast.*
 ἈΓΛΑΏ'Ο'Σ, *ή, ύν*, also *ός, ύν*, *splendid, stately, beautiful, brilliant, bright*: of men, famous, noble: *c. dat. famous for a thing.* Adv. -*ώς*. (Akin to αἰ-γλη, ἀγάλλομαι.)

ἀγλαδó-τρίαινής, *ov, ό, acc.* -*αν*, (ἀγλαός, τρίαυνα) *the bear of the bright trident.*

ἀγλαδ-ώψ, *ώπος, ό, ή, (ἀγλαός, ώψ)* *bright-eyed*: generally, *flashing*.

ἀ-γλευκής, *ές*, (*a privat.*, γλεῦκος) *not sweet*: *sour, harsh.*

*ΑΓΛΙΣ, ἀγλίθος, only used in plur. ἀγλίθες, *a head of garlic*, which is made up of several cloves.

ἀ-γλυκής, *ές*, = ἀ-γλευκής.

ἀγλωσσία, Att. ἀγλωττία, *ή, dumbness.* From ἀ-γλωστος, Att. ἀ-γλωττός, *ov*, (*a privat.*, γλωσσα) *without tongue*: *silent, dumb, Lat. elinguis.* II. *speaking a strange tongue*, = βάβραπος.

ἀγμα, τό, (ἀγνυμι) *a fragment.*

ἀγμός, ό, (ἀγνυμι) *a breakage, fracture of a bone.* II. *a broken cliff, precipice.*

ἀ-γναμπος, *ov*, (*a privat.*, γνάμπω) *unbending.*

ἀ-γναπτος, *ov*, = sq. II. *also not cleansed.*

ἀ-γνάφος, *ov*, (*a privat.*, γνάπτω) *of cloth, not carded, i. e. new.*

ἀγνεία, *ή, (ἀγνέω)* *purity, chastity.*

ἀγνευμα, τό, (ἀγνέω) *chastity.*

ἀγνεύω, *f. εύσω, (ἀγρός)* *to observe scrupulously, make a point of conscience of, c. inf.*:—also simply, *to be pure or chaste*: *c. gen. to keep oneself pure from.*

ἀγνίζω, *f. Att. ίδω: aor. I ήγνισα: (ἀγρός)*:—*to make pure, purify, cleanse, Lat. lustrare.* II. *to offer, burn as a sacrifice.*

ἀγνισ, *a, ov*, (ἀγρος) *made of withy or agnus castus.*

ἀγνισμα, τό, (ἀγνίζω) *a means of purification, atonement.*

ἀγνισμός, ό, (ἀγνίζω) *purification, expiation.*

ἀγνίτης, *ov, ό, (ἀγνίζω)* *a purifier.* [ε]

ἀγνέω, *Ep. ἀγνείω*: *f. ήσω: aor. I ήγνόησα, Ep. ἀγνόησα, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. ἀγνώσασκε: pf. ήγνόηκα*:—Pass., *aor. I ήγνόηθην: pf. ήγνόημαι*: (as if from *ἀ-γνοος=ἀ-νοος):—*not to perceive or know, to be ignorant, Lat. ignore*: in Homer mostly, *οὐκ ἀγνόησεν* *be perceived or knew well*:—Pass., *not to be known.* II. *absol. to mistake, be wrong*: hence in part, *ἀγνοῶν*, *by mistake.* Hence

ἀγνόημα, τό, *a fault of ignorance, oversight*: and

ἀγνοήτικός, *ή, όν, aor. to err from ignorance.*

ἀγνοιά, *ή, (ἀγνοέω)* *want of perception, ignorance.* II. = ἀγνόημα, *a fault of ignorance.* [poët. sometimes ἀγνοιά: cf. ἀνοία.]

ἀγνοίω, *poët., esp. Ep., form for ἀγνοέω.*

ἀγνοίησι, Od. 24. 218, 3 sing. *aor. I opt. of ἀγνοέω*: but if written ἀγνοίησι, it is 3 sing. pres. subj.

ἀγνούοντως, Adv., pres. act. part. of ἀγνοέω, *ignorantly.*

ἀγνό-ρύτος, *ov*, (ἀγρός, ρέω) *pure-flowing.*

ἀγνός, *ή, όν, pure, chaste, unsullied*: *boly, sacred.* II. *c. gen. pure from a thing.* Adv.

-*ως*. (Akin to ἄζω, ἄγιος, ἄγος.)

*ΑΓΝΟΣ, *ή, Att. ό, = λύγος*, *a tall tree like the willow, the agnus castus.*

ἀγνότης, ητος, *ή, (ἀγρός)* *purity, chastity.*

*ΑΓΝΙΤΜΙ, 3 dual ἀγνύτον: fut. ἀγείω: *aor. I έξα, Ep. ήξα, imperat. έξον, inf. έδει, part. έξας: aor. 2 pass. έάγην* [α', *v. sub fin.*]: *pf. έαγα, Ion. έγηγα*:—*to break, snap, crush, shiver, Lat. frango*:—Pass. with *pf. act. έαγα, to be broken, to snap, shiver in pieces*: of sound, *to spread around*: of a river, *to flow in a broken, i. e. winding course.* [α in *pf. έαγα, Ion. έγηγα*: but in *aor. 2 pass. έάγην*, α in Hom., α long in Att.; *v. κατάγνυμι.*]

ἀγνωνομέω, *f. ήσω, (ἀγνώμων)* *to act without judgment, act ignorantly or unfairly.*

ἀγνωνόμων, Adv. of ἀγνώμων, *senselessly.*

ἀγνωμοσύνη, *ή, want of sense or judgment*: I. *senselessness, ignorance.* II. *senseless pride, arrogance.* III. *unfairness, unkindness, Lat. iniquitas*: in plur. *misunderstandings.* From

ἀ-γνώμων, *ov, ovos*, (*a privat.*, γνώμη) *wanting sense or judgment*: *senseless, thoughtless, headstrong.* II. *unfeeling, unkind*: *unjust.*

ἀ-γνός, *ώτος, ό, ή, (a privat., γνώμαι)* *pass. unknown*: *obscure.* 2. *obscure, ignoble.* II. *act. not knowing, ignorant of a thing.*

ἀγνός, Adv. of ἀγρός.

ἀγνωσία, *ή, (ἀγνός)* *a not knowing, ignorance.* II. *a being unknown, obscurity.*

ἀγνώσασκε or ἀγνώσασκε, *Ion. and Ep. for ήγνόησε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγνοέω.*

ἀγνώστω, pres. formed from foreg. = ἀγνοέω.

ἀ-γνωστος or ἀ-γνωτος, *ov*, (*a privat.*, γιγνώσκαω) *unknown, ἀγνωστος γλώσσα an unknown tongue: un- heard of, forgotten.* 2. *not to be known.* II. *act. not knowing, ignorant of, τινός.*

ἀγξήρᾶναι, *aor. I inf. of ἀναξηράναι.*

ἀγονία, *ή, unfruitfulness.* From

ἀ-γονος, *ov*, (*a privat.*, γονή) *pass. unborn.* II. *act. not producing, unfruitful, barren*: *c. gen. not productive of, destitute of*: τόκος ἀγονος, *fruitless travail, when the mother dies before the child is born.* 2. *left childless.*

ἀ-γοος, *ov*, (*a privat.*, γός) *unmourned.*

ἀγορά, *αι, Ep. and Ion. ἀγορή, ής, ή, (ἀγείρω)* *any*

assembly, esp. an *Assembly of the People*, opp. to the Council (Βουλή). II. the place of Assembly, used not only for public debating, elections, and trials, but also for buying and selling, and all kinds of business, Lat. *forum*:—especially, the market-place.

III. a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking, Lat. *concio*.

IV. things sold in the forum, esp. provisions, Lat. *annonæ*; ἀγορὰν παρέχειν, to hold a market.

V. as a mark of time, ἀγορὰ πληθούσα, or ἀγορῆς πληθώρα, the forenoon, when the market-place was full: opp. to ἀγορῆς διάλυσσις, the time just after noon: when they went home from market.

ἀγοράσθε, Ep. for ἀγοράσθε, 2 pl. pres. ind. of ἀγοράσθαι, [ἀγοράσθε]

ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσσω: aor. ἡγόρασα: pf. ἡγόρακα:—Pass., aor. ἡγοράσθην: pf. ἡγόρασμαι: (ἀγορά):—to be in the market-place, to attend it: hence 2. to do business there, buy or sell: Med. to buy for oneself.

3. of idle people, to haunt the market-place, lounge there, cf. sq.

ἀγοραῖος, ov, in, of, or belonging to the market-place, an epith. of several gods.

II. frequenting the market-place:—oi ἀγοραῖοι (with or without ἀνθρώποι): I. bucksters, petty traffickers, retail-dealers.

2. idlers or loungers, like Lat. *subros-trani*, and so generally the common sort:—hence the word is used of things, low, mean, vulgar.

III. generally, proper to the assembly, suited to forensic speaking, business-like: ἀγοραῖος (sc. ἡμέρα), ἡ, a court-day.

ἀγορανόμος, ἡ, ὅν, of or for the ἀγορανόμος or his office, Lat. *Aedilicius*.

ἀγορανόμιος, τό, the court of the ἀγορανόμος.

ἀγορά-νόμος, ὁ, (ἀγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, who regulated the buying and selling there, like the Rom. *Aedilis*.

ἀγοράσμαι, Ep. aor. I ἀγορησάμην: Dep.: (ἀγορά):—to meet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak in the Assembly, Lat. *conciari*.

ἀγοράσδω, Dor. for ἀγοράζω.

ἀγοράσσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀγοράζω) buying, purchase.

ἀγόρασμα, τό, (ἀγοράζω) that which is bought or sold: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἀγοραστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράζω) the slave who had to buy provisions, the purveyor, Lat. *obsonator*.

ἀγοραστικός, ὁ, ὅν, (ἀγοράζω) of or for trafficking or trade: ἡ ἀγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade.

ἀγορεύω, impf. ἡγόρευον, Ep. ἀγόρευον: fut. -εῖσω: aor. ἡγόρευσα, Ep. ἄγ-: pf. ἡγόρευκα: Med., aor. ἡγορευσάμην: Pass., aor. ἡγορευθῆν: pf. ἡγορευμαι: (but in Att. the fut. in use is ἔρω, pf. εἶρηκα, aor. εἶπον): (ἀγορά):—to speak in the Assembly, to counsel:—generally to speak; κακὸν or κακῶς ἀγορεύειν τινά to speak ill of one.

2. to proclaim, declare: Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

ἀγορή, Ep. and Ion. for ἀγορά. Hence

ἀγορηθέν, Adv. from the Assembly or market; and

ἀγορήνδε, Adv. to the Assembly or market.

ἀγορήσατο, Ep. for ἡγορήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀγοράσμαι.

ἀγορητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράσμαι) a speaker, orator.

ἀγορητὺς, ἴος, ἡ, (ἀγοράσμαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

ἀγορος, ὁ, poet. for ἀγορά.

ἄγος or ἀγος, εος, τό, (ἀζομαι) any matter of religious awe: hence I. pollution, guilt, Lat. *piaculum*: also the curse which follows it.

2. the person or thing accursed, an abomination.

3. an expiatory sacrifice.

ἄγος, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγώ) a leader, chief.

ἄγοστός, ὁ, the flat of the band. II. the bent arm, like ἀγκών, ἀγκόνη. (Akin to ἀγκών, ἀγνυμι.) [ᾶ]

ἄΓΡΑ, Ion. ἄγρη, ἡ, a catching, bunting; ἄγρην ἐπέπειν to follow the chase:—also, a way of catching.

II. that which is taken in bunting, the booty, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught or haul.

ἀγραμματία, ἡ, want of learning: from ἀγράμματος, ov, (a privat., γράμμα) without learning (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. *illiteratus*, esp. unable to read or write.

II. = ἀγραφος, unwritten.

ἀγραπτος, ov, (a privat., γράφω) unwritten; ἄγρ. νόμμα the unwritten moral law: cf. ἀγραφος.

ἀγραυλῶ, f. ἦσω, to be an ἀγραυλος, to dwell in the fields, of shepherds.

ἀγρ-αυλος, ov, (ἀγρός, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

ἀ-γράφος, ov, = ἀγραπτος, unwritten; ἀγραφοὶ νόμοι, unwritten laws, which are I. the laws of nature, moral law.

2. laws of custom. II. not registered in a written list.

ἄγρει, ἀγρεῖτε, 2 sing. and plur. imperat. of ἀγρεύω:

in Homer as Adv. just like ἄγε, ἄγετε, come! come on! quick!

ἀγρεῖος, α, ov, (ἀγρός) of the country, rural, rustic: also, clownish, boorish, like ἀγοικος. Hence

ἀγροεισύνη, ἡ, clownishness: the life of a clown or boor.

ἄΓΡΕΙΦΝΑ, ης, ἡ, a barrow, rake.

ἀγρεῖμος, ov, (ἄγρᾱ) taken in bunting.

ἀγρεσία, ἡ, = ἄγρᾱ, spoil taken in the chase.

ἀγρευμα, τό, (ἀγρεύω) that which is taken in the chase, booty, spoil.

II. a net, toil.

ἀγρεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγρεύω) a hunter.

ἀγρευτήρ, ῥος, ὁ, = ἀγρευτής.

ἀγρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a hunter, like ἀγρεύς.

II. as Adj. used in bunting or fishing; ἄγρ. κύνας, bounds; ἄγρ. κάλαμος a fishing-rod.

ἀγρευτικός, ἡ, ὅν, fit for, skilled in bunting. From ἀγρεύω, f. εῖσω, (ἄγρᾱ) to hunt, take by bunting, catch: metaph. to hunt after, pursue eagerly.

ἀγρέω, Aeol. form of ἀγρεύω, to hunt after, pursue eagerly:—see ἄγρει, ἀγρεῖτε.

ἄγρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄγρᾱ.

ἀγριαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. ἡγρίᾱνα: (ἄγριος):—I, intrins.

to be savage, provoked, angry. 2. causal, to make angry, provoke.

ἀγρίελλαιος, ον, (ἀγριος, ἐλαία) of a wild olive: as Subst. ἀγρίελλαιος, ἡ, a wild olive, oleaster.

ἀγριο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγριος, δαίνυμαι) eating wild fruits, like βαλανοφάγος.

ἀγριο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ποιέω) making wild: of a poet, writing wildly.

ἀγριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀγρός) living in the fields, living wild: hence I. of animals, opp. to τιθασός, wild, savage, Lat. *ferus*; σὺς ἀγριος a wild boar. 2. of trees, opp. to ἡμερος, wild. 3. of countries, wild, uncultivated, unreclaimed.

II. of men and animals, 1. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, Lat. *ferus, ferus*. 2. in Att. also opp. to ἀστέιος, (as Lat. *rusticus* to *urbanus*) boorish, rude. 3. also of any violent passion, wild, vehement, furious.

III. Adv. -ίως, also neut. pl. ἀγρια, wildly, fiercely. Hence

ἀγριότης, ἦτος, ἡ, wildness, fierceness, Lat. *feritas*. ἀγριό-φωνος, ον, (ἀγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice, like βαρβαρό-φωνος.

ἀγρίω, ἑ. ὥσω: aor. ἡγρίωσα:—Pass., aor. ἡγρίωθην: pf. ἡγρίωμαι: (ἀγριος):—to make wild or savage.

II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in pf. ἡγρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:—of men, to be savage or fierce, Lat. *efferrari*.

ἀγρίφη, ἡ, = ἀγρεῖφνα. [Ὶ] ἀγρι-ώτης, ἐς, (ἀγριος, εἶδος) of a wild nature.

ἀγρι-ώπός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ὤψ) wild-looking.

ἀγρο-βότης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγρος, βόσκω) feeding in the field, dwelling in the country.

ἀγρο-γείτων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, γείτων) a country neighbour, opp. to ἀστυγείτων.

ἀγρο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγρα, δίδωμι) a giver of booty.

ἀγρόθεν, Adv. of ἀγρός, from the country.

ἀγροικία, ἡ, (ἀγροικος) boorishness, coarseness. II. country life, the country: pl. country houses.

ἀγροικίζομαι, f. Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to be boorish. From ἀγρο-ικος, ου, (ἀγρός, οἶκος) living in the country, rustic: hence 2. of men, boorish, rude: opp. to ἀστέιος.

3. of fruits, grown in the country, common, opp. to γενναῖος: but also 4. of land, rough, uncultivated, like ἀγριος. Hence

ἀγροίκως, Adv. like a clown, rudely.

ἀγροκώτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for ἀγρότης, a countryman, clown. II. as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρο-κόμος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, κομέω) a land-steward.

ἀγρόμενος, η, ου, part. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω, assembled.

ἀγρόνδε, Adv. of ἀγρός, to the country.

ἀγρό-νομος, ον, and in Anth. η, ον, (ἀγρός, νέμωμαι) hunting the country, rural: also = ἀγριος, wild.

ἄΓΡΟΞ, οὐ, ὁ, Lat. *AGER*, a field, land: also the country, as opp. to the town.

ἀγρότερος, α, ον, (ἀγρός) poet. for ἀγριος, wild, of plants: of men, rustic. II. (ἀγρα) fond of the chase: hence ἡ ἀγοτέρα, the huntress.

ἀγροτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman: fem. ἀγρότειρα, as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρότης, ου, ὁ, fem. ἀγρότις, ιδος, (ἀγρός) a countryman, countrywoman. 2. as Adj. living in the country, rural, rustic.

ἀγρο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, φύλαξ) a watcher of the country.

ἀγρυπνέω, ἑ. ἡσω, (ἀγρυπνος) to be wakeful, lie awake: ἀγρυπνῶντι οὐκ εἰς τι, to be watchful for or intent upon a thing, Lat. *invigilare rei*. Hence

ἀγρυπνία, ἡ, sleeplessness, waking, watching.

ἀγρ-υπνος, ον, (ἀγρέω, ὕπνος) = ἀϋπνος, sleepless, wakeful.

ἀγρώσω, = ἀγρέω, to catch.

ἀγρώστης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγρός) = ἀγρότης, a countryman. II. (ἀγρα) a bunter: fem. ἀγρώστις, ιδος, ἡ, a huntress.

ἀγρωστis, ιος and εως, ἡ, a grass that mules feed on.

ἀγρότης, ου, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman:—as Adj. of the field, wild.

ἀγυιά, ἡ, (ἀγώ) a way or road: a street, a public place; in plur. a city, town. [ἀγυιά] Hence ἀγυιάτης, ου, ὁ, = Ἀγυιεύς: voc. Ἀγυιάτα. [ἀγυιά] ἀγυιάτης, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of foreg. a neighbour. II.

as Adj. Ἀγυιάτιδες θεραπείαι, the worship of Apollo Agyieus.

Ἀγυιεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγυιά) name of Apollo as guardian of the streets and public places.

ἀγυμνάσῃα, ἡ, want of exercise or training. From ἀ-γύμναστος, ον, (a privat., γυμνάω) without exercise, untrained: ἀγύμναστος τινας unpractised in a thing, also εἰς or πρὸς τι. 2. unbarassed, undisturbed.

II. Adv., ἀγυμνάστως ἔχειν to be unpractised.

ἀγῦρις, ιος, ἡ, Aeol. form of ἀγορά, a gathering, crowd, assembly. [ᾱ]

ἀγυρμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) a collection.

ἀγυρτάζω, (ἀγύρτης) to collect by begging. [ᾱ] ἀγύρτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) properly a gatherer, collector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, cheat. Hence

ἀγυρτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like a mountebank.

ἀγύρτρια, ἡ, fem. of ἀγυρτήρ.

ἀγχι-μαχος, ον, (ἀγχι, μάχομαι) fighting hand to hand: ἀγχι. ὥπλα arms for close fight.

ἄΓΧΙ, Adv. of place, = ἐγγύς, near, nigh at hand, close by, c. gen.:—Comp. ἀγχιόν and ἀσσον: Sup. ἀγχιστα, ἀγχιστάτω. Cf. ἀγχιού, ἀγχιιστος. [Ὶ]

ἀγχι-ἄλος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀγχι, ἄλα) near the sea, of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, seagirt, like ἀμφί-αλος.

ἀγχι-βάθης, ἐς, (ἀγχι, βάθος) deep close to shore.

ἀγχι-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγχι, γείτων) near, neighbouring.

ἀγχι-γυος, ον, (ἀγχι, γύα) of a neighbouring land.

ἀγχι-θεος, ον, (ἀγχι, θεός) near the gods, i. e. like gods or dwelling with the gods.

ἀγγί-θύρος, *ον*, (ἀγγι, θύρα) *near the door, neighbouring*. [Y]

ἀγγι-μάχητής, *οὔ, ὅ*, = ἀγγέμαχος.

ἀγγι-μολος, *ον*, (ἀγγι, μολεῖν) *coming near*: always in neut. as Adv. ἀγγιμολον ἐλθεῖν or στήναι to come or stand near; ἐξ ἀγγιμόλοιο from *nigh* at hand.

ἀγγι-νεφής, *ἑς*, (ἀγγι, νέφος) *near the clouds*.

ἀγγι-νόα, *ἑς*, (ἀγγι, νοέω) *a ready wit, shrewdness*, Lat. sagacitas.

ἀγγι-νοος, *ον*, contr. ἀγγι-νοους, *ουν*, (ἀγγι, νοῦς) *ready of mind, shrewd*, Lat. sagax.

ἀγγιον, Comp. Adv. of ἀγγι, *nearer*.

ἀγγι-πλοος, *ον*, contr. ἀγγι-πλους, *ουν*, (ἀγγι, πλοῦς) *near by sea*; ἀγγ. πόρος *a short voyage*.

ἀγγι-πολις, poet. ἀγγι-πολις, *εὐς, ὅ, ἡ*, (ἀγγι, πόλις) *near the city, dwelling in the land*.

ἀγγι-πορος, *ον*, (ἀγγι, πορεύομαι) *passing near*; κόλακες ἀγγιποροὶ flatterers at one's elbow.

ἀγγι-πολις, poet. for ἀγγι-πολις.

ἀγγιστά, *v*, ἀγγιστος.

ἀγγιστεία, *ἡ*, (ἀγγιστεύω) *nearness of kin*. II. *rights of kin, right of inheritance*.

ἀγγιστεία, *τά*, = ἀγγιστεία.

ἀγγιστεύς, *εὐς, ὅ*, (ἀγγιστά) *the next of kin*: the heir at law.

ἀγγιστεύω, *f*, εἰώω, (ἀγγιστος) *to be near to one*, c. dat.: esp. *to be next of kin, to be heir at law*.

ἀγγιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, poet. for ἀγγιστεύς, ἀγγιστήρ τοῦ πάθους *immediate author of the suffering*.

ἀγγιστίως, *η, ον*, poet. lengthd. form of ἀγγιστος, *close-packed, in a heap*.

ἀγγιστος, *ον*, Sup. Adj. (ἀγγι) *next or nearest*: ἀγγιστος γένει *nearest of kin*: neut. ἀγγιστον, or ἀγγιστα, as Sup. Adv. *most nearly*, ἀγγιστα εἶκας *most nearly like*; οἱ ἀγγιστα *the next of kin*: freq. c. gen. as ἀγγιστά τινας, *nearest to him*. II. of time, last, Lat. proximus.

ἀγγι-στροφος, *ον*, (ἀγγι, στρέφω) *turning near, quick-wheeling*, of a bird. 2. *quick-changing, changeable, sudden*: neut. pl. ἀγγίστροφα as Adv. *suddenly*.

ἀγγι-τέρμων, *ον*, gen. ονος, (ἀγγι, τέρμα) *near the borders, neighbouring*.

ἀγγι-τοκος, *ον*, (ἀγγι, τόκος) *near the birth*.

ἀγγόθεν, Adv. (ἀγγού) *from nigh at hand*.

ἀγγόθι, Adv. = ἀγγού, *nigh at hand*, c. gen.

ἀγγόνων, *ἡ*, (ἀγγων) *brotling, strangling, hanging*: κρείσσον ἀγγόνης *worse than hanging*; ἀγγόνης πῆλας as bad as hanging; ἀγγόνῃ καὶ λύπῃ *anguish and grief*. 2. *a rope for hanging, halter*.

ἀγγόνος, *α, ον*, (ἀγγόνῃ) *fit for strangling or hanging*.

ἀγ-χορεύω, poet. for ἀνα-χορεύω.

ἀγχοτάτος, *η, ον*, Sup. Adj. (ἀγγι) *nearest, next*: mostly as Adv. ἀγχοτάτω, like ἀγγιστα, c. gen.; οἱ ἀγχοτάτω προσήκοντες *the nearest of kin*.

ἀγχοτέρος, *α, ον*, Comp. Adj. (ἀγγι) *nearer*.

ἌΓΧΟΤ' = ἀγγι, *near, nigh at hand*: absol., or c. gen., also c. dat., cf. ἀγγι.

ἌΓΧΟ, impf. ἤγγχον: *f*. ἀγξω: aor. ἤγγα:—Lat. ANGO, *to press tight*, esp. the throat: *to strangle, throttle, hang*.

ἀγγ-ῶμαλος, *ον*, (ἀγγι, ὀμαλός) *nearly equal*; ἀγγ-ῶματος μάχη *a doubtful battle*. Adv. ἀγγωμάλως, also ἀγγῶμαλα, *doubtfully*, Lat. aequo Marte.

ἌΓΩ, Lat. AGO: impf. ἤγον, Ep. ἄγον, Ion. ἄγεσκον: fut. ἄξω: aor. 2 ἤγαγον, inf. ἄγεαίν; less freq. aor. 1 ἤξα, inf. ἄξαι Ep. ἄξέμεν or ἄξέμεναι: pf. ἤξα, redupl. ἀγήσοχα.—Med., fut. ἄξομαι: aor. 1 ἤξάμην, aor. 2 ἤγαγόμην.—Pass., fut. ἀχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ἄξομαι, with pass. signf.: aor. 1 pass. ἤχθην: pf. ἤγγμαι: verb. Adj. ἄκτεον:—q. v.

I. Act. *to lead, lead away*, of persons, φέρειν being used of things; ἄγειν καὶ φέρειν *to carry off the spoil of a land*, both cattle and movables, like Lat. agere et ferre: ἄγειν εἰς δίκην or δικαστήριον, or ἄγειν ἐπὶ τοὺς δικαστάς, *to carry before a court of justice*, Lat. rapere in jus. 2.

to lead on, lead towards; ἄγειν θανάτω τέλοσδε *led on to death*; c. inf., ἄγει θανεῖν *it leads to death*: hence *to lead*, as a general; *to guide*, as the gods, etc. 3. *to bring up, train, educate*, καλῶς or κακῶς ἡχθῆναι. 4. *to draw out in length*; τείχος ἄγειν, Lat. murum ducere, *to build a wall*.

5. like Lat. agere, *to hold, celebrate, exort*, etc.: also *to hold, keep, observe*, εἰρήνην, σπονδὰς, etc.: ἄγειν βίον, Lat. agere vitam, *to lead a life, live*.

6. like Lat. ducere, *to hold, consider*; ἐν τιμῇ ἄγειν or ἄγεσθαι, *to hold in honour*, etc. 7. like ἔλκειν, *to weigh so much*, e. g. ἄγειν μῶν, τριακοσίους δαρείκους, etc., *to weigh a mina, 300 darics*, etc.

II. Med. ἄγομαι, *to lead away for oneself, carry off*, as χρυσὸν τε καὶ ἄργυρον οἰκαδ' ἄγεσθαι. 2. ἄγεσθαι γυναῖκα, Lat. uxorem ducere, *to take to oneself a wife*; absol. ἄγεσθαι, *to marry*; but also of the father, *to choose a wife for his son*.

3. διὰ στόμα ἄγεσθαι μῦθον *to let pass through the mouth*, i. e. to utter. 4. ἄγεσθαι τι ἐς χεῖρας, *to take a thing into one's hands*.

ἀγωγαῖος, *ον*, (ἀγωγή) *fit for leading by*, of a dog's collar or leash.

ἀγῶγευς, *εὐς, ὅ*, (ἀγω *to lead*) *a leader, one that draws or drags*. II. *that by which one leads, a rein, leash*.

ἀγῶγῃ, *ἡ*, (ἀγω) *a leading away, a carrying away* or off: also in intrans. sense, *a going away*.

2. *a bringing to or in, bringing before an assembly*. 3. *a leading towards a point, guiding*: the leading of an army, guiding a state.

4. *a training, educating*: and intrans. conduct, mode of life.

ἀγῶγιμος, *ον*, (ἀγω) *easy to be carried*: τὰ ἀγῶγιμα, *things portable, a cargo of wares*.

II. *that may be carried away*: of persons, *outlawed, or delivered into bondage*.

III. *easily led, compliant*.

ἀγώνιον, τό, (ἄγω) *the load of a wagon.*

ἀγωγός, ὄν, (ἄγω) *leading, guiding:* as Subst., ἀγωγός, ὁ, *a guide; ἀγωγοί an escort.* II. *leading towards.*

III. *drawing to oneself, eliciting, c. gen.: attractive, τὸ ἀγωγόν, attractiveness.*

ἈΓΩΝ, ὄνος, ὅ, *an assembly, like ἀγορά:* esp. *an assembly met to see games.*

2. *a place of assembly: a place of contest, the arena or stadium.* II. *the assembly of the Greeks at their great national games, as, ἀγὼν Ὀλυμπιάς, ἀγὼν Ὀλυμπικός, etc.:* hence *the contest for a prize at their games.*

2. *generally, any struggle or contest, ἀγὼν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς.* 3. *a battle.* 4. *an action at law, trial.* 5. *metaph., ἐστὶν ἀγὼν λόγων, μάχης, etc., now is the time for speaking, fighting, etc.*

ἀγων-ἀρχής, ον, ὅ, (ἀγών, ἀρχω) *a president or judge of a contest.*

ἀγωνία, ἡ, *a struggle for victory.* 2. *gymnastic exercise, wrestling.* 3. *of the mind, agony, anguish.*

ἀγωνιάω: impf. ἡγωνίαν: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἡγωνιάσα: pf. ἡγωνιάκα:—*to be engaged in a contest, to compete, like ἀγωνίζομαι.* II. *to strive eagerly, to be anxious about a thing.*

ἀγωνίζεσθαι, v. ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἀγωνίζομαι, fut. ἵσσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι, aor. I ἡγωνίσασθην: for the pass. forms see signif. II. 2: (ἀγών):—*to contend for a prize, esp. in the public games; ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to contend in the foot-race; ἀγ. περὶ τινος to contend for a prize; ἀγ. τινι or πρὸς τινα to contend with one.* 2. *to fight.* 3. *to contend for the prize on the stage, act.* II. *to contend against: in a law-suit; ἀγ. δίκην, γραφὴν, to fight a cause to the last; ἀγ. φόνον to fight against a charge of murder.* 2. *in Pass. to be won by a hard contest, but rarely save in pf., e.g. πολλοὶ ἀγῶνες ἀγωνιῖδανται (Ion. for ἡγωνισμένοι εἰσὶ), many battles have been fought; so also in aor. I ἡγωνίσθην.*

ἀγώνιος, ον, (ἀγών) *presiding over the contest or the games, as an epithet of the gods:—σχολεῖ ἀγώνιος cessation from combat.* [ᾶ]

ἀγώνισις, ἡ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contending for a prize.* ἀγώνισμα, τό, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contest for a prize, generally, a contest: in plur. achievements, exploits.* II. *an object to strive for; the prize of contest, distinction.* III. *that with which one contends, an essay, declamation.*

ἀγωνισμός, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *rivalry.*

ἀγωνιστιόν, verb. Adj. of ἀγωνίζομαι, *one must contend.*

ἀγωνιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a combatant, rival, esp. at the games: an advocate: also an actor; hence πρωτ-αγωνιστής, δευτέρ-αγωνιστής, etc.* 2. *a champion.*

ἀγωνιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *fit for contesting or striving: also fitted for winning:—ἡ ἀγαριστική (sub. τέχνη) the art of winning or prevailing.*

Adv. -κῶς, ἀγωνιστικῶς ἔχειν *to be disposed for combat.*

ἀγωνοθετέω, f. ἦσω, *to be a judge or director of the games: generally, to direct, promote, judge, decide.* From

ἀγωνο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγών, τίθημι) *a president in the games: a judge.*

ἀδαγμός, ὁ, Ion. for ὀδαγμός, *an itching, sting.*

ἀδαήμονία or ἀδαημοσύνη, ἡ, *ignorance, unskilfulness in doing.* From

ἀ-δάῃμων, ον, (a privat., δαῖναι) *unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. μάχης ἀδαῃμων:* but, ἄδ. κακῶν *beyond the knowledge, i. e. reach of ill.*

ἀδάής, ἐς, (a privat., δαῖναι) = *foreg. unknowing, ignorant of, c. gen. also c. inf. unknowing how to.*

ἀ-δάητος, ον, (a privat., δαῖναι) *unknown.*

ἀ-δαίος, ον, (a privat., δαίος) *Dor. for ἀδήιος.*

ἀ-δαίτος, ον, (a privat., δαῖναι) *not to be eaten, unlawful to eat.*

ἀ-δάκρυς, v. gen. vos, (a privat., δάκρυ) = ἀδάκρυτος I. II. = ἀδάκρυτος II.

ἀ-δακρῦτι, Adv. *without tears.* From ἀ-δάκρυτος, ον, (a privat., δακρύω) *without tears:* hence I. act. *not weeping, tearless.* II. pass. *unwept.*

ἀ-δάλητος, ἐς, Dor. for ἀ-δήλητος.

ἀδαμάντιος, ον, (ἀδάμας) *adamantine, of steel: hence, bard as adamant, stubborn.* Adv. -ως.

ἀδάμαντρο-δέρος, ον, (ἀδάμας, δέω) *iron-bound.*

ἀ-δάμας, αὐτος, ὁ, (a privat., δαμάω) *unconquerable: hence* I. as Subst. *adamant, i. e. the hardest metal, prob. steel: also the diamond.* II. as Adj. *inexorable.*

ἀ-δάμαστος, ον, (a privat., δαμάω) *properly of horses, unbroken, untamable:—metaph. inexorable.*

ἀ-δάματος, ον, Trag. form of foreg.: also of females, *unwedded.* [ᾶδ-: but also ᾶδ- as in ᾶ-θάνατος.]

ἀ-δάπανος, ον, (a privat., δάπανη) *without expense, costing nothing.* Adv. -ως.

ἀ-δάσμος, ον, *tribute-free.*

ἀ-δαστος, ον, (a privat., δάσασθαι aor. I of δατέομαι) *undivided.*

ᾶδεῖς, Ep. vocat. of ἀδής.

ᾶδδηκότες, poet. for ἀδηκότες, pf. part. of ἀδέω.

ᾶδδην, poet. for ᾶδην.

ᾶδδῆσαι, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ᾶδδῆ-φαγέω, etc., v. sub ᾶδδῆ-.

ᾶδε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω. [ᾶ]

ᾶδέα, Dor. poet. for ἡδεῖα, fem. of ἡδύς: also as Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

ᾶ-δεῖς, Ep. ᾶ-δαῖς, ἐς, Ep. voc. ᾶδδῆς, (a privat., ἔδω) *fearless, shameless.* 2. *fearless, secure: τὸ ᾶδεῖς, security:—Adv. ᾶδεῶς, without fear or scruple, confidently, abundantly.* II. *causing no fear, not formidable.*

ᾶδεια, ἡ, (ἀδεῖς) *freedom from fear, safety, security: ᾶδειαν δίδοναι, παρέχειν, etc., to grant an am-*

nestly; ἐν ἀδείῃ εἶναι to feel secure; μετ' ἀδείας with a promise of security.

ἀ-δεής, ἐς, Ep. for ἀ-δεής.

ἀ-δεύμαντος, ον, (a privat., δειμαίνω) undaunted: c. gen. without fear for a person. Adv. -τως.

ἀδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δειπνος, ον, (a privat., δεῖπνον) without food, unfed.

ἀ-δεκαστος, ον, (a privat., δεκᾶω) unbribed. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δεκάτευτος, ον, (a privat., δεκατεύω) not titbed.

ἀ-δεκτος, ον, (a privat., δέχομαι) not received or believed. II. act. not receiving, not capable of,

τινός.

ἀδελφεά, ἡ, Dor. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφεή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφείος, ὁ, Ep. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφειο-κτόνος, ον, Ion. for ἀδελφο-κτόνος.

ἀδελφεός, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφή, ἡ, fem. of ἀδελφός, a sister.

ἀδελφιδεός, ον, contr. ἀδελφιδούς, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's son, a nephew.

ἀδελφιδή, ἡ, Att. contr. for ἀδελφιδεύς, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's daughter, a niece.

ἀδελφιδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀδελφός, a little brother.

ἀδελφιζω, fut. Att. ἰω, (ἀδελφός) to adopt as brother.

ἀδελφικός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀδελφο-κτόνος, Ion. ἀδελφειο-κτόνος, ον, (ἀδελφός, κτείνω) murdering a brother or sister.

ἀδελφός, (a copul., δελφός): I. as Subst.

ἀδελφός, Ion. -φεός, Ep. -φείος, ὁ, a brother; in pl. ἀδελφοί brothers and sisters. II. as Adj. ἀδελ-

φός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat. geminus, in pairs, twin, also twin to a thing, just like it. Hence

ἀδελφότης, ητος, ἡ, brotherhood, brotherly kindness. 2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood.

ἀ-δενδρος, ον, (a privat., δένδρον) without trees.

ἀ-δεξιός, ον, (a privat., δεξιός) awkward.

ἀ-δερκής, ἐς, (a privat., δέркоμαι) unseen, invisible.

ἀ-δερκτος, ον, (a privat., δέркоμαι) not seeing, sightless, ὄμματα. Adv. -τως, without looking.

ἀ-δεσμος, ον, (a privat., δεσμός) unfettered, unbound; ἀδεσμος φυλακή, Lat. libera custodia, of prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

ἀ-δέσποτος, ον, (a privat., δεσπότης) without a master:—of writings, anonymus.

ἀ-δετος, ον, (a privat., δέω) unbound: free.

ἀ-δευκής, ἐς, (a privat., δεύκος) not sweet, sour, bitter, Lat. acerbus.

ἀ-δέψητος, ον, (a privat., δεψέω) untanned.

*ΑΔΕΨΩ, to please, obsol. pres., whence ἀνδάνω has its fut., aor. 2, and pf.: v. ἀνδάνω.

*ΑΔΕΨΩ, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come aor. 1 opt. ἀδῆσαι or ἀδήσει, may be sated; and pf. part. ἀδηκότες or ἀδηκότες, sated. Cf. ἄω, satio.

ἀ-δῆλος, contr. ἀ-δῆος, Dor. ἀ-δαίος, ον, (a privat., δῆλος) unassailed.

ἀ-δηκτος, ον, (a privat., δάκνω) not gnawed or worm-eaten: not carped at.

ἀδήλος, (ἀδῆλος) to be at a loss about a thing.

ἀ-δήλητος, ον, (a privat., δηλέομαι) unburt.

ἀδήλια, ἡ, (ἀδῆλος) uncertainty.

ἀ-δηλος, ον, unknown, ignoble. II. unknown, unseen, secret; ἀδῆλον ἐστιν εἰ., or ὅτι., it is uncertain whether ... Adv. -λως, secretly: Sup. ἀδη-

λότετα.

ἀδηλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀδῆλος) uncertainty.

ἀδμυνέω, f. ἦσω, to be in great distress or anguish at a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀδμυνία, ἡ, great distress or anguish.

ἀδην, Ep. ἀδην, Att. ἔδην, Adv. (*ἀδέω) Lat. SATIS, enough, abundantly; ἔδμεναι ἀδην to eat their fill, of horses; ἀδην πολέμοιο enough of war;

ἀδην ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀ-δηριος, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., δῆρις) without strife.

ἀ-δῆριτος, ον, (a privat., δῆριόμαι) without strife or battle, uncontested. II. unconquerable.

ἄδης or Ἀΐδης, ον, ὁ, Att., but also Ἀΐδης [ου-], ao and ew:—Hades, the god of the lower world, Lat. Pluto: εἰν and εἰς Ἀΐδαο, Attic ἐν and ἐς Ἀΐδου (with or without δόμος), in or into the house of Hades.

II. later, the grave, death.

ἀδήσειε, aor. 1 opt. of ἀδέω.

ἀδήσω, fut. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀδη-φάγος, ον, (ἀδην, φάγειν) eating to excess, devouring, gluttonous.

ἀ-δηώτος, ον, (a privat., δηῶω) not wasted.

ἀ-διαβάτος, ον, (a privat., διαβαίνω) not to be crossed, impassable.

ἀ-διάκριτος, ον, (a privat., διακρίνω) undistinguishable: unintelligible. 2. undecided.

ἀ-διαλεπτος, ον, (a privat., διαλέπω) unintermitting, unceasing. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διαλλακτος, ον, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) irreconcilable, allowing no reconciliation. Adv., ἀδιαλλάκ-

τως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διάλυτος, ον, (a privat., διαλύω) undissolved: indissoluble. 2. irreconcilable. Adv., ἀδιαλύτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διανόητος, ον, (a privat., διανοέομαι) incomprehensible. II. act. not understanding, silly.

ἀ-διαντος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., διαίνω) unwetted:—ἀδιαντον, τό, a plant, maiden's hair.

ἀ-διάπαυστος, ον, (a privat., διαπαύω) not to be stilled, incessant, violent.

ἀ-διάπτωτος, ον, (a privat., διαπίπτω) not liable to error, infallible. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάσπαστος, ον, (a privat., διασπάω) not torn asunder, unbroken. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat., διατρέπω) immovable, beadstrong. Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀδιατρεψία, ἡ, immovableness, obstinacy.

ἀ-διάφθατος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) incorruptible.

ἀδιαφθορία, ἡ, *freedom from corruption*. From
ἀ-διάφθορος, ον, (a privat., διαφθείρω) *incorrupt, incorruptible*. II. *imperishable*.

ἀδιάφορος, ον, (a privat., διαφέρω) *not different: indifferent*.

ἀδιδάκτος, ον, (a privat., δίδασκω) of persons, *un-
taught, unlearned, rude*. II. of things, *not
learnt: also, learnt without teaching*.

ἀδιεργάστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) *not
to be wrought out or finished*.

ἀδιέξοδος, ον, (a privat., διεξοδος) *without out-
let*. II. act. *unable to get out*.

ἀδιεργάστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) *not
worked out, unfinished*.

ἀδιερεύνητος, ον, (a priv., διερευνάω) *unexamined*.

ἀδιήγητος, ον, (a privat., διηγέομαι) *indescribable*.

ἀδικάστος, ον, (a privat., δικάζω) *without judg-
ment given, undecided*.

ἀδικαικένος, Boeot. for ἡδικημένος, part. perf. pass.
of ἀδικέω.

ἀδικέω, impf. ἡδίκηον, Ion. εὖν: f. ἦσω: aor. I
ἡδίκησα: pf. ἡδίκηκα: Pass., with fut. med. ἀδική-
σονται: pf. ἡδίκημαι: (ἀδικος):—*to do wrong*. II.

trans. c. acc. pers. *to do one wrong, to wrong, in-
jure: c. dupl. acc., ἄδ. τινά τι to wrong one in a
thing:—Pass. to be wronged or injured*.

ἀδικημα, τό, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong done, a wrong, in-
jury*, Lat. *injuria: c. gen., ἄδ. τινος a wrong done
to one*.

ἀδικητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀδικέω, *one ought to do
wrong*.

ἀδικία, ἡ, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong, offence, = ἀδικη-
μα*. II. *injustice*.

ἀδικιον, τό, = ἀδικημα, *an act of wrong*.

ἀ-δικος, ον, (a privat., δίκη) of persons and things,
*doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust: ἀδικος εἰς τι
unjust in a thing, περί τινα in respect to a person: ἀ-
δικος λόγος a plea of injustice: ἀδικον χειρῶν ἄρται
to begin lawless acts of violence: ἀδικος πλοῦτος
unrighteous gain*. II. *wrong, improper, ill-
mated, as horses*. III. ἀδικος ἡμέρα, i. e. ἀνε-
δικῶν, *a day on which the courts were shut*, Lat. *dies
nefastus*. Hence

ἀδικως, Adv. *without right or reason*.

ἀδινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδυν) *close, thick: hence I.
crowded or thronged, close-packed*. 2. *vehement,
loud, esp. of sounds:—more freq. as Adv. ἀδινῶς,
also neut. ἀδινόν and ἀδινά, vehemently, loudly:
Comp. ἀδινώτερον*. [ἀ]

ἀδιοίκητος, ον, (a privat., διοικέω) *unarranged*.

ἄδιον, Dor. for ἥδιον, neut. Comp. of ἡδύς.

ἀδιόρθωτος, ον, (a privat., διορθώω) *not corrected:
incurrible*.

ἀδιστακτος, ον, (a privat., διαστάζω) *without doubt-
ing*. Adv. -τως.

ἀδιψος, ον, (a privat., δίψα) *without thirst, not
thirsty*.

ἀ-δηΐς, ἦτος, ὅ, ἡ, = ἀδημος.

ἀδμήτης, ἰδος, acc. ἀδμήτιν, fem. of ἀδμής.

ἀ-δημτος, η, ον, (a privat., δαμάω) poet. for ἀδά-
ματος, *untamed: of cattle, unbroken, wild: of mai-
dens, unmarried*.

ἄδο-βάτης, ου, ὅ, (ἄδης, βαίνω) *one who has gone
to Hades*. [βᾶ]

ἄδοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δόκητος, ον, (a privat., δοκέω) *unexpected*. II.
inglorious. Adv. -τως, also neut. ἀδόκητα as Adv.
unexpectedly; so also, ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀδοκήτου.

ἀδοκίμαστος, ον, (a privat., δοκιμάζω) *untried,
unproved*. [ξ]

ἀ-δοκίμος, ον, (a privat., δοκιμος) *unproved, spuri-
ous, base, mean*. II. *rejected as spurious, re-
probate*.

ἀδολεσχέω, fut. ἦσω, *to talk idly, to prate*. [ᾱ]
From

ἀδο-λέσχης, ου, ὅ, also ἀδό-λεσχος, ον, (ἄδος, λέ-
σχη) *a prating fellow*. II. *in good sense, a
keen, subtle reasoner*. [ᾱ] Hence

ἀδολεσχία, ἡ, *prating, frivolity*. II. *keenness,
subtlety*. [ᾱ] Hence

ἀδολεσχηκός, ἡ, ὄν, *disposed to prate, frivolous*. [ᾱ]
ἀ-δολος, ον, *guileless, artless: in Att. esp. of trea-
ties, without dishonest intent*. II. of liquids, *un-
mixed, pure*. Adv. -λως, *without fraud*.

ἄδον, Ep. for ἔαδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδον, impf. of ἄδω.

ἀ-δόνητος, ον, (a privat., δονέω) *not shaken*.

ἀδονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, poet. for ἀηδονίς. [ᾱ]

ἀ-δόξαστος, ον, (a privat., δοξάζω) *unexpected*. II.
not matter of opinion, i. e. certain.

ἀδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀδοξος) *to be of no reputation, stand
in ill repute*. II. trans. *to hold in no esteem*.

Hence

ἀδοξία, ἡ, *ill repute, dishonour*.

ἀ-δοξος, ον, (a privat., δόξα) *disreputable, disgrace-
ful*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*.

*ἌΔΟΣ, εος, τό, *satiety, loathing*.

ἄδος, εος, τό, Dor. for ἡδος, *joy*.

ἀ-δοτος, ον, (a privat., δίδωμι) *without gifts*.

ἀ-δουλος, ον, (a privat., δοῦλος) *without slaves, un-
attended, deserted*.

ἀ-δουλωτος, ον, (a privat., δουλώω) *unenslaved*.

ἀ-δυνήτος, ον, (a privat., δυνέω) *noiseless*.

ἀδράνεια, Ep. ἀδρανίη, ἡ, *inactivity*. From

ἀ-δρανής or ἀ-δράνης, ἐς, (a privat., δραίνω) *in-
active, listless, feeble*.

*Ἀδράστεια, Ion. Ἀδρήστεια, ἡ, a name of Neme-
sis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later
as Adj., epith. of Νέμεσις, *not to be escaped*, as if
from διδράσσω, cf. sq.

ἀ-δραστος, Ion. ἀ-δρηστος, ον, (a privat., διδράσσω)
not running away, not inclined to run away.

ἀ-δρεπτος, ον, (a privat., δρέπω) *unplucked*.

ἀ-δρηστος, ον, Ion. for ἀ-δραστος.

Ἀδρίας, ον, Ion. Ἀδρίης, ἐω, ὅ, the Adriatic Sea.
Hence

Ἀδριατικός and Ἀδρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of the Adriatic. ἄ-δριμύς, υ, (α privat., δριμύς) not tart or pungent. ἀδρόσμαι, Pass. (ἀδρός) to grow ripe: to come to one's strength.

ἌΔΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, properly stout, thick:—hence full-grown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: generally, strong, great in any way. Hence

ἀδρυσίνη, ἡ, = sq.

ἀδρότης, ἥτος, ἡ, (ἀδρός) stoutness: ripeness, fullness, esp. of the body. II. abundance.

ἀδρύνω, (ἀδρός) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe.

ἀδύ-γλωσσοσ, -επής, -μελής, Dor. for ἡδύ-.

ἀ-δυνμία, ἡ, (α privat., δύναμις) want of strength, weakness: poverty.

ἀ-δυνασία, ἡ, = ἀδυναμία.

ἀδυνάτις, f. ἡσώ, (ἀδυνατός) to want strength, power, or ability. Hence

ἀδυνάτια, ἡ, = ἀδυναμία.

ἀ-δύνάτος, ὄν, unable to do a thing, c. inf. 2.

absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things, disabled:—τὸ ἀδύνατον want of strength. II.

Pass. unable to be done, impossible: τὸ ἀδ. impossibility. III. Adv. -τως, without power, feebly. [ῥ]

ἀδύς, ἑα, ὕ, Dor. for ἡδύς.

ἀ-δύτος, ὄν, (α privat., δύω) not to be entered:—hence as Subst. ἄδυτον, τό, the innermost sanctuary or shrine, Lat. *adytum*: also ἄδυτος, ὁ.

ἄδω, Att. contr. for αἰδέω, q. v.

ἀδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἄρδων, the nightingale. [ᾱ]

Ἀδώνια, τά, the mourning for Adonis.

Ἀδονιάζω, to keep the Adonia. Hence

Ἀδονιασμός, οὗ, ὁ, the mourning for Adonis.

Ἄδωνις, ἴδος, ὁ, Adonis. 2. Ἀδώνιδος κήποι, pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [ᾱ]

ἀ-δύρητος, ὄν, (α privat., δαρέομαι) = ἄ-δαρος.

ἀ-δαροδόκητος, ὄν, (α privat., δαροδοκέω) = sq. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δαροδόκος, ὄν, unbribed, incorruptible.

ἀ-δαρος, ὄν, (α privat., δῶρόν) without gifts, taking no gifts, unbribed:—ἄδωρα δῶρα gifts that are no gifts. II. giving no gifts, fruitless.

ἀ-δώτης, ὄν, ὁ, (α privat., δίδωμι) one who gives nothing.

ἄέ, Dor. for ἀέ. [ᾱ]

ἀ-έδνος, ὄν, (α privat., ἔδνα) undowered.

ἀεθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλεύω.

ἀεθλέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλέω: Ion. impf. ἀέθλεον.

ἀεθλητής, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλητής.

ἀέθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἄθλον: properly neut. from

ἀέθλιος, ὄν, also α, ὄν, (ἄεθλον) running for the prize: ἀέθλιος ἵππος a race-horse: ἀέθλιον μῆλον the apple of discord.

ἀέθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἄθλον.

ἀέθλος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἄθλος.

ἀέθλο-φόρος, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. for ἄθλο-φόρος.

ἀεί, Adv. ever, always, for ever: δευρ' ἀεί ever up to this time: also εἰς ἀεί or εἰσαεί. With the Artic.

ὁ αἰ κρατῶν the ruler for the time being, whoever is ruler: ὁ αἰ βασιλεὺς the reigning king. Besides αἰ the Ion. and poet. forms αἰεὶ and αἰέν are very common: in Dor. also αἰές, αἰός, and αἰέ.

αἰέ-βολος, ὄν, (αἰέ, βάλλω) continually thrown.

αἰε-γενέτης, poet. αἰε-γενέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (αἰέ, γενέσθαι) epith. of the gods in Homer, like αἰέν ἔντες, ever existing, immortal.

αἰε-γενής, ἑς, Att. for αἰε-γενέτης.

αἰεθε, Ep. 3 imperf. or 2 imperat. of αἰεῖω.

ἀ-εἶδελος, ὄν, (α privat., *εἶδω) unseen, dark.

ἀ-εἰδής, ἑς, (α privat., *εἶδω) unseen, without bodily form. II. (α privat., εἰδέναι) unknown, obscure.

αἰε-δίνητος, ὄν, (αἰέ, δινέω) ever revolving. [ῖ]

ἈΕΙΔΩ, Att. contr. ᾄδω: impf. ἤειδον, Ep. αἰειδον, Att. ᾄδων: fut. αἰείσομαι, Att. ᾄσομαι, Dor. αἰεῖναι: rarely αἰείω, Att. ᾄσω, Dor. ᾄσῶ: aor. 1 ἤεισα, Ep. αἰείσα, Att. ᾄσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ᾄσθην: pf. ᾄσμαι:—to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter, croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string to twang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to ring. II. trans.:—I. c. acc. rei, to sing, chaunt, descant on. 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. 3. Pass. to resound with song.

αἰε-ζωος, ὄν, Att. contr. αἰέ-ζωος, ὄν, (αἰέ, ζῶη) everlasting, everlasting.

αἰε-θάλης, ἑς, (αἰέ, θάλος) ever-green.

ἀ-εκεῖη or -λή [ῖ], Att. contr. αἰκία [ῖ], ἡ, unseemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.

ἐ-ακεῖλος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, poet. form for sq.: contr. αἰκίλος. Adv. -ίως.

ἀ-εκής, ἑς, Att. contr. αἰκής, ἑς, (α privat., εἰκος) unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. αἰκέες α Adv. in unseemly manner.

ἐ-ακεῖη, ἡ, = αἰεκεῖη.

αἰεκίζω, Att. contr. αἰκίζω, fut. Att. -ίω: aor. 1 ἤεικισα, Ep. αἰεκίσσα:—Ep. aor. pass. inf. αἰεκισθῆναι: (αἰεκής):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse.

αἰε-κίνητος, ὄν, (αἰέ, κινέω) ever moving, in perpetual motion. [ῖ]

ἄεκινοσθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of αἰεκίζω.

ἄεκινοσα, αἰεκισάμην, Ep. aor. 1 act. and med. of αἰεκίζω.

αἰεκῶ, Att. fut. of αἰεκίζω.

αἰεκῶς, Ion. αἰεκέως, Adv. of αἰεκής, shamefully.

αἰε-λάλος, ὄν, (αἰέ, λαλέω) ever-babbling.

αἰελογία, ἡ, as Att. law-court, τὴν αἰελογίαν παρεῖχεν, προτείνεσθαι to court continual inquiry. From αἰε-λόγος, ὄν, (αἰέ, λέγω) always talking.

αἰε-μνηστος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (αἰέ, μνησκομαι) bad in everlasting remembrance: ever-memorable, everlasting. Adv. -τως.

αἰε-ναος, ὄν, contr. αἰέ-ναος, ὄν, (αἰέ, νάω) = ἀεναος, ever-flowing.

αἰε-νηστis, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, ever-fasting.

αἰε-πλάνος, ὄν, (αἰέ, πλανάομαι) ever-wandering.

αἰερα, Ep. for ἡερα, aor. 1 of αἰείρω.

αἰεραί, aor. 1 inf. of αἰείρω.

ἀέροος, *ov*, contr. ἀέ-pous, *oun*, =sq.

ἀέ-ρῦτος, *ov*, (ἀέ, ῥέω) *ever-flowing*.

ἈΕΪΡΩ, Att. αἶρω: fut. ἀρῶ [ᾶ], contr. from ἀερώ: aor. I act. ἔειρα, Ep. αἶρα.—Med., fut. ἀρῶμαι [ᾶ], contr. from αερούμαι: aor. I ἔειράμην.—Pass., aor. I ἔειρην, Ep. ἄειρην: pf. ἔειμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. ἔειρωτο: for the Att. forms, v. αἶρω:—to lift, beave, raise up, hence to bear, carry: to carry off as plunder: but also, to hand, offer:—Med. to lift up for oneself, i. e. bear off, win, take for oneself:—Pass. to be hung up, to hang; μάχαιρα παρὰ ἔξφοος κούλεον ἄωτο the dagger hung beside the sword sheath. 2. to raise or stir up; αἶρασθαι τὰ ἱστία to hoist sail: Pass. to raise up, arise.

δεῖσα, Ep. aor. I of αἰδέω.

δεῖσαι, part. nom. pl. fem. of ἀημι.

δεῖσι, 3 pl. of ἀημι.

αἰσμα, τό, poet. and Ion. for αἶσμα, as αἰδέω for εἰδω.

αἰσσομαι, fut. of αἰδέω.

αἰ-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀέ, φανῆναι) *ever-shining* or *appearing*.

αἰ-φουρος, *ov*, (ἀέ, φουρά) *ever-watched* or *ever-watching*, *ever-wakeful*.

αἰ-φυγία, ἡ, (ἀέ, φυγή) *exile for life*.

αἰ-χρόνιος, *ov*, (ἀέ, χρόνος) *everlasting*.

ἀεκαζόμενος, *η, ov*, (ἀέκων) *unwilling, resisting*; πόλλ' ἀεκαζόμενος, Virgil's *multa reluctans*.

ἀ-κῆλιος, *ov*, for ἀεικέλιος.

ἀέκητι or ἀεικητί, (ἀέκων) Ep. Adv. *against the will*, often in Homer c. gen.; σὺδ' ἀέκητι, Lat. *te invito*; θεῶν ἀέκητι, Lat. *Dius non propitiis*.

ἀ-σκούσιος, *ov*, also α, *ov*, Att. contr. αἰκούσιος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐκούσιος) *against the will, forced, involuntary*.

ἀ-έκων, Att. contr. ἄκων [ᾶ], *ουσα, ov*, (a privat., ἐκῶν) *against the will, unwilling: without design or purpose*.

ἀέλιος, Dor. for ἥλιος, ἥλιος.

ἀέλλα, Ep. ἀέλλη, ἡ, ἡ, (ἀω, ἄημι) *a stormy wind, a whirlwind*. 2. metaph. of any whirling motion [ᾶε]

ἀελλαῖος, α, *ov*, (ἀέλλα) *stormy, swift as the storm*.

ἀελλάς, ἄδος, ἡ; =ἀελαῖος.

ἀελλής, ἐς, (ἀέλλα) *eddying*.

ἀελο-μάχος, *ov*, (ἀέλλα, μάχομαι) *struggling with the storm*. [ᾶ]

ἀελλό-πος, Homeric form of sq.

ἀελλό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν, τό*, gen. ποδός, (ἀέλλα, πούς) *storm-footed, swift as the storm*, only found in Ep. form ἀελλό-πος, like ἀρτί-πος, πούλυ-πος, etc.: dat. pl. ἀελλοπόδεσσιν.

ἀελπτέω, (ἀελπτος) *to be without hope, to despair*.

ἀ-ελπτής, ἐς, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) *unhoped for, unexpected*.

ἀελπτία, ἡ, *an unlooked for event*: ἐξ ἀελπτίας, Lat. *ex insperato*, *unexpectedly*. 2. *despair*.

From

ἐ-ελπτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) *unlooked for, un-*

expected: to be despaired of: ἀελπτα, neut. pl. as Adv. *unexpectedly*. II. act. *hopeless, desperate*.

ἀελπτῶς, Adv. of ἀελπτῆς, *unexpectedly*.

ἀέ-νῶος, *ov*, also Ep. ἀεί-ναος, contr. ἀεί-νωος, *ov*, (ἀέ, νῶω) *ever-flowing: generally, everlasting, never-failing*. Adv. -ᾠα.

ἀε-νῶαν, *ουσα, ov*, =ἀέναος.

ἀέντες, part. pl. of ἀημι.

ἀεξί-γυιός, *ov*, (ἀέξω, γυῖον) *strengthening the limbs*.

ἀεξί-νοος, *ov*, contr. ἀεξί-νους, *ov*, (ἀέξω, νόος) *strengthening the mind*.

ἀεξί-φύλλος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, φύλλον) *making leaves grow, leafy*.

ἀεξί-φύτος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, φυτόν) *making plants grow*.

ἈΕΪΞΩ, Ion. and poet. for ΑΥΪΞΩ, αὐξάνω, Lat. AUGEO: used by the old poets only in pres. and impf.: later poets have a fut. ἀεξήσω, aor. I ἔξησα; fut. med. ἀεξήσομαι, pf. pass. ἔξημαι:—to make to grow, increase, foster, strengthen: to beighen, multiply:—Pass. and Med. to increase, wax great: prosper.

ἀεργείη or -λή [ῖ], Ion. for ἀεργία.

ἀ-εργής, ἐς, =ἀ-εργός.

ἀεργία, Ion. -λή [ῖ], ἡ, a *not working, idleness*.

[ῖ] 2. of a field, a *lying fallow or waste*. From ἀ-εργός, contr. ἀργός, *ov*, (a privat., *ἐργω) *not working, idle*: Adv. -γῶς.

ἀέρθη, contr. ἀρθη, Adv. (ἀείρω) *lifting up*.

ἀερεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of αἰέρω.

ἀερθεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἔρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αἰέρω: ἀέρθη, 3 sing. of same tense.

ἀέριος, *ov*, also α, *ov*, Ion. ἥριος, ἡ, *ov*, (ἀήρ, ἥρ, ἥρα) *in mist, or thick air: cloudy*. II. in the air, high in air.

ἀ-ερκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἔργω) *unfenced, open*.

ἀεροβάτew, f. ἦσω, to tread in air, walk the air. From

ἀερο-βάτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀήρ, βαῖνω) *one who treads in air*.

ἀερο-δίνης, Ion. ἥρο-δινής, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) *wheeling in air*.

ἀερο-δόνητος, *ov*, (ἀήρ, δονέω) *tossed in mid air, soaring*.

ἀεροδρομέω, f. ἦσω, to traverse air. From

ἀερο-δρόμος, *ov*, *traversing air*.

ἀερο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) *like the sky or air, misty*: see ἡεροεἰδής.

ἐρο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, an air-raven.

ἀερο-κῶναψ, ὀπος, ὁ, an air-gnat.

ἀερο-μάχη, ἡ, (ἀήρ, μάχη) *a battle in the air*.

ἀερο-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀήρ, μετρέω) *to measure the air: to lose oneself in vague speculation*.

ἀερο-νηχίς, ἐς, (ἀήρ, νήχομαι) *floating in air, of the clouds*.

ἀέρρω, Aeol. for αἰέρω.

ἀερο-κάρηνος, *ov*, (αἰέρω, κάρηνον) *carrying the head high*. [κᾶ]

ἀερόσπ-πότης, *ov*, ὁ, and ἀερόσπ-πότητος, *ov*, (αἰέρω, ποτάομαι) *hovering on high*.

ἀερσί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀείρω, πούς) *lifting up the feet, brisk-trotting.*

ἀερτάω, poet. form of ἀείρω, *to lift up*: imperf. ἡέρταον.

ἀερτάω = ἀερτάω:—aor. I ἡέρτησα: pf. pass. ἡέρτημαι.

ἀεs, Dor. for ἀεί. [ᾶ]

ἀεσα, I pl. ἀέσαμεν and ἀσαμεν, 3 pl. ἀεσαν, inf. ἀέσαι, aor. I prob. from an obsol. root δέω, = εὐδω, *to sleep*: no other tenses in use. Akin to ἀημι, λαύω, δωρέω.

ἀεσιφροσύνη, ἡ, silliness, folly, in plur. ἀεσιφροσύναι. From

ἀεσί-φρων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἀάω, φρήν) *injured in mind: witless, silly, infatuated.* [ᾶ]

*ΑΕΤΟΨ or αλετός, also poet. αἰητός, οὐ, ὁ, an eagle, Lat. aquila. II. an eagle as a standard. [ᾶ]

ἀετ-ώδης, es, (ἀετός, εἶδος) *eagle-like.* [ᾶ]

*ΑΕΨΩ, *to sleep*, v. ἀεσα.

*ΑΖΑ, ἡ, properly dryness, beat: also mould, (v. sub ᾶζω.)

ᾶζάλεος, α, ov, (ᾶζω) pass. *dry, parched*: hence *barsh, cruel.* II. act. *parching, scorching.*

ᾶζάνω, (ᾶζω) *to dry or parch up.*

ᾶζηλια, ἡ, *freedom from jealousy: simplicity.* From ᾶ-ζηλος, ov, like ἀζήλωτος, *unenviable, miserable: inconsiderable, mean.*

ᾶ-ζήλωτος, ov, (α privat., ζηλώω) *not to be envied.*

ᾶ-ζήμιος, ov, (α privat., ζημία) *without loss, scot-free: not deserving punishment*:—Adv. -ως, *with impunity.* a. *not amounting to punishment, harmless.*

ᾶζῆται, 3 sing. pass. subj. of ᾶζω.

ᾶ-ζήτητος, ov, (α privat., ζητέω) *unexamined.*

ᾶζήτης, es, *unceasing, excessive: more freq. as Adv. ᾶζηχέs, unceasingly, beyond measure.* II. *bard, rough.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ᾶ-ζυγος, ov, = ᾶ-ζυγέ, *ill-matched: unmarried.*

ᾶ-ζυμος, ov, (α privat., ζύμη) *unleavened: τὰ ᾶζυμα, the feast of unleavened bread.*

ᾶ-ζυγέ, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, (α privat., ζυγῆναι) *unyoked, unpaired: unmarried, unwedded.*

*ΑΖΩ, *to dry, dry up, parch*:—Pass. *to be parched up, pine away through grief.*

*ΑΖΩ, mostly used as Dep. ᾶζομαι, and only in pres. and imperf.: *to stand in awe of, dread the gods or one's parents*: also followed by inf. *to be afraid of doing; or μή...*, *to fear lest*:—absol. *to be awe-struck*.—Cf. σέβω.

ᾶ-ζωστος, ov, (α privat., ζώννυμι) *ungirt from hurry: generally, not girded.*

ᾶη, 3 sing. impf. of ἀημι.

ᾶ-ηδής, es, (α privat., ἡδός) *unpleasant, annoying: of persons, unfriendly, morose.* Hence

ᾶηδία, ἡ, (ᾶηδής) *a being displeased, disgust, dislike.* II. *unpleasantness, odiousness.*

ᾶηδονιδεύς, εως, Ep. gen. ἡος, ὁ, a young nightingale.

ᾶηδόνιος, ov, (ᾶηδών) *of or belonging to a nightingale.*

ᾶηδονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = ᾶηδών, a nightingale.

ᾶηδών, ἡ, Att. ὁ, gen. ᾶηδόνος or ᾶηδούς, (ἀείδω)

a nightingale; properly the songstress.

ᾶηδώς, Adv. of ᾶηδής, ᾶηδώς ἔχειν *to be unfriendly.*

ᾶήθεια, Ion. ᾶητίη [Ὶ], ἡ, (ᾶήθης) *unaccustomedness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing: ἀήθ.*

τινός inexperience of a thing.

ᾶηθέσω, poet. for ᾶηθέω, *to be unaccustomed to a thing*, c. gen.: impf. ᾶηθέσων.

ᾶ-ήθης, es, (α privat., ἡθος) *unwonted, unusual, strange*:—Adv. -θως. 2. *unused to a thing*, c. gen.

ᾶηθίη, ἡ, = ᾶήθεια, q. v.

ᾶηθίζομαι, Dep. (ᾶήθης) *to be unaccustomed.*

ᾶήθως, Adv. of ᾶήθης, *unexpectedly.*

ᾶήμα, τό, (ᾶημι) a blast, wind.

ᾶήμεναι, Ep. for ᾶῆναι, inf. of ᾶημι.

*ΑΗΜΙ, 3 sing. ᾶῆσι, 3 dual ᾶῆτον (not ᾶετον), 3 pl. ᾶεσι; imper. 3 sing. ᾶῆτω; inf. ᾶῆναι, Ep. ᾶήμεναι; part. ᾶέis: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ᾶῆ, 3 pl. ᾶεσαν:—Pass. ᾶῆμαι, part. ᾶῆμενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ᾶῆτο:—*to breathe hard, blow, of the wind: the pass. forms sometimes mean to be beaten by the wind, but more often to toss or wave about as if in the wind; hence to be spread abroad.*

ᾶῆναι, inf. of ᾶημι.

ᾶῆρ, ἀέρος, ἡ, Att. ὁ, Ion. and Ep. ᾶῆρ or ᾶῆρ, ᾶῆρος, ἡ:—in Hom. and Hes. *the lower air, the atmosphere or thick air that surrounds the earth*, opp. to αἰθήρ *the pure upper air*, v. esp. Il. 14. 288: hence *misty darkness, mist, gloom: but later generally air.* (From *ᾶω, ᾶημι.) [ᾶ]

ᾶῆσις, εως, ἡ, (ᾶῆμι) = ᾶῆμα, a blowing. [ᾶ]

ᾶ-ῆσιςτος, Att. ᾶ-ῆσιςτος, ov, (α privat., ῆσάομαι) *unconquered, not beaten: unconquerable.*

ᾶῆσῦλος, for αἰσῦλος, wicked.

ᾶῆσῦρος, ov, (*ᾶω, ᾶημι) *light as air: little.*

ᾶῆτη, ἡ, = ᾶῆτης.

ᾶῆτος, ov, ὁ, (ᾶω, ᾶημι) a blast, gale, wind.

ᾶῆτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of ᾶημι.

ᾶῆτον, 3 dual pres. of ᾶημι.

ᾶῆτος, ov, an old word, only in Il. 21. 395, prob. from ᾶημι, hence orig. *stormy, and so violent, terrible*; cp. αἶθος.

ᾶῆτω, 3 sing. imperat. of ᾶημι.

ᾶ-θάλαστος, Att. -ττος, ov, (α privat., θάλασσα) *without sea, inland.*

ᾶ-θαλάσσωτος, Att. -ττωτος, ov, (α privat., θαλασσώω) *never having been at sea.*

ᾶ-θαλής, es, (α privat., θάλος) *not verdant.*

ᾶ-θαλπής, es, (α privat., θάπνος) *without warmth.*

ᾶ-θαμβής, es, (α privat., θάμβος) *fearless.*

ᾶθάᾶσις, ἡ, (ᾶθάνατος) *immortality.*

ᾶθᾶνάτιζω, (ᾶθάνατος) *to make immortal*:—Pass. *to become or be immortal.* II. *to bold oneself immortal.*

ἀ-θάνατος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, not subject to death, undying, immortal, opp. to *θνητός* and *βροτός*:—hence ἀθάνατοι, *oi*, the Immortals, of the Gods, also of a body of troops that is kept at a certain number: of things, everlasting.

ἀ-θαπτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θάπτω*) unburied. II. unworthy of burial.

ἀθήρη, also ἀθήρη, *ῆ*, groats or meal, porridge made of it. [ἀθᾶ-]

ἀ-θαρσής, *ἑς*, (a privat., *θάρσος*) discouraged.

ἀ-θαύματος, *ov*, (a privat., *θαυμάζω*) not wondering at anything. Adv. *-τως*. II. not admired.

ἀ-θέατος, *ov*, (a privat., *θεομαι*) unseen, invisible: secret. II. act. not seeing, blind to.

ἀθεέ, Adv. (*ἀθεος*) without the aid of God.

ἀ-θείαστος, *ov*, (a privat., *θειάζω*) uninspired.

ἀ-θεκλος, *ov*, (a privat., *θέλω*) implacable.

ἀ-θεμς, *ιτος, ὁ, ῆ*, lawless.

ἀ-θεμίσιος, ἀ-θέμιτος, and ἀ-θέμιτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θέμις*) lawless, without law or government, goddess, Lat. *nefarius*. Adv. *-τως*.

ἀ-θεος, *ov*, without God, denying the gods: generally, godless, ungodly. II. abandoned by the gods. Hence.

ἀ-θεότης, *ητος, ῆ*, godlessness, ungodliness.

ἀθεράπνευσία, *ῆ*, want of attendance or care: c. gen. neglect of a thing. From

ἀ-θεράπνευτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θεράπναι*) not attended to, neglected. II. unbealed, incurable.

ἀ-θερίζω: Ep. aor. I ἀθέριξα or -ισσα: (a privat., *θέρω* = *θεραπεύω*):—to slight, make light of, Lat. *nihil curare*, c. acc.

ἀ-θέρμαντος, *ov*, (a privat., *θερμαίνω*) unbeaten; not excited by passion.

ἀ-θερμος, *ov*, without warmth.

ἀθεσία, *ῆ*, (*ἀθετος*) unsteadiness, fickleness.

ἀ-θεσμος, *ov*, lawless.

ἀ-θεσφότος, *ov*, impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible: hence marvellously great, enormous.

ἀ-θετέω, *ῆ*, *ῆσω*, (*ἀθετος*) to set aside, disregard.

ἀθέτησις, *ews, ῆ*, (*ἀθετεω*) abolition, rejection.

ἀ-θετος, *ov*, (a privat., *τίθω*) not placed, set aside, useless:—Adv. *ἀθέτως* = *ἀθέσμως*, lawlessly.

ἀθήως, Adv. of *ἀθεος*, in a godless manner.

ἀ-θήλος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηλή*) unsuckled, weaned.

ἀ-θήλυντος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηλύνω*) not made womanish: masculine.

Ἀθηνᾶ, *ᾱ, ῆ*, contr. from Ἀθηνᾶα or Ἀθηναία, Ion. Ἀθήνη, Ἀθηναίη, Dor. Ἀθάνα, Ἀθαναία, Aeol. Ἀθηνᾶα, Athena, Lat. *Minerva*, the tutelary goddess of Athens.

Ἀθίναζε, Adv. to or towards Athens. From

Ἀθῆναι, *ων, αἱ*, the city of Athens, used in pl. like Ὀθήβαι, Μυκήναι, because it consisted of several parts.

Ἀθηναῖον, τό, (Ἀθηνᾶ) the temple of Athena.

Ἀθηναῖος, *α, ov*, (Ἀθηνᾶ) Athenian, of or from Athens.

Ἀθήνηθεν or -θε, Adv. from Athens.

Ἀθήνησι, Adv. at Athens.

Ἀθηνῶν, to long to be at Athens.

Ἀθήνοθεν, Adv. from Athens.

ἈΘΗΨ, *ῆρος, ὁ*, the beard or spike of an ear of corn, an ear of corn itself, Lat. *spica*. II. the point or barb of a weapon. [ᾶ]

ἀ-θήρατος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηράω*) not to be caught.

ἀ-θήρευτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηρεύω*) not hunted.

Ἀθηρη-λοιγός, *ὁ*, (Ἀθήρ, *λοιγός*) consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan: cf. Ἀθηρό-βρωτος.

Ἀθηρό-βρωτος, *ov*, (Ἀθήρ, *Βιβρώσκω*) devouring ears of corn: Ἀθηρόβρωτον ὄργανον a winnowing fan.

ἀ-θηρος, *ov*, (a privat., *θήρ*) without wild beasts or game.

ἀ-θησαύριστος, *ov*, (a privat., *θησαυρίζω*) not fit for boarding up.

ἀ-θιγής, *ἑς*, (a privat., *θιγέω*) = ἀθικτος.

ἀ-θικτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θιγγάνω*) untouched: c. gen. untouched by a thing; *κερῶν ἀθικτος* untainted by money; also c. dat. *νόμοις ἀθικτος*. 2. not to be touched, holy, sacred. II. act. not touching.

ἀθλεύω, contr. from Ep. ἀεθλεύω: fut. εἰσω: (ἄθλος):—to contend for a prize, combat, wrestle. 2. to struggle, endure, suffer.

ἀθλέω, *ῆ*, *ῆσω*: aor. I ἤθλησα: pf. ἤθληκα: (ἄθλος):—to contend for a prize. 2. to endure, suffer.

II. to be an athlete.

ἄθλημα, τό, (ἀθλέω) a contest, struggle. II. an implement of labour.

ἄθλησις, *ews, ῆ*, (ἀθλέω) a contesting: a struggle, hard trial.

ἄθλητήρ, *ῆρος, ὁ*, older form of ἀθλητής.

ἀθλητής, contr. from ἀεθλητής, *ου, ὁ*, (ἀθλέω) a combatant, champion: a prize-fighter, Lat. *athleta*.

II. generally one practised or skilled in a thing, master of a thing, c. gen.

ἄθλιος, *α, ov*, also *ος, ov*, contr. from ἀέθλιος, (ἀέθλον, ἄθλον) subject to the toils of conflict: hence generally, wretched, Lat. *miser*. Hence

ἀθλιότης, *ητος, ῆ*, suffering, wretchedness.

ἄθλο-θετής, *ῆρος, ὁ*, (ἄθλον, *τίσημι*) = ἀθλοθέτης.

ἄθλο-βέτης, *ov, ὁ*, (ἄθλον, *τίσημι*) one who awards the prize, the judge in the games, also *βραβεύς*.

ἈΘΛΟΝ, τό, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλον, the prize of contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recompence. II. in plur. also = ἄθλος, a contest, combat.

ἈΘΛΟΣ, ὁ, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλος, a contest either in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflict, trouble.

ἄθλοσύνη, *ῆ*, = ἄθλος.

ἄθλο-φέρος, *ov*, (ἄθλον, *φέρω*) bearing away the prize, victorious, of horses.

ἀ-θολος, *ov*, (a privat., *θολός*) not muddy, clear.

ἀ-θόλωτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θολίω*) not muddied, untrodden.

ἀ-θορυβητος, *ov*, (a privat., *θορυβέω*) undisturbed.

ἀ-θόρυβος, *ov*, (a privat., *θύρυβος*) without uproar, undisturbed, tranquil. Adv. *-βως*.

ἄθραυστος, *ov*, (a privat., θραύω) *unbroken*.

ἄΘΡΕΨ, Att. ἄθρέω: *f. ἴσω*: aor. 2 ἤθρησα:—*to look closely at, gaze at, observe*. 2: later, of the mind, *to consider, think on, ponder*—esp. in pres. and aor. 1 imperat. ἄθρει, ἄθρησον, *see, look, consider*.

ἄθρητέον, verb. Adj. of ἄθρέω, *one must consider*.

ἄθροισις, *ως, ἡ*, (ἄθροίζω) *a gathering, levying*.
ἄθροισμα, τό, (ἄθροίζω) *that which is gathered, a gathering, collection*.

ἄθροιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἄθροίζω, *one must collect*.

ἄθροος, *α, ov*, old Att. ἄθρους, *ov*: Comp. ἄθροώτερος, later ἄθροούστερος: (ἄμα, θρόος) *assembled in crowds, collected together*: ἄθροοι *in crowds*. II. *all at once, once for all*: τὸ ἄθροον *the whole body, the mass: collective*: ἄθροα πάντ' ἀπέτινεν *he paid the penalty of all at once*:—Adv. ἄθρόον and ἄθρόως, *at once, suddenly*. III. *immense, vast*: also *continuous, incessant*.

ἄθρυπτος, *ov*, (a privat., θρύπτω) *unbroken, imperishable*. II. *not enervated*.

ἄθυμέω, *f. ἴσω*, (ἄθυμος) *to be disheartened, to despond on or for a thing*.

ἄθυμντέον, verb. Adj. of ἄθυμέω, *one must lose heart*.

ἄθυμία, ἡ, (ἄθυμος) *want of heart, faintheartedness, despondency*.

ἄ-θυμος, *ov*, *without heart or spirit, spiritless, faint-hearted*. Adv., ἄθυμως ἔχειν *to be despondent*.

ἄθυμα, τό, (ἄθυρα) *a plaything or toy: a delight*.

ἄθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of foreg., *a little toy, a pet*.

ἄθυρό-γλωττος, *ov*, (ἄθυρος, γλώττα) *unable to keep one's tongue within doors: a babbler, chatterer*.

ἄ-θυρος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρα) *without a door*.

ἄθυρό-στομος, *ov*, (ἄθυρος, στόμα) = ἄθυρό-γλωττος, *babbling, of Echo*.

ἄ-θύρσος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρσος) *without thyrsus*.

ἄΘΥΡΩ, to play, amuse oneself. II. c. acc. to play at a thing, do it in play. [ἄθῳ]

ἄ-θύρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρώ) *not closed by a door*.

ἄ-θύτος, *ov*, (a privat., θύω) *not offered, not to be offered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unbalded*. II. act. *without sacrificing*.

ἄ-θῶος, *ov*, (a privat., θνή) *unpunished, scot-free*. 2. c. gen. free from the penalty of, ἄθῶος πηγῶν.

II. act. *harmless*.

ἄ-θώπευτος, *ov*, (a privat., θωπέω) *without flattery: hence, rough, rude*.

ἄ-θωράκιστος, *ov*, (a privat., θωράκιζω) *without breastplate*.

Ἄθως, *ω, Ep.* Ἄθῶως, *ὡω, ὁ*, Mount Athos.

αἷ, Conj., Ep and Dor. for εἰ, *if*.

αἷ, Exclam. of strong desire, *O that! would that!* Lat. *utinam*, in Hom. always αἰ γάρ. See αἰθε.

Αἶ΄Α, ἡ, gen. αἶης, poet. for γαῖα, γῆ, *earth, land*. αἶαμα, τό, *a wailing cry, lament*. From αἰάξω, *f. ἔω*, *to cry aia! or ab! to wail, and c. acc. to bewail*.

αἰά!, Exclam. *alas!* Lat. *vae*.

αἰακτός, ἡ, *ov*, verb. Adj. of αἰάξω, *lamentable*.

αἰανής, Ion. αἰανής, *έε*, prob. from αἰε, and so properly, *everlasting, never-ending*: hence *wearisome, irksome*: then generally, *dismal, horrible*.

Αἰανίδης, *ov*, ὁ, (Αἴας, gen. -αντος) *son of Ajax*. II. at Athens, a citizen of the tribe

Αἰαντίς, named after the Hero.

αἰανώς, Adv. (αἰανής) *for ever*.

Αἴας, *αντος, ὁ*, Ep. voc. Αἴαν, Ajax.

αἰβοί, *faugh!* exclam. of disgust or astonishment.

αἶγ-αγρος, ὁ, (αἶξ, ἀγρός) *a wild goat*.

Αἰγαῖος, *α, ov*, Aegean: Αἰγαῖον πέλαγος *the Aegean sea*, also called Αἰγαῖον, *ανος, ὁ*.

αἰγανήν, ἡ, (αἶξ) *a hunting-spear, javelin*.

αἰγεῖος, a Ion. *η, ov*, (αἶξ) lengthd. for αἶγος, *of a goat or goats*, Lat. *caprinus*: as Subst. αἰγείη (sub. ὄρα), *a goat's skin*.

ΑἰΤΕΙΠΟΣ, ἡ, the black poplar, Lat. *pōpulus*: cf. λεύκη.

αἶγ-ελάτης, *ov*, ὁ, (αἶξ, ἐλαίνω) *a goatberd*. [ᾶ]

αἶγος, *α, ov*, = αἶγεῖος.

αἰγιάλις, *ov*, ὁ, fem. ἱδος, *idos*, on the shore. From αἰγιαλός, ὁ, (ἀίσσω, ἄλς) *the sea-shore, beach, strand*.

αἰγί-βοσος, *ως, ἡ*, (αἶξ, βόσκη) *a goat-pasture*.

αἰγί-βότης, *ov*, ὁ, (αἶξ, βότῃς) *feeding goats*.

αἰγί-βοτος, *ov*, (αἶξ, βόσκη) *browsed by goats*.

αἰγί-θαλλος, ὁ, a bird, the tit, Lat. *parus*.

αἰγί-κνημος, *ov*, (αἶξ, κνήμη) *goat-shanked*.

αἰγί-κορεῖς, *ων, οἱ*, (αἶξ, κορέννυμι) *feeders of goats, goatberds*.

αἰγί-λυσ, ἵπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶξ, λιπεῖν) *properly, deserted even by goats: hence steep, sheer*. [γῆ]

αἰγίλος, ἡ, (αἶξ) *an herb of which goats are fond*.

αἰγί-νμος, *ov*, (αἶξ, νέμω) *browsed by goats*. 2. as Subst., αἰγινόμος, ὁ, a goatberd.

αἰγί-οχος, *ov*, (αἶγίς, ἔχω) *aegis-bearing*.

αἰγί-πόδης, *ov*, ὁ, (αἶξ, ποῦς) *goat-footed*.

αἰγί-πος, ὁ, ἡ, *πονν, τό*, gen. ποδος, = αἰγινόδης.

αἰγί-πίρος, ὁ, (αἶξ) *a plant with a red flower, of which goats were fond*.

αἶγίς, ἱδος, ἡ, the aegis, or shield of Jupiter, described in II. 5. 738; (from ἀίσσω, *to rust or move violently*): hence 2. later *a rushing storm, hurricane, terrible as the shaken aegis*. II. from αἶξ, a goat-skin coat.

αἰγίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of αἶξ, *a little goat*.

αἰγλάεις, Dor. for αἰγλήεις.

αἰγλᾶς, *αντος*, contr. for αἰγλάεις.

Αἴ΄ΓΑΗ, ἡ, the light of the sun, daylight: *any bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal*. 2. metaph. *splendour, glory*. Hence

αἰγλήεις, εσσα, εν, *beaming, radiant.*

αἰγλο-φάνης, ἐς, (αἰγλη, φανῆναι) *beaming: brilliant, lustrous.*

αἰγο-βοσκός, ὄν, (αἶξ, βόσκω) *tending goats: as Subst. a goatherd.*

αἰγό-κερως, ὦν, gen. ω, also αἰγοκέρως, ὠτος, ὁ, (αἶξ, κέρας) *goat-borned.* II. as Subst., αἰγό-κερως, ὁ, Capricorn in the Zodiac.

αἰγο-νόμος, ὁ, = αἰγινόμος, *a goatherd.*

αἰγ-ὄνυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶξ, ὄνυξ) = αἰγῶνυξ.

αἰγ-πόδης, ὁ, = αἰγipόδης.

αἰγο-πρόσωπος, ὦν, (αἶξ, πρόσωπον) *goat-faced.*

αἰγο-τρίχω, f. ἡσω, (αἶξ, τρίξ) *to have goat's hair.*

αἰγυπῖος, ὁ, (γῆ, γῆ) *a vulture, Lat. vultur.*

Αἰγυπτιάδω, f. ἄσω, *to speak Egyptian.*

Αἰγυπτιστί, Adv. *in the Egyptian tongue.* II.

like an Egyptian, craftily.

Αἰγυπτο-γενής, ἐς, (Αἰγυπτος, γένος) *of Egyptian race.*

Αἰγυπτος, ὁ, *the river Nile.*

Egypt: as Adv., Αἰγυπτόνδε, *to Egypt.*

αἰγ-ῶνυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶξ, ὄνυξ) *goat-hoofed.*

Αἰδᾶς, Dor. for Αἰδῆς, Αἰδῆς.

αἰδέομαι, Ep. for αἰδέομαι, αἰδου, pres. imperat. of αἰδέομαι.

ΑἰΔΕΨΟΜΑΙ: fut. αἰδέσομαι, Ep. -έσσομαι: aor. I ἤδεσάμην, Ep. imperat. αἰδέσσαι; also in pass. form ἠδέσθην, Ep. 3 pl. αἰδέσθην: Dep.:—*to feel shame, be asbamed or fear: also to respect, reverence a person:—c. inf. to be asbamed or afraid to do a thing.* 2. as Att. law-term, *to feel pity for, hence to pardon, esp. in aor. I αἰδέσασθαι.*

αἰδέσθην, for αἰδέσθην, 3 pl. aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσθητι, aor. I imper. of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσμιος, ὦν, (αἰδέομαι) *venerable.*

αἰδέσις, εως, ἡ, (αἰδέομαι) *reverence, compassion.*

αἰδέσσομαι, Ep. fut. of αἰδέομαι.

ἀ-ἰδηλος, ὦν, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *making unseen: hence annihilating, destroying.* II. pass. *unseen, unknown, obscure.*

αἰδήμων, ὦν, gen. ονος, (αἰδέομαι) *bashful, modest: Sup. αἰδημονέστερος. Adv. -μόνως.*

ἀ-ἰδής, ἐς, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) *unseen: destroyed.*

Αἰδῆς, εω, ὁ, Att. Αἰδῆς or ἄδης, ὦν, (αἰδῆς) *Hades, the god of the world below, Lat. Pluto.*

αἰδῖος, ὦν, (αἶ) *everlasting, for αἰδῖος.*

ἀ-ἰδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (α privat., ἰδεῖν) poet. for ἀ-ἰδής, *unseen, bidden, dark.*

αἰδοιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of αἰδοῖος.

αἰδοῖον, τό, mostly in plur. τὰ αἰδοῖα, *the genitals, pudenda: properly neut. from*

αἰδοῖος, α, ὦν: Comp. αἰδοιότερος and -έστερος, Sup. -έστατος: (αἰδέομαι) *regarded with awe or reverence, august, venerable: of women, deserving respect, tender: of things, valuable, excellent.* II.

act. *bashful, modest.* 2. *reverent.*

αἰδοῖως, Adv. of αἰδοῖος, *reverently.*

ΑἰΔΟΜΑΙ, impf. αἰδομην, Ep. for αἰδέομαι, ἤδε-ομην.

Αἰδός, Αἰδῖ, Ep. gen. and dat. of Αἰδῆς, from an obsol. nom. Αἰς: Αἰδούδε, and εἰς Αἰδούδε, *to the dwelling of Hades: εἰν Αἰδός* (sc. οἴκῳ), Att. ἐν ἄδου, *in Hades.* [αἰδ-, but ἄ sometimes.]

αἰδó-φρων, ὦν, gen. ονος, (αἰδώς, φρήν) *feeling respect in mind, compassionate.*

ἀ-ἰδρεῖη or -ἰη [ῖ], ἡ, Ep. and Ion. word (αἰδρις) *want of knowledge, ignorance: Ep. dat. pl. ἀἰδρείησι.*

ἀ-ἰδρις, ι, gen. ιος and εος, (α privat., ἰδρις) *unknowing, ignorant.*

ἀἰδρο-δικῆς, ὦν, Dor. -δίκας, α, ὁ, (αἰδρις, δίκη) *unknowing of right or law, lawless, savage.* [δῖ]

ἀ-ἰδρῦτος, ὦν, = ἀν-ιδρῦτος, *unsettled, unsteady.*

Αἰδωνεύς, ὁ, lengthd. Ep. form of Αἰδῆς.

ΑἰΔΩΨ, ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, sense of *shame, bashfulness, modesty: a sense of shame or honour, αἰδῶ θέσθ' ἐνὶ θυμῷ: regard for others, respect, reverence.* II. *that which causes shame or respect,*

and so I. *a shame, scandal; αἰδώς, Ἀργεῖοι sbame, ye Argives! 2. = τὰ αἰδοῖα. 3. dignity, majesty.*

αἰεῖ, Ion. and poet. for αἶ.

αἰε-γενέτης, ὁ, poet. for αἶε-γενέτης, *ever existing.* (For compds. of αἶε here omitted, v. sub αἶε-.)

αἰέλ-ουρος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for αἰλourος.

αἰέν, = αἶε.

αἰέν-υπνος, ὦν, (αἰέν, ὕπνος) *lulling in eternal sleep.*

αἰῆς, Dor. for αἶε, αἶε.

αἰετός, ὁ, lengthd. form of αἰετός, *an eagle.*

αἰζήτος, lengthd. form of αἰζήτος.

αἰζήος, ὁ, *an active, vigorous, lusty person: a man.*

(Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰήτος, like αἰήτος, *terrible, mighty.*

αἰητός, ὁ, Dor. of αἰετός, αἰετός, *an eagle.*

αἰθάλη, ἡ, (αἰθω) = αἰθαλος, soot. [θᾶ]

αἰθαλίων, ὦν, (αἰθαλος) *swarthy, dusky.*

αἰθαλέις, ἔσσσα, οεν, contr. αἰθαλοῦς, οὔσσα, οῦν, (αἰθαλος) *smoky, sooty, black.* II. *burning, blazing.*

ΑἰΘΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, like λιγνύς, *a smoky flame, the thick smoke of fire, soot.* [θᾶ] Hence

αἰθαλόω, f. ὦσω, *to burn to soot or ashes:—Pass. to lie in ashes.*

αἰθε, Dor. and Ep. for εἶθε, *O that! would that!* Lat. utinam, αἰθ' ὄφελος *O that thou hadst . . . c. inf.*

αἰθερ-εμβατέω, (αἰθήρ, ἐμβατέω) *to walk in ether.*

αἰθέριος, α, ὦν or ὦν, (αἰθήρ) *of or belonging to the ether or upper air, as opp. to ἡμέριος, and so 1. high in air, on high. 2. ethereal, heavenly.*

αἰθερο-βάτew, (αἰθήρ, βατέω) = αἰθερεμβατέω, *to walk in ether.*

αἰθεροδρομέω, *to skim the ether.* From αἰθερο-δρόμος, ὦν, (αἰθήρ, δραμεῖν) *skimming the ether.*

αἰθήρ, ἔπος, in Homer always ἡ, in Att. prose always ὁ, in Findar and Att. Poets common: (αἰθω):

—*ether, the upper, purer air*, opp. to ἀήρ (*the lower air or atmosphere*):—hence the *clear sky or heaven*, as the abode of the gods. Cp. ἀήρ.

Αἰθιοπῆας, irregular pl. acc. of Αἰθίοψ.

Αἰθί-οψ, οπος, ὁ, fem. Αἰθιοπίς, ἰδος, (αἰθω, ὤψ) an *Ethiopian, negro*, properly *Burnt-face*.

αἶθος, τό, and ὁ, (αἰθω) *burning heat, fire*.

αἰθός, ἡ, ὅν, (αἰθω) *burnt*:—*fire-coloured, fiery*.

αἰθουσα (sc. στοά), ἡ, (αἰθω) *the corridor or vestibule of a house*; mostly looking East or South, to catch the sun,—whence the name.

αἰθ-οψ, οπος, (αἰθός, ὤψ) *fiery-looking*, of metal, *flashing*; of wine, *sparkling*. II. metaph. *fiery, hot, keen*.

αἰθήρ, later αἶθρα, ἡ, (αἰθήρ) *clear sky, fair weather*, Lat. *sudum*.

αἰθρη-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, = αἰθρηγενής.

αἰθρη-γενής, ἐς, (αἰθρη, γενέσθαι) *born from ether*.

αἰθρία, ἡ, = αἰθρη: used absol. in gen. αἰθρίας (sub. οὐσῆς), in *fine weather*, Lat. *per purum*. II. *the open sky*.

αἰθριάζω or —ιάω, to be clear, of the sky.

αἰθριο-κοιτέω, f. ἴσω, (αἰθρία, κοίτη) *to sleep in the open air*.

αἰθριος, ου, (αἰθρη) *clear, bright, fair*. II. *in the open air*: hence cold, *chill*.

αἶθρος, ὁ, = αἰθρη: esp. *the clear chill air of morn.*

Αἰθρία, ἡ, a *sea-gull or diver*, Lat. *mergus*.

αἰθυκτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (αἰθύσσω) *one that darts rapidly*.

αἰθύσσω, f. ἔζω, (αἰθω) *to put in rapid motion*; to *kindle*:—Pass. *to move rapidly, quiver*.

Αἶθ'ον, only found in pres. and impf. ἔθω, to *light up, kindle*:—Pass. *to burn*. 2. rarely intr. *to burn or blaze*.

αἰθων, ανος, ὁ, (αἰθω) properly *fiery, burning*. II. of metal, *flashing, glittering*. III. of animals, *fiery, fierce*; or perh. of their colour, *yellow, tawny*, like Lat. *fulvus, rufus*.

αἰκα, conj., Dor. for εἰ κε, ἐάν, with subj. *if* *haply*.

Αἰκα/ΑΔΩ, f. αἰκαῶ, properly of a dog, *to wag the tail fawningly*: to *wheddle, fondle*.

αἰκε, αἰκειν, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for ἐάν.

αἰκεία, ἡ, = αἰκία, q. v.

αἰκέλιος, ου, = αἰκέλιος.

αἰκίη, ἡ, (αἰκίω) *rapid motion, a rush*, Lat. *impetus*. [I]

αἰκίης, ἐς, poet. for αἰκίης, contr. αἰκίης, *unseemly*.

Adv. αἰκίως, in *unseemly fashion*.

αἰκία [I], ἡ, Att. for the Ion. αἰκίη, *injuriously treatment, an outrage, insult, affront*: oft. also in plur. *blows, stripes*.

αἰκίζω, (αἰκίης) *to treat injuriously, to affront, outrage*, esp. by blows, to *plague, torment*: mostly as Med. αἰκίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ἦκισαμην: in same sense as Act.:—Pass., aor. I ἦκισθην: pf. ἦκισμαι: to be tortured.

αἰκισμα, ατος, τό, (αἰκίζω) *an outrage, torture*.

ἀ-ἱκτος, ου, (a privat., ἰκνέομαι) *unapproachable*.

αἰ-λίνος, ὁ, a *mournful dirge*, (from αἰ, λίνον, ab me for Linus!) 2. also Adj. os, ov, *plaintive, mournful*.

αἰλ-ουρος or αἰέλ-ουρος, ου, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, οὐρά) a *cat*, so called from the *wavy motion of the tail*.

Αἶγμα, ατος, τό, *blood*: in plur. *streams of blood*:—also *bloodshed*; εἰργασθαι μητρῶν αἶμα a *mother's blood* has been shed; αἶμα πράττειν to shed blood; ἐφ' αἵματι φεύγειν to be banished for homicide. II. like Lat. *sanguis, blood-relationship, kin*.

αἶμα-κορίαί or αἶμα-κουρίαί, ὧν, αἰ, (αἶμα, κορέν-νυμι) *offerings of blood*, made upon the grave to appease the manes.

αἶμακτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of αἰμάσσω, *stained with blood, bloody*.

αἶμαλός, α, ου, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-red*.

αἶμας, ἄδος, ἡ, (αἶμα) a *gush or stream of blood*.

αἶμαρία, ἡ, a *wall of dry stones*, Lat. *maceria*: a *fence*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἶμαστ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἶμασία, εἶδος) *like a fence or hedge*.

αἰμάσσω, Att. αἰμάττω: f. ἄζω: aor. I ἦμαφα: (αἶμα):—to make bloody, stain with blood: hence to wound, draw blood, slay:—Pass. to welter in blood, be slain.

αἶμα-εκχύσια, ἡ, (αἶμα, ἐκχέω) *shedding of blood*.

αἶματῆρός, ὁ, ὅν, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-stained, murderous*. II. *consisting of blood*.

αἶματῆ-φόρος, ου, (αἶμα, φέρω) *bringing blood*: *murderous*.

αἶματῆος, ἐσσα, ἐν, (αἶμα) *bloody, covered with blood*. 2. *blood-red, or consisting of blood*. 3. *bloody, murderous*.

αἶματ-λοιχός, ὅν, (αἶμα, λείχω) *licking blood*; ἔρωσ αἶμ. *thirst for blood*.

αἶματ-πότης, ου, ὁ, (αἶμα, πίνω) a *blood-drinker, blood-sucker*.

αἶματ-ρόφος, ου, (αἶμα, ροφέω) *blood-drinking*.

αἶματ-ρῦτος, ου, (αἶμα, βέω) *blood-streaming*.

αἶματ-στάγης, ἐς, (αἶμα, στάω) *blood-dripping*.

αἶματ-φύρτος, ου, (αἶμα, φύρω) *blood-stained*.

αἶματ-χάρμης, ου, ὁ, (αἶμα, χαίρω) *delighting in blood*.

αἶματό, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἡμάτωσα:—Pass., pf. ἡμά-τωμαι: (αἶμα) *to make bloody*.

αἶματ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἶμα, εἶδος) *looking like blood, blood-red*.

αἶματ-ᾠπος, ὅν, and αἶματ-ᾠψ, ᾠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἶμα, ᾠψ) *bloody to behold*.

αἶμνιον, τό, (αἶμα) a *basin for blood*.

αἶμο-βάφης, ἐς, (αἶμα, βάπτω) *bailed in blood*.

αἶμο-βόρος, ου, (αἶμα, βορά) *greedy for blood*.

αἶμο-διψος, ου, (αἶμα, δίψω) *bloodthirsty*.

αἶμορ-ράγης, ἐς, (αἶμα, ραγῆναι) *bleeding violently*.

αἶμορ-ραντος, ου, (αἶμα, ραίνω) *blood-sprinkled*.

αἰμορροῶ, f. ἴσω, (αἰμορροος) *to lose blood*: to have a discharge of blood. Hence

αἰμόρροια, ἡ, a discharge of blood.

αἰμόρ-ροος, ον, (αἷμα, βέω) streaming with blood.

αἰμόρ-ρῦτος, ποэт. αἰμό-ρῦτος, ον, (αἷμα, βέω) blood-streaming.

Αἴμωμος, ὁ, a thorn.

αἰμο-σταγής, ἐς, = αἵματο-σταγής.

αἰμο-φορῦκτος, ον, (αἷμα, φορῖσσω) defiled with blood.

αἰμῶ, = αἱματός.

αἰμῦλος, ον, (αἰμύλος) flattering, winning, wily. [ῥ]

αἰμῦλο-μήτης, ον, ὁ, (αἰμύλος, μήτις) of winning wiles.

Αἴμυτ' ἄοος, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, flattering, winning, wooing, wily. [ῥ]

αἴμων, ονος, ὁ, = δαίμων, δαήμων, knowing, skillful.

II. (αἷμα) bloody.

αἰμ-ωπός, ὢν, = αἱματοπός, bloody to behold.

αἰν-ἀρετής, ον, ὁ, (αἰνός, ἀρετή) terribly brave.

Αἰνείας, ον, ὁ, Aeneas, Ep. gen. Αἰνείᾱο or Αἰνείω.

αἰνεός, εως, ἡ, (αἰνέω) a praising, praise.

αἰνετός, ἡ, ὢν, verb. Adj. praised, praiseworthy. From

αἰνέω: impf. ἦνεον, contr. ἦνουν, Ion. αἶνεον: fut. ἥσω, Att. -έσω: aor. I ἦνυσα, Att. ἦνέσα, Ion. αἶνεσα: pf. Att. ἦνεκα:—Mid., aor. ἦνεσάμην:—Pass.,

aor. I ἦνέθην: pf. ἦνυμαι:—properly to tell or speak of (cf. αἶνος); but usu. to speak in praise of, praise,

approve, c. acc., Lat. laudare. 2. to allow, recommend.

3. like ἀγαπάω, to be content with, acquiesce in.

4. to decline courteously, like Lat. laudare.

II. to promise or vow.

Αἴνῃ, ἡ, = αἶνος, praise, fame.

αἰνήμι, Aeol. for αἰνέω.

αἰνήσι, Ion. for αἰναῖς, dat. pl. of αἰνός.

αἰνήτός, ἡ, ὢν, ποэт. for αἰνετός.

αἰνίγμα, ατος, τό, (αἰνίσσομαι) a dark saying, riddle: oft. in plur. διὰ or ἐξ αἰνιγμάτων in riddles, darkly; also ἐν αἰνίγμασιν.

αἰνιγματ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἰνίγμα, εἶδος) riddling, dark.

αἰνίγματος, ὁ, (αἰνίσσομαι) a speaking in riddles: mostly in plur. like αἰνίγμα.

αἰνίξομαι, Dep. = αἰνέω.

αἰνικτήριος, ον, (αἰνίσσομαι) riddling. Adv. -ίως, riddlingly.

αἰνικός, ἡ, ὢν, expressed in riddles, riddling: from

αἰνίσσομαι, Att. αἰνιττομαι, f. ἵξομαι: aor. I ἦνιξάμην: Dep.: (αἶνος):—to speak darkly or in

riddles, to hint a thing, give to understand. II. in pass. sense, aor. I pass. ἦνιχθην, pf. ἦνιγμαί, to be spoken riddlingly.

αἰνο-βίαι, Ion. αἰνο-βίης, ον, ὁ, (αἰνός, βία) fearfully strong.

αἰνό-γάμος, ον, (αἰνός, γαμέω) fatally wedded.

αἰνόθεν, Adv. of αἰνός, = ἐξ αἰνοῦ, in the phrase αἰνόθεν αἰνῶς, from horror to horror, very horribly.

αἰνό-θρυπτος, ον, (αἰνός, θρύπτομαι) dreadfully enervated.

αἰνο-λαμπής, ἐς, (αἰνός, λάμπω) horrid-gleaming.

αἰνό-λεκτρος, ον, (αἰνός, λέκτρον) fatally wedded.

αἰνο-λέων, οντος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λέων) a dreadful lion.

αἰνό-λινος, ον, (αἰνός, λίνον) of fearful destiny, in allusion to the thread of life.

αἰνό-λύκος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λύκος) a horrible wolf.

αἰνό-μορος, ον, (αἰνός, μόρος) doomed to a sad end.

αἰνό-πάθης, ἐς, (αἰνός, παθεῖν) suffering dire ills.

Αἰνό-παρις, ὁ, (αἰνός, Πάρις) terrible Paris: cp.

Δύσπαρις.

αἰνό-πατήρ, ἐρος, ὁ, (αἰνός, πατήρ) unhappy father.

Αἴνως, ὁ, a tale, story, elsewhere. μῦθος; αἰνεῖν αἰνω to tell a tale: a fable, like Aesop's: generally, a saying, proverb. II. later, that which is said to one's praise, praise.

Αἰνός, ἡ, ὢν, Ep. word = δεινός, dread, dire: of persons, dread, terrible, esp. of Zeus:—neut. pl. αἰνά as Adv. terribly; Sup. αἰνότατον, most terribly.

αἰνό-τόκεια, ἡ, as fem. Adj. (αἰνός, τόκος) unhappy in giving birth, unhappy in being a mother.

αἰνό-τύραννος, ὁ, (αἰνός, τύραννος) dreadful tyrant.

Αἰνύμαι, defect. Dep. used only in pres., and impf. without augm., like αἶρω, ἀρνύμαι, to take, lay bold of, c. gen.: also to enjoy, feed on.

αἰνῶς, Adv. of αἰνός, terribly, i. e. very much, exceedingly; αἰνῶς πικρός terribly bitter.

αἶξ, αἰγός, ὁ, ἡ, dat. pl. αἶγεςιν, (αἰσσω) a goat; αἶξ ἀγρία or ἀγριος, the chamois; αἶξ ἱεῖλος ἀγρία, the ibex.

αἶξασκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. of αἰσσω.

αἶξω, fut. of αἰσσω.

Αἶθ' ἄλλω, to shift rapidly to and fro:—Pass. to change in colour or hue; ὄμφακες αἶθ' ἄλλονται the grapes begin to turn, Lat. variegantur.

αἰολο-βρόντης, ον, ὁ, (αἰόλος, βροντή) wielder of forked lightning.

αἰολο-θώραξ, ἡκος, ὁ, (αἰόλος, θώραξ) with gleaming breastplate.

αἰολό-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, μήτις) full of various wiles.

αἰολο-μίτρης, ον, ὁ, (αἰόλος, μίτρα) with gleaming belt (for it was plated with metal); cf. αἰολοθάρηξ.

II. with variegated turban.

αἰολό-πῶλος, ον, (αἰόλος, πῶλος) with quick-moving steeds.

Αἶο' ἄοος, ἡ, ον, quick-moving, rapid: of worms, wriggling: as epith. of armour, easily-wielded, manageable.

II. changeful of hue, gleaming, glancing; αἰόλη νύξ spangled night; αἰόλη σὰρξ flesh discoloured from disease.

III. metaph. I. changeful, shifting, varied. 2. wily, slippery.

As prop. n., proparox. Αἰόλος, ον, ὁ, Aeolus, the god of the winds, properly the Changeable.

αἰολό-στομος, ον, (αἰόλος, στόμα) of various meaning, riddling.

αἰολό-χρως, χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, χρῶς) with spangled skin.

ῥόσι, Dor. dat. pl. of ῥήων.

αἰπεινός, ἡ, ὢν, (αἰπός) high, lofty, of cities on heights: metaph. lofty, high-flown. 2. steep, hard to climb.

πῆεις, εσσα, εν, ποῖτ. for αἰπινός.

πολέω, f. ῥωω, (αἰπόλος) to be a goatherd:—Pass. ἐβόησεν, browse.

πολικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰπόλος) of or for goatherds.

πόλιον, τό, (αἰπόλος) ο berd of goats. II. a t-pasture.

πόλος, for αἰγο-πόλος, ὁ, (αἶψ, πολέω) a goatherd.

ΓΠΟΣ, εος, τό, a beight, a steep; πρὸς αἶπος bill.

ΓΠΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for αἰπύς, high, lofty, of cities: ἀ βέβρα rapid torrents.

πύ-μητης, ου, ὁ, (αἰπύς, μῆτις) with high thoughts.

πύ-νυτος, ου, (αἰπύς, νῦτος) high-backed, on a ridge. [ῥ]

ΓΠΥ΄Σ, εἰα, ὕ, high and steep, of cities on steep ks; βρόγος αἰπύς a noose banging straight

2. beadlong; αἰπύς ἐλεβρος sheer, utter truction; αἰπύς χόλος towering wrath. 3. me-

hard, difficult; αἰπύ οἱ ἐσσεῖται it will be bard k for him.

ρέσιμος, ου, (αἰρέω) that can be taken.

ρεσις, εως, ἡ, (αἰρέω) a taking, conquering, esp. of own. II. (αἰρέομαι) a taking for oneself,

osing, choise; αἰρεῖν δίδουσι to give choise; αἰρε- λαμβάνειν to have choise given one. 2. choise

election of magistrates. III. a choise, plan, ppose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. 3. e-eresy.

ρετέον, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, one must take or ose. II. αἰρετός, α, ου, desirable.

ρερίζω, f. ῖω, (αἰρέω) to choose. II. to belong a sect.

ρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰρέω) able to choose. 2. bere-

il. 2. αἰρετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, that may be en or conquered. II. (αἰρέομαι) to be chosen, ferable, desirable. 2. chosen, elected.

ΓΠΕΩ: impf. ῥρεον, Ion. αἰρεον: fut. αἰρήσω: ῥρηκα, Ion. ἀραῖρηκα: Ion. plqpf. ἀραῖρηκα.—

ed., fut. αἰρήσομαι: aor. I ῥήρασαν.—Pass., fut. ῥθήσομαι, also ῥήσομαι: aor. I ῥήρην: pf. ῥή-

plqpf. ῥήρην.—Also from the root *ἔαλ, aor. ἔλων, Ion. 3 sing. ἔλσκε, inf. ἔλεῖν: fut. med. ἔλνυμαι: aor. 2 ἐλόμην: Ep. 3 sing. γέντο, for

ετο: rarely aor. I ἐλάμην.

Act. to take with the band, grasp, seize. 2. to e away. II. to get into one's power, conquer,

power, seize: to kill. 2. to catch, take: to t, seduce. 3. generally, to win, gain. 4. as

law-term, to convict a person of a thing. 5. ὁ γος αἰρεῖ, Lat. ratio evincit, reason proves. III.

grasp with the mind, take in, understand. Med. αἰρέομαι, to take for oneself. II. to take

oneself, choose: hence to take in preference, prefer: thing to another: also μάλλον αἰρεῖσθαι to choose

preference, Lat. potius malle. 2. to choose by e, elect to an office.

ἱ-ῖρος, ὁ, ἱρος Ἄ-ῖρος, Irus unhappy Irus.

ΑΙΨΩ, Att. for αἰρω: f. ἀρῶ [ᾶ]: aor. ῥρα, imperat. ἄρον, inf. ἄραι: pf. ῥρηκα.—Med., impf. ῥρό- μιν: fut. ἀρούμαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ῥράμην: aor. 2 ῥρόμην, Ep. ἀρόμην: Pass., fut. ἀρθήσομαι: aor. I ῥρήην: pf. ῥρημαι.

Act. to raise, raise or lift up, to carry: αἰρεῖν πόδα to walk; αἰρ. σημείον to boist a signal; αἰρεῖν ναῦς to get ships under way: hence 2. intrans.

to get under way, start, set out; αἰρεῖν ταῖς ναυσὶν to set sail; αἰρεῖν τῷ στρατῷ to march:—Pass. to mount up, ascend. II. to raise, exalt; αἰρεῖν θυμὸν to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by

words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere:—Pass. to rise to a beight, increase. III. to lift and take away, to take away, put an end to: later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself: hence to carry off, win, gain. II. to take upon oneself, undergo, bear. 2. to undertake, begin. III. of sound,

αἰρεσθαι φωνήν to lift up one's voice.

ΑΙΨΑ, ἡ, as pr. n., like Μοῖρα, the goddess of fate. Lat. Parca. II. as appellat. the fatal decree of

a god; Διὸς αἶσα the fate decreed by Jove. 2. one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, κακῇ αἰσῇ by ill

luck:—one's share or lot in a thing; ληΐδος αἶσα one's share of booty. 3. one's due or right; κατ' αἶσαν, like κατὰ μοῖραν, fittingly, rightly.

αἰσθάνομαι, impf. ῥσθανόμην: fut. αἰσθήσομαι: aor. 2 ῥσθόμην, later aor. I ῥσθσάμην: Dep.: (αἰῶ, αἰσθῶ):—to perceive or apprehend by the senses, and

therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, some- times to hear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but

also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing. Hence

αἰσθημα, ατος, τό, the thing perceived: perception or sense of a thing.

αἰσθησις, εως, ἡ, (αἰσθάνομαι) perception by the senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing, etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; αἰσθησιν ἔχειν to

have perception of a thing; αἰσθησιν παρέχειν to give the means of perception. II. in plur. the

senses. III. like αἰσθημα, a perception: in hunting, the scent.

αἰσθητήριον, τό, (αἰσθάνομαι) an organ of sense.

αἰσθητής, ου, ὁ, (αἰσθάνομαι) one who perceives.

αἰσθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰσθάνομαι) of or capable of perception, perceptive. 2. pass. perceptible.

αἰσθητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰσθάνομαι, perceived by the senses, sensible.

αἰσθῶ, (*αῶ, ἀημι) to breathe forth, Lat. expiro; θυμὸν αἰσθεῖ was giving up the ghost, was expiring.

αἰσμία, ἡ, happiness. From αἰσιμος, ov, also η, ου, (αἶσα) Lat. fatalis, ap-

pointed by fate, fated, destined; αἰσιμον ἦμαρ the fated day, i. e. the day of death. II. agreeable

to fate, meet, right; αἰσμία εἰδῶς knowing what is right and proper.

αἰσιος, ov, also α, ου, (αἶσα) boding well, lucky, bappy: opportune.

αἰ-σος, *ov*, (*a* privat., *ισος*) = *αν-ισος*, *unlike, unequal*.

Αἰ-ΣΣΩ, Att. *ἄσσω* or *ἄττω*: impf. *ἤσσαν*, Att. *ἦσαν*, Ion. *ἄσσεσκον*: fut. *ἄξω*, Att. *ἄξω*: aor. *ἤξα*, Att. *ἦξα*, Ion. *ἄξασκον*.—Med., aor. I *ἤξάμην*.—Pass., aor. *ἤχθην*, Ion. *ἄχθην*:—*to move with a quick shooting motion, to shoot, dart, glance*, Lat. *ruere, impetu ferri*:—so also in aor. I med. *ἄξασθαι*, and in aor. I pass. *ἄχθῆναι*. 2. *later, to be eager after*. II. *trans. to move a thing quickly*. [*ā* in Homer: in Trag. *ā* when trisyll.]

αἰ-στος, Att. *αἰστος*, *ov*, (*a* privat., *ιδεῖν*) *unseen, unknown, not to be seen and heard*: hence *vanished, destroyed*: see *αἰδηλος*. II. *act. not seeing or knowing, ignorant of*, *c. gen.*

αἰστώ, Att. *αἰστώ*: f. *ώσω*: aor. I *ἤστωσα*, Att. *ἦστωσα*.—Pass., aor. I *ἤστώην*, Ion. *ἄστώην*: (*ἄστος*):—*to make unseen, to destroy: to slay, kill*.

αἰστωρ, *opos*, *o*, *h*, (*αἰ-σος*) *unknowing, inexperienced*.

αἰστώσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of *αἰστώ*.

αἰσῦλος, *ov*, opp. to *αἰσιμος*, *unseemly, evil, impious*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰσυνάω, f. *ήσω*, (*αἰσα*) *to give each his due or portion of a thing, hence to be ruler over*, *c. gen.* Hence

αἰσυνήτης, *ov*, *o*, *h*, a *regulator of games*, chosen by the people, a *judge or umpire*. II. a *ruler, king*, esp. one chosen by the people: a *president, manager*.

αἰσίων, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, and **αἰσχιωτος**, *h*, *ov*, Comp. and Sup. of *αἰσχύς*, formed from *αἰσχος*.

Αἰ-ΣΧΟΣ, *eos*, *to*, (*αἰσχος*, *disgrace*). II. *ugliness or deformity*.

αἰσχροῖμων, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, (*αἰσχος*) *shameful*.

αἰσχροκέρδεια, *h*, *sordid love of gain*. From **αἰσχρο-κερδής**, *es*, (*αἰσχύς*, *κέρδος*) *sordidly greedy of gain, covetous*. Adv. *-δῶς*.

αἰσχρολογία, *h*, *foul language, abuse*. From **αἰσχρο-λόγος**, *ov*, (*αἰσχύς*, *λέγω*) *foul-mouthed, abusive*.

αἰσχρο-μητις, *ios*, *o*, *h*, (*αἰσχύς*, *μητις*) *forming base designs*.

αἰσχρο-ποιός, *ov*, (*αἰσχύς*, *ποιέω*) *acting shamefully*.

αἰσχύς, *á*, *ov*, also *ós*, *ov*, (*αἰσχος*) in Homer *causing shame, disgracing*; *αἰσχύρᾳ ἔπεα abusive words*. II. opp. to *καλός*: 1. *ugly, ill-favoured*. 2. in moral sense, *shameful, disgraceful, base, infamous*; *τὸ καλὸν καὶ τὸ αἰσχρόν*, Lat. *bonestum et turpe*, virtue and vice.—Instead of the regul. Comp. and Sup. *αἰσχροτέρος*, *αἰσχροτάτος*, the forms *αἰσχίων*, *αἰσχιωτος* are used. Hence

αἰσχροτής, *ητος*, *h*, *ugliness*. 2. *shame, infamy*.

αἰσχροურγία, *h*, *contr. for αἰσχροεργία*, (*αἰσχύς*, *εργον*) *lewd conduct*.

αἰσχύρως, Adv. of *αἰσχύς*, *shamefully*.

αἰσχυνθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of *αἰσχύω*.

αἰσχύνῃ, *h*, (*αἰσχος*) *shame done one, disgraced*.

II. *shame* for an ill deed, Lat. *bonour*.

generally, *shame, the sense of shame*. [ῥ]

αἰσχυντέον, verb. Adj. of *αἰσχύνομαι*, *one is ashamed*.

αἰσχυνηλός, *h*, *ov*, (*αἰσχύνομαι*) *bashful, modest*.

αἰσχυνητήρ, *ηρος*, *o*, (*αἰσχύνω*) *a disbonour, seducer*.

αἰσχυνητός, *á*, *ov*, = *αἰσχυνηλός*, *bashful*.

αἰσχύνω, f. *υνώ*, Ion. *υνέω*: aor. I *ἤσχυνον*, *ἤσχυνκα*.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, *αἰσχυνομαι*; also *αἰσχυνηθήσομαι*: aor. *ἤσχυνθην*: pf. *ἤσχυνμαι*: (*αἰσχος*):—*to make ugly, disfigure, mar*.

to disgrace, disbonour, tarnish, γένος αἰσχυμένον. II. Pass. *to be ashamed, feel shame*, more freq. *to be ashamed at a thing*, *c. acc. re*. *c. acc. pers. to feel shame before one*: *c. par*. *as* *ashamed at doing a thing*: but *c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing*.

Αἴτεω: impf. *ἤτεον*, Ion. *αἴτεον*: fut. *αἰτήσω*: aor. I *ἤτησα*; pf. *ἤτηκα*:—*to ask, beg, usu*.

rei, *to ask, crave, demand something*; *ὁδὸν αἰτεῖν*, *to ask, demand to depart*: *c. acc. pers. to ask a person*.

τινὰ τι *to ask a person for a thing*; *c. inf. to ask for oneself*; *for one's own purpose, to claim*, Lat. *vindicare sibi*:—Pass.

to the thing begged of one.

αἴτημα, *atos*, *to*, (*αἰτέω*) *that which is asked, request, demand*.

αἴτημι, Aeol. for *αἰτέω*.

αἴτης, *ov*, Dor. *αἴτας*, *a or ew*, *o*, *a favourit*.

αἴτησις, *eus*, *h*, (*αἰτέω*) *a request, demand*.

αἰτητέον, verb. Adj. of *αἰτέω*, *one must ask*.

αἰτητός, *h*, *ov*, verb. Adj. of *αἰτέω*, *asked, begged*.

Αἴτια, *h*, *a cause, origin, ground, occasi*.

τίαν παρέχειν *to give occasion*. II. *the o* *of something bad, a charge, accusation, bl*.

fault, Lat. crimen: remonstrance, expostulation.

a friend; *αἰτίαν ἔχειν*, Lat. *crimen habere*, *to*.

caused; *αἰτίαν ὑπέχειν* *to lie under a charge*.

τίαν ἔχειν *to hold guilty; τὴν αἰτίαν ἐπιφέρει* *to impute the fault to one; ἀπολύειν τινὰ τῆς*

to acquit of guilt.

αἰτιάσθαι, Ep. pres. inf. of *αἰτιόμαι*.

αἰτιάβομαι, Pass. (*αἰτία*) *to be charged or ac*.

αἰτιάμα, *atos*, *to*, (*αἰτέω*) *a charge, guilt imputed*.

αἰτιάομαι, f. *άσομαι* [*ā*]: aor. I *ἠτιάσάμην*.

αἰτησάμην: (*αἰτία*): I. as Dep. *to give*.

cause or occasion: esp. of a fault: *to charge, blame*; *αἰτιάσθαι τινὰ τινος* *to accuse of a thing*.

as Pass. in fut. *αἰτιάθήσομαι*, aor. I *ἠτιάθη*.

ἠτιάμαι:—*to be accused*. Hence

αἰτιάσις, *eus*, *h*, *a complaint, accusation*.

αἰτιάτεον, verb. Adj. of *αἰτιόμαι*, *one must*

αἰτίω, (*αἰτέω*) *to ask or beg for a thing*,

rei: *c. acc. pers. to beg, solicit*.

αἴτιον, *to*, neut. of *αἴτιος*, = *αἰρία*, *a cause*.

αἴτιος, α, ον, more rarely ος, ον, causing, occasioning; hence chargeable with a thing: but mostly in bad sense, causing ill, blamable, guilty:—δ αἴτιος, the party to be blamed, the culprit, Lat. reus:—τὸ αἴτιον the cause of a thing.

αἰτιόωνται, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of αἰτιόομαι.

αἰτιόω, αἰτιόωτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. pres. opt. of αἰτιόομαι.

αἰτίσσα, Ep. aor. I of αἰτίω.

Αἰτναῖος, α, ον, of or belonging to Etna: of a horse, Etnean, Sicilian; or big as Etna, enormous.

Αἰτ' ἔνθη, Adv. = ἄφνω, ἄφνω, on a sudden.

Hence

αἰφνίδιος, ον, unforeseen, sudden, quick. Adv. διῶς, also διῶν, suddenly.

αἰχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀίσσω.

αἰχθήτην, 3 dual aor. I pass. of ἀίσσω.

αἰχμάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἤχμασα: (αἰχμή):—to throw the spear, to fight with the spear. II. to arm with the spear.

αἰχμάλωσία, ἡ, (αἰχμάλωτος) captivity. II. a body of captives.

αἰχμάλωτεύω, f. εὔσω, (αἰχμάλωτος) to make prisoner of war.

αἰχμάλωτις, f. ἰσω, = αἰχμάλωτεύω:—also Dep. αἰχμάλωτιζομαι in same sense: fut. ἴσομαι: aor. I ἤχμαλωτισάμην: pf. ἤχμαλώτισμαι.

αἰχμάλωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰχμάλωτος) befitting a prisoner.

αἰχμάλωτις, ἰδος, ἡ, a captive woman. From αἰχμ-άλωτος, ον, (αἰχμή, ἄλωτος) taken by the spear or in war; οἱ αἰχμάλωτοι prisoners of war; τὰ αἰχμάλωτα booty.

αἰχμή, ἡ, (αἰσώω) the point of a spear, Lat. cuspis. II. a spear: also a staff or a sceptre. 2. as collective noun a body of spearmen, as ἀσπίς a body of shielded men. 3. war, battle. 4. also, warlike spirit, mettle.

αἰχμητής, εσσα, ἐν, (αἰχμή) armed with the spear.

αἰχμητά, ὁ, Ep. for αἰχμητής.

αἰχμητής, οὐ, ὁ, (αἰχμή) a spearman, warrior. II. as Adj. warlike, brave. Fem. αἰχμητής, ἰδος.

αἰχμο-φόρος, ον, (αἰχμή, φέρω) bearing a spear.

Αἰψά, Adv. quickly, with speed, on a sudden.

αἰψηρο-κέλευθος, ον, (αἰψήρως, κέλευθος) swift-speeding.

αἰψήρως, ἄ, ὄν, (αἰψά) quick, speedy, sudden.

Ἄϊ' ὦ, used only in pres. and impf. αἰὼν, to perceive, become aware of, esp. to bear: but also to see, observe, know, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc. to the metre.]

Ἄϊ' ὦ [ᾶ], used only in impf. αἰὼν [ᾶ] = ἄημι, to breathe. 2. = ἀίσθω, to breathe out, expire;

φίλον αἰὼν ἦτορ I breathed out my life.

αἰὼν, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἡἰών. [ᾶ']

Αἰών, ὄνος, ὁ, also ἡ, sometimes with shortened acc. αἰῶ:—the Lat. AEVUM, a space or period of time, a lifetime, life. 2. of longer periods, an

age, generation, period.

space of time, eternity.

of life.

αἰώνιος, ον, also α, ον, lasting, eternal.

αἰώρα, ἡ, (ἀείρω) a machine for suspending bodies: a chariot on springs.

II. a boving in air, oscillation.

αἰωρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀείρω) to lift and bang up, let bang: and so to wave, or set waving.

II. more freq. in Pass. αἰωρέομαι, aor. I ἡωρήθην, to bang, to vibrate, to wave or float in air, bover or flit about.

2. metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse: but αἰωρεῖσθαι ἐν τινι to depend upon a person, Lat. pendere ab aliquo; αἰωρεῖσθαι ὑπὲρ μεγάλων to play for a high stake. Hence

αἰώρημα, ατος, τό, that which is hung up: a banging cord or balter. II. a being hung up, bovering: a banging.

αἰώρητος, ον, verb. Adj. of αἰωρέω, bovering.

ἀκῆ, (ἀκή 2), Adv. = ἀκῆν, softly, gently.

Ἀκαδημεῖα, ἡ, also written Ἀκαδημία [ἱ], a gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught: hence the Platonic school were called Academies.

ἀκαθαρσία, ἡ, (ἀκάθαρτος) uncleanness.

ἀκαθάρτης, ητος, ἡ, = foreg.

ἀ-κάθαρτος, ον, (α privat., καθαίρω) uncleaned, impure: unclean: unpurified. Adv. -τως.

ἀκαιρέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, (ἀκαιρος) to be without opportunity, or occasion.

ἀκαιρία, ἡ, (ἀκαιρος) an unseasonable time: want of opportunity, unseasonableness. II. importunity.

ἀ-καιρος, ον, not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed; ἐς ἀκαιρα πορεύει, Lat. operam perdere:—Adv. -πως. II. of persons, importunate, Lat. molestus:

ill-suited to do a thing, c. inf.

ἀ-κάκης, es, poet. for ἀκακος, guileless.

ἀκάκητα, Ep. for ἀκακήτης, = ἀκακος, benignant, gracious.

ἀκάκῃα, ἡ, guilelessness. From

ἀ-κάκος, ον, without evil, unknowing of ill, guileless: esp. without malice. Adv. -κως.

ἀκάλανθις, ἰδος, ἡ, the goldfinch.

ἀκάλαρ-ρείτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκαλός, ρέω) soft-flowing.

Ἀκαλήφῃ, ἡ, a nettle, Lat. urtica: the sting as of a nettle. [ἀκά]

ἀ-κάλλῃς, ἑς, gen. ἑός, (α privat., κάλλος) without charms.

ἀ-καλλιέρητος, ον, (α privat., καλλιέρω) not accepted in sacrifice, ill-omened.

ἀ-καλλώπιστος, ον, (α privat., καλλώπιζω) unadorned.

ἀ-κάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., καλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-καλύφης, ἑς, = ἀκάλυπτος.

ἀκάμαντο-λόγης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, λόγη) unwearied with the spear.

ἀκάμαντο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, μάχη) unwearied in fight.

ἀκάμαντό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀκάμας, πούς) untiring of foot.

ἀκάμαντο-χάρμας, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, χάρμη) unwearied in fight.

ἀ-κάμας, αὐτος, ὁ, (α privat., καμεῖν) untiring, unresting. [κᾶ]

ἀ-κάματος, ον, also η, ον, (α privat., κάματος) without sense of toil, hence untiring, unresting:—neut. ἀκάματα as Adv. untiringly.

ἀ-καμπτος, ον, (α privat., κάμπτω) unbent, stiff:—from which none can return. II. unbending, inexorable.

ἀκανθα, ης, ἡ, (ἀκή) a thorn, prickly: hence I. a prickly plant, thistle: also a thorny tree. 2. the back-bone or spine of animals. 3. metaph. a thorny or difficult question.

ἀκάνθινος, η, ον, (ἀκανθα) thorny: of thorns. II. of the thorn-tree (ἀκανθα).

ἀκάνθις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα) a small bird, the goldfinch or linnet, Lat. *fringilla spinus*. II. as fem. Adj. prickly.

ἀκανθο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -βάτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα, βαίνει) going on thorns.

ἀκανθο-λόγος, ον, (ἀκανθα 3, λέγω) picking out thorny questions, wrangling.

*ΑΚΑΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *acanthus*, bear's breech, a plant, used in Corinthian capitals.

ἀκανθ-ώδης, ες, gen. εος, (ἀκανθα, εἶδος) full of thorns, thorny.

ἀ-κάπνιστος, ον, (α privat., καπνίζω) unsmoked.

ἀ-κάπνος, ον, (α privat., καπνός) without smoke, not smoking, making no smoke.

ἀ-κάρδιος, ον, (α privat., καρδία) wanting the heart: metaph. heartless, Lat. *excors*.

ἀ-κάρηνος, ον, (α privat., κάρηνον) beardless.

ἀ-κάρῆς, ἐς, (α privat., κάρῆναι) properly of hair, too short to be cut: generally, short, small, tiny: mostly of time, ἀκαρές α moment, ἐν ἀκαρεῖ χρόνῳ in a moment of time; ἀκαρῆ διαλιπὼν (sc. χρόνον) having waited a moment; οὐδ' ἀκαρῆ not a bit:—but also of things, ἀκαρές a morsel.

ἀ-καριαῖος, α, ον, (ἀκαρίς) momentary, brief.

ἀκαρπία, ἡ, (ἀκαρπος) unfruitfulness.

ἀ-κάρπιστος, ον, (α privat., καρπίζω) = ἀκάρπωτος, where nothing is to be reaped, unfruitful, of the sea.

ἀ-καρπος, ον, without fruit, barren. II. act. making barren, blasting. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-κάρπωτος, ον, (α privat., καρπώω) not made fruitful, without fruit, fruitless: of an oracle, unfulfilled.

ἀκασκᾶ, (ἀκή 2) Adv. gently. Hence

ἀκασκαῖος, α, ον, gentle, delicate.

ἀ-κατάβλητος, ον, (α privat., καταβάλλω) not to be overthrown, irrefragable.

ἀ-κατάγνωστος, ον, (α privat., καταγιγνώσκω) not to be condemned, blameless.

ἀ-κατακάλυπτος, ον, (α privat., κατακαλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-κατάκριτος, ον, (α privat., κατακρίνω) uncondemned.

ἀ-κατάληκτος, ον, (α privat., καταλήγω) without end: of verses, acatalectic.

ἀ-κατάληπτος, ον, (α privat., καταλαμβάνω) not to be conquered. II. incomprehensible.

ἀ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (α privat., καταλλάσσω) irreconcilable. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-κατάλυτος, ον, (α privat., καταλύω) indissoluble.

ἀ-καταμάχητος, ον, (α privat., καταμάχομαι) not to be subdued, unconquerable.

ἀ-κατανόητος, ον, (α privat., κατανοέω) inconceivable.

ἀ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (α privat., καταπαύω) not to be set at rest, incessant: unable to cease from a thing.

ἀκαταστάσια, ἡ, a state of disorder, anarchy, confusion.

ἀ-καταστάτος, ον, (α privat., καθίστημι) unstable, unsettled: unsteady, fickle:—Adv., ἀκαταστάτως ἔχειν to be unstable.

ἀ-κατάσχετος, ον, (α privat., κατέχω) not to be checked, unruly. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (α privat., καταφρονέω) not to be despised, important, Lat. *baud spernendus*.

ἀκάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκατος, a light boat, esp. of pirates, Lat. *actuaria*. II. a small sail.

*ΑΚΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a light vessel, Lat. *actuaria*: esp. transport-vessel: generally, a ship. [κᾶ]

ἀ-καυστος, ον, (α privat., καίω) unburnt.

ἀκαχέλατο or -ήματο, Ep. for ἡκάχηντο, 3 pl. imperf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχίσω, redupl. fut. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχησα, Ep. for ἡκάχησα, redupl. aor. 1 of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχίσθαι, ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. for ἡκαχῆσθαι, ἡκαχήμενος, inf. and part. of ἡκάχημαι, redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω,

ἀκάχηται, redupl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀχέω, ἀκᾶχίλω, redupl. from ἀχέω, to trouble:—Pass. to be troubled.

ἀκακήμενος, η, ον, (ἀκή) pointed, sharpened, a part. pf. pass., as if from *ἀκω to sharpen, but with no verb in use.

ἀκάχοιτο, redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἀχέω. ἀκάχοντο, Ep. for ἡκάχοντο, redupl. aor. 2 med. of ἀχέω.

ἀκειόμενος, Ep. part. pres. pass. of ἀέκομαι.

ἀκειρε-κόμας, ον, ὁ, = ἀκερσεκόμης.

ἀ-κέλευστος, ον, (α privat., κεύεω) unbidden.

ἀ-κέννητος, ον, (α privat., κεννέω) ungoaded, needing no spur.

ἀ-κεντρος, ον, (α privat., κέντρον) stingless.

ἀκέκομαι: Ep. impf. ἀέκομην: f. ἀέκομαι, Ep. ἀέκοσμαι, Att. ἀκούμαι: aor. 1 ἡκεσάμην, Ep. impf. ἀέκοσαι: Dep.: (ἀκος):—to heal, cure. 2. to staunch, quench, διψᾶν. 3. generally, to amend, repair, make good: to mend or darn clothes.

ἀ-κέραιος, ον, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure in blood: guileless, Lat. *integer*. II. un-

harmed, unravaged, of countries: generally, unimpaired, untouched, inviolate: fresh, active.

ἀ-κέραιος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure from a thing.*

ἀ-κέραιος, *ov*, (a privat., κέραια) *without horns.*

ἀ-κεραίνωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κεραυνώω) *not struck by lightning.*

ἀκέρδεια, *ῆ*, (ἀκερδής) *want of gain, loss.* From

ἀ-κερδής, *ἑς*, (a privat., κέρδος) *without gain, bringing loss.* Adv. -δως, *gratis.*

ἀκέρκιος, *ov*, (a privat., κερκίζω) *unwoven.*

ἀ-κερσε-κόμης, *ov*, ὁ, (a privat., κείρα, κόμη) *with unborn hair, epith. of Apollo: also ever-young, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.*

ἀ-κερως, *ov*, gen. *ov*, and ἀ-κέρωτος, *ov*, = ἀκέραιος.

ἀκείσασθε, *aor. I* imperat. of ἀκείωμαι.

ἀκεσί-νοστος, *Ep.* ἀκεσί-, *ov*, (ἀκείωμαι, νόστος) *healing disease.*

ἀκείσις, *εως, ῆ*, (ἀκείωμαι) *a healing, cure, remedy.*

ἀκείσμα, τό, (ἀκείωμαι) *a remedy, cure.*

ἀκείσμαι, *fut.* of ἀκείωμαι.

ἀκείσ-, for words so beginning, *v. sub* ἀκείσ-.

ἀκείστηρ, ῆρος, ὁ, (ἀκείωμαι) *a healer, restorer, physician: ἀκείστηρ χαλινός* the rein that tames the steed.

ἀκείστης, *ov*, ὁ, = ἀκείστωρ: *a mender of torn clothes.*

ἀκείστορία, *ῆ*, (ἀκείστωρ) *the healing art.*

ἀκεστός, *ῆ*, ὁν, (ἀκείωμαι) *curable: easy to be cheered or revived.*

ἀκείστρα, *ῆ*, (ἀκείωμαι) *a darning-needle.*

ἀκείστρια, *ῆ*, *fem.* of ἀκείστης, *a sempstress.*

ἀκείστρον, τό, (ἀκείωμαι) *a remedy.*

ἀκείστὺς, *υός, ῆ*, *Ion.* for ἀκείσις.

ἀκείστωρ, *opos, ὁ*, (ἀκείωμαι) *a healer, saviour.*

ἀκείσ-φόρος, *ov*, (ἀκός, φέρω) *bringing a cure, healing.*

ἀκείσ-ῶδδυνος, *ov*, (ἀκείωμαι, ὀδύνη) *allaying pain.*

ἀ-κέφαλος, *ov*, (a privat., κεφαλή) *without a head: without beginning.*

ἀκείων, ἀκείονσα, (ἀκείν) in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. *stilly, softly, silently: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur. verb, as ἀκείων δαινύσθε* feast ye *in silence*:—the dual ἀκείοντε occurs once, the plur. form never. Although *fem.* ἀκείονσα is found, yet ἀκείων stands also with the *fem.*, as Ἀθηναίη ἀκείων ῆν.

ἌΚΗ, *ῆ*, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: I. *a point, edge*, (whence ἀκίς, ἀκμή, ἀκμή, ἀκμή, ἀκμή, ἀκμή, and Lat. *acies, acuo*). 2. *silence*, (whence ἀκίη, ἀκείων, ἀκά, ἀκασκα). 3. *healing*, (whence ἀκείωμαι).

ἀ-κήδεστος, *ov*, (a privat., κηδέω) *uncared for, unheeded: without funeral rites, unburied.* Hence

ἀκηδέστως, Adv. of ἀκήδεστος, but in act. sense, *without heed for any one, remorselessly.*

ἀκηδέω, *f. ῆω*: *aor. I* ῆκηδῃσα, *Ep.* ἀκηδεσα:—*to neglect, slight, c. gen.* From

ἀ-κηδής, *ἑς*, (a privat., κηδος) *pass. uncared for:*

unburied. II. act. *without care or sorrow*, Lat. *securus*. 2. *heedless, careless.*

ἀκήκω, *pf. med.* of ἀκούω.

ἀ-κήλητος, *ov*, (a privat., κηλέω) *to be won by no charms, not to be charmed or won over, inexorable, unassuageable.*

ἀκῆμα, τό, = ἀκείσμα, *a cure, remedy.*

ἀκίην, properly acc. of ἀκή 2, but used only as Adv. *stilly, softly, silently.*

ἀ-κηράσιος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure: hence untouched, Lat. integer: generally, pure, fresh.*

ἀ-κηράτος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure, clear: of persons, incorrupt, undefiled, upright:—c. gen. pure from, free from taint of.* II. *unimpaired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken.*

ἀ-κήριος, *ov*, (a privat., κήρ) *unbarned by the fates, uninjured.* II. act. *unbarring, harmless.*

ἀ-κήριος, *ov*, (a privat., κήρ) *without heart or soul, lifeless.* II. *without heart or courage, heartless,*

spiritless, Lat. vecors.

ἀκηρότατος, *Ep.* for ἀκηρατώτατος, Sup. of ἀκήρατος.

ἀκηρυκτεῖ and ἀκηρυκτί, Adv. *without proclamation: esp. without a flag of truce.* From

ἀ-κήρυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρύσσω) *unannounced: unproclaimed: ἀκήρυκτος πόλεμος* a war without announcement, sudden, or, one in which no herald was admitted, implacable. 2. *inglorious, unknown.* 3. *unheard of, sending no tidings.* Hence

ἀκηρύκτως, Adv. = ἀκηρυκτί.

ἀ-κήρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρώω) *not covered with wax, unwaxed.*

ἀκηχέδαι or ἀκηχίαι, *Ep.* for ἡκήχηνται, 3 pl. redupl. *pf. pass.* of ἀχέω.

ἀκηχέμενος, *Ep.* for ἀκαχημένος, part. of redupl. *pf. pass.* of ἀχέω.

ἀ-κίβδηλος, *ov*, (a privat., κίβδηλος) *unadulterate, unalloyed, pure: also guileless, honest.*

ἀκίδνως, *ῆ*, *ov*, *weak, feeble, faint, in Homer only in Comp. ἀκιδνότερος.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κίθαρις, *ι*, gen. *ιος*, (a privat., κίθαρα) *without the harp.*

ἀκίκως, *vos, ὁ, ῆ*, (a privat., κίκυς) *powerless, feeble.* ἀκινάκης, *ov*, or *εος, ὁ*, Lat. *acināces*, a Persian word, *a short sword.*

ἀ-κινδύνος, *ov*, *without danger: hence shunning danger, cowardly.* Adv. -*vows.*

ἀ-κίνητος, *ov*, rarely *ῆ*, *ov*, (a privat., κινέω) *unmoved, motionless: hence idle, sluggish.* 2. *unaltered, settled, steady.* II. *immovable, hard to move.* 2. *not to be stirred or touched, inviolable,*

like Lat. *non movendus: not to be divulged.* [I]

ἀ-κίος, *ov*, (a privat., κίς) *without worms, not worm-eaten, sound: Sup. ἀκίωτατος.*

ἀκίρως, *ov*, = ἀκίδνως.

ἀκίς, *ιδος, ῆ*, (ἀκή, Lat. *acies*) *a point, barb, a pointed instrument: metaph. a sting: πόθων ἀκίδες* the stings of desires. [A]

ἀκίχηςτος, ον, (a privat., κίχῃ) *not to be reached, unattainable*: of persons, *not to be reached by prayer, inexorable*.

ἀκίχομαι, Dep. (ἀκίχῃ) *to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness*: generally, *to dissemble*.

ἀκίχῃ, ἡ, a *bugbear*: acc. to others *a vain woman*.

ἀκλάρωτος, Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

ἀ-κλαστος, ον, (a privat., κλάω) *unbroken*.

ἀ-κλαυστος or ἀ-κλαυτος, ον, (a privat., κλαίω) *pass. unwept*: without lamentation. II. act. *unweeping, tearless*.

ἀ-κλεής, ἐς, gen. ἐός: acc. ἀκλεᾶ, Ion. ἀκλεῆ, poet. ἀκλεᾶ: (a privat., κλέος):—without fame, inglorious, ignoble: neut. ἀκλεές as Adv. *ingloriously*.

ἀ-κλεῖα, ἡ, (ἀ-κλεής) *ingloriousness*.

ἀ-κλειής, ἐς, Ep. for ἀκλεής: Ep. Adv. ἀκλειῶς.

ἀ-κλειστος, ον, Ion. ἀ-κλήϊστος, Att. contr. ἀ-κλήστος, (a privat., κλείω): *not shut, not bolted or fastened*.

ἀκλεῶς, Adv. of ἀκλεής, *ingloriously*.

ἀ-κλήρης, ἐς, poet. for ἀκλεής.

ἀκλήϊστος, Ion. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀ-κλήρος, ον, *without lot or portion, poor, needy*. 2. *without lot or share in a thing, c. gen.* II. *unallotted, without an owner*.

ἀ-κλήρωτος, ον, (a privat., κληρώω) *without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.*

ἀκλητος, ον, Att. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀ-κλητος, ον, (a privat., καλέω) *uncalled, unbidden*.

ἀ-κλίνης, ἐς, (a privat., κλίνῃναι) *bending to neither side*: *unswerving, stedfast*.

ἀ-κλυστος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (a privat., κλύω) *unwashed by waves*.

ἀκμάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀκμή) *to be in full bloom, be at the prime or perfection*: hence *to flourish, abound in a thing, ἀκμάζειν πλούτῳ, etc.*: c. inf. *to be strong enough to do*; but impers. ἀκμάξει, c. inf., *it is high time to do*.

ἀκμαῖος, α, ον, (ἀκμή) *in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous*; ἀκμαῖος φύσιν *in the prime of strength*. II. *in time, in season, Lat. opportunus*.

ἀκμή, ἡ, (ἀκῆ, Lat. *acies*) *a point, edge*; proverb. ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἀκμῆς *on the razor's edge*, i. e. *at the critical moment*; ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαῖ *the fingers of both hands, like ποδῶν ἀκμαῖ*. 2. *the biggest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime, esp. of man's age, ἀκμή ἡβης, Lat. flos aetatis; ἀκμή θέρου mid-summer*:—generally, *strength, vigour*. 3. *like καιρός, the time, i. e. the best, most fitting time; ἀκμή [ἔστι], c. inf., 'tis high time to do; ἐπ' ἀκμῆς εἶναι, c. inf., to be on the point of doing*.

ἀκμήν, properly acc. of ἀκμή, but used as Adv. *in a moment, directly*: even now, still, like ἔτι.

ἀκμηνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκμή) *full-grown, in full vigour*.

ἀκμηνος, ον, *fasting from food*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κμηής, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., κάμνω) = ἀκάμας, *untiring, fresh*.

ἀ-κμητος, ον, (a privat., κάμνω) *unwearied, untiring*.

ἀκμό-θετον, τό, (ἀκμων, τίθημι) *the anvil-block*.

ἌΚΜΩΝ, ονος, ὁ, an *anvil*, Lat. *incus*.

ἀ-κνίσσος or rather ἀ-κνίσος, ον, (a privat., κνίσω) *without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice*.

ἀκοή, Ep. ἀκοῆ, ἡ, (ἀκούω) *bearing*: I. *the sense of bearing: the ear*; esp. in plur., ἀκοαῖς δέχασθαι *to hear, etc.* II. *a bearing, listening to*; ἀκοῆς ἄξιος *worth bearing*. III. *the thing*.

heard, a report, saying, fame; ἀκοῇ εἰδέναι τι *to know a thing by hearsay*.

ἀ-κοιμήτος, ον, (a privat., κοιμάομαι) *sleepless*.

ἀ-κοινωνήτος, ον, (a privat., κοινωνέω) *not shared in common*. II. act. *not sharing in, not partaking of*: hence *unsocial*.

ἀ-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (α = ἄμα, κοίτη) *a bedfellow, spouse, husband*: fem. ἀ-κοίτης, ιος, ἡ, *a wife*.

ἀ-κολάκευτος, ον, (a privat., κολακεύω) *not flattered, not won by flattery*.

ἀκολᾶσία, ἡ, (ἀκόλαστος) *licentiousness, intemperance*: excess, extravagance: opp. to σωφροσύνη.

ἀκολασταῖνα, (ἀκόλαστος) *to be licentious, debauched, intemperate*: *to live a riotous life*.

ἀ-κόλαστος, ον, (a privat., κολάω) Lat. *non castigatus, unchastened, undisciplined, unbridled*: also *uneducated*. 2. *intemperate, opp. to σώφρων*. Hence

ἀκολάστως, Adv. *intemperately*: Comp., ἀκολαστοτέρως ἔχειν πρὸς τι *to be too intemperate in a thing*.

ἀ-κόλος, ον, ὁ, (a privat., κόλον) *a bit, morsel*.

ἀκολουθέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀκίλουθος) *to follow, go after or with*. II. metaph. *to follow or obey one in thing*. Hence

ἀκολουθήσις, εως, ἡ, *a following, sequence*.

ἀκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθέω, *one must follow*.

ἀκολουθία, ἡ, (ἀκολουθέω) *a following, attendance, train*. II. *agreement or conformity with*.

ἀ-κόλουθος, ον, (a copul., κέλευθος) *following attending on*:—as Subst. ἀκόλουθος, ὁ, *a follower attendant*; οἱ ἀκόλουθοι *the camp followers*. II.

following after; agreeing with, suitable to, like, gen.; but also c. dat. Adv. —ως, *in accordance with, c. dat.*

ἀ-κόλυμβος, ον, *unable to swim*.

ἀ-κομιστία, Ep. —τή [ῖ], ἡ, *want of tending*. From ἀ-κόμιστος, ον, (a privat., κομίζω) *untended*.

ἀ-κομος, ον, (a privat., κόμη) *without hair, bald* of trees, *leafless*.

ἀ-κόμπαστος, ον, (a privat., κομπάζω) *unboastful*.

ἀ-κομπος, ον, *without boast, unboasting*.

ἀ-κομψος, ον, *unadorned, simple, plain*, Lat. *simplex*. II. *rude in speech*.

ἀκονάω, f. ἴσω, (ἀκονή) *to sharpen, whet*.

ἀ-κόνδυλος, ον, (a privat., κονδύλη) *without blows*.

ἀκόννη, ἡ, (ἀκῆ) *a whetstone, bone, Lat. cos*.

ἀ-κοντή, Adv. of ἀκόντιος, (a privat., κονίω) *without out the dust of the arena, hence without combat, toil or effort*, Lat. *sine pulvere*.

κόντιον, τό, a poisonous plant, aconite, monkshood.

κόντι, later form for ἀκόντι.

κόντιζω, f. ἰζω, Att. ἰω: aor. I ἡκόντισα, Ep. ὄντισα: (ἀκων):—to hurl a javelin: also to throw, to dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc. to hit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and ss. to be so hit or wounded.

2. to shoot forth rays, of the moon. II. intrans. to dart or force.

κόντιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκων, a dart, javelin.

κόντις, ἡ, (ἀκοντίζω) the throwing a javelin.

κόντισμα, τό, (ἀκοντίζω) that which is darted, a javelin; ἐντὸς ἀκοντισματος within a dart's throw.

κοντιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ἀκοντιστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκον-ω) a darter, hurler of javelins.

κοντιστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀκοντίζω) skilled in throwing a dart.

κοντιστός, υός, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκόντις, the game of dart, a contest at throwing the dart.

κοντο-δόκος, ον, (ἀκων, δέχομαι) watching the fight, i.e. sbunning it.

κοτος, ον, without weariness: I. pass. un-
wary, untiring. II. act. not wearying,
removing weariness, refreshing.

κορέσματος, most shameless, a Sup. either from
κορῆς=ἀκόρεστος; or shortened for ἀκορεστότα-
τος, Sup. of ἀκόρεστος, like μέσματος, νέματος.

κορέστος, ον, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate, un-
satiating: c. gen. insatiate of, unsated with. II.
not satiating: not disgusting.

κορετος, ον,=ἀκόρεστος.

κόρητος, ον, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate: c.
a. unsated with, ἀκ. πολέμου, ἀπειλῶν. 2. (a
vat., κορέω) unswept, untrimmed.

κορος, ον,=ἀκόρητος, insatiate: metaph. cease-
less, Lat. improbus.

ΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a cure, relief, remedy, help, re-
source for or against a thing, c. gen.: ἀκος τέμνειν to
pare a remedy.

κοσμέω, f. ἰσω, (ἀκοσμος) to be disorderly, un-
nearly: to be out of order, to offend.

κόρητος, ον, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged,
disorderly. 2. unadorned, unfurnished.

κοσμία, ἡ, disorder: extravagance: unruliness,
ence. From

κοσμος, ον, without order, disorderly: in moral
sense, unruly, rebellious:—Adv. -μως, without or-
der. II. κόσμος ἀκοσμος a world that is no
world, like γάμος ἀγάμος, etc.

κοστώω or ἀκοστώω, only used in aor. I part.
κοσθήσας, well-fed, over-fed. From

ΚΟΣΤΗ, ἡ, barley.

κουάβομαι, Dep., like ἀκούω, to hearken to, c.
a. II. to be called, bidden; δαυτὸς ἀκούαζε-
ον ye are bidden to the feast, like καλεῖσθαι, Lat.
cari.

κούη, ἡ, Ep. for ἀκοή, bearing; πατρὸς ἀκούη
things of his father:—a sound.

ἄ-κυρος, ον, (a privat., κύριος) childless, without
male heir. II. (a privat., κυρά) unborn.

ἀκούσειαν, Aeol. form of ἀκούσαιεν, 3 pl. aor. I
opt. of ἀκούω.

ἀκουσέω, Desiderat. of ἀκούω, to wish to hear.

ἀκουσί-θεος, ον, (ἀκούω, θεός) heard of God.

ἀκούσιμος, ἡ, ον, (ἀκούω) audible.

ἀκούσιος, ον, Att. contr. for ἀεκούσιος, unwilling,
under constraint:—Adv. -ως, unwillingly, or in an
unwelcome manner; Sup. ἀκουσιώτατα, most un-
willingly.

ἀκουσμα, τό, (ἀκούω) a thing heard, a sound,
strain. 2. a rumour, report, tale. [ᾗ] Hence

ἀκουσμάτιον, τό, a little tale.

ἀκουστέον, also ἀκουστέα, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, one
must hear or hearken to, c. gen.

ἀκουστής, οὗ, ὅ, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.

ἀκουστός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, heard, audible:
that should be heard.

ἌΚΟΤ'Ω, f. ἀκούσμαι: aor. I ἤκουσα: pf. Att.
ἀκήκω, Dor. ἀκούκα: plqpf. ἀκηκέω, Att. ἀκηκή:
—Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡκούσθην: pf.
ἤκουσμαι:—to bear, used both with gen. and
acc. 2. absol. to bear, give ear; ἀκούετε λεφέ bear,
O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c.
gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. III. to
bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj.
or Subst., ἀκούειν κακός, Lat. malus audire; or with
an Adv. εἰ, κακῶς ἀκούειν, Lat. bene, male audire.

ἄκρα, Ion. ἀκρη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀκρος) the end,
point, esp. the highest point, the top of the bill, peak,
beadland: a citadel, Lat. arx:—κατ' ἀκρὸς πέρθειν,
Att. κατ' ἀκρας, to destroy from top to bottom, i.e.
utterly, Lat. funditus evertere.

ἀκράαντος, ον,=ἀκραντος, without result, unful-
filled, fruitless, Lat. irritus.

ἄ-κράγῃς, ἐς, (a privat., κραγεῖν) not barking.

ἀκραῖ, contr. form of ἀκραία, acc. masc. of ἀκραῖς.

ἀκρ-ᾄης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, ἄημι) of certain winds, blowing
strongly, fresh-blowing.

ἀκραίφνης, ἐς, contr. from ἀκραιο-φανής, (ἀέ-
ραιος, φανήναι) unmixed, pure, sheer: hence II.
unarmed, Lat. integer: c. gen. untouched by a thing.

ἄ-κραντος, ον, (a privat., κραίνω) unaccomplished,
unfulfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.

ἀκράδσία, ἡ, (ἀκρατής) the character of an ἀκρατής,
incontinence, Lat. impotentia, opp. to ἐγκράτεια.

ἄ-κράτεια, ἡ, earlier form of foreg. [ᾗ]

ἀκράτιστατος, irreg. Comp. of ἀκράτος.

ἄ-κράτης, ἐς, (a privat., κράτος) powerless: not
having power or command over a thing; ἀκρατής
ὀργῆς, Lat. impotens irae: esp. in a moral sense,
without power or command over oneself, incontinent,
Lat. impotens sui.

ἀκράτίζομαι, fut. Att. ἴουμαι, Dep. to drink pure
wine (ἀκρατος, merum). II. to breakfast, because
this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence

ἀκράτιστος, ον, having breakfasted. [κᾷ]

ἀκρατοποσία, Ion. ἀκητοποσίη, ἡ, a drinking of unmixed wine. From

ἀκράτο-πότης, ου, Ion. ἀκητο-πότης, εω, ὁ, (ἀκράτος, πίνω) a drinker of unmixed wine.

ἀκράτος, Ion. ἀ-κρητος, ου: Comp. and Sup. ἀκρά-τέστερος, -έστατος: (a privat., κεράννυμι):—unmixed, pure, sheer, unadulterate: esp. of wine, ἀκρατος (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, wine without water, sheer wine, Lat. *merum*; metaph., ἀκράτος νοῦς pure intellect. 2. untempered, unrestrained, excessive: intemperate, violent.

ἀκράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἀκρατής, without control. [κρά] ἀκράτῳς, Adv. of ἀκρατής, without control; ἀκρατῳς ἔχειν to be incontinent.

ἀκράχολῶ, f. ἦσω, to be passionate. From ἀκρά-χολος, Ion. ἀκρή-χολος, ου, (ἀκρος, χόλος) quick or sudden to anger, passionate; κύων ἀκράχολος an ill-tempered dog. [κρά]

ἀκρέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀκρος) the end of a branch or bough, a small branch, spray, twig.

ἀκρ-έσπερος, ου, (ἀκρος, ἑσπέρα) at the beginning of evening, at eventide.

ἀκρ-ήβης, ες, and ἀκρ-ηβος, ου, (ἀκρος, ἥβη) in earliest youth, very young.

ἀκρητος, ου, Ion. for ἀκράτος, unmixed, pure.

ἀκρη-χολία, ἀκρή-χολος, Ion. for ἀκραχολία, etc.

ἀκριας, acc. pl. of ἀκρίς.

ἀκρίβεια, ἡ, exactness, accuracy, precision: perfection. II. strictness, severity: parsimony, frugality. From

ἀκρίβης, ἐς, exact, accurate, precise, perfect in its kind; of thoughts, clear, definite, precise. II. of persons, exact, strict, scrupulous:—also frugal, stingy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀκρίβολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀκρίβολόγος) to be exact, accurate, or precise in language: c. acc. rei, to weigh accurately. Hence

ἀκρίβολογία, ἡ, precision of language.

ἀκρίβο-λόγος, ου, (ἀκριβής, λόγος) exact in language.

ἀκρίβόω, f. ὠσω, (ἀκριβής) to make exact or accurate: to arrange precisely: but commonly, to examine or understand thoroughly: to express accurately:—Pass. to be made exact or perfect.

ἀκρίβως, Adv. of ἀκριβής, exactly, accurately, precisely. II. sparingly; ἀκριβῶς καὶ μύλις, Lat. *vix et ne vix quidem*.

ἀκρίδο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀκρίς, τίθημι) a locust-cage.

ἀκρίς, ιος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκρα, a hill-top, peak; mostly in pl. ἀκρῆς ἡνεμόεσσαι the windy mountain-tops.

ἌΚΡΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a locust, Lat. *gryllus*.

ἀκρίστια, ἡ, (ἀκρίτος) want of distinctness and order, confusion. II. want of judgment.

ἀκρίτό-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ἀκρίτος, δάκρυ) shed-ding floods of tears.

ἀκρίτό-μῦθος, ου, (ἀκρίτος, μῦθος) talking recklessly. II. hard to interpret.

ἀκρίτος, ου, (a privat., κρῖνω) unarranged, con-

fused, disorderly: countless. 2. lasting, unceasing of mountains, continuous. II. undecided, doubtful.

2. unjudged, untried, of persons and things; ἀκρίτον τινα κτείνειν, to put to death without trial, Lat. *indicta causa*:—also not subject to trial. III. act. not giving judgment. 2. exercising judgment, undistinguishing.

ἀκρίτο-φύλλος, ου, (ἀκρίτος, φύλλον) of barren foliage.

ἀκρίτό-φυρτος, ου, (ἀκρίτος, φύρω) undistinguishably mixed.

ἀκρόάζομαι, Dep. = ἀκροάομαι.

ἀκρόαμα, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) Lat. *acroūma*, anything heard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played, sung: a play or musical piece.

ἈΚΡΟΑΪΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἡκροώμην: fut. ἀσκήσω. [ἀ] aor. 1 ἡκροσάμην: pf. ἡκροάμαι: Dep.: hearken or listen to, esp. to hear or attend lectures. ὁ ἀκροώμενος a hearer, student. II. to obey.

ἀκρόασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀκροάομαι) a hearkening or listening to. 2. obedience.

ἀκροατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκροάομαι, one must listen to.

ἀκροατήριον, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) a place of audience lecture-room. II. an audience.

ἀκροατής, ου, ὁ, (ἀκροάομαι) a bearer: a pupil.

ἀκροατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκροάομαι) proper for hearing or attending lectures; μισθὸς ἀκροατικός, Lat. *beneficium*, a pupil's fee.

ἀκρο-βατής, (ἀκρος, βαίνω) to walk on tiptoe or edge.

ἀκρο-βάφης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, βάφῃναι) wetted at the end. II. tinged at the point, or slightly.

ἀκρο-βελής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, βέλος) with a point at the end.

ἀκροβολέω, (ἀκροβύλος) to be a slinger, to skirmish.

ἀκροβολίζομαι, (ἀκροβολέω) Dep. to throw or skirmish from afar: to skirmish. Hence

ἀκροβόλις, εως, ἡ, a skirmishing.

ἀκροβολισμός, ου, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλις.

ἀκροβολιστής, ου, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλος.

ἀκρο-βόλος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, βαλεῖν) as Subst. one who throws from afar, a slinger, skirmisher: but as Adj. προπατορ. ἀκρό-βολος, ου, struck from afar.

ἀκροβυστία, ἡ, (ἀκρόβυστος) uncircumcision.

ἀκρό-βυστος, ου, (ἀκρος, βύω) uncircumcised.

ἀκρο-γωνιαίος, ου, (ἀκρος, γωνία) at the external angle; ἀκρ. λίθος the corner foundation-stone.

ἀκρό-δετος, ου, (ἀκρος, δέω) bound at the end of

ἀκρόδρυς, τά, (ἀκρος, δρῦς) fruit-trees.

fruits, esp. hard-shelled fruits.

ἀκρο-έλικτος, ου, (ἀκρος, ἐλίσσω) twisted at the

ἀκρο-θηγής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, θιγέιν) touching on the

face or lightly.

ἀκρό-θινα, τά, v. ἀκρο-θίνιον.

ἀκροθινιάζομαι, Dep. (ἀκροθίνιον) to take of the best, pick out for oneself.

ἀκρο-θίνιον, τό, (ἀκρος, θίς) mostly in plur. ἀκροθίνια, also ἀκρόθινα, properly, the top of the head.

best or choice parts : hence the first-fruits of the field, of booty, etc., like ἀπαρχαί :—properly a neut. Adj. from ἀροκθίνιος, whence θύη ἀροκθίνια offerings of first-fruits. [61]

ἀρο-κελαινώ, (ἀρος, κελαινός) only used in Ep. part. ἀροκελαινώων, growing black on the surface.

ἀρο-κνέφιος, ov, and ἀρο-κνέφης, ἐς, (ἀρος, κνέφας) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight. ἀρό-κομος, ov, (ἀρος, κόμη) with hair on the crown. II. with leaves at the top.

ἀρο-κόρινθος, ό, the citadel of Corinth.

ἀρο-κύματώ, f. ὤσω, (ἀρος, κύμα) to float on the topmost waves.

ἀρό-λίθος, ov, (ἀρος, λίθος) with the extremities of stone, epith. of statues of wood with marble head, hands, and feet.

ἀρο-λίνον, τό, (ἀρος, λίνον) the edge of a net.

ἀρο-λογέω, (ἀρος, λέγω) to gather at top.

ἀρολόφτης, [τ], ov, ό, (ἀρος, λόφος) a mountain-tainer.

ἀρό-λοφος, ό, (ἀρος, λόφος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀρο-λύτέω, (ἀρος, λύω) to untie only at the end.

ἀρο-μάνης, ἐς, (ἀρος, μάνηται) at the height of madness, raving mad.

ἀρο-μόλιβδος, ov, (ἀρος, μόλιβδος) leaded at the edge, epith. of a net.

ἀρον, ov, τό, neut. of ἀρος, the highest or topmost point : I. a mountain-top, peak. II. metaph.

the highest pitch, the height of a thing. III. pl. ἀρα, of persons, the chiefs.

ἀρο-ανύχί, Adv. (ἀρος, ὄνυξ) with the edge of the nail.

ἀρο-ὄνυχος, ov, (ἀρος, ὄνυξ) = ἀκρώνυχος.

ἀρό-νυχος, ov, (ἀρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even.

ἀρο-πενθής, ἐς, (ἀρος, πένθος) exceeding sad.

ἀρο-ποδητί, Adv. (ἀρος, ποῦς) on tiptoe, stealthily.

ἀρό-πολις, εως, ἡ, (ἀρος, πόλις) the upper or higher city, hence the citadel, castle : in Att. esp. the Acropolis of Athens, which served as the treasury.

II. metaph. a tower of defence. 2. the highest point.

ἀρο-πόλεος, ov, (ἀρος, πολέω) high-ranging : generally, high.

ἀρο-πόρος, ov, (ἀρος, πείρω) boring through, piercing with the point.

ἀρό-περον, τό, (ἀρος, πτερόν) the tip of the wing.

ἀρό-πολις, ἡ, poet. for ἀρόπολις.

ἀρος, α, ov, (ἀκή) at the end, i.e. either outermost, Lat. extremus, or at the top, Lat. summus ; ἀρα χεῖρ,

ἀροι πόδες, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc. ; πόλις ἀρη = ἀρόπολις, the citadel ; ὕδωρ ἀρον the surface of the water ; so also, ἐπ' ἀροῖς (sc. δακτύλοις) on tiptoe ; οὐκ ἀρ' ἀρας φρενός not from the surface of the heart, i.e. from the inmost heart ; ἀροις λαίφους κρασπέδοις with the outermost edges of the sail, with a close-reefed sail. II. of Time,

ἀρα ἑσπέρα the end of evening, night-fall. III. of Degree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding,

good, excellent ; ἀροι Δαναῶν, ποιητῶν the first among the Greeks, the poets ; ψυχὴν οὐκ ἀρος not strong of mind. IV. neut. ἀρον and ἀρα, as Adv. very, exceedingly, highly : v. ἀρας.

ἀρο-σίδηρος, ov, (ἀρος, σίδηρος) pointed or shod with iron.

ἀρό-σοφος, ov, (ἀρος, σοφός) high in wisdom.

ἀρο-στόλιον, τό, (ἀρος, στολή) the gunwale of a ship.

ἀρο-σφάλης, ἐς, (ἀρος, σφάλληται) apt to stumble.

ἀροτάτη, fem. Sup. of ἀρος.

ἀρο-τελεύτιον, τό, (ἀρος, τελευτή) the fag-end of anything, esp. of a verse.

ἀρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀρος) a summit, height.

ἀροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From ἀρό-τομος, ov, (ἀρος, τμεῖν) cut off at the edge.

ἀρο-ουχέω, (ἀρος, ἔχω) to inhabit the heights.

ἀρο-φύσιον, τό, (ἀρος, φύσα) the snout or pipe of a pair of bellows.

ἀρο-χάνης, ἐς, (ἀρος, χάνειν) wide-yawning.

ἀρο-χερίζομαι, Dep. (ἀρος, χεῖρ) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the body.

ἀ-κρυπτος, ov, (α privat., κρύπτω) unhidden.

ἀ-κρύσταλλος, ov, without ice, unfrozen.

ἀρ-ωλέιον, τό, (ἀρος, ὠλήνη) the point of the elbow.

ἀρ-ωνύχια, ἡ, (ἀρος, ὄνυξ) the tip of the nail : hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain.

ἀρ-ώνυχος, ov, (ἀρος, ὄνυξ) with nails, claws, hoofs.

ἀρ-ώρεια, ἡ, (ἀρος, ὄρος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀκρος, regul. Adv. of ἀρος, very, exceedingly.

ἀκρωτηρίαζω, f. σω : aor. I ἀκρωτηρίασα : pf. pass. ἡκρωτηριασμαι :—to cut off the extremities, esp. the hands and feet, to mutilate. From

ἀκρωτήριον, τό, (ἀρος) any topmost or prominent part ; ἀρ. οὔρεος a mountain-peak ; ἀρ. νῆος a ship's beak, Lat. rostra. I. in plur. the extremities of the body, hands and feet. 2. in sing. a promontory.

ἀκταινός, = ἀκταίνω.

ἀκταίνω, seems to be a strengthd. form of ἄγω, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly.

ἀκταῖος, α, ov, (ἀκτῆ) on the shore or coast. II. Ἀκταία (sc. γῆ) ἡ, Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also Ἀκτῆ.

ἈΚΤΕ΄Α, ἡ, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus.

ἀ-κτεῖνος, ov, (α privat., κτεάνον) without property.

ἀ-κτείνστος, ov, (α privat., κτενί(ω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἄγω, one must lead : εἰρήνην ἀκτέον one must keep peace. II. intr. one must go or march.

ἀ-κτερίστος or ἀ-κτέριστος, ov, (α privat., κτερεῖ(ω) or κτερί(ω) without funeral-rites.

ἀκτῆ, ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) the place where the waves break, i.e. the beach, sea-shore, strand ; in plur., ἀκταὶ ποδ-βλῆτες jutting cliffs. 2. a tract by the sea. II.

generally, any raised place or edge, like the sea-coast, Lat. ora.

ἀκτῆ, ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) properly fem. of ἀκτός (broken, bruised), bruised corn, Lat. mola: groats, meal, bread made of it.

ἀκτῆμων, ον, gen. onos, (a privat., κτῆμα) without property, c. gen., ἀκτῆμων χρυσοῖο poor in gold.

ἀκτῆτος, ον, (a privat., κτάομαι) not worth getting.

ἀκτίνεσσιν, Ep. for ἀκτίσιν, dat. pl. of ἀκτίς.

ἀκτὴνδόν, (ἀκτίς) Adv. like a ray.

ἀκτίος, ον, (ἀκτῆ) of or inhabiting the sea-shore.

ἀκτίς, ἴνος, ἡ, a ray, beam, esp. of the sun; μέσσα ἀκτίς midday: also the flash of fire and lightning: metaph. brightness, splendour. II. like Lat. radius, the spoke of a wheel.

ἀκτίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκτῆ) a dweller on the coast. [i]

ἀκτίτος, ον, (a privat., κτίζω) uncultivated.

ἄκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἄγω) a leader, chief.

ἀκυβέρνητος, ον, (a privat., κυβερνάω) without pilot, not steered.

ἈΚΥΤΑΟΣ, ἡ, an esculent acorn, fruit of the ilex.

ἀκύμαντος, ον, (a privat., κύμαιναι) not washed by the waves, waveless, calm.

ἀκύμος, ον, = ἀκύμαντος: metaph. calm, serene.

ἀκύμαν, ον, gen. onos, (a privat., κύμα) = ἀκύμαντος. [v]

ἀκύμων, ον, gen. onos, (a privat., κνέω) without fruit or offspring, barren. [v]

ἀκύρος, ον, (a privat., κύρος) without authority.

I. of laws, sentences, etc., no longer in force, cancelled, annulled, set aside; ἀκυρος γίνεσθαι, εἶναι to have no force, be set aside. II. of

persons, having no right or power, c. gen. Hence ἀκυρώω, f. ὥσω, to cancel, set aside.

ἀκύρωτος, ον, verb. Adj. unratiſied.

ἀκωδώνιστος, ον, (a privat., κωδονίζω) untried, unexamined.

ἀκωκῆ, ἡ, (ἀκῆ) a point, edge, Lat. acies.

ἀκώλυτος, ον, (a privat., κωλύω) unbindered. Adv. -τως, without hindrance.

ἀκωμώδηςτος, ον, (a privat., κωμώδω) not made the subject of comedy: generally, not ridiculed.

ἄκων, οντος, ὁ, (ἀκῆ) a javelin, dart, smaller and lighter than ἔγχος.

ἄκων, ἀκουσα, ἄκων, gen. -οντος, Att. contr. for ἀέκων, against one's will, perforce. II. = ἀκούσιος, involuntary. [a]

ἀκωπος, ον, (a privat., κώπη) without oars.

ἀλάβαστο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀλάβαστος, θῆκη) a case for alabaster ornaments.

ἀλάβαστος, ὁ, ἀλαβαστίτης, ὁ, ἀλαβάστιον, τό, Att. for ἀλάβαστρον.

ἀλάβαστρον, τό, and ἀλάβαστρος, ὁ, also ἡ, a calcareous spar, alabaster. II. that which is wrought or made of it, a casket or case of alabaster.

ἄλαδε, Adv. (ἄλα) to or into the sea: in Homer also εἰς ἄλαδε.

ἀλά-δρομος, ον, ὁ, by some derived from ἄλλομαι,

δρομος, the bounding race; by others from ἄλα, δρόμος, a race over the sea.

ἀλαζονεία, ἡ, (ἀλαζών) the character of a braggart vain-boasting, imposture.

ἀλαζόνευμα, τό, an imposture. From ἀλαζονεύομαι, f. εἰσμαι, Dep. to swagger, use false pretensions. From

ἀλαζών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄλη) a wanderer about the country, vagabond:—hence, a false pretender, impostor. II. as Adj. making false pretences

swaggering, braggart, Lat. glorioſus:—Sup. ἀλαζονέτατος or -ίστατος.

ἀλάθεια, ἀλαθής, Dor. for ἀλήθεια, ἀληθής.

ἐλαθείς, Dor. aor. I pass. part. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλαίνω, = ἀλάομαι, to wander about.

ἀλακάτα, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλακάτη.

ἀλαλά, Dor. for ἀλαλή.

ἀλαλαγή, ἡ, (ἀλαλάω) a shouting.

ἀλαλαγμός, ὁ, = ἀλαλαγή.

ἀλαλάω, f. ἀφομαι: aor. I ἡλάλασα, poet. ἀλάλα: (ἀλαλή):—to raise the war-cry: generally

to shout aloud in sign of joy; νίκην ἀλαλάζειν to shout the shout of victory.

ἀλαλή, Dor. ἀλαλά, ἡ, alala! a loud cry: the battle-shout, war-cry.

ἀλάλημαι, a pf. form of ἀλάομαι, but only used in pres. sense, to wander or roam about, like a beggar.

ἀ-λάλητος, ον, (a privat., λαλέω) unspeakable.

ἀλάλητός, ον, ὁ, (ἀλαλή) the war-cry, shout of victory: also a cry of woe, wailing.

ἀλαλκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

ἀλαλκόμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

Ἀλαλκο-μενῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλαλκεῖν, μένος) the guardian goddess, name of Minerva.

ἀ-λάλος, ον, (a privat., λαλός) speechless, dumb.

ἀλαλύκτῃμαι, a pf. form as if from ἀλυκτέω (ἀλύνω) but like ἀλάλημαι only used in pres. sense, to wander about in anguish: to wander in mind from grief.

ἀ-λάμπетος, ον, (a privat., λάμπω) without light, darksome.

ἀ-λαμπῆς, ἐς, = ἀλάμπетος; ἀλαμπῆς ἡλίου without the light of the sun.

ἀλάομαι, impf. ἡλώμην: aor. I ἡλήθην, Ep. ἀλήθην: pf. ἀλάλημαι: Dep. (ἄλη):—to wander, stray, or roam about: sometimes c. acc., ἀλάσθαι γῆν to wander through or over the land: also to wander from home, be banished. II. metaph. to wander in mind, be distraught.

ἀλάος, ὄν, not seeing, blind; ἀλαοί, as opp. to δεδοκότες, the dead; ἀλαὸν ἔλκος ὁμμάτων a wound that brings blindness. II. dark, obscure.

ἀλάο-σκοπέω, ἡ, (ἀλαός, σκοπέω) a blind, i. e. useless, careless watch.

ἀλάω, f. ὥσω: aor. I inf. ἀλαῶσαι: (ἀλαός):—to make blind.

ἀλάπαδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλαπάξω) easily mastered, weakened: powerless, feeble.

ἀ-λαπάξω, Ep. impf. ἀλάπαζον: f. ἀλαπάξω: Ep.

aor. ἀπάφα: (α euphon., λαπάω):—to empty, drain, make poor: esp. to drain of power and strength, overcome, slay.

ἄλας, ἄτος, τό, = ἄλς, salt.

ἄλαστέω, (ἄλαστος) to be wrathful, bear hate.

ἄλάστορος, ον, (ἄλάστωρ) under the influence of an avenger.

ἄ-λαστος, ον, (α privat., λαυθάνομαι) not to be forgotten, insufferable, unceasing: abominable, accursed. Hence

ἄ-λάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (α privat., λαυθάνομαι) he who forgets not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. Deus Vindex, with or without δαίμων: then, generally, an avenger, persecutor, tormentor; βουκόλων ἄλάστωρ the herdsmen's plague. II. pass. one who suffers from divine vengeance: a sinner, evil-doer, accursed and polluted man.

ἄλάτος, ὁ, Dor. for ἀλήτης.

ἄλάτελα, ἡ, Dor. for ἀλητέα.

ἄλατο, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἄλαωτός, υός, ἡ, (ἀλαύω) a making blind, blinding.

ἄλγεός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλγος) giving pain, painful, grievous: —Adv. —ῶς. II. act. feeling pain, suffering. For Conip. and Sup., v. ἄλγιον.

ἄλγεσι-δωρος, ον, (ἄλγος, δῶρον) bringing pain.

ἄλγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἤλγησα: (ἄλγος):—to feel bodily pain, suffer pain: to be sick. II. metaph. to feel pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or distressed: to suffer pain at or about a thing.

ἄλγηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἄλγέω) a sense of pain, pain, grief, of body or mind.

ἄλγημα, ατος, τό, (ἄλγέω) pain felt or caused.

ἄλγιος, εως, ἡ, (ἄλγέω) sense of pain.

ἄλγηνοίς, εσσα, εν, (ἄλγος) painful, grievous.

ἄλγιον, ον, gen. ονος, and ἄλγιστος, η, ον, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἄλγερός, formed from Subst. ἄλγος (as καλλίον, κάλλιστος from κάλλος). [I Ep., but I Att.]

ἄλγος, εως, τό, pain, Lat. dolor, whether of body or mind; pain, sorrow, grief, distress. II. later, anything that causes pain. Hence

ἄλγιον, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἤλγυνα.—Pass. with f. med. ἄλγυνόμαι: aor. I ἤλγυνον:—to pain, grieve, distress:—Pass. to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at a thing.

ἄλδαινω, aor. 2 ἤλδανον:—to make to grow, nourish, strengthen; ἤλδανε μέλεα she filled out his limbs: to increase, multiply. Only poet. (From *ἄλω, Lat. alo.)

ἄλδήσκω, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. = ἄλδαινω. (From Root ἄλ-, as in Lat. alere.)

ἄλέα, Ion. ἄλέη, ἡ, (ἄλη, ἀλέω) an avoiding, escaping: c. gen. flight from a thing, shelter from it.

ἄλεεῖν, Ion. ἄλέη, ἡ, = εἶλη, beat or warmth, of the sun, or of fire. Hence

ἄλεαίνο, to warm, make warm, sun: intr. to grow warm, be warm.

ἄλεασθαι, ἀλεασθε, Ep. aor. I inf. and imper. pl. of ἀλέομαι.

ἄλγερός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλέω, cf. ἄλγερός) painful, grievous, troublesome: c. inf., ἵπποι ἄλγεροὶ δαμήμεναι horses hard to break.

ἄλγίζω, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. ἀλγίζον: (ἄλέω):—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care for, mind, heed, c. gen. rei.

ἄλγεῖνω, chiefly used in pres. and impf.: (ἄλέω):—in Odyssey with δαῖτα and δαῖτας, to care for a meal: generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

ἄ-λέγω, (α copul., λέγω) only used in pres. to trouble oneself, have a care, mind, heed; mostly with the negat., οὐκ ἄλέγω to have no care, heed not; rarely without negat., Λιταὶ ἀλέγονσι κιοῦσαί they are heedful in their course; also c. acc. vel gen. to care for a person or thing.—Pass., ἀλέγεσθαι ἐν τισι, to be regarded or counted among.

ἄλεείνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλέα, ἄλω) hot, warm.

ἄλεείνω, only used in pres. and impf. = ἀλέομαι,

ἀλείομαι, (ἄλέα, ἄλη) to smun, avoid.

ἄλέη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄλέα.

ἄλειαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἄλέω) wheaten flour.

ἄλεμμα, ατος, τό, (ἄλέω) anything used to anoint with, an unguent, fat, oil.

ἄλείπτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄλείφω) an anointer: a trainer, master, properly in the wrestling-school.

ἄλεῖς, εῖσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of εἶλω.

ἄ-λεον, τό, (α privat., λείος) an embossed cup, generally = δέπας.

ἄλείτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄλη) one who leads or goes astray, a sinner.

ἄλειφα, τό, = ἄλειφαρ.

ἄλειφαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἄλείφω) unguent, oil, used in funeral sacrifices. II. generally, anything for smearing with, pitch, resin.

ἄΛΕΙΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἤλειψα, Ep. ἄλ-: pf. ἄλῃ-λεψα:—Pass., aor. I ἤλειψον, also aor. 2 ἤλῃψον [Υ]: pf. ἄλῃλμμαι:—to anoint with oil, oil the skin: Homer joins ἀλείψαι or ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ελαίῳ to anoint with oil (see λίπα); esp. of anointing for gymnastic exercises; ὁ ἀλειψόμενος the athlete.

II. like ἐπ-αλείφω, to anoint, besmear; οὐατα ἀλείψαι to stop up the ears. Hence

ἄλειψις, εως, ἡ, an anointing, dyeing.

ἄλεκτοριδεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἄλέκτωρ) a chicken.

ἄλεκτορίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἄλέκτωρ) a hen.

ἄλεκτορίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἄλέκτωρ, a cockerel.

ἄλεκτορο-φωνία, ἡ, (ἄλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of a cock: cock-crow.

ἄ-λεκτρος, ον, (α privat., λέκτρον) unwedded; ἄ-λεκτρα γάμος ἀμύλληματα an unlawful contest of marriage: ἄλεκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage.

ἄλεκτράνα, ἡ, a hen, comic fem. of ἀλεκτρίον, by analogy of λέανα to lean.

ἄλεκτρίων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄλέκτωρ) a cock or hen.

ἄΛΕΚΤΩΡ, ορος, ὁ, a cock, Lat. gallus.

ἄΛΕΚΩ, less common form for ἀλέξω, to ward off, avert, τινί τι.

ἄλέματος, Dor. for ἡλέματος.

ἄλεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἐάλησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω:—but ἄλέν, aor. 2 part. neut., v. ἀλείς.

ἄλεξ-ανδρος, ον, (ἀλέξω, ἀνήρ) *defending men*. II. *the usual name of Paris in the Iliad*.

ἄλεξ-άνεμος, ον, (ἀλέξω, άνεμος) *keeping off the wind*.

ἄλέσασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἀλέξω.

ἄλέξμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of ἀλέξω.

ἄλέξημα, τό, (ἀλέξω) *a defence, guard, help*.

ἄλεξήσῃς, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ἀλέξω.

ἄλεξήσῃς, εως, ἡ, (ἀλέξω) *a keeping off, resistance*.

ἄλεξήσω, fut. of ἀλέξω.

ἄλεξήτειρα, ἡ, fem. of ἀλεξήτήρ.

ἄλεξήτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀλέξω) *one who keeps off, a helper, guardian; ἀλεξήτήρ μάχης one who keeps the fight off the rest, a champion*. Hence

ἄλεξήτήριος, α, ον, *able to keep off, defend or help*, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. *Averrunci*. II.

ἄλεξήτήριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, *a remedy, protection*.

ἄλεξήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἀλεξήτήρ.

ἄλεξι-άρη, ἡ, (ἀλέξω, ἀρά) *sbe that keeps off a curse; or (from ἀλέξω, ἄρης) sbe that guards from death and ruin*. [ἀρ]

ἄλεξι-βέλεμος, ον, (ἀλέξω, βέλεμον) *keeping off arrows or darts*.

ἄλεξι-κάκος, ον, (ἀλέξω, κακόν) *keeping off evil*.

ἄλεξι-βροτος, ον, (ἀλέξω, βροτός) *protecting mortals*.

ἄλεξι-μορος, ον, (ἀλέξω, μόρος) *warding off death*.

ἄλεξι-φάρμακον, τό, *a means of keeping off poison, an antidote*.

ἸΑΛΕΞΩ:—the tenses are formed partly from ἀλέξω, partly from ἀλέκω:—fut. ἀλεξήσω; 3 sing. aor. 1 act. opt. ἀλεξήσῃς; fut. med. ἀλεξήσομαι:—but also fut. ἀλέξω; aor. 1 ἤλεξα; fut. med. ἀλέξομαι; aor. 1 ἤλεξάμην:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without augm. (as if from *ἀλκω) ἄλαλκον, inf. ἀλαλκεῖν, -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. ἀλαλκάν; whence again is formed a part. ἀλαλκήσω:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid:—Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately, as, ἀλέξειν τινί to help one; Ζεὺς τόγ' ἀλεξήσῃς may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as, ἀλέξειν Δαναοῖς κακὸν ἡμῶν to avert the day of evil from the Danaï: cf. ἀλαλκε:—Med., ἀλέξεσθαι τινα to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. defendere: also absol. to defend oneself. II. in Med. also, to requite, repay, recompense.

ἄλεομαι, contr. ἀλεύμαι, also ἀλεύομαι; 3 sing. opt. ἀλείοτο; part. ἀλείμενος; but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. aor. 1 ἡλείατο or ἀλεύατο; imper. ἀλείαι, ἀλέασθε; subj. ἀλήται or ἀλεύεται; opt. ἀλείατο; inf. ἀλέασθαι, ἀλεύασθαι; part. ἀλεύαμενος; Dep.: (ἀλεύω):—to avoid, shun, usu. c. acc. rei, ἀλ. βέλος, θάνατον, rarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape, flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. ἀλεύ.

ἄλεσσαν, Ep. for ἤλεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 1 of ἀλέω.

ἄλεται, Ep. for ἄληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἄλλομαι, to leap.

ἄλέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinder; ἀλέτης ὄνος a mill-stone*.

ἄλετός, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding*.

ἄλετρεῖω, f. εὔσω, longer form of ἀλέω, to grind. [ᾗ]

ἄλε-τρίβανος, ὁ, (ἀλέω, τρίβω) *that which grinds or pounds, a pestle*.

ἄλετρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀλέω) *a female slave who grinds corn, Lat. molitrix*. [ᾗ]

ἄλεῦ or ἄλευ, prob. shortened for ἀλέον, imper.

ἄλεομαι, avoid! cease!

ἄλενάμην, aor. 1 of ἀλέομαι.

ἄλευρον, τό, (ἀλέω) *wh beaten flour, fine meal*, mostly in plur. ἄλευρα, distinguished from ἄλφιτα (*barley-meal*).

ἄλεύω, f. ἀλεύσω, aor. 1 ἤλευσα, used as Act. to ἀλέομαι or ἀλεύομαι (v. ἀλέομαι):—to remove, keep far away.

ἸΑΛΕΩ, impf. ἤλουν; fut. ἀλέσω; aor. 1 ἤλεσα, Ep. ἄλεσσα; pf. ἀλήλεκα, pass. ἀλήλεσμαι or ἀλήλεμαι:—to grind, bruise, pound, Lat. *molere*.

ἄλεωρή, Att. ἄλεωρά, ἡ, (ἀλέομαι) *an avoiding, shunning, escaping*. 2. *a means of escape from, a defence against a person or thing, δηλῶν ἀνδρῶν ἄλεωρή:—absol. help, succour*.

ἸΑΛΗ, ἡ, (ἀλάομαι) *ceaseless wandering or roaming*. 2. metaph. *a wandering of mind, distraction, madness, Lat. error mentis*.

ἀλήθειά, poet. ἀληθεία, ἡ, (ἀλήθης) *truth*. II.

the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity.

ἀληθέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἀλήθως.

ἀλητεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀλήθης) of persons, *to speak truth, to be truthful*: of things, *to be true*: of divinations, in Pass. *to come true, be fulfilled*:—ἀλήθευσον πάντα *speak truth in all things*.

ἀ-λήθης, ἐς, (a privat., λήθω) *without reserve*:—of persons, *true, sincere; truthful, frank, bonest*: of things, *real, actual*. 2. neut. as Adv. with ironical signif.; proparox. ἀλῆθες; *itane? indeed? in sooth?* but τό ἀλῆθές, in very truth, really and truly, Lat. *revera*.

ἀληθίζομαι, Dep. = ἀλητεύω.

ἀληθινός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀλήθης) *agreeable to truth*:—of persons, *truthful, bonest*: of things, *real, actual, genuine*. Adv. -ῶς.

ἀληθό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλήθης, μάντις) *prophet of truth*.

ἀληθοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for ἀλήθεια.

ἀλήθω, fut. ἤσω, = ἀλέω, to grind.

ἀληθῶς, Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of ἀλήθης, *really, truly*; also ὡς ἀληθῶς:—Comp. ἀληθέστερον, *more truly*; Sup. ἀληθέστατα, *most truly*.

ἸΑλήιον πεδίον, τό, (ἀλη) *land of wandering, in Lycia or Cilicia*.

ἀ-λήιος, ον, (a privat., λήϊον) *without corn-land, poor*.

ἄ-ληκτος, Ep. ἀλληκτος, ον, (a privat., λήγω) *unceasing, incessant; ἄλληκτος θυμός implacable anger; ἄλληκτος χόλον abating not from wrath*.

ἀλήλεκα, ἀλήλεσμαι or -μαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέω, to grind.

ἀλήλιφα, ἀλήλιμμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέειν.

ἄλημα, τό, (ἀλέω) properly *that which is ground, fine flour*: metaph. *a wily knave*.

ἀλήμεναι, Ep. for ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

ἀλήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλάομαι) *a wanderer, rover*.

ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

ἄλ-ηπτος, ον, (a privat., λαμβάνω) *not to be laid bold of, hard to catch*: Comp. ἀληπτότερος, *less amenable*. 2. *incomprehensible*.

ἄλῃς, ἑς, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. ἀρόος, *thronged, in a mass*, Lat. *confertus*. [ᾱ]

ἄληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἄλλομαι.

ἄλητεία, Dor. ἀλάτεία, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*.

From
ἄλητεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἀλήτης) *to be a wanderer, live a vagrant life*.

ἄλήτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀλάομαι) *a wanderer, stroller, rover, vagabond*. 2. as Adj. *vagrant, roving*.

ἄλητός, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding in the mill*.

ἄλθομαι, Ep. impf. ἀλόμην: fut. ἀθήσομαι: *to become whole or sound*; ἄλθετο χεῖρ.

ἄλία, Ion. ἄληγ, ἡ, (ἀλής) *an assembly, gathering of the people*, Dor. and Ion. word for the Attic ἐκκλησία.

ἄλιά, ἡ, (ἄλς) *a salt-cellar*.

ἄλιάδαι, ὧν, οἱ, (ἄλς) *seamen*.

ἄλῖ-αετος, poet. ἄλαιοτος, ὁ, (ἄλς, αἰετός) *the sea-eagle, osprey*.

ἄλῖ-αῖς, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἄημι) *blowing on the sea, blowing sea-ward*.

ἄλῖ-ανθής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἄνθος) *sea-blooming, i.e. purple*.

ἄλῖ-αστος, ον, (a privat., λιάζομαι) *unyielding, unabating*: neut. ἄλῖαστον as Adv. *incessantly*.

ἄλῖ-βάτος, ον, Dor. for ἡλίβατος.

ἄλῖ-βρεκτος, ον, (ἄλς, βρέχω) *washed by the sea*.

ἄλῖ-γκιος, α, ον, *resembling, like*. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ᾱ]

ἄλῖ-δονος, ον, (ἄλς, δονέω) *sea-tossed*.

ἄλῖ-ερκής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἔρκος) *sea-girt, surrounded by the sea*.

ἄλῖ-εως, gen. εως, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἄλιος) *one who has to do with the sea, and so* I. *a fisher*. II. *a seaman, sailor*: with another Subst. ἐρέτας ἄλητας

rowers on the sea.

ἄλιευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλιεύω) *of or for fishing*.

ἀλιεύω, f. σω, (ἀλιεύς) *to be a fisher, to fish*.

ἄλιζω, f. ἰσω: aor. ἡλίζα:—Pass., aor. I ἡλίσθην: pf. ἡλισμαι, Ion. ἄλισμαι: (ἀλής) *—to gather together, assemble*:—Pass. *to assemble, meet together*. [ᾱ]

ἄλιζω, f. ἰσω, (ἄλς) *to salt*. [ᾱ]

ἄλῖ-ζωνος, ον, (ἄλς, ζώνη) *sea-girt*.

ἄληγ, ἡ, Ion. for ἄλία.

ἄλῖ-ήρης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἐρέσσω) *sweeping the sea*.

ἄλῖ-ησι, Ep. dat. plur. of ἄλιη.

ἄλῖ-ητωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for ἄλιεύς.

ἄλιθιος, Dor. for ἡλίθιος.

ἄ-λίθος, ον, *without stones, not stony*.

ἄλικία, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλικία.

ἄλῖ-κλυστος, ον, (ἄλς, κλύω) *sea-beaten*.

ἄλῖ-κμητος, ον, (ἄλς, κάμνω) *wearied by the sea*.

ἄλικος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡλίκος.

ἄλῖ-κτύπος, ον, (ἄλς, κτυπέω) *sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships*. II. act. *roaring over the sea, of waves*.

ἄλῖ-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, κύμα) *surrounded by waves*. [ῥ]

ἄλῖ-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (ἄλς, μέδω) *lord of the sea*.

ἄλῖ-μενος, ον, (a privat., λιμὴν) *without harbour, Lat. importuosus*: generally, *giving no shelter, inhospitable*. Hence

ἄλῖ-μενότης, ἡ, *the being without harbours*.

ἄλῖ-μυρήεις, εσσα, εν, (ἄλς, μύρω) *flowing into the sea, of rivers*.

ἄλῖ-νδῆθρα, ἡ, *a place for horses to roll in*, Lat. *volutabrum*.

ἄλῖ-νδω, aor. I ἡλίζα, inf. ἀλίζαι: pf. ἡλίζα:—*to make a horse roll*:—Pass. ἀλῖ-νδομαι or ἀλῖ-νδομαι, *to roll like a horse*; also *to wander up and down, roam about*.

ἄλῖ-νήκτειρα, ἡ, fem. noun, as if from ἄλῖ-νηκτῆρ (ἄλς, νήχω) *swimming in the sea*.

ἄλῖ-νήχης, ἐς, (ἄλς, νήχομαι) *swimming in the sea*.

ἄλῖ-νος, η, ον, (ἄλς) *made of or from salt*.

ἄλῖ-νις, ον, (a privat., λίνον) *without a net, without hunting toils*.

ἄλῖξ, Dor. for ἡλιξ.

ἄλῖ-ξαντος, ον, (ἄλς, ξαίνω) *worn by the sea*.

ἄλιος, ὁ, Dor. for ἥλιος, *the sun*. [ᾱ]

ἄλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἄλς) *of, from, or belonging to the sea*, Lat. *marinus*. [ᾱ]

ἄλιος, α, ον, = μάταιος, *fruitless, unprofitable, idle, erring*: also in neut. as Adv. *in vain*. [ᾱ] (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄλῖο-τρέφης, ἐς, (ἄλιος, τρέφω) *sea-nurtured*.

ἄλῖω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἡλίσσα, Ep. ἀλίσσα: (ἄλιος II):—*to make fruitless, disappoint*.

ἄλῖ-παρής, ἐς, *not fit for a suppliant*.

ἄλῖ-πεδον, τό, (ἄλς, πεδῖον) *a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piraeus*.

ἄλῖ-πλαγκτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλάζω) *roaming in or by the sea*.

ἄλῖ-πληκτος, Dor. for ἀλίπληκτος.

ἄλῖ-πλάνης, ἐς, (ἄλς, πλάνη) *sea-wandering, wandering over the sea*. Hence

ἄλῖ-πλάνία, ἡ, *a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage*.

ἄλῖ-πληκτος, Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλήσσω) *sea-beaten, lashed by the sea*.

ἄλῖ-πλοος, ον, contr. ἄλῖ-πλους, ουν, (ἄλς, πλέω) *merged in the sea, covered with water*.

ἄλῖ-πόρος, ον, (ἄλς, πείρω) *ploughing the sea*.

ἄλῖ-πορφύρος, ον, (ἄλς, πορφύρα) *of sea-purple, of deep purple dye*.

ἀλιρ-ράγῃς, ἐς, (ἄλς, ῥάγῃναι) *breaking the waves, against which the tide breaks.*

ἀλιρ-ραντος, ον, (ἄλς, ραῖνω) *sea-surfing.*

ἀλιρ-ρηκτος, ον, = ἀλιρραγής.

ἀλιρ-ρόθιος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, ῥόθος) *roaring with waves, sea-beaten.*

ἀλιρ-ροθος, ον, = ἀλιρρόθιος.

ἀλιρ-ρύτος, ον, (ἄλς, ῥέω) *washed by the sea.*

ἌΛΙΣ, Adv. (ἀλής) *in heaps, crowds, swarms, in abundance, enough*, Lat. *satis*: also c. gen., ἅλς ἀργύρου *silver enough*, Lat. *sat argenti*; ἅλς ἔχω τινός I have enough of a thing: rarely just enough, = μετρίως.

ἄλίσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἌΛΙΣΓΕ'Ω, f. ἡσώ, to pollute. Hence

ἀλίσγημα, ατος, τό, a pollution.

ἀλίσκομαι, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αἰρέω, impf. ἡλίσκόμην: fut. ἀλώσομαι: aor. 2 syncope. ἤλω, Att. also ἔαλαν []; subj. ἄλῳ, Ep. ἄλωω; opt. ἀλόην, Ep. ἀλόην; inf. ἄλῶναι [ᾱ]; part. ἄλούς: pf. ἤλωκα, Att. also ἔαλωκα [ᾱ]: plqpf. ἤλωκαίεν:—to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's hand.

2. to be caught, seized.

3. to be taken or caught in hunting: also absol. to be overpowered.

4. rarely in good sense, to be won, achieved.

II. to be caught or detected in a thing: as Att. law-term, to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; ἄλῶναι κλοπῆς to be convicted of theft.

ἀλι-στέφανος, ον, = sq.

ἀλι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἄλς, στέφω) *sea-girt.*

ἀλι-στονος, ον, (ἄλς, στένω) *sea-resounding.*

ἀλι-στός, ῆ, ὄν, (ἀλίω) *salted, pickled.*

ἀλι-στρεπτος, ον, (ἄλς, στρέφω) *whirled or rolled to and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.*

ἀλιταῖνος, f. ἀλιτήσω: aor. 2 ἤλιτον, inf. ἀλιτεῖν: later also aor. I ἤλιτησα.—Med., aor. 2 ἤλιτόμην, 3 pl. Ep. ἀλιτόντο, inf. ἀλιτέσθαι: see ἀλιτήμενος: (ᾤλη):—to sin or offend against, to transgress, err.

ἀ-λιτάνευτος, α (a privat., λιτανεύω) *not to be moved by prayer.*

ἀλιτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλι-τενής, ἐς, (ἄλς, τείνω) *stretching along the sea, and so level, flat.*

ἀλι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, τέρμω) *bounded by the sea, bordering on it.*

ἀλιτήμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλιτεῖν) *a sin, offence.*

ἀλιτήμενος, a part. med. of ἀλιταῖνω, with accent and signif. of pres., sinning, as if formed from ἀλιτήμ. Compare τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος.

ἀλιτ-ήμερος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ἡμέρα) *missing the right day or right time: hence untimely born.*

ἀλιτήμω, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, wicked.*

ἀλιτήριος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, laden with guilt: ἀλιτήριός τινος sinning against him.*

ἀλιτό-φρων, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, φρέων) *sinning against a guest.*

ἀλιτο-φροσύνη, ῆ, (ἀλιτεῖν, φρήν) *a wicked mind.*

ἀλιταῖνω, = ἀλιταῖνω.

ἀλιτρία, ῆ, (ἀλιτρός) *sinfulness, wickedness, mischief.*

ἀλιτρό-νοος, ον, (ἀλιτρός, νόος) *wicked-minded.*

ἀλιτρός, ὄν, syncope. for ἀλιτρός, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, sinning: as Subst., ἀλιτρός, ὁ, a sinner, a knave.*

ἀλί-τρυτος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, τρύω) *sea-beaten, sea-worn.*

ἀλί-τύπος, ον, (ἄλς, τύπτω) *sea-beaten, sea-tossed:*

as Subst., ἀλίτυπος, ὁ, a seaman.

ἀλί-τύρος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τυρός) *a salt cheese.*

ἀλίφῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ἀλείφω.

ἀλιφθορία, ῆ, *shipwreck.* From

ἀλι-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλς, φθείρω) *destroying on the sea* as Subst. ἀλιφθόρος, ὁ, a pirate.

ἄλιως, Adv. of ἄλιος, *in vain.*

ἀλκαῖος, α, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, mighty.*

ἄλκαρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἀλκή) *a safeguard, bulwark, defence.*

ἀλκάς, ἄντος, ὁ, ῆ, Dor. contr. from ἀλκαῖος, = ἀλκή.

ἀλκή, ῆ, (ἀλαλκεῖν) *bodily strength, force, prowess, power, might: in plur. ἀλκαί, feats of strength.* II. *spirit, courage.* III. *a safeguard, defence; and so help, succour.* IV. *battle, fight.*

Ἀλκήεις, εσσα, εν: Dor. ἀλκαῖος contr. ἀλκάς, gen. ἀλκᾶντος: (ἀλκή) *valiant, mighty.*

ἀλκή, heterocl. Ep. dat. of ἀλκή, formed as if from ἄλξ.

ἀλκί-μαχος, ον, (ἀλκή, μάχομαι) *bravely-fighting.*

ἀλκίμος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, stout, brave.*

ἀλκί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλκή, φρήν) *stout-hearted.*

ἀλκτιήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀλαλκεῖν) *one who wards off, protector.*

ἀλκυονίδες, αἰ, with or without ἡμέραι, (ἀλκυών) *balcony days, the 14 winter days during which the balcony builds its nest, supposed to be quite calm.*

ἌΛΚΥ'Ω'Ν, ὄνος, ῆ, the kingfisher, balcony.

ἌΛΛΑ', Conjunction, neut. pl. of ἄλλος, but with a change of accent:—in another way, otherwise: I.

to oppose single clauses, *but*, Lat. *autem*. II. to oppose whole sentences, *but, yet*, Lat. *at*:—it may even be used with imperat., to encourage, persuade etc., like Lat. *tandem*; ἀλλ' ἔθι, ἀλλ' ἄγε, *well come come now*.

III. joined with other Particles: I. ἀλλ' οὐν, *but then, however*.

2. ἀλλὰ γάρ, Lat. *enimvero*, but really, certainly.

ἀλλάγῃ, ῆ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a change: exchange, barter.*

ἀλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken in exchange, the price of a thing.

ἀλλαντοπωλέω, to sell sausages. From

ἀλλαντο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἀλλας, πωλέω) *a sausage seller.*

ἀλλάξει, ἀλλάξασθαι, aor. I act. and med. inf. ο ἀλλάσσω.

ἀλλάξις, εως, ῆ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a changing, interchange.*

ἌΛΛΑ'Σ, ἄντος, ὁ, a sausage.

ἀλλάσσω, Att. -τω, f. ἄλω: aor. I ἠλλαξα: pf. ἠλλαχα:—Pass., fut. I ἀλλαχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀλλαγή

σομαι: aor. 1 ἡλλάχθην, aor. 2 ἡλλάγην: pf. ἡλλαγμαί: (ἄλλος):—to make other than it is, to change, alter.

II. to give in exchange, to requite, repay.

2. to change, and so leave, quit.

III. to take in exchange, exchange, τί τινος or ἀντί τινος one thing for another.

2. to go to, c. acc. loci, like Lat. mutare.

IV. Med. to change or alter one's own, but oftener to exchange for oneself, exchange, interchange: hence to barter, traffic:—and so, either

1. to buy, or 2. to sell.

ἀλλάχῃ, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi; ἄλλοτε ἀλλάχῃ at one time in one place, at another in another.

ἀλλαχόθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place: by another way.

ἀλλάχθῃ, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, somewhere else.

ἀλλαχόρε, Adv. elsewhere, to another place.

ἀλλάχου, Adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, Lat. alibi.

ἄλλεγον, ἄλλεξαι, Ep. for ἀνέλεγον, ἀναλέξαι, v. ἀναλέγειν.

ἄλλῃ, Adv. properly dat. fem. of ἄλλος, I. Adv. of Place:

1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat. alibi.

2. to another place, elsewhere, Lat. aliorum.

II. Adv. of Manner, in another way, somehow else, otherwise, Lat. alias.

ἀλλ' ἤ, i. e. ἄλλο ἤ, except.

ἀλλά-ἡγορέω, (ἄλλος, ἀγορεύω) to speak so as to imply other than what is said, to express or to interpret allegorically.

ἀλ-ληκτος, on, poet. for ἀ-ληκτος.

ἀλληλοφάγια, ἡ, an eating one another. From

ἀλληλο-φάγος, on, (ἀλλήλων, φάγειν) eating one another.

ἀλληλοφθορία, ἡ, mutual destruction. From

ἀλληλο-φθόρος, on, (ἀλλήλων, φθείρω) destroying one another.

ἀλληλοφονία, ἡ, mutual slaughter. From

ἀλληλο-φόνος, on, (ἀλλήλων, *φένω) murdering one another.

ἀλλήλων, a gen. plur. which has no nom.: dat. ἀλλήλοις, ais, ois: acc. ἀλλήλους, as, a: (ἄλλος):—of one another, to one another, one another. Hence

ἀλλήλως, Adv. reciprocally, mutually.

ἀλ-ιστος, on, poet. for ἀ-ιστος, (α privat., λισσομαι) inexorable.

ἀλ-λιτάνευτος, on, poet. for ἀ-λιτάνευτος, (α privat., λιτανεύω) inexorable.

ἄλλο-γενής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, γένος) of another race: a foreigner.

ἄλλό-γλωσσος, on, (ἄλλος, γλῶσσα) of a strange tongue, foreign.

ἄλλο-γνώω, Ion. aor. 1 part. ἄλλογνώσας, (ἄλλος, γνῶω) to take one person or thing for another, to mistake.

ἄλλό-γνωτος, on, (ἄλλος, γινώσκω) mistaken for another person or thing, unknown.

ἄλλο-δᾶπός, ἡ, ὅν, strange, foreign, belonging to another people or land: ἀλλοδαπή (sc. γῆ) in a strange land. (Deriv. of -δαπος uncertain.)

ἄλλοδοξέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλλόδοξος) to mistake one thing for another. Hence

ἄλλοδοξία, ἡ, a mistaking one thing for another.

ἄλλό-δοξος, on, (ἄλλος, δόξα) holding another opinion.

ἄλλο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἄλλος, εἶδος) of different form, looking differently.

ἄλλοθ', Ep. elision for ἄλλοθι.

ἄλλοθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place, Lat. aliunde.

ἄλλοθι, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi.

II. in another way, in another case, otherwise, Lat. alias.

ἄλλό-θροος, on, contr. -θρους, on, (ἄλλος, θρόος) speaking another tongue, strange, foreign.

ἄλλοίος, α, on, (ἄλλος) of another sort or kind, different, other:—Comp. ἀλλοιότερος, different.

ἄλλοίω, f. ὥσω: aor. 1 ἡλλοίωσα:—Pass., pf. ἡλλοίωμαι: (ἄλλοίος):—to make different, to change, alter:—Pass. to become different, be changed: esp. to be changed for the worse.

ἄλλοίως, Adv. of ἀλλοίος, otherwise.

ἄλλοκα, Aeol. for ἄλλοτε.

ἄλλόκοτος, on, (ἄλλος) of unusual kind, strange, monstrous: also utterly changed. Adv. -τως.

*ἈΛΛΟΜΑΙ, Lat. SAL-IO: fut. ἀλοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἡλάμην, inf. ἄλασθαι: aor. 2 ἡλόμην; Ep. syncop. 2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) ἄλσο, ἄλτο; 3 subj. ἄληται, Ep. ἄλεται; inf. ἄλέσθαι; part. ἄλόμενος, Ep. ἄλμενος: Dep.:—to spring, leap, bound.

ἄλλο-πρόσ-ἄλλος, ὁ, i. e. ἄλλοτε πρὸς ἄλλον, one who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain.

*ἈΛΛΟΣ, ἡ, ο, Lat. ALIUS, another, other: I.

ἄλλος τις, or τίς ἄλλος, any other, some other: εἰ τις ἄλλος, Lat. si quis alius, whoever else.

2. ἄλλος is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs derived from it, as ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει one man says one thing, one another.

3. joined with the Art., ὁ ἄλλος, the other, the rest; in plur. οἱ ἄλλοι, all the others, the rest, all besides, Lat. ceteri; τὰ ἄλλα, Lat. cetera, reliqua, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest, besides: οἱ τε ἄλλοι καί.. all others and especially..: so also ἄλλως τε καί.., both otherwise and.., i. e. especially.

4. ἄλλος is used with numerals, when it means yet, still, further, etc.; πέμπτος ποταμός ἄλλος, yet a fifth river.

II. more rarely like ἀλλοῖος, of other sort, different: hence

1. other than what is common, strange, foreign.

2. other than what is, untrue, unreal.

ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἄλλος) to another place, elsewhere, to foreign lands, Lat. aliorum.

ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἄλλος, ὅτε) at another time, at other times; ἄλλοτε.., ἄλλοτε.., at one time, at another.

ἄλλο τι; Adv. (ἄλλος, τίς) anything else? Lat. numquid aliud? when followed by ἤ, the sentence is elliptic, e. g. ἄλλο τι ἡ πενήσουσι; i. e. ἄλλο τι πείσονται, ἡ πενήσουσι; will they feel aught else but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger? but ἤ is sometimes omitted.

ἀλλοτριάζω, (ἀλλότριος) to be estranged.
 ἀλλοτριο-ἐπίσκοπος, ον, (ἀλλότριος, ἐπίσκοπος) a busy-body in other men's matters.

ἀλλοτριο-πράγην, (ἀλλότριος, πράσσω) to meddle with other people's business. Hence

ἀλλοτριοπράγία, ἡ, meddlingness.

ἀλλότριος, α, ον, (ἄλλος) of or belonging to another, Lat. alienus, opp. to ἴδιος; ἀλλοτρίων χάρισασθαι to be bountiful of what is another's; ἀλλοτρίοις γραβμοῖς γελᾶν to laugh with a face unlike one's own, Horace's ridere malis alienis. II. foreign, Lat. peregrinus: hence strange, alien: also estranged, hostile.

ἀλλοτριάτης, ἡτος, ἡ, (ἀλλότριος) estrangement.

ἀλλοτρίο-χρως, χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλλότριος, χρώς) of divers colours.

ἀλλοτρίω, f. ὄσω, to make strange, estrange, make hostile or ill-disposed:—Pass. to become estranged, be made an enemy. II. to bring into another's hands:—Pass. to fall into strangers' hands. Hence

ἀλλοτρίως, Adv. of ἀλλότριος, strangely; ἀλλοτρίως ἔχειν to be estranged.

ἀλλοτρίωσις, εως, ἡ, estrangement.

ἄλλου, Adv. elsewhere, in another place, Lat. alibi.

ἄλ-λοφος, ον, Ep. for ἄ-λοφος.

ἄλλο-φρονέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλλος, φρονέω) to be of another mind: to give no heed to a thing. II. to think otherwise than as one should, to think wrongly. 2. to be absent or unheeding: also to be senseless, lose one's wits.

ἄλλο-φύλος, ον, (ἄλλος, φυλή) of another tribe, foreign, strange.

ἄλλο-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ονν, (ἄλλος, χρώα) of another colour, changeful of hue.

ἄλλο-χρως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἄλλοχροος, foreign.

ἄλλυθις, Adv. (ἄλλος) = ἄλλοσε, elsewhere: Hom. has it only with ἄλλος, e.g. ἄλλυθις ἄλλος one thither nother thither.

ἄλλυσκε, ἀλλύουσα [ῥ], Ep. for ἀνέλυε, ἀναλύουσα: see ἀναλύω.

ἄλλως, Adv. of ἄλλος, in another way or manner, otherwise; ἄλλως πως in some other way; ἄλλως τε καὶ . . both otherwise and . . , i.e. especially, above all. II. otherwise than . . , differently: hence in good sense, better. 2. otherwise than as should be: heedlessly, without purpose: without reason: also in vain: for nothing, like προῖκα, Lat. gratis: hence = μόνον, only, merely.

ἄλμα, τό, (ἄλλομαι) a spring, leap, bound.

ἄλμη, ἡ, (ἄλς) sea-water that has dried: also the sea. 2. salt-water, brine. II. saltiness.

ἀλμῆις, εσσα, εν, (ἄλμη) salt, briny.

ἄλμυρός, α, ὄν, (ἄλμη) salt, briny. 2. metaph. bitter, distasteful, like Lat. amarus.

ἌΛΟΑῶΝ, poet. ἄλοῖω: 3 sing. Ep. impf. ἄλοῖα: 3rd. ἄλοῖσας: aor. 1 ἡλόησα, Ep. ἡλοῖησα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἡλόηθην: pf. ἡλόημαι:—to thresh, thresh out: to cudgel.

ἄ-λοβος, ον, with a lobe wanting, of the livers of victims.

ἀλογέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλογος) to pay no regard to a thing, take no heed of it, Lat. rationem rei non habere. 2. to be out of one's senses. Hence

ἄλογία, ἡ, want of regard or esteem, contempt. II. want of reason, senselessness, folly.

ἄ-λόγιστος, ον, (α privat., λογιζομαι) unreasoning, thoughtless, silly. II. not to be reckoned. 2. not to be heeded, vile.

ἄ-λογος, ον, 1. without speech, speechless.

2. unspeakable, i. e. unsuitable, Lat. infandus.

II. without reason, irrational. 2. not according to reason: contrary to reason, absurd. 3. not reckoned upon, unexpected.

ἌΔΟΨΗ, ἡ, the aloe, a plant.

ἀλοητός, ὁ, (ἀλοῶν) threshing or threshing-time.

ἀλόθεν, Adv. (ἄλς) from or out of the sea.

ἀλοῖα, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλοῖω.

ἀλοῖω, poet. for ἀλοῶν.

ἀλοῖην, aor. 2 opt. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄ-λοιδορήτος, ον, (α privat., λοιδορέω) unreviled: not to be reviled.

ἄ-λοιδορος, ον, not reviling.

ἀλοιφή, ἡ, (ἀλείφω) anything for smearing: hog's lard, grease: also anointing-oil, unguent: generally, ointment, varnish, paint.

ἀλοκίεω, f. σω, (ἀλοξ) to trace furrows, to write, draw.

ἀλοκίε[α], dual aor. 2 part. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἌΔΟΞ, okos, ἡ, a poet. form of ἀύλαξ, never used in nom. sing., a furrow ploughed in a field: ploughed land, corn-land. 2. in the skin, a gasb, wound.

Ἄλοο-ῶννη, ἡ, (ἄλς, ὠννη) the sea-born: child of the sea, a name of Amphitrité and of Thetis.

ἄλ-οτριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (ἄλς, τρίβω) a pestle for pounding salt.

ἄλ-ουργής, see ἀλουργός.

ἄλ-ουργίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλουργός) a purple robe.

ἄλ-ουργός, ὄν, and ἄλ-ουργής, ἑς, (ἄλς, *ἔργω) purple-wrought, i.e. dyed with sea-purple, of a genuine purple: in pl., τὰ ἀλουργή purple robes.

ἄλοῦς, ἀλούσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλουσία, ἡ, want of the bath. From

ἄ-λουτος, (α privat., λούω) unwashed.

ἄ-λοφος, Ep. ἄλ-λοφος, ον, without a crest.

ἄ-λοχος, ον, ἡ, (α copul., λέχος) the partner of one's bed, a wife.

ἄλω, Ep. for ἀλάου, pres. imperat. of ἀλάομαι.

ἄλπιστος, η, ον, Sup. of obsol. ἄλπνος, sweetest, loveliest.

ἌΛΣ, ἄλός, ὁ, Lat. SAL, Engl. SALT: in sing. a grain or lump of salt; in plur. salt as prepared for use.

ἌΛΣ, ἄλός, ἡ, the sea.

Ἄλσο, ἄλτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἄλλομαι.

ἌΛΣΟΣ, εος, τό, a place grown with trees and grass, a grove, esp. a sacred grove: also a glade.

ἄλ-οῦδης, ἐς, (ἄλσος, εἶδος) like a grove, woodland.

ἄλτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλλομαι) good at leaping, nimble.

ἄλτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλς) salt.

ἀλукτάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀλύνω) to be in trouble or dis-

tress: also pf. pass. ἀλαλύκῃμαι, as if from a pres. ἀλυκτω.

ἀλυκτο-πέδη, ἥ, (ἀλυκτος II, πέδη) an indissoluble bond or fetter.

ἀλυκτος, ον, (ἀλῶ) troubled. II. (α privat., λύνω) = ἄλυτος, indissoluble.

ἀλύξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀλύσκει.

ἀλυσξ, εως, ἥ, (ἀλύσκει) an escaping, avoiding.

ἀ-λύπητος, ον, (α privat., λυπέω) not pained or grieved.

II. act. not raining or distressing.

ἀ-λύτος, ον, (α privat., λυπή) without pain or grief, unpained.

II. act. not raining, causing no pain or grief, harmless.

ἀ-λύρος, ον, (α privat., λύρα) without the lyre, unaccompanied by it: hence mournful.

ἀλυσις, εως, ἥ, α chain, bond. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-λυστέλης, ἐς, useless, unprofitable: hence hurtful. Adv. -λῶς.

ἀλυσκάω, strengthd. for ἀλύσκει, used only in pres. and impf.

ἀλυσκάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκει.

ἀλύσκει, fut. ἀλύξω and ἀλύξομαι: aor. I ἤλυξα, Ep. ἀλυξα: (ἀλέω):—to flee from, shun, avoid, forsake.

ἀλυσσω, f. ἔλω, (ἀλῶ) to be uneasy, have no rest.

ἀ-λύτος, ον, (α privat., λύνω) not to be loosed or broken, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless.

ἀ-λυχνος, ον, without lamp or light.

ἌΛΤΩ, Att. ἄλῶ, used only in pres. and impf.:

(ἄλῃ, ἄλδομαι):—to wander of the mind, to be ill at ease, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like ἀπορέω: more rarely to be beside oneself for joy. [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

ἌΔΦΑΝΩ; aor. 2 ἤλφον, 3 sing. opt. ἄλφοι:—to bring in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. φθόνον ἄλφάνειν to incur envy.

ἀλφεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλφάνω.

ἀλφεσί-βοιος, α, ον, (ἀλφεῖν, βοῦς) bringing in oxen: hence of maidens whose parents receive many oxen as presents from their suitors, much-courted.

ἀλφηστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀλφεῖν) always in phrase ἄνδρες ἀλφησταί, gain-seeking, enterprising, industrious men: esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.

ἀλφιτ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀλφίτον, ἀμείβω) a dealer in barley-meal.

ἌΛΦΙΤΩΝ [ῥ], τό, peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. polenta: sing. only in phrase ἀλφίτου ἀκτῆ, barley-meal: elsewhere in plur. ἄλφιτα, barley-groats, and the cakes or porridge made of it.

2. metaph. one's daily bread, one's substance: παρὰ ἀλφίτα one's patrimony.

ἀλφίτοποιτα, ἥ, α preparing of barley-meal. From ἀλφίτο-ποιός, ὁ, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal.

ἀλφίτο-σιτέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀλφίτον, σιτέω) to eat, live on barley-meal, or bread made of it.

ἀλφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀλφάνω.

ἄλω, acc. of ἄλως.

ἄλῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλωεινός, ἥ, ὄν, (ἄλως) used on a threshing-floor.

ἄλωεύς, εως, Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (ἄλῳ) a thresher, vine-dresser.

ἄλῳ, Dor. ἄλῳά, poet. for Att. ἔλως: I. α threshing-floor.

II. any levelled plot of ground, a garden, orchard, vineyard, etc.

ἄλῳ, Ep. for ἄλῳ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

II. ἄλῳ, Ep. for ἄλῳ, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of same verb.

ἄλῳτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄλῳ) a busbandman, gardener. [ᾱ]

ἄλωμέναι, Ep. for ἄλῶναι, aor. 2 inf. cf ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλωμενος, η, ον, part. of ἄλδομαι.

ἄλῶν, ἄλῳς, ἥ, = ἄλως.

ἄλῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλωπεκή, ἥ, Att. contr. from Ion. ἄλωπεκέη (sub. δορά): (ἄλῳπῆ) a foxskin.

ἄλωπεκίς, ον, ὁ, (ἄλῳπῆ) branded with a fox.

ἄλωπεκιδεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἄλῳπῆ) a fox's cub.

ἄλωπεκίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλῳπῆ) to play the fox, Lat. vulpinari.

ἄλωπέκων, τό, Dim. of ἄλῳπῆ, a little fox.

ἄλωπεκίς, ἴδος, ἥ, (ἄλῳπῆ) a mongrel between fox and dog.

II. a fox-skin cap.

ἌΛῶΠΗΞ, εκος, ἥ, a fox, Lat. vulpes: metaph. of men.

ἌΛῶΞ, ω, ἥ: gen. ἄλῳ or ἄλῳς: acc. ἄλῳ, ἄλῳν or ἄλῳα: pl. n. ἄλῳι:—α threshing-floor.

II. the disk of the sun or moon.

ἄλῳστμος, ον, (ἄλῳναι) easy to take, catch, win, or conquer.

2. of the mind, easy to apprehend. II. (ἔλῳσις) of or belonging to capture or conquest.

ἄλῳσις, εως, ἥ, (ἄλῳναι) a taking, capture, conquest.

II. as law-term, detection, conviction.

ἄλῳσμαι, fut. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄλῳτός, ἥ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἄλῳναι, to be taken, caught or conquered: to be acquired.

ἄλῳ, Ep. for ἄλῳ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄμ, for ἀνά—but ἄμ, for ἄμα.

ἌΜΑ, I. Adv. at once, Lat. simul. II. Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with.

ἄμα, Dor. for ἄμα.

Ἄμαζών, ἴνος, ἥ, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also Ἀμαζονίδες.

ἄμαθής, (ἄμαθής) to be ignorant, stupid.

ἄ-μαθής, ἐς, (α privat., μαθεῖν) untaught, unlearned, stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without knowledge of a thing.

II. pass. not learnt, unknown.

Hence

ἄμαθία, ἥ, want of knowledge, ignorance.

ἄμαθής, ἔσσα, ἔσιν, contr. ἄμαθούς, οὔσσα, οὔν, (ἄμαθος) = Ep. ἡμαθής, sandy.

ἌΜΑΘΟΣ, ἥ, (ἄμμος) sand, a sandy soil: see ψάμμος. [ᾱμ-]

ἄμαδύνω, (ἄμαθος) to level with the sand, utterly destroy.

ἄμαθῶς, Adv. of ἄμαθής, ignorantly; ἄμαθῶς ἔχειν to be ignorant.

ἄ-μαμάκετος, η, ον, lengthd. form of ἄμαχος, irresistible, huge, enormous.

ἄμαλδύνω, poet. for ἄμαλύνω, (ἄμαλός) properly to

soften: hence to *crush, destroy, ruin*. 2. *metaph. to hide, disguise*.

ἀ-μάλθακτος, *ov*, (a privat., μαλθάσσω) *unsoftened*.
 ἀμάλλα, ἡ, (ἀμάω) *a bundle of ears of corn, sheaf*.
 ἀμάλλο-δετήρ, ἦρος, and ἀμάλλο-δετής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀμάλλα, δέω) *a binder of sheaves*.

ἀμᾶλός, Att. ἀμαλός, ἡ, ὅν, = ἀπαλός, *soft, light*, Lat. *tener*. 2. *weak, feeble*.

ἀμαξα, Att. ἄμαξα, ἡ, (ἀγω) *a carriage, a wagon or wain*. 2. *the carriage of the plough*, Lat. *currus*. 3. *Charles' wain in the heavens, the great bear*. 4. *a carriage-road*. Hence

ἀμαξεύομαι, Pass. *to be traversed by wagons, to have wagon-roads through it*.

ἀμαξεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (ἀμαξα) *a wagoner*.

ἀμαξ-ἡλάτος, *ov*, (ἀμαξα, ἐλαύνω) *traversed by wagons*.

ἀμαξ-ήρης, *es*, (ἀμαξα, *ἄρω, Root of ἐπαρίσκω) *attached or belonging to a wagon or carriage*.

ἀμαξιαίος, *a, ov*, (ἀμαξα) *fit for a wagon: large enough to load a wagon, of stones*.

ἀμαξίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of ἀμαξα, *a little wagon*, Lat. *plostellum*: *a go-cart*.

ἀμαξίτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀμαξα) *of or belonging to a wagon*. [2]

ἀμαξ-ίτος, ὅν, (ἀμαξα, εἰμι) *traversed by wagons*: as Subst. ἀμαξίτης (sub. ὁδός), ἡ, *a big-road for wagons*.

ἀμαξο-πληθής, ἔς, (ἀμαξα, πλήθος) *large enough to fill a wagon*.

ἀμαξ-ουργός, ὅν, (ἀμαξα, *ἔργω) *making wagons or carriages*.

ἄμαρ, *atos*, τό, Dor. for ἡμαρ.

ἄμαρ'α, ἡ, *a trench, conduit, water-course*. [ἄμπα]

ἀμαράντιος, ἡ, *ov*, = ἀμάραντος.

ἀ-μάραντος, *ov*, (a privat., μαραίνω) *unfading*.

ἄΜΑΡΤΑΝΩ, fut. ἀμαρτήσομαι, later -ήσω: aor. I ἡμάρτησα: aor. 2 ἡμαρτον, inf. ἀμαρτεῖν, Ep. by metath. (with β inserted) ἡμβροτον: pf. ἡμάρτηκα: Pass., aor. I ἡμαρτήθην: pf. ἡμάρτημαι:—to miss, miss the mark, c. gen.: hence

2. generally, *to fail of doing, fail of one's purpose, go wrong: to be deprived of a thing, lose it*. II. *to fail, do wrong, err, sin*.

ἀμαρτον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτή, or ἀμαρτή, Adv. (ἀμα) *together, at the same time, at once*. [ἀμ-]

ἀμάρτημα, τό, (ἀμαρτεῖν) *a failure, error, sin*.

ἀμαρτήσομαι, fut. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτηκός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀμαρτεῖν) *prone to fail or err*.

ἀμαρτία, ἡ, (ἀμαρτεῖν) *a failure, error, sin*.

ἀμαρτί-voos, *ov*, (ἀμαρτεῖν, νόος) *erring in mind, distraught*.

ἀμαρτιον, τό, = ἀμάρτημα.

ἀμαρτο-επής, ἔς, (ἀμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) *failing in words, speaking at random or idly*.

ἀ-μαρτύρητος, *ov*, (a privat., μαρτύρεω) *without witness*.

ἀ-μαρτύρος, *ov*, (a privat., μάρτυς) *without witness, unattested*.

ἀμαρτολή, ἡ, = ἀμαρτία.

ἀμαρτωλός, ὅν, (ἀμαρτάνω) *sinful, hardened in sin*.

ἀμάρνυγ, ἡ, = ἀμαρμυγή, *a sparkling, twinkling, glancing*, of objects in motion. [ῥ, but in Ep. ῥ.]

ἀμάρνυμα, τό, *a sparkle, twinkle, quick motion*. From ἄΜΑΡΤ'ΣΣΩ, only used in pres. and impf. *to sparkle, twinkle, glance*.

ἀμάς, Dor. for ἡμάς.

ἀμα-τροχάω, only used in Ep. part. ἀματροχάων, (ἀμα, τρέχω) *to run together, run along with*. Hence

ἀματροχιά, ἡ, *a running together or clashing of wheels*.

ἀμαυρός, ἄ, ὅν, *dark, dim, faint, obscure*. 2. *having no light*: hence *blind, sightless, dusky, gloomy*. II. *metaph. dim, uncertain*. 2. *obscure, unknown*. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ἀμαυρώ, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἡμαύρωσα: pf. ἡμαύρωκα:—to make dark or dim:—mostly in Pass. *to become dark or dim*; also *to come to nothing*. II. *metaph. to eclipse: to weaken, impair*.

ἀμαχεῖ, Adv. of ἀμαχος, *without resistance*.

ἀ-μάχητος, *ov*, poet. for ἀμάχητος.

ἀμάχητί, Adv. of ἀμάχητος, *without fighting*.

ἀ-μάχητος, *ov*, (a privat., μάχομαι) *not to be fought with, unconquerable*. II. *never having fought*.

ἀμάχῃ, Adv. of ἀμαχος, = ἀμαχεῖ.

ἀ-μάχος, *ov*, (a privat., μάχη) *without battle, and so*. I. *with whom no one fights, unconquered*: unconquerable, of persons: of places, *impregnable*. II. *act. not having fought*. 2. *disinclined to fight*.

ἄΜΑ'Α: contr. impf. ἤμων: f. ἀμήσω: aor. I ἤμωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἤμωθην: pf. ἤμωμαι:—to reap, to mow: also *to gather in*, as a reaper does corn, *to collect*. [generally, ᾤ Ep.: ᾤ Att.]

ἀμβ-, for ἀναβ-, at the beginning of words.

ἀμβάη, Ep. for ἀναβαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀναβαίνειν.

ἀμβαλλώμεθα, Ion. and Ep. for ἀναβαλλ-.

ἀμβᾶσις, ἡ, poet. for ἀνάβασις.

ἀμβλίσκω and ἀμβλώω, f. ἀμβλώσω: aor. I ἡμβλωσα: pf. ἡμβλωκα: (ἀμβλός):—to have an abortion, miscarry.

ἀμβλάνω [ῥ], f. ῥῶω: aor. I ἡμβλῶνα:—Pass., fut. ἀμβλυνθήσομαι: aor. I ἡμβλύνθην: pf. ἡμβλυνμαι: (ἀμβλῶν):—to blunt, dull, take the edge off, Lat. *bebetare*:—Pass. *to become blunt or dull, lose the edge*.

ἄΜΒΛΥ'Σ, εἶα, ὕ, blunt, dulled, with the edge or point taken off, Lat. *bebes*: metaph. *dull, faint, feeble*: of persons, *spiritless, sluggish*. Hence

ἀμβλύτης [ῥ], ἦτος, ἡ, *dulness: sluggishness*.

ἀμβλύ-ωπος, *ov*, = ἀμβλωπος.

ἀμβλῶσσω, Att. -τω, (ἀμβλύς) *to be dim-sighted or blind*.

ἀμβλ-ωπός, ὅν, and ἀμβλ-ώψ, ὥπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀμβλύς, ὥψ) *dim-looking, dark, obscure*.

ἀμ-βολάδην, Adv., poet. for ἀνα-βολάδην, (ἀνα-βάλλω) *bubbling up*. II. (ἀναβολή) *like a prelude*.

ἀμ-βολάς, for ἀνα-βολάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) γῆ ἀμβολάς earth *thrown up*.

ἀμβολι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀναβάλλω, ἔργον) poet. for ἀνα-βολ., *putting off work, lazy*.

ἀμβροσία, Ion. -ῆς, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀμβρόσιος) *ambrosia, the food of the gods*.

ἀμ-βρόσιος, α, ὄν, lengthd. form of ἀμ-βροτος, *immortal, divine, of divine nature*. II. of things belonging to the gods, *ambrosial, divinely fair*.

ἀμβροτεῖν, Ep. for ἀμαρτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμαρτάνω. ἀμ-βροτος, ὄν, (α privat., βροτός) *immortal, divine*.

ἀναβοάσας, Ion. for ἀναβοήσας, aor. I part. of ἀναβοάω.

ἀμέ or ἀμέ, Dor. for ἡμᾶς.

ἀ-μέγαρτος, ὄν, (α privat., μεγαίρω) *unenvied, unenviable, unhappy*: as a reproach, *wretched, miserable*: also *horrible*.

ἀμεθύστινος, ἡ, ὄν, of *amethyst*. From ἀ-μέθυστος, ὄν, (α privat., μεθύω) *not drunken*. II. as Subst. ἀμεθύστος, ἡ, or ἀμεθύστον, τό, *a remedy against drunkenness*: I. *a kind of herb*. 2. *the precious stone, amethyst*.

ἌΜΕΙΨΩ, Ep. impf. ἀμειβόν: fut. ἀμείψω: aor. I ἡμειψαί: I. Act. *to change, exchange*; χάλκεα χρυσεῖα τεύχεα ἀμείβειν *to exchange golden arms for brasen*: esp. of place, *to change it*, and so *to pass, cross*: like Lat. *muto*, either *to quit a place, or to go to it*. II. intrans. in part. ἐν ἀμείβοντι = ἀμοιβαδῖς, *in exchange*: ἀμειβόμενοι, *rafters that cross each other*.

III. Med. *to change one with another, do in turn or alternately*. 2. *to answer, reply to*. 3. *to repay, requite, vengeance*. 4. like Act. *to change, esp. of place, to pass either out or in*: metaph. *to surpass*.

ἀ-μείδηντος, ὄν, (α privat., μειδάω) *not smiling, gloomy*.

ἀ-μείλικτος, ὄν, (α privat., μειλίσσω) *unsoothed*:

harsh, cruel.

ἀ-μειλικῶς, ὄν, = foreg. *harsh, severe*: *relentless, unassuaged*.

ἀμεινών, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, *better*: of persons, *abler, stronger, braver*.

ἌΜΕΙΡΩ, = ἀμείρω.

ἀμειψάμενος, ἀμειψασθαι, aor. I med. of ἀμείβω.

ἀμειψίς, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) *exchange*: *succession*.

ἌΜΕΛΓΩ, f. ζω, to MILK, Lat. MULGERE. II. *to press or squeeze out*: metaph. *to drain, exhaust*. III. *to sip, drink*.

ἀμέλει, imperat. of ἀμελέω, *never mind*. Hence as Adv. *by all means, of course*.

ἀμέλεια, ἡ, (ἀμελής) *heedlessness, indifference*.

ἀμελετησία, ἡ, *want of practice or attention*. From ἀ-μελήτης, ὄν, (α privat., μελετάω) *unpractised, unprepared*.

ἀμελέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡμέλησα, Ep. ἀμ-: pf. ἡμέληκα: (ἀμελής):—*to be careless, heedless, negligent*. 2. *to neglect, have no care for, slight*. 3. *to overlook, and so to let, suffer*. 4. *to neglect to do*:—Pass. *to be neglected, slighted, overlooked*.

ἀ-μελής, ἐς, (α privat., μέλει) *careless, heedless, negligent*. II. pass. *uncared for, unheeded*.

ἀμελήτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀμελέω, *one must neglect*.

ἀμελήτος, ὄν, (ἀμελέω) like ἀμελής, *not cared for*: *unworthy of care*.

ἀμέλεια, ἡ, poet. for ἀμέλεια, *heedlessness*.

ἀ-μέλλητος, ὄν, (α privat., μέλλω) *not delayed*: *not to be delayed*.

ἀμελῆς, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀμελῶ) *a milking*.

ἀμελῶς, Adv. of ἀμελής, *carelessly*: ἀμελῶς ἔχειν *to be careless*.

ἀ-μεμπος, ὄν, (α privat., μέφομαι) *not to be blamed, blameless*: of things, *perfect*:—Adv. -τως, so as to merit no blame. II. act. *not blaming, finding no fault, well content*.

ἀ-μεμφής, ἐς, = ἀμεμπος II.

ἀμεμφία, ἡ, (ἀμεμφής) *blamelessness, freedom from blame*.

ἀμεναι, for ἀμέναι, Ep. inf. of ἀω, *to satisfy*.

ἀ-μενήος, ὄν, (α privat., μένος) *faint, feeble*: *weakly or sickly*. Hence

ἀ-μενήνω, Ep. aor. I ἀμενήνωσα, *to make weak, weaken the force of*.

ἀμέρα, Dor. for ἡμέρα.

ἌΜΕΡΓΩ, f. ζω, to *pluck or pull*, Lat. *decerpere*.

ἀμέρδω, f. σω: aor. I ἡμερσα, Ep. ἀμ-: aor. I pass. ἡμέρην: (prob. from α privat., μέρος):—*to deprive of one's share, bereave one of*:—Pass. *to be bereft of a thing, lose it*.

ἀ-μέριμνος, ὄν, (α privat., μέριμνα) *free from care, unconcerned*. II. pass. *uncared for, unheeded*. III. *driving away care*.

ἀμέριος, Dor. for ἡμέριος.

ἀ-μέριστος, ὄν, (α privat., μερίζω) *undivided*.

ἀμερό-κοιτος, Dor. for ἡμερό-κοιτος.

ἄμερος, Dor. for ἡμερος.

ἄμερσε, ἀμέρσαι, 3 sing. and inf. aor. I of ἀμέρδω.

ἀμές or ἀμές, Dor. for ἡμεῖς.

ἀ-μετάθετος, ὄν, (α privat., μετατίθημι) *unchangeable*: τὸ ἀμετάθετον, *unchangeableness*.

ἀ-μετακίνητος, ὄν, (α privat., μετακινέω) *immovable*.

ἀ-μετάκλαστος, ὄν, (α privat., μετακλάω) *not to be broken*: *unalterable*.

ἀ-μεταμέλητος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταμέλει) *unrepented of*. II. act. *not repenting, unchanging*.

ἀ-μετανόητος, ὄν, (α privat., μετανοέω) = *unrepented of*. II. act. *unrepentant*.

ἀ-μεταπίεστος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταπίθω) *unpersuadable*.

ἀ-μετάπτωτος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταπίπτω) *unchangeable*.

ἀ-μετάστατος, ὄν, (α privat., μεθίστημι) *unalterable*.

ἀ-μεταστέπει, Adv. (α privat., μεταστρέφω) *without turning about*.

ἀ-μετάστροφος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταστρέφω) *unalterable*.

ἀ-μετάτρεπτος, ὄν, (α privat., μετατρέπω) *unalterable*.

ἀμέτερος, Dor. for ἡμέτερος.

ἀ-μέτρητος, *ov*, (a privat., μετρέω) *immeasurable, immense, Lat. immensus: unnumbered, exhaustless.*

ἀμετρό-βιος, *ov*, (ἀμέτρος, βίος) of an *immeasurable life.*

ἀμετρο-ετής, *ἑς*, (ἀμετρος, ἔπος) *immoderate in words, unbridled of tongue.*

ἀμετρο-πότης, *ov*, *ὁ*, (ἀμέτρος, πότης) *drinking to excess.*

ἀ-μέτρος, *ov*, (a privat., μέτρον) *without measure, immense, boundless, incessant.* 2. *immoderate.*

ἀ-μέτρως, *Adv.* of ἀμέτρος, *infinitely.*

ἀμενσί-πορος, *ov*, (ἀμεύω, πόρος) = τρίποδος, *Lat. trivium, where three paths cross.*

ἀμεύω, *Aeol.* for ἀμείβω: *aor. I med. inf. ἀμεύσασθαι:—to surpass, excel, conquer.*

*ΑΜΗ, *ῆ*, a *shovel or mattock.* 2. a *water-bucket, pail, Lat. bama.* 3. a *barrow, rake.*

ἀμή, *Att. ἀμή, Adv., properly for ἀμή, dat. fem. of ἀμός=τις, in a certain way: ἀμηγέπη, in some way, somehow or other.* [ᾶ]

ἀμήν, *Hebr. Adv. verily, of a truth: so be it: also as a Subst. τὸ ἀμήν, certainty.*

ἀ-μήνιτος, *ov*, (a privat., μηνία) *not wrathful.*

*ΑΜΗΣ, *ητος, ὁ*, a *kind of milk cake.*

ἀμησάμενος, *aor. I med. part. of ἀμάω.*

ἀμητήρ, *ῆρος, ὁ*, (ἀμάω) a *reaper: metaph. one who cuts down, a destroyer.* [ᾶ]

ἀμητος, *ὁ*, (ἀμάω) a *reaping, harvesting: also harvest, harvest-time.* II. a *harvest or crop.*

ἀ-μήτηρ, *opos, ὁ, ῆ*, (a privat., μήτηρ) *without mother, motherless.* II. *unlike a mother.*

ἀμηχανέω, *impf. ἡμηχάνουν: fut. ἥσω: (ἀμήχανος):—to be at a loss or in want.* Hence

ἀμηχανία, *Ion. -λη, ῆ*, *want of means, helplessness, distress.* II. *hardship, trouble.*

ἀ-μήχανος, *ov*, (a privat., μηχανή) *without means or resource, helpless.* II. *more freq. in pass. sense, impracticable, irresistible: also inexplicable.*

ἀμηχανόωσι, ἀμηχανόων, *Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres., as if from ἀμηχανάω.*

ἀ-μίαντος, *ov*, (a privat., μαιών) *undefiled, pure.*

ἀμί-θεος, *Dor.* for ἡμί-θεος.

ἀ-μικτος, *ov*, (a privat., μίγνυμι) *unmixed, pure.* II. *not mingling with others, unsociable, savage.* III. *not to be mingled, irreconcilable:—Adv. ἀμίκτως, Sup. ἀμικτότατα.*

*ΑΜΙΛΛΑ, *ης, ῆ*, a *contest for superiority, rivalry; generally, a struggle, conflict.* [ᾶ] Hence

ἀμιλλάσμαι, *fut. ἥσομαι: aor. I med. ἡμιλλασάμην and pass. ἡμιλλήθην: pf. ἡμίλλημαι: Dep.:—to compete, vie, or contend with one, Lat. aemulari.* II.

generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Hence

ἀμιλλητέον, *verb. Adj. one must compete.*

ἀμιλλημα, *τό*, (ἀμιλλάομαι) a *contest, conflict.*

ἀμιλλητήρ, *ῆρος, (ἀμιλλάομαι) a competitor, rival.*

ἀμμητό-βιος, *ov*, (ἀμίμητος, βίος) *inimitable in one's life.*

ἀ-μίμητος, *ov*, (a privat., μιμέομαι) *inimitable.*

ἀμιξία, *Ion. -λη, ῆ*, (ἀμικτος) a *being unmixed, purity.* 2. *want of intercourse, unsociableness.*

ἀμ-ἵππος, *ov*, (ἀμα, ἵππος) *along with horses, i. e. fleet as a horse.* 2. ἀμῖπποι, *οἱ*, *infantry mixed with cavalry.*

*ΑΜΙΨ, *ιδος, ῆ*, a *chamber-pot.*

ἀμίσῃς, *ἑς*, (a privat., μῖσος) *without hatred, not hateful: Comp. ἀμίσέστερος.*

ἀμισθί, *Adv.* of ἀμισθος, *without reward.*

ἀ-μισθος, *ov*, (a privat., μισθός) *without pay or reward.*

ἀ-μισθωτος, *ov*, (a privat., μισθώ) *not let out on hire, not leased.*

ἀ-μίτρο-χίτωνες, *οἱ*, (a privat., μίτρα, χιτάν) *wearing no girdle with their coat of mail.*

ἀ-μυχθάλους, *εσσα, εν*, *lengthd. form of ἀμικτος, inaccessible, inhospitable.*

ἀμμ-, *poët.* for ἀναμ-. For words omitted under ἀμμ-, see under ἀναμ-.

ἄμμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἄπτω) *anything tied or made to tie:* 1. a *knot.* 2. a *noose, halter.* 3. a *cord, band.*

ἄμμε, *Aeol. and Ep.* for ἡμᾶς.

ἀμ-μένω, *poët.* for ἀνα-μένω.

ἄμμες, *Aeol. and Ep.* for ἡμεῖς.

ἀμ-μέσον, *poët.* for ἀνὰ μέσον.

ἄμμεόν, *Aeol.* for ἡμῶν.

ἄμμι, *Aeol. and Ep.* for ἡμῖν.

ἀμ-μίγα, *Adv. poët.* for ἀνά-μιγα.

ἀμμιξας, *Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναμίγνυμι.*

ἀμμνάσει, ἀμμνάσειν, *Dor.* for ἀναμνήσει, ἀναμνήσειν, *fut. and aor. I of ἀναμνήσκω.*

ἄμμο-δύτης, *ov*, *ὁ*, (ἄμμος, δύνω) *sand-burrower, a kind of snake.*

ἄμμορία, *Ion. -λη, ῆ*, (ἄμμοπος) *ill fortune.*

ἄμμοπος, *ov*, *poët.* for ἀ-μοπος, *without lot or share in a thing: absol. unfortunate, unhappy.*

*ΑΜΜΟΣ or ἄμμος, *ῆ*, *sand: also a sandy place, race-course.* See ψάμμος.

ἄμμό-τροφος, *ov*, (ἄμμος, τρέφω) *growing in sand.*

ἄμμο-ώδης, *ες*, (ἄμμος, εἶδος) *sandy.*

*Αμμωνιάς, *ἄδος, or Ἀμμωνιάς, ιδος, ῆ*, (*Αμμων) *of or belonging to Jupiter Ammon, i. e. African.*

ἀμνάμιον [ᾶ], *Dor.* for ἀμνήμιον.

ἄμναστος, ἄμναστος, *Dor.* for ἀμνηστ-.

ἀμνεῖος, *α, ov*, (ἀμνός) of a *lamb.*

ἀμνή, *ῆ*, *fem. of ἀμνός, a ewe-lamb.*

ἀ-μνημόνευτος, *ov*, (a privat., μνημονεύω) *unmentioned, unbedded.*

ἀμνημονέω, *f. ἥσω: aor. I ἡμνημόνησα:—to be unmindful, be unmindful: to make no mention of, pass over.*

ἀμνημοσύνη, *ῆ*, *forgetfulness.* From

ἀ-μνήμων, *ov*, *gen. ovos*, (a privat., μνήμη) *unmindful, forgetful.* 2. *pass. forgotten, not mentioned.*

ἀ-μνήστευτος, *ῆ*, (a privat., μνηστεύω) *unwooed, not sought in marriage.*

ἀμνηστέω, (ἀμνηστος) to be unmindful, to forget : —Pass. to be forgotten.

ἀμνηστία, ἡ, forgetfulness : an amnesty. From ἀ-μνηστος, ον, (a privat., μνάομαι) forgotten, no longer remembered.

ἀμνήσκω, poet. fut. of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἀμνίον, τό, a bowl in which the blood of victims was caught. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀμνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἀμνή.

ἀμνο-κῶν, οὐντος, ὁ, (ἀμνός, κοίω) sheep-minded, i. e. simple.

ἌΜΝΟ'Σ, ὁ and ἡ, a lamb : declined ἀρνός, ἀρνί, ἀρνα, ἀρνες, etc., as if from a nom. *ἀρς.

ἀμνο-φόρος should be μαννο-φόρος.

ἀμογγί, Adv. without toil or effort. From

ἀ-μόγγος, ον, (a privat., μογγέω) without toil, unwearied, untiring.

ἀμόθεν, Att. ἀμόθεν, Adv. (ἀμός) from some place or other.

ἀμόθι or ἀμοθεί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhere.

ἀμοί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhither.

ἀμοιβάδιος, α, ον, = ἀμοιβαίος.

ἀμοιβᾶδης, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) by turns, Lat. alternatim.

ἀμοιβαίος, ον, also ἡ, or α, ον, (ἀμοιβή) interchanging, alternate : of verses, amoebaeae, answering one another. II. giving like for like, retributive :—

Adv. -ous, in requital.

ἀμοιβάς, ἰδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἀμοιβαίος ; χλαῖνα ἀμοιβάς a cloak for a change.

ἀμοιβή, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return : hence repayment, atonement : revenge. 2. an answer.

II. change, exchange, barter.

ἀμοιβηδής, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) alternately.

ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀμείβω) a successor, follower. II.

as Adj. in requital or in exchange for.

ἀμοίρειω, to have no share in a thing. From

ἀ-μοίρειος, ον, (a privat., μοίρειν) without share in a thing, bereft of it. II. absol. unfortunate.

ἀμολγαῖος, α, ον, (ἀμέλγω) of milk, made with milk.

ἀμολγεύς, ἰως, ὅ, (ἀμέλγω) a milk-pail, Lat. mulctra.

ἀμολγός, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) the milking time, i. e. morning and evening twilight ; the four hours either before day-break or after sunset, and so generally night-time.

ἀ-μομφος, ον, (a privat., μομφή) blameless.

ἀμορβός, οὐ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.

ἀμόργινος, ον, made of fine flax. From

ἀμοργίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fine flax from the isle of Amorgos.

ἀ-μορος, ον, (a privat., μίρος) without share of, destitute of. II. absol. unlucky, wretched.

ἀμορφία, ἡ, ill shape, deformity. From

ἀ-μορφος, ον, (a privat., μορφή) shapeless, misshapen, unsparingly, unseemly : Comp. ἀμορφόστερος.

ἀμός or ἀμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμός, ἡμέτερος.

ἀμός, in Att. Poets for ἔμός.

ἀμός, Att. ἀμός, an old form for εἰς, and so = τίς, but only used in the Adv. forms ἀμῆ, ἀμόθεν, ἀμού, ἀμούς.

ἄμος, Dor. for ἥμος, as, when.

ἄμος, ον, insatiate, ravening, savage : neut. ἄμοτον, as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain).

ἄμοῦ, Att. ἄμοῦ, Adv. of ἄμός, somewhere.

ἀμοῦσία, ἡ, want of harmony : rudeness, grossness, boorishness. From

ἀ-μοῦσος, ον, (a privat., Μοῦσα) without the Muses, without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish : of things, coarse, vulgar, gross.

ἀμοχθεῖ, Adv. of ἀμοχθος, without toil or trouble.

ἀ-μόχθητος, ον, (a privat., μοχθεῖν) = sq. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-μόχθος, ον, (a privat., μόχθος) without toil or trouble. II. not weary.

ἀμπ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀναμπ-, under which will be found many words beginning with ἀμπ-.

ἀμ-πεδιον, ἀμ-πεδιήρεις, ἀμ-πέλαγος, should be written ἀμ πεδιον, i. e. ἀνὰ πεδιον, etc.

ἀμπεύραντες, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναπεύρω.

ἀμ-πέλαγος, for ἀνὰ πέλαγος.

ἀμπελών, ὄνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀμπελών, a vineyard.

ἀμπελίανος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (ἀμπελος) of the vine.

ἀμπελίον, τό, Dim. of ἀμπελος.

ἀμπελῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, = foreg., a vine-plant. II. a

kind of bird.

ἀμπελῆος, ἐσσα, εν, (ἀμπελος) rich in vines, vine-clad.

ἀμπελο-εργός, ὄν, = contr. ἀμπελοργός, q. v.

ἀμπελο-μίξια, ἡ, (ἀμπελος, μίξις) an intermixture of vines.

*ΑΜΠΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a vine, Lat. vitis.

ἀμπελοργός, to dress or prune vines. From

ἀμπελο-ουργός, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, ἔργον) a vinedresser.

ἀμπελο-φύτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, φύω) producer of the vine, a name of Bacchus.

ἀμπελών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος) a vineyard.

ἀμ-πεταλόν, Ep. for ἀναπεταλόν, redupl. aor. 2 part. of ἀνατάλλω.

ἀμπερές, Adv. only found in compd. δι-αμπερές, resolved, as, διὰ δ' ἀμπερές, for διαμπερές δέ.

ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσας, poet. aor. I imper. and part. of ἀναπετάσνυμι.

ἀμπετόνη, ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a fine upper garment.

ἀμπ-έχω and ἀμπ-ίσχω : Ep. impf. ἀμπεχον : fut. ἀμφέξω : aor. 2 ἡμισιchon, inf. ἀμισχεῖν, part. ἀμπ-ισχών :—Med. ἀμπεχόμεαι and ἀμισχομαι : impf.

ἡμπεχόμεν : fut. ἀμφέξομαι : aor. 2 ἡμπεσχόμεν, part. ἀμπισχόμενος : (ἀμφί, ἔχω) :—to surround, cover, Lat. cingere.

II. to put round or over, Lat. circumdare. See ἀμισσχόμεαι.

ἀμπήδησε, for ἀνεπήδησε.

ἀμ-πίπλημι, for ἀνα-τίμπλημι.

ἀμπισχέω, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπ-έχω.

ἀμπισχνόμεαι, = ἀμπεχόμεαι, to put on, Lat. circum-induor.

ἀμπίσχω, v. sub ἀμπέχω.

ἀμπλακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἀμπλάκημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμπλακεῖν) an error, offence.

ἀμπλάκηντος, ον, (ἀμπλακεῖν) sinful, loaded with guilt.

ἀμπλακία, ἡ, = ἀμπλάκημα.

ἀμπλάκιον, τό, = ἀμπλάκημα.

ἀμπλακίσκω, fut. ἀμπλακήσω : pf. ἡμπλάκηκα :

aor. 2 ἡμπλάκων :—Pass., pf. ἡμπλάκημαι :—like

ἐμαρτάνω, to miss, fail, fall short of, c. gen.

ἀμπ-πνευμα, ἀμπνεύσαι, etc., poet. for ἀναπνέω.

ἀμπνύε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀμπνύνθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀμπνύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμπνέω.

ἀμ-πόνον, for ἀνὰ πόνον.

ἀμπτάμενος, ἀμπταίν, v. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀμπυκάζω : aor. I pass. ἡμπυκάσθην : (ἀμπυξ) :—to bind the hair with a band : generally, to bind, wreath.

ἀμπυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = (ἀμπυξ) a band, fillet : also a horse's bridle. Hence

ἀμπυκτήριος, α, ov, of a horse's bridle or frontlet.

ἀμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ or ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a band or fillet for binding the hair, a bead-band, snood.

II. the bead-band of horses : also a bridle. III. anything rounded, a wheel.

ἀμπωτις, ἡ, gen. εως Ion. ios, shortened from ἀνάπτωσις (ἀναπίνω) a being drunk up : of the sea, the ebb-tide.

ἀμυγδαλέα, contr. -αλή, ἡ, the almond-tree.

ἌΜΥΓΔΑΛΗ, ἡ, an almond. [δᾶ] Hence

ἀμυγδαλίνας, η, ov, of almonds.

ἀμυγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, rending : a scar.

ἀμυγμός, ὁ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, mangling.

ἀμύδις, Adv. = ἅμα, of Time, together, at the same time : oftener of Place, together.

ἌΜΥΔΡΟΨ, α, ὄν, akin to ἀμαυρός, dark, dim, faint, indistinct. Adv. -δρως : also neut. ἀμυδρόν as Adv.

ἀ-μύητος, ov, (a privat., μνέω) uninitiated, profane.

ἀ-μύθητος, ov, (a privat., μύθεομαι) not to be told, inexpressible.

ἀ-μύκτης, ov, (a privat., μύκωμαι) without lowing or bellowing : of places, where no herds low.

Ἀμυκταῖος, to speak in the dialect of Amyclae (a Laconian city).

ἀ-μύλος, ὁ, (a privat., μύλη) a cake of fine meal, so called from the meal not being ground at a common mill.

ἀ-μύμων, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., μῶμος) blameless, excellent. [ἀμῦ]

ἀμύνᾱθε, ἀμυνᾱθῆιν, 3 sing. and inf. poet. aor. 2 of ἀμύνω.

ἀμυνᾱθοῦ, 2 sing. poet. aor. 2 med. of ἀμύνω.

ἀμύναι, ἀμύνασθαι, aor. I act. and med. inf. of ἀμύνω.

Ἀμύνιος, ov, δ, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (ἀμύνω) or its guard.

ἀμυνον, aor. I imper. of ἀμύνω.

ἀμυντέον, verb. Adj. of ἀμύνω, one must assist ; so too ἀμυντέα. II. one must repel.

ἀμυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀμύνω) a defender.

ἀμυντήριος, ov, (ἀμύνω) fit for defending, defensive ;

ἀμυντήρια ὅπλα defensive armour. II. ἀμυντή-

ριον, τό, as Subst. a means of defence.

ἀμυντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀμύνω) able to defend or avenge.

ἀμύντωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἀμυντήρ, a helper : an avenger.

ἌΜΥΝΩ [ῶ], Ep. impf. ἀμυνον : fut. ἀμυνῶ, Ion.

ἀμύνέω : aor. I ἡμύνα, Ep. ἄμυνα : poet. aor. 2 ἡμύνᾱθον :—to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo : to defend, fight for, aid : rarely to requite, repay. II.

Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend oneself. 2. to avenge oneself on another, requite, repay, punish.

ἀμύνεις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, scratching.

ἌΜΥΨΣΩ, Att. -πτω : Ep. impf. ἀμψσον : fut.

ἀμύψω : aor. I ἡμψα :—to tear, scratch, wound : to tear in pieces. II. metaph., θυμὸν ἀμύψεις χαλόμενος thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [ᾶ]

ἀ-μυστί, Adv. (a privat., μύω) properly without closing the mouth, i. e. at one draught. Hence

ἀμυστίζω, f. σω : pf. ἡμυστικά : to drink deep, tipple. From

ἀ-μυστις, ios and idos, ἡ, a long draught of drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians.

ἀμυχή, ἡ, = ἀμψις.

ἀμφ-, old and poet. abbrev. for ἀναφ- ; cf. ἀμπ-. ἀμφ-ἀγαπάω, only used in pres. and impf. (ἀμφί, ἀγαπάω) to embrace with love, treat kindly, greet warmly.

ἀμφ-ἀγᾱπάω, = ἀμπαγαπάω.

ἀμφ-ἀγείρω, Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀμπαγερόμην : (ἀμφί, ἀγείρω) :—to collect around :—Med. to gather around

ἀμφ-ἀγερθεῖσθαι and -αγέρομαι, poet. for -αγείρομαι.

ἀμφάδην, Adv. = ἀμπαδόν.

ἀμφάδιος, α, ov, (ἀμπαδός) public, known : ἀμπαδίζην as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.

ἀμφάδων, Adv. publicly, openly, without disguise. From

ἀμ-φᾱδός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνα-φαίνω) public, notorious.

ἀμ-φαίνω, poet. for ἀνα-φαίνω.

ἀμφ-ᾱίσσομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, αἰσσω) to rush on from all sides, flutter or float around.

ἀμφάκης, Dor. for ἀμφήκης.

ἀμ-φανδόν, Adv. poet. for ἀνα-φανδόν.

ἀμφανέειν, poet. for ἀναφανέειν, fut. inf. of ἀναφαίνω

ὀμφ-ᾱρᾱβέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀμφί, ἀραβέω) to rattle or ring about.

ἀμφ-αραβίζω, only used in pres. and impf., = ἀμπα-ραβέω.

ἀμ-φᾱσίη, ἡ, poet. for ἀ-φασία (with μ inserted), speechlessness from fear, amazement, or rage.

ἀμπαφᾱσθαι, Ep. for ἀμπαφᾱσθαι, pres. med. inf. of ἀμπαφᾱω.

ἀμφ-ᾱφᾱω, and Med. ἀμφ-ᾱφᾱομαι, (ἀμφί, ἀφᾱω) to touch all round, feel on all sides : to fondle : to bandle.

ἀμπαφᾱών, -ᾱωσα, Ep. for ἀμπαφᾱών, ᾱωσα, pres. part. of ἀμπαφᾱω.

ἀμπαφᾱώωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of ἀμπαφᾱω.

ἀμφέθετο, aor. 2 med. of ἀμφιτίθημι.

ἀμφ-ελικτός, ὄν, poet. for ἀμφιελ-, coiled round.

ἀμφ-ελίσσω, Att. -πτω, f. ἔξω, poet. for ἀμφιελίσσω,

to wrap, fold, or twine round.

ἀμφέπω, poet. for ἀμφιέπω.
 ἀμφερέφω, f. ψω, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) to cover around.
 ἀμφερχομαι, aor. 2 ἀμφήλυσθον or ἀμφήλυσθον: Dep.: (ἀμφί, ἐρχομαι):—to come round one, surround.
 ἀμφερέω, poet. for ἀναφερέω.
 ἀμφέεσταν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀμφίστημι.
 ἀμφεστᾶσι for ἀμφεστῆκᾶσι, 3 pl. pf. of ἀμφίστημι.
 ἀμφεύγω, poet. for ἀναφεύγω.
 ἀμφέχων, aor. 2 of ἀμφιχαίνω.
 ἀμφεχύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφέχυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφήκης, es, (ἀμφί, ἀκή) two-edged, double-biting: of lightning, forked. II. metaph. that will cut both ways, false or ambiguous.
 ἀμφήλυθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀμφέρχομαι.
 ἀμφηπρεφής, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) covered all round, close-covered.
 ἀμφήρης, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέσσω) having oars on both sides. 2. (*ἀρα) fitted or joined on all sides, well-fitted. Hence
 ἀμφηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, worked by sculls, of a boat.
 ἀμφήριστος, ov, (ἀμφί, ἐρίζω) contested on both sides, disputed. 2. equal in the contest.
 ἈΜΦΪ, Praep. c. gen., dat., et acc.:—Radic. signf. on both sides, around. I. c. GEN. about, for, for the sake of a thing:—about, concerning a thing, of it. 2. rarely of Place, about, around. II. c. DAT. I. of Place, about, around, round about:—at, by, near, with. 2. not of Place, about, for, on account of, for the sake of: regarding, concerning. 3. by means of. III. c. ACC., of Place, about, around, on, at: near about:—mostly with motion implied. IV. WITHOUT CASE, as Adv. about, around, round about, on all sides. V. IN COMPOS. about, on all sides, on both sides.
 ἀμφίᾱλος, ov, (ἀμφί, ἄλς) sea-girt, esp. having the sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris.
 ἀμφιάχω, (ἀμφί, ἰάχω) to sound on all sides: to fly about shrieking, in irreg. pf. part. ἀμφιαχάς, vā.
 ἀμφιβαίνω, f.—βήσομαι: pf.—βέβηκα:—to go about or around. 2. to bestride: hence to guard, protect. II. to surround, encompass, wrap round.
 ἀμφιβάλλω, f.—βάλλω: pf.—βέβληκα: Med., Ion. fut.—βαλεῖμαι: aor. 2 inf.—βαλέσθαι:—to throw or put round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a person, Lat. circumdare:—Med. to put on oneself, put on, Lat. accingi. 2. esp. to throw one's arms round, embrace: also to grasp. 3. to surround, encompass: but also to strike on all sides. II. intr. to go to another place; so also in Med.
 ἀμφιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφιβαίνω.
 ἀμφιβασία, ἡ, v. ἀμφισβασία.
 ἀμφιβᾶσις, ewς, ἡ, (ἀμφιβαίνω) a going round, encompassing.
 ἀμφιβλήμα, atos, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) something thrown round, an enclosure. II. a garment.
 ἀμφιβληστρον, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) anything thrown

round: 1. a large fishing-net. 2. a garment. 3. a fetter, bond.
 ἀμφιβλητος, ov, (ἀμφιβάλλω) put or thrown round.
 ἀμφιβήτος, ov, (ἀμφί, βοάω) noised abroad, far-famed.
 ἀμφιβολία, ἡ, the state of being attacked on both sides. II. uncertainty, doubt. From
 ἀμφιβολος, ov, (ἀμφιβάλλω) thrown round: hence, τὸ ἀμφιβολον a garment. II. struck, attacked on both or all sides. 2. act. striking with both ends, double-pointed. III. ambiguous, doubtful.
 ἀμφιβουλος, ov, (ἀμφί, βουλή) double-minded, doubting.
 ἀμφιβροτος, η, ov, also os, ov, (ἀμφί, βροτός) covering the whole man, of a large shield.
 ἀμφιβροχος, ov, (ἀμφί, βρέχω) thoroughly soaked.
 ἀμφιβώμιος, ov, (ἀμφί, βομός) round the altar.
 ἀμφιγέθω, to rejoice around or exceedingly.
 ἀμφιγνώεω, impf. ἡμφεγνούουν: f. ἀμφιγνοήσω: aor. I ἡμφεγνόησα:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀμφιγνοηθείς: (ἀμφί, γνῶεω Ael. for γνῶεω):—to be doubtful about a thing, not to know or understand it:—Pass. to be unknown.
 ἀμφιγότης, ov, (ἀμφί, γοάω) bewailed all round.
 Ἀμφιγύτης, ὁ, (ἀμφί, γυίος) be that bails in both feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan.
 ἀμφίγυος, ov, (ἀμφί, γυῖον) properly having limbs on both sides:—in Homer of a spear, double-pointed: in Sophocles of men, well-practised.
 ἀμφιδαίω, to light up around:—intrans. in pf. ἀμφιδέδωκα, plqpf. —δέδωκεν, to burn around.
 ἀμφιδάκνω, f.—δήσομαι, to bite all round.
 ἀμφιδάκρυτος, ov, (ἀμφί, δακρύω) causing tears on all sides: all mournful.
 ἀμφιδάσως, εια, v, (ἀμφί, δασύς) fringed all round.
 ἀμφιδεαί, ai, (ἀμφί, δέω) anything that is bound around, bracelets, anklets.
 ἀμφιδέδηα, —δέδην, pf. and plqpf. of ἀμφιδαίω.
 ἀμφιδέξις, ov, with two right hands, very dextrous, Lat. ambidexter. 2. ambiguous, Lat. anceps: two-edged. 3. sometimes simply like ἀμφότερος, ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀκμαί both hands.
 ἀμφιδέσκομαι, pf. —δέδορκα, Dep. to look round about one.
 ἀμφιδέσος, ov, (ἀμφί, δέω) bound all round.
 ἀμφιδήρτιος, ov, (ἀμφί, δηρίομαι) disputed, doubtful.
 ἀμφιδιαινώ, to water around.
 ἀμφιδίηνω, f. ἥσω, to wind or roll a thing all round: hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεδίηναι, to be fitted close.
 ἀμφιδοκεῖω, f. εὔσω, to lie in wait for.
 ἀμφιδονέω, f. ἥσω, to whirl round, agitate violently.
 ἀμφιδοξέω, to be doubtful:—Pass. to be disputed. From
 ἀμφιδόξος, ov, (ἀμφί, δόξα) of double sense, doubtful.
 ἀμφιδόρος, ov, (ἀμφί, δέρω) skinned all round, quite fayed.
 ἀμφιδόχος, ov, (ἀμφί, δοχή) as large as can be grasped.

ἀμφί-δρομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δραμεῖν) *running round: encompassing*.

ἀμφί-δρυπτος, *ον*, = ἀμφίδρυπος.

ἀμφί-δρυφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *tearing both cheeks*.

ἀμφί-δρυφος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *torn on both sides*.

ἀμφί-δύμος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δύομαι) *approachable on both sides*.

ἀμφί-δύω, *φ. δύσω* [ῦ], *to put round or on:—Med. to put on oneself*.

ἀμφιελικτός, *όν*, (ἀμφιελίσσω) *turned round and round, circling, revolving*.

ἀμφιέλισσα, *φem. Adj.* *rowed on both sides: or swaying to and fro, rocking*. From

ἀμφι-ελίσσω, *φ. έλω*, *to wind round*.

ἀμφι-έννυμι and ἀμφι-εννώ: *fut. ἀμφιέσω*, *Att. ἀμφίω*: *aor. I ἡμφίεσα*, *Ep. ἀμφίεσα:—Pass., aor. I ἡμφιέσθην*: *pf. ἡμφιέσμαι*, *poët. ἀμφιέμαι:—to put round, to put garments on a person, Lat. induere:—Pass. to be clothed in, to wear, esp. in pf. . . . II. Med. ἀμφιέννυμαι*: *aor. I ἡμφιέσαμην*, *3 pl. ἀμφιέσαντο*, *imperat. ἀμφιέσασθε:—to put on oneself, dress oneself in*.

ἀμφι-έπω, *poët. also ἀμφ-έπω*: *aor. 2 ἀμφίεπον and ἀμφεπον*: (ἀμφί, έπω):—*to go about, encompass*. II. *to be busy about, take care of: to do honour to: esp. to tend, protect*. III. *Med. to follow and crowd round*.

ἀμφιέσαν, ἀμφιέσαντο, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of ἀμφιέννυμι*.

ἀμφ-ιζάνω, (ἀμφί, ιζάνω) *to sit around or on a thing, settle upon it, as dust does*. [ᾱ]

ἀμφί-ζευκτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, ζεύγνυμι) *joined from both sides*.

ἀμφι-θάλασσος, *Att. -πτος, ον*, (ἀμφί, θάλασσα) *sea-girt: near the sea*.

ἀμφιθαλής, *ές*, *blooming on both sides: hence flourishing, rich*. From

ἀμφι-θάλλω, *pf. ἀμφιτέθλα*, *to bloom all round, to be in full bloom*.

ἀμφι-θάλπω, *φ. ψω*, *to warm on all sides, warm thoroughly*.

ἀμφι-θέατρον, *τό*, (ἀμφί, θέατρον) *a double theatre, amphitheatre*.

ἀμφίθετος, *ον*, (ἀμφιτίθημι) *of a cup, that will stand on both ends, or with handles on both sides*.

ἀμφι-θέω, *φ. θεύσομαι*, *to run round about*.

ἀμφι-θηγής, *ές*, = *sq.*

ἀμφι-θηκτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θήγω) *sharpened on both sides, two-edged*.

ἀμφι-θρεπτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, τρέφω) *clotted around, congealed, of blood*.

ἀμφι-θύρος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θύρα) *with a door or opening on both sides*: as *Subst. ἀμφίθυρον*, *τό*, *a ball*.

ἀμφι-κάλυπτω, *φ. ψω*, *to cover all round, enfold, shroud*. II. *to put a thing round as a veil or shelter, to envelope in*.

ἀμφι-καίω: *Ep. aor. I part. ἀμφικεάσας:—to cleave asunder*.

ἀμφί-κειμαι, *used as Pass. of ἀμφιτίθημι, to lie close upon: to lean on*.

ἀμφι-κείρω, *φ. κερῶ*, *to shear or clip all round*.

ἀμφικέφαλος, *Ep. -κέφαλλος, ον*, (ἀμφί, κεφαλή) *double-headed*.

ἀμφι-κίων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (ἀμφί, κίων) *with pillars all round*. [κί]

ἀμφι-κλαστος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλάω) *broken all round*.

ἀμφι-κλυστος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλύω) *flooded around*.

ἀμφι-κομέω, *φ. ἥσω*, *to tend on all sides or carefully*.

ἀμφι-κομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κόμη) *with hair all round, thick-haired: of trees, thick-leaved*.

ἀμφικράνος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κára) = ἀμφικέφαλος.

ἀμφι-κρέαμαι, *Pass. declined like δύναμαι: (ἀμφί, κρεάννυμι):—to hover or flutter round*. Hence

ἀμφι-κρεμής, *ές*, *banging round one: banging round the shoulder*.

ἀμφικρημος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κρημνός) *with cliffs all round*.

ἀμφικρηνος, *ον*, *Ion. for ἀμφικράνος, surrounding the head*.

ἀμφι-κτίονες, *ων, οί*, (ἀμφί, κτίω) *they that dwell round or near*. Hence

Ἄμφι-κτύονες, *ων, οί*, *the Amphictyons, a Council composed of deputies chosen by all the states of Greece*. II. *the presidents of the Pythian games*. Hence

Ἀμφικτυονία, *ή*, *the Amphictyonic League or Council*.

Ἀμφικτυονικός, *ή, όν*, *of or for the Amphictyons or their League*.

Ἀμφικτυονίς, *ίδος, ή*, *fem. of Ἀμφικτυονικός: I. (sub. πόλις), a city or state in the Amphictyonic League*.

II. *a name of Artemis at Anthēla, the meeting-place of the Amphictyonic Council*.

ἀμφι-κύλινδω, *φ. -κυλίσω* [Ὶ], *to roll about or upon*.

ἀμφι-κύπελλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κύπελλον) *in Homer always with δέπας, a double cup: cf. ἀμφίθετος*. [ῦ]

ἀμφι-λάλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λάλος) *chattering everywhere*.

ἀμφι-λαφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, λαβείν) *far-spreading: hence generally wide, large, vast: also excessive, violent*.

ἀμφι-λαχάλω, *to dig or hoe round*.

ἀμφι-λέγω, *φ. έω*, *to speak on both sides, dispute*. Hence

ἀμφιλεκτος, *ον*, *discussed on all bands, doubtful*. II. *act. disputing, captious*.

ἀμφιλογία, *ή*, *dispute, doubt*. From

ἀμφι-λογος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λέγω) *disputed, questionable, doubtful*.

II. *act. disputatious, contentious*.

ἀμφι-λοφος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λόφος) *encompassing the neck*.

ἀμφι-λύκη νύξ, *ή*, (ἀμφί, λύκη, *Lat. lux*) *the morning-twilight, gray of morning*. [ῦ]

*ἀμφι-μάσμαι, (ἀμφί, μάω) *pres. of Ep. aor. I ἀμφι-μασάμην, to wipe or rub all round*.

ἀμφι-μασχάλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, μασχάλη) *covering both shoulders, two-sleeved*.

ἀμφι-μάτορες, *Dor. for ἀμφι-μήτορες*.

ἀμφιμάχῃος, *ον*, *contended for, contested on both bands*. [ᾱ] From

ἀμφι-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι : Dep. :—to fight round : 1. to attack. 2. to fight for. [ᾶ]

ἀμφι-μέλας, αἶνα, ἄν, black all round, wrapt in darkness.

ἀμφι-μέμυκε, 3 sing. pf. act. of ἀμφι-μυκάομαι.

ἀμφι-μερίζομαι, Pass. to be completely parted.

ἀμφι-μήτορες, οἱ, αἱ, (ἀμφί, μήτηρ) brothers or sisters by different mothers.

ἀμφι-μυκάομαι, pf. act. μέμυκα : Dep. :—to low or bellow around, properly of cattle; δάπεδον ἀμφιμέμυκε the floor echoed all around.

ἀμφι-νεικής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, νεῖκος) made an object of contest, eagerly wooed.

ἀμφι-νείκτητος, ον, (ἀμφί, νεικέω) = ἀμφινεικτος.

ἀμφι-νέμομαι, Med. to dwell round about, inhabit.

ἀμφι-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think both ways, doubt.

ἀμφι-ξέω, f. ἔσω, to smooth or polish all round.

ἀμφι-ξίους, ον, contr. ἀμφίξους, ονν, (ἀμφιξέω) polishing all round.

ἀμφι-πάλτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πάλλω) reechoing.

ἀμφι-πάτασσω, f. ξω, to strike on or from all sides.

ἀμφι-πέδος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέδον) surrounded by a plain.

ἀμφι-πέλομαι, Dep. to be all round, bower around.

ἀμφι-πένομαι, Dep. to be busied about, take care of, pay heed to.

ἀμφι-περικτίνους, ον, the dwellers round about.

ἀμφι-περιπλέγδην, Adv. (ἀμφί, περιπλέκω) twined round about.

ἀμφι-περιστέφω, to put round as a crown.

ἀμφι-περιστροφάω, to keep turning round about or in every direction.

ἀμφι-περιτρίβω, to chirp or twitter all round.

ἀμφι-περιφθινύθω, (ἀμφί, περί, φθίνω) to decay or die all around. [ῥ]

ἀμφι-πεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφιπίπτω.

ἀμφι-πιάζω, f. ἄζω, to press all round.

ἀμφι-πίπτω, f. πεσούμαι, to fall around, embrace eagerly.

ἀμφι-πίτνω, = ἀμφι-πίπτω.

ἀμφι-πλεκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλέκω) twisted on both sides, intertwining.

ἀμφι-πληκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) beating or dashing on all sides.

ἀμφι-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) striking with both sides, double-biting.

ἀμφιπολεύω, (ἀμφίπολος) to be an attendant; be busied about, take charge of: of slaves, to serve, to minister to.

ἀμφιπολεύω, = ἀμφιπολεύω.

ἀμφι-πολις, poet. ἀμφί-πολις, ὅ, ἡ, (ἀμφί, πόλις) around a city, pressing a city on all sides. 2. as fem. Subst. a city between two seas or rivers.

ἀμφι-πολος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέλω) properly being about, busied about: generally as fem. Subst. a handmaid, waiting-woman: as masc. an attendant, follower.

II. as Adj. much frequented.

ἀμφι-πονέομαι, Dep. with aor. 1 pass. ἀμφεπονθήην :

(ἀμφί, πονέω) :—to bestow labour about, attend to, provide for.

ἀμφι-ποτάομαι, Dep. to fly or flutter around.

ἀμφι-πρόσωπος, ον, (ἀμφί, πρόσωπον) double-faced, Lat. bifrons.

ἀμφι-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to clasp around. Hence

ἀμφιπτύχη, ἡ, a clasping round, embrace.

ἀμφι-πύλος, ον, (ἀμφί, πύλη) with two entrances.

ἀμφι-πύρος, ον, (ἀμφί, πῦρ) surrounded by fire, with fire all round.

ἀμφι-ρύτος, η, ον, poet. for ἀμφίρ-ρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί, ῥέω) flowed around, sea-girt.

ἈΜΦΙΣ, as Adv.

1. on or at both sides: hence 2. apart, asunder; γαίαν καὶ οὐρανὸν ἀμφὶς ἔχειν to keep heaven and earth asunder. 3. generally, around, round about.

II. more rarely as Prep. c. gen. around: apart from, far from. 2. rarely c. dat. like ἀμφί, round about. 3. c. acc. about, around, when it always follows its case.

ἀμφι-σαλεύομαι, Pass. to toss about, like a ship at sea.

ἀμφίσι-βαινα, ης, ἡ, (ἀμφίς, βαίνω) a kind of serpent, that can go both ways, forward or backward.

ἀμφισ-βάστη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀμφισ-βήτησις.

ἀμφισ-βητέω: impf. ἡμφισβήτην, or with double augm. ἡμφεσβήτην: so, aor. 1 ἡμφισβήτησα or ἡμφεσβήτησα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense ἀμφισβήτησομαι:—aor. 1 ἡμφισβήτηθην or ἡμφεσβ-: (ἀμφίς, βῆναι aor. 2 of βαίνω):—to stand apart, and so to dispute, differ, argue:—Pass. to be the subject of dispute. Hence

ἀμφισβήτημα, ατος, τό, a point in dispute. And ἀμφισβητήσιμος, ον, debatable, doubtful.

ἀμφισβήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμφισβητέω) a dispute, controversy, ground or occasion of dispute or debate.

ἀμφισβήτητος, ον, disputed, debatable.

ἀμφ-ιστάμαι, v. ἀμφιστημι.

ἀμφι-στέλλω, to fold about another:—Med. to fold round oneself, deck oneself in.

ἀμφι-στεφάνομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, στέφανος) to stand round like a crown.

ἀμφι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στέφω) placed round like a crown.

ἀμφ-ίστημι, to place round:—Pass. ἀμφίσταμαι, with the intr. act. tenses, aor. 2 ἀμφέστην, pf. ἀμφέστηκα:—to stand around.

ἀμφι-στομος, ον, (ἀμφί, στόμα) with double mouth or opening: double.

ἀμφι-στράτάομαι, 3 pl. Ep. impf. ἀμφεστράτωντο: Dep. (ἀμφί, στρατός):—to beleaguer, besiege.

ἀμφι-στρεφής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, στρέφω) twisting round, turning all ways.

ἀμφιτάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.

ἀμφι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀμφι-τέμνω.

ἀμφι-τάνύω, = ἀμφι-τείνω.

ἀμφι-τάρασσω, to trouble all round.

ἀμφιτελής, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.

ἀμφι-τείνω, to stretch out and throw round.

ἀμφι-τευχίς, ἐς, (ἀμφί, τεῖχος) encompassing the walls.

ἀμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, to cut off all round, to intercept.

ἀμφι-τίθημι, imperat. -τίθει: f. -θήσω: aor. I ἔθηκα: aor. 2 ἀμφέθην: aor. I pass. ἀμπετέθην:—to put round, to put on: Med. to put on oneself.

ἀμφι-τίνασσω, f. ἄσω, to shake around.

ἀμφι-τιττῶβίω, to twitter around.

ἀμφι-τόμος, ov, (ἀμφί, ταμεῖν) cutting on both sides, two-edged.

ἀμφι-τορνος, ov, (ἀμφί, τορνῶ) well-rounded.

ἀμφι-τρέμω, to tremble all over.

ἀμφι-τρέχω, to run round, surround.

ἀμφι-τρῆς, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀμφίτρητος.

ἀμφι-τρητος, ov, (ἀμφί, *τράω Root of τετραῖνω) bored through, with double entrance.

ἀμφι-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀμφί, τρέμω) to tremble for.

ἀμφι-φάεινω, (ἀμφί, φάω) to shine around.

ἀμφι-φάλος, ov, with φάλοι all round; see φάλος.

ἀμφι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, φάνηναι) visible all round.

ἀμφι-φοβέομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, φοβέω) to fear or tremble all round.

ἀμφι-φορέυς, gen. ἑως Ep. ἦτος, ὁ, (ἀμφί, φέρω) a large jar or pitcher with two handles.

ἀμφι-φράσσομαι, Med. to consider on all sides.

ἀμφι-χαίνω, aor. 2 ἀμφ-ἐχᾶνον:—to yawn round, threaten to swallow: to yawn wide.

ἀμφι-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ἀμφέχεα:—Pass. aor. I ἀμπεχύθην [ῥ]: aor. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἀμφέχυτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour or shed around:—Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.

ἀμφι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance around.

ἀμφι-χρῦσος, ov, (ἀμφί, χρυσός) gilded all over.

ἀμφιχυθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφι-χέω.

ἀμφιχύτος, ov, (ἀμφιχέω) poured around, beaped up around.

ἀμφι-χωλος, ov, lame in both feet.

ἀμφ-οδον, τό, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus.

ἀμφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) a road round, a street.

ἀμ-φορέυς, ἑως, ὁ, shortened form of ἀμφι-φορέυς, a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, = 1½ Roman amphorae; or nearly 9 gallons.

ἀμφοτέρῃ, as Adv. (ἀμφοτέρος) in both ways, Lat. utrinque.

ἀμφοτέρω, α, ov, (ἀμφω) Lat. uterque, both: κατ' ἀμφοτέρα on both sides, Lat. utrinque; ἐπ' ἀμφοτέρα towards both sides. Hence

ἀμφοτέρωθεν, Adv. from or on both sides, Lat. ex utraque parte: from both ends.

ἀμφοτέρωθι, Adv. on both sides.

ἀμφοτέρως, Adv. in both ways. And

ἀμφοτέρωσε, Adv. to or on both sides.

ἀμφ-ουδὶς, Adv. (ἀμφίς, οὔδας) from the ground.

ἀμφράσσαιτο, poet. for ἀναφράσσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναφράσσομαι.

ἀμ-φύω, poet. ἀναφύω.

ἌΜΦΩ, τῶ, τὰ, τῷ, also οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, Gen. and Dat. ἀμφοῖν, both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as ἀμφί.)

ἀμφώβολος, ὁ, (ἀμφί, ὀβολός) a double spit.

ἀμφ-ωής, ἐς, (ἀμφί, οὖς) two-eared, two-banded.

ἀμφ-ωτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀμφί, οὖς) a two-banded pall.

ἀμφ-ωτος, ov, = foreg., two-fored, two-banded.

ἀμῶν, for ἀμάοιεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of ἀμάω.

ἀ-μῶμτος, ov, (α privat., μωμέομαι) unblamed, blameless. Adv. -τως, blamelessly.

ἄμωμον, τό, amomum, an Indian spice.

ἀ-μωμος, ov, (α privat., μῶμος) without blame, blameless.

ἀμῶς, Att. ἀμῶς, Adv. from the absol. ἀμός = τίς, esp. in compd. ἀμωσ-γέπως, in a certain manner.

ἌΝ, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and Lyr. particle κε, κεν.

A. WITH INDICAT. ἄν makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence ἄν cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which is, or has been, cannot be made so dependent. I.

WITH INDIC. :—with fut. (only in Ep. poets) ἄν expresses that which certainly will happen, if something else happens first:—with imperf. ἄν expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, what would always happen; ἔλεγεν ἄν he would say (whenever he had an opportunity); κλαί-εσκεν ἄν he would keep on weeping:—with aorists ἄν expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion; εἶπεν ἄν he would have said. II. WITH OPTAT. it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion. III.

WITH SUBJUNCT. ἄν belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb itself. IV. WITH INFINIT. ἄν is used in cases where the indic. or optat. would be joined with it.—ἄν never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose signif. it limits, as εἰχον ἄν: but when words dependent on the verb precede it in the sentence, ἄν may follow any of them, because, in sense, they follow the verb, as πρόφασιν ἄν εἶχον = εἶχον ἄν πρόφασιν.

ἄν, Conj. = ἔάν, with subjunctive. [ἀ] ἄν or ἄν, shortd. Ep. form of ἀνά. [ἀ] ἄν, shortened from ἀνα, for ἀνέστη (like ἐνι for ἐνεστι), be stood up, arose.

ἄν-, sometimes for a privat. before a vowel.

'ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms ἄν-, ἄγ-, ἄμ-: in general signif. opp. to κατά. I.

C. GEN. on board; ἀνά νηὺς on board ship. II.

C. DAT. on, upon. III. C. ACC. the common usage, implying motion upwards, 1. of Place, up:—throughout. 2. of Time, throughout. 3. in numbers, up to. 4. taken distributively, e.g. ἀνά πᾶσαν ἡμέραν day by day: for ἀνά κράτος, v. sub κράτος.

IV. as Adv. thereon, thereupon: throughout, all over. V. IN COMPOS. up to, towards, up, opp. to κατά: hence with a sense of strengthening.

Also back, backwards = Lat. re-, retro-. [ἀνά]

ἀνα, for ἀνάσθηθι, *up!* arise!
 ἀνα, vocat. of ἀνάξ, *king*, only addressed to gods.
 ἀνάβα, Att. for ἀνάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβάδην, Adv. (ἀναβαίνω) *going up, mounting*:
being up on high, aloft; opp. to καταβάδην. [Bā]
 ἀναβαρύνω, ὁ, (ἀναβαίνα) *a means of going up, a*
flight of steps, stair.
 ἀνα-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἀνά, βάθρον) *a ladder.*
 ἀνα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέβην; also aor. I
 med. ἀνεβησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἀνεβήσετο: pf. ἀνα-
 βέβηκα: I. intrans. *to go up, mount, to go on*
ship-board, put to sea. II. in aor. I ἀνέβησα,
 Causal, *to make to go up, make to go on board ship,*
make to mount:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀναβαθεῖς, *mount-*
ed: so also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένος.
 ἀνα-βακχεύω, f. σω, (ἀνά, Βάκχος) *to rouse to Bac-*
chic frenzy. 2. intr. *to break into Bacchic frenzy.*
 ἀνα-βακχιώω, = ἀναβακχεύω.
 ἀνα-βάλλω, f. -βῶλω: pf. -βέβληκα:—*to throw or*
toss up. II. *to put back, put off*:—Med. *to lift up*
one's voice, to make a prelude, begin to sing. III.
to put off, delay; in Act. and Med. IV. in Med.
to throw one's cloak around one.
 ἀνα-βαπτίζω, f. σω, *to dip repeatedly.*
 ἀναβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀνάβασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβαίνω) *a going up, mount-*
ing. 2. *an expedition up from the coast, esp. into*
central Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus. 3.
the rising of a river. II. *a way up, the ascent of*
a mountain, etc.
 ἀναβάτης, poet. ἀμβάτης, ov, ὁ, (ἀναβαίνω) *one*
who is mounted, a horseman. [ā]
 ἀναβατικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀναβαίνω) *skilled in mounting.*
 ἀναβατός, poet. ἀμπατός, ὅν, (ἀναβαίνω) *that may*
be mounted or scaled, easy to be scaled.
 ἀναβέβηκα, pf. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀναβεβρύχην, pf. of an obsol. ἀναβρύχω, *to boil or*
bubble up.
 ἀνάβηθι, ἀναβήναι, aor. 2 imper. and inf. of ἀναβαίνω.
 ἀνα-βιβάζω, fut. med. -βιβάσομαι, Att. -βιβῶμαι:
 aor. I. ἀνεβίβασα, med. -ασάμην:—Causal of ἀνα-
 βαίνω, *to make go up*: I. *to mount one on horse-*
back. 2. *to draw a ship up.* 3. in Med. *to put*
on board ship. 4. *to bring up to the bar of a court*
of justice. Hence
 ἀναβιβαστέον, verb. Adj. *one must set on.*
 ἀνα-βιδόω, f. ἀναβιδώσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέβιδον, inf.
 ἀναβιδῶναι, rarely aor. I ἀνεβίδασα: (ἀνά, βίος):—*to*
come to life again, return to life.
 ἀναβίωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβιδῶ) *recovery of life.*
 ἀναβιώσσομαι, aor. I ἐνεβιωσάμην, Dep. *to bring*
back to life.
 ἀνα-βλαστάνω, f. -βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀνέβλαστον:
 —*to shoot or grow up again.*
 ἀνάβλημα, atos, τό, *a look cast upwards.* From
 ἀνα-βλέπω, f. ψω, *to look up.* 2. *to look back*
upon, Lat. respicere. II. *to see again, recover*
one's sight. Hence

ἀνάβλεψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβλέπω) *a seeing again, re-*
covery of sight.
 ἀναβλήδην, poet. shortd. ἀμβλήδην, Adv. (ἀνα-
 βάλλομαι) *boiling up*:—*with sudden bursts.*
 ἀνάβλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) *a putting off, delay.*
 ἀνα-βλύζω, f. ὕσω: aor. I ἀνέβλυσα:—*to gush forth*;
 ἀναβλύζειν ἔλαιον *to gush out with oil.*
 ἀνα-βλώσσω, aor. 2 ἀνέμολον, *to go up or back.*
 ἀνα-βοάω, fut. ἤσομαι: aor. I ἀνέβόησα, Ion. inf.
 ἀμβῶσαι (for ἀναβοῆσαι):—*to cry or shout aloud,*
utter a loud cry: *to cry out something.* II. *to*
call on.
 ἀναβολάδην, poet. ἀμβ-, Adv. (ἀναβολή) *bubbling*
up. II. *as a prelude or beginning of song.*
 ἀναβολάς, shortd. ἀμβολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω)
thrown up, of earth.
 ἀνα-βολή, poet. ἀμβολή, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) *that which*
is thrown up, a mound of earth. 2. *that which is*
thrown around one, a cloak. II. *a lifting up of*
the voice, a prelude. 2. *a putting off, delaying.*
 ἀναβολία, poet. ἀμβ-, ἡ, (ἀναβολή) *delay.*
 ἀνα-βράσσω, Att. -ττω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεβράσθην:
 —*to make foam or boil up, to boil.* Hence.
 ἀνά-βραστος, ov, *boiled.*
 *ἀνα-βράχω, only found in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἀνεβράχην,
 q. v.
 *ἀνα-βρόχω, aor. I ἀνέβροξα, opt. ἀναβρόξεα, pf.
 ἀναβέβροχα, *to swallow again, gulp down*: also aor. 2
 pass. part. ἀνα-βροχέις, εἶσα, ἐν, *swallowed back, swal-*
lowed down again. Cf. καταβρόχω.
 ἀνα-βρονάζω, aor. I —εβρόαξα, *to shout aloud for joy.*
 ἀνα-βρονχάομαι, Dep. *to roar aloud.*
 ἀναβῶσαι, Ion. for ἀναβοῆσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνα-
 βοάω.
 ἀνά-γαιον, τό, = ἀνώ-γαιον.
 ἀν-αγγέλλω, for the tenses see ἀγγέλλω:—*to carry*
back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. renunciare.
 ἀνα-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I —εγέλᾶσα: *to*
laugh aloud.
 ἀνα-γεννάω, f. ἤσω, *to beget anew, regenerate.*
 ἀν-αγέομαι, Dor. for ἀν-ηγέομαι.
 ἀνα-γεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἀνέγευσα: *to give to taste.*
 ἀνα-γιγνώσκω, later ἀναγινώσκω: f. ἀναγνώσομαι,
 aor. 2 ἀνέγνω: ἀνέγνωκα:—*to know accurately.* 2.
to know again, recognise, own, Lat. agnoscere. 3.
to distinguish, discern: hence *to read.* II. in
 Ion. Greek the aor. I ἀνέγνωσα is used in causal sense
to persuade; and aor. I pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνέ-
 γνωσμαι, *to be persuaded.*
 ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. ἡνάγκηκα: (ἀνάγκη):—*to*
force, compel: *to constrain, esp. by argument*: also
to force by torture, and so to harass, annoy. 2. *to*
prove of necessity, to demonstrate. 3. with double
 acc. *to force a person to do a thing.*
 ἀναγκαῖα, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀνάγκη.
 ἀναγκαῖος, α, ov, also ος, ov, (ἀνάγκη) *of or with*
force: I. Act. *constraining, forcing, pressing*: ἡμαρ
 ἀναγκαῖον *the day of constraint, i. e. slavery.* 2.

forcible, convincing. 3. of things, requiring to be done. II. pass. forced: hence painful.

necessary: τὰ ἀναγκαῖα, necessities: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient. 3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., ἀναγκαῖοι, οἱ, Lat. necessarii, relations.

ἀναγκαίως, Adv. of ἀναγκαῖος, of necessity, perforce; ἀναγκαίως ἔχει: it is necessary: Sup. ἀναγκαϊότατα.

ἀναγκαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, one must compel.

ἀναγκαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναγκάζω) compulsory.

ἀναγκαστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

ἌΝΑΤΚΗ, Ion. and Ep. ἀναγκαίη, ἡ, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. ἀν-ἀγκῇ as Adv. perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by force. 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as hunger. 3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering. II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie of kin, relationship.

ἀνα-γνάνπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεγνάνμην:—to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

ἀναγνολή, ἀναγνῶναι, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἀνα-γινώσκω.

ἀν-άγνος, ον, (a privat., ἀγνός) impure, unchaste, generally unholo, guilty.

ἀνα-γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἴω: to know again, recognise. Hence

ἀναγνώρισις, εως, ἡ, recognition.

ἀνάγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναγνῶναι) a knowing again, recognition, avowing. II. reading.

ἀνάγνωσμα, ματος, τό, (ἀναγνῶναι, aor. 2 of ἀνα-γινώσκω) a passage read aloud.

ἀναγόρευσις, εως, ἡ, a crying aloud, proclamation. From

ἀν-ἀγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ἀνερῶ, aor. 2 ἀνείπον:—to cry aloud, proclaim publicly:—Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

ἀνάγραπτος, ον, (ἀναγράφω) written up or out, registered.

ἀναγράφεις, εως, ὁ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary.

ἀναγράφῃ, ἡ, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

ἀνα-γράφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνέγραψα:—to write up, generally to enter in a public register or record. II. to describe. [γρᾶ]

ἀνα-γρύξω, strengthd. for γρύξω, to mutter.

ἀν-άγω, f. ἀνάγω: aor. 2 ἀνήγαγον: (ἀνά, άγω): I. to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in

Homer=άγω, to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν to put a ship out to sea; and then ἀνάγειν or ἀνάγεσθαι, absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the interior of a country. 4. to lead up, raise up, conduct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, edu-

cate. II. to bring back: to refer. III. in-

trans. (sub. ἑαυτὸν) to withdraw, retreat.

ἀναγωγεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads

up: hence anything by which one leads, a rein, thong, etc.

ἀναγωγή, ἡ, (ἀνάγω) a leading up: a putting to sea. 2. a leading back, referring.

ἀν-άγωγος, ον, (a privat., άγωγή) without guidance or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroken.

ἀν-ἀγωνιστος, ον, (a privat., άγωνίζομαι) without contest, never having contended for a prize.

ἀνα-δαῖω, to divide anew: generally to divide or apportion a conquered land.

ἀνα-δαῖω, poet. ἀν-δαῖω,=ἀνακαῖω, to light up.

ἀνα-δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀναδартεῖν.

ἀναδασμός, ὁ, (ἀναδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: generally a distribution, division.

ἀνδάστος, ον, (ἀναδάσασθαι) divided anew, redistributed: generally, distributed.

ἀνα-δατεῖναι, f. -δάσομαι: aor. I ἀνεδασάμην:—to divide again, re-distribute.

ἀναδέδωρα, pf. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδείγμα, ματος, τό, a means of shewing forth: a mouth-piece used by criers.

ἀνα-δείκνυμι and ἀνα-δεικνύω: fut. -δείξω, Ion. -δέξω:—to lift up and shew, shew forth. II. to make public, declare. Hence

ἀνάδειξις, εως, ἡ, a shewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

ἀνα-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀνα-δέχομαι.

ἀν-άδελφος, ον, (a privat., άδελφός) without brother or sister.

ἀνδέμα, poet. ἀνδεμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-δέξαι, Ion. for ἀναδείξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνα-δείκνυμι.

ἀνα-δέκομαι, aor. 2 ἀν-έδρακον:—to look up, to open the eyes again.

ἀνα-δέρω, f. δερῶ: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare ulcus: hence to rip up old sores.

ἀνάδεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναδέω) a binding on.

ἀναδέσμη, ἡ, and ἀνάδεσμος, ὁ, (ἀναδέω) a band or fillet for women's hair, a headband.

ἀνάδετος, ον, (ἀναδέω) binding up.

ἀνα-δέω, to dye, imbue.

ἀνα-δέχομαι, fut. med. -δέξομαι: aor. ἀνεδέξαμην:—but Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀνεδέγμην: pf. ἀναδέδεγμαι:

Dep.:—to take up, receive: also to take back. II. to take upon oneself, submit to. 2. to undertake, promise to do; also to be surety to one.

ἀνα-δέω, poet. ἀν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -έδησα: pf. pass. -δέδεμαι:—to bind up, bind round; ἀναδεν τινα εὐαγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. II. ἀναδήσαι ἑαυτοὺς ἐς τινα to trace up one's family to a founder. III. Med. to fasten with a rope to oneself; ἀναδούμενος ἔλκειν (sc. ναῦς), to take a ship in tow.

ἀνάδημα, poet. ἀνθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-διδάσκω, f. άξω, to teach over again: to teach

otherwise or better, Lat. *dedocere*: also simply = διδάσκω, to teach:—Pass. to learn better. II. to expound, interpret.

ἀνα-δίδωμι, poet. ἀνδίδωμι: f. -δώσω:—to give up: to give forth, esp. of the earth, to yield. 2. intr. of springs, fire, etc., to burst forth. II. to give round, distribute: also to give back, restore.

ἀνά-δικος, *ον*, (ἀνά, *δίκη*) tried over again.
ἀνα-διπλόω, f. *ώσω*, (ἀνά, *διπλοῦς*) to make double.
ἀνάδοτος, *ον*, (ἀναδίδωμι) given up or to be given up.
ἀνάδου, for ἀνάδοσο, aor. 2 imper. of ἀναδίδωμι.
ἀναδοῦναι, ἀναδοῦς, οὔσα, *όν*, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδοῦνται, ἀναδοῦμενος, 3 pl. and part. pres. med. of ἀναδέω.

ἀναδοχή, *ή*, (ἀναδέχομαι) a taking up, acceptance: ἀναδοχή πόνον the undertaking of labours.

ἀναδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνατρέχω.
ἀναδράμομαι, poet. for -οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναδύνομαι.
ἀνα-δύνα, to come to the top of the water.

ἀνα-δύομαι, f. *δύσομαι*: Dep. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέδυν, pf. ἀναδέδουκα: (ἀνά, *δύω*):—to come up, rise, esp. from the sea: but abso. of the sun, to rise, of springs, to gush forth. 2. to draw back, retire:—

c. acc. to shun: c. inf. to delay to do, avoid doing.
ἀναδῶν, Att. pres. part. of ἀναδέω.

ἀν-ἄδνος, *ή*, (a privat., *ἔδνον*) without presents from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts.

ἀναείραι, aor. I inf. of ἀναείρω.
ἀν-αείρω, (ἀνά, *αείρω*) to lift or raise up.

ἀν-ἄελπτος, *ον*, (a privat., *ἔλπομαι*) unhopcd, unlooked for.

ἀν-αεπτάω, lengthd. for ἀν-αείρω.
ἀνα-ῥάω, inf. ἀναῤῥῶν: f. *ῥήσω*: to return to life.

ἀνα-ῥεύγνυμι and -ῦω, f. *ῥεύξω*, to yoke or harness again: hence to prepare to go away again, esp. with an army, to break up, move off: and so of ships, *νῆας ἀν*, to set sail again. 2. intr. (sub. *στρατόν*, etc.) to march off. Hence

ἀνάῤῥευξις, *εως*, *ή*, a marching away.
ἀνα-ῥέω, f. *ῥέσω*, to boil or bubble up.
ἀνα-ῥητέω, to search into, examine, Lat. *anquirere*: to search out, discover. Hence

ἀναῤῥήγησις, *εως*, *ή*, investigation.
ἀνα-ῥωγρέω, to recal to life.

ἀνα-ῥώννυμι, f. *ῥώσω*, to gird up.
ἀνα-ῥωπύρῶ, to light up again:—Pass. to gain fresh life.

ἀνα-θάλλω, to warm again.

ἀνα-θαρσέω, Att. -θαρπέω, to regain one's courage.
ἀνα-θαρσύνω, Att. -θαρπύνω, to fill with fresh courage. II. intr. = ἀναθαρσέω.

ἀνα-θεῖναι, ἀνα-θεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνατίθημι.
ἀνάθεμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (ἀνατίθημι) anything devoted or

accursed. Hence
ἀνα-θεματίζω, to make accursed, to bind by a curse.

ἀνα-θερμαίνω, to warm or heat again.

ἀναθεῖον, verb. Adj. of ἀνατίθημι, one must refer: one must defer.

ἀνα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι and -θευσοῦμαι, to run up or back, return.

ἀνα-θεωρέω, to look at or observe carefully: to view or observe again.

ἀνα-θηλέω, like ἀνα-θάλλω, (ἀνά, *θήλυς*) to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresh.

ἀνάθημα, *ατος*, *τό*, (ἀνατίθημι) that which is set up, esp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a delight or ornament. Cf. *ἄγαλμα*.

ἀνα-θλίβω, f. *ψω*, to press hard.
ἀναθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναθρῶσκω.

ἀνα-θορυβεῖω, f. *ήσω*, to shout in applause.
ἀνάθρεμμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (ἀνατρέφω) a nursing.

ἀν-αθρέω, (ἀνά, *αθρέω*) to look up at: observe closely.
ἀνα-θρῶσκω, poet. and Ion. ἀνθρῶσκω: fut. ἀνα-

θοροῦμαι: aor. ἀνέθορον, inf. ἀναθορεῖν:—to spring up, bound up, rebound: to spring upon.

ἀναίδεια, Ep. and Ion. ἀναιδείη, *ή*, (ἀναιδής) shamelessness, assurance, effrontery.

ἀναιδέομαι, Dep. (ἀναιδής) to behave impudently.
ἀν-αἰδής, *ές*, (a privat., *αἰδέομαι*) shameless, un-

abashed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called *λῆας ἀναιδής*, reckless, ruthless.

ἀν-αἰδύσσω, to fan the flame.
ἀν-αἰθώ, (ἀνά, *αἰθώ*) to set on fire, to inflame.

ἀν-αιμακτί, Adv. of sq., without bloodshed.
ἀν-αἱμακτος, *ον*, (a privat., *αἰμάσσω*) bloodless, un-

stained with blood, Lat. *incruentus*.
ἀν-αἰμάτος, *ον*, = ἀναιμος.

ἀν-αιμος, *ον*, and ἀν-αἵμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (a privat., *αἷμα*) without blood, bloodless.

ἀν-αιμωτί, Adv. like ἀν-αιμακτί. [τῇ]
ἀναινομαι, impf. *ἡναινόμην*, Ep. *ἡναινόμην*: fut.

ἀνάνομαι (not in use): aor. I *ἡννήμην*, inf. *ἡνῆνασθαι*, subj. *ἡνῆνηται*: Dep.:—to refuse, reject, spurn:

c. inf. refuse to do: hence to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, disown: to repent, be ashamed of doing a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀναίξας, aor. I part. of ἀναίσσω.
ἀναιρεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀναίρειω.

ἀναιρείσας, *εως*, *ή*, a taking up of dead bodies: burial. 2. a taking upon oneself, an undertaking.

II. a destroying, destruction. From
ἀν-αίρειω, f. *ήσω*: pf. *ἡνῆρηκα*, pass. *ἡνῆρημαι*: (v. αἰρέω):—to take up, Lat. *tollere*, and so

I. to bear away, carry off, esp. of prizes: simply, to take up, lift. II. to take away, destroy: of laws and customs, to abolish.

III. to appoint, ordain, esp. of an oracle's answer: but absol. to answer, give a response.

Med. to take up for oneself: hence to gain, win, receive: exact. 2. to take up dead bodies for burial.

3. to take up newborn children, Lat. *tollere*, *suscipere liberos*. 4. to conceive. 5. to take up money at interest.

II. to take upon oneself, undertake. III. to take back to oneself, cancel.

ἀν-αίρω, f. ἀνῶ, to raise up.

ἀναισθησία, ἡ, want of perception, insensibility. From ἀν-αίσθητος, ov, (a privat., αἰσθέσθαι aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι) unfeeling, without feeling. 2. without common sense, senseless. II. pass. unfelt.

ἀν-αισιμῶς, impf. ἀναισιμῶν: aor. I ἀναισιμῶσα:—Pass., aor. I ἀναισιμώθη: pf. ἀναισιμῶμαι: (a privat., αἰσιμος,—the simple αἰσιμῶν being never used):—an Ion. Verb., = Att. ἀναλίσκω, to use up, use; of time, to spend; of food, to consume. Hence

ἀναισιμῶμα, ατος, τό, that which is used up, = Att. δαπάνη, expenditure, outlay.

ἀν-αἰσσω, Att. ἀν-ᾄσσω, ἀν-ᾄττω (ἀνά, αἰσσω):—to start up, rise up quickly, spring or burst forth: c. acc. to leap upon. [ἀνᾶ-]

ἀναισχυντέω, (ἀναισχυντος) to be shameless, behave impudently.

ἀναισχυντία, ἡ, shamelessness. From ἀν-αίσχυντος, ov, (a privat., αἰσχύνη) shameless, impudent: of things, abominable, detestable. ἀν-αίτητος, η, ov, (a privat., αἰτέω) unasked.

ἀν-αἴτιος, ov, (a privat., αἴτια) without cause, groundless.

II. of persons, guiltless, not chargeable,

not to blame.

ἀνα-καθαίρω, to clear thoroughly:—Pass. to become quite clear.

ἀνα-καθίζω, to set up or upright:—Med. to sit up. II. intr. to sit down again.

ἀνα-καινίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to renew.

ἀνα-καινουργέω, to restore anew.

ἀνα-καινός, (ἀνά, καινός) to renew, restore. Hence ἀνακαινώσις, εως, ἡ, renewal, restoration.

ἀνακαῖον, τό, a prison.

ἀνα-καίω, aor. I ἀνέκανσα, to kindle, light up:—Med. to light oneself a fire; metaph. to fire, rouse, encourage: in Pass. to burn with anger.

ἀνα-καλέω, poet. ἀγ-καλέω: fut. ἔσω:—to call up, esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again

and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to summon. 3. to call by a name. III. to call back,

recall, esp. from exile.

ἀνα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, unveil. II. intr. to unveil.

ἀνα-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend upwards or back. 2. intrans. (sub. ἐαντόν) to bend back, return.

ἀν-ᾄκανθος, ov, (a privat., ἄκανθα) without thorns or bones: without a spine.

ἀνα-κάττω, f. ψω, to snap up, swallow, gulp down.

ἀνακέσται, Ion. for ἀνάκεινται, 3 pl. of

ἀνα-κείμαι, poet. ἀγ-κείμαι: f. -κέισμαι:—used as Pass. of ἀνατίθημι, to be laid up, as a votive offering; and so, to be dedicated; also, to be set up, as a statue. II. to be referred to, depend upon.

Ἄνακειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From Ἄνακες, ol, old form of ἀνακτες, the Kings, i. e. Castor and Pollux.

ἀνα-κέκλωμαι, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω, to call out.

ἀνα-κέλαδος, δ, (ἀνά, κέλωμαι) a loud shout.

ἀνα-κέομαι, Ion. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

ἀνα-κεράννυμι and -ῶ: f. κερᾶσω [ᾶ]:—to mix again: generally, to mix up, mix well.

ἀνα-κεφαλαιῶ, f. ὥσω, (ἀνά, κεφαλή) to comprehend in a summary, sum up.

ἀνα-κηκίω, to spout up, gush forth: also, to throb violently. [? Ep.]

ἀνα-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ὕζω, to publish, to proclaim, esp. to proclaim as conqueror: to offer by voice of herald: and so to put up to auction, which was done by proclamation of the κηρυξ.

ἀνα-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to rush into danger again, to run a fresh risk.

ἀνα-κινέω, to move upwards, to sway to and fro. 2. to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

ἀνακίνησις, εως, ἡ, a swinging to and fro. 2.

excitement, emotion. [κί]

ἀνα-κίρνᾶμαι, Dep. = ἀνα-κεράννυμι.

ἀνα-κλάζω, f. -κλάζω: aor. 2 ἀνέκλαγον:—to cry aloud, scream out: of a dog, to bark, bay.

ἀνα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

ἀνα-κλάω, f. -κλάω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέκλασα:—to break upwards or back, to break in pieces.

ἀνάκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακαλέω) a calling on, invocation: a summoning. II. a recalling, esp. from banishment.

ἀνακλιθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνακλινθείς, later ἀνακλιθείς, poet. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-κλίνω, poet. ἀγ-κλίνω [ῖ]: fut. -κλινῶ: aor. I ἀνέκλινα:—to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another: Pass. to lie, sink or lean back. II. to push or put back a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνάκλιτος, η, ov, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back.

ἀνα-κογχυλιάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόγχη) to open and counterfeit a seal.

ἀνα-κοινῶ, f. ὥσω, to communicate or impart something to another: to communicate with another, consult him.—Med. with pf. pass. -κεκοίνομαι, to communicate what is one's own to another: to impart.

ἀνα-κοιράνω, to rule in or over.

ἀνα-κολπάζω, f. σω, (ἀνά, κόλπος) to gird up into a fold (Lat. sinus): absol. to gird oneself up.

ἀνακομιδή, ἡ, recovery of a thing or from an illness. From

ἀνα-κομίζω, poet. ἀγ-κομίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἀνεκόμισα:—to carry up: esp. to carry up or against stream: Pass. to go up. II. to bring back, recover:—Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one: to recover one's own: to bring to pass again:—Pass. to go back.

ἀν-ακοντίω, f. ἴσω, to dart or fling up. II. intr. to shoot up, as blood from a wound.

ἀνακοπή, ἡ, a beating back: a recoil. From

ἀνα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back:—Pass. to stop short.

ἀνα-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to lift or raise up:—Pass. to be lifted up, lightened in spirits. Hence

ἀνακούφισις, εως, ἡ, a *lifting up*, *lightening*: *relief* from a thing.

ἀνα-κράζω, f. ἀζομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέκρᾶγον:—to cry out, *lift up the voice*.

ἀνα-κρᾶθῆις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνακράννυμι.

ἀνάκρᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακράννυμι) a *mixing up*.

ἀνα-κρεομαι, Dep. to begin to play: of a bird, to *tune its voice*.

ἀνα-κρεμάννυμι, poet. ἀγ-κρεμ-: f. -κρεμάσω: aor. I ἀνεκρέμασα:—to hang up upon a thing:—Pass. to be hanging up: metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. *suspensus esse*.

ἀνα-κρίνω [Ὶ] (for the tenses, v. κρίνω): to examine well, search out. II. to examine beforehand:—Med., ἀνακρίνεσθαι πρὸς ἑαυτούς, to question one with another. Hence

ἀνάκρισις, poet. ἀγκρίσις, εως, ἡ, an examination, inquiry.

ἀνα-κροτέω, f. ἦσω, to lift up and strike together: absol. to clap with uplifted hands, applaud vehemently.

ἀνάκρουσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακρούω) a pushing back, checking, esp. pushing a ship back, backing water.

ἀνακρουστήον, verb. Adj. of ἀνακρούω, one must check.

ἀνα-κρούω, f. σω, to thrust back, check:—in Med. of a ship, ἀνακρούεσθαι ἐπὶ πρύμνῃν to put her back sternwards, by backing water. 2. Med. also in music, to strike the strings, make a prelude, like ἀναβάλλεσθαι.

ἀνα-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσθαι: pf. ἀνέκτημαι: Dep.:—to regain for oneself, recover, retrieve. II. to win a person over, gain his favour.

ἀνάκτεσι, Ep. for ἀναξί, dat. pl. of ἀναξ.

ἀνακτόριος, α, ον, (ἀνάκτωρ) belonging to a lord or king, royal: ἀνακτόριον, τό, = sq. a temple.

ἀνάκτορον, τό, (ἀνάκτωρ) a king's dwelling, palace: also a temple.

ἀνάκτωρ, opos, ό, (ἀνάσσω) a lord, king.

ἀνα-κυκᾶω, f. ἦσω, to stir up and mix: to confuse.

ἀνα-κυκλέω, to turn round again:—Pass. to revolve, come round again. Hence

ἀνακύκλησις, εως, ἡ, a coming round again, a circuit, revolution.

ἀνα-κυμβάλλω, (ἀνά, κύμαλον) to rattle like κύμβαλα: διόφοι ἀνεκυμβαλίσσον the chariots were overturned with a rattling noise, like that of cymbals.

ἀνα-κύπτω, fut. -κύψω and -κύψομαι: aor. I ἀνέκυψα: pf. ἀνακέκυφα:—to lift up the head: esp. to come up out of the water: hence to rise out of difficulties, to recover, emerge.

ἀνα-κωκύω, f. ὤσω, to wail aloud. [Ὶ]

ἀνᾶκως, Adv. = ἐπιμελῶς, carefully, ἀνακῶς ἔχειν τινός to look well to a thing. (From ἀνακος, Adj. of ἀναξ, a manager.)

ἀνακωχεύω, f. σω, to hold back, stay, esp. of ships, to keep them riding at anchor: but ἀν. τὸν τόνον τῶν ὤπων to keep up the tension of the ropes, keep taught. 2. intr. (sub. ἑαυτόν) to keep still. From

ἀνακωχή, ἡ, incorrect form of ἀνοκωχή.

ἀναλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνα-λάβομαι, Dep. to take again.

ἀν-ἀλλάζω, aor. I ἀνηλάξα: to raise a war-cry: to cry aloud.

ἀνα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέλαβον: pf. ἀνέληφα:—to take up, take into one's hands: generally, to take with one. 2. to take into one's service, to adopt. 3. like Lat. *recipere*, to take upon one: esp. in Med. to undertake, ἀναλαβεσθαι πόλεμον. 4. to take up again, resume, ἀναλαβεῖν λόγον.

II. to take back, regain, retrieve, repair. III. to pull short up, of a horse. IV. to gain quite over, attach to oneself.

ἀνα-λάμπω, f. -λάμψω, to flame up, take fire.

ἀναλγησία, ἡ, insensibility, want of feeling. From ἀν-ἀλγητος, ον, (a privat., ἀλγέω) without pain: I. of persons, unfeeling, hard-hearted, ruthless:—Adv. -τως, unfeelingly. II. of things, I. not painful. 2. very painful, cruel.

ἀν-ἀλδής, ές, (a privat., ἀλδαίνω) not thriving, feeble.

ἀνα-λέγω, Ep. impf. ἄλλεγον: fut. ἀναλέξω: aor. I ἀνέλεξα, Ep. inf. ἀλλέξαι:—to pick up, gather up:—Med. to pick up for oneself. 2. to recount. II.

to read aloud.

ἀνα-λείχω, f. ῥω, to lick up.

ἀνάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλαμβάνω) a taking up: a taking again, a means of regaining: a repairing, making amends. II. a being taken up: the Ascension.

ἀν-αλθής, ές, (a privat., ἄλθομαι) not healing.

ἀνάλιπος, ον, Dor. for ἀνήλιπος, barefoot.

ἀν-ἄλισκω, f. ἀνᾶλσω: aor. I ἀνήλωσα or ἀνάλωσα: pf. ἀνήλωκα or ἀνάλωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀνᾶλωθήσομαι: aor. I ἀνήλωθην or ἀνᾶλωθην: pf. ἀνήλωμαι or ἀνάλωμαι: the pres. ἀν-ᾶλῶ, impf. ἀνάλουν are rare:—to use up, spend, esp. in a bad sense, to squander:—metaph., ἀν. ὕπνον to use to the full, i. e. enjoy, sleep. II. of persons, to kill, destroy.

ἀνάλκεια, ἡ, want of strength. From

ἀν-αλκίς, ιδος, ό, ἡ, acc. -ιδα or -ιν, (a privat., ἀλκή) without strength, impotent, unwarlike.

ἀν-ἄλλομαι, Dep. to leap up.

ἀν-αλμος, ον, (a privat., ἄλμη) not salted.

ἀνα-λογία, ἡ, (ἀνά, λόγος) proportion, analogy.

ἀνα-λογίζομαι, Dep. to count up: sum up: to think over, calculate, consider. Hence

ἀναλογισμός, ό, a counting up, calculation, reasoning with oneself: also a course of reasoning.

ἀν-αλος, ον, (a privat., ἄλας) not salt, without salt.

ἀν-ἄλῶ, a rare form of ἀν-ἄλισκω.

ἀν-αλτος, ον, (a privat., ἄλθομαι) not to be filled, insatiate, Lat. *inexplebilis*.

ἀνάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλύω) a loosing, releasing: dissolution, death.

ἀνα-λύω, Ion. and Ep. ἄλ-λύω: f. -λύσω [Ὶ]: pf. -λέλυκα, pass. -λέλυμαι:—to unloose, undo again: also to set free. II. to do away, get rid of: to stop, put an end to. III. intr. (sub. ἵππον, ναῦν, etc.) to loose for departure, and so to depart, return.

ἀνάλωκα, -ωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἀνάλωμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναλῶ) *that which is used or spent: expense, cost, outlay* in plur. *expenses*.
 ἀνάλωσα, ἀναλώσαι, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἀνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλῶ) *expenditure*. [ἀνᾶ]
 ἀν-άλωτος, ov, (a privat., ἀλῶναι) *not taken, not to be taken, impregnable*.
 ἀνα-μαιμάω, to rage through or throughout.
 ἀνα-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι, to learn again or anew, learn differently: to inquire closely.
 ἀν-ἀμάξευτος, ov, (a privat., ἀμαξεύω) *impassable for wagons*.
 ἀν-ἀμαρτητος, ov, (a privat., ἀμαρτεῖν) *without missing or failing, unfailing*: in a moral sense, *faultless*. Adv. -τως, *without fail*.
 ἀνα-μαῖσάσθαι, Dep. to chew over again, Lat. *ruminare*.
 ἀνα-μάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -μάξω: aor. I ἀνέμαξα:—to wipe up, wipe off; ἔργον, ὃ σὴ κεφαλῇ ἀναμάξεις a deed which thou wilt wipe off on thine own head, (as if it were a stain). II. Med. to knead one's bread.
 ἀνα-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, sometimes -μαχέσσομαι or -ήσομαι: Dep.:—to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat.
 ἀν-ἀμβάτος, ov, poet. for ἀν-ἀνάβατος, (a privat., ἀναβαίνω) of a horse, *not to be mounted. unmanageable*.
 ἀνα-μέλω, f. ψω, to begin to sing.
 ἀνα-μένω, poet. ἀμμένω: f. -μενώ: aor. I ἀνέμεινα:—to wait for, await: absol. to wait, stay. 2. to await, endure. 3. to put off, delay.
 ἀνά-μεσος, ov, in the middle.
 ἀνά-μεστος, ov, filled full. Hence
 ἀναμεστώ, f. ὥσω, to fill up, fill full.
 ἀνα-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure back or over again, to remeasure the same road one came by: generally, to do or say over again, repeat. II. to measure out. Hence
 ἀναμέτρησις, εως, ἡ, a measuring out, admeasurement.
 ἀνά-μιγα, poet. ἀμμίγα, also ἀνά-μιγδα, Adv. promiscuously.
 ἀνα-μίνγνμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω: aor. I ἀνέμιξα, to mix up together, to mingle. II. Med. to have social intercourse, join company.
 ἀνα-μνηήσκω, f. ἀναμνήσκω, poet. ἀμνήσκω: aor. I ἀνέμνησα:—to remind one of a thing: c. inf. to remind one to do: also to recal to memory, make mention of:—Pass. to remember.
 ἀνα-μίννω, poet. for ἀνα-μένα.
 ἀνα-μίξω, (ἀναμίγνυμι) Adv. mixed up, pell-mell.
 ἀνάμιξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμίγνυμι) *social intercourse*.
 ἀνα-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἀναμίγνυμι.
 ἀναμνησθεῖς, part. aor. I pass. of ἀναμνηήσκω.
 ἀνά-μνησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμνήσκω) a calling to mind, recollection.
 ἀνα-μολεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀναβλάσσω.
 ἀνα-μορμύω, to roar loudly, foam up, of the sea. [ῶ]
 ἀνα-μοχλεῦω, (ἀνά, μοχλός) to lift with a lever: to force open.

ἀν-ἀμπλάκτης, ov, (a privat., ἀμπλάκτης) *unerring, without wandering*.
 ἀνα-μυγθίζομαι, Dep. to groan deeply.
 ἀν-ἀμφίλογος, ov, (a privat., ἀμφίλογος) *undisputed, undoubted*.
 ἀν-ἀμφισβήτητος, ov, (a privat., ἀμφισβήτητος) *undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dispute*. II. act. *without dispute or controversy*.
 ἀνανδρία, ἡ, *unmanliness, cowardice*. From
 ἀν-ἀνδρος, ov, (a privat., ἀνῆρ), I. = ἀνὲν ἀνδρός, *without a husband: without men, desolate*. II. *unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man*.
 ἀν-ἀνδρόω, f. ὥσω, to deprive of a husband. Hence
 ἀν-ἀνδρωτός, ov, *widowed*.
 ἀνα-νεάξω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, νέος) to make young again.
 ἀνα-νέμω, poet. ἀννέμω, to divide or distribute anew. II. Med. to count up, recount: to rehearse.
 ἀνα-νέομαι, poet. ἀννέομαι, Dep. to mount up, rise.
 ἀνα-νεόομαι, f. ὥσομαι: aor. I ἀνενεώσασθαι, poet. inf. ἀνενέωσασθαι: Dep.:—to renew, revive.
 ἀνα-νέω, f. σω, properly to throw the bead back in token of denial: hence to deny, refuse.
 ἀνανέωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνανέομαι) a renewal, revival.
 ἀνα-νήφω, f. ψω, to become sober again, come to one's senses. 2. trans. to make sober again.
 ἀν-αντα, Adv. of ἀν-άντης, up-bill, opp. to κάτωτα.
 ἀν-αντᾶγνιστος, ov, (a privat., ανταγνίζομαι) *without a rival, without a struggle: undisputed*.
 ἀν-άντης, es, (ἀνά, ἀντάω) up-bill, steep, opp. to κάτωτης: hence like Lat. *arduous, difficult*.
 ἀν-αντίρρητος, ov, (a privat., ἀντερῶ) *not to be gainsaid*. Adv. -ως, *without contradiction*.
 *ΑΝΑΞ, ἀνακτος, ὁ: Ep. dat. pl. ἀνάκτεσι: a lord, king, applied to all the gods, esp. to Apollo. II. *any earthly lord, prince, chief, king*: also of the sons or kinsmen of kings, and generally, the chief persons of a state. 2. so too the master of the house, Lat. *berus*. 3. generally, one who is lord or master over anything, as κώπης ἀνακτες: cf. χειρ-ῶναξ.
 ἀνα-ξάινω, to rub or irritate afresh.
 ἀναξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀνάσσω.
 ἀνα-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I -ἐξηράνα, poet. inf. ἀξηράνα:—to dry up.
 ἀν-ἄξιος, ov, also α, ov, (a privat., ἄξιος) *unworthy, not deemed worthy*, c. gen.: absol. *worthless*. 2. *undeserving of evil*.
 ἀναξι-φόρμιγξ, γγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνάσσω, φόρμιγξ) *lord of the lyre*.
 ἀναξίως, Adv. of ἀνάξιος, *unworthily*.
 ἀνα-ξυνώ, (ἀνά, ξυνός) = ἀνα-κοινώ.
 ἀναξυρίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, the trousers worn by eastern nations, (Persian word.)
 ἀνα-ξύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ]: aor. pass. ἀνεξύσθην:—to scrape off.
 ἀνάξω, fut. of ἀνάσσω.
 ἀν-αίγω, f. ξω, poet. for ἀν-οίγω.
 ἀνα-παιδεύω, to educate afresh.
 ἀνάπαιστος, ov, (ἀναπαίω) *struck back, rebounding*:

as Subst. ἀνάπαιστος (sub. πούς), ὁ, an anapaest, i. e. a dactyl reversed.

ἀνα-παύω, f. σω, to strike again or back.

ἀνά-παλιν, Adv. back again.

gain. III. reversely.

ἀνα-πάλλω, poet. ἀμπάλλω: fut. ἀναπάλλω: aor. I ἀνέπληα: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἀμπεπαλύν:—to swing to and fro, to put in motion:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνέπαλτο, to dart or spring up.

ἀνα-πάσσω, f. άσω, to scatter upon.

ἀνάπαυλα, ης, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease from a thing: of watches, κατ' ἀναπαύλας διεργῆσθαι to be divided into reliefs. II. a resting-place.

ἀνάπαυσις, poet. ἀμπαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease: rest from a thing, cessation.

ἀναπαυστήριος, Ion. ἀμπ-, ov, (ἀναπαύω) belonging to resting or rest:—as Subst. ἀναπαυστήριον or ἀναπαυτήριον, τό, a resting-place: the time or hour of rest: also (sub. σημείον), the sound of trumpet for all to go to rest.

ἀνα-παύω, Ion. ἀμπαύω, (for the tenses, v. παύω): —to make cease, stop from a thing: later to give rest or relieve from a thing. II. Med. to cease, leave off, desist from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleep: also to die. 2. to stop, halt, rest. 3. to regain strength.

ἀνα-πείθω, f. -πέισω: aor. I ἀνέπεισα:—to bring over to another opinion, to persuade against one's will: also in bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

ἀνα-πειράομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, Dep. to try or attempt again, to make trial of. II. as a military and naval term, to exercise, practise.

ἀνα-πείρω, f. -περώ: aor. I ἀνέπειρα, Ep. part. ἀμ-πείρας: Pass., aor. 2 ἀνεπάρην [ā]: pf. ἀναπέπαρμαι, poet. ἀμπεπάρμαι:—to pierce through, spit.

ἀναπειστήριος, α, ov, (ἀναπείθω) persuasive.

ἀνα-πεμπαίω, and -άζομαι, to count over again.

ἀναπέμπω, poet. ἀμπέμπω, f. ψω, (for the tenses, v. πέμπω):—to send up or forth:—Med. to send up from oneself. II. to send back.

ἀναπεπτάμενος, pf. pass. part. of ἀναπετάννυμι.

ἀναπесείν, ἀναπесών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνα-πιπτω.

ἀνα-πετάννυμι and ἀνα-πεταννύω, also ἀνα-πετάω: fut. -πετάσω, Att. -πετώ: aor. I ἀνεπέτασα, poet. imper. and part. ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσας:—to spread out or open, expand, unfold, unfurl:—pf. pass. part. ἀνα-πεπτάμενος, η, ov, outspread, open.

ἀνα-πέτομαι, f. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπτύμην or ἀνε-πτάμην, poet. part. ἀμπτάμενος; and in act. form ἀνέπτην, poet. opt. ἀμπτάην: (v. πέτομαι):—to fly up, fly up and away.

ἀναπέφθηα, pf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-πήγνυμι or -νω, to transfix, spit.

ἀνα-πηδάω, poet. ἀμπηδάω: f. ἡσσομαι: (v. πηδάω): —to leap, spring up or forth, start up; ἀν. ἐπ' ἔργον to jump up to work: of springs, to gush forth. II.

to spring back.

ἀνά-πηρος, ov, (ἀνά, πηρός) maimed, crippled, halt.

ἀνα-πιδύνω, f. ἴσω, to make to spring up.

ἀνα-πλήρωμι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀνέπλησα:—to fill up, Lat. explore:—to fulfil, accomplish. II.

to fill up, appease. III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

ἀνα-πίπτω, f. -πесοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέπεσον: pf. ἀνα-πέπτωκα:—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose heart, Lat. concidere animo.

ἀνα-πίτνημι, poet. for ἀνα-πετάννυμι.

ἀνα-πλάσσω, Att. -πλάττω, f. -πλάσω [ā]: aor. I ἀνέπλάσα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ἀνα-πλέκω, f. ζω, to braid up, entwine, wreath.

ἀνα-πλέω, f. -πλευσομαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀνέπλευσα: Ion. pres. ἀνα-πλώω:—to sail upwards, to sail up stream: also to put out to sea. II.

to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to swim back.

ἀνά-πλεω, av, gen. ω: also fem. ἀναπλέα:—Ion. and Att. for ἀνάπλεος: (ἀνά, πλεω = πλεος):—filled up, quite full of a thing. II. defiled or infected with a thing.

ἀνα-πληρόω, f. ὥσω, to fill up, fill full. II. to fill up again:—Pass. to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

ἀναπλήσσει, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀναπλήρωμι.

ἀνάπλοος, contr. ἀνάπλους, ὁ, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

ἀν-απλόω, f. ὥσω, to unfold, open.

ἀνα-πλώω, Ion. for ἀναπλέω.

ἀνα-πνεύω, Ion. ἀμπνεύω, Ep. for ἀναπνέω.

ἀναπνεύσεις, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνάπνευστι, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again: respire, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breath.

ἀνάπνευστος, ov, poet. for ἀπνευστος, without drawing breath, breathless.

ἀνα-πνέω, f. -πνεῦσομαι: aor. I ἀνέπνευσα:—to breathe again, have a respite, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms ἀμπνευ, ἀμπνυτο, ἀμπνύθη v. sub vocc.). II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. respiro.

III. to breathe forth, send forth.

ἀναπνοή, poet. ἀμπνοή, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) recovery of breath, rest. II. a drawing breath, Lat. respiratio.

ἀνάπνυε, poet. pres. imperat. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀν-απόδεικτος, ov, undemonstrated, indemonstrable.

ἀνα-ποδίξω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἀνεπώδισα: (ἀνά, πούς):—to make to step back, call back and question: ἀναποδίξεν ἑαυτόν to correct oneself. II.

intrins. to step back.

ἀν-άποιος, ov, (α privat., ἀποινα) without ransom or reward: neut. ἀνάποιον, Adv. without recompense.

ἀνα-πολέω, poet. ἀμπολέω, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again, to repeat, reconsider.

ἀν-απολόγητος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀπολογέομαι) in-
defensible, inexcusable. 2. act. unable to defend
oneself, without excuse.

ἀναπομπή, ἡ, (ἀναπέμω) a sending up; θησαυρῶν
ἀν. a digging up of treasures.

ἀναπομπός, ὁ, (ἀναπέμω) one that sends up or back.

ἀν-ἀπόνυπτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀπνίξω) unwashed.

ἀνα-ποτόμοι, *Dep.* = ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πράσσω, *Att.* -πτω, fut. -πράξω, to exact, levy;
ἀν. ὑπόσχεσιν to exact the fulfilment of a promise.

ἀνα-πρήθω, *f. σω*, properly to set on fire, light up;
δάκρυ' ἀναπρήσας letting tears burst forth.

ἀνα-πτερόω, *f. ὥσω*; *aor.* I ἀν-επτέρωσα; *pf.* -επτέ-
ρωκα:—to furnish with wings or to raise the wings
for flight: generally, to raise, set up. 2. of the

mind, to set on the wing, excite vehemently:—*Pass.*
to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement. II,

to furnish with new wings:—*Pass.* to get new wings.

ἀναπτῆναι, ἀναπτάσθαι, ἀναπτέσθαι, *inf.* of ἀν-
έπτην, ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνεπτόμην, *aor.* 2 of ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πτύσσω, fut. ὕψω:—*Pass.*, *aor.* I ἀνεπτύχθην,
aor. 2 ἀνεπτύγην [ῥ]: (v. πτύσσω):—to unfold, undo,
esp. of rolls of books; and so, like *Lat.* *evolvere*, to
unroll for reading: hence to unfold, bring to light,
Lat. explicare. II. as military term, τὴν φά-

λαγγα ἀναπτύσσειν to fold back the phalanx, i.e.
deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into
rear; but, τὸ κέρας ἀναπτύσσειν to open out the
wing, i.e. extend the front, *Lat. explicare*. Hence

ἀναπτύχῃ, ἡ, an opening, unfolding: an expanse.

ἀνα-πτύω, *f. ὥσω* [ῥ], to spit up or out: *absol.* to
sputter.

ἀν-άπτω, *f. ψω*; *aor.* I ἀνῆψα:—to hang up to,
fasten on or to a thing; ἀγάλματα ἀνάπτειν, =
ἀνατιθέναι, to hang up votive gifts; μῶμον ἀνάπτειν
to fasten disgrace upon one:—*Med.* to fasten for one-
self; ἀνάπτειν ναῦν to fasten a ship to oneself and
tow it away:—*Pass.* to be fastened or fasten oneself
on, cling to. II. to light up, light, kindle: *metaph.*
to inflame.

ἀνα-πυνθάνομαι, *f.* -πεύσομαι; *aor.* 2 ἀνεπύθόμην;
Dep.:—to search out, inquire into: also to learn by
inquiry. Hence

ἀνὰ-πυτος, *ον*, searched out, ascertained, notorious.
ἀνάπτως, shortened ἀμπωτις, *gen.* εως *Ion.* ιος, ἡ,
(ἀναπίνω) a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide,
returning of the waters.

ἀναρ-, in compds. of ἀνά with words beginning with
ῥ the ῥ is usually doubled, as in ἀναρ-παίξω, etc.,
though in poets and *Ion.* Greek it is sometimes single.
ἀναραιορκώς, *Ion.* for ἀνηρηκώς, *pf.* part. of ἀναρῶ.
ἀν-ἀργύρος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀργυρος) without silver:
without money.

ἀν-αρθρος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀρθρον) without joints: dis-
jointed, nerveless. 2. of sounds, inarticulate.

ἀν-ἀριθμέομαι, *f. ἴσομαι*, to count up, enumerate.

ἀν-ἀριθμητος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀριθμητός) = sq.

ἀν-ἀριθμος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀριθμός) without number,

countless: without bounds in a thing: *c. gen.* taking
no account of a thing.

ἀν-αρκτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀρχω) not governed or
subject: not submitting to be governed.

ἀναρμοστία, ἡ, unsuitableness: discord. From
ἀν-ἀρμωστος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀρμόζω) unfit, incon-
gruous: of sound, inharmonious: of persons, ab-
surd. 2. unfitted, unprepared.

ἀναρπαγή, ἡ, recapture. From
ἀν-αρπάξω, fut. ἄξω, *Att.* ἄσω or ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: *aor.* I
ἀνήρπασα:—to tear up, snatch up. II. to bury

along, to carry off, to drag by force, esp. before a
magistrate, *Lat. rapere in jus*. III. to take by

storm, and so to plunder, generally, to treat with vio-
lence. Hence

ἀναρπαστός, *όν*, also ἡ, *όν*, torn away, carried off,
esp. into Persia, treated with violence.

ἀναρ-ρέω, *f.* -ρεύσομαι, (ἀνά, ῥέω) to flow back or to
the source.

ἀναρ-ρήνυμι or -ῶω; *f.* -ρήξω; *aor.* I ἀνέρρηξα:
—to break up, break through or open. II. to

make break forth; ἀναρρήξαι ἔπη, like *Lat.* *rumpere*
voces:—*Pass.* to burst forth. III. *intr.*, like *Pass.*
to burst forth.

ἀναρ-ρηθῆναι, *aor.* I *pass.* of *aor.* 2 *act.* ἀνείπειν.
ἀναρρήξας, *aor.* I *part.* of ἀναρρήνυμι.

ἀναρ-ρίπτω or -έω, *f.* -ρίψω; *aor.* I ἀνέριψα:—
to throw up; ἀναρριπτεῖν ἅλα πηδῶ to throw up the
sea with the oar. II. ἀναρρίπτειν κίνδυνον to run

the hazard of a thing, run a risk; also without κίν-
δυνον, εἰς ἅπαν τὸ ὑπάρχον ἀναρρίπτειν to throw for
one's all, stake one's all.

ἀν-αρρήχασθαι, *impf.* ἀνερριχώμην; fut. ἀναρρήχ-
σομαι; *aor.* I ἀνερριχίσάμην; *Dep.*:—to clamber up
with the hands and feet, to scramble up.

ἀνάρρουν, ἡ, (ἀναρρέω) a flowing back, reflux, ebb.

ἀναρ-ροιβδέω, to swallow back, gulp down again.

ἀνάρ-ρῦσις, *εως*, ἡ, (ἀνά, ῥύω=ἔρῶω) a snatching
away, rescuing. 2. the second day of the festival

Ἀπαυούρια.

ἀναρ-ρώνυμι and -ῶω, fut. -ῥώσω; *aor.* I ἀνέ-
ρῶσα:—to strengthen again:—*Pass.* to regain strength
or spirit.

ἀν-ἀρστος, *ον*, also α, *ον*, (a privat., ἀρσιος) not fit-
ting together: hence hostile, unpropitious, implacable:
of things, untoward, strange, monstrous.

ἀν-αρτάω, *f. ἴσω*; *aor.* ἀνήρτησα:—to hang up or
upon, to attach to, make dependent upon.—*Med.* with
pf. *pass.* ἀνήρτημαι, to attach to oneself: also to sub-
due:—*Pass.* also with *pf.* ἀνήρτημαι, to be dependent
upon; ὅτεν πάντα εἰς ἑαυτὸν ἀνήρτηται who has
everything dependent on himself; but ἀνήρτηται,
c. inf. to be prepared to do.

ἀν-ἀρτιος, *ον*, (a privat., ἀρτιος) uneven, odd; *cf.*
ἀρτιος.

ἀν-αρχαίω, *f. σω*, to make old again.

ἀναρχία, ἡ, the state of a people without government,
anarchy. From

ἀν-αρχος, *ov*, (α privat., ἀρχή) without head or chief. 2. without beginning.

ἀνα-σειράζω, *f. άσω*, (ἀνά, σειρά) to pull back with a rein, draw aside.

ἀνα-σεύω, *poët. άνασεύω*, *f. σεύω*, to shake up or back: to swing to and fro, move up and down.

ἀνασεσυρμένος, *part. pf. pass. of άνασεύω*.

ἀνα-σεύω, to move upwards:—*Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 άνεσσύμη*, 3 *sing. άνεσσύτο*, to spring up or forth.

ἀνα-σκάπτω, *f. ψω*, to dig up.

ἀνα-σκέπτομαι, see ἀνα-σκοπέω.

ἀνα-σκευάζω, *f. άσω*: *pf. άνεσκεύακα*:—*Pass., aor. I άνεσκεύασθην*: *pf. άνεσκεύασμαι*:—*opp. to κατασκευάζω*, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκεύη), *Lat. vasa colligere*: hence of an army, in *Med.*, to break up their quarters, march away. 2. to disfigure, dismantle a place: *Med. to dismantle one's house*.

3. to waste, ravage. 4. in *Pass.* to be bankrupt: ἀνεσκευάσμεθα we are undone.

ἀν-άσκητος, *ov*, (α privat., άσκέω) unpractised, unexercised.

ἀνα-σκολοπίζω, *f. ίσω*, to fix on a pole or stake, impale:—*fut. med. inf. άνασκολοπιεΐσθαι* occurs in *pass. sense*.

ἀνα-σκοπέω, *fut. -σκέβομαι*: *aor. άνεσκεψάμην*:—to look at, view attentively, inquire into.

ἀνα-σπαράσσω, *f. ξω*, to tear up.

ἀνάσπαστος, *ov*, dragged up, *esp. from one's country up into central Asia*. 2. of a door, drawn back, i.e. opened. From

ἀνα-σπάω, *poët. άνσπάω*: *f. -σπάσω [ά]*: *aor. I άνέσπασα*:—to draw or pull up: to draw a ship up. 2. to draw or suck up: to draw back. II.

τὰς ὀφρύς άνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows, and so put on an important air; λόγους άνασπᾶν to utter boastful words.

άνασσα, *ή*, *fem. of άναξ*, a queen, lady, mistress.

ἀν-άσσάτος, *Dor. for άν-ήσσητος*.

άνασσεύασκε or -εσκε, *Ion. for άνέσειε*, 3 *sing. impf. of άνασεύω*.

άνάσσω, *impf. ήνασσον*, *Ep. άνασσον*: *fut. άνάξω*: *aor. I ήναξα*, *Ep. άναξα*: (άναξ):—to be lord or master, to rule, reign over:—*Med., τρις άνάξασθαι γένεα άνδρῶν to have reigned for three generations*:—*Pass. to be ruled*.

αν-ήσσω, *Att. for άνάσσω*.

άνάστα, *for άνάστηθι*, *aor. 2 imperat. of άνίστημι*.

άναστᾶδόν, *Adv. (άνίστημι) upright*.

άναστάς, άναστήναι, *aor. 2 part. and inf. of άνίστημι*.

άναστᾶσις, *gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή*: I. causal (άνίστημι) a making to stand up, awakening. 2.

a making to rise and leave their place, removal: *usu. in bad sense, laying waste, destruction*. 3. a rebuilding. II. *pass. (άνίσταμαι)* a standing or rising up, *esp. in token of respect: άνάστασις ἐξ ύπνου an awakening: the Resurrection*.

άναστᾶτήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (άνίστημι) a destroyer.

άναστατής, *ου, ό*, = άναστατήρ.

άναστᾶτος, *ov*, (άνίσταμαι) made to rise up and depart, driven from one's house and home: hence laid waste, ravaged. Hence

άναστᾶτός, *f. άσω*, to ruin, put in confusion.

άνα-σταυρόω, *f. άσω*, to impale or crucify, like άνα-σκολοπίζω. II. to crucify afresh.

άνα-στέλλω, *f. -στέλῳ* (for the tenses, *v. στέλλω*):—to send up, raise:—*Med. to gird up one's clothes*. 2. to keep back, check:—*Pass. to go back, retire*.

3. seemingly intr. (*sub. έαυτόν*), to withdraw.

άνα-στενάζω, *f. άξω*, = άναστένω.

άνα-στενάχίζω, = άναστένω.

άνα-στενάχω, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud. [άχ]

άνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud.

άνα-στέφω, *f. ψω*, to crown, wreath:—*Pass., pf. άνέστέμμα* κάρα I have my head wreathed.

άνα-στηρίζω, *f. ξω*, to fix on a firm base.

άναστησειω, *Desiderative from άναστήσω* (*fut. of άνίστημι*), I desire to set up.

άναστήσομαι, -στήσω, *fut. med. and act. of άνίστημι*.

άναστολή, *ή*, (άναστέλλω) a putting back.

άνα-στομοίω, *f. άσω*, to furnish with a mouth; άναστομοῦν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

άνα-στρέφω, *f. ψω*: *pf. άνέστραμμαι*:—to turn upside down, to turn up by digging. II. to turn back, around or about; άναστρέφειν πάλιν to repeat: to rally. 2. intr. (*sub. έαυτόν*), to turn back, return.

III. *Pass. with fut. med. -στρέφομαι*, to turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like *Lat. versari*; γαΐαν άναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a land. 2. to be busied in a thing. 3. to revolve. 4. of soldiers, to rally. Hence

άναστροφή, *ή*, a turning back or about, a return: a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2. a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place: hence the place where one tarries, an abode.

άνα-στρωφάω, *poët. for άνα-στρέφω*, to turn every way.

άνα-σύρω [ῶ], *f. -σύρῳ*: *aor. I άνέσυρα*:—to draw or pull up: in *Med. to pull up one's clothes*.

άνα-σφάλλω, *f. -σφᾶλῳ*: *aor. I άνέσφηλα*:—to recover from a fall, recover.

άνασχεθεΐν, *contr. άνασχεθῆν*, *inf. of άνέσχεθον*, *poët. aor. 2 of άνέχω*.

άνασχεΐν, άνασχεσθαι, *aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of άνέχω*.

άνασχετός, *poët. άνοσχετός, όν*, (άνέχομαι) to be undergone or suffered, tolerable.

άνα-σχιζω, *f. ίσω*, to split up, rip up.

άνασχών, *aor. 2 part. of άνέχω*.

άνα-σώζω, *f. -σώσω*: *aor. I άνέσωσα*:—to recover what is lost:—*Med. to regain for oneself*. 2. to bring back, restore:—*Pass. to return safe*. 3. to keep in mind.

άνα-ταράσσω, *Att. -ττω*: *fut. -ταράξω*: to stir up and trouble: hence to excite, rouse to phrensy: *pf. pass. part. άνατεταραγμένος*, in confusion.

ἀνα-τάσσω, Att. -τῶ: f. -τάξω: to set in order again:—Med. to go regularly through again.

ἀνατέραμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνᾶτεῖ or ἀνατί, Adv. of ἀνᾶτος, with impunity.

ἀνα-τείνω, poet. ἀντένω: f. -τενῶ: aor. I ἀνέτεινα:—to stretch up or forth; χεῖρα ἀνατείνειν to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαιραν ἀνατεταμένους having his sword stretched forth. II. intrans. to reach up. III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle.

ἀνα-τεχνίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

ἀνατεχνισμός, ὁ, building of new walls.

ἀνα-τέλλω, poet. ἀν-τέλλω: f. -τελῶ: aor. I ἀνέτειλα:—to make or let rise up, Lat. submitto: hence to bring forth, bring to light. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλόξ ἀνατελλομένη a flame blazing forth: to grow.

ἀνα-τέμνω, f. τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

ἀνᾶτί, Adv. = ἀνατεί.

ἀνα-τίθημι, f. ἀναθήσω: (for the tenses, v. τίθημι):—to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute or ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. II. to set up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was ἀνάθημα.

III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from; προσθέσθαι κἀναθέσθαι τοῦ γε καθανεῖν adding to or taking away from the necessity of death.

IV. Med. to take upon oneself, undergo. 2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to retract one's opinion.

ἀνα-τίμᾶω, f. ἴσω, to raise in price.

ἀνα-τίνασσω, f. ξω, to sway to and fro, brandish.

ἀνατλάς, part. of sq.

ἀνα-τλήναι, inf. of aor. 2 ἀν-έτλην, with no pres.

ἀνά-τλημι in use (ἀνατολμᾶν being used instead): fut. -τλήσομαι:—to bear, suffer, sustain.

ἀνατολή, poet. ἀντολή, ἡ, (ἀνατέλλω) a rising, esp. of the sun and moon: the East.

ἀνα-τολμᾶω, f. ἴσω, to regain courage.

ἀν-ᾄτος, ov, (a privat., ἀτή) without harm, unharmed. II. act. not harming, harmless.

ἀνα-τρέπω, poet. ἀντρέπω: f. -τρέψω: aor. I ἀνέτρεψα:—to turn up or over, upset. 2. to overthrow, Lat. evertere. 3. Pass. with fut. med. -τρέψομαι, to be cast down, disheartened.

ἀνα-τρέφω, fut. -θρέψω: aor. I ἀνέθρεψα:—to bring up, nourish, educate.

ἀνα-τρέχω, fut. ἀναθρέξομαι and ἀναδραμούμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέδραμον:—to run back. 2. to start up.

3. to go straight up; ἀναδέδROME πέτρῃ (pf. with pres. sense) the rock runs sheer up. 4. to run up, shoot up, of plants: thence of cities.

ἀνά-τρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνά, τετραῖνω) a boring through.

ἀνα-τριβῶ, f. ψω, to rub well, rub clean. II. to rub in pieces: Pass. to be worn away. [Ὶ]

ἀνατροπή, ἡ, (ἀνατρέπω) an overturning, upset.

ἀνα-τυρβάξω, f. ἴσω, to stir up and confound.

ἀν-αῦγης, ov, (a privat., αὔγη) rayless.

ἀν-αῦδης, Dor. -ᾄτος, ov, (a privat., αὔδω) unutterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

ἀν-αῦδος, ov, (a privat., αὔδή) speechless, voiceless: preventing speech. II. unutterable.

ἀν-αῦλος, ov, (a privat., αὔλος) without the music of the flute: hence joyless, sad.

*ἀ-ναυς, gen. ἀναός, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ναῦς) without ships; ναὲς ἀναες ships that are ships no more, Lat. nares nenaves.

ἀνα-φαίνω, poet. ἀμφαίνω, f. -φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἀνέφηνα, or -ἐφᾶνα:—to make shine: to bring to light, shew forth: to proclaim. II. Pass. with fut. med.

ἀναφανήσομαι, pf. act. ἀναπέφηνα, to be shewn forth, appear plainly: also to reappear: to be seen or shewn to be, hence to be accounted.

ἀναφάνας, aor. I part. of ἀναφαίνω, having made to appear, having come in sight of. [φᾶ]

ἀναφανδῶ, Adv. (ἀναφαίνω) visibly, openly.

ἀναφανδόν, Adv. = foregoing.

ἀναφᾶνεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-φέρω, poet. ἀμφέρω: f. ἀνοίσω: aor. I ἀνήνεγκα, Ion. ἀνήνεκα, also ἀνωσα:—to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia:—Pass. to rise up:—Med. to carry up for oneself or what is one's own: ἀναείκασθαι, absol. to heave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up, praise. 3. to uphold, take upon one. II. intr.

to rise, as the stars. III. to bring or carry back: 1. to bring back tidings. 2. to bring back from exile. 3. to throw back upon another, refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, consult him. 4. to bring back to oneself, restore: intrans. and in Pass. to refresh oneself, recover.

ἀνα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee back, escape.

ἀναφήναι, aor. I inf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀν-ᾄφης, ἐς, (a privat., ἀφή) untouched, not to be touched.

ἀνα-φθέγγομαι, Dep. to call out aloud.

ἀνα-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be undone, perish utterly.

ἀνα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up, rekindle: hence to inflame.

ἀνα-φλογίζω, f. σω, = ἀναφλέγω.

ἀνα-φλύω, to bubble up like boiling water.

ἀνα-φοβῶ, f. ἴσω, to frighten away.

ἀναφορά, ἄς, ἡ, (ἀναφέρω) a carrying up, raising. 2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying back: 1. a referring, a reference. 2. a giving way, respite, remission. 3. intr. a going back: a means of recovery.

ἀνα-φορέω, = ἀναφέρω.

ἀνάφορον, τό, (ἀναφέρω) anything to carry with; a yoke or beam for carrying.

ἀναφράξομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to observe again, recognise.

ἀν-αφρόδιτος, ov, (a privat., Ἀφροδίτη) without the favour of Venus: without beauty.

ἀνα-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, to come back to one's senses, come to oneself.

ἀναφυγή, ἡ, (ἀναφεύγω) a fleeing back, escape, release from.

II. a retreat.

ἀνα-φύρω [ῥ], pf. pass. -πέφυρμαι, to mix up, confound, defile.

ἀνα-φυσάω, f. ἦσω, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. to be puffed up or arrogant.

ἀνα-φυσάω, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.

ἀνα-φύω, f. ύσω, to make to grow up, to produce. Med. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέφυν, pf. ἀναπέφυκα, to grow up: to grow again.

ἀνα-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence

ἀναφώνημα, ατος, τό, a proclamation.

ἀνα-χάζω, f. άσω, to make give way, drive back:—mostly used as Dep. ἀνα-χάζομαι, f. άσσομαι, Ep. aor. 1 ἀνεχασάμην, to draw back, retire.

ἀνα-χαίνω, aor. 2 ἀνέχων, pf. ἀνακέχηνα:—to open the mouth wide, gape wide.

ἀνα-χατίω, f. ίω, (ἀνά, χαίτη) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up:—c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider; hence to overibrow, upset.

ἀνα-χάσκω, = ἀναχαίνω.

ἀνα-χέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour over.

ἀνα-χρσαίνομαι, (ἀνά, χνός) Pass. to get the first down on the chin.

ἀνα-χορεύω, f. σω, to begin a choral dance:—intr. to dance on high.

ἀνάχυσς, εως, ἡ, (ἀναχέω) a pouring over, spending: excess.

ἀνα-χώννυμι, f. χώσω, to heap up.

ἀνα-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go back, retire, retreat, withdraw. II. to come back, revert to the right owner. Hence

ἀναχώρησις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, a going back, retiring, retreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. recessus.

ἀνα-χωρίζω, f. ίω, Att. ιῶ, to make to go back or retire.

ἀνα-ψηφίζω, fut. ίσω, Att. ιῶ, (ἀνά, ψηφος) to put to the vote again. Hence

ἀναψηφίσις, εως, ἡ, a putting to the vote again.

ἀναψύξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναψύχω) a cooling, refreshing.

ἀναψύχη, ἡ, a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery

from a thing: rest. From

ἀνα-ψύχω, fut. -ψύξω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀνεψύχην: aor. 2 ἀνεψύχην [ῥ]: (ἀνά, ψύχος):—to revive by fresh air, to cool, refresh: generally, to cheer: ναὺς ἀναψύχων to overhaul the ships, make them sound again:—Med. to breathe fresh air again, revive. [ῥ]

ἀν-δαίω, poet. for ἀνα-δαίω.

ἀνδάνω, impf. ἤνδανον, Ep. ἐήνδανον, Ion. ἐάνδανον: fut. ἀδήσω: aor. 2 ἔαδον, Ep. εὔαδον and ἄδον [α]: pf. ἄδῃκα, also ἔαδα, Dor. ἔαδα: (the Root is 'ΑΔ-, which appears in aor. 2 and fut.):—to please, delight, like ἡδομαι: in Homer and Herodotus always c. dat. pers. ἀνδάνει μοι: impers., ἀνδάνει μοι ποιεῖν, like Lat. placet.

ἀν-δεμα, poet. for ἀνά-δεμα.

ἀνδρον, τό, mostly in plur. ἄνδρα, quasi ἄνθηρα, τά, a raised border, flower-bed: any earth dug or thrown up.

ἀνδρσάμενος, poet. part. aor. 1 of ἀναδέω.

ἀν-δίχα, Adv. (ἀνά, δίχα) asunder, in twain.

ἀνδρ-αγαθέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνῆρ, ἀγαθός) to be or behave like a brave man. Hence

ἀνδρ-αγαθία, ἡ, the character of a brave good man, bravery, manly virtue. Hence

ἀνδρ-αγαθίζομαι, f. ίσσομαι, Att. ῥύμαι: Dep.:—to act bravely, honestly, play the honest man.

ἀνδρ-αγρία, ων, τά, (ἀνῆρ, ἀγρία) the spoils of a slain enemy.

ἀνδράκας, Adv. (ἀνῆρ) man by man, like κατ' ἀνδρας, Lat. virisim: generally, separately, apart.

ἀνδραποδισίη, heterocl. dat. of ἀνδραποδον, for ἀνδραποδους, as if from ἀνδράπους.

ἀνδραποδίζομαι, Dep. = ἀνδραποδίζω.

ἀνδραποδίζω, fut. ίσω, Att. ιῶ: aor. 1 ἡνδραπόδισα:—Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδισθήσομαι, but also med. ἀνδραποδισομαι: aor. 1 ἡνδραποδισθην: pf. ἡνδραποδισμαι: (ἀνδραποδον) :—to reduce to slavery, esp. to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than δουλόω,) Lat. vendere sub corona:—Pass. to be sold into slavery.

ἀνδράποδισις, εως, ἡ, and ἀνδράποδισμός, ό, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery, enslaving: kidnapping.

ἀνδράποδιστής, ου, ό, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a slave-dealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them.

ἀνδράποδον, a slave, esp. one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat. ἀνδραποδουσι as if from ἀνδράπους. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀνδράποδ-ώδης, es, (ἀνδράποδον, εἶδος) slavish, servile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ἐλεύθερος.

ἀνδράριον, τό, Dim. of ἀνῆρ, a manikin. [ἀρ]

ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνῆρ.

ἀνδρ-αχτής, ές, (ἀνῆρ, ἄχθος) loading a man, as much as a man can carry.

ἀνδρεία, Ion. -ῆτη, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo.

ἀνδρ-εἰκελον, τό, (ἀνῆρ, εἰκελος) an image of a man, a statue. II. a flesh-coloured paint.

ἀνδρείος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνδρήϊος, η, ον, (ἀνῆρ) of or belonging to a man, manly, masculine: neut. τό ἀνδρεῖον, manliness. II. τὰ ἀνδρεία, the public meals of the Cretans, also the older name for the Spartan φειδιτια. Hence

ἀνδρεϊότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρ-ειφόντης, ου, ό, (ἀνῆρ, *φένω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρεῖων, ἄνος, ό, poet. for ἀνδρεῶν: see ἀνδρῶν.

ἀνδρεσι, Ep. for ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνῆρ.

ἀνδρεόμενος, Ion. for ἀνδρούμενος, pres. pass. part. of ἀνδρῶω.

ἀνδρεῖσθαι, Dep. = ἀνδρίσθαι.

ἀνδρεῶν, ἄνος, ό, Ion. for ἀνδρῶν.

ἀνδρητή, Ion. for ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀνδρείος.

ἀνδρῆλατέω, f. ἦσαι, to banish from home. From ἀνδρ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, ἐλαίνω) be that drives one from his home, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρία, late form of ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδριαντοποιέω, (ἀνδριαντοποιός) to be a statuary.

Hence

ἀνδριαντοποιία, ἡ, statuary, sculpture.

ἀνδριαντο-ποιός, ου, ὁ, (ἀνδρίας, ποιέω) a statue-maker, statuary, sculptor.

ἀνδρίας, ἀντος, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ) the image of a man, a statue.

ἀνδρίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνῆρ) to make a man of:—Pass. to become a man, to think and act like a man.

ἀνδρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνῆρ) of or for a man, masculine, manly: also of things, strong, stout:—Adv. ἀνδρικῶς, like a man; Sup. ἀνδρικώτατα. II. composed of men.

ἀνδρίον, τό, Dim. of ἀνῆρ, a manikin.

ἀνδριστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνδρίζω, one must play the man.

ἀνδριστί, Adv. after the manner of men.

ἀνδρο-βρώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, βιβρώσκω) man-eating, cannibal.

ἀνδρο-γόνος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, γενέσθαι) begetting men.

ἀνδρό-γυνος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, γυνή) a man-woman, hermaphrodite:—a weak effeminate person. II. as Adj., of baths, used both by men and women.

ἀνδρο-δαίκτης, ου, (ἀνῆρ, δαίω) man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρο-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, δαμάω) man-taming: man-slaying. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρο-δόκος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, δέχομαι) receiving men.

ἀνδρο-θεά, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, θεά) the man-goddess, i. e. Minerva.

ἀνδρόθεν, Adv. (ἀνῆρ) from a man, from men.

ἀνδρο-καής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, κάμνω) man-wearying:—man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρό-κμητος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, κάμνω) wrought by men's hands.

ἀνδρο-κτᾶσία, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men.

ἀνδροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνδροκτόνος) to slay men.

Hence

ἀνδροκτονία, ἡ, = ἀνδροκτασία.

ἀνδρο-κτόνος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, κτείνω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρ-ολέτειρα, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, ὀλλυμι) a murderess.

ἀνδρο-μάχος, η, ου, (ἀνῆρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. Andromaché. [ᾶ]

ἀνδρόμομος, α, ου, (ἀνῆρ) of man or men, human.

ἀνδρο-μήκης, ες, (ἀνῆρ, μήκος) of a man's height.

ἀνδρό-παῖς, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, παῖς) a youth near manhood.

ἀνδρο-πλήθεια, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, πλήθος) a multitude of men.

ἀνδρό-σίνος, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, σίνωμαι) burly to men.

ἀνδρό-σφιγξ, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, σφίγξ) a man-sphinx.

ἀνδρότης, ητος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία, manhood.

ἀνδρο-τύχης, ἐς, (ἀνῆρ, τύχειν) getting a man or husband, ἀνδρ. βίωτος wedded life.

ἀνδροφύγέω, f. ἦσω, to eat men. From

ἀνδρο-φάγος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, φάγειν) eating men: cf. Ἀνδροφάγοι, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus.

ἀνδρο-φθόρος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, φθείρω) man-destroying.

II. pass. ἀνδρόφθορος, ου: hence αἷμα ἀνδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

ἀνδρο-φόνος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, *φένω) man-slaying: fem.

ἡ ἀνδροφόνος, murderess of her husband.

ἀνδρο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, = ἀνδρει-φόντης, a man-slayer, homicide.

ἀνδρίδω, f. ὠσω, (ἀνῆρ) to rear up to manhood:—Pass. to become a man, reach manhood.

ἀνδρ-ώτης, ες, (ἀνῆρ, εἶδος) like a man, manly.

Adv. —ως: Sup. ἀνδρωδέστατα.

ἀνδρωθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνδρόω.

ἀνδρών, Ion. ἀνδρεών, ὠνος, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ) a man's apartment.

ἀνδρωνίτις, ιδος, ἡ, = ἀνδρῶν.

ἀν-δύεται, poet. for ἀναδύεται.

ἀνδωκε, poet. for ἀνέδωκε, aor. I of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀν-έβην, aor. 2 of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀν-εβήσето, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀνεβιώσῃ, aor. I of ἀναβιώσκειν.

ἀν-έβραχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use, of armour, to clasp, ring loudly; of doors, to creak or grate loudly.

ἀνέβασσε, Ion. for ἀνεβόησε, aor. I of ἀναβοάω.

ἀν-έγγυος, ου, (α privat., ἐγγή) not vouched for: unwedded.

ἀν-εγείρω, f. —εγερῶ: aor. I ἀνέγειρα:—to wake up, rouse, esp. from sleep; metaph. to rouse, encourage:

—Pass. to be awakened, wake up. Hence

ἀνεγέρωμι, ου, gen. ονος, waked up, wakeful.

ἀν-έγκλητος, ου, (α privat., ἐγκαλέω) not accused: without reproach.

ἀνέγναμψα, ἀνεγνάμφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀναγνάμπτω.

ἀνέγνωκα, ἀνέγνω, pf. and aor. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω.

ἀνεδέγμεθα, I pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀναδέχομαι.

ἀνέδειξα, aor. I of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀν-έδην, Adv. (ἀνίμην) let loose, without restraint: carelessly. II. without more ado, simply.

ἀνέδρακεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναδέρομαι.

ἀνέδραμον, irreg. aor. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνεδύσето, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνέεργω, impf. ἀνέεργον, old Ep. form of ἀνέργω, ἀνείργω.

ἀνέλησα, aor. I of ἀναλαίω.

ἀν-εθέλητος, ου, (α privat., ἐθέλω) unwished for: melancholy.

ἀν-έθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνίμην. 2. aor. 2 act. of ἀνατίθην.

ἀνείην, opt. aor. 2 act. of ἀνίμην.

ἀν-εἰλέθια, ἡ, (α privat., εἰλέθια) without the aid of Eileithyia.

ἀν-εἰλέω, f. ἦσω, (v. εἰλω) to wind up or roll together:

—Pass. to crowd or throng together.

ἀνείληφα, ἀνείλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνεῖλον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀναρέω.
 ἀνεμείνων, Adv. of ἀνεμείνος, pf. pass. part. of ἀνέμω, *let loose, carelessly: without restraint.*
 ἀν-εμι, (ἀνά, εἰμι *ibo*) *to go up: to sail out to sea:* but also *to go up inland.* II. *to approach, as a suppliant.* III. *to go back, go home, return.*
 ἀν-είμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (a privat., εἰμα) *without clothing, unclad.*
 ἀν-ειπεῖν, (ἀνά, εἰπεῖν) aor. 2 with no pres. in use: aor. I pass. ἀνερρήθην (as if from ἀναρ-πέω): pf. ἀνείρημαι (from ἀν-ερέω):—*to say aloud, proclaim, give notice.*
 ἀν-είργω, *φ. ζω*, *to keep back, ward off*, in poet. imperf. ἀνέεργον.
 ἀνείρημαι, pf. pass., *v. ἀνειπεῖν.*
 ἀν-είρομαι, Ep. and Ion. ἀνέρομαι, (ἀνά, εἶρομαι, εἶρομαι):—*to inquire of, inquire about.*
 ἀν-εῖρῶ, *φ. ύω* [ῥ], poet. and Ion. for ἀν-εῖρῶ, *to draw back.*
 ἀν-εῖρω, (for the tenses, *v. εἶρω*) *to fasten on or to: to twearbe together.*
 ἀνέψ, part. aor. 2 of ἀνήμω.
 ἀν-εκάθεν, (ἀνώ, ἐκάς) Adv. of Place, *from above:* cf. ἄγκαθεν. II. of Time, *from the first.*
 ἀν-εκάς, Adv. (ἀνω, ἐκάς) *upwards, on high*, Lat. *sursum.*
 ἀν-ἐκβάτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐκβαίνω) *without outlet.*
 ἀν-ἐκδιήγητος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐκδιηγέομαι) *indescribable, extraordinary.*
 ἀν-ἐκδρομος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐκδραμεῖν) *without escape, inevitable.*
 ἀν-ἐκλάητος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐκκαλέω) *unspeakable.*
 ἀν-ἐκλείπτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐκλείπω) *unfailing.*
 ἀνεκλίσθην [γ], aor. I pass. of ἀνακλίνω.
 ἀνέκλινα, aor. I act. of ἀνακλίνω.
 ἀν-ἐκτίμω, fut. -ἐκτίσω, *to fill up or again.*
 ἀν-ἐκπλήκτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐκπλήσσω) *undaunted:* τὸ ἀνέπληκτον *dauntlessness.*
 ἀνέκρᾶγον, aor. *φ. ἀνακράω.*
 ἀν-ἐκτός, *ον*, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, *to be borne.*
 ἀνεκτός, *όν*, later ἡ, *όν*, (ἀνέχομαι) *bearable, tolerable:*—Adv. ἀνεκτῶς, *so as to be borne.*
 ἀν-ἐκφραστος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐκφράζω) *unutterable, indescribable.*
 ἀν-ἐλεγκτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐλέγχω) *safe from being questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.*
 ἀν-ελεῖμων, *ονος*, *ό, ἡ*, (a privat., ἐλεῖμων) *unmerciful.*
 ἀνελεῖν, ἀνελεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀναρέω.
 ἀν-έλεος, *ον*, (a privat., ἔλεος) *unmerciful.*
 ἀνελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀνελευθερος) *illiberality.*
 ἀνελευθεριότης, *ητος*, ἡ, = ἀνελευθερία. From ἀν-ελευθερος, *ον*, *illiberal, slavish*, Lat. *illiberalis:* in money matters, *niggardly.*
 ἀνελήφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.
 ἀν-ελίσσω, Att. -ττω, *φ. ζω*, *to unroll*, like Lat. *evolvere*, of books in rolls, and so *read and explain.* 2. metaph. ἀνελίσσειν βίον *to pass one's life.*

ἀν-έλω, *φ. ἀνέλω*, but in Att. ἀνεκλύσω [ῥ], with aor. I ἀνέκλυσα, pf. pass. ἀνέκλυσμαι (as if from ἀν-ελύω):—*to draw up, to hold up: esp. to draw up a bow to its full stretch: ἀνεκλύσαι ναῦς to haul up ships high and dry: to drag to light, to drag into open court:*—Med. *to draw to oneself; ἀνέκλεσθαι τρίχας to tear one's own hair.* II. *to draw back.*
 ἀν-ελπίς, *ιδος*, *ό, ἡ*, (a privat., ἐλπίς) *without hope.*
 ἀν-ἐλπίστος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐλπίζω) *unbored for, unlooked for.* II. act. of persons, *having no hope, hopeless.* 2. of things, *leaving no hope, hopeless.*
 III. Adv. -τως, *hopelessly; ἀνελπίστως ἔχειν to be in despair.*
 ἀν-ἐμβάτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐμβαίνω) *inaccessible.* II. act. *not going to or into.*
 ἀν-νεμέστος, *ον*, (a privat., νεμεσάω) *free from blame, without offence.*
 ἀν-νέμητος, *ον*, (a privat., νέμω) *not distributed.* II. *having no share.*
 ἀνεμῖος, *α, ον*, (ἀνεμος) *full of wind, windy.*
 ἀνεμίζομαι, (ἀνεμος) Pass. *to be driven with the wind.*
 ἀνεμνήσθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναμνήσκω.
 ἀνεμο-δρόμος, *ον*, (ἀνεμος, δραμεῖν) *swift as the wind.*
 ἀνεμόεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (ἀνεμος) *windy, exposed to the wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy.* [α]
 *ANEMOS, *ό, ά wind*, Lat. *ventus; θύελλα ἀνέμοιο a whirlwind; ἀνεμος κατὰ βορέαν ἑστηκεν the wind being in the north.* Homer and Hesiod mention four winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as points of the compass. [α]
 ἀνεμο-σκεπής, *ές*, (ἀνεμος, σκέπη) *sheltering from the wind.*
 ἀνεμο-τρεφής, *ές*, (ἀνεμος, τρέφω) *fed by the wind, of a wave; ἔγχος ἀνεμοτρεφές a spear from a tree made tough by the wind.*
 ἀνεμῶ, *φ. ύω*: pf. pass. ἡνέμωμαι: (ἀνεμος):—*to expose to the wind:*—Pass. of a wave, *to be raised by the wind.*
 ἀν-εμποδίστος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐμποδίζω) *unbinderd.*
 ἀνεμ-ώκλις, *ες*, (ἀνεμος, ώκλις) *swift as the wind.*
 ἀνεμῶλιος, *ον*, (ἀνεμος) *windy, i. e. vain, fruitless.*
 ἀνεμώνη, ἡ, (ἀνεμος) *the wind-flower, anemone.*
 ἀν-ενδεής, *ές*, *not in want.*
 ἀν-ένδεκτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐνδέχομαι) *inadmissible.*
 ἀνευκα, poet. for ἀνήνεκα, aor. I act. of ἀναφέρω: ἀνευεκατο, aor. I med., ἀνευεχθείς aor. I pass. part. ἀνήνηοθε, see ἐνήνηοθε.
 ἀνέντες, aor. 2 part. pl. of ἀν-ίημι.
 ἀν-εξάλειπτος, *ον*, (a privat., εξαλείφω) *indelible.*
 ἀν-εξέλεγκτος, *ον*, (a privat., ἐξελέγχω) *not put to the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be refuted: irrefragable.*
 ἀν-εξερεύνητος, *ον*, (a privat., εξερευνάω) *not to be searched out, unsearchable.*
 ἀν-εξέταστος, *ον*, (a privat., εξετάζω) *not searched out, not inquired into.* II. *Bios ἀνεξέταστος a life without inquiry.*

ἀν-εξεύρετος, ον, (α privat., ἐξευρίσκω) *not to be found out.*

ἀνεξι-κακος, ον, (ἀνέχω, κακόν) *enduring evil: forbearing.*

ἀν-εξιγνάστος, ον, (α privat., ἐξιγνάσκω) *not to be traced out.*

ἀν-έξοδος, ον, (α privat., ἐξοδος) *with no outlet, without return, Lat. irremediabilis.*

ἀνεοι or ἀνεοί, v. sub ἀνεως.

ἀνέονται, see ἀνέωνται.

ἀν-έορτος, ον, (α privat., ἐορτή) *without festival; ἀνεόρτος ἱερῶν without share in festal rites.*

ἀν-επαίσχυντος, ον, (α privat., ἐπαίσχυνομαι) *having no cause for shame.*

ἀν-έπαλτο, Ep. for ἀν-επάλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ἀναπάλλω with pass. sense, *he was thrown up, rushed up.*

ἀνέπανσα, aor. I of ἀναπαύω.

ἀν-επαχθής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπαχθής) *not burdensome, without offence. Adv., ἀνεπαχθῶς φέρειν not to take ill.*

ἀνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἀνα-πίπτω.

ἀν-επιβούλετος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) *without plots: act. not plotting. 2. not plotted against.*

ἀν-επιδίκος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδίκος) *undisputed: of an heiress, about whose marriage there is no dispute.*

ἀν-επιδόκητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιδοκέω) *unexpected, unforeseen.*

ἀνεπιείκεια, ἡ, *unfairness. From*

ἀν-επιεικής, ἐς, (α privat., ἐπιεικής) *unreasonable, unfair: Adv. -κῶς.*

ἀν-επικλητος, ον, (α privat., ἐπικαλέω) *unblamed. Adv. -τως, without censure.*

ἀν-επιληπτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) *not to be laid hold of or attacked: blameless. Adv. -τως.*

ἀν-επιξέστος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιξέω) *not polished over, not finished off.*

ἀν-επίπληκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιπλήσσω) *not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible.*

ἀν-επίρρεκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιπρέζω) *not used for sacrifices.*

ἀν-επίσκοπετος, ον, (α privat., ἐπισκέπτομαι) *not examining, inattentive. II. pass. not considered.*

ἀνεπιστημοσύνη, ἡ, *ignorance, inexperience: want of skill or science. From*

ἀν-επιστήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., ἐπιστήμων) *unknowing, unskilful: unscientific: c. inf. not knowing how to do a thing. Adv. -μόνος.*

ἀν-επιτάκτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτάσσω) *not commanded, subject to no one. Adv. -τως.*

ἀν-επιτήδειος, ον, Ion. ἀν-επιτήδεις, η, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτήδειος) *unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, hurtful. 2. of persons, ill-disposed, unfriendly.*

ἀν-επιτιμήτος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιτιμάω) *not to be censured.*

ἀν-επιφθονος, ον, (α privat., ἐπιφθονος) *without envy or reproach: not invidious. Adv. -ως.*

ἀνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνεπτάμην, ἀνέπτην, aor. 2 med. and act. of ἀνιπτάμαι; cf. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀν-εράομαι, aor. I ἀνηράσθην, Dep. (ἀνά, ἐράω) *to love again.*

ἀν-εραστος, ον, (α privat., ἐράω) *not worthy of love. II. act. not loving.*

ἀν-εργος, ον, (α privat., ἐργον) *not done; ἔργα ἀνεργα, Lat. facta infecta.*

ἀν-έργω, old form of ἀν-είργω.

ἀν-ερεθίζω, f. ἴσω, *to provoke again.*

*ἀν-ερέιπομαι, (ἀνά, ἐρέπω) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. aor. I ἀνηρεΐψαντο: *to snatch up and carry off.*

ἀν-ερευνάω, f. ἴσω, *to search out.*

ἀν-ερευνήτος, ον, (α privat., ἐρευνάω) *not searched out: not to be searched out.*

ἀν-έρομαι, Ep. ἀνείρομαι: aor. ἀνηρόμην: Dep.: (ἀνά, ἐρέομαι): *to question, ask.*

ἀν-έρπω, aor. I ἀνερπίψα (as if from ἀνερπίζω): *to creep up.*

ἀν-έρρω, aor. I ἀνήρρησα: *to come or go away, with notion of bad luck: ἀνερρε, away with you, Lat. abi in malam rem.*

ἀν-ερυθρίαω, f. ἴσω [ᾱ]: *to begin to blush.*

ἀν-ερύω, Ion. ἀν-εuryō: f. ὕσω [ῡ]: *to draw up.*

ἀν-έρχομαι, fut. ἀνελύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνῆλθον or ἀνῆλθον: pf. ἀνελήλυθα: *to go up, of trees, to grow up: of the sun, to rise: of fire, to blaze up. II. to go or come back, return: recur to a thing. 2 εἰς τινα ἀνέρχεσθαι to be referred to or made dependent upon one.*

ἀν-ερωτάω, f. ἴσω, *to ask again or repeatedly.*

ἀνέσταμι, Ep. aor. I opt. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνέσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.

ἀνέσαντες, part. of ἀνείσω, aor. I of ἀνίζω.

ἀνέσει, Ep. for ἀνήσει, 3 sing. fut. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνεσις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ἀνίημι) *a relaxing, as of the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: ἀνεσις κακῶν an abating of evils. 2. a letting loose, esp. of the passions, licence.*

ἀνέσσυτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ἀνασεύω.

ἀνίστην, aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-έστιος, ον, (α privat., ἐστία) *without hearth or home.*

ἀνέσχεθε, ἀνεσχεθόμεν, poet. lengthd. for ἀνέσχε, ἀνέσχομεν, aor. 2 of ἀν-έχω.

ἀν-ετάζω, f. σω, *to search thoroughly.*

ἀνέτελε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνατέλλω.

ἀνέλτην, aor. 2 of *ἀνάτημι.

ἀν-ετος, ον, (ἀνίημι) *relaxed, slack; properly of a bow. 2. set free from labour, ranging freely.*

ἀνετρέφω [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνευ, Prep. with gen. *without; ἀνευ θεῶν, Lat. sine Diis, without divine aid; ἀνευ τοῦ κραίνοντος, Lat. injussu regis. 2. away from, far from. 3. in prose, except, besides.*

ἀν-ευάζω, *to honour with cries of evae!*

ἀνευθε, before a vowel ἀνευθεν, (ἀνευ) : I. Prep. with gen. without. 2. apart from, far from. II. Adv. far away, distant : out of the way.
 ἀν-εὐθετος, ov, (a privat., εὐθετος) not well placed, inconvenient.
 ἀν-εὐθύτος, ov, (a privat., εὐθύνη) not having to render an account, irresponsible : hence guiltless.
 ἀν-ευκτος, ov, (a privat., εὐχομαι) not wished for. II. act. not wishing or praying for.
 ἀνευρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνευρίσκω.
 ἀνευρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνευρίσκω) a finding out.
 ἀν-εὐρετος, ov, (a privat., εὐρίσκω) not found out, not to be found out.
 ἀν-ευρίσκω, f. ἀνευρήσω : aor. 2 ἀνεῦρον : un-Att. aor. I med. ἀνευράμην : aor. I pass. ἀνευρέθην :—to find out, discover :—Pass. to be found out or discovered to be.
 ἀν-ευφήμιό, f. ἦσω, to cry out, εὐφήμει, εὐφήμειτε : to shout aloud with joy.
 ἀν-εύχομαι, Dep. to recall a prayer.
 ἀ-νέφελος, Ep. ἀννέφελος, ov, (a privat., νεφέλη) cloudless : unweiled.
 ἀν-εχέγγυος, ov, (a privat., ἐχέγγυος) unwarranted.
 ἀν-έχησι, v. sub sq.
 ἀν-έχω, impf. ἀνέχων : also ἀν-ίσχω, ἀνίσχων : f. ἀνέξω, also ἀνασχήσω : aor. 2 ἀνέσχω, poet. ἀνέσχεθον : pf. ἀνέσχηκα :—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσχήθην : pf. ἀνέσχημαι :—a 3 sing. pres. ind. ἀνέχησι also occurs, as if from ἀνέχημι : (ἀνά, ἔχω) :—to hold up, lift up one's hands in prayer or in battle : to hold up and shew to one ; ἀνέχειν φάος, to hold up a light ; esp. in phrase ἀνέχε, παρέχε φῶς, or simply ἀνέχε, παρέχε, hold up and shew the light to lead the nuptial procession, make ready, go on. 2. to exalt, extol. 3. of land, ἀνέχειν τὴν ἀκρὴν to put forth a headland. 4. to uphold, support : to continue to do ; c. part., ἀνέχας ἀνέχει continues to love : of the nightingale, ἀνέχειν κισσόν to keep constant to the ivy. II. to hold in, keep in ; Ζεὺς ἀνέχων, opp. to δῶν, holding up, stopping the rain. III. intrans. to rise up, rise, esp. in form ἀνίσχαι, of the sun : of events, to happen : c. gen. to rise from, recover from. 2. to come forth, project : esp. of a headland, to jut out into the sea. 3. to hold on, keep doing.
 B. Med. ἀν-έχομαι : f. ἀνέχομαι or ἀνασχήσομαι : Att. impf. and aor. 2 c. dupl. augm. ἡνεχόμην, ἡνεσχόμην :—properly to hold oneself up, and so to hold up against a thing, endure, allow, bold out, last : so in part., ἀνεχόμενοι φέρουσι they bear with patience. 2. ἀνέχεσθαι ξείνους to allow the presence of guests, and so to receive them. II. to hold up what is one's own ; ἀνέχεσθαι χεῖρας to hold up one's hands to fight. III. rarely, to hold on by one another.
 ἀνεψιά, ἡ, fem. of ἀνεψιός, a female cousin.
 ἀνεψιαδοῦς, οὐ, ὁ, a first-cousin's son. From
 ἌΝΕΨΙΟ΄Σ, ὁ, a first cousin, a cousin. Hence
 ἀνεψιότης, ητος, ἡ, cousinship.

ἀνέψυχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-ψύχω.
 ἀνεψο or ἀνεσω, see ἀνεως.
 ἀνέργα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγω, part. ἀνεργώς, always intr.
 ἀνέργων, impf. of ἀνοίγω.
 ἀνέφθα, aor. I of ἀνοίγω.
 ἀνέωνται (not ἀνέονται), for ἀνείνται, 3 pl. perf. pass. of ἀνίημι (as if from ἀν-εύω), they have been given up or devoted.
 ἀνεως, gen. α, ὁ, ἡ, Att. form. of an obsol. Adj. ἀνανος, ἀνάος (a privat., αὖω to cry), without a voice, mute : ἀνεψ nom. plur.
 ἀνεψήχην, aor. I pass. of ἀνοίγω.
 ἀνη, ἡ, (ἀνω) fulfilment.
 ἀν-ηβῶ, f. ἦσω, to grow young again, Lat. repuerascere. Hence
 ἀνηβητήριος, α, ov, making young again.
 ἀν-ηβος, ov, (a privat., ἦβη) not arrived at man's estate.
 ἀνήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἀνάγω.
 ἀν-ηγεμόνευτος, ov, (a privat., ἡγεμονεύω) without a leader.
 ἀν-ηγήσομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to tell as in a narrative, relate.
 ἀν-ηδυντος, ov, (a privat., ἡδύνω) not sweetened or seasoned.
 ἀνήη, Ep. for ἀνή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀνίημι.
 ἀνήθις, η, ov, (ἀνηθον) made of dill.
 ἌΝΗΘΟΝ, τό, dill, anise, Lat. anethum : also ἀννηθον ; Ion. ἀνηησον or ἀνησον : poet. ἀνηητον or ἀνητον.
 ἀνήηξα, aor. I of ἀναίσσω.
 ἀνήητον, Ep. for ἀνήην, impf. of ἀνειμι.
 ἀνήκα, aor. I of ἀνίημι.
 ἀν-ήκεστος, ov, (a privat., ἀκέομαι) not to be healed, incurable : ἀνέκεστα ποιεῖν τινα to do one irremediable hurt : ἀνέκεστα πάσχειν to suffer the same. II. act. damaging beyond remedy, deadly :—Adv., ἀνηκέστως διατιθέναι to treat with shocking cruelty.
 ἀν-ήκοος, ov, (a privat., ἀκοή) without bearing : never having heard a thing, ignorant of it. 2. not willing to hear, disobedient.
 ἀνηκουστέω, f. ἦσω, to be unwilling to hear, to be disobedient. From
 ἀν-ήκουστος, ov, (a privat., ἀκούω) unheard of. II. act. unwilling to hear, disobedient.
 ἀν-ήκω, f. ξω, (ἀνά, ἔχω) to reach up to. 2. to have come up to a point, ἐς τὰ μέγιστα ἀνέκειν : to refer or pertain to a person or thing.
 ἀνηλάλαξον, ἀνηλάλαξα, impf. and aor. I of ἀναλάλαξαι.
 ἀνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνάλλομαι.
 ἀν-ήλικος, ov, (a privat., ἥλις) not yet arrived at man's estate.
 ἀν-ήλιος, ov, (a privat., ἥλιος) sunless, gloomy.
 ἀνήλιτος, Dor. ἀνάλιτος, ov, (a privat., ἥλις a kind of shoe) unsold, barefoot.
 ἀνήλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνέρχομαι) a going up. 2. a coming back.

ἀνῆλωσα, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.

ἀν-ἡμελκτος, on, (a privat., ἀμέλγω) *unmilked*.

ἀν-ἡμερος, on, (a privat., ἡμερος) *not tame, wild, savage*: of plants, *wild*.

ἀνήνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναίνομαι, of which tense ἀνήνατο is 3 sing. ind., ἀνήνῃται 3 sing. subj.

ἀνηνεμία, ἡ, a *calm*. From

ἀν-ἡνεμος, on, (a privat., ἀνεμος) *without wind, calm*; ἀνῆνεμος χειμῶνων for ἀνευ ἀνέμου χειμῶνων, *without the blast of storms*.

ἀνήνοθε, Ep. pf. 2 intr., with pres, signf.: Homer has it twice, αἶμα ἀνήνοθεν ἐξ ἀτειλῆς *blood gushed from forth the wound*; κνίσθη ἀνήνοθεν *steam mounted up*. (Formed as if from a Verb *ἀνέθω.)

ἀν-ἡνυστος and ἀν-ἡνῦτος, on, (a privat., ἀνύω) *not to be accomplished, endless, aimless*.

ἀν-ἡνωρ, opos, ó, (a privat., ἀνῆρ) *unmanly, dastardly, like ἀνανδρος*.

ἀνῆπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνῆπνύω, f. σω, to *cry aloud*.

ἌΝΗΡ, ó, gen. ἀνδρός, dat. ἀνδρί, acc. ἄνδρα, voc.

ἄνερ: plur. ἄνδρες, -δρῶν, -δράσι, -δρας. Ep. also gen. ἄνέρος, etc., dat. pl. ἀνδρεσσι:—a *man*, as opp. to *woman*, Lat. *vir* (not *homo*).

II. a *man*, as opp. to God, πατὴρ ἀνδρῶν τε θεῶν τε. III. a *man*, as opp. to a *youth*.

IV. a *man*, emphatically, a *man* indeed, opp. to ἀνθρωπος; πολλοὶ μὲν ἄνθρωποι, ὀλίγοι δὲ ἄνδρες. V. a *husband*; αἰγῶν ἀνῆρ,

Virgil's *vir gregis*.

ἀνῆρ, Att. crasis for ὁ ἀνῆρ.

ἀνῆρέθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναίρειω.

ἀν-ἡριθμος, on, poet. for ἀν-ἀριθμος.

ἀνῆρρόμην, aor. 2 of ἀνέρομαι.

ἀν-ἡροτος, on, (a privat., ἀρώω) *unploughed*.

ἀνῆρτησα, ἀνῆρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀν-αρτάω.

ἀνησον or ἀνηνthon, τό, Ion. for ἀνηθον.

ἀν-ἡσσητος, Att. ἀ-ῆττητος, on, (a privat., ἡσάω) *unconquered, unconquerable*.

ἀνῆτινος, η, on, Dor. for ἀνῆτινος.

ἀνηthon or ἀνηνthon, τό, Dor. and Aeol. for ἀνηθον.

ἀν-ῆττητος, on, Att. for ἀν-ἡσσητος.

ἀν-ῆφαιστος, on, (a privat., ἠφαιστος) *without real fire*; πῦρ ἀνῆφαιστον, i.e. the fire of discord.

ἀνῆφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνῆφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνῆχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάγω.

ἀνῆψα, aor. I of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνθ-αίρεομαι, f. ἡσομαι: Dep.: (ἀντί, αἰρέω):—to choose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose instead. II. to dispute, lay claim to.

ἀνθ-ἀλίσκομαι, f. -αλώσομαι, Pass. to be caught or killed in turn.

ἀνθᾶμλλάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another. From

ἀνθ-ἀμillos, on, (ἀντί, ἄμλλα) *rivalling*.

ἀνθ-ἄπτομαι, Ion. ἀν-ἄπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dep.:—to lay bold of, meddle with, engage in. 2. to lay

bold of, seize, attack.

II. to lay bold of in return.

ἀνθειον, τό, (ἄνθος) a blossom.

ἀνθ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντέχω, one must bold to, cleave to: so also plur. ἀνθεκτέα.

ἀνθ-έλκω, f. ξω, to draw or pull against.

ἀνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for ἀνάθεμα or ἀνάθημα.

ἀνθέμιον, τό, = ἄνθος: ἀνθέμιον ἐστιγμένος tattooed with flowers.

ἀνθεμῖς, ἶδος, ἡ, = ἄνθος.

ἀνθεμοίς, εσσα, ev, also eis in fem., *flowery, flowered*: of works in metal, embossed with flowers. From

ἄνθεμον, τό, (ἀνθέω) = ἄνθος, a flower.

ἀνθεμόρ-ρύτος, on, (ἀνθεμον, βέω) *flowing from flowers*.

ἀνθεμ-ουργός, óν, (ἀνθεμον, *ἔργω) *working in flowers*.

ἀνθεμ-ώδης, es, contr. for ἀνθεμο-ειδής, (ἀνθεμον, εἶδος) *flowery, blooming*.

ἀνθέσομαι, fut. med. of ἀντέχω.

ἀνθεο, Ep. for ἀνάθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνθεῶν, ἄνω, ó, (ἀνθέω) the chin, Lat. mentum.

ἀνθερίκη, ἡ, and ἀνθερίκος, ó, = ἀνθήκη, a stalk.

ἀνθερίξ, ικος, ó, (ἀθήρ) the beard of an ear of corn, the ear. 2. a stalk.

ἀνθεσαν, Ep. for ἀνέθεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 2 of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνθ-εστιάω, to feast in return.

Ἄνθεσθηρία, av, τά, the Feast of Flowers, the three days' festival of Bacchus at Athens, in the month Anthesterion.

Ἄνθεστηριών, ὄνος, ó, the month Anthesterion, eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.

Ἄνθεσφόρια, av, τά, the Anthesphoria, a festival in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off while gathering flowers. From

ἀνθεσ-φόρος, on, (ἄνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers.

ἀνθετο, Ep. for ἀνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνθέω, f. ἡσω, to bloom, blossom: metaph. of the sea, ἀνθεῖν νεκροῖς to be overspread with corpses: of colours, to be bright: metaph. to bloom, flourish ἀνθεῖν ἀνδράσι to abound in men: to be at the height, as a disease.

ἀνθη, ἡ, = ἄνθος, a blossom.

ἀνθηρός, á, óν, (ἀνθέω) flowering, blooming: hence fresh, young:—metaph. in full force, in perfection. 2. bright-coloured. 3. of style, florid.

ἀνθ-ησάομαι, pf. ἀνθήσῃμαι: Pass.:—to be beaten in turn, give way in turn.

ἀνθη-φόρος, on, = ἀνθεσφόρος, flower-bringing.

ἀνθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθος) to strew with flowers: to deck as with flowers; and so, to dye with colours:—Pass. to bloom: to be dyed; part. pf. ἡνθισμένος, metaph. of one whose hair is sprinkled with white.

ἀνθινος, η, on, (ἄνθος) of flowers, blooming, fresh.

ἀνθ-ιππάξομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep. to ride against. Hence ἀνθιππασία, ἡ, a sham-fight of horse.

ἀνθ-ιππεύω, = ἀνθιππάζομαι.

ἀνθ-ίστημι, (ἀντί, ἵστημι). I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. I ἀνέστησα, to set against, esp. in battle: to set over against: to compare, Lat. *componere*.

II. intrans. in Med. or Pass. ἀνθίσταμαι, also in pf. act. ἀνέστηκα, aor. 2 ἀντήστην, to stand against, withstand, oppose.

ἀνθοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to bestrew with flowers:—Pass. to have flowers showered upon one. From

ἀνθ-ό-βολος, ον, (ἄνθος, βάλλω) garlanded with flowers.

ἀνθ-ό-δαιτος, ον, (ἄνθος, δαίτα) living on flowers.

ἀνθ-ό-δόςκος, ον, (ἄνθος, δέχομαι) receiving flowers.

ἀνθοκομέω, f. ἦσω, to produce flowers. From

ἀνθ-ό-κόμος, ον, (ἄνθος, κομέω) bearing flowers.

ἀνθ-ό-κρόκος, ον, (ἄνθος, κρέω) woven or worked with flowers, partly-coloured.

ἀνθολογέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνθολόγος) to gather flowers. Hence

ἀνθολογία, ἡ, a flower-gathering: Ἀνθολογίαι were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor made up (as it were) into a nosegay.

ἀνθ-ό-λόγος, ον, (ἄνθος, λέγω) gathering flowers.

ἀνθ-ομολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, ὁμολογέομαι):—to make a mutual agreement or compact. 2. to confess or give thanks in turn.

ἀνθονομέω, to feed on flowers. From

ἀνθ-ό-νόμος, ον, (ἄνθος, νέμωμαι) feeding on flowers.

ἀνθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω, to arm against:—Pass. and Med. to be armed, arm oneself against.

ἀνθορε, poet. for ἀνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναθρόσκει.

ἀνθ-ορμέω, f. ἦσω, to lie at anchor, be moored opposite one another.

*ΑΝΘΟΣ, εως, τό, that which buds, a young bud or sprout: a flower; the bloom of a flower: also of things, the froth or scum on water: ἄνθος οἴνου, Lat. *flos vini*, the crust on old wines.

II. metaph. the bloom or flower of a thing, ἡ βῆσις ἄνθος the bloom of youth: generally, grace, pride, honour: also the height of anything, bad as well as good. 2. brightness of colour, brilliancy, as of gold.

ἀνθ-οσμίας, ον, ὁ, (ἀντί, ὀσμῇ) redolent of flowers: generally, sweet-scented, as epithet of wine.

ἀνθ-οσύνη, ἡ, (ἄνθος) a flowering, bloom.

ἀνθοφορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνθοφόρος) to bear flowers.

ἀνθοφορία, τά, = Ἀνθεσφόρια. From

ἀνθ-ό-φορος, ον, (ἄνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers, flowery: blooming.

ἀνθ-ο-φύης, ἐς, (ἄνθος, φυή) of the nature of flowers, bright-coloured.

ἀνθράκεύς, ἐως, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a charcoal-burner. Hence ἀνθράκειω, f. σω, to be a charcoal-burner: to burn to a cinder.

ἀνθράκειά, ἄς, Ep. ἀνθρακί, ἡς, ἡ, (ἀνθραξ) a heap of coal or charcoal, hot coals. 2. blackness as of coals.

ἀνθράκωμαι, pf. ἠνθράκωμαι: Pass.: (ἀνθραξ):—to be burnt to cinders.

*ΑΝΘΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur. ἀνθρηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, a wasp or borner.

*ΑΝΘΡΗΝΗ, ἡ, a wild bee: a bee or wasp. Hence ἀνθρήνιον, τό, the honeycomb of a wild bee: a wasp's nest.

ἀνθρωπ-ἄρεσκος, ον, ὁ, (ἄνθρωπος, ἀρέσκειν) a man-pleaser.

ἀνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a manikin.

ἀνθρωπέη, contr. ἀνθρωπῇ (sub. δορά), ἡ, a man's skin.

ἀνθρώπειος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνθρωπιῆος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of or belonging to man, befitting man's nature, human: Adv. -ως, by human means, in all human probability.

ἀνθρωπιῆος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀνθρώπειος.

ἀνθρωπιζέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνθρωπος) to behave like a man: Pass. to become man.

ἀνθρωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a man, human.

ἀνθρωπίτιος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of, from or belonging to man, human: πᾶν τὸ ἀνθρώπινον all mankind; τὰ ἀνθρώπινα the fortunes of man.—Adv., ἀνθρωπίνως ἀμαρτάνειν to commit human, i.e. venial, errors.

ἀνθρώπιον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a little man, manikin, Lat. *homuncio*.

ἀνθρωπο-δαίμων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄνθρωπος, δαίμων) a man-god, i.e. a deified man, hero.

ἀνθρωπο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, εἶδος) in the shape of a man.

ἀνθρωπο-κτόνος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, κτείνω) murdering men, homicidal.

II. προπατορ. ἀνθρωπό-κτονος, murdered by men; βορὰ ἀνθρ. a feeding on slaughtered men.

ἀνθρωποποιία, ἡ, a making of man. From ἀνθρωπο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἄνθρωπος, ποιέω) making man.

*ΑΝΘΡΩΠΟΣ, ὁ, man, Lat. *homo* (not *vir*): plur. οἱ ἄνθρωποι, men in general, mankind; so, μάλιστα or ἥκιστα ἀνθρώπων most or least of all men. Like ἀνήρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ἀνθρωπος ὁδότης a wayfaring man. As opp. to ἀνήρ, it expresses contempt, as Lat. *homo* opp. to *vir*: used in addressing slaves, ὦ ἄνθρωπε. The fem. ἄνθρωπος, ἡ, (like *homo* fem. in Lat.) a woman.

ἄνθρωπος, Att. crasis for ὁ ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπο-σφάγέω, f. ἦσω, (ἄνθρωπος, σφάττω) to slay or sacrifice men.

ἀνθρωποφάγέω, f. ἦσω, (ἄνθρωποφάγος) to eat men or man's flesh. Hence

ἀνθρωποφαγία, ἡ, an eating of men.

ἀνθρωπο-φάγος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγειν) eating men, cannibal.

ἀνθρωπο-φύης, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, φυή) of man's nature.

ἀν-θρόσκει, poet. and Ion. for ἀνα-θρόσκει.

ἀνθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to abuse one another, abuse in turn.

ἀνθ-υπάγω, to bring to trial or indict in turn.

ἀνθυπάτειω, f. σω, to be proconsul. And

ἀνθυπατικός, ἡ, ὄν, proconsular. From

ἀνθ-υπάτος, ὁ, a proconsul, for ἀντί ὑπάτου, Lat. *pro consule*.

ἀνθ-υπεῖκω, f. ξω, (ἀντί, υπεῖκω) to yield in turn.

Hence

ἀνθύπειξ, εως, ἥ, a mutual yielding.

ἀνθ-υποκρίνομαι, fut. -κρῖνούμαι : Dep. : (ἀντί, υποκρίνομαι) :—to dissemble or make pretences instead, or in answer. [ἔν]

ἀνθ-υπόμνυμι, f. -ομόσω, (ἀντί, υπόμνυμι) to make a counter-affidavit.

ἀνθ-υποπτεύω, (ἀντί, υποπτεύω) to suspect mutually.

ἀνθ-υποργέω, (ἀντί, υποργέω) to return a kindness. Hence

ἀνθυπουργία, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return.

ἀνθ-υφαιρέω, (ἀντί, υφαιρέω) to take away in return.

ἀνθ-υφίσταμαι, fut. -υποστήσσομαι : aor. 2 -υπέστην : (ἀντί, υφίστημι) :—to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another.

ἀνθώπλισμαι, pf. pass. of ἀνθωπλίζω.

*ΑΝΊΑ, Ion. ἀνίη, ἥ, grief, sorrow, distress, trouble : Homer uses it act. of a person, δαιτὸς ἀνίη the annoyance of our feast. [ἀνίη in Hom., later ἀνία or sometimes ἀνία.] Hence

ἀνιάζω, aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, to grieve, distress. II. intr. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [ἔ]

ἀν-ιάσμαι, fut. ἄσσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to cure again, restore.

ἀνιάρως, ᾶ, ὄν, Ion. and Ep. ἀνιήρως, ἥ, ὄν, (ἀνιάω) grievous, distressing : irreg. Comp. ἀνιηρόστερος. II. grieved, distressed. Adv. -ρῶς. [In Homer ἀνιήρως, later also ἀνι-]

ἀν-ιάρως, ὄν, (a privat., ιάσμαι) incurable : of men, incorrigible.

ἀνιάω, fut. ἄσω [ᾱ], Ion. ἥσω : aor. 1 ἡνιάσα, Dor. ἀνίασα : pf. ἡνιάκα :—Pass. with fut. med. ἀνιάσσομαι : aor. 1 ἡνιάκα : pf. ἡνιάκα : (ἀνία) :—to grieve, distress :—Pass. to be grieved, etc. ; ἀνιάσθαι τοῦτο to be vexed at this :—Homer has Ion. aor. 1 pass. part. ἀνιηθείς, as Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. [ἔ in Homer always, later also ἔ.]

ἀνιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of a pres. *ἀν-εἶδω, to look up.

ἀν-ιδρύτος, ὄν, (a privat., ιδρύω) unsettled, restless : esp. having no fixed home, vagabond.

ἀν-ιδρωτί, Adv. of ἀνιδρωτος, without sweat : hence lazily, slowly.

ἀν-ιδρωτος, ὄν, (a privat., ιδρώω) not thrown into a sweat, not exerting oneself.

ἀνιεύς, ἀνίει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιεύς, 2 sing. pres. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιέμαι, Pass. and Med. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνιέναι, pres. inf. of ἀν-ίημι, to send up. 2. pres. inf. of ἀν-εἰμι (εἰμι ἰβο) to go up.

ἀν-ιέρος, ὄν, (a privat., ιερός) unboly, impious. [ἔ]

ἀνιέσκε, Ion. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ιζώ, aor. 1 ἀνείσα, (ἀνά, ἰζω) to set up.

ἀνιηθείς, Ion. for ἀνιᾶθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἀνιάω.

ἀν-ιημι, impf. ἀνίην ; also 2 sing. pres. ἀνιεύς, 2 and 3 sing. impf. ἀνιεύς, ει ; Ion. 3 sing. ἀνιέσκε (as if from ἀνιέω) : fut. ἀνῆσω, also ἀνέσω : aor. 1 ἀνῆκα, Ion. ἀνέκηκα, Ep. also ἀνεσα : aor. 2 not used in sing. ind.,

but in Ep. subj. ἀνῆη for ἀνῆ, opt. ἀνείη, inf. ἀνείναι, part. ἀνέντες :—Pass. ἀνιέμαι : aor. 1 ἀνέθην : pf. ἀνείμαι : (ἀνά, ἰημι) :—to send up or forth, make spring up, produce, as the earth : esp. to send up from the nether world. II. to send back. III. to let go.

2. ἀνιέναι τινί to let loose against one, set upon him, like Lat. immittere alicui : hence generally, to set on.

3. to let alone, let :—Med. ἀνιέμαι, to loosen, undo :—Pass. to be let go, go free ; part. pf. pass. ἀνεμένος going free, left to one's will and pleasure ; ἀνεμένος εἰς τι wholly engaged in a thing : hence

IV. like Lat. remittere, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring : hence to neglect, give over, remit :—Pass. to be slack or unstrung. V. intrans. in Act. to relax, be remiss, Lat. remisse agere.

ἀνιήρως, ἥ, ὄν, Ion. for ἀνιάρως.

ἀνίκα, Dor. for ἡνίκα. [ἔ]

ἀν-ικᾶνος, ὄν, (a privat., ἱκανος) insufficient.

ἀν-ικέτευτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἱκετεύω) not entreated : act. not entreating.

ἀ-νίκητος, ὄν, (a privat., νικάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ἀν-ίλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for ἀν-ίλαος, (a privat., ἱλεως) unmerciful. [ἔ]

ἀν-ιμάω, f. ἥσομαι : (ἀνά, ἱμάς) :—to draw up water by leather straps : generally to draw or haul up :—Pass. to get up, mount up ; so also intr. (sub. εαυτὸν), to mount up.

ἀνίος, ὄν, (ἀνία) = ἀνιάρως.

ἀν-ιούλος, ὄν, (a privat., ἱούλος) beardless.

ἀν-ιπέωω, f. σαι, to ride on high.

ἀν-ιππος, ὄν, (a privat., ἵππος) without a horse, not serving on horseback : of countries, unsuited for horses.

ἀν-ιπτάμαι, Dep. :—ἀνα-πέτομαι.

ἀνιπτό-πους, ὁ, ἥ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀνιπτος, πούς) with unwashed feet.

ἀ-νιπτος, ὄν, (a privat., νίζω) unwashed. 2. not to be washed out.

ἀνις, Boeot. for ἀνευ, also Megarean.

ἀν-ισος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., ἴσος) unequal, uneven : metaph. unfair. [ἔ Ep., ἔ Att.] Hence

ἀνισόω, f. ὦσω, to make equal, equalise :—Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing.

ἀνίστα and ἀνίστη, for ἀνίστηθι, imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-ιστάνω, later form for sq.

ἀν-ίστημι, (ἀνά, ἵστημι) : I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. 1 ἀνέστησα, to make to stand up, raise up, set up : to raise from sleep, Lat. excitō, and from the dead : later, to set up, build : also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action : to stir up to rebellion.

3. to make people rise to leave their homes : transplant them ; though in Pass., and intr. tenses, it use. means to be unpeopled, laid waste ; χώρα ἀνεστηκνία a wasted land : also to make suppliants rise and leave sanctuary. 4. to raise men for war.

II. in aor. 1 med. also trans., ἀναστήσασθαι πόλιν to raise a city for oneself. III.

intrans. in Pass. ἀνίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἀνέστην, pf. ἀνέστηκα and plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand up, rise: to start up for action, ἀν. τινί to rise up against one: to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: to rise to go, set out.

ἀν-ιστορέω, f. ἥσω, to make inquiry, ask.
ἀν-ίστω, for ἀνίστασο, imperat. of ἀν-ίσταμαι.
ἀν-ίσχω = ἀν-έχω, to raise, lift up. 2. intr., ἀνίσχει ἥλιος the sun rises.

ἀνίσως, Adv. of ἀνίσω, *unequally*.
ἀνίσωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνίσω) an equalising.
ἀν-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound.
ἀνιψάτο, Ion. for ἀνιάσιντο, 3 pl. opt. of ἀνιάομαι.
ἀν-νέμῃ, poet. aor. I subj. of ἀνανέμαι.
ἀννείται, poet. for ἀνανείται, 3 sing. of ἀνανέομαι.
ἀννέφελος, Ep. for ἀνεφελος.
ἀννέωσασθαι, poet. inf. aor. I of ἀνανέομαι.
ἀν-ξηραίνω, poet. for ἀνα-ξηραίνω.
ἀν-οδηγέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀνά, ὁδηγέω) to guide back.
ἀν-οδος, ov, (a privat., ὁδός) having no road, impassable.

ἀν-οδος, ἡ, (ἀνά, ὁδός) a way up: esp. into central Asia. II. a way back.

ἀν-οδύρομαι, Dep. to set up a wailing. [v]
ἀ-νοήτως, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., νοέω) senseless.
ἀ-νόητος, ov, (a privat., νοέω) not thought on, not to be thought on. II. act. not understanding, foolish: unreasonable, Lat. *amens*
ἀνοια, Ep. ἀνοίη, ἡ, (ἀνοος) want of understanding, folly.

ἀν-οίγνυμι and ἀν-οίγω, Ep. ἀνα-οίγω: f. ἀνοίξω: with double augm., impf. ἀνέγων, Ion. ἀναοίγεσκον: aor. I ἀνέφθα, Att. ἥνοιξα, Ion. ἀνοίξα or ἀνφθα: pf. I ἀνέφχα, pf. 2 ἀνέφχα:—Pass. ἀνοίγνυμαι: fut. ἀνοιχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀνοιγήσομαι, fut. 3 ἀνέφθομαι: aor. I ἀνέφχθην, inf. ἀνοιχθῆναι: (ἀνά, οίγω): 1. to open, undo. 2. metaph. to lay open, disclose. 3. as nautical term, absol., to get into the open sea:—Pass. to be open.

ἀν-οίγω, f. ξω, v. foreg.
ἀν-οιδάινω, (ἀνά, οιδάινω): fut. ἀνοιδήσω: pf. ἀνέφθηκα:—to swell up: to swell with passion.
ἀν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, to rebuild. II. to make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from his abode:—Pass. and Med. to migrate. 2. ἀνοικίζειν πόλιν to dispeople a city. III. in Pass. to be built up the country, away from the coast.

ἀν-οικοδομέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀνά, οικοδομέω) to build up. II. to rebuild. III. to wall up.
ἀν-οικος, ov, (a privat., οἶκος) houseless, homeless.
ἀν-οικτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀν-οίγω, one must open.
ἀν-οικτίρμων, ονος, (a privat., οκτίρμων) unpitying, merciless.

ἀν-οικτιστος, ov, (a privat., οικτίζω) unpitied.
ἀνοικτος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀνοίγνυμι) opened.
ἀν-οικτος, ov, (a privat., οἶκτος) pitiless, ruthless.
ἀν-οιμῶζω, fut. ὤφομαι, to wail aloud.

ἀν-οιμωκτί, Adv. of ἀνοιμωκτος, without wailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [r]

ἀν-οίμωκτος, ov, (a privat., οἰμῶζω) unmourned.
ἀνοίξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
ἀνοίξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνοίγνυμι) an opening.
ἀνοιστόν, verb. Adj. of ἀναφέρειν, one must report.
ἀνοιστός, Ion. ἀνώιστος, ἡ, ὅν, (ἀναφέρειν) reported, referred for decision.

ἀν-οιστρέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀνά, οἰστρος) to goad to madness.
ἀνοίσω, fut. of ἀναφέρειν.

ἀνοιστο, 3 sing. pres. pass. opt. of ἀνω.
ἀνοιχθῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. subj. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
ἀνοκωχή, ἡ, (ἀν-ὀκωχα pf. of ἀν-έχω) a cessation of arms, armistice. II. a bindrance.

ἀνολβία, ἡ, the state of an ἀνολβος, misery.
ἀν-ὀλβιος, ov, = ἀνολβος.
ἀν-ὀλβος, ov, (a privat., ὀλβος) unblest, wretched.
ἀν-ὀλεθρος, ov, (a privat., ὀλεθρος) not ruined.
ἀνολκή, ἡ, (ἀνέλκω) a drawing up.
ἀν-ολολύζω, f. ὤξω, (ἀνά, ὀλολύζω) to cry aloud, to shout with joy. 2. to wail or bewail loudly. II. Causal, to make one shout.

ἀν-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὀλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [v]

ἀν-ομβρος, ov, (a privat., ὄμβρος) without rain.
ἀνομέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀνομος) to act lawlessly.
ἀνομία, Ion. ἀνομίη, ἡ, (ἀνομος) lawlessness.
ἀν-ομίλητος, ov, (a privat., ὀμίλῳ) having no intercourse with others, unsociable.

ἀν-ὀμμάτος, ov, (a privat., ὄμμα) without eyes.
ἀν-ὀμοιος, ov, also α, ov, (a privat., ὅμοιος) unlike.
ἀνομοιότης, τητος, ἡ, (ἀνόμοιος) unlikeness.
ἀνομοιόω, (ἀνόμοιος) to make unlike: Pass. to be so.
ἀνομοiosis, εως, ἡ, a making unlike: unlikeness.
ἀν-ομολογέομαι, f. ἥσομαι: pf. ἀνφωμολύγημαι: Dep.: (ἀνά, ὀμολογέω):—to agree upon a thing.
ἀνομολογούμενος, η, ov, (a privat., ὀμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted.

ἀ-νομος, ov, (a privat., νόμος) without law, lawless, impious. Adv. -μως, without law. II. (νόμος II) unmusical.

ἀν-ὄνητος, Dor. ἀν-ὄνατος, ov, (a privat., ὄνημι) unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. ἀνόνητα, as Adv., unprofitably, in vain.

ἀ-νοος, ov, contr. ἀνους, ov, (a privat., νόος) without understanding, foolish.

ἀνοπαία, Adv., either (from a privat., ὄφομαι, fut. of ὀπάω), unnoticed; or (from ἀνω) upwards, up in the air.
ἀν-οπλος, ov, (a privat., ὅπλον) without the large shield which distinguished the hoplite, not heavily-armed: generally, unarmed.

ἀν-οπτος, ov, (a privat., ὄφομαι) unseen.
ἀν-ὀράτος, ov, also ἀ-όρατος, (a privat., ὀράω) = foreg.

ἀν-ὀργάνος, ov, (a privat., ὄργανον) without instruments.

ἀν-οργίαστος, ov, (a privat., ὀργιάζω) attended by no orgies. II. in whose honour no orgies are held.

ἀνорέα, Ion. ἡνорέη, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ) manhood, courage. [ἀ]
ἀνόρεος, α, ov, (ἀνῆρ) manly, courageous, like ἀν-
δρείος. [ἀ]

ἀν-ορθός, f. ὥσω : with double augm., impf., ἡνάρ-
θουν, aor. I ἡνάρθασα :—to set upright again, restore :
to set straight again, set right.

ἀν-ορμος, ov, (α privat., ὅρμος) without harbour, in-
hospitable.

ἀν-ορούω, f. ούσω : aor. I ἀνόρουσα :—to start up,
leap up : to mount swiftly.

ἀν-όροφος, ov, (α privat., ὄροφος) roofless.

ἀν-ορταλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, ὀρταλίζω) to flap the wings
and crow, to strut.

ἀν-ορύσσω, Att. -ττω : fut. ξω : (ἀνά, ὀρύσσω) :—
to dig up what has been buried ; dv. τάφον to break
open a grave.

ἀν-ορχέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to jump up and dance
about.

ἀν-όσιος, ov, or α, ov, (α privat., ὅσιος) unholly,
wicked, Lat. profanus : ἀνόσιος νέκυς a corpse with
all the rites unpaid. Hence

ἀνοσιότης, ητος, ἡ, unholiness.

ἀ-νοσος, Ion. ἀ-νουρος, ov, (α privat., νόσος) with-
out sickness, healthy, sound : of things, free from all
defect, healthy ; ἀνοσος κακῶν untouched by ill.

ἀν-όστειος, ov, (α privat., ὀστέον) without bones.

ἀ-νόστιμος, ov, (α privat., νόστιμος) not return-
ing. II. not to be retraced.

ἀ-νοστος, ov, (α privat., νόστος) without return.

ἀν-οτοτύζω, (ἀνά, ὀτοτοῖ) to break out into wailing.

ἀν-οὔατος, ov, (α privat., οὐς) without ear : without
bundle.

ἀ-vous, contr. for ἀ-voos.

ἀ-vouros, ov, Ion. for ἀ-voos.

ἀν-οὔατος, ov, (α privat., οὔα) unwounded.

ἀν-οιτητή, Adv. of foreg., without wound. [ἱ]

ἀνοχή, ἡ, (ἀνέχω) a biding back, stopping, esp. of
hostilities, an armistice. II. (ἀνέχομαι) long-
suffering, forbearance.

ἀν-οιμάζω, f. ὥσω, to hold up, lift up.

ἀνστα, Ep. shortd. imperat. for ἀνάστα, ἀνάστηθι.

ἀνστάς, ἀνστήμεναι, Ep. for ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι :
aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήσω, Ep. for ἀναστήσω, fut. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνστήτην, Ep. for ἀνστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of ἀν-
ίστημι.

ἀνστρέψειαν, for ἀναστρέψειαν.

ἀνσχεθῆεν, ἀνσχω, Ep. for ἀνασχεθῆεν, ἀνάσχω,
aor. 2 inf. act. and imper. med. of ἀνέχω.

ἀν-σχετός, Ep. for ἀνα-σχετός.

ἀντα, (ἀντί, ἀντην) Adv. over against, face to face,
Lat. coram. II. as Prep. c. gen., over against ;

ἀντα παρειῶν before the cheeks, of a veil : confronted
with : most freq. in hostile sense, against, ἀντα Διὸς
πολεμίζειν.

ἀντ-ἀγοράζω, f. ὥσω, to buy in return.

ἀντ-ἀγορεύω, f. ὥω, to speak against, reply : to con-
tradict.

ἀντ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰσῶμαι : Dep. :—to
struggle against, vie with, esp. in war : to dispute
with : as Pass. to be set against. Hence

ἀντ-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, δ, an adversary, rival.

ἀντ-ἀδικέω, f. ἴσω, to wrong or injure in return.

ἀντ-αίρω, = ἀντ-αίρω :—Med., ἀνταίρεσθαι χεῖρας
τινι to raise one's hands against one.

ἀντ-αθλος, ov, (ἀντί, ἀθλος) struggling against,
rivaling.

ἀντ-αιδέομαι, f. ἔσομαι, Med. to respect one another.

ἀνταῖος, α, ov, (ἀντα) set over against, right oppo-
site : ἀνταῖα (sub. πληγή), a wound in front. 2.
hostile.

II. besought with prayers ; τὰ ἀνταῖα
θεῶν prayers to the gods.

ἀντ-αίρω, f. ἀντάρω : aor. I ἀντήρα :—to raise
against. II. seemingly intr. (sub. χεῖρας), to re-
sist, withstand.

ἀντ-αἰτέω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.

ἌΝΤΑΚΑΙΓΟΣ, δ, a sort of sturgeon.

ἀντ-ἀκούω, f. οὔσομαι, to bear in turn : to listen in
return.

ἀντ-ακροάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. = ἀντακούω.

ἀντ-ἀλάλζω, f. ἄζω, to return a shout.

ἀντ-ἀλλάγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken
in exchange, an exchange. From

ἀντ-ἀλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω : aor. I -ἥλλαξα ;
—to give or take in exchange :—Med. to take one
thing in exchange for another.

ἀντ-ἀμείβομαι, f. ὥμαι, Med. to give or take in
exchange, to exchange. 2. to give punishment in

exchange for ill-conduct, to requite, punish. 3. to
give words in exchange, answer. Hence

ἀντ-ἀμειψίς, εως, ἡ, an exchanging.

ἀντ-ἀμύνομαι, Med. to defend oneself against an-
other, resist. 2. to requite.

ἀντ-αναβιβάζω, to make go up in turn.

ἀντ-ανάγω, f. ξω, to lead up against, esp. to put out
to sea against : generally to attack. 2. to bring
up instead.

ἀντ-ανάλισκω, f. -ανῶσω, to destroy in return.

ἀντ-αναμένο, to wait instead.

ἀντ-αναπλήρωμι, to fill in turn or in opposition.

ἀντ-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to plait in rivalry with.

ἀντ-αναπληρόω, f. ὥσω, to put in as a complement.

ἀντ-ἀνεμι, (ἀντί, ἀνά, εἰμι ibo) to go up against.

ἀντ-ανίστημι, I. Causal in pres. and impf.,
fut. and aor. 1, to set up against or instead of. II.

intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to rise up
against.

ἀντ-ἀξιος, α, ov, worth just as much as, equivalent
to. Hence

ἀνταξίω, f. ὥσω, to demand as an equivalent or
in turn.

ἀντ-απαίτεω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.

ἀντ-απαμβόμαι, Med. to obey in turn.

ἀντ-απερύκω, to keep off in turn.

ἀντ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove in return or
answer.

ἀντ-αποδίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἀνταπέδωκα:—to give back, repay. II. to render, i. e. make, so and so.

III. intr. to answer, correspond with. IV. to deliver in turn: to explain in turn. Hence ἀνταπόδομα, ατος, τό, requital, recompense. And ἀνταπόδοσις, εως, ἡ, a giving back in turn, repayment: reward.

ἀνταποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνταποδίδωμι.

ἀντ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer again.

ἀντ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill in return.

ἀντ-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to receive in return.

ἀντ-ἀπὸλλυμι, to destroy in return:—Pass. and Med., with perf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish in turn.

ἀντ-ἀποτίνω, f. -τίσω, to requite.

ἀντ-ἀποφαίνω, f. -φανῶ, to shew on the other hand.

ἀντ-ἀπτομαι, Ion. for ἀνθ-ἀπτομαι.

ἀντ-ἀρκέω, f. ἔσω, to hold out against: to hold out.

ἀντ-ἀσπάζομαι, f. ἀσσομαι: Dep.:—to greet in turn: to receive kindly.

ἀνταυγίζω, f. ἥσω, to reflect light, to reflect. From

ἀντ-αυγής, ἐς, (ἀντί, αὐγή) reflecting light.

ἀντ-αυδῶ, f. ἥσω, to speak against, answer.

ἀντάω, Ion. ἀντέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἤντησα: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to face: also ἀντήσαι μάχης, δαιτός, etc., to meet with, take part in, partake of.

ἀντιβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.

ἀντ-εγκαλέω, f. ἔσω, to accuse in turn.

ἀντ-εκάβω, f. ἀσσομαι: aor. I ἤκασα:—to compare in return.

ἀντ-είνω, poet. for ἀνα-τείνω.

ἀντ-είπον, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to speak against or in answer, gainsay. Cf. ἀντ-εῶ.

ἀντ-έρομαι, Ion. for ἀντ-έρομαι.

ἀντ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to introduce instead, substitute.

ἀντ-εισφέρω, f. -εισφύω, to pay or contribute for another: cf. εἰσφορά. II. to substitute one thing for another.

ἀντ-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away in return.

ἀντ-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to knock out in return.

ἀντ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out in return.

ἀντ-εκπλέω, f. -πλευσομαι, to sail out against.

ἀντ-εκτείνω, f. -εκτενῶ, to stretch out against: hence to compare one with another.

ἀντ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμωμαι, to sally out against.

ἀντελαβόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἀντιλαμβάνω.

ἀντέλλοισα, Dor. for ἀντέλλουσα, part. fem. of ἀνατέλλω.

ἀντέλλω, poet. for ἀνα-τέλλω.

ἀντ-ἐπιτίω, fut. ἰώω, Att. ἰῶ, to hope instead.

ἀντ-ἐμβάλλω, f. -ἐμβάλω, intr. to make an inroad in turn.

ἀντ-ἐμβιβάζω, f. ἄσω, to put on board instead.

ἀντεμπάγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of sq.

ἀντ-ἐμπήγνυμι, f. -ἐμπήξω, to stick right in.

ἀντ-ἐμπύπρημι, f. -ἐμπύρῃω, to set on fire in return.

ἀντ-ἐνδίδωμι, f. -ενδώσω, to give way in return.

ἀντ-ἐξάγω, f. ἄξω, to export instead.

ἀντ-ἐξαίτέω, f. ἥσω, to demand in return.

ἀντ-ἐξέειμι, (ἐίμι ibo) to march out against.

ἀντ-ἐξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντέειμι.

ἀντ-ἐξετάζω, f. σω, to try one by the standard of another:—Med. to measure oneself against another.

ἀντ-ἐξυπνέω, f. σω, to ride out against.

ἀντεξόρμησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντί, ἐξορμάω) a sailing out against.

ἀντ-ἐπάγω, f. ξω, to lead or (intr.) to advance against.

ἀντ-ἐπαινέω, f. ἔσω, to praise in return.

ἀντ-ἐπανάγομαι, Med. to put to sea against.

ἀντ-ἐπειμι, to rush upon, attack.

ἀντ-ἐπεξάγω, f. ξω, to lead or march out against.

ἀντ-ἐπεινέω, (ἐίμι ibo) to march out against.

ἀντ-ἐπεξέλανυν, f. Att. -εξελῶ, to march out against.

ἀντ-ἐπεξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντεπείκειμι.

ἀντ-ἐπιβουλεύω, f. σω, to form counter-designs.

ἀντ-ἐπιδείκνυμι, f. δείξω, to shew forth in turn.

ἀντ-ἐπιθύμω, f. ἥσω, to desire in turn:—Pass., ἀντ-ἐπιθυμῆσαι τινα to have a thing desired from one.

ἀντ-ἐπικουρέω, f. ἥσω, to help in return.

ἀντ-ἐπιμελέομαι, fut. med. ἥσομαι: aor. I pass.

-ἐπεμελήθη: Dep.:—to give heed in turn.

ἀντ-ἐπιστρατεύω, f. σω, to take the field against.

ἀντ-ἐπιτάσσω, f. ξω, to enjoin in turn.

ἀντ-ἐπιτελιχίζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰοῦμαι: pf. pass. -τετελιχίωμαι: Dep.:—to build forts against in retaliation.

ἀντ-ἐπιτίθημι, fut. θήσω, to entrust in answer.

ἀντ-ἐπιδίνω, f. ἰώω, (ἀντί, ἐπαινος) to contribute one's share in turn:—Pass. to be repaid.

ἀντεραστής, οὔ, ὁ, a rival in love. From

ἀντ-εράω, to love in return: to rival in love.

ἀντ-ερέλδω, f. σω, to set firmly against, to plant firm. II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against.

Hence

ἀντέρεις, εως, ἡ, obstinate resistance.

ἀντ-έρομαι, Ion. -είρομαι: aor. 2 -ηρόμην: Dep.: to ask in turn.

ἀντ-έρομαι, Dep. to make equal in weight with: hence, to value equally with. [ῥ]

ἀντ-εῖω, fut. without any pres. in use: pf. ἀντεῖρηκα: (cf. ἀντεῖπον):—to speak against, gainsay:—fut. pass., οὐδὲν ἀντεῖρησεται no denial shall be given.

ἀντ-έρως, ατος, ὁ, return-love, love-for-love.

ἀντ-ερωτάω, f. ἥσω, to ask in turn.

ἀντ-έστην, aor. 2 ind. of ἀνθίστημι.

ἀντ-ευεργετέω, f. ἥσω, to return a kindness.

ἀντ-ενοεῶ, f. ἥσω, to wish well in return.

ἀντ-έχω or ἀντ-ίσχω, f. ἀνθέξω: (ἀντί, ἔχω or ἴσχω):—to hold against: χεῖρα κρατὸς ἀντέχειν to hold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes.

II. intrans. to hold out against, withstand: absol. to hold out: hence to suffice, be enough.

III. Med. to hold out against something: later, with gen. only, to hold on by, hold to, cleave to.

ἀντ-ήλιος, ον, (ἀντί, ἥλιος) opposite the sun: i. e.

looking east, eastern; δαίμονες ἀντήλιοι, statues of gods facing the sun. II. like the sun.

ἀντέω, Ion. from ἀντάω.

ἀντην, Adv. (ἀντί) against, face to face. 2. face to face, openly, before all. 3. ἀντην ἔρχεσθαι to go straight forward; ἀντην βάλλεσθαι to be struck in front.

ἀντ-ήνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀντί, ἀνήρ) instead of a man.

ἀντ-ηρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀντί, ἐρέτης) one who rows against another: generally, a rival.

ἀντ-ήρης, es, (ἀντί) set over against, opposite; πληγαὶ στέρνον ἀντήρης blows aimed straight at the breast.

ἀντηρίσ, ίδος, ἡ, (ἀντερίδω) a prop: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock.

ἀντήσεε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀντάω.

ἀντ-ηχώ, Dor. -ᾱχώ, f. ἦσω, to re-echo.

ἌΝΤΙ, Prep. with gen.: orig. sense over against: I. of Place, opposite, before. II. to denote worth, value, put for, for, Lat. pro, instar; ἀντί πολλῶν λαῶν ἐστί, he is worth many people: hence

1. in return for. 2. for the sake of. 3. instead of, for. 4. to mark comparison; ἐν ἀντ' ἐνός one set against the other, compared with it. 5. with verbs of entreaty, like πρὸς with gen., by, Lat. per.

In Compos. it signifies I. over against, as in ἀντί-πορος. 2. in opposition to, as in ἀντί-πολέμῳ. 3. one against another, mutually, as in ἀντι-δεξιόμαί. 4. in return, as in ἀντι-βοηθῶ. 5. instead, as in ἀντ-ήνωρ. 6. equal to, like, as in ἀντί-θεος. 7. corresponding, as in ἀντί-μορφος.

ἀντία, Adv. = ἀντην, properly neut. pl. of ἀντίος.

ἀντιάαν, Ep. pres. inf. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάσθε, -θαι, Ep. 2 pl. ind. and inf. Med. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάξω, f. ἄσω, Dor. ἄξω: aor. ἰ ἡντίασα: (ἀντί): —to come or go towards, meet, as friend or foe. 2. of things, to meet with, obtain. II. to approach with prayer, entreat.

ἀντι-ἀνερᾶ, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀντί, ἀνήρ) a match for men, as good as man, of the Amazons.

ἀντιῶν, f. ἄω: Ep. pres. ἀντιῶ, 3 pl. imperat. ἀντιῶντων, part. ἀντιῶν, ὥσω, ὄντες, inf. ἀντιῶν, med. ἀντιάσθαι: (ἀντί, ἀντίος): —to meet, as friend or foe: to match, measure oneself with: rarely in sense of coming to aid. 2. of things, to go to meet, go in quest of, c. gen. rei: of an arrow, to hit: of the gods, to come to meet an offering, i.e. accept graciously of it: so, generally, to partake of a thing. II. c. dat. to meet with, light upon. III. c. acc. to arrange, prepare, λέχος ἀντιῶσα.

ἀντι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀντέβην: —to withstand, resist: to stand in the gap; ἀντιβὰς ἐλάν to pull stoutly against the oar, going well back.

ἀντι-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ, to throw against or in turn. ἀντιβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντιβαίνω) resistance.

ἀντι-βιάζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to retort violence.

ἀντιβίην, Adv. against, with force to force. Properly acc. fem. from

ἀντί-βιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀντί, βία) opposing force to force; ἀντιβίοις ἐπέεσσι with wrangling words: neut. ἀντίβιον, as Adv. = ἀντιβίην.

ἀντι-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face. ἀντιβλεψίς, εως, ἡ, a looking in the face.

ἀντι-βοηθῶ, f. ἦσω, to help in turn or mutually.

ἀντιβολέω, f. ἦσω: aor. with double augm. ἦντεβόλησω, Ep. ἀντεβέ-: (ἀντιβᾶλλω): —to meet by chance, hit upon, esp. in battle. II. to meet with, partake of, c. gen. rei. III. to meet as a suppliant, entreat, c. acc. pers. Hence

ἀντιβόλησις, εως, ἡ, and ἀντιβολία, ἡ, an entreaty, prayer.

ἀντι-γέγωνα, perf. with pres. sense, to return a cry. ἀντι-γενεαλογέω, f. ἦσω, to rival in pedigree.

ἀντιγνωμονέω, to be of a different opinion. From ἀντι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀντί, γνώμη) of a different opinion.

ἀντιγράφους, εως, ὁ, (ἀντιγράφω) one who keeps a counter-reckoning, a check-clerk.

ἀντιγράφῃ, ἡ, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. II. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant; but also of the plaintiff, an indictment.

ἀντιγράφος, ον, copied: hence as Subst. ἀντίγραφα, τὰ, copies. From

ἀντι-γράφω, f. ψω, to write against or in answer, write back: —Med., with pf. pass. ἀντιγέγραμμαι, to put in as a plea, to plead against: cf. ἀντιγραφῇ.

ἀντι-δάνκω, f. -δήσομαι: pf. pass. -δέδηγμαί: —to bite at or in turn.

ἀντι-δεξιόμαί, Med. to give one another the right hand, to greet in return.

ἀντι-δέρομαι, Dep. = ἀντιβλέπω.

ἀντι-δέχομαι, f. ζομαι, Dep. to receive in return.

ἀντι-δημαγωγέω, f. ἦσω, to rival as a demagogue.

ἀντι-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to cross in turn.

ἀντι-διατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to dispose or arrange in turn: —Med. to set oneself against others, offer resistance.

ἀντι-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, mostly in plur. of poets who bring rival plays on the stage: cf. sq.

ἀντι-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω, to teach in turn or against: of dramatic poets, to bring rival plays on the stage.

ἀντι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give in return, repay. II. as law-term, to offer to change fortunes with one: cf. ἀντιδοοίς.

ἀντι-διέξεμι, (εἰμι ἰδο) to go through again.

ἀντιδικέω, f. ἦσω: the augm. is prefixed to the prep., impf. ἡντιδίκησα, aor. ἰ ἡντιδίκησα, or with double augm., ἡντεδίκουν, ἡντεδίκησα: —to be a defendant, or generally, party in a suit. From

ἀντί-δίκος, ον, (ἀντί, δίκη) an opponent in a suit, properly the defendant, but also the plaintiff: οἱ ἀντιδικοὶ the two parties in a suit.

ἀντι-δοκέω, f. -δοκήσω or -δόξω, to be of a contrary opinion.

ἀντί-δορος, *ov*, (ἀντί, δора) clothed with something instead of a skin.

ἀντίδοσις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) a giving in return, an exchange: repayment.

2. at Athens, a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might call upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge himself.

ἀντίδοτος, *ov*, (ἀντιδίδωμι) given as a remedy against poison: as Subst. ἀντίδοτον, τό, an antidote.

ἀντί-δουλεύω, *f. σω*, to be as a slave to another, to be no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουλος, *ov*, instead of a slave, no better than a slave.

ἀντί-δουπος, *ov*, resounding.

ἀντί-δράω, *f. άσω*, to do in return, retaliate, requite.

ἀντι-δωρέομαι, *f. ήσομαι*, Dep. to present in return with a thing.

ἀντι-ζητέω, *f. ήσω*, to seek in return.

ἀντι-ζωγρέω, *f. ήσω*, to save alive in turn.

ἀντι-θάπτω, *f. ψω*, to bury opposite.

ἀντί-θεος, *ov*, godlike, equal to the gods.

ἀντι-θεράπεύω, *f. σω*, to take care of in return.

ἀντίθεσις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀντιτίθημι) opposition, antithesis.

ἀντι-θέω, *f. θεύσομαι*, to run against: to run a race with.

ἀντί-θύρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, θύρα) opposite the door: as Subst. ἀντίθυρον, τό, the inner part of the house opposite the door.

ἀντι-καθέζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεξύν: Med.:—to sit over against.

ἀντι-καθεύδω, *f. ευδήσω*, to sleep opposite to.

ἀντι-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάτημαι, Dep. = ἀντικαθέζομαι.

ἀντι-καθίζω, to set opposite:—Med. = ἀντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.

ἀντι-καθίστημι, Ion. ἀντι-κατίσθημι: *f. -καταστήσω*: I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to lay down or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again.

II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀντέστην and pf. ἀνθέστηκα, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede. 2. to resist.

ἀντι-κακουργέω, to injure in turn.

ἀντι-καλέω, *f. έσω*, to call or invite in turn.

ἀντι-καταθνήσκω, aor. 2 -έθανον, to die in turn.

ἀντι-καταλλάσσω, Att. -ττω, *f. ξω*, to exchange one thing for another.

ἀντι-κάτμαι, ἀντι-κατίζομαι, ἀντι-κατίσθημι, Ion. for ἀντι-κάθ-.

ἀντι-κειμαι, *f. -κειέσμαι*, used as Pass. of ἀντιτίθημι, to lie opposite to.

ἀντι-κελεύω, *f. σω*, to command in turn.

ἀντι-κέντρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κέντρον) sharp as a goad.

ἀντι-κηδεύω, *f. σω*, to take care of instead.

ἀντι-κηρύσσω, *f. ύψω*, to proclaim in answer to.

ἀντι-κλάω, *f. -κλάγξω*, to sound in answer:—to sound by striking against, τυνί.

ἀντι-κνήμιον, τό, (ἀντί, κνήμη) the shin, leg.

ἀντι-κολακεύω, *f. σω*, to flatter in turn.

ἀντι-κομίζω, *f. ίσω* Att. *ιδω*, to bring back in reply.

ἀντι-κόπτω, *f. ψω*, intr. to resist, oppose.

ἀντι-κορύσσομαι, Dep. to take arms against.

ἀντι-κρατέω, *f. ήσω*, to bold instead.

ἀντίκρουσις, *ews, ἡ*, a striking against: hence, a hindrance, sudden check. From

ἀντι-κρούω, *f. σω*, to strike or push back, stop, hinder. 2. intr. to be a hindrance, stand in the way.

ἀντίκρυ and ἀντίκρυς, Adverbs, (ἀντί, ἀντην) have generally distinct meanings: I. ἀντίκρυ, over against, right opposite. 2. in Hom. also = ἀντί-

κρυς, straight on, outright, entirely. II. ἀντίκρυς (never in Homer), straight, right. 2. outright, thoroughly, without disguise or reserve. 3. cf Time, straightway.

ἀντι-κτόνος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κτείνω) killing in return.

ἀντι-κτυπέω, *f. ήσω*, to clasp against, re-echo.

ἀντι-κύρω [ῶ], *f. κύρω*, to hit upon something, meet.

ἀντι-κωμώδης, *f. ήσω*, to ridicule in turn.

ἀντιλαβή, ἡ, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a handle, Lat. ansa.

ἀντι-λαγχάνω, fut. -λήξομαι: pf. ἀντέληχα:—to draw lots for, obtain in turn.

ἀντι-λάζομαι and -λάζυμαι, Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to hold fast by: to take a share of.

ἀντι-λακτίζω, *f. ίσω*, to kick against.

ἀντι-λαμβάνω, *f. λήψομαι*: pf. ἀντέληφα: aor. 2 ἀντέλαβον:—to receive instead of or in turn. II.

Med. c. gen., to lay hold of: hence, I. to take part with, assist. 2. to lay claim to. 3. to take part in a thing. 4. to take hold of for the purpose of finding fault. 5. to captivate, charm. 6.

to grasp with the mind, apprehend.

ἀντι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, to light up in turn. II.

intr. to reflect light.

ἀντι-λέγω, *f. λέγω*, to speak against, gainsay. Hence ἀντιλεκτόν, verb. Adj. one must gainsay; and ἀντιλεκτός, *ov*, questionable, to be disputed.

ἀντι-λέων, *ovtos, δ*, (ἀντί, λέων) lion-like.

ἀντι-λπτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, one must assist or take part in. II. one must check.

ἀντίληψις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) a receiving in turn. II. (from Med.) a laying bold of, seizure: hence a claim to a thing. 2. a bold, support: help, succour. 3. an attacking, attack, objection.

ἀντιλέγω, *f. ήσω*, = ἀντιλέγω.

ἀντιλογία, ἡ, (ἀντιλέγω) controversy, discussion, Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance.

ἀντι-λογίζομαι, Dep. to calculate on the other hand.

ἀντιλογικός, ἡ, *όν*, (ἀντιλέγω) given to contradiction, disputations.

ἀντίλογος, *ov*, (ἀντιλέγω) contradictory.

ἀντι-λοιδορέω, *f. ήσω*, to rail at or abuse in turn.

ἀντιλύρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, λύρα) in harmony with the lyre.

ἀντιλύτρον, *ov*, τό, (ἀντί, λύτρον) a ransom.

ἀντι-μαίνομαι, *f. -μνήσσομαι*, Pass. to rave against.

ἀντι-μαθάνω, *f. -μάθῃσομαι*, to learn instead.

ἀντι-μάχομαι, *f. -μάχῃσομαι*, Dep. to fight against.

ἀντι-μεθέλω, to drag to the opposite side.

ἀντι-μεθίστημι, fut. -σῆσθω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to remove from one side to the other: to revolutionise. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. -μετέστην, pf. -μεθέστηκα, to pass over to the other side, give way.

ἀντι-μελίζω, to rival in music.

ἀντι-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to wait and watch against.

ἀντι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to blame in turn, retort upon.

ἀντι-μερίζομαι, Dep. to impart in turn.

ἀντι-μετρίω, f. ῥω, to measure out in turn.

ἀντι-μέτωπος, ον, (ἀντί, μέτωπον) front to front, face to face.

ἀντι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive or scheme against: to counteract.

ἀντι-μίμησις, εως, ῆ, close imitation, aping. [μῆ] ἀντί-μιμος, ον, (ἀντί, μιμέομαι) closely imitating, aping: modelled after.

ἀντι-μίσω, f. ῥω, to hate in return.

ἀντιμισθία, ῆ, a reward, requital. From

ἀντι-μισθος, ον, for or instead of a reward.

ἀντι-μοιρία, ας, ῆ, (ἀντί, μοῖρα) a compensation.

ἀντί-μοιρος, ον, (ἀντί, μοιρή) sounding against, differing in sound from: ἀντίμολον ἄκος ὕμνον song, sleep's substitute.

ἀντι-ναυπηγέω, f. ῥω, to build ships against, fit out a navy against.

ἀντι-νικάω, f. ῥω, to conquer in turn.

ἀντι-ῥεώ, f. ῥω, to set oneself against. From ἀντί-ῥεος, ον, Ion. ἀντί-ῥους, ονν, (ἀντί, ῥέω) properly scraped against; hence opposed to, hostile: τὸ ἀντίρρεον opposition.

ἀντίον, Adv. of ἀντίος; see ἀντίος.

ἀντίον, τό, (ἀντί) a part of the loom.

ἀντίομαι, fut. med. ὥσομαι: aor. I pass. ἤντιω-θην: Dep.:—to meet in battle, to resist, oppose.

ἀντίος, α, ον, (ἀντί) set against, and so, I. over against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. II. opposite, contrary. III. as Adv., ἀντία and ἀντίον, like ἀντην and ἄντα, opposite: against, straight at.

2. against one's will.

ἀντι-οχεύομαι, Pass. to drive against.

ἀντι-οσάττω, poet. for ἀνθισταμαι, to oppose.

ἀντιώ, ἀντιών, -όωσα, ἀντιώντων, see ἀντιάω.

ἀντι-πάθης, ἐς, (ἀντί, παθεῖν) in return for suffering.

II. of opposite feelings or passions.

ἀντι-παίζω, to play one with another.

ἀντί-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ῆ, like a child, no better than a child.

ἀντι-πᾶλος, ον, (ἀντί, πᾶλη) properly wrestling against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to. II. fighting against the enemy. III. as Subst., ἀντί-παλος, ὁ, a rival, adversary. 2. a champion.

ἀντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλῶ, to bold side by side, compare closely.

ἀντι-παραγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to countermand, to order in turn. II. to compete for a public office.

ἀντι-παράγω, f. ῥω, to lead on against. II. intr. to advance against or parallel with.

ἀντι-παράθω, f. θεύσομαι, to run past against: to outflank.

ἀντι-παρακᾶλέω, f. ἐσω, to summon in turn or contrariwise.

ἀντι-παρακελεύομαι, Dep. to exhort in turn or to the contrary.

ἀντι-παραλύπέω, f. ῥω, to annoy in turn.

ἀντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail along on the other side.

ἀντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep. to prepare oneself in turn: to arm on both sides. Hence

ἀντι-παρασκευή, ῆ, hostile preparation.

ἀντι-παρατάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ῥω:—to draw out against, in order of battle:—Pass. to stand in array against.

ἀντι-παρατίθημι, to set side by side against, compare closely.

ἀντι-πάρεμι, (εἰμι ἰδο) to march parallel to.

ἀντι-παρέρχομαι, = ἀντιπάρειμι.

ἀντι-παρέχω, to supply in turn.

ἀντι-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι: pf. -πέπονθα:—to suffer or endure in turn: τὸ ἀντιπεπονθός, neut. part. pf., retaliation.

ἀντι-παταγέω, f. ῥω, to clatter against.

ἀντι-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send back an answer: to send in return. II. to send against. III. to send instead.

ἀντι-περαίνω, f. -περανῶ, to pierce through in turn.

ἀντι-πέραιος, α, ον, lying over against, esp. beyond sea.

ἀντι-πέραν, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = ἀντιπέρας: also as Adj. in phrase Ἀσιὰδ' ἀντιπέρην τε Asia and the opposite coast.

ἀντι-πέρās or -πέρα, Adv. over against, on the other side of, opposite. Hence

ἀντι-πέρηθεν, Adv. from the opposite side.

ἀντι-πέρην, Ion. for ἀντιπέραν.

ἀντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήφομαι, to embrace in turn.

ἀντι-περιχωρέω, to go round in turn or against.

ἀντι-πετρος, ον, (ἀντί, πέτρα) hard as stone, rocky.

ἀντί-πηξ, ηγος, ῆ, (ἀντί, πήγνυμι) a chest, ark.

ἀντι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall against. 2. to strive against, resist.

ἀντι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail against.

ἀντι-πλήξ, ηγος, ὁ, ῆ, (ἀντί, πλήσσω) beaten by the storm.

ἀντι-πληρώω, f. ὥσω, to man ships against. 2. to fill up by new members.

ἀντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, to blow against. Hence ἀντίπνεος, ον, contr. ἀντίπνεους, ονν, blowing against, caused by adverse winds.

ἀντι-ποθέω, f. ῥω, to long for in turn.

ἀντι-ποιέω, f. ῥω, to do in return, opp. to ἀντι-

πάσχω. II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend with one for a thing.

ἀντί-ποινος, *ον*, (ἀντί, ποιμή) in requital: as Subst. ἀντίποινα, τά, = ἀποινα, requital, retribution.

ἀντί-πολέμω, *φ*, ἴσω, to wage war against one.

ἀντι-πολέμιος, *ον*, = ἀντιπόλεμος.

ἀντι-πόλεμος, *ον*, warring against: οἱ ἀντιπόλεμοι enemies.

ἀντι-πολιρκέω, *φ*, ἴσω, to besiege in turn.

ἀντι-πορεύομαι, Pass., with *φ*. med. -εύσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀντεπορεύην:—to advance against: march to meet another.

ἀντι-πορθέω, *φ*, ἴσω, to lay waste in return.

ἀντι-πορθμός, *ον*, on the opposite side of the straits.

ἀντι-πορος, *ον*, on the opposite coast, over against.

ἀντι-πράσσω, Att. -πτω, Ion. -πρήσσω: fut. ξω: to act against, oppose.

ἀντι-πρεσβέομαι, Med. to send counter-ambassadors.

ἀντι-πρήσσω, Ion. for ἀντι-πράσσω.

ἀντι-πρέβειμι, (εἰμι ibo) to come forward against.

ἀντι-προικα, Adv. for next to nothing, cheap.

ἀντι-προκαλέομαι, Med. to challenge in return.

ἀντι-προσῆμαίνομαι, Med. to heap in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσειμι, (εἰμι ibo) to go against.

ἀντι-προσείπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to address in turn: aor. pass. ἀντιπροσερήθην.

ἀντι-προσκαλέομαι, Med. to summon in turn.

ἀντι-προσφέρω, *φ*, -προσίοω, to bring in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (ἀντί, πρόσωπον) with the face towards, face to face.

ἀντι-προτείνω, *φ*, -τενώ, to hold out in turn.

ἀντι-πρως, *ον*, (ἀντί, πρῶρα) with the prow towards, prow to prow: hence fronting, face to face.

ἀντι-πύλος, *ον*, (ἀντί, πύλη) opposite the gate.

ἀντι-πυργός, *ον*, like a tower.

ἀντι-πύλω, *φ*, ὥσω, to build a tower over against: aor. πύλω to build up a city as a rival.

ἀντι-ρέπω, *φ*, ὦω, to counterpoise. Hence

ἀντι-ρῆπος, *ον*, counterpoising.

ἀντι-σηκός, *φ*, ὥσω, to weigh against, to compensate. 2. intr. to be equal in weight, to counterpoise: δις ἀντισηκῶσαι ῥοπήν to weigh twice as heavy.

Hence

ἀντισηκῶσις, *εως* Ion. *ιος*, ἡ, a restoring the balance: hence, compensation, retribution.

ἀντι-σιωπάω, *φ*, ἴσομαι, to be silent in turn.

ἀντι-σκενάζομαι, *φ*, ἴσομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, σκενάζω) to arrange in turn.

ἀντι-ίσδομαι, Pass. (ἀντί, ἴσώω) to stand against one on equal terms.

ἀντισπασμός, *δ*, (ἀντισπάω) a convulsion.

ἀντισπαστος, *ον*, drawn in the contrary direction: hence spasmodic, convulsive. II. as Subst. ἀντι-

σπαστος, *δ*, an antispastus, a foot made up of an iambus and trochee, as Ἀλέξανδρος. From

ἀντι-σπάω, *φ*, ἴσω [ἄ], to draw the contrary way, drag back.

ἀντι-σταθμός, *ον*, (ἀντί, στάθμη) balancing: equivalent to.

ἀντι-σταδίαζω, *φ*, ἴσω, to form a party against.

ἀντιστάσις, *εως*, ἡ, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an opposite faction.

ἀντι-σταδιστής, *ον*, *δ*, one of the opposite faction.

ἀντιστάτῃ, *φ*, ἴσω, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. From

ἀντι-στάτης, *ον*, *δ*, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an adversary. [ἄ] ἀντι-ίστημι, Ion. for ἀνθίστημι.

ἀντιστοιχέω, *φ*, ἴσω, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. From

ἀντι-στοιχος, *ον*, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.

ἀντι-στρατεύομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.

ἀντι-στράτηγος, *δ*, a rival general, the enemy's general:—also the Rom. Proprætor or Proconsul.

ἀντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -στρατοπεδεύομαι, (ἀντί, στρατόπεδον) to encamp over against.

ἀντι-στρέφω, *φ*, ὦω: pf. ἀντέστροφα:—to turn to the other side: to retort. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτόν, etc.), to turn about, face about.

ἀντιστροφή, ἡ, (ἀντιστρέφω) a turning back or about. II. in the dance of the chorus. the antistrophé or returning of the Chorus, answering to a previous strophé, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

ἀντιστροφός, *ον*, (ἀντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντιστροφόν the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. Adv. -πως, contrariwise to.

ἀντι-συναντῶ, *φ*, ἴσω, to meet face to face.

ἀντι-σφαίριζω, *φ*, ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: (ἀντί, σφαῖρα):—to play at ball against.

ἀντισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀντέχω.

ἀντισχεσθε, 2 pl. aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ισχυρίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to strengthen against: Med. to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.

ἀντι-ίσχω, collat. form of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ταλαντεύω, *φ*, εὔσω, = ἀντισηκός.

ἀντι-τίμω, aor. 2 inf. of ἀντιτίμω.

ἀντίταξις, *εως*, ἡ, a setting in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. opposition. From

ἀντι-τάσσω, Att. -τάπτω, fut. τάξω, to range in battle against another:—Pass. to be ranged against.

ἀντι-τείνω, *φ*, -τενώ, to offer in return, repay. II. intr. and Med. to strive against, counteract, resist.

ἀντι-τειχίζω, to build a fort against. Hence ἀντιτείχισμα, *ατος*, τό, a counter-fortification.

ἀντι-τέμνω, *φ*, -τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἀντέταμον:—to cut against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.

ἀντι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to form a counter-plan.

ἀντιτέχνησις, *εως*, ἡ, counter-maneuvring.

ἀντι-τέχνος, *ον*, (ἀντί, τέχνη) rivalling in an art or craft.

ἀντι-τίθημι, *φ*, -θήσω, to set one against the other, compare, oppose:—Pass. to be compared or matched one against another. II. to place in return:

give one thing for another.

ἀντι-τιμάω, f. ἦσω, to do honour to in return:—Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence

ἀντιτίμησις, εως, ἡ, as Att. law-term, a counter-estimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the τίμησις of the plaintiff.

ἀντι-τιμωρέω, f. ἦσω, to punish in return:—Med. to revenge oneself on in turn.

ἀντι-τινώ, f. τίσω, to pay or suffer punishment for a thing. II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn.

ἀντι-τολμάω, f. ἦσω, to dare to stand against another.

ἀντί-τολμος, ον, (ἀντί, τόλμα) daring against, over-bold.

ἀντίτομος, ον, (ἀντιτάμειν) cut as a remedy for: as Subst. ἀντίτομον, τό, a remedy, antidote.

ἀντίτονος, ον, (ἀντιτείνω) stretched contrariwise, well-strung.

ἀντι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot arrows in turn.

ἀντι-τορέω, f. ἦσω, to bore right through.

ἀντίτιος, ον, for ἀνά-τιτος, (ἀνατίτω) requited, revenged; ἀντίτα ἔργα works of revenge.

ἀντι-τρέφω, to maintain in turn.

ἀντι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι: aor. 2 -ἐτύχον:—to meet with in return.

ἀντί-τύπος, ον, (ἀντί, τύπηναι) struck back, echoed; τύπος ἀντίτυπος blow against blow:—answering to, correspondent:—as Subst., ἀντίτυπον, τό, an antitype, exact representation. II. act. striking back: hence resisting: stubborn, obstinate: adverse; ἀντίτυπος

Διός the adversary of Jupiter.

ἀντι-τύπτω, f. ψω, to beat in turn.

ἀντι-φερίζω, (ἀντιφέρω) to set oneself against, match oneself with: to fight for a prize with.

ἀντι-φερνος, ον, (ἀντί, φερνή) instead of a dower.

ἀντι-φέρω, f. ἀνοίσω, to set against:—Med. and Pass. ἀντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against.

ἀντι-φεύγω, f. -φεύβομαι, to flee in turn.

ἀντι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, to return a sound, re-echo. II. to contradict. Hence

ἀντιφθογγος, ον, echoing, imitating.

ἀντι-φιλέω, f. ἦσω, to love or kiss in turn.

ἀντι-φιλονεικώ, to strive zealously against.

ἀντι-φιλοτιμέομαι, Pass. to be moved by jealousy against.

ἀντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, Dep. to receive kindly in turn.

ἀντι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up so as to meet.

ἀντί-φονος, ον, in return for slaughter. II.

θάνατοι ἀντίφονοι deaths by mutual slaughter.

ἀντι-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, φόρτος) to import in exchange for exports.

ἀντι-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to block up.

ἀντι-φύλακῃ, ἡ, a watching against one.

ἀντι-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, a watch posted to observe another. [ῥ]

ἀντι-φύλασσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch in turn:—Med. to be on one's guard against.

ἀντιφωνέω, f. ἦσω, to sound in answer, reply. From

ἀντί-φωνος, ον, (ἀντί, φωνή) returning a sound, responsive to. 2. disagreeing with.

ἀντι-χαίρω, to rejoice in turn.

ἀντι-χαρίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰδομαι, Dep. to shew kindness to in turn.

ἀντι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote against.

ἀντιχορηγέω, to be a rival choragus. From

ἀντι-χόρηγος, ὁ, a rival choragus.

ἀντι-χράω, aor. I ἀντέχρησα, to be sufficient.

ἀντί-χριστος, ὁ, anticbrist.

ἀντι-ψάλλω, f. -ψᾶλῶ, to play a stringed instrument in accompaniment. Hence

ἀντιψάλλμος, ον, responsive.

ἀντί-ψηφος, ον, voting against.

ἀντί-ψυχος, ον, (ἀντί, ψυχή) instead of life, given for life.

ἀντλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντλος) properly, to bale out bilgewater, bale the ship: generally, to draw water. II. metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resources: of toil, etc., to drain, i. e. bear to the last, like Lat. exanillare, exbaurire: but also to squander.

ἀντλημα, ατος, τό, (ἀντλέω) a vessel to draw water with.

ἀντλία, ἡ, (ἀντλος) the bold of a ship. II. bilgewater, filth.

ἀντλίον, τό, (ἀντλος) a bucket.

*ΑΝΤΑΟΣ, ὁ, the bold of a ship where the bilgewater settles, Lat. sentina. II. the bilgewater itself; ἀντλον δέχεσθαι to let in water, leak; ἀντλον εἶργειν, Lat. sentinam exbaurire, to pump it out:—poët. the sea, sea-water.

ἀντ-οικτεῖρω, to pity in return.

ἀντ-οικτίζω, f. σω, = ἀντοικτεῖρω.

ἀντολή, ἡ, poët. contr. for ἀνατολή.

ἀντομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—to meet or light upon. II. = ἀντιάω, to approach with prayers, entreat.

ἀντ-όμνυμι, fut. -ομούσω and -ομούμαι: aor. I ἀντώμοσα:—to swear in turn. II. as Att. law-term, to swear in answer, take an ἀντωμοσία.

ἀντ-ονομάζω, f. ὄσω, to call by a new name. II

to speak in tropes.

ἀντ-ορύσσω, f. ὄρω, to dig against, dig a countermine.

ἀντ-οφείλω, f. -οφειλήσω, to owe one a good turn.

ἀντ-οφθαλμέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντί, ὀφθαλμός) to look in the face, withstand, bear up against.

ἀν-τρέπω, poët. for ἀνα-τρέπω.

ἀντριάς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀντρον) of or belonging to a cave;

Νύμφαι ἀντριάδες grot-Nymphs.

ἀντροβη, Adv. from a cave. From

*ΑΝΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. antrum, a cave, grot, cavern.

*ΑΝΤΥΞ, ὕγος, ἡ, properly any rounded body, and so in Homer, 1. the rim of the round shield. 2.

the rail round the front of the chariot, sometimes made double: it rose in front to a point, on which the reins might be hung:—after Hom., in plur., the chariot itself. 3. the frame of the lyre. 4. the orbit of the planets.

ἀντ-υποκρίνομαι, ἀντ-υπουργέω, Ion. for ἀνθ-υπ-, ἀντ-φδός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ἀοιδός) singing in answer to, responsive.

ἀντ-ωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀντ-όμνημι) an oath taken by one against another: and so as Att. law-term, the oath taken on the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by the defendant.

ἀντ-ωνέομαι, Dep. to buy instead: to bid against. ἀντ-ωπός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ὤψ) looking straight at, facing, fronting, straight opposite.

ἀντ-ωφελέω, f. ἦσω, to benefit in turn:—Pass. to derive benefit in turn.

ἀν-ύβριστος, ον, (a privat., ὑβρίζω) not insulted. II. not insolent, decorous.

ἀνυδρία, ἡ, want of water, drought. From ἀν-υδρος, ον, (a privat., ὑδρα) wanting water: ἡ ἀνυδρος (sub. γῆ), or τὸ ἀνυδρον (sub. χωρίον), the region without water.

ἀν-ύμεναιος, ον, (a privat., ὑμεναῖος) without the nuptial song, unwedded.

ἀνύμεν, Dor. for ἡνύμεν, 1 pl. impf. ὄν ἀνύμι. ἀνύμι, = ἀνώω:—Pass. ἀνύμαι, impf. ἡνύτο ἔργον the work was finished.

ἀν-υμνέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, ὑμνέω) to praise in song. ἀ-νύμφευτος, ον, (a privat., νυμφεύω) unwedded: ἀνύμφευτον γονήν ἔχειν to be born of an ill marriage.

ἀ-νυμφος, ον, (a privat., νύμφη) not bridal, unwedded: ἀνυμφα γάμον ἀμύλλατα unballowed embraces. II. without bride or mistress.

ἀν-υπέρβλητος, ον, (a privat., ὑπερβάλλω) not to be surpassed or outdone.

ἀν-υπεύθυνος, ον, (a privat., ὑπεύθυνος) not liable to account, irresponsible, absolute.

ἀν-υποδασία, ἡ, ἀνυποδετός, ἀνυπόδετος, ον, are later forms of ἀνυποδησία, -δητέω, -δητος.

ἀνυποδησία, ἡ, a going barefoot. From ἀνυποδητέω, f. ἦσω, to go barefoot. From

ἀν-υπόδητος, ον, (a privat., ὑπόδη) unsbod, barefoot: also with old shoes, ill-sbod.

ἀν-υπόδικος, ον, (a privat., ὑπόδικος) not liable to action.

ἀν-υποκρίτος, ον, (a privat., ὑποκρίνομαι) undisguised, without dissimulation.

ἀν-υπονόητος, ον, (a privat., ὑπονοέω) unsuspected: unexpected. II. act. unsuspecting.

ἀν-υπόπτος, ον, (a privat., ὑποπτος) without suspicion, i. e. I. pass. unsuspected. 2. act. unsuspecting.

ἀν-υπόστατος, ον, (a privat., ὑφίστημι) not to be withstood, irresistible. II. without foundation.

ἀν-υπότακτος, ον, (a privat., ὑποτάσσω) not made subject, unruly.

ἀνύσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀνώω. ἀνύσι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀνώω, ἔργον) industrious.

ἀνύσιμος, ον, (ἀνώω) efficacious, effectual. ἀνύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνώω) accomplishment, end.

ἀνυσσα, Ep. for ἡνυσσα, aor. I of ἀνώω.

ἀνυστός, ὄν, (ἀνώω) to be accomplished, possible; σιγῇ ὡς ἀνυστόν as silently as possible.

ἀνυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀνύσιμος.

ἀνύτο, Dor. for ἡνύτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνύμι. ἀνύτω or ἀνύτω [ῥ], Att. form of ἀνώω, only used in pres. and impf.

ἀν-υφαίνω, (ἀνά, ὑφαίνω) to weave anew.

ἀν-υψόω, f. ὥσω, to raise up on high.

ἀνώω, Att. ἀνύτω or better ἀνύτω [ῥ], poet. ἀνύμι: f. ἀνώω [ῥ]: aor. I ἡνώσα, Ep. ἀνωσσα: pf. ἡνώκα:

—Pass., aor. I ἡνώσθην: pf. ἡνωσμαι: (ἀνώ):—to accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere; οὐδὲν ἥνευ be did no good:—Med. to accomplish for one's own advantage:—Pass. to be finished, and of persons, to grow up. 2. to make an end of, destroy. 3.

to come to the end of a journey, absol.; ἀνύτω εἰς . . , for ἀνύτειν ὁδὸν εἰς . . , to make one's way to a place; also, ἀνύτειν θάλαμον for ἀνύτειν εἰς θάλαμον, to arrive at the chamber. 4. to attain to, get, procure.

II. with a Partic., οὐκ ἀνύω φθονέουσα I gain nothing by grudging: in Att. like φθάνω, in the sense of doing a thing speedily; ἀνε πράττων make baste about it; but more freq. ἀνώσας, with imperat., make baste and. . . , as ἀνίσας ἀνοιγε make baste and open, etc.: also ἀνε alone, make baste! dispatch!

III. less freq. with inf., στρατὸς ἡνυσσε περὰν the army succeeded in crossing.

*ΑΝΩ, impf. ἡνον, to accomplish, finish:—Pass. to come to an end, be finished; esp. of a period of time, νύξ ἀνεται the night draws to its end; ἔτος ἀνόμενον the waning year. [ᾶ]

ἀνω, Adv. (ἀνά) up, upwards, Lat. sursum, c. gen., αἰθέρος ἀνω up to ether: absol. above, on high, Lat. supra.

2. of the quarters of the heaven, northwards, opp. to κάτω, southwards. 3. of countries, inland, up from the coast. 4. of time, formerly;

εἰς τὸ ἀνω reckoning upwards; οἱ ἀνω θεοὶ the gods above, Lat. superi; οἱ ἀνω the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω the dead; ἀνω καὶ κάτω up and down, topsy-turvy, also up and down, to and fro, always in the same place. II. as Prep. with gen. above. III.

Comp. ἀνωτέρω bigger up: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Σαμοῦ beyond Samos: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, highest up.

ἀνώ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνύημι. [ᾶ]

ἀνώγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, to command, bid, order, Lat. jubeo: also to advise, urge one to do. From ἀνάγα we have 1 plur. ind. ἀνωγμεν; imperat. ἀνώγε and ἀνωχθι, 3 sing. ἀνωγέτω and ἀνώχθω, 2 pl. ἀνώγετε and ἀνωχθε; inf. ἀνωγέμεν: plqpf. ἡνώγειν, without augm. ἀνώγειν, Ion. ἡνώγεα. There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγω); whence we have an impf. ἀνώγον, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. I ἡνώξα.

ἀνώ-γαίον, τό, (ἀνω, γαῖα) properly anything above ground: a raised building, the upper floor of a house: used as a dining-room, like Lat. coenaculum.

ἀνώγειν, Ep. for ἀνέγειν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀν-οίγνυμι: but ἀνώγειν 3 sing. of ἀνάγα.

ἀνώ-γειν, ω, τό, and ἀνώ-γεως, ω, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειν, Ep. I plur. ind. of ἀνωγα.

ἀνώγω, see ἀνωγα.

ἀν-ώδυνος, ον, (α privat., ὀδύνη) free from pain. II. act. *alleviating pain*.

ἀνωθεν, Dor. ἀνωθα, Adv. (ἀνω) of place, from above, from heaven. 2. above, on high, and so οἱ ἀνωθεν the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω: c. gen., ἀνωθε γῆς above ground. II. of time, from the beginning.

ἀν-ωθῶ, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω:—to push up or forth, of a ship, to shove off; ἀνώσαντες πλέον (sc. τὴν ναῦν) they pushed off and sailed:—Med. to put away from oneself.

ἀνωστῖ, Adv. of sq., unlooked for. [τῖ]

ἀν-ώιστος, ον, (α privat., οἶσμαι) unlooked for, unforeseen. II. Ion. for ἀν-οιστός, (ἀναφέρω) referred, submitted to a person.

ἀν-ώλεθος, ον, (α privat., ὀλεθρος) indestructible.

ἀν-ώλιος, ον, (α privat., ὀμαλός) uneven, unequal, irregular: τὸ ἀν. unevenness of ground.

ἀν-ωμοτῖ, Adv. of ἀνώματος, without oath.

ἀν-ώμοτος, ον, (α privat., ὀμνῶμι) unsworn, not bound by oath. II. not sworn to.

ἀν-ωνόμαστος, ον, (α privat., ὀνομάζω) not to be named, indescribable.

ἀν-ωνυμίαι and ἀνωνυμί, Adv. of ἀώνυμος.

ἀν-ώνυμος, ον, (α privat., ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) without name, anonymous. II. nameless, inglorious.

ἀνώξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνώγω: see ἀνωγα.

ἀνώξω, fut. of ἀνώγω: see ἀνωγα.

ἀνωρία, ἡ, untimeliness; ἀνωρία τοῦ ἔτους the bad season of the year, i. e. winter. From

ἀν-ωρος, ον, (α privat., ὤρα) like ἀ-ωρος, untimely, unripe, Lat. immaturus.

ἀν-ωρύομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὠρύομαι) to bowl aloud.

ἀνώσαι, Ion. for ἀνοῖσαι = Att. ἀνερέγκαι, aor. I act. inf. of ἀναφέρω.

ἀνώσας, ασα, av, aor. I part. of ἀνωθέω.

ἀνώτατος, η, ον, Sup. formed from ἀνω, topmost.

ἀνωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀνω, highest up, at top.

ἀνωτερικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνωτέρω) upper or higher.

ἀνώτερον, Comp. Adv. (ἀνω) higher up: above.

ἀνωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀνω, higher up, above.

ἀν-ωφελής, ἐς, (α privat., ὠφελῶ) useless: also hurtful, like Lat. inutilis.

ἀν-ωφέλιγτος, ον, (α privat., ὠφελῶ) fruitless, unprofitable. 2. worthless.

ἀνωχθῖ, ἀνώχθω, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of ἀνωγα: ἀνωχθε, 2 plur. of same.

ἄξαι, aor. I inf. of ἄγνυμι, to break; ἄξαντο, 3 pl. med.

ἄξασθε, aor. I imperat. med. of ἄγω, to lead.

ἄξενος, ον, Ion. for ἄξενος. II. "Aξενος (sc. πόντος), ὁ, The Axine or Inhospitable, a name altered (for the omen's sake) to Εὐξενος, the Euxine.

ἄξέμεναι, ἄξέμεν, Ep. for ἄξειν, fut. inf. act. of ἄγω.

ἄξενος, Ion. ἄξενος, ον, (α privat., ξένος) inhospitable: uninhabitable.

ἄξιστος, ον, (α privat., ξέω) unbewn, unwrought.

ἄξῃ, aor. I subj. of ἄγνυμι.

ἄξια, ἡ, properly fem. of ἄξιος, the worth or value of a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's due or deserts; κατ' ἄξιαν according to his desert, ὑπέρ or παρ' ἄξιαν contrary to his desert.

ἄξι-άγαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀγαμαί) worth admiring, admirable. [ἀγ]

ἄξι-άκουστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκούω) worth bearing.

ἄξι-ακροῦτος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀκροάομαι) worth listening to.

ἄξι-αφήγτος, Ion. ἄξιαπήγ-, ον, (ἄξιος, ἀφηγέομαι) worth telling.

ἄξι-έπαινος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἐπαινέω) praiseworthy.

ἄξι-έραστος, ον, (ἄξιος, ἐραμαί) worthy of love.

ἄξῖνη, ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) an axe, esp. for hewing wood: a battle-axe. [ξ]

ἄξι-βίωτος, ον, (ἄξιος, βιώω) worth living for.

ἄξι-έρατος, ὄν, (ἄξιος, ἐργον) capable of work.

ἄξι-θαύμαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, θαυμάζω) worthy of wonder, marvellous.

ἄξι-θέατος, Ion. -ητος, ον, (ἄξιος, θεάομαι) worth seeing.

ἄξι-θρήνος, ον, (ἄξιος, θρήνος) worthy of lamentation.

ἄξι-ό-κτητος, ον, (ἄξιος, κτάομαι) worth getting.

ἄξι-ό-λογος, ον, (ἄξιος, λόγος) worthy of mention, remarkable. Adv. -γως.

ἄξι-ο-μακάριςτος, ον, (ἄξιος, μακαρίζω) worthy to be deemed happy.

ἄξι-ό-μαχος, ον, (ἄξιος, μάχομαι) a match for in battle: fit to give battle.

ἄξι-ο-μίστης, ἐς, (ἄξιος, μίσος) worthy of hatred, hateful.

ἄξι-ο-μνημόνευτος, ον, (ἄξιος, μνημονεύω) worthy of mention.

ἄξι-ό-νικος, ον, (ἄξιος, νίκη) worthy of victory.

ἄξι-ο-πενθής, ἐς, (ἄξιος, πένθος) worthy of lamentation, lamentable.

ἄξι-ο-πιστός, ον, (ἄξιος, πιστός) trust-worthy.

ἄξι-ο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἄξιος, πρέπω) becoming, goodly.

ἄξι-ο-ράτος, ον, (ἄξιος, ὀράω) worth seeing.

ἄξιος, α, ον, (ἀγω IV, to weigh) of like value, worth as much as, c. gen.; βοδὸς ἄξιος worth an ox; πολλοῦ ἄξιον worth much: also c. inf., ἄξιος θανεῖν worthy of death. 2. absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the word gives the notion of high price: in Att. it has also an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap.

II. worthy, estimable: hence befitting, deserving; ἄξιός εἰμι I deserve to be, as ἄξιός εἰμι οἰκτεῖσθαι I deserve to be pitied.

ἄξι-ό-σκεπτος, ον, (ἄξιος, σκέπτομαι) without considering.

ἄξι-ο-σπουδαστος, ον, (ἄξιος, σπουδάζω) worthy of zealous endeavours.

ἄξι-ο-στράτηγος, ον, (ἄξιος, στρατηγός) worthy of being general, worthy of a great general.

ἄξι-ό-τεκμαρτος, ον, (ἄξιος, τεκμαίρω) worthy of being brought in evidence, credible.

ἀξιο-φίλῆτος, *ον*, (ἀξιος, φιλῶ) *worth loving*.
 ἀξιο-χρεός, *ον*, Ion. for sq.
 ἀξιο-χρεός, *εων*, gen. *ω*: Ion. ἀξιο-χρεός, *ον*, neut. pl. ἀξιοχρεά: (ἀξιος, χρεός) *worthy of a thing*, and so *worth considering, considerable, remarkable*. 2. *serviceable, sufficient*. II. with inf. able, sufficient to do. III. like ἀξιος, with gen., *worthy of a thing*.
 ἀξίω, *φ. ὥσω*: pf. ἤξιωμα:—Pass., fut. ἀξιωθήσομαι, but also in med. form ἀξίωσομαι: pf. ἤξιωμα: (ἀξιος):—to think or deem worthy of a thing: of things, to value at a certain rate: also absol. to esteem, honour. II. but mostly with inf, to think one worthy to do or be: hence I. of others, to think fit, expect, require, Lat. postulare; ἀξίω κομίζεσθαι I think I have a right to receive: absol. to make a claim. 2. of oneself, to think fit to do or be; ἀξίω θανεῖν I consent to die; ἀξίω πράσσειν I dare, determine to do: esp. to design, condescend to do: so in Med., ἀξιοῦσθαι μέλειν to deign to care for. 3 to think, suppose; to lay down, maintain. Hence ἀξίωμα, *ατος*, τό, that of which one is thought worthy, and so, esteem, reputation, rank, Lat. dignitas. II. that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose. 2. in philosophy, a self-evident proposition, an axiom. ἀξίως, Adv. of ἀξιος, *worthily*, as becomes. ἀξίωσις, *εως*, Ion. *ιος*, ἡ, (ἀξίω) a being thought worthy: estimation, reputation, character. II. (from Med.) a thinking oneself worthy, a demand, claim. III. a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim. ἀξομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἀγω. ἀξόνιος, *α, ον*, (ἀξων) belonging to the axle. ἀξος, *ο*, Cretan word for ἀγμός. ἀ-ξυγκρότητος, *ον*, for ἀσυνκ., (α privat., συγκροτέω) *not welded together by the hammer*: of rowers, *not rowing in time*. ἀξύλια, ἡ, (ἀξύλος) *want of wood*. ἀ-ξύλος, *ον*, (α privat., ξύλον) *unfelled, unbinched, hence thickly wooded*. II. *without wood, ill-wooded*. ἀ-ξύμ-, ἀ-ξυν-, *v. ἄσυνμ-, ἄσυνν-*. ἀ-ξύστατος, *ον*, *v. ἄσυστ-*. ἀξων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, (ἀγω) *an axle*, Lat. axis: also the whole wheel: also, the supposed axis of the heavens, the pole. II. οἱ ἀξονες, the wooden tablets of the laws in Athens, made to turn upon an axis. ἀξος, *ὁ*, an attendant, minister, esp. belonging to a temple. (Deriv. uncertain.) ἀοιδῇ, contr. φθῇ, ἡ, (ἀείδω) *song, a singing*: also the subject of song: hence a legend, tale. ἀοιδάω, poet. for ἀείδω. ἀοιδίμος, *ον*, (ἀείδω) *sung of, famous in song*: in bad sense, *notorious*. ἀοιδό-θέτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ἀοιδῇ, τίθημι) *a lyric poet*. ἀοιδό-πόλος, *ὁ*, (ἀοιδῇ, πολέω) *one busied with song, a poet*. ἀοιδός, *ὁ*, (ἀείδω) *a singer, minstrel, bard*, Lat. vates: sem. a songstress, of the Sphinx. II. as Adj. ἀοιδός, *όν*, *tuneſul, muſical*.

ἀοιδό-τόκος, *ον*, *inspiring song*.
 ἀ-οικήτος, *ον*, (α privat., οἰκέω) *uninhabited: houseless, without a home*.
 ἀ-οικος, *ον*, (α privat., οἶκος) *houseless, without home or country*.
 ἀ-οινος, *ον*, (α privat., οἶνος) *without wine: not worshipped with oblations of wine: of men, drinking no wine, sober: of a place, having none*.
 ἀοῖος, *α, ον*, Aeol. and Dor. for ἡοῖος.
 ἀ-οκνος, *ον*, (α privat., ὀκνος) *without fear or hesitation, untiring, restless*. Adv. -ως.
 ἀολλέα, ἀολλέας, acc. sing. and plur. of ἀολλῆς.
 ἀολλῆδην, Adv. of ἀολλῆς, *in a body, together*.
 ἀολλῆς, *ές*, (α copul., εἶλω) *all together, in throngs, shoals or crowds*. Hence
 ἀολλίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, to gather together:—Pass. to come together, assemble.
 ἀ-οπλος, *ον*, (α privat., ὄπλον) *without armour, unarmed*.
 ἄορ and ἄορ, ἄορος, τό, (ἀείρω) *a sword, properly a banger: later, any weapon*.
 ἄορᾶς, acc. pl. for ἄορα, from ἄορ, τό, *a sword*.
 ἀ-όρατος, *ον*, (α privat., ὁράω) *unseen, invisible*.
 ἀ-όριστος, *ον*, (α privat., ὀρίζω) *without boundaries: indefinite, indeterminate*. II. ὁ ἀόριστος (sub. χρόνος), *the aorist tense*.
 ἀ-ορνος, *ον*, (α privat., ὄρνις) *without birds*.
 ἄορτή, ἡ, (ἀείρω) *a knapsack*. II. *the aorta or great artery*.
 ἀορτήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, (ἀείρω) *a strap over the shoulder to hang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt*; but also *a knapsack-strap*.
 ἄορτο, Ion. for ἦορτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἀείρω; cf. ἄορτο.
 ἀοσσεύω, *φ. ἤσω*, (ἀοσος) *to help, aid*. Hence
 ἀοσσητήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, *a helper, aider*.
 ἀ-ουτος, *ον*, (α privat., οὐτάω) *not wounded, unburnt*.
 ἀπαγγεῖλαι, ἀπαγγείλας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀπαγγέλλω.
 ἀπαγγεῖλαι, ἡ, *a report given in: a narrative, recital*. From
 ἀπα-αγγέλλω, *φ. -ελῶ*, Ion. -ελέω: aor. I -ἡγγεῖλαι:—Pass., aor. I -ἡγγέλην, aor. 2 -ἡγγέλην: pf. -ἡγγεῖμαι:—to bring tidings, report, announce; to relate, tell:—Med., πάλιν ἀπαγγέλλεσθαι *to bring back tidings*. Hence
 ἀπαγγελτήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, *a messenger*.
 ἀπαγε, Adv. away! *be gone!* Lat. apage! properly imperat. of ἀπάγω (sub. σεαυτόν).
 ἀ-παγῆς, *ές*, (α privat., παγῆναι) *not firmly fixed: of loose texture*.
 ἀπ-αγίνεω, Ion. for ἀπ-άγω, esp. of paying tribute.
 ἀπ-αγλαίζω, *φ. ἴσω* Att. *ἰῶ*, to deprive of ornament.
 ἀπ-ἀγορεύω, *φ. ἴσω*, (the Att. fut. is ἀπειρώ, pf. ἀπείρηκα, aor. ἀπείπον):—to forbid: absol. to dissuade. II. intr. to bid farewell to, to renounce, c. dat.: c. part. to give up doing: also to grow weary of. 2. to

fail, sink, give way; also of things, τὰ ἀπαγορεύοντα things worn out.

ἀπαγριόμαι, Pass. (ἀπό, ἄγριος) to become wild or savage.

ἀπαγχνόω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, = ἀπάγχω.

ἀπαγγω, f. -άγω, to strangle, tbrottle:—Med. to hang oneself; to be ready to choke.

ἀπαύω, f. ἀύω: (for the tenses, v. ἄγω):—to lead away, carry off:—Med. to take away for oneself. II. to take home. III. to return what one owes, pay.

IV. as Att. law-term, to bring before a magistrate and accuse. 2. to lead away to death. V. to lead away, perplex: to divert from a thing.

VI. as if intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to make off, go away, esp. in imperat. ἀπαγε, q. v. Hence

ἀπάγωγῃ, ἡ, a leading or dragging away. II. a taking home. III. payment of tribute. IV. as Att. law-term, a bringing before the magistrate.

ἀπαδεῖν, -εῖν, Ion. for ἀπαδ-, aor. 2 inf. of ἀφανδάνω.

ἀπαῖδω, f. -ᾶσομαι, to sing out of tune: metaph. to dissent from: to wander away from.

ἀπα-αείρομαι, Pass. to depart from.

ἀπα-θανατίζω, to aim at immortality.

ἀπάθεια, ἡ, insensibility to suffering, apathy. From ἀ-πάθης, ἑς, (a privat., πάθος) without suffering, not suffering: insensible, apathetic. 2. unwilling to suffer, impatient of. 3. not having suffered, unharmed.

ἀπαθῶς, Adv. of ἀπαθής, without passion.

ἀπαί, poet. for ἀπό.

ἀπαίδευσία, ὁ, want of education, ignorance: coarseness. II. want of control over a thing. From ἀ-παίδευτος, ον, (a privat., παιδεύω) uneducated, ignorant, boorish. Adv. ἀπαιδεύτως ἔχειν to be boorish.

ἀπαίδια, ἡ, (ἀπαις) childlessness.

ἀπα-αιθριάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, αἰθρία) to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather.

ἀπα-αἰνύμαι, Ep. ἀπο-αἰνυμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, αἶνυμαι):—to take away, withdraw: pluck off.

ἀπαίνυτο, 3 sing. impf. of foreg.

ἀπαϊολάω, to cheat: to perplex, confound. From ἀπα-αἰολή, ἡ, (ἀπό, αἰόλος) cheating, duping, any means of cheating.

ἀπαϊόλημα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick.

ἀπααιρεθῶ, Ion. for ἀφαιρεθῶ, aor. I subj. pass. of ἀφαίρεω.

ἀπα-αῖρώ, Ion. for ἀφ-αῖρώ.

ἀπα-αίρω, Ep. lengthd. ἀπα-αἰρώ: Ion. impf. ἀπαίρεσκον: fut. ἀπαρῶ: aor. I ἀπῆρα: pf. ἀπῆρκα:—to lift off: hence to carry, take away. II. to lead away an army or fleet; hence, as if intr. to sail away, march away: generally, to set out, depart: also c. gen., ἀπαίρειν χθονός to depart from the land.

ἀ-παις, ἀπαῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., παῖς) childless: c. gen., ἀπαις ἔρσενος γόνου without male heirs.

ἀπα-αἶσσω, Att. -ᾶσσω, f. ξω: Att. aor. I ἀπῆξά:—to rush down: generally, to dart away.

ἀπα-αἰτέω, f. ἦσω, to demand back, or simply to demand of one:—Pass. to have a thing demanded of one. Hence

ἀπαίτησις, εως, ἡ, a demanding back, demand.

ἀπα-αιτίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀπαίτέω, to demand back.

ἀπα-αιρώ, f. ἦσω, to make to hang down, suspend:—Pass, with fut. med. -ῆσομαι, to hang down from, bover about.

ἀπα-ακρίβδομαι, pf. ἀπηκρίβωμαι: Pass. (ἀπό, ἀκριβής):—to be finished off, carefully finished: pf. pass. part. ἀπηκριβωμένος, highly wrought or finished.

ἀ-πάλαιστος, ον, (a privat., πάλαιω) not thrown in wrestling: generally, unconquerable.

ἀ-πάλαιστρος, ον, (a privat., πάλαιστρο) not trained in the palaestra, awkward. II. not customary on the palaestra.

ἀπάλαλκε, ἀπάλαλκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 ind. and opt. of ἀπάλλεω, but formed by redupl. from *ἀπάλλω:—Ep. inf. ἀπαλαλκόμεν.

ἀ-πάλαμος, ον, = ἀτάλαμος, helpless, silly. II. unmanageable, lawless.

ἀ-πάλαμος, ον, (a privat., πάλαμη) without hands or without the use of them: helpless, lazy. II. which cannot be helped, unmanageable.

ἀπα-ἀλάσσω, Pass. to go astray, wander.

ἀπα-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπό, ἀλγέω) to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling.

ἀπα-αλείφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀπα-αλήψα:—to wipe off, expunge, esp. from a register.

ἀπα-ἀλέξω, fut. -αλεξήσω: aor. I opt. ἀπαλεξήσαιμι: Ep. aor. 2 ἀπάλαλκον, see ἀπάλαλκε: (ἀπό, ἀλέξω): to ward off from another, c. acc. rei et gen. pers.: ἀπαλέξεν βέλος τινός to ward off a dart from a man: also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, to keep one from, as ἀπ. τινά κακότητος to keep a man from evil:—Med. to defend oneself against.

ἀπα-ἀληθεύω, f. σω, to speak the whole truth.

ἀπα-αλθέωμαι, f. ῆσομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, ἀλθέω) to heal thoroughly.

ἀπαλθήσασθον, 3 dual fut. ind. of ἀπαλθέωμαι.

ἀπαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἀπαλλάσσω) deliverance, release, riddance from a thing. II. a removal, a divorce.

III. (from Pass.) a going away, escape: departure.

ἀπα-αλλάξω, Desiderat. of ἀπαλλάσσωμαι, to wish to be rid of.

ἀπαλλάξις, εως, ἡ, = ἀπαλλαγή.

ἀπα-αλλάσσω, Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I -ἥλλαξα: pf. -ἥλλαχα:—to set free, release, rid of a thing. 2. to put away from, remove from: also to get rid of.

II. intrans. to get off free, escape, esp. with an Adv., e. g. εὔ, κακώς ἀπαλλάσσειν: to go away, depart.

Pass, with fut. and aor. I med., ἀπαλλάξομαι, ἀπηλαξάμην; but also fut. pass. ἀπαλλαχθήσομαι, aor. I ἀπηλλάχθην or aor. 2 ἀπηλλάγην: pf. ἀπῆλα-

λαγμαι:—to be set free, released from a thing, get rid of it. 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Adv., e. g. καλῶς, ἀξίμως ἀπαλλαχθῆναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted.

II. to remove, depart from, go away, to depart from life, to be deceased; ἐκ παίδων ἀπαλλαχθῆναι, like Lat. *e pueris excedere*, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off from, give over, cease.

ἀπ-αλλοτριόω, f. ὥσω: pf. ἡλλοτριώκα: (ἀπό, ἀλλότριος):—to estrange.

ἀπ-αλοάω, poet. -αλοιάω, f. ἥσω, properly to thresh out: hence to bruise, crush.

ἀπάλο-θριξ, τρίχος, ὀ, ἡ, (ἀπαλός, θρίξ) with soft hair. ἈΠΑΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, soft, tender: metaph. soft, gentle: delicate. Hence

ἀπαλότης, ητος, ἡ, softness, tenderness.

ἀπάλο-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἀπαλός, τρέφω) well fed, plump.

ἀπαλό-φρων, ὄν, (ἀπαλός, φρήν) soft-hearted.

ἀπάλο-χροος, ὄν, contr. -χρους, -χρουν, (ἀπαλός, χροός) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., ἀπαλό-χροος, dat. -χροῖ, etc.

ἀπαλύνω, f. ὑνώ, (ἀπαλός) to soften.

ἀπ-αμαλδύνω, to destroy utterly.

ἀπ-αμάω, f. ἥσω, to cut off.

ἀπ-αμβλύνω, f. ὑνώ:—Pass., pf. ἀπήμβλυμαι. To blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose its edge.

ἀπαμβροτεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπ-αμείβομαι, f. -αμείβομαι: aor. I. ἡμείφθην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἀμείβο) :—to reply to, answer.

ἀπ-αμείρω, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

ἀπ-αμελέω, f. ἥσω, to neglect utterly.

ἀπαμμένος, η, ὄν, Ion. for ἀφηγνμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀπάγω.

ἀπ-αμπλακίσκω, f. ἥσω: aor. 2 ἀπήμπλακον, inf. ἀπαμπλακεῖν:—ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπ-αμύνω, fut. ὑνώ, to keep off, ward off, to repulse:—Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive back, repel. 2. to defend oneself.

ἀπ-αυαίνομαι, aor. I ἀπηγνήμην: Dep.: to refuse or reject utterly.

ἀπ-ανασχυντέω, f. ἥσω, to be utterly shameless: to be shameless enough to do or say.

ἀπ-ανάλισκω, fut. -ανάλίσσω: pf. -ανάλωκα:—to utterly consume or expend.

ἀπανάστωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπανίσταμαι) a removing from one place to another.

ἀπ-ανδροόμαι, pf. ἀπήνδρωμαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἀνδρός gen. of ἀνῆρ):—to become a man.

ἀπ-άνευθε and -θεν, strengthd. for ἀνευθε, Adv. afar off, far away. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from: aloof from: but also out from.

ἀπ-ανήνασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ανθῶ, f. ἥσω: pf. ἀπήνθηκα:—to leave off blooming, fade, wither. Hence

ἀπάνθησις, εως, ἡ, a fading, withering.

ἀπ-ανθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἄνθος) to pluck off flowers: metaph., ματαίαν γλῶσσαν ἀπανθίζεν to cull the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please.

ἀπ-ανθρακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to broil on the coals, roast. Hence

ἀπ-ανθρακίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄνθραξ) a small fish for broiling. II. a cake baked on coals.

ἀπ-ανθρακώ, f. ὥσω, to burn to a cinder.

ἀπανθρωπία, ἡ, inhumanity. From

ἀπ-ἀνθρωπος, ὄν, far from man, inhuman, savage. II. unsocial: of countries, uninhabited.

ἀπ-ανίστημι, fut. -αναστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to make rise up and depart, take or send away. II. Pass. ἀπανίσταμαι, with intr. aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

ἀπανταχόθι, Adv. = ἀπανταχοῦ.

ἀπανταχοῦ, Adv. (ἀπας) everywhere.

ἀπ-αντάω, Att. impf. ἀπῆνταν: f. ἀπαντήσομαι: aor. I ἀπῆντησα: pf. ἀπῆντηκα:—to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe: hence to resist. 2. to meet with, light or fall upon. 3.

of things, to happen, come upon one: also to turn out well, prosper. 4. to go or come to, arrive or be present at: also to have recourse to a thing.

ἀπάντη, Adv. (ἀπας) everywhere. II. every-way.

ἀπ-άντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαντάω.

ἀπάντησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπαντάω) a meeting, encountering.

ἀπ-αντίκω, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίκρυ) right opposite.

ἀπ-αντίον, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίον) right opposite.

ἀπ-αντλέω, f. ἥσω, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen.

ἀπ-άντομαι, = ἀπ-αντάω.

ἀπ-αντώ, f. ὥσω [ῶ], to accomplish or finish entirely: ἀπαντεῖν [sub. ὁδόν] to finish a journey.

ἈΠΑΞ, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat. *semel*.

II. without any notion of number, after ἐπεὶ, ὥς, etc., like Lat. *ut semel*; ὥς ἀπαξ ἤρξατο when once he began.

ἀπαξ-ἅπας, ἅσα, ἅν, mostly in plur. all at once, all together: in sing. every one.

ἀπαξ-απλῶς, Adv. in general, upon the whole.

ἀπ-ἀξία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) unworthiness.

ἀπ-ἀξίος, ὄν, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) = ἀνάξιος, unworthy of.

ἀπ-ἀξίως, f. ὥσω, to deem unworthy of one: to disclaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. *dedignari*.

ἀπάρορος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀπήρορος.

ἀ-παππος, ὄν, (a privat., πάππος) with no grand-father or ancestors.

ἀπ-ἄπτω, Ion. for ἀφ-ἄπτω.

ἀ-παράβητος, ὄν, (a privat., παραβαίνει) not transgressed. II. act. not passing over to another: not passing away, unchangeable.

ἀπ-ἄραιρημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of ἀφ-αίρειν.

ἀ-παραίτητος, ὄν, (a privat., παραιτέω) not to be turned away by prayers: not to be begged off, in-

evitable. II. of persons, not to be entreated, inexorable: Adv. -τως, inexorably.

ἀ-παράκλυτος, ον, (a privat., παρακλύπτω) uncovered: Adv. -τως, undisguisedly. [κᾶ]

ἀ-παράκλητος, ον, (a privat., παρακαλέω) unsolicited, without being called upon.

ἀ-παράλλακτος, ον, (a privat., παραλλάσσω) unchangeable.

ἀ-παράλογιστος, ον, (a privat., παραλογίζομαι) not to be deceived.

ἀ-παράμυθος, ον, (a privat., παραμυθέομαι) not to be persuaded: hence incorrigible: also insoluble. II. not to be entreated, inexorable. [ῥ]

ἀ-παράμυθος, ον, = ἀπαράμυθος, inexorable: unbending, stubborn, savage. [Aesch. ἀπᾶρ-, like ἀθάνατος.]

ἀπᾶραι, aor. I inf. of ἀπαίρω.

ἀπάραξα, Ep. aor. I of ἀπαράσσω.

ἀ-παρασκεύστος, ον, (a privat., παρασκεύω) = sq.

ἀ-παράσκευος, ον, (a privat., παρασκευή) without preparation, unprepared.

ἀπ-ἀράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἀήραξα:—to strike off: to sweep off, Lat. decutere.

ἀπ-αργμα, ατος, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή.

ἀπ-ἀρέσκω, f. -αρέσω, to displease, be disagreeable to. 2. Med. with pass. sense, οὐ νευμεσητὸν βασιλῆα ἄνδρα ἀπαρέσσαισθαι one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased. Hence

ἀπαρέσσαισθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἀπαρέσκω.

ἀ-παρθένυτος, ον, (a privat., παρθευέω) unmaidenly, unfitting a maiden: in neut. pl. as Adv.

ἀ-παρθένος, ον, (a privat., παρθένος) no more a maid; νύμφην ἄνυμφον παρθέον τ' ἀπαρθέον 'virgin wife and widow'd maid.'

ἀπ-ἀριθμῶ, f. ἤσω, to count over: to reckon up. II. to reckon or pay back. Hence

ἀπᾶριθμησις, εως, ἡ, a counting over.

ἀπ-ἀρκέω, f. ἔσω, to suffice, be sufficient. II. intr. to be contented, acquiesce.

ἀπ-ἀρνέομαι, fut. med. ἥσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀπρηνήην: Dep.:—to deny utterly, deny:—fut. ἀπαρηθήσεται in pass. sense, it shall be denied.

ἀπ-αρως, ον, (ἀπό, ἀρνέομαι) denying utterly; ἀπαρνός ἐστι μὴ νοσέειν he denies that he is sick; c. gen., ἀπαρνος οὐδενὸς καθίστατο she denied nothing. II. pass. denied, refused.

ἀπ-ἀρτάω, f. ἤσω: Pass., pf. ἤρημαι:—properly, to hang from: to hang, strangle. II. to take away and hang up:—Pass. to be in suspense. III.

to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to remove oneself, go away.

ἀπ-ἀρτί, (ἀπό, ἄρτιος) Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just. II. just the reverse, quite the contrary.

III. of time, = ἀπὸ ἀρτί, from ἀπὸ τοῦ νῦν, from now, from this time:—just now, even now.

ἀπ-ἀρτίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to get ready, complete:—Pass. to be completed, exactly made up.

ἀπ-αρτί-λογία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄρτιος, λόγος) a round, full, even number or sum.

ἀπαρτισμός, ὁ, (ἀπαρτίζω) completion.

ἀπ-ἀρυστέον, verb. Adj. one must draw off. From ἀπ-ἀρύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to draw off, skim off.

ἀπ-αρχή, ἡ, mostly used in plur. ἀπαρχαί, the beginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead. 2. the firstlings

for sacrifice, first-fruits. From

ἀπ-ἀρχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice; τρίχας ἀπαρχεσθαι to begin the sacrifice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forehead and throwing it into the fire. II. c.

gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of. 2. to offer the firstlings or first-fruits of a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice.

ἀπ-ἀρχω, f. ξω, to lead the way.

ἀ-πᾶς, ἀπάσα, ἅπαν, (ἄμα, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, quite all, all together: ἐν ἅπασι and εἰς ἅπαντα, entirely:—in Att. also like πᾶς in the sense of every one, Lat. unusquisque.

ἀπ-ἀσπαίρω, to struggle convulsively.

ἀπαστία, ἡ, a fasting, fast. From

ἀ-παστος, ον, (a privat., πάσσομαι) not having tasted.

ἀπ-ασχολέομαι, Dep. to have no leisure.

ἀπάτῶ, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἡπάτησα, Ep. ἀπ-: pf. ἡπάτηκα: (ἀπάτη):—to cheat, trick, outwit, beguile: like Lat. fallere tempus, to beguile the time:—Pass. to be deceived, mistaken.

ἀπ-ἀτερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀτερθε) far apart, aloof, all alone. II. Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπάτῃ, Ion. for ἀπατῶ.

ἀπάτευν, ὄνος, ὁ, a cheat, rogue. From

ἌΠΙΑ'ΤΗ, ἡ, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, deceit: in a less bad sense, cunning, craft: a stratagem in war. Hence

ἀπάτηλιος, ον, deceitful, wily.

ἀπάτηλός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπατήλιος.

ἀπάτημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπατῶ) a deceit.

ἀπατητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπατῶ) fallacious.

ἀ-πάτητος, ον, (a privat., πᾶτέω) untrodden.

ἀπ-ατιμάζω, f. ἄσω, = ἀπατιμάω.

ἀπ-ατιμάω, f. ἤσω, strengthd. for ατιμάω, to dishonour greatly.

Ἀπατούρια, ον, τῆ, the Apaturia, a festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days, during which the Athenians had their grown up sons enrolled among the citizens. (Prob. derived from πατήρ or φρατρία, with a euphon.)

ἀ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., πατήρ) fatherless, orphan: disowned by the father.

ἀπ-αυγάω, f. σω, to beam with light. Hence

ἀπαύγασμα, ατος, τό, a reflection.

ἀπ-αυδάω, f. ἤσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edicere, c. inf. II. to forbid, foll. by μὴ and inf., ἀπανδῶ τινα μὴ ποιεῖν I forbid his doing. III. to decline, renounce. IV. to deny. V. intr. to be wanting

towards; ἀπαυδᾶν φίλῳ, to fail a friend: also to faint, sink; ἀπαυδᾶν κόπῳ to faint with toil.

ἀπαυθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep. to speak or act boldly, speak out.

ἀπαυθημερίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἴω, (ἀπό, αὐθήμερος) to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day.

ἀπαυράω, only found in impf. with aor. sense, ἀπήρῳν, ἀπήρῳς, ἀπήρῳ, to which must be added the aor. I part. act. and med., ἀπούρας, ἀπουράμενος: (αὐράω the simple verb is not found):—to take away from, wrest from, rob of, τινά τι. II. to receive good or ill, to enjoy or suffer: (but wherever this sense occurs, ἀπήρῳ, etc., should be altered into ἐπαυρεῖ, etc.)

ἀ-παυστος, ον, (α privat., παύω) not to be stopped or assuaged: never-ending. II. c. gen. never ceasing from.

ἀπαυτίκα, Adv. forthwith, on the spot.

ἀπαυτομολέω, f. ἴσω, to go of one's own accord, desert.

ἀπαψέσκω, fut. ἀπαφήσω: aor. 2 ἤπαφον, part. ἀπαφών: aor. 2 med. opt. ἀπάφοιτο in act. sense:—like ἀπατάω, to cheat, beguile.

ἀπαψέσθαι, Dep. to be hateful or grievous: to become disliked, incur odium.

ἀπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἀποβάλλω.

ἀπέβην, ἀπέβησα, aor. 2 and 1 of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπέβλισα, aor. 1 of ἀποβρίττω.

ἀπεδανός, ον, Dor. for ἡπεδανός.

ἀ-πέδιλος, ον, (α privat., πέδιλον) unsod, barefoot. ἀ-πέδος, ον, (α copul., πέδον) even, level, flat.

ἀπεδρύφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀποδρύπτω.

ἀπ-έδω, see ἀπ-έσθω.

ἀπέσθην, Ep. for ἀπῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of ἀπειμι (εἰμι sum).

ἀπ-έειπε, Ep. 3 sing. indic. of ἀπέειπον.

ἀπέεργε, 3 sing. imperf. of ἀποέργω.

ἀπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπ-είδον, inf. ἀπιδεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use, serving as aor. to ἀφοράω:—to look away from other things at, and so simply to look at.

ἀπειθεῖα, ἡ, (ἀπειθής) disobedience.

ἀπειθέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειθής) to refuse compliance, to be disobedient.

ἀπ-είθη, ἀπ-είθησαν, Ion. for ἀφ-είθη, ἀφ-είθησαν, 3 sing. and plur. aor. I pass. of ἀφίημι.

ἀπ-είθης, ἐς, (α privat., πείθομαι) disobedient: of ships, unmanageable. II. (πείθω) act. not persuading.

ἀπ-εὐκάζω, f. ἴσω, to copy, represent, express by a comparison: hence to compare with, liken to. II.

ὡς ἀπεικάζει, to conjecture, Lat. ut licet conicere.

ἀπ-εικονίζω, (ἀπό, εἰκόν) to represent or portray in a statue.

ἀπαικώς, ἀπ-εικώς, see ἀπεικώς.

ἀπειλέω, Ep. for ἀπειλέω, to threaten.

ἀπ-ελέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, εἰλέω) to press hard: Pass.,

ἀπειληθεῖς ἐς ἀπορίην, ἐς ἀναγκαίην driven into great straits.

ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειλή) to threaten, Lat. minari: c. inf. to threaten to do. II. to make boastful threats: to boast, brag, Lat. gloriari.

III. to assure, promise, vow:—Pass. to be terrified by threats. ἀπειλή, ἡ, mostly in plur. ἀπειλαί, threats: also boasts, braggart words: in sing. a threatening. (Deriv. uncertain.) [α]

ἀπ-ειληθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀπ-ελέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπειλημα, ατος, τό, = ἀπειλή.

ἀπ-ειλημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀπ-ελέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπ-εילהμμαι, perf. pass. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπειλήτην, Ep. for ἡπειλήτην, 3 dual impf. of ἀπειλέω (ἀπειλή).

ἀπειλήτηρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (ἀπειλέω) a threatener, boaster. Hence

ἀπειλήτηριος, α, ον, threatening, menacing.

ἀπειλητής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀπειλήτηρ.

ἀπειλητικός, ἡ, ον, = ἀπειλήτηριος.

ἀπειληκαί, perf. act. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπ-εμι, fut. ἀπέσομαι, (ἀπό, εἰμι sum) to be away from: absol. to be away or absent: of things, to be wanting. Hom. mostly uses impf. ἀπῆν, Ep. ἀπῆν, 3 pl. ἀπῆσαν, and Ep. fut. ἀπέσσομαι.

ἀπ-εμι, (ἀπό, εἰμι ibo) to go away, depart: the pres. mostly as fut. I will go: imperat. ἀπίθι, part. ἀπίων.

ἀπείπεμεν, = ἀπειπεῖν, v. sq.

ἀπ-εῖπον, inf. ἀπειπεῖν, Ep. ἀποειπεῖν: also aor. I ἀπειπα, med. ἀπειπάμην: fut. ἀπερῶ, pf. ἀπείρηκα: the pres. being supplied by ἀπόρημι, ἀπαγορεύει:—to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly. II. to forbid,

foll. by μή with inf.; ἀπείπον αὐτὸν μὴ ποιεῖν I forbade him to do: ῥδ ἀπερημένον, a forbidden thing.

III. to renounce, disown, give up; ἀπείπασθαι τὸν υἱὸν to disown his son; ἀπειπεῖν θυῖν to avert a vision by offerings.

IV. to deny, refuse. V. intrans. to give up, be worn out, fail: c. dat. pers. to fail or be wanting to one; ἀπειρηκέναι φίλοις to fail one's friends; but, ἀπειρηκέναι χρήμασι to be bankrupt:

—c. part., ἀπ. καθήμενος to be tired of sitting.

ἀπ-εῖρανος, ον, (α privat., πέρας) endless, boundless.

ἀπείραστος, ον, (α privat., πειράζω) inexperienced.

ἀπείρατος, ον, (α privat., πειράομαι) Dor. for ἀπείρητος, untried.

ἀπ-εῖργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-εῖργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἀπείργω.

ἀπ-εῖργω, in Herodotus mostly ἀπ-έργω, Ep. also ἀπο-έργω, f. ἴω: aor. I ἀπείργα: poet. aor. 2 ἀπείργαθον, Ep. ἀποεῖργαθον: Pass., pf. ἀπείργμαι, Ep. ἀπέργμαι:—to keep away or shut out from: part from: to keep or binder from, to keep back: of a river, ἀπεργμένος, shut out from its old course.

II. to part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, etc.

III. to shut up, confine.

ἀπείρεσιος, α, ον, and os, on, lengthd. form for ἀπειρος.

II. boundless, endless, countless.

ἀπ-είρηκα, inf. ἀπειρηκέναι, perf. of ἀπείπον.

ἀπ-είρημαι, perf. pass. of ἀπείπον.

ἀπ-είρητος, on, also η, on, (α privat., πειράομαι) without trial, and so I. act. without making trial of, or absol. making no attempt: also without experience of, inexperienced or unskilled in a thing. II. pass. untried, unattempted.

ἀπειρία, ἡ, (ἀπειρος I, πείρα) opp. to ἐμπειρία, want of skill, inexperience. II. (ἀπειρος II, πέρas) infinity.

ἀπείριτος, on, Ep. for ἀπειρέσιος.

ἀπειρό-δακρυς, v, gen. vos, (ἀπειρος, δάκρυ) weeping to excess.

ἀπειρό-δροςος, on, (ἀπειρος, δρόςος) unbedewed.

ἀπειρό-κάκος, on, (ἀπειρος, κακός) inexperienced in ill: το ἀπειρόκακον simplicity. II. unused to evil.

ἀπειροκάλλια, ἡ, ignorance of the beautiful, want of taste: in plur. vulgarities. From

ἀπειρό-κάλος, on, (ἀπειρος, καλός) without taste, coarse, vulgar. Adv. ἄλως.

ἀπειρο-λεχής, ἐς, (ἀπειρος, λέχος) unmarried.

ἀπειρο-μάχης, on, Dor. -μάχας, α, ὁ, (ἀπειρος, μάχη) untried in battle. [ἀ]

ἄ-πειρος, on, I. (α privat., πείρα, πειράομαι) without trial or experience of a thing, unused to it: ignorant of: hence absol. inexperienced, ignorant. II. (α privat., πείρας, πέρas) like ἀπειρέσιος, boundless, endless, countless.

2. of garments, etc., endless, i. e. without end or outlet.

ἄ-πειροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀπειρία, inexperience.

ἀπειρό-τοκος, on, (ἀπειρος, τόκος) without experience of childbirth, not having yet brought forth.

ἄ-πείρων, on, gen. onos, (α privat., πείρα, Ep. for πέρas) = ἀπειρος II, boundless, endless, countless. II. (α privat., πείρα) = ἀπειρος I, inexperienced.

ἄπ-εἰς, Ion. for ἀφ-εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἀφ-ίημι.

ἄπ-έκ, Prep. with gen. away out of.

ἄπ-εκδέχομαι, f. δέχομαι, Dep. to expect.

ἄπ-εκδύω or -δύω, f. δύω [ῶ], to strip clothes off from another. II. Med. ἀπεκδύομαι, fut. -δύσομαι [ῶ]: aor. 2 act. ἀπεξέδυν, perf. ἀπεκδέδυκα:—to strip oneself; to put off one's clothes. Hence

ἀπέκδυσις, εως, ἡ, a putting off the clothes.

ἀπέκλυε, α Dor. aor. I (as if from *ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέβαλε, be lost.

ἀπ-εκλανθάνομαι, Med. to forget entirely:—Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. ἀπεκλεάθεσθε θάμβεος forget entirely your surprise.

ἀπεκλεάθεσθε, v. foreg.

ἀπ-εκρέμασα, aor. I of ἀποκρεμάννυμι.

ἀπ-έκτανον, aor. 2 of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπ-έκτατο, pf. pass. plpf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀ-πέκτητος, on, (α privat., πεκτήω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀπ-ελαύνω, fut. ἀπελάω, Att. ἀπελῶ: pf. ἀπελήλακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀπηλάσθην [ἀ]: pf. ἀπελήλασμαι and -ἄμαι:—also ἀπέλα as imperat. of simple pres. ἀπελάω: Dor. aor. 2 ἀπῆλαν:—to drive away,

expel.

II. ἀπελαύνειν στρατόν, to lead away an army: hence as if intr. to march, go away: also (sub. ἵππον), to ride away:—Pass. to be driven away: hence to be excluded from a thing: generally to be far from.

ἀπ-ελάω, = ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπέλεγμα, τό, and ἀπελεγμός, ὁ, ill repute. From ἀπ-ελέγχω, f. ἐγξω, to refute thoroughly.

ἀ-πέλεθρος, on, (α privat., πέλεθρον) immeasurable: neut. as Adv. immeasurably far.

ἀπέλευθα, aor. I of ἀπολείβω, not of ἀπολείπω.

ἀπελίσθαι, ἀπελόμενος, Ion. for ἀφελ-, aor. 2 med. inf. and part. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀπελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀπελευθερος) the enfranchisement of a slave.

ἀπελευθερικός, ὁ, ὄν, in the condition of a freedman. From

ἀπ-ελεύθερος, ὁ, an emancipated slave, a freedman, Lat. *libertus*, *libertinus*. Hence

ἀπ-ελευθερώω, f. ὥσω, to set free, emancipate.

ἀπ-εληλάκα, pf. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπελήλυθα, perf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπελθεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-έλκω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλκω.

ἀπελλάζω, Laconian for ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἀπ-ελπίζω, fut. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ, to drive to despair. 2. = ἐλπίζειν ἀπό τινος to hope from one.

ἀτέλω, 3 sing. old Att. impf. of ἀπολύνω (formed from ἀπολύνω).

ἀπ-εμέω, f. ἔσω, to spit up, throw out.

ἀπεμνήσαντο, 3 plur. aor. I med. of ἀπομνήσκω.

ἀπεμόρβητο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀπομόρβνυμι.

ἀπ-εμπολάω, f. ἡσώ, to dispose of by sale or barter. 2. to buy and sell, betray.

ἀπ-έναντι, Adv. (ἀπό, ἐναντι) over against, opposite, c. gen.: also

ἀπ-εναντίον, Adv. = ἀέναντι.

ἀπ-ενδρίζω, f. ἱζώ, to despoil one of his arms.

ἀπενάσσοτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἀποναιώω.

ἀπενέγκασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀποφέρειν.

ἀπένεκα, Ep. for ἀπηνεκα or ἀπηνεγκα, aor. I of ἀπο-φέρειν: aor. I pass. inf. ἀπενεχθήναι.

ἀπ-ενέπω, v. ἀπ-εννέπω.

ἀ-πενθής, ἐς, (α privat., πένθος) free from grief.

ἀπ-ένθητος, on, (α privat., πενθώς) not subject to grief.

ἀπ-ενιαυτέω, f. ἡσώ, or ἀπ-ενιαυτίζω, f. ἰσώ, (ἀπό, ἐνιαυτός) to go into banishment for a year.

ἀπ-εννέπω, to forbid: ἀπεννέπω σε μὴ ποιῆν I forbid thee to do. II. to order away from: ἀπεννέπειν τινα θαλάμω.

ἀπ-έξ, v. ἀπέκ.

ἀπεουκως, Att. ἀπεικώς, uia, ὅς, perf. part. of ἀπέοικα, unreasonable, unfair. Adv. ἀπεικότως.

ἀ-πέπειρος, on, (α privat., πέπειρος) not ripe.

ἀπεπλήγχθη, aor. I pass. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπ-επλευσα, aor. I of ἀποπλέω.

ἀ-πεπλος, on, (α privat., πέπλος) without the πέπλος or robe, clad in the tunic only.

ἀπ-έπλω, shortd. for ἀπ-έπλωσε, which is Ion. for ἀπ-έπλευσε, 3 sing. aor. I act. of ἀποπλέω.

ἀπέννευσα, aor. I of ἀπο-πνέω.

ἀπεντῶμην, aor. 2 of ἀποτέμωμαι.

ἀ-πεπτος, ov, (α privat., πέσσω, f. πέψω) uncooked, undigested.

ἄπερ, neut. pl. of ὅπερ, q. v. In Att. oft. used as Adv. = ὥπερ, as, so as.

ἀ-περάντος, ov, (α privat., περαίνω) boundless, infinite, endless.

ἀπ-εργάσωμαι, f. ἀσομαι: pf. ἀπειργασμαι used both in act. and pass. sense: Dep. —to work off, finish off; pf. part. ἀπειργασμένος, completely finished: of a painter, to fill up with colour, to represent perfectly: generally to form, create. 2. to finish a contract. Hence

ἀπεργασία, ἡ, a finishing off, completing: a creating, causing.

ἀπ-έργω, Ion. for ἀπειργώ.

ἀπ-έρδω, f. ξω, to bring to an end, finish.

ἀπερ-έλ, Adv. = ὥσπερ, from ἄπερ.

ἀπ-ερείδω, to fix firmly:—Med., fut. ἀπερείσομαι, aor. ἀπερείσάμην, but pf. pass. ἀπερήρεισαι:—to fix oneself fast upon, i. e. to support oneself upon a thing: to dwell or insist upon, also to settle in a particular part: absol. to lean or bend away.

ἀπερείσιος, ov, poet., = ἀπερέσιος: in phrase ἀπερείσια ἀποινα, a countless ransom.

ἀπ-ερημώω, f. ὠσω, to make utterly desolate.

ἀ-περιλάλητος, ov, (α privat., περιλαλέω) not to be outdone in talking. [ἀ]

ἀ-περιλήπτως, ov, (α privat., περιλαμβάνω) uncircumscribed.

ἀ-περιμέριμνος, ov, (α privat., περί, μέριμνα) careless. Adv. -ως, carelessly.

ἀ-περίοπτος, ov, (α privat., περιόψομαι) unregarding, reckless of.

ἀ-περίσκεπτος, ov, (α privat., περισκεπτομαι) inconsiderate, thoughtless, heedless. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-περίσπαστος, ov, (α privat., περισπάω) undistracted. Adv. -τως, without distraction.

ἀ-περίστος, Att. -ττος, ov, (α privat., περισσός) without superfluity, simple.

ἀ-περίστῆτος, ov, (α privat., περιίσταμαι) defenceless.

ἀ-περίτμητος, ov, (α privat., περιτέμνω) uncircumcised.

ἀ-περίτροπος, ov, (α privat., περιτρέπω) not returning: also not beeding.

ἀπερρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπερῶ.

ἀπεργιάσθαι, 3 plur. perf. 2 of ἀποργιέω. [ἦ]

ἀπ-έρρω, to be gone quite away: imperat. ἀπερπε, away, begone, Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀπ-ερυθρίωω, fut. ἄσω [ἀ], to put away blushes, be past blushing.

ἀπ-ερύκω, f. ξω, (ἀπό, ἐρύκω) to keep off, scare away:—Med. to abstain, desist. [ῶ]

ἀπ-ερύω, f. ὠσω [ῶ], to tear off from.

ἀπ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλυθον, -ἤλθον:

pf. -εληλυθα:—to go away, depart from; ἀπέρχεσθαι eis..., to go from one place to another.

ἀπ-ερώ, Ion. ἀπερώω, fut. without pres. in use: pf. ἀπείρηκα: fut. med. ἀπερούμαι: aor. I pass. ἀπερρήθην: (see ἀπείπον):—to speak plainly out. II.

to forbid; ἀπερῶ σε μὴ πράττειν I forbid thee to do. III. to renounce, disown. IV. to deny, refuse. V. intr. to give up, sink, fail: see in ἀπείπον.

ἀπερωεύς, ἑως, ὁ, one who thwarts. From

ἀπ-ερωήω, f. ἥσω, to withdraw away from.

ἀπ-ερωή, ἡ, a drawing back. II. a hindrance.

ἀπερωήσῃς, 2 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀπερωεύω.

ἀπ-ερώτος, ov, (ἀπό, ἔρω) unloving.

ἄπες, Ion. for ἄφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφήμι.

ἀπ-εσθίω, f. ἀτέδομαι: pf. ἀπεθήδoka: aor. I pass.

ἀπηδέσθην: to eat or gnaw off: to eat up.

ἀπ-εσκέδασα, aor. I of ἀποσκεδάννυμι.

ἀπ-εσοείμαι, for ἀπείσεται, 3 sing. fut. of ἀπείμι.

ἀπ-έσσυα, Lacon. for ἀπεσύνη, aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσύνω, be is gone, i. e. is dead.

ἀπ-εσοσύνη, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσεύω.

ἀπ-έστην, aor. 2 of ἀφίστημι.

ἀπεστράφατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀποστρέφω.

ἀπ-εστῶ, οὗς, ἡ, (ἀπείμι abibo) Ion. noun, a being away, absence: see εὔεστῶ.

ἀ-πέτλος, ov, (α privat., πέτλην) leafless.

ἀπείτρητον, aor. 2 of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀ-πευθής, ἐς, (α privat., πυνθάνομαι) not inquired into, unknown, Lat. ignotus. II act. not inquiring, ignorant, Lat. ignarus.

ἀπ-ευθύω [ῶ], f. ἔνῶ, to make straight again: to set up again: metaph. to restore: to guide, rule; χέρας δεσμοῖς ἀπευθύνειν to guide the arms with chains, i. e. bind them.

ἀπευκτός, ὄν, (ἀπύχομαι) to be deprecated, abominable.

ἀπ-ευνάξω, f. ἄσω, to lull to sleep.

ἀπύχεται, ov, = ἀπευκτός. From

ἀπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to wish a thing away, to wish that it may not happen, Lat. deprecari.

ἀπ-έφθιθον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀποφθίνω.

ἀπέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποφθίνω.

ἀπ-έφθος, ov, for ἀφέφθος, (ἀφ-έφω) boiled down, refined; ἀπ. χρυσός refined gold, Lat. aurum re-coctum.

ἀπ-εχθαίρω, f. -ἄρω: aor. I ἀπήχθηρα:—to hate utterly.

II. to make utterly hateful.

ἀπ-εχθάνομαι, f. -εχθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπηχθόμην, inf. ἀπεχθέσθαι: pf. ἀπήχθημαι: Pass.:—to be hated: to incur hatred or odium, also to be roused to hatred; οὔτε τί μοι πᾶς δῆμος ἀπεχθόμενος χαλεπαίνει nor does all the people being roused to hate against me distress me. II. Dep. in causal sense, to cause hatred; λόγοι ἀπεχθανόμενοι words that cause hatred: c. dat. pers. to be or become hateful to one.

ἀπέχθεια, ἡ, (ἀπεχθής) enmity, hatred; in plur. enmities; δι' ἀπεχθείας τινὶ ἐλθεῖν to be hated by him, like δι' ὀργῆς ἐλθεῖν, etc.

ἀπέχθημα, ατος, τό, (ἀπεχθάνομαι) *that which is hated, the object of hate.*

ἀπ-εχθής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἔχθος) *hateful, hostile.*

ἀπ-έχθομαι, like ἀπ-εχθάνομαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἔχθος): —to be hated or hateful.

ἀπεχθώς, Adv. of ἀπεχθής; ἀπ. ἔχειν to be at enmity.

ἀπ-έχω, f. ἀφέξω and ἀποσχίσσω: aor. 2 ἀπέσχον: —to hold off, keep off, away from: to part:—Med., ἀπέχεσθαι χειράς τινος to hold one's hands off him: but ἀπέχεσθαι absol. to hold oneself off a thing, abstain or desist from. II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci: τῆς πόλεως οὐ πολλὴν ὁδὸν ἀπέχει it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing. III. to have in full; ἀπέχειν μισθόν to have a full reward.

ἀπ-έψω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλω.

ἀπέωσα, aor. I of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπ-ηγέομαι, ἀπ-ήγημα, ἀπ-ήγησις, Ion. for ἀφ-ηγ-.

ἀπ-ηθώ, f. ἦσω, to strain off, filter.

ἀπηλάθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπ-ηλεγώς, Adv. formed as if from *ἀπηλεγής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) *without caring for anything; μῦθον ἀπηλεγώς ἀποσιεῖν to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntly.*

ἀπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ηλιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀπό, Ἥλιαία) *one who keeps away from the Ἥλιαία, i. e. an enemy to law, with allusion to ἥλιος, not fond of basking in the sun.*

ἀπ-ήλιξ, Ion. for ἀφ-ήλιξ.

ἀπ-ηλιώτης (sub. ἄνεμος), ον, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἥλιος) *the east wind, Lat. subsolanus.*

ἀπ-ήμαντος, ον, (a privat., πημαίνω) *unbarmed, without misery.*

ἀπ-ήμβροτον, Ep. for ἀφ-ήμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἀφάρτάνοι.

ἀπ-ήμεν, I pl. impf. of ἀπείμι (εἰμί, sum).

ἀπημούνῃ, ἡ, (ἀπήμων) *freedom from barm, safety.*

ἀπημόλα, 3 sing. impf. of ἀπεμολάω.

ἀπ-ήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πῆμα) *unbarmed, unburt; without sorrow or suffering.* II. act. doing no barm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious.

ἀπήνεια, ἡ, (ἀπνής) *harshness, roughness.*

ἀπήνη, ἡ, *a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot.* II. like ζεύγος, *a yoke, pair, couple.* (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀπηνήναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ηνής, ἐς, *harsh, rough.* See προ-ηνής.

ἀπῆνθον, Dor. for ἀπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ήπορος, Dor. and Att. ἀπ-άπορος, Ep. ἀπ-ήωρος, ον, (ἀπό, αἰέω) *bovering on high, Lat. suspensus.*

ἀπ-ήρος, ον, (a privat., πῆρα) *without a scrip.* II.

(a privat., πῆρος) *unmained.*

ἀπηύρων, -ρα, I and 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαυράω.

ἀπ-ηχής, ἐς, (ἀπό, ἦχος) *discordant, noisy.*

ἀπήχθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπεχθάνομαι.

ἀπ-ήωρος, Ep. for ἀπήπορος.

ἀπία γῆ, v. ἀπίος.

ἀπ-ιάλλω, Dor. or Lacon. for ἀποπέμπω.

ἀπ-λήμι, Ion. for ἀφήμι.

ἀ-πιθᾶνος, ον, *not winning belief, incredible, unlikely.* II. *not persuasive.* [Υ]

ἀπιθέω, Ep. aor. I ἀπίθησα, poet. for ἀπειθέω. From

ἀ-πιθής, ἐς, poet. for ἀ-πειθής.

ἀπιυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *a restorer.* From

ἀπ-ιθύω, = ἀπ-ευθύω.

ἀπ-ικνέομαι, ἀπ-ικόνημι, Ion. for ἀφικ-.

ἀ-πινύσσω, (a privat., πινυτός) *to be without one's wits, to be senseless.*

ἀπιεῖς, Ion. for ἀφίεῖς.

ἀπιον, τό, (ἀπιος) *a pear, Lat. pirum.*

ἌΠΙΟΣ, ἡ, *a pear-tree, Lat. pirus.*

ἀπιος, ἡ, ον, (ἀπό) *far away, far off, far, ἐξ ἀπῆς γαίης* Hom.

II. ἌΠιος, α, ον, *Apian, i. e. Peloponnesian, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, hence Ἀπία γῆ, or Ἀπία alone, the Peloponnese: also Ἀπῖς, ἴδος, ἡ.* [The former sense has ᾤ, the latter ᾤ.]

ἀπ-ιπῶ, f. ῶσω, *to squeeze out.*

ἀπ-ισῶν, f. ῶσω, *to make equal or even.*

ἀπιστέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἠπίστηκα: (ἀπιστος): —to disbelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrustful:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀπιστήσομαι, to be distrusted.

II. = ἀπειθέω, to disobey.

ἀπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ἀφ-ίστημι.

ἀπιστία, Ion. -λη, ἡ, (ἀπιστέω) *disbelief, distrust; πολλὰς ἀπιστίας ἔχει the thing admits of many doubts.* II. *want of faith, unbelief: faithlessness.*

ἀ-πιστος, ον, (a privat., πιστός): I. pass. *not to be trusted, and so, 1. of persons, faithless.* 2. of things, *not credible, beyond belief.* II. act. *not believing or trusting, mistrustful.* 2. *not obeying.*

ἀπιστοσύνη, = ἀπιστία.

ἀπίστως, Adv. of ἀπιστος: I. act. *suspiciously.* II. pass. *beyond belief, incredibly.*

ἀπ-ισχυρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: Dep.: —to oppose or resist stoutly.

ἀπ-ίσχω, poet. for ἀπέχω, to keep far away.

ἀπ-ιτέω, verb. Adj. of ἀπείμι, *one must go away.*

ἀπλάκω, ἀπλακία, etc., see ἀμπλακέω, etc.

ἀπλῶνής, ἐς, (a privat., πλανάομαι) *not wandering: fixed.*

ἀ-πλαστος, ον, (a privat., πλάσσω) *not moulded: hence genuine, sincere.* II. (a privat., πελάω) shortened for ἀπελάστος, *unapproachable, terrible.*

ἀπ-πλάτος, Ion. ἀ-πλητος, ον, (a privat., πελάω, poet. for πελά(ω)) shortened for ἀπέλατος, *unapproachable, terrible.*

ἀπ-πλεκτος, ον, (a privat., πλέκω) *unplaited.*

ἀπ-πλετος, ον, collat. form of ἀπλάτος or of ἀπλητος, only used in the sense of *immense, extraordinary.*

ἀπ-πλευστος, ον, (a privat., πλεύσομαι fut. of πλέω) *not navigable, not navigated.*

ἀπ-πληκτος, ον, (a privat., πλήσσω) *unstricken: of a horse, needing no whip or spur.*

ἀπληστία, ἡ, *insatiate desire*. From **ἀ-πληστος**, *ov*, (α privat., *πῖμπλημι*) *not to be filled, insatiate*: c. gen., ἀπλ. αἵματος *insatiate of blood*.

ἀπλοια, *Ion. ἀπλοΐη*, ἡ, (ἀπλους) *difficulty of sailing, from stress of weather*.

ἀπλοΐζομαι, *Dep.* (ἀπλός) *to deal openly or frankly*.

ἀπλός, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπλός) *a single garment*.

ἀπλός, ὅς, ὅν, *contr.* ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, *Lat. simplex, onefold*, (opp. to διπλός, *Lat. duplex, twofold*), *single*.

II. *single-minded, simple, and that either (in good sense) frank, open, sincere; or (in bad sense) silly*.

III. *simple, opp. to compound*: hence, *absolute, sheer*. (Derived from ἄμα, *all in one way*, as is *Lat. simplex* from *simul*.)

ἀ-πλοος, *ov*, *contr.* ἀ-πλους, *ov*, (α privat., *πλέω*) *not sailing*: 1. of ships, *unfit for sea, not seaworthy*.

2. of men, *never having been at sea*. **II.** *pass.*, of the sea, *closed to navigation*.

ἀπλός, ἡ, ὅν, *poët.* for ἀπλός, ἀπλοῦς.

ἀπλότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (ἀπλός) *like Lat. simplicitas, simplicity, plainness, frankness*.

ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, *contr.* for ἀπλός.

ἀ-πλους, *ov*, *contr.* for ἀ-πλοος.

ἀ-πλουτος, *ov*, (α privat., *πλούτος*) *without riches*.

ἀπλῶς, *Adv.* of ἀπλός, *Lat. simpliciter, simply, plainly absolutely*. **II.** *in a word, Lat. denique*.

ἀ-πνευστος, *ov*, (α privat., *πνεύσομαι fut. of πνέω*) *without breath, breathless*: hence *lifeless*.

ἀ-πνους, *ov*, *contr.* ἀ-πνους, *ov*, (α privat., *πνέω*) *without wind, calm*. **II.** *without breath, lifeless*.

ἈΠΙΟ, *PREP. WITH GEN. ONLY*, = *Lat. AB, ABS*, whether place, time, or any object be denoted: 1. of Place, *implying motion from, away from*: also *down from*.

2. *without motion implied, far from, at a distance from*. **II.** *later of Time, from, after, since*: ἀπὸ δειπνου γενέσθαι *to have done supper*.

III. *of Origin of all kinds, as*, 1. of *descent, birth*: οὐκ ἀπὸ δρυὸς οὐδ' ἀπὸ πέτρης *not sprung from oak or rock*: ἀπὸ Σπάρτης *of Sparta by birth*.

2. *of the means or instrument*: ἀπὸ βιοῦ πέφνεν *with arrow from his bow*. 3. *of the cause or occasion*: ἀπὸ δικαιοσύνης *by reason of*. 4. *of the material of which a thing is made*: ἀπὸ ξύλου *πεποιημένα* *made of wood*.

As **ADVERB**, *without case, far away*: but almost *always* with verbs in *tmesi*.

In **Compos.**, 1. *from, asunder*, as in ἀποτέμνω: and hence *away from*, as in ἀποβαίνω. 2. *ceasing from*, as in ἀπαλγέω: and hence, *finishing, completing*, as in ἀπεργάζομαι. 3. *back again*, as in ἀποδίδωμι. 4. *by way of abuse*, as in ἀποκαλέω. 5. *almost* = α privat., as in ἀπαυδάω, ἀπαγορεύω: also with **Adjectives**, as in ἀπόσιτος.

ἀπο, *anastrophe*, for ἀπό, when it follows its noun.

ἀπο-αίνυμαι, *poët.* for ἀν-αίνυμαι, *to take away*.

ἀπο-αίρέομαι, *poët.* for ἀφ-αίρέομαι.

ἀπόβα, *Att.* for ἀπόβηθι, *aor. 2 imperat. of ἀποβαίνω*.

ἀποβάθρα, ἡ, *steps or a ladder for descending from a ship, the gangway*. From

ἀπο-βαίνω, *f.* -βήσομαι: *Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 ἀπεβή-σето*: *aor. 2 ἀπέβην*: *pf. ἀποβέβηκα*:—*to step off, dismount, alight or disembark from*. 2. *to go away, depart*.

II. *of events, to issue or result from*: *absol. to turn out, end or issue in a certain way*, *Lat. evenire*: τὸ ἀποβαίνειν *the issue, event*: τὰ ἀποβαίνοντα, τὰ ἀποβάντα *the results*: τὰ ἀποβησόμενα *the probable results*: also ἀποβαίνειν *alone, to turn out well, succeed*. 2. *also of persons and things, with an Adj., to turn out, prove or be so and so*, *Lat. evadere*: ἀποβαίνειν κοινὸν *to prove impartial*. 3. *of conditions, etc.*: ἀποβαίνειν εἰς τι *to come at last to, end in*.

B. *Causal, only in aor. 1 ἀπέβησα, to make to dismount, disembark, land*.

ἀπο-βάλλω, *f.* -βαλῶ: *aor. 2 ἀπέβαλον*: *pf. ἀποβέβληκα*:—*to throw off from*: c. *acc. only, to throw away*. 2. *to throw away, reject*: also *to throw away, sell too cheap*. 3. *to lose*.

ἀπο-βάπτω, *f.* ψα, *to dip entirely*.

ἀποβάς, βᾶσα, βάν, *aor. 2 part. of ἀπο-βαίνω*.

ἀπόβασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποβαίνω) *a stepping off, dismounting*: a disembarking, landing: also a landing-place.

ἀποβήναι, *aor. 2 inf. of ἀποβαίνω*.

ἀπο-βιάζομαι, *f.* ἀσσομαι, *Dep. to force away*: *aor. 1 pass. ἀποβιασθῆναι* in *pass. sense, to be forced away*.

ἀπο-βιβάζω, *f.* -βιβάζω *Att. -βιβῶ*:—*Causal of ἀποβαίνω, to make to get off, esp. from a ship, to disembark, set on land*.

ἀπο-βιβρώσκω, *aor. 1 pass. ἀπεβρώθην*:—*to eat off*.

ἀπο-βλάπτω, *f.* ψα, *to ruin utterly*:—*aor. 1 pass. ἀποβλαφθῆναι, to be robbed of*.

ἀπο-βλαστάνω, *f.* -βλαστήσω: *aor. 2 ἀπέβλαστον*:—*to shoot forth from, spring from*.

ἀπόβλεπτος, *ov*, *looked at, gazed on by all, hence admired*. From

ἀπο-βλέπω, *f.* ψα, *to look away from all other objects at one, to look steadfastly at, gaze at or upon*.

ἀπόβλητος, *ov*, (ἀποβάλλω) *to be thrown away as worthless*.

ἀπο-βλίσσω, *Att. -ττω*, *f.* ἴσω: *aor. 1 ἀπέβλισα*:—*to cut out the comb from the hive, take the honey*: *metaph. to steal*.

ἀπο-βλύζω, *f.* σω, *to spirt out*: ἀποβλύζειν οἶνον *to spirt or slobber out some wine*.

ἀποβολή, ἡς, ἡ, (ἀποβάλλω) *a throwing away, losing, loss*.

ἀποβολιμαῖος, *ov*, (ἀποβάλλω) *apt to throw away*.

II. *pass. apt to be thrown aside*.

ἀπο-βόσκομαι, *Dep. to eat up*.

ἀπο-βουκολέω, *f.* ἴσω, *to let cattle stray*: hence *to make to lose*. 2. *to soothe, beguile*.

ἀπο-βρίζω, *f.* ξω, *to sleep without waking, go sound asleep*.

ἀπο-βρύχω, *to bite off from*.

ἀπο-βώμιος, *ov*, (ἀπό, βώμιος) *far from an altar, godless.*

ἀπό-γαιος or ἀπό-γελος, *ov*, (ἀπό, γῆ) *from land, coming off land.*

ἀπο-γεῖναι, *to make jut out like a coping or cornice.*

ἀπο-γεῖω, *f. σω*, *to make another taste of a thing:—Med. to taste of it oneself.*

ἀπο-γεφύρω, *f. ὥσω*, *to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.*

ἀπο-γηράσκω, *f. ἀσσομαι*, *to grow old.*

ἀπο-γίγνομαι, *late Att. -γίνομαι*; *fut. -γενήσομαι*: *aor. 2 ἀπεγένημην*: *pf. ἀπογεγέννημαι:—to be away from, have no part in.* II. *absol. to be taken away, and so to depart life, die: οἱ ἀπογεγόμενοι the dead.*

ἀπο-γινώσκω, *late Att. -γινώσκω*: *fut. -γνώσομαι*: *aor. 2 ἀπέγνω*: *pf. ἀπέγνωκα:—to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing, c. gen.: to resolve not.* 2. *to despair.* II. *c. acc. to give up as useless.* III. *as law-term, to refuse to receive an accusation: hence to acquit.*

ἀπόγονια, *ῆ*, (ἀπογινώσκω) *despair.*

ἀπόγονος, *ov*, (ἀπογίγνομαι) *descended or sprung from: in plur. descendants.*

ἀπογράφῃ, *ῆ*, (ἀπογράφω) *a copy of an indictment (γραφῇ), a deposition.* II. *a list, register, esp. of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.*

ἀπο-γράφω, *f. ψω*, *to write out, copy, esp. to enter in a list, register:—Med. to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use.* II. *Att. law-term,*

1. *ἀπογράφειν τινά to give in a copy of the charge against a person: esp. to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.* 2. *ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα to give in such a list of property.*

ἀπο-γυῖω, *to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to enfeeble, unnerve.*

ἀπο-γυμνάζω, *f. ἄσω*, *to bring into hard exercise, to ply hard.*

ἀπο-γυμνώω, *f. ὥσω*, *to strip quite bare: esp. to strip of arms, disarm:—Pass. to be stripped bare:—Med. to strip oneself.*

ἀπο-δάκνω, *f. -δήσομαι*, *to bite off a piece of, c. gen.: absol. to bite.*

ἀπο-δακρύνω, *f. ὕσω* [ῆ], *to weep much; c. acc. to weep much for, lament.*

ἀποδαρμός, *ov*, *parted off or from.* From

ἀποδασμός, *ὁ*, *a division, part of a whole.* From ἀπο-δατέομαι, *f. -δάσομαι* [ᾶ], *Ep. -δάσσομαι*: *aor. 1 ἀπεδασάμην*, *Ep. inf. ἀποδάσασθαι:—to portion out, apportion.* II. *to part off, separate.*

ἀπο-δεῖ, *Ion. ἀπο-δέει*, *impers. of ἀποδέω.*

ἀπο-δειδίσσομαι, *Dep. to frighten away.*

ἀπο-δείκνυμι and -ῶ: *f. -δείξω*, *Ion. -δέξω:—Pass., aor. 1 ἀπέδειχθην*: *pf. ἀποδείκνυμι*, *Ion. -δέδειγμα:* I. *to point out, shew forth, make known: hence, 1. to bring forward, shew, produce, publish as a*

law. 2. to appoint or assign: χώρος ἀποδεδεγμένος an appointed place. 3. *to shew by argument, prove.* II. *to shew forth a person or thing as so*

and so, hence, 1. to appoint, name, create. 2. to make, render. 3. to represent as. 4. to prove that a thing is. 5. c. inf. to ordain a thing to be:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own: ἀποδείξασθαι γνώμην to deliver one's opinion; ἀποδείξασθαι ἀρετάς to display high qualities.

ἀπο-δελιᾶω, *f. ἄσω* [ᾶ], *to be a coward, shrink from danger.*

ἀποδείξεις, *Ion. -δείξεις*, *ews, ῆ*, (ἀποδείκνυμι) *a shewing forth: hence 1. a setting forth, delivery, publication. 2. a shewing, proof, demonstration.* II. (from *Med.*) *a display, achievement, performance.*

ἀπο-δειπνίδιος, *ov*, (ἀπό, δείπνον) *without supper.*

ἀπο-δειροτομέω, *f. ῆσω*, *to cut off by the neck, behead.*

ἀπο-δείρω, *Ion. for ἀπο-δέρω.*

ἀπο-δεκάτω, *f. ὥσω*, *to pay tithe of.* II. *to take tithe from, τινά.*

ἀπο-δέκομαι, *Ion. for ἀπο-δέχομαι.*

ἀποδεκτέον, *verb. Adj. of ἀποδέχομαι*, *one must receive or accept.*

ἀποδεκτήρ, *ῆρος, ὁ*, (ἀποδέχομαι) *a taker from, receiver.*

ἀποδεκτός, *ὄν*, (ἀποδέχομαι) *acceptable.*

ἀποδείσασθαι, *aor. 1 inf. of ἀποδέχομαι.* 2. *Ion. for ἀποδείξασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀποδείκνυμι.*

ἀπόδεξις, *ews, ῆ*, *Ion. for ἀπόδειξις.*

ἀπόδεσμα, *αρος, τό*, (ἀποδέρω) *a hide stripped off.*

ἀπο-δέρω, *Ion. -δείρω*: *f. -δερώ*: *aor. 1 ἀπέδειρα:—to flay or skin completely; ἀποδέρειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to scalp.* II. *to fetch the skin off one's back by flogging.*

ἀποδεχθεῖς, *Ion. aor. 1 part. pass. of ἀποδέκνυμι.*

ἀπο-δέχομαι, *Ion. -δέκομαι*: *f. -δέχομαι*: *aor. ἀπεδέξαμην*: *pf. -δέδεγμα:* *Dep.:—to accept in full, accept gladly, be content with.* 2. *to accept as a proof: to admit, allow, approve.* 3. *to accept as a teacher, follow: ἀπ. τινός to receive from another, agree with him.* 4. *to take or understand in a certain sense.* II. *to receive back, recover.*

ἀπο-δέω, *f. -δήσω*, *to bind fast.*

ἀπο-δέω, *Ion. fut. -δέσω*: *—to be wanting, to lack:—impers. ἀπο-δεῖ, there lacks.*

ἀποδημέω, *f. ῆσω*, (ἀπόδημος) *to be away from home, to go abroad, ἀποδημεῖν εἰς Θερραλίαν to go and live in Thessaly.* Hence

ἀποδημητής, *οὔ, ὁ*, *one who is abroad.*

ἀποδημία, *ῆ*, *a being from home, a going or being abroad.* From

ἀπό-δημος, *ov*, *away from home, abroad.*

ἀπο-διαιτάω, *f. ῆσω*, *to decide for a person in an arbitration.*

ἀπο-διδάσκω, *f. -διδόξω*, *to teach not to do, Lat. docere.*

ἀπο-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: f. -δράσσομαι, Ion. -δρήσσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδρην, part. ἀποδράς:—to run away or off, flee from, esp. by stealth. 2. in prose also c. acc., to flee, sbun.

ἀπο-δίδωμι, f. -δῶω: aor. 1 ἀπέδωκα:—to give back, restore: esp. to give back what is due. 2. to render, yield, of land. 3. to grant, allow. 4. to render or make so and so. 5. to deliver over, give up, e. g. as a slave: also to deliver a letter, Lat. red-dere.

II. intr., εἰ τὸ ὅμοιον ἀποδίδωμι εἰς αὐτήν [sc. ἡ Αἰγύπτos], where it seems to be = ἐπιδίδωμι:—Med. to give away of one's own, sell; also to let out for hire.

ἀπο-δικάζω, f. -άω, to acquit, opp. to καταδικάζω. ἀποδικεῖν, inf. of ἀπέδικον, poet. aor. 2 without pres. in use, to throw off: to throw down.

ἀπο-δικέω, f. -ήσω, (ἀπό, δίκη) to defend oneself on trial.

ἀπο-δινέω, f. -ήσω, to turn or whirl violently about.

ἀπο-δίωμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, δίω) poet. for ἀποδιώκω.

ἀπο-διорίζω, f. -ίω, to mark off, distinguish.

ἀπο-διώκω, fut. -διώξομαι, to chase away.

ἀπο-δοκεῖ, impers., (ἀπό, δοκέω) mostly with μή and inf., ἀπέδοξε σφί μη πράττειν it seemed good to them not to do: absol., ὡς σφί ἀπέδοξε when they resolved.

ἀπο-δοκιμάζω, f. -άω, to reject on proof or trial, generally, to reject. Hence

ἀποδοκιμαστέον, verb. Adj. one must reject.

ἀπ-οδος, Ion. for ἀπ-οδος.

ἀποδοστίμος, ov, (ἀποδίδωμι) meet to be restored.

ἀπόδοσις, eus, ἡ, (ἀποδίδωμι) a giving back, restitution, return: repayment, payment.

ἀποδότεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδίδωμι, one must give back, refer.

ἀποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδίδωμι.

ἀποδοχή, ἡ, (ἀποδέχομαι) a receiving back, opp. to ἀπόδοσις: reception. II. praise, approbation.

ἀπο-δοχμῶ, f. -ώσω, to bend backwards or sideways.

ἀποδράθειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδραθάνω.

ἀποδράς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπόδρασις, Ion. ἀπόδρησις, eus, ἡ, (ἀποδιδράσκω) a running away, escape.

ἀπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. = ἀποδρέπω.

ἀπο-δρέπω, f. -πω, to pluck off:—Med. to gather for oneself.

ἀποδρήναι, Ion. for -δρᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδιδράσκω.

ἀπο-δρύπτω, f. -πω: aor. 1 ἀπέδρυσα: aor. 2 ἀπέδρυφον: aor. 1 pass. ἀποδρύφην:—to scrape off, to graze by a slight wound.

ἀποδρύφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύπτω.

ἀπο-δύνω, to pull or strip off; v. ἀποδύνω. [ῥ]

ἀπ-οδύρομαι [ῥ], f. -οδύρομαι, to lament bitterly.

ἀποδύς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδύνω.

ἀποδυτήριον, τό, an undressing room. From

ἀπο-δύω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, aor. 1 ἀπέδυσα, to strip off the arms from the slain: c. acc. pers.

to strip another of his arms, etc. II. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέδυν (formed as if from ἀπο-δύμι), and pf. ἀποδέδυκα:—to strip oneself, undress: ἀποδύσθαι πρὸς τι to strip for a thing, to strip and get ready for. 2. metaph. to put away.

ἀπο-είκω, f. -έω, to withdraw from.

ἀπό-ειπον, es, e, Ep. for ἀπέειπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use.

ἀπο-ἐργάθε, 3 sing. poet. aor. 2 of ἀπεργάζω, ἀπεργάζω, to keep far away, keep off from.

ἀποεργώ, poet. for ἀπεργώ, ἀπεργώ: partic. ἀποεργμένη for ἀπεργόμενη.

ἀπό-ερσε, an old Ep. aor. 1 only found in 3 pers., to hurry or sweep away, of running water; subj. ἀποέρση, opt. ἀποέρσειε. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀπο-ζάω, f. -ζήσω, to live off; ὅσον ἀποζήν enough to live off.

ἀπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύω:—to unyoke, part:—Pass. to be parted from, τινός: absol., δεῦρ' ἀπεζύγην πόδας on foot did I start and come hither.

ἀπο-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil off, throw off by fermenting.

ἀπ-όζω, fut. -οζήσω, to smell of something. II. impers., ἀπόζει τῆς Ἀραβίης there comes a scent from Arabia.

ἀπο-θάλλω, f. -θᾶλω, to leave off blooming.

ἀποθαυμάω, aor. 2. inf. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀποθαυνοῦμαι, fut. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-θαρρῶ and ἀπο-θαρσέω, f. -ήσω, to take courage, have full confidence.

ἀπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. ἀπο-θωμάζω, f. -άω, to wonder at a thing: absol. to wonder much.

ἀπο-θειομαι, Ep. for ἀποθῶμαι, αποθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of αποθιῶμι.

ἀπο-θειώ, f. -ώσω, poet. for αποθεῖω.

ἀποθεν, Adv. (ἀπό) from afar. II. afar off.

ἀπό-θεος, ov, far from the gods: hence goddess.

ἀπο-θεός, f. -ώσω, to deify.

ἀπο-θερίζω, fut. -ίσω Att. -ῶ, to cut off like ears of corn.

ἀποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αποθιῶμι.

ἀπόθεσις, eus, ἡ, (ἀποθιῶμι) a putting off or away:—a putting away, laying up in store:—exposure.

ἀπόθεστος, ov, (ἀποθιῶμι) despised, abhorred.

ἀποθέται, ov, αἰ, a place in Lacedæmon, into which all misshapen children were thrown on birth. From ἀπόθετος, ov, (ἀποθιῶμι) laid by; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved.

ἀπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run off or away.

ἀποθήκη, ἡ, (ἀποθιῶμι) any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary: a magazine, storehouse. II. anything laid by or stored up; αποθήκην ποιέσθαι εἰς τινα to lay up a store of favour with another.

ἀπο-θησαυρίζω, f. -ίω, to treasure or board up.

ἀπο-θλίβω, f. -ψω, to press hard, crowd upon. [τ]

ἀπο-θνήσκω, f. -θᾶνομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθανον:—to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to αποκτείνω.

ἀποθαρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποθράσκω.

ἀπο-θρασύνομαι [ῥ], f. -ῥνοῦμαι, to be very bold.

ἀπο-θραύω, f. σω, to break off or from:—Pass., ἀποθραύεσθαι τῆς εὐκλείας to be broken off from, i. e. lose all, one's fair fame.

ἀπο-θρίάω, f. σω, (ἀπό, θρίον) properly, to cut off fig-leaves: generally, to cut off, curtail.

ἀπο-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to crush in pieces: Pass. to be broken in spirit, enervated.

ἀπο-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθορον:—to spring or leap off from. II. to leap up from, rise from: absol. to rise sheer up, of steep rocks.

ἀπο-θύμος, ov, (ἀπό, θῦμός) not according to one's mind, unpleasant, hateful.

ἀπο-θύω, f. ὕσω, to offer up.

ἀ-ποίητος, ov, (a privat., ποιέω) not done, undone: not to be done.

ἀποικέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀποικος) to go away from home, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell afar off, generally, to live far away: ἡ Κόρινθος ἐξ ἐμοῦ μακρὰν ἀπέκειτο Corinth was inhabited far away from me, i. e. I settled far from Corinth. III. c.

acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence ἀποικία, ἡ, a settling away from home, a colony, settlement.

ἀπο-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: Pass., aor. 1 ἀποοίκησθην: pf. -φίκισμαι:—to send away from home, transplant: generally, to send or carry away:—Pass. to be settled in a far land: to emigrate. II. to colonise a place.

ἀποικίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἀποικος:—ἡ ἀποικίς (sc. πόλις) a colony.

ἀπο-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

ἀπο-οικος, ov, (ἀπό, οἶκος) away from home, abroad: hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colonist. 2. of cities, ἀποικος (sub. πόλις), ἡ, a colony.

ἀπο-οικτιζομαι, fut. -ἴσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to complain loudly.

ἀ-ποιμαντος, ov, (a privat., ποιμαίνω) unfed, untended.

ἀπο-οιμῶζω, fut. -οιμῶξομαι, to bewail loudly.

ἀποινα, ov, τά, only used in plur., (a copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II.

generally, compensation, repayment: reward. Hence ἀποινάω, f. ἦσω, to demand a ransom or price:—Med. to hold to ransom.

ἀποινό-δικος, ov, (ἀποινα, δίκη) exacting the penalty: atoning.

ἀπο-οῖστέω, f. εἴσω, to kill with arrows.

ἀποίσω, fut. of ἀποφέρω: cf. φέρω.

ἀπο-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: pf. -ῶχημαι: Dep.:—to be gone away, to be far from: absol. to be gone, to have departed: hence to be dead and gone. II. more rarely, to go away, withdraw from.

ἀπο-καθαίρω, fut. -ᾠρῶ, to clear off, cleanse:—Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence

ἀποκάθαρσις, εως, ἡ, a lustration, expiation: a purging off.

ἀπο-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάτῃμαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀπο-καθίζω, fut. ἴσω, to set down:—Med. to sit down.

ἀπο-καθιστάνω and ἀπο-καθίστημι, fut. -καταστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor.

1, to re-establish, restore. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to be restored.

ἀπο-καίνυμαι, Pass. to surpass, excel.

ἀπο-καίριος, ov, = ἀκαιρος.

ἀπο-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off: also of intents cold, to freeze off.

ἀπο-κᾰλέω, f. εἴσω: (for the tenses, v. καλέω):—to call back, recal from exile. 2. to call away. II.

to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse. III. to warn off.

ἀποκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover:—Med. to reveal oneself. Hence

ἀποκαλύψις, εως, ἡ, revelation.

ἀπο-κάμνω, f. -κάμῃμαι: (for the tenses, v. κάμνω):—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly: c. inf. to cease to do. II. c. acc., ἀποκάμνειν πόνον to flinch from toil.

ἀπο-κάμπω, f. ψω, intr. to bend off, turn aside. 2. trans. to turn aside from, sbun. Hence

ἀπόκαμψις, εως, ἡ, a turning off the road.

ἀπο-κάπνυ, Ep. aor. I -ἐκάπυσσα: (ἀπό, κάπνω):—to breathe out; ἀποκαπνέειν ψυχὴν to give up the ghost.

ἀπο-κἀρδοκέω, to expect earnestly. Hence ἀποκἀρδοκία, ἡ, earnest expectation.

ἀπο-καρτερέω, f. ἦσω, to kill oneself by fasting.

ἀπο-καταλάσσω, Att. -ττω, to reconcile again.

ἀποκατάστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκαθίστημι) a complete restoration, re-establishment.

ἀπο-κάτῃμαι, Ion. for ἀπο-κάθημαι.

ἀποκαυλίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ (ἀπό, καυλός) to break short off.

ἀπόκαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκαίω) a burning off.

ἀπό-κειμαι, fut. -κείσομαι: used as Pass. of ἀποτί-θῃμι, to be put away, be laid up in store: hence to be kept in secret, be in reserve:—impers., ἀπόκειται τινι it is in store for one.

ἀπο-κέιρω, fut. -κερῶ, Ep. -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα, pass. -κέκαρμαι:—to shear or cut off: generally, to cut in pieces, cut through:—metaph. to cut off.

ἀπο-κερδαίνω, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδᾶνῶ:—to have benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

ἀπο-κερματίζω, to change into small coin, dissipate.

ἀπο-κεφαλίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ (ἀπό, κεφαλὴ) to behead.

ἀπο-κηδεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

ἀπο-κηδέω, fut. ἦσω, = ἀκηδέω, to put away care, be careless.

ἀπο-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω:—to proclaim publicly, esp. to offer for public sale. II. to renounce publicly, disinherit a son: also to declare outlawed. III.

to forbid by proclamation.

ἀποκινδυνεύσις, εως, ἡ, the making a venturesome attempt. [v] From

ἀποκινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a bold stroke, make a

venture:—Pass., with paullo p. fut. ἀποκεκινδυνεύσομαι, to be put to the uttermost hazard.

ἀπό-κινος, ὁ, (ἀπό, κινέω) a comic dance: ἀπόκινον εὐρέ find some way of dancing off, escaping.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. -κλάξω, to ring or shout forth.

ἀπο-οκλάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, οκλάζω) to bend one's knees, and so to rest, like κάμπτειν γόνυ.

ἀπο-κλαίω, Att. ἀποκλάω [ᾱ]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep aloud: c. acc. to bewail much, mourn deeply for.

II. to cease to wail.

ἀποκλάξω, ἀποκλαῖξω, Dor. fut. and aor. I imperat. of ἀποκλείω.

ἀπό-κλαρος, Dor. for ἀπό-κληρος.

ἀπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to break off.

ἀπο-κλάω, Att. for ἀπο-κλαίω. [ᾱ]

ἀπόκλεισις or ἀπόκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποκλείω) a shutting off or out.

ἀπόκλειστος, ον, shut off, enclosed. From

ἀπο-κλείω, f. -κλείσω: Ion. -κληῖω, f. -κληῖσω: Att.

-κληῖω, f. -κληῖσω: Dor. fut. -κλάξω:—to shut off from or out of. 2. to cut off or hinder from a thing:—

Pass. to be cut off or hindered from. II. c. acc. only, to shut up, close: to cut off, prevent, hinder.

ἀπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away.

ἀπο-κληῖω, f. -κληῖσω, Ion. for ἀποκλείω, f. -κλείσω.

ἀπό-κληρος, Dor. ἀπό-κλαρος, ον, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing.

ἀπο-κληρόω, f. ἄσω, to choose by lot from among a number, to elect by lot.

ἀποκλινθεῖς, later ἀποκλιθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποκλίνω.

ἀπο-κλίνω [ῖ], fut. -κλινῶ: aor. I ἀπέκλινα: pf. -κέκλινα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to turn off or aside: to turn back.

II. intr. to turn aside: metaph. to turn off

to something worse, fall away, decline. Hence

ἀπόκλισις, εως, ἡ, a turning away: of the sun, sinking.

ἀπο-κλύζω, fut. ὑσώ [ῡ], to wash away, avert by

purifications.

ἀπο-κναίω, Att. -κνάω: f. -κνήσω: (for the tenses, v. κνάω):—to scrape or rub off; ἀποκνήν τινα to wear one out, weary to death:—Med. to wear away, diminish.

ἀπο-οκνέω, f. ἦσω, to shrink from, hesitate about a thing, c. acc.: absol. to shrink back, hesitate. Hence

ἀπόκνησις, εως, ἡ, a shrinking from.

ἀπο-κνίξω, f. ἴσω, to nip off. Hence

ἀπόκνησμα, τό, that which is nipped off, a little bit.

ἀπο-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to sleep away from home. 2. to get a little sleep.

ἀποκοιτέω, f. ἦσω, to sleep away from one's post. From

ἀπό-κοιτος, ον, (ἀπό, κοιτός) sleeping away from.

ἀπο-κολυμβάω, f. ἦσω, to dive and swim away.

ἀπο-κομιδή, ἡ, a carrying away. II. (from Med.) a getting away or back. From

ἀπο-κομίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to carry or conduct away:—Med. to carry off with one:—Pass. to take oneself off, get away.

ἀπόκομμα, atos, τό, (ἀποκόπτω) a piece cut or knocked off, a splinter, chip, shred.

ἀπο-κομπάζω, f. ἄσω, to break with a snap.

ἀποκοπή, ἡ, (ἀποκόπτω) a cutting or knocking off: ἀποκοπή χρεῶν = Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts.

ἀπο-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut off, hew off, knock off. II. to beat off from a place.

III. Med. to smite the

breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for.

ἀπο-κορυφώω, f. ἄσω, to sum up briefly.

ἀπο-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to clear away so as to restore order.

ἀπο-κοτταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus.

ἀπο-κουφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to relieve or set free from.

ἀπο-κράδιος, ον, (ἀπό, κράδη) plucked from the fig-tree.

ἀπο-κρανίζω, f. ἴσω, to strike from the head.

ἀπο-κράτew, f. ἦσω, to overcome, surpass.

ἀπο-κρεμάννυμι f. -κρεμᾶσω [ᾱ], Att. -κρεμᾶ: (for the tenses, v. κρεμάννυμι):—to let a thing bang down, let bang.

II. to bang up.

ἀπό-κρημνος, ον, precipitous, craggy.

ἀπόκριμα, atos, τό, (ἀποκρίνω) a judicial sentence, sentence of death.

ἀπο-κρινθεῖς, ἀποκριθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of sq.

ἀπο-κρίνω [ῖ], fut. -κρινῶ: Pass., aor. I ἀπεκρίνην [ῖ]: pf. -κέκριμαι:—to part, separate, distinguish:—

Pass. to be parted or separated one from another; ἀποκρίσθαι εἰς ἐν ὄνομα to be separated and brought under one name.

II. to choose out, choose.

III.

Med. to give answer or reply to a question: esp. to answer charges; ἀποκρίνεσθαι τι to give an answer: so also in aor. I pass. ἀπεκρίνην. Hence

ἀπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, a separating. II. (from Med.), an answer.

ἀποκρίτew, verb. Adj. of ἀποκρίνω, one must separate.

II. (from Med.) one must answer.

ἀπό-κροτος, ον, beaten or trodden hard, esp. of earth.

ἀπο-κρούω, f. σω, to beat off from a place, c. gen.:—Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off:—Pass. to be

beaten or knocked off; κοτυλίσκιον τὸ χεῖλος ἀποκεκρούμενον a cup with its rim knocked off.

ἀποκρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ἀποκρύπτω.

ἀπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide from, keep hidden from: ἀποκρύπτειν τινί τι, or c. dupl. acc., ἀπ. τινά τι, like

Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to hide or keep back from one. 2. to hide close: to obscure.

II. to lose

from sight; ἀποκρύπτειν γῆν to lose sight of land, as in Virgil, Phæacum abscondimus arces. Hence

ἀπόκρυφος, ον, hidden; ἐν ἀποκρύφῳ in secret. II. obscure, hard to understand.

ἀπο-κτάμεν, -κτάμεναι, Ep. for -κτάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποκτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ: aor. I ἀπέκτενα: aor. 2 ἀπέκτανον, poet. ἀπέκταν, as, a; Ep. also in pass. form

ἀπεκτάμην: perf. ἀπέκτονα, more rarely ἀπεκτόνηκα, ἀπέκτακα, and ἀπέκταγα:—to kill, slay: of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like ἀποκνέειν, to weary to death, Lat. enecare.

ἀποκτείνω, later form of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κύνω, f. ἤσω, to bear young, bring forth.

ἀπο-κυλίνδω, f. κυλίσω [ῥ], to roll away.

ἀπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκυφα: to stoop away from.

ἀπο-κωκίω, f. ὕω [ῥ], to mourn loudly over.

ἀποκώλυσσις, εως, ἡ, a bindrance. From

ἀπο-κωλύω, f. ὕω [ῥ], to binder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep off.

ἀπολαβών, -λαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέλαχον:—to obtain a portion of a thing by lot; ἀπολαχεῖν μέρος τινός: generally, to obtain.

ἀπο-λαζύμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-λαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λακτίζω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰώ, to kick off or away, shake off: generally, to spurn. Hence

ἀπολακτισμός, ὁ, a kicking away.

ἀπολαλέω, f. ἤσω, to chatter much.

ἀπο-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήξομαι, in Herodotus -λάμφομαι: pf. ἀπέληφα, pass. ἀπέλημμαι: for the aorist, we have in act. only aor. 2 ἀπέλαβον, in pass. only aor. 1 ἀπελήφθην Ion. ἀπέλαμψθην.

To take or receive from another: absol. to receive what is one's due. 2. to carry off. 3. to bear or learn, like Lat. accipio.

II. to take back, regain, recover. 2. to have a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart or aside.

IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, arrest, Lat. deprehendere, esp. of contrary winds.

ἀπο-λαμπρύνω, to make famous:—Pass. to become so.

ἀπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flash; αἰχμῆς ἀέλαμπε (sc. φῶς) light beamed from the spear-head.

ἀπο-λάπτω, f. ψω, to lap up like a dog.

ἀπόλαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαύω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

ἀπολαυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for enjoyment. From

ἀπο-λαύω, f. ἀπολαύσομαι: impf. ἀπέλαυον, aor. 1 ἀπέλαυσα, sometimes written ἀπήλαυον, ἀπήλαυσα:—to take of a thing, enjoy: also to get something from or by another, e. g. ἀγαθὸν ἀπολαύειν τινός.

2. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get harm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is lav-, i. e.

λαφ-, λαβ-, which is also the Root of λαμβάνω.)

ἀπολαχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπολαγχάνω.

ἀπο-λέγω, f. ξω: pf. πασσι. ἀπολέλεγμαi or ἀπέλεγμαι:—to pick out from among, choose:—Med. to pick out for oneself:—Pass., ἀπολελεγμένοι picked men.

ἀπο-λείβω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἀπέλειψα:—to let drop off, pour a libation:—Pass. to drop or run down from.

ἀπο-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἀπέλιπον:—to leave over or behind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose. 2.

to leave behind, as in the race, to distance, to surpass.

III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of things, to leave alone, leave undone.

IV. intrans. to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, sink.

2. to be wanting of or in a thing; ἀπὸ τεσσέρων πηχέων ἀπολείπων τρεῖς δακτύλους wanting three fingers of four cubits.

3. with part. to leave off doing. 4. to depart from. V. Pass. to be left behind, inferior to.

2. to be parted from, be absent from, c. gen.; πολὺν τῆς ἀληθείης ἀπολελειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of. 3. to be wanting in a thing, also c. gen.

ἀπο-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

ἀπόλειψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολείπω) a leaving behind, forsaking. II. intr. a failing, deficiency.

ἀπόλεκτος, ὄν, (ἀπολέγω) chosen out, picked.

ἀπολέλιμα, pf. pass. of ἀπόλυω.

ἀ-πόλεμος, poet. ἀπτόλεμος, ὄν, unwarlike, unfit for war: peaceful. II. not to be warred on, invincible.

III. πόλεμος ἀπόλεμος a war that is no war, i. e. a hopeless struggle.

ἀπο-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pf. part. pass. ἀπολελεμένος.

ἀπολέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολέσκειτο, Ep. for ἀπώλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λήγω, poet. ἀπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave off or desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing.

ἀπο-ληρέω, f. ἤσω, to chide at random.

ἀπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολαμβάνω) a taking from: taking back, recovery. II. an intercepting, cutting off.

ἀπο-λιβάω, f. ξω, to drop off.

ἀπο-λιγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud.

ἀπο-λιμπάνω, Ion. for ἀπο-λείπω.

ἀ-πολις, neut. i: gen. ἰδος, also εως, Ion. ἰος: dat. ἀπόλι:—one without city, state, or country, an outland.

II. πόλις ἀπόλις a city that is no city, a ruined city.

ἀπο-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω: aor. 1 -ωλίσθησα: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

ἀπο-λίταρξίω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰώ, to slip off, pack off.

ἀπο-λιχίζομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. = ἀπολείχω, to lick off.

ἀπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

ἀπο-όλλυμι or ἀπο-ολλύω: impf. ἀπώλλυν or ἀπώλλυνον: fut. ἀπολέσω, ἀπολέσσω, Att. ἀπολώ, Ion. ἀπολέω: aor. 1 ἀπώλεσα, Ep. ἀπόλεσσα: pf. ἀπώλεκα, Att. ἀπώλεκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, slay: of things, to demolish, to lay waste. II. to lose utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλυμαι: f. ἀπολούμαι, Ion. ἀπολέομαι: aor. 2 ἀπωλόμην: perf. ἀπόλωκα: pppf. ἀπολώλειν or ἀπωλώλειν:—to perish, die: also simply to fall into ruin, to be undone.

II. to be lost, fall away, fail.

III. to be wretched or miserable.

Ἀπόλλων, ὄν, ὁ: acc. ὄνα or ὄ: voc. Ἀπόλλων:—Apollo, son of Jupiter and Latona.

Ἀπολλώνειον and Ἀπολλώνιον, τό, a temple of Apollo.

ἀπο-λογέομαι, fut. ἥσομαι: aor. I med. ἀπελογή-
σάμην, pass. ἀπελογήσθην: pf. ἀποελογήμαι: Dep.:
(ἀπό, λόγος):—to speak in defence: also to speak in
defence of a fact. 2. ἀπολογεῖσθαι τι to defend
oneself against a charge. 3. ἀπολογεῖσθαι δίκην
θανάτου to speak against sentence of death being
passed. Hence

ἀπολόγημα, ατος, τό, a plea alleged in defence.
ἀπολογία, ῆς, (ἀπολογέομαι) a speech in defence,
defence.

ἀπο-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I -ελο-
γίσάμην: pf. -λελογίσμαι: Dep.:—to reckon up, give
in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give
a full account of, recount fully. 2. to calculate or
consider well. Hence

ἀπολογισμός, ὅς, a giving an account, a statement
of facts or reasons.

ἀπό-λογος, ὁ, a story, tale; ἀπόλογος Ἀλκίονος
proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to
Alcinous in Od. 9-12. II. a fable, like those
of Aesop, an apologue.

ἀπολογία, ἰον, for ἀπόλοιον, 3 plur. aor. 2 opt.
med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λοῦζω, f. ξω, to utter a loud cry.

ἀπολούμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολούμαι, fut. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπόλουσις, εως, ῆς, a washing off, ablution.
From

ἀπο-λούω, f. -λούω, to wash off:—Med., ἄλμην
ἔμωιν ἀπολούσομαι I will wash the brine from off my
shoulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean.

ἀπο-ολοφύρομαι, f. -ύρομαι, to bewail loudly. 2.
to cease from wailing.

ἀπο-λύαινομαι, f. -μᾶνομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, λύμα):
—to cleanse oneself by bathing.

ἀπολύμαντήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (ἀπό, λυμαίνομαι) a de-
stroyer, waster.

ἀπολύσιμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal.

ἀπόλυσις, εως, ῆς, (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance:
c. gen., κατὰ τὴν ἀπόλυσιν τοῦ θανάτου as far as ac-
quittal from a capital charge went.

ἀπολυτικός, ῆς, ὄν, (ἀπολύω) disposed to acquit.
Adv., ἀπολυτικῶς ἔχειν to be disposed to acquit.

ἀπο-λύτρω, f. ὦσω, to release on payment of ran-
som:—Med. to redeem for money. Hence

ἀπολύτρωσις, εως, ῆς, a releasing, redemption.

ἀπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῆς]: aor. I ἀπέλυσα: pf. ἀπολέ-
λυκα:—to loose from: to set free or release from:

ἀπολύειν αἰτίας to acquit of a charge: absol. to
acquit. 2. in II. always = ἀπολυτρώω, to release a
prisoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him,
χρυσοῦ for gold. 3. to disband an army: to dis-
charge a debt. II. Med. to release for oneself,
redeem. 2. ἀπολύεσθαι διαβολάς, etc., to do away
with calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence
absol. to defend oneself. 3. to get free, de-

part. III. Pass. to be released, let free from. 2.
to get clear: to depart, go away.

ἀπο-λῳβάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to insult grossly:
aor. I ἀπελῳβήθην in pass. sense, to be insulted.

ἀπόλωλα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, λωτός) = ἀπανθίζω, to pluck
off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.

ἀπομαγδάλια, ῆς, (ἀπομάσσω) the crumb or inside of
the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at
dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.

ἀπο-μαίνομαι, fut. -μᾶνῆσομαι: pf. ἀπομέμνηνα: Dep.
to rave till one is satisfied: to rage violently.

ἀπο-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθῆσομαι, to unlearn, Lat. de-
discere.

ἀπο-μαντεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to announce as a
prophet: hence to divine, presage.

ἀπο-μαραίνομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to
die away, of a tranquil death.

ἀπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses,
maintain stoutly. [ῆς]

ἀπο-μάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to wipe off, to wipe
clean:—Med. to wipe one's hands. 2. to sweep off
or level corn with a strickle; κενεὰν ἀπομάζει (sc.
χοῖνικα) to lose one's labour. II. to make an
impression of:—Med. to stamp or impress something
on oneself, copy from another.

ἀπο-μαστιγώω, f. ὦσω, to scourge severely.

ἀπο-ματαιώω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, μάταιος) to behave idly
or unseemly.

ἀπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχοῦμαι:—
to fight from, as from a fort; τείχεα ἱκανὰ ἀπομάχε-
σθαι strong enough to fight from. II. ἀπομάχε-
σθαι τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. ἀπο-
μάχεσθαι τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish
a battle, fight it out.

ἀπό-μάχος, ον, (ἀπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit for
service.

ἀπο-μείρομαι, f. -μεροῦμαι, Dep. to distribute. 2.
Pass. to be parted from another.

ἀπο-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to give a share of, dis-
tribute. II. to distinguish from a number.

ἀπο-μερμηρίζω, fut. ἴσω and ἔξω, to slumber and
forget one's cares.

ἀπο-μεστῶ, f. ὦσω, to fill to the brim.

ἀπο-μετρέω, f. ἥσω, to mete out, distribute.

ἀπο-μηκύνω [ῆς], f. ἰνῶ, to prolong, draw out.

ἀπο-μηγνίω, f. ἴσω [ῆς], to be very wroth.

ἀπο-μιμῶμαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. to copy after, to re-
present faithfully.

ἀπο-μνησκόμαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομαι,
aor. I ἀπεμνήσάμην: pf. ἀπομέμνημαι:—to recollect,
remember.

ἀπό-μισθος, ον, like ἄμισθος, without pay: de-
frauded of pay. II. paid off, i. e. past service,
Lat. emeritus.

ἀπο-μισθόω, f. ὦσω, to let out for hire, let: c. inf.,
ἀπομισθοῦν ποιεῖν τι to contract for the doing of a
thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

ἀπο-μύνομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-μυμήσκωμαι.

ἀπομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

ἀπο-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to remind. II. to relate from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in mind. 2. ἀπομνημονεύειν τινί τι to bear something in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

ἀπο-μνηστικέω, f. ἴσω, to bear a grudge against.

ἀπο-δύνομαι or ἀπομύνω: 3 sing. impf. ἀπύνου: fut. ἀπομύομαι: (v. δύνομαι):—to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do. 2. to swear one has not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim upon oath.

II. strengthd. for δύνομαι, to take a solemn oath.

ἀπο-μόνω, f. ὥσω, to leave quite alone:—Pass. to be excluded from a thing.

ἀπο-μоргνύμι or ἀπο-μоргνυμι, also ἀπομоргνύνω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἀπομоргνυι:—Med., Ep. aor. I ἀπομоргάμην:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀπομоргχθείς: (ἀπό, μоргνυμι or δμоргνυμι):—to wipe off or away from: to wipe clean:—Med., ἀπομоргάσθαι παρειάς to wipe one's cheeks; ἀπομоргάσθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

ἀπομоргέξω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of foreg.

ἀπομύσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀπόμυνμι.

ἀπό-μουσος, ov, like ἄμουσος, (ἀπό, Μούσα) away from the Muses, coarse, rude. Adv., ἀπομούσως γράφεσθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

ἀπο-μυθέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to dissuade.

ἀπο-μυκάσμαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud.

ἀπο-μυκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπομύσσομαι, one must wipe one's mouth.

ἀπο-μύσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to wipe a person's nose: hence to sharpen his wits; comp. Horace's *vir emunctae naris*:—Med. to blow one's nose.

ἀπόναιο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπονίνημι: and ἀποναίω, 3 pl., for ἀπόναινο.

*ἀπο-νάω, obsol. pres., whence aor. I act. ἀπέναισα, Ep. ἀπέναισα: (ἀπό, νάω):—to remove one to another place: also to send back:—Med., in 3 sing. aor. I ἀπέναισατο, Ep. ἀπέναισατο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:—aor. I pass. ἀποναισθῆναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

ἀπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and later -νεμήσω: aor. I ἀπένειμα:—to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart:—Med. to assign to oneself, take. 2. to feed on or off.

II. to part off, separate.

ἀπονενοχμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀπονοέομαι, desperately.

ἀπο-νόεμαι, Dep. to go away, to go back, return, Ep. word, used only in pres. and sup. [ā Ep.]

ἀπονέστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀπονος.

ἀπο-νεύω, f. σω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀποβλέπω.

II. to refuse by shaking the head, Lat. abnuere.

ἀπο-νέω, f. -νήσω, to unload:—Med. to throw off a load from.

ἀπονήμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπονίνημι.

ἀπονήγχι, Adv. of ἀπόνηγτος, without fatigue.

ἀπο-νήγχο, Ion. for ἀπ-άνηγχο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπονίνημι.

ἀ-πόνηγτος, ov, (α privat., πονέω) not worked or wrought. II. without trouble, easy: Sup. ἀπονήγχοτα with least trouble. 2. without sufferings.

ἀπονία, ἡ, (ἀπονος) freedom from toil, laziness.

ἀπο-νίξω, f. -νίξω (as if from ἀπο-νίπτω, which is a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from oneself. 2. to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself clean.

ἀπο-ονίνημι, f. -ονήσω, to give enjoyment. II.

mostly in Med., ἀπο-ονινάμαι: fut. -ονήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπονήμην, Ep. without augm. ἀπονήμην, 2 opt. ἀπόναο, part. ἀπονήμενος:—to have the use or enjoyment of a thing; τῶνδ' ἀπόναο mayest thou have joy of these things.

ἀπό-νιπτρον, τό, water for washing the bands, etc.: from

ἀπο-νίπτω, see ἀπονίξω.

ἀπο-νοέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. ἀπονεόημαι: Dep. to be out of one's mind, to have lost all sense. I.

of fear, to be desperate; ἀνθρωποι ἀπονενοχημένοι, Lat. *perditi*, desperate men. 2. of shame, ὁ ἀπονενοχημένος an abandoned fellow. Hence

ἀπόνουα, ἡ, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp. desperation.

ἀ-πονος, ov, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἀπονέστερος, -έστατος, without toil or trouble, untroubled: gentle, easy. 2. of persons, not toiling, lazy. 3. of things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

ἀπο-νοστήω, f. ἴσω, to return home. Hence

ἀπονόστησις, εως, ἡ, a return home.

ἀπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (ἀπό, νόσφι) Adv. far apart or aloof. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from, mostly following its case.

ἀπο-νοσφίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to put asunder, keep aloof from: to bereave or rob of:—Pass. to be robbed of, c. acc. II. with acc. only, to flee from, sbun.

ἀπο-ονυχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: Pass., aor. ἀπονυχίσθην: pf. ἀπονυχίσμαι: (ἀπό, ονυχίζω):—to pare the nails. II. to tear with the nails. III. to try or examine by the nail; ἀκριβῶς ἀπονυχισμένος, Horace's *ad unguem factus*, closely tried by the nail.

ἀπο-νωτίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make turn his back and flee:—Med. to turn the back and flee.

ἀπό-ξενος, ov, like ἄξενος, inhospitable. 2. ἀπό-ξενος γῆς far from a country.

ἀπο-ξενόω, f. ὥσω, to drive from house and home, generally, to estrange or banish from:—Pass. to live away from home, be banished, migrate.

ἀπο-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to shave off: cut off.

ἀπο-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω, to dry up, drain off a river:—Pass. to be dried up, to become dry; hence Ion. part. pf. ἀποξηρασμένος.

ἀπο-ζύνω [ὑ], f. ὑνῶ, to bring to a point, make taper.

ἀπο-ξύρω, Ion. -έω, f. ἴσω, to shave clean.

ἀπο-ξύρω, = ἀποξυράω:—Med. to be clean shaved. [ὑ]
ἀποξύνω, f. ὑνῶ [ὑ], to shave or scrape off: hence
to strip off like skin.

ἀπο-πατταίνω, f. -πατῶν, Ion. -έω: aor. I part.
ἀποπατήνας:—to look about one, as if to flee.

ἀποπατέω, f. ἴσω or ἴσομαι, to retire from the way.
From

ἀπό-πατος, ὁ or ἡ, a going out of the way: els ἀπό-
πατον to ease himself.

ἀπόπανσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, binder-
ance. II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

ἀπο-παύω, f. σω, to stop or binder one from a
thing: c. inf. to binder from doing: c. acc. only, to
stop. II. Med. to leave off or cease from a thing.

ἀπο-πειρά, ἡ, (ἀπό, πείρα) a trial, venture.

ἀπο-πειράζω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], rarer form of sq.

ἀπο-πειράομαι, with fut. med. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I
pass. ἀπεπειράθην, Ion. -ήθην: Dep.:—to make trial,
essay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Act.,
ἀποπειράσαι τοῦ Πειραέως (aor. I inf.) to make an
attempt on the Peiræus.

ἀπο-πελεκάω, f. ἴσω, to bew off with an axe.

ἀπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss;
also in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of
things, to give back:—Med. to remove from oneself,
get rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

ἀπόπεμψις, εως, ἡ, a sending away: a dismissal,
divorcing.

ἀπο-περάω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἴσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over.

ἀπο-πέρδομαι, fut. -παρήσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2
act. -έπαρδον:—to break wind, Lat. *pedo*.

ἀποπέσσει, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀποπίπτω.

ἀπο-πέτομαι, fut. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀεπτάμην, part.
ἀποπτάμενος, and act. ἀπέντην:—to fly off or away.

ἀπο-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to make to freeze or curdle:
—Pass., fut. -παγήσομαι, of men, to be frozen: of
blood, to curdle.

ἀπο-πηδάω, f. ἴσω and ἴσομαι, to leap off from: to
turn away from.

ἀπο-πιμπλημι and -πιμπλάω, poet. also -πίπλημι,
-πιπλάω: fut. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀπέπλησα:—to fill up,
fill to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy,
fulfil: to appease, Lat. *explere*.

ἀπο-πίνω [ῖ], fut. -πόμαι, to drink up, drink off.

ἀπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέπεσον:—to fall
off from.

ἀποπλάγχθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάξω, to lead astray, lead away
from:—Pass. to go astray, be driven off: Homer uses
only aor. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθην, to stray from, be de-
prived off; τρυφάλεια ἀποπλάγχθεισα a helm struck
off.

ἀπο-πλανάω, f. ἴσω, to lead astray:—Med. to go
astray.

ἀπο-πλάσσομαι, f. -πλάσομαι [ᾶ], to coöpy.

ἀπο-πλέω, Ep. -πλείω, Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσο-

μαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀπέπλευσα:—to sail
away, sail off: to sail back.

ἀτόπληγτος, on, (ἀτοπλήσσω) stricken or disabled
by a stroke, I. in mind, dumb, astounded. 2.
in body, crippled, paralysed. Hence

ἀτοπληγία, ἡ, a stroke of apoplexy.

ἀτο-πληρόω, f. ὦσω, to fill quite full, satisfy, Lat.
explere. II. to fulfil.

ἀτο-πλήσσω, Att. -πτω: fut. -ξω:—Pass., aor. I
-επλήχθην: aor. 2 -επλήγην: pf. -πέπληγμαι:—to
strike to earth, disable in body or mind:—Pass. to lose
one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplexy.

ἀτο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -ττομαι, fut. ξομαι, Dep. to
trip off.

ἀτόπλοος, contr. ἀτόπλους, ὁ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing
away: an outward-bound voyage.

ἀπο-πλύνω [ῖ], f. ὑνῶ, to wash off or away: Ion.
impf. ἀποπλύνεσκον.

ἀπο-πλώω, Ion. for ἀπο-πλέω.

ἀπο-πνέω, Ep. -πνεύω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀπέ-
πνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμὸν or ψυχὴν ἀποπνεῖν
to give up the ghost, Lat. *expirare animam*. 2. to
blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or
smell of a thing.

ἀπο-πνίγω, f. -πνίξω or -πνίξομαι, to choke, throttle:
—Pass., f. -πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 -επνίγην [ῖ]: pf. -πέ-
πνιγμαι:—to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked
with rage.

ἀπο-πολεμέω, f. ἴσω, to fight off or from.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. ἀπό-πτολις, ι, gen. ἰδος and εως,
far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ἡ, (ἀποπέμω) a sending away, getting
rid of.

ἀπο-πονέω, f. ἴσω, to finish a work: stop working.

ἀπο-πορεύομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor.
I pass. ἀπεπορεύθην:—to depart, go away.

ἀπο-πραύνω, f. ὑνῶ, to soften down.

ἀπο-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπ-ανέομαι, with no
pres. ἀπο-πρίαμαι in use.

ἀπο-πρίζω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], = ἀποπρίω, to saw off.

ἀπο-πρίω, f. ἴσω, to saw through, file off. [ῖ]

ἀπο-πρό, Adv. far away, afar off. 2. as Prep.
with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπο-προαιρέω, to take away from before: aor. 2 part.,
σίτου ἀποπροελών having taken some of the bread.

ἀποπροήκα, Ion. aor. I of ἀποπροΐημι.

ἀποπροελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπροαιρέω.

ἀτόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from
afar: far off, far away.

ἀτόπροθι, Adv. (ἀποπρό) far off, far away.

ἀποπροΐεις, part. pres. of

ἀπο-προΐημι, f. -προήσω: Ep. aor. I -προήκα:—to
throw away. 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall.

ἀπο-προνοσφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to remove afar
off, carry far away.

ἀπο-προτέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έταμον:—to cut
off from; νότον ἀποπροταμών having cut off a slice
from the chine.

ἀπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee far away.

ἀποπτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀπείπταμαι.

ἀποπτήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποπέτομαι, as if from ἀπείπτημι.

ἀπό-πτολις, poet. for ἀπόπολις.

ἀπόπτος, ον, (ἀπόφομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) seen or to be seen from a place. 2. seen at a distance, hence far away from; ἐξ ἀπόπτου from afar, opp. to ἐγγύθεν; hence II. dimly seen.

ἀόπτυστος, ον, spat out; loathed, detested. From ἀπο-πτύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to spit out or up; of the sea, ἀποπτύει ἄλδς ἄχνην vomits forth its foam: hence to loathe, spurn, Lat. respuere.

ἀπο-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: Dep. to inquire or ask of.

ἀπ-οράω and ἀπ-ορέω, Ion. for ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, to slink away.

ἀπορέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπορος) to be without resource, to be at a loss, not know what to do, be in doubt, mostly followed by a Conjunction, ἀπορεῖν ὅπως διαβήσεται to be at a loss how he shall cross: c. inf. to be at a loss how to do: οὐκ ἀπορεῖν to have no doubt. II.

Pass. to be made matter of question: also to be left unprovided for. 2. c. gen. rei, to be at a loss for, in want of, e. g. τροφής. 3. but, ἀπορεῖν τινι to be at a loss because of, by means of something. Hence

ἀπόρημα, ατος, τό, a matter of doubt, disputed point.

ἀπορητικός, ή, όν, (ἀπορέω) inclined to doubt.

ἀ-πόρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πορθέω) not sacked or taken.

ἀπ-ορθόω, f. ύσω, to make straight again, restore, guide aright. Hence

ἀπόρθωσις, εως, ή, a setting upright, restoring.

ἀπορία, ή, (ἀπορος) of places, difficulty of passing: of things, difficulty, straits: of questions, a difficulty.

II. of persons, difficulty of dealing with or finding out. 2. want of means or resource, embarrassment, hesitation. 3. ἀπορία τινός want of a thing: absol. need, poverty.

ἀπ-ορνύμαι, (ἀπό, ορνυμι) Pass. to start from a place.

ἀ-πορος, ον, without passage, and so of places, impassable, trackless: of things, hard to see one's way through, impracticable: τὰ ἀπορα difficulties, straits, ἐν ἀποροῖς εἶναι to be in great straits. 2. hard to get, scarce. II. of persons, hard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable: c. inf., ἀπορος προσφέρεσθαι impossible to deal with. 2. without means or resources, and so at a loss, not knowing what to do. 3. poor, needy.

ἀπ-ορούω, f. σω, to leap off, dart away.

ἀπορρ-, ρ is doubled in Att. in all compds. after ἀπό, but in Ion. it remains single.

ἀπορ-ρᾶθιμέω, f. ήσω, to neglect from carelessness: to leave off in despair.

ἀπορ-ραίνω, f. -ράνῶ, to spirt or shed about.

ἀπορ-ραῖω, f. σω, to bereave of; ήτορ ἀπορραίειν τινά to deprive one of life.

ἀπορραντήριον, τό, (ἀπορραίνω) a vessel for holy water.

ἀπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up again.

ἀπορ-ραψιδέω, f. ήσω, to utter like a ραψιδός, to speak in fragments of Epic poetry.

ἀπορ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι or -ρύησομαι: aor. 2 pass.

ἀπερρύνειν—to flow away from, run off from: absol. to stream forth, of blood. 2. to fall off, as fruit.

etc. 3. to melt away.

ἀπορ-ρήγγυμι or ἀπορ-ρηγγύνω: f. -ρήξω—to break off, snap asunder.—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπερράγγην [ᾱ], to be broken off or severed.

ἀπορρηθέν and ἀπορρηθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. part. and inf. of ἀπερῶ.

ἀπόρρησις, εως, ή, (ἀπ-ερῶ) a prohibition. 2. a refusal: renunciation.

ἀπόρρητος, ον, (ἀπ-ερῶ) forbidden; τὰ ἀπόρρητα forbidden exports. II. not to be spoken, that should not be spoken; ἀπόρρητον, τό, a state-secret: hence mystical, sacred, ἀπόρρητον ποιεῖσθαι to keep secret. 2. τὰ ἀπόρρητα things unfit to be spoken.

ἀπορ-ρίγνω, f. ήσω: pf. ἀπερρίγα:—to shrink shivering from a thing, shrink from doing it.

ἀπορ-ρίπτω, poet. ἀπορίπτω, later also ἀπορ-ριπταί: fut. ἀπορίψω: aor. 1 ἀπερίριπα:—to throw away, throw aside: to throw off a garment. II.

to cast forth, e. g. from one's country: to reject, renounce. III. to shoot forth bold words, ἐς τινα

at one.

ἀπορροή and ἀπόρροια, ή, (ἀπορρέω) a flowing off, stream. II. an emanation, efflux.

ἀπορ-ροιβδέω, f. ήσω, to sbrick forth.

ἀπορροφάω or -έω, f. ήσω, to gulp down, swallow a part of.

ἀπορ-ρυθῆναι, aor. 2 p. inf., with act. sense, of ἀπορρέω.

ἀπορ-ρύησομαι, fut. of ἀπορ-ρέω.

ἀπόρρυτος, ον, = ἀπόρρπος, flowing from; ἀπόρρυτα σταθμά stables with drains.

ἀπορρῶξ, ὤγος, ό, ή, (ἀπορρήγγυμι) broken off, abrupt, steep. II. as Subst. fem. a piece broken off or divided from anything; Στυγός ύδατος ἀπορρῶξ, an off-stream of the Styx.

ἀπ-ορφανίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Pass. to be taken away like an orphan from, to be torn away from.

ἀπ-ορχέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dance a thing away, i. e. lose by dancing.

ἄπος, εος, τό, = κάματος, weariness.

ἀπο-σάλεύω, f. εύσω, to lie to in the open sea or offing:—metaph. to keep aloof from.

ἀπο-σάφω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, σαφής) to make clear.

ἀπο-σβέννυμι or -σβεννύνω: f. -σβέσω—to extinguish, quench: to destroy, blot out:—Pass. with fut. med. -σβήσομαι; intr. aor. 2 act. ἀπέσβην, pf. act.

ἀπέσβηκα: to go out, vanish, die.

ἀπο-σεῖω, f. σω, to shake off:—Med. to shake off from oneself; of a horse, to throw his rider.

ἀπο-σεμνύνω, to extol pompously:—Pass., with f. med. ἀποσεμνύνομαι, to give oneself airs.

ἀπο-σεύω, to chase away:—Pass. to dart away, aor. 1 ἀπεσσύθην [ῥ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπέσσυτο. ἀπο-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to announce by signs, to give notice: to give a sign, to confirm or prove by a sign. II. ἀποσημαίνειν εἰς τινα to allude to him. III. Med. to seal up as confiscated, to confiscate: of persons, to proscribe.

ἀπο-σῆπω, f. ψω, to make rotten, spoil utterly:—Pass., fut. -σάψομαι, aor. 2 ἀπεσάπην [ᾱ]; with intr. pf. act. ἀποσέσηπα: to rot off, lose by mortification.

ἀπο-σῆμώω, f. ὥσω, to make flat-nosed:—Pass. to be so. II. ἀποσιμῶν τὰς ναῦς to turn the line of sailing aside, make a movement sideways, so as to avoid the direct shock.

ἀπο-σιόομαι, Ion. for ἀφ-σιόομαι. ἀπο-σίωπάω, f. ἥσομαι, to be silent after speaking, be quite silent. II. trans. to keep secret. Hence ἀποσιώπησας, εὖω, ἡ, a becoming silent. 2. a rhetorical figure, when the sentence is broken off, as in Virg. Ecl. 3. 8, Aen. I. 139.

ἀπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to cut off or intercept by trenches. ἀπο-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ] contr. -σκεδῶ:—to scatter abroad:—Pass. to be scattered, straggle away.

ἀπο-σκενάζω, f. ὥσω, to pack and carry away:—Med. to pack one's baggage, prepare for a journey. ἀποσκέψομαι, fut. of ἀποσκοπέω.

ἀπο-σκηκνέω, f. ἥσω, to encamp apart from. From ἀπό-σκηνος, ον, (ἀπό, σκηνή) living and messing alone, opp. to σύσιτος.

ἀπο-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to prop one thing upon another, to dash one thing upon or against another; esp. of the gods, ἀποσκήπτειν βέλεα εἰς τι to hurl down thunderbolts upon or at a thing. II. intr. to burst or break forth, like thunder; ἀποσκήπτειν ἐς φλαῦρον to come to a sorry ending, end in nothing.

ἀπο-σκιάζω, f. σω, to cast a shadow. Hence ἀποσκίασμα, αἶψ, τό, a shade, shadow: an adumbration.

ἀπο-σκιδνάμι, Pass., = ἀποσκεδάννυμι, to be scattered.

ἀπο-σκληναι, aor. 2 inf. as if from ἀπό-σκλημι (see σκέλλω) to be dried up, withered.

ἀπο-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to look away from other objects at one, and so to look steadily at, gaze at, πρὸς τινα or τι: c. acc. to look to, regard.

ἀπο-σκόπιος, ον, (ἀπό, σκοπός) away from the mark. ἀπο-σκυδμάνω, to be enraged with.

ἀπο-σκούθίζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰω, to strip off the scalp like the Scythians, to scalp: metaph. to shave bare.

ἀπο-σκυλεύω, f. σω, to plunder and carry off. ἀπο-σκώπτω, f. ψομαι, to banter, rally.

ἀπο-σνύττω, f. ξω, to deceive:—aor. 2 pass. part. ἀποσνυγέτες, being deceived.

ἀπο-σοβέω, f. ἥσω, to scare away, as one does birds. II. intr. to be off in a hurry, in phrase οὐκ ἀποσοβήσεις; be off!

ἀπο-σπαράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear off. ἀπόσπασμα, ατος, τό, that which is torn off, a sbred. From

ἀπο-σπάω, f. -σπάσω [ᾱ], to tear or drag away, sever or part from; ἀποσπᾶν πύλας to tear off the gates; ἀπ. τὸ στρατόπεδον to draw off the army:—Pass. to be dragged away from: of an army, to be separated or broken.

ἀπο-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to pour out wine as a drink-offering at sacrifices, Lat. libare.

ἀπο-σπεύδω, f. -σπεύσω, to be eager in preventing, to dissuade earnestly.

ἀπο-σποδέω, f. ἥσω, to rub off, knock off. ἀποσ-σεύω, poet. for ἀπο-σεύω.

ἀπόστᾱ, for ἀπόστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίστημι. ἀπο-σταδόν, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) standing afar, far off.

ἀπο-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall drop by drop. II. intr. to fall in drops; μαλας δεινὸν ἀποστάζει μένος the fury of madness is trickling, is ebbing away.

ἀποστᾱς, ἀποστῆναι, aor. 2 act. part. and inf. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀποστασία, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) later form for ἀπόστασις, defection, revolt, apostasy.

ἀποστασίον, τό, (ἀφίσταμαι) a divorce; ἀποστασίον βιβλίον, τό, a writing or bill of divorce. The nom. is not found in good authors.

ἀπόστασις, εὖω, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a standing away from, and so 1. a defection, revolt. 2. departure or removal from. 3. distance, interval.

ἀποστατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀφίσταμαι, one must recede from.

ἀποστατέω, f. ἥσω, to stand off or aloof from: to differ from: to fall off or revolt from. II. absol. to stand aloof, be absent. From

ἀποστατός, οὐ, δ, (ἀφίσταμαι) a runaway, deserter, rebel. Hence

ἀποστατικός, ἡ, ὄν, rebellious: Adv., ἀποστατικῶς ἔχειν to be rebelliously inclined.

ἀπο-σταυρώ, f. ὥσω, to fence off with pales. ἀπο-στεγάζω, f. ὥσω, to uncover, unroof.

ἀπο-στέγω, f. ξω, to shelter from:—to shelter, keep safe. II. to keep off water, and generally to keep off, as, ὄχλον πύργος ἀποστέγει.

ἀπο-στενύω, poet. for ἀπο-στενῶ.

ἀπο-στείχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἀπέστίχον:—to go away, esp. to go back.

ἀπο-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ: aor. I ἀπέστειλα: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ᾱ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to send away from: absol. to send away, banish.

II. to send off, dispatch, on some service. III. to drive back:—Pass. to be sent off: also, to go away.

IV. intr. to go back. ἀπο-στενῶ, poet. -στενύω: f. ὥσω: to straiten: ἀπεστενύνω 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἀπο-στέργω, f. ξω, to love no more:—to deprecate. ἀπο-στερέω, fut. ἥσω, to rob, bereave, or deprive one of a thing: c. acc. rei only, to take away, withhold:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -σπερηθήσομαι

and -στερήσομαι, pf. ἀπεστέρημαι:—to be robbed or in want of. II. impers., ἀποστερεῖ με there fails me, I lack. Hence

ἀποστερησις, εως, ἡ, a robbery: deprivation.

ἀποστερητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀποστερέω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποστερητίς or -τρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, as Adj. = ἀποστερητική.

ἀποστερητικός, ἡ, ὁ, (ἀποστερέω) able to rob or deprive; γνῶμη ἀποστερητική τόκου a device for cheating one of his interest.

ἀποστερητρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, v. sub. ἀποστερητής.

ἀπο-στερίσκω, = ἀποστερέω.

ἀπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix firmly.

ἀπο-στιλβώ, f. ὦσω, to make to shine.

ἀπο-στιλβω, f. ψω, to be bright with.

ἀπο-στυγεγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to scrape with a strigil:—Med. to scrape off sweat from oneself; pf. pass. part. ἀπεστυγεγμένον, scraped clean, Lat. lauti.

ἀποστολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

ἀποστολή, ἡ, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an expedition.

ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador. 2. an apostle. II. = στόλος, a naval expedition.

ἀπο-στοματίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν, to speak from memory or off-hand. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

ἀπο-στρακίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to banish by ostracism.

ἀπο-στράτοπεδευω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from; ἀποστρατοπεδεύεσθαι πύρσῳ to encamp at a distance.

ἀποστραφῶ, ἦς, ἡ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of ἀπο-στρέφω, f. ψω: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 ἀποστρέψασκε:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστράφην: pf. ἀπέστραμμαι. To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight; πόδας καὶ χεῖρας ἀποστρέφειν, to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to dissuade from a thing. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back:—Pass., with fut. med. -στρέψομαι, to be turned back; ἀπεστράφθαι τοὺς ἐμβόλους, of ships, to have their beaks bent back. III. to turn oneself from or away, abhor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.; μή μ' ἀποστραφῆς do not turn away from me, like Lat. avertor; ἀπεστραμμένοι λόγοι hostile words. 2. to get away, escape. 3. to turn and flee. Hence

ἀποστροφή, ἡ, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. 2. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource; ἀπ. κακῶν a refuge from evil; ὕδατος ἀποστροφή a resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

ἀπό-στροφος, ον, (ἀποστρέφω) turned away, averted.

ἀπο-στυγέω, f. -στέγω: aor. 1 -εστύγησα and -εστύξα: aor. 2 -εστύγον: perf. -εστύγηκα:—to hate utterly, loathe.

ἀπο-στυφέλιξω, f. ξω, to chase away by force.

ἀπο-συκάξω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, σύκον) to squeeze figs, to try whether they are ripe: metaph. of informers.

ἀπο-συλάω, f. ἦσω, to strip off spoils from a person: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

ἀπο-συνάγωγος, ον, (ἀπό, συναγωγή) put out of the synagogue.

ἀπο-συρίζω, f. ξω, to whistle aloud for want of thought.

ἀπο-σύρω [ῥ], f. -σύρῳ, to strip off, tear away: lay bare.

ἀπο-σφάζω, Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. σφάζω):—to cut the throat; ἀποσφάζειν τινα ἐς ἄγγος, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally, to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

ἀπο-σφακέλιζω, f. ἰσω, to have one's limbs mortified: to die of mortification.

ἀπο-σφάλλω, f. -σφάλλω: aor. 1 -έσφηλα:—to lead astray, drive baffled away; ἀποσφάλλειν τινα πόνον to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀποσφάλην [ᾱ], to be cheated of a thing, miss it.

ἀπο-σφάττω, = ἀποσφάζω.

ἀποσφήλει, ἀποσφήλωσιν, aor. 1 opt. and subj. of ἀποσφάλλω.

ἀπο-σφραγίζω, Ion. σφρηγ-, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: to seal up, shut up.

ἀπο-σφραίνω, f. -σφρήσω, to make to smell.

ἀπο-σχαλιδώ, f. ὦσω, to prop nets on poles. Hence ἀποσχαλιδωμα, ατος, τό, a forked piece of wood for propping hunting-nets.

ἀποσχίζω, f. ὦσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οἰκέω.

ἀπο-σχέιν, -σχεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀπέχω.

ἀπο-σχιζώ, f. ἰσω: aor. 1 pass. ἀπεσχίσθην:—to split or cleave off. 2. to sever, part, or detach from: esp. in Pass., of a river being parted from the main stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc.

ἀπο-σώζω, f. -σώσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οἰκάδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθῆναι ἐς . . to get safe to a place, to get off safe.

ἀποτακτός, ὄν, (ἀποτάσσω) set apart for a special use, specially appointed.

ἀπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀπο-τέμνω.

ἀπο-τάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to set apart or assign specially; ἀπετέτακτο πρὸς τὸ δεῖνόν δε had been stationed on the right. II. Med., ἀποτάσσομαι τι to bid adieu to a person or thing.

ἀποταυρόομαι, Pass. to act like a bull; δέργματα ἀποταυρόσθαι to cast fierce glances on.

ἀπο-ταφρεύω, f. σω, to fence with a ditch, intrench.

ἀποτιθέναι, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of ἀποθνήσκω, they were dead.

ἀποτεθνείως, for ἀποτεθνεώς, ἀποτεθνηκώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀπο-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing:—Med. to exert oneself. 2. intr., like Lat. contendere, to hasten onwards.

ἀπο-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wall off, I. so as to fortify. 2. so as to blockade. Hence

ἀποτειχίσαι, εἰς, ἡ, the walling of a town, blockading. And ἀποτειχίσματα, τό, walls built to blockade, lines of blockade.

ἀποτελεῖν, f. ἴσω, to bring quite to an end. 2. intr. to come to an end, cease, εἰς τι in a thing.

ἀπο-τελέω, f. -τελέσω Att. τελέω: pf. -τετέλεκα: —Pass., aor. I -τετελέσθην: pf. -τετέλεσμαι. To bring quite to an end: pf. pass. part. ἀποτετελεσμένος, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation. 3. generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind; τὴν πόλιν ἀποτελεῖν εὐδαίμονα to make the state quite happy.

ἀπο-τέμνω, Ion. and Ep. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέταμον: pf. ἀποτέμμηκα:—to cut off; ἀποτέμνειν τινός to cut off part of a thing. 2. to separate or cut off from:—Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with view of appropriating.

ἀπο-τίκω, f. ξω, to make to melt away:—Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπέτακην [ἄ], to melt away.

ἀπο-τηλοῦ, Adv. far away.

ἀπο-τιβάτος, on, Dor. and poet. for ἀ-πρόσβατος.

ἀπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:—Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay aside. 2. to put by for oneself, stow away. 3. ἀποτίθεσθαι εἰς αἰῶς to put aside for another time.

ἀπο-τίλλω, f. -τίλω: aor. I -έτιλα: to pluck out. Hence

ἀπότιλμα, ατος, τό, that which is plucked, a shred. ἀπο-τίμα, f. ἴσω, not to honour, to slight. II. to value, fix a price by valuation; διμνέως ἀποτιμώμενοι having fixed their price at two minae: hence

III. as Att. law-term, Act. to mortgage a property according to valuation:—Med. to lend on mortgage:—Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence

ἀποτίμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation.

ἀπό-τιμος, on, (ἀπό, τιμή) = ἀτιμος, dishonoured.

ἀπο-τίνάσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to shake off.

ἀπο-τίνυμι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-τίνομαι.

ἀπο-τίνω, f. -τίω [ῖ], to pay back, repay what is owing:—Med. ἀποτίνομαι, f. -τίσσομαι, to get paid one, exact; ἀποτίσσεσθαι τινα to avenge oneself on another: absol. to take vengeance.

ἀπο-τιμήγω, f. ξω, Ep. for ἀπο-τέμνω, to cut off from; κλιτύς ἀπ. to cut up or plough the hills.

ἀποτίθημι, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀποτιμήγω.

ἀπο-τιμος, on, unhappy, ill-starred.

ἀπο-τολμάω, f. ἴσω, to make a bold venture. II. absol. to be fearless, bold.

ἀποτομή, ἡ, (ἀποτέμνω) a cutting off.

ἀποτομία, ἡ, steepness, severity. From ἀπότομος, on, (ἀποτέμνω) cut off, abrupt, precipitous. 2. metaph. harsh, rough:—Adv. -μως, sharply.

ἀπο-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot off arrows: to aim at a thing.

ἀπο-τος, on, (a privat., ποτός) not drunk, not drinkable. II. act. never drinking: without drink.

ἀποτράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποτρώγω.

ἀπο-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away from a thing; and so to hinder or dissuade from. 2. c. acc. only, to turn away or back: to avert evil. 3. also to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at. II.

Med. and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist from. 2. to turn away. 3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. aversari.

ἀπο-τρέχω, fut. -θρέξομαι, also -δραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or away.

ἀπο-τρίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; ἀποτρίβειν ἵππον to rub down a horse. II. to rub off:

Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of.

ἀποτρόπαιος, on, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. Dii averrunci. II. pass. that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From

ἀποτροπή, ἡ, (ἀποτρέπω) a turning away, averting. 2. a turning off of water. II. a binder-

ing. III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party.

ἀπότροπος, on, (ἀποτρέπω) turned away, banished. 2. from which one turns away. II. act. turning away, averting.

ἀπό-τροφος, on, (ἀπό, τροφή) reared away from one's parents.

ἀπο-τρύνω, f. -οτρύνω, to excite.

ἀπο-τρώω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to rub away, and so lose. II. to vex, harass; so in Med., ἀποτρίεσθαι γῆν to vex the earth.

ἀπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέτράγον:—to bite or nibble off.

ἀπο-τρωπάω, poet. Frequent. of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀπο-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι, to fail in hitting, miss, lose. II. absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be wrong.

ἀπο-τυμπανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to beat or cudgel severely.

ἀπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to cease beating:—Med. to cease beating oneself in sign of mourning.

ἀπούρας, Ep. aor. I act. part. of ἀπαυράω, to take away: part. aor. I med. ἀπουράμενος in pass. sense occurs in Hesiod.

ἀπο-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for ἀφ-ορίζω, to mark off the boundaries; ἄλλοι γάρ οἱ ἀπουρίζουσιν ἀρούρας, others will mark off, i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read ἀπουρήσουσι, as if from *ἀπουράω = ἀπαυράω, will take them away.

ἀπ-ουρος, on, (ἀπό, οὔρος Ion. for ὄρος) far from the boundaries; ἀπouρος πάτρας far away from one's fatherland.

ἀ-πους, δ, ἡ, ἀπουν, τό, gen. ἀποδος, without foot or feet: without the use of one's feet: slow of foot.

ἀπουσία, ἡ, (ἀπειναι) a being away, absence. II. deficiency, want.

ἀποφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπεσθαι, to eat up.

ἀπο-φαιδρύνω [ῖ], f. ἴνω, to make quite bright.

ἀπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἀπέφηνα:—to εἰσεῖν

forth, display: to shew by word, declare. 2. *to shew by reasoning, shew, prove.* II. like ἀποδείκνυμι *to shew, and so to make or render:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own, to make a display of oneself; ἀποφαίνεσθαι γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be shewn or declared.* III. *to appear, come to light.*

ἀπόφασις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀπόφημι) *a denial, negation.*
ἀποφάσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀποφαίνω) = ἀπόφανσις, *a sentence, decision.*

ἀπο-φάσκω, = ἀπόφημι, *to deny.*
ἀπο-φάτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπόφημι) *denying, negative.*

ἀπο-φέρβομαι, Dep. *to feed off or on.*
ἀπο-φέρω, f. ἀποίσω: aor. ἀπήνεγκα, Ion. ἀπένεικα:

(v. φέρω):—*to carry off or away.* II. *to carry or bring back: hence* 2. *to report.* 3. *to pay back, return: generally, to pay what is due.* III.

to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc. IV. intr. in imperat., like ἀπαγε, ἀπόφερε, *begone:—Med. to take for oneself, gain, obtain.*

ἀποφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέφυγον:—*to flee from, escape.* II. as law-term; ἀποφεύγειν τοὺς δίκωντας *to make good one's defence: absol. to be acquitted, opp. to ἀλλοσκομαι.* Hence

ἀποφευκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *ready for escaping; τὰ ἀποφευκτικά means of escape.* And

ἀπόφευξις, εὖς, ἡ, *an escaping, getting off.*

ἀπό-φηνμι, f. -φήσω, *to speak out, declare plainly.* 2. *to say no, to deny: also to refuse.*

ἀπο-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, Dep. *to speak one's opinion plainly.* Hence

ἀποφθέγγετος, ὄν, = ἀφθεγγετος.

ἀποφθέγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποφθέγγομαι) *a thing uttered: esp. a sententious answer, a terse saying, an apophthegm.*

ἀπο-φθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. ἀπέφθαρκα:—*to destroy utterly, ruin:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀποφθεροῦμαι, to be lost, perish, οὐκ εἰς κόρακα ἀποφθερεῖ μου; will not be gone with a murrain? Lat. abi in malam rem.*

ἀπο-φθίνω, [θ], *to perish.* II. trans., ἀποφθινύειν θυμὸν *to lose one's life.*

ἀπο-φθίνο: Ep. aor. 2 act. ἀπέφθισον: also as in Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [Υ], part. ἀποφθίμενος:—*to perish utterly, to die away.* II. Causal in fut.

ἀποφθίσω, aor. ἀπέφθισα, *to make to perish, to destroy.*

ἀποφθίσω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg.

ἀποφθορά, ἡ, (ἀποφθείρω) *utter destruction.*

ἀπο-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴζω, *to treat very slightly, make no account of.*

ἀπο-φλοιόω, f. ὠσω, (ἀπό, φλοιός) *to strip off the rind.*

ἀπο-φοιτάω, f. ἡσω, *to go quite away: esp. of scholars, to leave their masters.*

ἀπό-φονος, ὄν, *murderous.*

ἀποφορά, ἡ, (ἀποφέρω) *a carrying away.* II. *a bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid, tax, tribute.*

ἀπο-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. *to unload oneself, to unlade.*

ἀπο-φράγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -φράξω, *to fence off, block up.* Hence

ἀπόφραξις, εὖς, ἡ, *a fencing off, blocking up.*

ἀπο-φράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φράξω) properly *not to be spoken of*, like Lat. *nefandus, unlucky, ominous: ἀποφράδες ἡμέραι, Lat. dies nefasti, days on which no assembly or court was held, opp. to καθαραὶ ἡμέραι.*

ἀπο-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, = ἀποφράγνυμι.

ἀπο-φύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φύομαι) *an offshoot.*

ἀποφυγή, ἡ, (ἀποφεύγω) *an escape, flight, place of refuge.*

ἀπο-φυξίς, v. sub ἀπόφευξις.

ἀπο-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέφυν and perf.

ἀποπέφυκα, *to grow out like a shoot.*

ἀπο-οφάλιος, ὄν, (ἀπό, ὄφελος?) *empty, vain, idle, Lat. irritus.*

ἀπο-οχίζομαι, f. -χάσσομαι, Dep. *to withdraw from.*

ἀποχάλασμός, ὁ, *a slackening.* From

ἀπο-χάλαω, f. ἴσω [ἀ], *to slack or loose away, as one pays out a rope.*

ἀπο-χάλινω, f. ὠσω, *to unbridle.*

ἀπο-χαλκεύω, f. ὠω, *to forge of brass.*

ἀπο-χαλκίζω, f. ὠω, *to strip of brass.*

ἀπο-χειρο-βίωτος, ὄν, (ἀπό, χεῖρ, βιώω) *living by one's hands, i. e. by manual labour.*

ἀπο-χειροτονέω, f. ἡσω, *to vote a charge away from one, acquit him.* II. of persons, *to reject, to supersede, depose.* 2. of things, *to reject, vote against: to abrogate, annul.* Hence

ἀποχειροτόνησις, εὖς, ἡ, *rejection by show of hands.*

ἀπο-οχετεύω, f. ὠω, *to draw off water by a canal.*

ἀπο-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I ἀπέχεα: Pass., aor. I ἀπέχου [ῥ]: pf. ἀποκέχυμαι:—*to pour out, spill, shed.*

ἀπο-χράω, *to soften off the colour, shade off.*

ἀπο-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, inf. ἀποχρῆν, Ion. -χρᾶν: impf. ἀπέχρην: fut. ἀποχρήσω: aor. I ἀπέχρησα:—*to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, ἐκατὸν νέες ἀποχρῶσι.* 2. with dat., ποταμοὶ οὐκ ἀπέχρησε τῇ στρατιῇ *was not enough for the army: with infin., ἀποχρᾶ μοι ποιεῖν 'tis sufficient for me to do; also 3 sing. impf. med. ἀπεχρέετο = ἀπέχρη.* 3. Pass. *to be contented with a thing; ἀποχρεωμένον τοῦτοισι τῶν Μυσῶν the Mysians being satisfied therewith.* II. Med. *to use to the full.* 2. *to abuse, misuse, Lat. abuti.*

ἀπο-χρέομαι, -χρέω, Ion. for ἀποχράομαι, -χράω.

ἀπό-χρη, impers., v. ἀποχράω.

ἀπο-χρήματος, ὄν, (ἀπό, χρήμα) *not to be paid in money.*

ἀπόχρησις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀποχράομαι) *a using to the full, misuse: a getting rid of.*

ἀποχρώντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀποχράω, ἀπόχρη, enough, sufficiently.

ἀποχυθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποχέω.

ἀπο-χολῶ, (ἀπό, χολός) *to make quite lame.*

ἀπο-χώννυμι, f. -χῶσω, *to dam up, bank up the mouth of a river, etc.*

ἀπο-χωρέω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to go from or away from, c. gen. 2. absol. to go away, depart: to retreat.

3. ἀποχωρεῖν ἐκ . . ., to withdraw from a thing, i. e. give it up.

II. to pass off, esp. of the humours of the body. Hence

ἀποχωρήσις, εως, ἡ, a going away or off, retreat: a place or means of safety.

ἀπο-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to part or separate from: to set apart.

ἀπο-ψάω, inf. ἀποψῆν: impf. ἀπέψην: aor. I ἀπέψησα:—to wipe off.

2. to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe off from oneself.

3. to wipe one's nose.

ἀπο-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰύμαι, Dep.: I. c. acc. pers. to vote an office away from one, to reject him:—aor. I ἀπεψηφίσθην and pf. ἀπεψηφίσμαι are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be rejected.

II. c. acc. rei, ἀπ. γραφῆν to vote against receiving the indictment; ἀπ. νόμον to reject the law; αἰτίαν ἀποψηφίζομαι τινος to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal.

III. ἀποψηφίζεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to vote against doing. Hence

ἀποψηφίσις, εως, ἡ, an acquittal.

ἀπο-ψιλώω, f. ὠσω, to strip of hair, make bald: generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

ἀποψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) a looking from, a view, prospect.

ἀπ-όψομαι, fut. from an obsol. pres. ἀπ-ύπομαι, used as fut. of ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ψύχω [ῶ], f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπέψυμαι: (ἀπό, ψυχή):—to leave off breathing, to faint, swoon.

2. c. acc., ἀποψύχειν ψυχὴν to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die.

II. (ἀπό, ψυχος) to cool, refresh:—Pass. to be refreshed, recover, revive: Med., ἰδρῶτα ἀποψύχοντο they got the sweat dried off.

III. impers. ἀποψύχει, it grows cool, the air cools.

ἀπ-πέμψει, Ep. contr. for ἀποπέμψει.

ἀπραγμόνος, Adv. of ἀπράγμων, easily.

ἀπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, freedom from business, public affairs and law-suits: love of ease, Lat. otium.

2. easiness, supineness. From

ἀπράγμων, ov, gen. ovos, (a privat., πρᾶγμα) without business, free from business, state-affairs or law-suits (πράγματα): τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from law and strife.

2. of things, not troublesome or painful.

II. pass. got or to be got without pains.

ἀπρακτέω, f. ἦσω, to do nothing, to be idle.

2. to gain nothing. From

ἀπρακτος, Ion. ἀ-πρηκτος, ov: I. act. doing or effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; ἀπρακτος νέεσθαι to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:—Adv. -τως, unsuccessfully.

II. pass. against which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incurable.

2. not to be done, impossible.

3. μαντικῆς ἀπρακτος ὑμῖν unassailed by your divining arts. Hence

ἀπραξία, ἡ, inaction: ill-success.

II. a being at a loss, embarrassment, helplessness.

ἀ-πρᾶτος, ov, (a privat., πέρπρωτος, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πωπράσσω) unsold, unsaleable.

ἀ-πράντος, Ion. ἀπρήντος, ov, (a privat., πρᾶννω) implacable.

ἀ-πρεπής, ἐς, (a privat., πρέπω) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἀπρεπία, ἡ, poet. for ἀπρέπεια, unseemliness.

ἀ-πρηκτος, Ion. for ἀπρακτος.

ἀπρίστην, Adv. without price or ransom. [ἀτ] From

ἀ-πρίστος, η, ov, (a privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

ἀ-πριγδα, prob. = ἀπρίε.

ἀπρικτό-πληκτος, ov, (ἀπρίε, πλήσσω) struck unceasingly.

ἀ-πρίε, Adv. (a copul., πρίω) properly with closed teeth, like ὀδᾶς, Lat. mordicus: metaph. importunately, ceaselessly.

ἀ-πρόβουλος, ov, without previous design, unpremeditated. Adv. -λως, rashly, thoughtlessly.

ἀ-πρόθυμος, ov, not ready, disinclined, backward.

ἀ-προϋδής, ἐς, (a privat., προῦδεν) unforeseen.

ἀ-προμηθής, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-προνοήτως, Adv. of ἀπρονόητος, (a privat., προνοέω) without foresight or forethought, heedlessly.

ἀ-πρόξενος, ov, without a πρόξενος.

ἀ-πρόσποτος, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-πρόσβατος, Dor. ἀποτίβας, ov, inaccessible: of disease, not to be healed.

ἀ-προσδόκητος, ov, unexpected, unlooked for:—Adv. -τως. II. act. not expecting.

ἀ-προσήγορος, ov, (a privat., προσήγορος) not to be spoken to, stern, savage.

II. act. not accosting, not greeting.

ἀ-πρόσκυτος, ov, (a privat., προσκύνωμαι) not to be reached or won.

ἀ-πρόσitos, ov, (a privat., πρόσ-ειμι) unapproachable.

ἀ-πρόσκειτος, ov, (a privat., προσκείμεμαι, fut. of προσκοίω) unforeseen, not thought of beforehand.

ἀ-πρόσκλητος, ov, (a privat., προσκαλέω) not summoned to attend a trial.

ἀ-πρόσκοπος, ov, (a privat., προσκόπτω) not striking against, not stumbling, void of offence.

ἀ-πρόσμάχος, ov, (a privat., προσμάχομαι) irresistible.

ἀ-πρόσμικτος, ov, (a privat. προσμίννυμι) holding no intercourse or commerce with others.

ἀ-πρόσιτος, ov, (a privat., προσοίω fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ἀ-προσσίμιλος, ov, unsociable.

ἀ-προστάσιου γραφή, ἡ, (a privat., προστατής) an indictment laid against a μέτοικος at Athens, for not having chosen a προστατής or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ἀπροστάσιον, τό, is not used.

ἀ-πρόσφορος, ov, (a privat., προσφέρω) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous.

ἀ-προσωπο-λήπτως, (a privat., πρόσωπον, λαμβάνω) Adv. without respect of persons.

ἀ-προτίμαστος, ov, Dor. for ἀ-πρόμαστος, (a privat., προμάσσω) untouched, undefiled.

ἀ-προφάσιτος, ov, (a privat., προφασίζομαι) offer-

ing no excuse, ready. Adv. -τως, without evasion, honestly.

ἀ-πρόσφατος, ov, (a privat., πρόφημι) unforgetold.
ἀ-προφύλακτος, ov, (a privat., προφυλάσσομαι) not guarded against, unforeseen.

ἀ-πταίστος, ov, (a privat., πταίω) not stumbling; ἀπταιστότερον παρέχειν τὸν ἵππον to make the horse less apt to stumble.

ἀ-πτερος, ov, (a privat., πτερόν) without wings, un-winged: in Homer, τῇ δ' ἀπτερος ἐπλετο μῦθος the speech was to her without wings, i. e. flew not away again, sank into her mind; ἀπτερα ποτήματα wingless flight; of arrows, unfeathered; of young birds, etc., unfledged, callow; ἀπτερος φάτις an unfledged, i. e. unconfirmed, report.

ἀ-πτῆν, gen. ἀπτήνος, δ, ῆ: dat. pl. ἀπτήσι: (a privat., πτηνός) unfledged, callow, of young birds: unwinged.

ἀ-πτο-επής, ἐς, (a privat., πτοέω, ἔπος) undaunted in speech.

ἀ-πτόλεμος, ov, poet. for ἀπόλεμος.

ἀπτός, ῆ, ὄν, (ἀπτω) touched, handled: to be touched, subject to the sense of touch.

*ΑΠΤΩ, f. ἄψω: aor. 1 ἤψα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἤφθην, Ep. ἐάφην, pf. ἤμμαι, Ion. ἄμμαι. To fasten, fasten to or on, fix upon a thing; ἐπὶ δ' ἀσπίς ἐάφθη his shield was fastened, i. e. clung closely, to him:—more freq. as Med., ἀπτομαι, fut. ἄψομαι: aor. 1 ἤψάμην:—to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, hang on by, grasp; ἄψασθαι γούνων to cling to one's knees: later, to engage in, undertake, begin. 2. to fasten upon, attack. 3. to touch, affect. 4. to grasp with the senses, apprehend, perceive. 5. to reach, overtake: to gain. II. to kindle, set on fire:—Pass. to take fire: to be set on fire.

ἀ-πτώς, ὠτος, δ, ῆ, (a privat., πίπτω) not falling or failing, unfailing.

ἀ-πύλωτος, ov, (a privat., πυλώω) not closed by a gate.

ἀ-πύργος, ov, without tower and wall, unfortified.

ἀ-πύργωτος, ov, (a privat., πυργώω) not girt with towers.

ἀ-πῦρος, ov, (a privat., πῦρ) without fire, in Homer only of tripods, that have not yet been on the fire, i. e. new; ἀπυρος οἶκος a cold, cheerless house; χρυσὸς ἀπυρος unrefined, opp. to ἀπεφθός; ἱερὰ ἀπυρα sacrifices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = ἄθυτα, unoffered: ἀπ. ἄρδης a sting not forged by fire, i. e. of the gadfly. Adv. -ως.

ἀ-πύρωτος, ov, (a privat., πυρώω) not yet exposed to fire.

ἀ-πυστος, ov, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) of which nothing has been learnt, unknown. II. act. having learnt nothing, ignorant: c. gen. ignorant of.

ἀπύτης, δ, Dor. for ἡπύτης. [ἀπύ-]

ἀπύω, Dor. for ἡπύω.

*ΑΠΦΥΓΉΣ or ἀπφύς, gen. φύς, δ, a term of endearment used by children to their father, παπα, Hebr. Abba.

ἀπ-φδός, ὄν, (ἀπό, φέδω) discordant, out of tune.

ἄπωθεν, Adv. = ἄποθεν, from afar.

ἀπ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. 1 ἀπέωσα or ἄπωσα:—to thrust off, drive away: of the wind, to beat off, beat from one's course: later, to drive away from the land, banish. 2. to repel, drive back. 3. in

Med. to reject, disdain. Hence

ἀπώθητος, ov, thrust or driven away, rejected.

ἀπώλεια, ῆ, (ἀπόλλυμι) destruction: loss: waste.

ἀπώλεσα, aor. 1 of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπωλόμαι, aor. 2 med., in pass. sense, of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀ-πώματος, ov, (a privat., πῶμα) without a lid.

ἀπώμοσα, aor. 1 of ἀπύμνυμι.

ἀπωμοσία, ῆ, (ἀπύμνυμι) a denial upon oath, as Att. law-term, opp. to ἐξωμοσία.

ἀπώμοτος, ov, (ἀπύμνυμι) forsworn, adjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat. abjurandus; βροτοῖσιν οὐδὲν ἐστ' ἀπώμοτον mortals should never make a vow against anything. II. act. under oath not to do a thing.

ἀπῶσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπωσάμην, -σασθαι, aor. 1 med. ind. and inf. of ἀπωθέω.

ἀπωσι-κύματος, ov, (ἀπωθέω, κύμα) repelling waves.

ἀπωσις, εως, ῆ, (ἀπωθέω) a thrusting or driving away.

ἀπωστός, ῆ, ὄν, (ἀπωθέω) thrust or driven away from. II. that can be driven away.

ἀπώτερος, α, ov, Comp. Adj. (ἀπό) further off:—

Sup. ἀπώτατος, η, ov, furthest off.

ἀπωτέρω, Comp. Adv. of ἀπώτερος: ἀπωτάτω, Sup. Adv. of ἀπώτατος.

ἄρ, Ep. before a consonant for ἄρα.

*ΑΡΑ, Ep. ῥά (which is enclitic), and before a consonant ἄρ: I. EPIC USAGE: 1. then, straightway; ὥς φάτω, βῆ δ' ἄρ' ὄνειρος thus he spake and then the dream proceeded:—then, next in order, αἰετὸς δ' ἄρ' Ἀθήνας εἶχον. 2. explanation of a thing going before; φῆ β' ἀέκητι θεῶν φυγέειν for he said that he would flee: with relat. Pron. ἄρα makes it more precise; ἐκ δ' ἔθορε κλῆρος, δν ἄρ' ἤθελον αὐτοῖς just the one, the very one, which they wished. II. ATTIC USAGE:—here it always is like οὖν, therefore, so then; κάλλιστον ἄρα ἢ ἀρετὴ therefore you must allow virtue is best; μάτην ἄρ', ὥς ἔοικεν, ἤκομεν so it seems then we are come in vain:—in questions τίς ἄρα βύσεται; who then is there to save?—Ἄρ cannot begin a sentence.

ἄρ, interrog. particle, a stronger form of ἄρα, usually expecting a negat. answer, Lat. num? 2. in an affirmative answer is expected, ἄρα οὐ is used, as Lat. nonne? 3. ἄρα is also used in exclamations δδυνηρὸς ἄρ' ὁ πλούτος! grievous then is wealth!—I prose ἄρα always stands first in the sentence.

*ΑΡΑ', Ion. 'APH', ῆ, a prayer: in Homer mostly a prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse mischief, ruin. II. 'Αρά personified is the goddess of destruction and revenge, Lat. Dira.

ἄραβέω, f. ἤσω, to rattle, ring, clang, always of armour. From

*ΑΡΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, *a rattling*; ἀραβος ὀδόντων *gnashing or grinding of teeth*.

ἀραγμα, ατος, τό, and ἀραγμός, ὁ, (ἀράσσω) *a clashing, rattling*; ἀραγμός στέρνων *beating of the breast in grief*, Lat. *placitus*.

ἀραι, aor. I inf. of αἶρω.

ἌΡΑΙΟ΄Σ, Att. ἀραιός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *thin, narrow, weak, slight*.

ἀραιός, α, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (ἀρά) *prayed to or entreated*; Ζεὺς ἀραιός, = ἱκέτιος. 2. *prayed against, accursed*. II. act. *cursing, bringing mischief upon*. [ᾶ]

ἀραιήσκα, ἀραιηκώς, ἀραιημένος, ἀραιήτο, Ion. redupl. for ῥησκα, ῥηκώς, ῥημένος, ῥητο, pf. and plqf. redupl. forms from αἶρέω.

ἀράμενος, aor. I med. part. of αἶρω.

ἀράσμαι, f. ἀσμαι [ᾶ], Ion. ἥσμαι: pf. ἥραμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (ἀρά):—to *pray to a god*. 2. to *pray or vow that a thing may happen*, c. inf. 3. to *pray something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to imprecate upon one*; esp. with cognate acc., ἀράς ἀράσθαι τινι *to imprecate curses upon one*.

ἀράρε, Dor. for ἀρηρε, 3 sing. pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω in intr. sense, *it is fixed, decreed*: but, II. ἀράρε, Ep. for ῥήραρε, aor. 2 in trans. sense, *appeased, satisfied*.

ἀράρειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀραρίσκω, redupl. pres. from the Root *ἄρω: I. trans. in pres. and impf., in f. ἀρῶ Ion. ἄρσω: aor. I ῥήρα Ion. ἄρα: aor. 2 ῥήρων Ep. ἄρρων:—to *join, fasten, fit together: fit or furnish with a thing*. II.

intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. ἀρηρα Att. ἄραρα, Ep. part. fem. ἀράρνια: plqf. ῥήρειν [ᾶ]: also pf. pass. part. ἀρημενός, and Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. ἀρμενος:—to *be joined closely together: to be fitted closely, fit well: to be fixed: to be fitting, meet, or suitable*.

ἀράρων, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω: part. ἀράρων.

ἀράρως, ἀράρνια Ep. ἀράρνια, ἀράρός, perf. part. of ἀραρίσκω, *fitted, fitting*:—Adv. —ότως.

ἀράσσω, Att. —τω: f. ἀράδω Dor. —αζῶ: aor. ῥήρα Ep. ἀραξα:—Pass., aor. I ῥάχθην: (a euphon., ῥάσσω):—to *strike hard, dash in pieces*, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; πύλας ἀράσσειν *to knock furiously at the gates*; metaph., ἀράσσειν οὐεῖδει *to strike with reproaches*:—Pass., to *dash one against other with a noise, to clash, rattle*. [ᾶ]

ἀράτῶς, Ion. ἀρητῶς, ῥ, ὄν, (ἀράσμαι) *prayed for*. 2. *accursed, unblest*.

ἀράχνητος, α, ὄν, of or belonging to a spider. From ἌΡΑΧΝΗ, ἥ, = ἀράχνης. II. *a spider's web*, cobweb, Lat. *aranea*.

ἌΡΑΧΝΗΣ, ὁ, *a spider*, Lat. *araneus*. Hence ἀράχνητον, τό, *a spider's web, cobweb*.

Ἄραψ, αβος, ὄν, an Arab: also Ἀραβος, ὄν, ὁ.

ἈΡΒΥ΄ΛΗ, ῥ, *a strong shoe*, coming up to the ankle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., *a half-boot*. [ῥ] ἀρβυλῖς, ἶδος, ῥ, = ἀρβύλη.

ἀργαῖς, Dor. for ἀργήεις.

ἀργαῖλος, α, ὄν, (ἀργος, as if ἀλγαῖλος) *hard, painful, grievous*, Lat. *gravis*: also of persons, *troublesome*.

ἀργᾶς, contr. for ἀργαῖς.

Ἄργη-φόντης, ὄν, ὁ, for Ἄργο-φονεύτης, (*Ἄργος, φονεύω) *slayer of Argos*.

ἀργέλοφοι, ὄν, οἱ, *the feet of a sheepskin*: generally, *offal, refuse*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀργεννός, ῥ, ὄν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἀργός, *white*, mostly of sheep.

ἀργεστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀργός) *white*. II. paroxystone, ἀργέστης, ὄν, ὁ, epith. of the South wind, *clearing, brightening*, like Horace's *Notus albus, detergens nubila caelo*. 2. later, from being the epithet of Ζέφυρος, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian *Σκίρων*.

ἀργῆτι, ἀργέτα, poet. dat. and acc. for ἀργῆτι, ἀργῆτα, from ἀργής, *white*.

ἀργέω, f. ῥωα, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) *to be idle, do nothing*: of a field, *to lie fallow*. II. trans. *to leave a thing undone*:—Pass. *to be left undone: to be fruitless*.

ἀργήεις Dor. ἀργαῖς, εσσα, εν, contr. ἀργᾶς, gen. ἀργάντος, = ἀργῆς.

ἀργῆς, ῥτος, ὁ, ῥ, also with poet. dat. and acc. ἀργῆτι, ἀργέτα: (ἀργός):—*white, bright, vivid*.

ἀργηστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀργῆς, *white, glancing*.

ἀργία, ῥ, = ἀεργία, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) *idleness, laziness*: in good sense, *leisure*.

ἀργι-κέραννος, ὄν, (ἀργῆς, κεραννός) *with white, vivid lightning*.

ἀργιλλος or ἀργίλος, ῥ, (ἀργός) *white clay, potter's earth*, Lat. *argilla*.

ἀργιλλ-ώδης or ἀργιλ-ώδης, ες, (ἀργιλλος, εἶδος) *like clay, clayey*.

ἀργινόεις, εσσα, εν, = ἀργός, *white, shining*.

ἀργι-όδους, ὀδοντος, ὁ, ῥ, (ἀργῆς, ὀδοῦς) *white-toothed, white-tusked*.

ἀργί-πους, ὁ, ῥ, —πουν, ποδος, (ἀργός, πούς) *swift-footed or white-footed*.

ἀργμα, τό, (ἀρχω) only used in plur. ἀργματα = ἀπαρχαί, *the firstlings at a sacrifice*.

Ἀργολίζω, f. ἰω, *to take the part of Argos*. From Ἄργολις, ἶδος, ῥ, Argolis, a district in Peloponnesus. 2. as Adj. ὁ, ῥ, of Argolis, *Argolic*.

*Ἄργος, εος, τό, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

ἌΡΤΟ΄Σ, ῥ, ὄν, shining, bright, glistening; πόδας ἀργοί as epith. of dogs, *swift-footed*, because rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light.

ἀργός, ὄν, contr. from ἀεργός, (a privat., ἔργον) *not working*, esp. *not working the ground*: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy: c. gen. rei, *idle at a thing, free from it*, ἀργός πόνων: of land, *lying fallow*. II.

pass. *not done*, Lat. *infectus*: *unattempted*.

ἀργυρ-άγχη, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, ἄγχω) *silver-quinsy*, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed. ἀργυρ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ἀμείβω) *a money-changer*.

ἀργυρεῖον, τό, *a silver-mine*. Properly neut. from ἀργυρείος or ἀργυρείος, ον, = ἀργυρέος, ἀργυρεῖα μέταλλα *silver-mines*.

ἀργυρέος or ἀργυρέος, α, ον, contr. ἀργυροῦς, ἂ, οῦν, (ἀργυρος) *silver, of silver*.

ἀργυρ-ἡλάτος, ον, (ἀργυρος, ἑλαίνω) *wrought of silver*.

ἀργυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀργύριον.

ἀργύριον, τό, (ἀργύρος) *a piece of silver*: hence 'silver,' i. e. *money, cash*.

ἀργυρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) *a silver vessel*.

ἀργυρίτης [Ὶ], fem. ἀργυρίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) *of or belonging to silver*: as Subst. (sub. γῆ), *silver-ore*.

ἀργυρο-δίνης, ου, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, δίνη) *running in silver eddies, epith. of rivers*. [Ὶ]

ἀργυρο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, εἶδος) *like silver*.

ἀργυρ-ῆλος, ον, (ἀργυρος, ῆλος) *silver-studded*.

ἀργυρο-κόπος, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, κόπτω) *a worker in silver, silversmith*.

ἀργυρολογέω, (ἀργυρολόγος) *to levy money*: c. acc. *to lay a country under contribution*. Hence

ἀργυρολογία, ἡ, *a levying of money*.

ἀργυρο-λόγος, ον, (ἀργυρος, λέγω) *levying money*.

ἀργυρ-πέφα, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, πέζα) *silver-footed*: also ἀργυρ-πέφος, ον.

ἀργυρο-ποιός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ποίω) *a worker in silver*.

ἀργυρ-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, -ποῦν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (ἀργυρος, ποῦς) *with silver feet*.

ἀργυρο-ρύτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ῥέω) *silver-flowing*. [pῶ]

ἀργ-ῦρος, ὁ, (ἀργός, white) *like Lat. arg-entum, the white metal, i. e. silver, first in Homer*. 2. *silver-money, money*.

ἀργυρ-τόξος, ον, (ἀργυρος, τόξον) *with silver bow, epith. of Apollo*.

ἀργυρο-φειγής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, φέγγος) *silver-shining*.

ἀργυρῶ, f. ὤσω, (ἀργυρος) *to turn into silver*. 2. *to reward with silver*:—Pass. *to be so rewarded*.

ἀργυρ-ῶδης, εἰς, = ἀργυροειδής. 2. *rich in silver*.

ἀργυρῶμα, μαρος, τό, (ἀργυρῶ) *silver-plate*.

ἀργυρ-ῶνητος, ον, (ἀργυρος, ἀνέομαι) *bought with silver*.

ἀργύφεις, α, ον, (ἀργυρος) *silver-white*. [ῶ]

ἀργύφος, ον, = ἀργύφεις, epith. of sheep.

Ἀργώ, ὄος, contr. οῖς, ὁ, (ἀργός, swift) *the Argo or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis*.

ἀρδεύω, f. ὠω, = ἄρδω, *to water, Lat. irrigare*.

ἀρδην, Adv. contr. for ἀέρδην, (αἶψα) *lifted up, raised on high*. II. *utterly, Lat. penitus*.

ἈΡΔΙΣ, εὖς, ἡ, *the point of anything, an arrow-head*: *a sting*.

ἀρδμός, ὁ, *a watering*: *a watering-place*. From

ἌΡΔΩ, f. ἄρσω: aor. I ἤρσα:—*to water cattle, give them to drink*:—Pass. *to drink*. 2. of rivers, *to water land, Lat. irrigare*. II. *metaph. to refresh, foster*.

Ἀρέθουσα, ἡ, *name of several fountains, perhaps for Ἄρδουσα, waterer*: the most famous was at Syracuse. ἀρεΐά, Ion. ἀρεΐή, ἡ, (ἀρά) *cursing, threatening language*.

Ἄρειος, ον also α, ον, Ion. Ἀρήϊος, η, ον, (Ἄρης) *warlike, martial, Lat. Mavortius*: Comp. Ἀρειότερος, α, ον, = ἀρείων.

Ἄρειος πάγος, ὁ, *hill of Ares, Mars' Hill*, over against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: *capital crimes* came specially under its jurisdiction.

ἀρειότερος, α, ον, = ἀρείων.

Ἄρει-τολμος, ον, (Ἄρης, τόλμα) *full of martial boldness*.

Ἀρει-φάτος, Ep. Ἀρηΐφατος, ον, (Ἄρης, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) *slain by Ares, i. e. slain in war*. 2. *later generally* = Ἄρειος, martial.

ἀρείων, ὁ, ἡ, -ον, τό, gen. ονος, *better, stronger, braver*: it serves as Comp. of ἀγαθός. (On the deriv., see Ἄρης.)

ἄ-ρεκτος, ον, poet. for ἀρρεκτος, *undone*.

ἀρέσμαι, Ion. for ἀράσμαι.

ἀρέσαι, ἀρέσασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of ἀρέσσω.

ἀρεσάσθω, Ep. ἀρεσσάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of ἀρέσσω.

ἀρέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἶρω.

ἀρεσκεία, ἡ, (ἀρέσσω) *a desire to please, complaisance*: in bad sense, *obsequiousness, flattery*.

ἀρεσκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρέσσω, agreeably.

ἀρεσκος, η, ον, *desirous to please, complaisant*: in bad sense, *obsequious, flattering*. From

ἀρέσσω, fut. ἀρέσω: aor. I ἤρεσα, inf. ἀρέσαι: pf. ἤρεκα:—Med., fut. ἀρέσομαι Ep. ἀρέσσομαι: aor. I ἤρεσάμην, Ep. part. ἀρεσσάμενος:—Pass., aor. I ἤρεσθην: (*ἄρω, ἄρω):—*to make good, make it up*.

ταῦτα δ' ἀρεσσόμεθα this will we make up among ourselves; ἅψ ἀρέσαι *to make amends*: c. acc. pers. *to conciliate, propitiate*, αὐτὸν ἀρεσσάσθω ἐπέεσσιν c. gen. rei, ἀρέσαντο φρένας αἵματος they sated their heart with blood:—Pass. *to be contented, acquiesce*. II. c. dat. pers. *to be pleasing to, gratify, please, flatter*, ταῦτα ἀρέσκει μοι: ἀρέσκει τρόποις τινὶς *to conform to his ways*:—impers., ἤρεσσιν σφί ταῦτα ποιεῖν *it pleased them to do so*.

ἀρεστός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of ἀρέσσω, *pleasing, grateful*: acceptable, approved. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀρετῶν, f. ἡσω, (ἀρετή) *to be fit or proper, to thrive, prosper*.

ἀρετή, ἡ, *goodness, excellence, of any kind*; but in Homer, like Lat. *virtus* (from vir), *manhood, prowess, valour*: also *manly beauty, dignity, etc.* 2. in Prose of the virtues of land, fountains, etc. 3. *excellence*.

art or workmanship, skill.

II. in moral sense, goodness, virtue:—also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see Ἄρης.)

ἀρή, ἡ, Ion. and Hom. for ἀρά.

ἄραια, Ep. for ἄρη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἶρω.

ἀρηγοσύνη, ἡ, = ἀρηξίς.

ἌΡΗΤΩ, f. ξω, to help, aid, succour in war, c. at.

2. absol. to be of use, be fit; σιγᾶν ἀρήγει it is meet to be silent.

II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, prevent, ἀρήγειν ἄλωσιν: also, ἀρήγειν τινί τι to ward off from one, to avert the capture, as φόνον τέκνοισι ρήγειν. (Same Root as ἀρκέω, Lat. arceo.)

ἀρηγών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, a helper, aid.

Ἄρηι-θοός, ον, (Ἄρης, θοός) swift as Ares, swift in war.

Ἄρηι-κτάμενος, η, ον, (Ἄρης, κτείνω) slain by Ares or in war.

Ἄρηίος, η, ον, Ion. for Ἄρειος.

Ἄρηι-φάτος, ον, Ion. for Ἀρεί-φατος.

Ἄρηι-φίλος, ὁ, ἡ, also η, ον, (Ἄρης, φίλος) dear to Ares.

ἀρήμεναι, an Ion. infin., prob. for ἀρᾶν, to pray, an ct. form of ἀράσμαι (from ἀράμαι).

ἀρήμενος, η, ον, distressed, harassed, = βεβλαμμένος. (Origin uncertain.)

ἀρηξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour.

II. c. rei, help against a thing, means of averting it.

ἄρηρα, pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω: plur. ἀρήρειν.

ἀρρημένους, pf. pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀρήροκα, ἀρήρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀρώ.

ἀρρηρομένους, pf. part. pass. of ἀρώ.

ἌΡΗΣ, ὁ: gen. Ἄρες or Ἄρεως (never Ἄρους):

contr. Ἀρεῖ, Att. contr. Ἀρεῖ, poet. Ἀρη: acc. Ἀρη, also Ἄρην and Ἀρεα: voc. Ἄρες: Ion. and Ep. declension Ἄρηος, ἡ, ἡα.

Ares, Lat. Mars, son of Jupiter and Juno, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to ἄρην, ἄρσιν, as the Lat. Mars to mas. From the same Root come ἀρετή, ἀρι-, ἀρείων, ἀριστος, the first notion of goodness being that of manhood, bravery in war: cf. Lat. virtus.)

ἀρήτηρ, ἥρος, ὁ: fem. ἀρήτειρα, (ἀράσμαι) properly one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [ā]

ἀρήτός, Ion. for ἀρατός.

ἀρθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of αἶρω.

ἄρθεν, Aeol. for ἥρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αἶρω.

ἀρθμῶ, f. ἥσω, (ἀρθμός) to be joined together.

ἄρθμιος, α, ον, joined, united: at peace with another:—as Subst. ἀρθμια, ον, τὰ, peaceful relations, concord.

ἀρθμῶς, ὁ, (ἀραρίσκω) a bond, league: friendship.

ἄρθρον, τό, (ἀραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plur. the limbs; often joined with some other word, as ἄρθρα ποδοῖν the ankles; ἄρθρα τῶν οὐλῶν the eyes; ἄρθρα στόματος the mouth. Hence

ἄρθρώ, f. ὤσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, utter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.

ἄρθρ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἄρθρον, εἶδος) well-jointed.

ἌΡΙ—, insep. Prefix, like ἐρι-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with ἄρης, ἀρείων, ἀριστος.

ἀρι-γνώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἀρίγνωτος.

ἀρι-γνώτος, η, ον, also ος, ον, easy to be known, well-known: in bad sense, notorious, infamous.

ἀρι-δακρὺς, υ, gen. vos, (ἀρι-, δάκρυ) much weeping, very tearful.

ἀρι-δᾶλος, Dor. for ἀρίδηλος.

ἀρι-δείκετος, ον, (ἀρι-, δείκνυμι) much shewn: hence famous: Homer also uses it as a Sup., ἀριδείκετος ἀνδρῶν most renowned of men.

ἀρι-δῆλος, ον, very clear or conspicuous, far-seen, of mountains: manifest, much known.

ἀρι-ξῆλος, ον, also η, ον, Ep. form of ἀρίδηλος, very conspicuous or manifest. Adv. -λως.

ἀρι-ξήλως, ον, very enviable.

ἀριθματός, ον, Dor. for ἀριθμητός.

ἀριθμεῖντι, Dor. for ἀριθμοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμέω, f. ἥσω, (ἀριθμός) to number, count, reckon up: to count out. 2. to reckon, count.

ἀριθμηθήμεναι, Ep. for ἀριθμηθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμημα, ατος, τό, (ἀριθμέω) a number.

ἀριθμησις, εως, ἡ, a counting or reckoning up.

ἀριθμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for numbering or reckoning, skilled therein: ἡ-κή (sc. τέχνη), arithmetic. Adv. -κῶς, arithmetically.

ἀριθμητός, ἡ, ὄν, easily numbered, few in number: οὐκ ἀριθμητός not counted, held of no account, Lat. nullo in numero habitus.

ἀριθμός, ὁ, number, a number, Lat. numerus. 2. amount, size, etc.; πολλὸς ἀριθμός χρόνον.

3. number, as a mark of worth, rank, etc.; μετ' ἀνδρῶν ἵεσθαι ἀριθμῷ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμῷ εἶναι, like Lat. nullo esse in numero, to be in no account.

4. mere number, quantity, opp. to quality or worth; λόγων ἀριθμός a mere set of words; so of men, οὐκ ἀριθμός ἄλλως not a mere lot, like Horace's nos numerus sumus.

II. a numbering, counting; ἀριθμὸν ποιεῖσθαι τῆς στρατῆς to hold a muster of the army.

2. numeration.

ἀ-ρίν, = ἄρις.

Ἄριος, α, ον, old word for Μηδικός, Median.

ἀρι-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, πρέπω) very stately or showy, very splendid.

ἀ-ρίς, = ἄρις.

ἀρι-σημος, ον, (ἀρι-, σῆμα) very remarkable: very plain or manifest.

ἀρίστ-αθλος, ον, (ἀριστος, ἄθλον) victorious in the contest.

ἀρίστ-αρχος, ον, (ἀριστος, ἀρχός) best-ruling.

ἀρι-στάφυλος, ον, (ἀρι-, στάφυλη) rich in grapes.

ἀριστάω, f. ἥσω: pf. ἡρίστηκα, syncop. I pl. ἡρίσταμεν, syncop. inf. ἡρίσταναι: (ἀριστον):—to take the morning meal, Lat. prandere: generally, to take any meal, cf. ἀριστον.

ἀριστεία, ἡ, (ἀριστεύω) the feats of the hero that

won the meed of valour (τὰ ἀριστεία), any great, heroic action. Single books of the Iliad were so called, in which the deeds of some one hero are described, e.g. Book 5 is Διομήδους ἀριστεία.

ἀριστεία, τά, always in plur., (ἀριστεύω) the prize of the bravest, meed of valour.

ἀριστερός, ὁ, ὡν, left, on the left; ἐπ' ἀριστερά towards the left; ἐξ ἀριστερῶν on the left. 2. ἡ ἀριστερά (with or without χεῖρ), the left hand. 3. metaph. boding ill, ominous, because to a Greek augur, looking northward, the unlucky signs came from the left. 4. of men, left-handed, clumsy, like French *gauche*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀριστεύς, ἑὺς, ὁ, (ἀριστος) the best man: in Homer mostly in plur. ἀριστῆες, Lat. *optimates*, the noblest chiefs, princes.

ἀριστεύω: 3 sing. Ion. impf. ἀριστεύεσκε: f. εὖσω: (ἀριστος):—to be the best or bravest; Τρώων ἀριστεύεσκε he was the best of the Trojans; ἀριστεύειν τι to be best in a thing; c. inf., ἀριστεύεσκε μάχεσθαι he was best at fighting.

ἀριστηῖον, Ion. for ἀριστεῖον.

ἀριστίξω, f. ἴσω, (ἀριστον) to give one breakfast:—Med. to breakfast.

ἀριστίνδην, Adv. (ἀριστος) according to rank or merit.

ἀριστοκρατία, ἡ, (ἀριστος, κρατεῖν) the rule of the best-born or nobles, an aristocracy. Hence

ἀριστοκρατικός, ὁ, ὡν, aristocratical.

ἀριστόμαντις, ἑὺς, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, μάντις) best of prophets.

ἀριστομάχος, ὡν, (ἀριστος, μάχη) fighting best.

ἌΡΙΣΤΟΝ, τό, a morning meal, breakfast, taken at sunrise: later, the midday meal, the Roman *prandium*.

ἀριστόνοος, ὡν, (ἀριστος, νόος) of the best disposition.

ἀριστοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀριστον, ποιέω) to prepare breakfast; τὰ ἀριστοποιούμενα things prepared for breakfast:—Med. to get one's breakfast.

ἀριστος, ὡν, best in its kind, used as Sup. to ἀγαθός: of persons, best, i.e. bravest or noblest: c. inf., ἀριστοι μάχεσθαι best to fight; ἀριστος ἀπατάσθαι best, easiest to cheat:—In Att. best, i.e. most excellent: neut. pl. ἀρίστα as Adv., best, most excellently: contr. with article, ἄριστος Hom., ἀριστος, Att., ἄριστος Dor. (On deriv., see Ἄρης.)

ἀριστοτόκεια, ἡ, poet. fem. of

ἀριστοτόκος, ὡν, (ἀριστος, τεκεῖν) bearing the best children.

ἀριστόχειρ, εἶπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, χεῖρ) with the best hand; ἀγὼν ἀριστόχειρ a contest won by the stoutest band.

ἀριστῶδιν, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, ὠδὶς) bearing the best children.

ἀρι-σφάλης, ἑς, (ἀρι-, σφᾶλεῖν) very slippery or treacherous.

ἀρι-φράδης, ἑς, (ἀρι-, φράζομαι) easily known, very

manifest: clearly visible. Adv. ἀριφραδέως, very plainly.

ἄρκιος, α, ὡν, = ἄρκειος, of a bear.

ἀρκεόντως, Att. contr. ἀρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἄρκειω, enough; ἀρκούντως ἔχει it is enough.

ἀρκεις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀρκέω) help, aid, service.

ἄρκετός, ὁ, ὡν, (ἀρκέω) sufficient. Adv. -τῶς.

ἀρκεῖν, Ion. for ἀρκούν, pres. part. neut. of ἄρκεω, f. ἴσω: aor. 1 ἤρκεσα:—pf. pass. ἤρκεσμαι:—Lat. ARCEO, to ward off, keep off: c. dat. only, to assist, aid. II. to be of use, avail, be strong enough, mostly c. inf.: also c. dat. to suffice, satisfy: absol. to be enough, be strong enough. 2. impers., ἄρκεῖ μοι it is enough for me, I am well content; ἀρκεῖν δοκεῖ it seems enough, seems good. III. Pass. to be satisfied, contented with a thing. (The Root is the same as that of ἀρήγω.)

ἄρκιος, α, ὡν, also os, ὡν, safe, sure; νῦν ἄρκιον ἡ ἀπολέσθαι ἡ ἐ σωθῆναι now it is safe that we perish or be saved; ἄρκιος μισθός a sure reward. II. enough, sufficient.

ἀρκούντως, contr. for ἀρκεόντως.

ἄρκειος, α, ὡν, (ἄρκτος) of a bear.

ἄρκεόν, verb. Adj. of ἀρχομαι, one must begin. II. (from ἀρχω) one must govern. 2. in pass. sense, one must be ruled, i. e. one must obey.

ἌΡΚΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a bear. 2. Ἄρκτος, ἡ, the great bear or Charles' wain, elsewhere ἄμαξα: hence the north pole, or generally, the North.

Ἄρκτ-οὔρος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, οὔρος) Arcturus or Bear-guard, a bright star close behind the Bear, also called Boötes. II. the time of his rising, the middle of September.

Ἄρκτο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (ἄρκτος, φύλαξ) = Ἄρκτοῦρος, Arctophylax, the bear-keeper.

ἌΡΚΤΥΣ, Att. ἄρκυς, vos, ἡ, a net, hunter's net, Lat. cassis; ἄρκυες ξίφους the toils, i. e. perils, of the sword.

ἄρκυ-στάσις, ἡ, or

ἄρκυ-στάσιον, τό, (ἄρκυς, ἵσσημι) a line of nets.

ἄρκυ-στάσιος, ὡν, or os, ὡν, (ἄρκυς, ἵσσημι) surrounded with nets; ἀρκυστάτη πημονή death amid the toils: ἀρκύστατον, τό, a net or place beset with nets.

ἄρκυ-ὠρός, ὁ, (ἄρκυς, οὔρος) a watcher of nets.

ἄρμα, ατος, τό, (same Root as ἀρμός, ἀρμόζω) a chariot, war-chariot, car. 2. chariot and horses, the yoked chariot: also the horses.

ἄρμαλία, ἡ, (ἀρμόζω) sustenance allotted, food.

ἄρμ-άμαξα, ης, ἡ, (ἄρμα, ἄμαξα) an eastern carriage with a cover, esp. for women and children.

ἄρμάτειος, α, ὡν, (ἄρμα) of or belonging to a chariot: esp. of music, whether of a mournful or martial cast.

ἄρματεύω, f. σω, (ἄρμα) to drive a chariot, go therein.

ἄρματῆλας, ἡ, chariot-driving. From

ἄρματῆλας, f. ἴσω, to drive a chariot. From

ἄρματ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἄρμα, ἑλαίνω) a driver of chariots, charioteer.

ἀρματό-κτύπος, *ον*, (ἄρμα, κτυπέω) *rattling with chariots*.

ἀρματο-πηγός, *όν*, (ἄρμα, πήγνυμι) *making chariots; arma-topiegós, ó*, a wheelwright, chariot-maker.

ἀρματο-τροφέω, *ή, ήσω*, (ἄρμα, τρέφω) *to keep chariot horses, esp. for racing*. Hence

ἀρματοτροφία, *ή*, a keeping of chariot horses.

ἀρματο-τροχιά, *Ion. -τή, ή*, (ἄρμα, τροχός) *the course of a chariot, wheel-track*.

ἀρματωλία, *ή*, = ἀρματηλασία.

ἄρμενα, *τά*, the tackle or rigging of a ship; any tools or implements, like ὅπλα. (From same Root as ἄρμος, ἀρόζω.)

ἄρμενος, *η, ον*, *Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω*.

ἀρμόδιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (ἀρμόζω) *fitting together; hence well-fitting, agreeable*.

ἀρμόζω, *Att. ἀρμόττω, Dor. ἀρμόσσω*: *f. ἀρμόσω*: *aor. I ἤρμωσα*: *pf. ἤρμωκα*:—*Pass., aor. I ἤρμωσθην*: *pf. ἤρμωσμαι*: (ἀρμός, ἄρω):—*to fit together, join, esp. of joiner's work*:—*Med. to join for oneself, put together*: *to prepare, make ready*. 2. of marriage, *to give in marriage*:—*Med. to marry, take to wife*:—*Pass. to be married to*. 3. *to bind fast*. 4.

to set in order, arrange, govern. II. *intrans. to fit, fit well*: *to be adapted, fit for*. III. *impers., ἀρμόζει it is fitting*, *Lat. decet, c. inf.*; *σιγάει ἂν ἀρμόζοι*. ἄρμοϊ, *Adv.*:—*ἀρτι, just, newly, lately*. (Properly an old *dat. of ἀρμός*.)

ἄρμο-λογέω, *ή, ήσω*, (ἀρμός, λέγω) *to join together*. II. ἄρμονία, *ή*, (ἀρμόζω) *a fitting together*: *a joint*. II.

union between persons, covenant. III. *an ordinance, decree; hence fate*. IV. *as a term in music, harmony, concord*. 2. in *Rhet. the intonation of the voice*. 3. generally, *harmony, agreement, etc.*; *δυστροπος γυναικῶν ἀρμονία* woman's perverse temper.

ἀρμονικός, *ή, όν*, (ἀρμόζω) *skilled in music*: *τὰ ἀρμονικά* the theory of music.

ἄρμός, *ό*, (ἀ for ἄρμα, ἄρω) *a joining, a joint*; ἄρμός χώματος *λιθοσπαθής* a joint or opening in the tomb made by tearing away the stones.

ἀρμόσσω, *Dor. for ἀρμόζω*.

ἄρμωσμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀρμόζω) *joined work*.

ἄρμωστήρ, *ήρος, ό*, = *sq.*: *poët., also ἀρμώστωρ, a commander*.

ἄρμωστής, *οὔ, ό*, (ἀρμόζω) *one who arranges or governs, a governor*: *esp. a barmost, the governor of the Greek islands and towns in Asia Minor sent out by the Lacedaemonians during their supremacy*: also *the governor of a dependent colony*.

ἀρμώττω, *Att. for ἀρμόζω, q. v.*

ἄρνα, *acc. with no nom.* in use, dual ἄρνε, plur. ἄρνες, etc.; *v. sub ἀρνός*.

ἀρνάκτις, *ίδος, ή*, (ἀρνός) *a sheep's skin*.

ἀρναεός, *α, ον*, (ἀρνός) *a lamb or sheep*; ἀρνεῖος φόνος *slaughtered sheep*.

ἀρνεῖός, *ό*, (ἀρνός) *a young ram*: but as *Adj., ἀρνεῖός* *ὥς* a male sheep.

ἀρνεο-θιόνης, *ον, ό*, (ἀρνός, θιόνάω) *feasting on sheep*.

'ΑΡΝΕΨΟΜΑΙ, *fut. ήσεται*: *aor. I pass. ήρνήθην*, but also *aor. med. I ήρνήσάμην*: *Dep.*:—*opp. to εἰπεῖν, to deny*: *opp. to δοῦναι, to refuse*: *absol. to say no, decline*: *c. inf. to refuse to do*.

ἀρνευτήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (ἀρνεῖω) *a tumbler*: also *a diver*. ἀρνεῖω, *ή, ήσω*, (ἀρνός) *to frisk like a lamb, tumble*.

ἀρνήσιμος, *η, ον*, (ἀρνεομαι) *to be denied*.

ἀρνήσις, *εως, ή*, (ἀρνεομαι) *denial*.

ἀρνίον, *τό*, *Dim. of ἀρνός, a young lamb, lambkin*.

'ΑΡΝΟΨ, *τοῦ, τής, gen. of an obsol. nom. *ἀρς*, the *nom.* in use being ἀρνός: *dat. ἀρνί, acc. ἄρνα*; *du. ἄρνε*; *pl. ἄρνες, gen. ἀρνών*, *dat. ἄρνασι* (*Ep. ἀρνεσσι*), *acc. ἄρνας*:—*a lamb, Lat. agnus, agna*: also *a sheep*.

ἀρνύμαι, *defect. Dep.*, used only in *pres. and impf.*, lengthd. form of αἶρμαι, *to receive for oneself, gain, earn, carry off as a prize*.

ἀρξέυμαι, *Dor. for ἀρξομαι, fut. of ἄρχομαι*.

ἀρόμη, *Ep. aor. 2 med. of αἶρω*.

ἄρον, *άτω, aor. I imperat. of αἶρω*.

ἀρόσιμος, *ον*, (ἀρόω) *arable, fruitful*: *metaph. fit for engendering children*.

ἀροσις, *εως, ή*, (ἀρόω) *a ploughing, tillage*. II. *arable land, corn-land, Lat. arum*.

ἀροτήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (ἀρόω) *a ploughman, busbandman*; βούς ἀροτήρ *a steer for ploughing*. II. *metaph. a father*.

ἀρότης, *ον, ό*, = ἀροτήρ, *a ploughman*; Πιερίδων ἀρόται *labourers of the Muses, i. e. poets*.

ἀροτος, *ό*, (ἀρόω) *tillage, ploughing, busbandry*; *ζήν* *ἀπ' ἀρότου* *to live by busbandry*. 2. *the crop, fruit of the field*: also *a field*. II. *the season of tillage, seed-time*.

ἀροτραῖος, *α, ον*, (ἀροτρον) *of corn-land*.

ἀροτρεῦς, *έως, ό*, = ἀροτήρ. Hence ἀροτρεῦω, *ή, ήσω*, = ἀρόω, *to plough*.

ἀροτρητής, *οὔ, ό*, *of or for the plough*.

ἀροτριάω, *ή, ήσω* [ᾱ], = ἀρόω, *to plough*.

ἀροτρο-διάυλος, *ό*, (ἀροτρον, διάυλος) *one who ploughs to and fro, like a runner in the διάυλος*.

ἀροτρον, *τό*, (ἀρόω) *a plough, Lat. aratrum*.

ἀροτρο-πόνος, *ον*, (ἀροτρον, πόνος) *labouring at the plough*.

ἀροτρο-φορέω, *ή, ήσω*, (ἀροτρον, φέρω) *to draw the plough*.

ἀρούμαι [ᾱ], *fut. med. of αἰρέω*: but ἀρούμαι [ᾱ] *of αἶρω*.

ἄρουρα, *ή*, (ἀρόω) *tilled or arable land, seed-land, corn-land, Lat. arum*: also generally, *soil, land*; πατρίς ἄρουρα *father-land*:—*metaph. of a woman as giving birth to children*. Hence

ἀρουραῖος, *α, ον*, *belonging to corn-land, rustic*; μῦς ἀρουραῖος *a field-mouse*.

ἀρούριον, *τό*, *Dim. of ἄρουρα*.

ἀρουρό-πονός, *ον*, (ἄρουρα, πόνος) *working in the field*.

'ΑΡΟΨ, *ή, ήσω*, *poët. ήσσω*: *aor. I ήρωσα*: *pf.*

ἀρήροκα :—Pass., aor. I ἡρόθην : pf. ἀρήρομαι :—to plough, till, Lat. arare. II. to sow, ἀρουν εἰς κήπους.

2. metaph. of the husband, to beget : Pass. of the child, to be begotten.

ἀρώσι, Ep. for ἀρούσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἀρώ.

ἀράγη, ἡ, (ἀράζω) seizure, robbery, rape. II. the thing seized, booty, plunder.

ἀράγη, ἡ, (ἀράζω) a book for drawing up a bucket. 2. a rake, Lat. harpago.

ἄραγμα, ματος, τό, (ἀράζω) that which is seized, booty, plunder.

ἄραγμός, ὁ, (ἀράζω) robbery. 2. anything that is seized, plunder.

ἈΡΠΑΖΩ, fut. ἀράζω, Att. ἀράσω or ἀράσσομαι : aor. I ἤραπα, Att. ἤρασα : pf. ἤρακα :—Pass., aor. I ἤραπην or ἤρασθην : aor. 2 ἤραγην [ᾶ] : pf. ἤραγμα or ἤρασμαι :—to ravish away, to carry off ; in part., ἀράσας φέρειν, Lat. raptim ferre. 2. to grasp hastily, snatch up : also to grasp with the mind, apprehend. 3. to seize and overpower. II. to plunder. Hence

ἀρπακτήρ, ὁ, a robber.—Fem. ἀρπακτεῖρα.

ἀρπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀράζω) seized in haste.

ἀρπαλέος, α, ὄν, and ὅς, ὄν, (ἀράζω) grasping, greedy : also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -έως, eagerly. Hence

ἀρπαλίζω, f. ἴσω, to catch at, seize upon, receive.

ἄραξ, αγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀράζω) robbing, rapacious, Lat. rapax. II. as Subst. ἀραξ, ὁ, a robber, plunderer.

2. ἀραξ, ἡ, robbery, rapine.

ἀρπεδόνη, ἡ, (ἀράζω) a rope, cord, for snaring game : the twist or thread of which cloth is made : also a bow-string.

ἄρπη, ἡ, (ἀράζω) a bird of prey, a kind of falcon. II. a sickle : a scimitar.

ἄρπυιαι, αἱ, (ἀράζω) the snatchers, i. e. whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table.

ἈΡΡΑΒΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, earnest-money, caution-money : a pledge, earnest, Lat. arrābo, arrba.

ἄρ-ράφος, ὄν, (a privat., ραφήναι) unsewed, without seam or suture.

ἄρ-ρεκτος, poet. ἀ-ρεκτος, ὄν, (a privat., ρέζω) undone : unfinished.

ἄρρενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄρην) masculine, male.

ἄρρενό-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄρην, παῖς) of male children. 2. with a boy.

ἄρρέν-ωπος, ὄν, (ἄρην, ὤψ) masculine-looking, masculine.

ἄρ-ρηκτος, ὄν, (a privat., ρήγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded : metaph. untiring. Adv. -τως.

ἈΡΡΗΝ, ὁ, ἡ, ἄρρεν, τό, gen. ενος : old Att. ἄρ-σιν : Ion. ἔρσιν :—male, opp. to θήλυς : hence masculine, manly, strong : as Subst. ἄρρην, ὁ, the male.

ἄρρηνης, ἐς, (ἄρην) fierce, savage.

ἄρ-ρητος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., ρηθῆναι) unsaid, Lat. indictus : not divulged, untaught. II. not to be told, secret, mysterious ; διδασκὰ τ' ἄρρητά τ' things

that may be published and must not be told. 2. that cannot be told, horrible, shocking, Lat. nefandus ; ἄρρητ' ἄρρητων things most horrible. 3. shameful to be spoken ; ρητὰ καὶ ἄρρητα, Lat. dicenda tacenda.

ἄρρηφορέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄρρηφόρος) to carry the peplos of Pallas. Hence

ἄρρηφορία, ἡ, the procession with the peplos in honour of Pallas.

Ἀρρη-φόροι, αἱ, (ἄρρητα, φέρω) at Athens, two maidens who carried the peplos and other holy things (ἄρρητα) of Pallas in the Scirophoria.

ἄρ-ρίγητος, ὄν, (a privat., ρίγέω) not shivering from cold or fear.

ἄρ-ρίζος, ὄν, (a privat., ρίζα) not rooted.

ἄρ-ρῆς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ρῆς) without nose, without smell.

ἈΡΡΙΧΟΣ, ὁ, Att. ἡ, a basket. [Υ]

ἄρ-ρυθμος, ὄν, (a privat., ρυθμός) without rhythm or proportion : in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting. Adv. -μως, out of time.

ἄρ-ρυτιδωτος, ὄν, (a privat., ρυτίς) unwrinkled.

ἄρ-ρύξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ρύξ) without cleft, unbroken.

ἄρρωστέω, f. ἴσω, (ἄρρωστος) to be weak or sickly. Hence

ἄρρωσθημα, ματος, τό, a sickness.

ἄρρωστία, ἡ, (ἄρρωστέω) weakness, sickness, ill health ; ἄρρωστία τοῦ στρατεῦν inability to serve from ill health.

ἄρ-ρωστος, ὄν, (a privat., ρώννυμι) weak, sickly : hence languid, remiss.

ἄρσαι, ἄρσον, ἄρσαντες, and ἄρσάμενος, aor. I act. and med. of ἀρρῆσκω.

ἄρσε, Ep. for ἤρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀρρῆσκω.

ἄρρενικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἄρρενικός.

ἄρρενο-κοίτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἄρρην, κοίτη) one guilty of unnatural offences.

ἈΡΣΗΝ, εν, Ion. and Att. for later ἄρρην.

ἄρσιος, ὄν, (ἀρῶ) fitting, agreeing, friendly.

ἄρσι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, contr. for ἀρσιπίους (ἀρῶ, πούς) lifting the feet.

ἄρσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀρῶ) a raising or lifting. II. in prosody, the rise of the voice on the first syllable, arsis, ictus, opp. to θέσις the letting it sink.

ἄρσω, Ion. for ἀρῶ, fut. of ἀρρῆσκω.

ἀρτάβη, ἡ, a Persian measure, artaba, = 1 medimnus + 2 choenices.

ἀρτάμew, f. ἴσω, to cut in pieces, cut up. From

ἈΡΤΑ-ΜΟΣ, ὁ, a butcher, cook.

ἀρτάνη, [ᾶ], ἡ, (ἀρτῶ) that by which something is bung up, a rope, balter.

ἀρτῶ, Ion. ἀρτew : f. ἴσω : pf. ἤρτηκα :—Pass., aor. I ἤρτηκα : pf. ἤρτημαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἀρτέσται : (same Root as ἀρρῆσκω) :—to fasten to, bang one thing upon another :—Pass. to be bung upon, bang upon, εκ τινος : hence to depend upon, Lat. pendere ab aliquo. II. Pass. to be fitted, prepared, made ready.

ἀρτέαται, Ion. for ἡρτηνται or ἡρτημένοι εἰσί, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀρτᾶω.

ἀρτεμής, ἐς, (ἀρτιος) safe and sound. Hence ἀρτεμία, ἡ, safety, soundness.

*ΑΡΤΕΜΙΣ, gen. ἰδος, acc. ἡ or ἰδα, ἡ, Artemis, the Roman Diana, goddess of the chase, daughter of Zeus and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be slain by her ἀγανά βέλεα, as men by those of Apollo. Hence

*Αρτεμίσιον, τό, a temple of Artemis.

*Αρτεμίσιος, ὁ, a Spartan month, answering to part of Att. Elaphebolion.

ἀρτέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀρτᾶω) the foresail; or top-sail, *suprârum*.

ἀρτέω, Ion. for ἀρτᾶω.

ἀρτημα, τό, (ἀρτᾶω) that which hangs down, a hanging ornament, pendant.

ἀρτηρία, ἡ, (ἀείρω) the windpipe or trachea.

*ΑΡΤΙ, Adv. just, exactly: just now, even now: straightway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to πάλαι.

II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.

ἀρτιάξω, f. ἄσω, (ἀρτιος) to play at odd and even, Lat. *par impar ludere*. II. to count.

ἀρτιάκις, Adv. (ἀρτιος) an even number of times.

ἀρτι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, βρέχω) just steeped.

ἀρτί-γάμος, ον, (ἀρτι, γάμος) just married.

ἀρτι-γένειος, ον, (ἀρτι, γένειον) with the beard just growing.

ἀρτι-γέννητος, ον, new-born.

ἀρτι-γλύφης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, γλύφω) newly carved.

ἀρτί-γονος, ον, just born.

ἀρτι-δαής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, δαήναι) just taught.

ἀρτί-δακρυς, υ, (ἀρτι, δάκρυ) just weeping, ready to weep.

ἀρτί-δορος, ον, (ἀρτι, δέρω) just stript off.

ἀρτιέπεια, ἡ, peculi. fem. of

ἀρτι-επίης, ἐς, (ἀρτιος, ἔπος) ready of speech, glib.

ἀρτι-ζύγια, ἡ, (ἀρτι, ζυγός) a late union; ἀνδρῶν ἀρτιζυγία newly-married husbands.

ἀρτίξω, f. ἰσω, (ἀρτιος) to get ready, perform.

ἀρτι-θάλής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θάλειν) just blooming.

ἀρτι-θνήθης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θνέειν) just dead.

ἀρτι-κολλος, ον, (ἀρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clinging close to. II. metaph. fitting well together;

εἰς ἀρτίκολλον in the nick of time, opportunely.

ἀρτι-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτι, κομάω) just having got hair or leaves.

ἀρτι-λόγος, ον, (ἀρτι, λέγω) speaking readily.

ἀρτι-λόχευτος, ον, (ἀρτι, λοχεύω) just born.

ἀρτι-μαθής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, μαθεῖν) having just learnt.

ἀρτίος, α, ον, (ἀρarisκω, ἀρτι) complete, perfect of its kind, exactly fitted; ἀρτία βάζειν to speak to the purpose; ἀρτία ἦδη thought things fitting or agreeable. 2. active, quick, ready, c. inf. II. of numbers, even, opp. to περισσός, odd.

ἀρτι-πάγης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, πάγηναι aor. 2 pass. of πήγ-

νυμι) just put together, just made:—of cheese, just coagulated, Lat. *recens coactus*.

ἀρτί-πλουτος, ον, newly gotten, epith. of money.

ἀρτί-πους, Ep. for ἀρτί-πους.

ἀρτί-πονος, ὁ, ἡ, πονυ, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀρτιος, ποῦς) sound or swift of foot, opp. to χαλός. II. coming just in time.

ἀρτίσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀρτίξω) a preparing, adorning.

ἀρτί-σκαπτος, ον, (ἀρτι, σκάπτω) just dug.

ἀρτί-στομος, ον, (ἀρτι, στόμα) speaking readily.

ἀρτί-τοκος, ον, (ἀρτι, τεκεῖν) just born. 2. paroxyt. ἀρτιτόκος, ον, act. having just given birth.

ἀρτι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, φανῆναι) just become visible.

ἀρτι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀρτιος, φρήν) sound of mind, intelligent.

ἀρτι-φύης, ἐς, and ἀρτίφυτος, ον, (ἀρτι, φύω) just born, just made.

ἀρτι-χάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, χανεῖν) just yawning or opening.

ἀρτί-χνους, ονν, (ἀρτι, χνός contr. χνούς) with the down just growing.

ἀρτί-χριστος, ον, (ἀρτι, χρίω) just smeared over, ready spread.

ἀρτίως, Adv. of ἀρτιος, like ἀρτι, just, exactly.

ἀρτο-κόπος, ον, (ἀρτος, κόπτω) working at bread, baking bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-λάγυνος, ον, (ἀρτος, λάγυνος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet.

ἀρτο-ποιός, ον, (ἀρτος, ποιέω) making bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, πωλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence

ἀρτοπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.

ἀρτο-πῶλις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἀρτοπώλης, a bread-woman.

*ΑΡΤΟΣ, ὁ, a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μάζα: when it means bread it is commonly in plur.

ἀρτο-σιτέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀρτος, σιτέομαι) to eat wheaten bread, opp. to ἀλφισσιτέω to eat barley-bread.

ἀρτοφάγέω, to eat bread. From

ἀρτο-φάγος, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, φαγεῖν) bread-eater.

ἀρτύμα, τό, (ἀρτύναι) seasoning, spice.

ἀρτίνας, ὁ, (ἀρτύναι) a magistrate at Argos and Epidaurus, like ἀρμοστής.

ἀρτύνω [v], fut. ἀρτύνῶ, Ep. ἀρτύνέω: aor. I ἡρτῦνα: aor. I pass. ἡρτύνθην:—also ἀρτύνω: fut. ἀρτύσω [v]: aor. I ἡρτύσα: pf. ἡρτύκα, pass. ἡρτύμαι: (same Root as ἀρarisκω.) To arrange, manage, contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δόλον ἀρτύνειν, Lat. *insidias struere*, to contrive a trick: generally, to prepare, make ready:—Med. to prepare, make ready.

ἀρύβαλλος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a pail for drawing water, bucket, larger than the ἀρύταινα.

ἀρυσάμενός, aor. I med. part. of ἀρύω.

ἀρύσσω, Ion. for ἀρύω.

ἀρύστηρ, ἦρος, ὅ, = ἀρυτήρ.

ἀρύστηχος, ὅ, Dim. of ἀρυτήρ, a small ladle.

ἀρύταινα, ἡς, ἡ, = ἀρυτήρ, a ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλος.

ἀρύτηρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, ladle, cup.

ἀρυτήσιμος, ον, (ἀρύω) fit to drink.

ἌΡΥΤ'Ω, Att. ἀρύτω [ῥ]: f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. 1 ἤρῃσα: —Pass., aor. 1 ἤρυσθην [ῥ] or ἤρύσθην: cf. ἀνύω, ἀνύτω. Lat. HAUR-IRE, to draw water for another: Med. to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἀρύτεσθαι Νείλου ὑδάτων to draw from the waters of the Nile:—metaph. to win, gain.

ἀρχ-ἄγγελος, ὁ, (ἀρχός, ἄγγελος) an archangel.

ἀρχαῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος) old-fashioned, antiquated.

ἀρχαῖο-γονος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, γονή) of ancient race.

ἀρχαιολογέω, f. ἥσω, to discuss antiquities or things out of date. From

ἀρχαιο-λόγος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, λέγω) one who writes ancient history.

ἀρχαιο-μελῆ-σιδωνο-φρονίχ-ἡράτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, μέλος, Σιδώνιος, Φρόνιχος, ἡρατός) μέλη ἀρχ. dear old songs from Phrynicus' Phoenissae.

ἀρχαῖον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of ἀρχαῖος, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.

ἀρχαῖο-πλοῦτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, πλοῦτος) rich from olden time.

ἀρχαιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρχαῖος, πρέπω) distinguished of old, time-honoured.

ἀρχαῖος, α, ον, (ἀρχή 1) from the beginning, ancient: in good sense, time-honoured; but in bad sense, like ἀρχαῖκος, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly. 2. ancient, former.

ἀρχαῖο-τροπος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, τρόπος) old-fashioned.

ἀρχ-αιρεσία, ἡ, (ἀρχή, αἵρεσις) an election of magistrates, Lat. Comitia. Hence

ἀρχαιρεσιάζω, f. σω, to bold the Comitia: also to canvass for election.

ἀρχαῖως, Adv. of ἀρχαῖος, anciently. 2. in antiquated style.

ἀρχε-, insepr. Prefix from ἀρχω, with idea of excellence or superiority.

ἀρχεῖον, Ion. ἀρχήϊον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj. ἀρχεῖος, α, ον: (ἀρχή):—a public building, such as a town-hall, senate-house, residence of the chief magistrates, Lat. Curia.

ἀρχέ-κακος, ον, (ἀρχε-, κακός) beginner of ill.

ἀρχέ-λαός, ον, Att. ἀρχέ-λεως, ον, (ἀρχε-, λαός) leading the people, a chief, contr. ἀρχέ-λαός.

ἀρχέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἀρχω.

ἀρχε-πλοῦτος, ον, (ἀρχε-, πλοῦτος) enjoying ancient wealth.

ἀρχέτας, ὁ, Dor. for ἀρχέτης, (ἀρχω) a leader, prince. II. as Adj., ἀρχέτας θρόνος a princely throne.

ἀρχέ-τυπον, τό, (ἀρχε-, τύπος) an archetype, pattern, model.

ἀρχεῖω, f. σω, (ἀρχω) to command, lead.

ἀρχέ-χορος, ον, (ἀρχε-, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἌΡΧΗ, ἡ, a beginning, first cause, origin; κατ' ἀρχάς in the beginning, at first; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the first; absol., ἀρχὴν at first; οὐκ ἀρχὴν not at first, i.e. never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non. 2.

a first principle, element. 3. in plur., = ἀπαρχαῖ, firstlings. 4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme

power, sovereignty, dominion, Διὸς ἀρχή; c. gen. rei, ἀρχὴ τῆς Ἀσίας power over Asia:—also an empire. 2. in Att. prose, a magistracy, office in the government: they were mostly obtained in two ways, χειροτονηταὶ by election, κληροταὶ by lot.

ἀρχη-γενής, ἐς, (ἀρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first beginning of a thing.

ἀρχηγετεύω, f. σω, to be a leader or ruler; and

ἀρχηγετέω, f. ἥσω, to make a beginning. From

ἀρχη-γέτης, ον, ὁ: fem. ἀρχηγέτις, ἰδος, but dat.

ἀρχηγέτι: Dor. ἀρχαγέτης: (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) a leader: the founder of a city or family. II. a

first leader, prince, chief.

ἀρχ-ηγός, Dor. ἀρχ-ἄγός, ὄν, (ἀρχή, ἡγέομαι) beginning, originating. II. as Subst. like ἀρχη-γέτης, a leader, founder, Lat. auctor; a first father. 2. a prince, chief.

ἀρχῆθεν, Adv. (ἀρχή) from the beginning.

ἀρχήϊον, τό, Ion. for ἀρχεῖον.

ἀρχῆν, Adv., v. ἀρχή 1.

ἌΡΧΙ-, insepr. Prefix from ἀρχω, like ἀρχε-.

ἀρχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀρχή, a little office.

ἀρχιερατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχιερεῖς) belonging to the Chief Priest.

ἀρχ-ιερεῖς, ἐως, ὁ: Ion. nom. ἀρχιερέως, εω; also ἀρχιερεῖς, whence acc. pl. ἀρχιεράς: (ἀρχω, ικεῖς) a chief priest, high priest.

ἀρχ-ιερωσύνη, ἡ, (ἀρχι-, ιερωσύνη) the chief priesthood.

ἀρχι-θάλασσοι, ον, (ἀρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling the sea.

ἀρχιθεωρέω, f. ἥσω, to be ἀρχιθέωρος. From ἀρχι-θέωρος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, θεωρός) the chief of a θεωρία or sacred embassy.

ἀρχί-κλωψ, ὅπως, ὁ, a chief of robbers.

ἀρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχή) royal. 2. fit for rule: skilled in government.

ἀρχι-κυβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, a chief pilot.

ἀρχι-μῦθος, ὁ, a chief comedian.

ἀρχι-οινόχοος, ὁ, a chief cupbearer.

ἀρχι-πειρατής, οὔ, ὁ, a chief of pirates.

ἀρχι-ποιμήν, gen. ενος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, ποιμήν) a chief shepherd.

ἀρχ-ιρεῖς, ὁ, Ion. for ἀρχιερεῖς.

ἀρχι-συναγωγος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, συναγωγή) the ruler of a synagogue.

ἀρχιτεκτονέω, f. ἥσω, to be a chief builder or architect: to construct, contrive, Lat. struere. From

ἀρχι-τέκτων, ενος, ὁ, a master-builder, director of

works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contributor.

ἄρχι-τελώνης, *ov, ὁ, a chief collector of taxes, chief publican.*

ἀρχι-τρίκλινος, *ὁ, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed about three sides of the table.*

ἄρχος, *ὁ, a leader, chief, commander.* From *APXΩ, *f. ἀρῶ: aor. I ἤρξα: pf. ἤρξα:—more commonly in Med. ἀρχομαι: fut. ἄρξομαι: aor. I ἤρξαμην: pf. ἤρξαμην:—Pass., fut. ἀρχήσομαι: aor. I ἤρχην.*

I. of Time, *to begin: c. gen. to make a beginning of a thing, ἀρχειν πολέμοιο: with inf. or part., ἀρχεσθαι οικοδομεῖν to begin to build; ἡ ψυχὴ ἀρχεται ἀπολείπουσα the soul begins to sink.* 2. *to begin from or with; ἀρχεσθαι Διὸς to begin from Jove, Lat. a Jove principium.* 3. *c. gen. rei et dat. pers., ἀρχειν θεοῖς δαυτός to make preparations for a banquet to the gods:—Med. also in a religious sense, like ἀπάρχεσθαι, ἀρχεσθαι μελέων to begin a sacrifice with the limbs.* 4. *c. acc., ἀρχειν ὁδὸν τινι to shew him the way:—imperat., ἀρχε begin!—part. ἀρχόμενος, at first.* II. of Place and Station, *mostly c. gen. to rule, be leader of:—more rarely c. dat., ἀνδράσι ἀρχειν:—c. acc. cognato, ἀρχειν ἀρχῇν to hold an office.* 2. *Pass. to be ruled or governed: οἱ ἀρχόμενοι subjects.*

ἀρχων, *οντος, ὁ, (properly part. of ἀρχω) a ruler, king, chief.* 2. *οἱ Ἀρχοντες, the chief magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically ὁ Ἀρχων or Ἀρχων ἐπώνυμος, the second ὁ Βασιλεὺς, the third ὁ Πολέμαρχος, the remaining six οἱ Θεσμοθέται.*

*APΩ, a form assumed as the Root of ἀπαρίσκω. ἀρῶ [ā], *fut. of ἀείρω: but ἀρῶ [ā], of αἶρω.*

ἀρωγή, *ἡ, (ἀρήγω) help, succour, protection; ὁρωγὴ νόσον help against disease.*

ἀρωγο-ναύτης, *ον, ὁ, (ὁρωγός, ναύτης) helper of sailors.*

ἀρωγός, *όν, (ἀρήγω) helping, aiding, propitious; c. gen. useful in a thing.* II. as Subst. ἀρωγός, *ὁ, a helper, defender, an advocate before a tribunal.*

*APΩMA, *τό, any seasoning, spice.*

ἀρωμα, *τό, (ἀρώω) corn-land, Lat. aruum.*

ἀρώμεναι, *Ep. for ἀρῶν, contr. from ἀροέμεναι, pres. inf. of ἀρῶ.*

ἀρωραῖος, *Dor. for ἀρουραῖος.*

ἄς, *ἄς or ἄς, Aeol. and Dor. for ἔως, till, until.*

ἄς, *Dor. gen. for ἡς, from ὅς, ἡ, ὁ.*

ἄσαι, *contr. for ἀᾶσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀάω to burn.*

ἄσαι, *aor. I inf. of ἀάω to satiate.*

ἄσαι, *contr. for ἀείσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀείδω.*

ἄσαιμ, *aor. I opt. of ἀάω to satiate.*

ἄσακτος, *ον, (a privat., σακτός) not trodden down.*

ἄσαλαμίνος, *ον, (a privat., Σαλαμῖς) not having been at Salamis, no true seaman. [μ]*

ἄσάλευτος, *ον, (a privat., σαλευτός) unbaken, calm.*

ἄσαμεν, *I plur. aor. 2 of ἀάω to sleep.*

ἄσαμνθος, *ἡ, a bathing-tub. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

Ἀσανῶ, Ἀσανῶναι, Ἀσανῶναιος, *Lacon. for Ἀθήνη, Ἀθῆναι, Ἀθηναῖος.*

ἄ-σανδαλος, *ον, (a privat., σάνδαλον) without sandals.*

ἄ-σαντος, *ον, (a privat., σάινω) not to be flattered, harsh, morose.*

ἄ-σαρκος, *ον, (a privat., σάρξ) without flesh, lean.*

ἄ-σατο, *contr. for ἀάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀάω to hurt.*

ἄ-σασθαι, *aor. I med. inf. of ἀάω to satiate.*

ἄ-σάφεια, *ἡ, indistinctness. From ἄ-σάφης, ἑς, (a privat., σαφής) indistinct, dim, faint, uncertain, obscure. Adv. -φῶς, indistinctly.*

ἄ-σάω, *f. ἡσάω, (ἄση) to surfeit, cloy, satiate:—Pass. ἄ-σάομαι, with aor. I pass. ἄσῆσθην, and med. ἄ-σάμην, to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or vexed at a thing.*

ἄ-σβεστος, *ον, also ἡ, on, (a privat., σβεστός) unquenched, not to be quenched: endless, ceaseless.* II. as Subst., ἄσβεστος (sub. τίτανος), *ἡ, unslaked lime.* 2. *asbestos, a mineral which resists the action of fire.*

*ΑΣΒΟΛΟΣ, *ἡ, rarely ὁ, also ἄσβολη, ἡ, soot.*

ἄ-σε, *for ἄσσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀάω to hurt.*

ἄ-σέβεια, *ἡ, (ἄσεβής) impiety, profaneness.*

ἄ-σέβω, *f. ἡσώ, (ἄσεβής) to act profanely or impiously, sin against the gods. Hence ἄ-σέβημα, atos, τό, an impious act, a sin.*

ἄ-σεβής, *ἑς, (a privat., σέβω) ungodly, unboly, profane.*

ἄ-σειν, *fut. inf. of ἀάω to satiate. [ā]*

ἄ-σειρωτος, *ον, (a privat., σειρώ) not drawing by a trace (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called σειραφόροι.*

ἄ-σέλαστος, *ον, (a privat., σέλας) not lighted.*

ἄ-σέλγαίνω, *f. ἄνῶ: pf. pass. ἡσέλγημαι: (ἄσελγής):—to behave licentiously.*

ἄ-σέλγεια, *ἡ, (ἄσελγής) licentiousness.*

ἄ-σέλγη, *ἑς, (a privat., θέλγω) licentious, brutal. Adv. -ῶς, extravagantly.*

ἄ-σέληνος, *ον, (a privat., σελήνη) without moon.*

ἄ-σεπτέω, = ἄσεβέω, *to act impiously. From ἄ-σεπτος, on, (a privat., σέβω) not to be revered, unboly.*

ἄ-σεσθε, *2 pl. fut. med. of ἀάω to satiate.*

ἄ-σευμαι, *Dor. for ἀέσομαι, Att. ἄσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω.*

ἄ-ση, *ἡ, (ἄω, to satiate) surfeit, loathing, disgust.* 2. *generally, anguish, distress.*

ἄ-σηθής, ἄ-σηθῆναι, *aor. I pass. subj. and inf. of ἀάω.*

ἄ-σημαντος, *ον, (a privat., σημαίνω) without leader, unintended.* II. *unsealed, unmarked.*

ἄ-σημος, *ον, (a privat., σημα) without sign or mark; ἄσημος χρυσός uncoined gold; ἄσημα ὅπλα arms without device.* II. *of sacrifices, etc., giving no sign, obscure.* III. *indistinct, unseen, unheard: of sounds, inarticulate.* 2. *of persons and places, unknown, obscure, ignoble.*

ἀ-σῆμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, = ἄσμος.

ἀσθένεια, ἡ, (ἀσθενής) want of strength, weakness, sickness. 2. a disease.

ἀσθενέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (ἀσθενής) to be weak, feeble, sickly.

ἀσθένημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσθενέω) an infirmity.

ἀ-σθενής, *ἐς*, (a privat., σθένης) without strength, weak: feeble, sickly. 2. of property, poor; οἱ ἀσθενέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor. 3. insignificant: so of streams, small.

ἀ-σθενός, *φ. ὤσω*, (ἀσθενής) to weaken.

ἀσθενῶς, Adv. of ἀσθενής, weakly, feebly, slightly.

ἀσθμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσθ, to blow) hard-drawn breath, panting, gasping from toil. II. a breath, breathing.

ἀσθμαίνω, (ἀσθμα) to breathe hard, gasp for breath.

Ἀσι-άρχης, *ον, ὁ*, (Ἀσία, ἄρχω) an Asiarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the province of Asia.

Ἀσιάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (Ἀσία) fem. Adj. Asiatic: ἡ Ἀσιάς (with or without κιθάρα), the lyre as improved by Cepion of Lesbos.

Ἀσιατο-γενής, *ἐς*, (Ἀσία, γένος) of Asiatic descent.

ἀ-σίδηρος, *ον*, (a privat., σίδηρος) not of iron. 2. without sword.

ἀ-σίνης, *ἐς*, (a privat., σίνομαι) of persons, unhurt, unharmed: of things, undamaged. II. act. not harming, doing no harm: innocent. 2. protecting from harm. Hence

ἀ-σίνως, Adv. innocently: Sup. ἀσινέστατα.

ἄσινος, *α, ον*, (ἄσις) slimy, miry.

ἄσις, *ως, ἡ*, slime, mud.

ἀστίω, *φ. ἴσω*, (ἄσitos) to go without food, to fast.

ἀστία, ἡ, want of food, fasting. From

ἀ-σίτος, *ον*, (a privat., σίτος) without eating, fasting.

ἀσκάλαβος, *ον*, (a privat., σκάλλω) unboed, undug.

ἀσκάλης, *ον, ὁ*, a mean bed. II. a bier.

ἀ-σκαρδαμυκτεῖ and -κτεῖ, Adv. of ἀσκαρδάμυκτος, without winking, without unchanged look.

ἀ-σκαρδάμυκτος, *ον*, (a privat., σκαρδαμύσσω) not blinking, with steady impudent look. II. of time, in a twinkling.

ἀ-σκελής, *ἐς*, (a euphon., σκέλλω) dried up, withered. 2. neut. ἀσκελής, as Adv., also ἀσκελέως, obstinately, stubbornly.

ἀ-σκέπαρνος, *ον*, (a privat., σκέπαρνον) unbeuwn.

ἀ-σκεπτος, *ον*, (a privat., σκέφομαι fut. of σκοπέω) inconsiderate:—Adv. -τως, inconsiderately. II. unconsidered, unobserved.

ἀ-σκευής, *ἐς*, = ἀσκευος.

ἀ-σκευος, *ον*, (a privat., σκευή) unfurnished: c. gen. unfurnished with . . ., ἀσκευος ἀσπίδων τε καὶ στρατοῦ.

ἄσκει'Ω, *φ. ἴσω*: pf. ἤσκηκα, pass. ἤσκημαι:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn: also, 2. to honour a divinity, Lat. colere. II. in Att.

and prose, to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere; said either of the person, as, ἀσκεῖν τὸ σῶμα to exercise the body; or of the thing, as, ἀσκεῖν τέχνην to practise an art. 3. c. inf., ἀσκῶ τοιαύτη μῆνιν I practise or endeavour to remain such. 3. absol. to practise, train.

ἀσκηθής, *ἐς*, unhurt, unharmed: unscaled. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀσκημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσκέω) an exercise.

ἀ-σκηνος, *ον*, (a privat., σκηνή) without tents.

ἀσκησις, *ως, ἡ*, (ἀσκέω) exercise, training; ἀσκησις τινας practice of or in a thing. II. a trade, profession, Lat. ars.

ἀσκητός, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of ἀσκέω, to be practised.

ἀσκητής, *ου, ὁ*, (ἀσκέω) one who practises any art or trade, opp. to ἰδιώτης: an athlete. Hence

ἀσκητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, industrious: athletic.

ἀσκητός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ἀσκέω) curiously wrought. 2. exercised in a thing. 3. to be acquired by practice, as opp. to διδακτός.

ἀ-σκιος, *α, ον*, (a privat., σκιά) without shade.

ἀ-σκήπων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (a privat., σκήπων) without a staff. [I]

Ἀσκληπιεῖον, τό, the temple of Aesculapius. From

Ἀσκληπιός, ὁ, Asclepius, Lat. Aesculapius, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.

ἀ-σκοπος, *ον*, (a privat., σκοπέω) not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, τινός. II. pass. unseen. 2. not to be seen, obscure: incredible.

ἄΣΚΟ'Σ, ὁ, a leathern bag, a wineskin. 2. generally, an animal's hide:— proverb, ἀσκὸν δέρευν τινὰ to flay one alive; ἀσκὸς δεδάρθαι to be flayed alive.

ἀσκόλια, τά, (ἀσκέω) the second day of the rural Dionysia, on which they danced upon wine-skins. Hence

ἄσκολιάζω, *φ. σω*, to dance as at the Ascolia.

ἀσκωμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσκός) the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to make the oar work easily.

ᾠσμα, τό, (ᾠδω) a song, lay.

ᾠσματο-κάμπτης, *ον, ὁ*, (ᾠσμα, κάμπτω) twister of song.

ᾠσμενος, *η, ον*, as if for ἡσμένος, perf. pass. part. of ἡδωμι: well-pleased, glad: often in dat., ᾠσμένω μοι ἂν εἴη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:—Comp. ᾠσμενώτερος, -έστερος and -αίτερος. Adv. -ως, gladly, readily.

ᾠσμαι, contr. for εἰσδομαι, fut. of αἰδω, to sing.

ἄ-σοφος, *ον*, (a privat., σοφός) unwise, foolish.

ἄΣΠΑ'ΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἄσομαι: Dep.:—to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave. 2. to embrace, hiss, caress. 3. to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his master.

4. ἀσπάζεσθαι ὅτι . . . to be glad that . . .

ἀ-σπαίρω, Ion. impf. ἀσπαίρεσκον, (a euphon., σπαίρω) to pant, gasp, struggle convulsively.

ἀσπάλαθος, ὁ, a sweet-scented shrub.

ἀσπάραγος, Att. ἀσφάραγος, ὁ, asparagus.

ἀ-σπαρτος, *ον*, (a privat., σπείρω) of land, unsown, untitled: of plants, not sown, growing wild.

ἀσπάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀσπάζομαι) *welcome, well-pleasing*. II. *well-pleased, glad*. Hence

ἀσπασίως, Adv. *readily, gladly*.

ἀσπαμα, ατος, τό, (ἀσπάζομαι) *a welcome, greeting*: in plur. *embraces*.

ἀσπασμός, ό, (ἀσπάζομαι) *an embrace: affection*.

ἀσπαστός, ή, ύν, = ἀσπάσιος, *welcome*.

ἀσπειστός, ον, (a privat., σπένδομαι) *to be appeased by no libations, implacable*.

ἀσπερμος, ον, (a privat., σπέρμα) *without seed, i.e. without posterity*.

ἀσπερχές, Adv., (a euphon., σπέρχω) *hastily, hotly, unceasingly*.

ἀσπετος, ον, (a privat., εἰπεῖν) *unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great*: neut. ἀσπετον as Adv., *unspeakably*:—but, φωνή ἀσπετος *an indistinct voice*.

ἀσπίδ-αποβλής, ήτος, ό, (ἀσπίς, ἀποβάλλω) *one that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward*.

ἀσπίδ-στρόφος, ον, (ἀσπίς, στρέφω) *wielding a shield*.

ἀσπίδ-φόρος, ον, (ἀσπίς, φέρω) *shield-bearing*: as Subst. *a shield-bearer, warrior*.

ἀσπιδιώτης, ό, (ἀσπίς) *shield-bearing, a warrior*.

ἀσπίδ-ούχος, ό, (ἀσπίς, έχω) *a shield-bearer*.

ἀσπιδοπηγεῖον, τό, *an armourer's shop*. From

ἀσπιδο-πηγός, ό, (ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) *a shield-maker*.

ἀσπιδο-φέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀσπίς, φέρβω) *living by the shield, a warrior*.

ἀσπίλος, ό, ή, (a privat., σπίλος) *without stain, spotless, pure*.

ἌΣΠΙΞ, ίδος, ή, *a round shield*, Lat. *clipeus*, made of bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss (όμφαλός) in the middle, and fringed with tassels (θύσαντοι): the long oblong shield was ὄπλον, Lat. *scutum*.

2. in common language used for *a body of men-at-arms* (ὀπλίται), ὀκτακισχιλίη ἀσπίς 8000 *heavy-armed men*; ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἴκοσι τάφασθαι *to draw men up twenty-five deep*; ἐπ' ἀσπίδα, παρ' ἀσπίδα *on or to the left, right shoulders forward*, because the shield was held with the left hand, opp. to ἐπὶ δούρῳ.

II. *an asp, a kind of snake*.

ἀσπιστήρ, ήρος, ό, and ἀσπιστής, ού, ό, (ἀσπίς) *one armed with a shield, a warrior*: also ἀσπιστωρ, as Adj., κλύοντες ἀσπιστορες *div of shielded warriors*.

ἀσπλαγχνος, ον, (a privat., σπλάγχνα) *without bowels: metaph. heartless or merciless*.

ἀσπονδεί, Adv. *implacably*. From

ἀσπονδος, ον, (a privat., σπονδή) *without drink-offering, to whom no drink-offering is poured*. II.

without regular truce (which was ratified by σπονδαί): τὸ ἀσπονδον *a keeping out of treaty or covenant with others*.

III. *admitting of no truce, implacable*; ἀσπονδος ἀρά *a deadly curse*.

ἀσπούδατος, ον, (a privat., σπουδάω) *not zealously pursued*.

II. *not worth zeal, mischievous*.
ἀσπουδέι and ἀσπουδέι, Adv. (a privat., σπουδή) *without zeal: without a struggle, ignobly*.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for ἄτινα, neut. pl. of ὅστις, *which, whichever, what, whatever*.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for τινά, *something, some*.

ἄσσάριον, τό, Dim. of Lat. *as, a farthing*.

ἄσσον, Adv., Comp. of ἀγχι, *nearer: sometimes c. gen., ἄσσον ἐμεῖο nearer to me*:—also Adv. ἄσσοτέρω, whence was formed the Comp. Adj. ἄσσοτέρος, Sup. ἄσσοτάτος, Adv. ἄσσοτάτω.

ἄσσω, Att. contr. for ἄισσω.

ἀσταθής, ές, (a privat., ἵσταμαι) *unsteady, unstable*.

ἀσταθήςτος, ον, (a privat., σταθάζομαι) *unsteady, unstable: of things, uncertain*.

ἀστακτος, ον, (a privat., στάζω) *not trickling, i.e. gushing in streams*:—Adv. ἄστακτί, in floods.

ἀσθάσιastos, ον, (a privat., στασιάζω) *without party-spirit, quiet*. Adv. -τως.

ἀσθάτω, f. ήσω, *to be unstable: be a wanderer*. From

ἀσθάτος, ον, (a privat., ἵσταμαι) *not steadfast, uncertain, unstable*.

ἄσταφιδίτις, ίδος, ή, fem. Adj. *consisting of raisins*. [δ]

From

ἀσθάφίς, ίδος, ή, (a euphon., σταφίς) *a raisin*.

ἄσταχυέσσι, dat. pl. of

ἀσθάχυσ, vos, ό, (a euphon., στάχυς) *an ear of corn*.

ἀστέγαστος, ον, (a privat., στεγάω) *uncovered, of a ship, undecked*; διὰ τὸ ἀστέγαστον *from their having no shelter*.

ἀστέζομαι, Dep. *to be witty*. From
ἀστέεις, ον, also α, ον, (ἀστυ) *of the town*; then, like Lat. *urbanus*, *courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty*; opp. to ἀγροικός.

ἀστεπτος, ον, (a privat., στέβω) *untrod den*.

ἀστεμφής, ές, (a privat., στέμβω) *unmoved, unshaken*: Adv., ἀστεμφέως ἔχειν τινά *to hold one fast*. 2. of persons, *inexorable*.

ἀστένακτος, ον, (a privat., στενάζω) *without sigh or groan: without need for groans*.

ἄστυ, verb. Adj. of ἔδω, *one must sing*.

ἀστέπτος, ον, (a privat., στέφω) *uncrowned: hence, unhonoured*.

ἀστεργ-άνωρ, οπος, ό, ή, (ἀστεργής, ἀνήρ) *without love of man, bating wedlock*. [γα]

ἀστεργής, ές, (a privat., στέργω) *without love, unkind, hateful*.

ἀστερο-ειδής, ές, (ἀστήρ, είδος) *starry*.

ἀστεροεῖς, εσσα, εν, (ἀστήρ) *starry: sparkling, glittering*.

ἀστεροπή, ή, ποῦτ. for ἀστραπή, *lightning*. Hence ἀστεροπητής, ον, ό, the *lightener*.

ἀστερ-ώπός, υν, (ἀστήρ, ὦπ) *starry: star-like, bright*.

ἀστέφανος, ον, (a privat., στέφανος) *without crown, ungarlanded*.

ἀστέφάνωτος, ον, (a privat., στεφανώω) *not crowned*.

ἀστή, ή, fem. of ἀστis, *a female citizen*.

ἀσθηλος, ον, (a privat., στήλη) *without tombstone*.

'ΑΣΤΗ'Ρ, ό, gen. έπος: dat. pl. ἀστρασι, Lat. ASTRUM, *a star*. 2. any *luminous body, a meteor*.

ἀ-στήρικτος, *ον*, (α privat., *στηρίζω*) *not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.*

ἀ-στίβης, *ές*, (α privat., *στείβω*) *not to be trodden, boly.* 2. *untrodden, solitary.*

ἀστικός, *ή, όν*, (*ἄστυ*) of a city or town, opp. to country: τὰ ἀστικά Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, the Dionysia celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονύσια II: also native, opp. to ξενικός foreign. II. = ἀστεῖος, neat, pretty.

ἀ-στικός, *ον*, (α privat., *στίζω*) *not branded, not marked with spots.*

ἀ-στέγγιστος, *ον*, (α privat., *σπλεγγίζω*) *not scraped with the strigil, unclean, dirty.*

ἀ-στολος, *ον*, (α privat., *στολή*) *without the stole.*

ἀ-στομος, *ον*, (α privat., *στόμα*) *speechless.* II. of horses, *hard-mouthed, unmanageable.* III. of dogs, *bad-mouthed, unable to bite.* IV. of a sword, *without edge.*

ἀσπό-ξενος, *δ, ή*, (*ἄστυ, ξένος*) *the public guest of a city.*

ἀ-στοργος, *ον*, (α privat., *στέργω*) *without natural affection, heartless, barbarous.*

ἀστός, *δ*, (*ἄστυ*) a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen, opp. to ξένος.

ἀστοχέω, *ή, ήσω*, to miss the mark: to fail. From ἀ-στοχος, *ον*, (α privat., *στόχος*) *missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.*

ἀ-σπράβη, *ή, ή*, a pack-saddle, an easy saddle. From ἀ-σπράβης, *ές*, (α privat., *σπράφηναι*) *untwisted, straight.*

ἀσπραγάλη, *ή, Ion.* for ἀσπράγαλος III.

ἀσπράγαλος, *δ*, one of the vertebrae of the neck. II. the ankle bone, Lat. *talus*. III. mostly in plur.

ἀσπράγαλοι, *οί*, dice, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, Lat. *tali*: hence the game of dice. They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κύβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, Ἀφροδίτη, Lat. *jactus Veneris*; the worst, when all came alike, κύων, Lat. *canis*.

ἈΣΤΡΑΠΗ, *ή, ή*, a flash of lightning, lightning. [ἄπ] ἀσπράττηφορέω, *ή, ήσω*, to carry lightnings. From ἀσπράττη-φόρος, *ον*, (*ἀσπράττη, φέρω*) *lightning-bearing, flashing.*

ἀσπράττω, *ή, ήσω*, (*ἀσπράττη*) to lighten: impers., ἀσπράττει it lightens: trans. to flash forth. II. intr. to flash or glance like lightning.

ἀσπράστι, *dat. pl.* of ἀστήρ.

ἀ-σπράτεια, *ή, (α privat., στρατεῖω)* exemption from service. 2. a shunning of service, which at Athens was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γραφήν ἀσπρατείας to be indicted for it; ἀσπρατείας ἄλδναι to be convicted of it.

ἀ-σπράτευτος, *ον*, (α privat., *σπράτεύω*) exempt from service. 2. never having served.

ἀ-στρεπτος, *ον*, (α privat., *στρέφω*) *not to be bent: of persons, unbending.*

ἀστρο-γέτων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*ἄστρον, γέτων*) *near the stars.*

ἀστρολογία, *ή, astrology.* From ἀστρο-λόγος, *δ*, (*ἄστρον, λέγω*) an astronomer: later, an astrologer.

ἈΣΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. *ASTRUM*, a star, constellation.

ἀστρονομέω, *ή, ήσω*, and ἀστρονομίζω, *ή, ήσω*, to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and

ἀστρονομία, *ή, astronomy.* From

ἀστρο-νόμος, *ον*, (*ἄστρον, νέμω*) *classing the stars:* as Subst., ἀστρονόμος, *δ*, an astronomer.

ἀ-στροφος, *ον*, (α privat., *στρέφω*) *without turning round, Lat. irretortus; ἀστροφος ἐλθεῖν to go without turning the back.*

ἀστροφός, *α, ον*, (*ἄστρον*) of the stars, starry.

ἀστρο-ωτός, *όν*, = ἀστερωπός.

ἀ-στροφτος, *ον*, (α privat., *σπράννυμι*) *without bed or bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.*

ἈΣΤΥ, τό: gen. *εος*, contr. *ους*, also *εως*:—a city, town: the Athenians called their own city Ἄστυ, as the Romans called theirs *Urbs*; though ἄστυ also denoted the Upper Town, as opp. to Peiræus.

ἀστυ-ἀναξ, *ακτος, δ*, (*ἄστυ, ἀναξ*) *lord of the city.*

ἀστυ-βώτης, *ου, δ*, (*ἄστυ, βοάω*) *crying through the city, epith. of a herald.*

ἀστυ-γείτων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*ἄστυ, γείτων*) *near or bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.*

ἀστυδε, Adv. (*ἄστυ*) into, to, or towards the city.

ἀστυκός, *ή, όν*, = ἀστικός.

ἀ-στύλος, *ον*, (α privat., *στύλος*) *without pillar or prop.*

ἐστυ-νίκος, (*ἄστυ, νίκη*) *victorious.*

ἀστυνόμεω, to be an ἀστυνόμος. From

ἀστυ-νόμος, *δ*, (*ἄστυ, νέμω*) a magistrate at Athens, who had the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peiræus. II. as Adj. protecting cities: also public, social; ὄργαι ἀστυνόμοι the feelings of social life.

ἀστυ-έχος, *ον*, (*ἄστυ, ἔχω*) *keeping the city.*

ἀ-στυφέλικτος, *ον*, (α privat., *στυφέλιζω*) *unbaken.*

ἀ-στυφελος, *ον*, (α privat., *στυφελός*) *not rocky.*

ἀ-συγγνώμων, *ον*, (α privat., *συγγνώμων*) *without forgiveness, relentless, merciless.*

ἀ-συγκέρστος, *ον*, (α privat., *συγκέραστος*) *not to be mixed.*

ἀ-συγκόμιστος, *ον*, (α privat., *συγκομίστος*) *not gathered together, uncreaped.*

ἀ-σύγκριτος, *ον*, (α privat., *σύγκριτος*) *not to be mixed, unsocial.*

ἀ-συγκρότητος, *ον*, see ἀσυγκρότης.

ἀ-συκοφάντητος, *ον*, (α privat., *συκοφαντέω*) *not calumniated.*

ἀσυλαῖος, *α, ον*, (ἄ-σῦλον) of an asylum.

ἀ-σύλητος, *ον*, (α privat., *συλάω*) *inviolable.*

ἀσύλεια, *ή, (ἄσυλος)* *inviolability, security, esp. of a suppliant.*

ἀ-συλλόγιστος, *ον*, (α privat., *συλλογίζομαι*) *unable to reason:—Adv., ἀσυλλογίστως ἔχειν to be unable to reason.*

ἀ-σύλος, *ον*, (α privat., *σύλη*) *free from plunder:*

unharméd, inviolate: also c. gen., γάμων ἄσυνος safe from marriage.

ἄ-σύμβατος, *ov*, (α privat., συμβαίνω) not coming to terms: incompatible. Adv. -τως.

ἄ-σύμβλητος, *ov*, (α privat., συμβάλλω) not to be guessed, unintelligible.

ἄ-σύμβολος, *ov*, (α privat., σύμβολον) without paying one's contribution or subscription.

ἄ-σύμμετρος, *ov*, (α privat., σύμμετρος) incommensurate. II. disproportionate, unequal.

ἄ-συμπαθής, *és*, (α privat., συμπαθής) without sympathy.

ἄ-σύμφωρος, *ov*, (α privat., συμφέρω) inexpedient, useles: prejudicial, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. -πως.

ἄ-σύμφωνος, *ov*, (α privat., σύμφωνος) not accordant.

ἄ-σύνδετος, *ov*, (α privat., συνδέω) unconnected.

ἄ-συνετία, *ή*, (ἀσύνετος) want of understanding or apprehension, stupidity.

ἄ-σύνετος, Att. ἄ-ξύνετος, *ov*, (α privat., συνετός) void of understanding, stupid. II. unintelligible. Adv. -τως. [ῥ]

ἄ-συνήμων, Att. ἄ-ξυνήμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (α privat., συνήμη) without understanding.

ἄ-συνήθετος, Att. ἄ-ξυνήθετος, *ov*, (α privat., συντίθεμαι, cf. συνθήκη) bound by no treaties, faithless. Adv. -τως.

ἄ-σύντακτος, Att. ἄ-ξύντακτος, *ov*, (α privat., συντάσσω) not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not in battle-order: hence disorderly. II. unsocial.

III. ill-proportioned. IV. not assessed, free from taxes.

ἄ-σύντονος, *ov*, (α privat., συντείνω) not strained, slack. Adv. -πως, lazily, Sup. -ώτατα.

ἄ-συσκεύαστος, *ov*, (α privat., συσκευάζω) not well arranged, not convenient.

ἄ-σύστατος, Att. ἄξυστατος, *ov*, (α privat., συνίσταμαι) not holding together: metaph. irregular, uneven, uncouth, rugged.

ἀσύφηλος, *ov*, *ή*, *ή*, dishonoured: also dishonouring, reproachful. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσυχία, ἀσυχίμος, ἄσυχος, Dor. for ἡσυχ-.

ἄ-σφαδαστος, *ov*, (α privat., σφαδάζω) without convulsion or struggle.

ἄ-σφακτος, *ov*, (α privat., σφάττω) unslaughtered.

ἀσφάλεια, *ή*, (ἀσφαλής) firmness, stability. 2. assurance from danger, security, personal safety: also a safe conduct. 3. certainty, surety.

ἀσφάλειος, *ov*, of Neptune, the Securer. From ἄ-σφάλής, *és*, (α privat., σφάλλω aor. 2 inf. of σφάλλω) firm, fast, steadfast. 2. of persons, un-

failing, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain. 3. safe, secure: ἐν ἀσφαλει or ἐξ ἀσφαλοῦς in safety; τὸ ἀσφαλές safety. Hence

ἀσφαλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to secure, guarantee. ἀσφαλίσθηαι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀσφαλίζω.

ἀσφαλιτῆς, *ov*, ὅ, fem. -ίτις, *ή*, of asphalt, bituminous: λίμνη Ἀσφαλιτῆς, Lat. Lacus Asphaltites, the Dead Sea. [Ὶ] From

ἀσφαλτος, *ov*, *ή*, asphalt or bitumen, forming in lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.)

ἀσφαλῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀσφαλής, firmly, securely: Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

ἀ-σφῆραγγέω, (α euphon., σφαραγγέω) to ring, resound. ἀσφῆραγγος, ὅ, (α euphon., σφάραγγος) the throat, gullet.

ἄσφι, ἄσφε, Aeol. for σφί, σφέ.

ἀσφοδελός, ὅ, asphodel, a plant like the lily. II.

as Adj., ἀσφοδελὸς λειμὼν the asphodel meadow, which the shades of heroes haunted. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀσχαλάω, only used in pres.: Ep. 3 sing. ἀσχαλάει, 3 plur. ἀσχαλώσι, inf. ἀσχαλάειν, part. ἀσχαλῶν:

—another form is ἀσχαλλῶ. To be vexed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλῶν μένων to be vexed at waiting;

ἀσχαλῶν τινι to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., ἀσχαλῶν θάνατον to feel a horror of death. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄ-σχετος, *ov*, (α privat., σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω) not to be checked or restrained, irrepressible.

ἀσχημονέω, to behave unseemly, act indecorously; and

ἀσχημοσύνη, *ή*, deformity, indecency. From ἄ-σχημων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (α privat., σχῆμα) shapeless: unseemly, shameful. Adv. ἀσχημόνως.

ἀσχολία, *ή*, occupation, industry, business. II. want of leisure: a hindrance from other things; ἀσχολίαν παρέχειν τινι to be a hindrance to one. From

ἄ-σχολος, *ov*, (α privat., σχολή) without leisure, busy, industrious. Adv. -ως.

ἀσχολῶν, ἀσכולόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 plur. of ἀσχαλάω.

ἄ-σώματος, *ov*, (α privat., σώμα) without body, incorporeal.

ἄσωτία, *ή*, prodigality, dissoluteness. From ἄ-σωτος, *ov*, (α privat., σώζω) not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditus. Adv. -τως, dissolutely.

ἀτακτέω, f. ἡσω, to be undisciplined or disorderly. 2. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From

ἄ-τακτος, *ov*, (α privat., τάσσω) out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's post. 2. undisciplined, disorderly, irregular, lawless. Adv. -τως.

ἄ-τάλαπρος, *ov*, (α privat., ταλαίπρος) not toiling patiently, careless, indifferent.

ἄ-τάλαντος, *ov*, (α copul., τάλαντον) equal in weight, equivalent or equal to.

ἄτάλα-φρων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (ἀταλός, φρήν) tender-minded.

ἄτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλός) to gambol, sport about. II. trans. to bring up a child, rear, foster:—Pass. to grow up, wax.

ἀτάλως, *ή*, ὅν, (akin to ἀπαλός) tender, delicate. ἀταλό-ψυχος, *ov*, (ἀταλός, ψυχή) soft-hearted.

ἀταξία, *ή*, (ἀτακτος) a want of discipline. 2. disorder, confusion, licentiousness.

'ΑΤΑ'Ρ, Ep. αὐτάρ, Conjunct. but, yet, Lat. at, to

introduce an objection; ἀτάρ που ἔφης still thou didst say: it often stands for δέ after μέν.

ἀ-τάρακτος, *ον*, (α privat., τάρασσω) without confusion, cool, steady. Hence

ἀταραξία, ἡ, freedom from passion, calmness.

ἀ-ταρβής, *ές*, (α privat., τάρβος) fearless; ἀταρβής τῆς θέας having no fear about the sight.

ἀ-τάρβητος, *ον*, (α privat., ταρβέω) undaunted.

ἀταρπύτιος, ἡ, *Ion.* for ἀτραπυτός.

ἀταρπός, ἡ, *Ion.* for ἀτραπός.

ἀταρτηρός, *όν*, *Ep.* for ἀτηρός, mischievous, baneful.

ἀτασθαλία, ἡ, (ἀτάσθαλος) blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness.

ἀτασθάλω, *to act presumptuously. From*

ἀτάσθαλος, *ον*, (ἀτάω, ἀτέω) presumptuous, reckless.

ἀ-ταύρωτος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (α privat., ταῦρος) unwedded, virgin, pure.

ἀ-τάφος, *ον*, (α privat., τάφῃναι) unburied.

ἀτάω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἀτῆ) to hurt, harm: *Pass.* to suffer, be in distress.

ἄτε, *acc. plur. neut. of ὅστε*, used as Adverb, like ἄπερ, just as, as if, so as. II. only in Prose, inasmuch as, seeing that, *Lat. quippe, utpote.*

ἀ-τεγκτος, *ον*, (α privat., τέγγω) unwetted, not softened: *bard-hearted, relentless.*

ἀ-τερής, *ές*, (α privat., τείρω) not to be worn away: untiring, unwearied: also stubborn, unbending: wearisome.

ἀ-τείχιστος, *ον*, (α privat., τειχίζω) without walls and towers, unfortified. II. not walled in, not blockaded.

ἀ-τέμαρτος, *ον*, (α privat., τεκμαίρομαι) not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark: of men, uncertain. Adv., ἀτεκμάρτως ἔχειν to be in the dark.

ἀτεκνία, ἡ, childlessness. From

ἀ-τεκνος, *ον*, (α privat., τέκνον) childless.

ἀτέλεια, ἡ, (ἀτελής) at Athens, exemption from public burdens (τέλη), *Lat. immunitas.*

ἀ-τέλειστος, *ον*, (α privat., τελέω) without end or effect: unfinished:—*neut. pl. ἀτέλεστα*, as Adv., in vain. II. uninitiated in.

ἀ-τελεύτητος, *ον*, (α privat., τελευτάω) not coming to an end, unaccomplished. II. endless, impracticable.

ἀ-τέλευτος, *ον*, (α privat., τελευτή) endless.

ἀ-τελής, *ές*, (α privat., τέλος) without end, unaccomplished. 2. ineffectual, *Lat. irritus.* 3. imperfect, unripe, II. act. not bringing to an end, not accomplishing a thing. III. at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt, *Lat. immunis.* IV. uninitiated in a thing, τινός.

ἀτελίη, ἡ, *Ion.* for ἀτέλεια.

ἀτέμνω, only used in *pres.* to bring to harm, to maltreat, confound:—*Pass.* to be bereft of a thing; ἀτέμνονται νεότητος they are deprived of, i.e. past, youth. (*Deriv. uncertain.*) [ᾶ]

ἀ-τενής, *ές*, (α copul., τείνω) strained tight: hence intent, intense: excessive. 2. straight, direct:

straightforward. 3. unbending, stubborn. II.

Adv. ἀτενῶς, or ἀτενές, exceedingly. Hence

ἀτενίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to look at intently, gaze at.

ᾶΤΕΡ, Prep. with *gen. without, except, besides.* II. aloof, apart, away from.

ἀ-τέραμνος, *ον*, (α privat., τέραμνος) unsoftened, unfeeling, inexorable.

ἀ-τεράμιον [ᾶ], *ον*, *gen. onos*, Att. for ἀτέραμνος.

ἄτερθε, before a vowel ἀτερθεν, = ἄτερ.

ἀ-τέρμων, *ον*, *gen. onos*, (α privat., τέρμα) without bounds: having no outlet, inextricable.

ἄτερος [ᾶ], *ον*, Dor. for ἔτερος, *ον*. 2. ἄτερος [ᾶ], Att. contr. for ὁ ἔτερος, *gen. θάτερον*, dat. θάτερῳ, θάτερα etc., or with mark of crasis, θάτερου, etc.

ἀ-τερπής, *ές*, (α privat., τέρπω) unpleasing, joyless, sad. II. not enjoying a thing, τινός.

ἀ-τερπος, *ον*, = ἀτερπής.

ἀ-τευχής, *ές*, and ἀ-τεύχητος, *ον*, (α privat., τεύχος) unarmed.

ἀ-τευχος, *ον*, or ἀ-τέχνής, *ές*, (α privat., τέχνη) without art, unskilled, rude: of things, inartificial. II. without art or cunning, simple.

ἀ-τεχνῶς, Adv. of ἀτεχνής, and ἀ-τέχνως, of ἀτεχνος, without art or skill, rudely. II. really, absolutely, utterly, *Lat. plané, prorsus*, in which sense it is mostly written ἀτεχνῶς; as ἀτεχνῶς ἔξενω ἔχω I am an utter stranger.

ἀτέω, only in part. ἀτέων, fool-bardy, reckless. From

ἀτῆ, ἡ, (ἀάω) distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods. 2. ruin, mischief: of persons, a bane, pest. 3. Ἀτῆ personified, the goddess of mischief: the Διταί come slowly after her, undoing the evil she has worked, *v. Il. 9. 500.* [ᾶ]

ἀ-τηκτος, *ον*, (α privat., τῆκω) unmelted.

ἀτῆμελέω, *f. ἡσω*, to be careless. From

ἀ-τῆμελής, *ές* (α privat., τῆμελής) careless.

ἀτῆμελήτος, *ον*, (ἀτῆμελέω) unbeeded, uncared for. 2. baffled, disappointed. II. act. taking

no heed: Adv., ἀτῆμελήτως ἔχειν τινός to take no heed of a thing.

ἀτηρός, ᾶ, *όν*, (ἀτῆ) deluded, driven to ruin. II. baneful, ruinous. Add. -ρῶς. [ᾶ]

ᾶΤΙς, *ιδος*, ἡ, Attic; cf. ᾶΤτικός. II. as Subst. (ῖος γῆ), Attica. 2. (sub. γλῶττα), the Attic dialect.

ἀ-τίετος, *ον*, (α privat., τίω) unhonoured. II. act. not honouring.

ἀ-τίζω, *f. ἴσω*, (α privat., τίζω = τίω) not to honour: absol. in part., ἀτίζων unbeeding: but c. acc. to slight, treat lightly.

ἀ-τιθάσεντος, *ον*, (α privat., τιθασένω) untamed, not to be tamed, wild.

ἀτίμ-ἀγέλης, *ον*, ὁ, (ἀτιμάω, ἀγέλη) despising or forsaking the herd, feeding alone.

ἀ-τιμάζω, *f. ἴσω*: *aor. I ἡτιμάσα*: *pf. ἡτιμάκα*:—*Pass.*, *aor. I ἡτιμάσθην*: *pf. ἡτιμάσμαι*: (α privat., τιμάω). To esteem lightly, dishonour, slight:—*Pass.*

to suffer dishonour or insult.

II. = ἀτιμῶν in

legal sense, to deprive of civil rights,

ἀτιμαστέος, α, on, verb. Adj. of ἀτιμάζω, to be despised.

2. ἀτιμαστέον, one must dishonour.

ἀτιμαστήρ, ἥρος, ὅ, (ἀτιμάω) a dishonourer.

ἀτιμαστος, on, (ἀτιμάω) dishonoured, despised.

ἀ-τιμάω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἤτιμησα: pf. ἤτιμηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤτιμήθην: (a privat., τιμάω):—to insult, slight, dishonour. Hence

ἀτιμητος, on, unbounoured, despised.

II. in legal sense, not estimated; δίκη ἀτιμητος a cause in which the penalty is not assessed in court, but fixed by law.

ἀτιμία, ἡ, (ἀτιμος) dishonour, disgrace. 2. at Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. deminutio capitis.

ἀ-τιμος, on, (a privat., τιμή) 1) unbounoured, dishonoured: c. gen. without the honour of.

2. at Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. capite deminutus, opp. to ἐπιτιμος: cf. ἀτιμία.

II. (τιμή) 2) without price or value.

2. unrevenged, unpunished. Hence ἀτιμῶν, f. ὥσω, to dishonour:—Pass. to suffer dishonour.

2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of civil privileges (ἀτιμία), Lat. aerarium facere.

ἀτιμων, Ep. impf. of ἀτιμάω.

ἀ-τιμωρητέι, and ἀ-τιμωρητή, Adv. of

ἀ-τιμώρητος, on, (a privat., τιμωρέομαι) unavenged, unpunished. 2. unprotected.

ἀτιμως, Adv. of ἀτιμος, disgracefully.

ἀ-τιμωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀτιμῶν) a dishonouring. [τῖ]

ἀτιτάλλω, aor. I Ion. ἀτίτηλα: (ἀταλός):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish.

ἀ-τίτος, on, also η, on, (a privat., τίω) unbounoured, dishonoured. 2. unavenged. II. unpaid.

ἀ-τίω, (a privat., τίω) not to honour, not to revenge. [Υ]

Ἄτλα-γενής, ἐς, (Ἄτλας, γένος) sprung from Atlas.

Ἄτλαντίς, ἰδος, ἡ, daughter of Atlas. From

Ἄ-τλας, αντος, ὅ, (a euphon., τλήναι) Atlas, one of the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven: also one of the Titans.

2. the pillar of heaven, Mount Atlas in West Africa.

ἀτλήτω, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From

ἀ-τλήτος, Dor. ἀ-τλάτος, on, (a privat., τλήναι) not to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared.

ἀτιμή, ἡ, = ἀτμός, smoke, heat.

ἀ-τιμητος, on, (a privat., τέμνω) uncut: of a country, unravaged, not laid waste. 2. of mines, unopened.

ἀτιμίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀτμός) to smoke: of water, to steam.

ἀτμός, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἄω, ἄημι) steam, vapour. [Υ]

ἀτμός, ὅ, (ἄω, ἄημι) smoke, Lat. vapor.

ἀ-τοιχος, on, (a privat., τοίχος) unvalled.

ἀ-τοκος, on, (a privat., τεκείν) never having had a child. II. without interest, of borrowed money.

ἀ-τόλμητος, on, (a privat., τολμάω) not to be dared: also not to be endured, insufferable.

ἀτολμία, ἡ, want of daring, cowardice. From ἀ-τολμος, on, (a privat., τόλμα) wanting courage, cowardly. 2. not overdaring, retiring.

ἀ-τομος, on, (a privat., τομή) uncut: unmount. II. not able to be cut, indivisible; ἐν ἀτόμῳ in a moment of time.

ἀ-τονος, on, (a privat., τείνω) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. remissus. II. (τόνος) without accent.

ἀ-τοξος, on, (a privat., τόξον) without bow or arrow.

ἀτοπία, ἡ, strangeness, oddness, absurdity: unusual nature: unnatural conduct. From

ἀ-τοπος, on, (a privat., τόπος) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. ineptus. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence

ἀτόπως, Adv. absurdly.

ἄτος, on, contr. for ἄστος, insatiate, c. gen.

ἀτρακτος, ὅ, and ἡ, a spindle. II. also an

arrow, cf. ἡλακότης. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-τραπίτιος, Ep. ἀτάρπιτος, ἡ, a path.

ἀ-τραπός, Ep. ἀ-ταρπός, ἡ, (a euphon., τρέπω) a

path that does not turn, a path, way, road.

ἀτρέκεια, ἡ, reality, strict truth, accuracy. II. justice, uprightness. From

ἌΤΡΕΚΗΣ, ἐς, real, true, exact. II. strict, just, upright.

ἀ-τρέμᾱ, and before a vowel ἀ-τρέμᾱς, Adv., (a privat., τρέμω) without trembling. 2. quietly, calmly, gently.

ἀ-τρεμαῖος, α, on, poet. for ἀτρεμής, calm, gentle; ἀτρεμαῖα βοά a whisper.

ἀτρεμέω, not to tremble or move, to keep still or quiet. From

ἀ-τρεμής, ἐς, (a privat., τρέμω) not trembling, unmoved, calm: Adv. ἀτρεμῖ, quietly.

ἀτρεμία, ἡ, (ἀτρεμής) a keeping still: calmness.

ἀτρεμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἀτρεμής) to keep quiet: οὐκ ἀτρεμίζειν to be restless or unquiet.

ἀ-τρεπτος, on, (a privat., τρέπω) unmoved, indifferent.

ἀ-τρεστος, on, (a privat., τρέω) not trembling, fearless.

ἀ-τριάκτος, on, (a privat., τριάω) unconquered.

ἀ-τρίβαστος, on, (a privat., τρίβω) not accustomed.

ἀ-τρίβης, ἐς, (a privat., τρίβειν) not rubbed: of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not used.

2. of clothes, not much worn, new, Lat. integer.

ἀτριον, τό, Dor. for ἥτριον.

ἀ-τριπτος, on, (a privat., τρίβω) not worn hard by work. 2. of corn, not threshed. 3. ἀτριπτου ἀκανθαί thorns on which one cannot tread or walk.

ἀ-τρόμητος, on, (a privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless.

ἀ-τρομος, on, (a privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat. intrepidus.

ἀτροπία, ἡ, obstinacy. From

ἀ-τροπος, on, (a privat., τρέπω) not turning, unchangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: ἡ Ἄτροπος, name of one of the Μοῖραι or Παρcae.

ἀτροφέω, f. ἥσω, to pine away. From

ἀ-τροφος, *ov*, (a privat., τρέφω) *taking no food: pining away, ill of an atrophy.*

ἀ-τρυγτος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (a privat., τρυγᾶω) *unfruitful, barren: generally, waste, desert.*

ἀ-τρυγής, *ēs*, (a privat., τρυγή) *not gathered.*

ἀ-τρύμιον, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, = ἀτρυτος, c. gen., ἀτρύμιαν *κακῶν not worn out by ills.* [ῥ]

ἀ-τρύτος, *ov*, (a privat., τρύω) *not worn down, unabating: of a road, wearisome.*

Ἄ-τρυτώνη, *the Unworned.* (Lengthd. form from ἀτρυτή, as Ἄιδωνεύς from Αἰδώς.)

ἀ-τρώτος, *ov*, (a privat., τιτρώσκω) *unwounded.*

ἄττα, Att. for τινά, ἄττα for ἄτινα, v. ἄσσα, ἄσσα.

*Ἄττα, a salutation used to elders, *father*; cf. ἄππα, ἄπφα, πάππα. [τᾶ]

ἀτπάγας, *ā, ō*, Lat. *attagen*, prob. *the godwit.*

ἀτταταί, *a cry of pain or grief: sometimes prolonged, ἀτατταταί, etc.*: also used ironically.

ἀττέλαβος, Ion. ἀττέλεβος, *ō*, a kind of locust without wings.

Ἀττικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (Ἀττικός) *to side with the Athenians, Atticize: later, to live like an Athenian, esp. to speak Attic.* Hence

Ἀττικισμός, *ō*, a siding with Athens, attachment to her. II. an Attic expression, Atticism.

Ἀττικίων, Dim. of Ἀττικός, a little Athenian.

Ἀττικός, *ή, ōν*, (ἀκτῆ) Attic, Athenian: *ή Ἀττική* (sub. γῆ) = Ἀθῆς, Attica.

Ἀττικωνικός, *ή, ōν*, a comic alteration of Ἀττικός, imitated from the form of Δακωνικός.

ἄττον, Att. for ἄσσον, nearer.

ἄττω, Att. for ἄσσω, ἄσσω, q. v.

ἀτύομαι, aor. I part. ἀτυχεῖς: Pass.: (ἀτάω):—*to be distraught from fear, amazed, bewildered: ἀτυζόμενος πεδίοιο flying wildly over the plain: also distraught with grief: c. acc. to be amazed at a thing.* II. rarely in Act. ἀτύω, f. ὑέω, *to strike with terror.*

ἀ-τυράννευτος, *ov*, (a privat., τυραννέω) *not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.*

ἀ-τύφος, *ov*, (a privat., τύφω) *not puffed up.*

ἀτύχεω, f. ἦσω, (ἀτυχής) *to be unlucky or unfortunate, fail, miscarry: c. gen. to fail in getting or gaining a thing.* 2. ἀτυχεῖν πρὸς τινα *to fail with another, i. e. fail in one's request.* Hence

ἀτύχημα, atos, τό, a misfortune, mishap.

ἀ-τύχης, *ēs*, (a privat., τυχεῖν) *luckless, unfortunate, unsuccessful.* Adv. -χῶς.

ἀτύχια, *ή, (ἀτυχέω) ill luck, bad fortune.* II. a misfortune, mishap.

ἈΤ', Adv. of Place, back, backwards. Lat. *retro.* II. of Time, again, anew, afresh, once more, Lat. *denovo.*

III. further, moreover, besides, Lat. *porro.* 2. on the other hand, in turn, Lat. *vicissim.*

αὐαίνω, impf. αὐαίνον: f. αὐάνω: aor. I pass. αὐάνθην: (αὐώ) —to dry. 2. to wither or parch up; βίον αὐαίνειν *to waste life away: fut. med. αὐανοῦμαι in pass. sense, I shall wither away.*

αὐαλέος, *α, ov*, (αὐος) *dry, parched, withered: of hair, rough, squalid: of eyes, sleepless.*

Αὔασις, *ή*, = Ὀάσις, the name of the fertile islets in the Libyan deserts.

αὐάτα, Aeol. for ἀτη, calamity, mischief; to be pronounced ἀφάτᾱ.

αὐγάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἤγασα: (αὐγή):—*to see distinctly, discern, behold: so also in Med.* II. intr. *to shine.*

ΑΥΤΗ', *ή*, a bright light, esp. of the sun, and so in plur. *the rays, beams of the sun; ὑπ' αὐγὰς ἡλιου under the light of the sun, i. e. still alive; αὐγὰς λεύσσειν to behold the light, i. e. to be alive; κλύζειν πρὸς αὐγὰς to rise surging towards heaven.* 2. any light, esp. of the eyes; ὀμμάτων αὐγαί and αὐγαί alone, like Lat. *lumina, the eyes.* 3. any gleam on the surface of bright objects, *shewn.*

αὐδάζομαι, f. ἄζομαι: aor. I ἠδαζάμην: Dep.: (αὐδή):—*to cry out, speak.*

αὐδάω, impf. ἠδῶν: f. ἦσω Att. ἄσω: aor. I ἠῶδσα, Ion. 3 sing. αὐδήσασκε: pf. ἠῶδκα:—also αὐδοῖμαι, as Dep.:—*to talk, speak: c. acc. rei, to speak, say a thing: of oracles, to utter, proclaim.* 2. *to speak, to address.* 3. c. inf. *to tell, bid, order to do.* 4. *to call by name; αὐδῶμαι παῖς Ἀχιλλεύς I am called Achilles' son.* 5. like λέγειν, Lat. *dicere, to mean.* From

ΑΥ'ΔΗ', *ή*, the human voice, a voice, tone: metaph. any other sound, e. g. the twang of the bowstring. 2. a report, account. Hence

αὐδήεις, εσσα, εν, speaking with human voice.

αὐ-έρω (i. e. αὐ ἐρύω), aor. I ἀνέρυσσα:—*to draw back: to draw the bow: in a sacrifice, to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.*

αὐθάδεια, poet. αὐθάδία, *ή*, self-will, wilfulness, stubbornness, presumption. From

αὐθ-άδης [ᾱ], es, (αὐτός, ἦδομαι) *self-willed, wilful, stubborn, headstrong: also unfeeling.* Adv. -δως.

αὐθ-ᾶδία, *ή*, poet. for αὐθάδεια.

αὐθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: (αὐθάδης): Dep.:—*to be self-willed or stubborn.*

αὐθαδικός, *ή, ōν*, (αὐθάδης) *disposed to be self-willed.*

αὐθάδισμα, atos, τό, (αὐθάδης) *an act of self-will, wilfulness.*

αὐθαδῶ-στομος, *ov*, (αὐθάδης, στόμα) *wilful or proud of speech.*

αὐθ-αἰμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (αὐτός, αἷμα) *of the same blood: as Subst. a brother or sister, near kinsman.*

αὐθ-αἰρετος, *ov*, (αὐτός, αἰρέω) *self-chosen, self-elected.* II. *taken upon oneself, self-incurred: voluntary, optional.* Adv. -τως.

αὐθέντεω, f. ἦσω, *to have power over.* From

αὐθ-έντης, *ov, ō*, contr. for αὐτοέντης, (αὐτός, έντεια) *an actual murderer: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also a self-murderer, suicide.* 2. an absolute master or ruler. II. as Adj., αὐθέντης

φόνος death by murder.

αὐθ-ήμερος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἡμέρα) *made or happening*

on the very day: Adv. αὖθημερόν Ion. αὖτημερόν, on the very day.

αὖθι, Adv. shortd. for αὖτόθι, of Place, on the spot, here, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

αὖθι-γενής, Ion. αὖτιγ-, ἐς, (αὖθι, γενέσθαι) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigēna: of rivers, rising in the country; αὖθιγενὲς ὕδωρ spring water.

2. genuine, sincere.

αὖθις, Ion. αὖτις, Adv., a lengthd. form of αὖ: I. of Place, back, back again. II. of Time, again, afresh, anew: also hereafter.

III. moreover,

besides, in turn, on the other hand.

αὖθι-όμαιμος, (αὖτός, όμαιμος) akin, of the selfsame blood.

αὖ-ἱαχος, on, (a copul., ἱαχή) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

αὖλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = ἄλος, a furrow: also ὤλαξ, for which Homer used ὤλαξ. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αὖλειος, α, on, sometimes also os, on, (αὖλή) of or belonging to the αὖλή or court; ἐν αὖλειαι θυρήσσι at the door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, house-door.

αὖλέω, f. ἦσω, (αὖλός) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; αὖλείται πᾶν μέλαθρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to get oneself played to, hear music.

αὖλή, ἡ, (*ἄω, ἄημι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with out-buildings, the altar of Ζεὺς Ἐρκεῖος being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αὖλειος), and one leading through the αἶθουσα into the πρόδομος.

II. after Hom., the αὖλή was the court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments; opposite the house door (cf. αὖλειος) was the inner court (μέσαυλος or μέταυλος), leading into the women's part of the house.

III. generally, any court or ball.

IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber.

αὖλημα, ατος, τό, (αὖλέω) a piece of music for the flute.

αὖλησεῦντι, Dor. for αὖλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὖλέω.

αὖλητήρ, ἦρος, ό, and αὖλητής, οὔ, ό, (αὖλέω) a flute-player. Hence

αὖλητικός, ἡ, όν, of or for a flute-player; ἡ αὖλη-τική (sub. τέχνη), bis art.

αὖλητρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of αὖλητήρ, a flute-girl.

αὖλιάς, ἰδος, ἡ, (αὖλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Nymph.

αὖλιζομαι, fut. med. αὖλίσομαι: aor. I ἡλίσαμην: aor. I pass. ἡλίσθην: pf. ἡλίσσμαι: Dep.: (αὖλή): —to lie in the αὖλή or court-yard, to lie out at night: generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αὖλιον, τό, (αὖλή) any country house, a cottage: a fold.

II. a chamber, cave.

αὖλιος, α, on, (αὖλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds, rustic.

αὖλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (αὖλιζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αὖλιν θέσσαι to pitch one's tent. αὖλιςσός, ό, Dim. of αὖλός, a small reed, a pipe. αὖλιςτροπῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (αὖλιζομαι) a female inmate in a house.

αὖλο-δόκη, ἡ, (αὖλός, δέχομαι) a flute-case.

αὖλο-θετέω, (αὖλός, τίθημι) to make flutes or pipes.

αὖλο-ποιός, ό, (αὖλός, ποιέω) a flute-maker.

αὖλός, ό, (*αῦω, to blow) any wind-instrument, a flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; αὖλοι ἀνδρῶν καὶ γυναικῶν, prob. like Lat. tibia dextra et sinistra, i. e. bass and treble; αὖλός 'Ενναλίου the pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet. 2. any tube, pipe, groove, socket.

αὖλῶν, ὄνος, ό, poet. also ἡ, (αὖλός) a hollow way, defile, ravine: a canal, aqueduct: a channel, strait: αὖλῶνες πόντιοι the sea-straits, i. e. the Archipelago. αὖλ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (αὖλός, ὤψ) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὖλός) to hold the plume (λόφος).

ΑΥΤΕΑΝΩ or ΑΥΤΕΩ, poet. ἄεω: f. αὐξήσω: aor. I ἤξησα: pf. ἤξηκα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to honour, exalt, ex-
tol.

II. Pass., with fut. med. αὐξήσομαι and pass. αὐξήθῃσμαι: aor. I ἤξῃσθην: pf. ἤξημαι:—to grow, wax, increase: of a child, to grow up: of the wind, to rise; ἤξανόμην ἄκοιῶν I grew taller as I heard.

III. intrans. in Act. to grow, wax. Hence

αὐξή, ἡ, growth, increase.

αὐξηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of αὐξάνω.

Αὐξηστία, ἡ, (αὐξή) the goddess of growth.

αὐξησις, εως, ἡ, (αὐξή) growth, increase.

αὐξίμος, on, (αὐξή) promoting growth.

αὐξο-σελήνην, τό, (αὐξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon.

αὐξώ, οὔς, ἡ, (αὐξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

αὐξω, v. sub αὐξάνω.

αὐωνή, ἡ, (αῖος) dryness, withering.

αῖος, η, on, (αῖω) dry, dried, of fruit; αῖον ἀπτεῖν to ring dry and barsh, of metal. 2. withered, parched.

3. drained dry, exhausted.

αῖπνία, ἡ, sleeplessness. From

αῖπ-πνος, on, (a privat., ὕπνος) sleepless, wakeful; ὕπνος αῖπνος a sleep that is no sleep.

αῖρα, Ion. αῖρη, ἡ, (*ἄω, ἄημι) air in motion, a breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. aura.

αῖριον, (from αῖώς, Aeol. for ἡώς) Adv. to-morrow; ἐς αῖριον on the morrow, next morning or till morning: ἡ αῖριον (sub. ἡμέρα), the morrow; also, ἡ ἐς αῖριον ἡμέρα, ό αῖριον χρόνος.

αῖσαι, aor. I inf. of αῖω to shout.

αῖσιος, Dor. for ἡσιος.

αῖσταλέος, poet. αῖσταλέος, α, on, (αῖος) sun-burnt, shrivelled, parched, Lat. siccus.

αῖστηρός, α, όν, (*ἄω, αῖω, ἄω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter. 2. metaph. like Lat. austerus, stern, barsh, austere. Hence

αῖστηρότης, ητος, ἡ, roughness, rough flavour. 2. metaph. barshness, sternness, austerity.

αὐτ-άγγελος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀγγέλλω) carrying one's own message : bringing news of what one has seen.

αὐτ-ἀγρετος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀγρώ) self-chosen, left to one's choice. II. act. choosing for oneself.

αὐτ-ἀδελφος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀδελφός) related as brother or sister : one's own brother or sister.

αὐτ-ανδρος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀνὴρ) with the men themselves, men and all.

αὐτ-ἀνεψιμος, *α*, (αὐτός, ἀνεψιός) an own cousin, cousin-german.

αὐτάρ, Conjunct., Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, however, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.

αὐτάρκεια, *ῆ*, (αὐτάρκης) sufficiency in oneself, independence.

αὐτ-άρκης, *ες*, (αὐτός, ἀρκέω) sufficient in oneself, independent of others; πόλις αὐτάρκης a country that supplies itself, that wants no imports; c. inf., αὐτάρκης ἀναγκάζειν fully able to compel.

αὐτε, Adv., I. of Time, again, over again. II. to mark Sequence, again, furthermore, like Lat. autem. 2. however, on the contrary.

αὐτ-έκμαγμα, *ατος*, *τύ*, (αὐτός, ἐκμάσσομαι) an exact impression, true portrait.

αὐτ-εξούσιος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐξουσία) in one's own power : τὸ αὐτεξούσιον free power.

αὐτ-επάγγελτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐπαγγέλλομαι) offering of oneself, of oneself, freely, Lat. sponte.

αὐτ-επώνυμος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) of the same surname.

αὐτ-ερέτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (αὐτός, ἐρέτης) rower and soldier at once.

αὐτέω, Ep. impf. αὐτευν, only used in pres. and impf., to cry, shout : also in Act., to call. [ῆ] From αὐτή, *ῆ*, (αὐ) a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself. [ῆ]

αὐτ-ήκοος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἀκούω) one who has. himself heard, an ear-witness.

αὐτ-ἡμαρ, Adv., = αὐθημερόν, on the selfsame day.

αὐτ-γενής, *ῆς*, Ion. for αὐθιγενής.

αὐτίκα [ῆ], Adv. (αὐτός) forthwith, straightway, immediately; αὐτίκα καὶ μετέπειτα now and hereafter : presently, directly, Lat. mox. II. for example, just to give an example; αὐτίκα γὰρ ἄρχει διὰ τίν' ὁ Ζεὺς; for example, by what means does Zeus rule the gods?

αὐτίς, Ion. and Dor. for αὖθις.

αὐτμή, (*ᾠ, αὖω, to blow) breath : the blast of a bellows. II. a scent, odour.

αὐτμήν, μένος, *ὁ*, αὐτμή.

αὐτο-βοεί, Adv. (αὐτός, βοή) by a mere shout; αὐτοβοεί εἰλεῖν to take without resistance.

αὐτο-βόλος, *ον*, (αὐτός, βουλή) self-willed.

αὐτο-γέννητος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γένναω) :—κοιμήματα μητρὸς αὐτ. a mother's intercourse with her own child.

αὐτογνωμονέω, *ῆ*, ἴσω, to act of one's own will or judgment. From

αὐτο-γνώμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (αὐτός, γνώμη) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. —μόνως.

αὐτό-γνωτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, γινώσκω) self-resolved, self-chosen.

αὐτό-γῆς, *ον*, (αὐτός, γῆς) :—ἀροτρον αὐτόγῆον a plough in which the γῆς is of one piece with the ἔλμα and ἱστοβοεῖς.

αὐτό-δαής, *ῆς*, (αὐτός, δαῆναι) unpremeditated.

αὐτό-δαίκτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δαίζω) self-slain or mutually slain.

αὐτ-οδάξ, Adv. (αὐτός, ὀδᾶξ) with clenched teeth : hence stubborn.

αὐτό-δεκα, (αὐτός, δέκα) just ten.

αὐτό-δηλος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δηλος) self-evident.

αὐτό-διδασκτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, διδάσκω) self-taught.

αὐτό-δίκος, *ον*, (αὐτός, δίκη) with one's own law-courts : conducting one's own suits at home.

αὐτόδιον, Adv. (αὐτός) straightway.

αὐτό-ἐλικτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, ἐλίσσω) curling naturally.

αὐτο-έντης, *ον*, *ὁ*, = αὐθέντης, a murderer.

αὐτο-ετής, *ῆς*, (αὐτός, ἔτος) in or of the same year : Adv. αὐτόετες, in the same year, within the year.

αὐτο-θελεῖ, Adv. of αὐτοθελής, voluntarily.

αὐτο-θελής, *ῆς*, (αὐτός, θέλω) of one's own will, voluntary.

αὐτόθεν, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) of Place, from the very spot where one is, from hence, from thence, Lat. illinc. II. of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. illico.

αὐτόθι, Adv. for αὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.

αὐτο-κάσιγνητος, *ὁ*, and -τη, *ῆ*, (αὐτός, κασίγνητος) an own brother or sister.

αὐτο-κατάκρίτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κατακρίνω) self-condemned.

αὐτο-κείμενος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κείμενος) going one's own way.

αὐτο-κείμεστος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κελεύω) self-bidden, of one's own accord.

αὐτο-κελής, *ῆς*, (αὐτός, κέλομαι) = foreg.

αὐτό-κλητος, *ον*, (αὐτός, καλέω) self-called, i. e. uncalled, unbidden.

αὐτό-κομος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κόμη) with natural hair, shaggy. II. hair and all.

αὐτο-κράτης, *ῆς*, (αὐτός, κράτος) ruling by oneself, having full power, absolute : τὸ αὐτοκρατέε free will.

αὐτο-κράτωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (αὐτός, κρατέω) one's own master : 1. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. sui juris. 2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full powers. 3. of rulers, absolute : peremptory.

αὐτό-κτίτος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κτίζω) self-produced, made by nature.

αὐτοκτονέω, to slay themselves or one another. From αὐτο-κτόνος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κτείνω) self-slaying. II. slaying one another; θάνατος αὐτοκτόνος mutual death by each other's hand.

αὐτο-κυβερνήτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (αὐτός, κυβερνάω) one who steers himself.

αὐτό-κωπος, *ον*, (αὐτός, κώπη) together with the

bundle; βέλη αὐτόκωπα weapons with a bundle, i. e. swords.

αὐτο-μαθής, ἐς, (αὐτός, μαθεῖν) *self-taught*, τινός in a thing.

αὐτο-μαρτύς, ὅρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, μάρτυς) *oneself the witness*, i. e. an eyewitness.

αὐτοματίζω, f. ἴσω, to act of one's own will, to act of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From

αὐτο-μάτος, η, ον, also os, ον, (αὐτός, μέμαα, pf. of *μάω) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. *self-moving*; τὰ αὐτόματα *self-moving machines*, automata.

2. of plants, growing of themselves, spontaneous. 3. of events, happening of themselves; without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου, naturally or by chance. Adv. —ως, Lat. ultro, sponte sua.

αὐτομόλῳ, f. ἦσω, (αὐτόμολος) to desert. Hence αὐτομόλησις, εως, ἡ, and αὐτομόλια, ἡ, desertion. αὐτο-μόλος, ον, (αὐτός, μολεῖν) going of oneself: as Subst. a deserter.

αὐτονομίαι, Dep. (αὐτόνομος) to live by one's own laws, be independent.

αὐτονομία, ἡ, independence. From αὐτο-νομός, ον, (αὐτός, νέμω) living by one's own laws: independent. II. (νέμωμαι) feeding at will.

αὐτο-νύχτι, Adv. (αὐτός, νύξ) that very night.

αὐτο-ξύλος, ον, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood.

αὐτο-παῖς, παιδός, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, παῖς) an own child, son or daughter.

αὐτο-πύγων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, πῆμα) for one's own woes.

αὐτο-ποιός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ποιέω) self-produced.

αὐτο-πολις, εως, ὁ, (αὐτός, πόλις) self-administered, independent. Hence

αὐτοπολίτης, ον, ὁ, a citizen of a free state. [ἴ]

αὐτο-πόνητος, ον, (αὐτός, πονέω) self-wrought, natural.

αὐτο-πρεμνος, ον, (αὐτός, πρέμνον) together with the root, root and all; αὐτοπρεμνος ὀλλυσθαι to perish root and branch.

αὐτο-πρόσωπος, ον, (αὐτός, πρόσωπον) in one's own person.

αὐτο-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, ὄψομαι, fut. of ὄράω) seeing oneself, an eyewitness.

αὐτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling one's own goods.

αὐτόρ-ριζος, poet. αὐτόριζος, ον, (αὐτός, ρίζα) self-rooted. II. with the roots, roots and all.

αὐτόρ-ρυτος, poet. αὐτόρυτος, ον, (αὐτός, μέω) self-flowing.

Αὐτό-Σ, αὐτή, αὐτό, Pron. of 3rd pers., self, Lat. ipse: in oblique cases often for the person. Pron., bim, ber, it: with artic. ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, the same.

I. self, myself, thyself: 1. oneself, i. e. the part properly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or oneself, as opp. to others, e.g. the king to his subjects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as in the Pythag. phrase Αὐτὸς ἔφα, Lat. Ipse dixit. 2.

of oneself, of one's own accord. 3. by oneself, alone, = μόνος; αὐτοὶ ἔσμεν we are by ourselves. 4. in dat. with a Subst., together with; ἀνύρουσεν αὐτῇ σὺν φόρμυγι he sprang up by her side: but mostly without σύν, ἵππους αὐτοῖσιν ὄχεσθαι horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσι συμμάχοισι allies and all; αὐτοῖς τοῖς ἵπποις horses and all. 5.

added to ordinal numbers, e.g. πέμπτος αὐτὸς himself the fifth, i. e. himself with four others, αὐτὸς being the chief person. 6. also joined with the personal Pron., ἐγὼ αὐτός, σὲ αὐτόν, etc., always divisim in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, as, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: again αὐτός is joined with the reflexive ἑαυτοῦ, αὐτοῦ, etc., to give greater force, as αὐτὸς καθ' αὐτοῦ.

7. Comp. αὐτότερος, more himself; and Sup. αὐτότατος, Lat. ipsissimus, his very self.

II. He, she, it, Lat. ille, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῷ, αὐτόν, and the reflex. Pron. αὐτοῦ, αὐτῷ, αὐτόν, v. sub ἑαυτοῦ.

III. with Article, ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, Att. contr. αὐτός, αὐτή, ταὐτό and ταὐτόν; gen. ταυτοῦ, etc.; Ion. αὐτός, ταυτό:—the same, Lat. idem. It freq. takes a dat., like ὅμοιος, etc., ὁ αὐτὸς τῷ λίθῳ the same as the stone; τὸ αὐτὸ πράσσειν or πράχειν τινί to fare the same as one: also in phrases κατά ταυτό, ὑπὸ ταυτό, at, about the same time, Lat. sub idem tempus: εἰς ταυτό, ἐν ταυτῷ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, το, in, from the same place.

IV. in Compos., 1. of itself, i. e. natural, native, as in αὐτόκτιστος. 2. of mere, of nothing but, as in αὐτόξυλος.

3. of oneself, as in αὐτοδιδάκτος. 4. the very, the ideal, as in αὐτοάγαθον, αὐτοάνθρωπος, etc. 5. just, exactly, as in αὐτόδεκα.

6. rarely, with reflex. sense of αὐτοῦ and ἀλλήλων, as αὐθέντης, αὐτοκτονέω. 7. together with, as in αὐτότοκος young and all. 8. alone, by oneself, as in αὐτόσκηνος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. illuc.

αὐτο-σίδηρος, ον, (αὐτός, σίδηρος) of sheer iron.

αὐτόσ-σύτος, ον, (αὐτός, σεύομαι) self-moved.

αὐτο-σταδία, ἡ, (αὐτός, ἵσταμαι) a stand-up fight, close fight.

αὐτο-στολος, ον, (αὐτός, στέλλομαι) self-sent, going of oneself.

αὐτό-στονος, ον, (αὐτός, στένω) sighing for or by oneself.

αὐτο-σφαγής, ἐς, (αὐτός, σφαγήναι) slain by oneself or by kinsmen.

αὐτο-σχεδᾶ, Adv. = αὐτοσχεδῶν.

αὐτοσχεδιάζω, f. ἴσω, (αὐτοσχεδῖος) to act or speak off-band: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially. 2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-band. Hence

αὐτοσχεδίασμα, atos, τό, work done off-band, an impromptu: and

αὐτοσχεδιαστής, οὐ, ὁ, *one who acts or speaks off-hand*: a novice, Lat. *tiro*.

αὐτο-σχέδιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, σχέδιος) *band to band*:—as fem. Subst. αὐτοσχεδῆν; (sc. μάχη) ἡ, a *close fight, fray*; acc. αὐτοσχεδῆν as Adv. *close at hand*. II. *off-band, on the spur of the moment*.

αὐτο-σχεδόν, Adv. (αὐτός, σχεδόν) *near at hand, band to band*, Lat. *cominus*.

αὐτότατος, see αὐτός I. 7.

αὐτο-τέλεστος, ον, (αὐτός, τελέω) *self-accomplished*. αὐτο-τελής, ἐς, (αὐτός, τέλος) *complete in itself, sufficient*:—Adv. αὐτοτελῶς, *absolutely, arbitrarily*. II. *taxing oneself*.

αὐτότερος, see αὐτός I. 7.

αὐτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτός, τόκος) *young and all*.

αὐτο-τραγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αὐτός, τραγικός) *arrant tragic*.

αὐτο-τροπήσας, aor. I part. as if from αὐτοτροπᾶω, (αὐτός, τρέπω) *to turn straightway*.

αὐτοῦ, Adv., properly gen. neut. of αὐτός, *at the very place, there, here, on the spot*, Lat. *illico*.

αὐτοῦ, Att. contr. for ἐαυτοῦ.

αὐτουργία, ἡ, *a working with one's own hand*; αὐτουργία φόνου *self-inflicted murder*. From

αὐτ-ουργός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ἔργον) *self-working*. 2. as Subst., *one who tills his own land, a husbandman, farmer*. II. *pass. self-wrought, extemporaneous*.

αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτός; ἐπ' αὐτόφι or παρ' αὐτόφι *on the very spot*; ἀπ' αὐτόφι *from the very spot*.

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτός, φλοιός) *bark and all*.

αὐτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτός, *φένω) *self-murdering, murdering one's own kin*.

αὐτο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (αὐτός, *φένω) *a murderer*.

αὐτό-φορτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύρτος) *bearing one's own baggage*.

αὐτο-φύης, ἐς, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-growing, self-existent*. 2. *of home growth or production*. 3. *natural*, opp. to *artificial*; αὐτοφνεῖς λόφοι *hills in their natural state, not quarried or mined*. Hence

αὐτοφνῶς, Adv. *naturally*.

αὐτό-φύτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-caused*.

αὐτό-φωρος, ον, (αὐτός, φάω) *caught in the act of theft*; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ λαμβάνειν *to catch in the act*; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ δῶναι *to be caught in the very act*.

αὐτό-χειρ, ρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, χεῖρ) *working with one's own hand*: c. gen. *the very maker or worker of a thing*. II. *absol. one who kills himself or one of his kin*: a murderer, homicide. III. as Adj. *murderous*. Hence

αὐτοχειρί, Adv. *with one's own hand*.

αὐτοχειρία, ἡ, (αὐτόχειρ) *a doing with one's own hands*; dat. αὐτοχειρίᾳ *with one's own hand*.

αὐτό-χθονος, ον, (αὐτός, χθών) *country and all*.

αὐτό-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, χθών) *of the land itself*, Lat. *tigenna*: αὐτόχθονες, οἱ, like Lat. *Aborigines*, *Indigenae*, of the original race, not settlers.

αὐτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτός, χολόω) *angry at oneself*.

αὐτο-χόωνος, ον, lengthd. for αὐτοχόανος, (αὐτός, χοάνη) *rudely cast, sbarpeless*, of a quoit.

αὐτό-χρημα, Adv. (αὐτός, χρήμα) *indeed, really*: at once, *plainly*.

αὐτῶς, Adv. of αὐτός with Aeol. accent, *even so, just so, as it is*; γυμνὸν ἔοντα, αὐτῶς, *being unarmed, just as I am*. 2. *just so, no better*; often joined with other words implying contempt; νήπιος αὐτῶς *a mere child*.

II. *just as before, as it was*; λευκὸν ἐτ' αὐτῶς *still white as when new*.

αὐχενίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (αὐχὴν) *to cut the throat of, behead*.

αὐχένιος, α, ον, (αὐχὴν) *belonging to the neck*; αὐχένιοι τένοντες *the sinews of the neck*.

αὐχέω, f. ἦω: aor. I πύχησα:—like καυχάομαι, *to boast, pride oneself*: c. inf. *to boast that*: generally, *to protest, declare*. From

ΑΥΧΗ', ἡ, *boasting, pride*.

αὐχημα, atos, τό, (αὐχέω) *a thing boasted of, the pride, boast*. II. *a boast*: also = αὐχή, *boasting*.

ΑΥΧΗΝ, ἑνος, ὅ, *the neck, throat*: metaph. *a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus*; also *a narrow sea, strait*: *the narrow bed of a river*: *a defile*.

αὐχησις, εως, ἡ, (αὐχέω) *boasting, exultation*.

αὐχμέω, f. ἦσω, (αὐχμός) *to be squalid*, Lat. *squalere*. αὐχμήεις, εσσα, εν, = αὐχμυρός.

αὐχμηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (αὐχμέω) *dry, parched, dusty, squalid*, Lat. *squalidus*. 2. *improvised, needy*.

αὐχμός, ὁ, (ἄω, αὖω, αἶος) *drought*; *earth*.

αὐχμ-ώδης, ἐς, (αὐχμός, εἶδος) *looking dry and dusty*; τὸ αὐχμῶδες *drought*.

ΑΥΤΩ, Att. αὖω, *to dry, wither*: also *to singe, set on fire*.

ΑΥΤΩ, f. ἄωω: aor. ἤυσα:—*to shout out, shout, call aloud*: also of things, *to sound, echo*: c. acc. pers. *to call upon*.

αὔω, ἡ, Aeol. for ἄω, ἡῶς, *morning*.

ἀφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to purify*:—Med. *to devote oneself with purifying offerings*.

ἀφ-αιρέω, f. ἦω: pf. ἀφῆρηκα: Pass., aor. I ἀφῆρεθην: pf. ἀφῆρημαι:—from the Root ἘΛ—*we have aor. 2 ἀφείλον, fut. med. ἀφελούμαι*: (ἀπό, αἰρέω). *To take from, take away from another*; c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρεῖν τινά τι *to rob of a thing*; ἀφαιρεῖν τινας *to take from a thing, hence to diminish*: *to let off, pardon*. II. Med. *more freq. than Act., to take away for oneself, bear off*: ἀφαιρεῖσθαι τινά τι *to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself*. 2. *followed by μή and inf., to prevent, hinder from doing*. III. Pass. *to be robbed or deprived of a thing*.

ἀφαιστος, Dor. for Ἠφαιστος.

ἀφ-άλλομαι, f. ἀφαλούμαι: aor. I ἀφῆλᾰμην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἄλλομαι):—*to spring off or down from*: *to jump off*.

ἀ-φάλος, ον, *without the fálos or metal boss in which the plume was fixed*.

ἀφ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀφῆμαρτον,

Ep. by metath. ἀπήμβροτον: (ἀπό, ἀμαρτάνω):—*to miss one's aim, fail in gaining.*

ἀφάμαρτε, Ep. 3 aor. 2 of foregoing.

ἀφαμαρτο-επής, ἐς, (ἀφαμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) *missing the point, talking at random.*

ἀφ-ανδάνω, f. -αδήσω: Ion. aor. 2 inf. ἀπαδέειν: (ἀπό, ἀνδάνω):—*to displease, fail to please.*

ἀ-φάνεια, ἡ, *darkness, obscurity.* II. *disappearance, utter destruction.* From

ἀ-φάνης, ἐς, (α privat., φανήναι) *unseen, invisible: inscrutable.* 2. *vanished: bidden, secret: hence unknown: τὸ ἀφανές uncertainty.* 3. *ἀφανής οὐσία personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to φανερά, real, as land.* Hence

ἀφ᾽ανίω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ: pf. ἡφάνικα:—*to make unseen, bide, suppress: to make away with.* 2. *to raise to the ground, erase writing: to obliterate foot-steps, etc.* 3. *to secrete, steal, embezzle.* 4. *to darken, obscure, tarnish: to efface.* II. *Pass. to disappear and be beard of no more, vanish: esp. of persons lost at sea.* 2. *to keep out of public, live retired.* Hence

ἀφάνισις, εὖς, ἡ, *a making away with.* II. *a vanishing, disappearance.*

ἀφανισμός, ὁ, = ἀφάνισις.

ἀ-φαντος, ov, (α privat., φαίνομαι) *invisible, forgotten: obscure, secret.* 2. *unlooked for.*

ἀφ-ἄπτω, fut. ψω: pf. pass. ἀφήμμαι: (ἀπό, ἄπτω):—*to fasten from or upon; ἀφ. ἄμματα to tie knots on a string:—Pass. to be hung on, hang on; ἀπαμμένως Ion. pass. pf. part. for ἀφήμμενος.*

ἀφ᾽αρ, Adv., I. *straightway, forthwith: at once, quickly.* II. *thereupon, then, after that.* III. *continuously, without intermission.*

ἀ-φαρκτος, ov, old Att. for ἀφρακτος.

ἀφ-αρπάω, f. ἄρω, Att. ἄσω or rather ἄσομαι:—*Pass., aor. 1 -ἡρπάσθην: pf. -ἡρπασμαι:—to tear off or from: to snatch away: to snatch eagerly.*

ἀφάρτερος, α, ov, Comp. Adj. from ἀφαρ, *bastier.*

ἀ-φᾶσία, ἡ, (ἀφατος) *speechlessness.*

ἀφάσσω, f. ἀφάσω: aor. 1 ἡφασα, imperat. ἄφασον: (ἄπτω, ἀφάω):—*to take bold of, handle, feel, touch.*

ἀ-φᾶτος, ov, (α privat., φάτος) *not named, nameless: that should not be named or uttered; ἀφᾶτα χρήματα untold sums; ἀφᾶτον ὤς... there's no saying how.* 2. *unutterable: huge, monstrous.*

ἀφ-αναίνω, fut. pass. ἀνανήσομαι, = ἀφάω.

ἀφαναός, α, ὅν, *weak, feeble.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφ-αῖω, (ἀπό, αῖω) *to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere:—Pass. to become parched, to pine away.*

ἀφᾶω or ἀφάω, (ἄπτω, ἀφή) *to handle, feel.*

ἀ-φεγγής, ἐς, (α privat., φέγγος) *without light, dark: metaph. ill-starred.* 2. *dim, faint.*

ἀφ-εδρών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἔδρα) *the draught: a privy.*

ἀφῆ, Ep. for ἀφή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφέκη, Ep. for ἀφήκα, aor. 1 of ἀφήμι.

ἀφεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφειδέστερον, Comp., ἀφειδέστατα, Sup., of Adv. ἀφειδῶς.

ἀφειδέω, f. ἴσω, *to be unsparing or lavish of; ἀφειδεῖν πόνον to be careless of, i. e. to neglect, avoid toil: absol., ἀφειδήσαντες recklessly.* From

ἀ-φειδής, ἐς, (α privat., φείδομαι) *unsparing, lavish: bountiful.* 2. *unsparing, cruel, harsh.* Hence

ἀφειδία, ἡ, *profuseness.* 2. *barbness, severity.*

ἀφειδῆς, Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of ἀφειδής, *lavishly.*

ἀφείη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείλιν, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφείμαι, pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείς, εἶσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπέχω, *one must abstain.*

ἀφέλεια, ἡ, (ἀφελής) *simplicity, plainness.* From

ἀφελείν, ἀφελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀ-φελής, ἐς, (α privat., φελλεύς) *without a stone, level, smooth.* II. *metaph. of persons, simple, plain.*

ἀφ-έλκω, f. -έλξω: but the usu. fut. is ἀφελκύσω [ῶ], aor. 1 ἀφελκύσα (as if from ἀφελκύνω):—*to drag away, draw back: to draw aside.* 2. *to drink up.*

ἀφελότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀφελής) *smoothness, evenness: hence simplicity, sincerity.*

ἀφελῶς, aor. 2 part. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφελῶς, Adv. of ἀφελής, *rudely, coarsely.*

ἀφενος, τό, *wealth, abundance.*

ἀφ-ερκτος, ov, (ἀπείργω) *shut out from.*

ἀφ-έρπω, f. ψω: but aor. 1 ἀφείρπυσα (as if from ἀφερπύω):—*to creep off, steal away.*

ἀ-φερτος, ov, (α privat., φέρω) *insufferable.*

ἀφες, 2 imperat. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

Ἀφείστος, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) *the Releaser, epith. of Zeus.*

ἀφεσις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἀφήμι) *a letting go, setting free: a quittance, discharge: remission, forgiveness: a starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself.*

ἀφεσταίη, shortened for ἀφέστηκοι, 3 sing. pf. opt. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀφετός, ὅν, (ἀφήμι) *let loose, freely ranging, esp. of sacred flocks that were free from work: hence dedicated to some god.*

ἀ-φευκτος, ov, = ἀφευκτος, q. v.

ἀφ-εύω, aor. 1 ἀφενσα (without augm.): pf. pass. ἤφευμαι:—*to singe off.* 2. *to toast, roast.*

ἀφ-έπω, Ion. ἀπέψω: fut. ἀφελήσω:—*to boil off, boil down.* II. *to boil free of all dross, to refine, purify: to boil young again.*

ἀφέωκα, Dor. for ἀφείκα, pf. act., and ἀφέννται, Dor. for ἀφέννται, 3 plur. pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφή, ἡ, (ἄπτω) *a fastening, joint: 2. a light'ing, kindling.* II. (ἄπτομαι) *a touching, bandling: the sense of touch.*

ἀφ-ηγέομαι, f. -ηγήσομαι, *to lead away, lead off: generally, to lead the way, go first.* II. *to tell, relate, explain.* III. *the perf. ἀφήγημαι is used in pass. sense. Hence*

ἀφήγημα Ion. ἀπήγημα, ατος, τό, a tale, narrative: and

ἀφήγησις Ion. ἀπήγησις, εως, ἡ, a telling, narrating; ἄξιον ἀπηγήσιος worth the telling.

ἀφήκα, aor. I of ἀφήμι.

ἀφ-ῆλιξ, Ion. ἀπ-ῆλιξ, ικος, ὁ, ἡ, beyond youth, elderly: mostly used in Comp. and Sup. ἀφηλικέστερος, -έστατος.

ἀφ-ῆμαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀφήρηκα, pf. of ἀφαρέω.

ἀφ-ήτωρ, opos, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) the archer.

ἀφθαρσία, ἡ, incorruption, immortality. From ἀ-φθαρτος, ov, (a privat., φθείρω) uncorrupted, incorruptible.

ἀ-φθεγκτος, ov, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) speechless: not to be spoken of; ἐν ἀφθέγκτῳ νάπει in a grove where none may speak.

ἄφθῃ, Ion. and Dor. for ἡφθῃ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτα.

ἀ-φθίτος, ov, later also η, ov, (a privat., φθίω) undestroyed, undecaying, imperishable.

ἀ-φθογγος, ov, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) voiceless.

ἀφθονέστερος, -έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἀφθονος.

ἀ-φθόνητος, ov, (a privat., φθονέω) unenvied.

ἀφθονία, ἡ, freedom from envy, readiness: more often of things, plenty, abundance. From

ἀ-φθονος, ov, act. free from envy: ungrudging, bounteous.

II. pass. not grudging, bounteously given, plentiful. 2. = ἀνεπίφθονος, unenvied, provoking no envy.

III. Adv. -ως, ἀφθόνως ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀφθορία, ἡ, incorruption, purity. From

ἀ-φθορος, ov, (a privat., φθείρω) uncorrupt, chaste.

ἀφ-ιδρύω, f. ύσω [ῶ]:—Pass., aor. I -ύθην [ῶ] or -ύνην: pf. ἀφίδρυμαι:—to place elsewhere, to remove.

ἀφ-ιερῶ, f. ύσω: pf. pass. ἀφιέρωμαι:—to purify, ballow.

ἀφ-ῆμι: impf. (as if from ἀφίω) ἡφίουν, 3 sing. ἡφίει Ep. ἀφίει, 3 pl. ἡφίουν, ἡφίσαν: fut. ἀφήσω:

aor. I ἀφήκα: pf. ἀφείκα Dor. ἀφέικα:—Pass., fut. ἀφεθήσομαι: aor. I ἀφείθην: pf. ἀφείμαι, Dor. 3 pl. ἀφένωνται with pres. sense:—to send forth, discharge, Lat. *emittere*, esp. of missiles: in prose, to send forth on an expedition, send out.

II. to send away, let go, Lat. *dimittere*: hence to throw away.

2. to let go, set free, esp. from an accusation, etc.: to remit: absol. ἀφίναί τινά to acquit.

3. to dissolve, disband, break up, of an army: so also of the council at Athens.

4. to put away, divorce.

5. ἀφίναί πλοῖον εἰς . . to loose ship for a place.

III. to give up: hence to leave off, let alone; to let pass, neglect.

IV. to let, suffer, permit to do or to be done.

V. seemingly intr. (sub. σπατόν, ναῦς, etc.), to break up, march, sail.

B. Med. to send forth from oneself, to send forth. 2. to loose oneself from: freq. in Att., a gen. only, ἀφού τέκνων let go the children.

ἀφ-ικάνω, = ἀφικνέομαι, to arrive at.

ἀφικέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφίκεο, Dor. for ἀφίκου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of sq.

ἀφ-ικνέομαι, f. ἀφίξομαι: aor. ἀφικόμην: pf. pass. ἀφίκαμι: Dep.:—to arrive at, to come to, to reach;

ἀφικέσθαι ἐπὶ or εἰς πάντα to try every means; ἀφικέσθαι τὸ ἐσχάτον κακοῦ to come into extremest misery; διὰ μάχης, δι' ἔχθρας ἀφικέσθαι τινί to come to battle, or into enmity with one.

II. to come back, return.

ἀφικόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀ-φιλ-άγαθος, ov, (a privat., φίλος, ἀγαθός) unfriendly to good men.

ἀ-φιλ-ἀργύρος, ov, (a privat., φίλος, ἀργυρος) not loving money, not avaricious, not covetous.

ἀ-φίλητος, ov, (a privat., φιλέω) unloved.

ἀφιλοδοξία, ἡ, want of ambition. From

ἀ-φιλδοξος, ov, (a privat., φίλος, δόξα) not ambitious.

ἀ-φίλος, ov, of persons, friendless. 2. of persons and things, unfriendly, disagreeable, hateful:—Adv. -λως.

ἀφίξις, Ion. ἀπίξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφικνέομαι) an arrival.

II. a going home again, departure.

ἀφιππεύω, f. εύσω, (ἀφιππος) to ride off, away, or back.

ἀφιππία, ἡ, bad riding. From

ἀφιππος, ov, unsuited for riding or for cavalry. II. riding badly.

ἀφ-ίστημι, impf. ἀφίστην: f. ἀποστήσω: aor. I ἀπέστησα and aor. I med. ἀπεστήσαμην:—in which tenses it is causal:—to put away, remove, separate:

hence to hinder, frustrate: but mostly, to make revolt. 2. to weigh out; μὴ χρεῖος ἀποστήσωνται lest they weigh out, i. e. pay in full the debt.

II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέστην: perf. ἀφέστηκα: plqpf. ἀφεστήκειν: and fut. med. ἀποστήσομαι:—to stand off, away, or aloof from; ἀποστήναι πραγμασίω, etc., to withdraw from business;

ἀποστήναι ἀπὸ τινος to revolt from, and freq. absol. to revolt; also c. inf., ἀποστήναι ἐπαρτήσαι to give over asking.

2. absol. to stand aloof, keep off.

ἀφίχθαι, pf. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.

ἀφλαστον, τό, Lat. *aplustre*, the curved stern of a ship with its ornaments (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφλοισμός, ὁ, a foaming or gnashing of teeth. (Prob. like φλοῖστος, formed from the sound.)

ἀφνεός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (ἀφενος) rich, wealthy: also rich in a thing, c. gen.

ἀφνεός, ὄν, collat. form of ἀφνεός.

ἈΦΝΩ, Adv. unawares, of a sudden: also ἀφνος.

ἀ-φόβητος, ov, (a privat., φοβέομαι) fearless, without fear of, c. gen.

ἀ-φοβος, ov, (a privat., φόβος) fearless.

2. causing no fear, not to be feared.

ἀφοβό-σπλαγχνος, ov, (ἀφοβος, σπλαγχνον) fearless of heart, stout-hearted.

ἀφόβως, Adv. of ἀφοβος, without fear, securely.

ἀφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὁδός) a going away, departure: also a going back.

II. = ἀπόστατος.

ἀ-φοιβαντος, ov, (a privat., φοιβαίνω) uncleansed.

ἀφομοιῶ, f. ὥσω, to liken, make like. II. to compare. III. to portray, copy.

ἀφοπλίζω, f. ἴσω, to disarm, strip of arms:—Med., ἀφοπλίσσθαι ἔντεα to put off one's armour.

ἀφοράω, impf. ἀφείρων: pf. ἀφέρακα: with borrowed fut. ἀφύομαι (as if from ἀπ-ὄπτομαι), and aor. 2 ἀπείδων (as if from ἀπ-είδω):—to look away from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. respicere:—to see clearly, have in full view. II. to look from a place. III. rarely, to look away, have the back turned.

ἀφόρητος, ov, (a privat., φορητός) unbearable, insufferable.

ἀφορία, ἡ, (ἀφορος) a not bearing, dearth of a thing. II. barrenness.

ἀφοριεῖ, 3 sing. fut. act. or 2 sing. fut. med. of ἀφορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω: aor. ἀφώρισα: pf. pass. ἀφώρισμαι:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off, determine, define:—Med. to mark off for oneself, appropriate. II. to set apart, ordain: also to reject, banish.

ἀφορμάω, f. ἴσω, to make to start from a place. II. intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go forth, start, depart.

ἀφορμή, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὁρμή) a starting-place, means of starting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety. 2. a starting-point, the occasion or pretext of a thing. 3. means, resources: esp. the means or sinews of war, as money, ships, etc.: capital, Lat. fundus. II. a making a start, undertaking.

ἀφορμηθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. opt. of ἀφορμάω.

ἀφορμίζομαι, Med. to unmoor ships from harbour.

ἀφόρμηκτος, ov, (a privat., φορμίζω) without the lyre.

ἀφορμος, ov, (ἀπό, ὄρμος) without harbour in a place.

ἀφορος, ov, (a privat., φέρω) not bearing, barren.

ἀφόρμηκτος, ov, (a privat., φορύσσω) undefiled, unstained.

ἀφοσιῶ, fut. ὥσω, (ἀπό, ὅσιος) to purify or liberate from guilt:—Med. to purify oneself from sins of negligence; ἀφοσιοῦσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory offerings to the god. II. Med. also to acquit oneself of service due; ἀφοσιοῦσθαι ἐξέρκωσιν to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.

ἀφού, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφώντα, Ep. for ἀφώντα, pres. act. part. acc. of ἀφάω.

ἀφράδῃω, f. ἴσω, to act without sense. From ἀφράδης, ἐς, (a privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. ἀφραδέως, foolishly, senselessly. Hence

ἀφράδια, ἡ, folly, thoughtlessness, silliness.

ἀφραδμων, ov, gen. onos, = ἀφραδής, thoughtless.

ἀφρακτος, (ἀφρων) to be silly.

ἀφρακτος, old Att. ἀφρακτος, ov, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded. II. off one's guard.

ἀφράσμων, ov, gen. onos, = ἀφράδμων.

ἀφραστος, ov, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable, strange. 2. untold, numberless. II. (a privat., φράζομαι) not thought of, unseen, unexpected. Hence

ἀφράστος, Adv. unexpectedly.

ἀφρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρός) to foam: c. acc. to cover with foam.

ἀφρη-λόγος, ov, (ἀφρός, λέγω) gathering froth, skimming.

ἀφρηστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἀφρέω) the foaming one.

ἀφρήτωρ, opos, ὁ, Ion. for ἀφράτωρ, (a privat., φράττω) without brotherhood, bound by no social tie.

ἀφρίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀφρέω, to foam.

ἀφριόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀφρός) foaming.

ἀφρογένεια, ἡ, the foam-born. From

ἀφρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἀφρός, γενέσθαι) foam-born.

Ἀφροδιούσας, ἄδος, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus.

Ἀφροδίσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, belonging to Venus. II. Ἀφροδίσιον, τό, the temple of Venus:

Ἀφροδισία, τά, her festival. From

Ἀφροδίτη [ῖ], ἡ, (ἀφρός) Aphrodité, Lat. Venus, the goddess of love and beauty, born from the sea-foam. II. as appellat. love, desire:—also beauty.

ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀφρων.

ἀφρονῶ, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρων) to be silly, to act foolishly.

ἀφροντιστέω, f. ἴσω, to be heedless: to have no care of a thing. From

ἀφρόντιστος, ov, (a privat., φροντίζω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., ἀφροντίστως ἔχειν to be thoughtless. II. pass. unthought of, unexpected.

ἀφρόνως, Adv. of ἀφρων, foolishly.

ἈΦΡΟΨ, ὁ, foam, froth.

ἀφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀφρων) folly, thoughtlessness.

ἀφρourος, ov, (a privat., φρουρά) unwatched.

ἀφρο-φυής, ἐς, (ἀφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky.

ἀφρων, ov, gen. onos, (a privat., φρήν) senseless, witless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. amens, demens. Comp.

and Sup., ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

ἀφ-υδραίνω, (ἀπό, ὑδραίνω) to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself, bathe.

ἀφύη, ἡ, a sort of anchovy or sardine.

ἀφύτης, ἐς, (a privat., φύη) without natural talent, dull: naturally unfit for a thing. II. in good sense, simple.

ἀφυκτος, ov, (a privat., φυκτός) not to be skinned, inevitable: of arrows, unerring. 2. act. unable to escape.

ἀφιλактέω, f. ἴσω, to be off one's guard: c. gen. to be careless about, neglect. From

ἀφύλακτος, ov, (a privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded.

II. of persons, unguarded, unbedding; ἀφυλακτον τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off his guard.

Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀφύλαξία, ἡ, want of vigilance, unguardedness.

ἀφ-υλίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὑλίζω) to strain off.

ἀφυλλος, ov, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood; ἀφυλλον στόμα speech not seasoned by the suppliant's olive-branch.

ἀφύξιν, fut. inf. of ἀφύσσω.

ἀφ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὕπνος) to wake from sleep.
 ἀφ-υπνός, f. ὤσω: aor. I ἀφύπνωσα: (ἀπό, ὕπνός) —to wake or rouse from sleep. II. to fall asleep.
 ἀφυσγετός, ὁ, (ἀφύσσω) the mud and dirt which a stream carries with it, rubbish.

ἈΦΥ΄ΣΣΩ, fut. ἀφύσω Dor. -ξῶ: aor. I ἤφῃσα Ep. ἀφύσσα: aor. I med. ἡφύσαμην Ep. ἀφυσσάμην: —to draw liquids; πῖθον ἡφύσσετο οἶνος wine was drawn up from the casks:—Med. to draw for oneself, to drink, quaff. 2. to pour in a heap, to pile up, πλοῦτον ἀφύειν:—Med., φύλλα ἡφυσάμην I beaped me up a pile of leaves.

ἀ-φύτευτος, ov, (a privat., φυτεύω) not planted.
 ἀφυνός, Adv. of ἀφύης: ἀφυνός ἔχειν to have no natural talent.

ἀ-φώνητος, ov, (a privat., φωνέω) unspeakable, unutterable. II. voiceless, speechless.

ἀφωνία, ἡ, speechlessness. From
 ἀ-φωνος, ov, (a privat., φωνή) voiceless, speechless, dumb: inarticulate. Adv. -ως.

ἀχά [ᾱ], Dor. for ἡχῆ.
 Ἀχαΐα, Ion. Ἀχαιΐη, ἡ, (ἄχος) epith. of Demeter in Attica.

ἀχαιῖνος, ὁ, (ἀκίς) with single points to his horns, epith. of a young stag: also ἀχαινή, ἡ, a deer.

Ἀχαιῖς, Att. Ἀχῆϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, the Achaian land, with or without γαῖα. 2. (sub. γυνή) an Achaian woman: so also Ἀχαιῖς, ἄδος, ἡ.

Ἀχαιοί, ἄ, ὄν, Achaian, Lat. Achivus. II. as Subst. 1. Ἀχαιοί, οἱ, the Achaians, in Homer the Greeks generally. 2. Ἀχαΐα, ἡ, Achaia, in Peloponnesus.

ἀ-χάλιντος, ov, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.

ἀ-χάλινος, ov, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.

ἀ-χάλκεος, ov, (a privat., χαλκοῦς) without a farthing. Hence

ἀχαλκέω, to be without a farthing.
 ἀ-χάλκευτος, ov, (a privat., χαλκεύω) not forged of metal.

ἀ-χαλκος, ov, without brass, esp. without brassen arms: ἀχαλκος ἀσπίδων = ἀνευ ἀσπίδων χαλκῶν.

ἀ-χάλκωτος, ov, (a privat., χαλκίω) = ἀχάλκευτος.

ἀχάνη [ᾱχᾱ-], ἡ, a Persian measure, = 45 μέδιμοι.

ἀ-χάνης, ἑς, (a privat., χανεῖν) not opening the mouth. II. (a euphon.) yawning, vast.

ἀ-χάρακτος, ov, (a privat., χαρακίω) not palisaded.

ἀ-χάρης, ὁ, ἡ, ἄχαρι, τό, gen. ἱτος, (a privat., χάρης) without grace or charms, unpleasant, wretched. II.

ungracious, thankless, Lat. ingratus.

ἀχαρίστῶς, f. ἦσω, (ἀχαρίστος) to be ungrateful.

ἀχαριστία, ἡ, ingratitude, ungraciousness.

ἀ-χάριστος, Ion. and poet. ἀ-χάριτος, ov, (a privat., χαρίζομαι) displeasing: without grace. II. ungracious: without grace, thankless. 2. pass. un-

thanked: Adv., οὐκ ἀχαρίστως ἔχειν τινί thanks are not wanting to him. 3. with an ill will: hence in Adv., ἀχαρίστως ἐπεσθαι to follow with a bad grace.

ἀχεδών, ὄνος, Dor. for ἡχεδών.

ἀ-χειμαντος, ov, (a privat., χεῖμαιναι) not vexed with storms.

ἀ-χειρ, pos, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., χεῖρ) without bands: without dexterity, awkward.

ἀ-χειρής, ἑς, without bands.

ἀ-χειροποίητος, ov, not made by bands.

ἀ-χειρος, ov, = ἀχειρ: τὰ ἀχειρα the hinder parts of the body.

ἀ-χειρωτος, ov, (a privat., χερῶν) not trained by the band. II. unconquered.

Ἀχελῷος, poet. Ἀχελῷος, ὁ, Achelōus, name of several rivers; the best known ran through Aetolia and Acarnania. II. as appellat. any running water, as in Virgil, Achelōia pocula.

ἈΧΕΡΔΟΣ, ἡ, more rarely ὁ, a wild prickly shrub, used for hedges: the wild pear.

Ἀχερόντιος and Ἀχερούσιος, α, ov, of or belonging to Acheron: fem. -ιάς, ἄδος.

ἀχερώϊς, ἴδος, the white poplar, supposed to have been brought by Hercules from the banks of Acheron.

Ἀχέρων, οντος, ὁ, Acheron, a river in Hades. (Derived from ἄχος, as Κωνυτός from κωνίω.)

ἀχέρας, ov, ὁ, Dor. for ἡχέρης, (ἀχέω) sounding: esp. the male cicada, from its chirping.

ἀχέω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, τινός for one.

ἄχῶ, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, only used in part., κῆρ ἄχῶν sorrowing in heart. II. from the same Root ἈΧ-, came

1. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡκά-χον, in causal sense, to make to grieve, vex, distress: so also redupl. fut. ἀκαχῆσω, aor. I ἀκάχησα (as if from ἀχέω). 2. Med. and Pass. to grieve, subj.

ἀκάχηται, opt. ἀκάχοιτο, impf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοντο:—pf. pass., ἀκάχηται, Ep. 3 pl. ἀκηχέδαται or ἀκηχέα-ται (for ἀκήχηνται); 3 pl. pf. ἀκαχέιατο (for ἀκή-χηντο); inf. ἀκάχῃσθαι; part. ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. also ἀκηχήμενος.

ἀχέω [ᾱ], Dor. and poet. form for ἡχέω.

ἄχημα, Dor. for ἡχημα.

ἈΧΗ'Ν, ἑνος, ὁ, ἡ, poor, needy. [ᾱ] Hence ἀχηνία, ἡ, need, want; ὀμμάτων ἀχηνία the eyes' blank gaze.

ἀχθινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄχθος) burdensome, oppressive. Adv. -νῶς, unwillingly, Lat. aegre, moleste.

ἀχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἄγω.

ἀχθῆδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἀχθομαι) grief, annoyance.

ἀχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἄγω.

ἀχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἀχθέσομαι and pass.

ἀχθεσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡχθέσθην: pf. ἡχθημαι: (ἄχ-θος)—to be burdened, loaded:—to be weighed down, discontented, vexed, disgusted.

ἈΧΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a weight, burden, load; ἄχθος ἀρούρης a dead weight on earth. II. a load of grief: sorrow, grief, distress.

ἀχθοφόρος, f. ἦσω, to bear burdens, to bear as a burden. From

ἀχθο-φόρος, ov, (ἄχθος, φέρω) bearing burdens.

Ἀχιλλεύς, α, ov, of or belonging to Achilles:

Ἀχιλλεῖαι μᾶζαι, *cakes of fine barley-meal, dainty food.* From

Ἀχιλλεύς, *éws*, Ep. ἦος, ὁ: Ep. also Ἀχιλεὺς: Achilles, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidons, hero of the Iliad.

ἄ-χίτων, *ov*, gen. *ωνος*, *without tunic, thinly clad.*
ἄχλαινα, *ῆ*, *want of a cloak: generally, want of clothing.* From

ἄ-χλαινος, *ov*, (a privat., χλαῖνα) *without cloak.*
ἄ-χλους, *ov*, contr. ἄ-χλους, *ov*, (a privat., χλόα) *without herbage.*

ἄχλῦδες, *εσσα*, *en*, (ἀχλὺς) *murky, gloomy.*
ἄ-ΧΛΥΤ΄Σ, *vos*, *ῆ*, a mist, gloom, darkness, Lat. *caligo*: in Homer also *the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning: metaph. trouble.* Hence ἄχλῳ, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἥχλῡσα: *to be or grow dark.*

*ΑΧΝΗ, Dor. ἄχνα, *ῆ*, *anything that comes off the surface of a thing, as of liquids, foam, froth; ἄχνη οὐράνια the dew of heaven; δακρύων ἄχνη dewy tears.* II. of solids, *chaff: the down on fruit.* III. ἄχνην in acc. as Adv., *a morsel, a little bit.*

ἄχνῦμαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἄχος): *to trouble oneself, grieve.*

ἄ-χολος, *ov*, (a privat., χολή) *lacking gall: metaph. meek, gentle.* II. *allaying bile or anger.*

ἄχομαι, Dep. (ἄχος) *to mourn, bewail oneself.*

ἄ-χόρευτος, *ov*, (a privat., χορεύω) like ἄχορος, *not attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.*

ἄ-χορος, *ov*, *without the dance: mournful, sad.*

*ΑΧΟΣ, *εος*, τό, an ACHE, *pain, distress*, in Homer only of the mind.

ἄ-χραῖς, *és*, = ἄχραντος.

ἄ-χραντος, *ov*, (a privat., χραίνω) *undefiled.*

ἄχράς, *ἄδος*, *ῆ*, a kind of wild pear.

ἄ-χρεῖος, *ov*, rarely *a*, *ov*, Ion. ἄ-χρήτιος, (a privat., χρεῖα) *useless, unprofitable, unserviceable in war.* II.

neut. ἀχρεῖον as Adv., ἀχρεῖον ἰδὼν *giving a helpless look, looking foolishly; ἀχρεῖον γελάω to laugh without use or cause, make a forced laugh; ἀχρεῖον κλάζειν to bark without cause, of dogs.* Hence

ἀχρεῖδω, f. ὥσω, *to make useless, disable.*

ἄ-χρητίος, *ov*, Ion. for ἀχρεῖος.

ἄχρημᾶτια, *ῆ*, *want of money.* From

ἄ-χρημᾶτος, *ov*, (a privat., χρήμα) *without money*

or means: οἱ ἀχρημάτοι *the poor.*

ἄχρημοσύνη, *ῆ*, *want of money.* From

ἄ-χρημων, *ov*, gen. *ωνος*, (a privat., χρήμα) = ἀχρημάτος, *poor, needy.* [ᾶ]

ἀχρηστία, *ῆ*, *uselessness, unfitness.* From

ἄ-χρηστος, *ov*, (a privat., χρηστός) *useless, unprofitable, unserviceable; ἀχρηστος ἐς τι unfit for a thing:—without effect, Lat. irritus.* II. *unkind, cruel.* III. act. *making no use of; c. dat.*

ἄχρι, and before a vowel ἄχρῖς, (ἄκρος) Prep. *until, untill, Lat. usque ad; ἄχρι μάλα κνέφαος untill deep in the night:—as far as, ἄχρι τῆς καρδίας.* II. Conj. *untill, to the time that, Lat. donec: so also ἄχρι*

οὔ. III. Adv. of manner, *to the uttermost, utterly, Lat. penitus.*

ἄ-χρῳᾶτος, *ov*, (a privat., χρῶμα) *without colour.*

ἄ-χρωστος, *ov*, (a privat., χρώω) *uncoloured: untouched.*

ἄχρῦτις, *ιδος*, (ἄχυρον) fem. Adj. of *chaff.*

ἄχρῦμα, *ῆ*, (ἄχυρον) *a heap of chaff.*

ἄχρῳ-δόκη, *ῆ*, (ἄχυρον, δέχομαι) *a chaff-holder.*

*ΑΧΥ΄PON, τό, mostly in plur. *chaff, bran, husks.*

ἄχρῶ-τριψ, τριβος, ὁ, (ἄχυρον, τρίβω) *threshing out the husks.*

ἄχῶ, *ῆ*, Dor. for ἡχῶ.

ἄ-χώριστος, *ov*, (a privat., χωριστός) *not parted.* II. (a privat., χώρος) *without a place assigned one.*

*ΑΥ, Adv. of Place, *backwards, back, away from, away.* 2. of actions, *again, over again.*

ἄψάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἄπτομαι.

ἄ-ψανστος, *ov*, (a privat., ψάω) *untouched.* II. act. *without touching.*

ἄ-ψεγής, *és*, (a privat., ψέγω) *unblamed, blameless.*

ἄ-ψεκτος, *ov*, = ἀψεγής.

ἄψευδεῖα, *ῆ*, *truthfulness; and*

ἄψευδῶ, f. ἦσω, *not to lie, to speak truth.* From

ἄ-ψευδής, *és*, (a privat., ψεύδος) *without falsehood, truthful: of things, genuine, pure.* Hence

ἄψευδῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. *really and truly.*

ἄ-ψευστος, *ov*, (a privat., ψεύδομαι) *unfeigned.*

ἄ-ψηκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ψήχω) *not rubbed off.*

ἄ-ψήφιστος, *ov*, (a privat., ψφίζομαι) *not having voted.*

ἄψιδοῖμαι, pl. ἡψίδωμαι: Pass.: (ἀψίς):—*to be tied in a circle or curve.*

ἄψι-κορος, *ov*, (ἄπτομαι, κόρος) *satisfied with touching, fastidious, dainty.*

ἄψιμάχια, *ῆ*, a *skirmishing.* From

ἄψι-μάχος, *ov*, (ἄπτομαι, μάχη) *skirmishing.*

ἄψινθινον, τό, Lat. *absinthium, wormwood.* From

*ΑΨΙΝΘΟΣ, *ῆ*, *wormwood.*

ἄψις, Ion. ἀψίς, ἴδος, ῆ, (ἄπτω) *a juncture: a loop, knot; ἀψίδες λίνου the meshes of a net.* 2. *the felloe or felly of a wheel, the wheel itself; κύκλος ἀψίδος the potter's wheel.* 3. *an arch or vault.*

ἄψισι, dat. pl. of ἀψίς.

ἄψρ-πος, *ov*, contr. ἀψόρπος, *ov*, (ἄψ, βέω) *back-flowing, flowing back into itself.*

ἄψρ-πος, *ov*, shortd. form of foreg. *moving backwards, going back:—neut. ἀψορπον as Adv., backwards, back again.*

ἄψος, *εος*, τό, (ἄπτω) *a juncture: a joint.*

ἄ-ψόφητος, *ov*, (a privat., ψοφέω) *without noise; c. gen., ἀψόφητος κωκυμάτων without cry of wailing.*

ἄ-ψοφος, *ov*, (a privat., ψόφος) = ἀψόφητος.

ἄ-ψυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ψύχω) *uncooled, warm.*

ἄψυχία, *ῆ*, *cowardice.* From

ἄ-ψυχος, *ov*, (a privat., ψυχή) *lifeless.* II. *spiritless, fainthearted.*

*ΑΩ, root of ἀημι, *to blow; cf. ἄω, αἶω.*

***ΑΩ**, root of *ιαύω*, *ἀωτέω*, to sleep: aor. I *ἄεσα*, Ep. *ἄεσσα*, contr. *ἄσα*.

***ΑΩ**, to hurt, contr. from *ἀάω*, q. v.

***ΑΩ**, to satiate, inf. *ἀμεναι* [ᾶ], contr. for *δέμεναι*, Ep. for *ἄειν*: aor. I *ἄσα*: verb. Adj. *ἀτός* [ᾶ]; but with a privat., *ἄστος* [ᾶ], contr. *ἄστος*.

ἄῶθεν, Adv. Dor. for *ἡῶθεν*.

ᾤών, *ῥόνος*, ἡ, Dor. for *ῥιών*.

ἄ-ωρί, Adv. of *ἄωρος*, at an untimely hour.

ἄ-ωρία, ἡ, (*ἄωρος*) untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time: in acc. as Adv., *ἄωριαν ἤκειν* to have come too late. [ᾶ]

ἄ-ώριος, *ον*, = *ἄωρος*.

ἄωρό-νυκτος, *ον*, (*ἄωρος*, *νύξ*) at midnight, Lat. *intempesta nocte*.

ἄ-ωρος, *ον*, (a privat., *ῶρα*) untimely, unseasonable, *χειμῶν*, *θάνατος*. II. before the time, unripe. III. *missipien*, ugly. [ᾶ]

ἄωρτο, Ep. plqpf. pass. of *ἄείρω*.

Ἄως, ἡ, Dor. for *Ἡώς*, *Ἔως*. Hence

Ἄωσ-φόρος, *ὁ*, = *Ἐωσφόρος*, the bringer of light, the morning-star, Lat. *Lucifer*.

ἄωτεω, f. ἡσώ, (*ἄω*) to sleep soundly. From

ἄωρον, *τό*, and *ἄωτος*, *ὁ*, the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole; in Homer of the finest wool, *οἶδς ἄωτον*; also of the finest linen, *λίνοιο λεπτόν ἄωτον*.

B

B, β, βῆτα, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral, *β'* = *δύο* and *δύετες*, but *β* = 2000.

The Aeol. and Dor. used it as the simple aspirate before *p*, as *βρόδον βράκος*, for *ρόδον ράκος*. It was often inserted between *μλ* and *μπ* to give a fuller sound, as in *μεσημβρία*, *γαμβρός*, cf. *ἄμβροτος*.

The change of *β* into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects: I. into *π*, e.g. *βατεῖν* for *πατεῖν*.

II. Arcad., into *ζ*, as *ζέρεθρον* for *βέρεθρον*, *βάραθρον*.

III. into *γ*, as *γλήχων* for *βλήχων*.

βᾶ, shortd. form of *βασιλεῖ*, O King!

βαβάζω, redupl. for *βάζω*, to chatter.

βαβαί, *βαβαιάξ*, Lat. *paepa*, exclamation of surprise,

bless me! dear me!

βάβαξ, *ὁ*, a chatterer.

βαβύκα, ἡ, Lacon. for *γάφυρα*, a bridge.

βάγμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*βάζω*) a speech.

βάδην, Adv. (*βαῖνω*) step by step, pacing, Lat. *pedetentim*, opp. to quick running. II. marching on foot, opp. to riding.

III. gradually, Lat. *gradatim*.

βαδίζω, fut. Att. *ιοῦμαι*, later *ῶ*: aor. I *ἐβάδισα*: pf. *βεβάδισα*: (*βάδος*, *βαῖνω*):—to go on foot, to walk: to go slowly, pace: generally, to go. Hence

βάδισις, *εως*, ἡ, a walking, going.

βαδιστέον, verb. Adj. of *βαδίζω*, one must go.

βαδιστής, *οὔ*, *ὁ*, (*βαδίζω*) one that goes on foot, a walker, goer; *ταχύς βαδιστής* a quick goer.

βαδιστικός, ἡ, *όν*, (*βαδίζω*) good at walking.

βάδος, *ὁ*, (*βαῖνω*) a walk.

BA'ZL, f. *βάζω*, to speak, say: 3 sing. pf. pass., *ἔπος βέβηκεται* a word has been spoken.

βᾶθῆς, Ion. for *βαθεία*, fem. of *βαθύς*.

βαθῆως, Adv. of *βαθύς*, deeply.

βάθιστος, *η*, *ον*, Sup. of *βαθύς*.

βαθμῖς, *ἰδος* and *ἰδος*, ἡ, a step. From

βαθμός, *ὁ*, (*βαῖνω*) a step, stair. II. metaph. a step, degree, rank, Lat. *gradus*.

βάθος, *εος*, *τό*, (*βαθύς*) depth or height, Lat. *altitudo*; ἐπὶ *βάθος* in file, of soldiers.

βαθρεῖα, ἡ, = *βαθρον*.

βάθρον, *τό*, (*βαῖνω*) that on which one stands, a base, pedestal: foundation. 2. a step or set of steps, the round of a ladder: in plur. ladders. 3. a threshold: metaph. an edge, verge. 4. a bench, seat.

βαθυ-αγκῆς, *ἐς*, (*βαθύς*, *ἄγκος*) with deep vales.

βαθύ-βουλος, *ον*, (*βαθύς*, *βουλή*) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-γεῖος, Ion. *βαθύγεος*, *ον*, Att. *βαθύγεως*, *αν*, (*βαθύς*, *γῆ*) with deep soil, fruitful.

βαθυ-γῆρας, *αν*, (*βαθύς*, *γῆρας*) in great old age, decrepit.

βαθύ-γλυπτος, *ον*, (*βαθύς*, *γλύπτω*) deep-carved.

βαθυ-δίνης, *εσσα*, *εν*, (*βαθύς*, *δινάω*) deep-eddying.

βαθυ-δίνης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (*βαθύς*, *δίνη*) deep-eddying. [ῖ]

βαθυ-δοξος, *ον*, (*βαθύς*, *δόξα*) far-famed.

βαθύ-ζωνος, *ον*, (*βαθύς*, *ζώνη*) deep-girded, i. e. not under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown fell over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the Ionian dress: cf. *βαθυκόλπος*.

βαθύ-θριξ, *τρίχος*, *ὁ*, ἡ, (*βαθύς*, *θρίξ*) with thick hair: of sheep, with thick wool.

βαθυ-καμπῆς, *ἐς*, (*βαθύς*, *κάμπω*) strongly curved.

βαθυ-κήτης, *ες*, (*βαθύς*, *κήτος*) very deep.

βαθυ-κλέης, *ες*, (*βαθύς*, *κλέος*) far-famed.

βαθυ-κόλπος, *ον*, (*βαθύς*, *κόλπος*) deep-bosomed, with the dress in deep, full folds, like *βαθύζωνος*. 2. with swelling breasts.

II. of the earth, with deep valleys.

βαθύ-κρημνος, *ον*, (*βαθύς*, *κρημνός*) with high cliffs.

βαθυ-κρυσταλλος, *ον*, with thick ice.

βαθυ-κτέανος, *ον*, (*βαθύς*, *κτέανον*) with great possessions, esp. of flocks and herds.

βαθύ-λειμος, *ον*, and *βαθυ-λείμων*, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*βαθύς*, *λειμών*) with rich meadows.

βαθυ-λήϊος, *ον*, (*βαθύς*, *λήϊον*) with deep, thick crops.

βαθυ-μαλλος, *ον*, (*βαθύς*, *μαλλός*) thick-fleeced.

βαθυ-μήτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, also *βαθυμήτα*, (*βαθύς*, *μήτις*) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-νοος, *ον*, contr. *βαθύ-νους*, *ονν*, (*βαθύς*, *νός*) profoundly wise.

βαθύνω [ῥ], fut. *βαθύνῶ*: pf. *βεβάθυγκα*: (*βαθύς*):—to deepen, hollow out, excavate; *βαθύνειν τὴν φά-*

λαγγα to *deepen* the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ξύλον) *with thick wood*.

βαθύ-πέδος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πέδον) *forming a deep vale*.

βαθύ-πέλμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πέλμα) *thick-soled*.

βαθύ-πλουτος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πλούτος) *exceeding rich*.

βαθυ-πόλεμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πόλεμος) *plunged in war*.

βαθυρ-ρείτης, *ον, ό*, (ρέω) = βαθύρροος.

βαθύρ-ρηνος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ρήν) *with thick wool*.

βαθύρ-ρίζος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ρίζα) *deep-rooted*.

βαθύρ-ροος, *ον*, *contr.* βαθύρ-ρους, *ονν*, (βαθύς, ρέω) *deep-flowing, with deep, full stream*.

ΒΑΪΤ'Σ, βαθειά, *Ion.* βαθεῖά, βαθύ: *Comp.* βαθύτερος, *poët.* βαθίαν, *Dor.* βάσσων: *Sup.* βαθύτατος, *poët.* βάθιστος. *Deep or high*, *Lat.* *altus*. 2. *deep, thick, luxuriant*, as of the hair and beard: generally, *large, abundant*: of the voice, *deep*: of thought, *deep*:—then in various senses, of time, age, etc.; βαθύς ὄρθρος *morning-prime*; βαθὺ γῆρας *great old age*; βαθειά φάλαγξ *a column deep in file*.

βαθυ-σκέφής, *ές*, (βαθύς, σκάπτω) *deep-dug*.

βαθύ-σκίος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σκιά) *deep-shaded*.

βαθύ-σπορος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σπείρω) *deep-sown, fruitful*.

βαθύ-στερνος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στέρνων) *deep-chested*; βαθύστερνος αἶα *deep-bosomed earth*.

βαθύ-στολμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στολμός) *with deep, full robes*.

βαθύ-στρωτος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στράννυμι) *deep-covered, well-covered, of a bed*.

βαθύ-σχοινος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σχοῖνος) *deep grown with rushes*.

βαθύ-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (βαθύς, φρήν) *deep-counting*.

βαθύ-φύλλος, *ον*, (βαθύς, φύλλον) *thick-leaved*.

βαθυ-χαίτης, *ον, ό*, also βαθυχαίτης, ἥσσα, ἥεν, (βαθύς, χαίτη) *with deep thick hair, with thick mane*.

βαθύ-χθων, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (βαθύς, χθών) *of deep soil, fertile*.

βαῖην, *ης, η*, *aor.* 2 *opt.* of βαῖνω.

ΒΑΙΝΩ, formed from the Root *βάω: *fut.* βήσομαι, *Ep.* βέομαι and βέομαι, *Dor.* βάσειμαι:—*pf.* βέβηκα, *Ep.* 3 *pl.* βεβάσσι, βεβάσι; *inf.* βεβάνεν; *part.* βεβῶς, βεβάντα, *contr.* βεβῶς, βεβῶσα, βεβῶς:—*aor.* 2 ἔβην, *Ep.* 3 *sing.* βῆ, *Ep.* 3 *dual* βάτην [ᾗ]; *imperat.* βῆθι, in *compds.* βά (as κατάβα); *subj.* βῶ, *Ep.* βείω, *Ep.* 3 *sing.* βῆν; *opt.* βαῖην; *inf.* βῆναι, *Ep.* βήμεναι; *part.* βάς, βάσα, βάν.—*Med.*, *Ep.* 3 *sing.* *aor.* 1 ἐβῆσσο, for ἐβῆσατο:—*Pass.*, *aor.* 1 ἐβάτην [ᾗ] in *compds.* as συνεβάτην: *pf.* βεβᾶμαι in *compds.* as παραβᾶμαι.

To go, walk, step. 2. *Ep.* with *inf.*, βῆ δ' ἔμην, βάν δ' ἔναι *he, they set out to go*; βῆ δὲ θέειν *he started to run*. 3. βαίνειν μετὰ τι to go after a thing; βαίνειν ἐπ' ἐλπίδος, etc., to proceed upon hope, i. e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the *pf.* βέβηκα chiefly has the sense of *being in a place, being settled*; εὐ βεβηκέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τέλει βεβᾶτες *they who are in o—cc.*

5. of lifeless things,

ἐννέα ἐνιαυτοὶ βεβάσσι *nine years have come and gone*. 6. to mount, β. δίφρον; of animals, to cover; ἵπποι βαίνόμεναι *brood mares*. 7. with cognate acc., βαίνειν κέλυσθον to go a path; βαίνειν πόδα to advance the foot; also later c. acc., αἶνον ἔβα κόρος *disgust comes after praise*; χρεός ἔβα με *debts came on me*.

II. Causal in *fut. act.* βήσω; *aor.* 1 ἔβησα (answering to *pres.* βιβάω):—to make to go; φάτας βῆσεν ἄφ' ἵππων *he made the men dismount from the chariot*.

βαῖον, τό, (βαῖς) *a palm-branch*.

ΒΑΙΟ'Σ, ᾶ, ὄν, *little, slight, short, small, humble*; ἐχώρει βαῖος *he was travelling with small escort*; ἀπὸ βαῖης (*sub.* ἡλικίας) *from childhood*; βαῖον, as *Adv.* *a little*.

ΒΑ'ΙΣ, ἡ, *a palm-branch*.

ΒΑΙ'ΤΗ, ἡ, *a peasant's coat of skins*.

βακέας, ὁ, *a priest of Cybele*.

Βακίω, f. ἰσώ, (Bakis) to prophesy like Bacis.

βάκκαρος, ἰδος *or* εως, ἡ, *baccar, an aromatic plant*.

βακτηρία, ἡ, = βάκτρον.

βακτηριον, τό, = βάκτρον.

βάκτρευμα, ατος, τό, *a staff, support*. From

βακτρέω, f. σω, to lean on a staff. From

βάκτρον, τό, (*βάω, βιβάω) *Lat.* *baculus, a staff*.

βακτρο-προσαίτης, *ον, ό*, (βάκτρον, προσαίτης) *one who begs leaning on a staff*.

Βακχάω, (Βάκχος) to rave with Bacchic frenzy.

Βακχε-βακχων ᾄσαι, to raise the strain Βάκχε,

Βάκχε, to invoke Bacchus.

Βακχεία, ἡ, (Βάκχος) *Bacchic revelry*.

Βακχεῖον, τό, *the temple of Bacchus*. II.

= Βακχεία, ἡ.

Βάκχειος, α, *ον*, (Βάκχος) *Bacchic, belonging to Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired, frenzied*.

Βάκχευμα, ατος, τό, (Βακχεύω) *Bacchic revelry*.

Βακχεύς, εως, ὁ, = Βάκχος. Hence

Βακχεύσιμος, *ον*, *Bacchanalian, frenzied*.

Βάκχευστις, εως, ἡ, (Βακχεύω) *Bacchic revelry*.

Βακχεύω, f. εὔσω, (Βάκχος) to keep the feast of Bacchus. 2. to speak or act like one frantic, *Lat.* *bacchari*.

II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Βάκχη, ἡ, (Βάκχος) *a Bacchantē*. II. any inspired or frenzied woman.

Βακχιάζω, = Βακχεύω.

Βάκχιος, α, *ον*, and Βακχικός, ἡ, ὄν, = Βάκχειος, *Bacchanalian*: generally, *inspired, raving*. II. as *Subst.*, ὁ Βάκχιος (*sub.* θεός), *the Bacchic god*, i. e. Bacchus.

Βακχίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βάκχη.

Βακχιότης, *ου, ό*, (Βάκχιος) *a Bacchanalian*.

ΒΑΪΧΟΣ, ὁ, *Bacchus*, the planter of the vine, god of wine and inspiration, and particularly of dramatic poetry. The same word with ἱαχός, and so from ἱάχω.

II. *a Bacchanal*: generally, *any one inspired or frantic with passion*.

βᾶλᾱν-άγρα, ἡ, (βάλανος, ἄγρα) a book to pull out the βάλανος or bolt-pin, a key.

βᾶλᾱνείον, τό, Lat. balneum, a bath, bathing-room.

ΒΑ'ΑΛ'ΝΕΤ'Σ, ἔως, ὁ, the bath-man, Lat. balneator. Hence

βᾶλᾱνεύω, f. ὥσω, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

βᾶλᾱνη-φάγος, ον, (βάλανος, φαγεῖν) acorn-eating.

βᾶλᾱνη-φόρος, ον, (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns or dates.

βᾶλᾱνίζω, (βάλανος) to shake acorns from a tree.

βᾶλᾱνίσσα, ἡ, fem. of βᾶλᾱνεύς.

ΒΑ'ΑΛ'ΝΟΣ, ἡ, an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date: Διὸς Βάλανος the sweet chestnut. II.

an iron peg, Lat. pessulus, passed through the bar into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook (βαλανάγρα) when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

βᾶλᾱνῶ, f. ὥσω, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to close up.

βαλάντιον-τόμος, ὁ, (βαλάντιον, τεμεῖν) a cutpurse.

ΒΑΛΑ'ΝΤΙΟΝ, τό, a bag, pouch, purse.

βαλάντιοτόμιον, to cut purses.

ΒΑΛΒΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. βαλβίδες, Lat. carcères, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point. II. any point to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term.

βάλε, for ἔβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βάλλω.

βαλῆν, also βαλλῆν, ἦνος, ὁ, a king, akin to Hebr. Bel or Baal, Lord.

βαλῖος, α, ὄν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

βαλλάντιον, τό, = βαλάντιον.

βαλλῆναιδε βλέπειν, a play on the words βάλλω and the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

ΒΑ'ΑΛΩ, fut. βᾶλῶ, Ion. βᾶλέω, rarely βαλλήσω:—aor. 2 ἔβαλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:—perf. βέβληκα:

plqr. f. βέβληκεν, Ep. βεβλήκειν.—Med., Ion. impf.

βαλλέσκετο: fut. βαλοῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἔβάλον, Ion.

imperat. βᾶλεῦ.—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 βε-

βλήσομαι: aor. 1 ἔβληθην: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 ἔβλητο,

subj. βλήται, opt. 2 sing. βλεῖο, inf. βλη-

σθαι, part. βλήμενος:—pf. βέβλημαι, Ion. 3 pl. βε-

βλήταται: plqr. f. βεβλήμεν. I. Act. to throw,

cast, hurl at, properly of a missile as opp. to striking,

to hit with a dart: metaph. of sound, to strike, κτύπος

ὀβρυα βάλλει:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to

push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:—also to put

on or over, κύκλα ἄμφι ὀχέεσσι βάλε. 2. intr. to

fall, tumble, ποταμός εἰς ἅλα βάλλον. II. Med.

to weigh with oneself, ponder, deliberate. 2. to

throw around oneself: ξύπος ἄμφι ὦμοις βάλλεσθαι

to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a founda-

tion, βάλλεσθαι ἄστυ to found a city.

βαλοῖσαι, Dor. for βαλοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl.

fem. of βάλλω.

βαλός, οὔ, ὁ, Dor. for βηλός.

βαλῶ, fut. ind. and βάλω, aor. 2 subj. of βάλλω.

βᾶμα, τό, Dor. for βῆμα.

βαμβάινω, to chatter with the teeth: to stammer. (Formed from the sound.)

βᾶμες, Dor. for βᾶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of βαῖνω.

βάμμα, ατος, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye: see βάπτω.

βάν, Ep. for ἔβαν, ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαῖνω.

βᾶναυσία, ἡ, (βᾶναυσος) bandicraft, the life and habits of a mechanic: hence vulgarity, bad taste. Hence

βᾶναυσικός, ἡ, ἴν, of or for mechanics: τέχνη βα-
ναυσική a mechanical trade, Lat. ars sellularia.

βᾶν-αυσος, ον, (for βᾶναυσος, from βᾶννος, αῖνω) working by or with fire: hence generally a mechanic: metaph. low, vulgar, illiberal.

βᾶναυσουρία, ἡ, (βᾶναυσος, *ἔργω) bandicraft.

βάξις, εως, ἡ, (βάξω) a saying, report, announcement, esp. of an oracle: ἀλώσιμος βάξις the telling or tidings of the capture.

βαπτίζω, fut. Att. βαπτίω, (βάπτω) to dip repeatedly, dip under:—Med. to bathe. II. to baptize. Hence

βάπτισμα, ατος, τό, that which is dipped. II.

= βαπτισμός.

βαπτισμός, ὁ, a dipping in water: baptism.

βαπτιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one that dips, a dyer. II. a baptizer: ὁ Βαπτιστής, the Baptist.

βαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. II. drawn like water. From

ΒΑ'ΠΤΩ, fut. βᾶψω.—Pass., aor. ἔβᾶφθην, aor. 2 ἔβᾶφην [α]: pf. ἔβᾶμμαι. I. to transit, to dip,

dip under, Lat. immergere. 2. to dye, colour, steep: proverb., βάπτειν τινα βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν to steep one in Sardinian dye, give him a bloody cock-
comb. 3. to fill by dipping in, draw. II.

intrins. to dip, sink: ναὺς ἔβᾶφεν the ship sank.

βάρᾱθρον, Ion. βέρεθρον, τό, (akin to βάθρον, βό-
θος) a gulf, cleft, pit: at Athens a cleft behind the
Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, = Spartan
κεάδαι: hence, II. metaph. ruin, perdition.

βαρβαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (βάρβαρος) to behave or speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to ape
foreigners. II. to bold with barbarians, esp. the
Persians: cf. Μηδίζω.

Βαρβαρικός, ἡ, ἴν, barbaric, foreign, like a foreigner,
opp. to Ἑλληνικός. Adv. —κῶς, in a foreign tongue,
i. e. Persian. From

ΒΑ'ΡΒΑ'ΡΟΣ, ον, barbarous, i. e. not Greek,
foreign: as Subst., βάρβαροι, οἱ, all that were not
Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divides
mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the He-
brews gave the name of Gentiles to all but them-
selves. II. from the Augustan age, the term
was applied by the Romans to all nations except
themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still af-
fected to look upon the Romans as Barbarians.

βαρβαρό-φωνος, ον, (βάρβαρος, φωνή) speaking a
strange or foreign tongue.

βαρβαρώ, f. ὥσω, (βάρβαρος) to make barbarous

or foreign: Pass. to become barbarous: to be inarticulate.

BA'PBI-TON, *τό*, and *βάρβιτος*, *ὁ* or *ἡ*, a musical instrument of many strings, like the lyre: used also for the lyre itself.

βάρδιστος, *ἡ*, on, by poet. metath. for *βράδιστος*, Sup. of *βραδύς*: so Comp. *βαρδύτερος* for *βραδύτερος*. *βάρέω*, (*βάρος*) intr. in Ep. pf. part. *βεβαρήσας*, weighed down, overcome, *οἶνω* *βεβαρήσας*.

βάρέως, Adv. of *βάρύς*, heavily, grievously; *βάρέως φέρειν*, Lat. *aegre ferre*, to take a thing ill; *βάρέως ἀκούειν* to hear with disgust.

βάρης, *ἰδος*, Ion. *ἰος*, *ἡ*, Ion. plur. *βάρης*, *αἱ*, an Egyptian boat, a sort of raft: generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. *ratius*.

BA'POΣ, *εὖς*, *τό*, weight, burden, pressure: hence grief, misery: also a quantity, excess.

βαρυ-αλγής, *ἐς*, (*βαρύς*, *ἀλγος*) grievously suffering. 2. very grievous.

βαρῦ-ἀλγητος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *ἀλγέω*) very grievous. *βαρυ-ἄχης*, *ἐς*, (*βαρύς*, *ἄχος*) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-ἄχης, *ἐς*, Dor. for *βαρυηχής*.

βαρυ-βρεμέτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, and *-ετήρ*, *ἦρος*, *ὁ*, fem. *-ετειρα*, *ἡ*, (*βαρύς*, *βρέμω*) loud-thundering.

βαρυ-βρομήτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (*βαρύς*, *βρομέω*) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-βρομος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *βρέμω*) loud-roaring.

βαρυ-βρώς, *ὄτος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (*βαρύς*, *βιβρώσκω*) greedily eating: gnawing, corroding.

βαρῦ-γδουπος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *δοῦπος*) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρυ-γούνατος and *βαρῦ-γουνος*, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *γόνυ*) with heavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρῦ-γυιος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *γυῖον*) weighing down the limbs.

βαρυδαίμονέω, *ἡ*, *ἴσω*, (*βαρυδαίμων*) to be possessed by an evil genius: generally, to be unlucky. Hence *βαρυδαίμονια*, *ἡ*, a heavy fate, ill luck.

βαρυ-δαίμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*βαρύς*, *δαίμων*) pressed by a heavy fate, unlucky.

βαρῦ-δακρυς, *υ*, (*βαρύς*, *δάκρυ*) weeping grievously.

βαρῦ-δικος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *δίκη*) taking heavy vengeance.

βαρυ-δότειρα, *ἡ*, (*βαρύς*, *δοτῆρ*) giver of ill gifts.

βαρῦ-δουπος, *ον*, = *βαρῦγδουπος*.

βαρῦ-ζήλος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *ζῆλος*) exceedingly jealous.

βαρυ-ηχής, *ἐς*, (*βαρύς*, *ἦχος*) heavy-sounding.

βαρυδμία, *ἡ*, sullenness. From

βαρῦ-θμῖος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *θυμός*) heavy in spirit: indignant, sullen.

βαρῦθω, (*βαρύς*) to be weighed down: to be heavy, dull, sluggish. [ῥ]

βαρῦ-κομπος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *κομπέω*) loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-κοτος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *κοτέω*) grievous in wrath.

βαρῦ-κτύπος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *κτυπέω*) heavy-sounding, loud-thundering.

βαρυ-λαίλαψ, *απος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (*βαρύς*, *λαίλαψ*) loud-storming.

βαρῦ-λογος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *λόγος*) vexatious of speech; *βαρύλογα ἔχθεα* hate vented in bitter words.

βαρυ-μήνιος, *ον*, and *βαρῦμηνις*, *ι*, gen. *ιος*, (*βαρύς*, *μῆνις*) exceeding wrathful.

βαρῦ-μυσθος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *μυσθός*) exacting heavy sums.

βαρῦ-μοχθος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *μόχθος*) very toilsome or painful.

βαρυνθεν, Ep. and Aeol. for *ἐβαρύνθησαν*, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *βαρύνω*.

βαρύνω [ῥ], *ἡ*, *ὑνώ*, (*βαρύς*) to load heavily, to burden: to torment:—Pass. to be weary, oppressed; *βαρύνεσθαι χεῖρα* to be maimed in hand:—metaph. to be vexed, annoyed, Lat. *gravari*.

βαρυ-όπτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (*βαρύς*, *ὄψ*) loud-voiced.

βαρυ-όργητος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *ὀργή*) exceeding angry.

βαρυ-πάλαμος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *παλάμη*) heavy-banded.

βαρυ-πενθής, *ἐς*, (*βαρύς*, *πένθος*) causing grievous woe.

βαρυ-πένθητος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *πενθέω*) mourning heavily.

βαρυ-πεσής, *ἐς*, (*βαρύς*, *πεσεῖν*) heavy-falling.

βαρῦ-ποτμος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *πότης*) with heavy fate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρῦ-πους, *ον*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, *πουν*, *τό*, gen. *ποδος*, (*βαρύς*, *πούς*) heavy-footed: heavy at the end.

BA'PTΣ, *εἶα*, *υ*: Comp. *βαρύτερος*, Sup. *βαρύντατος*: heavy, Lat. *gravis*: burdensome, grievous, oppressive: of persons, troublesome. 2. in good sense, weighty, impressive. II. of soldiers, heavy-armed.

III. of sound, strong: deep, bass, opp. to *δύς*.

βαρυ-σίδηρος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *σίδηρος*) heavy with iron.

βαρῦ-σταθμος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *σταθμός*) weighing heavy.

βαρυ-στενάχων, *ονσα*, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *στενάχω*) sobbing heavily.

βαρῦ-στονος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *στένω*) groaning heavily.

βαρυ-συμφορος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *συμφορά*) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρυ-σφάραγος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *σφάραγος*) loud thundering.

βαρύντης, *ητος*, *ἡ*, (*βαρύς*) weight, heaviness: importunity: harshness, oppression; gravity of manners. [ῥ] *βαρῦ-τίμος*, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *τιμή*) of great worth: venerable, costly.

βαρῦ-τλητος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *τλῆναι* aor. 2 of **τλάω*) heavy to bear.

βαρῦ-φθογγος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *φθογγή*) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring.

βαρῦ-φρων, *φρονος*, *ὁ*, *ἡ*, (*βαρύς*, *φρήν*) weighty of mind or purpose.

βαρῦ-χείλος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *χείλος*) thick-lipped.

βαρῦ-χορδος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *χορδή*) deep-toned.

βαρῦ-ψυχος, *ον*, (*βαρύς*, *ψυχή*) heavy of soul, mean-spirited, dejected.

βάς, *βάσα*, *βάν*, aor. 2 part. of *βαίνω*.

βασανίζω, *ἡ*, *ἴσω* Att. *ἰώ*, to rub upon the touchstone (*βάσανος*): to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of: to convict: to put to the torture.

βασάνισμός, *ὁ*, (*βασανίζω*) torturing, torture.

βασιανιστής, οἷ, δ, pecul. fem. βασιανίστρια, ἡ, (βασιανίζω)—an examiner, questioner, torturer.

ΒΑΣΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, the touch-stone, Lat. lapis Lydius, by which gold was proved, see παρατρίβω. II.

metaph. a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not.

III. inquiry, esp. by torture, the question.

2. torture, anguish, disease.

βασεύμαι, βασεύνται, Dor. for βήσσομαι, βήσονται, fut. of βαίνω.

βασιλεύα, ἡ, (βασιλεύς) a queen, princess, lady of royal blood.

βασιλεία, ἡ, (βασιλεύω) a kingdom, dominion: hereditary monarchy, opp. to τυραννίς.

βασιλειον, τό, mostly in plur., a palace: also the royal treasury or tent. Strictly neut. from

βασιλεύς, ον, and α, ον, Ion. βασιλήϊος, η, ον, kingly, royal. From

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ, εὖς Ion. ἦος, δ, acc. βασιλέα, contr. βασιλῆ: pl., nom. βασιλείς, old Att. —ης, Ion.

—ης:—a king, prince, of gods and men:—hence are formed the Comp. βασιλεύτερος, α, ον, more kingly: Sup. βασιλεύτατος, η, ον, most kingly. II. the

second of the nine Archons at Athens was called βασιλεύς: he had charge of the public worship, and the conduct of criminal processes.

III. after the Persian war the king of Persia was called βασιλεύς (without the Art.), or ὁ μέγας βασιλεύς. Hence

βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king, to rule: in aor. I βασιλεύσαι, to be made king. II. c. dat. to rule over a people:—Pass. to be governed by a king, to be under a king.

βασιλητή, ἡ, Ion. for βασιλεία.

βασιλήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for βασιλείος.

βασιλήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of βασιλείος, royal.

βασιλίζω, f. σω, (βασιλεύς) to be of the king's party.

βασιλικός, ἡ, όν, like βασιλείος, royal, of a king. 2. of or for a king, princely. II. as Subst., βασιλικός, δ, a courtier, nobleman.

βασιλινά, barbaric form of βασιλιννα, βασιλίσσα.

βασιλιννα and βασιλίσσα, ἡ, = βασιλεία, a queen.

βασίλις, ἴδος, η, = βασιλεία, a queen, princess. 2. as Adj. = βασιληϊς, royal.

βάσιμος, ον, (βαίνω) passable: accessible.

βάσις, εὖς, ἡ, (βαίνω) a stepping: a step, walk. II. that whereon one steps, ground: a pedestal.

βασκαίνω, fut. ἀνώ: aor. I ἐβάσκηνα: aor. I pass. ἐβασκάνην: (βάσκα)—to use ill words of another, esp. to slander, disparage. II. to use ill words to another, bewitch by spells or by means of an evil eye, Lat. fascinare.

βασκανία, ἡ, (βάσκανος) slander, envy, malice.

βάσκανος, ον, (βασκαίνω) slanderous, envious, malignant. 2. a sorcerer.

βάσκα, ἄδος, ἡ, a kind of duck.

βάσκε, imperat. of an obsol. verb βάσχω, another form of βαίνω, as χάσχω of χαίνω: βάσκ' ἴθι, speed thee! away! βάσκετε away!

βασιμός, Ion. for βαθμός.

βάσσα, Dor. for βήσσα.

βασσάρα, ἡ, = ἀλώπηξ, a fox. (Of Thracian origin.)

βασσάριον, τό, Dim. of βασσάρα.

βάσσον, ον, gen. ονος, Dor. comparat. of βαθύς.

βάσταγμα, ατος, τό, that which is borne, a burden. II. that which bears, a staff. From

ΒΑΣΤΑΖΩ, f. άσω: aor. I ἐβάστασα, later ἐβάσταξα: aor. I pass. ἐβαστάχην:—to lift, lift up, raise: metaph. to exalt, exalt. II. to bear, support, hold upright: to bear in mind, consider. III. to carry off.

IV. to handle, touch. Hence

βαστακτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj., to be borne.

βάταλος, δ, a lisper.

βάτιω, f. ἥσω, (βαίνω) to mount, cover, of animals.

βάτην, Ep. for ἐβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βάτηρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (βατέω) fem. Adj. for mounting.

βατία, ἡ, = βάτος, a bush, thicket.

βαπδο-σκόπος, ον, (βάτις, σκοπέω) looking after roaches or skaits, greedy for them.

βάτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (βάτος) the prickly roach or the skait.

βάτο-δρόπος, ον, (βάτος, δρέπω) pulling thorns off or up.

ΒΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a bramble or any prickly bush.

βάτος, δ, the Hebrew liquid measure bath.

βατός, ἡ, όν, (βαίνω) passable.

βατράχειος, ον, (βατράχως) of or belonging to a frog: βατράχειον (sub. χρώμα), frog-colour, pale green.

βατράχίς, ἴδος, and ἴδος, ἡ, a frog-green coat. From

ΒΑΤΡΑΧΟΣ, δ, a frog, Lat. rana. 2. the frog of a horse's hoof. [ἄ]

βατταρίζω, fut. Att. ἱώ, (Βάττος) to stammer.

βαττο-λογίω, = βατταρίζω, (Βάττος, λόγος) to babble, use vain repetitions.

Βάττος, δ, Stammerer, name of a king of Cyrené. (Formed from the sound.)

βαύω, Dor. βαύσσω: fut. βαύξω:—to cry βαῦ, βαῦ, to bark: hence to wail, mutter: to reproach. II. transit. to cry aloud for.

βαύκαλις, ἴδος, ἡ, a wine-cooler.

βαύνος or βανός, δ, (αῦω) a furnace, forge.

βαύσσω, Dor. for βαύξω.

βάφή, ἡ, (βάπτω) a dipping, as of red-hot iron in cold water. II. a dipping of cloth in dye, dyeing: also the dye itself.

βάφῃνα, aor. 2 inf. pass. of βάπτω.

βάψις, εὖς, ἡ, (βάπτω) a dipping, dyeing.

ΒΔΕ'ΑΛΛΑ', ἡ, a leech, Lat. hirudo.

βδελύγμα, τό, (βδελύσσω) an abomination, esp. of idols.

βδελυκτός, ἡ, όν, (βδελύσσω) disgusting, abominable.

βδελυκ-τροπος, ον, (βδελυκτός, τρόπος) = foreg.

ΒΔΕΛΥΤΡΟΣ, ἡ, όν, abominable, disgusting. Hence

βδελύσσω, Att. —ττω: fut. ξω: to cause to stink, make loathsome. II. mostly used as Dep. βδελύττομαι, with fut. med. and pass. βδελύξομαι, βδελυχθήσομαι, aor. I med. and pass. ἐβδελύμην, ἐβδελύχθην:—to feel disgust at, to detest, have a

horror of. But all these forms, as well as perf. ἐβδέ-
λυμαι occur in pass. sense, to be abominated.

ΒΔΕ'Ω, f. βδέσω, to break wind: to stink.

βδύλλω, = βδέω: c. acc. to be afraid of.

βεβάσσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βαίνω.

βεβαιοσ, a, ov, also os, ov, (βαίνω) firm, steady: stead-
fast, trusty, sure, safe: τὸ βεβαίον certainty. Hence

βεβαιότης, ητος, ἡ, firmness, steadfastness, safety.

βεβαίωσ, f. ὥσω, to make firm, establish:—Med. to
establish for oneself, to confirm, secure.

βεβαίως, Adv. of βεβαίος, steadfastly, firmly.

βεβαίωσις, εως, ἡ, a making fast or sure, establishing.

βεβήμεν, βεβάναι, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηκέναι,
inf. of βαίνω. [ἀ]

βεβαμμαι, pf. pass. of βάπτω.

βεβαρῶς, weighed down, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω.

βεβασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of βαίνω.

βεβᾶσι, Att. contr. from βεβάσσι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of
βαίνω.

βεβᾶς, βεβᾶναι, Ep. for βεβηκῶς, pf. part. of βαίνω.

βέβηκα, pf. of βαίνω.

βέβηκεν, Ion. for ἐβεβήκεν, plqpf. of βαίνω.

βέβηλος, ov, (βαίνω, βηλός) allowable to tread,
permitted to human use, like Lat. profanus, opp. to
sacred. II. of men, unballowed, profane, unboly.

Hence

βεβηλώδ, f. ὥσω, to profane, to pollute.

βεβαιομαι, pf. pass. of βιάζω.

βέβηκα, pf. of βιάω.

βεβλάσθηκα, pf. of βλαστάνω.

βεβλάφα, βεβλύμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω.

βεβλάψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω.

βέβλεφα, βέβλεμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλέπω.

βέβληκα, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήταται, βεβλήτατο, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and plqpf.

pass. of βάλλω.

βέβληκα, βέβλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

βεβλήκεν, βεβλήμην, Ep. plqpf. act. and pass. of
βάλλω.

βέβληται, βέβλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of
βάλλω.

βέβληκα, pf. of βλίττω.

βεβολήατο, 3 plur. plqpf. pass., and βεβολημένος,

pf. pass. part., of βολέω for βάλλω.

βεβούλημαι, pf. of βούλωμαι.

βεβούλευκα, βεβούλευμαι, pf. act. and pass. of
βουλεύω.

βέβρασαι, pf. pass. of βράσσω.

βέβριθα, pf. of βρίθω.

βεβρωμένος, γf. part. pass. of βρωτός.

βέβρυχε, v. βρυχάομαι.

βεβρώθω, poet. form of βιβρώσκει, to eat up.

βέβρωκα, βέβρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκει.

βεβρώς, syncop. for βεβρωκῶς, pf. part. of βιβρώσκει.

βεβρώσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βιβρώσκει.

βέβυσμαι, pf. pass. of βύζω.

βεβῶς, βεβῶσα, Att. contr. of βεβαῶς, Ep. pf. part.
of βαίνω.

βῆ, 2 sing. cf βέομαι, Ep. fut. of βαίνω.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω, I will walk
or live.

βέω, Ep. for βῶ, aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βεκε-τέλινος, ov, (βεκός, σελήνη) old-fashioned,
out of date, dotard: simple, silly.

βεκός, τό, bread: said to be a Phrygian word.

βέλεμνον, τό, poet. for βέλος, a dart, javelin.

βέληνη, ἡ, (βέλος) an arrow-head: point of a spear:
a needle.

βελονο-πώλης, ου, δ, (βελόνη, πωλέομαι) a needle-
seller.

βέλος, εος, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. jaculum (from
jacio), anything thrown, a bolt, arrow, dart. 2.

metaph., ἀγανά βέλεα of Apollo and Artemis are used
of sudden, easy death: δύσομβρα βέλη the arrows of
the storm: ὀμμάτων βέλος glances shot from the eye.

βέλτερος, a, ov, = βελτίων, poet. Comp. of ἀγαθός,
better. Hence also a rare Sup. βέλτατος, η, ov.

βέλτιστος, η, ov, Sup. of ἀγαθός, best.

βελτίων, ov, gen. onos, Comp. of ἀγαθός, better.

βεμβικίω, (βέμβιξ) to spin like a top.

βεμβικίζω, f. ἴσω, (βέμβιξ) to spin as one does a
top, to set a going.

ΒΕΜΒΙΞ, ἱκος, ἡ, Lat. turbo, a top.

βενδίδειον, τό, the temple of Bendis, (a name of Diana).

ΒΕΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, (poet. for βάθος, as πένθος for
πάθος) the depth of the sea, Lat. fundus; βένθοσδε
to the bottom: βένθεα ὕλην the depths of the wood.

βέντιστος, a, ov, Dor. for βέλτιστος.

βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βέρεθρον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for βάρεθρον.

βερέσχετος, ὁ, a dooby.

βῆ, poet. for ἔβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆθι, βῆναι, aor. 2 imperat. and inf. of βαίνω.

βηλός, ὁ, (βαίνω) the threshbold, Lat. limen.

βῆμα, ατος, τό, (βαίνω) a pace, step, footstep: a
place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune

to speak from, esp. in the Pnyx at Athens, Lat.
rostra, suggestum or -us.

βῆμεν, Ep. for ἔβημεν, I plur. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βήμεναι, Ep. for βῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βῆγ, Ep. for ἔβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of βαίνω.

βῆξ, βηχός, ἡ, or ὁ, (βῆσσω) a cough, Lat. tussis.

βήρυλλος, ἡ, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl.

βῆσα, Ep. for ἔβησα, aor. 1 act. of βαίνω.

βῆσο, Ep. for βῆσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of βαίνω.

βῆσσο, Ep. for ἔβησσο, sing. aor. 1 med. of βαίνω.

βῆσομαι, fut. of βαίνω.

βῆσσα, Dor. βάσσα, ἡ, (βαίνω) Lat. saltus, a
wooded valley or glen: οὐρεος ἐν βῆσσησι in the
mountain glens. Hence

βησσίη, εσσα, εν, woody.

ΒΗ'ΣΣΩ, Att. βήτην, f. βῆξ: aor. 1 ἐβῆξα:—to
cough.

βήτην-αρμων, onos, ὁ, (βαίνω, ἀρμός) a dancer.

βήτην, poet. for ἐβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ΒΙ'Α, Ion. βίη, ἡ, *bodily strength, force, might*, Lat. *vis*: often periphr. with a gen. of the person, βίη Ἡρακλέους *the strength of Hercules*. II. *force, an act of violence*; βία τινός *against one's will*. [Υ] Hence

βιάζω, f. άσω, *to force, constrain*: Pass., aor. I ἐβιάσθην: pf. βεβίασμαι:—*to have violence done one, to suffer violence*; βιάζομαι τάδε *I am wronged herein*. II. Dep., with aor. I med. ἐβιάσάμην, and (sometimes) pf. pass. βεβίασμαι:—*to force a man, constrain, overpower*; βιάζεσθαι αὐτόν *to do oneself violence: to carry by force or assault*: absol. *to use force, force one's way*.

βιαιο-μάχας, α, ὁ, (βίαιος, μάχη) *fighting violently*. βίαιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βία) *forcible, violent: acting with violence*; πρὸς τὸ βίαιον *by force*. 2. pass. *forced: compulsory*. Hence

βιαιότης, ητος, ἡ, *violence*.

βιαιώς, Adv. of βίαιος, *by force, perforce*.

βι-αρκής, ἐς, (βίος, ἀρκέω) *supplying the necessities of life*.

βιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (βιάζω) *one who uses force, a violent man*.

βιτήης, οὔ, ὁ, = βιαστής.

βιάς: perf. βεβίηκα:—older Ep. form of βιάζω, *to force, constrain*:—Med., βιάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, *to force, treat with violence: also to overreach, defraud, νῶμι μισθὸν βήσατο* *he cheated us of our pay*:—Pass., aor. I ἐβίηθην, *to be constrained or overpowered*.

βιβάζω, f. άσω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of βαίνω, *to make to go up, lift up, exalt*.

βιβάς, άσα, άν, part. pres. formed as if from a verb βιβήμι, = βαίνω.

βιβάσθων, οὔσα, ον, part. pres. of a verb βιβάσθω, = βαίνω, *to stride*; μακρὰ βιβάσθων *long-striding*.

βιβῶ, poet. collat. form of βαίνω, *to stride*; πέλαρα βιβᾶν *to take huge strides*; part. βιβῶν, βιβῶσα.

βιβλίριον, τό, Dim. of βίβλος, *a little book or scroll*:—so also βιβλαρίδιον, τό.

Βιβλινος οἶνος, ὁ, *Biblian wine*, from Biblis, a hill in Thrace.

βιβλιοθήκη, ἡ, (βιβλίον, θήκη) *a book-case: library*.

βιβλίον, τό, Dim. of βίβλος, *a paper, scroll*.

βιβλιο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (βιβλίον, πωλέω) *a bookseller*.

ΒΙ'ΒΛΟΣ, ἡ, *the inner bark of the papyrus*. II. *the paper made of this bark*: hence *a paper, book*.

ΒΙΒΡΩ'Σ ΣΚΩ, fut. βρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρωσα: aor. 2 ἐβρων: perf. βέβρωκα, part. βεβρωκίς, by syncope. βεβρώς.—Pass., fut. βροθήσομαι: fut. 3 βεβρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρώθην: pf. βέβρωμαι:—*to eat, gnaw, eat up, consume*: c. gen. *to eat of a thing*.

βιβῶ, Att. fut. of βιβάζω.

βιβῶν, contr. from βιβᾶων, part. of βιβάω.

βιήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of βιάω.

ΒΙ'ΚΟΣ, ὁ, *an earthen wine-vessel*.

ΒΙ'ΓΝΕ'Ω, coire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to ὀνύια.

βιο-δότης, ὁ, (βίος, δίδωμι) *the giver of life or food*.

βιο-δώρος, ον, (βίος, δῶρον) *life-giving, bounteous*.

βιοδότης, ὁ, poet. for βιοδότης.

βιο-θάλμιος, ον, (βίος, θάλλω) *lively, strong, hale*. βιο-θρέμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βίος, τρέφω) *supporting life*.

ΒΙ'ΟΣ, ὁ, *life, the course of life: lifetime*. II. *manner or means of living: one's living, livelihood*.

ΒΙ'ΟΣ, ὁ, *a bow*.

βιο-στερής, ἐς, (βίος, στερέω) *robbing of life or means*. II. pass. *in want of means*.

βιοτεία, ἡ, (βιοτεῖω) *a way of life, livelihood*.

βιοτεῖω, f. σω, (βιῶ) *to live, subsist*; βιοτεῖναι ἀπὸ τινος *to live by a thing*.

βιοτή, ἡ, Lat. *vita*, = βίотος.

βιότης, ητος, ἡ, = βίотος.

βιότιον, τό, Dim. of βίотος, *a scant living*.

βίотος, ὁ, (βιῶ) *life: means of life*.

βιούς, aor. 2 part. of βιῶ.

βιο-φειδής, ἐς, (βίος, φείδομαι) *stingy, sparing*.

βιῶ, f. βιώσομαι, later βιώσω: aor. I ἐβίωσα:—aor. 2 ἐβίαν (as if from a verb βιώμι); 3 sing. imperat. βιώτω; subj. βιῶ; opt. βιῶην; inf. βιώναι; part. βιούς: (βίος, Lat. *vivo*):—*to live, esp. to live happily*:—Pass., βιοῦται *one lives*, Lat. *vivitur*.

βιόνονται, βιώντο, Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperf. med. of βιῶ.

βιῶατο, for βιῶντο, 3 pl. pres. med. opt. of βιῶ.

βιῶν, aor. 2 med. opt. of βιῶ.

βιῶναι, inf. of βιῶ.

βιώσιμος, ον, (βιῶ) *to be lived, worth living, possible to live*.

βιώσις, εως, ἡ, (βιῶ) *a living, manner of life*.

βιώσομαι, Dep., causal of βιῶ, *to quicken, make alive*: 2 sing. Ep. aor. I ἐβιώσαο.

βιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βιῶ) *fit for life, lively*. II. *of or pertaining to life*.

βιωτός, ἡ, ὄν, = (βιῶ) *to be lived, worth living for*.

βιώτω, 3 sing. imperat. aor. 2 of βιῶ.

βλάβεν, Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

βλάβερός, ὁ, ὄν, (βλάπτω) *harmful, noxious*.

βλάβη, ἡ, (βλάπτω) *hurt, harm, damage*: βλάβης δίκη *an action for damage done*.

βλάβηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of βλάπτω.

βλαβήσομαι, fut. 2 of βλάπτω.

βλάβομαι, = βλάπτομαι, only in 3 sing. βλάβεται.

βλάβος, εος contr. οὐς, τό, = βλάβη, *hurt, damage*.

ΒΛΑΨΙ'ΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *having the legs bent inwards: generally, crooked*.

βλακεία, ἡ, (βλακεῖω) *slackness, sloth, stupidity*.

βλακεύω, (βλάξ) *to be slack, lazy, indolent*.

βλακικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλάξ) *indolent, stupid*. Adv. —κῶς.

βλακώδης, ἐς, (βλάξ, εἶδος) *lazy, sluggish*.

ΒΛΑΨ'Ε, βλακῶς, ὁ, ἡ, (akin to μαλακός) *lazy, inactive, sluggish*. Irreg. Comp. βλακίστερος or βλακώτερος.

ΒΛΑΨΤΩ, fut. βλάβω: Ep. aor. I βλάβη: pf. βέβλαφα or ἐβλάφα.—Pass., fut. 2 βλάβήσομαι, fut. 3 βεβλάβομαι; fut. med. βλάβομαι, used as pass.: aor. I ἐβλάβην, more usu. aor. 2 ἐβλάβην [ά]: pf.

βέβλαμμαι:—to hinder, weaken, stop; c. gen. to hinder from; βλαβέντα λοισθίαν δρόμων arrested in its last course; βλαφθεὶς ἐν ὄψι caught in the branches.
2. of the mind, to blind, deceive, mislead.
3. to harm, damage, hurt, mar.

βλαστάνω, fut. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἐβλαστον; later aor. 1 ἐβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα or ἐβλάστηκα: (βλαστέω):—to bud, sprout: generally, to burst forth, grow.

βλάστη, ἦ, = βλαστός, a bud, sprout, leaf. II. increase, growth.

βλάστημα, atos, τό, and βλαστημός, ὁ, = βλάστη. ΒΛΑΣΤΟΨ, ὁ, a bud, shoot, sucker, Lat. germen.

βλασφημία, f. ἥσω: pf. βεβλασφήμηκα: (βλάσφημος):—to drop profane words, speak profanely. 2. to speak ill or to the prejudice of one, to defame: to blaspheme. Hence

βλασφημία, ἦ, profane language. 2. evil-speaking, blasphemy.

βλάσφημος, on, (βλάξ, φήμη) speaking profanely. 2. evil-speaking, slanderous.

ΒΛΑΥΤΗ, ἦ, mostly in plur. βλαύται, ὧν, αἱ, a kind of slippers or sandals, Lat. soleae.

βλαυτόν, τό, Dim. of βλαύτη.

βλαφθεὶς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βληχῆ.

βλάψα, Ep. for ἐβλαψα, aor. 1 of βλάπτω.

βλάψις, εως, ἡ, (βλάπτω) a harming, hurting.

βλαψί-φρων, on, gen. onos, (βλάπτω, φρήν) mad-dening. 2. mad: Adv. βλαψίφρονος, madly.

βλεῖο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλω.

βλεμαίνω, (βρέμω) to vaunt or be proud of a thing; σθένει βλεμαίνων exulting in his strength.

βλέμμα, atos, τό, (βλέπω) a look, glance: the eye.

βλέπουσα, Dor. for βλέπονσα.

βλέπος, τό, = βλέμμα, a look.

βλεπτόν, verb. Adj. of βλέπω, one must look.

βλεπτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (βλέπω) of or for sight.

βλεπτός, ἦ, ὄν, seen, worth seeing. From

ΒΛΕΨΩ, f. ψω; aor. 1 ἐβλεψα: pf. βέβλεφα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐβλέφθην: pf. βέβλεμμαι:—to look, see: to look on, look at: also c. acc., Ἄρη, φόβον βλέπειν to look fury, terror; in Comedy, κάρδαμα, vāpu βλέπειν to look cress, mustard, i. e. to have a sour or bitter look.

II. to look in a particular direction, to turn towards: esp. of aspects; οικία πρὸς μεσημβρίαν βλέπονσα a house looking towards the south.

III. to see the light, with or without φάος, hence, to live.

IV. to look and long after a thing, c. inf.

2. to take care of, look to or to beware of a thing.

βλέφαρῖς, ιδος, ἡ, an eyelash. From

βλέφαρον, τό, (βλέπω) an eyelid. II. in plur. the eyes: ἀμέρας βλέφαρον, eye of day, i. e. the sun; νυκτὸς βλέφαρον, i. e. the moon.

βλήγεται for βλήγεται, βλήται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. subj. of βάλλω.

βληθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω.

βλήμα, atos, τό, (βάλλω) a throw, cast. 2. a shot, wound. 3. a coverlet.

βλήμενος, ἦ, on, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βλήναι, aor. 2 inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βάλλω.

βλήσομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βλητέος, α, on, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to be thrown. 2.

βλητέον, one must throw.

βλήτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

βλητός, ἦ, ὄν, (βάλλω) buried, struck.

βλήτρον, τό, (βάλλω) an iron nail.

βληχάομαι, fut. ἥσομαι: Dep.: (βληχῆ):—to bleat, of sheep and goats.

ΒΛΗΧῆ, ἡ, a bleating: generally, the wailing of children, Lat. vagitus.

βληχρός, ὁ, ὄν, weak, feeble, sluggish: also with a euphon., ἀβληχρός. Adv. —ρῶς, slightly.

ΒΛΗΧΩΝ, onos, ἡ: acc. βλήχων: Ion. γλήχων, Dor. γλάκων:—pennyroyal. Hence

βληχωνίας, on, ὁ, prepared with pennyroyal.

ΒΛΙΤΤΩ, on, ὁ, βλίτσω: f. βλίω: aor. ἐβλίσα:—to cut out the comb of bees, to take the honey.

(From μέλι with B added, as βλάξ from μαλακός.)

ΒΛΟΣΤΨΟΨ, ὁ, ὄν, grim, stern: also burly, manly, valiant, or coarse, rough.

βλοστῶ-πις, ιδος, ἡ, (βλοστύς, ᾤψ) grim-looking.

ΒΛΥΨΩ, f. βλύσω [ϋ]: aor. 1 ἐβλύσα, = βλύω. Hence

βλύσις, εως, ἡ, and βλυσμός, ὁ, a bubbling up.

βλύσσειε, poet. for βλύσαι, 3 sing. opt. aor. 1 of βλύω.

ΒΛΥΨΩ, f. βλύσω [ϋ], to bubble, sprout, or gush forth: hence to be full, to be haughty.

βλώμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of βάλλω.

βλωθρός, ὁ, ὄν, (βλώσσω) shooting up, high growing, of trees.

βλώσσω: (tenses formed from Root ΜΟ΄ΑΩ), f. μολοῦμαι, aor. 2 ἐμολον (cf. θρώσσω, θοροῦμαι, ἔθορον): pf. μέμβλωκα (for μεμώλωκα):—to come or go.

βοάγριον, τό, a shield of wild bull's hide. From

βό-αγρός, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἄγριος) a wild bull.

βοα-θός, Dor. for βοηθός.

βοάμα, atos, τό, (βοάω) a shriek, cry: a loud strain.

βοάτης, on, ὁ, fem. βοάτις, ιδος, ἡ, (βοάω) crying, screaming. [α]

βό-αυλος, ὁ, βό-αυλον, τό, (βοῦς, αὐλή) an ox-stall.

βοάω, Ep. 3 sing. βοάα, 3 pl. βοάωσιν, part. βοάων: f. βοήσω, Att. βοήσομαι, Ion. contr. βώσω, βώσομαι: aor. 1 ἐβόησα, Ion. ἐβωσα: pf. βεβόηκα:—Med., aor. 1 ἐβοηάμην Ion. ἐβωσάμην:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐβοήθην Ion. ἐβώσθην: pf. βεβόημαι Ion. βέβωμαι: (βοή):—to utter a cry from joy or grief, to shout:

of things, to thunder, roar, bowl: to echo. II. trans., c. acc. pers. to call to one, call on: to call to aid.

2. to demand in a loud voice. 3. to noise abroad, proclaim.

βοεικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοῦς) of or for oxen; ζεύγη βοεικά wagons drawn by oxen.

βέλος or **βέος**, α, ον, (βοῦς) of an ox or of oxen, of ox-hide: ἡ βοεία or βοέα, contr. βοή, (sub. δορά), an ox-hide, a shield of ox-hide.

βοεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (βοῦς) a thong or cord of ox-leather.

βοή, ἡ, contr. from βοήν, v. βόειος.

BOH', ἡ, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: the battle-cry, the battle itself; βοὴν ἀγαθὴ good at the battle-cry or in battle: also of the roar of the sea. II.

= βοήθεια aid called for, succour.

βοη-γενής, ἐς, (βοῦς, γενέσθαι) born of an ox.

βοηδρομέω, (βοηδρόμος) to run on bearing a cry, haste to help, succour.

Βοη-δρομίων, ἄνωσ, ὁ, the third Attic month, in which the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

βοη-δρόμος, ον, (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as Subst. a helper.

βοήθεια, ἡ, (βοηθός) help, aid, rescue, support. II. an auxiliary force.

βοηθῶ, Ion. **βωθέω**, f. ἤσω, (βοηθός) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

βοηθητέον, verb. Adj. one must assist.

βοηθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοηθῶ) ready or able to help.

βοη-θόος, ον, (βοή, θέω) hasting to the battle-shout, warlike; βοηθόον ἄρμα a chariot hasting to the battle. **βοηθός**, ὄν, contr. from βοηθόος: as Subst., βοηθός, ὁ, an assistant, auxiliary, ally.

βοηλασία, ἡ, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattle-stealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture.

From

βο-ηλάτης, ον, ὁ, fem. **βοηλάτις**, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἔλαυνω) one that drives away oxen, a cattle-stealer. II. a drover.

βοη-νόμος, ον, = **βουνόμος**.

βόης, ον, ὁ, (βοάω) a crier.

βόησις, ἔως, Ion. **βοητύς**, ὄν, ἡ, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

ΒΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a pit or hole dug in the ground, a trench, Lat. puteus.

βόθρυος, ὁ, = **βόθρος**.

βοιδάριον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς.

βοίδιον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς, a young cow or ox.

Βοιωτάρχης, f. ἤσω, to be a Boeotarch. From **Βιωτ-άρχης**, ον, ὁ, (Βιωτής, ἄρχω) a Boeotarch, one of the chief magistrates of Boeotia. Hence

Βιωτ-αρχία, ἡ, the office of Boeotarch.

Βιωτία, ἡ, Boeotia, so called from its rich cattle-pastures. Hence

Βιωτιάξω and **Βιωτίζω**, to be like a Boeotian: to be heavy, dull: to speak Boeotian. II. to side with the Boeotians.

Βιωτιδίον, τό, Dim. of Βιωτής, a little Boeotian.

Βιωτι-συργής, ἐς, (Βιωτία, ἔργον) of Boeotian work.

Βιωτός, οὔ, ὁ, a Boeotian.

ΒΟΑΒΟ΄Σ, ὁ, Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root.

βολή, ἡ, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a missile:—metaph. a glance:—**βολαὶ ἡλίου** sun-beams.

βολίζω, f. σαι, (βολίς) to heave the lead, sound.

βολίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a missile: the sounding-lead. II. a cast of the dice.

βολίτινος, η, ον, of cow-dung. From

βόλιτον, **βόλιτος**, (βύλος) cow-dung.

βόλλομαι and **βόλομαι**, Aeol. for βούλομαι.

βολο-κτυπία, ἡ, (βύλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the dice.

βόλος, ὁ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net: also the thing caught; βύλος ἰχθύων a draught of fishes.

II. a throw with dice.

βομβ-αῦλιος, ὁ, (βόμβος, αὔλος) a bagpiper.

βομβεύντι, Aeol. for βομβοῦσι, 3 pl. of βομβέω.

βομβέω, f. ἤσω, (βόμβος) to make a humming noise, to sound deep or hollow: to hum, buzz.

βομβήεις, εσσα, εν, (βομβέω) buzzing, humming.

βομβητής, οὔ, ὁ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, hummer.

ΒΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep hollow sound, humming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.)

βομβυλίδς, οὔ, ὁ, and ἡ, (βόμβος) a buzzing or humming insect, a bumble bee.

βόμβυξ, ἴκος, ὁ, the silk-worm.

βοο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, = **Βουθύτης**.

βοο-κτᾶσία, ἡ, (βοῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of oxen.

βοο-νόμος, **βοο-σφαγία**, etc., = **Βου-**.

βοο-σφάγια, ἡ, (βοῦς, σφάζω) a slaying of oxen.

βοάω, Ep. for βοάω.

ΒΟΦΑ', ἡ, food, meat.

βορβορ-θύμος, ον, (βύρβορος, θυμός) muddy-minded.

ΒΟΨΒΟΡΟΣ, ὁ, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum.

βορβορο-τάραξις, ὁ, (βύρβορος, ταρασσω) a mud-stirrer, mud-lark.

βορβορ-ώδης, ἐς, (βύρβορος, εἶδος) miry, slimy.

ΒΟΡΕ΄ΑΣ, ον, ὁ; Ion. **Βορέης**, contr. **Βορής**, ἔω; Att. **Βορρᾶς**, ᾶ:—the North wind: more strictly, the wind from NNE., Aquilo. II. the North, πρὸς βορρῇ ἄνεμον towards the North; πρὸς βορέαν τινὸς northward of a place.

Βορείς, ᾶδες, ἡ, Ion. **Βορείας**, poet. **Βορείας**, **Βορήης**, a Boread, daughter of Boreas. II. fem.

Adj. northern.

Βόρειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (Βορέας) belonging to the North wind, northern.

Βορέϊτις, ἰδος, ἡ, = **Βορείας**.

Βορήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for Βόρειος.

Βορηίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = **Βορείας**.

βορός, ᾶ, ὄν, (βορά) devouring, gluttonous.

Βορραῖος, α, ον, or ος, ον, = **Βόρειος**.

Βορρᾶς, ᾶ, ὁ, Att. for Βορείας.

βόρνες, οί, unknown Libyan animals.

βόσις, ἔως, ἡ, (βύσσω) food, fodder.

βόσκε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of βύσσω.

βοσκή or **βόσκη**, ἡ, (βύσσω) food, fodder.

βόσκημα, ατος, τό, (βόσκη) that which is fed or fattened, cattle: a herd of cattle or sheep. II. food.

βοσκητέον, verb. Adj. of βόσκη, one must feed.

βοσκός, ὁ, *the feeder or herd of the cattle*. From **ΒΟΨΚΩ**, fut. *βοσκήσω*, as if from obsol. *βοσκέω*:—Act. of the herdsman, Lat. *pascere*, to feed, drive to pasture, nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of cattle, Lat. *pasci*, to feed, graze.

Βοσπόριος, α, ὁν, of the Bosphorus.
Βόσ-πορος, ὁ, (βοῦς, πόρος) Bosphorus, i. e. *ox-ford*, name of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Cimmerian.

βόστρυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, = *βόστρυχος*,
βόστρύχιον, τό, Dim. of *βόστρυχος*.

ΒΟΣΤΡΥΧΟΣ, ὁ, in plur. also *βόστρυχα*, τά, a curl or lock of hair: poet., anything twisted or wreathed, as a flash of lightning, the tendril of a vine.

βοτάμια, ὦν, τά, (βόσκη) pastures.
βοτάνη, ἡ, (βόσκη) pasture, grass, fodder.
βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (βόσκη) a herdsman, herd; *οἰωνῶν βοτήρ* a watcher of birds, a soothsayer: *κύων βοτήρ* a herdsman's dog.

βοτηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοτήρ) of or for a herdsman.
βοτόν, τό, (βόσκη) anything that is fed, a beast.
βοτρυδόν, Adv. (βότρυς) like a bunch of grapes, in clusters.

βοτρυός, α, ὄν, (βότρυς) of grapes.
βοτρυό-δωρος, ὄν, (βότρυς, δῶρον) grape-producing.
βοτρυόεις, εἶσα, ἐν, (βότρυς) clustering.
βοτρυό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (βότρυς, παῖς) child of the grape.

βοτρυο-χαίτης, ὡν, ὁ, (βότρυς, χ αίτη) with clustering hair; or with grapes in one's hair.

ΒΟΤΡΥΣ, υος, ὁ, a cluster or bunch of grapes, Lat. *racemus*. II. = *βότρυχος*, *βόστρυχος*, a curl.
βότρυχος, ὁ, = *βόστρυχος*.

βοτρυχ-ώδης, ἐς, (βότρυχος, εἶδος) like curls, curly.
βοτρυ-ώδης, ἐς, (βότρυς, εἶδος) like a cluster of grapes.

βου-, a form of *βοῦς* used in compos. to express something monstrous, e. g. *βού-παις*, *βου-φάγος*; as we say *horse-chestnut*, *horse-radish*, etc.

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΙΣ, ιος, ἡ, an antelope.
ΒΟΥΒΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *bubālus*, a buffalo.
βου-βότης, ὡν, ὁ, (βοῦς, βόσκη) feeding cattle: as Subst., *βουβότης*, ὁ, a cowherd.

βου-βότος, ὡν, (βοῦς, βόσκη) grazed by cattle.
βου-βρωσις, ἐως, ἡ, (βου-, βιβρώσκω) a ravenous unnatural appetite: metaph. grinding poverty or misery.

ΒΟΥΒΩΝ, ὤνος, ὁ, the groin, Lat. *inguen*. Hence *βουβωνιά*, to suffer from swollen groins.

βου-γάιος, ὁ, (βου-, γαίω) a braggart, bully. [α]
βου-δόρος, ὡν, (βοῦς, δέρω) flaying oxen: gall-ing.

II. as Subst. *a knife for flaying*.
βου-θερής, ἐς, (βοῦς, θέρω) giving summer pasture: summer-feeding.

βου-θίνης, ὡν, ὁ, (βοῦς, θινάω) beef-eater.
βουθύσια, ἡ, a sacrifice of oxen. From
βουθύτω, to slay, sacrifice oxen: generally, to sacrifice or slaughter. From

βού-θτος, ὡν, (βοῦς, θύω) of or belonging to sacrifices: *sacrificial*.

βουκαῖος, ὁ, (βοῦκος) one who ploughs with oxen.
βού-κερως, ὡν, gen. *βούκερω*, acc. pl. *βούκερας*, (βοῦς, κέρως) *horned like an ox*:—for the accent see Wordsw. Gk. Gr. p. 140.

βου-κέφαλος, ὡν, (κεφαλή) bull-headed: epith. of horses, because branded with a bull's head: Maced. **Βουκεφάλας**, gen. α, name of the horse of Alexander the Great.

βουκολέω, f. ἦσω, (βουκόλος) to tend cattle:—Med. to graze, range over the pasture. II. metaph. to delude, beguile: Med., ἐλπίδι βουκολοῦμαι I feed myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.

βουκολία, ἡ, (βουκόλος) a herd of cattle. II. a byre, ox-stall. Hence
βουκολιάζομαι, Dor. βωκ-, f. ἄζομαι, to sing or write pastorals. Hence

βουκολιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, Dor. βωκ-, a singer or maker of pastorals.
βουκολικός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. βωκολικός, α, ὄν, (βουκόλος) rustic, pastoral: τὰ βουκολικά (sc. ποιήματα) pastoral poetry.

βουκόλιον, τό, a herd of cattle. From
βου-κόλος, Dor. βω-κόλος, ὁ, (βοῦς, and obsol. *κολέω* = Lat. *colo*) a cowherd: herdsman.

βούκος, Dor. βῶκος, ὁ, (βοῦς) = *βουκαῖος*.
βουλαῖος, α, ὡν, (βουλή) of or in the Council.
βουλ-ἄρχος, ὁ, (βουλή, ἄρχω) the adviser of a plan, Lat. *auctor consilii*.

βουλεία, ἡ, (βουλεύω) the office of counsellor.
βουλέμμα, ατος, τό, (βουλεύω) a decree of the Council: generally, a resolution, plan, design.

βουλεμᾶτιον, τό, Dim. of *βούλευμα*.
βούλευσις, ἐως, ἡ, (βουλεύω) deliberation.
βουλευτέον, verb. Adj. of *βουλεύω*, one must take counsel.

βουλευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = *βουλευτής*. Hence
βουλευτήριος, ὡν, fit for counsel. II. as Subst. *βουλευτήριον*, τό, a Council-chamber, court-house.

βουλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (βουλεύω) a councillor, one who sits in Council. II. a counsellor, adviser. Hence

βουλευτικός, ἡ, ὡν, of or for the Council or a Councillor: ὅρκος βουλευτικός the oath taken by the councillors. 2. as Subst., τὸ βουλευτικόν in the Athenian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, belonging to the Council of 500. II. of or for a counsellor, able to advise.

βουλευτός, ἡ, ὡν, devised, plotted. From
βουλεύω, f. σω: pf. *βεβούλευκα*:—Med., fut. *-εῦσομαι*: aor. I *ἐβουλεύσαμην*:—Pass., aor. I *ἐβουλεύθην*: pf. *βεβουλεύμαι*: but fut. med. is also used in pass. sense; and aor. I and pf. pass. in med. sense, (βουλή) —to take counsel, consider: in past tenses, to have considered, and so to determine or resolve upon a thing: Med. to take counsel with oneself, and so much like the Act.:—Pass. to be determined or resolved on. II. to be a member of the Council: to give counsel.

βουλή, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *will, determination*, Lat. *consilium*:—*a project, plan, intention*. 2. *counsel, advice*, whether taken or given. II. also like Lat. *concilium*, the Council or Senate, esp. that of the 500 at Athens.

βούληαι, Ep. for βούλη, 2 sing. subj. of βούλομαι. βουλήεις, εσσα, εν, (βουλή) of good counsel, sage. βουληθείς, part. aor. I of βούλομαι. βούλημα, ατος, τό, (βούλομαι) *a will, purpose*. βούλησις, εως, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *a willing: will, purpose* βουλήσομαι, fut. of βούλομαι.

βουλη-φόρος, ον, (βουλή, φέρω) *counselling, advising*. βου-λίμια, ἡ, (βου-, λιμός) *ravenous hunger*. Hence βουλίμια, f. άσσι, to suffer from ravenous hunger. βούλιος, ον, (βουλή) = βουλευτικός.

ΒΟΥΤΑΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐβουλόμην, Att. also ἡβουλόμην: fut. βουλήσομαι: aor. I ἐβουλήσθην, Att. also ἡβουλήσθην: pf. βεβουλήμην, in compos. also med. βέβουλα (προ-): Dep.:—*to will, wish, be willing*: usu. c. inf., but also c. dat., Τρώεσσι ἐβούλετο νίκην *he willd victory to the Trojans*, or in full, Τρώεσσι ἐβούλετο κύδος ὀρέξαι. Βούλει or βούλεσθε, with the subj. adds force to the demand, βούλει φράσω *would you have me tell*; ὁ βουλομένος, Lat. *quivis*, the first that offers, any one that likes. II. to have rather, choose, prefer, mostly with ἤ, as, βούλωμ' ἐγὼ λαδὸν σόον ἔμμεναι, ἡ ἀπολέσθαι *I had rather the host were saved than lost*.

βουλό-μαχος, ον, (βούλομαι, μάχη) *strife-desiring*. βουλόστος, ον, fit for unyoking the oxen, [v]. From βου-λύτός, ὁ, (βους, λύω) *the time for unyoking oxen*, evening: in Homer only as Adv., βουλυτόνδε towards evening, at eventide.

βου-μολγός, ὁ, (βους, ἀμέλγω) *cow-milking*. βουνίτης, ον, ὁ, (βουνός) *a dweller on hills*. βου-νόμος, ον, (βους, νέμω) *cattle-feeding*. II. βού-νομος, grazed by cattle; ἀγέλαι βούνομοι herds of grazing oxen.

ΒΟΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a bill, mound. βού-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, (βου-, παῖς) *a big, lubberly boy*. 2. of bees, born of the ox; see Virg. Georg. 4. 281.

βού-παλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (βου-, πάλη) *hard-struggling*. βου-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βους, πέπαμαι pf. of πάωμαι) *rich in cattle*. βού-πληκτρος, ον, (βους, πληκτρον) *ox-goading*. βου-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (βους, πλήσσω) *an ox-goat, an axe for felling an ox*.

βου-ποιμήν, ενος, ὁ, (βους, ποιμήν) *a herdsman*. βου-πόρος, ον, (βους, πείρω) *ox-piercing*; βουπόρος ὁβελός *a spit that would spit a whole ox*.

βού-πρωρος, ον, (βους, πρῶρα) *with the face of an ox*. ΒΟΥΤΣ, ὁ or ἡ: gen. βούς, also poet. βού: acc. βούν, Ep. βάν, poet. also βόα:—plur., nom. βόες, rarely contr. βούς: gen. βούων, rarely contr. βών: dat. βουσί, poet. βόεσι, rarely βοσί:—*a bullock or cow, an ox*; in plur. *cattle*.

II. βους, ἡ, a shield covered with ox-hide. III. proverb., βους ἐπὶ

γλώσση βέβηκε, βους ἐπὶ γλώσσης ἐπιβαίνει, like *ὁς ἐπὶ στόμα*, of people who keep silence from some weighty reason, from the notion of a heavy body keeping down the tongue.

βούς, contr. from βόας, acc. pl. of foreg. βού-σταθμον, τό, (βους, σταθμός) *an ox-stall*. βού-στασις, εως, ἡ, = foreg.

βου-στροφηδόν, Adv. (βους, στροφή) *turning like oxen in ploughing*: of the early Greek manner of writing, which went from left to right, and right to left alternately. So Solon's Laws were written.

βου-στρόφος, ον, (βους, στρέφω) *ox-guiding*:—as Subst. *an ox-goat*.

βου-σφαγήω, (βους, σφάζω) *to slaughter oxen*.

βουτάλις, ιος, ἡ, a night bird.

βούτης, ον, ὁ, (βους) *a cow-herd, herdsman*.

βου-φάγος, ον, (βους, φάγειν) *ox-eating*.

βουφονέω, f. ἡσω, (βουφόνος) *to slaughter oxen*.

βουφονία (sub. ἱερά), τά, a festival with sacrifices of oxen. From

βου-φόνος, ον, (βους, φόνος) *ox-sacrificing*. 2. at which oxen are slain.

βουφορβέω, f. ἡσω, (βουφορβός) *to tend cattle*.

βουφορβία, ον, τά, a herd of oxen. From

βου-φορβός, ον, (βους, φέρβω) *ox-feeding*:—as Subst.

βουφορβός, ὁ, a herdsman.

βού-φορτος, ον, (βου-, φόρτος) *with a great load*.

βου-χανδής, ἐς, (βους, χανδάνω) *holding an ox*.

βού-χιλος, ον, (βους, χιλός) *rich in fodder*.

βούων, contr. part. of βοάω. 2. gen. pl. of βους.

βού-ωνης, ον, ὁ, (βους, ὠνέομαι) *one who buys oxen for sacrifice*.

βο-ὠπις, ιδος, ἡ, (βους, ὦψ) *ox-eyed*, i. e. with large, full eyes.

βουτέω, f. ἡσω, to plough. From

βούτης, ον, ὁ, (βους) *a ploughman*. II. Βούτες, a name of the constellation Arcturus.

βραβεία, ἡ, (βραβεύω) *the office of judge or umpire, presidency of the games*: generally, arbitration.

βραβείον, τό, (βραβεύω) *a prize in the games*.

ΒΡΑΒΕΥΤΣ, εως, ὁ: Att. acc. sing. βραβῆ, nom. plur. βραβῆς:—*the judge who assigned the prizes at the games*: generally, a judge, arbitrator, umpire: a chief, leader.

βραβεύω, f. σσι, (βραβεύς) *to be a judge or umpire: to arbitrate, direct, govern*.

βράβυλον, τό, a kind of plum or sloe.

βράβυλος, ἡ, the tree which bears βράβυλα.

ΒΒΑΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, hoarseness, sore throat. Hence

βραγχός, ἡ, ὅν, hoarse.

βραδέως, Adv. of βραδύς, slowly.

βραδύνος, ἄ, ὅν, Acol. for βραδινός.

βραδίων [i], βραδιστος, poet. Comp. and Sup. of βραδύς.

βράδος, εος, τό, (βραδύς) *slowness*.

βραδύνω, f. ἰνῶ, (βραδύς) *to delay*:—Pass. *to be delayed*. II. intrans. *to be slow about a thing*:—Med. *to be slow, to loiter*.

βραδυ-πειθής, ἐς, (βραδύς, πείθομαι) *slow of persuasion, slow to believe.*

βραδυ-πλοῦς, ἡ, ἴσω, (βραδύς, πλέω) *to sail slowly.*

βραδύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (βραδύς, ποῦς) *slow of foot.*

ΒΡΑΔΥΨ, εἶα, ὕ: Comp. βραδύτερος by poet. metaph. βραδύτερος, poet. also βραδίων [ἱ] and βράσσαν: Sup. βραδύτατος, poet. βράδιστος, and by metaph. βράδιστος: *slow, heavy; βράδιστοι θέινει slowest at running*:—metaph. *slow of understanding, slow.* II. of time, *late.*

βραδυ-σκαλής, ἐς, (βραδύς, σκέλος) *slow of foot.*

βραδυτής, ἥτος, ἡ, (βραδύς) *slowness; dullness.*

βράκος, τό, Aeol. for ῥάκος, *a rich female garment.*

βρασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of βράζω.

ΒΡΑΣΣΩ, Att. βράττω: f. βράσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἔβρασα:—Pass., aor. I ἔβρασθην: pf. βέβρασμαι:—*to shake violently, to throw up, of the sea: to winnow or sift grain*:—Pass. *to boil up.*

βράσσαν, on, gen. onos, poet. Comp. of βραδύς.

βράχε, see βράχιν.

βράχεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of βρέχω.

βράχως, Adv. of βραχύς, *shortly.*

βράχων, onos, ὁ, (βραχύς) *the arm, Lat. brachium.* [ἱ]

βράχιων, on, gen. onos, [Ion. ἱ, Att. ἱ], βράχιστος, Comp. and Sup. of βραχύς.

βράχος, eos, τό, plur. βράχεα, contr. βράχη, (βραχύς) *shallow, stagnant pools, Lat. brevia et syrtis.*

βραχύ-βωλος, on, (βραχύς, βῶλος) *with few clouds,*

βραχύβωλος χέρσος *a narrow piece of land.*

βραχύ-γνώμων, on, gen. onos, (βραχύς, γνώμη) *of small understanding.*

βραχύ-δρομος, on, (βραχύς, δρόμος) *running a short way.*

βραχυλογία, ἡ, *brevity in speech.* From

βραχυ-λόγος, on, (βραχύς, λέγω) *short in speech, of few words.*

βραχύων, f. ὕνω, *to make short.* From

ΒΡΑΧΥΨ, εἶα, ὕ: Comp. βραχύτερος and βραχίων: Sup. βραχυτάτος and βράχιστος:—of Space and Time, *short*; of Number and Degree, *few, little*:

βραχύ, *a little, a short time or distance*; ἐπὶ βραχύ *for a short distance*; κατὰ βραχύ *little by little*; ἐν βραχεῖ *shortly, briefly*; διὰ βραχείων *in few words*, Lat. brevibus, paucis; διὰ βραχυτάτων *or ἐν βραχυτάτοις*, Lat. quam brevissime.

βραχυ-σίδηρος, on, (βραχύς, σίδηρος) *ἄκαν βραχυ-σίδηρος a dart with a short, small head.*

βραχυ-σκελής, ἐς, (βραχύς, σκέλος) *short-legged.*

βραχυ-σύμβολος, on, (βραχύς, σύμβολον) *bringing a small contribution.*

βραχύ-τονος, on, (βραχύς, τείνω) *reaching a short way.*

βραχυ-τράχηλος, on, (βραχύς, τράχηλος) *short-necked.*

βραχύτης, ἥτος, ἡ, (βραχύς) *shortness: scantiness, deficiency.*

βραχυ-φεγγίτης, on, ὁ, (βραχύς, φέγγος) *giving a short or scant light.* [ἱ]

βραχυ-φύλλος, on, (βραχύς, φύλλον) *with few leaves.*

*ΒΡΑΨΩ, only used in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἔβραχε or

βράχε, *to rattle, clash, ring, roar.*

βρέγμα, atos, τό, (βρέχω) *the top of the head, Lat. sinciput.*

βρεκεκεκέξ, sound to imitate *the croaking of frogs.*

ΒΡΕΜΩ, only used in pres. and impl., the Lat.

FRÉMO, *to roar, of the wave or wind; to clash, of arms; to roar, clamour, of a crowd.* Also in Med.

ΒΡΕΨΟΟΣ, ὁ, an unknown water-bird, of stately bearing: hence II. arrogance. Hence

βρενθόμεαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impl., *to be of a proud carriage, hold one's head high, swagger.*

βρέξις, εως, ἡ, (βρέχω) *a wetting.*

ΒΡΕΤΑΣ, τό, gen. βρέτεος, nom. pl. βρέτη, a

wooden image of a god.

ΒΡΕΨΟΣ, eos, τό, the child unborn, Lat. foetus, = ἔμβρυον.

II. the new-born babe, whelp or cub.

βρεχμός, ὁ, = βρέγμα.

ΒΡΕΨΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἔβρεξα:—Pass., aor. I ἔβρεχ-

θην: aor. 2 ἔβραχθην [ᾶ]: pf. βέβρεγμα:—*to wet on the surface, moisten, sprinkle, opp. to τέγγω*:—Pass. *to be wetted or drenched.* 2. impers. βρέχει,

like ὕει, Lat. pluui, it rains.

ΒΡΙ-, [ἱ], insepar. intensive Prefix, whence come

βρίαια, βριαρός.

Βρίαρως, ὁ, Strong, a hundred-handed giant, so called by the gods, but by men Aegaeon. [In Ep., trisyll. Βρίαρ'ως.]

βριάρος, ἁ, ὄν, Ion. βριερός, ἡ, ὄν, (βρίαια) *strong.*

βρίαια, (βρι-) *to strengthen, to make strong.* II.

intr. *to be strong.*

ΒΡΙΖΩ, fut. ξω, *to nod, slumber, sleep.*

βρι-ήψους, on, (βρι-, ἀπῶν) *loud shouting.*

βριθος, eos, τό, (βρίθω) *weighty.*

βριθοσύνη, ἡ, (βριθος) *weight, heaviness.*

βριθύ-νοος, on, (βριθύς, νόος) *grave-minded, thoughtful.*

βριθύς, εἶα, ὕ, (βρίθω) *weighty, heavy.*

ΒΡΙΘΩ, f. βρίσσω, Ep. inf. βρίσμεν: aor. I ἔβρισα: perf. βέβριθα:—*to be heavy, to be weighed down or heavy laden with a thing*:—Med., μήκων καρπῷ βριθομένη *a poppy laden with fruit*; ἐπὶ βεβριθυῖα, Ep. for βεβριθυῖα, *weighty strife.* 2. of men, *to outweigh, prevail: to be superior in the fight, to be master.*

II. trans. *to load, press.*

βριτόμεαι and βριτόμεαι, Dep. *to snort with anger, be wrathful, furious.* (Formed from the sound.)

βριτο-άρματος, on, (βρίθω, ἄρμα) *loading the car.*

ΒΡΟΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, *the windpipe, trachea.*

βρομέω, = βρέμω, *to buzz, hum, of gnats.*

βρομιάζομαι, Dep. *to revel like Bacchus.* From

βρόμος, a, on, (βρόμος) *roaring, boisterous*:—hence

ὁ Βρόμος, the boisterous god, a name of Bacchus. 2.

= Βάκχειος, Baccbic.

Βρομι-ώδης, es, (βρόμος, εἶδος) *Baccbic.*

βρόμος, ὁ, (βρέμω) *Lat. fremitus, any loud noise or roaring, as of fire, etc.*

βροντάω, f. ἤσω, to thunder: βροντᾶ, impers., it thunders, Lat. tonat. From
BPONTH', ἡ, thunder. II. the state of one struck with thunder, astonishment.

βρόντημα, ατος, τό, (βροντάω) a thunder-clap.
 βρόντης, ου, ὁ, (βροντή) Thunderer, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus.

βροντισσι-κέραυνος, ου, (βροντάω, κεραυνός) sending thunder and lightning.

βροντ-ώδης, ἐς, (βροντή, εἶδος) thundering.
 βρότειος, ου, also α, ου, Ep. βρότειος, η, ου, (βροτός) mortal, human.—So also βροτήσιος, α, ου.

βροτο-βάμων, ου, (βροτός, βῆμα) trampling on men. [α]

βροτδ-γῆρυς, υ, gen. vos, (βροτός, γῆρυς) with human voice, of a parrot.

βροτῆεις, ἐσσα, εν, (βρότος) bloody, gory.
 βροτοκτονέω, f. ἤσω, to murder men. From
 βροτο-κτόνος, ου, (βροτός, κτείνω) man-slaying.

βροτο-λοιγός, ὄν, (βροτός, λοιγός) bane of men.
 βροτο-Σ, ὁ, a mortal, man, opp. to ἀθάνατος or θεός: as Adj. mortal.

βροτ'τοξ, ὁ, blood from a wound, gore.
 βροτο-σκόπος, ου, (βροτός, σκοπέω) watching men.

βροτο-στύγης, ἐς, (βροτός, στυγέω) man-bating. II. pass. bated by men.

βροτο-φεγγής, ἐς, (βροτός, φέγγος) giving light to men.

βροτο-φθόρος, ου, (βροτός, φθείρω) man-destroying.
 βροτο-, (βρότος) to stain with gore.

βροχετός, ὁ, (βρέχω) a wetting, rain.
 βροχέως, Aeol. for βροχέως.

βροχέως, Aeol. for βροχέως.
 βροχέως, ὁ, the throat.

βροχίς, ἡ, (βρέχω) an ink-born.
 βροχός, ὁ, a noose or slip-knot, for hanging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net.

*βροχ'Ω, act. I ἔβροχα, to gulp down: cp. ἀναβρόχω, καταβρόχω.

βροτάω, (βρώω) to teem with plenty, overflow.
 βροτῆν, Adv. (βρώω) snarling or with clenched teeth.

βρυγμός, ὁ, (βρώω) a snarling, biting: a grinding or gnashing of teeth.

βρυτ'κῆ, f. ζω: aor. I ἔβρυξα: to bite, devour. Cf. βρώω. [υ]

βρυτ'λλῶ, = βρύν εἰπεῖν, v. sq.
 βρύν, βρύν εἰπεῖν to cry for drink.

βρύξ, only in acc. βρύχα, the depth of the sea.
 βρυχάομαι, fut. med. βρυχῆσομαι, aor. I pass. ἔβρυχθην: Ep. pf. βέβρυχα (so μέμνηκα, μέμνηκα from μηκάομαι, μυκάομαι): Dep.: (βρύχω):—to roar, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence

βρύχημα, ατος, τό, a roaring: and
 βρύχητης, οὔ, ὁ, a bellower, bowler.

βρύχως, ου, also α, ου, (βρύξ) from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ἡχώ an echo from the deep. [υ]

βρυτ'χῶ, fut. βρύξω: aor. 2 ἔβρυχον:—Pass., aor. I ἔβρυχθην:—the same as βρώω. [υ]

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βρυτ'Ω, mostly in pres. and impf.; rare in fut. βρύω:—to be full of anything, swell or teem with.

II. trans. to cause to burst forth.

βρώμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκω) that which is eaten, food. βρωμάομαι, aor. I ἔβρωμασμαι: Dep.: (βρέω):—to bray like an ass, Lat. rudere.

βρώμη, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) = βρώμα, food.
 βρώσιμος, ου, (βρώσις) eatable, solid.

βρώσις, ἐως, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) meat, opp. to πόσις (drink). II. an eating into, corrosion, rust.

βρωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (βιβρώσκω) an eater, devourer.
 βρωτός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκω, eatable:—βρωτῶν, τό, = βρώσις.

βρωτός, υός, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) Ion. for βρώσις.
 βύβλος, η, ου, (βύβλος) made of byblus.

βύβλος, ἡ, the Egyptian papyrus. II. its coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.: βύβλοι, αἱ, leaves of byblus; hence, a book: also in pl. τὰ βύβλα. [υ]

βύβλιν, Adv. (βύω) close-pressed, closely, thickly.
 βυθίζω, f. ἴσω, (βυθός) to sink in the deep, immerse.

βυθίος, α, ου, (βυθός) in the deep, sunken, deep. II. of the deep; βύθια (sub. ζῶα) water-animals. [υ]

βυθίτης, ου, ὁ, βυθίτης, ἴδος, ἡ, = βυθίος.
 βύθ'θο'Σ, ὁ, the depth, the deeps of the sea.

βυκτής, ου, ὁ, (βύω) masc. Adj. blustering: Ep. gen. pl. βυκτῶν.

βύνεω, Att. for βύω.
 βύτ'σα, Adv. the skin stripped off, a hide.

βύρσο-αίετος, ὁ, (βύρσα, αἰετός) leather-eagle, nickname of Cleon the tanner.

βυρσεύς, ἐως, ὁ, a tanner. From
 βυρσεύω, f. σω, (βύρσα) to dress hides, tan.

βυρσίνη, ἡ, a leathern thong. [Υ] Fem. from
 βυρσινος, η, ου, (βύρσα) made of skin or leather.

βυρσοδεψέω, f. ἤσω, to dress hides, be a tanner. From

βυρσο-δέψης, ου, ὁ, (βύρσα, δέψω) a tanner.
 βυρσο-παφλαγών, ὄνος, ὁ, (βύρσα, Παφλαγών) the leather-Paphlagonian, nickname of Cleon.

βυρσο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (βύρσα, πωλέω) a leather-seller.
 βυρσο-τενής, ἐς, and βυρσο-τονος, ου, (βύρσα, τείνω) with skin or leather stretched over.

βυσσίνος, η, ου, (βύσσος) made of fine linen.
 βυσσο-δομεύω, (βυσσός, δομέω) to build in the deeps: hence to meditate deeply.

βυσσοδέω, Adv. (βυσσός) from the bottom.
 βυσσο-μέτρης, ου, ὁ, (βυσσός, μετρέω) measuring the deeps.

βυσσός, ὁ, = βυθός, the depth or bottom of the sea.
 βύτ'σος, ἡ, fine flax: fine linen.

βυσσό-φρων, ου, (βυσσός, φρήν) deep-thinking.
 βύτ'Ω, f. βύσω [υ]: aor. I ἔβυσσα:—Pass., aor. I ἔβυσθην: pf. βέβυσμαι:—to stuff full; νηματος βεβυσμένος stuffed full of spun-work; σπογγίῳ βεβυσμένος bunged up with sponge.

βώ, aor. 2 act. subj. of βαίνω.
 βωθέω, Ion. contr. for βοηθέω.

βωκολιάσδω, -αστής, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βωκόλος, βωκολικός, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βώκος, ὁ, Dor. for βούκος.
 βωλάκιος, α, ον, (βῶλαξ) forming clods, of rich loam.
 βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = βῶλος, a clod of earth.
 βῶλιον, τό, Dim. of βῶλος, a clod.
 ΒΩ'ΛΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GLEBA, a clod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mass of anything: so even of the sun.
 βωλο-τόμος, ον, (βῶλος, τεμῖν) clod-breaking.
 βῶμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βωμός) on or at the altar.
 βωμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of βωμός: a step.
 βωμολόχευμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jest. From βωμολοχεύμαι, Dep. to practise coarse buffoonery, indulge in ribald jests. From
 βωμο-λόχος, ον, (βωμός, λοχάω) lurking about the altars, for the scraps that could be got there, a starveling, beggar: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, buffoon.
 βωμός, ὁ, (βαῖνω) any raised place for standing on, a stand, Lat. suggestus: a raised place for sacrificing, an altar; later also a funeral mound, cairn, Lat. tumulus.
 βῶν, Ep. for βοῦν, acc. of βοῦς: also contr. gen. plur.
 βῶσας, contr. for βοήσας, aor. I part. of βοάω.
 βῶσι, 3 plur. aor. 2 subj. of βαῖνω.
 βοστρέω, (βοάω) to call on, to call to aid.
 βῶτας, Dor. for βούτης.
 βοτῖ-άνειρα, ἡ, (βόσκω, ἀνὴρ) man-feeding, nurse of heroes. [ἄ]
 βῶτωρ, οπος, ὁ, = βοτήρ, a herdsman.

Γ

Γ, γ, γάμμα, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral γ', = *three, third*: but γ = 3000.—Before the palatals γ κ χ and before ξ, γ is pronounced like η in ηγ, as ἄγγος ἄγκος ἀγγί, ἄγγω.

For the digamma, v. sub σ.

Homer uses γ as an aspirate before some words, as αἶα γαῖα, δούπος γδοῦπος: so also in Att., before λ and ν, e. g. λήμη γλήμη, νέφος γνόφος.

In Dor. δ is sometimes put for γ, as δᾶ δνόφος for γῆ γνόφος: also γ for β, βλέφαρον γλέφαρον; but in Att., β for γ, γλήχων βλήχων; also for κ, γράπτω κνάπτω: and for λ, γήϊον λήϊον.

γᾶ, Dor. for γε.

γᾶ, Dor. and Aeol. for γῆ, earth.

γαγγάμη, ἡ, or γαγγάμων, τό, a small round net.

γάγγραινα, ἡ, (γράω, γραίω) a gangrene, an eating sore ending in mortification.

γάζα, ἡ, the royal treasure: riches. (Persian word.)

γαζο-φυλάκιον, τό, (γάζα, φυλάκη) a treasury, Lat. aerarium.

γαθέω, Dor. for γηθέω.

γαῖα, ἡ, gen. γαίας, Ep. γαίης (but not γαίη in nom.,

except in late Poets), like αἶα, poet. for γῆ, earth, ground, soil: one's country.

γαῖαοχος, ον, Dor. for γαῖοχος.

γαῖηνεής, ἐς, poet. for γηγενής.

γαῖῆος, η, ον, (γαῖα) sprung from Earth.

γαῖη-οχος, ον, (γαῖα, ἔχω) poet. for γροῦχος, earth-upholding, earth-surrounding, epith. of Poseidon: of other gods, protecting a country.

γάϊος, ον, Dor. for γῆϊος, on land.

ΓΑΙ'Ω, only used in partic., κούδῃ γαίον exulting in his strength.

ΓΑ'ΔΑ, gen. γάλακτος, τό, milk. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. γά-λακ-τος).

γάλαθνής, ὄν, (γάλα) sucking, infant.

γάλακτινός, η, ον, milky, milk-white.

γάλακτο-πάγης, ἐς, (γάλα, παγγίαι) like curdled milk.

γαλακτο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (γάλα, πέ-ποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) a milk-drinker.

γαλάνα, γαλανός, Dor. for γαλήνη, γαληνός.

ΓΑΛ'Η, ἐς, contr. γαλή, ἡς, ἡ, the marten-cat or polecat, Lat. mustela.

γαλερός, ἄ, ον, cheerful. Adv. -ρῶς.

γαλεώτης, ον, ὁ, (γαλέη) a kind of spotted lizard.

γαλή, ἡ, contr. for γαλή.

γαληναῖος, α, ον, = γαληνός.

γαλήνεια, Dor. γαλάνεια, ἡ, = sq.

ΓΑ'ΔΗ'ΝΗ, ἡ, stillness of wind and wave, calm, γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail through the calm: generally, calm, tranquillity. Hence

γαληνιάω, Ep. part. fem. γαληνιώσα, to be calm.
 γαληνός, ὄν, (γαλήνη) calm, still, serene: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., γαληνά a calm, γαλήν' ὅρῳ I see a calm.

Γάλλος, ὁ, a priest of Cybelé: a eunuch.

γᾶ-ουργέω, -ουργός, -ουχέω, -ουχία, = γαλακ-.

ΓΑ'ΔΟΣΣ, ἡ, gen. γάλω, nom. pl. γάλω: Att. γάλως, gen. γάλω, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc. is δαήρ. [ἄ]

γάμαι, Dor. for γῆμαι, aor. I inf. of γαμέω.

γαμβρός, ὁ, (γαμέω) any connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: I. a son-in-law. 2. a brother-in-law. 3. a father-in-law. II. in Dor. and Aeol. a bridegroom.

γάμεν, Dor. for ἔγγμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of γαμέω.

γάμετή, ἡ, fem. of γαμέτης, a wife.

γάμέτης, ον, Dor. gen. γαμέτᾱ, ὁ, a husband, spouse: and

γάμέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, a wife. From

γάμέω, fut. γαμέω, Att. γαμῶ, later γαμήσω: aor. I ἔγγμα; later ἐγάμησα: pf. γεγάμηκα.—Med., fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσεται, Att. γαμοῦμαι: aor. I ἔγγματην.—Pass., aor. I ἔγαμήθην, poet. part. γαμεθείς: pf. γεγάμημαι: (γάμος). To marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere; ἐκ κακοῦ, ἐξ ἀγαθοῦ γῆμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. II.

Med. to give in marriage, I. of the woman, to give herself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere. 2.

of the parents, to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a husband for the daughter.

III. Pass. to be wedded or taken to wife.

γαμήλευμα, ατος, τό, = γάμος.

γαμήλιος, α, ον, (γαμέω) bridal, Lat. nuptialis: γαμηλία (sub. θυσία), ἡ, a marriage-feast.

Γαμηλιών, ὄνος, ὁ, the seventh month of the Attic year, from γαμέω, because it was the usual time for weddings: it answered to the end of January and beginning of February. See *Ἀθηναίων*.

γαμίζω, f. ἰσω, (γάμος) to give in marriage.

γάμικος, ἡ, ὄν, (γάμος) bridal; τὰ γαμικά a wedding, Lat. nuptiae. Adv. -κῶς, as at a wedding.

γάμισκος, = γαμίζω.

γάμο-κλόπος, ον, (γάμος, κλέπτω) adulterous: as Subst. an adulterer.

γά-μόρος, ὁ, Dor. for γημόρος.

ΓΑ'ΜΟΣ, ὁ, a wedding, marriage: also wedlock, matrimony: in pl. a marriage-feast, Lat. nuptiae.

γαμό-στολος, ον, (γάμος, στέλλω) preparing marriage.

γαμφηλαί, ἂν, αἱ, (γαμφός, γαμπτός) the jaws of a beast; the beak of a bird.

γαμφός, ἡ, ὄν, (κάμπτω) bent, curved, crooked.

γᾶν, Dor. for γῆν, γαῖαν.

γάναω, (γάνος) to shine, glitter, gleam: to look bright and fresh, Lat. nitere: metaph. to be cheerful.

ΓΑ'ΝΟΣ, εος, τό, brightness, sheen: beauty, a charm, delight. [α] Hence

γᾶνώω, to make bright or shining: pf. pass. part.

γεγαυμένους, glad-looking, joyous, Lat. nitidus.

γανῶν, ὥσα, Ep. part. of γανᾶω.

γάνυμαι, Ep. fut. γανίσσομαι: Dep.: (γάνος):—to brighten up, be delighted at a thing. Hence

γάνυσμα, ατος, τό, = γάνος.

γά-πέδον, τό, Dor. for γῆπεδον. [α]

γά-πετής, γά-πόνος, γά-ποτος, Dor. for γηπ-.

ΓΑ'Ρ, Conjunction, for, Lat. enim, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief usages are I. to introduce the reason: when the reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by *since* or *as*: 'Ἀτρείδη, πολλοὶ γὰρ τεθνᾶσιν Ἀχαιοί since many Achaeans are dead, etc.; so in parenthesis, as καί, ἣν γὰρ ὁ Μαραθῶν ἐπιτηδεώτατον, etc., and, *since* Marathon was the fittest place, etc. II. to strengthen I. a question,

like Lat. nam, Engl. why, what, τίς γάρ σε ἔκειν why who hath sent thee? 2. a wish, κακῶς γὰρ ἐξόλοιο O that you might perish! in Homer usu. αἰ γάρ, Att. εἰ or εἴθε γάρ, Lat. utinam, O that! so also πῶς γάρ would that!

γαργαίρω, f. ἄρῶ, (γόργαρα) to swarm with.

γαργαλίω, Att. for γαγγαλίω, (γάργαλος) to tickle. Hence

γαργαλισμός, οὔ, ὁ, a tickling.

ΓΑ'ΡΓΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, a tickling, itching. [α]

ΓΑ'ΡΓΑΡΑ, τὰ, heaps, lots, plenty.

γᾶρῶν, Dor. for γηρῶν.

γαστήρ, gen. γαστέρος syncop. γαστρός, dat. plur. γαστράσι [α], ἡ:—the paunch, belly, Lat. venter; γαστήρ ἀσπίδος the hollow of a shield. 2. the womb, ἐν γαστρὶ φέρειν or ἔχειν to be with child. 3. metaph. appetite, in a bad sense, gluttony. Hence

γάστρα, Ion. γάστρη, ἡ, the belly of a jar, etc.

γαστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστρίον.

γαστρίζω, f. ἰσω, (γᾶστρις) to fill one's belly. II. to hit on the belly, a trick in boxing.

γαστρί-μαργος, ον, (γαστήρ, μάργος) gluttonous.

γαστρίον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.

γαστρος, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (γαστήρ) pot-bellied: a glutton.

γαστρο-βάρης, ἐς, (γαστήρ, βαρύς) heavy with child.

γαστρο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) to bear in the womb, be pregnant.

γαστρ-ώδης, ἐς, (γαστήρ, εἶδος) pot-bellied.

γαυλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γαῦλος) of or for a merchant ship.

γαυλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, = γαυλικός.

ΓΑ'ΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, a milk-pail: a water-bucket: any round vessel, e.g. a bee-bive: hence II. γαῦλος, a round built merchant-vessel, galley.

γαυρίω, only used in pres. to bear oneself proudly, pride oneself. From

γαῦρος, ον, also α, ον, (γαίω) exulting in a thing: haughty, disdainful: skittish. Hence

γαυρόομαι, Pass. to exult in a thing: to be haughty, disdainful. Hence

γαῦρωμα, ατος, τό, a subject for boasting.

ΓΕ, Dor. γα, enclitic Particle, Lat. quidem, at least, at any rate; δ' ἢ ἐνθάδε λέως at any rate the people here: often attached to pronouns, ἔγωγε, σύγε, ὅγε. 2. well then, then, implying unwillingness, εἰμί γε well, I will go. 3. and indeed, too; καλῶς γε ποῖων and quite right too! 4. to strengthen oaths, νῆ Δία . . γε, with a word between, to which γε usu. refers. II. even; ἦλθον Ἀμφιάρεω γε πρὸς βίαν against even Amphiaræus' will.

ΓΕᾶ-οχος, ον, Dor. for γαῖοχος.

γέαθα, Ep. for γέγονα, perf. of γίγνομαι, to have been born, to be, live: pl. γεγάμεν, γεγάατε, γεγάασι: but γεγάμεν [α] inf., for γεγάεμαι, Dor. γεγάειν [α]: part. γεγάως, -άωσα, Att. contr. γεγάς, -ῶσα, like βεβαῶς, βεβῶς.

γέγαθα, Dor. for γέγηθα; pf. of γηθέω.

γέγακειν, Dor. pf. inf. of γίγνομαι: see γέγαα.

γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, see γέγαα.

γεγάμηκα, pf. of γεγάμει.

γεγένημαι, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγευμα, pf. pass. of γεύω.

γέγηθα, γεγήθειν, pf. and Ep. plqpf. of γηθέω.

γεγηράκα, pf. of γηράσκω.

γέγλυμαι, pf. pass. of γλύνω.

γεγόμφωμαι, pf. pass. of γομφώω.

γέγονα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γράφω.

γεγράψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφω.

γεγύμνακα, γεγύμνασμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γυμνάζω.

ΓΕΓΩΝΑ, perf. with pres. sense, part. γεγωνός, plpf. ἐγεγώνειν with impf. sense:—the other tenses are formed as if from pres. γεγώνω or γεγωνέω,—inf. γεγωνέειν, Ep. γεγωνέμεν; impf. ἐγεγώνεον or γεγώνεον for ἐγεγώνεον, 3 sing. also ἐγέγωνε; aor. I inf. γεγωνήσας: verb. Adj. γεγωνητέον. To call or cry so as to be heard, to call aloud; ὅσον τε γέγωνε βοήσας as far as he could make himself heard by shouting: c. acc. rei, to call out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

γεγωνητέον, verb. Adj. of γεγωνέω, one must proclaim aloud.

γεγωνίσκω, lengthd. pres. for γέγωνα, to proclaim.

γεγωνός, ὄν, Adj. from part. γεγωνός, (like ἀπαρός, ὄν, from ἀπαρός), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

γεγώς, ὥσα, ὡς, Att. part. pf. of γίγνομαι, for γεγώνως, γεγαίως, see γέγασα.

Γέεννα, ἡ, Heb. Gebenna, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt:—hence as a name for hell-fire, hell.

γεη-πόνος, etc., v. γεοπ—

γει-ἄροτῆς, οὐ, ὅ, (γῆ, ἄρῳ) a plougher of earib.

γεινάμενος, aor. I part. of γίνομαι.

γείναι, Ep. for γείναιμι, 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of γίνομαι.

γείνομαι, Pass. to be begotten, be born. II. the

aor. I ἐγενάμην, γείνασθαι is always used in causal sense, = γεννάω, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to bear, bring forth; οἱ γεινάμενοι the parents.

γειο-μόρος, etc., = γεωμόρος.

γειο-φόρος, ὄν, (γῆ, φέρω) earth-bearing.

ΓΕΙΤΣΟΝ or γείσσον, τό, anything projecting so as to shelter, the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the hem of a garment. (Of Carian origin.)

γεινίασις, εως, ἡ, neighbourhood: the neighbours. From

γεινιῶνα, (γείτων) to be a neighbour, to border on.

γειτονεύω and γειτονέω, = γεινιῶνα.

γειτόνους, ὄν, neighbouring, near. From

ΓΕΙΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ὅ, ἡ, a neighbour. II. as Adj. neighbouring, bordering:—metaph. akin to, like.

γελάϊσας, Aeol. for γελάσας.

γελάξας, Dor. for γελάσας.

γελάνης, ἐς, (γελᾶω) laughing, cheerful.

γελᾶντι, Dor. for γελῶντι, dat. part. of γελᾶω.

γελάουσα and γελεύσα, Dor. for γελάουσα.

γελᾶσα, Dor. for γελῶσα, fem. nom. part. of γελᾶω.

γελασείω, Desiderat. of γελᾶω, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γέλασμα, ατος, τό, (γελᾶω) a laugh; κυμάτων ἀντήριμον γέλασμα 'the many-twinkling smile of Ocean.'

γελαστής, οὐ, ὅ, (γελᾶω) a laugher, sneerer.

γελαστός, ἡ, ὄν, laughable, laughed at. From

ΓΕΛΛΩ, Ep. γελῶ, Ep. part. pl. γελῶντες, γελῶντες, or γελῶντες: Ep. impf. γελῶν or -ῶων;

fut. γελάσομαι: aor. I ἐγέλασα, Ep. ἐγέλασσα, Dor. ἐγέλασα.—Pass., aor. I ἐγελάσθην: pf. γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh, Lat. rideo; ἐγέλασε φίλον κῆρ his heart laughed within him. II. to laugh at, sneer at.

ΓΕΛΓΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ; pl. γέλγιδες or γέλγεις: = ἀγλῖς, a head, clove of garlic, Lat. spica allii.

γελοίος, Ep. for γέλοιος.

γέλοιος, α, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (γελᾶω) laughable, absurd. II. humorous, facetious: γέλοια jests.

γελῶν, Ep. impf. of γελᾶω.

γελῶντες, part. pres. of γελῶν.

γελῶ, γελῶντες, Ep. for γελᾶω, γελᾶντες.

γελῶντι, Dor. for γελῶσι.

γελῶντες, poet. for γελῶντες.

γέλως, ὅ: gen. ὠτος Att. ὦ: dat. γέλωτι Ep.

γέλφ: acc. γέλωτα Ep. γέλω, in Att. Poets γέλων: (γελᾶω): laughier, Lat. risus; ἐπὶ γέλωτι for laughier's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laughier, Lat. ludibrium; γέλωτα ποιεῖσθαι τι to make a joke of it.

γελωτοποιία, ἡ, buffoonery. From γελωτο-ποιός, ὄν, (γέλως, ποιέω) exciting laughier: as Subst., γελωτοποιός, οὐ, ὅ, a jester.

γελῶν, Ep. impf., γελῶντες, Ep. part. of γελᾶω.

γεμίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, (γέμω) to fill, load or freight with a thing:—Pass. to be freighted.

γέμος, τό, = γόμος, a freight. From

ΓΕΜΩ, used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a thing, to be full.

γενεά, ἀς, Ion. γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, (*γένω) birth; ὑπλότερος γενεή younger by birth; ἐκ γενεῆς from birth.

II. birth, race, descent; γενεή ὑπέρτερος higher by blood: of horses, breed. III. a generation, Lat. saeculum; δύο γενεαὶ μερόπων ἀνθρώπων.

IV. offspring, descendants.

γενεαλόγος, f. ἡσῶ, (γενεαλόγος) to trace a pedigree; γενεαλογεῖν τινα to trace his pedigree:—Pass. to derive one's pedigree. Hence

γενεαλογία, ἡ, a tracing one's descent, genealogy. From

γενεα-λόγος, ὅ, (γενεά, λέγω) a genealogist.

γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, Ion. for γενεά: Ep. dat. γενεῇφι.

γενέθλη, ἡ, birth, origin, descent: of horses, breed. 2. birth-place; ἀργύρου γενέθλη a mine of silver.

γενεθλίδιος, ὄν, = γενεθλιος.

γενεθλιος, ὄν, belonging to one's birth, Lat. natalis; γενεθλιον ἡμῶν one's birth-day; τὰ γενεθλία a birth-day feast; γενεθλιοι θεοὶ the gods of one's race;

γενεθλιον αἵμα kinred blood.

γενέθλον, τό, = γενεθλη, descent. 2. offspring.

γενεαίω Dor. -άσω, (γένειον) to get a beard, come to man's estate.

γενεαίς, ἀδος, ἡ, (γένειον) a beard. 2. in plur. the cheeks.

γενεαίσκω, = γενεαίω, to get a beard.

γενεαίτης, Ion. γενεαίτης, ὅ: fem. γενεαίτης or -εαίτης, ἰδος, (γενεαίς) bearded.

γενεαίω, f. ἡσῶ, = γενεαίω, to get a beard.

γένειον, τό, (γένυς) *the part covered by the beard, the lower part of the face, the chin.*

γένεο, Ep. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of γίγνομαι.

γενέσιος, ον, = γενεθλίου. II. τὰ γενέσια *a birth-day feast*:—also, *a day kept in memory of the dead.*

γενεσις, εως, ἡ, (*γένω) *an origin, source*: birth, race, descent.

γενέσκω, Ion. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέτειρα, fem. of γενετήρ, (*γένω) *she that gives birth, a mother.* II. *she that is born, a daughter.*

γενετή, ἡ, = γενεή, birth.

γενετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = γενέτης.

γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (*γένω) *the begetter, a father, ancestor.* 2. *the begotten, son.* II. as Adj., = γενεθλίος.

γενεθλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*γένω) *goddess of one's birth hour.*

γενέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενέτης, a father.

γένευ, Ion. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενεθήτω, 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. imperat. of γίγνομαι.

γενής, ἡ: gen. γενήϊδος, contr. γενῆδος: = γένυς, *the edge of an axe*: an axe, pickaxe, mattock

γένημα, ατος, τό, = γέννημα.

γέννα, ἡ, poet. for γένος, descent, offspring.

γεννάδας [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, plur. γεννάδαι, (γέννα) *noble, in mind or birth, Lat. generosus.*

γενναίο-πρεπής, ἐς, (γενναῖος, πρέπω) *befitting a noble.* Adv. —πῶς.

γενναῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (γέννα) *suitable to one's birth or descent*; οὐ μὴ γενναῖον *it fits not my high blood*: *noble both in mind and blood, high-born, high-minded*: of animals, *thorough-bred*: of things, *good of their kind*: but also, *γενναία δὴν genuine, intense misery.* Hence

γενναϊότης, ητος, ἡ, nobility, nobleness of character: of land, fertility.

γενναῖως, Adv. of γενναῖος, nobly: Sup. γενναϊότατα.

γεννάω, f. ἦσω, (γέννα) *to beget, of the father*; *to bear, bring forth, of the mother*; οἱ γεννήσαντες *the parents.* II. *to generate, produce.* Hence

γέννημα, ατος, τό, *that which is produced, a child*: any product. II. *one's nature.* III. *a begetting.*

γέννησις, εως, ἡ, a begetting, producing.

γεννήτης, ου, ὁ, (γεννάω) *a parent, Lat. paterfamilias.*

γεννητός, ἡ, ὄν, (γεννάω) *begotten or born.*

γεννήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενετῶρ.

γεννικός, ἡ, ὄν, = γενναῖος, brave, spirited. Adv. —ῶς.

γενολάτω, Ep. and Ion. for γένοντο.

γενολίαν, Dor. aor. 2 opt. of γίγνομαι.

γένος, εως, τό, (*γένω) *race, descent*: freq. in acc. absol. γένος, as ἐξ Ἰθάκης γένος εἰμί *I am of Ithaca by descent*; so in dat., γένει πολίτης *a citizen by birth.* II. *a descendant, a child, as Virgil's Divi genus.*

III. *a race in regard to number, a nation.* 2. *a race in regard to time, an age, gene-*

ration.

IV. *sex*: gender.

V. *kind, genus,*

opp. to εἶδος, species.

γέντο, be grasped, = ἔλαβεν, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form: prob. Aeol. for ἔλετο,—γ representing the digamma. II. contr. for ἐγένετο.

ΓΕΝΤΊΣ, ἡ, gen. γένυς; dat. γένυι; plur., dat. γένυσι, Ep. γένυσσι; acc. γένυας, contr. γένϋς. *The under jaw*; γένυες, both jaws, *the mouth*: hence also *the cheek, chin.* II. *the edge of an axe, a*

biting axe.

*ΓΕΝΩ, obsol. pres., Root of γίγνομαι.

γέρα, Ep. contr. from γέρεα, pl. of γέρας.

γεραίός, α, ὄν, (γέρον, γηραιός) *old*: venerable. Comp. γεραίτερος; οἱ γεραίτεροι *the elders, Lat. senatores.* Sup. γεραῖτατος.

γεραῖο-φλοιός, ον, (γεραίός, φλοιός) *with wrinkled skin.*

γεραίω, f. γεράω: aor. 1 ἐγέρηρα, inf. γεράω: aor. 2 ἐγέραρον: (γέρας):—*to honour or reward with a gift*: generally, *to honour.*

γεραίτερος, —τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γεραίός.

ΓΕΡΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GRUS, a crane.

γεράός, ἡ, ὄν, = γεραίός.

γεράρός, α, ὄν, (γεραίω) *reverend, stately*; γεραροὶ *priests, γεραροὶ priestesses.*

ΓΕΡΑΣ, αος, τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion. γέρεα, Ep. contr. γέρα:—*a gift of honour, prize, generally, a gift, honour*; metaph., γέρας θανάτων *the last honour of the dead.* II. *a privilege, prerogative.* Hence

γεράσμιος, ον, *honouring.* II. *honoured.*

Γεράστιος, a Spartan month.

γερασφόρος, ον, (γέρας, φέρω) *winning honour.*

γέρεα, Ion. nom. pl. of γέρας.

γεροντάγωγός, f. ἦσω, *to guide an old man.* From

γεροντᾶ-γωγός, ὁ, (γέρον, ἄγω) *guiding an old man.*

γεροντία, ἡ, Lacon. for γερονσία.

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρον, a little old man.

γερονσία, ἡ, (γέρον) *a Council of Elders, Senate, esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28.* II. *an embassy.*

γερούσιος, α, ον, (γέρον) *belonging to the elders or chiefs*: οἶνος γερούσιος *wine reserved for them.*

γέρον, τό, (εἶρω) Lat. gerra, anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Persians wore. 2. *a wattle but.*

γερο-φόροι, α, (γέρον, φέρω) *troops that wore wicker shields*: v. foreg.

ΓΕΡΩΝ, οντος, ὁ, an old man, Lat. senex: οἱ γέροντες *the Elders or Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council*: hence the Senators, like Lat. Patres, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number.

II. as Adj. γέρον, ον, but almost always with masc. Subst. as γέρον λόγος: γέρον σάκος *however occurs in Homer.*

γεῦμα, ατος, τό, (γεύω) *a taste of a thing.*

γεύσασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of γεύω.

ΓΕΥΩ, f. γεύσω: aor. 1 ἐγεύσα:—*to give one a taste of a thing.* II. Med. γεύομαι, fut. γεύσομαι:

aor. I ἐγευσάμην; with pf. pass. γέγευμαι:—to taste or eat of a thing; 3 pl. plqpf. ἐτέγευντο, they had tasted, eaten: hence to try, make proof, have experience of; δοῦνός γεύσασθαι to taste, i. e. feel, the spear: to enjoy.

ΓΕΦΤΡΑ, ἡ, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom. always in plur.:—in Hom. also, πολέμοιο γέφυραι the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field. II.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυραν ζευγνύει or γεφύρα ζευγνύει ποταμὸν to build a bridge over a river, Lat. *ponte jungere fluvium*. Hence

γεφύρῳ, f. ὥσω, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφύρωσε ποταμὸν [the tree] made a bridge over the river; γεφύρωσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way:—Pass., γεφύρωθή ὁ πόντος the strait had a bridge made over it.

γεωγραφία, ἡ, geography. From γεω-γράφος, ον, (γῆ, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., γεωγράφοι, ον, ὁ, a geographer.

γεώ-λοφος, ὁ, (γῆ, λόφος) a bill, billock: also γεώ-λοφον, τό, and γεωλοφία, ἡ.

γεωμετρία, f. ἡσω, to measure land, to measure. From γεω-μέτρης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, μετρέω) a land-measurer, geometer. Hence

γεωμετρία, ἡ, land-measuring, geometry: and γεωμετρικός, ἡ, ὅν, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ἡ γεωμετρική (sub. τέχνη), geometry: γεωμετρικός, οὗ, ὁ, a geometrician. Adv. —κῶς.

γεωμορία, ἡ, a division of lands: tillage. From γεω-μόρος, also γη-μόρος, γα-μόρος, and γεο-μόρος, ὁ, ἡ, (γῆ, μέιρομαι) a sharer in the division of lands, landholder: οἱ γεωμόροι the landowners or nobles in a state, Lat. *optimates*.

γεώ-πεδον or γεω-πέδιον, τό, Ion. for γῆ-πεδον. γεω-πέννης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, πένομαι) poor in land. γεω-πόνος, ὁ, (γῆ, πονέω) a tiller of the earth, busbandman.

γεωργία, f. ἡσω, (γεωργός) to be a farmer: also to till, cultivate: metaph. to work at, practise a thing.

γεωργία, ἡ, (γεωργός) agriculture, tillage. II. in plur. tilled lands.

γεωργικός, ἡ, ὅν, (γεωργός) of or for tillage, rustic. II. skilled in farming.

γεώργιον, τό, a field: cultivation: a crop. From γε-ωργός, ὅν, (γῆ, ἔργον) tilling the ground: as Subst., γεωργός, οὗ, ὁ, a tiller of the earth, busbandman.

γεωρῦχεω, f. ἡσω, to dig or trench the earth. From γε-ωρύχος, ον, (γῆ, ὀρύσσω) trenching the earth. [ῥ] γε-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμεῖν) cutting the ground: ploughing.

Γῆ, ἡ, contr. for γέα, earth, land: γῆν καὶ ὕδωρ διδόναι to give earth and water as token of submission; κατὰ γῆν on land, by land, opp. to κατὰ θάλασσαν; also κατὰ γῆς, which means beneath the earth: ποῦ γῆς; Lat. *ubi terrarum?* where on the earth?

γη-γενής, ἑς, (γῆ, *γένω) earthborn: indigenous. II. as Subst., γηγενής, οὗ, ὁ, a son of the Earth, a giant.

γῆθεν, Adv. of γῆ, out of or from the earth.

γηθέω, f. ἡσω: aor. ἐγήθησα, perf. γέγηθα, Dor. γέ-γαθα (used in pres. sense): plqpf. ἐγεγήθειν: (γαῖω):—to be delighted, to rejoice.

γηθοσύνη, ἡ, (γηθέω) joy, delight.

γηθόσυνος, ἡ, ον, (γηθέω) joyful, glad.

ΓΗΘΥΝ, τό, Lat. *gethyum*, a kind of leek.

γῆϊνος, ον, and γῆϊος, ον, (γῆ) of earth or clay.

γηῖτης, contr. γῆτης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ) a busbandman.

γη-λόφος, ὁ, = γεώ-λοφος, a bill.

γῆμαι, γήμας, γήμασθαι, γημάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. act. and med. of γαμέω.

γη-μόρος, ὁ, = γεωμόρος.

γη-οχέω, (γῆ, ἔχω) to possess land.

γη-πέδον, τό, = γεώ-πεδον, (γῆ, πέδον) a plot of ground.

γη-πέτρη, ἑς, (γῆ, πεσεῖν) falling to earth.

γῆ-πονός, ὁ, = γεώ-πονός.

γῆ-ποτός, Dor. γάποτός, ον, (γῆ, πέ-ποτα 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) to be drunk up by Earth.

γηραιός, ἄ, ὅν, (γῆρας) old, aged.

γηράλιος and γηράλιος, α, ον, = γηραιός.

γηράναι, aor. 2 inf., or γηράναι, aor. I inf., of γηράσκει.

γηράντεσσι, Ep. for γήρασι, dat. plur. of γηράς, part. aor. 2 of γηράσκει.

γηραός, ἄ, ὅν, poet. for γηραιός.

γηράς, aor. 2 part. of γηράσκει.

ΓΗΡΑΣ, τό, gen. γήραος, Att. contr. γήρως: dat.

γήρα, Att. contr. γήρα: old age, Lat. *senectus*. Hence γηράσκει or γηράω; fut. ὅσω Att. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐγήράσα: aor. 2 ἐγήραν, inf. γηράναι [ᾶ], part. γη-ράς (as if from a verb in -μ): pf. γεγήρακα:—to grow aged, become old and infirm. II. in aor. I ἐγήράσα, Causal, to bring to old age.

γηροβοσκέω, f. ἡσω, to feed and cherish in old age:—Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γηρο-βοσκός, ὅν, (γῆρας, βόσκει) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γηρο-κόμος, ον, (γῆρας, κομέω) cherishing the old. γηρύμα, ατος, τό, (γηρύω) a voice, sound, tone.

ΓΗΡΥΞ, vos, ἡ, a voice: speech. Hence γηρύω, Dor. γαρύω; f. ὥσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐγήρῃσα:—Med., fut. —ύσομαι: aor. I ἐγηρυσάμην, but also in same sense pass. ἐγηρύσθην [ῥ]:—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. *garrere*.

γῆρως, contr. for γήραος, gen. of γῆρας.

γῆτειον, τό, Att. for γῆθῡον, a leek.

γῆτης, ὁ, contr. for γῆϊτης.

γη-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμεῖν) ploughing the earth.

γίγαντ-ολέτης, ον, ὁ, (γίγας, ὀλλυμι) giant-killer.

γίγαντο-φόνος, ον, (γίγας, *φένω) giant-killing.

ΓΙΤΑΡΤΟΝ, a grape-stone. [ῥ]

ΓΙΤΑΣ, αὐτος, voc. γίγαν, ὁ, (γῆ or γαῖα) mostly in plur. the Giants, a rebellious race, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name = γηγενής.

γί-γνομαι, synecp. from γι-γένομαι, which is formed by redupl. from the Root *ΓΕ'ΝΩ: from this root

come fut. *γενήσομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐγενόμην*: perf. *γεγέννημαι* and *γένενα*: aor. I (in late authors) *ἐγενήθην*: for the Ep. pf. *γέγάα*, see *γέγαα*:—to become, to happen: to be born: to be; in perf. *γέγονα* to be by birth, or to have become so. 2. of events, to occur, happen.

II. with Preps. or Adv. of motion, to be at, as *ἐρίγνέτο ἐς Λακεδαιμόνα*. πάντα, παντοίως, παντοδαπὸς *γίγνεσθαι* to take all shapes, turn every way; *ἐαυτοῦ γενέσθαι* to be master of oneself; *ἐντὸς ἐαυτοῦ γενέσθαι* to recover oneself. 3. τί *γίνωμαι*; more rarely τίς *γίνομαι*; what is to become of me? 4. *γίγνεσθαι δι' ὀργῆς, διὰ λόγων*, periphras. for *ὀργᾶν, λέγειν*, etc. 5. c. gen. pretii, to cost so much, as, ὀβολοῦ *γίγνεσθαι* to cost an obol.

γινώσκω, formed by redupl. from the root **ΓΝΩΕ'Ω*, *ΓΝΩ'ΝΑΙ*, Lat. *NOSCO*: fut. *γνώσομαι*: aor. 2 *ἔγνων*, imperat. *γνώθι*, opt. *γνοίην*, inf. *γνῶναι*, part. *γνούς*: perf. *ἔγνωκα*, pass. *ἔγνωσμαι*: aor. I pass. *ἔγνωσθην*.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of. γνῶ *χωρόμενον* he knew that he was angry: rarely also c. part., *ἔγνων ἡττημένους* I perceived that I was beaten.

II. to examine, to form an opinion, decide upon, determine, decree, γνῶναι τὰ δίκαια.

γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for γίγνομαι.

γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for γινώσκω.

γλαῖω, (γλάγος) to be milky, juicy.

γλαγερός, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky.

γλαγοίης, ἔσσα, ἐν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky.

γλαῖο-πῆξ, ἦγος, ὄ, ἦ, (γλάγος, πήγνυμι) of or for carding milk.

ΓΛΑΤΟΣ, εὐς, τό, poet. for γάλα, milk.

γλακτο-φάγος, ὄν, (γάλα, φάγιν') contr. for γαλακτοφάγος living on milk.

ΓΛΑΜΗ, ἦ, = λήμη, tumour in the eyes.

γλάμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (γλάμη) blear-eyed. [ἄ]

γλαυκιά, (γλαυκός) only found in Ep. part. γλαυκιάων, glaring with the eyes.

ΓΛΑΥΚΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, Aeol. γλαυκος, α, ὄν, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming. II. with notion of Colour, pale-green, bluish-green, gray, Lat. *glaucus*, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine.

III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. *caesius*: of persons, blue-eyed.

γλαυκό-χρως, ὄ, ἦ, acc. γλαυκόχροα, (γλαυκός, χροός) gray-coloured, gray.

γλαυκ-ῶπις, ἰδός, ἦ: acc. ἰδα, but also ἰν: (γλαυκός, ὦπι) epith. of Minerva, with gleaming eyes.

γλαυκ-ῶπις, ὦπις, ὄ, ἦ, = γλαυκῶπις.

γλαῦξ, Att. γλαυξ, κός, ἦ, (γλαυκός) the owl, Lat. *noctua*, so called from its glaring eyes. Proverb., γλαῦν' Ἀθήνας, γλαῦν' εἰς Ἀθήνας, like our 'carry coals to Newcastle.' Athenian coins were called γλαῦκες Δαναϊστικαὶ from the stamp of the owl on them.

γλάφυ, τό, (γλάφω) a hollow, cavern. [ἄ]

γλαφυρία, ἦ, smoothness, polish. From

γλάφυρος, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάφω) hollow, hollowed: hence γλ. λιμὴν a deep harbour. II. smoothed, polished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv. -ρῶς, smoothly, nicely, prettily.

ΓΛΑΨΩ, to hew, carve: of a lion, to tear the ground with his feet.

γλάχων [ἄ], Dor. for γλήχων.

γλευκο-πότης, ὄν, ὄ, (γλεύκος, πέ-ποτα 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) drinker of new wine.

γλεύκος, εὐς, τό, (γλυκός) Lat. *mustum*, must, sweet new wine.

γλέφαρον, τό, Dor. for βλέφαρον.

ΓΛΗ'ΝΗ, ἦ, the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected small in the pupil, a puppet, esp. a girl, cf. κόρη, Lat. *pupilla*: as a taunt, ἔρπε κακὴ γλήνην away, weak girl!

ΓΛΗ'ΝΟΣ, τό, in plur. things to stare at, wonders.

ΓΛΗ'ΧΩΝ, ὠνος, ἦ: acc. γλήχωνα, by apocop.

γλήχω:—pennyroyal, Ion. for βλήχων.

γλίσχρ-αντιλογ-εξεπίτριπτος, ὄν, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy pettifogging knave. (γλίσχρος, αντιλογία, εξεπίτριπτος.)

ΓΛΙ'ΣΧΡΟΣ, α, ὄν, gluey, clammy, slippery. II. metaph. sticking close to, importunate. 2. close, greedy, stingy. 3. of disputations, quibbling, petty.

γλίσχρυν, ὄνος, ὄ, (γλίσχρος) a niggard.

γλίσχρως, Adv. of γλίσχρος, importunately: scantily: also pettily.

ΓΛΙ'ΧΟΜΑΙ [ῖ], Dep., only used in pres. and impr., to strive after a thing, struggle for it, c. gen. 2.

γλίχεσθαι περί τινος to be eager about or for a thing.

ΓΛΟΪΑ or γλοιά, ἦ, glue. Hence

γλοιός, ὄ, anything sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt. II. as Adj. γλοιός, ἄ, ὄν, slippery, knavisb.

ΓΛΟΤΤΟΣ, ὄ, the tump: plur. the buttocks.

γλυκαίνομαι, Pass. to become sweet.

γλυκερός, ἄ, ὄν, = γλυκός, sweet.

γλυκερό-χρως, ὠτος, ὄ, ἦ, (γλυκερός, χρῶς) with sweet, fair skin.

γλυκίος, α, ὄν, = γλυκός. [ῖ]

γλυκύ-δακρυς, υ, gen. νος, (γλυκός, δάκρυ) causing sweet tears.

γλυκύ-δωρος, ὄν, (γλυκός, δῶρον) with sweet gifts.

γλυκυ-ηχής, ἔς, (γλυκός, ἡχώ) sweet-sounding.

γλυκυθυμία, ἦ, benevolence. From

γλυκί-θυμος, ὄν, (γλυκός, θυμός) sweet-minded. II. act. charming the mind, delightful.

γλυκύ-μᾶλον, Aeol. and Dor. for γλυκύμηλον.

γλυκυ-μελίχως, ὄν, (γλυκός, μέλιχως) sweetly winning.

γλυκύ-μῦλον, τό, Dor. for γλυκύμηλον (γλυκύμηλον) a sweet-apple.

γλυκυμυθία, ἦ, ἦσω, to speak sweetly. From

γλυκύ-μῦθος, (γλυκός, μῦθος) sweet-speaking.

γλυκύ-παις, αἰδος, ὄ, ἦ, (γλυκός, παῖς) having a fair offspring.

γλυκυ-παρθενος, ἦ, (γλυκός, παρθένος) a sweet maid.

γλυκύ-πικρος, ὄν, (γλυκός, πικρός) sweetly bitter.

ΓΑΤΚΥΣ, εἶα, ὅ, *sweet to the taste, sweet*: metaph. *sweet, delightful*: of men, dear, kind. Comp. and Sup. γλυκίαν [γ], γλυκίστος: also γλυκύτερος, -τατος.

γλυκύτης [κῦ], ητος, ή, (γλυκύς) *sweetness*.

γλυπτήρ, ηρος, ό, and **γλύπτης**, ου, ό, (γλύφω) *a carver, a sculptor*.

γλυπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of γλύφω, *fit for carving, carved*.

γλύφανον, τό, (γλύφω) *a knife or chisel for carving*.

γλύφίς, ίδος, ή, mostly in plur., γλυφίδες *the notch of the arrow, which fits on the string*: later, the arrow itself. II. = γλύφανον, *a knife*. From

ΓΑΥΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγλύψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγλύφην, aor. 2 ἐγλύφην [ψ]: pf. γέγλυμμαι and ἐγλυμμαι:—*to hollow out*: esp. *to engrave or carve*. II. *to write on a tablet*.

ΓΑΩΞ, ωχός, ή, *the beard of corn*, only in plur.

ΓΛΩΣΣΑ, Att. γλῶττα, ης, ή, *the tongue*, Lat. *lingua*; ἀπό γλώσσης by word of mouth; οὐκ ἀπό γλώσσης not from another's tongue, not from hearsay; γλώσσαν ἰέναι to let loose one's tongue, speak freely. II. *a tongue, language*; γλώσσαν νομίζειν to use a language or dialect.

γλωσσαλία, Att. γλωσσαργία, ή, *endless talking, wordiness*. From

γλώσσ-αλγος, Att. γλώσσ-αργος, ον, (γλώσσα, άλγος) *talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative*.

γλωσσό-κομον, τό, (γλώσσα, κομέω) *properly a case for the mouthpiece of a flute: a case or bag for money*.

γλώττα, ή, Att. for γλώσσα.

γλωττο-στροφέω, f. ήσω, (γλώττα, στρέφω) *to ply the tongue*.

ΓΛΩΞΙΝ or **γλωχίς**, gen. ὠος, ή, *any projecting point: the end of the yoke-strap*. 2. *the point of an arrow: the arrow itself*.

γναθμός, ό, *the jaw*, poet. form of γνάθος.

ΓΝΑΘΟΣ, ή, *the jaw, mouth*: properly the lower jaw. II. like γένος, *the point or edge of a weapon*. [ά]

γναμπτός, ή, όν, *curved, bent*: supple, pliant: metaph. *bending, yielding*. From

ΓΝΑΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγναμψα:—*to crook, bend*.

γναπτός, ή, όν, (γνάπτω) *carded, fullied*.

ΓΝΑΠΤΩ, γνάπτω: **γναφεῖον**, -φεύς, -φευτικός, -φεύω, -φικός: **γνάφος**, -ψις, v. sub κνάπτω, etc.

γνήσιος, α, ον, syncope. for γενεσῖος, *belonging to the true race, legitimate*, opp. to νόθος: *genuine, true*; γνήσῃαι γυναῖκες *lawful wives*, opp. to παλλακίδες; γνήσιοι Ἕλληνες *true Greeks*; φρονεῖν γνήσια to have a noble mind.

γνήσιως, Adv. of γνήσιος, *lawfully, really, truly*.

γνοήν, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκειν.

γνοίμεν, Ep. for γνολίμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκειν.

γνούς, aor. 2 part. of γινώσκειν.

ΓΝΟΦΟΣ, ό, = δνόφος, *darkness*.

γνοφώδης, es, (γνόφος, εἶδος) *darksome, dark*.

γνύξ, Adv. (γόνυ) *with bent knee*; γνύξ ἐριπείν to fall on the knee.

γνώ, Ion. for ἔγνω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γινώσκειν.

γνώ, φς, φ, aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκειν.

γνώθι, γνώτω, aor. 2 imperat. of γινώσκειν.

γνώμα, ατος, τό, (γνώμαι) *that by which a thing is known, a mark, token, like γνώμων*. II. *judgment*.

γνώμεναι, Ep. for γνάναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκειν.

γνώμη, ή, (γνῶναι) *a means of knowing, a mark, token*. II. *the mind, the judgment*; γνώμη τῇ ἀρίστῃ to the best of one's judgment. 2. *will, purpose*; ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ γνώμης of his own accord. 3. *a judgment, opinion*; γνώμην ἀποφαινεσθαι to deliver an opinion; also *a mistaken judgment, fancy*; γνῶμαι the opinions of wise men, maxims. 4. *a purpose, intention, resolution*: a vote, decree.

γνωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of γνώμη, *a fancy*.

γνωμο-λογία, ή, (γνώμη, λέγω) *a collection of maxims*.

γνωμονικός, ή, όν, (γνώμων) *fit to give judgment: experienced or skilled in a thing*. II. *of or for sundials*.

γνωμοσύνη, ή, (γνώμων) *prudence, judgment*.

γνωμοτύπεω, to coin maxims: and

γνωμοτύπος, ή, όν, *clever at coining maxims*. From

γνωμο-τύπος, ον, (γνώμη, τύπειν) *maxim-coining, sententious*.

γνώμων, ονος, ό, (γνῶναι) *one that knows, a judge, interpreter*. II. *the gnomon or index of the sundial*.

III. οἱ γνῶμονες *the teeth that mark a horse's age*. IV. *a carpenter's rule*, Lat. *norma*: hence *a rule or guide of life*.

γνῶν, Ep. for ἔγνω, aor. 2 of γινώσκειν.

γνῶναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκειν.

γνώομεν, Ep. for γνῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκειν.

γνωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: pf. ἐγνώρικα:—*to make known, declare*. 2. *to discover, detect: to acknowledge, recognise*. 3. *to be acquainted with*. From

γνώριμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (γνωτός) *well-known*: as Subst., γνώριμος, ό, *an acquaintance, a friend*, Lat. *familiaris*. II. οἱ γνώριμοι *the notables*, Lat. *optimates*.

γνωρίμως, Adv. of γνώριμος, so as to be known, intelligibly, familiarly; γνωρίμως ἔχειν τινί to be on friendly terms with him.

γνώρις, εως, ή, (γνωρίζω) *acquaintance: knowledge*.

γνωρίσμα, ατος, τό, (γνωρίζω) *that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token*.

γνωρισμός, οῦ, ό, (γνωρίζω) *a making known*.

γνωριστικός, ή, όν, (γνωρίζω) *capable of making known*.

γνῶς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκειν.

γνωσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of γινώσκειν.

γνώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκειν.

γνώσι-μάχην, f. ήσω, (γνώσι, μάχομαι) *to dispute*:

one's own opinion, i.e. to confess oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way; γνωσιμαχεῖν μὴ εἶναι ὅμοιον to confess that one is not equal.

γνώσις, *ews, ῆ*, (γνῶναι) a seeking to know: a judicial inquiry, Lat. *cognitio*. II. knowledge: wisdom. 2. acquaintance with a person. 3. a recognising.

γνώσσομαι, fut. of γινῶσκαω.
γνωστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (γινῶσκαω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. *cognitor*.

γνωστής, ου, ὁ, = γνωστήρ.
γνωστός, ῆ, ὁν, collat. form of γνωτός, known: as Subst. a friend. II. to be known.

γνῶτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γινῶσκαω:—γνῶτων, γνῶτην, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.
γνωτός, ῆ, ὁν, also ὅς, ὄν, (γνῶναι) known, well-known:—as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; γνωτοῖ τε γνωταί τε brothers and sisters.

γνώω, Ep. for γνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of γινῶσκαω.
γνώωσι, Ep. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of γινῶσκαω.
γοάσκειν, Ion. for ἐγῶα, 3 sing. impf. of γοάω.
γοάσειν or γοάφειν, 3 pl. opt. of γοάω.
γοάοντι, Dor. for γοάουσι, 3 pl. of γοάω.

ΓΟΑΨΩ, Ep. inf. γοήμεναι; Ep. part. γοάων, ὅσῳα: Ep. impf. ἔγοον, also γοάσκειν: fut. γοήσομαι, later γοήσω: aor. I ἐγόησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγοήθην: (γῶος):—to wail, groan, weep. II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weep for.

ΓΟΓΓΙΨΩ, f. σω, to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγύλη, ῆ, and γογγυλῖς, ἰδος, ῆ, (γογγύλος) a turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From ΓΟΓΓΙΨΩ, ῆ, ὄν, also γογγυλῖος, α, ὄν, = σπογγύλος, round, spherical. [ῥ]

γογγυσμός, ὁ, (γογγύω) a muttering.
γογγυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γογγύω) a mutterer.
γοεδνός, ῆ, ὄν, = γοερός.

γοερός, ἄ, ὄν, (γοάω) lamentable, mournful: of persons, lamenting, mourning.

ΓΟΨΩ, ῆ, = γῶος, καταειδόντες γόησι τῷ ἀνέμῳ charming the wind with bowls.

γοήμεναι, Ep. for γοάω, pres. inf. of γοάω.
γοήμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, = γοερός.

γῶης, ἥτος, ὁ: dat. pl. γῶησι: (γοάω) one who bowls out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: a juggler, cheat.

γοήσομαι, fut. of γοάω.

γοητεία, ῆ, (γοητεύω) sorcery, witchcraft.
γοητεύω, f. σω, (γῶης) to spell-bind, bewitch.

γοήτης, ὄν, ὁ, (γοάω) a wailer.
γοήτης, ἰδος, ῆ, pecul. fem. of γῶης, a witch.

γῶμος, ὁ, (γῶμα) a ship's cargo, a freight, load.

γομφιό-δοντος, ὄν, (γομφίος, δοῦπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, ὁ, (γῶμπος) a grinder-tooth, Lat. *molaris*, opp. to *prosθios*. II. the tooth of a key.

γομφό-δετος, ὄν, (γῶμπος, δέω) nail-bound.
γομπο-πάγης, ἔς, (γῶμπος, παγῆναι) nail-fastened.

ΓΟΜΦΟΣ, ὁ, a large wedge-shaped bolt or nail, for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl. γόμφοι, the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφόω, f. ὦσω, to fasten with bolts or nails; γεγόμφοτα σκάφος the ship's hull is ready built. Hence γόμφωμα,ματος, τό, framework.

γομφωτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (γομφόω) one that fastens with bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

γονεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (*γένω) a father, ancestor: in pl. the parents.

γονή, ῆ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family. II. the seed. III. generation, childbirth: the womb. IV. birth, descent. V. a generation.

γόνιμος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (γόνος) productive, fruitful; ποιητής γόνιμος a poet of creative powers, of true genius: hence genuine, true.

γόνος, ὁ or ῆ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, a child, offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything. II. race, birth, descent. III. a begetting.

ΓΟΝΥΨΩ, τό, gen. γόνυατος, dat. pl. γόνυασι: Ion. γόνυ, γόνυατος, etc.; Ep. γόνυ, γουνός, γουνί, pl. γούνα, γούνων, γούνεσι:—cf. δόρυ:—Lat. *GENŪ*, the knee; ἀψασθαι γούνων to clasp the knees as a suppliant; ἀντεσθαι, λίσσεσθαι τινα πρὸς γονάτων to entreat one by clasping his knees; γόνυ κάμπτειν to bend the knee, i.e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τίθεναι τὰ γόνυα to kneel down; θεῶν ἐν γούνῳασι κεῖται it lies on the knees of the gods, i.e. depends on their will and pleasure:—metaph. from warriors stricken down, ἐς γόνυ βάλλειν, κλίνειν, ρίπτειν, to throw on the knee. II. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. *geniculum*.

γόνυ-κροτος, ὄν, (γόνυ, κροτέω) knock-kneed.

γονυπετέω, to fall on the knee: γονυπετεῖν τινα or τινα to fall down before one. From

γονυ-πετής, ἔς, (γόνυ, πεσεῖν) falling on the knee; ἔδρα γονυπετής a kneeling posture.

γόνον, Ep. for ἐγῶαον, 3 pl. impf. of γοάω.

ΓΟΨΩ, ὁ, a weeping, wailing, groaning.
γοῶων, ὅσῳα, Ep. part. of γοάω.

Γοργεῖος, Att. Γόργειος, α, ὄν, (Γοργώ) of, belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργό-λόφος, ὄν, ὁ, (Γοργώ, λόφος) he of the Gorgon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, ἡς, ῆ.

Γοργόνειος, ὄν, = Γοργεῖος.

Γοργό-νωτος, ὄν, (Γοργώ, νῶτος) with the Gorgon on its back.

γοργόομαι, Pass. to be spirited, of a horse. From ΓΟΡΓΩΨΩ, ῆ, ὄν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργὸν βλέπειν to look fierce; γοργὸς εἰσιδεῖν fearful to behold: of horses, hot, spirited.

Γοργο-φόνος, ὄν, (Γοργώ, *φένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

ΓΟΡΙΓΤΡΑ, ῆ, an underground dungeon.

Γοργώ, ὄος, contr. οὔς, ῆ; later decl. Γοργῶ, ὄνος,

and in pl. Γοργόνες : (γοργός) :—the Gorgon, a monster of fearful aspect; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Euryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the aegis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

γοργ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of γοργῶπις.

γοργ-ωπός, ὄν, (γοργός, ὤψ) fierce-eyed, terrible.

γοργ-ῶψ, ὥπιος, ὁ, ἡ, = γοργῶπις.

γόνυ, Ion. γῶν, (γε οὖν) restrictive Particle, at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth, freq. in answers.

γούνα, γούνων. Ep. plur. of γόνυ, also found in Trag.

γουνάξω, Ep. imperat. of γουνάζομαι.

γουνάζομαι, f. σομαι: Dep.: (γόνυ)—to fall down and clasp another's knees, to entreat, supplicate; ὑπέρ τινος and τινός in behalf of another: but also γουνάζεσθαι τινος and πρὸς τινος to entreat by such and such things.

γούνατος, γούνατι, γούνατα, γούνασι, Ion. and poet. decl. of γόνυ.

γουνόβομαι, Dep., = γουνάζομαι: Ep. impf. γουνούμην.

γουνο-πᾶγής, ἐς, (γόνυ, πήγνυμι) cramping the knees.

γουνο-πᾶχής, ἐς, (γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ, παχύς) thick-kneed.

γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ.

γουνός, ὁ, (γόνος, γονή) corn-land, fruitful land, Lat. ubet; γουνός ἀλοῆς a fruitful vineyard.

γραῖδιον, τό, contr. for γραῖδιον.

γραῖες and γραῖες, pl. n. from γραῖς and γραῖς.

γραῖα, Ep. γραίη, ἡ, special fem. of γραῖος, an old woman.

II. as fem. Adj. old, γραίη δαίμονες,

γραίη χερί, etc.

γραῖδιον, τό, Dim. of γραῖς, γραῖς, an old bag.

γραῖοβομαι, Pass. to become an old woman. From γραῖος, γραία, γραῖον, (syncop. for γραῖός) old, aged, gray; γραίη σταφυλή, Lat. uva passa, raisins.

γράμμα, ατος, τό, (γράφω) that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter, Lat. litera: in plur. letters, the alphabet. 2. a note in music. 3. a drawing, picture.

II. in plur. also; like Lat. literae, a letter; an inscription: state-papers, documents, records, accounts: also a book, treatise. III. letters, learning; = μαθήματα.

γραμμάτειον, τό, (γράφω) that on which one writes, tablets, a note-book.

γραμματεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (γράφω) a secretary, clerk, Lat. scriba. Hence

γραμματεῦω, to be secretary.

γραμματιζέω, (γράμματα) to teach rudiments.

γραμματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γράμματα) knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments: as Subst., γραμματικός, ὁ, a grammarian. Adv. -κῶς.

γραμματιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γραμματιζέω) one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster. 2. = γραμματεὺς.

γραμματο-κύβων, ανος, ὁ, (γράμματα, κύπτω) one who pores over musty records.

γραμμή, ἡ, (γράφω) a stroke in writing, a line: ἡ μακρὴ the long line of condemnation, drawn on the tablet of the dicast. II. the line across the course,

to mark the starting or winning place.

III. the middle line on a draught-board called ἡ ἱερά; τὸν ἀπὸ γραμμῆς κινεῖν λίθον to move a man from this line, i. e. try one's last chance.

γραῖο-σόβης, ου, ὁ, (γραῖς, σοβέω) scaring old women.

γραπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of γράφω, to be written:

γραπτέον, one must write.

γραπτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (γράφω) a writer.

γραπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of γράφω, painted: marked with letters: written.

γραπτύς, ὅς, ἡ, (γράφω) a scratching, tearing.

ΓΡΑΨ, γραῖος, ἡ, nom. pl. γραῖες, acc. γραῖς: Ion. decl. γραῖς, γραῖος; poet. also γραῖς:—a gray woman, old woman. II. scum, as of boiled milk.

γράφεϋς, ἑως, ὁ, (γράφω) a painter. II. =

γραμματεὺς, a clerk.

γραφή, ἡ, (γράφω) representation by means of lines: drawing, painting; ὅσον γραφή only in a picture. 2. writing.

II. a painting, a figure, shape. III. (γράφομαι) as Att. law term, an indictment for a public offence, prosecution, opp. to δίκη a private action; ἀστυατείας γραφή an indictment for neglect of service.

γραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to draw or paint: ἡ γραφικὴ (sub. τέχνη) the art of painting. 2. suited for writing.

γράφης, ἰδος, ἡ, (γράφω) a style for writing on waxen tablets. II. embroidery.

ΓΡΑΨΩ, f. ψω: pf. γέγραφα, later γεγράφηκα:—Pass., fut. γραφήσομαι, fut. 3 γεγράφησμαι: aor. 2 ἐγράφη, later aor. 1 ἐγράθην: pf. γέγραμμαι:—to GRAVE, scratch; σήματα γράψας ἐν πίνακι having scratched marks or figures on a tablet. II. to draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint. III. to write; γραφεῖν εἰς διφθέρας to write on skins. 2. to inscribe, e. g. γραφεῖν εἰς στήλην: Pass. γραφέσθαι τι to be inscribed with a thing. 3. to write down; γραφεῖν τινὰ αἵτιον to set him down as the cause: to register, enrol. 4. to write down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move.

B. Med. to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down. 2. as Att. law-term, γραφέσθαι τινα to indict one, τινός for some public offence; in full, δίκην or γραφήν γράφασθαι τινα; also c. inf., γραφέσθαι τινα ἀδικεῖν to indict him for wrong-doing; absol., οἱ γραφάμενοι the prosecutors; but γράφεσθαι τι to denounce a thing as unlawful:—Pass. to be indicted.

γρα-ώδης, ἐς, (γραῖς, εἶδος) of or belonging to an old woman, Lat. anilis: silly, trifling.

γρηγορέω, ὅς, ὄν, (γρηγορός) a late pres., formed from the pf. ἐγρήγορα.

γρηψ, ἡ, Ion. for γραῖς, poet. also γραῖς.

γριπτεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (γρίπος) a fisherman: whence fem. Adj., γριπτις τέχνη the art of fishing.

ΓΡΙΠΟΣ, ὁ, a fishing-net.

γρίπων, ὁ, = γριπτεύς, a fisherman. [Ὶ]

ΓΡΙΦΟΣ, ὁ, like γρίπος, a fishing-net or basket, made of rushes. 2. anything intricate, a dark saying, riddle.

γριφώδης, ες, (γρίφος, εἶδος) *riddling*.

ΓΡΟΨΦΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of javelin.

ΓΡΥΨ, a grunt, like that of swine; οὐδὲ γρὺ ἀποκρίνασθαι not even to give a grunt; οὐδὲ γρὺ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. I ἔγρυξα:—to say γρὺ, grunt, Lat. grunio: hence to grumble, mumble, mutter.

γρυλλίω or γρύλλω, (γρύλλος or γρύλος) to grunt.

γρύλλος or γρύλος, ὁ, (γρὺ) a pig, porker.

γρύπ-αετος, ὁ, (γρύψ, αἰτός) a kind of griffin or dragon.

ΓΡΥΠΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, curved, esp. book-nosed, with an aquiline nose, opp. to σιμός. Hence

γρυπότης, ητος, ἡ, bookedness of the nose.

γρυπῶω, f. ὦσω, (γρυπός) to curve or bend.

γρύψ, gen. γρυπός, ὁ, (γρυπός) a griffin, bíbrro-griff.

ΓΡΩΝ, ἡ, a cavern: a kneading trough.

ΓΥΨ, ἡ, a piece of land, field.

γύαια, τά, (γύα) cables made fast to land.

ΓΥΨΑΛΟΝ, τό, a hollow; in Homer, ὠρήξ γυάλου-σιν ἀρηρῶς the body-armour composed of back-piece and breast-piece, joined under the arms:—any hollow: πέτρας γυάλου a cave, grot; κρατῆρος γυάλου the hollow of a bowl:—in plur. hollow ground, vales, a valley.

ΓΥΨΣ, ου, ὁ, the curved piece of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the tree, Lat. buris. II. = γύα, a field.

γυ-αρκής, ἐς, (γυῖον, ἀρκίω) strengthening the limbs.

γυο-βάρης, ἐς, (γυῖον, βάρος) weighing down the limbs.

γυο-οβόρος, ου, (γυῖον, βορά) gnawing the limbs.

γυο-δάμας, ου, ὁ, (γυῖον, δαμάω) limb-subduing, i.e. victorious.

ΓΥΤΟΝ, τό, always used by Hom. in plur., the limbs, Lat. membra; esp. the lower limbs, the knees.

γυο-πάγης, ἐς, (γυῖον, πήγνυμι) stiffening the limbs.

γυο-πέδη, ἡ, (γυῖον, πέδη) a fetter.

ΓΥΤΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὅν, lame.

γυο-τᾶκῆς, ἐς, (γυῖον, τήκω) wasting the limbs.

γυο-τόρος, ου, (γυῖον, τορέω) piercing the limbs.

γυο-χαλκός, ου, (γυῖον, χαλκός) of brassen limb.

γυῖω, (γυῖός) to lame:—Pass. to be or become lame; γυωθεῖς aor. I part., lamed.

γύλι-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (γύλιος, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

ΓΥΨΑΙΟΣ, ὁ, a long-shaped wallet or knapsack.

γυμνάω, f. ἄω: pf. γεγύμνακα: Pass., pf. γεγύμνασμαι: (γυμνός):—to train naked, to train in gymnastic exercises, to train, exercise; c. inf., γυμνάειν τοὺς παῖδας ποιεῖν to train them to do a thing:—Pass. to practise gymnastic exercises: then, generally, to practise or exercise oneself.

γυμνάς, ἄδος, properly fem. of γυμνός, naked. II. trained or exercised.

γυμνασία, ἡ, (γυμνάω) exercise.

γυμνασπαρχέω or Med. -έομαι, to be gymnasiarch: Pass. to be supplied with gymnasiarchs. From

γυμνασί-ἀρχης and γυμνασί-αρχος, ὁ, (γυμνάσιον, ἀρχω) a gymnasiarch, who superintended the palaestrae, and paid the training-masters: a training-master. Hence

γυμνασπαρχία, ἡ, the office of gymnasiarch.

γυμνάσιον, τό, (γυμνάω) the place where exercises were practised, the gymnastic-school; ἐκ θήμετέρου γυμνασίου from our school. II. in plur. bodily exercises. [ἀ]

γυμναστέον, verb. Adj. of γυμνάω, one must practise.

γυμναστής, ου, ὁ, (γυμνάω) the trainer of the athletes. Hence

γυμναστικός, ἡ, ὅν, fond of athletic exercises: ἡ γυμναστική (sub. τέχνη) gymnastics. Adv. -κῶς, like an athlete.

γυμνής, ητος, ὁ, (γυμνός) a light-armed foot-soldier.

γυμνητεύω, to be light-armed: to go naked. From

γυμνήτης, ου, ὁ, fem. γυμνήτις, ἰδος, ἡ, = γυμνής.

γυμνητία, ἡ, (γυμνής) the light-armed troops.

γυμνητικός, ἡ, ὅν, (γυμνής) for a light-armed soldier.

γυμνικός, ἡ, ὅν, (γυμνός) of or for gymnastic exercises; γυμνικός ἀγὼν a gymnastic contest.

γυμν-ιτεύω, = γυμνητεύω.

γυμνο-παῖδια, ἡ, (γυμνός, παῖδια) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of those who fell at Thyrea, at which naked boys danced and went through gymnastic exercises.

ΓΥΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, naked, unclad: unarmed, defenceless: of things, γυμνὸν τόξον an uncovered bow, i.e. out of the case: c. gen. stripped of a thing, γυμνὸς ὄπλων:—γυμνός often meant lightly clad, i.e. wearing the tunic or under garment only (χιτῶν), without the cloak (ἱμάτιον): τὰ γυμνά the exposed parts of an army, the flanks. 2. also bare, mere. Hence γυμνο-σοφισταί, οἱ, (γυμνός, σοφιστής) the naked philosophers of India.

γυμνότης, ητος, ἡ, nakedness.

γυμνώω, f. ὦσω, (γυμνός) to strip naked or bare:—Pass., of warriors, to be stripped of arms, to be left defenceless; of things, τεῖχος ἐγυμνώθη the wall was left bare: but also to strip oneself naked, be naked; ἐγυμνώθη βακίων be stripped himself of his rags.

γυμνωσις, εως, ὁ, (γυμνώω) a stripping naked. II. nakedness: the naked parts.

γύναι, voc. of γυνή.

γυναικάριον, τό, Dim. of γυνή, a weak, silly woman.

γυναικεῖος, α, ου, also os, ου, Ion. γυναικήϊος, ἡτή, ἥϊον, (γυνή) of or belonging to women, feminine, Lat. muliebris. 2. as Subst., ἡ γυναικήϊη = γυναικάν, the woman's part of the house. II. womanish, effeminate.

γυναικίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (γυνή) to be womanish, play the woman.

γυναικό-βουλος, *ον*, (γυναικός, βουλή) *devised by a woman.*

γυναικο-γήρυτος, *ον*, (γυνή, γηρύω) *proclaimed by women.*

γυναικό-θυμος, *ον*, (γυναικός, θυμός) *of womanish mind.*

γυναικο-κρασία, *ῆ*, (γυνή, κρᾶσις) *a woman's temper.*

γυναικο-κήρυκτος, *ον*, (γυναικός, κηρύσσω) *proclaimed by women.*

γυναικομαῖνέω, *to be mad for women.* From γυναικο-μαῖνής, *ές*, (γυναικός, μαίνομαι) *mad for women.*

γυναικό-μιμος, *ον*, (γυναικός, μιμέομαι) *aping woman, womanish.*

γυναικο-μορφος, *ον*, (γυναικός, μορφή) *in woman's shape.*

γυναικο-πληθής, *ές*, (γυναικός, πλήθος) *full of women.*

γυναικό-ποινος, *ον*, (γυναικός, ποιμή) *woman-avenging.*

γυναικός, *gen.* of γυνή, whence derivatives are formed.

γυναικο-φίλης, *ου*, Dor. -φίλας, *α*, (γυνή, φιλέω) *loving women.*

γυναικό-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (γυναικός, φρήν) *of womanish mind.*

γυναικό-φωνος, *ον*, (γυναικός, φωνή) *with woman's voice.*

γυναικῶν, *ῶνος*, *ῶ*, (γυναικός) *the women's part of the house*, *opp.* to ἀνδρῶν.

γυναι-μαῖνής, *ές*, = γυναικομαῖνής, *mad for women.* γυναιον, *τό*, Dim. of γυνή, *a little woman.*

γύναιος, *α*, *ον*, *of or belonging to a woman.* From ΓΥΝΗ΄, *ῆ*, *gen.* γυναικός, *acc.* γυναικα, *voc.* γύναι; *pl.* γυναικες, γυναικῶν, etc., (as if from γύναιξ):—*a woman*, Lat. *femina*, *opp.* to *man*: *vocat.* γύναι, *a term of respect*, *mistress*, *lady*: Homer often joins it with a second Subst., γυνή ταμίη, δέσποινα, etc. II. *a wife*, *spouse*.

III. *a mortal woman*, *opp.* to a goddess. IV. *the female*, *mate of animals.*

γύναις, *ἰδος*, *ῶ*, (γυνή) *a womanish man*, *weakling.* γυπάριον, *τό*, Dim. of γυπή, *a nest*, *eyrie*, *cranny.*

γυπέσιν, *dat. pl.* of γυψή. γυπή, *ῆ*, (γύψ) *a vulture's nest*: generally, *a hole*, *cranny.* Hence

γυπίδας, *ῆ*, *fem.* Adj. *vulture-baunted.* γυρη-τόμος, *ον*, (γύπος, τεμείν) *tracing a circle.*

ΓΥΡΤΙΣ, *εως*, *ῆ*, *the finest meal*, Lat. *pollen.* ΓΥΡΟΣ, *ῶ*, *όν*, round, Lat. *curvus*; γυρὸς ἐν ὤμοισι *round-shouldered.*

ΓΥΡΟΣ, *ῶ*, *a ring*, *circle.* ΓΥΨ, γυπός, *ῶ*, *a vulture*, Lat. *vultur.*

ΓΥΨΟΣ, *ῆ*, *cbalk.* 2. later, *gypsum.* Hence γυψῶω, *f.* ὥσω, *to rub over with cbalk.*

γῶν, Ion. for γοῦν, as ᾧν for οῦν. ΓΩΝΙΑ, *ῆ*, *a corner*, *angle.* II. *a joiner's square.* Hence

γωνιασμός, *ῶ*, *a squaring the angles*; ἐπὶ ὧν γωνιασμός nicely-fitted, well-finished verses.

γωνι-ώδης, *ες*, (γωνία, εἶδος) *angular.* ΓΩΡΥΤΟΣ, *ῶ* or *ῆ*, *a bow-case*, *quiver.*



Δ, δ, δέλτα, indecl., fourth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, δ' = τέσσαρες and τέταρτος, δ = 4000.

Changes of δ in the dialects: I. Aeol. into β, as ὀβερός into ὀβερός.

II. Dor. into γ, as γῆ γρόφος into δᾶ δρόφος.

III. Ion. into ζ, as Ζεύς, ζα- into Δεός, δα-: while Dor. ζ changes into σδ, as μελίζω φράσδομαι into μελίσσω φράσδομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυμνάζομαι into γυμνᾶδδομαι.

IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω. V. into λ, as δάκρυ lacryma, δασύς λάσιος.

VI. into σ, as δὲ μὲν δὲ μὲν, also with another consonant added, as βάδος βασμός, ἔδω ἐσθίω.

VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as ἀνέρος ἀνδρός.

VIII. at the beginning of some words δ is added or omitted, as in δέλιγ εἶλη, δῆ ῆ, διώκω ἰώκω.

δᾶ-, intensive prefix, = ζα-, as in δά-σκιος. δᾶ, Dor. for γᾶ, γῆ, mostly in *voc.*: acc. δᾶν.

δᾶγμα, *τό*, Dor. for δῆγμα. δᾶγύς, ἴδος, ῆ, *a waxen image*, used in magic rites, *a puppet.* (Thessal. word.) [ῶ]

δαδουχέω, *f.* ἴσω, *to be a torch-bearer*, esp. in sacred processions. From

δαδ-οὔχος, *ον*, (δαῖς, ἔχω) *holding torches*: as Subst., δαδούχος, ῆ, *a torch-bearer* at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine.

δαδοφόρεω, *f.* ἴσω, *to bear torches.* From δαδο-φόρος, *ον*, (δαῖς, φέρω) *torch-bearing.*

δαεῖν, *aor.* 2 opt. of *δᾶω. δαῖς, *aor.* 2 part. of *δᾶω.

δαῖω, Ep. for δαῶ, *aor.* 2 pass. subj. of *δᾶω. δαήμεναι, Ep. for δαῆναι, *aor.* 2 pass. inf. of *δᾶω.

δαῆμων, *ον*, *gen.* *ονος*, (δαῆναι) *knowing*, *experienced* in a thing.

δαῆναι, *aor.* 2 pass. inf. of *δᾶω. ΔΑΨ, ἐψς, ῶ, *voc.* δᾶψ, *a husband's brother*, *brother-in-law*, answering to γάλως, ῆ, *a sister-in-law.*

δαῖσομαι, *fut.* of *δᾶω. δάτται, 3 sing. *aor.* 2 med. subj. of δαίω (Δ).

δαί, (δῆ) used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, τί δαί; what then? πῶς δαί; how so?

δαί, Ep. apocope for δαίδι, *dat.* of δαῖς. [ῖ] δαιδάλεος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, *cunningly* or *curiously wrought.* From

δαιδάλλω, used only in *pres. act.*; but *pass. aor.* 1 ἐδαιδάλθην, *pf.* δεδαῖσθαι; (δαῖδαλος):—*to work cunningly*, *work with curious art*: *to deck out*, *embellish.* Hence

δαίδαλαμα, ατος, τό, *a work of art.*

δαίδαλοις, εσσα, εν, = δαίδαλεος.

δαίδαλο-εργός, όν, (δαίδαλος, έργον) *curiously working.*

ΔΑΙΔΑΛΩΣ, η, ον, Adj. *cunningly* or *curiously wrought*; δαίδαλα πάντα *all cunning works.* II.

as prop. n., Δαίδαλος, ό, *Daedalus*, i. e. *the cunning worker, the Artist*, of Cnossus in Crete, contemporary with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a χορός (q. v.) for Ariadné.

δαίδαλό-χειρ, ειρος, ό, ή, (δαίδαλος, χείρ) *cunning of hand.*

δαίδαλδω, = δαιδάλλω: poet. inf. fut. δαιδαλωσέμεν.

δαΐζω, f. ζω: aor. I εδάξα:—Pass., aor. I part. δαΐχθεις: pf. part. δεδαΐγμενος: (δαΐω):—to cleave asunder, χιτῶνα περί στήθεσσι δαΐσαι; δεδαΐγμενος ήτορ *pierced through the heart*:—also of doubts, εδάξετο θυμός ενι στήθεσσι his soul was divided within him; δαΐζόμενος κατά θυμόν διχθάδια divided in mind between two opinions. Hence

δαΐ-κτάμενος, η, ον, (δαΐς, κτείνω) or in two words δαΐ κτάμενος, *slain in battle.*

δαΐκτηρ, ήρος, and δαΐκτης, ού, ό, (δαΐζω) only joined with masc. Subst. *heart-cleaving.*

δαιμονία, (δαίμων) *to be subject to an avenging deity*; δαιμονά δόμος κακοίς the house is plunged by the divinity in woes. 2. c. acc., δαιμονῶν ἀχῆ *to have griefs decreed one.* II. absol. *to be possessed by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.*

δαιμονίζομαι, Med. (δαίμων) *to have an allotted fate.* II. Pass., with aor. I part. δαιμονισθείς, *to be possessed by a devil.*

δαιμόνιον, τό, (properly neut. of δαιμόνιος) *the Deity, Divinity, or divine operation*, Lat. numen. II.

the δαιμόνια were an inferior race of divine beings, demons, opp. to θεοί. 2. the name by which Socrates called his genius. 3. in N. T. *an evil spirit.*

δαιμόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (δαίμων): I. used by Homer only in vocat. δαιμόνιε, in good sense, noble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, *unhappy man, wretch*: in Att. mostly ironical, *my fine fellow! my good sir!* II. *of things proceeding from the Deity or from Fate*; εἰ μή τι δαιμόνιον εἴη were it not a divine intervention; τὰ δαιμόνια *divine visitations.* III. *of persons, divine, godlike.*

δαιμονι-ώδης, es, (δαιμόνιον, εἶδος) *devilish.*

δαιμονίως, Adv. *of δαιμόνιος, marvellously, strangely.*

δαίμων, ονος, ό, ή, (δαίω) *a god, goddess.* II.

the Deity, Lat. numen: *fate, destiny, fortune, good or bad*; πρὸς δαίμονα *against fate*; σὺν δαίμονι *with the favour of the gods, non sine diis*; in Trag. *death*, like Lat. sors. III. *one's genius, one's lot or fortune.*

IV. δαίμωνες was a name given to the sense of men of the golden age, who formed the connecting link between gods and men: hence later, *departed souls*, Lat. manes, lemures. V. *an evil spirit, devil.*

δαίμων, ό, as Adj., = δήμων, *skilled in a thing.*

δαίνυ, Ep. for εἰδάνυ, 3 sing. impf. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύν, Ep. for εἰδάνυο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύατο, for εἰδάνυντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύη, 2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαίνυμι.

δαινύμι, also δαίνω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαίνυ: fut.

δαίω: aor. I εἰδασα: (δαΐς):—to give a banquet or feast; δαίνυ δαΐτα γέρουσι *he gave a feast to the elders*; δαίνυνεν τινά *to feast a person.* II. Med.

δαινύμαι, fut. δαίσομαι: aor. I εἰδασάμην:—to have a feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. δαΐτα, κρέα, etc., *to feast on, consume, eat*: to eat, burn like poison.

δάνυο, Ep. for εἰδάνυσο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.

δανύτο, Ep. for δανύοιτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαΐος, α, ον, also ος, ον: Ion. and Hom. δῆϊος, η, ον: Att. contr. δῆος: (δαΐω, δαΐς):—*hostile, destructive*: as epith. of fire, burning, consuming: in pl. δαΐοι, enemies. 2. *unhappy, wretched.* II.

(δαῖναι) *knowing, cunning.*

δαΐρω, f. δαρώ: aor. I inf. δῆραι, poet. for δέρω, δείρω, *to flay, cudgel.*

δαΐς (A), gen. δαΐδος, Att. contr. δᾱς, δᾱδος, η, ον: Att. contr. δᾱος: (δαΐω, δαΐς):—*fire-brand, pine-torch*, Lat. taeda:—*pinewood*, such as torches were made of. II. *war, battle*, ή, mostly in apocope dat. δαΐ and acc. δαΐν.

δαΐς (B) gen. δαυτός, ή, (δαΐω B) *a meal, feast, banquet*, Lat. DAPES. 2. *meat or food itself.*

δαισασθαι, δαισάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. med. of δαίνυμι.

δαιταλεύς, έως, ό, (δαίνυμι) *a guest, banquetter.*

δαΐτη, η, poet. for δαΐς, *a feast, banquet.*

δαΐτηθεν, Adv. *of δαΐτη, from a feast.*

δαιτρέω, f. σω, (δαιτρέω) *to cut up or carve, to portion out, distribute.*

δαιτρόν, τό, (δαΐω B) *one's portion.*

δαιτρός, ό, (δαΐω B) *a carver, distributor.* Hence δαιτροσύνη, *the art of carving: a helping at table.*

δαιτῦμών, ονος, ό, (δαΐς B) *an invited guest.* 2. in plur. *guests who bring each his own provisions.*

δαιτύς, υός, ή, Ion. for δαΐς, *a meal.*

δαΐ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος: (δαΐς, φρήν): *of warlike mind, eager for the fray, bold.* II. (δαῖναι) *of knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful.*

δαΐχθεις, aor. I part. of δαΐζω.

ΔΑΙΪΩ (A), = καίω, only used in pres. and impf., *to light up, kindle*; δαΐε όί εκ κόρυθος πῦρ she (sc. Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm:—Pass., aor. I part. δαισθείς: pf. part. δεδαυμένος:—to burn, blaze;

δαΐεται όσσε the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf. δέδηα. plqpf. έδεδήειν, poet. δεδήειν; πόλεμος δέδηε war blazes forth; όσσα δεδήει the report spread like wild-fire.

ΔΑΙΩ (B), *to divide, part out, distribute*; in Act. sense δαΐζω is used, but in Med. and Pass. δαΐομαι; Med., κρέα δαΐόμενος *distributing portions of meat*; Pass., δαΐεται ήτορ *my heart is divided*; Ep. 3 pl. δεδαΐαται.—But εἰδασα, εἰδασάμην belong to δαίνυμι: δασομαι, εἰδασάμην, δέδασμαι to δατέομαι.

δακέ-θυμος, *ον*, = δηξιθυμος, *heart-eating*.

δάκε, Ep. for ἔδακε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δάκειν, aor. 2 inf. of δάκνω.

δάκετον, τό, = δάκος, *a venomous animal*.

δακνάω, poet. for δάκνω: Pass. to be sore vexed.

ΔΑΚΝΩ, f. δήξομαι: pf. ἔδηξα: aor. 2 ἔδᾶκον:

Ep. inf. δακέειν:—Pass., aor. 1 ἔδηχθην: pf. δέδηγμα: —to bite, esp. of dogs and gnats; στόμιον δάκνειν to clamp the bit; δάκνειν ἑαυτόν to bite one's lips for fear of laughing.

II. metaph. to bite, sting, prick:—Pass., καρδίαν δέδηγμαί I was vexed at heart.

δάκος, εος, τό, (δάκεῖν) *an animal whose bite or sting is dangerous, any noxious animal*.

ΔΑΚΡΥ, vos, τό, poet. for δάκρυον, *a tear*, Lat. *LACRYMA*. II. *a drop*, as of gum.

δακρύδιον, τό, Dim. of δάκρυ.

δακρύμα, ατος, τό, (δακρύω) *that which is wept for, a subject for tears*. II. *a tear*.

δακρυο-γόνος, *ον*, (δάκρυ, *γένω) *author of tears*.

δακρύεις, εσσα, εν, (δάκρυον) *tearful*; of persons, much weeping; of things, calling forth tears:—δακρύνειν γέλασαι, as Adv., to smile through one's tears.

ΔΑΚΡΥΨΩΝ, τό, = δάκρυ: Ep. gen. pl. δακρυόφι.

δακρυ-πλώω, (δάκρυ, πλέω) *to swim with tears*.

δακρυννέω, f. ἥσω, to melt into tears. From δακρύρ-ροος, *ον*, (δάκρυ, ρέω) *melting into tears*.

δακρύσα, Ep. aor. 1 of δακρύω.

δακρυσί-στακτος, *ον*, (δάκρυ, στάζω) *dropping with tears*.

δακρυσῶ, Dor. for δακρύσω.

δακρυτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δακρύω, *wept over, tearful*.

δακρυ-χαρής, ἐς, (δάκρυ, χαίρω) *rejoicing in tears*.

δακρυ-χέω, ουσα, *ον*, a participial Adj., (δάκρυ, χέω) *shedding tears, weeping*.

δακρύω [ῶ], fut. ἔσω: aor. 1 ἔδᾶκρυσα: pf. δεδάκρυναι: (δάκρυ):—to weep, shed tears:—pf. pass. δεδάκρυναι, to be tearful, be all in tears; part. δεδακρυνόμενος, all in tears: c. acc. cognate, δακρύνειν γόους to utter tearful groans.

II. transit. to weep for a thing, lament:—Pass. to be wept for.

III. δ. βέφαρα to flood one's eyes with tears.

δακρυ-ώδης, ἐς, (δάκρυ, εἶδος) *like tears: tearful*.

δακτυλήθρα, ἡ, (δάκτυλος) *a finger-sheath*.

δακτυλίδιον, τό, Dim. of δάκτυλος, *a toe*.

δακτυλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δάκτυλος) of or for the finger, Lat. *digitalis*; αὐλὸς δακτυλικός a flute played with the fingers.

II. of metre, dactylic.

δακτύλος, ὁ, (δάκτυλος) *a ring, seal-ring*.

δακτύλο-δεικτός, *ον*, (δάκτυλος, δείκνυμι) *pointed at with the finger, as in Horace digito monstrari*.

δακτύλο-ειδής, ἐς, (δάκτυλος, εἶδος) *like a finger*.

δάκτυλος, ὁ, plur. δάκτυλοι, poet. also δάκτυλα: (δείκνυμι):—*a finger*, Lat. *digitus*; ἐπὶ δακτύλων συμβάλλεσθαι to reckon on the fingers.

2. δάκτυλος τοῦ ποδὸς *a toe*; also without ποδός, like Lat. *digitus*. II. the shortest Greek measure of length,

a finger's breadth, = about $\frac{1}{10}$ of an inch.

III. *a metrical foot, dactyl*, — ο υ ι; e.g. ἄξιος.

δακτύλο-τριπτος, *ον*, (δάκτυλος, τρίβω) *worn by the fingers*.

δᾶλέομαι, Dor. for δηλέομαι.

δᾶλιον, τό, Dim. of δαλός.

δᾶλός, ὁ, (δαίω) *a firebrand, piece of blazing wood*.

II. *a burnt out torch, of an old man*.

III. *a beacon-light*.

δᾶμάω, later form of δαμάω: see δαμάω.

δαμαῖος, ὁ, (δαμάω) *epith. of Neptune, the Tamer*.

δαμάλη, ἡ, = δαμαλῖς.

δαμάλη-βοτος, *ον*, (δαμάλη, βύσσω) *fed on by young cattle*.

δαμαλη-φάγος, *ον*, (δαμάλη, φαγεῖν) *beef-eating, epith. of Hercules*.

δαμάλιζω, f. λω, poet. form of δαμάω, to subdue.

δαμάλις, εως, ἡ, (δαμάω) *a young cow, heifer, calf, Lat. juvenca*.

II. like μόσχος, *a girl*.

δαμάλιος, ὁ, (δαμάω) *a calf, Lat. vitulus*.

δάμαρ, ατος, ἡ, (δαμάω) *a wife, spouse*.

δαμάσσω, Dor. for δαμάζω.

δαμασίη-βροτος, *ον*, (δαμάω, βροτός) *man-subduing*.

δαμάσσω-ιππος, *ον*, (δαμάω, ἵππος) *horse-taming*.

δαμάσις, εως, ἡ, (δαμάω) *a taming, subduing*.

δαμασίφρων, *ον*, gen. ονος, (δαμάω, φρήν) *heart-subduing*.

δαμασί-φως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (δαμάω, φώς) *man-subduing*.

δαμάτετρα, ἡ, fem. Subst. *a tamer*.

Δαμάτηρ, Dor. vocat. from Δημήτηρ.

ΔΑΜΑΨΩ, Ep. 3 sing. δαμάα, 3 pl. δαμώσσι: fut.

δαμάσω [μῶ], Ep. δαμάσσω: aor. 1 ἐδάμασα Ep. ἐδά-

μασσα, δαμασσα: pf. δεδάμακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδμήθην,

part. δμηθείς; aor. 2 ἐδάμην, inf. δαμημέναι, part.

δαμείς: pf. δέδμημαι:—another aor. 1 part. δάμασθεις,

pf. part. δεδαμασμένους are found, as if from δαμάζω.

To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, overpower.

II. of maidens, to yoke in marriage, give to wife: also to force, lie with, Lat. *subigere*.

III. generally, to subdue, conquer, esp. in war:—Pass. to be subject, to obey.

2. to slay, kill.

δαμείην, aor. 2 opt. pass. of δαμάω.

δαμείω, Ep. for δαμῶ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of δαμάω: 2 and 3 pass. δαμήτης, -ήτη, Ep. for δαμῆς, δαμῆ: 2 pl. δαμείετε, for δαμήτε.

δαμέν, Ep. for ἐδάμησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of δαμάω.

δαμήμεναι, Ep. for δαμῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δαμάω.

δάμνα, Ep. for ἐδάμνα, 3 sing. impf. of δάμνημι.

δαμνῶ, 3 sing. of δαμνάω; also 2 sing. pres. Med. of δάμνημι.

δαμνάω, = δαμάω, only in pres. and impf.

δάμνημι, = δαμάω:—Pass. and Med. δάμναμαι.

δαμος and δαμόσιος, *α, ον*, Dor. for δημ-.

δαμώσσι, Ep. 3 pl. of δαμάω.

δαμώματα, τά, (δαμος) *hymns sung in public*.

δᾶν, Dor. for δῆν, γῆν: —οὐ δᾶν, *No, by earth!*

ΔΑΝΑΟΙ΄, *oi*, the Danaans, subjects of Δάναος, king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally: Δαναΐδαι, *ὧν*, *oi*, the sons or descendants of Danaus: Δαναΐδες, *αἱ*, his daughters. Hence a Comic Sup. Δαναώτατος, *oldest of the Danaans*. [Δᾶ]
δάνειζω, *f. είσω*: pf. δεδάεικα, pass. δεδάεισμαι: (δάνος):—*to put out money at usury, to lend*:—Pass., of the money, *to be lent*:—Med. *to have lent to one, to borrow*.

δάνειον, τό, (δάνος) money lent or borrowed, a loan.
δάνεισμα, ατος, τό, (δανείζω) = δάνειον.
δάνεισμός, ὁ, (δανείζω) money-lending.
δανειστής, οὗ, ὁ, (δανείζω) a money-lender, usurer.
δανειστικός, ἡ, ὧν, (δανείζω) disposed to lend.
ΔΑΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a gift. II. money lent out at interest, a loan, debt.

δάνως, ἡ, ὧν, (δαίω A) burnt, dried, parched.
δάος, εος, τό, (δαίω A) = δαλός, a firebrand, torch.
δᾶπνάνω, *f. ήσω*:—Pass., aor. I ἐδαπανήσην, pf. δεδαπάνημαι, both used also in med. sense:—*to spend*; δαπανᾷν εἰς τι *to spend upon a thing*:—Med. *to spend of one's own*. II. Causal, δαπανᾷν τὴν πόλιν *to put the state to expense, exhaust the state*. From

ΔΑΠΑΝῆ, ἡ, cost, expense, expenditure. II. money spent: also money for spending. III. expensiveness, extravagance. [πᾶ]

δᾶπνημα, ατος, τό, money spent, expense.
δᾶπνηρός, ἁ, ὧν, (δαπάνη) of men, extravagant: of things, expensive. Adv. —ρῶς, expensively.
δάπανος, ὧν, = δαπανήρος, extravagant.
δά-πέδον, τό, (δα-, πέδον) land, soil: the floor of a chamber: in pl. plains, flat country.

ΔΑΨΙΣ, ιδος, ἡ, = τάψης, a carpet, rug. [ᾶ]
δαπτέμεν, Ep. for δάπτειν, inf. of δάπτω.
ΔΑΨΤΩ, *f. δάψω*, to devour.

Δάρδανος, ὁ, Dardanus, son of Jupiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., Δάρδανος ἀνὴρ a Trojan, mostly in plur. Δάρδανοι: Δαρδάνιος, α, ὧν, Trojan: Δαρδανίς, ιδος, ἡ, a Trojan woman: Δαρδανία, ἡ, Troy: Δαρδανίδης, ου, ὁ, a son or descendant of Dardanus: Δαρδανιῶνες, οἱ, sons of Dardanus.

δαρδάπτω, lengthd. form of δάπτω, to devour.
δारेικός or **δारेικός** στατήρ, ὁ, a Persian gold coin, = 20 Attic drachmae: so that 5 = a mina, 300 = a talent. (Said to have been first coined by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian darâ, a king, cf. Δαρείος, like our sovereign.)

Δᾶρείος, ὁ, Darius, acc. to Herodotus = Gr. ἐρξείης, *q. v.*: a Greek form of Persian darâ, a king.

δαρήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of δέρω.
ΔΑΡΘΑΝΩ, aor. 2 ἐδαρθον, poet. ἐδάρθον:—*to sleep*, Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδαρθάνω.

δάρδ-βιος, ὧν, = δηρῶβιος.
δάρδός, ἁ, ὧν, Dor. and Trag. for δηρός.
δάρῶ, fut. of δέρω.
δαῖς, gen. δαδός, ἡ, Att. contr. for δαῖς.
δάσασθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of δατέομαι; Ion. 3 sing.

indic. δάσασκετο; 1 pl. opt. δασαίμεθα: δασεῖται is fut. Dor. Cf. πάσασθαι from πατέομαι.

δασείας, Adv. of δασύς; δασεύς ἔχειν *to be hairy*.
δά-σκίος, ὧν, (δα-, σκιά) thick-shaded, dark.
δάσμευσις, εως, ἡ, (δασμός) a dividing, distributing.
δασμολογέω, *f. ήσω*, to exact as tribute: c. dupl. acc. *to exact tribute from a person*. Hence
δασμολογία, ἡ, collection of tribute.
δασμο-λόγος, ὁ, (δασμός, λέγω) a tax-collector.
δασμός, ὁ, (δάσασθαι) a division, sharing of spoil: distribution. II. in Att. an impost, tribute.
δασμοφορέω, *f. ήσω*, to pay tribute:—Pass., δασμοφορεῖται *τινι* tribute is paid one. From
δασμο-φόρος, ὧν, (δασμός, φέρω) paying tribute, tributary.

δασομαι, fut. of δατέομαι: cf. δάσασθαι.
δασο-πλῆγς, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, and δασο-πλήγης, ἡ, (δα-, πλήσσω) horrid, frightful.

δάσασθαι, Ep. for δάσασθαι, *q. v.*
δασύ-θριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (δασύς, θρίξ) thick-haired.
δασύ-κερκος, ὧν, (δασύς, κέρκος) bushy-tailed.
δασύ-κνημος, ὧν, and δασυ-κνήμων, ὧν, gen. ονος, (δασύς, κνήμη) shaggy-legged.
δασύ-μαλλος, ὧν, (δασύς, μάλλος) thick-fleeced.
δασύνω, [ῶ], *f. ῶνῶ*, (δασύς) to make rough or hairy: Pass. *to become rough or hairy*.
δασύ-πους, ποδος, ὁ, (δασύς, πούς) hairy-foot, i. e. a hare or rabbit.

δασυ-πῶγων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (δασύς, πῶγων) with shaggy beard.

ΔΑΣΥΤΣ, εἰα, ὕ, Ion. fem. δασέα, thick with hair, hairy, rough: downy, opp. to ψιλός: of places, thick grown with bushes, bushy; δασέα θρίδας a lettuce with the leaves on. II. like Lat. densus, thick, crowded.

δασύ-στερνος, ὧν, (δασύς, στέρνων) shaggy-breasted.
δασυ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (δασύς, χαίτη) shaggy-haired.
δᾶτεομαι, fut. δάσομαι: aor. I ἐδασάμην Ep. ἐδασάμην: pf. δέδασμαι: (for the forms, cf. πατέομαι, ἐπάσάμην): Dep.:—*to divide among themselves, to share in*: *to tear in pieces*; χθόνα ποσὶ δατέυντο *they measured the ground with their feet*. 2. *to cut in two*. 3. *to divide or distribute to others*.

δατέυντο, Aeol. 3 pl. impf. of δατέομαι.
δᾶτήριος, α, ὧν, (δατέομαι) distributing; and
δᾶτητής, οὗ, ὁ, a distributor.
δαφναῖος, α, ὧν, or of belonging to a laurel. From ΔΑΨΝΗ, ἡ, the laurel or bay, sacred to Apollo.
δαφνηφορέω, *f. ήσω*, to bear laurel-boughs. From
δαφνη-φόρος, ὧν, (δάφνη, φέρω) planted with laurels.
 II. bearing laurel-boughs.

δαφναιῶς, ἡ, ὧν, (δάφνη) belonging to a laurel.
δαφνο-γηθής, ἐς, (δάφνη, γηθέω) delighting in the laurel.

δαφν-κομος, ὧν, (δάφνη, κόμη) laurel-crowned.
δαφν-ώδης, ἐς, (δάφνη, εἶδος) laurelled.
δᾶ-φωινεύς, ὧν, = δαφωινός; εἶμα δαφωινὸν αἵματι a garment red with blood.

δαφινός, ὄν, (δα-, φοινός) of wild beasts, blood-red, tawny; or perhaps bloody, murderous.

δαφίλεια, ἡ, abundance, plenty. From δαψιλής, ἐς, (δάπτω) abundant, plentiful: of persons, liberal, profuse. Adv. δαψιλῶς, lavishly. Sup. δαψιλέστατα.

*ΔΑΨΩ, an old root meaning to learn, which sometimes takes a causal sense, to teach:

I. Causal, to teach: only in redupl. aor. 2 act. δέδωκε, he taught, like Lat. doceo; later also ἔδωκεν.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκω.

II. to learn: fut. δαήσομαι (ἐμεῦ δαήσεται ἡμεῖς will learn from me): pf. δεδάκηκα, part. δεδάκως, δεδάως, also pass. δεδάκμενος: aor. 2 ἔδην, subj. δαῶ, Ep. δαίω, inf. δαῖναι, Ep. δαίμεναι, part. δαίς:—from δέδωκε, is formed a pres. med. inf. δεδάσθαι, to search out.—The pres. in this sense is διδάσκειν.

δαῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of *δάω.

ΔΕΐ, but: conjunctive Particle, with an opposing or adversative force. It answers to μέν, esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by *while, on the other hand*, see μέν. 2. it often serves merely to pass from one thing to another, when it may be rendered, *and, further*.

II. δέ properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when the preceding words are closely connected.

—δε, enclitic Particle; joined I. to names of Places in acc., to denote *motion towards*, as if it were an enclitic preposit.; οἰκόνδε home-wards, Οὐλύμπόνδε to Olympus, θύραζε (for θύρασδε) to the door; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron., ὄνδε ὁμόνδε; and sometimes even after εἰς, as εἰς ἄλαδε: in Att. often added to the names of cities, Ἀθήναζε, Θήβαζε (for Ἀθήνασδε, Θήβασδε):—sometimes it denotes *purpose* only, μήτι φόβονδ' ἀγίρευε speak naught tending to fear.

II. to the demonstr. Pron., to give it greater force, ὅδε, τοῖόςδε, etc., such a man as this, Att. ὅδε, etc.

δεά, ἡ, Dor. for θεά, Lat. dea.

δέατο, Ep. for ἔδεατο, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete Verb δέσμαι, = δοίω, be seemed.

δέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of δέχομαι.

δεδάσθαι, Ep. pres. med. inf. of *δάω.

δέδωκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of *δάω.

δεδάκηκα, δεδάκημαι, pf. act. and pass. of *δάω.

δεδαίλαται, Ion. for δέδανται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of δαίω B.

δεδαίγμενος, pf. pass. part. of δαίω.

δεδαυδαλμένος, part. pf. pass. of δαυδαλλω.

δεδάκων, redupl. poet. aor. 2 of δάκνω.

δεδάκρυκα, pf. of δακρύω.

δεδαργμαι, Att. for δέδραγμα, pf. pass. of δράσσομαι.

δεδαρμαι, pf. pass. of δέρω.

δεδασμαι, pf. pass. of δατέρομαι.

δεδαῶς, pf. act. part. of *δάω.

δέδεγμα, pf. of δέχομαι, (also Ion. pf. of δέκνυμι).

δέδεξημαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want.

δεδείξομαι, paulo p. fut. of δέχομαι.

δεδειπνάναι, irreg. pf. inf. of δειπνέω.

δέδειχα, δέδειγμα, pf. act. and pass. of δέκνυμι.

δέδεκα, δέδεμαι, pf. act. and pass. of δέω, to bind.

δέδεξο, imperat. pf., and δεδέξομαι, p. p. fut., of δέχομαι.

δέδετο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of δέω, to bind.

δέδεχεται, Ion. for δεδεγμένοι εισί, 3 plur. pf. of δέχομαι.

δέδηνμαι, pf. pass. of δάκνω.

δέδηκε, δέδηκε, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of δαίω.

δέδημεναι, pf. pass. of δημεύω.

δέδησομαι and δεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of δέω, to bind.

δέδηχα, pf. of δάκνω.

δέδια, poet. δέδια, pf., with pres. sense, of δείδω; imperat. δέδιθι; part. δεδιώς.

δεδιᾶκόνηκα, pf. of διακονέω.

δεδιᾶχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of διδάσκειν.

δεδιήτηκα, pf. of διαίτω.

δεδοσκομαι, = δεδισκομαι.

δεδίττομαι, Att. for δεδιᾶσσομαι.

δεδίωμαι, pf. pass. of διώω.

δεδμήατο, Ion. for ἐδέδμητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δαμάω.

δεδμήκα, pf. of δέμω.

δεδμημαι, pf. pass. of δαμάω; also of δέμω.

δεδμητο, -ήατο, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of δαμάω.

δεδογμα, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δέδοικα, pf. with pres. sense of δείδω.

δεδοίκα, Dor. pres. formed from δέδοικα = δείδω.

δεδοκμαι, pf. pass. of δοκέω.

δεδοκμήνους, Ep. pf. part. of δέχομαι, with sense of pres., waiting for, lying in wait.

δεδοκμασμαι, pf. pass. of δοκίμαζω.

δεδομαι, pf. pass. of δίδωμι: poet. 3 pl. δέδονται.

δεδόνατο, Dor. for ἐδέδοντο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δονέω.

δέδορκα, pf. of δέρομαι, with sense of pres.

δέδονπα, pf. of δονπέω.

δεδραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of δράσσω.

δεδράκα, pf. of διδράσκειν, also of δράω.

δεδράμαι, pf. pass. of δράω.

δεδράμηκα, pf. of τρέχω (formed from *δράμω).

δεδρομα, poet. pf. of τρέχω (formed from *δρέμω).

δεδυστήχηκα, pf. of δυστυχέω.

δέδωκα, pf. of δίδωμι.

δέελος, η, ον, resolved form of δηλός.

δεθηῆτε, 2 pl. aor. I subj. of δέομαι.

δέημα, atos, τό, (δέομαι) a prayer, entreaty.

δέησις, εως, ἡ, (δέομαι) an entreating.

δέησομαι, fut. med. of δέω, to want.

ΔΕΙΓ; subj. δήγ contr. δή; opt. δέοι; inf. δέιν;

part. δέον Att. δέιν: imperf. ἔδει Ion. ἔδεε: fut. δεήσει: aor. I ἐδέησε. Impers. from δέω, to bind: I. c.

acc. et inf., δέει τινα ποιῆσαι it is binding on one to do a thing, one must, one ought, Lat. oportet, decet; so, δέει τινα ὅπως ποιήσει.

II. c. gen. there is need of, Lat. opus est re; πολλοῦ δέει there wants much, far from it; ὀλίγου δέει there wants little, all but; πλεονος δέει it is still further from it:—with the person added, δέει μοι τινος, Lat. opus est mihi re.

δείγμα, ατος, τό, (δείκνυμι) a sample, proof, specimen, Lat. *documentum*. 2. a place in the Peiræus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make a show of.

δειδεκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δεικνυμι, in sense of impf., to welcome: **δειδέχαται**, for **δεδεγμένοι εισί**, 3 plur. perf. **δειδέχατο**, 3 pl. plqpf.

δειδήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δείδω) cowardly.

δείδια, ας, ε, like δέδια, pf. of δειδω with pres. signf., I fear; plur. δειδωμεν, δειδίτε; imperat. **δειδίθι**; inf. **δειδίμεν**; part. **δειδιώς**, dual **δειδιότε**: **δειδισαν**, 3 plur. plqpf.

δειδισκομαι, Dep. (δεικνυμι) to greet with outstretched hand, to welcome, bid hail; **δειδισκετο δέπαί** he bailed with the cup. 2. = δεικνυμι, to shew.

δειδισσομαι, Att. **δεδιπτομαι**: fut. **ίξομαι**: aor. I **έδειδιξήμην**: (δείδω)—Causal of δειδω, to frighten, alarm.

δείδοικα, Ep. for δέδοικα, q. v.

ΔΕΙ/ΔΩ, the pres. only used in first pers., I fear: fut. **δείσομαι**: aor. I **έδεισα** Ep. **έδδισα**: pf. in pres. sense **δέδοικα**; also **δέδια**, Ep. **δειδια** (see **δειδια**): 3 pl. plqpf. **έδειδισαν**, Ep. **δειδισαν**: I. intr. to be afraid, to fear, mostly with **μή** .., like Lat. *vereor ne* .., I fear it is ..; but, **δειδω μη ού** .., *vereor ne non* .., *vereor ut* .., I fear it is not. 2. c. inf. to fear to do. 3. **δειδεν** περί τι to be alarmed or anxious about. 4. c. acc. to be afraid of, to fear, stand in awe of. 5. perf. part. **τὸ δεδιός** one's fearing, one's fear, like **έδος**.

δειλιάω, f. ήσω: aor. I **έδειελησα**: (**δειέλος**):—to wait till evening.

δειλινός, ή, ον, =sq., at evening. From

δειελος, ον, (**δείλη**) of or belonging to evening; **δείελο**, ήμαρ eventide. II. as Subst., **δειελος** (sub. ώρη), = **δείλη**, evening.

δεικανάσκει, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of **δεικανάω**.

δεικάνω, = **δεικνυμι**, to point out, shew. II.

Med. = **δεικνυμαι**, **δέχομαι**, to salute, welcome, greet.

δεικανώωτο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of **δεικανάω**.

δεικελον and **δείκηλον**, τό, (**δεικνυμι**) a representation, exhibition.

δεικνυ, Ep. shortened form of **δεικνυσι**.

δεικνυμεν, —υμεναι, Ep. for **δεικνύμεναι**. [υ]

ΔΕΙΚΝΥΜΙ and **δεικνύω**, imperat. **δεικνυ** or **δεικνυε**: fut. **δείξω** Ion. **δέξω**: aor. I **έδειξα** Ion. **έδεξα**: pf. **έδειχα**:—Pass., fut. **δειχθήσομαι**, and fut. 3 **δειχθήσομαι**: aor. I **έδειχθην** Ion. **έδειχθην**: pf. **έδειχμαι**; on the forms **δειδέχαται**, **δειδεκτο**, see below II:—to shew, point out, Lat. *monstro*; impers. **δείξει**, time will shew; **δεικνύναι εις τινα** to point towards a person. 2. to bring to light, display; **θεός ήμιν έδειξε τέρας** the god shewed us a marvel:—Med. **δεικνύμαι**, to set before one. 3. to point out by words, to tell, explain, teach: to shew, prove; **έδειξαν έτοιμοι όντες** they shewed that they were ready. 4. of accusers, to inform against. II. pres. part. **δεικνύμενος** =

δεχόμενος, **δεξιούμενος**, welcoming, greeting: 3 pl. pf. **δειδέχαται**, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. **δειδεκτο**, **δειδέχατο**, are used in the same sense; **τοὺς μὲν κυπέλοις** **δειδέχατο** they pledged them with the cup; **δειδέχατο μῦθοις** they greeted them with words.

δεικτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of **δεικνυμι**, to be shewn.

II. **δεικτέον** [έστι], impers., one must shew.

δειλαιος, α, ον, lengthd. form of **δειλός**, fearful: and so wretched, sorry, paltry, miserable.

δειλακρίων, ανος, ό, properly, a coward, but mostly in addresses, poor fellow! From

δειλ-ακρος, α, ον, (**δειλός**, **άκρος**) very pitiable.

ΔΕΙΛΗ (sub. ώρα), ή, properly, the time when the day is hottest, i. e. just after noon; then generally, afternoon, **έσσεται ή ήως ή δειλη ή μέσον ήμαρ**; **δειλη πρωία** and **δειλη όψια** early and late afternoon; afterwards **δειλη** alone stood for the later part of the afternoon, evening; **δειλης** or **δειλην**, as Adv., in the evening.

δειλία, ή, (**δειλός**) timidity, cowardice, **δειλην όφ-λαιν** to be charged with cowardice.

δειλιάω, f. άσω, (**δειλία**) to be afraid.

δειλόμαι, Dep. (**δειλη**) to decline towards evening.

δειλός, ή, ον, (**δέος**, **δειδω**) cowardly, craven; vile, worthless. II. miserable, wretched, unhappy, like Lat. *miser*. Adv. —**λώς**.

δείμα, ατος, τό, (**δειδω**) fear, affright. II. an object of fear, a terror, horror. Hence

δειμαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., to be afraid, to be alarmed: c. acc. to fear a thing.

δειμαλός, α, ον, (**δείμα**) timid. II. horrible,

fearful.

δειμας, aor. I part. of **δέμω**.

δείματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of **δέμω**.

δειματόεις, εσσα, εν, (**δείμα**) frightened.

δειματώω, f. ώσω, (**δείμα**) to frighten.

δειμομεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. of **δέμω**.

δειμός, ό, (**δέος**) fear, terror, Lat. *timor*.

δειν, inf. of **δέω**. II. Att. for **δέον**, part. neut.

of **δεί**, as **πλείν** for **πλέων**.

ΔΕΙΝΑ, ό, ή, τό, gen. **δεινός**, dat. **δεινί**, acc. **δεινά**, such an one, a certain one, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl. **δειν**.

δεινο-θέτης, ου, ό, (**δεινός**, **τίθημι**) a knave.

δεινο-λογέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. (**δεινός**, **λέγω**) to complain loudly.

δεινο-παθέω, f. ήσω, (**δεινός**, **πάθος**) to complain loudly of suffering.

δεινό-πους, ό, ή, πουν, τό, gen. **ποδός**, (**δεινός**, **πούς**) terrible of foot.

δεινός, ή, ον, (**δέος**): I. terrible, fearful, in milder sense, awful: later, **τὸ δεινόν** danger, sufferings; **οὐδέν** **δεινόν**, **μη άποστρέψιν** no fear of their revolting; **δεινόν ποιείν** or **ποιέσθαι** to take ill, Lat. *aegre ferre*. II. implying Force or Power, mighty, powerful, for good or ill. 2. wondrous, marvellous, strange; **τὸ συγγενές τοι δεινόν** the ties of kin have strange power. III. the sense of powerful

wondrous, passed into that of *able, clever, skilful*, as in phrase *δεινός τε καὶ σοφός*; often c. inf., *δεινὸς λέγειν clever at talking*; also c. acc., *δεινὸς τὴν τέχνην skilful in his art*. Hence

δεινός, gen. of δεινά, ὁ, ἡ.

δεινότης, ητος, ἡ, *terribleness: harshness, sternness*. 2. *natural ability, cleverness*.

δεινώω, f. ὠσώ, (δεινός) to make dreadful or formidable: to exaggerate, enhance.

δεινωπός, ὄν, (δεινός, ὤψ) terrible to behold.

δεινῶς, Adv. of δεινός, terribly: marvellously, exceedingly.

δεινώσις, εως, ἡ, (δεινώω) exaggeration.

δεινωψ, ὤπος, ὁ, ἡ, = δεινωπός.

δείξω, fut. of δεικνυμι.

δεῖος, τό, Ep. for δέος, fear.

δειπνεύντες, Dor. for δειπνούντες.

δειπνέω, f. ἥσω; pf. δέδειπνηκα, Att. pf. 2 δέδειπνα, inf. δειπνάναι: (δειπνόν) —to make a meal, dine; in Att. always to take the chief meal: c. acc., δειπνεῖν ἄρτον to make a meal on bread. Hence

δειπνηστός or δειπνηστος, ὁ, meal-time.

δειπνητήριον, τό, (δειπνέω) a supper-room.

δειπνητής, οὔ, ὁ, a supper guest. Hence

δειπνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for dinner. Adv. —κῶς, like a clever cook.

δειπνίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ὠ, (δειπνόν) to entertain at dinner.

δειπνο-λόχος, η, ον, (δειπνόν, λοχάω) *fishing for invitations to dinner, parasitic*.

δείπνον, τό, a meal or meal-time, sometimes = ἄριστον, the early meal, sometimes = δόρπον the late one: in Att. the chief meal, answering to our dinner, Lat. coena; ἀπὸ δείπνου straight from, i. e. just after, dinner. 2. generally food, provender.

δειπνοποιέω, to prepare a meal: Med. to dine. From

δειπνο-ποιός, ὄν, (δειπνόν, ποιέω) preparing dinner.

δεῖράς, ἀδος, ἡ, (δεῖρή) the ridge of a chain of hills, like λόφος, Lat. jugum. II. = δεῖρή, the neck.

δεῖρας, aor. I part. of δέρω.

ΔΕΙΡΗ, Att. δέρη, ἡ, the neck, throat. II. = δεῖράς, the ridge of a bill.

δειρο-τομέω, f. ἥσω, (δεῖρή, τέμνω) to cut the throat of a person, behead him, Lat. jugulo.

ΔΕΙΡΩ, Ion. for δέρω.

δειρο-ήνωρ, ὀπος, ὁ, ἡ, (δείδω, ἀνήρ) fearing man.

δεισιδαιμονία, ἡ, fear of the gods, religion. 2. in bad sense, superstition. From

δεισι-δαίμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (δείδω, δαίμων) fearing the gods: in good sense, pious, religious. 2. in bad sense, superstitious, bigoted.

ΔΕΚΑ, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., Lat. DECEM, our TEN, Germ. ZEHN: οἱ δέκα, the Ten, Lat. Decemviri: οἱ δέκα [ἔτη] ἀπ' ἡβης those who are ten years past 20, the age of military service.

δεκά-βοιος, ὄν, (δέκα, βούς) worth ten oxen.

δεκάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (δέκα, ἀρχω) a commander of ten men, Lat. decurio.

δεκαδεύς, εως, ὁ, (δέκα) one of a decury or party of ten soldiers.

δεκά-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, = δυνάδεκα, twelve.

δεκά-δωρος, ὄν, (δέκα, δῶρον η) ten palms long or broad.

δεκά-ἔτηρος, ὄν, (δέκα, ἔτος) ten-yearly.

δακα-ετής, ἐς, (δέκα, ἔτος) lasting ten years.

δεκά-εῖς, f. ἄσω, (δέκα) to bribe, corrupt, Lat. decuriare.

δεκάκις, Adv. (δέκα) ten times: ten-fold.

δεκά-κλῖνος, ὄν, (δέκα, κλῖναι) holding ten dinner-couches.

δεκά-κῦμία, ἡ, (δέκα, κύμα) the tenth wave, Lat. fluctus decumanus; cf. τρικῦμία.

δεκά-μηνος and δεκά-μηναιός, ὄν, (δέκα, μήν) ten months old. 2. in the tenth month.

δεκά-μινος, ὄν, (δέκα, μινᾶ) worth ten minae.

δεκ-ἄμφορος, ὄν, (δέκα, ἀμφορεύς) holding ten ἀμφορεῖς, i. e. about ninety gallons.

δεκά-παλαι, Adv. a very long time ago.

δεκά-πεντε, οἱ, αἱ, τά, fifteen.

δεκά-πηχυσ, υ, (δέκα, πήχυς) ten cubits long.

δεκά-πλάσιος, ὄν, (δέκα, πλάσιος) tenfold: c. gen. ten times greater than: ἡ δεκαπλασία (sub. τιμή) as Subst. ten times the amount.

δεκά-πλέθρον, ὄν, (δέκα, πλέθρον) enclosing ten plethra (v. πλέθρον η).

δεκά-πλοος, ὄν, contr. —πλους, ὄν, = δεκα-πλάσιος, δεκά-πολις, ἡ, (δέκα, πόλις) a district including ten cities, Decapolis.

δεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, ten feet long.

δεκ-ἄρχης, ὄν, ὁ, (δέκα, ἀρχω) a decurion. Hence δεκ-αρχία, ἡ, the government of the Ten.

δεκάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (δέκα) a body of ten men, Lat. decuria. II. the number ten.

δεκά-σπορος, ὄν, (δέκα, σπείρω) consisting of ten seed-times, i. e. ten years.

δεκαταῖος, α, ὄν, (δέκατος) on the tenth day.

δεκα-τάλαντος, ὄν, (δέκα, τάλαντον) weighing or worth ten talents: estimated at ten talents.

δεκα-τέσσαρες, —ρα, fourteen.

δεκατευτήριον, τό, the tenths-office, custom-house: and δεκατευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a farmer of tenths, tithe-collector, Lat. decumanus. From

δεκατεύω, f. ὠ, (δεκάτη) to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe of a person: to take the tenth of booty, esp. as an offering to the gods:—also to exact the tenths as a tax on all imports.

δεκατη-λόγος, ὁ, (δεκάτη, λέγω) = δεκατευτής.

δεκατό-σπορος, ὄν, (δέκατος, σπορά) in the tenth generation.

δεκάτος, η, ὄν, (δέκα) tenth.

II. as Subst., δεκάτη (sub. μερίς), ἡ, the tenth part, tithe. 2. δεκάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), ἡ, the tenth day: at Athens, the festival on the tenth day after birth, when the child had a name given it: τὴν δεκάτην θύειν to give a feast on the day of naming the child.

δεκατόω, f. ὠσώ, (δέκατος) to take tithe of a person.

δεκά-φύλος, *ον*, (δέκα, φύλη) consisting of ten tribes.
 δεκά-χαλκον, τό, (δέκα, χαλκοῦς) a coin worth ten
 χαλκοί, Lat. *denarius*.

δεκά-χίλιοι, *αι, α*, (δέκα, χίλιοι) ten thousand.

δεκ-έτηρος, *ον*, = δέκτης.

δεκ-έτης, *ον, δ*, (δέκα, έτος) lasting ten years. II.
 ten years old.

δεκ-έτις, *ιδος, η*, *pecul. fem.* of δέκτης.

δέκομαι, *Ion.* and *Aeol.* for δέχομαι.

δεκ-όργυιος, *ον*, (δέκα, όργυιά) ten fathoms long.

δέκτηρ, *ηρος, δ*, = δέκτης.

δέκτης, *ον, δ*, (δέχομαι) a receiver: hence a beggar.

δέκτος, 3 *sing. Ep. aor. 2* of δέχομαι.

δέκτης, *ή, όν, verb. Adj.* of δέχομαι, received: to be
 received, acceptable, Lat. *acceptus*.

δέκτηρια, *η*, *poët. fem.* of δέκτηρ, δέκτης.

δέκτωρ, *ορος, poët.* for δέκτης, δέκτηρ, one who takes
 upon himself.

δεκ-ώρυγος, *ον*, more correct form of δεκόργυιος.

δελεάζω, *φ. άσω*, (δέλαω) to entice by a bait: to al-
 lure, entice, catch. II. c. acc. cognato, νῶτον υἱός

δελεάζειν to put the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕ'ΑΕΑΡ, *ατος, τό*, a bait, Lat. *esca*.

δελε-άρπαξ, *αγος, ό, η*, (δέλεαρ, άρπάξω) greedy of
 the bait, biting freely at it.

δελέασμα, *ατος, τό*, = δέλεαρ.

ΔΕ'ΑΤΑ, τό, indecl., *v. sub Δ*. 2. a name for
 the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp.
 of the Nile, so called from their shape.

δέλτιον, τό, *Dim.* of δέλτος.

δέλτων, τό, *Dim.* of δέλτος, (γράφω) writing on a
 tablet, registering, recording.

δέλτος, *η*, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter
 Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενῶν
 the tablets of the heart. Hence

δελτώω, *φ. άσω*, to note down on tablets, record.

δελφάκιον, τό, a sucking-pig, *Dim.* of δελφας.

δελφάκιομαι, *Pass.* to grow up to pignood. From

ΔΕ'ΑΦΑΞ, *ακος, δ*, a young pig, porker.

Δελφίνιος, *δ*, (Δελφοί) Delphian, *epith.* of Apollo.
 Δελφίνο-φόρος, *ον*, (δελφίς, φέρω) bearing dolphins:
 κεραΐα δ. beams with pulleys to lower the δελφίς.

ΔΕΛΦΙΣ and δελφίν, *υπος, δ*, the dolphin. II.
 a mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which
 was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let
 down on the enemy's ships.

ΔΕΛΦΟΙ, *ων, αι*, Delphi, a famous oracle of Apollo
 in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. II. Δελφοί,
οι, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

ΔΕΜΑΣ, τό, used only in *nom.* and *acc.*, the body,
 esp. of man: properly the living body, σώμα being
 the corpse: μικρός δέμας small in stature.

II. as *Adv.*, like δίκην, δέμας πυρός αἰθομένοιο in form
 or fashion like burning fire, Lat. *instar ignis*.

δέμνιον, τό, (δέμω) a bed, bedding: mostly in *plur.*

δემνιο-τήρης, *ες*, (δémνιον, τήρεω) keeping one to
 one's bed: μοῖρα δემνιοτήρης a lingering fate.

ΔΕΜΩ, *aor. I act.* εἶδω, *med.* εἰδύμην: *pf.*

δέδμηκα: *pf. pass.* δέδμημαι. To build; *Med.*, εἰ-
 ματο οἴκους he built him houses: generally, to con-
 struct, make; δέμειν ὁδόν, Lat. *munire viam*.

δενδίλλα, to give a glance at, so as to make a sign.

δένδρεον, τό, *Ion.* for δένδρον, a tree. Hence

δενδρεών, *ωνος, δ*, (δένδρον) a grove.

δενδρήεις, *εσσα, εν*, woody.

δενδρικός or -υκός, *η*, *ον*, (δένδρον) of a tree.

δένδριον, τό, *Dim.* of δένδρον.

δενδρίτης, *ον, δ*, *fem.* δενδρίτις, *ιδος*, of or belong-
 ing to a tree.

δενδρο-βάτew, (δένδρον, βαίνω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης or δενδρό-κομος, *ον*, (δένδρον, κομή)
 slanging with wood.

δενδρο-κοπέw, (δένδρον, κόπτω) - δενδροτομέw.

ΔΕ'ΝΑΡΟΝ, τό, *Ion.* and *Att.* δένδρος, *εος, τό*, a
 tree: δένδρον έλάς an olive-tree: generally, δένδρα
 are fruit-trees, *opp.* to ύλη, timber.

δενδροτομέw, *φ. ήσω*, to cut down the fruit-trees, to
 lay waste a country. From

δενδρο-τόμος, *ον*, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees.

δενδρο-φόρος, *ον*, (δένδρον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρό-φύτος, *ον*, (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees.

δενδρ-ώδης, *ες*, (δένδρον, είδος) tree-like: δενδρώεις
 Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτις, *ιδος, η*, (δένδρον) wooded.

δενάξω, *φ. άσω*, to abuse, revile. From

ΔΕ'ΝΝΟΣ, *δ*, a reproach, disgrace.

δέξαι, *aor. I med. imper.* of δέχομαι.

δεξαμένη, *η*, (properly *aor. I part. fem.* of δέχομαι)
 a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

δέξι, *Ion.* -ή, (*fem.* of δεξιός, *sub. χείρ*) the right
 hand: εκ δεξιᾶς on the right hand: δεξιᾶν διδόναι to
 salute by offering the right hand.

δεξι-μυλος, *ον*, (δέχομαι, μῆλον) receiving sheep,
 rich in sacrifices.

δεξιό-γυιος, (δεξιός, γυῖον) ready of limb, nimble.

δεξιό-λάβος, *δ*, (δεξιός, λαβεῖν) a spearman, guard.

δεξιόμομος, *φ. άσμαι*: *aor. I* ἐδεξισάμην: *Dep.* :—to
 offer the right hand, greet with the right hand. From

ΔΕΞΙΟΣ, *ά, όν*, Lat. *DEXTER*: I. on the
 right hand or side: ἐπὶ δεξιᾶ to the right. II.

fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other
 omens. III. metaph. *dexterous, ready*: and of
 the mind, *shrewd, clever*.

δεξιό-σειρος, *δ*, (δεξιός, σείρά) harnessed by traces
 on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under
 the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the
 regular pair.

δεξιότης, *ητος, η*, (δεξιός) dexterity, activity: of
 mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, *Adv.*, old *gen.* of δεξιός: ἐπὶ δεξιόφιν to-
 wards the right.

δεξι-πύρος, *ον*, (δέχομαι, πῦρ) fire-receiving.

δέξις, *εως, η*, (δέχομαι) reception.

δεξιτερός, *ά, όν*, *poët. form* for δεξιός, right, the
 right: δεξιτερά, like δεξιά (*sub. χείρ*), the right
 hand: δεξιτερήφι, old *dat.*, on the right hand.

δεξιωμα, ατος, τό, (δεξιόμαι) a pledge of friendship.
 δεξιόωμτος, ον, (δεξιός, ὄνομα) lucky in name.
 δεξιώς, Adv. of δεξιός, dexterously: Sup. δεξιώτατα.
 δεξιῶσις, εως, ἡ, (δεξιόμαι) an offering of the right

band: greeting, salutation: canvassing.

δέξω, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imperat. of δέχομαι.

δέχομαι, fut. of δέχομαι.

δέξω, δέξομαι, Ion. for δείξω, δείξομαι, fut. act. and med. of δείκνυμι.

δέομαι, to need, want, ask; v. sub δέω (B).

δέον, οντος, τό, Att. δειν, part. neut. of the impers.

δεῖ, that which is binding, needful, right, proper; μάλλον τοῦ δέοντος more than needful; ἐν δέοντι (sub. καιρῷ), in good time, Lat. opportuné; εἰς τὸ δέον for needful purposes. II. used absol. it being needful; οὐδὲν δέον there being no need.

δέον, Ion. for ἔδεον, impf. of δέω, to bind.

δεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of δέω, to bind.

ΔΕΨΟΣ, gen. δέους, τό: poet. δέος: fear, alarm, affright. II. awe, reverence. III. a terror, means of inspiring fear.

ΔΕΨΙΑΣ, αος, τό: nom. pl. δέψα; poet. dat. pl. δέψασσι and δέψασσι:—a beaker, goblet, calice.

δεράγχη, ἡ, (δέρη, ἄγχω) a collar.

δεράγχης, ἐς, (δέρη, ἄγχω) throttling.

δέραιον, τό, (δέρη) a necklace: a collar.

δεραιοπέδη, ἡ, (δέραιον, πέδη) a collar.

δέρμα, ατος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.

δέρμα, αδος, ἡ, = δειράς.

δέρμα, τό, (δέρκομαι) a look, glance.

δέρη, ἡ, Att. for δειρή, the neck.

δερκίσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of δέρομαι.

δερκίσματα, Dep., poet. for δέρομαι, to look.

ΔΕΨΚΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: fut. δέρομαι: pf. with pres. sense δέδορκα: aor. 2 ἐδράκον; also aor. I pass. ἐδέρχην, aor. 2 ἐδράκην; and aor. I med. ἐδεράμην, aor. 2 ἐδράκονην:—to look, see: hence to behold the light, to live. 2. to look on or at: generally, to perceive, be aware of. II. of light, to flash or gleam, like the eye.

δέρμα, ατος, τό, (δέρω) the skin, hide of beasts, Lat. pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: the shell of a tortoise. 2. generally, one's skin, Lat. cutis. Hence

δερμάτινος, η, ον, of skin, leathern.

δέρματο, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέρομαι.

δέρων, Ep. for ἔδερον, impf. of δέρω.

δέρπος, εος, τό, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.

δέρρις or δέρις, εως, ἡ, (δέρπος, δέρμα) a leathern covering. II. in plur. screens of skin, hung to deaden the enemy's missiles, Lat. cilicia.

δέρτρον, τό, (δέρω) the caul or membrane which contains the bowels, Lat. omentum; δέρτρον ἔσω δύνοντες penetrating even to the bowels.

δερχθείς, part. aor. I of δέρομαι; δέρχθητι, imperat., and δερχθήναι, inf. of same tense.

ΔΕΨΩ, Ion. δέρω: fut. δερῶ: aor. I ἔδειρα:—Pass., fut. 2 δαρήσομαι: aor. I ἐδάρθην, aor. 2 ἐδάρην

[ᾶ]: pf. δέδαρμαι:—to skin, flay.

II. also to cudgel, thrash.

δέσμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) poet. for δεσμός, a bond, fetter. II. a head-band.

δεσμεύω, f. σω, (δεσμός) to fetter, put in chains: to tie together, as corn in the sheaf.

δεσμέω, f. ἥσω, (δεσμός) = δεσμεύω. *

δέσμη, ἡ, (δέω) a bundle.

δέσμιον, τό, = δεσμός.

δέσμιος, ον, also α, ον, (δεσμός) binding: hence binding with a spell. II. pass. bound, captive.

δεσμός, ὁ, pl. δεσμοί or δεσμά, (δέω) a band, bond, fetter: a baller: a mooring cable: a door-latch. 2. bonds, imprisonment.

δεσμοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (δεσμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.

δεσμός, = δεσμεύω, to bind, fetter. Hence

δέσμων, ατος, τό, a fetter.

δεσμοτήριον, τό, (δεσμός) a prison.

δεσπότης, ου, ὁ, (δεσμός) a prisoner. 2. as Adj. in chains, fettered: fem. δεσπότης, ἰδος.

δεσπότης, f. ὥσω, (δεσπότης) to be lord and master of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery. II. to make oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend.

δεσποῖνα, ἡ, fem. of δεσπότης, the mistress or lady of the house, Lat. hera: often joined with the name of goddesses.

δεσπότης, ον, = δεσπότης.

δεσποσύνη, ἡ, (δεσπότης) absolute sway.

δεσποσύνης, ον, (δεσπότης) of or belonging to the master, arbitrary. II. as Subst. = δεσπότης.

δεσποτέω, f. ἥσω, = δεσπότης:—Pass. to be despotically ruled.

ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ, ου, ὁ, voc. δεσποτᾶ: Dor. nom.

δεσπότης: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. δεσπότεα, -εας, but prob. these are incorrect:—a master, properly of slaves: hence a despot, absolute ruler, whose subjects are slaves. II. generally, an owner, master, lord.

Hence

δεσποτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a master. 2. fit to be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotic.

δεσποτής, ἰδος, ἡ, = δεσποῖνα.

δεσποτίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of δεσπότης, little master.

δετή (sub. λαμπράς), ἡ, sticks bound up to make a fagot, a fagot. Fem. of

δετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δέω, bound.

δεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of δέω, to wet.

δεύησθαι, fut. med. inf. of δέω, to want.

δεύμα, ατος, τό, (δέω) that which is wet, soaked;

δεύματα κρέων boiled flesh.

δευλοτο, poet. for δέυνωτο, 3 pl. pres. opt. of δέω (B).

δείομαι, v. δέω (B).

δευρί, Att. strengthened form of δέω.

ΔΕΨΩ, Adv. of Place, hither, come hither! δεύτε is used with plur. II. of Time, until now, up to this time, hitherto; δεύ' αἰεῖ continually up to this time.

Δεύς, Accl. for Ζεύς.

δεύτατος, *η, ον, the last*, Sup. of δεύτερος.

δεύτε, Adv., plur. of δεῦρο, *hither! Come hither!*

δευτερ-ἀγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἀγωνιστής) *the actor who takes the second part*, cf. πρωταγωνιστής: metaph. *the second advocate in a court of law*.

δευτεραῖος, *α, ον, (δεύτερος) on the second day*.

δευτερεία (sub. ἄλλα), τά, (δεύτερος) *the second prize in a contest: generally, the second place or rank*.

δευτεριάξω, *φ. ἄσω, to play the second part*.

δευτερό-πρωτον σάββατον, τό, *the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened bread*.

δεύτερος, *α, ον, the second*, Lat. *secundus*: as a Comp., ἐμείο δεύτεροι *after my time*: in neut. as Adv., δεύτερον αὖ, δεύτερον αὖτις, *secondly, next afterwards, a second time*.

II. in point of Place, second, i. e. inferior; δεύτερος οὐδενός *second to none*: τὰ δεύτερα, = δευτερεία, *the second prize or place*. III. *the second of two*; δευτέρη αὐτή *herself with another*.

δευτερο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (δεύτερος, ἵσταμαι) *one who stands in the second file of the Chorus*.

ΔΕΥΤΩ (A), Ion. impf. δεύεσκον: *φ. δεύσω*: aor. I ἔδευσα:—Pass., pf. δέδεμαι:—*to wet, soak, steep*; Med., πτερά δέυεται ἄλληρ *wets his wings in the brine*. II. *to fill with liquid, fill up*. III. *to make to flow, shed*.

ΔΕΥΤΩ (B), *φ. δεύσω*, Aeol. and Ep. form for δέω, *to need, miss, want*; ἐδεύθησεν δ' οἰήϊον ἄκρον ἰκέσθαι *be missed reaching the top of the mast*. II. more often as Dep. δεύομαι, *φ. δευήσομαι*:—*to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for*: hence *to be wanting, deficient in*; ἄλλα πάντα δεύειν Ἀργείων *thou art inferior to them in all else*.

ΔΕΨΩ, *φ. δεψώω*, *to soften by working by the hand, to make supple, to tan hides*.

δεχ-ἄμματος, ον, (δέκα, ἄμμα) *with ten meshes*.

δέχεται, Ep. for δεδεγμένοι εἰσὶ 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι.

δεχ-ἡμέρος, ον, (δέκα, ἡμέρα) *lasting ten days*. 2. terminable at ten days' notice.

δέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.

δεχθεῖς, aor. I part. of δέχομαι, in pass. sense.

δεχνύμαι, poet. for δέχομαι.

ΔΕΧΟΜΑΙ, Ion. and Aeol. δέκομαι: fut. δέξομαι and δεδέχομαι: aor. I ἐδέχθην (also used in pass. sense): pf. δέδεμαι: plqpf. ἐδέδεγμην:—Ep. aor. 2 ἐδέγμην or δέγμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέγμενος: Dep.: I. of things,

to take, accept: esp. *to take well, receive kindly or graciously*; τὸν οἰωνὸν δέχεσθαι *to accept or hail the omen*: hence *to approve*: c. inf. *to take rather, to choose*. II. of persons, *to receive hospitably, entertain*. 2. *to receive as an enemy, to watch for*: *to await the onset*. 3. *to expect, wait for*. III. of events, *to succeed, come next*, Lat. *excipere*.

δεψέω, *φ. ἥσω*, Lat. *depsō*, = δέφω, *to soften*; δεψήσας κηρὸν *having worked wax till it is soft*. δεψώ, = foreg.

ΔΕΩ (A); fut. δήσω: aor. I ἔδησα: pf. δέδεκα:

plqpf. ἐδέδεκιν:—Pass., fut. δεθήσομαι, fut. 3 δεθήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθην: pf. δέδεμαι: plqpf. ἐδέδεμην, Ep. 3 sing. δέδετο;—*to bind, tie, fasten, fetter*: absol. *to imprison*. 2. metaph. *to bind fast, enchain*: later, *to bind by spells, enchant*. 3. c. gen. *to let, prevent, binder from a thing*. II. Med. *to bind or tie on oneself*; ποσὶ δ' ὑπαὶ λιπαροῖσιν ἐδήσατο *καλὰ πέλδιλα tied them on his feet*; but in plqpf. pass., περὶ κνήμησι κνημίδας δέδετο *be bad greaves bound round his legs*.

ΔΕΩ (B), fut. δήσω: aor. I ἐδέσσα, Ep. 3 sing. δήσεν: pf. δέδεκα:—*to want, lack, miss, stand in need of*: c. gen.; ὀλίγον δέω *I want little*, i. e. am near; πολλοὺ δέω *I want much*, i. e. am far from; ὀλίγον δέω δακρύσαι *I want little of tears*; δυοῖν δέοντα τεσσαράκοντα *forty lacking two*, like Lat. *duodeviginti*. II. for δεῖ impers., and δέον, see the words.

III. Dep. δέομαι: fut. δεήσομαι: aor. I ἐδεήθην: pf. δεδέμηαι. *To stand in need of, want*, c. gen.: hence, *to long or strive after, wish, beg for*: c. dupl. gen. *to beg a thing from a person*. 2. absol. *to be in want or need*, mostly in part., as *κάρτα δέομενος*.

ΔΗ, Particle, properly of Time, *now, already*; ὀκτὼ δὴ πρόελλα . . ὕστροις *already have I shot*; πολλάκι δὴ, Lat. *jam saepe*: with imperat. and fut. *now, forthwith, directly*. II. marking Connection, *then*; in summing up numbers, γίνονται δὴ οὔτοι χίλιοι *these then make up a thousand*; καὶ δὴ marks the thing meant to be emphatic, εἰς Αἴγυπτον ἀπῆκετο . . , καὶ δὴ καὶ ἐς Σάρδεις, *he reached Egypt, and what is more Sardis also*; also *to put a supposed case*, καὶ δὴ δέδεγμαί *well suppose I have accepted*.

III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, ἄγε δὴ, φέρε δὴ, *do but come, only come*; with a Sup., μέγιστος δὴ *the very greatest*. 2. in ironical sense, Lat. *scilicet*; εἰσῆγγαγε τὰς ἐταιρίδας δὴ *he brought in the pretended courtesans*. 3. with Pronouns, ἐμε δὴ ὥδε διαθεῖναι *thus to use a man like me*; σὺ δὴ . . ἐτόλμησας; *you of all persons*. 4. with other Particles, δὴ adds explicitness; ὥς δὴ, ἵνα δὴ, *that [it may be] exactly so, just so*; also ὡς δὴ, ἄγε δὴ, ὅα δὴ *in that, inasmuch as*.

ΔΗ-ἄλωτος, ον, contr. for δηϊάλωτος. δῆγμα, *ατος, τό, (δάκνω) a bite, sting*. δηγμός, ὁ, = δῆγμα.

δηγμός, *ατος, τό, (δάκνω) a bite, sting*. δηγμός, ὁ, = δῆγμα. δηθά, = δῆν, Adv. *long, for a long time*. δῆθε and δῆθεν, Adv. (δῆ) *perhaps: I suppose*: mostly iron., like Lat. *scilicet*, *to wit, forsooth*: with ὡς, as *if forsooth*; ὡς ἄγρην δῆθεν *pretending it was game*.

δηθύνω [ῶ], *φ. ῶνω, (δηθά) to tarry, be long, delay*.

δητιάσκειν, Ep. impf. of δηϊώω.

δηϊ-ἄλωτος, ον, (δηϊός, ἀλῶναι) *taken by the enemy, captive*.

δηϊός, *η, ον, Ep. for δαῖος, hostile*. Hence δηϊοτής, ἥτος, ἡ, *battle-strife, battle*.

δηϊώω, Att. δηῶ, inf. δηοῦν: part. δηῶν Ep. δηϊῶν:

impf. ἐδῆιουν Att. ἐδῆουν Ion. ἐδῆυν Ep. δῆουν : fut. δῆωσω : aor. ἐδῆωσα, Att. ἐδῆωσα, part. δῆώσας : pf. δεδῆωκα :—Med., Ep. 3 pl. impf. δῆύνωτο : aor. 1 ἐδῆωσαν :—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδῆώθη, part. δῆωθείς : pf. δεδῆωμαι : (δῆσιος) :—to treat as an enemy : to cut down, slay, rend, cleave. II. to waste or ravage a country.

δηκτήριος, ov, (δάκνω) biting, torturing.
δηκτητικός, ἡ, ov, (δάκνω) biting : pungent.
δηλα-δῆ, Adv. (δῆλος, δῆ) clearly, plainly, of course : in answers, yes plainly.

δηλαῖνω, collat. form of δηλόομαι.
ΔΗΛΕΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἴσομαι : pf. δεδήλημαι, inf. δεδήλησθαι in pass. sense : Dep. :—to hurt greatly, do a mischief to, destroy, Lat. *delere* : absol. to do mischief, be hurtful : of things, καρπὸν δηλήσασθαι to waste the fruit ; ὅρκια δηλήσασθαι to break oaths. Hence

δῆλημα, atos, τό, mischief, ruin, bane.
δηλήμων, ov, gen. ovos, baneful : as Subst., βροτῶν δηλήμων destroyer of men.

δῆλησις, εως, ἡ, (δηλέομαι) ruin, bane.
δηλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δηλέομαι) a destroyer. Hence
δηλητήριος, ov, baneful, destructive.
Δήλια, τά, v. sub Δήλιος.

Δηλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Δῆλος) a Delian woman.
Δήλιος, α, ov, (Δῆλος) Delian : τὰ Δήλια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δηλον-ἔτι, Adv. for δηλον ὅτι, = δηλαδή, it is plain that, clearly, of course : also namely, Lat. *videlicet*.

δηλο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (δῆλος, ποιέω) to make manifest.
Δῆλος, ἡ, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis : called also Ὀπυνγία. From
δῆλος, η, ov, also os, ov ; contr. from δέελος, visible, clear. 2. manifest, evident, certain ; δῆλον as Adv. clearly, plainly. Hence

δηλόω, f. ὥσω, to shew, make visible or clear : to point out, make known. 2. to prove : to declare, explain, set forth : also to signify. 3. to point out, order.

II. intrans. = δῆλός εἰμι, to be clear or plain ; δηλοῖ ὅτι οὐκ Ὀμήρου τὰ Κύπρια, ἔπειά ἐστι it is clear that... Hence

δῆλως, Adv. of δῆλος, manifestly.
δῆλωσις, εως, ἡ, a pointing out, explaining. 2. a direction, command.

δημαγωγία, f. ἴσω, (δημαγωγός) to be a popular leader or demagogue.

δημαγωγία, ἡ, the conduct or character of a public leader : and

δημαγωγικός, ἡ, ov, fit for a popular leader. From
δημ-αγωγός, ὁ, (δημος, ἄγω) a popular leader, a mob-leader, demagogue.

δημᾶκτιδιον, τό, a comic Dim. of δῆμος.

δημ-ἀράτος, ov, (δημος, ἀράσμαι) prayed for by the people : prop. n. of a king of Sparta.

δημαρχία, f. ἴσω, to be demarch or tribune. Hence
δημαρχία, ἡ, the office of demarch, tribunate ; and
δημαρχικός, ἡ, ov, tribunician. From

δημ-αρχος, ὁ, (δημος, ἄρχω) at Athens, the president of a δῆμος, who kept the registers, a demarch :—at Rome, a tribune, Lat. *tribunus plebis*.

δημευστός, εως, ἡ, confiscation. From
δημεύω, f. σω, (δημος) to declare public property : to confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. *publicare*. 2. generally, to make public.

δημηγορέω, f. ἴσω, (δημηγόρος) to be a public orator ; to harangue the people, Lat. *concionari*.

δημηγορία, ἡ, a deliberative speech : a speech in the public assembly ; and
δημηγορικός, ἡ, ov, of public speaking, qualified for it. From

δημ-ηγόρος, ὁ, (δημος, ἀγορεύω) one who harangues the people, a public speaker, Lat. *concionator*.

δημηλᾶσία, ἡ, exile. From
δημ-ῆλᾶστος, ov, (δημος, ἐλαίνω) publicly exiled.

Δη-μήτηρ, ἡ : gen. τερος and τρος : acc. τερα or τρα, also Δημητραν : (δῆ for γῆ, μήτηρ) :—Demeter, Lat. Ceres, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proserpine.

δημίδιον, τό, comic Dim. of δῆμος. [ιδ]
δημιζέω, f. ἴσω, (δημος) to affect the popular side, cheat the people.

δημιό-πρᾶτα, τά, (δήμιος, πιπράσκω) goods seized by public authority, confiscated goods.

δήμιος, ov, Dor. δάμιος, α, ov : (δήμιος) :—belonging to the people ; δῆμοι αἰσυνῆται judges elected by the people :—as Adv., δῆμα πίνειν to drink at the public cost. 2. δήμιος, ὁ, as Subst., the public executioner.

δημιουργία, f. ἴσω, to be a workman, to work ; and
δημιουργία, ἡ, workmanship, work ; and
δημιουργικός, ἡ, ov, of or for a workman. Adv.

—ως, in a workmanlike fashion. From
δημι-ουργός, ποῖτ. δημο-εργός, ov, (δήμιος, ἔργον) : working for the people : as Subst., δημιουργός, ὁ, a workman, handicraftsman : generally, a maker, author : metaph., ὁρθρος δημιουργός morn that calls man to work. 2. the Maker of the world. II. name of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, ov, (δήμιος, βορά) devourer of the people.
δημο-γέρων, ovτος, ὁ, (δήμιος, γέρον) an elder of the people ; generally, an elder, chief : in plur., the nobles, chiefs, like Lat. *senatores*.

δημόθεν, Adv. (δῆμος) at the public cost. II. by dem or birthplace.

δημό-θροος, ov, contr. -θροος, ουν (δήμιος, θρέω) uttered by the people.

δημοκοπέω, f. ἴσω, to curry mob favour ; and
δημοκοπικός, ἡ, ov, suited to a demagogue. From

δημó-κοπος, ὁ, (δήμιος, κόπτω) a demagogue.

δημó-κραντος, ov, (δήμιος, κραινῶ) ratified by the people.

δημο-κράτέομαι, Pass. (δήμιος, κρατέω) to have a democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence

δημοκρατία, ἡ, democracy, popular government. Hence

δημοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to a democracy.

δημό-λευστος, ον, (δῆμος, λείω) stoned by the people;

δημόλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.

δημόδομαι, Dep. (δῆμος) to talk popularly, to jest.

δημο-πίθηκος, ὁ, (δῆμος, πίθηκος) a mob-monkey, charlatan.

δημορ-ρίψης, ὅς, (δῆμος, ῥίπτω) hurled by the people.

ΔΗ΄ ΜΟΣ, ὁ, a country-district, opp. to πόλις; ἐν

δῆμῳ Ἰθάκης; μάλα πῖονα δῆμον, etc. II. the

commons, common people, plebeians, Lat. plebs, δῆμου ἀνὴρ, opp. to βασιλεὺς; also δῆμος ἑάν being a commoner.

III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens, the commons, the people, the citizens: hence 2. a popular constitution, democracy.

IV. δῆμοι in Attica, townships or hundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions

of the φυλαί; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in number, 10 in each φυλή.

ΔΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, fat.

δημοσίᾳ, Adv. see δημόσιος.

δημοσιεύω, = δημεύω, to confiscate. II. intr. to lead a public life, opp. to ἰδιωτεύω, to belong to the state. From

δημόσιος, α, ον, (δῆμος) belonging to the people or state, Lat. publicus. II. ὁ δημόσιος (sub. δοῦλος), a public officer or servant of mean rank, as the public scribe, or watchman.

III. as neut., δημόσιον, the state, Lat. respublica. 2. any public building: the public prison.

IV. Doric fem. ἡ δαμοσία (sub. σκηνή), the tent of the Spartan kings. 2. dat. δημοσίᾳ, Ion. -ῇ, as Adv., in public, at the public expense. Hence

δημοσιόω, f. ὥσω, = δημεύω, to confiscate.

δημο-τελής, ἑς, (δῆμος, τέλος) at the public cost, public, national.

δημότερος, α, ον, (δῆμος) common, vulgar.

δημότης, ον, ὁ, (δῆμος) one of the people: a commoner, plebeian. II. a member of the same δῆμος, a fellow-citizen.

δημοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δῆμος) suiting the people, common: public. II. of the populace, one of them, Lat. plebeius.

III. on the democratic side, Lat. popularis: generally, popular:—Adv. -κῶς, affably, kindly.

IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme, opp. to δημόσιος.

δημ-οὔχος, ον, (δῆμος, ἔχω) protecting the people, tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημοῖχοι γὰς guardians of the land.

δημο-φάγος, ον, (δῆμος, φάγειν) = δημοβόρος.

δημο-χαρίστης, οὗ, ὁ, (δῆμος, χαρίζομαι) flatterer of the people.

δημ-ώδης, ἐς, (δῆμος, εἶδος) like the people, popular, common.

δῆν, Dor. δάν, (δῆ, ἡδῆ) Adv. Lat. diu, long, for a long while, this long time: long ago. Hence

δηνάος, Dor. δᾶναός, ὁ, ὄν, long-lived: aged, ancient.

δηνάριον, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή, being about 3½d.

ΔΗ΄ ΝΕΑ, τά, counsels, plans, arts: only in plur.

δξί-θυμος, ον, (δάκνω, θυμός) heart-eating.

δῆξομαι, fut. of δάκνω.

δηοῦν, inf. of δηῖω: but δῆθουν, Ep. impf.

δῆ-ποθεν, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. undecunque; ὅποθεν δῆποθεν from some quarter or other.

δῆ-ποτε, Dor. δῆ-ποκα, indef. Adv., often written δῆποτε, at some time, once, once on a time:—el δῆποτε, Lat. si quando:—τί δῆποτε; Lat. quidnam?

δῆ-που, indef. Adv., often written δῆ που, perhaps, it may be: doubtless, I suppose, Lat. scilicet, nimirum.

II. as interrog. implying an affirm. answer; τὴν αἰχμάλωτον κάτοισθα δῆπου; you know the captive woman, I presume?

δῆ-πουθεν, indef. Adv., = δῆπου.

δηρίαομαι, Ep. 3 dual δηρίασθον, 3 pl. δηρίαοντο, inf. δηρίασσαι: Dep.: (δῆρις):—to contend, fight: to quarrel, wrangle.

δηρινθήτην, v. sub sq.

ΔΗ΄ ΡΙΣ, tos and ews, ἡ, fight, battle, contest.

δῆρι-φάτος, ον, (δῆρις, φάω) slain in fight.

δῆριός, aor. I ἐδήρισα, = δηρίαομαι:—Med. δηρίαομαι, fut. δηρίαομαι [I]: 3 pl. aor. I med. δηρίασαντο; also 3 dual aor. I pass. δηρινθήτην, as if from δηρίαομαι.

δῆρι-βός, Dor. δαρόβος, ον, (δῆρός, βίος) longlived.

δῆρός, ὁ, ὄν, (δῆν) long, too long:—in bad sense, neut. δῆρόν as Adv., all too long.

δῆράσκετο, Ep. for ἐδήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέω.

δῆσε, Ep. for ἐδῆσε, 3 sing. aor. I of δέω, to bind: also Ep. for ἐδέησε, aor. I of δέω, to want.

δῆτα, Adv. (δῆ) certainly, to be sure, of course; in answers, yes certainly; οὐ δῆτα, certainly not. In questions, τί δῆτα; what then?

δῆχθεῖς, δῆχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of δάκνω.

ΔΗ΄ Ω, I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

Δῆω, ἡ, gen. δός, contr. οὖς, = Δημήτηρ, Lat. Ceres. δῆών, contr. for δηῖών, pres. part. of δηῖω.

Δῆῳς, α, ον, (Δῆώ) sacred to Demeter (Ceres).

δῆσας, δῆσθεις, aor. I part. act. and med. of δηῖω.

δῆσω, fut. of δηῖω.

Δί, contr. for Διί, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δίς.

ΔΙΑ΄, poet. διαί, Prep. with gen. and acc.—Radic. sense, right through.

WITH GEN., I. of Place or Space, through, out at; δι' ἡέρος αἰθέρ' ἵκανεν quite through the lower air even to the ether; ἔκπεπε καὶ διὰ πάντων he stood out from among them. 2. of Intervals of Space, διὰ πολλοῦ at a great distance; διὰ πέντε σταδίων at a distance of 5 stades; διὰ δέκα ἐπάλξεων at intervals of ten battlements, i. e. at every tenth battlement.

II. of Time, through, throughout, during, and, of the past, since; διὰ χρόνου after some time. 2. of Successive Intervals; διὰ τρίτης ἡμέρης every third day; διὰ πέντε ἐτῶν every five years.

III. arising from, through, by means of,

by, Lat. *per*; δι' ἀγγέλου λέγειν, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, διὰ σπουδῆς with earnestness.

WITH ACC. of Place, *through, throughout*; διὰ δῶμα *throughout* the house. 2. of Time, *during, by*; διὰ νύκτα *by night*. II. *with a view to, on account, for the sake, by reason of*; διὰ πολλά *for many reasons*.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., *throughout*.

IN COMPOS., I. *all through, across*, as in διαβαίνω. 2. *to the end*, as in δια-βιῶν, δια-μάχομαι; hence simply to add strength, *thoroughly, completely*. II. *between, partly*, esp. in Adj., as διάλευκος, etc. III. *one with or against another*, as δι-φθῶν. IV. *one from another, asunder*, Lat. *dis-*, as in δια-λύω.

Διά, acc. of Ζεύς; v. nom. *Δίς.

Δία, ἡ, the godlike one, fem. of διός; δία θεῶν or γυναικῶν, a goddess among goddesses or women. διαβαδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to go across.

δια-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι; aor. 2 -έβην, part. διαβάς; pf. -βέβηκα; I. intr. to make a stride, stand with the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors. II. c. acc. to step across, step over; also absol. to cross over, like Lat. *trajicere*.

διαβάλλω (for the tenses, v. βάλλω), to throw over or across, carry over or across; seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτόν, στρατόν, etc.) like Lat. *trajicere*, to pass over, cross over. II. to accuse falsely, slander, calumniate; to accuse a man to another. III. to mislead, impose upon.

διαβάς, aor. 2 part. of διαβαίνω. διαβάσσει, εως, ἡ, (διαβαίνω) a crossing over, passage. 2. a means or place of crossing.

διαβάσσω, Frequent. of διαβαίνω, to strut about. δια-βαστάζω, f. ἄσω, to weigh in the balance. δια-βατέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, that must be crossed.

διαβατήριος, ον, (διαβαίνω) with a view to a fortunate passage; διαβατήρια (ἱερὰ), τὰ, offerings for a happy passage.

διαβατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, to be crossed or passed, fordable.

δια-βεβαίωμα, Dep. to maintain strongly.

διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβίω.

διαβεβλήκα, pf. of διαβάλλω.

διαβεβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσκω.

διαβήμεναι, Ep. for διαβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήσομαι, fut. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήτης, ου, ὁ, (διαβαίνω) a pair of compasses.

δια-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι.

δια-βιβάζω, fut. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of διαβαίνω, to carry across.

δια-βιβρώσκω, f. -βρώσομαι; pf. pass. -βέβρωμαι; —to devour.

δια-βιῶν, f. -ώσομαι; aor. 2 -εβίον, inf. -βιῶναι (as if from a pres. δια-βίωμι); —to live through, pass. 2.

absol. c. part., μελετῶν διαβεβιωκέναι to spend one's life in practising.

δια-βλέπω, f. ψομαι, to look through; to look straight before one. 2. to see clearly.

διαβληθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of διαβάλλω.

διαβοάω, f. ἤσομαι, to shout or cry out, proclaim, publish; —Med. to contend in shouting.

διαβολή, ἡ, (διαβάλλω) false accusation, slander, calumny.

διαβολία, ἡ, = διαβολή.

διάβολος, ον, (διαβάλλω) falsely accusing, slanderous, calumnious; —as Subst., διάβολος, ὁ, a slanderer; esp. ὁ διάβολος, the Slanderer, the Devil. Adv.

διαβόλως, invidiously.

διαβόρος, ον, (διαβιβρώσκω) eating through; c. acc., νόστος διαβόρος πόδα a sore that eats through my foot. II. διάβορος, ον, pass. eaten through, consumed.

δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., to deliberate well. δια-βρέχω, f. ξω, to wet through. Hence

διάβροχος, ον, very wet, wet, moist. 2. soaked, steeped; ναῦς διάβροχαι soaked, i. e. rotten ships. διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρώσκω.

δια-βύνω, δια-βύνω, δια-βύω, to thrust through; —Pass. to be thrust or passed through.

διαβῶ, ἦς, ἦ, aor. 2 subj. of διαβαίνω.

δια-γαλήνιζω, f. ἴσω, (διά, γαλήνη) to make quite calm.

δι-αγγέλλω, f. -ελῶ; aor. 1 διήγγειλα; —to send as a message; generally, to give notice, notify, proclaim; c. inf. to order to do; —Med. to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another.

δι-ἄγγελος, ὁ, a messenger between two, Lat. *inter-nuncios*; a go-between, spy.

διᾶγε, Dor. for διήγε, 3 sing. impf. of διάγω.

διαγεγίνμαι, pf. of διαγίνομαι.

δια-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh at, mock.

διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγίνομαι.

διαγεγόμενος, aor. 2 part. of sq.

δια-γίνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, pf. -γεγένημαι; —to go through, pass; absol. to go through life, survive, live. 2. to be between, intervene, elapse.

δια-γινώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι; —to discern between two, to distinguish, Lat. *discernere*. II. to resolve finally, determine, vote to do so and so. 2. as Athen. law-term, to give judgment, decide.

διαγίνομαι, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγίνομαι.

διαγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγινώσκω.

δι-αγκυλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι, Dep.: (διά, ἀγκύλη); —to hold the javelin by its thong; pf. pass. part. διηκυλισμένος, with the thong ready fastened, ready to throw or shoot.

δι-αγκυλόομαι, = διαγκυλίζομαι.

δια-γλάφω, f. ψω, aor. 1 διέγλαφα, to hollow out.

διά-γλυπτος, η, ον, (διά, γλύφω) all carved.

διαγνώμη, ἡ, a final decree, resolution. From

διαγνώω, aor. 2 inf. of διαγινώσκω.

δια-γνώριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to inquire accurately.

διάγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (διαγινώσκω) a discerning between

two, distinguishing, discrimination.
ing, deciding.

διαγνώσμαι, fut. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter, murmur.

δι-ἀγορεύω, (for the tenses, v. ἀγορεύω) to speak plainly, declare.

II. to speak of.

διαγράμμα, atos, τό, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometrical figure, diagram. 2. a register. 3. an edict.

διαγραφή, ή, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines: a diagram.

δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw out.

II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. circumscribere; δ. δίκην to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quash it: in Med., διαγράφασθαι δίκην to cross one's own cause out, withdraw it.

δια-γρηγορέω, f. ήσω, to remain awake.

δι-αγριάλω, to be much provoked.

δι-αγρυπνέω, f. ήσω, to lie wide awake.

δι-άχω, f. γχω, to strangle to death.

δι-άγω, f. άζω, aor. 2 διήγαγον:—to carry over or across, take across.

II. of Time, to pass, spend;

διάγειν βίον, etc.: but often without βίον, to live, pass life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off: c. part. to continue, go on doing.

III. to make to continue, keep, support.

IV. to entertain.

V. to keep, celebrate.

δι'αγωγή, ή, a carrying across. II. a passing of life, a course of life: also a way of passing time, amusement, pastime.

δι-αγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight against. II. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

δια-δάπτω, f. ψω, to tear asunder, rend.

δια-δάτομαι, fut. -δάσομαι: aor. I -εδασάμην (cf. δατέομαι):—to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέεσθαι, pf. of διαδέχομαι.

διαδεδράκα, pf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to shew through: hence to make clear, shew:—Pass. to be shewn clearly διαδεικνύσθω ἐν πολέμοις let him be declared the king's enemy.

II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. I διέδεξε, it was clear, manifest.

διαδέκτωρ, opos, ό, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited.

δια-δέξιος, ov, (διά, δεξιός) of right good omen.

δια-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 ἐδράκον: Dep.:—to see a thing through another; οὐδ' ἂν νῶϊ διαδράκω he would not see us through it, sc. the cloud.

διάδετος, ov, (διαδέω) bound fast; χαλινὸν διάδετοι γενύων ἵππων firm-bound through the horse's mouth.

δια-δέχομαι, f. δέξομαι: pf. -δέεσθαι: Dep.:—to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. pers. to succeed to, relieve on guard:—hence in pf. part. διαδεγεγμένον, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim.

δια-δέω, f. δήσω, to bind round, bind fast: generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλέομαι, Dep. to tear in pieces.

διά-δηλος, ov, manifest or distinguished among others.

διάδημα, atos, τό, (διαδέω) a band or fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τίραπα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (α): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 -έδραν: pf. -δέδρακα:—to run off, escape, get away.

δια-δίδωμι, f. δώσω, to give from hand to hand, pass on, give over, Lat. tradere. 2. to distribute, assign. 3. to spread about, publish.

δια-δικάζω, f. άσω, to give judgment in a case: c. acc. rei, to decide, rule:—Med. to go to law: to plead one's cause.

δια-δικαίω, f. άσω, to hold to be right.

διαδικασία, ή, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle disputed claims.

δια-διφρεύω, f. σω, to run a chariot-race.

διαδοβέω, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

δια-δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, to test closely.

διάδος, ύτω, aor. 2 imperat. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδοσις, εως, ή, (διαδίδωμι) distribution.

διαδούναί, aor. 2 inf. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδοχή, ή, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; εκ διαδοχής or κατά διαδοχήν in turn. 2. a relief on guard.

διάδοχος, ό, ή, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding; as Subst., διάδοχος, ό, a successor; ύπνου φέργος διάδοχον Sleep's successor, Light; διάδοχοι έφοίτων they went to work in gangs or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of διαδέρκομαι.

διαδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέχω.

διαδράναι Ion. -δρήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δραπετεύω Ion. δια-δρηγ-, to escape entirely.

διαδράσι-πολίται, οι, (διαδιδράσκω, πολίτης) citizens who evade public duties.

διαδράσσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρηστεύω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρομή, ή, (διαδραμειν) a running through a place. 2. a passage through.

διάδρομος, ov, (διαδραμειν) running through or about, wandering: vagabond, stray.

δια-δύνω or -δύω; also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. δύσομαι: aor. 2 διέδυν:—to pass through: slip away, get off, escape.

διαδύς, aor. 2 part. of διαδύνω, διαδύομαι.

δια-δύω, v. διαδύνω.

δι-άδω, f. άσομαι, v. διαείδω.

δια-δωρέομαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δι-άει, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of διάημι.

*δια-είδω, f. -είσομαι: aor. 2 διείδον (q. v.):—to shew for 'b, prove: as Pass., ἀρετή διαείδεται courage is discern'd.

δι' αείδω, Att. contr. διάδω: f. -αείσομαι contr. -άσομαι:—to sing for a prize.

δια-εμένος, pf. part. pass. of διήμι.

δια-ειπεῖν, δια-ειπέναι, Ep. inf. of διεῖπον.

δια-ζάω, inf. διαζήν: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω:—to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. to live by doing so and so, διαζώσι ποιηφάγοντες: διαζήν από τινος to live off or by a thing.

δια-ζεύγνυμι, f. ζεύξω, to disjoin. Hence διαζεύγεις, εως, ἡ, a disjoining.
διαζηγῶ, f. ἥσω, to search through: to seek out, invent.

διαζυγία, ἡ, (διά, ζυγόν) = διάζευξις.
διάζωμα, ατος, τό, that which is girt, the waist. II. that which girds, a girdle. From

δια-ζώννυμι or -ῶω: fut. -ζώσω:—to gird round: Med. to gird oneself with a belt, etc.

δια-ζῶω, Ion. for δια-ζάω.

δι-άημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. δάει, to blow or breathe through.

δια-θεόμαι, f. άσσομαι [ά], Ion. ἥσομαι: Dep.:—to look through, look closely at, examine.

δια-θειώω, f. ώσω, to fumigate.

διάθεσις, εως, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposing in order, arrangement. 2. = διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.) a disposition, state, condition.

διαθέτης, ου, ὁ, (διατίθημι) one who disposes in order, a regulator, arranger.

δια-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run about: of reports, to spread.

διαθήκη, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a disposition of property by will; a will and testament: also a covenant.

δια-θορυβέω, f. ἥσω, to confound utterly.

δια-θρέω, f. ἥσω, to look through, look closely into, examine closely.

δια-θροέω, f. ἥσω, to spread a report, give out.

δια-θρῦλλω or -θρῦλλω, f. ἥσω, to spread abroad: —Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly reported.

II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf. part. διαθερῦλημένος.

δια-θρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. διετρύπην [ῥ]:—to break in pieces, shiver. II. metaph. to weaken, enervate:—Pass. to be broken down, enervated: to live riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs.

διαθρυιάζω, f. άσω, to be quite clear and fine. From

δί-αιθρος, ου, (διά, αἶθρα) quite clear and fine.

δι-αιθρῶσω, to rush or dart to and fro.

δι-αιμος, ου, (διά, αἷμα) blood-stained.

δαίτω, f. άνώ: aor. έδηνα:—much like λαίτω, to wet, moisten:—Med., δαίνεσθαι άσσε to wet one's eyes: absol. to weep. II. to weep for, bewail.

διαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, a dividing, division, esp. of a class into its constituent parts; and

δαίπερος, η, ου, divided: divisible: hence distinguishable. II. distributed. From

δι-αιρέω, f. ἥσω: aor. 2 διεἶλον:—Pass., aor. 1 διηρέθην: pf. διήρημαι:—to divide, part or cleave in twain: to cut open, to tear away, pull down. II. to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves. III. to determine, put an end to: to define, interpret.

δι-αίρω, f. -αῖρῶ, to raise up, lift up. II. to part asunder: διαίρειν τὸ στόμα to open the mouth.

δι-αίτσω, f. -αἴτω: Att. δι-άσσω, -άττω, fut. ήξω: aor. 1 διήξα:—to rush through or across: of sound, to shoot through the air.

δι-αῖστώ, f. άσω, (διά, αἶστος) to make an end of. ΔΙΑΪΤΑ, ἡ, life, a way of living, mode of life. 2. a place for living, a dwelling. II. at Athens, arbitration. Hence

διατάω, f. ἥσω: impf. έδιατῶν or διητῶν: aor. 1 έδιατήσα or διήτησα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plqpf. έδεδιήτηκειν:—Pass., aor. 1 διητήθην: pf. δεδιήτημαι:—to maintain, support:—Pass. to lead a certain course of life, to live. II. to be arbiter or umpire: generally, to regulate, govern. Hence

διατήματα, ατος, τό, mostly in plur. rules of life, a mode or course of life.

διατητήριον, τό, (διατάω) dwelling-rooms.

διατητής, ου, ὁ, (διατάω II) an arbitrator, umpire, Lat. arbiter.

δια-καθαίρω, f. -καθάρῶ, and δια-καθαρίζω, f. ιώ, to cleanse or purge thoroughly.

διακαθαριέω, 3 sing. fut. of διακαθαρίζω.

δια-καθίζω, fut. -ιζήσω and -ιῶ, to make to sit apart, set apart.

δια-καίω, f. -καύσω: pass. pf. διακέκαυμαι:—to burn through, set on fire, heat to excess.

δια-κανάσσω, aor. 1 διεκάναξα, of liquid, to run gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.)

δια-καρτερέω, f. ἥσω, to endure to the end, last out.

δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχόμεν:—to confute utterly.

διάκαιμα, ατος, τό, (διακαίω) burning heat.

δια-καυιάζω, (καυνός) to determine by lot.

δια-καέω, f. άσω, to split asunder.

διά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι:—used as Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a certain state: to be disposed or affected in a certain manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικῶς διακείσθαι to be friendly disposed; ύπόπτως διακείσθαι to be suspiciously disposed; κακῶς διακείσθαι to be in a sorry plight, etc. II. of things, to be settled, fixed; τὰ διακείμενα certain terms.

δια-κείρω, fut. -κερῶ and -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα:—to cut in pieces: to make null and void, frustrate: deprive of; σκευάρια διακεκαρμένους stripped of his trappings. II. to break through, transgress.

διακέναισμαι, pf. pass. of διακείρω.

διακεκρίμαι, pf. pass. of διακρίνω.

δια-κελεύομαι, Dep. to give orders to different persons, to exhort. 2. to encourage one another. 3. to admonish, inform. Hence

διακελευσμός, ό, an exhortation, cheering on.

διά-κενος, ου, quite empty, hollow.

δια-κέομαι, Ion. for διάκειμαι.

δια-κερματίζω, f. ισω Att. ιῶ, (διά, κέρμα) to change into small coin.

διακέρομαι, aor. 1 inf. of διακείρω.

δια-κηρυέομαι, Dep. to negotiate by herald.

δια-κηρύσσω, f. ήω, to proclaim by herald: to sell by auction.

δια-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run all risks, make a desperate

rate effort:—Pass. to be hazarded; διακεκινδυνεμένος, η, ον, desperate.

δια-κινέω, f. ἦσω, to move throughout, throw into disorder. II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. excutere.

III. Pass. to be put in motion, move. δια-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I διέκλασα, Ep. part. διακλάσας:—to break in twain:—διακεκλασμένος enervated.

δια-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to carry off by stealth. II. to save by stealth:—Med., with aor. 2 pass. διεκλάπην [ᾶ], to steal away, get safe off. III. to keep back by stealth.

δια-κληρώ, f. ὠσω, to assign by lot, allot. 2. to choose by lot:—Med. to cast lots.

δια-κλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence διάκλινσις, εως, ἡ, a turning away, retreat. δια-κλύζω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to wash thoroughly, wash. δια-κναίω, f. -κναίωσι:—Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι: pf. διακναισμαι:—to scrape or grate to nothing: to wear away: to crush in pieces:—Pass. to be worn away, destroyed; τὸ χρώμα διακναισμένους having lost all his colour.

δια-κνίξω, f. σω, to pull to pieces. δια-κοιρανέω, to rule through or over. διακοιμήθῃ, ἡ, a carrying over or across. From δια-κομίζω, (for the tenses, v. κομίζω) to carry over or across:—Med. to carry over what is one's own:—Pass. to pass or cross over.

διακονέω, Ion. διηκονέω: f. ἦσω: impf. ἐδιᾶκόνουν and διηκόνουν, aor. I ἐδιᾶκόνησα and διηκόνησα: pf. δεδιᾶκόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιᾶκόνηθην: pf. δεδιᾶκόνημαι: (διάκονος):—to wait on, serve: to furnish, supply:—Med. to serve oneself. Hence

διακονία, ἡ, service, business. 2. attendance on a duty, ministry. 3. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ᾶ], Ion. διήκονος, ὁ, ἡ, a servant, waiting-man: a messenger. 2. a minister of the church, esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

δι-ἄκοντιζω, f. ἰσω, to throw a javelin at:—Med. to contend with another at throwing the javelin.

δια-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut in two, cut through: to break asunder, break through. II. intr. to break through, burst through.

δια-κορέω and -κορεύω, (διά, κόρη) to ravish.

δια-κορορῶ, f. ἦσω, to rumble through.

διά-κορος, ον, (διά, κορέννυμι) satiated, glutted.

δι-ἄκόσιοι, Ion. διηκόσιοι, αι, α, (δῖς, εκατόν) two hundred, Lat. ducenti: in sing. with noun of multitude, ἵππος διακοσία two hundred horse.

δια-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to divide and arrange: to muster:—Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθεῖμεν, Ep. for διακοσμηθήμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of διακοσμέω.

δι-ἄκούω, f. ούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to bear through, bear out: to bear from another.

δια-κράζω, f. ξω, to cry aloud: to scream against another.

δια-κρέω, f. ξω, to strike the strings of the lyre.

δια-κρηνώ, Dor. -κρᾶνώ: f. ὠσω: (διά, κρήνη): to make to flow, pour forth.

δι-ακριβέω, f. ὠσω, (διά, ακριβής) to inquire closely into, have an accurate knowledge of.

διακριδόν, Adv. (διακρίνω) separately: eminently, above all, Lat. eximie.

διακριθίσομαι, fut. I pass. of διακρίνω.

διακριθῶ, aor. I pass. subj. of διακρίνω.

διακρίνει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of διακρίνω.

διακριθείς, Ep. for διακριθείς, aor. I part. pass. of διακρίνω.

διακριθήμεναι, Ep. for διακριθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of διακρίνω.

δια-κρίνω, f. ἵνω: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω):—to separate, divide: to part combatants:—Pass. to be parted or dissolved: to disperse. 2. to distinguish, tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decide a dispute; διακρίναι ἀρεσύναι to make a choice:—Med. to get a dispute decided:—Pass. of persons, to come to a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. II. to make a distinction: set apart for holy purposes.

III. in Med. to doubt, hesitate. Hence διάκρισις, εως, ἡ, a separating, parting. 2. a deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing. διακρίτεον, verb. Adj. of διακρίνω, one must decide. διακρίτος, ον, (διακρίνω) distinguished: excellent. διακροτέω, f. ἦσω, to strike or break through. διακρούω, εως, ἡ, a driving away, putting off.

δια-κρούω, f. σω, to try or prove by knocking. II. Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of, evade or elude by delays.

διάκτορος, ον, or διάκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (διάγω) the Conductor, Guide; epith. of Hermes.

δια-κυβάω, (κύβος) to play at dice together.

δια-κύκλω, f. ἦσω, to mix together.

δια-κύντω, f. ψω, to stoop and creep through: to peep through, pry into.

διακυλῆτης, οὔ, ὁ, a binder, obstructer. From δια-κυλύνω, f. ὕσω, to hinder, check: to prevent.

διακωχή, incorrect form of διοκωχή.

δια-λαγχάνω, f. -λήσομαι: aor. 2 διέλαχον:—to divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

δια-λαῖκω, f. ἦσω, to crack asunder, burst.

δια-λακτίζω, f. ἰσω, to kick away.

δια-λάλω, f. ἦσω, to talk over with.

δια-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον: pf. -έληφα; pass. -έλημμαι or διαλέλημμαι, Ion. -λέλαμμαι:—to take or receive separately.

II. to grasp with both hands, embrace, Lat. complexi: as Gymnastic term, to clasp round the waist. 2. to grasp with the mind, comprehend.

III. to separate, divide, Lat. dirimere: to distinguish: also to interpret. 2. to cut off, intercept. 3. to distribute.

δια-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine or flash through: of the day, to dawn.

δια-λανθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. 2 -έλαθον: pf. -έληθα:—to escape notice: c. acc. pers. to escape the notice of.

διαλαχῆν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλαγχάνω.
 δι-αλγῆς, ἐς, (διά, ἄλγος) giving great pain, grievous.
 II. suffering great pain.
 δια-λέγω, f. ξω, to pick out, choose. II. διαλέγομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -λέγομαι, also pass. -λεχθήσομαι: aor. 1 med. διελέξαμην, pass. διελέχθην: pf. -είλεγμαι:—to converse, reason, talk with. — 2. absol. to use a dialect or language. 3. to discourse, argue.
 δια-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. -έλιπον: pf. -λέλοιπα, pass. -λέλειμαι:—to leave an interval: plqpf. pass. διελέειπτο impers, a gap had been left. 2. intrans. to be placed at intervals: τὸ διαλείπειν a gap. II. to leave off, cease: c. part. to leave off doing. 2. of Time, to intervene, elapse.
 δια-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick clean.
 διαλεκτικός, ῆ, ὄν, (διαλέγομαι) skilled in discourse or argument: ἡ διαλεκτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of debating or arguing.
 διάλεκτος, ῆ, (διαλέγω) discourse, conversation: debate, argument. II. speech, language. 2. the language of a country, technically a dialect.
 διαλέληθα, pf. of διαλανθάνω.
 διαλέλημαι, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.
 διαλέλυκα, διαλέλυμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλύω.
 διαλελύμασμαι, pf. of διαλυμαίνομαι.
 διάλειψις, εως, ῆ, = διὰλεκτος 1.
 διαλέξομαι, fut. of διαλέγομαι.
 διαλεπτο-λογέομαι, Dep. (διάλεπτος, λέγω) to discourse subtly.
 διά-λεπτος, ὄν, (διά, λεπτός) very small or narrow: very subtle.
 διά-λευκος, ὄν, marked with white.
 διαλεχθήναι, aor. 1 inf. of διαλέγομαι.
 διαλήσω, fut. of διαλανθάνω.
 διαλήψην, aor. 2 inf. of διαλείπω.
 διαλλάγῃ, ῆ, (διαλλάσσω) an interchange: a change from enmity to friendship, a reconciliation, treaty of peace: usu. in plur.
 διάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (διαλλάσσω) that which is put in the place of another, a changeling.
 διαλλακτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and διαλλακτής, οὔ, ὅ, (διαλλάσσω) a mediator.
 δι-αλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: pf. διήλλαχα:—to give or take in exchange: hence to interchange, exchange. 2. to change from enmity to friendship, to reconcile one to another. II. Pass., with fut. med. διαλλάξομαι: aor. 1 διηλλάχθην, also aor. 2 διηλλάγην [ᾱ]: pf. διήλλαγμα:—to be reconciled, become friends.
 III. intr. to differ from one in a thing; so Pass., esp. in aor. 1 διαλλαχθῆναι, to be different.
 δι-αλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι, Dep. to leap over or across.
 δια-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσμαι Att. ιούμαι: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to settle accounts: hence to take full account of, consider fully. II. to converse, argue.
 διαλογισμός, ὅ, a settling of accounts. II.

calculation, consideration, reasoning. 2. discourse, conversation.
 διάλογος, ὅ, (διαλέγομαι) a conversation, dialogue.
 δια-λοιδορέομαι: aor. 1 pass. διελοιδορήθην: Dep.:—to abuse, rail at.
 διαλοῦνθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of διαλύω.
 δια-λυθῆναι, aor. 1 διελυθῆναι: pf. διαλελύμασμαι: Dep.:—to maltreat shamefully.
 διάλυσις, εως, ῆ, (διαλύω) a loosing one from anything, parting: a breaking up, destroying. II. an ending, cessation: cessation of hostilities, peace.
 διαλυσι-φίλος, ὄν, (διαλύω, φίλος) love-dissolving.
 δια-λύτης, οὔ, ὅ, (διαλύω) a breaker up, dissolver.
 διαλύτός, ῆ, ὄν, (διαλύω) dissolved: capable of dissolution.
 δια-λύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: pf. -λέλυκα: aor. 1 pass. -έλυθην [ῡ]: pf. -λέλυμαι:—to loose one from another, to part asunder: to break up, dismiss, disband. 2. to break off, put an end to. 3. to reconcile. 4. διαλύειν διαβολήν to do away with false accusations: also to pay off, discharge. II. to relax: to make supple and pliant.
 δι-αλφίτω, f. ὥσω, (διά, ἄλφитον) to fill full of barley-meal.
 δια-λωβάομαι, pf. -λελώβημαι (in pass. sense), Dep. to maltreat outrageously.
 δια-μαθῆναι, to grind to powder, raze to the dust, utterly destroy.
 δια-μαντεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι, to decide by means of an oracle.
 δια-μαρτάνω, f. ῆσομαι: aor. 2 -ἡμαρτον: pf. -ἡμαρτηκα. To miss entirely, go quite astray from, c. gen. 2. to fail utterly of, fail of obtaining. Hence διαμαρτία, ῆ, a total mistake: a wrong reckoning.
 δια-μαρτυρέω, f. ῆσω, as Att. law-term, to use a διαμαρτυρία (q. v.), to call evidence for or against an objection:—Pass., aor. 1 διεμαρτυρήθην, to be affirmed on evidence. Hence
 διαματυρία, ῆ, a calling evidence to support or refute an objection.
 διαμαρτυρόμαι [ῡ], f. ἔρῶμαι, Dep. to call solemnly to witness, to protest solemnly: also to abjure solemnly: to asseverate. II. to beg earnestly of, to conjure.
 δια-μάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to knead thoroughly, knead well up.
 δια-μάχομαι, fut. -μαχέσομαι, Att. -μαχοῦμαι, also -μαχήσομαι: Dep.:—to fight with, struggle against: to fight one with another. 2. to fight through, fight it out, Lat. depugnare.
 δι-αμάω, fut. ῆσω: aor. 2 διήμησα (διά, ἄμω):—to mow or cut through. 2. to scrape or clear away; so also in the Med.
 δια-μεθίγω, to leave quite off: to give up.
 δι-αμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange. II. Med. to change oneself from one place to another: to pass through or over. 2. absol. to change, alter.
 διαμείναι, aor. 1 inf. of διαμείνω.

διάμενις, εως, ἡ, (διαμεῖναι) an exchange.

δια-μελαινάω, f. ἀνώ, to make quite black.

δια-μελειστί, Adv. (διά, μέλος) limb by limb, piece-meal.

διαμέλλοις, εως, ἡ, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And

διαμελλήτης, οὔ, ὁ, one who continually delays. From

δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.

διαμεμένηκα, pf. of διαμένο.

διαμεννῆμαι, pf. of διαμνησκομαι.

δια-μέμφομαι, Dep. to blame exceedingly.

δια-μένω, (for the tenses, v. μένω) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. 3.

to continue, last, remain.

δια-μερίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, to divide: metaph. to cause dissension:—Pass. to disagree. Hence

διαμερισμός, ὁ, division: dissension.

δια-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure through, measure out or off: to measure out in portions:—Med. to have measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence

δια-μετρητός, ἡ, ὅν, measured out or off.

διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured out, a soldier's rations. From

διά-μετρος, ἡ, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal line. 2. the rule for drawing the diameter.

δια-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive.

δι-αμιλλάομαι, f. ἡσσομαι: aor. I διημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to contend furiously.

δια-μιμνήσκομαι, f. μνήσσομαι: pf. διαμνήσκειν: Pass.:—to keep in memory.

δια-μινύρομαι, Dep. to sing plaintively.

δια-μυστάλλω, f. ὕλω: aor. I -εμίστυλα:—to cut up piecemeal.

δια-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to call to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.

δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοῖρα) to divide, rend asunder. 2. Med. to portion out.

διάμπαξ, Adv. right through.

δι-αμπερές, (διά, ἀναπέρω) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through:—all in a piece. 2. of Time, throughout, for ever.

δια-μυδαλέος, α, ον, drowning.

δια-μυθολόγω, f. ἦσω, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.

δια-μυλλαινάω, f. ἀνώ, (διά, μύλλω) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).

δι-αμφιδίος, ον, (διά, ἀμφίς) utterly different.

δι-αμφισβητέω, f. ἦσω, to dispute, disagree.

δια-ναυμαχέω, f. ἦσω, to maintain a long sea-fight.

δι-ανδῖχα, Adv. two ways: διανδῖχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.

διανείμαι, aor. I inf. of διανέμω.

δι-ἀνεκής, ἐς, Dor. and Att. form of διηνεκής.

διανέμησις, εως, ἡ, distribution. From

δια-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I διένεμα: pf. -νεμέμκα:—to distribute, divide into portions:—Med. to divide

among themselves:—Pass. to spread abroad. II. to set in order, govern.

δια-νέομαι, Pass. to go through.

διανέστην, διανέστηκα, aor. and 2 pf. of διανίστημι.

δια-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon to.

δια-νέω, f. -νέυσσομαι, to swim across: swim through.

δια-νήχομαι, Dep. = διανέω.

δια-νίξω, f. -νίψω, to wash out, rinse.

δια-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go through.

δι-ανίστημι, fut. διαναστήσω:—to set up, make to stand. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf.

-έστηκα, to stand aloof from, depart from.

δια-νοέομαι, fut. -νόησομαι: aor. I -ενοήθην: pf.

-νένομαι: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose, Lat. mediari. Hence

διανόημα, ατος, τό, a thought, notion.

διανοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.

διανοιά, also διανοιά, ἡ, (διανοέομαι): I. thought: the intellect, mind. II. a thought, intention: a notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.

δι-ανοίγω, f. ξω, to open: hence to explain, expound.

διανοίχθην, aor. I imper. pass. of διανοίγω.

διανομέυς, εως, ὁ, (διανέμω) a distributor.

διανομή, ἡ, (διανέμω) distribution.

δι-ανταίω, α, ον, going right through: ἡ διανταία (sc. πληγή) a home-thrust:—metaph. unchanging, remorseless.

δι-αντλήω, f. ἦσω, to drain out, exhaust: metaph. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exbaurire.

δια-νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (διά, νύξ) to pass the night.

δι-ανύω or δι-ανύτω [ῥ]: f. ὕσω [ῥ]:—to bring quite to an end, finish: ὁδὸν διανύειν to finish a journey: so also διανύειν, without ὁδόν.

δια-ξαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to tear in pieces.

δια-ξείς, Dor. for διαξείς, 2 sing. fut. of διαξάω.

δια-ξίφισσομαι, Dep. (διά, ξίφος) to fight to the death.

δια-παιδεύομαι, Pass. to go through a course of education.

δια-πάλαίω, f. σω, to go on wrestling.

δια-πάλη, ἡ, a hard struggle.

δια-πάλλω, f. -πάλω, to distribute by lot.

δια-παλύνω, f. ὕνω, to shiver, shatter.

δια-παντός, Adv., = διὰ παντός, throughout.

δια-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.

δια-πατριβή, ἡ, (διά, πατριβή) an useless study: vain altercation.

δια-παρθενεύω, f. σω, (διά, παρθέος) to deflower.

δια-πασσάλευω, Att. -παπταλεύω: f. σω: (διά, πάσσαλος). To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a hide for tanning: also to fasten the extremities, as in crucifixion.

δια-πάσσω, Att. -πρω: f. -πάσω:—to sprinkle about.

δια-παύω, f. σω, to make to cease utterly: Pass. to cease to exist.

δι-απειλέω, f. ἦσω, to threaten violently:—also in Med.

δια-πεινάω, inf. -πεινῆν, to hunger one against the other, to contend which is the most hungry.

διάπειρα, ἡ, *an experiment, trial.*
 δια-πειράομαι, fut. ἄσσομαι [ᾶ] : aor. I -επειράθην : pf. -πεπείραμαι : Dep. :—to make trial or proof of a thing : c. gen. to have experience of a thing.
 δια-πείρω, f. -περῶ, to drive through.
 δια-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send about in different directions. II. to send over or across.
 διαπέπασμαι, pf. pass. of διαπάσσω.
 διαπεπείραμαι, pf. of διαπειράομαι.
 διαπεπολημέσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολεμέω.
 διαπέπνυμαι, pf. of διαπνύθηναι.
 δια-περαίνω, fut. ἀνῶ, to bring to an end.
 δια-περαιῶ, f. ὦσω, to take across, ferry over :—Pass. to be carried over, go across. 2. to draw entirely out of the sheath.
 διαπεράναι, aor. I inf. of διαπεραίνω.
 δια-περάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ] : to go over or across, to pass : to pass through.
 δια-πέρθω, f. πέρωσ : aor. 2 διέπρθον, Ep. inf. διαπραθῆναι : aor. 2 med. διεπράθετο, in pass. sense :—to destroy utterly, to sack, waste.
 διαπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διαπέρθω.
 διαπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπίπτω.
 διαπεσεῖσθαι, fut. inf. med. of διαπίπτω.
 δια-πετάμαι, = διαπέτομαι.
 δια-πεναννυμι or -ύνω : f. -πετάσω [ᾶ] :—to open and spread out.
 δια-πέτομαι, fut. -πήσομαι : aor. 2 -επτόμην or -επτάμην : Dep. :—to fly through. 2. to fly away, vanish.
 διαπεύσομαι, fut. of διαπνύθηναι.
 διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάω.
 διαπεφράδα, pf. of διαφράσσειν.
 δια-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω : aor. I med. διεπηγάμην :—to fasten together.
 δια-πηδάω, f. ἥσομαι, to leap through or across. II. intr. to make a leap.
 δια-πίαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (διά, πίων) to make very fat.
 δια-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω (for the tenses, v. πίμπλημι), to fill full of : Pass. to be quite full of.
 δια-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink against one another, challenge at drinking. [Ὶ]
 δια-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι : (for the tenses, v. πίπτω) :—to fall through, fall off or away, escape : to fail utterly, go quite wrong, turn out ill.
 δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, to entrust in confidence :—Pass. to have a thing entrusted one.
 δια-πλέκω, f. ξω, to interweave, weave together. II. to weave asunder, i. e. unweave : διαπλέκειν τὸν βίον to end the web or tissue of one's life.
 διαπλεύσας, aor. I part. of
 δια-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail through.
 δια-πληκτίζεμαι, Dep. to spar or skirmish with.
 δια-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to break in pieces, split, cleave.
 διάπλους, contr. -πλους, ὁ, (διαπλέω) as Adj. sailing across, passing over. II. as Subst., διάπλους, ὁ, a voyage across, passage. 2. a channel.

δια-απλώω, f. ὦσω, (διά, ἀπλός) to unfold.
 δια-πνέω, Ep. -πνεῖω : f. -πνεύσομαι : aor. I διέπνευσα :—to blow through, refresh, revive. II. to breathe at intervals, revive. III. Pass. to evaporate.
 δια-ποικίλλω, f. ἱλῶ, to variegate, adorn.
 διαπολεμέω, f. ἥσω, to carry the war through, end the war, Lat. debellare. 2. to carry on the war. II. to force from another by war. Hence
 δια-πολέμησις, εως, ἡ, a finishing of the war.
 δια-πολιορκέω, f. ἥσω, to besiege to the end, to blockade.
 δια-πομπεύω, f. σω, to carry the procession to an end. 2. to carry all round.
 διαπομπή, ἡ, (διαπέμπω) a sending backwards and forwards : negotiation.
 δια-πονώ, f. ἥσω, to work out with labour, Lat. elaborare : to practise :—Pass. to be administered : also to be troubled. II. intr. to work hard, toil.
 διά-πονος, ov, having gone through many labours.
 δια-πόντιος, ov, (διά, πόντος) beyond seas, foreign, Lat. transmarinus : going beyond seas.
 διαπόνως, Adv. of διάπονος, laboriously.
 δια-πορεύω, f. σω, to carry across. II. Pass., with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. διεπορεύθην : to go through, pass along.
 δια-πορέω, f. ἥσω : and Dep. διαπορέομαι, aor. I διηπορήθην :—to be quite at a loss.
 δια-πορθέω, f. ἥσω, = διαπέρθω, to ruin utterly.
 δια-πορθνέω, f. σω, to carry over or across : to carry a message : διαπορθνεύειν ποταμόν, of ferry-boats, to ply across a river.
 δια-πραγματεύομαι, Dep. to treat of thoroughly.
 διαπραθῆναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of διαπέρθω.
 δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω : f. ξω :—to accomplish, Lat. conficere : intr. to accomplish one's way across. 2. to bring about, effect : Med., to effect for oneself, gain one's point. 3. to make an end of, slay.
 διαπρετής, ἐς, eminent, conspicuous. From
 δια-πρέπω, to be eminent, conspicuous, or distinguished above others.
 διαπρετός, Adv. of διαπρετής, conspicuously : Sup. διαπρεπέστατα.
 δια-πρεσβεύομαι, Dep. to send embassies to different places.
 δια-πρήσσω, Ion. for διαπράσσω.
 δια-πρίω [Ὶ] : fut. -πριούμαι : pf. pass. -πέπρισμα :—to saw through or in two : to cut to the heart : διαπρίειν τοὺς ὀδόντας to gnash the teeth :—Med. to gnash with the teeth.
 διαπρό, Adv. thoroughly.
 δια-πρύσσω, α, ov, (διαπρώω) going through, penetrating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds : neut. διαπρύσιον, as Adv. piercingly, thrillingly. 2. far-stretching : πρὶν πεδῖοιο διαπρύσιος τετυγῆκως a hill running far into the plain. 3. manifest.
 διαπτάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of διαπέταμαι.

δια-πτοέω, f. ήσω: Ep. aor. 1 διεπτοίησα:—to scare away, startle: to strike with panic.

δια-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to unfold, disclose.

δια-πτύχη, ή, (διά, πτυχή) a fold, folding leaf.

δια-πτύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to spit upon, despise utterly.

δια-πυκτεώω, f. σω, to box or fight with.

δια-πυθάνομαι, f. —πεύσομαι: pf. —πέπνυμαι: aor. 2 —επυθόμην:—to search out by questioning.

διά-πύρος, ov, (διά, πύρ) red-hot: hot, fiery. Hence

διαπύρρῳ, f. ώσω, to set on fire.

δια-πωλέω, f. ήσω, to sell publicly.

διάραι, aor. 1 inf. of διαίρω.

διαραίρημαι, Ion. for διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαίρω.

δι-άρασσω, Att. —ττω, f. ξω, to break through, strike through.

δι-άργεμος, ov, flecked or spotted with white.

δι-αρθρόω, f. ώσω, (διά, άρθρον) to divide by joints, to articulate, 2. to complete in detail, describe distinctly.

δι-ἀριθμέω, f. ήσω, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.

δι-αρκέω, f. έσω, to have full strength: to endure, hold out, prevail. II. to nourish. Hence

διαρκής, ές, sufficient: lasting. Adv. —κῶς, Sup. —έστατα, in complete competence.

δι-αρμόζω or —ττω, f. σω, to distribute in various places, to dispose.

διαρπάγῃ, ή, plunder. From

δι-αρπάζω, fut. άσομαι: (for the tenses, v. άπάζω): —to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.

διαρράγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρράγησομαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διαρ-ραίνω, to besprinkle:—Pass. to flow in various directions.

διαρ-ραίω, f. σω: aor. 1 διέρραισα:—to destroy utterly.

διαρ-ρέω, f. —ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) —ερρήν: pf. —ερρήκα:—to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak:—pf. part. διερρηκώς, gaping. II. to fall away like water, waste away.

διαρ-ρήγνυμι, f. —ρήξω (for the tenses, v. ρήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave:—Pass. to burst.

διαρρήδην, Adv. (διερῶ, διαρρηθῆναι) expressly, distinctly.

διαρρήξας, aor. 1 part. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διάρ-ρυμμα, atos, τό, a casting about. From

διαρρίπτασκειν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of διαρρίπτω.

διαρ-ριπτέω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρρίπτω. II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.

διαρ-ρίπτω, poet. διαρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw, fling, hurl, dart about. Hence

διάρριψις, εως, ή, a throwing about, scattering.

διαρροή, ή, (διαρρέω) a flowing through, a channel or pipe to flow through.

διαρ-ροθέω, f. ήσω, to roar or rustle through.

διάρροια, ή, = διαρροή, a flowing through: esp. as Medical term, diarrhoea.

διαρ-ροιζέω, f. ήσω, to whizz through.

διαρρῦδαν, Dor. for —ύδην, Adv. (διαρρέω) melting away, vanishing.

διαρρήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαρρέω.

διαρρηήσομαι, fut. of διαρρέω.

διαρρώξ, άγος, ό, ή, (διαρρήγνυμι) rent asunder.

δι-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to cut in pieces.

δι-αρτάω, f. ήσω, to suspend and interrupt.

δια-σαίνω, to fawn upon.

δια-σαίρω, pf. —σέσηπα, to grin like a snarling dog.

δια-σαλᾶκωνίω, strengthd. for σαλακωνίζω.

διᾶσασθαι, aor. 1 inf. med. of διᾶδω.

δια-σάφειν, f. ήσω, (διά, σαφής) to make quite manifest.

δια-σάφηνίζω, f. ήσω, to make quite manifest.

δια-σεύω, f. σω, to shake violently: intr., διασειν τῇ οὐρᾷ to keep wagging with the tail. 2. to confound.

II. to harass, oppress.

δια-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 διεσύμην [ύ], 3 sing. διέσυτο: Pass.:—to dart or rush through.

δια-σημαίνω, f. ανῶ, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.

διά-σημος, ov, (διά, σῆμα) quite clear, distinct.

Διάσια, τά, (Διός) the feast of Jupiter at Athens.

δια-σίωπάω, f. ήσομαι, to remain silent. 2.

trans. to pass over in silence.

δια-σκανδικίζω, f. σω, (διά, σκάνδιξ) to dose with wild cherub, in allusion to Euripides.

δια-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig through, make a breach in.

δια-σκεδάννυμι, f.-σκεδάσω [ά], Att.-σκεδῶ: aor. I —εσκεδάσα:—to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.

διασκεδάσειεν, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of foreg.

δια-σκενάζω, f. άσω, to set in order:—Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself.

διασέφομαι, fut. of διασκοπέω.

δια-σκηνάω or —έω, f. ήσω; and δια-σκηνώ, f. ώσω: —to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to his quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.

δια-σκιδνμι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse.

δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. —σκέφομαι (from root σκέπτομαι): pf. —έσκεμμαι:—to look through, examine, consider. II. to look round one, keep watching.

δια-σκοποίμαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπιά):—to look out from a watch-tower, to spy out.

δια-σκορπίζω, f. σω, to scatter abroad.

δια-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest:—Med. to jest one with another, pass jokes to and fro.

δια-σμάω, Ion. —σμέω: f. ήσω:—to wipe out, to rinse, clean.

δια-σμήχω, f. ξω, to cleanse by rubbing.

δια-σοφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to act or speak like a sophist.

διασπαρακτός, ή, ύν, torn to pieces. From

δια-σπάρασσω, Att. —ττω, fut. ξω, to rend in sunder or in pieces.

διασπάρῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διασπείρω.

δια-σπάω, f. άσω or more commonly άσομαι: (for

the tenses, v. σπάω): *to tear asunder, part*, Lat. *divellere*: *to break through, pull down*: of the laws, *to break through, transgress*: —Pass., of soldiers, *to be distributed in quarters*.

δια-σπείρω, f. ἐρῶ, to sow, scatter or spread abroad: *to squander*. II. *to separate*.

διασπορά, ἥ, (διασπείρω) *dispersion*.

δι-ῥῥῶ, δι-ῥῥῶ, Att. for διαῥῥῶ.

δια-σταθμάομαι, f. ἵσθαι, Dep. *to order by rule, regulate*.

διαστάς, διαστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of διαστήμι. διάστασις, εως, ἥ, (διαστήναι) *a standing apart: distance, an interval*. 2. *disagreement, dissension*.

δια-σταυρόω, f. ὥσω, *to fortify with stakes or a palisade*.

δια-στέλλω, aor. 2 δι-εστίχων, *to go through or across: to continue*.

δια-στέλλω, f. -στέλλω, *to separate, to distinguish, determine*. II. *to command, give orders*.

διάστημα, ατος, τό, (διαστήναι) *an interval*.

διαστήτην, Ep. for δι-εστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of δι-εστήμι.

δια-στίλλω, f. ψω, *to gleam or dawn through*.

δια-στοιβάω, f. ἄσω, *to stuff in between*.

δια-στοιχίζομαι, f. ἴσθαι, Dep. *to apportion regularly*.

διαστολή, ἥ, (διαστέλλω) *distinction, difference*.

δια-στρατηγέω, f. ἵσθαι, *to serve as a general*.

δια-στρέφω, f. ψω: (for the tenses, v. στρέφω): *to distort: to turn aside: to pervert*:—Pass. *to be distorted, to have one's eyes distorted: to squint*. Hence

διάστροφος, ον, *distorted: metaph. perverted*.

δια-σύνω, pf. -σεσύρκα, *to tear in pieces: to worry, disparage*.

δια-σφάζω Att. -σφάττω, f. ξω, *to cleave asunder, to slaughter*.

δια-σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to throw about like a ball, to toss about*.

δια-σφάλλω, *to foil or overturn utterly*.

διασφάξ, ἄγος, ἥ, (διασφάζω) *any opening made by force, a cleft, a rocky gorge*.

δια-σφενδονάω, f. ἵσθαι, *to scatter from or as from a sling*:—Pass. *to fly in pieces*.

δια-σφηκίζομαι, pf. -εσφῆκαμαι, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) *to be compressed at the waist like a wasp*.

δια-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, *to cleave asunder*:—Pass., aor. I δι-εσχίσθην, *to be cloven asunder, to be parted*.

δια-σύνω, aor. 2 part. of διέχω.

δια-σώω, f. -σώσω: (for the tenses, v. σώω): *to keep safe through, bring one well through: also to keep in memory*:—Med. *to preserve to oneself*:—Pass. *to come safe through: διασώζεσθαι εἰς . . or πρὸς . . to come safe to a place*.

δια-σωπάομαι, f. ἄσσομαι [ᾱ], Dor. for διασωπάω.

δια-τάγγω, f. σω, (διά, τᾱγός) *to arrange*.

διατάγη, ἥ, ἥ, (διαταγῆναι) *a disposition*.

διατάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω.

διατάγμα, ατος, τό, (διατάσσω) *a commandment*.

δια-τάμνω, Ion. for διατρέμνω.

διάταξις, εως, ἥ, (διατάσσω) *disposition, arrangement: esp. of troops in order of battle*.

δια-τάρσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to throw into great confusion, confound*.

δια-τάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην, aor. 2 -ετάγην [ᾱ]: pf. -τέταγμα:—*to arrange: to set in order, draw up in order of battle: also to draw up separately*. 2. c. acc. et inf. *to appoint one to do or be*:—Med., aor. I part. in pass. sense διατατάμενοι *posted in battle order*:—Pass. *to be in battle order*. II. in Med. also, *to order by will*.

διαταχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διατάσσω.

διατέθρυμμα, pf. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τείνω, f. -τενῶ:—Pass., aor. I -ετάθην [ᾱ]: pf. -τέταμαι (for the tenses, v. τεῖνω): *to stretch out, stretch to the full*:—Med. *to strain oneself: to exert oneself, strive hard: to maintain stoutly*.

δια-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: *to cut off and fortify by a wall: to draw a wall across: to divide as by a wall*. Hence

διατείχισμα, ατος, τό, *a place walled off*.

δια-τεκμαίρομαι, Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ) *to mark out*.

δια-τελεῖναι, f. ἵσθαι, *to bring to fulfilment*.

διατελέω, f. ἴσω, *to bring quite to an end: to fulfil: to continue doing*. From

δια-τελής, ἐς, (διά, τέλος) *incessant: permanent*.

δια-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω): *to cut through, cut in twain: to sever, part*:—Pass. *διατμηθῆναι λέπαδνα to be cut into strips*.

διατετάχα, διατετάγμα, pf. act. and pass. of διατάσσω.

δια-τετραίνω, f. -τετρανῶ, Ion. -τετρανέω and -τρήσω: *to bore through, make a hole in*.

δια-τήκω, f. ξω (v. τήκω), *to soften or melt by heat*:—Pass., with pf. -τέτηκα, *to melt entirely, thaw*.

δια-τηρέω, f. ἵσθαι, *to watch closely*. II. (sub. εἰσπύον), *to keep oneself from, abstain from*.

διατί, *for διά τι, wherefore? Lat. quomobrem?*

δια-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—Pass., aor. I δι-ετέθην: pf. διατέθειμαι:—*to place separately, arrange*. 2.

to dispose, manage: to treat:—Pass. *to be disposed of, treated*. 3. *to set forth: to recite*. II. Med. *to set out for sale, dispose of*. 2. *to settle mutually*:

διατίθεναι διαθήκην τινί *to make a covenant with one: absol. to make an agreement with, promise*.

δια-τιμάω, f. ἵσθαι, *to honour greatly*.

δια-τινάσσω, f. ξω, *to shake asunder, shake to pieces*: fut. med. *τινάξομαι* is used in pass. sense.

δια-τινθαλέος, α, ον, = *τινθαλέος*.

δια-τμήγω, aor. I -έτμηξα: aor. 2 -ετμάγον, pass. -ετμάγην, Ep. 3 pl. *διετμάγεν*:—Ep. *for διατέμνω, to cut in twain, divide, sever: διετμάγεν ἐν φιλότῳ they parted friends: absol. they were scattered abroad*.

διατμήγειν, aor. I inf. of διατέμνω.

δια-τοξεύω, f. σω, *to shoot through or across*:—Med. *to contend in shooting with*.

δια-τόρος, *ov*, act. *piercing*: of sound, *thrilling*. II. διάτορος, *ov*, pass., *pierced*.

διατρᾶγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέγω.

δια-τρέπω, *f. ψω*, to turn, divert, dissuade:—Pass. with fut. med. —τρέβομαι, aor. I med. —εραπόμην, aor. 2 pass. —ετραπην:—to turn or be diverted from a thing.

δια-τρέφω, *f. θρέψω*, to maintain, support throughout.

δια-τρέχω, *f. —θρέξομαι*: (for the tenses, *v. τρέχω*):—to run through or over: metaph. to exhaust. II. intr. to run about, Lat. *discurrere*.

δια-τρέω, *f. έσω*, to run trembling about, flee all ways.

διατριβή, *ή*, a wearing away, a spending of time. 2. a pastime, amusement. 3. serious employment, study: a discussion, argument. 4. a way of life, living. II. in bad sense, a waste of time, loss of time, delay. From

δια-τριβω [*τ*]: *f. ψω*:—Pass., aor. 2 διατριβην [*τ*]: pf. διατρίβω:—to rub between; χερσὶ διατρίβας:—to rub away, consume: to waste, destroy. II.

metaph. to spend time, live. 2. to busy, employ oneself. 3. to waste time, delay. III. to put off by delay, thwart, binder. Hence

διατριπτικός, *ή, ov*, dilatory.

διά-τρέχα, Adv. in three ways.

διά-τροπος, *ov*, various in dispositions.

διατροφή, *ή*, (διατρέφω) sustenance, support.

δια-τροχάξω, *f. σω*, of a horse, to trot.

δια-τρύνιος, *ov*, (διά, τρύνη) planted with vines, ripening one after the other.

διατρύφεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of διατρύπτω.

δια-τρώγω, *f. —τρώξομαι*: aor. 2 διέτρωγον:—to nibble, gnaw through.

δι-ἄττω or δι-ἄττω, fut. διᾶξω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δια-αυάζω, *f. σω*, to shine through, dawn.

δια-αίγης, *ές*, (διά, αἰγή) transparent, radiant.

διαυλο-δρόμης, *ov, ό*, (διαυλος, δρόμος) a runner in the race.

δί-αυλος, *ό*, (dis, αὐλός) a double pipe or channel: in the race, a double course, where the runner ran to the furthest point of the στάδιον, turned round the post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., διαυλοι κυμάτων ebb and flow, Lat. *fluctus reciproci*. II. a strait.

διαφᾶγειν, aor. 2 inf. of διεσθίω, to bite through.

διαφάνην [*ᾶ*], and διαφάνδην, Adv. openly. From

δια-φαίνω, *f. —φᾶνῶ*: (for the tenses, *v. φαίνω*):—to shew through, make to shine through. II. Pass., aor. 2 —εφάνην [*ᾶ*], to be seen, appear through. 2. to glow, to be red-hot. 3. metaph. to be proved: to be conspicuous among others. III. intr. in Act. to dawn. 2. to be transparent. Hence

διαφάνης, *ές*, seen through, transparent. 2. glowing, red-hot. II. metaph. well-known, manifest: illustrious:—Adv. —νῆς, manifestly.

δια-φάσκει, Ion. —φώσκει (διά, φάος):—to shew light through, dawn.

δια-φεγγής, *ές*, (διά, φέγγος) transparent.

διαφερόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of διαφέρω, *dis-ferently from*: especially, extremely.

δια-φέρω:—fut. διοίσω and διοίσομαι, formed from *οἶω:—aor. I διήνεγκα, Ion. διήνεκα; aor. 2 διήνεγκον formed from *ένέγκω: (*v. φέρω*):—to carry over or across. 2. to carry different ways: to tear asunder, διαφέρειν τὴν ψήφον to give their votes a different way, i. e. against one; but also to determine by vote: metaph. to disperse reports. 3. to carry through, bring to perfection. 4. to bear through, endure, go through with. 5. absol. to continue, to live. II. intr. to differ, to be different from. 2.

impers., διαφέρει μοι it makes a difference to me, οὐ διαφέρει it makes no difference; τὰ διαφέροντα points of difference. 3. to be different from a man, to surpass, excel him. III. Pass. to differ or be at variance with, quarrel with.

δια-φεύγω, *f. —φεύξομαι*: aor. 2 —εφύγον: pf. —πέφηναι: (*v. φεύγω*):—to flee through, get away, escape. Hence

διαφεύξεις, *εως, ή*, an escaping, means of escape.

δια-φημίζω, *f. ίσω*, to make known, publish.

δια-φθείρω, *f. —φθερώ* Ep. —φθέρσω: pf. —έφθαρκα:—to destroy utterly, kill: generally, to spoil, harm. 2. to lead astray, corrupt, ruin: esp. to bribe: to seduce. II. Pass., fut. —φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med. —φθαρούμαι, Ion. —φθερόμαι: aor. 2 —εφθάρην [*ᾶ*]: pf. —έφθαρμαι:—to be destroyed, go to ruin, perish: esp. to be disabled: διεφθαρμένος corrupt. III.

the perf. διέφθορα is sometimes intr. to be deranged, mad: also to be dead. Hence

διαφθορά, *ή*, destruction, ruin, death. 2. in moral sense, corruption, seduction. 3. λχθύν διαφθορά a prey for fishes. Hence

διαφθορεύς, *εως, ό*, a corrupter, seducer.

δια-αίτλημι, *f. ήσω*, to dismiss, disband.

δια-φουβάζω, *f. σω*, to drive mad:—Pass. to rave.

δια-φουτᾶω, Ion. —έω, *f. ήσω*, to wander abroad, run about: to get abroad.

διαφορά, *ή*, (διαφέρω) difference, distinction. 2. variance, disagreement. II. distinction, excellence.

III. advantage, profit.

δια-φορέω, *f. ήσω*, to drag about, spread abroad. 2. to carry off as plunder, to plunder: also to rend in pieces, destroy. II. to carry through or across. Hence

διαφόρησις, *εως, ή*, a plundering.

διάφορος, *ov*, (διαφέρω) different, unlike. 2. differing with another: at variance with. II.

superior, excellent. 2. advantageous, profitable. III. as Subst., διάφορον, τό, difference: disagreement.

διαφόρως, Adv. of διάφορος, variously. 2. at variance. 3. excellently.

διάφραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (διαφράσσω) a partition-wall. II. the membrana which divides the lungs

from the stomach, the midriff.

δια-φράγγυμι, = διαφράσσω.

δια-φράζω, *to tell clearly*: Ep. aor. 2 δι-εφέραδον.
 δια-φράσσω, f. ξω, *to separate by a fence*.
 δια-φρέω, f. -φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs in compos., v. εἰσφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—*to let through, let out*.

δια-φυγάνω, = διαφεύγω.
 διαφύγῃ, ἡ, (διαφεύγω) *a means of escape*.
 διαφύῃ, ἡ, (διαφύω) *any natural partition, as the joints in bodies; a cleft, division, as in nuts*.
 δια-φυλάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to watch vigilantly, preserve; keep, maintain*.

δια-φύσσω, f. ἴσω, *to blow or breathe through*. II.
to blow away: Pass. *to be scattered to the winds, vanish*.

δι-αφύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I διηφύσα:—*to draw out, draw off*. II. *to tear up, rend*.

δια-φύω, f. φύσω, *to make to grow through*. II.
 Pass., with aor. 2 act. διέφυν, pf. διαπέφυκα:—*to intervene; χρόνος διέφυν* time elapsed.

δια-φωνέω, f. ἴσω, *to sound discordantly, to disagree*.
 δια-φώσκω, Ion. for διαφανέσκω.

δια-χάζω or -χάζομαι, *to draw back, withdraw*.
 δια-χάλαω, f. άσω [ά]:—*to loosen; to open, unbar*. II. *to make supple by exercise*.

δια-χάσκω, *to gape wide, yawn*.
 διαχέαι, aor. I inf. of διαχέω.

δια-χειμάζω, f. άσω, *to pass the winter*.
 δια-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to have in hand, conduct, manage*. Hence

διαχειριστής, εως, ἡ, *management, administration*.
 δια-χειροτονέω, f. ἴσω, *to choose between two persons or things by show of hands, or by open vote*. Hence

διαχειροτονία, ἡ, *a choice between two persons or things*.

δια-χέω, f. -χεῖω: aor. I -έχεα, Ep. -έχεα:—*to pour different ways; to pour out, dissolve*: of metals, *to soften, melt*: also *to disperse*: metaph. *to confound*. II. Pass. *to be poured from one vessel into another; to be melted; to fall to pieces*:—metaph. *to be relaxed*.

δια-χλευάζω, *to mock greatly*.
 δια-χώω, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχούν τὸ χῶμα *to complete the mound*.

δια-χρόομαι, f. ἡσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρησέται:—*to use constantly; also to meet with, suffer under*. II. c. acc. pers. *to destroy, slay*.

δια-χρέομαι Ion. for foreg.: διαχρέομαι, Ion. subj.
 δια-χώννυμι, f. -χῶσω, *to carry a mound across*.

δια-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, *to go or pass through*: impers., κάτω διεχέωραι αὐτοῖς they laboured under diarrhoea.

δια-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to separate*.
 δια-ψαίρω, *to sweep away, blow away*.

δια-ψεύδω or -ψεύδομαι, *to deceive utterly*. II.
 διαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. I διεψεύσθην: pf. διεψέυσμαι:—*to be deceived, mistaken*.

δια-ψηφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: Dep.:—*to vote with pebbles; decide by votes*. Hence

διαψηφίσαις, εως, ἡ, *a deciding by vote*.

δια-ψύχω, f. ξω, *to cool, refresh*: of ships, *to baul high and dry; to make water-tight*.

δι-βολος, ον, (δῖς, βάλλω) *two-pointed*. [I]
 δι-γληνος, ον, (δῖς, γλήνη) *with two eyeballs*.

δι-γλωσσος, Att. -ττος, ον, (δῖς, γλώσσα) *speaking two languages* Lat. *bilinguis*: as Subst., διγλωσσος, ὁ, an interpreter.

δι-γονος, ον, (δῖς, *γένω) *twice-born*:—*twin*; double.
 διδασκα, ατος, τό, (διδάσκω) *a lesson*.

διδάσκει, Dor. for διδάσκει.
 διδακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) *apt at teaching*.

διδακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) of things, *taught; that can be taught; that ought to be taught*. II. of persons, *taught, instructed*.

διδάξω, fut. of διδάσκω.
 διδάξεις, εως, ἡ, (διδάσκω) *teaching, instruction*.

διδασκᾶλειον, τό, (διδάσκω) *a teaching-place, school*.
 διδασκᾶλῖα, ἡ, (διδάσκω) *teaching; education, training*. II. *the rehearsing of a drama*; cf. διδάσκω II.

διδασκαλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) *fit for teaching, instructive*. Adv. -κῶς, *instructively*.

διδασκᾶλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) *a science, art*.
 διδασκᾶλος, ὁ and ἡ, (διδάσκω) *a teacher, master*:

a dramatic poet was called διδασκᾶλος, because he himself taught the actors.

διδασκεμένοι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of διδάσκω.
 διδασκαίον, ποῖτ, for διδάσαι, aor. I inf. of διδάσκω, fut. διδάξω: aor. I ἐδίδαξα, ποῖτ. ἐδιδάσκησα (as if from διδασκᾶν): pf. δεδίδαχα: (redupl. causal form of *δᾶω):—*to teach*; with double acc., ἵπποσύνας σε ἐδίδαξαν they taught thee riding:—Med. *to have a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn*: Pass. *to be taught, to learn*. II. διδάσκειν is used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their parts. Hence

διδαχή, ἡ, *teaching; doctrine*.
 διδμη, Ep. for δέω, *to bind, fetter*: 3 pl. pres. διδᾶσι: 3 sing. imperf. διδῃ, Ep. for ἐδίδῃ.

διδῶς or διδοῖσθα, διδοῖ, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶν:—*to give*.

διδόμεν, διδόμεναι, διδοῦναι, Ep. forms for διδόναι, inf. of δίδωμι.

δίδου, 2 sing. imperat. and Ep. 3 sing. impf. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶν: διδοῦν inf.; διδοῦσι 3 plur.

διδράσκω, fut. δράσομαι [ά]: pf. δέδρακα: aor. 2 ἐδρᾶν, inf. δρᾶναι, part. δρᾶς, imperat. δρᾶθι, subj. δρῶ, opt. δράην: Ion. διδρήσκω, f. διρήσομαι, aor. 2 ἐδρην: (*δράω):—*to run away, escape*.

δι-δραχμος, ον, (δῖς, δράχημ) of two drachms; δι-δραχμοὶ ὅπλῳται soldiers with pay of two drachms a day.

II. διδραχμον, τό, *a double drachm, = half a shekel*, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem.

διδῦμ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, τό, (διδύμος, ἀνήρ) *touching both the men*. [ά]

διδυμᾶ-τόκος, ον, Dor. for διδυμητόκος, (διδύμος, τεκεῖν) *bearing twins*.

διδυμᾶων, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (διδύμος) *a twin-brother*. [ά]

διδύμνος, ποῖτ, for δίδυμος.

διδυμο-γενής, *ές*, (διδυμος, *γένω) *twinn-born*.
 διδυμος, *η, ον, or os, ον*, (dis) *double, twofold*; δι-
 δυμος κασίγνητος *a twinn-brother*; διδυμοί *twins*.
 διδοῖν, = δίδωμι, opt. of δίδωμι.
 διδοῖσθαι, Ep. for δίδωμι, imperat. of δίδωμι.
 δίδωμι, fut. δώσω: aor. *ἔδωκα*: aor. 2 *ἔδων*: pf.
δέδωκα:—Med., aor. 2 *ἔδωκν*:—Pass., fut. *δοθήσομαι*:
 aor. 2 *ἔδοθην*: pf. *δέδομαι*: (*δώω):—*to give,*
gives freely, present:—in pres. and impf. *to offer*. 2.
of the gods, to grant: so of the laws, *to permit or*
sanction. 3. *to devote, offer to the gods*: *to give*
up, surrender, in good or bad sense. 4. of parents,
to give their daughter to wife. 5. *διδόναι ἑαυτὸν*
τινι to put oneself in his power. 6. *διδόναι δίκην*,
ν. sub δικη. II. in vows, *to grant, allow, cause*
that: δός με τίσασθαι *give me to avenge my-*
self. III. seemingly intr. *to give oneself up, de-*
vote oneself.
 δίδων, part. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδού.
 δίδωσώ, Ep. for δώσω, fut. of δίδωμι.
 δῖε, vocat. of δῖος, *godlike*.
 δῖε, poet. for ἔδῖε, 3 sing. impf. of δῖω.
 διέβην, aor. 2 of διαβαίνω.
 διεβίων, aor. 2 of διαβιώω.
 διεβλήθη, aor. I pass. of διαβάλλω.
 δι-εγγυάω, *ῖω*, *to give bail for*: Med. *to take*
bail for:—Pass. *to be bailed, set free on his se-*
curity.
 δι-εγείρω, *to arouse*: Ep. aor. 2 pass. *διέγρετο*, *he*
was aroused, awaked.
 διεγερθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διεγείρω.
 διέγων, aor. 2 of διαγινώσκω.
 διεδασάμην, aor. I of διαδατέομαι.
 διέδεξα, Ion. for διέδειξα, aor. I of διαδείκνυμι.
 διεδηλησάμην, aor. I of διαδηλέομαι.
 διέδωτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι.
 διεδόθη, aor. I pass. of διαδίδωμι.
 διέδραμον, aor. 2 of διατρέχω.
 διέδραν, aor. 2 of διαδιδράσκω.
 διέδυν, aor. 2 of διαδύω or διαδύομαι.
 διέεργον, poet. impf. of διέργω, διέρρω.
 διέξην, impf. of διαζάω.
 διέλωσα, aor. I of διαζώννυμι.
 διέλωσμαι, pf. pass. of διαζώννυμι.
 διεθλώσα, aor. I of διαθεύω.
 διέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of διατίθημι.
 διείδον, inf. διῖδεῖν, aor. 2 of διοράω, which supplies
 the pres., *to look through, discern, distinguish*.
 διελγμαι, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι.
 διελγμαινός, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω,
distinctly, precisely.
 διέληφα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.
 διέλον, aor. 2 of διαίρω.
 δι-εμ, fut. διείσομαι: (διά, εἴμι ἴδο):—*to go about*:
to go away. II. c. acc. *to pass or go through*:
 hence *to discuss* a subject.
 δι-εἶπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being
 used instead); inf. διειπεῖν, poet. διαειπεῖν: fut. διερῶ:

pf. διέρηκα: (διά, εἶπον):—*to tell at length, detail,*
explain. II. *to speak one with another, converse*.
 δι-εἶργω, *ῖω*: Ep. and Ion. διέρρω, Ep. also δι-
 εἶργω:—*to keep asunder or apart*: *to keep off*. II.
 intr. *to lie between*.
 διέρηκα, used as pf. of διειπεῖν, *to say clearly*.
 δι-εἶρομαι, poet. for δι-εἶρομαι, *to question closely*.
 δι-εἶρω, Ion. for δι-εἶρω, *to draw across*.
 δι-εἶρω: aor. I διείρσα: perf. διέρκα:—*to pass or*
draw a thing through.
 δι-εἰρωνά-ξενος, *ον*, (διά, εἶρων, ξένος) *dissembling*
with one's guests.
 δι-εἶκ, before a vowel δι-εἶξ, Prep. *right through*.
 διεκάναξα, aor. I of διακάνασσω.
 διεκέρυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διακρίνω.
 διεκλάπη, [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω.
 δι-εκπεράνω, *ῖω*, *to bring quite to an end*.
 δι-εκπεράω, *ῖω*, *to pass out through*. II.
to pass by, overlook.
 δι-εκπλέω, *ῖω*—πλεύσομαι: Ion.—πλώω, aor. I—ἐπλω-
 σα:—*to sail out through*: *to sail out*. II. in
 naval tactics, *to break the enemy's line by sailing*
through it. Hence
 διέκπλοος, contr. διέκπλους, *ῖω*, *a sailing across or*
through. 2. *a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight*.
 δι-εκπλώω, Ion. for διεκπλέω.
 δι-εκρίθεν, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of
 διακρίνω.
 δι-εκροος, *ῖω*, (διά, ἐκρώ) *a channel through*.
 διέλαθον, aor. 2 of διαλανθάνω.
 διέλασις, *ως*, *ῖω*, *a driving through*. II. *a charge*
or exercise of cavalry. From
 δι-ελαίνω, fut. διελάσω, Att. διελῶ: (for the tenses,
 v. ἐλαίνω):—*to drive through or across*: *to thrust*
through. II. intr. *to drive or ride through*.
 διελείν, aor. 2 inf. of διαίρω.
 διέλειπτο, plqpf. pass. of διαλείπω.
 διέλειπται, pf. of διαλείπω.
 διέλεξάμην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.
 διελύσομαι, fut. of διέρχομαι.
 διελέχθη, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.
 διελθών, Ep. διελθέμεν, aor. 2 inf of διέρχομαι.
 διέλπιν, aor. 2 of διαλέπω.
 δι-έλκω, fut.—ελκύσω [ῖω]: aor. I—εἰλκύσω (v. ἔλκω):
 —*to tear asunder, pull open*: διέλκειν τοὺς ὀφθαλ-
 μούς. 2. *to pull through*. 3. *to keep on drinking*.
 διελύθη, [ῖω], aor. I pass. of διαλύω.
 διελυμάνθη, aor. I of διαλυμαίνωμαι.
 ΔΙ'ΕΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from *δίημι) *to speed, press on*.
 διεμαρτύρω [ῖω], 2 sing. aor. I of διαμαρτύρομαι.
 διέμεινα, aor. I of διαμένω.
 δι-εμπολάω, fut. ῖω: pass. pf. διημπολήμαι:—*to*
make merchandise of, sell, dispose of: hence *to betray*.
 δι-ενέγκαι, Ion.—ενεῖκαι, aor. I inf. of διαφέρω:
 διενεχθήναι, aor. I inf. pass.
 δι-ενθυμίζω, Med. *to think within oneself*.
 δι-ενταυτίξω, *ῖω*, (διά, ἐνταυτός) *to live out the year*.
 δένεται, 3 pl. of δέμα.

δι-εντέρημα, ατος, τό, (διά, ἔντερον) a looking through entrails:—Comic word for sharp-sightedness.
 δι-εξάισσω contr. -άισσω Att. -άπτω: fut. ἄξω: to rub or spring forth.
 δι-εξίμει, (διά, ἐξίμει) to go out through: to pass through: hence to count over, to number.
 δι-εξελάινω, f. -ελάσω [ᾶ] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive through. II. intr. to ride or march through or across.
 δι-εξελίσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to unroll, untie.
 δι-εξερέομαι, to question closely.
 δι-εξερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to examine closely.
 δι-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἦλθον: pf. -εληλύθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι):—to go out through, pass through: get to the end of. 2. to go through in order: to set forth, recount in full. II. intr. to be past, gone by, of time.
 δι-εξηγέομαι, strengthd. for ἐξηγέομαι.
 δι-εξίμω, f. ἥσω, to let go through, give free passage. II. intr. (sub. ἑαυτόν), of a river, to empty itself.
 διεξίμεναι, Ep. inf. of διέξειμι.
 δι-έξοδος, ἡ, a way out through, a passage, outlet: the issue or event of a thing: also the sun's orbit. II. a full account.
 δι-εξυφαίνω, f. ἄνω, to finish the web.
 δι-εορτάζω, f. σω, to keep the feast throughout.
 διεπεράσθην [ᾶ], aor. I of διαπεράσμαι.
 διεπέπαιυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαπαινώ.
 διεπεραιώθην, aor. of διαπεραιώω.
 διεπεράσσα, aor. I of διαπεράω.
 διεπεφράδον, Ep. aor. 2 of διαφράζω.
 διέπλεξα, aor. I of διαπλέκω.
 διέπλευσα, aor. I of διαπλέω.
 διέπνευσα, aor. I of διαπνέω.
 διεπαρεύθην, aor. I of διαπαρένομαι.
 διέπράδον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of διαπέρθω.
 διεπτάμην or -όμην, aor. 2 of διαπτάμαι.
 διεπτοίησα, Ep. aor. I of διαπτοέω.
 διέπτυσσα, aor. I of διαπτύσσω.
 διεπνύθωμην, aor. 2 of διαπνύθνομαι.
 δι-έπω, f. ψω, to manage, order, arrange.
 δι-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: pf. -εργασμαι: plqpf. -εργάσμεν: Ion. -έργασμαι, -εργάσμεν: aor. I pass. -εργάσθην: Dep.:—to work at, esp. of land, to cultivate it. II. to destroy, ruin, kill, Lat. conficere: also plqpf. in pass. sense, διεργαστο τὰ πράγματα, Lat. actum erat de rebus, the affairs were ruined.
 δι-έργω, Ep. and Ion. for διέργω.
 δι-ερίδω, f. σω, to prop up:—Med. to lean upon.
 δι-ερέσσω, fut. διερέσω: aor. I διήρεσα, poet. διήρεσσα:—to row about, χερσὶ διερέσσειν to swim: to swing about.
 δι-ερευνάω, f. ἥσω, to search through, examine closely.
 Hence
 διερμηνεύτης, οὗ, ὁ, a scout or vidette.
 διερμηνευτής, οὗ, ὁ, an interpreter. From
 δι-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to interpret, expound.
 δι-έρομαι, Ep. for διείρομαι.

ΔΙΕΡΩΣ, ἁ, ὄν, moist, fresh, juicy: metaph. of men, fresh, quick, active: later, wet, liquid.
 δι-έρπω, f. ψω, to pass through.
 διέρρηξα, διέρρωγα, aor. I and pf. of διαρρήγνυμι.
 διέρρηκα, διέρρηνκα, pf. and aor. 2 of διαρρῶ.
 δι-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. -ἦλθον: Dep.:—to go through or across, pass through. 2. to come to the end, arrive at. II. intr. to pass, of time: to go abroad, prevail, of a report. III. to go through, narrate.
 διερῶ, used as fut. of διείπον.
 δι-ερωτάω, f. ἥσω, to cross-question, to question continually.
 δίσσθαι, inf. of εἶμαι: also pres. inf. med. of δία.
 δι-εσθίω, fut. δέδομαι, to eat through.
 δισκεδάσα, aor. I of διασκεδάννυμι.
 δίσκεμμαι, pf. of διασκοπέω:—hence δι-εσκεμμένος, Adv. of the part., prudently, considerably.
 δισκόρπισμαι, pf. pass. of διασκορπίζω.
 δισσπάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of διασπείρω.
 δισσπάσα, δισσπάσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διασπᾶω.
 δίσσασμαι, pf. pass. of διασπᾶω.
 δίσσπειρα, aor. I of διασπείρω.
 δίσστού, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of διασσεύομαι.
 διστειλάμην, aor. I med. of διαστέλλω.
 δι-έστην, διέστηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of δίστημι.
 διστίχον, aor. 2 of διαστέχω.
 δίστραμμα, pf. pass. of διαστρέφω.
 διαστράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of διαστρέφω.
 δι-εστώς, perf. part. of δίστημι.
 διασφηκωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διασφηκώομαι.
 δίσσχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δέχω.
 δίσσχισα, διασχίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of σχίζω.
 διτάξα, aor. I of διατάσσω.
 διαταράχην, aor. I pass. of διαταράσσω.
 διτεθρύλλω, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of διαθρύλλω.
 δι-ετής, ἐς, (dis, ἔτος) of two years: two years old.
 δι-ετήσιος, ὄν, (διά, ἔτος) lasting through the year.
 δι-ετία, ἡ, (διετής) the space of two years.
 διετμάγω, Ep. for διετμάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of διατμήγω: διέτμαγον, aor. 2 act.
 διέτμαξεν, Dor. for διέτμηξεν, aor. I of διατμήγω.
 δι-ετραπόμην, διετράπην, aor. 2 med. and pass. of διατρέπω.
 δι-ευκρινέω, f. ἥσω, (διά, εὐκρινής) to separate accurately, arrange carefully in order.
 δι-ευλαβέομαι, Dep. to take good heed, beware of.
 δι-ευνάω, f. ἄσω, to lay asleep.
 δι-ευτύχω, f. ἥσω, (διά, εὐτυχής) to continue prosperous, to prosper throughout.
 διεφάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of διαφαίνω.
 δι-εφθάρω, Ion. for διεφθαμένοι ἦσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of διαφθείρω.
 διεφθάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of διαφθείρω.
 δι-εφθόρα, intrans. pf. of διαφθείρω.
 διέφύγον, aor. 2 of διαφεύγω.
 δι-έχω, f. διέξω, to keep apart, divide.

intrans. to go quite through: to stretch across, reach. 2. to stand apart, be distant:—of time, to intervene.

ΔΙ' ΖΗΜΑΙ, Ep. 2 sing. διζῆναι: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing. II. to seek the meaning of. III. c. inf. to demand or require that.

διζομαι, = διζῆμαι.

δι-ζυγος, on, and διζυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, ζυγόν) doubly-yoked, double.

ΔΙ' ΖΩ, Ep. impf. διζόν, to be in doubt, at a loss.

δι-ζωος, on, (δῖς, ζῶη) amphibious: living twice over.

διηβολία, ἡ, Ion. for διαβολία.

διηγᾶγον, aor. 2 of διαγω.

διήγγελα, aor. I of διαγγέλλω.

δι-ηγέομαι, Dep. to describe or narrate in full.

διήγησις, εως, ἡ, (διηγέομαι) narration, the statement of the case.

δι-ηέριος, on, Ion. for διαέριος, through the air.

δι-ηθέω, f. ἡσω, to strain through, filter, sift. 2. to wash out, cleanse. II. intrans., of the liquid, to filter through, percolate.

διηκονέω, διήκονος, Ion. for διακ-.

διηκόνου, διηκόνῃσα, impf. and aor. I of διακονέω.

διηκόσοι, αι, α, Ion. for διακόσοι.

διηκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίξω.

διηκυλωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλώω.

δι-ηκω, f. ξω, to go through, extend along or between. II. to persuade, fill.

διήλασα, aor. I of διελαίνω.

διήλθον, aor. 2 of διέρχομαι.

δι-ηλίφης, ἐς, (διά, αλείφω) smeared all over.

διηλλάγην, διηλλάχθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διήλλαχα, διήλλαγμα, pf. act. and pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διημάρτηκα, διήμαρτον, pf. and aor. 2 of διαμαρτάνω.

δι-ημερεύω, f. σω, (διά, ἡμέρα) to pass the whole day.

διημιλλήθην, aor. I of διαμιλλάομαι.

διήνεγκα, aor. I of διαφέρω: whence

δι-ηνεκής, ἐς, stretching evenly along, stretching the whole length, unbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. διηνεκώς, Att. —κῶς, from beginning to end: clearly, distinctly.

δι-ήνεμος, on, (διά, ἄνεμος) wind-swept.

διηνοίχθην, aor. I pass. of διανοίγω.

διήντλησα, aor. I of διαντλέω.

διήνυσα, διήνυκα, aor. I and pf. of διανύω.

διήξα, aor. I of διαίσσω: but διήξα aor. I of διήκω.

διήξα, aor. I of διαίσσω, contr. for διαίσσω.

διηπορήθην, aor. I pass. of διαπορέω.

δι-ηπόρου, impf. of διαπορέω.

διήρα, aor. I of διαίρω.

διήρεσα, aor. I of διερίσσω.

διηρήθην, aor. I pass. of διαιρέω.

διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαιρέω.

δι-ήρης, ἐς, (δῖς, *ἄρω) double: διήρης μέλαθρον, an upper story, upper chamber.

διήρθρον, διήρθρωσα, impf. and aor. I of διαρθρώω.

διήρκα, pf. of διαίρω.

διήται, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of διῶ.

διήττησα, διηττήθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διαιτάω.

διηφύσα, aor. I of διαφύσσω.

δι-θάλασσος Att. —ττος, on, (δῖς, θάλασσα) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. bimāris.

δι-θήκτος, on, (δῖς, θήγω) twice-sharpened, two-edged.

δι-θρονος, on, (δῖς, θρόνος) two-throned.

διθύραμβο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (διθύραμβος, διδάσκαλος) the dithyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

διθυραμβο-ποιός, ὁ, (διθύραμβος, ποιέω) a dithyrambic poet.

διθύραμβος, ὁ, the dithyramb, a kind of lyric poetry.

II. epith. of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

δι-θύρσος, on, (δῖς, θύρσος) with two thyrsi.

Δί, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δῖς.

διῖδεῖν, inf. of διείδω.

δι-ίημι, fut. —ήσω: (for the tenses, v. ἱήμι):—to send through or across, let go through. 2. to thrust through.

II. to dismiss, disband. 2. to dissolve, melt; διέμενος aor. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

δι-ιθύνω, to direct by steering straight.

δι-ικνέομαι, fut. —ίξομαι: aor. 2 —ικύμην: Dep.:—to go through, in telling a story. II. to reach.

Διῖ-πέττης, ἐς, (Διός, *πέτω, Root of πίπτω) fallen from Zeus, i. e. from heaven, epith. of streams swollen by rain: later, heaven-sent, divine, holy, pure.

Διῖ-πέττης, ἐς, (Διός, πέτομαι) hovering in air.

διῖστέον, verb. Adj. of διειδέναι, one must inquire.

δι-ίστημι, f. διαστήσω: aor. I διέστησα:—to set apart, divide, distract. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. —έστην, pf. —έστηκα, plqpf. —εστήκειν:—to stand apart, to be divided: hence 2. to differ, be at variance, quarrel. 3. to part after fighting. 4. to stand at certain distances or intervals. III. aor. I med.

διεστησάμην is used trans., to separate.

δι-ίσχυρίζομαι, Dep. to lean upon, rely on. II. to affirm confidently.

διῖχθαι, perf. inf. of διῖκνέομαι.

δικάξω, fut. δικάσω contr. δικῶ: aor. I ἐδικάσα:—Pass., f. δικασθήσομαι, f. 3 δεδικάσσομαι: aor. I ἐδικάσθην: pf. δεδικάσμαι: (δική) 1. c. acc. rei, to judge, adjudge: to decide, determine. 2. c. dat. to decide for a person, judge his cause. 3. absol. to be judge: to give judgement: generally, to come to a decision. II. Med. to plead, speak before the judges: absol. to go to law. III. Pass. to be brought before the judge, to be accused.

δικαία, ἡ, poet. for δικη.

δικαιεῖν, Ion. for δικαιεῖν, inf. of δικαιοῦν: δικαιοῦσι, Ion. for δικαιόσσι, 3 pl. pres.

δικαιο-κρίσις, ἡ, (δικαίος, κρίνω) just judgment.

δικαιο-πολις, εως, δ, ή, (δικαίος, πόλις) just in public dealings.

δικαίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (δίκη) observant of right, righteous, just.

II. equal, even: strict, exact. III. right, lawful, just. 2. fair, moderate.—In phrase δικαίως εἰμι, with the infin., I am bound to do, I have a right to do.

δικαιοσύνη, ή, justice, righteousness.

δικαιοσύνη, ητος, ή, =δικαιοσύνη.

δικαίω, fut. ὥσω and ὥσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐδικαίωην: (δικαίος):—to make right: to think right: to consent: also to claim as one's right: c. inf. to desire one to do.

II. to judge: to condemn: to punish.

III. to make just, bold guiltless, justify. Hence

δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, an act of justice, the making good a wrong, 2. an acquittal, act of justification. II. a plea of right, just claim.

δικαίως, Adv. of δικαίος, justly, rightly.

δικαίωσις, εως, ή, a setting right, doing justice to: punishment. II. a claim, demand of right. III. judgment, good pleasure.

δικάν, contr. for δικάσειν, fut. inf. of δικάζω.

δικάνικος, ή, όν, (δίκη) belonging to trials, judicial. II. skilled in law, lawyer-like.

δικάρηνος, ον, (δῖς, κάρηνος) two-beaded.

δικαστ-πόλος, ό, (δίκη, πολέω) a law-giver, judge.

δικαστηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of δικαστήριον, a little court of justice.

δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) a court of justice.

δικαστής, ού, ό, (δικάζω) a judge or juror.

δικαστικός, ή, όν, (δικάζω) of or for law or trials: τὸ δικαστικόν the juror's fee, at first one obol, afterwards three obols. Adv. -κῶς.

ΔΙΚΕΙΝ, inf. of ἐδικον, an aor. with no pres. in use, to throw, hurl.

δι-κέλλα, ης, ή, (δῖς, κέλλω) a mattock or pickaxe with two teeth, Lat. bidens: cp. μάκελλα.

δι-κέρατος, ον, (δῖς, κεραία) two-borned, two-pointed.

δι-κερως, gen. ατος or ω, ό, ή, neut. δικερων (δῖς, κέρας) two-borned.

ΔΙΚΗ, ή, right: the orig. sense was custom, usage, manner: ή γὰρ δίκη ἐστὶ γερόντων for this is the manner of old men: acc. δίκη as Adv., in the way of, after the manner of. II. order, law, right.

III. in plur. judgments: generally, a sentence.

IV. an action at law, law-suit: properly, a private suit or action, opp. to γραφή (a public prosecution).

2. a trial. 3. the satisfaction or penalty awarded by the judge: δίκη or δίκας δίδναι to give satisfaction or suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare; δίκας λαμβάνειν, = Lat. sumere poenas, to inflict punishment: δίκην φεύγειν to be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην δώκειν to prosecute.

δικη-φόρος, ον, (δίκη, φέρω) bringing justice, avenging: as Subst., δικηφόρος, ό, an avenger.

δικέδιον, τό, Dim. of δίκη, a little trial.

δικλῖς, ἴδος, ή, (δῖς, κλίνω) double-folding, of doors: as Subst., δικλῖδες, αἱ, folding-doors.

δικο-λέκτης, ον, ό, (δίκη, λέγω) a pleader.

δικο-λόγος, ό, = δικολέκτης.

δικορ-ράφέω, (δίκη, ῥάπτω) to get up a law-suit.

δι-κόρυφος, ον, (δῖς, κορυφή) two-beaded.

δι-κράνιος, ον, (δῖς, κράνιον) two-beaded, two-pointed, as Subst., δικάρανός, ό, a pitchfork.

δι-κράτης, ές, (δῖς, κράτος) colleague in power, jointly-ruling: double-slaying.

δι-κροτος, ον, (δῖς, κροτέω) double-beating: double-oared, with two banks of oars on a side.

δικτυβολέω, f. ήσω, to cast the net. From δικτυ-βόλος, ον, (δίκτυον, βάλλω) casting nets: as Subst., δικτυβόλος, ό, a fisherman.

δίκτυες, αἱ, unknown animals of Libya.

Δίκτηνα or Δίκτυνα, ή, (δίκτυον) epith. of Artemis the goddess of the chase.

δικτυό-κλωστος, ον, (δίκτυον, κλώω) woven in meshes: σπείρει δικτυόκλωστοι the net's meshy folds.

ΔΙΚΤΥΟΝ, τό, any net-work, a fishing-net: a hunting-net. Hence

δικτυόμαί, Pass. to be caught in a net.

δικωπτός, f. ήσω, to ply a pair of sculls: generally, to work double-banded; and

δίκωπία, ή, a pair of sculls. From

δίκωπος, ον, (δῖς, κώπη) two-oared.

διλογέω, f. ήσω, (διλόγος) to say again, repeat. Hence διλογία, ή, repetition. From

δι-λόγος, ον, (δῖς, λέγω) saying twice, repeating. II. double-tongued, deceitful.

δι-λογχος, ον, (δῖς, λόγχη) with two spears: double-pointed, twofold.

δι-λοφος, ον, (δῖς, λόφος) with two crests.

δι-μναῖος, α, ον, Att. δι-μνέως, ον, (δῖς, μνᾶ) of or worth two minae: διμναῖος ἀποτιμήσασθαι to value at two minae.

διμοῖρα, ή, a double share: double pay. From

δι-μοῖρος, ον, (δῖς, μοῖρα) divided between two; as Subst., διμοῖρον, τό, a half-drachma.

δίνεον, Ep. impf. of δίνω.

δίνευμα, ατος, τό, anything whirled round: a whirling, dancing. From

δίνεω, f. εύσω, aor. I ἐδίνευσα; and δίνέω, f. ήσω, aor. I ἐδίνησα: Ion. impf. δινεύεσκον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδινήθην, pf. δεδινήμαι: (δίνη):—to make whirl or spin round: to drive round a circle. II. intr. and Pass.

to whirl about in the dance: generally, to roam about.

ΔΙ'ΝΗ, ή, a whirling: a whirlpool, eddy: a whirlwind. Hence

δίνηεις, εσσα, εν, whirling, eddying. II. rounded.

δινηθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of δινέω.

δινητός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of δινέω, whirled round.

ΔΙ'ΝΟΣ, ό, like δίνη, a whirl, eddy. 2. also the circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a threshing-floor. 3. a large round goblet.

δίνω, f. ὥσω, to turn with a lathe, to round.

δίνω, (δίνω) to thresh out.

δυνωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (δυνώ) turned on the lathe, rounded : worked round.

διξός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for δισός, double.

διο- or διο- in compos. means sprung from Jove (Δις, Διός) or from the gods, hence excellent, god-like.

δι-6, Conjunct. contr. for δι' ὅ, wherefore, on which account : therefore : with enclit. added, διόπερ, Lat. *propter quod, propterea*.

Διό-βολος, ον, (Δις, βάλλω) hurled by Jove.

Διο-γενέτωρ, ορος, ὅ, (Δις, γενέτωρ) giving birth to Jove.

Διο-γενής, ἐς, (Δις, *γένω) Jove-born.

Διό-γενητος, ον, contr. for Διογένητος, = Διογενής.

Διό-γονος, ον, = Διογενής.

δι-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel through.

δι-οδοιπορέω, (διά, ὁδοίπορος) to travel through.

δι-οδος, ἡ, (διά, ὁδός) a way through, thoroughfare, passage : the orbit of a star. 2. permission to pass, a pass-port, safe-conduct.

Διόθεν, (Δις) Adv. sent from Jove.

δι-οιγνυμι or δι-οίγω, f. οίω, to open.

δι-οιγδα, pf. of διείδον, to know the difference, distinguish, decide.

δι-οικέω, f. ἦσω; impf. διόκουν; aor. I διόκησα; pf. διόκηκα :—Pass, aor. I διόκηθην; pf. διόκημαι, but also irreg. δεδιόκημαι :—to manage, direct : to conduct the affairs of a state : to treat or feed in a certain way. II. to inhabit distinct places :—

Med. to live apart. Hence

διοίκησις, εως, ἡ, bouse-keeping : management, government. II. a government : a province, a diocese.

δι-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make to live apart, to disperse :—Pass. to be scattered abroad.

δι-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build across, wall off.

διοιστέον, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) one must move round.

δι-οιστεύω, f. σω, to shoot an arrow through.

διοίσω and διοίσομαι, fut. of διαφέρω.

διοίτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of διώ.

δι-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, to go through : to wander about.

δι-οίχομαι, f. -οιχίσσομαι; pf. -οίχην; Dep. :—to be quite gone by : of persons, to be clean gone, to have perished. II. to be gone through, ended.

διοκωχή, ἡ, (δι-οκωχα pf. of δι-έχω) a cessation.

δι-ολισθαίνω and -άνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip through, slip away from.

δι-όλλυμι, fut. -ολέσω, Att. -ολῶ : (for the tenses, v. ἔλλυμι) :—to destroy utterly, bring to naught : to put out of mind : hence to forget, opp. to σώω. II. Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωλα : to perish utterly.

δι-όλου, for διά, ἔλου, Adv., altogether.

δι-ομαλίζω, f. σω, to be always even-minded.

Διομε-αλαζών, ὄνος, ὅ, (Διομέα, ἀλαζών) the brag-gart of the deme Diomeia.

δι-ομνύμι, fut. -ομοῦμαι; aor. I med. -ωμοσάμην :—to swear solemnly : to declare on oath.

δι-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, to make an agreement : Pass. to be agreed on : Med. to agree mutually to a thing.

διον, acc. of διός; but διόν Ep. for ἔδιον, impf. of διώ.

Διονύσια (sub. ἱερά), τὰ, the feast of Διόνυσος or Bacchus, esp. at Athens : four distinct feasts in four consecutive months : viz. I. τὰ κατ' ἀγρούς or μικρά, in Poseideon (December). II. τὰ ἐν

Λίμναις or Ἀθήναις (in the Λίμναι, where the Ἀθήναιον stood), in Gamelion (January).

III. τὰ 'Ανθεστηρία, in Anthesterion (February). IV. τὰ

μεγάλα, τὰ ἀστικά, τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, or simply τὰ Διονύσια, in Elaphebolion (March), the most famous of all. Hence

Διονυσιακός, ἡ, ὄν, belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionysos.

Διόνυσος, ὁ, and poet. Διώνυσος, Dionysos, Bacchus, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, (Δις, παῖς) son of Jove.

δι-όπερ, v. sub διο-.

Διο-πετής, ἐς, = Διπτετής.

διοπεύω, to be in charge of a ship's cargo. From διόπος, ὁ, (διέπω) a director, ruler : a person in charge of a ship's cargo.

δι-οπτέω, f. σω, (διά, ὄψομαι) to watch accurately, spy about : to gaze upon.

δι-οπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (διόψομαι) a spy, scout.

δι-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (διόψομαι) a looker through.

δι-ορώω, fut. διόψομαι, to see through, discern.

δι-όρυγος, ον, (δῖς, ὀρυγιά) two fatboms long.

δι-ορθέω, f. σω, to judge rightly of.

δι-ορθώω, f. ὠσω, to make straight : to set right : to make good, amend, correct, make amends for : to tell aright :—so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, a making straight, correction : amendment : and

διόρθωσις, εως, ἡ, a making straight, correcting, amending of a fault : reformation.

δι-ορίζω, Ion. -οιρίζω; f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ :—to divide by limits, separate. 2. to distinguish, determine, define : to ordain. II. to carry abroad, banish, Lat. *ex-terminare*.

III. intr. to pass the boundaries.

δι-ὀρνύμαι, Pass. to hurry through.

διορτύνῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορτύνω.

διόρυγμα, ατος, τό, a through-cut, a canal. From δι-ορύσσω, Att. -ττω; f. ἔω : (for the tenses, v. ὀρύσσω) : to dig through : metaph. to undermine.

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance a match with one.

Δῖος, διὰ, διών, (Δις) godlike, excellent, mighty ; joined with a genit. διὰ θεῶν, διὰ γυναικῶν, with sup. force, most divine of goddesses, of women. 2. noble, honest, trusty. 3. divine, marvellous.

Δῖος, gen. of Ζεὺς ; v. *Δῖς.

Διόσ-δοτος, ον, (Δις, δίδωμι) given by Jove, heaven-sent.

Διο-σημία, ἡ, (Δις, σῆμα) a sign from Jove, Lat. *ostentum* : a portent.

Διόσ-κοροι, οἱ, Att. and poet. for Διόσκουροι : (Δῖς, κόρος, κύρος) sons of Jove, esp. the twins of Leda,

Castor and Pollux. II. the constellation named from them *the Twins*, Lat. *Gemini*. The Dioscouri were tutelary deities of sailors, cf. Hor. Carm. I, 3, 2. Hence

Διοσ-κούρειον, τό, *the temple of the Dioscouri*.

δι-ότι, Conjunct. for διὰ τοῦτο ὅτι . . ., *for the reason that, since*, Lat. *quocirca, quomobrem*. 2. indirect, *wherefore, for what reason*. 3. interrogat. *wherefore?* II. = ὅτι, *that*.

διο-τρεφής, ἐς, (Δι, τρέφω) *cherished by Jove*.

δι-ουρίζω, Ion. for διορίζω.

δι-οχλέω, f. ἴσω, *to annoy exceedingly*.

δι-όφμαι, fut. of διοράω, *formed from *διόπτομαι*.

δί-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, παῖς) *with two children*; θρήνος δίπαις *a dirge chanted by one's two children*.

δι-πάλαιστος, on, (δῖς, πάλαιστῆ) *two palms broad*.

δι-πάλτος, on, (δῖς, πάλτω) *brandished with both hands*; διπάλτα ξίφη *two-handed swords*.

δί-πηγυς, υ, (δῖς, πῆγυς) *two cubits long, broad, etc.*

διπλάζω, (διπλάσιον) *to double*:—Pass. *to be doubled, to be made twofold*. II. intr., τὸ διπλάζον κακὸν *the twofold evil*. Hence

δίπλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a double-folded mantle or cloak*. 2. διπλάκες *are ship-planks (which double one over the other)*, and poet. for ships, like Lat. *trabes*. II. as Adj., *folded double*.

διπλασιάζω, f. ἰσώω, *to double*. From

διπλάσιος, α, on, Ion. διπλήσιος, η, on, (δῖς) *double, twice as much, as many, etc.*: τὸ διπλάσιον *as much again*. Adv. -ως, *doubly*. Hence

διπλάσιόω, *to double*:—Pass. *to become twofold*.

δί-πλεθρος, on, (δῖς, πλέθρον) *two plethra long or broad*.

διπλή (sub. χλαῖνα), ἡ, *a cloak folded double*.

διπλή, Adv. *twice, twice over*.

διπλοῖζω, = διπλάζω.

διπλοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, *a double cloak*. Hence

διπλόος, ὅη, ὅον, contr. διπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, *twofold, double*. 2. *doubled, bent double*. II. in plur., = ἄμφω or ὅνῳ, *both, two*.

III. metaph. *double-minded, treacherous*, Lat. *duplex*, opp. to ἀπλοῦς. (From δισ-; see ἀπλόος.)

διπλός, ἡ, ὄν, = διπλόος: neut. Comp. διπλότερον *as Adv. twice as much*.

διπλώω, f. ὠσώω, (διπλόος) *to double, bend double*. II. *to repay twofold*.

δι-πόδης, ἐς, (δῖς, ποῦς) *two feet long, broad, etc.*

Δι-πόλεια, τά, contr. of Διπόλεια, (Δῖς, πόλις) *an ancient festival of Jove at Athens*. Hence

Διπολι-ώδης, ἐς, (Διπόλεια, εἶδος) *like the feast of the Dipoleia*, i. e. *obsolete, out of date*.

δί-πολος, on, (δῖς, πολέω) *twice ploughed*.

δι-πορος, on, (δῖς, πόρος) *with two passages*.

δι-πόταμος, on, (δῖς, ποταμός) *lying between or on two rivers*.

δί-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, ποῦς) *two-footed, Lat. bipes*:—as Subst., δίπους, ὁ, a Libyan kind of mouse, *the jerboa*. II. *two feet long, broad, etc.*

δι-πρόσωπος, on, (δῖς, πρόσωπον) *two-faced*.

δι-πτέρυγος, on, (δῖς, πτέρυξ) *two-winged*.

δι-πύχος, on, (δῖς, πυχῆ) *folded together, doubled*; διπυχον δελτίον *a pair of tablets*. II. = δισ-

σός, *twofold, two*, Lat. *geminus*.

δί-πύλος, on, (δῖς, πύλη) *with two gates or entrances*.

δί-πύρος, on, (δῖς, πῦρ) *with double lights*.

διρ-ρῦμος, on, (δῖς, ῥῦμός) *with two poles*.

δῖς, (δύο) Adv. *twice, double*.

-δῖς, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion to a place, as in ἀλλυδῖς, οἰκαδῖς, χαμάδῖς.

*ΔΙΨ, an old nom., = Ζεύς, which appears in the oblique cases Δῖος, Διΐ contr. Δί, Δία, and the Lat. *Dīs, Diespiter, Dijovis*.

δισ-ἄβος, on, Dor. for δισ-ἡβος, *twice young*.

δισ-ευνος, on, (δῖς, εὐνή) *with two wives*.

δισ-θανής, ἐς, (δῖς, θανέιν) *twice dead*.

δισκεύω, f. σῶω, = δισκέω.

δισκέω, f. ἴσῶω, (δίσκος) *to pitch the quoit*: generally, *to throw, toss*. Hence

δίσκημα, ατος, τό, *a thing thrown*. II. *the pitching of a quoit*.

δί-σκηπτρος, on, (δῖς, σκῆπτρον) *two-sceptred*.

δίσκος, ὁ, (δικεῖν) *a round plate, a quoit of stone*; later of metal or wood. II. *anything like a quoit*: a trencher: a mirror.

δίσκ-συρα, τά, (δίσκος, οἶον) *a quoit's cast*.

δισ-μύριοι, αι, α, *twenty thousand*: sing. δισμύριος, α, on, with collective nouns, as ἵππος δισμυρία 20,000 horse.

δισσ-ἄρχης, on, ὁ, (δισσός, ἄρχω) *partners in sway, joint-ruling*.

δισσός Att. διττός Ion. διζός, ἡ, ὄν, (δῖς): *two-fold, double*: also *divided, disagreeing, doubtful*.

δισσώς, Adv. of δισσός, *doubly*.

διστάζω, f. ἰσώω, (δῖς) *to doubt, be at a loss*.

δί-στίχος, on, (δῖς, στίξ) *of two rows, lines, or verses*: as Subst., διστίχον, τό, *an elegiac couplet*.

δί-στολος, on, (δῖς, στέλλω) *in pairs, two together*.

δί-στομος, on, (δῖς, στόμα) *double-mouthed, with two entrances, double*. II. *of a weapon, two-edged*.

δι-σύλλαβος, on, (δῖς, συλλαβή) *of two syllables*.

δισ-χιλιοι [χί], αι, α, *two thousand*: also in sing., δισχιλίος, α, on, with collective nouns, as ἵππος δισχιλία 2000 horse.

δι-τάλαντος, on, (δῖς, τάλαντον) *worth or weighing two talents*.

δι-τόκος, on, (δῖς, τεκεῖν) *twin or twice bearing*.

διττός, etc., v. sub δισ-.

δι-υγρος, on, *thoroughly wet*: *melting*.

δι-ύλιζω, (διά, ὑλη) *to strain or filter thoroughly*: *to strain off*.

δι-υπνίζω, f. ἰσώω Att. ἰῶ, *to wake from sleep*: so also in Med.

διφάσιος, α, on, *twofold, double*, Lat. *bifarius*: in Inven. also for δύο.

ΔΓΦΑΨΩ, Ion. -έω, *to dive after*: *seek after, hunt for*. Hence

διφήτωρ, opos, ὁ, a searcher after.

διφθέρα, ἡ, (δέφω) a prepared hide, leather, and so opp. to δέρρεϊς which are unworked hides. II.

anything made of leather: a leathern garment worn by peasants: a leathern wallet. Hence

διφθέρινος, η, ov, of tanned leather.

διφθερίς, ιδος, ἡ, = διφθέρα.

δίφθογγος, ov, (dis, φθέγγομαι) with two sounds: as

Subst., δίφθογγος, ἡ, and δίφθογγον, τό, a diphthong.

διφώρας, ov, (dis, φέρω) bearing fruit twice in the year, Lat. *biferus*.

διφραξ, ἄκος, ἡ, poet. for δίφρος, a seat, chair.

διφρεία, ἡ, (διφρεύω) chariot-driving.

διφρ-ελάτεια, ἡ, fem. of διφρηλάτης.

διφρευτής, ου, ὁ, a charioteer. From

διφρεύω, f. σω, (δίφρος) to drive a chariot.

διφρηλασία, ἡ, chariot-driving. From

διφρηλατέω, to drive in a chariot. From

διφρ-ηλάτης, ov, ὁ, (δίφρος, ἐλαύνω) a charioteer.

δίφριος, ov, (δίφρος) of a chariot: neut. pl. δίφρια as

Adv., at the chariot-wheels.

διφρίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of δίφρος.

δίφροντις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (dis, φροντίς) of two minds,

distraught in mind.

δίφρος, ὁ, and later ἡ, (contr. of διφώρας, bearing two), in plur. of δίφροι or τὰ δίφρα:—the chariot-board, on which two could stand; the war-chariot: a travelling-chariot. II. generally, a seat, couch, stool.

διφρ-ουλέω, f. ἦσω, (δίφρος, ἔλω) to draw a chair.

διφροφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry a chair or litter:—Pass. to be carried or travel in one. II. to carry

a camp-stool, as the female μέτοικοι had to do for the Athenian women in processions. From

διφρο-φόρος, ov, (δίφρος, φέρω) carrying a chair.

δι-φύής, ἐς, (dis, φύη) of double nature or form: generally, twofold, double.

δί-φυος, ov, (dis, φύη) of two families.

δίχα, (dis) I. Adv. in two, asunder, apart. 2. at two, at variance: differently, oppositely. II.

Prep. with gen. apart from, without: differently from, unlike: like ἀνεν, against the will of: of Place, away from. 2. except. Hence

διχάζω, f. ἀσω, to cleave asunder, disunite, make to disagree.

δι-χαλκον, τό, a double χαλκοῦς, a copper coin.

δι-χάλος, Dor. for δι-χηλος.

διχη, Adv., = δίχα, in two: in two ways.

δι-χηλος, ov, (dis, χηλή) cloven-hoofed. II.

as Subst., διχηλον, τό, a forceps, pincers.

διχηρης, ἐς, (δίχα) divided.

διχθά, Adv., poet. for δίχα, like τριχθά for τρίχα, in twain. Hence

διχθάδιος, α, ov, double, divided. [ᾱ]

διχθάς, ἀδος, ἡ, fem. of διχθάδιος.

διχό-βουλος, ov, (δίχα, βουλή) adverse.

διχο-γνυμονέω, (δίχα, γνώμη) to differ in opinion.

διχόθεν, (δίχα) Adv. on or from both sides.

δι-χοίνικος, ov, (dis, χοῖνιξ) holding 2 χοίνικες, i. e. nearly 3 pints.

δι-χόλωτος, ov, (dis, χολόομαι) doubly enraged.

διχό-μηνις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, = διχόμενος.

διχό-μηνος, ov, (δίχα, μήν) in the middle of the month, at or of the full moon.

διχό-μυθος, ov, (δίχα, μῦθος) double-speaking.

διχορ-ράγης, ἐς, (δίχα, ραγῆναι) broken in twain.

διχόρ-ροπος, ov, (δίχα, ῥέπω) wavering. Adv. —ως, doubtfully.

διχοστᾶσία, ἡ, a standing apart, quarrel, dispute: dissension. II. doubt. From

διχο-στατέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, στήναι) to stand apart, disagree.

διχό-στομος, ov, (δίχα, στόμα) = διστομος.

διχο-τομέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, τέμνω) to cut in two, cut asunder.

διχοῦ, Adv., = δίχα.

διχό-φρων, ov, gen. ονος, (δίχα, φρήν) apart in mind, at variance, discordant, disagreeing.

διχῶς, Adv., like δίχα, doubly, in two ways.

ΔΙΨΑ, ης, ἡ, thirst. Hence

διψᾶλέος, α, ov, thirsty, dry; and

διψάς, ἀδος, ἡ, fem. of διψιος.

διψάω, ης, η, inf. διψῆν: impf. ἐδιψην, ης, η: fut.

διψήσω: aor. I ἐδιψησα: pf. δεδιψηκα:—to thirst: of the ground, to be dry, parched. II. metaph. to

thirst after, long earnestly for.

δίψος, α, ov, (δίψα) thirsty, athirst, dry, parched.

δίψος, εος, τό, = δίψα, thirst.

δι-ψυχος, ov, (dis, ψυχή) double-minded, wavering.

ΔΙΩ, an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to run away, take to flight, flee: to be afraid. II. in

Med., subj. διωμαι, διῆται, διωνται, opt. διωτο, inf. διέσθαι, mostly trans., to frighten away, chase, put to

flight: to drive: to hunt: but 2. also, like διώ, to be afraid. [Ί]

διώγμα, ατος, τό, (διώκω) a pursuit, pursuing, chase. II. that which is chased, 'the chase.'

διωγμός, ὁ, (διώκω) the chase. II. persecution, harassing.

δι-ώδυνος, ov, (διά, ὀδυνή) piercing with anguish.

δι-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: (for the tenses, v. ὠθέω)—to push or tear away: Med. to push asunder

for oneself, break through. 2. to thrust away:—Med. to push from oneself, push away: to repulse, drive back. 3. to reject: to refuse.

διωκάθειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of διώκω.

διωκέμεν, διωκέμεναι, for διώκειν, inf. of διώκω.

διώκηκα, διώκημαι, pf. act. and pass. of διωκέω.

διώκησα, διώκησθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διωκέω.

διωκτέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of διώκω, to be pursued, aimed at.

διωκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and διώκτης, ov, ὁ, a pursuer. From

διώκω, f. ῥω or ῥομαι: aor. I ἐδιώξα: poet. aor. 2 ἐδιώκαθον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιώχθην: pf. δεδιώγμαι:

(διώ): I. to pursue, chase, hunt: of persons, to

seek after, follow closely:—Med. to chase. II. to drive on, drive away, chase away: to *expel, to banish*: διώκων ἄρμα to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive; also to speed, haste. III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; ὁ διώκων the prosecutor, plaintiff, opp. to ὁ φεύγων the defendant.

δι-ωλένιος, *ον*, (διά, ὠλένη) with outstretched arms. δι-ώλεσα, aor. I of διόλλυμι.

δι-ωμοσάμην, aor. I med. of διόμνυμι.

δι-ώμοτος, *ον*, (διόμνυμι) on one's oath, bound by oath.

Διώνη, ἡ, Dionē, mother of Venus (Jove being the father). II. daughter of Dionē, Aphrodité.

δι-ώνυμος, *ον*, (δῖς, ὄνυμα = ὄνομα) with two names: named together.

δι-ᾤ-κέλευθος, *ον*, (διώκω, κέλευθος) urging on the way.

δι-ᾤ-ἵππος, *ον*, (διώκω, ἵππος) horse-driving.

δι-ᾤ-ξις, *εως, ἡ*, (διώκω) a chasing: chase, pursuit. 2. as law-term, prosecution.

δι-ᾤ-ρισα, aor. I of διορίζω:—δι-ᾤ-ρῖσμαι, pf. pass.

δι-ᾤ-ρυσμαι, pf. pass. of δι-ᾤ-ρῖσσω.

δι-ᾤ-ρύσος, *ον*, more correct form of δι-ᾤ-ργυιος.

δι-ᾤ-ρυξ, ὅ, ἡ, (δι-ᾤ-ρύσσω) dug or cut through: δι-ᾤ-ρυξ (sub. γῆ) ἡ, a trench, canal; κρυπτή δι-ᾤ-ρυξ a covered passage.

δι-ᾤ-σα, aor. I of δι-ᾤ-σσω.

δι-ᾤ-σθῆς, aor. I pass. part. of δαμάω: δι-ᾤ-σθῆτω, 3 sing. imperat., may be prevailed upon.

δι-ᾤ-σις, *εως, ἡ*, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in.

δι-ᾤ-στειρα, ἡ, a tamer, subduer; fem. of sq.

δι-ᾤ-τήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δαμάω) a tamer, breaker.

δι-ᾤ-ς, dual nom. of δι-ᾤ-ς.

δι-ᾤ-μή, ἡ, (δαμάω) a female slave taken in war: generally, any female slave, Lat. ancilla.

δι-ᾤ-ως, *α, ον*, (δμῶς) in servile condition.

δι-ᾤ-ως, ἴδος, ἡ, = δι-ᾤ-σις.

δι-ᾤ-ς, ὅς, ὁ, (δαμάω) a slave taken in war: hence any slave.

δι-ᾤ-πάλιζω, *fi* ἔω, to swing or fling about.

δι-ᾤ-φερός, *α, ὄν*, dark, dusky, murky. From

ΔΟΝΟΦΟΣ, ὅ, = κνέφας, darkness, dusk, gloom.

δο-ᾤ-σαστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I in impers. sense, = Att.

ἔδοξε, it seemed: δο-ᾤ-σσεται, Ep. for -ῆται, 3 sing. subj. = δόξη.

δόγμα, *ατος, τό*, (δοκέω) that which one thinks true, an opinion. 2. a resolution, decree. Hence

δογμ-ᾤ-ζω, *f*. ἴσω Att. ᾤ, to lay down a decree:—Pass. to submit to ordinances.

δο-ᾤ-σσομαι, fut. pass. of δίδωμι.

ΔΟΘΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, a small abscess, boil.

δο-ᾤ-άζω, *f*. ᾤσω, (δοιό) to consider two ways, hesitate between:—Med. to doubt, to imagine.

δοι-ᾤ-κο-ποιός, ὁ, (δοιδυξ, ποίεω) a pestle-maker.

ΔΟΙ-ᾤ-ΤΕ, ἴκος, ὁ, a pestle.

δο-ᾤ-ή, ἡ, doubt, perplexity. From

δο-ᾤ-ν, aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.

δο-ᾤ-οι, *α, ὄν*, two, both: δο-ᾤ-α, Adv. in two ways.

δο-ᾤ-ώ, = δο-ᾤ-οι, of which it is the dual, = δύν.

δο-ᾤ-ώ, *f*. ἔσω, (δέχομαι) to watch closely, to lie in wait for.

ΔΟΚΕ-ᾤ; but many tenses are formed from pres. *δο-ᾤ-κα: fut. δο-ᾤ-σσω and δόξω: aor. I ἔδο-ᾤ-κησα and ἔδο-ᾤ-ξα: pf. δε-ᾤ-δο-ᾤ-κηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἔδο-ᾤ-κῆσθην: pf. δε-ᾤ-δο-ᾤ-κημαι and δε-ᾤ-δο-ᾤ-γμα: 1. to think, surmise, expect, imagine.

II. intr. to seem, appear: esp. in 3 sing. δο-ᾤ-κει, ἔδο-ᾤ-ξε, it seems good, seemed good: as Att. law-term, ἔδο-ᾤ-ξε τῇ βουλῇ, τῷ δήμῳ, it was decreed or enacted by...: but also in 1 pers., δο-ᾤ-κῶ μοι, I seem to myself, methinks, Lat. videor mihi; ἔδο-ᾤ-ξά μοι methought. 2. to appear to be something, to be of repute; οἱ δο-ᾤ-κούντες εἶναι τι men who are held to be of some account. 3. aor. I neut. part. δόξαν, used absol., and plqpf. δε-ᾤ-δο-ᾤ-μένον, it having been resolved, Lat. quum statutum esset; so δο-ᾤ-κούν, it being resolved, Lat. quum statueretur.

δο-ᾤ-κή, ἡ, = δο-ᾤ-χή, (δο-ᾤ-κέω) a vision, fancy.

δο-ᾤ-κήμα, τό, (δο-ᾤ-κέω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion, expectation.

δο-ᾤ-κήσις, *εως, ἡ*, (δο-ᾤ-κέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit, fancy, suspicion. II. good report, credit.

δο-ᾤ-κησι-σοφός, *ον*, (δο-ᾤ-κήσις, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit.

δο-ᾤ-κίμαζω, *f*. ᾤσω: aor. I ἔδο-ᾤ-κίμασα:—Pass., aor. I ἔδο-ᾤ-κίμασθην: pf. δε-ᾤ-δο-ᾤ-κίμασαι: (δο-ᾤ-κίμος):—to assay metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove, to examine. II. to approve, sanction: to hold as good, pure, after trial. Hence

δο-ᾤ-κίμαστis, ἡ, an assay, proving, examination.

δο-ᾤ-κίμαστis, οὐ, ὁ, (δο-ᾤ-κίμαζω) an assayer, examiner.

δο-ᾤ-κίμη, ἡ, a proof, examination: approved character, Lat. probitas: and

δο-ᾤ-κίμων, τό, proof, trial. From

δο-ᾤ-κίμος, *ον*, (δέχομαι) tried, assayed, genuine: of persons, approved, esteemed, Lat. probus, probatus: of things, worthy, excellent; also notable, considerable. Adv. -μως, really, truly.

δο-ᾤ-κίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of δο-ᾤ-κός, a stick.

ΔΟΚΟ-ᾤ, ἡ, a wooden beam or bar: a shaft.

δο-ᾤ-κῶ, ὅς contr. οὐς, ἡ, = δο-ᾤ-κήσις, an opinion.

δο-ᾤ-λερός, *α, ὄν*, (δόλος) deceitful, treacherous.

δο-ᾤ-λο-μητις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόλος, μήτις) crafty-purposing.

δο-ᾤ-λο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (δόλος, ποίς) of stealthy foot.

δόλος, *α, ον*, and *ος, ον*, (δόλος) crafty, deceitful, treacherous, wily.

δο-ᾤ-λο-φρων, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ονος, (δόλος, φρήν) crafty of mind, wily.

δο-ᾤ-λιώ, *f*. ᾤσω, (δόλος) to deal treacherously.

δο-ᾤ-λιχ-αυλός, *ον*, (δο-ᾤ-λιχός, αὐλός) with long tube or socket.

δο-ᾤ-λιχ-αύχην, *ενος, ὁ, ἡ*, (δο-ᾤ-λιχός, αύχην) long-necked.

δο-ᾤ-λιχ-εγχis, *ες, ὄν*, (δο-ᾤ-λιχός, εγχος) with tall spear.

δο-ᾤ-λιχ-ήρετος, *ον*, (δο-ᾤ-λιχός, ήρετός) of a ship, long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δο-ᾤ-λιχο-γρα-ᾤ-φία, ἡ, (δο-ᾤ-λιχός, γράφω) proliz writing.

ΔΟΛΙΧΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, long: of Time, long, weary-some.

II. as Subst., δολιχός, ὁ, the long course, in racing, opp. to the course of the στάδιον.

δολιχο-σκίος, ὄν, (δολιχός, σκιά) casting a long shadow; οὐ δολιχο-σκίος, (δολιχός, ὕσχος) with long shaft.

δολόεις, εσσα, εν, (δόλος) subtle, wily. II. of things, craftily contrived, artful.

δολο-μήδης, ες, gen. εος, (δόλος, μήδος) wily, crafty. δολο-μήτης, ου, ὅ, and δολό-μητις, ι, gen. ιος, (δόλος, μήτις) crafty-minded, wily.

δολο-μήχανος, ὄν, (δόλος, μηχανή) contriving wiles. δολό-μῦθος, ὄν, (δόλος, μῦθος) false-speaking.

δολοπλοκία, ἡ, subtlety, craft. From δολο-πλόκος, ὄν, (δόλος, πλέκω) weaving wiles.

δολο-ποιός, ὄν, (δόλος, ποιέω) treacherous. δολορραφία, ἡ, artful contrivance, subtlety. From

δολόρ-ραφος, ὄν, (δόλος, ράπτω) contriving wiles. δόλος, ὁ, (from ΔΕΛ-, the Root of δέλεαρ) properly

a bait for fish: then a piece of deceit, any cunning contrivance: craft, cunning, treachery, Lat. dolus.

δολο-φόνος, ὄν, (δόλος, φένω) slaying by treachery. δολο-φραδής, ἐς, (δόλος, φράζω) wily-minded.

δολοφρονέων, ουσα, ὄν, (δολόφρων) craft-devising. δολοφροσύνη, ἡ, subtlety, williness. From

δολόφ-ρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (δόλος, φρήν) = δολοφραδής, crafty-minded.

δολόω, f. ὥσω, (δόλος) to beguile, ensnare. II. to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise. Hence

δόλωμα, ατος, τό, a trick, deceit. δόλων, ὠνος, ὁ, (δόλος) a small sail. II. a dagger.

δόλ-ωπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (δόλος, ὤψ) artful-looking. δόλωσις, εως, ἡ, (δολόω) a tricking, ensnaring.

δόμα, ατος, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift. δομαῖος, α, ὄν, (δέμω) of or for building.

δόμηναι, δόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δίδωμι. δόμονδε, Adv. home, homeward; ὅνδε δόμονδε to his own house. From

δόμος, ὁ, (δέμω) Lat. domus, a house: also the household.

II. a part of the house, chamber, room.

III. anything that is built up; διὰ τριήκοντα δόμων πλίνθου at every thirtieth layer of bricks.

δομο-σφάλης, ἐς, (δόμος, σφάλλω) ruining the house.

δονακεύομαι, Dep. (δόναξ) to catch birds with reed and birdlime.

δονακέυς, εως, ὁ, (δόναξ) a thicket of reeds. δονακίτις, ἰδος, fem. Adj. (δόναξ) of reed.

δονακί-γλύφος, ὄν, (δόναξ, γλύφω) reed-cutting. δονακίοεις, εσσα, εν, (δόναξ) abounding in reeds;

δόλος δονακίοεις a reed covered with birdlime. δονακί-τροφός, ὄν, (δόναξ, τρέφω) reed-producing.

δονακί-χλοος, ὄν, contr. -χλους, ὄν, (δόναξ, χλω) green with reeds.

δόναξ Ion. δοῦναξ Dor. δῶναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a reed, Lat. calamus, arundo. II. anything made of reed:

a dart, arrow. 2. a flute, shepherd's pipe. 3. a

fishing-rod or limed reed (see δονακίοεις). 4. the bridge of the lyre. From

ΔΟΝΕΩ, f. ἥσω, to shake, stir: to excite, agitate: drive about:—Pass., ἡ Ἀσίη ἐδονέετο Asia was in commotion. Hence

δόνημα, ατος, τό, agitation, waving motion; and δονητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. shaken.

δόντες, nom. pl. of δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι. δόξᾱ, ἡ, (δοκέω) a notion, opinion, Lat. visum: expectation. 2. a sentiment, judgment: esp. a philosophic opinion, Lat. placitum. 3. mere opinion, as opp. to knowledge. 4. a fancy, vision. II.

the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat. existimatio: good report, credit, honour. 2. glory, splendour. Hence

δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to hold an opinion, think, believe, judge. II. to glorify, extol. Hence

δόξασμα, ατος, τό, an opinion: a fancy. δοξοκοπία, ἡ, love of popularity. From

δοξο-κόπος, ὄν, (δόξα, κόπτω) seeking popularity. δοξο-μάνης, ἐς, (δόξα, μάνημι) mad after glory. Hence

δοξομανία, ἡ, mad love of glory. δοξο-μαπαύ-σοφος, ὁ, (δόξα, ματαύς, σοφός) a would-be philosopher.

δοξο-σόφος, ὄν, (δόξα, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit.

δοξόω, f. ὥσω, to give one the character of being so and so: Pass. to have such a character.

δόξω, fut. of δοκέω: δόξαι, aor. 1 inf. δορά, ἡ, (θέρω) a skin, hide.

δόρατα, nom. pl., δόρατι, dat. sing., of δόρυ. δοράτιον, τό, Dim. of δόρυ, a small spear, dart.

δορατο-πάχης, ἐς, (δόρυ, πάχος) of a spear-shaft's thickness.

δοράτος, gen. of δόρυ. δορήσιος, α, ὄν, (δόρυ) wooden.

δορι-άλματος, ὄν, (δόρυ, ἀλῶναι) captive of the spear, taken in war. [ᾱ]

δορι-γαμβρος, ὄν, (δόρυ, γαμέω) wooed by battle. δορι-θήρατος, ὄν, (δόρυ, θηράω) taken by the spear.

δορι-κάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, κανεῖν) slain by the spear. δορι-κμήης, ἡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (δόρυ, κάμνω) slain by the spear.

δορι-κράνος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κρίνω) spear-beaded.

δορι-κτιγτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτάσμαι) won by the spear. δορι-κτύπος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτυπέω) spear-clashing.

δορι-ληκτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, λαμβάνω) won by the spear. δορι-μάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, μανῖναι) raging with the spear.

δορι-μαργος, ὄν, (δόρυ, μάργος) raging with the spear. δορι-μήστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, (δόρυ, μήστωρ) master of the spear.

δορι-πάλτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πάλλω) wielding the spear; χεῖρ δοριπάλτος, i. e. the right hand.

δορι-πετής, ἐς, (δόρυ, πέτω Root of πίπτω) fallen by the spear.

δορι-πληκτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πλήσσω) stricken by the spear.

δορί-πονος, *ον*, (δόρυ, πόνος) *toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.*

δορι-σθενής, *ες*, *ν*: sub δορυσθενής.

δορι-στέφανος, *ον*, (δόρυ, στέφανος) *crowned for bravery in war.*

δορι-τίνακτος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τινάσσω) *shaken by battle.*

δορι-τήματος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τέμνω) *pierced by the spear.*

δορι-τόλμος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τόλμα) *bold in war.*

δορκᾶλῖς, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, = δορκάς.

δορκάς, *ἄδος*, *ῆ*, (δέδορκα) *an antelope, gazelle, so called from its large bright eyes.*

δορός, *ὁ*, (δέρω) *a leathern bag or wallet.*

δορπέω, *ῖ*, *ῆσω*, (δόρπον) *to take supper.* Hence

δορπηστός, *ὁ*, *supper-time, evening.*

Δορπία, *ῆ*, (δόρπον) *the first day of the feast Apaturia; τῆς ὁρτῆς τῇ δορπῖᾳ on the eve of the feast.*

ΔΟΡΨΙΟΝ, *τό*, *the evening meal, Lat. coena, the chief meal of the day, dinner or supper.*

ΔΟΡΥ, *τό*: gen. δόρατος, Ep. δούρατος δουρός, in Att. poets also dorós: dat. δόρατι, Ion. δούρατι δουρί, in Att. poets also dórei or dorí.—Ion. dual δούρε.—Plur. nom. δόρατα, Ep. δούρατα δούρα, in Att. Poets also dóρη: gen. δόραν, Ep. δούραν: dat. δόρασι, Ep. δούρασι δούρεσι. *The stem of a tree, but only when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like Lat. trabs, a ship.* II. *the wood or shaft of a spear; hence the spear itself: a hunting-spear: since the spear was held in the right hand, ἐπὶ δόρυ meant to the right hand, opp. to ἐκ' ἀσπίδα to the left.*

δορυ-άλωτος, false reading for δοριάλωτος.

δορυ-θαράς, *ες*, (δόρυ θαράω) *daring in war.*

δορυ-ξένος, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (δόρυ, ξένος) *a friend at the spear, an ally in war: or a friend made in war.*

δορυ-ξόος, *ον*, contr. -ξοῦς, *οὖν*, (δόρυ, ξέω) *spear-polishing: as Subst., δορυξός, ὁ, a maker of spears; also δορυξός, ὁ.*

δορυ-παγής, *ες*, (δόρυ, παγῆναι) *built of beams.*

δορυ-πάλτος, -πετής, -πληκτος, *ν*. δορίπ-.

δορυ-σθενής or δορι-σθενής, *ες*, (δόρυ, σθένος) *mighty with the spear.*

δορυ-σός, *ητος, ὁ*, masc. Adj., = δορυσός, *warlike.*

δορυ-σός, *ον*, contr. δορυ-σοῦς, *οὖν*, poet. also

δορυ-σός, (δόρυ, σέω) *brandishing the spear.*

δορυ-στέφανος, δορυ-τίνακτος, *ν*. δορί-.

δορυφορέω, *ῖ*, *ῆσω*, (δορυφόρος) *to attend as a body-guard: to keep guard over.* Hence

δορυφόρημα, *ματος, τό*, *a body-guard; and*

δορυφορία, *ῆ*, *a keeping guard over.*

δορυφορικός, *ῆ*, *όν*, (δορυφορία) *of or for the guard; τὸ δορυφορικόν the guard.*

δορυ-φόρος, *ον*, (δόρυ, φέρω) *spear-bearing, Lat. hastatus; ὁ δορυφόρος the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.*

δός, *αορ. 2 imperat. of δίδωμι.*

δοσιδικος, *ον*, false reading for δωσιδικος.

δόσις, *εως, ῆ*, (δίδωμι) *a giving.*

II. *a gift, present, a bequest.*

III. *a portion: a dose.*

δόσκον, Ep. *αορ. 2 of δίδωμι.*

δότειρα, *ῆ*, fem. of δότηρ.

δοτέος, *α*, *ον*, verb. Adj. of δίδωμι, *to be given.* II.

δοτέον, *one must give.*

δοτήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, (δίδωμι) *a giver, dispenser.*

δότης, *ου, ὁ*, = δοτήρ.

δουλ-ἄγωγέω, *ῖ*, *ῆσω*, (δούλος, ἄγω) *to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγεῖν τὸ σῶμα to mortify the body.*

δουλάριον, *τό*, Dim. of δούλος.

δουλεία Ion. δουλητή, *ῆ*, (δουλεύω) *servitude, slavery, bondage.* II. *the body of slaves, the bondmen, servile class.*

δούλειος, *α*, *ον*, or *ος, ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile.*

δούλευμα, *ατος, τό*, (δουλεύω) *a service.* II. *a slave, Lat. mancipium.*

δουλεύω, *ῖ*, *ῆσω*, (δούλος) *to be a slave: generally, c. dat. to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve, obey, Lat. inservire alicui.*

δουλή, *ῆ*, fem. of δούλος.

δουλητή, Ion. of δουλεία.

δουλαία, *ῆ*, poet. for δουλεία.

δουλικός, *ῆ*, *όν*, = δούλιος. Adv. -κῶς, *like a slave.*

δούλιος, *α*, *ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile; δούλιον ἡμῶν the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life.*

δουλιχό-δεῖρος, Ion. for δολιχόδεῖρος, (δολιχός, δειρῆ) *long-necked.*

δουλιχόεις, *εσσα, εν*, Ion. for δολιχόεις, poet. for δολιχός.

δουλο-πρεπής, *ές*, (δούλος, πρέπω) *befitting a slave: low-minded, mean.*

ΔΟΥΛΟΣ, *ὁ*, *a slave, bondman, properly a born slave, opp. to ἀνδράποδον (a slave taken in war).* II. as Adj., δούλος, *ῆ*, *ον*, *slavish, enslaved, subject; Comp. δουλότερος, more of a slave.*

δουλοσύνη, *ῆ*, (δούλος) *slavery, slavish work.*

δουλόσυνος, *ον*, (δούλος) *enslaved.*

δουλότερος, *α*, *ον*, Comp. of δούλος.

δουλόω, *ῖ*, *ῆσω*, (δούλος) *to make a slave of, enslave: —Med. to subject to oneself.* Hence

δουλώσας, *εως, ῆ*, *enslaving, subjugation.*

δοῦναι, *αορ. 2 inf. of δίδωμι.*

δοῦναξ, δονακός, Ion. for δόναξ, δονακός.

δοῦπέω, *ῖ*, *ῆσω*: Ep. *αορ. 1* δούπησα: pf. δέδουπα: (δούπος): *to sound heavily, of the heavy fall of a corpse: generally, to fall in battle.*

δουπήτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (δουπέω) *a clatterer.*

ΔΟΥΠΟΣ, *ὁ*, *any dead, heavy sound; δούπος ἀκόντων the hurdling of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the hum of a multitude; the din of war; the roar of the sea.*

δουράτα, syncop. δούρα, *τά*, Ep. plur. of δόρυ.

δουράτεος, *α*, *ον*, *of planks or beams.*

δουράτιον, Ion. for δοράτιον, *a dart.*

δούρειος, *α*, *ον*, = δουράτεος.

δούρεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of δόρυ.

δουρ-ηκεῖς, (δόρυ, ἐνεγκεῖν) Adv. *a spear's throw off or distant.*

δορι-άλωτος, *ον*, Ion. for δοριάλωτος.

δορι-κλειτός, *ον*, Ion. for δορι-κλειτός, (δόρυ, κλειτός) famed for the spear.

δορι-κλυτός, *ή, όν*, Ion. for δορι-κλυτός, (δόρυ, κλυτός) famed for the spear.

δορι-κτητός, δορι-ληπτος, δορι-μανής, Ion. for δορι-.

δοῦριος, = δοίρειος.

δορι-πληκτος, *ον*, Ion. for δορίπληκτος.

δορι-τύτης, *ές*, (δόρυ, τύτω) wood-cutting.

δορο-δόκη, *ή*, (δόρυ, δοχή) a stand for spears.

δορο-θήκη, *ή*, (δόρυ, θήκη) a case for spears.

δορο-μάνης, *ές*, Ion. for δοριμανής.

δούς, *αορ. 2 part.* of δίδωμι.

δοχείον, Ion. δοχήϊον, τό, (δέχομαι) a bolder.

δοχή, *ή*, (δέχομαι) reception, entertainment. II. *a receptacle.*

δοχή, *ή*, a measure of length, a span.

δόχμιος, *α, ον*, (δοχμός) across, sideways, aslant.

δοχμόλοφος, *ον*, (δοχμός, λόφος) wearing one's plume aslant, with nodding plume.

ΔΟΧΜΟΨ, *ή, όν*, slanting, sideways. Hence

δοχμόμαι, *αορ. 1* ἐδοχμώθην, *Pass.* to turn sideways or aslant.

δράγμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράσσομαι) as much as one can grasp, a handful, truss, sheaf, Lat. manipulus.

δραγματη-φόρος, *ον*, (δράγμα, φέρω) carrying sheaves.

δραγμαεύω, *φ. σω*, to collect the corn into sheaves.

δραγμός, *ός*, (δράσσομαι) a taking hold of, handling.

δραθῆναι, *αορ. 2 inf.* of δαρθάνω.

δραῖν, δραίνην, *αορ. 2 imperat.* and *opt.* of διδράσκω.

δραίνω, *φ. δρᾶνῶ*, (δράω) to be going to do.

δράκαινα, *ης, ή, fem.* of δράκων, a she-dragon.

δρακῆναι, *αορ. 2 inf. act.* of δέркоμαι.

δρακῆναι, *αορ. 2 inf. pass.* of δέркоμαι.

δρακόμενος, *αορ. 2 part. med.* of δέркоμαι.

δράκον, Ion. for ἐδράκον, *αορ. 2* of δέркоμαι.

δρακοντ-ολέτης, *ου, ό*, (δράκων, ὄλλυμι) serpent-slayer.

δρακοντό-μαλλος, *ον*, (δράκων, μάλλος) with snakey locks.

δρακοντ-ώδης, *ες*, (δράκων, εἶδος) snake-like.

δρακών, *αορ. 2 part. act.* of δέркоμαι.

δρακωντος, *ός*, (δρακῆν) a dragon: later a serpent.

δράμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράω) a deed, act, acting: a business, duty. 2. an action represented on the stage, a drama.

δραμῆναι, *αορ. 2 inf.* of τρέχω.

δράμημα, *ατος, τό*, (δραμῆν) a course, a race.

δραμούμαι, δραμών, *fut.* and *αορ. 2 part.* of τρέχω.

δράναι, *αορ. 2 inf.* of διδράσκω.

δράξ, δράκός, = δράγμα.

δραπέτεύω, *φ. σω*, to run away, flee. From

δραπέτης, *ον*, Ion. δρηπέτης, *εω, ό*, (δράναι) a runaway: esp. a runaway slave. II. as Adj., δραπέτης κληρος a fugitive lot, i. e. a mouldering clod,

which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of the urn.

δραπέτης, *ου, ό*, = δραπέτης.

δραπέτις, *ιδος, ή, fem.* of δραπέτης.

δραπέτισκος, *ός*, Dim. of δραπέτης.

δράς, δράσα, *αορ. 2 part.* of δράω.

δρασεῖω, Desiderat. of δράω, to have a mind to do, to be going to do.

δρασθεῖς, *αορ. 1 part. pass.* of δράω.

δρασμός, *ον*, (δράω) active; τὸ δράσιμον action.

δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, *ός*, (δράναι) a running away, flight.

δράσομαι, *fut.* of διδράσκω. [α]

ΔΡΑΨΣΟΜΑΙ Att. δράττομαι: *fut.* δράσομαι:

αορ. 1 ἐδραψάμην: *pf.* δέδραγμα Att. δέδαγμα:

Dep.:—to grasp with the hand, grasp a handful of: to lay hold of:—*c. acc. rei*, to take by handful.

δραστής, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of δράω, to be done. II.

δραστῆον, one must do.

δραστήριος, *ον*, vigorous, active, efficacious.

δραστής, *οὔ, ό*, (δράω) a worker: servant.

δραστηκός, *ή, όν*, (δράω) active.

δρατός, *ή, όν*, metath. for δαρτός, verb. Adj. of δέρω, skinned, flayed.

δραχμή, *ή*, (δράσσομαι) a drachma, a coin worth 6 obols, i. e. 93d, nearly = Roman denarius. II. an Attic weight, = about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly as much as one can hold in the hand, cf. δράγμα.)

ΔΡΑΨ, *φ. δράσω* [α]: *αορ. 1* ἐδράσα: *pf.* δέδρακα:—*Pass.*, *αορ. 1* ἐδράσθην: *pf.* δέδραμαι:—to do, be doing, accomplish:—*c. dupl. acc.*, εὖ or κακῶς δρᾶν τινα, to do one good or ill.

δρεπάνη, *ή*, (δρέπω) a sickle, reaping-hook, scythe. [α]

δρεπάνη-φόρος, *ον*, (δρεπάνη, φέρω) bearing a scythe; ἄρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scythe-armed car.

δρεπάνο-ειδής, *ές*, (δρέπανον, εἶδος) sickle-shaped.

δρέπανον, τό, (δρέπω) = δρεπάνη, a sickle: a curved scimitar.

δρεπᾶν-ουργός, *ός*, (δρέπανον, *έργω) a sword-maker.

δρέπτω, *poet.* for δρέπω, to pluck, cull.

ΔΡΕΨΙΝ, *φ. ψω* *αορ. 1* ἐδρεψα: *αορ. 2* ἐδρεπον:

—Med., Dor. *fut.* δρεψέσμαι: *αορ. 1* ἐδρεψάμην:—*Pass.*, *αορ. 1* ἐδρέφθην:—to break off, pluck: Med. to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess, enjoy.

δρηπέτης, *εω, ό*, Ion. for δραπέτης.

δρησμοσύνη, *ή*, = δρηστοσύνη.

δρηστήρ, ἥρος, *ός*, (διδράσκω) Ion. for δραστήρ, a run-away.

δρηστήρ, ἥρος, *ός*, Ion. for δραστήρ, (δράω) a labourer, worker: fem. δρηστέρα.

δρηστής, *οὔ, ό*, Ion. for δραστής.

δρηστοσύνη, *ή*, Ion. for δραστοσύνη, (δράω) service.

δριμύλος, *ον*, Dini. of δριμύς, sharp, piercing. [υ]

ΔΡΙΜΥΨ, *εία, ό*, piercing, stinging, biting, pungent. II. metaph. like Lat. acer, sharp, keen, bitter: sbreud. Adv. —έως. Hence δριμύτης, *ητος, ή*, sharpness, pungency: sbreudness,

ΔΡΥΪΟΣ, τό, plur. δρία, τά, (as if from δρίον) *copse-wood, thicket, brushwood.*

ΔΡΟΥΤΗ, ἡ, a *bathtub, a bath.*

δρομαῖος, α, ον, or os, ον, (δρόμος) *running at full speed, swift, fleet.*

δρομάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δραμεῖν) *running, whirling.*

δρομεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) *a runner.*

δρόμημα, ατος, τό, = δράμημα.

δρόμος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) *a course, race, running; flight; a fleeing, escape; ἡμέρης δρόμος a day's running, i.e. the distance one can go in a day.*

2. the length of the stadium, a course; ἕξω δρόμου φέρεσθαι to be carried out of the course.

II. a place for running, race-course: a public walk.

δροσερός, ἁ, ὄν, (δρόσος) *dewy, watery.*

δρουζίω, f. ἴσω, (δρόσος) to *bedew, besprinkle.*

δρυσίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (δρόσος) = δροσερός.

δρυσόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for δροσερός.

ΔΡΟΣΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. ROS, *dew; also the time of dew, dew-fall.* 2. *pure water: tears.* 3. *metaph. anything tender, the young of animals.* Hence

δρυσώω, to *bedew*: pf. pass. part. δεδρυσωμένος, *dewy.*

δρυσ-ώδης, es, (δρόσος, εἶδος) *dew-like, dewy.*

Δρυνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δρῦς) *a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree.*

δρύνους [Ὶ], η, ον, (δρῦς) *oaken; δρύνον πῦρ a fire of oak-wood; μέλι δρύνιον honey from a hollow oak.*

δρυ-κολάπτης, ον, ὁ, = δρυο-κολάπτης.

δρυμός, ὁ, pl. δρυμοί and δρυμά: (δρῦς): *an oak-copse, a coppice, wood.* [ῖ, except in neut. pl.]

δρυμών, ὠνος, ἡ, (δρῦς) *an oak-copse.*

δρυο-γόνος, ον, (δρῦς, *γένω) *oak-grown.*

δρυο-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (δρῦς, κοίτη) *couching on the oak, epith. of the τέττιξ.*

δρυο-κολάπτης, ον, ὁ, (δρῦς, κολάπτω) *the great woodpecker, Lat. picus major.*

δρυο-πάγης, ἐς, (δρῦς, παγήναι) *built of oak.*

δρυ-οχοι, οί, σι δρυ-οχα, τά, (δρῦς, ἔχω) *the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρυόχους τιθέναι δράματος to lay the keel of a new play.*

δρύοψ, ομος, ὁ, (δρῦς, ὤψ) *a kind of woodpecker.*

δρυ-πετής, ἐς, (δρῦς, πέπτω) *ripened on the tree, quite ripe: over-ripe, decayed; or δρυ-πετής, ἐς, (δρῦς, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) ready to fall from the tree.*

ΔΡΥΪΠΙΑ, ἡ, *an over-ripe, mouldy olive.*

ΔΡΥΪΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἔδρυσα Ep. δρύψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδρύφην: pf. δέδρυμαι:—to *tear, scratch, wound; δρυπτεσθαι παρειάδι to tear one's cheek; also absol.*

ΔΡΥΪΣ, ἡ, gen. δρύνος, acc. δρύν: pl. nom. and acc. δρύνες, δρύας, contr. δρῦς:—the oak, sacred to Zeus.

II. *any timber tree; πτεῖρα δρῦς the resinous pine.* III. *metaph. an old tree, i.e. withered old man.*

δρυ-τόμος, ον, (δρῦς, τεμεῖν) *felling timber.*

δρυφάκτον, τό, and δρυφάκτος, ὁ, (δρῦς) *a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the courts of law or the council-chamber.*

δρυφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δρύπτω.

δρύψα, Ep. aor. 1 of δρύπτω.

δρύψα, τά, (δρύπτω) *scrapings, parings.*

δρῶσιμ, Ep. for δρῆμ, lengthd. opt. of δράω.

δῦ, Ep. for ἔδω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω.

δυσάκις, Adv. *twice, = δις.*

δυσάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δύο) *the number two.*

δυνάω, (δύη) *to plunge in misery.*

δυνεῖν, later Att. for δυοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of δύνω.

ΔΥΪΗ, ἡ, *woe, misery, anguish: toil, pain: hard usage.* [ῖ]

δύνειν, (as if for δύνην), aor. 2 opt. of δύνω.

δυνηπάθῃ, ἡ, *misery.* From

δυνη-πάθος, ον, (δύη, παθεῖν) *suffering woe.*

δύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of δύνω.

δύτος, α, ον, (δύη) *miserable.*

δύμναι, δύμεν, Ep. for δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύνω.

δύμνι, assumed as a collat. form of δύνω, δύνων.

δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύνω.

δύνα, Att. 2 sing. of δύναιμι.

ΔΥΝΑΜΑΙ, in pres. and imperf. declined like ἵσταμαι, 2 sing. δύνασαι, Att. δύνα, Ion. δύνη δύνει; 3 pl. δύνανται Ep. δυνέσται; subj. δύνωμαι, Ion. 2 sing. δύνῃται:—imperf. ἐδύναμην, 2 sing. ἐδύνω, 3 pl. ἐδύναντο Ion. ἐδυνέστο:—fut. δυνήσομαι: aor. I ἐδυνήσαμην and ἐδυνήθην (or ἐδυνάσθην Ep. δυνάσθην):—pf. δεδύνημαι:—in Att. the double augment ἡδυνάμην, ἡδυνήθην is often used: Dep.: 1. to be able, capable, strong enough to do, c. inf.: also c. acc., δύνασθαι ἅπαντα to be able to do all things, Lat. omnia posse: absol. οἱ δυνάμειοι the powerful. II. to pass for, to be worth, Lat. valere; ὁ σίγλος δύναιται ἑπτὰ δρόλους the shchel is worth seven obols: to avail: to signify, denote.

δύναμις, ἡ: gen. εως Ion. ιος: Ion. dat. δύνامي: (δύναιμι):—strength, might, power, ability; κατὰ δύνανμιν to the best of one's power, Lat. pro virili; παρὰ δύνανμιν or ὑπὲρ δύνανμιν beyond one's power. 2. a force for war, forces, Lat. copiae. 3. a quantity, Lat. vis, e. g. χρημάτων. 4. the force of a word, etc., meaning, Lat. vis. 5. a faculty, power: hence a faculty, art, as Logic. 6. worth, value, as of money.

δυνάμοω, f. ὠσω, (δύναμις) to strengthen.

δυνάσθην, Ep. aor. 1 of δύναιμι.

δύνᾱσις, εως, ἡ, poet. for δύναμις.

δύναστεία, ἡ, power, lordship, sovereignty. II. an oligarchy. From

δύναστεύω, f. σω, to hold power or lordship, be powerful: to be high in rank. From

δύναστης, ον, ὁ, (δύναιμι) a lord, master, ruler; οἱ δυνάσται the chief men, Lat. optimates.

δυνάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, = δυνάστης.

δυνάτῳ, f. ἡω, (δυνατός) to be powerful.

δυνάτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for δυνάστης.

δυνάτῳς, ἡ, ὄν, (δύναμαι) *strong, mighty: powerful, able.* II. of things, *possible.*

δυνατῶς, Adv. of δυνατός, *strongly, powerfully; δυνατῶς ἔχει* it is *possible.*

δύε, Ep. for ἔδυε, 3 sing. impf. of δύναμι.

δύνειαι, δύνη, Ion. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

δυνέεται, Ion. 3 pl. of δύναμαι.

δύνῃαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of δύναμαι.

δυνήσονται, fut. of δύναμαι.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύω.

δύνω, see δύω.

ΔΥ'Ο, Ep. δύω: gen. and dat. δυοῖν, in later Att. *δυνεῖν*: plur. only in Ion. and late Att., gen. δυῶν, dat. δυοῖν Ion. δυοῖσι: sometimes indecl., e. g. τῶν δυο μαιράν:—Lat. *DUO*, our *TWO*; σὺν δυο two together, by twos; εἰς δυο two and two.

δυο-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, twelve, Lat. *duo-decim.*

δυσκαιδέκα-μηνος, δυσκαιδέκας, δυσκαιδέκατος, see δωδεκά-μηνος, δωδεκάς, etc.

δύωσιν, Ep. for δῶσιν, 3 pl. of δύναι.

δύρομαι, poet. for δδύρομαι.

δυσ-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to εὖ, like our *un-* or *mis-* in *un-lucky, mis-chance*, always with a notion of *hard, bad, ill*, etc., destroying a word's good sense or increasing its bad sense.

δύς, δύσα, δύν, aor. 2 part. of δύω.

δυσ-αγκόμιστος, δυσ-ἀγκριτος, poet. for δυσ-ανακ-δύς-αγνος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀγνός) *uncaste, impure.*

δυσ-αγρός, ἡ, ἡσώ, to have bad luck in fishing.

δυσ-ἀδελφος, ὄν, *unhappy in one's brothers.*

δυσ-αῆς, ἔς, (δυσ-, ἀήμι) *ill-blowing, stormy, adverse; δυσαίων* Ep. gen. pl. for δυσαίων.

δυσ-άθλος, α, ὄν, also ὄς, most miserable.

δυσ-αιάνης, ἔς, most direful, most horrible.

δυσ-αἷριος, ὄν, (δυσ-, αἶθρα) *not clear, murky.*

δυσ-αῖων, αῖωνος, ὄ, ἡ, miserable in life, most miserable.

δυσ-αλγής, ἔς, (δυσ-, ἄλγος) *very painful.*

δυσ-άλγητος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀλγέω) *unfeeling, bard-hearted.*

δυσ-άλιος, ὄν, Dor. for δυσ ἥλιος. [ἀ]

δυσ-άλωτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀλῶναι) *hard to catch or conquer; δυσάλωτος κακῶν* *hard to be reached by ills.*

δυσ-ἀβάτος, ὄν, by poet. syncop. for δυσ-ανάβατος.

δυσ-άμμορος, ὄν, *most miserable.*

δυσ-ανάβητος, ὄν, *hard to mount.*

δυσ-ανακóμιστος, syncop. δυσ-αγκóμιστος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀνακομίζω) *hard to bring back or recall.*

δυσ-ανάκριτος, syncop. δυσ-ἀγκρίτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀνακρίνω) *hard to distinguish or examine.*

δυσ-ανασχετέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δυσ-, ἀνασχετός) *to bear ill, to be unable to bear.*

δυσ-ἀνατρέπτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀνατρέπω) *hard to overthrow.*

δυσ-ἀνεκτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀνέχω) *hard to bear.*

δυσ-ἀνεμος, ὄν, Dor. for δυσ-ἡνεμος.

δυσ-ἀντίβλεπτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀντιβλέπω) *hard to look in the face.*

δύσαντο, for ἐδύσ-, 3 pl. aor. I med. of δύω.

δυσ-άνωρ, ὄρος, ὄ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἀνῆρ) *with a bad husband.* [ἀ]

δυσ-ἀπάλλακτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀπαλλάσσω) *hard to get rid of.*

δυσ-ἀπιστος, ὄν, *very disobedient.*

δυσ-ἀπόκριτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀποκρίνομαι) *hard to answer.*

δυσ-ἀπóτρεπτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀποτρέπω) *hard to turn away, stubborn, refractory.*

δυσ-ἀρεστος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀρέσκω) *ill to please, implacable: peevish, morose.*

δυσ-ἀριστο-τόκεια, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἀριστος, τόκος) *unhappy mother of the noblest son.*

δύς-αρκτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἀρχω) *hard to govern.*

δυσ-αυλία, ἡ, *ill or hard lodging.* From

δύς-αυλος, ὄν, (δυσ-, αὐλή) *ill for lodging.*

δύς-αυλος, ὄν, (δυσ-, αὐλός) *ill-suited for the flute.*

δυσ-ἄχης, ἔς, Dor. for δυσ-ἄχης.

δυσ-ἄχης, ἔς, (δυσ-, ἄχος) *sorely painful.*

δυσ-βάστακτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βαστάζω) *grievous to be borne.*

δυσ-βάτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βαίνω) *hard to pass, impassable; τὸ δύσβατον* *difficult ground.* 2. *trodden painfully.*

δυσ-βáυκτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βαύζω) *full of wailing.*

δυσ-βίωτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βίωτος) *making life wretched.*

δυσ-βουλία, ἡ, *ill counsel, folly.* From

δύς-βουλος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βουλή) *ill-advised.*

δύς-βωλος, ὄν, (δυσ-, βάλος) *of ill soil, unfruitful.*

δύς-γάμος, ὄν, *ill-wedded.*

δυσ-γάργαλις, ἡ, (δυσ-, γαργαλίζω) *ticklish, skittish.*

δυσ-γένεια, ἡ, *low, mean birth.* From

δυσ-γενής, ἔς, (δυσ-, γένος) *low-born: low-minded.*

δύς-γνοιά, ἡ, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *ignorance, perplexity.*

δυσ-γνωσία, ἡ, *difficulty of knowing.* From

δύς-γνωστος, ὄν, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *hard to know or recognise.*

δυσ-δαιμονία, ἡ, *misery: wretchedness.* From

δυσ-δαίμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, δαίμων) *ill-fated.*

δυσ-δάκρυτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, δακρύω) *much wept.* II. *much weeping.*

δύς-δᾶμαρ, ἄρτος, ὄ, ἡ, *ill-wedded.*

δυσ-διάετος, ὄν, (δυσ-, διατίθω) *hard to settle.*

δύς-εδρος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἔδρα) *bringing ill luck to one's abode.*

δυσ-εἰδής, ἔς, (δυσ-, εἶδος) *unshapely, deformed.*

δυσ-εἰμάτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, εἶμα) *meanly clad.*

δυσ-εἰσβολος, ὄν, (δυσ-, εἰσβάλλω) *hard to enter or invade: Sup., -ώτατος, ὄν, most inaccessible.*

δυσ-ἐκθύτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἐκθύω) *hard to avert by sacrifice.*

δυσ-ἐκλύτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἐκλύω) *hard to undo, inexplicable:—Adv., -τως, indissolubly.*

δυσ-εκπέρατος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἐκπεράω) *hard to pass from, hard to escape.*

δυσ-ἐκφυκτος, ὄν, (δυσ-, ἐκφεύγω) *hard to escape from.*

δυσ-ελένα, ἡ, *ill-starred Helen.*

δύσ-ελπις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, *with ill hope, desponding.*
 δύσ-ελπιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐλπίζω) *unbored for; ἐκ*
δυσελπίστων, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly.
 δύσ-ἐμβατός, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβαίνω) *hard to walk on,*
rugged: inaccessible.
 δύσ-ἐμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβάλλω) *hard to invade.*
 δύσ-εντερία, ἡ, and δυσεντέριον, τό, (δυσ-, ἔντερον)
a bowel complaint, dysentery.
 δύσ-έντευκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐντυγχάνω) *not affable.*
 δύσ-ἐξαπατήτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξαπατάω) *hard to de-*
ceive.
 δύσ-ἐξαπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξάπτω) *hard to unloose.*
 δύσ-ἐξελγκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελέγχω) *hard to refute.*
 δύσ-ἐξελκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελίσσω) *hard to unfold*
or explain.
 δύσ-ἐξήνυστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξάνύω) *hard to make*
away with: indissoluble.
 δύσ-εο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύνω.
 δύσ-ἐπιβούλευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) *hard*
to plot against or attack secretly.
 δύσ-ἐραστός, ον, (δυσ-, ἐράω) *unfavourable to love.*
 δύσ-έρημος, ον, *very desolate.*
 δύσ-ερίς, ι, gen. ιδος, (δυσ-, ἐρίς) *most contentious,*
very quarrelsome, peevish.
 δύσ-έριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρίζω) *caused by evil strife.*
 δύσ-ερμηνεύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρμηνεύω) *hard to ex-*
plain.
 δύσ-ερωσ, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἔρω) *passionately lov-*
ing, sick in love with, Lat. perditte amans. II.
hardly loving, insensible to love.
 δύσ-ετο, Ep. for δύνατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύνω.
 δύσ-ευνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (δυσ-, εὐνή) *an ill bed-fellow.*
 δύσ-εύρετος, ον, (δυσ-, εὐρίσκω) *hard to find out:*
hard to get: hard to get through, impervious.
 δύσ-ζηλος, ον, (δυσ-, ζηλος) *exceeding jealous.*
 δύσ-ζήτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) *hard to seek out.*
 δύσ-ζωος, ον, (δυσ-, ζώη) *most wretched.*
 δύσ-ήκεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκέομαι) *hard to cure.*
 δύσ-ήκοος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) *hard of bearing.*
 δύσ-ηλεγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, λέγω to lay asleep) *of death,*
stretching one on a hard bed: hard, painful, uneasy:
of men, hard-hearted, unfeeling.
 δύσ-ήλιος, ον, *unlit by the sun, sunless, without the*
light of day.
 δύσ-ημερία, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἡμέρα) *an unlucky day.*
 δύσ-ήνεμος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνεμος) *with ill winds, stormy.*
 δύσ-ηρις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, *older form of δύσ-ερίς, very*
quarrelsome, contentious.
 δύσ-ηχής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἠχέω) *ill-sounding: hateful to*
hear of, hateful.
 δύσ-θαλπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θάλπω) *hard to warm: chilly.*
 δύσ-θανάτέω, f. ἦσω, *to die a lingering death. From*
δυσ-θανάτος, ον, dying hard, struggling with
death. II. *act. bringing a painful death.*
 δύσ-θάνής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θανείν) *having died a hard*
death.
 δύσ-θεάτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεάομαι) *ill to look on.*
 δύσ-θεος, ον, *godless, ungodly.*

δυσ-θεράπευτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεράπεύω) *hard to cure.*
 δύσ-θετώ, f. ἦσω, (δυσ-, τίθημι) *to be in bad case:*
Med. to take a thing ill, Lat. aegre ferre.
 δύσ-θνήσκω, = δυσθανάτέω.
 δύσ-θρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) *most mournful.*
 δύσ-θροος, ον, (δυσ-, θρέω) *of barsb sound, grating.*
 δύσ-θυμάλινω, = δυσθυμέω.
 δυσθυμέω, f. ἦσω, *to be down-hearted, despond: Med.*
to be melancholy, angry. From
 δύσ-θύμος, ον, (δυσ-, θυμός) *down-hearted, dispirited,*
desponding, anxious.
 δύσ-ιατός, ον, (δυσ-, ἰάομαι) *hard to heal or cure.*
 δύσι-θάλαστος, ον, (δύω, θάλασσα) *dipped in the*
sea.
 δύσ-ιππος, ον, (δυσ-, ἵππος) *hard to ride in; τὰ*
δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.
 δύσις, εως, ἡ, (δύω) *a sinking or setting of the sun or*
stars; δύσις ἡλίου the west.
 δύσ-κάθατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθαίρω) *hard to cleanse*
or expiate: hard to appease, inexorable.
 δύσ-κάθεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, κατέχω) *hard to hold in.*
 δύσ-καπνός, ον, (δυσ-, καπνός) *very smoky.*
 δύσ-κατάπαυστος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπαύω) *hard to*
check: restless.
 δύσ-κατάπρακτος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) *hard to*
bring about, hard to effect.
 δύσ-κατάστατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) *hard to re-*
store or reëstablish.
 δύσ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονέω) *by no*
means to be despised.
 δύσ-κατέργαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάσσομαι) = δύσ-
 κατάπρακτος.
 δύσ-κε, Ion. for ἔδω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω.
 δύσ-κελάδος, ον, *shrill-screaming, grating: barsb.*
 δύσ-κηδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, κηδός) *full of care, painful.*
 δύσ-κηλος, ον, (δυσ-, κηλέω) *past remedy.*
 δύσ-κλεής, ἐς: acc. δυσκλεέα poet. δυσκλεῖα: (δυσ-,
 κλέος) *injurious: infamous, shameful. Hence*
 δύσ-κλεια, ἡ, *ingloriousness, dishonour: an ill name.*
 δυσκλεώς, Adv. of δυσκλεής, *ingloriously.*
 δύσ-κληρος, ον, *unlucky.*
 δυσκλής, poet. for δυσκλεής.
 δυσκοταίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (δύσκολος) *to be peevish, dis-*
contented, annoyed.
 δυσκολία, ἡ, (δύσκολος) *peevishness, discontent.*
 δύσ-κόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) *ill-cemented.*
 δύσκολό-καμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπτω) *hard to*
bend; δυσκολόκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in
singing.
 δυσκολό-κοιτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κοίτη) *making one's*
bed uneasy.
 δύσ-κόλος, ον, (δυσ-, κόλον) *hard to satisfy with*
food: hard to please, fretful, peevish, discon-
tented. II. *of things, harassing: unpleasant.*
 δύσ-κόλπος, ον, *with ill-formed womb.*
 δυσκόλως, Adv. of δύσκολος, *peevishly; δυσκόλως*
ἔχειν to be peevish.
 δύσ-κομιστος, ον, (δυσ-, κομίζω) *hard to be borne.*

δυσκράσια, ἡ, *bad temperament*. From
 δύσ-κράτος, ον, (δυσ-, κεράννυμι) of *bad tempera-*
ment.

δύσ-κρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, κρίνω) *hard to discern*: *hard*
to determine, doubtful. Adv. -τως, *doubtfully*; δυσ-
 κρίτως ἔχειν to be *in doubt*.

δυσ-κύμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) of or from the
stormy sea.

δυσκωφέω, f. ἤσω, to be *stone deaf*. From

δύσ-κωφος, ον, (δυσ-, κωφός) *stone deaf*.

δύσ-λεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, λέγω) *ill or hard to tell*.

δυσ-λόγιστος, ον, (δυσ-, λογίζομαι) *hard to reck-*
on. II. *misdirected, misguided*.

δυσ-λόφος, ον, (δυσ-, λόφος) *hard for the neck, hard*
to bear. II. *impatient*: Adv. -φως, *impatiently*.

δύσ-λύτος, ον, (δυσ-, λύω) *hard to loose, indissoluble*.

δυσμαθέω, f. ἤσω, to be *slow at learning*. From

δυσ-μαθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, μαθεῖν) *hard to learn, diffi-*
cult. II. act. *slow at learning, dull*:—Adv. -θώς,
 δυσμαθώς ἔχειν to be *slow of learning*.

δυσ-μάχέω, f. ἤσω, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) to *fight in vain*;
 to *fight an unbloody fight with*. Hence

δυσμαχητέον, verb. Adj. *one must struggle hard*.

δύσ-μάχος, ον, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) *hard to fight with*,
unconquerable: generally, *hard, difficult*.

δυσμεναίνω, (δυσμενής) to *bear ill-will*.

δυσμένεια, ἡ, (δυσμενής) *ill-will, enmity*.

δυσμενέων, *ill-affected, bearing ill-will, hostile*: masc.

Adj. with particip. form. From

δυσ-μενής, ἐς, (δυσ-, μένος) *ill-affected, bearing ill-*
will, hostile; δυσμενέες *enemies*.

δυσ-μεταχειρίστος, ον, (δυσ-, μεταχειρίζω) *hard*
to take in hand or manage: *hard to conquer*.

δυσμή Dor. θυμή, ἡ, (δύω)=δύσις, a *sinking*,
setting, esp. of the sun; mostly in pl., opp. to ἀνα-
 τολαι.

δύσ-μηνις, ι, gen. ιος, *savage, wrathful*.

δυσ-μηνίτος, ον, (δυσ-, μηνίω) *visited by heavy*
weather.

δυσ-μήτηρ, ερος, ἡ, a *cruel mother, not a true*
mother.

δυσμηχάνεω, f. ἤσω, to be *at loss*. From

δυσ-μηχάνος, ον, (δυσ-, μηχανή) *quite at a loss*.

δύσ-μοιρος, ον, (δυσ-, μοῖρα)=δύμορος.

δυσμορία, ἡ, a *hard fate*. From

δύσ-μορος, ον, *ill-fated, ill-starred*.

δυσμορφία, ἡ, *badness of form, ugliness*. From

δύσ-μορφος, ον, (δυσ-, μορφή) *misshapen, ugly*.

Δύσ-μουσος, ον, (δυσ-, Μούσα) *not favoured by the*
Muses, unmusical.

δύσ-νιπτος, ον, (δυσ-, νίω) *hard to wash out or off*.

δυσ-νόητος, ον, (δυσ-, νοέω) *hard to be under-*
stood.

δυσνοέω, f. ἤσω, (δύσνοος) to be *ill-affected*.

δύσνοια, ἡ, (δύσνοος) *dislike, ill-will*.

δυσνομία, ἡ, *lawlessness*: a *bad constitution, bad*
code of laws. From

δύσ-νομος, ον, *lawless, unrighteous*.

δύσ-νοος, ον, contr. -νους, ουν, *ill-disposed, ill-*
affected, disaffected.

δύσ-νοστος, ον, *not really a return*.

δυσ-νύμφετος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) *disagreeable*
to marry.

δύσ-νυμφος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφή) *ill-wedded*.

δύσ-ξύμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ξύμβολον) *hard to deal*
with.

δυσ-ξύνετος, ον, (δυσ-, ξυνίμι) *hard to understand*,
obscure, enigmatical.

δυσσοδμία, ἡ, =δυσσομία. From

δύσ-οδμος, ον, =δύσσομος.

δυσσοδο-παίπαλος, ον, (δύσσοδος, παιπάλη) *rugged*
and steep.

δύσ-οδος, ον, *hard to pass, scarce passable*.

δυσ-οίξω, to be *sad, anxious*: Med. to be *afraid*.

(From *δυσ*, and *οἷ* alas!, as οἰώξω from οἶμοι.)

δυσ-οικέτος, ον, (δυσ-, οἰκέω) *hard to dwell in*.

δύσ-οιμος, ον, (δυσ-, οἶμη) *with a bad path*.

δύσ-οιστος, ον, (δυσ-, οἶσω fut. of φέρω) *hard to bear*,
insufferable.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβρος, ον, *tempestuous*.

δυσ-όμιλος, ον, *with an ill company, bringing evils*
in one's train.

δυσ-όμματος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄμμα) *scarce-seeing*.

δυσ-όρατος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄραω) *hard to see*.

δύσ-όρηγτος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀργάω)=δύσοργος.

δύσ-οργος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀργή) *quick to anger*.

δύσ-ορμος, ον, *with bad anchorage*. II. act.

πνοαὶ δύσορμοι *gales that keep ships at anchor*.

δύσ-ορνις, ἴδιος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ὄρνις) *boding ill*.

δυσ-όρφναιος, α, ον, (δυσ-, ἔρφνη) *dusky*.

δυσσομία, ἡ, an *ill smell, rankness*. From

δύσ-οσμος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀσμή) *ill-smelling, stinking*,
rank. II. *bad for scent*.

δυσ-ούριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ούρίζω) *driven on by a too*
favourable wind, prospering unhappily.

δυσπάθω, f. ἤσω, to *suffer a hard fate, be in afflic-*
tion. II. to be *impatient*, Lat. *aegre ferre*. From

δυσ-παθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πάθος) *impatient of suffer-*
ing. II. *hardly feeling, impassive*.

δυσ-πάλαιστος, ον, (δυσ-, πάλαιω) *hard to wrestle*
with, hard to conquer.

δυσ-πάλαμος, ον, (δυσ-, πάλαμη) *hard to struggle*
with. II. *hardly helping oneself, helpless*: Adv.

-μως.

δυσ-πάλης, ἐς, (δυσ-, πάλη) *hard to wrestle with*:
 generally, *hard, difficult*.

δυσ-παράβλητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) *incom-*
parable.

δυσ-παράβουλος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, βουλή) *hard to*
persuade, stubborn.

δυσ-παράθεικτος, ον, (δυσ-, παραθέλω) *hard to*
soothe or assuage.

δυσ-παραίτητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραιτέομαι) *hard to*
move by prayer, inexorable.

δυσ-πάρευνος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, εἶνή) *ill-mated*.

δυσ-παρήγορος, ον, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) *hard to console or appease.*

δυσ-πάρθενος, ἡ, *an unhappy maiden.*

Δύσ-πάρης, ἰδος, ὁ, *ill-omened, ill-starred Paris*: cf. Αἰνόπαρις.

δυσ-πάρητος, ον, (δυσ-, πάρεμι *to pass by*) *hard to pass.*

δυσ-πειθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) *hardly obeying, self-willed, stubborn*: *ill-trained.*

δύσ-πειτος, ον, (δυσ-, πείθω) *hard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient.* Adv., δυσπείτως ἔχειν *to be incredulous.*

δυσ-πελάστος, ον, (δυσ-, πελάζω) *dangerous to come near.*

δύσ-πεμπτος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμπω) *hard to send away.*

δυσ-πέμφελος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμφιξ) *of the sea, rough and stormy*: *metaph. rude, discourteous.*

δυσ-πενθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πένθος) *bringing sore affliction, grievous.*

δυσ-περάτος, ον, (δυσ-, περάω) *hard to pass through.*

δυσ-πετής, ἐς, (δυσ-, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) *falling out ill, grievous, difficult.* Adv. δυσπετῶς, Ion. -έως, *with difficulty.*

δυσ-πήμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, πημαίνω) *full of grievous evil.*

δυσ-πίνης, ἐς, (δυσ-, πίνος) *squalid.*

δύσ-πλάνος, ον, (δυσ-, πλάνη) *wandering in misery.*

δυσ-πλοία, Ion. -πλοῖη, ἡ, *difficulty of sailing.*

From

δύσ-πλοος, ον, (δυσ-, πλέω) *bad for sailing.*

δύσ-πλωτος, ον, = δύσπλοος.

δύσ-πνοια, ἡ, *difficulty of breathing.* From

δύσ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ουν, (δυσ-, πνέω) *scant*

of breath, breathless. II. *unfit to breathe.* III.

πνοαὶ δύσπνοοι *contrary winds.*

δυσ-πολέμητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολεμέω) *hard to war with.*

δυσ-πόλεμος, ον, *unlucky in war.*

δυσ-πολιόρκητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολιορκέω) *hard to take by siege.*

δυσ-πονής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πονέω) *toilsome.*

δυσ-πονήτος, ον, (δυσ-, πονέω) *hard-earned.* II. *bringing toil and trouble.*

δύσ-πονος, ον, *toilsome, wearisome.*

δυσ-πόρευτος, ον, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) *hard to pass.*

δυσπορία, ἡ, *difficulty of passing.* From

δύσ-πορος, ον, *hard to pass, scarce passable.*

δύσ-ποτος, ον, *unlucky, ill-starred.* Adv. δυσπότῶς, *miserably.*

δύσ-ποτος, ον, (δυσ-, πότον) *hard to drink, unpalatable.*

δυσ-πράγῃ, f. ἡσω, (δυσ-, πρᾶγος) *to fare ill.*

δυσ-πραξία, ἡ, (δυσ-, πράσσω) *ill success, ill luck.*

δύσ-πράτος, ον, (δυσ-, πιπράσκω) *hard to sell.*

δυσ-πρεπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πρέπω) *base, unseemly.*

δυσ-πρόσβατος, ον, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) *hard to approach, scarce accessible.*

δυσ-πρόσιτος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσειμι *to approach*) *hard to approach, difficult of access.*

δυσ-πρόσθοδος, ον, *hard to get at.*

δυσ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) *hard to deal or bear with, morose.*

δυσ-πρόσοπτος, ον, (δυσ-, προσόφωμαι f. of προσοράω) *ill to look on*: *of ill aspect.*

δυσ-προσπéλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσπελάζω) *hard to approach.*

δυσ-πρόσωπος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) *of ill aspect.*

δύσ-ρίγος, ον, (δυσ-, ῥίγος) *unable to bear cold.*

δυσσέβεια, ἡ, *impiety*: *a charge of impiety*: and

δυσσεβέω, f. ἡσω, *to be impious*: *to act impiously.*

From

δυσ-σεβής, ἐς, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) *ungodly, impious.*

δυσσεβία, poet. for δυσσέβεια.

δύσ-σοος, ον, (δυσ-, σώζω) *hard to save, ruined,*

Lat. *perditus*: τὰ δύσσοα *the rogues.*

δυσ-τάλᾱς, αῖνα, ἄν, *very wicked, most miserable.*

δύστανος, ον, Dor. for δύστηνος.

δυσ-τέκμαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) *hard to conjecture*: *dark and riddling.*

δύσ-τεκνος, ον, (δυσ-, τέκνον) *unhappy in one's children.*

δυσ-τερπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, τέρπω) *ill-pleasing, displeasing.*

δύστηνος, ον, *wretched, unhappy, unfortunate.* II. like Lat. *miser, wretched, profligate.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

δυσ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, τλήμων) *suffering evil, wretched.*

δύσ-τλητος, ον, (δυσ-, τλήναι) *hard to endure.*

δυσ-τοκεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (δυσ-, τοκεύς) *an unhappy parent.*

δυστοκέω, f. ἡσω, *to have a hard labour.* From

δύσ-τοκος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκεῖν) *bringing forth with pain.*

δυστομέω, f. ἡσω, *to speak evil of.* From

δύσ-στομος, ον, (δυσ-, στόμα) *evil-speaking.* II.

of a horse, hard-mouthed.

δύσ-στονος, ον, (δυσ-, στένω) *lamentable.*

δύσ-τόπαστος, ον, (δυσ-, τοπάζω) *hard to guess.*

δυσ-στοχάστος, ον, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) *hard to hit upon.*

δυσ-τράπεζος, ον, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) *fed on horrid food.*

δυσ-τράπελος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn*:

stubborn, unmanageable. Adv. -λως, *awkwardly.*

δύσ-τροπος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn or direct*:

stubborn, wayward.

δυστύχῃ, f. ἡσω: pf. δεδυστύχηκα: (δυστυχής):

—*to be unlucky, unhappy*: *of things, to fail.* Hence

δυστύχημα, ατος, τό, *a mischance, a failure.*

δυσ-τύχης, ἐς, (δυσ-, τύχη) *unlucky, unfortunate.*

Adv. -χῶς. Hence

δυστύχη, ἡ, *ill luck, ill fortune.*

δυσ-ύποιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ὑποίσω fut. of ὑποφέρω)

hard to endure.

δύσ-φᾱμος, Dor. for δύσφημος.

δύσ-φᾱτος, ον, (δυσ-, φημί) *hard to tell, unspeakable, horrible, Lat. infandus.*

δυσφήμέω, f. ἡσω, (δύσφημος) *to speak evil words*:

esp. words of ill omen.

II. trans. to speak ill of,

blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ἡ, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δύσ-φημος, ον, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, boding.

II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φίλης, ἐς, (δυσ-, φιλέω) hateful.

δυσφορέα, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δύσφορος) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. aegre ferre; to be discontented. Hence

δυσφόρητος, ον, hard to bear.

δυσ-φόρμυξ, ἰγγος, ὁ, ἡ, ill suited to the lyre, mournful, melancholy.

δύσ-φορος, ον, (δυσ-, φέρω) hard to bear, oppressive, heavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., δύσφόρως ἔχειν to be intolerable.

II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving

with difficulty, slow of motion.

δυσφρόνως, Adv. of δύσφρων, foolishly.

δυσφροσύνη, ἡ, anxiety, care. From

δύσ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, φρήν) heavy in heart, sorrowful.

II. ill-disposed, hostile.

III. senseless.

δυσ-φύλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) hard to watch or keep.

II. hard to keep off.

δυσ-χείμερος, ον, (δυσ-, χεῖμα) very wintry, stormy.

δυσ-χειρῶμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χειρῶω) a thing hard to subdue, a hard conquest.

δυσ-χειρῶτος, ον, (δυσ-, χειρῶω) hard to subdue.

δυσχεραίνω, fut. ἀνῶ, to bear with a bad grace, Lat. aegre ferre: to be discontented, displeased.

II. to make a thing hard, to make difficulties; ῥήματα δυσχεράναντα (aor. I part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχέρεια, ἡ, difficulty.

II. annoyance, trouble.

2. of persons, peevishness, ill-temper, moroseness.

From

δυσ-χερής, ἐς, (δυσ-, χεῖρ) hard to manage.

II. annoying, unpleasant, troublesome.

2. of persons, peevish, ill-tempered:—Adv., δυσχερῶς ἔχειν to be annoyed.

δύσχιμος, ἰσ, (from δυσ-, as μελάχιμος from μέλας) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλαίνια, ἡ, scanty, shabby clothing.

From δύσ-χλαινος, ον, (δυσ-, χλαῖνα) shabbily clad.

δυσ-χορτος, ον, ill-supplied with food.

δύσ-χρηστος, ον, (δυσ-, χράομαι) hard to use, inconvenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρία, ἡ, (δυσ-, χώρος) difficult ground.

δυσ-ώδης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ὀίω) ill-smelling.

δυσ-ώδινος, ον, (δυσ-, ὀδίν) causing grievous pangs.

δυσωνέω, ἡ, ἡσώ, to beat down the price, cheapen.

From

δυσ-ώνης, ον, ὁ, (δυσ-, ἄνέομαι) one who buys with difficulty, a hard customer.

δυσ-ώνιμος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄνομα) bearing an ill name, bearing a name of ill omen, such as Αἴας.

δυσ-ώπτεω, ἡ, ἡσώ, (δυσ-, ὤψ) to put a person out of countenance, to be importunate:—Pass. to be ashamed, shy, timid.

δυσ-ωρέομαι, ἡ, ἡσώμαι: Dep.: (δυσ-, ἄρος):—to keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δύσ-ωρος, ον, (δυσ-, ὥρα) unseasonable.

δύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δύτης, ον, ὁ, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for δύο, two.

ΔΥΨΩ or ΔΥΝΑ: fut. δύσω [ῶ]: aor. I act. ἐδύσα:—Med., δύομαι: impf. ἐδύνονην: fut. δύσομαι [ῶ]: aor. I ἐδύσαμην, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ἐδύσεο, ἐδύσεται, imperat. δύσεο, part. δυσόμενος used in pres. sense: with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense, aor. 2 ἐδύν, vs, v, dual ἐδύτην [ῶ], pl. ἐδύμεν, ἐδύτε, ἐδύσαν Ep. ἔδυν; imperat. δύθι, δύτε, subj. δύω; opt. δύη or δύνη; inf. δύναι, part. δύς: cf. δέδωκα:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. I, δύσω, ἐδύσα, to put clothes on another.

II. intr. in all other tenses of Act., and in Med.: I. of clothes, to put them on oneself, put on; metaph., εἰ μὴ σὺ γε δύσεαι ἄλκην if thou wilt not put on strength.

2. of places, to enter, make one's way into; δύνααι κόλπον θαλάσσης to sink into the lap of ocean; πόλεμον δύνααι and δύσασθαι to plunge into the fight; μνηστῆρας δύσασθαι to go in among the suitors.

3. to come over or upon; κάματος γυῖα δέδυκε weariness came upon his limbs; κρατερὴ ἐλύσα δέδυκε madness came over him.

4. absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and stars.

δύω-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, poet. for δώδεκα.

δωδεκά-βοῖος, ον, (δνώδεκα, βοῦς) worth twelve beebes.

δωδεκά-δρομος, ον, (δνώδεκα, δρᾶμιν) running twelve courses.

δωδεκά-μήνος, ος, (δνώδεκα, μήν) twelve months old.

δωδεκά-μοῖρος, ον, (δνώδεκα, μοῖρα) divided into twelve parts.

δωδεκαταῖος, ον, twelve days old.

δωδεκάτος, ον, poet. for δωδέκατος.

δωκαεκοσί-μέτρος, ον, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, μέτρον) bolding two-and-twenty measures.

δωκαεκοσί-πηχυς, v, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, πῆχυς) twenty-two cubits long.

δῶ, τό, Ep. apocope form for δῶμα, only in nom. and acc. Also as plur. for δώματα.

δῶ, δῶς, δῶ, aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.

δῶ-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (δύω, δέκα) twelve, Lat. duodecim.

δωδεκά-γναμπος, ον, (δώδεκα, γνάμπω) bent twelve times; δωδεκάγναμπτον τέρμα the post that has been doubled twelve times.

δωδεκάδ-ἄρχος, ὁ, (δώδεκα, ἄρχω) a leader of twelve.

δωδεκά-δωρος, ον, (δώδεκα, δῶρον π) twelve palms long.

δωδεκ-ἄεθλος, ον, conqueror in twelve contests.

δωδεκα-ετής, ἐς, (δώδεκα, ἔτος) of twelve years:—but, δωδεκαέτης, ον, ὁ, twelve years old.

δωδεκάκις, Adv. (δώδεκα) twelve times.

δωδεκά-κρονος, ον, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίος, ον, (δώδεκα, λίνον) of twelve threads.

δωδεκά-μήνος, ον, (δώδεκα, μήν) of twelve months.

δωδεκα-μήχανος, *ον*, (δώδεκα, μηχανή) *knowing twelve arts.*

δωδεκά-παις, -παιδος, *ὁ, ἡ*, *with twelve children.*

δωδεκά-πάλαι, *Adv.* *twelve times long ago, i.e. ever so long ago.*

δωδεκά-πυγος, *υ*, *twelve cubits long.*

δωδεκά-πολις, *ι*, *gen. ιος*, *formed of twelve united states.*

δωδεκ-άρχης, *ον*, *ὁ*, = δώδεκ-αρχος.

δωδεκάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (δώδεκα) *the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.*

δωδεκά-σκαλμος, *ον*, *twelve-oared.*

δωδεκά-σκῦτος, *ον*, *made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.*

δωδεκαταῖος, *α, ον*, *on the twelfth day.* From

δωδεκάτος, *η, ον*, (δώδεκα) *the twelfth.*

δωδεκά-φυλος, *ον*, (δώδεκα, φυλή) *of twelve tribes: τὸ δωδεκάφυλον the twelve tribes of Israel.*

δωδεκ-έτης, *ον, ὁ*, (δώδεκα, ἔτος) *twelve years old; fem. δωδεκ-έτις, ἰδος, ἡ.*

Δωδώνη, *ἡ*, Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the seat of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.

δῶν, δῶνσι, *Ep.* 3 *sing. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.*

δῶν, *Ep.* for δοῖν, *aor. 2 opt. of δίδωμι.*

δῶκα, *Ep.* for ἔδωκα, *aor. I of δίδωμι.*

δῶλος, *Dor.* for δούλος.

δῶμα, *ατος τό*, (δέω) *a house, dwelling.* II. *a part of the house, a chamber, room.* III. *a house, household.*

δωμάτιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of δῶμα.

δωματίτης, *ον, ὁ*; *fem. -τις, ἰδος, ἡ*; (δῶμα) *of, belonging to the house or household.*

δωματο-φθορέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (δῶμα, φθείρω) *to ruin house and home.*

δωματώ, *φ. ὦσω*, (δῶμα) *to house.*

δωμάω and δωμάομαι, *Dep.*, (δέω) *to build.*

δῶναξ, *Dor.* for δόναξ, δούναξ.

δῶομεν, *Ep.* for δῶμεν, *I pl. aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.*

δωρεά, *Ion. -έη, ἡ*, *a gift, present:—Acc. δωρεάν used as Adv., as a free gift, freely, Lat. gratis: hence undeservedly, in vain.* From

δωρέω, *φ. ἦσω*: or δωρέομαι, *Dep.*, *φ. ἦσομαι:—to give, present: to present one with, Lat. dono.* Hence

δώρημα, *ατος τό*, *that which is given, a gift.*

δωρητός, *ἡ, ὅν*, (δωρέω) *open to gifts or presents, to be appeased by gifts.* II. *freely given.*

Δωριῶξ, *φ. ἄσω*, = Δωρίζω.

Δωριεύς, *ἔως, ὁ*, (Δῶρος) *a Dorian: in plur. the Dorians.*

Δωρίζω *Dor.* -ἰσδω: *φ. ἴσω*: (Δῶρος):—*to imitate the Dorians.* 2. *to speak Doric Greek.* 3. *to dress like a Dorian girl.*

Δωρικός, *ἡ, ὅν*, and Δῶριος, *α, ον*, (Δῶρος) *Doric, Dorian.*

Δωρίς, *ἰδος, ἡ*, (Δῶρος) *fem. Adj. Dorian: (sub. γῆ) the Dorian land, i.e. Peloponnesus.*

(sub. *κόπης*) *a Dorian knife used at sacrifices.*

Δωρισθεν, *Dor. inf.* of Δωρίζω.

Δωρίσδω, *Dor.* for Δωρίζω.

Δωριστί, (Δῶρος) *Adv. in Dorian fashion.*

δωροδοκέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (δωροδόκος) *to accept as a present, to take as a bribe:—Pass. to have a bribe given one: c. acc. to receive as a bribe. Hence*

δωροδόκημα, *ατος τό*, *a bribe.*

δωροδοκηστί, *Adv.* (δωροδοκέω) *in bribery fashion, with allusion to the Dorians.*

δωροδοκία, *ἡ*, (δωροδοκέω) *a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.*

δωρο-δόκος, *ον*, (δῶρον, δέχομαι) *taking presents or bribes.*

δωρο-δότης, *ον, ὁ*, (δῶρον, δίδωμι) *a giver of presents.*

δῶρον, *τό*, (δίδωμι) *a gift, present: a votive offering to a god; δῶρα θεῶν gifts of or from the gods.* II. *the breadth of the hand, the palm.*

δωρο-φάγος, *ον*, (δῶρον, φάγειν) *devouring gifts, greedy of presents.*

δωροφορέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to bring presents or bribes.* From

δωρο-φόρος, *ον*, (δῶρον, φέρω) *bringing presents: hence tributary.*

δωριτύττομαι, *Dor.* for δωρέομαι.

δῶς, *ἡ*, *Lat. dos, = dōsis, only in nom.*

δωσεῖω, *Desiderat.* of δίδωμι, *to be ready to give.*

δωσέμεναι, -έμεν, *Ep. fut. inf. of δίδωμι.*

δῶσι, 3 *pl. aor. 2 of δίδωμι.*

δωσί-δίκος, *ον*, (δίδωμι, δίκη) *giving oneself up to justice, abiding by a sentence.*

δῶσω, *fut.* of δίδωμι.

δωσάν, *Dor.* for δῶσαν, *fut. act. part. of δίδωμι.*

δωτήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, (δίδωμι) *a giver.*

δῶτης, *ον, ὁ*, = δωτήρ.

δωτινάξω, *φ. ἄσω*, *to receive presents.* From

δωτινή, *ἡ*, (δίδωμι) *a gift, present: acc. δωτινήν as Adv., as a free gift, freely, like δωρεάν. [ῖ]*

δῶτωρ, *οπος, ὁ*, = δωτήρ.

δῶω, *Ep.* for δῶ, *aor. 2 subj. of δίδωμι.*

E

Ε, ε, called ε ψιλόν, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral ε' = πέντε and πέμπετος, ε = 5000.

When in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) the Athenians adopted η from the Samian alphabet to represent long e, the Gramm. introduced the name of ε ψιλόν, *ε without the aspirate*, because ΕΙ was one way of writing the rough breathing.

ε, *bim-, ber-, or it-self*, *Lat. se*, *acc. sing. and plur. reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers. without nominat., and always enclitic.* A rarer Ep. form is εε, never enclitic.

II. without reflexive sense, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, *bim, ber, it.* See οὐ, *Lat. sui.*

εἶα, *exclam. of wonder or displeasure: Lat. vab!*

εἶα, *for εἶα*, 3 *sing. impf. of εἶω.*

εἶ, *Ion.* for ἦν, 1 *sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.*

ἐᾶ, lengthd. Ep. ἐᾶα, 3 sing. pres. of ἐᾶω.

ἐᾶαν, lengthd. Ep. inf. of ἐᾶω.

ἐάγα, pf. of ἄγγυμι with pass. sense.

ἐάγων [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἄγγυμι.

ἐᾶσα, pf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἐᾶσον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἐάλη or ἐάλη [ᾱ], 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of εἰλω.

ἐάλωκα [ᾱ], pf., ἐάλων [ᾱ], aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἐάν, Conj. (properly εἰ ἄν), *if barely, if so be that*, in case that, followed by Subjunctive, whereas εἰ is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it εἰ κε or αἰ κε: the Att. contract it into ἦν and ἄν. II.

with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. *an, if, whether*; σκόπει ἐὰν ἱκανὸν ᾗ see if or whether it be enough. III. ἐὰν καὶ *even if, granting that*;

ἐὰν μὴ if not, except, unless; ἐὰν ἅπα μὴ if perhaps not.

IV. after relat. Pronouns and Particles ἐάν stands for ἄν; ὅς ἐάν *whosoever*; ὅπου ἐάν *wheresoever*; but only in very late writers.

ἐᾶνόν, τό, v. sq.

ἐᾶνός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἐννῦμι) used of all things *fit for putting on or wearing*; and so, generally, *fine, light*; ἐᾶνός κασσύτερος *tin beat out thin and made fit for wear*. II. as Subst., ἐᾶνόν (sub. εἶμα or ἱμάτιον),

τό, a rich state-robe.

ἐᾶσα for ἦσα, aor. I of ἄγγυμι.

ἘΑΡ, ἔαρος, τό; Ep. εἶαρ, εἶαρος; contr. ἦρ, ἦρος: —Lat. *VER, spring*; ἔαρος νέον ἱσταμένοιο in early spring; metaph. of anything early or fresh, the prime or first bloom of a thing; γενῶνυν ἔαρ the first down on the chin.

ἐαρὶ-δρεπτος, ὄν, (ἐαρ, δρέπω) *plucked in spring*.

ἐαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐαρ) *to pass the spring*.

ἐαρινός Ep. εἰαρινός Att. ἡρινός, ἦ, ὄν: (ἐαρ): Lat. *vernus*, of or belonging to spring.

ἐαρο-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἐαρ, τρέφω) *spring-nurtured*.

ἔας, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔασα, Ep. aor. I of ἐᾶω.

ἔασι, Ep. for εἰσί, 3 plur. of εἰμί sum.

ἔασκον, Ion. for εἶαν, impf. of ἐᾶω.

ἔᾶται, Ion. for ἦται, 3 pl. of ἦμαι.

ἔατε, Ep. for ἦτε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐπατέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἐᾶω, *to be suffered: to be let alone*.

ἔατο, Ion. for ἦτο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.

ἐ-αυτοῦ, ἦς, οὔ, pl. ἐαυτῶν, etc.; Ion. ἐαυτοῦ, etc.; Att. contr. αὐτοῦ, etc.: (ἐ, q. v., αὐτοῦ):—Reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., of himself, herself, itself, etc., used in gen., dat. and acc. sing.

ἐᾶσθην, Ep. for ἦσθην, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπται.

ἘΑΨ, contr. ἐῶ, Ep. εἰῶ: impf. εἶων, Ep. without augm. ἔων: fut. ἐᾶσω [ᾱ]: aor. I εἶασα, Ep. ἔασα: pf. ἐᾶκα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, ἐάσομαι: pf. εἶκαμι. *To let, suffer, allow, permit*: with notion of carelessness, to leave alone. II. *to let go, let alone, let be: heed not*. 2. *to let alone, let be*; θεὸς τὸ μὲν δώσει, τὸ δ' ἐάσει he will give one thing, the other he will let alone, i. e. not give; ἐὰν χαίρειν *to*

let alone. III. Med., ἐᾶσθαι τι *to give up a thing to another*.

ἔων, Ep. for ἔσαν, gen. pl. of ἐῖς.

ἐβαλον, aor. 2 of βάλλω.

ἐβάν, Ep. for ἐβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ἐβάσκινα, ἐβασκάνην, aor. I act. and pass. of βασκαίνω.

ἐβάστασα, ἐβάσταξα, aor. I of βαστάζω.

ἐβάσθην, ἐβάφην [ᾱ], aor. I and 2 of βάπτω.

ἔβδομ-ᾱγίτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἐβδόμη, ἄγω) epith. of Apollo, to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices on the seventh of every month.

ἔβδομαῖος, α, ὄν, (ἔβδομος) on the seventh day.

ἔβδομᾱς, ἄδος, ἦ, a number of seven.

ἔβδοματος, ὄν, (ἔβδομος) the seventh.

ἔβδομηκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (ἐπτά) indecl. seventy.

ἔβδομηκοντα-ἑξ, seventy-six.

ἔβδομος, ἦ, ὄν, (ἐπτά) the seventh. II. ἡ ἔβδομη (ἡμέρα), the seventh day of the month.

ἐβεβήκειν, plqpf. of βαίνω.

ἐβεβλήκειν, ἐβεβλήμην, plqpf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.

ἐβέννος, ἦ, ὄν, of ebony. From

ἘΒΕΝΟΣ, ἦ, the ebony-tree, ebony.

ἔβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.

ἔβηξα, aor. I of βήσσω.

ἔβησα, causal aor. I of βαίνω.

ἐβήσατο, Ep. for ἐβήσατο, aor. I med. of βαίνω.

ἐβισάμην, ἐβιάσθην, aor. I med. and pass. of βιάζω.

ἐβιήσθην, aor. I pass. of βιάω.

ἐβίων, aor. 2 of βιώω.

ἐβίωσαο, 2 sing. aor. I of βιάσσομαι.

ἐβλάβην, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

ἐβλάσθηκα, pf. of βλάστανω.

ἐβλάστησα, ἐβλαστον, aor. I and 2 of βλαστάνω.

ἐβλαφα, pf. of βλάπτω.

ἐβλέπην, aor. 2 pass. of βλέπω.

ἐβλέφθην, aor. I pass. of βλέπω.

ἐβλήμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

ἐβλίσα, aor. I of βλίσσω.

ἐβλύσα, aor. I of βλύζω, but ἐβλύσα of βλύω.

ἐβούλευσα, ἐβουλεύθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βουλεύω.

ἐβούλεθην, ἐβουλόμην, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι.

ἘΒΡΑΪΏΣ, a Hebrew: Ἐβραῖος, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (sub. διάλεκτος), the Hebrew dialect. Hence

Ἐβραϊστί, Adv. in the Hebrew tongue.

ἐβράσα, ἐβράσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βράσσω.

ἐβράχη, see βράχω.

ἐβράχην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of βρέχω.

ἐβρέξα, ἐβρέχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βρέχω.

ἐβριξα, aor. I of βρίζω.

ἐβρίσα, aor. I of βρίθω.

ἐβρύχον, aor. 2 of βρύχω [ῶ].

ἐβρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβρων, aor. 2 of βιβρώσκω.

ἔβρωσα, ἐβρώσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.

ἐβύσα, ἐβύσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of βύω.

ἔβωσα, contr. for ἐβόησα, aor. I of βοάω.
 ἔγ-γαίος, α, ov, also ἔγ-γεῖος, ov, (ἐν, γῇ) in or of the land, native. II. of property, in land, consisting of land. III. in or beneath the earth, like χθόνιος.

ἐγ-γένεα, Ep. pf. of ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἐγγέγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγλύφω.
 ἐγγεγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.
 ἐγγεγύθηκα, -ημαι, see ἐγγύνω.
 ἐγ-γενέονταί, 3 pl. aor. I subj. of *ἐγγείνομαι in causal sense, to engender or breed in:

ἐγ-γεῖος, see ἐγγαίος.
 ἐγγελάσθης, ov, ὁ, a mocker, scorner. From ἐγ-γελάω, f. ἀσομαι [ᾱ]: for the tenses, v. γελάω:—to laugh at, mock at one: absol. to mock, jeer.
 ἐγ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐν, γένος) in-born, native, innate, natural; ἐγγενεῖς θεοὶ gods of the race or country. II. born of the same race, kindred.

ἐγ-γηράσκω, fut. ἀσομαι [ᾱ], to grow old in a place.
 ἐγ-γίνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: for the tenses, v. γίνομαι: (ἐν, γίνομαι): Dep.:—to be produced in, grow in: to take place, happen, arise in, or among. II. to intervene, pass. III. ἐγγίγνεται, it is allowed, like ἔξεστι.

ἐγγίζω, f. ἰσώ, (ἐγγύς) to bring near. II. mostly intrans. to draw nigh, be at hand.

ἐγ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἐγγίω, ov, Comp., and ἐγγιστος, η, ov, Sup. of ἐγγύς.

ἐγ-γλύσσω, (ἐν, γλυκύν) to have a sweet taste.
 ἐγ-γλύφω, f. ψω, (ἐν, γλύφω) to cut in, carve.
 ἐγ-γλωττο-τύπεω, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, γλώσσα, τύπῳ) to strike out with the tongue, to be always talking of.
 ἐγ-γονος, ὁ, (ἐν, γόνος) a grandson: descendant.
 ἐγ-γράφω, f. ψω: for the tenses, v. γράφω:—to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to have written on; ἐγγεγραμμένος τι having it written on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to indict.

ἐγ-γυᾶλίζω, f. ἔω: Ep. aor. I ἐγγυάλιζε: (ἐν, γυᾶλον):—to put into one's hands, grant in full, give to one's charge.

ἐγγυᾶω, impf. ἡγγύων: fut. ἐγγυήσω: aor. I ἡγγύησα: pf. ἡγγύηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡγγυήθην: pf. ἡγγύημαι: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as ἐνεγυᾶω, ἐνεγυήσα, ἐγγεγύθηκα: but it is derived from ἐγγύη, and these forms are erroneous):—to band over as a pledge, to plight, betroth: to engage, promise, answer:—Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge:—Pass. to be plighted or betrothed: to accept as plighted husband or wife.

ἐγ-γύη, ἡ, (ἐν, γυῖον or γυᾶλον) a putting a pledge in one's band: hence generally, surety, security, bail.
 ἐγγυητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐγγυᾶω) one who gives bail or security, a surety.

ἐγγυητός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐγγυᾶω) plighted, betrothed.
 ἐγγύθεν, Adv. (ἐγγύς) from nigh at band, hard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at band.

ἐγγύθι, (ἐγγύς) Adv. bard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at band.

ἐγ-γύος, ov, (ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail. II. as Subst., = ἐγγυητής, a surety.

ἘΓΓΥΨ, Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at band, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at band. III. of Numbers, nearly. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. ἐγγίω, ov, and ἐγγυτερος, α, ov; Adv. ἐγγυτέρω, nearer:—Sup. ἐγγιστος and ἐγγύτατος; Adv. ἐγγιστα and ἐγγύτατα, as near as possible: see ἐγγίω.

ἐγ-γώνιος, ov, (ἐν, γωνία) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones cut square.

ἐνδοῦπησα, Ep. for ἐδοῦπησα, aor. I of δουπέω.
 ἐγένωνε, 3 sing. impf. of γενέσθω: see γέγονα.

ἐγεγῶνευ, plqpf. of γέγονα.
 ἐγεγῶνευ, impf. of γεγῶνέω: see γέγονα.

ἐγεῖνάμην, causal aor. I of γείνομαι, to beget.
 ἐγεγόνει and ἐγεγένητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of γίγνομαι.

ἘΓΕΙΡΩ, fut. ἐγερῶ: aor. ἡγείρω: pf. ἐγήγερκα:—Pass., aor. I ἡγέρθην Ep. 3 pl. ἐγέρθεν: pf. ἐγήγερμαι:—for Ep. aor. 2 and pf. med., see ἐγρετο, ἐγρηγορα: I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir:—metaph. to rouse, stir up. 2. to raise from the dead. 3. to raise, erect a building. II. Med. and Pass. to wake, rise up from sleep: in aor. to keep watch: be awake. 2. to rouse oneself, be excited by passion, etc.

ἐγέλασσα, ἐγέλαξα, Ep. and Dor. aor. I of γελάω.
 ἐγένετο, syncop. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίνομαι.

ἐγέρθη, aor. I of γερᾶν.
 ἐγερθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγείρω.
 ἐγεροῖ-γελως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐγείρω, γέλω) laughter-stirring.

ἐγεροσι-θέατρος, ov, (ἐγείρω, θέατρον) exciting the spectators.

ἐγεροσι-μάχας, Dor. for -μάχης, ὁ: fem. ἐγεροσι-μάχη: (ἐγείρω, μάχη) battle-stirring.

ἐγεροσμος, ov, (ἐγείρω) waking, easily waked; ἐγεροσμος ὕπνος sleep from which one wakes.

ἐγεροσι, εως, ἡ, (ἐγείρω) a waking, exciting.

ἐγεροσι-φάης, ἐς, (ἐγείρω, φάος) light-awakening.

ἐγερεῖ, Adv. (ἐγείρω) wakefully, busily.

ἐγγήραστο, Ion. for ἐγγεγερμένοι ἦσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγγήγερκα, ἐγγήγερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγνημα, aor. I of γαμέω.

ἐγήρη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γηράσκω.

ἐγήρᾶσα, aor. I of γηράσκει.

ἐγήρῃσα, aor. I of γηρῶ.

ἐγ-καθαρίζω, f. ὅσω, to fit in.

ἐγ-καθεζομαι, f. -καθεδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit or take one's seat in: to encamp in a place.

ἐγκάθετος, ov, (ἐγκαθίημι) suborned.

ἐγ-καθηβάω, f. ἦσω, to pass one's youth in.

ἐγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in ambush.

ἐγ-καθιδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ], to set up in.

ἐγ-καθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to seat in or upon. II.

intr. to sit in or upon: to take one's seat on.

ἐγ-καθίμι, f. ἦσω, to let down into, send in.

ἐγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to place or set in.

II. Med. and Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐγκατέστην; pf. ἐγκαθέστηκα; plqpf. ἐγκαθεστήκειν: to be placed or established in.

ἐγ-καθορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into harbour: Med. to run into harbour.

ἐγ-καθυβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to riot to excess in a thing:

ἐγ-καίνα, τά, (ἐν, καινός) a feast of renovation or dedication. Hence

ἐγ-καίνιζω, f. σω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate.

ἐγ-καίω, f. -καίω, to burn or beat in. II. to make a fire in.

ἐγ-κάλω, fut. ἐγκαλέσω; pf. ἐγκέκληκα:—to call in. II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to accuse, indict; φόνον ἐγκαλεῖν τινι to bring a charge of murder against one: of actions, to blame, censure.

ἐγ-καλλωπίζομαι, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing. Hence

ἐγκαλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, that of which one is proud: an ornament, decoration.

ἐγκαλυμμός, ό, a wrapping up. From

ἐγ-κάλυπτο, f. ψω, to veil in: to wrap up:—Med. to hide oneself, esp. one's face: hence to be ashamed.

ἐγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend in.

ἐγ-κἀνάσσω, f. ξω, to pour gurgling in; aor. I imperat. ἐγκάνασον. (Formed from the sound.)

ἐγ-κἀνάχσομαι, Dep. (ἐν, καναχή) to make a sound in or with a thing.

ἐγ-κάπτω, f. ψω; pf. ἐγκέκαφα:—to gulp in greedily, to snar up, bolt.

ἐγ-καρπος, ον, containing fruit: fruitful, prolific.

ἐγ-κάρσιος, α, ον, cross, transverse, oblique.

ἐγ-καρτερέω, f. ἦσω, to persevere or persist in. II. to await steadfastly. III. absol. to hold out.

ἐγκᾶτα, τά, (ἐν) the entrails, bowels: dat. ἐγκασι.

ἐγ-καταβαίνω, to go down into: to put oneself in.

ἐξ-καταγρᾶσκω, f. ᾄσσω [ᾄ] to grow old in.

ἐγ-καταδέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast in, involve in.

ἐγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into.

ἐγ-καταξύννυμι, f. -ξεύω, to associate with, adapt.

ἐγκατάβοιτο, 3 aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγκατατίθηναι.

ἐγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie in: to lie down.

ἐγ-κατακλίνω, to lay down or put to bed in a place: —Pass. to lie down or go to bed in.

ἐγ-κατακοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to lie down and sleep in.

ἐγ-κατακρούω, f. σω, to beat in; ἐγκατακρούειν χορείαν to tread a measure or dance among.

ἐγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, to catch in a place: to catch and hold fast, to bind or trammel.

ἐγ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to lay in or build into a wall. II. to reckon among: to enlist soldiers.

ἐγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind: to forsake:—Pass. to be left behind in a race.

ἐγκατάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching and holding fast: a being caught in a place.

ἐγ-καταμύνημι, f. -μύω, to mix up in.

ἐγ-καταπήννυμι, f. -πήξω, to thrust firmly into: to fix in.

ἐγ-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon.

ἐγ-καταπλέω, f. -πλέω, to interweave, entwine.

ἐγ-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in.

ἐγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to fall upon: of epidemics, to break out among. II. trans. to burl down upon.

ἐγ-κατασφάττω, f. ξω, to slaughter in.

ἐγ-κατατίθηναι, f. -θήσω, to put in or upon:—Med., τελαμῶνα ἤν ἐγκάτθετο τέχνην he included the sword-belt in his art, i. e. wrought it by his art.

ἐγ-καταχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour in besides.

ἐγκατελέγη, aor. 2 pass. of ἐγκαταλέγω.

ἐγκατέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐγκαταλείπω.

ἐγκατέπηξα, aor. 1 of ἐγκαταπήννυμι.

ἐγκάτθεο, Ep. for ἐγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and ἐγκάτθετο, for ἐγκατέθετο, 3 sing. ind., aor. 2 med. of ἐγκατατίθηναι.

ἐγ-κατιλλώπτω, f. ψω, to scoff at.

ἐγ-κατοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in.

ἐγ-κατοικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build on a spot, also 2. to build in, immerse.

ἐγ-κειμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κείσομαι, to lie in, to be wrapped in. II. to press upon, urge, importune, attack: to be vehement against: to press one hard. 2. to be devoted to.

ἐγ-κείρω, only in pf. pass. part., ἐγκεκαρμένω κάρη with scorn head.

ἐγκέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκαίω.

ἐγκέαφα, pf. of ἐγκάπτο.

ἐγκέκληκα, pf. of ἐγκαλέω.

ἐγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of ἐγκλείω.

ἐγκέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκλίνω.

ἐγκέκτημαι, pf. of ἐγκτάομαι.

ἐγκεκύλωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκυκλώω.

ἐγκέλευμα or -λευσμα, ατος, τό, (ἐγκελεύω) an encouragement, cheer, buzzab.

ἐγκελευστος, ον, urged on, bidden, ordered. From ἐγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to urge on, cheer on.

ἐγ-κεντρίζω, f. ἴσω, to goad on. II. of plants, to inoculate, ingraft.

ἐγ-κεντρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κέντρον) a sting: a spur.

ἐγ-κεράννυμι, fut. -κεράσω [ᾄ]: (ἐν, κεράννυμι): to mix in, mix: metaph. to concoct, contrive.

ἐγ-κερτομέω, f. ἦσω, to mock at.

ἐγ-κέφαλος, ον, (ἐν, κεφαλή) within the head; ὁ ἐγ-κέφαλος (sub. μυελός), I. the brain. II. the edible pith of young palm-shoots.

ἐγ-κεχαλίνωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχαλίνω.

ἐγκέχοδα, pf. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγ-κεχηρμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐγχεράω.

ἐγκίχυνται, pf. pass. of ἐγχεύω.

ἐγ-κίθαρίζω, f. ἴσω, to play the harp among.

ἐγ-κίρνημι, = ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐγ-κλείω, f. σω, to shut in, confine within. II. to shut to, shut fast.
 ἐγκληθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγκαλέω.
 ἐγ-κλήτω, Ion. for ἐγκλείω.
 ἐγ-κλημα, ατος, τό, an accusation, charge, complaint: a bill of indictment.
 ἐγκλήμων, monos, ὁ, (ἐγκαλέω) censorious.
 ἐγ-κληρος, on, (ἐν, κληρος) having a lot or share in an inheritance, an heir, heiress.
 ἐγ-κλήω, Att. for ἐγκλείω: aor. I part. ἐγκλησας.
 ἐγ-κλιδόν. Adv. (ἐγκλίνω) leaning sideways, aslant.
 ἐγ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. -κέκλικα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. inclinare:—Pass. to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat. inclinari.
 ἐγ-κοιλαίνω, f. ἀνω, to hollow out, scoop out.
 ἐγ-κοίλος, on, (ἐν, κοῖλος) hollowed out, hollow.
 ἐγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἥσομαι, to sleep in.
 ἐγ-κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω, to lull to sleep in a place.
 ἐγ-κοιτύρω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, Κοιτύρα) hence perf. part. pass. ἐγκεκοισυρμένη, as luxurious as Coesyra (a female name in the Alcæonid family).
 ἐγ-κοίτης, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐν, κοίτη) serving for a bed.
 ἐγ-κολήβαζω, f. σω, to gulp down like a κόλλαβος, swallow.
 ἐγ-κονέω, f. ἥσω, to hasten, be quick and active. Hence
 ἐγ-κονητί, Adv. in haste, diligently.
 ἐγ-κονίομαι, Med. (ἐν, κόνις) to roll in the dust or sand, sprinkle sand over oneself.
 ἐγκοπή, ἡ, (ἐγκοπήναι) a binderance.
 ἐγκοπήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐγκόπτω.
 ἐγκόπος, on, (ἐγκοπήναι) wearied.
 ἐγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to knock in: metaphor. to binder, weary.
 ἐγ-κορδύλω, f. ἥσω, (ἐν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in coverlets: pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκορδυλημένος.
 ἐγ-κοσμέω, f. ἥσω, to arrange in order.
 ἐγκοτέω, f. ἥσω, to be indignant at. From
 ἐγ-κοτος, on, (ἐν, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful, malicious. II. ἐγκοτος is also found, like κότος, as Subst., a grudge, hatred.
 ἐγ-κράζω, f. -κράβομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέκρᾳγον:—to cry aloud at, to rate loudly.
 ἐγκράτεια, ἡ, self-control, Lat. continentia: and ἐγκρατεύομαι, Dep. to exercise self-control. From ἐγ-κράτης, ἐς, (ἐν, κράτος) with a firm bold: stout, strong. II. having the mastery over, having possession of. 2. having control over oneself, self-disciplined, Lat. continens. 3. in bad sense, unyielding, stubborn.
 ἐγκρατῶς, Adv. of ἐγκρατής, strongly, strictly: temperately.
 ἐγ-κρίνω, f. -κρίνῶ, to reckon in or among: to approve, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.
 ἐγκροτέοισαι, Dor. for -έουσαι, fem. part. pl. of ἐγ-κροτέω, f. ἥσω, to strike against: of a dance, to

beat or keep time:—Pass., πυγμαὶ ἐγκροτούμεναι fists dashed one against the other.
 ἐγ-κρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. II. to dance.
 ἐγ-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide or conceal in.
 ἐγκρύφιαζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐγκρύφιος) to keep oneself hidden: to act underhand.
 ἐγκρυφιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. bidden or baked in the ashes, of loaves. From
 ἐγκρύφιος, on, (ἐγκρύπτω) bidden in.
 ἐγ-κτάομαι, Dep. with fut. ἐγκτήσομαι, pf. ἐγκέκτημαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence ἐγκτημα, ατος, τό, property held in a foreign country. ἐγκτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκτάομαι) possession of property in a foreign country.
 ἐγ-κύκω, f. ἥσω, to mix up in.
 ἐγ-κύκλιος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. II. revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in succession: hence general, common.
 ἐγ-κυκλος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular.
 ἐγ-κυκλόω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, κύκλος) to move about in a circle:—Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense, to surround, encircle.
 ἐγ-κύμων, on, gen. onos, (ἐν, κύμα π) pregnant.
 ἐγ-κύος, on, (ἐν, κύω) = ἐγκύμων.
 ἐγ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peep in, to pry into.
 ἐγ-κύρω, impf. ἐνέκῦρον: fut. ἐγκύρωσω: aor. 1 ἐνέκυρσα:—to fall into or upon, light upon, meet with.
 ἐγκύρσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐγ-κύρω.
 ἐγκύτα, τά, Iacon, of ἐγκατα.
 ἐγ-κωμιάζω, fut. ἄσω and ἄσομαι: pf. ἐγκεκωμίακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐνεκωμιάσθην: pf. ἐγκεκωμιάσμαι:—(the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a compd., and not derived directly from ἐγκώμιον):—to praise, laud.
 ἐγκώμιον, τό, see ἐγκώμιος II. 2.
 ἐγ-κώμιος, on, (ἐν, κώμη) at home, of the same village. II. (ἐν, κῶμος) belonging to a Bacchic festival or revel: in which the victor was led home in procession. 2. as Subst. ἐγκώμιον (sub. ἔπος), τό, a hymn in honour of the victor: a song of praise, panegyric.
 ἐγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.
 ἐγνωνκα, ἐγνωσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γιγνώσκω.
 ἐγνων, ως, ω, aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω.
 ἐγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of γιγνώσκω.
 ἐγ-ξέω, f. ἔσω, to scrape.
 ἐγράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of γράφω.
 ἐγραφα, aor. I act. of γράφω.
 ἐγρε-κύνδομος, on, (ἐγείρω, κύδοιμος) strife-stirring.
 ἐγρε-μάχης, on, ὁ, and ἐγρε-μάχος, η, on, (ἐγείρω, μάχη) rousing the fight.
 ἐγρεσι-κομος, on, (ἐγείρω, κῶμος) stirring up to revelry.
 ἐγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω; imperat. ἔγρεο; 3 sing. subj. ἔγρη; inf. ἐγρέσθαι.
 ἐγρήγορα, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of ἐγείρω, whence part. ἐγρηγορώς, 2 pl. imper. ἐγρηγορε (Ep.

for ἐργηγόρατε), inf. ἐργηγόρῃαι (Ep. for ἐργηγορέ-
ναι):—plqpf. ἐργηγόρη, 3 sing. ἐργηγόρει. Homer
uses the Ep. form ἐργήγορβα in 3 pl. ἐργήγορβασι.

ἐργηγορόων, Ep. part., as if from a pres. ἐργηγορώω,
formed from ἐργήγορα, watching, awake.

ἐργηγορόι, (ἐργήγορα) Adv. wakefully, awake.

ἐργήσω, from ἐργήγορα, to be awake or watchful.

ἐγροῦτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 med. part. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγ-χάλινός, f. ὥσω, to put the bit in the mouth of,
bold in check:—Pass. to have the bit in one's mouth.

ἐγχανέται, 3 sing. fut. of ἐγ-χάσκω:—ἐγχανῶ, 3
sing. aor. 2 subj.

ἐγ-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. = χαρίζομαι.

ἐγ-χάσκω; (tenses formed from *ἐγ-χαίνω), fut.
ἐγχανοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐν-χάων, inf. ἐγχανεῖν:—to
yawn or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer.

ἐγ-χέξω, f. -χέξω also -χέσσωμαι: pf. ἐγκέχοδα:—
Lat. *incaco*: c. acc. to be in a horrid fright at one.

ἐγχεῖων, Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγχείη.

ἐγχει-βρόμος, ov, (ἐγχος, βρέμω) thundering with
the spear.

ἐγχείη, ἡ, (ἐγχος) a spear, lance.

ἐγχείη, Ep. for ἐγχείη, 3 sing. subj. of ἐγχείω.

ἐγχει-κεραυνος, ov, (ἐγχος, κεραυνός) touching the
thunderbolt.

ἐγ-χειρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐνεχειρήσατο: (ἐν, χεῖρ):—
to take in hand, undertake. Hence

ἐγχειρήμα, ατος, τό, an undertaking: and

ἐγχειρήσις, εως, ἡ, a taking in hand, an undertaking.

ἐγχειρήτεον, verb. Adj. of ἐγχειρέω, one must un-
dertake.

ἐγχειρητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐγχειρέω) one who takes in hand:
an adventurer.

ἐγχειρητικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐγχειρέω) enterprising.

ἐγ-χειρίδιος, ov, (ἐν, χεῖρ) in the band. II. as
Subst., ἐγχειρίδιον, τό, a band-knife, dagger. 2.
a manual, band-book.

ἐγ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐν, χεῖρ) to put into one's
bands, entrust a thing to another:—Med. to take in
band, take on oneself.

ἐγ-χειρί-θετος, ov, (ἐν, χεῖρ, τίθημι) put or delivered
into one's hands.

ἐγ-χέω, Ep. for ἐγγέω.

ἐγγέλειον, τό, Dim. of ἐγγελυς, a little eel.

ἐγγέλειος, ov, (ἐγγελυς) of an eel.

ἘΓΧΕΛΑΤΣ, vos, ἡ: pl. ἐγγέλεις, Att. ἐγγέλεις,
εων:—an eel, Lat. *anguilla*:—proverb., ἐγγέλεις θη-
ρᾶσθαι to be fond of fishing in troubled waters.

ἐγχεσι-μωρος, ov, fighting with the spear. (Deriv.
uncertain.)

ἐγγέσ-πᾶλος, ov, (ἐγχος, πᾶλλω) spear-brandishing.

ἐγχεσ-φόρος, ov, (ἐγχος, φέρω) spear-bearing.

ἐγγεῦντα, Dor. for ἐγγέοντα, part. pr. of ἐγγέω.

ἐγ-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I ἐνέχσα, Ep. ἐνέχυνα: Pass.,
pf. ἐγκέχῃμαι:—to pour in:—Med. to pour or flow
in, be poured in. II. to fill by pouring in; ἐγχεῖαι
κητήρα to fill the bowl.

ἐγ-χθόνιος, ov, (ἐν, χθών) in or of the country, Lat.
indigena.

ἘΓΧΟΣ, τό, a spear, lance, consisting of two parts,
αἰχμή and ὀδον, head and shaft. II. generally,

a weapon, a sword, an arrow:—metaph., φροντίδος
ἐγχος weapon of thought.

ἐγχοῦσα, ἡ, = ἀγχοῦσα, q. v.

ἐγ-χραίνω, = sq.

ἐγ-χράω and ἐγ-χραύω, to dash against; ἐνέχραυεν
ἐς τὸ πρόσσωπον τὸ σκήπτρον he dashed his staff in his
face. The pf. pass. also occurs, ἔσαν πρὸς τινας καὶ
ἄλλους ἐγκεκρημένοι (sc. πόλεμοι) there were wars
urged on against others also.

ἐγ-χρέπτομαι, Dep. to exhortate.

ἐγ-χρήζω, to want, have need; τὰ ἐγχρήζοντα ne-
cessaries.

ἐγ-χρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐνέχριμψα part. ἐγχρίμ-
ψας:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεχρίμψην part. ἐγχρίμψθεις:
—to bring near to, to strike or dash against; ἐγ-
χρίπτειν τὴν βάρην τῇ γῇ to bring the boat to land:
absol. to come to land: hence to approach: also to
attack, press hard. II. also intr. both in Act.
and in Pass., to fall upon, attack, pursue.

ἐγ-χρίπτω, collat. form of ἐγχρίπτω.

ἐγχριστος, ov, applied as an unguent. From

ἐγ-χρίω, to rub in, to anoint. II. like ἐγχρίπτω,
to attack, assail.

ἐγ-χρονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: (ἐν, χρόνος):—to be
long about a thing, tarry, delay.

ἐγ-χυτρίζω, f. σαι, to expose in a pan or pot.

ἐγ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to give room for doing a thing:
to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit. 2.
impers. ἐγχορεῖ, it is possible or permitted; ἐτι ἐγ-
χορεῖ there is yet time.

ἐγ-χώριος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἐν, χώρα) in or be-
longing to the country.

ἐγ-χωρος, ov, = ἐγχώριος.

ἘΓΩ, Lat. EGO, Germ. ICH, our I: pers. Pron.
of the first person, Ep. and Aeol. ἐγών before vowels:
—strengthd. by compos. with enclit. γε, ἐγωγε, Lat.
equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. ἐγῶγα and
ἐγῶνγα: Boeot. ἰῶνγα or ἰῶνγα:—gen. ἘΜΟΥ, en-
clit. ΜΟΥ, Lat. MEI, Ep. and Ion. ἐμέο, ἐμεῦ, μεν,
Ep. also ἐμεῖο, ἐμέθεν, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῦς;
Boeot. ἐμοῖς:—Dat. ἐμοί, enclit. μοι; Dor. ἐμῖν:—
Acc. ἐμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., ΝΩ, Ep.
νῶι, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. ὧν, Ep. ὧϊν. Plur.,
nom. ἡμεῖς, Dor. ἄμες, Aeol. ἄμμες:—gen. ἡμῶν, Ion.
and Ep. ἡμέων, Ep. also ἡμεῖων, Dor. ἄμεων, Aeol.
ἄμμεων:—dat. ἡμῖν, also ἡμιν or ἡμίν [Υ], Dor. ἄμιν,
ἄμμι, Aeol. ἄμμεσι:—acc., ἡμᾶς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and
Aeol. ἄμμι, Dor. ἄμέ.

ἐγῶγα, Dor. for ἐγωγε.

ἐγῶδα, Att. crasis for ἐγῶ οἶδα.

ἐγῶμαι, Att. crasis for ἐγῶ οἶμαι.

ἐγών, ἐγῶνγα, Dor. for ἐγῶ, ἐγωγε.

ἔδάν, ης, η, aor. 2 of ΔΑΝ.

ἔδαισα, -άμην, aor. I act. and med. of δαίνυμι.

ἔδακον, aor. 2 of δάκνω.
 ἐδάμην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δαμάω.
 ἐδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *eatable*.
 ἐδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀδεύ) *pleasant, grateful, agreeable*
 or *excellent*.
 ἐδάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δείρω.
 ἐδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἐδαρκον, metath. for ἐδάρκον, aor. 2 of δέρκομαι.
 ἐδασάμην, aor. 1 of δασάω.
 ἐδαφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make level: to level with
 the earth. From
 ἐδάφος, eos, τό, the bottom, or base of anything: the
 ground: ἐδαφος νηὸς the bottom or hold of a ship
 also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground. (From
 the same root as δάπ-εδον, τάπ-ης.)
 ἐδεδισα, Ep. for ἐδεῖσα, aor. 1 of δεῖω.
 ἐδέγμην, Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἐδεδατο, Ion. for ἐδεδεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δέω.
 ἐδεδέμην, plqpf. of δέχομαι.
 ἐδεδήκειν, plqpf. of δέω, to bind.
 ἐδεδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δεῖω.
 ἐδεδμήατο Ion. 3 plur., and ἐδεδμήτο 3 sing., plqpf.
 pass. of δέμω.
 ἐδεδοικεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δεῖω.
 ἐδεδόμην, plqpf. pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδεδῶκειν, plqpf. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδεθήην, aor. 1 pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, to want.
 ἐδέησα, aor. 1 of δέω, to want.
 ἐδέθην, aor. 1 pass. of δέω, to bind.
 ἐδεῖσα, aor. 1 of δεῖω.
 ἐδεῖδιμεν, -ῖσαν, Ep. 1 and 3 pl. plqpf. of δεῖω.
 ἐδεῖμα, aor. 1 of δέμω.
 ἐδεῖξα, aor. 1 of δεικνύμι.
 ἐδεῖρα, aor. 1 of δέρω.
 ἐδεκτο, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἐδέμεν, Ep. for ἐδεῖν, inf. of δέω.
 ἐδεξα, -άμην, Ion. for ἐδεῖξα, -άμην, aor. 1 act. and
 med. of δεικνύμι; but ἐδεξάμην also aor. 1 of δέχομαι.
 ἐδεσμα, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) *food, meat, a dish*.
 ἐδεστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἔδω) *an eater, devourer*.
 ἐδεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *to be eaten, eatable*. II.
eaten: consumed.
 ἐδεύησαι, aor. 1 of δεύω, to need.
 ἐδήθεσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐσθίω.
 ἐδήδοκα, pf. act. of ἐσθίω.
 ἐδήδοται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔδω.
 ἐδηδώς, pf. part. of ἔδω.
 ἐδηῖον, Att. ἐδήουν, impf. of δηῖω.
 ἐδηῖσα, aor. 1 of δέω, to bind: also Ep. aor. 1 of δέω,
 to want.
 ἐδηγίς, ὅς, ἡ, (ἔδω) *meat, food*. [ῥ]
 ἐδηθήην, aor. 1 pass. of δάκνω.
 ἐδηῖωσα, ἐδηῖωθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of δηῖω.
 ἐδιαίτησα, aor. 1 of διαίτῶ.
 ἐδιδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάκκησα, aor. 1 of διδάσκω.
 ἐδιδουν, impf. of διδάσκω, formed from διδῶ.
 ἐδιζήμην, impf. of διζήμαι.
 ἐδίηνα, aor. 1 of διαίνομαι.

ἔδικον, v. δικάω.
 ἐδίνευσα, ἐδίνησα, aor. 1 of δινεύω, δινέω.
 ἐδίψησα, aor. 1 of διψάω.
 ἐδιώξα, ἐδιώχθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διώκω.
 ἐδιμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of ἔδω.
 ἐδιμήθην, aor. 1 pass. of δαμάω.
 ἐδνάομαι, Dep. = ἐδνῶ. From
 "ΕΔΝΑ, Ep. ἔδνα, τό, nuptial gifts, 1. from
 the suitor to the bride. 2. from the suitor to the
 bride's father. 3. a portion or dowry, given to
 the bride by her parents, also φέρνῃ or προίξ. 4.
 wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests.
 Hence
 ἐδνῶ, f. ὥσω, to promise or betroth for presents.
 Hence
 ἐδνωτής Ep. ἐδνωτής, οὔ, ὁ, a betrother, of a father
 who portions a bride.
 ἐδῶθην, aor. 1 pass. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδοκεύμεν, Dor. for ἐδοκούμεν, 1 pl. impf. of δοκέω.
 ἐδόκησα, aor. 1 of δοκέω.
 ἐδοκίμασα, ἐδοκίμασθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of
 δοκιμάζω.
 ἐδομαι, fut. of ἔδω and ἐσθίω.
 ἐδομεν, ἐδοτε, ἐδοσαν (Dor. ἔδον), aor. 2 pl. of δίδωμι.
 ἐδοντι, Dor. for ἔδουσι.
 ἐδοξα, aor. 1 of δοκέω.
 ἐδοξώθην, aor. 1 pass. of δοξάω.
 ἔδος, eos, τό, (ἐξομαι) a thing to sit on, a seat. 2.
 a seat, abode, esp. of the gods. 3. a foundation, base,
 the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself. II. the
 act of sitting; οὐχ ἔδος ἐστὶ 'tis no time for sitting still.
 ἐδοῦμαι, fut. of ἐξομαι.
 ἔδρα Ep. and Ion. ἔδρη, (ἐξομαι) any seat, a chair,
 bench, etc. 2. a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a
 temple, altar. 3. a foundation, base. II. a
 sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay; οὐκ ἔδρας
 ἀκμῇ it is not the season for sitting still. 2. a
 sitting, session. III. the seat, fundament.
 ἐδράθον, poet. for ἐδάρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἐδραῖος, α, ον, (ἔδρα) sitting, sedentary. II.
 steadfast, firm, constant.
 ἐδραῖω, f. ὥσω, = ἐδρίω. Hence
 ἐδραῖωμα, ατος, τό, a foundation, base.
 ἐδρακόμην, aor. 2 med. of δέρκομαι.
 ἐδράκον, ἐδράκην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of δέρκομαι.
 ἐδράμον, aor. 2 of τρέχω.
 ἐδρᾶν, aor. 2 of διδράσκω.
 ἐδρᾶν, τό, (ἔδρα) a seat, abode, dwelling.
 ἐδράσα, aor. 1 of δράω.
 ἔδρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἔδρα.
 ἔδρησα, Ion. for ἐδράσα, aor. 1 of δράω.
 ἐδριάομαι, Pass. (ἔδρα) to sit: Ep. inf. ἐδριάσθαι;
 Ep. 3 pl. impf. ἐδρίωντο.
 ἐδρο-στρόφος, ὁ, (ἔδρα, στρέφω) a wrestler who
 throws his adversary by a cross-buttock.
 ἐδρυφα, ἐδρύφθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of δρύπτω.
 ἔδυν, 1 sing. aor. 2 of δύνω; but also Ep. for ἔδυσαν,
 3 pl. of same tense.

ἐδυνάσθη or -ήθη, aor. I of δύναιμι.
 ἔδυνάτο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναιμι.
 ἐδύσεο, -ετο, Ep. for ἐδύσω, -ατο, 2 and 3 sing.
 aor. I med. of δύνω.

ἐδυστύχησα, aor. I of δυστυχεῖν.
 ἜΔΩ, Ion. impf. ἐδεσκον: fut. ἔδομαι: pf. act. ἐδήσα, pass. ἐδήδομαι:—these are all Epic forms; for the Att. tenses, see ἐσθίω:—*to eat, devour*: metaph., οἶκον ἔδουσι *eat up*, i. e. *consume, waste*, house and home; θυμὸν ἔδοντες *eating* their heart, i. e. *wasting, consuming* their spirit. Hence

ἐδωδή, ἡ, *food, meat, victuals* for men: *fodder* for cattle: *a bait* for fish. Hence

ἐδώβιμος, *ov*, *eatable*: τὰ ἐδώδιμα *provisions*.

ἔδωκα, aor. I of δίδωμι.

ἐδῶλιον, τό, (ἔδος) *a seat, dwelling, abode*. II.

in a ship, *the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench*, Lat. *transtrum*.

ἐε, poet. for ἐ, *him*, acc. of οὐ.

ἔεδνα, ἐεδνώω, -ωτής, Ep. for ἔδνα, ἐδνώω, -ωτής.

ἔειδομαι, Ep. for εἶδομαι, Med. of εἶδω.

ἔεικοσά-βοιος, ἔεικοσι, ἔεικοσος, ἔεικοστός, Ep. for εἰκ-.

εἰλεον, Ep. for εἰλεον, impf. of εἰλέω.

ἔειπα, *as*, ε, ἔειπον, *es*, ε, Ep. for εἶπα, εἶπον.

ἔεις, Ep. for εἶς.

εἰσαο, εἴσατο, εἰσάσθη, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual, aor. I of εἰμι ἰδο.

εἴσατο, εἰσάμενος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. aor. I of *εἶδω.

ἔλδομαι, ἐέλδωρ, Ep. for ἔλδομαι, ἔλδωρ.

ἔελμαι, ἐελμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of εἶλω.

ἔελπομαι, Ep. for ἔλπομαι.

ἔέλσαι, Ep. for ἔλσαι, aor. I inf. of εἶλω.

ἐέργαθον, Ep. for εἶργαθον.

ἔεργε, ἐεργμένος, ἐεργνυμι, ἐέργω, Ep. for εἶργ-.

ἐερμένος, pf. part. pass. of εἶρω.

ἐέρση, ἐερσήεις, Ep. for ἐρσή, ἐρσήεις.

ἔερτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἶρω.

ἐέρχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of εἶργω.

ἔεσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐννυμι.

ἔέσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἰζω.

ἔεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.

ἔξενγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ἔξευθε, ἐξεύχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ἘΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἐδοῦμαι: impf. and aor. 2 ἐζύμην: (the Root is ἘΔ-, see ἔδος):—*to seat oneself, sit*;

ἐπὶ χθονὶ ἐζέσθη *they sank* to the earth.

ἐζύγην [ῥ], aor. 2 of ζεύγνυμι.

ἔζωσμαι, pf. pass. of ζώννυμι.

ἔη, Ion. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμί *sum*.

ἔη, fem. of ἐός, *his*.

ἔηκε, Ep. for ἦκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἵημι.

ἔην, Ep. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί *sum*.

ἐθνδάκε, Ep. for ἦνδάκε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνάνω.

ἐθός, gen. masc. of ἔθς, *good, brave, noble*.

ἔης, Ep. for ἦς, gen. fem. of ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, *who, what*:—but ἧς gen. fem. of ἐός, *his*.

ἔηθα, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί *sum*.

ἔρησι, Ep. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἰμί *sum*.

ἔθαλας, ἐθάλαφθη, aor. I act. and pass. of θάλλω.

ἔθανον, aor. 2 of θνήσκειν.

ἐθάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔθος) *accustomed, used*.

ἔθαπα, ἐθάφθη, aor. I act. and pass. of θάπτω.

ἔθησάμην, Ion. aor. I of θεάομαι.

ἘΘΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, *hair*; in Homer, *a horse's mane*, or *the horsehair crest* on helmets: *a lion's mane*. Hence

ἔθειράζω, *f*, ἄσω, *to wear long hair*.

ἔθειρω, *to tend, take care of, till*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔθελήμους, ὅν, (ἔθελω) *willing, voluntary*.

ἔθελήσθα, for ἐθέλης, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἐθέλω.

ἔθελήτῃς, ἡ, ὅν, (ἔθελω) *willed, voluntary*.

ἔθελας, ἐθέλχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of θέλω.

ἔθελο-, in compos., signifies *voluntarily* or *gladly*.

ἔθελο-δουλος, ὅν, *a willing slave*.

ἔθελο-θρησκεία, ἡ, (ἔθελο-, θρησκεύω) *will-worship, superstitious observance*.

ἔθελοκάκω, *f*, ἦσω, *to be slack in duty, play the coward purposely: to be beaten on purpose*. From

ἔθελο-κάκος, ὅν, *wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty*, esp. in war, *cowardly*.

ἔθελοντηδόν, (ἔθελω) Adv. *voluntarily*.

ἔθελοντήν, (ἔθελω) Adv. *voluntarily*.

ἔθελοντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἔθελω) *a volunteer*.

ἔθελοντής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἔθελω) *a volunteer*.

ἔθελοντῖ, Adv. = ἔθελοντηδόν.

ἔθέλοντι, Dor. for ἐθέλουσι, 3 pl. of ἐθέλω.

ἔθελοπονία, ἡ, *love of work, diligence*. From

ἔθελο-πόνος, ὅν, (ἔθελο-, πόνος) *willing to work*.

ἔθελο-πρόξενος, ὅν, (ἔθελο-, πρόξενος) *one who voluntarily charges himself with the office of πρόξενος* (q. v.) to a foreign state.

ἔθελ-ουργός, ὅν, (ἔθελο-, *ἔργω) *willing to work*.

ἔθελούσιος, α, ὅν, (ἔθελω) *voluntarily*. II. of things, *optional*.

ἘΘΕΛΩ, impf. ἦθελον: fut. ἐθελήσω: aor. I ἠθέλησα: pf. ἠθέληκα:—like θέλω, *to will, be willing, wish, desire*: sometimes also merely as the sign of the fut., *will or shall*. 2. with a negat., almost like δύναμαι, *to be able, have the power*; as of a stream, οὐδ' ἔθελε προρρεῖν ἀλλ' ἵχθητο. 3. *to be wont or accustomed, to do a thing readily*. 4. *to mean, purport*, Lat. *volo*; often in phrases, such as, τί ἐθέλει τὸ τέρας; Lat. *quid sibi vult?* *what means, what purports* the prodigy?

ἔθεμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

ἔθεν, Ep. and Att. poet. gen. for ἔο, οὗ, of bim, of ber.

ἔθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

ἔθερμενα, aor. 2 of θερμαίνω.

ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

ἔθευ, Ion. for ἔθεν, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

ἔθηετο, ἐθηεύμεθα, ἐθηεύντο, Ion. for ἔθεατο, ἔθεώμεθα, ἔθεώντο, 3 sing., 1 pl., 3 pl. of θεάομαι.

ἐθηέμεσθα, Ion. 1 pl. of θεάομαι.

ἐθηήσαντο, Ion. for ἔθεάσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of θεάομαι.

ἔθηκα, I sing. aor. I of τίθημι.
 ἔτην, aor. I pass. of ἔθην: but ἔτην, aor. 2 act. of τίθημι.
 ἔτιγον, aor. 2 of θιγγάνω.
 ἔτιζω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I εἶθισα: pf. εἶθικα:—Pass., aor. I εἰθίστην: pf. εἰθισμαι: (ἔθος):—to accustom, use:—Pass. to be accustomed or used to. Hence
 ἔθιστόν, verb. Adj. one must accustom.
 ἔθλασσα, aor. I of θάλαω.
 ἔθλιψα, aor. I of θλίβω.
 ἔθν-άρχης, ov, ὅ, (ἔθνος, ἄρχω) a ruler of a nation: prefect: an ethnarch.
 ἐθνικός, ἡ, ὄν, national. II. foreign: gentile:—Adv. —κῶς, like the Gentiles. From
 *ΕΘΝΟΣ, eos, τό, a company, body of men. 2. a race, tribe. 3. a nation, people; τὰ ἔθνη the nations, Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. 4. a particular class of men, a caste.
 ἔθορον, aor. 2 of θρώσκω.
 *ΕΘΟΣ, eos, τό, custom, usage, manners, habit.
 ἔθραυσα, aor. I of θραύω.
 ἔτρεξα, aor. I of τρέχω.
 ἔτρέφθην, aor. I pass. of τρέφω.
 ἔτρεψα, aor. I act. of τρέφω.
 ἔθρηνουν, Dor. for ἐθρήνουν, impf. of θρηνέω.
 ἔθριστα, poet. for ἐθέρισα, aor. I of θερίζω.
 *ΕΘΩ, to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use the pf. εἴωθα Ion. ἔωθα as pres., and the plqpf. εἰώθειν Ion. ἔωθεα as impf.:—to be wont or accustomed, to be in the habit: part. εἰωθώς as Adj., accustomed, customary, usual; τὸ εἰωθός one's custom.
 Εἴ', a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. αἰ:—Lat. SI, if: with optat. or indic.:—see εἰ γάρ or αἰ γάρ, and εἰ-θε.
 εἰ, Att. 2 sing. of εἶμι ibo.
 εἰα, and trisyll. εἰα, Interj., Lat. eia, on! up! away! also come on then! εἰα νυν well now.
 εἰά, 3 sing. impf. of εἶω: also 2 sing. imperat. pres.
 εἰάστην, εἰάμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of εἶω.
 εἰαμένη, ἡ, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 εἰ άν, Ep. and Ion. εἰ κε, contr. into εἰάν, ἤν, and άν.
 εἰάνος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for ἑανός.
 εἰαρ, εἰαρίνός, Ep. for ἔαρ, ἑαρινός.
 εἰαρβ-μασθος, ov, (εἰαρ, μασθός) with youthful breasts.
 εἰας, 2 sing. impf. of εἶω:—εἰάσα, aor. I of the same.
 εἰασκον, Ion. for εἶων, impf. of εἶω.
 εἰάται, εἰατο, Ep. for Ion. ἔαται, ἔατο, which is for ἦνται, ἦντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of ἦμαι.
 εἰάτο, Ion. for εἶντο, 3 sing. plqpf. med. of ἔννυμι.
 Εἴ'βΩ, Ep. form of λείβω, to drop, let fall in drops:—Med. to trickle or run down.
 εἰ γάρ, for if; and expressing a wish, O if..! O that..! would that..! Lat. utinam!
 εἰ-γε, if at least, if then, Lat. si-quidem.
 εἰ γούν, if at any rate, implying that the thing is unlikely.

εἰ δ' ἄγε, used in cheering, on then, come on! The phrase is elliptic, and would be in full, εἰ δ' ἐθέλεις, ἄγε.
 εἰδάλμιος, ἡ, ov, (εἶδος) shapely, comely. II. like, looking like.
 εἶδαρ, atos, τό, (ἔδω) food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish.
 εἰδέην opt., and εἰδέναι inf. of οἶδα; v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰ δὲ μή, elliptic for εἰ δὲ μή τοῦτό ἐστι, if otherwise, Lat. sin aliter.
 εἰδέω, for εἰδῶ, subj. of οἶδα; v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰ δῆ, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also in indirect questions, whether now.
 εἰδήμων, ovos, ὅ, ἡ, (*εἶδω) knowing or expert in a thing.
 εἰδησέμεν, Ep. for εἰδήσειν, fut. inf. of *εἶδω B.
 εἰδήσω, fut. of *εἶδω.
 εἰδοίμενος, Dor. for εἰδομεν, I pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.
 εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.
 εἶδος, eos, τό, (*εἶδω) that which is seen, the form, shape, figure, Lat. species. II. generally, a form, sort, particular kind: a particular state or plan of action.
 III. species, opp. to genus.
 εἰδῶσι, dat. pl. of εἶδῶς, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδότα, acc. sing. of εἶδῶς, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδῶτως, Adv. of εἶδῶς, part. of οἶδα, knowingly.
 εἰδυία, fem. nom. part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδύλλων, τό, Dim. of εἶδος, a short, descriptive poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll.
 *Εἴ' ΔΩ (or more properly Εἴ' ΔΩ, the Lat. VIDEO), to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by ὁράω: its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the other to know.
 A. to see, mostly in aor. 2 εἶδον, Ep. ἴδον, ἴδσκον; subj. ἴδω, Ep. also ἴδωμι; inf. ἰδέειν, Ep. also ἰδέειν; part. ἰδών. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2 med. εἰδόμεν Ep. ἰδόμεν; imperat. ἰδοῦ; subj. ἴδωμαι; inf. ἰδέσθαι. The aor. 2 imper. med. ἰδοῦ is mostly an exclamation, see! lo! behold! Lat. ecce. 'Οράω is used as pres., ἐώρακα or ἐώρακα, as pf., ὄφρα as fut. II. in Ep. and Ion. we find Pass. and Med. εἶδομαι; aor. I εἰσάμην, Ep. also εἰσεσάμην, ao, ato, in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. videor; εἶδεται ἀστρα the stars are visible, appear: hence, 2. to have or take the appearance of a thing; and c. dat. to make oneself like; εἰεαστο φθογγὴν Πολίτη she made herself like Polites in voice.
 B. to know:—the pf. οἶδα, I have seen, is used as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one has seen, one knows): so also plqpf. I had seen, in sense of impf. I knew:—indic. οἶδα, οἶσθα (poet. also οἶδας); I pl. ἴσμεν (Ep. and Dor. ἴβμεν), ἴστε, ἴσασι:—imperat. ἴσθι, ἴστω:—subj. εἰδῶ, Ep. also ἰδῶ;—opt. εἰδέην;—inf. εἰδέναι, Ep. ἰδμεναι and ἰδμεν:—part. εἰδῶς, Ep. fem. ἰδυία:—impf., ἦδειν, Ep. ᾗδεα, Att. ᾗδη; Ep. 2 sing. ᾗδεῖς for ᾗδης, Att. ᾗδησθα; 3 sing., Ep. ᾗδειν, Att. ᾗδη, ᾗδεις; plur., ᾗδεμεν, ᾗδετε or ᾗδετε, ᾗδεσαν or ᾗδεσαν, Att. ᾗσμεν, ᾗσσε, ᾗσαν (Ep. ἴσαν):—fut. εἰσόμεναι, more

rarely and mostly Ἐρ. εἰδήσω. *To know; εὖ οἶδα I know well; εὖ ἴσθι know well, be assured; νοήματα, μῆδεα οἶδε he is knowing, skilled in counsels; and so with Adjs., πεπνυμένα, φίλα, ἀρτια εἰδέναι, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, εὖ εἰδώς well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόδων εὖ εἰδώς cunning with the bow. Also with acc., χάριν εἰδέναι τινί to acknowledge a debt to another, thank him:—οἶδ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅτι, I know, you know it well:—also, οἶσθ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅ and οἶσθ' ὥς, followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, οἶσθ' ὃ δρᾶσον, for δρᾶσον, οἶσθ' ὃ do, thou knowest what.*

εἰδωλεῖον, τό, (εἰδωλον) an idol's temple.

εἰδωλό-θύτος, ον, (εἰδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idols; as Subst., τὸ εἰδωλόθυτον meat offered to idols.

εἰδωλολατρία, ἡ, idolatry. From

εἰδωλο-λάτρης, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰδωλον, λάτρις) an idol-worshipper, an idolater.

εἰδωλον, τό, (εἶδος) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; βροτῶν εἰδωλα καμόντων the phantoms of dead men.

II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a fancy.

III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence an idol, false god.

εἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, pf. of *εἶδω B.

εἶεν, Att. for εἶησαν, 3 pl. opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἶεν, Participle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.

εἶην, opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἶην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔημι.

εἴθαρ, Adv. (εἰθὺς) at once, forthwith.

εἴ-θε, Dor. and Ἐρ. αἴ-θε Interj. O that! would tha!

Lat. utinam!

εἴθην, Ion. εἴθην, aor. I pass. of ἔημι.

εἰθίζω, f. ἴσω, poët. for ἐθίζω,

εἰθισα, εἰθικα, aor. I and pf. of ἐθίζω.

εἴκα, Att. for εἰκοα.

εἴκα, pf. of ἔημι.

εἰκάζω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἤκασα Ion. εἴκασα:—Pass., aor. I ἠκέσθην: pf. ἠέκασμαι Ion. εἴκασμαι: (εἰκός):—to make like to, represent by a likeness:—Pass. to be like, resemble.

II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.

εἰκάθων, poët. aor. 2 of εἰκώ to yield; subj. εἰκάθω; inf. εἰκαθεῖν; part. εἰκαθών.

εἰκαῖος, α, ον, (εἰκῇ) without purpose: random, hasty.

II. common, worthless.

εἰκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (εἰκοσι) the twentieth day of the month

(sub. ἡμέρα).

εἰκάστια, ἡ, (εἰκάζω) a likeness, image: a conjecture.

εἰκασμα, ατος, τό, (εἰκάζω) a likeness.

εἰκασμός, οὔ, ὁ, (εἰκάζω) a conjecturing.

εἰκαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (εἰκάζω) one who conjectures, a

guesser, diviner.

εἰκαστός, ἡ, ὅν, (εἰκάζω) to be compared, like.

εἰκάτι, Dor. for εἰκοσι.

εἰκελ-όνερος, ον, (εἰκελος, ὄνερος) dream-like.

εἰκελος, η, ον, (εἰκός) like, after the fashion of.

εἰκελό-φωνος, ον, (εἰκελος, φωνή) of like voice.

εἰκέναι, Att. for εἰκέναι, inf. of εἰκοα.

ΕἰΚῆ, Adv. without plan or purpose, heedlessly, rashly, at random, Lat. temere.

εἰκονίζω, f. σω, (εἰκάν) to mould into form. Hence εἰκόνισμα, ματος, τό, an image, copy.

εἰκός Ion. οἰκός, ὅτος, τό, neut. part. of εἰκοα, Lat. veri-simile, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair, equitable; παρὰ τὸ εἰκός unreasonable.

εἰκοσά-βοιός, Ἐρ. εἰκοσάβοιός, ον, (εἰκοσι, βοῦς) worth twenty oxen.

εἰκοσα-ετής, ἐς, (εἰκοσι, ἔτος) of twenty years.

εἰκοσάκις, (εἰκοσι) Adv. twenty times.

εἰκοσά-μηνος, ον, (εἰκοσι, μήν) twenty months old.

ΕἰΚΟΣΙ before a vowel, εἰκοσιν, Ἐρ. εἰκοσι, Dor. εἰκατι, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. twenty, Lat. viginti.

εἰκοσι-νήριτος, ον, twenty-fold without dispute; εἰκοσινήριτ' ἄποινα a twenty-fold ransom.

εἰκοσι-πῆχυς, υ, (εἰκοσι, πῆχυς) of twenty cubits.

εἰκοσά-δρυγος, ον, (εἰκοσι, δρυγιά) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκόσπορος, ποῖε. εἴκε-, ον, (εἰκοσι) with twenty oars.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, see εἰκοστός II.

εἰκοστο-λόγος, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰκοστή, λέγω) one who collects the tax of a twentieth, a tax or toll collector.

εἰκοστός Ἐρ. εἰκοστός, ἡ, ὅν, the twentieth. II.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima.

εἰκοσά-ῥυγος, ον, (εἰκοσι, ῥυγιά) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκότως, Adv. of εἰκος, in all likelihood, probably,

naturally: fairly, reasonably.

εἴκον, Ἐρ. for εἰκότατον, 3 dual of εἰκοα.

εἴκατο, εἴκτην, Ἐρ. for εἰκοι, εἰκόκτην, 3 sing. and

3 dual plrpf.

*ΕἶΚΩ, fut. εἴξω, to be like; 3 sing. impf. εἴκε,

Att. ἦκε, impf. like or likely, seemed good:—but the pf. εἴκοα, plrpf. ἐφείκεν were used for the pres. and impf.; see εἰκοα.

ΕἶΚΩ, f. ζω: aor. 1 εἴξα: poët. aor. 2 εἰκάθων:—to yield, give way to, draw back, retire.

2. to submit to, obey, follow; ᾧ θυμῷ εἴξας following his own bent; πενίη εἴκων urged by poverty: hence to yield to another in a thing, to be weaker or inferior.

II. trans. to yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow.

III. impers. it is allowable, possible.

εἰκάν, ἡ, gen. βνός, acc. ὄνα: Ion. gen. εἰκοῦς, acc. εἰκά, acc. pl. εἰκοῦς: (*εἰκός, εἰκοα):—a figure, image, likeness.

II. a semblance, phantom, wraith. 2.

a similit.

εἰκώς, part. of εἰκοα, pf. of *εἰκώ, to be like.

εἰλαδόν, Adv. (εἴλη) = ληδόν, in a troop.

εἰλαπινάξω, (εἰλαπίνη) only used in pres. to feast in a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence

εἰλαπιναστής, οὔ, ὁ, a banqueter, boon-companion.

εἰλαπίνη, ἡ, a feast or banquet given by a single

host, opp. to ἑρπνος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εἰλαρ, αρος, τό, (εἴλω) a covering: a protection, shelter; εἰλαρ νηῶν τε καὶ αὐτῶν a shelter for ship and crew: but εἰλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave.

εἰλάτινος, η, ον, Ἐρ. for ἐλάτινος, of fir or pine.

εἰλαχα, Dor. for εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλεγμαι, for λέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of λέγω.
 Εἰλεθια, ἡ, *Iliithia*, (from ἐληλυθῖα, fem. part. pf. of ἐρχομαι) the goddess of child-birth, *who comes to aid those who are in travail*; the same as the Roman *Lucina*, later made identical with *Diana*.
 εἰλεν, εἰλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἰλεν, Dor. for εἶλον, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of αἰρέω.
 εἰλευτό, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of εἰλέω.
 εἰλέω Att. εἰλέω, lengthd. form of εἰλω.
 εἰλη, ἡ, = ἴλη, *a troop, company*.
 εἰλη, ἡ, *the sun's warmth*: *warmth*; see ἔλη.
 εἰληγμαι, pf. pass. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰληδόν and εἰληδά, Adv. (εἰλη) = ἰληδόν, *in troops* or *companies*. II. (εἰλέω) *by coiling round*.
 εἰλήλουθα, εἰληλούθειν, Ep. for ἐλήλυθα, ἐληλύθειν pf. and plqpf. of ἐρχομαι: εἰλήλουθμεν, Ep. for ἐληλύθαμεν, 1 plur. pf.
 εἰλημμαι, pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληφα, pf. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλικρίνεια, ἡ, *purity*: *sincerity*. From εἰλ-κρίνής, (εἰλη, κρίνω) *examined by the sun's light, tested*: hence, 1. *unmixed*: *pure, uncorrupted*, Lat. *sincerus*. 2. *distinct, palatable, sheer*. 3. Adv. *-ως*, *of itself, absolutely*.
 εἰλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλικτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐλίκτός.
 εἰλιξ, Ion. for ἐλιξ.
 εἰλ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: (εἰλω, πούς): *trailing the feet heavily in walking, with rolling walk*, epith. of oxen.
 εἰλίσσω, poet. and Ion. for ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλι-τενής, ἐς, epith. of the plant ἄρωστος, (from ἔλος, τείνω), *stretching or spreading through marshes*.
 εἰλιχάτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλκύσα, εἰλκύσθη, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἔλκω.
 εἰλκυσμαι, pf. pass. of ἔλκω.
 εἶλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἶλοχα, Att. pf. of λέγω.
 εἰλύατα, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of εἰλύω.
 εἰλύμα, ατος, τό, (εἰλύω) *a cover, dress, clothing*.
 εἰλύός, ὁ, (εἰλύω) *a lurking-place, den*.
 εἰλύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἰλύω.
 εἰλοφάζω, = εἰλύω, *to roll along*. II. intr. *to roll oneself along, whirl about*.
 εἰλοφάω, = εἰλοφάζω: Ep. part. εἰλοφών.
 Εἰρατῶ Att. εἰλύω: f. ὕσω [ῶ]: pf. pass. εἰλύμαι: *to wrap round, enfold*:—Pass. *to be wrapt or covered*; esp. in pf. part., εἰλυμένος ψαμβῶθι *buried in the sand*. II. in Pass., also, *to wind, creep, or crawl along*.
 Εἰρᾶν, εἶλω, or ἴλω; also εἰλέω Att. εἰλέω:—from εἶλω are formed aor. 1 ἔλσα, inf. ἔλσαι Ep. ἔλσαι; Pass., aor. 2 ἔαλην [ᾶ]: inf. ἀλῆναι Ep. ἀλῆμεναι; part. ἀλεις, εἶσα, ἐν: Ep. pf. ἔελμαι:—from εἰλέω are formed impf. ἔλειον, Ep. 3 sing. ἐλείλει; fut. ἐλήσω; aor. 2 ἐλῆσα; Pass., aor. 1 ἐλήθην; pf. ἐλημμαι.—There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing. ἐόλει,

plqpf. ἐόλητο. I. Act. *to roll or twist tight up, to press hard or close*: *to force together*: *to coop up or shut up* in a place. 2. *to drive violently along, smite, strike*; νῆα κερανῶ ἔλσας *baving struck the ship with a thunderbolt*. II. Pass. *to be rolled up together*: *to be shut or cooped up* in a place, *to throng together, assemble, crowd thickly together*; ἀλὲν ὕδαρ *water collected*:—also *to draw oneself together, crouch, cower*; Ἀχιλλῆα ἀλεις μένεν *collecting himself* he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. *to go to and fro, go about*, Lat. *versari*. 3. *to turn or whirl round, revolve*, like ἐλίσσω, γῇ ἐλλομένη (or ἰλλομένη) *the earth turning on its axis*.
 Εἰλως, ατος, ὁ, and Εἰλωτής, ου, ὁ, fem. Εἰλωτίς, ἰδος:—*a Helot*, i. e. *a serf* of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From Ἔλος, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were enslaved.)
 Εἰλωτεία, ἡ, *the condition of a Helot, slavery*. From Εἰλωτεύω, f. σω, (εἰλωτής) *to be a Helot or serf*.
 εἶμα, ατος, τό, (ἐννυμι) *a dress, garment, cloak*: later *clothing*: *an over-garment*. II. later also *a cover, carpet*.
 εἶμαι, pf. pass. of ἐννυμι. II. pf. pass. of ἱν-
 μι. III. rarer form for ἦμαι, pf. pass. of ἕζω.
 εἶμαρται, εἶμαρτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of μέιρομαι.
 εἶμαι, Ep. and Ion. for ἐσμέν, 1 pl. pres. of εἰμί *sum*: but εἶμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί *sum*.
 εἶμενος, part. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 εἶμές, Dor. for ἐσμέμ, 1 pl. of εἰμί *sum*: but εἶμες, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί *sum*.
 εἶμί, Aeol. ἐμμί (from Root *ΕΩ, *sum, esse*); εἶ Ep. εἶς, Ep. and Dor. ἔσσι; ἐστί Dor. ἐντί; plur., ἐσμέμ, Ep. and Ion. εἶμέν Dor. εἶμές; ἐστέ; εἰσί Ep. εἶσι Dor. ἐντί:—Imper. ἴσθι, Ep. in med. form ἔσο, ἔσσο, ἔστω; plur. 3 ἔστωσαν Ep. ἔσσαν Att. ὄνταν:—Subj. ᾧ Ep. ἔω or εἰώ:—Opt. εἴην Ep. εἴοιμι; plur. εἴημεν, εἴητε Ep. εἶμεν, εἴτε:—Inf. εἶναι Ep. ἐμμεναι, ἐμμεν, ἐμμεναι, ἐμεν:—Part. ὦν Ep. ἔών, ἐούσα, etc.:—Imperf. ἦν (late Att. in med. form ἦμην), Ep. and Ion. ἔα, Ep. also ἦα, ἔον or ἔσκον, ἐς, ε, etc.; 2 sing. ἦσθα and Ep. ἔησα; 3 sing. ἦ or ἦν Ep. ἦεν; 3 dual ἦτην or ἦστην; 3 pl. ἦσαν Ep. ἔσαν.—Fut. ἔσομαι, poet. ἔσομαι, 3 sing. ἔσσειται from Dor. ἔσοῦμαι.—The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. εἶ. The other persons are enclitic, when εἶμί is not emphatic. But ἐστί is written ἐστι in cases of emphasis.
 To be, Lat. *sum*. 2. as Verb Substant. *to be, to exist, be in existence*; οὐκ ἐστὶ ἐστι he is no more: esp. *to live*, οὐκ ἐσθ' οὗτος ἀνὴρ, οὐδ' ἔσσεται *there lives not the man, no nor will live*. II. ἐστί, impers. with inf., it is possible, lawful. III. εἶμί with a gen. expresses descent or extraction; ἀλματος εἰς ἀγαθοῖο *thou art of good blood*. 2. *ἐαυτοῦ εἶναι* *to be one's own master*, Lat. *sui juris esse*. 3. with the gen. part. *partitively*; δῆμον ἐστί *he belongs to the people, is one of them*. 4. also as in Lat., of *the*

duty or property of a thing; ἀνδρὸς ἐστὶ *it is the part of a man*; σωφροσύνης ἐστὶ *it is a mark of temperance*.

IV. c. dat., ἐστὶ μοι, Lat. *est mihi*, *I have*; ἐμοὶ δὲ κεν ἀρμένῃς εἴη, Lat. *esset mihi volenti*.

V. τὰ ὄντα, *existing things*; τὰ ὄντα

εἰρηκέναι *to speak the truth*. VI. ἔστιν ὅς, εἰσὶν οἱ, Lat. *est qui, sunt qui, some one, some, many*; ἔστιν ὅςθ' ὄρε, Lat. *est quum, at times, sometimes*: ἔσθ' ὅπου or ὅπου, Lat. *est ubi, somewhere, somehow*: ἔστιν ὅπως *in some way*.

VII. εἶναι often seems redundant, e.g. τὸ νῦν εἶναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σῦμψαν εἶναι, for τὸ νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι.

εἶμι (from Root *ἸΩ, eo), εἶς Ep. εἶσθα, εἰσι, plur. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἱάσι or εἰσι:—imperat. ἴθι, ἴτω, pl. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἴτωσαν Att. ἰόντων:—Subj. ἴω, ἴης Ep. ἴσθα, ἴη Ep. ἴθισι:—Opt. ἴοιμι, ἰοῖην, Ep. 3 sing. ἰέη or εἴη:—Inf. ἰέναι Ep. ἴμεναι, ἴμεν:—Part. ἰών:—Impf. ἦεν Ep. and Ion. ἦα, 3 sing. ἦε contr. ἦε; dual ἦτην; plur., ἦειμεν, ἦεῖτε, ἦεσαν, contr. ἦμεν, ἦτε, ἦσαν, Ep. 3 pl. also ἦσαν, ἴσαν, and 1 pl. ἦομεν. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. *IBO, I will go*: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. εἰσόμεαι, *to hasten*, with an aor. 1 med. εἰσάμην, 3 sing. εἰσατο, ἐξίστατο, 3 dual ἐξίσασθην.

To go, Lat. *eo, ire*; λέναί τινι διὰ φιλίας, δι' ἔχθρας, διὰ πολέμου, etc., *to live in friendship or enmity with any one*; χροὸς εἰσατο *it went through the skin*; c. inf. fut., ἐξίσασθην σιλήσειν *they went to plunder*.—It was used also of *going in a ship*, as, ἐπὶ νηὸς ἰέναι. 2. of birds, *to fly*, etc. 3. of the motion of things; πέλεκυς εἰσι διὰ δούρος the axe goes, *is driven through the beam*; ἔτος εἰσι the year *will pass or close*:—in Att., λέναί εἰς ταῦτόν *to come together*; λέναί εἰς λόγους *to come to conference*: Imperat. ἴθι δὴ go then, *well then!* good!

εἶν, poet. for ἐν, in. εἰνᾶ-ετής, ἐς, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) of nine years: neut. εἰνά-ετες as Adv., nine years long. εἰναετής, ἴδος, fem. of εἰναετής, nine years old. εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum. II. for λέναί, inf. of εἶμι ibo.

εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἴημι, *to send*. εἰνάκις, Adv., poet. for ἐννάκις, nine times.

εἰναχισ-χίλιοι, ον, nine thousand. εἰνακόσιοι, αι, α, poet. and Ion. for ἐννακόσιοι.

εἰν-άλιος, η, ον, poet. for ἐνάλιος. εἰνά-νυχες, as Adv., (ἐννέα, νύξ) nine nights long.

εἰνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. for ἐννέας II, the ninth day. εἰνάτερες, αἱ, brothers' wives, sisters-in-law.

εἰνάτος, η, ον, poet. for ἐννατος, the ninth. εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν, Ion. and poet. for ἐνεκα, on account, because of, c. gen.

εἰνί, Ep. for the Prep. ἐν, in. εἰν-όδιος, η and α, ον, poet. for ἐνόδιος.

εἰνοσι-φύλλος, ον, (ἐνοσις, φύλλον) with *shaking foliage, quivering with leaves*.

εἶξα, aor. 1 of εἶκω, *to yield*. εἶξαι, Att. for εἰλάσαι, 3 pl. pf. of *εἶκω, *to be like*.

εἶξασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 1 of εἶκω, *to yield*.

εἶο, Ep. gen. for εἶο, οὗ, of him, of her; ἀπὸ εἶο from himself.

εἰουκῦαι, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of εἶουκα. εἶος, Ep. for ἔως, until.

εἶπα, aor. 1 for the common εἶπον, *I said*; see εἶπον. εἰπέμεν, Dor. for εἶπεν.

εἶ-περ, if at all events, if indeed. εἶπην, Dor. for εἶπεν, *see εἶπον*.

εἶ-ποθεν, Adv. if from any place. εἶ-ποθι, Adv. if, whether anywhere.

εἶπον, *I spoke, I said*, aor. 2 from a pres. *εἶπω: imperat. εἶπέ, Ep. 2 pl. ἔσπετε; inf. εἶπεῖν Ep. εἰπέμεναι, -έμεν, Dor. εἶπην; part. εἰπών. There is also an aor. 1 εἶπα, used mostly in 2 sing. εἶπας, imperat.

εἶπον, εἰπάτω, εἰπάτον, εἰπάτε: εἰπέ, like ἀγε, occurs also for εἶπετε before a plural. In Compos. a Med. form appears, as ἀπείπασθαι. The pres. is supplied by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω, ἐρῶ, εἶρηκα.

εἶποντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἔπομαι, *to follow*. εἶ-ποτε, Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. *si-quando*. II. indirect, if or whether ever.

εἶ που, Adv. if anywhere, Lat. *si-cubi*. εἶ πως, Adv. if at all, if by any means.

εἶράνη, Dor. for εἰρήνη. εἶργαθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἶργω.

εἶργασάμην, aor. 1 med. of ἐργάζομαι, used in act. sense: εἶργάσθην, aor. 1 pass. used in pass. sense.

εἶργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι, used in both act. and pass. sense.

εἶργμός, Att. εἶργμός, ὁ, (εἶργω) a prison. εἶργμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (εἶργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.

εἶργνῦμι and -ῶ, = εἶργω, *to sbut in or up*. Εἶργῖον or εἶργω, Att. for the earlier form ἔργω.

εἶράται, Ion. for εἰρήνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρέω. εἶρερος, ὁ, (εἶρω) bondage, slavery.

εἶρεσία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (ἐρέσσω) a rowing. 2. any violent motion, throbbing. II. a complement or crew of rowers, Lat. *remigium*.

εἶρεσιώνη, ἡ, (εἶρος) a barvest-wreath of olive or laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing boys at the festivals of Παναθήμια and Θαργήλια, and afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was likewise called Eiresioné.

εἶρέω, Ion. for ἐρέω, *to say*. εἶρη, ἡ, (εἶρω) old word for ἀγορά, a place of assembly.

εἶρηκα, -ηκα, pf. act. and pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ. εἶρην or εἶρην, εἶρος, ὁ, (εἶρω or ἐρέω) a Laced. youth from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speak in the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att. ἐφηβος.

εἰρηναῖος, α, ον, (εἰρήνη) peaceful, in peace. εἰρηνεύω, f. σω, *to keep peace, live peaceably, be at peace*.

II. trans. *to bring to peace, reconcile*. From

εἰρήνη, ἡ, peace, time of peace, Lat. *pax*; εἰρήνην ἀγειν *to keep peace*: metaph. rest, repose. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

εἰρηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for peace: peaceful, peace-able:—Adv. -κῶς.

εἰρηνοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to make peace. From εἰρηνοποιός, ὄν, (εἰρήνη, ποιέω) making peace: as Subst., εἰρηνοποιός, ὁ, a peace-maker.

εἰρηνοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰρήνη, φύλαξ) a guardian of peace.

εἰρήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.
εἰρήνεος, η, ὄν, Ion. for ἐρίνεος, woollen, of wool. From εἰρήιον, τό, (εἶρος) Ion. for ἐρίων, wool.

εἰρκτέον, verb. Adj. of εἰργάω, one must prevent.
εἰρκτή Ion. ἐρκτή, ἡ, (εἰργάω) an inclosure, prison.

εἰρο-κόμος, ὄν, (εἶρος, κομέω) dressing wool.

εἰρομαι, Ion. for ἐρομαι, to ask: see εἶρω B.

εἰρο-πόκος, ὄν, (εἶρος, πόκος) wool-fleeced, woolly.

Εἶρως, τό, wool.

εἰρο-χάρης, ἑ, (εἶρος, χαρῆναι) delighting in wool.

εἰρωμενος, Dor. for εἰρωμεν, I pl. impf. of ἔρω.

εἰρύαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρύομαι:—εἰρύατο,

3 pl. plqpf. (in sense of aor.)

εἰρύμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύμεναι [ῥ], poet. for ἐρύειν, inf. of ἔρω.

εἰρύσας [ῥ], Ion. aor. I part. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύσσαιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐρύω.

εἰρύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of aor. 2) of ἐρύω.

εἰρώω, εἰρώομαι, Ion. for ἐρύω, ἐρώομαι.

Εἶρ'ω (A): aor. I εἶρω and ἔρωα: pf. pass. part. ἑρμένος, Ep. ἐερμένος:—Lat. SERO, to tie, join, fasten together, string: ἡλέκτριον ἐερμένος set with pieces of electrum.

Εἶρ'ω (B): to say, speak, tell; so also in Med. εἶρετο, εἶροντο:—but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see ἐρῶ.

Εἶρ'ων, ὄνος, ὁ, a dissembler, one who says less than he thinks or means.

εἰρωνεία, ἡ, dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists. From

εἰρωνεύομαι, (εἶρων) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign ignorance.

εἰρωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, befitting a dissembler. Adv. -κῶς.
εἰρωτῶ or εἰρωτέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἑρωτάω.

Εἰς or Εἰς, PREP. WITH ACC. ONLY. Radic. sense: direction towards, motion to, in or into.

I. OF PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, εἰς ὤμω ἰδέσθαι to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of hostile direction, Lat. contra, adversus, = πρὸς.

2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, εἰς μέγαρον κατέθηκε he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, παρεύαι εἰς τόπον to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, σώζεσθαι εἰς τόπον.

3. ellipt. c. gen., εἰς 'Αἶδα [δόμον], Att. εἰς 'Αἶδον, to the abode of Hades; εἰς 'Αθηναίης [τερόν] to the temple of Athena, εἰς Πριάμοιο [οἶκον] etc.; so in

Prose, εἰς Δῆμητρος to the temple of Ceres, etc.; as in Lat. ad Apollinis, Castoris (sub. aedem).

II. OF TIME, 1. until, εἰς ἡῶ, εἰς ἥλιον καταδύντα, εἰς ὅτε till the time when . . . till morn, till sunset; εἰς ὅ until; εἰς ἡμέ up to my time.

2. to determine a period, for, εἰς ἐνιαυτόν for a year, i.e. a whole year; εἰς θέρος, εἰς ὁπώρην for the summer, etc.; εἰς αἶ for ever; εἰς ἡμᾶς up to our time; εἰς τρίτην ἡμέραν to the third day, i.e. in three days or on the third day.

III. OF AN END OR PURPOSE, εἰπεῖν εἰς ἀγαθόν to speak for good, with a good object; εἰς πόλεμον θωρήσομαι I will arm me for war.

IV. WITH NUMERALS: εἰς μίαν (sc. βουλὴν) βουλεύειν to resolve one way or unanimously; εἰς ἐν ἔρχεσθαι to agree together; with plurals, up to, εἰς μυρίους as many as ten thousand; εἰς δύο two deep; also of round numbers, about, at most.

V. to express RELATION, εἰς ὅ in regard to which, i.e. wherefore: εἰς τί; for what? why? hence for Adv., εἰς τάχος for ταχέως.

Eis is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, εἰς ἀμφοτέρω Διομήδεος ἄρματα βήτην. It is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled in εἰς ἀλαδῆ.

Εἰς, μία, ἑν, gen. ἐνός, μᾶς, ἐνός, Lat. UNUS, Engl. ONE: the fem. μία points to a second Root, which appears without the init. μ in the Ep. masc. ἴος, fem. ἴα: strengthd. εἰς οἶος, μία οἴα or οἴη, a single one, one alone: with Sup., εἰς ἀριστος: εἰς τις some one, Lat. unus aliquis: εἰς ἕκαστος each one, Lat. unusquisque: καθ' ἐν ἕκαστον each singly, piece by piece: εἰς ἀνὴρ, Lat. unus omnium, for one man, πλείστας γυναῖκας εἰς ἀνὴρ ἐγγήματο most for one man.

εἰς, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμι sum. II. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμι ido.

εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἵμι.

εἰσα, Causal aor. I of ἵζω, ἔζομαι, to put, place, lay; σκοπεῖν εἰσε be set a spy; λόχον εἰσαν they laid an ambush: part. εἰσας, inf. εἰσαι, Ep. εἰσαι.

II. also fut. med. ἔσομαι Ep. ἔσομαι: aor. I εἰσάμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι:—to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are supplied from ἰδρῶ.

εἰσ-αγαγών, aor. 2 part. of εἰσάγω.

εἰσαγγελεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (εἰσαγγέλλω) one who announces, an usher, an officer at the Persian court.

εἰσαγγελία, ἡ, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From

εἰσ-αγγέλλω, f. -εἰλῶ for the tenses, v. ἀγγέλλω:—to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see εἰσαγγελεύς): generally, to announce, report. II. to accuse one of a state-offence; see εἰσαγγελία.

εἰσ-αγείρω, f. -ερώ: for the tenses, v. ἀγείρω:—to gather into a place.

εἰσ-άγω, f. ἔω: aor. 2 -ήγαγον: pf. -αγήοχα:—to lead in or into; ἑτάγειν or ἑτάγεσθαι γυναῖκα to lead a wife into one's house. 2. to import foreign

wares; *εἰσάγεσθαι καὶ ἐξάγεσθαι* to import and export:—Med. to admit forces into a city: also to introduce into a league; to introduce new customs.

II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; *εἰσάγειν τι ἐς βουλὴν* to bring before the Council.

2. as law-term, *εἰσάγειν δίκην* or *γραφὴν* to open the proceedings, state the case.

εἰσδεῖ, Adv. for *εἰς αἶψά*, for ever.

εἰσ-αἰρομαι, Med. to take to oneself.

εἰσ-αθρέω, f. *ήσω*, to look into, deservy.

εἰσ-αίρω, f. *-ᾶρω*, to lift or carry in.

εἰσ-αῖσσω, *εἰσ-αῖσσω*, f. *-ᾶξω*, to dart into.

εἴσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. med. opt. of **εἶδω*.

εἰσ-ἀκοντιζῶ, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, to hurl javelins at: absol. to dart or spout up, of blood.

εἰσ-ἀκούω, f. *σομαι*: aor. I *-ήκουσα*: pf. *-ακήκοα*: —to listen, hearken to; and, simply, to bear.

II. to obey, comply with, give heed to.

εἰσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of *εἰσάγω*, one must bring in.

εἰσ-ἄλλομαι, f. *-αλοῦμαι*: aor. I *-ηλάμην*: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 *ἔσάλτο*: Dep.:—to leap or spring into: also to leap upon.

εἰσ-ἄμειβω, f. *ψω*, to pass into.

εἰσάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of *εἰμι ἰδο*, II. Ep. aor. I med. of **εἶδω*, I see.

εἰσάμην, aor. I med. of *εἶσα*, I founded.

εἰσ-αναβαίνω, aor. 2 *-ανέβην*, to go up into.

εἰσ-ἀναγκάζω, f. *άσω*, to force into, constrain.

εἰσ-ανάγω, f. *ξω*, to lead up into.

εἰσ-ανείδων, aor. 2 (see *εἶδον*): to look up to.

εἰσ-άνειμι, to go up into.

εἰσανιδών, part. of *εἰσανείδων*.

εἰσανιδών, part. of *εἰσανείμι*.

εἰσ-άντα, Adv. straight into, into or in the face.

εἰσάπαν, Adv. for *εἰς ἅπαν*, altogether.

εἰσάπαξ, Adv. for *εἰς ἅπαξ*, at once.

εἰσ-ἄρᾶσσω Att. *-πτω*, fut. *ξω*, to drive in upon.

εἴσατο, *εἴσατο*, v. *εἰσάμην*, *εἰσάμην*.

εἰσ-ᾄττω, Att. for *εἰσαίσσω*.

εἰσ-αυγάζω, f. *σω*, to look at.

εἰσαυθῖς, Adv. for *εἰς αὐθῖς*, hereafter.

εἰσαύριον, Adv. for *εἰς αὐριον*, on the morrow.

εἰσ-αυτῖς, Adv. Dor. and Ion. for *εἰσαυθῖς*.

εἰσ-ἀφίημι, f. *-αφήσω*, to send into: to let in.

εἰσ-αφικάνω, = *εἰσαφικνέομαι*. [*ᾶν*]

εἰσαφικέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of *εἰσαφικνέομαι*.

εἰσ-αφικνέομαι, f. *ίξομαι*, Dep. to come or go into, to arrive at.

εἰσ-βαίνω, f. *-βήσομαι*: aor. 2 *-έβην*: pf. *-βέβηκα*:

—to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark.

2. impers., *εἰσβαίνει μοι* it comes into my head.

II. Causal in aor. I *εἰσέβησα*, to make to go into, to put into: see *εἰσβιβάζω*, which serves as pres. in this sense.

εἰσ-βάλλω, f. *-βάλλω*: pf. *-βέβληκα*, pass. *-βέβλημαι*:—to throw into:—Med. to put on board one's ship.

II. (sub. *ἐναυτὸν* or *στρατιάν*), to throw oneself into, make an inroad or incursion into, invade: also (sub. *ναῦν*) to enter port, Lat. *appellere*.

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty themselves into, fall into.

3. also to come to, fall into accidentally.

εἰσβάσις, *εως*, *ἤ*, (*εἰσβαίνω*) an entrance, way of entering: embarkation.

εἰσβάτος, *ἤ*, *ὄν*, (*εἰσβαίνω*) accessible.

εἰσ-βιάζομαι, f. *άσομαι*, Dep. to force one's way into.

εἰσ-βιβάξω, f. *-βιβάσω* Att. *-βιβῶ*, Causal of *εἰσβαίνω*, to make to go into, put into.

εἰσ-βλέπω, f. *ψω*, to look at, look upon.

εἰσβολή, *ἤ*, (*εἰσβάλλω* II) a throwing oneself into: an inroad, invasion, attack.

2. a way of entering, an entrance, pass: in plur., also, the mouth of a river.

3. an entering into a thing, a beginning.

εἰσ-γράφω, f. *ψω*, to write in, inscribe:—Med. to have oneself written down or inscribed; *εἰσγράφεσθαι ἐς τὰς σπονδὰς* to have oneself written or received into the league.

εἰσ-δράκομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. *εἰσέδρακον*:—to look at or upon, behold, observe.

εἰσ-δέχομαι, Ion. *εἰσ-δέκομαι*: f. *-δέχομαι*: aor. I *εἰσδεξάμην* and *εἰσδεχέσθην*: Dep.:—to take into, admit.

εἰσ-δίδωμι, used intr., of rivers, to flow into.

εἰσδοχή, *ἤ*, (*εἰσδέχομαι*) reception.

εἰσδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *εἰστρέχω*.

εἰσδρομή, *ἤ*, (*εἰσδραμεῖν*) an onslaught, assault.

εἰσ-δύω or *εἰσ-δύνω*, and (in same sense) Med. *εἰσ-δύομαι*: f. *-δύσομαι*: aor. 2 *-έδυν*: pf. *-δέδυκα*:—to get into, slip into or in; *δυνόν τι ἐνέδυνε σφίσι* a kind of fear entered into them; *ἀκοντιστὴν ἐσδύσαι* thou wilt enter into a contest of archery.

εἰσε, see *εἶσα*.

εἰσέβην, aor. 2 of *εἰσβαίνω*: *εἰσέβησα*, causal aor. I.

εἰσέγραψα, aor. I of *εἰσγράφω*.

εἰσδεξάμην, *εἰσδεχέσθην*, aor. I of *εἰσδέχομαι*.

εἰσέδρακον, aor. 2 of *εἰσδράκομαι*.

εἰσέδραμον, aor. 2 of *εἰστρέχω*.

εἰσ-έδυν, aor. 2 of *εἰσδύνω*.

εἰσ-έδων, aor. 2 (see *εἶδον*), to look on or at.

εἰσ-εμι, inf. *-ιέναι*: impf. *εἰσέμιν*: (*εἰς*, *εἰμι ἰδο*):—to go into, go in; *ὀφθαλμοὶς εἰσεμί* I will come into his sight; *ἀρχὴν εἰσέναι* to enter on an office.

II. as law-term, to come before the court.

III. metaph. to come into one's mind.

εἰσέκελσα, aor. I of *εἰσέκλω*.

εἰσεκύλισα, aor. I of *εἰσεκύλινδω*.

εἰσ-ελαύνω Ep. *-ελάω*: fut. *-ελάσω* [*ᾶ*] Att. *-ελῶ*: for the tenses, v. *ελαύνω*:—to drive into or in.

II. (sub. *ἵππον* or *ναῦν*) to row into a place, like Lat. *appellere*.

εἰσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *εἰσέρχομαι*.

εἰσ-έλωκ, f. *-έλω*: aor. I *-έλικυσα*:—to drag into.

εἰσ-εμβαίνω, aor. 2 *εἰσενέβην*, to go on board.

εἰσενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *εἰσφέρω*.

εἰσ-ἐνήνοχα, pf. of *εἰσφέρω*.

εἰσένθωμες, Dor. for *εἰσέλθωμεν*, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of *εἰσέρχομαι*.

εισενόησα, aor. I of εἰσνοέω.
 εισέπειαισα, aor. I of εἰσπαίω.
 εισέπειτα, Adv. for εἰς εἰπεῖτα, henceforward.
 εισέτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰς-ἐργνῦμι or -ῦω, to sbut up into, enclose in a place.
 εισερχήνυ, aor. I (in pass. form) of εἰσρέω.
 εἰς-ἐρρω, aor. I εἰσήρρησα: pf. εἰσήρρηκα:—to go into, get in.
 εἰς-ἐρύω, aor. I part. εἰσερύσας [ῦ], to draw into.
 εἰς-ἐρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤλυθον, -ἤλθον: Dep.:—to go or come into, to enter, Lat. in-ire: metaph. to enter one's mind: absol. of money, to come in, as πρόσδοι εἰσῆλθον. II. as Att. law-term, of the accuser, to come into court.
 εἰς-ἐτι, Adv. still yet.
 εἰς-ἐχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stretch into, reach.
 εἰς-ἐγχομαι, fut. ἥσομαι, Dep. to bring in, introduce, propound, bring forward. II. εἰσηγείσθαι τι to represent to any one, instruct him. Hence εἰσήγημα, ματος, τό, a proposition, motion: and εἰσηγήσεις, εως, ἡ, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and εἰσηγητέον, verb. Adj., one must bring in: and εἰσηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who brings in, a mover, proposer.
 εἰς-ῆθω, f. ἥσω, to inject by a syringe.
 εἰς-ῆκω, f. -ἥξω, to come in: to come in.
 εἰς-ἤλυθον, εἰσῆλθον, aor. 2 of εἰσέρχομαι.
 εἰσῆλυσία, ἡ, (εἰσῆλθον) a coming in.
 εἰσῆνεγκα, aor. I of εἰσφέρω.
 εἰσθα, Aeol. and Ep. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἰμι ibo.
 εἰσθαι, pf. pass. inf. of εἶμι.
 εἰς-θώ, f. θεύσομαι, to run into, run up to.
 εἰς-θρόσκω, aor. -έθορον, to leap into or in.
 εἰσθ, εἰσίν, 3 pl. pres. of εἰμι sum.
 εἰσι, εἰσιν, 3 sing. pres. of εἰμι ibo.
 εἰσιδεῖν, Ep. εἰσιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσεῖδον.
 εἰς-ιδρύω, f. σω: pf. pass. εἰσίδρῃμαι: (εἰς, ιδρύω): to build, found in a place.
 εἰς-ίζομαι, Pass. (εἰς, ἴζω) to be seated in, to sit down in.
 εἰς-ίημι, f. -ῆσω, to send or put into:—Med. to betake oneself to; also in act. sense, to admit, let in.
 εἰσῆμῃ, ἡ, (εἰς-εἰμι) an entrance.
 εἰς-ικνεύομαι, fut. -ίξομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰς-ίπταμαι, late form of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰς-καλαμάομαι, (εἰς, καλάμη) to baul in with a fishing rod.
 εἰς-κάλεω, f. ἔσω, to call in.
 εἰς-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, aor. 2 εἰσκατέβην, to go down into.
 εἰς-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put down into.
 εἰς-κεμαι, as Pass. of εἰστίθημι, to be put into, lie in: to be put on board ship.
 εἰς-κέλλω, f. -κέλσω: aor. I -έκελσα:—to push or thrust in: (sub. ναῦν), to put into shore, put to land.
 εἰς-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to call in by herald: esp. to call into the lists for combat.

εἰσκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing in, importation. From εἰς-κομίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω: to bring into, import:—Pass. to get into a place for shelter.
 εἰς-κυκλέω, f. ἥσω, to turn or wheel inwards on the stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the spectators, v. ἐκκυκλέω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα εἰσ-κεκύκλειεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν some spirit has brought ill luck into the house.
 εἰς-κύλινδω, f. κυλίσω [Ὶ]: to roll into.
 ἔϊσκω: impf. ἤϊσκον: (ἴσος, ἔϊσος):—to make like: to think like, liken: metaph. to compare: and so to guess, conjecture, believe.
 εἰς-λεύσσω, to look into.
 εἰς-ματο Dor. aor. I εἰσεμασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. εἰσεμάσατο Dor. -άζατο: Med.: (εἰς, μάσσω):—to touch to the quick. II. to put in the hand to feel.
 εἰς-νέομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰς-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim into.
 εἰς-νόω, f. ἥσω, to perceive, remark.
 εἰς-οδος, ἡ, (εἰς, ὁδός) a way into, entry. II. a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance.
 εἰς-οικειώω, f. ὥσω, (εἰς, οικείος) to bring in as a friend:—Pass. to become friend to any one.
 εἰς-οικέω, f. ἥσω, to dwell in, settle in. Hence εἰσοικησῖς, εως, ἡ, settlement: a dwelling.
 εἰς-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to bring as a colonist into a place:—Pass. to settle oneself in a place.
 εἰς-οικοδομέω, f. ἥσω, to build into.
 εἰσοιχνεύσα, Aeol. for εἰσοιχνούσα, 3 pl. of εἰς-οιχνέω, f. ἥσω, to go into, enter.
 εἰς-όκε or -εν, Dor. εἰς-όκα, (εἰς ὃ κε) until such time as:—so long as.
 εἴσομαι, fut. of *εἶδω B: εἴσαι, Ep. 2 sing. II. Ep. fut. of εἰμι ibo.
 εἴσον, imperat. of εἴσα.
 εἴς-όπνυ, (εἰς, ὅπνυ) Adv. hereafter.
 εἰς-όπισσω, Adv. in time to come, hereafter.
 εἴσοπτος, ον, (εἰσόφομαι) looked upon: to be seen, visible.
 εἴσοπτρῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = εἴσοπτρον.
 εἴς-όπτρον, τό, (εἰσόφομαι) a looking-glass, mirror.
 εἰς-όρᾶω, Ep. part. εἰσοράων, inf. med. εἰσοράασθαι: the fut. εἰσόφομαι and aor. 2 εἰσεῖδον are supplied from other Roots (see ὁράω):—to look at or upon, view, behold: also to look on with admiration, revere, respect: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily; also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold.
 εἰς-ορμάω, f. ἥσω, to bring forcibly into:—Pass. to force one's way into.
 εἰς-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to bring into port:—Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port.
 εἰς-ορούω, f. σω, to rub in.
 ἔϊσος, ἡ, ον [Ὶ], Ep. lengthd. form of ἴσος, alike, equal, used in these phrases: 1. δαῖς ἔϊσος the equal banquet, i. e. equally shared. 2. νῆες ἔϊσαι the equal or well-balanced ships. 3. ἀσπὶς πάντοσ'

εἶση the all-even shield, i. e. quite round. 4. φρέ-
ves ἔνδον εἶσαι an even mind, that is well-balanced,
calm, Lat. mens aequa.

εἶσότε, for εἰς ὅτε, until.

εἶσ-οφης, εως, ἡ, a looking upon: a spectacle. From
εἰσόφωμαι, fut. of εἰσοράω, formed from Root *εἰσ-
όπτομαι.

εἰσ-παίω, aor. 1 εἰσέπαῖσα, to burst or dash in.

εἰσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send in, bring in: to suborn.

εἰσ-περάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἦσω, to pass over into.

εἰσ-πέταμαι, f. -πτήσονται: aor. 2 both in med.
form εἰσπτάμην and act. εἰσέπτην:—to fly into.

εἰσ-πηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to leap into, burst in.

εἰσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέ-
πωκα:—to fall or rush into: to be thrown
into.

II. to fall upon, attack.

εἰσ-πίττω, poet. form of εἰσπίπτω.

εἰσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence
εἰσ-πλοος, contr. εἰσπλους, ὁ, a sailing in of
ships.

II. the entrance of a harbour.

εἰσ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe in, imbale, Lat.
inspirare.

II. to breathe upon. Hence

εἰσπνήλας, ὁ, one who inspires love, a lover.

εἰσ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to put into the hands of, to give
(a son) to be adopted by another:—Pass. to be
adopted.

II. to introduce. Hence

εἰσποιητός, ἡ, ὁν, adopted.

εἰσ-πορεύω, f. σω, to lead into:—Pass., with fut.
med. -εύσομαι, to go into, enter.

εἰσπραξις, εως, ἡ, exaction or collection of taxes.

εἰσ-πράσσω, Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to get in or collect
taxes:—Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

εἰσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and -ρυσσομαι: aor. 2 -ερ-
ρύην:—to stream into.

εἰστέκειν, plqpf. intr. of ἵστημι.

εἰστιάω, εἰστιάσω, pf. and aor. of ἐστιάω.

εἰσ-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω:—to put into, place in: also
with or without ἐς ναῦν, to put on board ship:—Med.,
τέκνα ἐσθέσθαι (aor. 2 inf.) to put them on board.

εἰσ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot or dart into.

εἰσ-τρέχω, fut. -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον (from
*δρέμω). To run in or into, to run upon.

εἰσ-φέρω, fut. -όσω (from *οἶω): aor. 1 -ήνεγκα
and pf. -ἐνήροχα (from *ἐνέγκω): cf. φέρω:—to
carry into: to bring in or upon.

II. to bring
in, contribute: at Athens, to pay tax on pro-
perty.

III. to introduce, bring forward, pro-
pose.

IV. Med. to carry with one: also like
Act. to introduce.

2. to import.

V. Pass.
to rush in. . . 2. to be imported.

εἰσ-φοιτάω, f. ἦσω, to go continually to, to visit.

εἰσφορά, ἡ, (εἰσφέρω) a carrying into. II. a
bringing in, contribution: at Athens, a property-tax,
raised to meet the exigencies of war.

εἰσ-φορέω, f. ἦσω, = εἰσφέρω.

εἰσ-φρέω, fut. -φρήσω and -φρήσομαι: imperat. εἰσ-
φρες: (εἰς, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v.
διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let in, admit:—Med. to bring
in with one.

εἰσ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to put into one's hands,
entrust.

εἰσ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. 1 -έχεα:—to pour into:—
Pass., Ep. aor. 2 ἐσεχύμην [ῡ], to stream in.

εἰσω, more rarely εἶσω, Adv. (εἰς, ἐς) into, within,
c. acc., δύναι δόμον Ἀἴδος εἰσω: also c. gen., εἶσω
βλεφάρων.

II. within, inside.

εἰσ-ωθέω, fut. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust into:—
Med. to force oneself into, press in.

εἰσ-ωπός, ὄν, (εἰς, ὦψ) in face, in front of: εἰσωποὶ
ἐγένοντο νεῶν they came in front of the ships.

Εἶτα, Ion. εἶτεν, Adv. of Time, then, after, there-
upon, Lat. deinde.

II. like Lat. ita and itaque,
and so then, and then: also in ironical questions, Lat.
itane? itane vero? is it so? ay really? indeed?

εἶται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.

εἶ-τε . . ; εἶ-τε . . , Lat. sive . . , sive . . , either . . ,
or . . , whether . . , or . . ; so that several cases are al-
ways put: in Homer the first εἶτε is sometimes an-
swered by ἡ καί. The Trag. sometimes leave out the
first εἶτε, or put εἰ instead.

εἶτε, for εἴητε, 2 pl. pres. opt. of εἰμί sum.

εἶτεν, Ion. for εἶτα, like ἐπειτεν for ἐπειτα.

εἶω, Ep. for εἶω.

εἶω, Ep. for εἶω, ᾧ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

εἶωθα, pf. 2 (in pres. sense) of the Ep. verb ἔω.

εἰώθειν, plqpf. (in impf. sense) of ἔω.

εἰωθός, Adv. of εἰώθα, in the usual way.

εἶω, impf. of εἶω.

εἶως, Ep. for εἶας, until.

εἶωσι, Ep. for εἶωσι, 3 pl. of εἶω.

'EK, before a vowel ἐξ, Lat. e, ex, PREP. WITH GEN.
Radic. sense, from out of, away from.

I. OF PLACE, out of, from forth: ἐκ πάντων μάλιστα
chief from among all, of all.

2. like ἐξω, outside
of, beyond: ἐκ βελέων out of shot: ἐκ καπνοῦ out of
the smoke.

3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, ἐκ
πασσαλόφι κρέμασεν φόρμιγγα he hung his lyre from,
i. e. on, the peg: ἀνάπτεσθαι ἐκ τινος to fasten from,
i. e. upon, a thing.

II. OF TIME, ἐξ οὗ since,
from the time when, Lat. ex quo: ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the
beginning: ἐκ θυσιάς γενέσθαι to have just finished
sacrifice: ἐξ εἰρήνης πολεμεῖν to go to war out of,
i. e. after, peace.

III. OF ORIGIN, ἐκ τινος γενέ-
σθαι to be born or sprung from one: ἐξ ἐμοῦ γένος
ἐσσί thou comest of me by blood.

2. of the
materials of a thing, as πῶμα ἐκ ξύλου a cup of
wood.

3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, ἐκ θεοῦ
πολεμίζειν to war at the gods' instance: μήνιος ἐξ
δολοῖς because of deadly wrath: ἐκ καύματος in con-
sequence of the heat: ἐκ βίας ἀγειν = βία ἀγειν, to
lead by force.

4. with a pass. Verb, ἐφίληθεν ἐκ Διός
they were beloved of or by Zeus.

5. with a neut.
Adj., as periphr. for Adv., ἐξ ἀγχιμόλου for ἀγχιμόλον:

ἐκ τοῦ ἐμφανούς and ἐξ ἐμφανούς for ἐμφανῶς, etc.

ἐκ is often separated from its Case by one or more
words. It takes an accent if it is peculi. emphatic.

In Compos. ἐκ signifies out, away, off: also utterly.

ἐκά-εργος, ὁ, (ἐκάς, *ἐργω) epith. of Apollo, *working from afar, far-darting*, = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκάτην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of καίω.

ἐκάθεν, Adv. (ἐκάς) *from afar*:—*far off, far away*.

ἐκάθηρα, aor. 1 of καθαίρω.

ἐκάλεσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of καλέω.

ἐκάλος, Dor. for ἐκάλος.

ἐκάμυσσα, for κατέμυσσα, aor. 1 of καταμύω.

ἐκάμον, ἐκαμόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of κάμνω.

ἐκαρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of καρτύνω.

ἐκαρψα, aor. 1 of κάρφω.

ἐκάς Att. ἑκας, Adv. (ἐκ) *far. afar, far off*: c. gen. *far from, far away from*. II. of Time, *long after*.

ἐκαστάτω, Sup. of ἐκάς, *furthest off, furthest away*.

ἐκασταχθέν, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *from every side*.

ἐκασταχόσε, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *to every side*.

ἐκασταχοῦ, (ἐκαστος) Adv. *everywhere*.

ἐκαστέρω, Comp. of ἐκάς, *further, further off*:—Sup. ἐκαστάτω.

ἐκαστοθι, Adv. *for each or every one*. From

ἑΚΑΣΤΟΣ, η, ον, *every, every one, each, each one*, Lat. *quisque*, opp. to a number: the sing. from its collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb,

ἐκαστος ἐπίστασθε ye know each one of you: εἰς ἐκαστος, Lat. *unusquisque*, *each one*; πᾶς ἐκαστος, *one and all*; οἱ καθ' ἑκαστον *each one singly*, Lat. *singuli*: καθ' ἑκάστην [ἡμέραν] *every day, daily*. Hence

ἐκαστοτε, Adv. *each time, at all times*.

ἐκαστοτέρω, Adv. = ἐκαστέρω.

ἐκατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθηστο, 3 pl. impf. of κᾶθημαι.

ἐκατέρakis, Adv. (ἐκάτερος) *at each time*.

ἐκάτερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. *for ἐκατέρωθεν*,

from or on each side, Lat. *utrinque*.

ἑΚΑΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, *each of two, each singly*, Lat. *uterque*. Hence

ἐκατέρωθεν, Adv. *from each side*: and

ἐκατέρωθι, Adv. *on each side*: and

ἐκατέρωσε, Adv. *to each side, each way*.

ἑΚάτη [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἑκατος) *Hecaté*, daughter of Perseus and Asteria, who had power from Zeus in heaven, earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same as Artemis. ἑΚάτης δειπνον, or ἑΚάταια, τά, was an offering of purification made to her on the 30th of each month at three cross roads.

ἐκάτη-βελέτης, ον, ὁ, = ἐκατηβόλος.

ἐκάτη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) *far-throwing, far-shooting, far-darting*:—as Subst. the *Far-darter*.

ἐκατί, Att. and Dor. for ἐκητι, on account of.

ἐκατογ-κάρᾱνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον); and

ἐκατογ-κεφάλας, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, κεφαλῇ); and

ἐκατογ-κράνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κράνον):—*hundred-beaded*.

ἐκατόγ-χιρος, ον, (ἐκατόν, χεῖρ) *hundred-banded*.

ἐκατό-ξυγος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ξυγόν) *with 100 benches for rowers*.

ἐκατομ-βαῖών, ὄνος, ὁ, *the month Hecatombaeion*, the first of the Att. year, answering to the last half of July and first half of August. From

ἐκατόμ-βη, ἡ, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) *properly an offering of a hundred oxen*: but commonly a *great public sacrifice*, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred.

ἐκατόμ-βοιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) *of or worth a hundred oxen*.

ἐκατόμ-πεδος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πούς) *100 feet long*.

ἐκατομ-πολιέρος, ον, = ἐκατόμπολις.

ἐκατόμ-πολις, ι, gen. εως, (ἐκατόν, πόλις) *with a hundred cities*.

ἐκατόμ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἐκατόν, πούς) *hundred-footed*.

ἐκατόμ-πύλος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πύλη) *hundred-gated*.

ἑΚΑΤΟ'Ν, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. a hundred, Lat. *centum*.

ἐκατονα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐκατόν, ἔτος) *of a hundred years, a hundred years old*.

ἐκατονα-κάρηνος, Dor. -κάρᾱνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον) *hundred-beaded*: cf. ἐκατόγκρανος.

ἐκατον-τάλαντος, ον, (ἐκατόν, τάλαντον) *worth 100 talents*; γραφή ἐκατοντάλαντος an action where damages were laid at that sum.

ἐκατονα-πλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκατόν) a *hundred-fold*, 100 times as much or many.

ἐκατοντά-πύλος, ον, = ἐκατόμπύλος.

ἐκατοντ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, ἀρχαί) a *leader of a hundred*, Lat. *centurio*.

ἐκατοντ-αρχος, ὁ, = ἐκατοντάρχης.

ἐκατοντάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐκατόν) *the number one hundred*.

ἐκατοντ-όργυιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ὄργυιά) *of 100 fathoms*:—ροῦθ', ἐκατοντ-ορόγυιος, ον.

ἐκάτος, ὁ, (ἐκάς) = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκατό-στομος, ον, (ἐκατόν, στόμα) *hundred-mouthed*.

ἐκατοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκατόν) *the hundredth*, Lat. *centesimus*; ἐφ' ἐκατοστά *the hundred-fold*. II. ἡ ἐκατοστή *the hundredth part*, a tax or duty at Athens.

ἐκατοστύς, ὅς, ἡ, = ἐκατοντάς.

ἐκαυσα, aor. 1 of καίω.

ἐκ-βάω, f. ξω, to speak out, declare.

ἐκ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέβην: pf. ἐκβέ-βηκα:—to step out of, go or come out of: to step out of a ship, to disembark. 2. to go out of, depart from. 3. metaph. to come out so and so, to turn out, Lat. *evadere*. 4. to go out of due bounds, to digress. II. in fut. act. ἐκβήσω, aor. 1 ἐξέβησα, Causal, to make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.; cf. ἐκβαζέω.

ἐκ-βακχεῖω, f. σω, to excite to Bacchic frenzy, to make frantic:—Pass. and Med. to be frenzied, rage.

ἐκβαλε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for ἐξέβαλε, 3 sing. ind.

ἐκ-βάλλω, f. -βάλω: aor. 2 -έβαλον; pf. -βέβηκα:—to throw or cast out: to disembark, land; but also to carry out to sea. 2. πύλεως ἐκβάλλειν to cast out of the country: and so to drive out, banish. II.

ἐκβαλε, Lat. *excute*; δοῦρα ἐκβάλλειν to fell trees, properly to cut them out of the forest. III. metaph., ἐπος ἐκβάλλειν to let fall or drop a word; so, ἐκβάλλειν δάκρυα to drop or shed tears. IV.

to throw away, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, Lat. *explodere*. 3. to break open. V. to send out, get rid of, lose. VI. (sub. *εαυτόν*), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

ἐκβαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐκβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐκβαίνω.

ἐκβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκβαίνω) a going out of a ship, a landing.

II. a way out, egress: an escape.

ἐκ-βαῶ, Dor. for ἐκ-βαίνω.

ἐκ-βεβαίω, f. ὤσω, to confirm.

ἐκ-βιάζω, to force out: to wrest from.

ἐκ-βιβάω, f. -βιβάω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of ἐκ-βαίνω, to make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship.

ἐκ-βιβρώσκω, fut. -βρώσω, pf. -βέβρωκα, to devour.

ἐκβλητος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, despised, despicable.

ἐκ-βλώσκω, aor. 2 ἐξ-έμολον, to go or come out.

ἐκ-βοάω, f. ἤσομαι, to call or cry out.

ἐκ-βοήθεια, ἡ, a marching out to aid. From

ἐκ-βοηθέω, f. ἤσω, to march out to aid: to make a sally.

ἐκ-βολίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, βολβός) to peel off from, as the skin off an onion; ἐκβολιζέειν τινὰ τῶν καδίων to peel one of his stolen skins.

ἐκβολή, ἡ, (ἐκβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overboard, esp. of goods in a storm. II. a casting out, banishment.

III. a shooting forth; ἐκ-βολή σίτου the time when the corn shoots or comes into ear.

IV. an outlet, Lat. *exitus*; ἐκβολή ποταμοῦ the mouth of a river; ἐκβολαὶ ὄρους a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐκβολή λόγου a digression.

V. (from Pass.) that which is cast out; ἐκβολή δικέλλης earth cast out by a mattock; οὐρία ἐκβολή children exposed on the mountains.

ἐκβολος, ον, (ἐκβάλλω) cast out, exposed, of a child: abortive.

II. as Subst., ἐκβολος, ὁ, a cape, promontory.

2. ἐκβολα, τά, cast off relics.

ἐκ-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth:

Pass. to be cast up or thrown on shore, of ships.

ἐκ-βροντάω, f. ἤσω, to strike out by lightning.

ἐκ-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow forth.

ἐκ-βρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκβιβρώσκω) that which is eaten out; ἐκβρωμα πρίονος saw-dust.

ἐκ-γαμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to give away in marriage: —Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

ἐκ-γαμίσκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

ἐκ-γαυρόομαι, (ἐκ, γαῦρος) Med. to exult greatly in.

ἐκ-γέναι, poet. for ἐκγένεα, pf. of ἐκγίγνομαι: 3 dual ἐκεγγάτην; inf. ἐκεγγάμεν [ᾱ]; part. ἐκεγγάς, ἐκεγγαῖα.

ἐκ-γελάω, f. ᾄσομαι [ᾱ] for the tenses, v. γελᾶω: —to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaphor. of a liquid, to gurgel out.

ἐκ-γενῆς, ἐς, (ἐκ, γένος) put out from one's family, without kith or kin.

ἐκ-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεγενόμην; pf. ἐκγένεα, poet. ἐκγέγαια (q. v.): Dep.: —to grow out of, spring from: to be descended from, born of. II. to have gone by; χρόνου ἐκγεγονότος time having

gone by, elapsed. 2. impers. ἐκγίγνεται, like ἐξ-εσσι, it is allowed, it is granted.

ἐκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐκγίγνομαι.

ἐκγονος, ον, (ἐκγενέσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἐκγονος, ὁ, any descendant, son, grandson: τὰ ἐκγονα offspring, posterity.

ἐκ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy: —Med. to write out or copy for oneself. II. to strike out, expunge from a list.

ἐκ-δακρύω, f. ὕσω, to burst into tears. [ῥ]

ἐκ-δᾶπνᾶω, f. ἤσω, to expend, consume, exhaust.

ἐκ-δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκδέρω.

ἐκδεδωρίενται, 3 pl. Ion. plqpf. of ἐκδωρίομαι.

ἐκ-δέης, ἐς, (ἐκ, δεῖ) defective. Hence

ἐκδεα, ἡ, a falling short, being in arrear.

ἐκδένυμι, f. -δείξω, aor. 1 ἐξέδειξα, to shew forth, display.

ἐκ-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐκδέξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκδέχομαι) a taking from: succession.

ἐκ-δέρκομαι, Dep. to look out from.

ἐκ-δέρω, Ion. -δείρω: f. -δερώ: —to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to cudgel soundly.

ἐκ-δέτος, ον, (ἐκδέω) fastened to or upon.

ἐκ-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέτομαι: aor. 1 ἐξεδέσθην; Dep.: —to take or receive from: to take up. 2. ἐκδέχεσθαι τὴν ἀρχὴν to receive the rule from another: absol. to follow, succeed: of countries, to come next.

3. to wait for, expect, Lat. *excipere*. 4. to receive at a feast.

ἐκ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind from, i. e. to bind on or to: —Med. to bind a thing to oneself, hang it round one. ἐκ-δηλος, ον, very manifest: conspicuous.

ἐκ-δημέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐκδημος) to go abroad, travel: to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence

ἐκδημία, ἡ, departure from home or from life.

ἐκ-δημος, ον, (ἐκ, δημος) from home, abroad.

ἐκ-διαβαίνο, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐκδιέβην: —to go through out of, pass over.

ἐκ-διατάομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, διατάω) to depart from one's accustomed mode of life, change one's habits.

ἐκδίδασκα, τό, apprentice-work, a sampler. From ἐκ-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω poet. -διδασκίω: —to teach thoroughly, Lat. *edocere*: —Med. to have another taught thoroughly: —Pass. to learn thoroughly.

ἐκ-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: fut. -δράσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. 2 ἐξέδραν: —to run away from, escape.

ἐκ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. 1 ἐξέδωκα: pf. ἐκέδωκα: aor. 2 med. ἐξεδύμην: —to give out, give up, Lat. *reddere*: to surrender. 2. to give out of one's house; ἐκδιδόναι or ἐκδίδοσθαι θυγατέρα to give away one's daughter in marriage. 3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for hire: to put out money to interest, lend out.

II. (sub. *εαυτόν*) to issue forth from a place; of a river, to empty itself.

ἐκ-διηγέομαι, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full.

ἐκ-δικάζω, f. σω, to decide by giving judgment, of a judge. II. to avenge. Hence

ἐκδικαστής, οὐ, ὁ, an avenger.
ἐκδικέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐκδικος) to avenge, punish; ἐκδικεῖν τινα ἀπὸ τινος to avenge one on another. Hence ἐκδικησις, εως, ἡ, an avengence; vengeance.
ἐκ-δικος, ον, (ἐκ, δικη) without law, lawless, Lat. *exlex*: Adv. ἐκδικώς, lawlessly. II. carrying out justice, avenging: as Subst., ἐκδικος, ὁ, an avenger.
ἐκ-διφρεύω, f. σω, to throw from the chariot.
ἐκ-διώκω, f. ῥομαι later ῥω, to drive away, banish.
ἐκ-δονέω, f. ἴσω, to shake out, confound.
ἐκδοσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκδίδωμι) a giving up, surrendering. 2. a giving in marriage.
ἐκδώσομαι, fut. med. of ἐκδίδωμι.
ἐκδοτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐκδίδωμι, one must give in marriage.
ἐκδοτος, ον, (ἐκδίδωμι) given up, betrayed.
ἐκδύναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκδίδωμι.
ἐκδοχή, ἡ, (ἐκδέχομαι) a receiving from another, succession.
ἐκ-δρακοντόμαι, Pass. (ἐκ, δράκων) to become a serpent.
ἐκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκτρέχω.
ἐκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐκδραμεῖν) a running out, sally, charge: —also a band of skirmishers.
ἐκ-δρομος, ὁ, one that sallies out, a skirmisher.
ἐκδύμα, ματος, τό, (ἐκδύω) that which is put off, a skin, garment.
ἐκδύμεν, either Ep. for ἐκδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω, or for ἐκδύομεν I pl. opt.
ἐκ-δύω, see ἐκδύω.
ἐκδύσις, εως, ἡ, a slipping out, escape. From ἐκ-δύω, f. -δύσω ([υ]): aor. I ἐξέδυσσα: to strip off from another; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν χιτῶνα to strip him of his tunic; ἐκδύσαι αὐτὸν to strip him. II. in pres. ἐκδύνω, with Med. ἐκδύομαι, aor. 2 act. ἐξέδυν, pf. ἐκέδδuka, to put off. 2. to get out of, slip out of. 3. metaph. to get away from, escape.
ἐκ-δωρίομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, δάριος) to become quite a Dorian.
ἐκέασσα, Ep. for ἐκέασα, aor. I of ἐκέαω.
ἐκέατο, Ion. for ἐκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of κείμαι.
ἘΚΕΙ, Adv. at or in that place, there, Lat. *illic*.
ἐκεια, Ep. aor. I of καίω.
ἐκείθεν, Adv. from that place, thence, Lat. *illinc*; c. gen., τοῦκείθεν ἄλσους yon side of the grove.
ἐκείθι, (ἐκεῖ) Adv. at that place, there, Lat. *illic*: Dor. *τηνόθι*.
ἐκείνος Ion. κείνος, η, ὁ, Aeol. κήνος, Dor. τήνος, Att. also strengthd. ἐκεινοσὶ: demonstr. Pron. (ἐκεῖ): —that person or thing, Lat. *ille, illa, illud*: when οὗτος and ἐκείνος refer to two things before mentioned, ἐκείνος, *ille*, refers to the more remote, οὗτος, *hic*, to the nearer. II. used also like *ille*, to denote well-known persons; κείνος μέγας θεός, *magnus ille Deus*. III. in Att., ἐκείνος precedes the Art. when it is emphatic, as, ἐκείνος ὁ ἀνὴρ; and follows the Subst. when it is not emphatic, as ὁ ἀνὴρ ἐκεῖνος. IV. Adv. ἐκείνως, in that way, in that case:

Ion. κείνως. V. the dat. fem. ἐκείνῃ is also used as Adv., 1. of Place, there, at that place, on that road. 2. of Manner, in that manner.
ἐκείρα, aor. I of κείρω.
ἐκείσε, Att. κείσε, Adv. (ἐκεῖ) to that place, thither, Lat. *illuc*.
ἐκέαστο, 3 sing. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of καίνομαι.
ἐκεκευθεῖ, 3 sing. plqpf. of κείθω.
ἐκέκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.
ἐκέκλιτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.
ἐκεκοσμέατο, Ion. for ἐκεκίσμητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of κοσμέω.
ἐκέλευ, Dor. for ἐκέλου, 2 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.
ἐκέλσα, aor. I of κέλλω.
ἐκερσα, Aeol. and Ep. aor. I of κείρω.
ἐκε-χειρία, ἡ, (ἐχω, χεῖρ) a holding of hands, a cessation of hostilities, armistice.
ἐκ-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil out or over: c. gen., εὐλέων ἐξέζεσε she ran over, swarmed with worms.
ἐκ-ζητέω, f. ἴσω, to search out.
ἐκ-ζωπύρεω, f. ἴσω, to light up again, rekindle.
ἐκηα, Ep. aor. I of καίω.
ἐκηβολία, ἡ, a darting from afar, archery. From ἐκη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκός, βάλλω) far-darting, far-shooting, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.
ἐκηλος, ον, collat. form of εὐκηλος, at one's ease, quiet, Lat. *securus*. II. metaph. of things, as of a field lying at rest or fallow.
ἘΚΗΤΙ Att. ἐκάτι, Prep. with gen. by means of, by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II. later = ἐνεκα, on account of, for the sake of. 2. as regards, as to, Lat. *quod attinet ad*.
ἐκ-θάλλω, f. ψω, to warm thoroughly.
ἐκθαμβέω, f. ἴσω, to amaze, astonish: Pass. to be amazed, astonished. From
ἐκ-θαμβος, ον, (ἐκ, θάμβος) amazed, astounded.
ἐκ-θαμνίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θάμνος) to root out, extirpate.
ἐκθάvon, Ep. for ἐξέθάνον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.
ἐκ-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι, Ion. ἴσομαι, Dep. to see out, see to the end.
ἐκ-θεατρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θέατρον) to make a spectacle of.
ἐκ-θειάζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, θεῖον) to deify.
ἐκθέμεναι or ἐκθέμεν, Ep. fur ἐκθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκτίθωμι.
ἐκθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ἐκτίθωμι.
ἐκ-θερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῥω, to mow completely: to cut down.
ἐκ-θερμαίνω, f. άνω, (ἐκ, θερμός) to warm or heat thoroughly.
ἐκθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθωμι.
ἐκθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκτίθωμι) a putting out, exposing.
ἐκθετος, ον, (ἐκτίθωμι) put out, exposed.
ἐκ-θέω, f. -θέωσομαι, to run or sally out.
ἐκ-θηράομαι, Dep. to hunt out, catch.
ἐκ-θηρεύω, f. σω, = ἐκθηράομαι.
ἐκ-θλίβω, f. ψω, to press, squeeze out: metaph. to crush, oppress.

ἐκ-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσκειν: aor. ἐξέθανον:—to be dying, be at the last gasp; γέλω or γέλωτι ἐκθανεῖν to be nigh dead with laughter.

ἐκ-θιναῖσθαι, f. ἥσθαι, Dep. to eat up, feast on.

ἐκθορε, for ἐξέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσσω.

ἐκ-θρηνέω, f. ἥσω, to mourn out or aloud.

ἐκ-θρώσσω, fut. -θροομαι: aor. ἐξέθορον:—to leap out of, leap forth from.

ἐκ-θύμιώω, f. ἄσω, to burn as incense.

ἐκ-θύμος, ov, (ἐκ, θυμός) very spirited, ardent, eager: also frantic, like Lat. *amens*.

ἐκ-θύω, f. τίσω [ῥ]: for the tenses v. θύω:—to offer up, sacrifice: metaph. to destroy utterly. 2. Med. to atone for, expiate by offerings: of a god, to propitiate, appease.

ἐκίχεις [ῖ], 2 sing. impf. of κίχημι: cf. ἐτίθεις from τίθηναι.

ἐκίχην [ῖ], impf. of κίχημι.

ἐκ-καγγάξω, f. σω, to burst out into loud laughter.

ἐκ-καθαίρω, f. -καθάρω: aor. 1 ἐξεκάθηρα:—to cleanse out, clear out: to clear away, get rid of.

ἐκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

ἐκ-καί-δεκα, oi, ai, ta, indecl. sixteen.

ἐκκαϊδεκά-δαρος, ov, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, εἶρον) sixteen palms long.

ἐκκαϊδεκά-λινος, ov, (ἐκκαϊδέκα, λίνον) consisting of sixteen threads.

ἐκκαϊδέκατος, η, ov, (ἐκκαϊδεκα) sixteenth.

ἐκκαϊδεκ-έτης, ov, ó, (ἐκκαϊδεκα, ἔτος) sixteen years old: fem. -δεκέτις, ιδος.

ἐκ-καιρος, ov, (ἐκ, καιρός) out of date.

ἐκ-καίω, Att. ἐκκάω: fut. -καύσω: aor. 1 ἐξέκαα:—to burn out. II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame.

ἐκ-κάκω, f. ἥσω, (ἐκ, κακός) to be faint-bearded.

ἐκ-καλάμσθαι, (ἐκ, καλάμη) Dep. to pull out with a fishing-rod.

ἐκ-κάλω, f. ἔσω, to call forth:—Med. to call out to oneself; metaph. to derive forth, elicit, excite.

ἐκ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, reveal:—Med. to unveil oneself.

ἐκ-κάνω, f. -κάνωμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέκᾰνον:—to be tired out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

ἐκ-καρπίζομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to yield as fruit.

ἐκ-καρπόομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

ἐκ-κατείδον, aor. 2 of ἐξοράω, to look down from.

ἐκ-καυλίξω, f. σω, (ἐκ, καυλός) to pull out the stalk: metaph. to destroy root and branch.

ἐκ-καυχάσθαι, f. ἥσθαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud.

ἐκ-κάω, Att. for ἐκκαίω.

ἐκκέας, aor. 1 part. of ἐκκαίω.

ἐκ-κειμαι, used as Pass. of ἐκτίθημι, to be cast out or exposed. II. c. gen. to fall from out of.

ἐκκέκοφα, ἐκκέκομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐκκεκώφηκα, ἐκκεκώφωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκακῶω, -όω.

ἐκ-κενῶω, -κεινῶω, f. ὤσω, to empty out, desolate.

ἐκ-κεντέω, f. ἥσω, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab.

ἐκ-κερατίζω, f. σω, to pillage: to cut off root and branch.

ἐκκέχῃμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχέω: whence

ἐκκεχῃμένως, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

ἐκκέχωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχύννυμι.

ἐκ-κηραλύνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐκ, κήρ) to enfeeble, exhaust.

ἐκ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἐω:—to proclaim by a herald, declare publicly. II. to banish by public proclamation.

ἐκ-κινέω, f. ἥσω, to move out: to put up, rouse.

ἐκ-κλάω, f. -κλάγω, to cry aloud.

ἐκ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ], to break off.

ἐκ-κλείω Ion. -κλήω Att. -κλήω: Att. fut. ἐκκληῖσω:—to shut out: metaph. to exclude or hinder from.

ἐκ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to remove stealthily, purloin.

ἐκ-κλήω, Ion. for ἐκκλέω.

ἐκκλησία, ἡ, (ἐκκλητος) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called κύρια ἐκκλησία, four in each πρυτανεία: the extraordinary σύγκλητοι.

II. the Church. Hence

ἐκκλησιάζω, f. σω: impf. ἡκκλησίαζον or ἐκκλησίαζον, but also ἐξεκκλησίαζον (as if the Verb were a compd. and not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. 1 ἐξεκκλησίασα:—to hold an assembly, debate therein: absol. to debate.

II. to sit in assembly. III. to summon to the assembly.

ἐκκληῖσω, Att. fut. of ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλητος, ov, (ἐκκαλέω) called forth, Lat. *evocatus*: selected to arbitrate on a point.

ἐκ-κλινῶ, f. -κλινῶ, to bend aside: to bend down, of stakes. II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give ground, retire.

2. to decline or degenerate into.

ἐκ-κναύω, f. σω, to wear out: metaph. to tease to death, like Lat. *enecare*; Dor. 3 pl. fut. ἐκναύσειντι.

ἐκ-κνάω, f. ἥσω, to rub or cut deeply.

ἐκ-κοβαλκεύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κόβαλα) to cajole or cheat by juggling tricks.

ἐκ-κοκκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, κόκκος) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate; ἐκκοκκίζειν σφύρον to put out one's ancle; ἐκκοκκίζειν τὰς πόλεις to empty the cities.

ἐκ-κολάπτω, f. ψω, to scrape out, erase, obliterate.

ἐκ-κολυμβάω, f. ἥσω, to swim out of.

ἐκκομιδῇ, ἡ, a carrying out or off. From

ἐκ-κομιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to carry out: to carry to a place of safety; ἐκκομίζειν τινα ἐκ πρήγματος to keep one out of trouble.

II. to endure.

ἐκ-κομπάζω, f. σω, to utter vainly.

ἐκ-κομψεύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κομψεύω) to set forth in plausible terms.

ἐκ-κόπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκοφα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐξέκοπην: pf. ἐκκέκομαι:—to cut out, knock out:—Pass., ἐξέκοπην τῷφθαλμῷ he had his eyes knocked out. 2. to cut down, fell: to cut off, destroy, Lat. *excindere*. 3. to beat off from a place, repulse.

ἐκ-κορέω, f. ἦσω, *to sweep out: to sweep clean.*
 ἐκ-κορίζω, (ἐκ, κόρις) *to clear of bugs.*
 ἐκ-κορύφω, f. ὦσω, *to sum up shortly.*
 ἐκ-κρέμαμαι, Pass. *to hang upon, listen attentively to.*
 ἐκ-κρεμάννυμι, f. κρεμάσω [ᾶ]:—*to let hang from*
 or by:—Pass. *to hang from or upon, cling to.* Hence
 ἐκκρεμῆς, ἐς, *hanging from or upon.*

ἐκ-κρήνναμαι, poet. Pass. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.
 ἐκ-κρίνω, f. ἱνῶ, *to choose or single out, select.* 3.
to expel, reject. 3. *to separate, secrete.* Hence
 ἐκκριστός, ον, *picked out, chosen; ἐκκριτον* as Adv.,
above all, eminently.

ἐκκρουσις, εως, ἡ, *a beating out, driving away; and*
 ἐκκρουστός, ον, *beaten out; of embossed work,*
worked in relief. From

ἐκ-κρούω, f. σω, *to beat or dash out.* 2. *to drive*
back, repulse: to hiss an actor off the stage, Lat. ex-
plodere. 3. *to put off, adjourn.*

ἐκ-κῦβυστάω, f. ἦσω, *to tumble headlong out of.*
 ἐκ-κυέω, f. ἦσω, *to bring forth.*

ἐκ-κυκλέω, f. ἦσω, *to wheel out by means of the ἐκ-*
κύκλημα (q. v.):—Pass. to be brought to sight by this
means; ἀλλ' ἐκκυκλήσθῃτι come, wheel yourself out!
 i. e. *show yourself; cf. εἰσκυκλέω.* Hence
 ἐκκύκλημα, ατος, τό, *a theatrical machine which*
disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators;
 cf. *εἰσκυκλέω.*

ἐκ-κυλίνδω, f. —κυλίσω: aor. I ἐξεκύλισα:—Pass.,
 aor. I ἐξεκυλίσθην:—*to roll out or off: Pass. to be*
rolled or thrown out; ἐξεκυλίσθῃ ἐκ δίφρου he rolled
headlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate
oneself or escape from.

ἐκ-κῦμαίνω, (ἐκ, κύμα) *to undulate: to be uneven.*
 ἐκκυνέω, (ἐκκυνος) *of a hound, to quest about.*

ἐκ-κύνγητέω, f. ἦσω, *to hunt down.*
 ἐκ-κῦνος, ον, (ἐκ, κύων) *of a hound, questing about,*
not keeping on one scent.

ἐκ-κύπτω, f. ψω, *to peep out of: to get out.*
 ἐκ-κωμάζω, f. σω, *to come forth in the festive proces-*
sion: to rush madly out.

ἐκ-κωφέω, f. ἦσω, and ἐκ-κωφόω, f. ὦσω, (ἐκ, κωφός)
to deafen, stun:—metaph., ἐκκεκώφωται ξίφη the
swords grew blunt.

ἐκλάγον, aor. 2 of κλάω.
 ἐκλαγῆα, aor. I of κλάω.
 ἐκ-λαγχάνω, f. —λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαχον:—*to ob-*
tain by lot or fate.

ἐκλάθετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκλανθάνω.
 ἐκ-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to kick out: metaph. to*
spurn at.

ἐκ-λαλέω, f. ἦσω, *to speak out, divulge.*
 ἐκ-λαμβάνω, f. —λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαβον: *for the*
other tenses, v. λαμβάνω:—to take or choose out. II.
to receive, bear. III. *to contract to do work, opp.*
to ἐκδίδωμι (to let it out).

ἐκ-λάμπω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέλαμπα:—*to shine or*
flash forth. II. trans. *to make to shine, light up,*
kindle.

ἐκ-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐξέλαθον, *to escape notice ut-*
terly. II. ἐκ-ληθάνω, with aor. I ἐξέλησα Dor.

—ἐλάσα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλέλαθον, Causal of ἐκ-
 λανθάνω, *to make quite forgetful of a thing:—Med,*
ἐκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκκλεαθέσθαι;
 pf. pass. ἐκλέλησμαι, *to forget utterly.*

ἐκλαπάζω, f. ξω, = ἐξαπατάω, *to cast out from.*

ἐκλάπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of κλέπται.

ἐκ-λάπτω, f. ψομαι, *to lap up: to drink off.*

ἐκλαυσα, aor. I of κλαίω.

ἐκ-λέγω, f. ξω: *for the tenses v. λέγω:—to pick*
out, single out:—Med. to choose out for oneself,
choose. 2. in Med. also *to pick out, pull out one's*
gray hairs. II. *to collect tribute.*

ἐκ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐξέλιπον: pf. ἐκέλοιπα:
 —*to leave out, omit.* 2. *to forsake, abandon,*
quit. 3. εἴ τις ἐξέλιπε τὸν ἀριθμὸν if any one
 left the number incomplete. II. of the sun, *to*

be eclipsed; in full, ἐκλείπειν τὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ
ἑδρην. III. intr. *to leave off, cease, stop.* Hence
 ἐκλειψις, εως, ἡ, *a forsaking, quitting.* II. *a*

disappearance of sun or moon, an eclipse.

ἐκλεκτός, ἐς, ὄν, (ἐκλέγω) *chosen out, selected; οἱ*
ἐκλεκτοὶ the elect.

ἐκκλεαθεῖν, —έσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med.
 of ἐκλανθάνω.

ἐκλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκλύω.

ἐκλεο, Ep. for ἐκλέο, 2 sing. impf. of κλέω.

ἐκ-λέπω, f. ψω, *to free from the shell, to batch.*

ἐκ-λήγω, f. ξω, *to cease entirely.*

ἐκ-ληθάνω, f. —λήσω, see ἐκλανθάνω II.

ἐκλήθην, aor. I pass. of καλέω.

ἐκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλανθάνομαι) *forgetfulness: for-*
getting and forgiving.

ἐκ-λμπάνω, poet. for ἐκλείπω.

ἐκλινθημις, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

ἐκ-λιπαίνω, f. ἄνω, *to fatten:—Pass. to grow fat.*

ἐκλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκλείπω.

ἐκλίπτης, ἐς, (ἐκλιπεῖν) *failing, deficient: ἡλίου ἐκ-*
λιπέτι τι ἐγένετο = ἑλέκλειψις, there was an eclipse of
the sun. II. omitted.

ἐκλογή, ἡ, (ἐκλέγω) *a picking out, choice, election:*
a levy of troops or taxes. II. *a choice selection,*

as of extracts from authors.

ἐκ-λογίζομαι, Dep. *to compute, reckon, calculate: to*
consider, reflect on.

ἐκλόμην, aor. 2 of κέλομαι.

ἐκ-λούω, f. σω, *to wash out.*

ἐκ-λοχέω, f. σω, *to bring forth:—Pass. to be*
born.

ἐκλύθω, acr. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύω.

ἐκλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλύω) *a release, deliverance.*

ἐκλύήτριος, (ἐκλύω) *able to release; τὸ ἐκλύήτριον*
a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering.

ἐκλύτος, ον, *let loose, discharged.* From

ἐκ-λύω, f. ὦσω [ῶ]: *for the tenses v. λύω—*
to loose or set free from: ἐκλύειν στόμα to give a loose to his
tongue:—so also in Med. II. *to unloose, unstring*

a bow: hence to break up, put an end to:—Pass. to be faint, exhausted, despond.

ἐκ-λωβάομαι, Dep. to sustain grievous injuries.

ἐκ-λωπίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, λῶπος) to lay bare.

ἐκμαγεῖον, τό, (ἐκμαγήνη) the impression of a seal, a seal; ἐκμαγεῖον πέτρης a counterfeit of rock,—said of a hardy fisherman.

ἐκμάγῃναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαίνω, f. -μαίνω: aor. I ἐξέμνη:—to drive mad with any passion; πύθον ἐκμῆναι to kindle passionate desire:—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐξεμάνην: intr. pf. act. ἐκμέμνη:—to go mad with passion: to rave, be frantic.

ἐκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an impress, image.

ἐκ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέμαθον: pf. ἐκμεμάθηκα:—to learn thoroughly, to learn by heart: in past tenses, to have learnt thoroughly, and so to know full well, perceive. II. to examine closely, search out.

ἐκμάνω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκμάζας, aor. I part. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαργώω, f. ώωω, (ἐκ, μάργος) to drive raving mad:—Pass. to go raving mad.

ἐκ-μαρτυρέω, f. ήσω, to bear witness to a thing.

ἐκ-μάσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ζω: aor. I ἐξέμαφα: Pass., pf. ἐκμέμαγα:—to wipe off:—Med. to wipe away one's tears. II. to mould or model in wax or plaster, to take an impression of: to imprint an image.

ἐκ-μαστεύω, f. σω, to search out.

ἐκ-μεθύσκα, to make quite drunk.

ἐκ-μείρομαι, Dep. to have a chief share in a thing; ἐξέμωρε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.

ἐκ-μελετάω, f. ήσω, to train carefully: to practise diligently.

ἐκμεμάθηκα, pf. of ἐκμανθάνω.

ἐκμέμνη, pf. med. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐκ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out:—Med. to measure out for oneself: to take measure of.

ἐκ-μετρος, ον, (ἐκ, μέτρον) measureless, boundless, Lat. immensus.

ἐκμῆναι, aor. I inf. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐκ-μηνος, ον, (ἐξ, μήν) of six months, half yearly: as Subst., ἐκμηνος, ή, a space of six months.

ἐκ-μυρνώομαι, Dep., of an army, to defile out of.

ἐκ-μυλίνω, to pollute.

ἐκ-μιμνήσκω, Dep. to imitate faithfully.

ἐκ-μυσθώω, f. ώωω, to let out for hire:—Med. to hire.

ἐκμωλε, Ep. for ἐξέμωλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκβλάσσω.

ἐκ-μουσώω, f. ώωω, (ἐκ, μουσα) to teach fully.

ἐκ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to work out with toil, Lat. elaborare: to win hardly or by great exertion, to achieve.

ἐκ-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μοχλός) to heave with the lever, to force one's way.

ἐκ-μυζάω, f. ήσω, to suck out.

ἐκ-μυκτηρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μυκτήρ) to turn up one's nose at, mock at.

ἐκ-νεάζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, νέος) to grow young or fresh.

ἐκ-νέμομαι, Med. to feed off, Lat. depasci. 2. to go forth to feed, go forth.

ἐκνεκνίκα, pf. of ἐκνικάω.

ἐκ-νευρίζω, f. σω, to cut the sinews:—Pass., pf. ἐκνευρίσμαι, to be unnerved.

ἐκ-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξένευσα:—to turn aside, turn away. II. to sink down. III. to give

a nod or sign to do a thing.

ἐκ-νεύω, fut. -νεύσομαι: aor. I ἐξένευσα:—to swim out or away, escape by swimming: generally, to escape.

ἐκ-νήφω, f. ψω, to sleep off a drunken fit, become sober again.

ἐκ-νίջω, f. -νίψω (as if from ἐκνίπτω): aor. I ἐξένιψα:—to wash out or away.

ἐκ-νικάω, f. ήσω, to conquer completely: to achieve by force. II. intr. to prevail, grow into use; ἐπὶ τὸ μηδῶδες ἐκνεκνικέαι to win its way to the fabulous.

ἐκ-νόμιος, ον, (ἐκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted, strange. Adv. -ίως, Sup. ἐκνομιώτατα.

ἐκ-νομος, ον, (ἐκ, νόμος) unusual, unwonted: unlawful:—Adv. -μως, discordantly.

ἐκ-νοστήω, f. ήσω, to return from, to return.

ἐκ-νοσφίζομαι, Dep. to take for oneself.

ἐκνυζήτο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνυζάομαι.

ἐκόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω.

ἐκοντί, Adv. (ἐκόν) freely, willingly.

ἐκορέσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορύννυμι.

ἐκούσιος, α, ον, (ἐκόν) of one's own free will, voluntary. Adv. -ίως; also ἐξ ἐκονσίας or καθ' ἐκονσίαν.

ἐκπαγέομαι, Pass. to be astonished or amazed. II. to wonder at, admire exceedingly. From

ἐκ-παγλος, ον, (metath. for ἐκ-πλάγος, from ἐκπαγήνηαι) frightful, terrible, fearful. Adv. ἐκπάγλως, also neut. ἐκπαγλον and ἐκπαγα used as Adv., terribly, fearfully, greatly. II. astonishing, wonderful.

ἐκπαίδευμα, atos, τό, anything reared, a child. From ἐκ-παίδεω, f. σω, to bring up from a child: to educate.

ἐκ-παιφάσσω, to rush furiously forth.

ἐκ-παίω, f. -παίησω: aor. I ἐξέπαισα:—to strike out of a thing, disappoint.

ἐκ-πάλαι, Adv. for ἐκ πάλαι, of old, long ago.

ἐκ-πάλλω, to shake out:—Pass. to spirt out.

ἐκπαλτο, Ep. for ἐξεπάλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπάλλω.

ἐκ-πάτῃσσω, f. ζω, to strike out of one's senses.

ἐκ-πάτιος, α, ον, (ἐκ, πάτος) out of the common path: excessive.

ἐκ-παύω, f. σω, to set quite at rest, put an end to:—Med. to take one's rest.

ἐκ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade, over-persuade.

ἐκ-πειράζω, f. άωω, to tempt.

ἐκ-πειράομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [ā]: aor. I ἐξεπειράθην [ā]: Dep.:—to make trial of, prove, tempt. 2. to inquire of another.

ἐκ-πέλω, whence impers. ἐκπέλει, it is allowed.

ἐκ-πέμπω, fut. ψω: aor. I ἐξέπεμψα:—to send out or forth from: of things, to export. 2. to call or

fetcb out, send for : Pass. *to go forth, depart*. II. *to dismiss, drive away* : *to divorce*. Hence
 ἐκπεμψις, εως, ἡ, *a sending out or forth*.
 ἐκπεπτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπετάννυμι.
 ἐκπέπληγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκπεπόννημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπονέω.
 ἐκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθέω.
 ἐκπεπόρθμευμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκπορθεύω, both in med. and pass. sense.
 ἐκπέποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐκπίνω.
 ἐκπεπόταμαι, Dor. pf. of ἐκποτάσμαι.
 ἐκπεπταμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of ἐκπετάννυμι, expanded, open. Adv. -ως, extravagantly.
 ἐκπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐκπίπτω.
 ἐκπεράα, ἐκπερώσιν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. of ἐκπεράω.
 ἐκ-περαίω, f. ἀνῶ, *to bring to an end* :—Pass. *to be fulfilled*.
 ἐκπεράα, ατος, τό, *a passing out*. From
 ἐκ-περάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ] Ion. ἡσω : Ion. aor. I ἐξεπέ-
 ρησα :—*to pass through or over* : metaph., *to accom-
 plish*.
 ἐκ-περδικίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, πέρδιξ) *to escape
 like a partridge, fly away*.
 ἐκ-πέρθω, fut. -πέρσω, *to destroy utterly*.
 ἐκ-περίειμι, *to go all round*.
 ἐκπέρομαι, aor. I inf. of ἐκπέρθω.
 ἐκπεσε, Ep. for ἐξέπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω :
 ἐκπεσέειν, for ἐκπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf.
 ἐκ-πέταμαι, f. -πήσομαι : aor. 2 both in med. and
 act. forms ἐξεπτάμην and ἐξέπτην :—*to fly out, forth
 or away*.
 ἐκ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ᾱ] : Ep. aor. I ἐξεπέτασσα :
 —*to spread out, unfurl, spread* : *to stretch out*.
 ἐκπετήσμος, ον, (ἐκπέταμαι) *ready to fly out of the
 nest* : metaph. of a girl, marriageable.
 ἐκ-πέτομαι, aor. 2 -επτόμην, = ἐκπέταμαι.
 ἐκ-πεύθομαι, Ep. for ἐκπυνθάνομαι.
 ἐκπέφηναι, pf. of ἐκφεύγω.
 ἐκπεφύνται, pf. part. pl. fem. nom. of ἐκφύω.
 ἐκ-πιδάω, f. ἡσομαι, *to leap out or forth* : esp. of a
 besieged force, *to sally forth*. 2. *to leap up*. Hence
 ἐκπήδημα, ατος, τό, *a leap out or forth*.
 ἐκ-πηνίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐκ, πῆνιον) *to reel off,
 wind out* : fut. med., ἐκπηνεῖσθαι τί τινας *to wind
 something out of a man*.
 ἐκ-πιδύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, πιδύω) *to gush forth*.
 ἐκ-πιμπλημαι, f. -πλήσω : aor. I ἐξέπλησα, pass. ἐξε-
 πλήσθην :—*to fill up, fill full of*. 2. *to satiate*.
 II. *to fulfil*. III. *to finish, complete*.
 ἐκ-πίνω [Ὶ] : f. -πίομαι : aor. 2 ἐξέπιον : for the
 other tenses, v. πίνω :—*to drink out or off, quaff,
 drain*. II. metaph. *to empty out, drain*.
 ἐκ-πιπράσσω, *to sell off*.
 ἐκ-πίπτω, f. -πесοῦμαι : aor. ἐξέπεσον : pf. ἐκπέ-
 πτωκα :—*to fall out of or down from*. 2. *to fall
 from, be deprived of, lose*, Lat. excidere. 3. *to be
 driven out of one's country, be banished*. 4. *to be
 cast ashore, to be wrecked, Lat. ejici*. 5. of actors,

to be bisssed off the stage, Lat. explodi. 6. *to come
 out or forth, sally out* : *to get out of, escape* : *to de-
 part from*. 7. *to issue, result in*.
 ἐκ-πίττω, poet. for ἐκπίττω.
 ἐκπλάγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκπλεῖστος, ον, (ἐξ, πλεῖστος) *sine plebtra long*.
 ἐκ-πλεος, poet. ἐκπλεος, α, ον, Att. ἐκπλεως, ον :
 (ἐκ, πλέω) *quite full* : *complete, entire* : *abundant*.
 ἐκ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι : aor. I ἐξέπλευσα : Ion.
 ἐκπλώω, f. -πλώσω :—*to sail out, go out of port* ; c.
 acc., ἐκπλεῖν τὰς ναῦς εἰς τὴν εὐρυχωρίαν *to out sail the
 ships into the open sea*.
 ἐκ-πλεως, ον, Att. for ἐκπλεος.
 ἐκπλήγην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκ-πλήγνυμι, = ἐκπλήσσω.
 ἐκπληκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκπλήσσω) *striking with terror,
 astounding*. Adv. -κῶς, in amazement.
 ἐκπληξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐκπλήσσω) *panic fear, consterna-
 tion* ; ἐκπληξίς κακῶν *terror caused by misfortunes*.
 ἐκ-πληρώω, f. ὥσω, *to fill quite up*. 2. of ships,
to man completely. 3. *to fulfil*. II. ἐκπλη-
 ροῦν λιμένα *to cross over the harbour*, Lat. emetiri
 spatium.
 ἐκ-πλήσσω Att. -πτω : fut. ξω : aor. I ἐξέπληξα :—
to strike out of, drive away :—*to frighten out of one's
 senses, scare, astound*. II. Pass., mostly in aor. 2
 ἐξέπληγην [ᾱ], Ep. 3 sing. and pl. ἐκπλήγη, ἐκπλη-
 γην : later also aor. I ἐξέπληχθην :—*to be panic-struck,
 amazed*.
 ἐκπλοος contr. ἐκπλους, ὁ, (ἐκπλέω) *a sailing out,
 leaving port*.
 ἐκ-πλύνω [ῡ], *to wash out*. Hence
 ἐκπλύτος, ον, *to be washed out*.
 ἐκ-πλώω, Ion. for ἐκπλέω.
 ἐκ-πνέω Ep. -πνείω, f. -πνεύσομαι or -οῦμαι :
 aor. I ἐξέπνευσα :—*to breathe out or forth*. 2.
 βλον ἐκπνεῖν *to breathe one's last, expire* ; and so ἐκ-
 πνέω alone. II. intr., of the wind, *to blow out
 or outwards* : *to burst out*. Hence.
 ἐκπνοή, ἡ, *a breathing out, expiring*.
 ἐκ-ποδών, Adv. (ἐκ, ποδών) *out of the way* ; ἐκποδών
 ἵστασθαι *to stand out of the way* ; ἐκποδών χαρεῖν τινι
to get out of his way. Opp. *to ἐμποδών*.
 ἐκ-ποεῖω, f. ἡσω : aor. I ἐξέποησα :—*to put out a
 child, give him in adoption*. II. Med. *to pro-
 duce, bring forth*. III. *to make completely, finish
 off*. Hence
 ἐκποίησις, εως, ἡ, *a putting forth, emission* : and
 ἐκποίητος, η, ον, *put forth, given in adoption*.
 ἐκ-ποκίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, *to pull out wool or hair*.
 ἐκ-πολεμέω, f. ὥσω, *to excite to war, make hostile*.
 ἐκ-πολεμῶ, f. ὥσω, *to make hostile, involve in war* :
 Pass. *to become an enemy to*.
 ἐκπολιόρκοις, f. ἡσω, *to take by sieges*, Lat. expugnare.
 ἐκπομπή, ἡ, (ἐκπέμπω) *a sending out or forth*.
 ἐκ-πονέω, f. ἡσω : aor. I ἐξέπόνησα :—*to work out,
 finish off, execute, bring to perfection, Lat. elaborare* :—Pass. *to be brought to perfection* ; σῖτος ἐκπε-

πονημένους corn prepared for use; ἐκπεπονησθαι τὰ σώματα to have their bodies in good training. II. to work hard for, to earn by labour. III. to prevail on by importunity. IV. to search out. V. of food, to digest by labour.

ἐκ-πορεύω, f. σω, to make to go out, fetch out:—Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I ἐξέπορεύθην, to go out or forth, to go away, march out.

ἐκ-πορθέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐκπέρω, to pillage: metaph. to undo. II. to carry off as plunder. Hence

ἐκπορθήτωρ, opus, ὁ, a ravager, destroyer.

ἐκ-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry away by sea.

ἐκ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐξέπορισα:—to invent, contrive. II. to find means for doing a thing, to provide, furnish, supply:—Med. to provide for oneself, procure.

ἐκ-πορνέω, f. σω, to be given to fornication.

ἐκ-ποτάμομαι, Ion. for ἐκ-πέτομαι: Dor. pf. ἐκπεπόταμαι: Dep.:—to fly out or forth: metaph. to be lifted up or elated.

ἐκ-πράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέπραξα:—to do completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. efficere. II. to make an end of, kill, Lat. conficere. III. to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge.

ἐκ-πραῦνω, to soothe, mollify.

ἐκπρεπής, ἐς, (ἐκπρέπω) distinguished out of all, pre-eminent. II. (ἐκ, πρέπον) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἐκ-πρέπω, to be pre-eminent in a thing.

ἐκπρεπώς, Adv. of ἐκπρεπής II, unreasonably.

ἐκ-πρήσω, Ion. for ἐκπράσσω.

ἐκ-πρίω, f. -πριούμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπριον:—to saw out.

ἐκ-προθύμιομαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep. to be very zealous.

ἐκ-προΐημι, f. ἦσω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-προκαλέομαι, f. ἔσομαι: Med. to call forth to or for oneself; Ep. aor. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσάμενος.

ἐκπροκρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of

ἐκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρίνῶ, to select in preference.

ἐκ-προλείπω, f. ψω, to forsake; aor. 2 part. ἐκπρολιπών.

ἐκ-προτιμάω, f. ἦσω, to honour above all.

ἐκ-προφεύγω, f. -φεύβομαι, to escape from.

ἐκ-προχέω, f. -χέω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-πτερύσσομαι, Dep. to expand the wings.

ἐκ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to scare away from.

ἐκ-πτοέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐκπτήσσω:—Pass. to be scared.

ἐκ-πτύω, f. ὕω or ὕσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἐξέπτυσσα:—to spit out: to spit in token of disgust.

ἐκ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πύσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπυνθόμην: Dep.:—to search out, make full inquiry about, bear of.

ἐκ-πύρω, f. ὕω, to burn to ashes, consume. Hence ἐκπύρωσις, εως, ἡ, a conflagration.

ἐκ-πυστος, ον, heard of, discovered.

ἐκπιμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκπίνω) a drinking-cup.

ἐκ πωτάομαι, poet. for ἐκποτάομαι, ἐκπέτομαι.

ἐκράανθην, Ep. for ἐκρανθήσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κραίνω.

ἐκ-ραβδίζω, f. σω, to drive out with a rod.

ἐκράγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκρήγγνυμι.

ἐκράγῃσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγγνυμι.

ἐκράγον, aor. 2 of κράζω.

ἐκράβη [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of κεράννυμι.

ἐκραλαινόν, Ep. impf. of κραλίνω.

ἐκ-ραίνω, f. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐξέρρανα:—to scatter out from.

ἐκρέμω, for ἐκρέμασ, 2 sing. impf. of κρέμαμαι.

ἐκ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. ἐξέρρηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐξέρρηγναι:—to flow out or forth. 2. of feathers, to fall off. 3. to melt or fall away. II. trans. to shed, let fall.

ἐκ-ρήγγνυμι or ἐκ-ρήσσω: fut. -ρήξω: aor. I ἐξέρρηξα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκράγῃσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέρραγην:—to break out, break off:—Pass. to snap asunder. II. in Pass. also, to break or burst out, to break forth. III. also intr. in Act. to break out or forth.

ἐκ-ρίζω, f. ὠσω, to root out.

ἐκρίθην, aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ἐκ-ρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέρριψα:—to throw out, cast forth.

ἐκροος, contr. ἔκρους, ὁ, (ἐκρέω) outflow, outfall.

ἐκ-ροφέω, f. ἦσω, to gulp down.

ἐκρύβην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, to rescue, deliver.

ἐκρύφθην, aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-σαλεύω, to shake violently.

ἐκ-σαῶω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ἐξεσάωσα:—Ep. for ἐκσώζω.

ἐκ-σεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσεισα:—to shake out.

ἐκ-σεύομαι: pf. ἐξέσσυμαι: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἐξέσσυμην: Pass.: (ἐκ, σεύω):—to rush forth from, flee away from.

ἐκ-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to signify, denote.

ἐκ-σιγάω, f. ἦσομαι, to put to utter silence.

ἐκ-σκαλεύω, f. σω, to rake out, pull away.

ἐκ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾱ], to scatter abroad.

ἐκ-σκευάζω, f. σω, to disfigure.

ἐκ-σμάω, inf. -σμήν: impf. ἐξέσμων:—to wipe out.

ἐκ-σοβέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐξέσθρησα:—to scare away.

ἐκ-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐξέσπασα, Ep. part. med. ἐκσπασάμενος:—to draw out, pluck out.

ἐκ-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to pour out as a libation.

ἐκ-σπύω, f. σω, to hasten out.

ἐκ-σπονδος, ον, (ἐκ, σπονδή) out of the treaty, excluded from it.

ἐκ-στάδιος, ον, (ἐξ, στάδιον) six stades long.

ἐκστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίστημι) a being put out of its place: of the mind, distraction, astonishment:—a trance: (hence Engl. ecstasy).

ἐκ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, aor. I ἐξέστελα:—to send out: to deck out.

ἐκ-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστεψα: pf. pass. ἐξέστερμαι:—to deck out with garlands.

ἐκ-στράτεια, ἡ, a going out on service. From

ἐκ-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march out: to take the field.

ἐκ-στρατοπεδεύομαι, f. εὐσομαι: pf. ἐξεστρατοπεδεύμαι: Dep.:—to encamp outside.

ἐκ-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἐξέστρεψα:—to turn aside, overturn. II. to turn inside out: metaph. to change entirely: to pervert.

ἐκ-σπρίσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to whistle or hiss off the stage, Lat. explodere.

ἐκ-σπύρω [ῥ], to drag out: aor. 2 pass. ἐξέσπυρον [ῥ].

ἐκ-σφραγίζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰώ, to seal up:—Pass. to be shut out from.

ἐκ-σώζω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἐξέσωσα:—to keep safe, preserve:—Med. to save oneself, save one's life:—Pass., νῆσον ἐκώζεσθαι to seek for safety in the island.

ἐκ-σπαρῶ, f. σω, (ἐκ, σπαρός) to heap or pile up.

ἐκτᾶ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάδην [ᾶ], Adv. (ἐκτείνω) outstretched.

ἐκτάδιος, f. ον, (ἐκτείνω) outspread.

ἐκτᾶθεις, aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐκτείνω.

ἐκτᾶθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκτᾶθήσομαι, fut. 1 pass. of ἐκτείνω.

ἐκτάμε, Ep. for ἐξέταμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτείνω.

ἐκταμεν, Ep. for ἐκτάνομεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

ἐκτάμω, Ion. for ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκτᾶν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάνων, aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάνω, f. ὥσω: aor. 1 ἐξετάνυσα, Ep. -υσσα: aor. 1 pass. ἐξετάνυσθην:—poët. for ἐκτείνω, to stretch out in the dust, lay low:—Pass. to lie outstretched.

ἐκ-τάρασσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω: aor. 1 ἐξετάρασα:—to disquiet, confound, agitate.

ἐκ-τάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to draw an army out in order:—Med., of an army, to draw up in line.

ἐκτάτο, Ion. 3 pl. plpf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκτεθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐκ-τέθραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐκ-τένω, fut. -τενώ: aor. 1 ἐξέτεινα: pf. ἐκτέτακα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξετάσθην: pf. ἐκτέταμαι:—to stretch out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse: hence, to lay low:—Pass. to lie outstretched, lie along: metaph. of the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack. II.

to stretch out, extend, prolong. III. to strain to the uttermost.

ἐκ-τειχίζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰώ, to fortify completely: to build from the ground.

ἐκ-τελευτάω, f. ἦσω, to bring quite to an end.

ἐκ-τελέω, Ep. impf. ἐξετέλειον: f. -τελέσω, Ep. -τελέω:—fut. med. ἐκτελέεσθαι in pass. sense:—to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve.

ἐκ-τελής, ἐς, (ἐκ, τέλος) brought to an end, perfect: ripe, mature.

ἐκ-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἐξέτάμω:—to cut out from, cut out: to cut trees out of a wood, to cut down. II. to hew out, hew into shape.

to castrate.

ἐκτένεα, ἦ, earnestness, zeal. From ἐκτενής, ἐς, (ἐκτείνω) stretched out: metaph. earnest, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

ἐκτενῶς, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously: Comp. ἐκτενέστερον more earnestly.

ἐκτίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἐχω, to be beld. II. neut. ἐκτέον, one must have or hold.

ἐκτέτηκα, intrans. pf. of ἐκτίκω.

ἐκτέτιλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτίλλω.

ἐκτεῦς, ἑως, ὅ, (ἐκτός) the sixth part (sextarius) of the μέδιμνος, = 8 choenices.

ἐκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ἥσομαι: aor. 1 ἐξετεχνησάμην: Dep.:—to contrive, devise.

ἐκ-τίκω, f. ζω: aor. 2 ἐξέτακον:—to make melt away:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. ἐκτέτηκα, to melt away. II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp. to ἐμμένειν.

ἐκτεῖναι, for κέκτηναι, pf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκτίσσω, 2 sing. aor. 1 of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τίθμι, f. -θήσω: to set out, put outside:—to put out, expose. II. to set up, exhibit.

ἐκ-τίκτω, f. -τέω: aor. 2 ἐξέτεκον:—to bring forth.

ἐκ-τίλλω, f. -τίλλω: pf. pass. ἐκτέτιλμαι:—to pluck or pull out: Pass., κόμην ἐκτετιλμένος having one's hair plucked out.

ἐκ-τίμῶ, f. ἦσω, to honour highly.

ἐκ-τίμος, ον, (ἐκ, τιμή) without honour

ἐκ-τίνάσσω, f. ζω, to shake out or off.

ἐκ-τίνω, f. -τίσω: aor. 1 ἐξέτίσα:—to pay off, pay in full: ἐκτίσαι δίκην to pay the full penalty. II.

Med. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge: to take vengeance on.

ἐκ-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω: aor. 1 ἐξέτρωσα:—to cause a miscarriage. II. intr. to miscarry.

ἐκτοθεν, Adv. (ἐκτός) Ep. for ἐξωθεν, from without, c. gen.: outside.

ἐκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτός) out of, outside, c. gen.

ἐκ-τολύπτω, f. σω, to wind quite off, to bring to an end.

ἐκτομεύς, ἑως, ὅ, (ἐκτέμνω) one that cuts out: fem.

ἐκτομός, ἴδος.

ἐκτομή, ἦ, (ἐκτέμνω) a cutting out: castration. Hence

ἐκτομίας, ον, ὁ, one castrated, a eunuch.

ἐκ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away: to throw away. 2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.

ἐκ-τόπιος, α, ον, also os, ον, = ἐκτοπος.

ἐκ-τοπος, ον, (ἐκ, τόπος) away from a place, distant: hence out of the way, foreign, strange.

ἐκ-τορέω, f. ἦσω, to bore through, stab to death.

ἐκτός, η, ον, (ἐξ) the sixth.

ἐκτός, Adv. (ἐκ) Lat. extrinsecus, opp. to ἐντός: I. of place, without, outside: as Prep. with gen. out of, far from: free from. 2. out of, beyond. 3. except. II. of Time, beyond, over.

ἐκτοσε, (ἐκτός) Adv. outwards.

ἐκτοσθε, ἐκτοσθεν, (ἐκτός) Adv. from without, without, outside: far from, apart from.

ἐκ-τράπεζος, ον, (ἐκ, τράπεζα) away from or banished from the table.

ἐκ-τράχηλίζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰώ, of a horse, to throw

the rider over its head: generally, to throw off or down:—Pass. to break one's neck.

ἐκ-τράχυνω [ῥ], f. ἴνῳ, to make rough.

ἐκ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn off or aside, divert: metaph., to turn aside, dissuade:—Pass. and Med. to turn aside from, to avoid.

ἐκ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω. aor. I ἐξέθρεψα:—to bring up from childhood, rear up:—Med. to rear up for oneself.

ἐκ-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμομαι (from *δρέμω):—to run out or forth: to make a sally.

2. to run off or away. 3. metaph. of anger, to burst forth.

ἐκ-τρίβω, f. ψω. aor. I ἐξέτριψα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκτριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμμαι:—to rub out; πῦρ ἐκτριβέναι to produce fire by rubbing.

II. to rub hard.

III. to destroy by rubbing, destroy root and branch; βίον ἐκτριβέναι to bring life to a wretched end.

ἐκτριψάι, aor. I inf. of ἐκτρίβω.

ἐκτροπή, ἡ, (ἐκτρέπω) a turning off or aside. II. a turning oneself from, avoidance:—ἐκτροπή ὁδοῦ a resting-place; ἐκτροπή λόγου a digression.

ἐκ-τρυχώ, f. ὦσω, to wear out, exhaust.

ἐκ-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι, to eat up, devour.

ἐκτρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκτιτρώσκω) a child untimely born, an abortion.

ἐκτύπον, aor. 2 of κτυπέω.

ἐκ-τύπος, ον, (ἐκ, τύπτω) beaten out, wrought in relief. Hence

ἐκ-τυπώω, f. ὦσω, to work in relief.

ἐκ-τυφλώω, f. ὦσω, to make quite blind. Hence

ἐκτύφλωσις, εως, ἡ, a making quite blind.

ἐκτίει, 3 sing. impf. of κνέω.

ἐκῦρά, ἡ, a step-mother, Ep. word for πενθερά.

ἐκῦρον, aor. 2 of κυρέω.

ἐκῦρός, ὁ, a step-father, Ep. word for πενθερός. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κύω.

ἐκ-φάγειν, to eat up, devour: only used in aor. 2, the pres. in use being ἐξεσθίω.

ἐκ-φαιδρύνω [ῥ], f. ἴνῳ, to make quite clear.

ἐκ-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἐξέφηναι:—to shew forth, bring to light: to betray, make known; ἐκφαίνειν πόλεμον to declare war:—Pass. and Med., f. -φάνομαι and -φάνησομαι: aor. I ἐξεφάνην, aor. 2 ἐξεφάνην [ᾱ]:—to shine out or forth, to shew oneself, appear, come to light. Hence

ἐκφάνης, ἐς, shining forth, manifest. Adv. —νῶς.

ἐκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of ἐκφῆμι.

ἐκφάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκφῆμι) a declaration.

ἐκφάτος, ον, (ἐκφῆμι) beyond power of speech:—Adv. ἐκφάτως, expressly, plainly; or, beyond words to express, i. e. impiously.

ἐκ-φαυλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to depreciate.

ἐκφερέμεν, Ep. for ἐκφέρειν, inf. of ἐκφέρειν.

ἐκ-φέρω, f. ἐφέσω: aor. I and 2 ἐξήνεγκα, ἐξήνεγκον:—fut. med. ἐξοίσομαι in pass. sense:—to carry

out of: to carry out a corpse for burial, Lat. *efferre*: also to carry away: to carry off as prize:—Pass. to be carried out; metaph. to be carried away by passion.

2. to put out of a ship. II. to bring forth, to produce.

2. to accomplish, fulfil: bring about.

3. to bring out, put forward, to publish, proclaim: to tell abroad, betray.

4. to put forth, exert.

5. ἐκφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. *inferre bellum*, to begin war.

6. to shew signs of, shew.

III. to carry out or to the end.

IV. intr. (sub. εὐτόν) to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to run away.

2. to come to an end.

ἐκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέφυγον: pf. ἐκπέφευγα:—to flee out or away, escape: to flee out of, escape from; βέλος ἐκφυγε χειρός.

2. to escape from danger; esp. to be acquitted.

ἐκ-φημι, to speak out, speak: aor. 2 inf. med. ἐκφάσθαι.

ἐκ-φθίρω, to destroy utterly: Pass. to be undone; imper. ἐκφθείρου, begone! aor. 2 part. ἐκφθάρεις.

ἐκ-φθίνω, only used in Pass. to perish utterly; 3 pl. pf., ἐξέφθινται they have utterly perished; 3 sing. plqpf., ἐξέφθιτο οἶνος νηῶν the wine had all been consumed out of the ships.

ἐκ-φιλέω, f. ἥσω, to love passionately.

ἐκ-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἐκφαιλίζω.

ἐκ-φλέγω, f. ῥω: aor. I ἐξέφλεξα:—to set on fire.

ἐκ-φοβέω, f. ἥσω, to frighten out or away, affright:—Pass. to be affrighted.

ἐκ-φοίνισσω, fut. ῥω, to make red or bloody.

ἐκ-φοιτάω, Ion. -έω, fut. ἥσω, to go out or forth.

ἐκφορά, ἡ, (ἐκ-φέρω) a carrying out of a corpse to burial.

2. a blabbing, betrayal. II. (from Pass.) of horses, a running away.

ἐκ-φορέω, = ἐκφέρω, to carry out a corpse for burial:—Med. to take out with one:—Pass. to move forth.

II. to carry quite out. III. in Pass., to be cast up on shore, Lat. *ejici*.

ἐκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρειν) that which is brought forth, fruit, produce; also rent, tithe.

ἐκφορος, ον, (ἐκφέρω) to be carried out, exportable.

II. to be made known.

ἐκ-φορτίζομαι, Pass., to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed.

ἐκ-φράζω, f. ᾶσω, to tell in full.

ἐκ-φρέω poet. ἐκφρέω: f. ἥσσομαι, also ἥσω: (ἐκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let out, bring out:—Pass. to go out.

ἐκ-φροντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to think out, devise, invent, Lat. *excogitare*.

ἐκ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκ, φρήν) out of one's mind, mad, senseless, Lat. *amens*: also, frenzied.

ἐκ-φυγγάνω, = ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκφύγω, Ep. for ἐξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκ-φύλασσω, f. ῥω, to watch carefully.

ἐκφύνα, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκφύω, formed from ἐκφύμι.

ἐκ-φυσάω, f. ἥσω, to blow or breathe out: metaph., ἐκφυσᾶν πόλεμον to blow up a war from a spark.

ἐκ-φύω, I. Causal in pres., in f. ἐκφύσω [ῥ] : aor. I. ἐξέφῡσα :—to beget, produce. II. intr. in pf. ἐκπέφῡκα, aor. 2 ἐξέφυν, and in Med. ἐκφύομαι :—to be produced or born from, grow from, c. gen.: absol., λάληκα ἐκπεφυκός a born tattler.
ἐκ-φώνέω, f. ἦσω, to pronounce aloud.
ἐκ-χαλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to let go from.
ἐκ-χανύω, f. ὠσω, to puff up, make vain.
ἐκχεύω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐκχέω.
ἐκ-χέω, f. -χέω : aor. I ἐξέχεα, Ep. ἐξέχευα : pf. ἐκκέχῡκα :—to pour out, Lat. effundo : to pour forth in vain, lavish, squander. II. Pass., aor. I ἐξεχύθη [ῥ] : pf. ἐκκέχῡμαι : Ep. forms, 3 pl. plqpf. ἐξεκέχυντο, aor. 2 ἐξέχῡτο or ἐκχῡτο, part. ἐκχῡμενος :—to be poured out, to stream out or forth : generally, to spread out or abroad :—to give loose to passion, Lat. effundi in . . .
ἐκ-χορεύω, f. ὠσω, to break out of the chorus. II. ἐκχορεύομαι, as Dep., to drive out of the chorus.
ἐκ-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω :—to suffice, be enough for : only used as impers. ἐκχρήσει, ἐξέχρησε, it will be, was enough or sufficient for.
ἐκ-χράω, f. ἦσω, to declare as an oracle.
ἐκ-χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to squeeze money from, levy contributions on.
ἐκχῡθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκχέω.
ἐκχυθήσομαι, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.
ἐκχῡμενος [ῥ], Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐκχέω.
ἐκχῡτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκχέω.
ἐκχῡτος, ov, (ἐκχέω) poured out : unconfin'd, outspread, Lat. effusus :—ἐκχῡτον, τό, drink.
ἐκ-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω : pf. pass. ἐκκέχῡσμαι :—to raise by heaping up soil : to silt up, of a river.
ἐκ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out and away, depart from. 2. to slip out of : hence of a joint, to be dislocated. 3. to give way : to give place to.
ἐκ-ψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, Lat. exspiro.
'ΕΚΩ'Ν, ἐκούσα, ἐκόν, willing, voluntary, of free will. III often in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι (where the inf. seems to be pleonastic), willingly, purposely.
ἐλάα, Att. for ἐλαία.
ἐλάαν, Ep. for ἐλάν, inf. of ἐλαίνω.
ἐλάβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.
ἐλάβον, aor. 2 of λαθάνω.
'ΕΛΑΙΑ Att. ἐλάα, ἡ, the olive-tree, Lat. olea, oliva :—proverb., φέρεσθαι ἐκτὸς τῶν ἐλαῶν to run beyond the olives, which stood at the end of the Athenian racecourse, i. e. to go too far. II. the fruit of the olive-tree, an olive. Hence
ἐλαίηεις Att. —άεις, εσσα, ev, of the olive-tree.
ἐλαίνεος, α, ov, and ἐλαϊνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλαία) of the olive-tree, of olive-wood.
ἐλαιο-λόγος, ὁ, (ἐλαία, λέγω) an olive-gatherer.
ἐλαιον, τό, (ἐλαία) olive-oil, oil, Lat. olivum.
ἐλαιος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) the wild-olive, Lat. oleaster.
ἐλαιο-φόρος, ov, (ἐλαία, φέρω) olive-bearing.
ἐλαιο-φύης, ἐς, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.
ἐλαιό-φυτος, ov, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.
ἐλαῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἐλαία : Att. pl. ἐλαῖδες.

ἐλαῖων, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) an olive-garden, olive-yard, Lat. olivētum :—as prop. n., the Mount of Olives, Olivet.

ἐλάκησα, ἐλάκον, aor. I and 2 of λάσκω.
ἐλάμβην, Ion. for ἐλήφην, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλάνδρος, ov, (ἐλεῖν, ἀνήρ) man-slaying.
ἐλάσα, Ep. for ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαίνω :—ἐλάσασκε, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing. :—ἐλασαίατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐλάσαντο, 3 plur. aor. I opt. med.
ἐλασᾶς, ὁ, an unknown bird.

ἐλάσσειν, Desiderat. of ἐλαίνω, to wish to drive.
ἐλάστια, ἡ, (ἐλαίνω) riding, driving.
ἐλάστ-βροντος, ov, (ἐλαίνω, βροντή) thunder-burling.
II. buried like thunder.

ἐλάσ-ἵππος, ov, (ἐλαίνω, ἵππος) horse-driving.
ἐλάσς, εως, ἡ, (ἐλαίνω) a driving, riding : also rowing. 2. a driving away, banishing. 3. (sub. στρατοῦ), a march, expedition ; (sub. ἵππου) riding.

ἐλασσά, Ep. for ἐλασα, ἤλασα, aor. I of ἐλαίνω.
ἐλασσάω, Att. —ττώω, f. ὠσω : aor. I. Att. ἡλάττωσα :—Pass., fut. ἐλασσώθησομαι, but also f. med. ἐλασσώσομαι in pass. sense : aor. ἡλασσώθην :—to make less, smaller, or worse : to lessen, damage : hence to detract from. II. Pass. to become smaller, diminish : to come short of, have too little of a thing : c. gen. to be inferior to. From

ἐλάσσω Att. —ττων, ov, gen. ονος :—smaller, less, fewer, worse ; ἐλασσον ἔχειν to have the worse :—neut. ἐλασσον as Adv., in a less degree ; also reg. Adv. ἐλασσόνως :—Used as Comp. of μικρόν with Sup. ἐλάχιστος : the Posit. ἐλαχὺς is found only in old Ep.

ἐλαστρέω, f. ἦσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐλαίνω, to drive : to row : also to drive about.

ἐλάσω, fut. of ἐλαίνω. [ᾱ]
ἐλατῶν, verb. Adj. of ἐλαίνω, one must ride.

'ΕΛΑ'ΤΗ [ᾱ], the pine or fir. II. an oar, as being made of pine-wood : later also the whole ship.

ἐλατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐλαίνω) a driver, a charioteer ; ἐλατήρ βροντῆς burler of thunder. II. one that drives away.

III. a broad, flat cake. Hence
ἐλατήριος, α, ov, driving away.

ἐλατῖνος, ἡ, ov, (ἐλάτη) of the pine or fir : of pine or fir-wood.

ἐλαττον, Att. neut. for ἐλασσον, as Adv., less.

ἐλαττονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐλάσσω) to have less, have too little, be lacking.

ἐλάττων, ἐλαττόν, ἐλάττωμα, Att. for ἐλασσ—

'ΕΛΑΤ'ΝΩ : fut. ἐλάσω [ᾱ], Ep. ἐλάσσω, Att. ἐλῶ, inf. ἐλάν, Ep. also ἐλῶν :—aor. I act. ἤλασα, Ep. ἐλάσα, ἐλασσα :—pf. ἐλήλακα :—Med., aor. I ἡλασάμην, Ep. 2 sing. ἐλάσαιο, part. ἐλασσάμενος :—Pass., aor. ἡλάσθην and ἡλασθήν : pf. ἐλήλαμαι and ἐλήλασμαι : plqpf. 3 sing. ἡλήλατο, Ep. ἐλήλατο :—v. ἐλάω :—to drive, drive on, set in motion, esp. of horses, chariots, ships. 2. seemingly intrans. to ride, drive, sail, row ; ἐλαύνοντες the rowers :—in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν *to sail on a calm sea*; πόντον ἐλάταις ἐλαύνειν *to urge the sea with oars*;—then really intrans., *to advance, proceed, push on, go on*; ἐς τοσοῦτον ἤλασαν *they proceeded so far*. 3. *to drive away, carry off*, Lat. *abigere*, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μύσος, μίασμα, ἄγος ἐλαύνειν *to drive away pollution*. 4. *to drive into narrow compass, press in battle*: Att. also, *to harass, trouble, annoy*. II. *to strike, to cut, wound by cut or thrust*; c. dupl. acc., ὤμον ἐλαύνειν *τινά to wound him on the shoulder*. 2. *to thrust, drive through*: Pass. *to go through*. III. *to beat out metal*, Lat. *ducere*; ἀσπίδα ἐλαύνειν *to make a shield of beaten metal*. 2. *to draw out, to draw*; ἐλαύνειν ὄρχον ἀμπελίδος *to draw a line of vines*, i. e. plant them in line: hence generally, *to plant, produce*. 3. *κολῶν ἐλαύνειν to prolong, keep up the brawl*.

ἐλάφειος, *ον*, (ἐλαφος) *of or belonging to deer*. ἐλαφθολία, ἡ, (ἐλαφθόλος) *a shooting of deer*. ἐλαφθολία (sub. ἱερά), τὰ, *a festival of Artemis*. Hence ἐλαφθολιών, ὄνος, ὁ, *the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the Elaphebolia were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April*. ἐλαφθόλος, *ον*, (ἐλαφος, βάλλα) *biting or shooting deer*: as Subst. *a deer-bunter*. ἐλάφο-κτόνος, *ον*, (ἐλαφος, κτείνω) *deer-killing*. ἘΛΑΦΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, *a deer*; whether male, *a hart* or stag, or female, *a hind*. ἐλάφοσ-σοτή, ἡ, (ἐλαφος, σείω) *deer-hunting*. ἐλαφρία, ἡ, *lightness: thoughtlessness*. From ἘΛΑΦΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, and ὅς, ὄν, *light in weight*, Lat. *LEVIS*: metaph. *light, not burdensome, easy*, ἐν ἐλαφρῷ ποιεῖσθαι *to make light of*:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶς, *lightly, easily*. II. *light in moving, nimble, swift, active*; οἱ ἐλαφροὶ *light troops*, Lat. *levis armatura*. III. metaph. *light-minded, thoughtless*. ἐλάχιστος, *η, ον*, Sup. of ἐλάχισον, *fewest, smallest, least, worst*:—τὸ ἐλάχιστον, as Adv. *at the least*; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστα.—Hence comes a new Comp. ἐλαχιστότερος, *less than the least*; Sup. ἐλαχιστότατος, *the very least*.

ἐλάχων, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω. ἐλάχυν-πτερυξ, *υγος*, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλαχύς, πτερυξ) *short-winged*; of fishes, *short-finned*. ἘΛΑΧΥΣ, εἰα, ὕ, *small, short, little*: Ep. word, whence ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος are formed. ἐλάω, rare poet. pres. for ἐλαύνω; Ep. inf. ἐλάαν, impf. ἐλαον, ἐλαν.

ἘΛΑΘΟΜΑΙ, ἐλδομαι, Dep. *to wish, long: to wish for, strive after, covet, desire*. Hence ἐλδωρ, ἐέλδωρ, τό, indecl. *a wish, longing, desire*. ἔλε, Ep. for εἶλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of αἰρέω. ἐλεαῖρα, poet. for ἐλεέω, *to take pity on*. ἘΛΕΑΣ, ἄντος, ὁ, *a kind of owl*. ἐλεγεία, ἡ, = ἐλεγος, *an elegiac poem*. ἐλεγείον, τό, (ἐλεγος) *a distich consisting of a hexa-*

meter and a pentameter, the metre of the elegy:—in plur. = ἐλεγεία ἐλεγος.

ἐλεγείος, ἂ, *ον*, (ἐλεγος) *of the elegy, elegiac*. ἐλέγω, Dor. for ἐλέγω, 2 sing. impf. pass. of λέγω. ἐλέγεις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλέγγω) *a refuting, reproving*. ἐλεγος, ὁ, *a song of mourning, a lament*, at first without reference to metrical form, later always in alternate hexameters and pentameters. ἐλεγχείη, ἡ, (ἐλέγγω) *a reproach, disgrace*. ἐλεγχής, ἐς, (ἐλεγχος) *liable to reproach, shameful, esp. cowardly*:—itreg. Sup. ἐλέγχιστος. ἐλέγχος, τό, (ἐλέγγω) *a reproach, disgrace, dishonour*; κάκ' ἐλέγχεα *base reproaches to your name*. ἐλέγχος, ὁ, *a means of testing, a trial, test*, Lat. *argumentum: disproval, refutation*. II. *an examination, scrutiny*. From

ἘΛΕΤΧΩ, fut. ξω; aor. 1 ἡλεξα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἡλέχθην; pf. ἐλήλεμαι:—*to disgrace, put to shame, dishonour*. II. *to convince, refute, confute*, Lat. *arguere*: of arguments, *to disprove*: also *to accuse, reprove, reproach*. 2. *to examine, question: to prove, attest*.

ἐλε-δεμνάς, ἡ, (*ἔλω, δέμνιον) *couch-destroying*. ἐλεῖν, Ep. for ἐλείν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω. ἐλεινός, in Att. Poets ἐλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλεος) *pitiable, pitious*: pitied: generally, *wretched, miserable*.—Adv. ἐλεινῶς, poet. ἐλεινῶς, *pitifully*: also neut. pl. ἐλεινὰ as Adv.

ἐλεέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐλεος) *to have pity on, shew mercy upon*.

ἐλεημοσύνη, ἡ, *pity, mercy: an alms*. From ἐλεῖν, *on*, gen. *ονος*, (ἐλεέω) *pitiful, merciful*. ἐλεητός, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for ἐλεος, *pity, mercy*. Ἐλεῖθια, ἡ, = Εἰλεῖθια. ἐλείν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω. ἐλεινός, Att. for ἐλεινός. ἐλειο-βάτης, *ου*, ὁ, (ἐλος, βαίνω) *marsh-dwelling*. ἐλειος, *ον*, and *α, ον*, (ἐλος) *of or in the marsh*.

ἐλειψάμην, aor. 1 med. of λείβω. ἔλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, *to lie*. ἘΛΕΛΕΤ' or ἐλελεεύ, like ἀλαλά, *a loud cry*. ἐλελήθεις, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of λαθάνω. ἐλελίξω (A): f. ξω; Ep. aor. 1 ἐλέλιξα, pass. ἐλελίχθην: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) ἐλέλικτο:—Ep. lengthd. form of ἐλίσσω, *to whirl round*. II. of soldiers, *to wheel them round, rally them*. III. generally, *to make to tremble or quake*:—Pass. *to quake, tremble, quiver*. IV. in Pass. also *to wind or twist oneself along*.

ἐλελίξω (B): f. ξω; aor. 1 ἡλέλιξα:—*to cry ἐλελεῦ, to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry*. ἐλέλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐλελίξω (A).

ἐλελίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of ἐλελίξω (A). ἐλελίχθων, *ον*, *ονος*, (ἐλελίξω, χθών) *earth-baking*. ἐλελόχην, plqpf. of λαγχάνω. ἐλénās, ἡ, (ἐλέν, vās Dor. for ναῦς) *ship-destroying*. ἐλεόθρεπτος, *ον*, (ἐλος, τρέφω) *marsh-bred*.

ἐλεόν, Adv. like ἐλεεινόν, *piteously*.

ἘΛΕΟΨ, ὁ, and ἐλεόν, τό, a kitchen-table, a dresser.

ἘΛΕΟΨ, οὐ, ὁ, also ἔλεος, εὐς, τό, *pity, mercy, compassion*. II. an object of compassion, a piteous thing.

ἐλέπολις, poet. ἐλέ-πολις, ι, gen. ἰδος and εως: (ἐλεῖν, πόλις) *city-destroying*, of Helen.

ἐλσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλετός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐλεῖν) *that can be taken or caught*.

ἐλευθερία Ion. -ία, ἡ, (ἐλεύθερος) *freedom, liberty: freedom from a thing*.

ἐλευθέριος, ον, (ἐλεύθερος) *dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank*, Lat. *liberalis*: esp. *freely-giving, bountiful, liberal*. It bears the same relation to ἐλεύθερος as *liberalis* to *liber*. II. as epith. of Jove, the Releaser, Deliverer. Hence

ἐλευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, *freedom of spirit, liberality*.

ἐλευθερίως, Adv. of ἐλευθέριος: Comp. -ιώτερον, Sup. -ιώτατα.

ἐλευθερό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, *having free children*.

ἘΛΕΥΘΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, and Att. ος, ον, *free, Lat. LIBER*; ἐλευθερον ἡμαρ the day of freedom; τό ἐλευθερον *freedom*. 2. *free or freed from a thing*.

III. of things, *free for all to use, open to use*. II. like ἐλευθέριος, *fit for a freeman, free-spirited*, Lat. *liberalis*.

ἐλευθεροστομέω, f. ἦσω, *to be free of speech*. From

ἐλευθερό-στομος, ον, (ἐλεύθερος, στόμα) *free-spoken*.

ἐλευθερ-ουργός, ὅν, (ἐλεύθερος, ἔργον) *bearing himself freely, of a horse*.

ἐλευθερώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐλεύθερος) *to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit*. Hence

ἐλευθέρως, Adv. of ἐλεύθερος, *freely, with freedom*.

ἐλευθέρωσις, εως, ἡ, *a setting free*.

Ἐλευθώ, ὅος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, = Εἰλεῖθνα.

Ἐλευσίν or Ἐλευσίς, ἴνος, ἡ, *Eleusis*, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Proserpine:—Adv.

Ἐλευσινάδην, to *Eleusis*; Ἐλευσινώθεν, from *Eleusis*. Hence

Ἐλευσινός, α, ον, of *Eleusis*.

Ἐλευσις, εως, ἡ, *a coming: esp. the Advent*. From ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι: but in Att. εἰμι *ibo* was chiefly used.

ἐλεφαίρομαι, Dep. *to cheat with empty hopes: hence generally, to trick, overreach, destroy*.

ἐλεφαντίνεος, α, ον, and ἐλεφάντινος, η, ον, (ἐλέφας) of *ivory, ivory*, Lat. *eburneus*.

ἐλεφαντό-δερος, ον, (ἐλέφας, δέω) *inlaid with ivory*.

ἐλεφαντο-μαχία, ἡ, (ἐλέφας, μάχομαι) *a battle of elephants*.

ἘΛΕΦΑΣ, αντος, ὁ, the elephant, Lat. *elephas*. II. the elephant's tusk, ivory, Lat. *ebur*.

ἐλεφα, aor. I of λέπω.

ἐλη, ἡ, = εἰλη, ἀλέα, the beat or light of the sun.

ἐλη, 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἰρέω: and ἔλαμι, Ion. for ἔλη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj.

ἐλήλαδα, ἐλήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλήλαται, -το, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλέγχω.

ἐληλέδατο, for ἐλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of ἐλαίνω.

ἐλήλιγμα, pf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.

ἐλήλυθα, pf. of ἔρχομαι.

ἐλήφθην, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλθέ, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔρχομαι.

ἐλθεῖν, Ep. ἐλθέμεν, -έμενα, aor. 2 inf. of ἔρχομαι.

ἐλιδναι, Adv. (ἐλίσσω) *whirling, spinning*.

ἔλιγμα, ματος, τό, (ἐλίσσω) *that which is rolled: a curl, ringlet*.

ἐλιγμός, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω) *a rolling, twisting, winding, esp. of a winding passage*.

ἐλικ-ἀμπυξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ἀμπυξ) *with a circlet round the hair*.

ἐλικο-βλέφαρος, ον, (ἐλιξ, βλέφαρον) *with quick-moving eyelids, quick-glancing*.

ἐλικο-δρομος, ον, (ἐλιξ, δραμεῖν) *twisting, winding*.

ἐλικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐλίσσω) *rolled, wound, wreathed*.

Ἐλικών, ὄνος, ὁ, *Helicon*, a mountain in Boeotia, the seat of the Muses.

Ἐλικωνίος, α, ον, *Heliconian, of Helicon*.

ἐλικ-ῶψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλιξ, ῶψ) *with rolling eyes, quick-glancing: fem. ἐλικῶπις*.

ἐλίνυω or ἐλινύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐλίνυσα:—Ion. Verb, *to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep*. II. *to be lazy*.

ἔλιξ, ἰκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) Adj. *rolled, twisted, winding, spiral*: epith. of oxen, probably from their twisted, crumpled horns.

ἔλιξ poet. εἰλιξ, ἰκος, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) *anything twisted or spiral: an armet or ear-ring:—a whirl, eddy, whirlwind, Lat. vortex; ἔλικες σπεροτήης flashes of forked lightning:—the tendrils of the vine or of ivy:—the coil of a serpent:—a curl or lock of hair*.

ἐλιξό-κερως, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ων, (ἐλίσσω, κέρας) *with crumpled horns*.

ἐλιπον, aor. 2 of λείπω.

ἐλίσσμεν, Ep. inf. of ἐλίσσω.

ἘΛΙΣΣΩ Att. -τω, Ep. and Ion. ἐλίσσω: fut.

ἐλίσω: aor. I ἐλίσα:—Pass. aor. I ἐλίσθην: pf. ἐλή-

λιγμα: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐλικο:—*to turn about, turn round and round, roll, Lat. VOLVO: to whirl, move rapidly; πλάταν ἐλίσσειν to ply the rapid oar*. 2.

metaph. *to turn in one's mind, revolve*. 3. intrans. *to hurry, move quickly about*. II. Pass. and Med. *to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay:—to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged: to wind one's way: to spin round; ὦραι ἐλίσσόμεναι the circling hours*.

ἐλι-τροχος, ον, (ἐλίσσω, τροχός) *whirling the wheel round*.

ἐλί-χρυσος, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω, χρυσός) *belicbryse, a creeping plant with yellow flowers*.

ἐλαίνω, (ἐλλος) *to be sore from a wound*.

ἐλκεσί-πέπλος, ον, (ἐλκω, πέπλος) *trailing the robe, long-robed*.

ἐλκε-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, (ἐλκω, χίτων) *trailing the tunic, with a long tunic*.

ἐλκέω, f. ἤσω, strengthd. for ἔλκω, to drag about, tear asunder:—to maltreat, treat rudely. Hence ἔλκηδόν, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and ἔλκηθμός, ὁ, a being carried off, rough usage. ἔλκημα, ατος, τό, (ἐλκέω) that which is dragged away, a prey.

ἐλκο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἐλκος, ποιέω) making wounds, having power to wound.

ἜΛΚΟΣ, εως, τό, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. *ULCUS*. Hence

ἐλκώω, f. ὤσω, to wound sorely.

ἐλκῦδριον, τό, Dim. of ἔλκος, a slight sore.

ἐλκύσαι [ῥ], aor. I inf. of ἔλκω.

ἐλκυστίζω, Frequent. of ἔλκω, to drag about.

ἜΛΚΩ, f. ἔλξω: aor. I εἴλξα, poet. ἔλξα: but also (as if from *ἐλκύω) fut. ἐλκύσω [ῥ]: aor. I εἰλκύσα: Pass., aor. I ἐλκύσθην: pf. εἰλκύσμαι, Ion. ἔλκυσμαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. *trabo*: to draw ships down into the sea, Lat. *deducere naves*: to drag along a dead body: also to tear: metaph. to carp at. 2.

to draw a bow: to draw a sword. 3. to stretch,

bend sails. 4. to draw or hold up scales to weigh with. 5. to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long draughts, quaff: also, ἔλκειν κόρδακα to dance in long measured steps. 7. ἔλκειν βίοντον to drag out a weary life. 8. to draw to oneself, attract,

esp. of the magnet. 9. ἔλκειν σταθμόν to draw down the balance, i.e. to weigh so much: absol. to weigh ἔλκει πλείον it weighs more. 10. ἐλκύσαι πλίνθους to mould bricks, Lat. *ducere lateres*. II.

Med., ἔλφος ἔλκεσθαι to draw one's sword. 2. to draw to oneself, amass.

ἐλκ-ώτης, ες, (ἐλκος, εἶδος) like a wound, ulcerous. ἔλκωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλκώω) ulceration.

ἐλλάβον, Ep. for ἔλαβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω. ἔλ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. (ἐν, λαμπρύνω) to gain distinction in.

ἐλ-λάμπω, f. ψω, (ἐν, λάμπω) to shine in or upon:—Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

ἘΛΛΑΝΟ-ΔΙΚΑΙ, ὦν, οἱ, (Ἑλλην, δικη) the chief judges at the Olympic games. II. at Sparta, a court-martial to try disputes among the allied troops.

Ἑλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Ἑλλην) Hellen a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen. II. that part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwell, also called Phthiotis. III. Greece.

Ἑλλάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἑλληνικός. ἑλλάχον, Ep. for ἑλαχον, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

ἑλλέβορος, ὁ, *hellebore*, Lat. *veratrum*, a plant used by the ancients as a cure for madness; πῖθ' ἑλλέβορον drink *hellebore*, i.e. you are mad.

ἐλλεδανός, ὁ, (εἶλω) a band to bind corn-sheaves: straw-rope.

ἐλλεμμα, ματος, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

ἐλ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐνέλειπον: (ἐν, λείπω)—to leave in, leave behind. II. to leave out, pass by, omit. III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come short of, be inferior to:—c. inf. to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come short, fail: to fail in duty. IV. in Med. or Pass.

to fail of: be inferior to. Hence

ἐλλεμῖς, εως, ἡ, a falling short, defect.

ἐλ-λεσχος, ὄν, (ἐν, λίσχη) of common talk.

Ἑλλην, ηνος, ὁ, *Hellen*, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the Ἑλληνες, at first, dwellers in the Thessalian Hellen; later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάρβαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew, a pagan, gentile. II. as Adj., = Ἑλληνικός. Hence

Ἑλληνίζω, f. ἴσω, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek:—Pass., Ἑλληνισθῆναι τὴν γλῶσσαν to be made Greeks in language.

Ἑλληνικός, ὁς, ὄν, (Ἑλλην) Hellenic, Greek; τὸ Ἑλληνικόν = οἱ Ἕλληνες, the Greeks. Adv. Ἑλληνικῶς, in Greek fashion.

Ἑλληνίος, α, ὄν, = Ἑλληνικός.

Ἑλληνῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Ἑλλην) a Grecian woman. 2. opp. to a Jewess, a heathen or gentile woman.

Ἑλληνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (Ἑλληνίζω) an imitator of the Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

Ἑλληνιστί, (Ἑλληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: Ἑλληνιστὶ ἐνιέναι to understand Greek.

Ἑλληνο-τάμιαί, ὦν, οἱ, (Ἑλλην, ταμία) the stewards of Greece, i.e. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Persian war.

Ἑλλησπόντος, ὁ, (Ἑλλη, πόντος) the Hellespont or sea of Hellé; now the Dardanelles.

ἐλλίπειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐλλείπω. Hence ἐλλίπτης, ἐς, wanting, defective.

ἐλλισοάμην, Ep. for ἐλίσσάμην, aor. 1 of λίσσομαι. ἐλλίτανεον, Ep. for ἐλιτ-, impf. of λιταίνω.

ἐλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν, λόβος) an earring, Lat. *inauris*. ἐλ-λογέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, λόγος) to reckon in: to impute.

ἐλ-λόγμιος, ὄν, (ἐν, λόγος) whatever comes into account, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

ἐλλοπιεύω, f. σω, (ἐλλοψ) to fish.

ἙΛΛΟΨ or ἐλλός, ὁ, a young deer, fawn.

ἙΛΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλλο-φόνος, ὄν, (ἐλλός, *φένω) fawn-slaying.

ἐλ-λοχίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, λόχος) to lie in ambush.

ἐλλοψ, ὀπος, (ἐλλός) mute, epith. of fish.

ἐλ-λῦχινον, τό, (ἐν, λύχνος) a lamp-wick.

ἔλξα, poet. for εἴλξα, aor. I of ἔλκω.

ἔλξις, εως, ἡ, (ἔλκω) a drawing, dragging: attraction. II. a draught.

ἐλοῖμαν, Dor. for ἐλοίμην, aor. 2 opt. med. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῖμι, aor. 2 opt. act. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῖσα, Dor. for ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἔλον, ἐλόμην, poet. for εἶλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.

ἙΛΟΣ, εως, τό, low ground by rivers, a marsh-meadow, marsh.

ἐλοῦμεν, I pl. old Att. impf. of λούω.

ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of αἰρέω.

ἐλοῦτο, 3 sing. Ion. and old Att. impf. med. of λούω.

ἐλῶσι, Ep. for ἐλάσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of ἐλαίνω.
ἐλπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐλπῶ): aor. I ἤλπισα:—
Pass., aor. I ἤλπισθην:—to hope, expect: also, in bad
sense, to fear: c. acc. to hope for, expect: c. dat.
to hope in.

ἘΛΠΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, hope, Lat. spes: later, expectation
either of good or evil, hope or fear.

ἘΛΠΩ, Causal, to make to hope:—Med. ἔλπομαι
Ep. ἐέλπομαι: pf. ἔολπα (with pres. sense), plqpf.
ἐώλπη (with impf.):—to hope, expect, think, be-
lieve; and in bad sense, to fear.

ἐλπωρή, ἡ, Ep. form of ἐλπίς.

ἐλσαι, ἔλασας, aor. I inf. and part. of εἰλω.

ἐλύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of λύω.

ἐλῦμα, ατος, τό, (ἐλύνω) the stock of the plough, on
which the share was fixed, Lat. dentule.

ἐλῦμος, ὁ, (ἐλύνω) a case, sheath, quiver.

ἐλύτρον, τό, a cover, covering, case, sheath. 2. a

place for holding water, a reservoir. From

εἰλω, (εἰλω):—to roll round: only used in Ep. aor.

I pass. ἐλύσθην, to be rolled up, to roll or twist one-
self close up.

ἔλω, aor. 2 subj. of αἰρέω.

ἔλων, impf. of ἐλάω: but ἔλῶν, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἔλωρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἐλεῖν) booty,

spoil, prey. II. pl., Πατρόκλοιο ἔλωρα ἀποτινεῖν

to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all dis honour.

ἐλώριον, τό, = ἔλωρ.

ἐμᾶθον, aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

ἐμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of μάνομαι.

ἐμαρνάσθην, 3 dual impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμάρνατο, 3 sing. impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμ-αυτοῦ, ἐμ-αυτῆς, Ion. ἐμ-εωυτοῦ or ἐμ-ωντοῦ, ἡς,

(ἐμοῦ, αὐτοῦ): reflexive Pronoun of first person, of

myself, Lat. mei ipsius: only used in gen., dat., and

acc. sing., both masc. and fem.: in plur. separated,

ἡμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.

ἐμβᾶ, for ἐμβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμβᾶδόν, Adv. (ἐμβαίνειν) on foot, by land.

ἐμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέβην: pf. ἐμβέ-

βηκα, Ep. part. ἐμβεβᾶς:—to step in:—to step on,

go on. 2. to step into, to go into, go on board,

embark: to mount on: to be fixed upon. 3. to

tread upon. 4. to enter upon, embark in a

thing. II. Causal in aor. I ἐνέβησα, to make to

enter, bring in or into:—cf. ἐμβιβάζω.

ἐμ-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: pf. -βέβληκα: aor. 2 ἐν-έβα-

λον:—to throw, lay, put in; κῶπας ἐμβάλλειν (sub.

χειρας) to lay oneself to the oar; also without κῶ-

πας, to lay to, pull hard. 2. to put into the mind of

another:—Med., ἐμβάλλεσθαι τι θυμῷ to lay a thing

to heart. 3. ἐμβάλλειν εἰς τι to throw one into a

thing, involve in. 4. to throw at another. II.

intr. to break, burst, rush in: to fall on, encounter,

run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on

another with its beak: cf. ἐμβολος.

ἐμβαμμα, ατος, τό, sauce, soup. From

ἐμ-βάπτω, f. ψοι, to dip in.

ἐμβάς, ἄδος [ᾱ], ἡ, (ἐμβαίνω) a kind of felt shoe,
used by the Boeotians; also by old men and poor
people.

ἐμβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμ-βασιλεύω, f. σω, to be king among or over.

ἐμβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐμβαίνειν) a going in or upon: a

going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which

one goes; ἐμβασίς ποδός a shoe, like ἐμβάς. 2. the

sole, foot, hoof.

ἐμ-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear on, carry.

ἐμβατεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἐμβατής) to step in or on, stand

on: hence to dwell in, frequent, haunt: also to pro-

tect, watch: c. gen. to set foot upon. II. to enter

on possession of property.

ἐμβατέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐμβατής) = ἐμβατεύω.

ἐμβατήριος, ον, (ἐμβατεύω) of or for marching:

ἐμβατήριον (sub. μέλος), τό, a march-tune, march.

ἐμβατής, ον, ὁ, (ἐμβαίνειν) he that goes in or upon,

esp. on board ship, a passenger. II. a kind of

boat, cf. ἐμβατής. [ᾱ]

ἐμβάφιος, ον, (ἐμβάπτω) fit for dipping in or into:

τὸ ἐμβάφιον a flat vessel. [ᾱ]

ἐμβεβᾶς, -νία, Ep. pf. part. of ἐμβαίνω: ἐμβέβα-

σαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐμβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω: ἐμβητον, 2 dual:

ἐμβήθη, for ἐμβηῖ, 3 sing. subj.

ἐμ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἐμ-

βαίνειν, to make to step in or upon: to put on board

ship: to lead or guide to.

ἐμβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a looking straight at. From

ἐμ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at: simply,

to look.

ἐμ-βοάω, f. ἥσομαι, to call upon: to shout aloud.

ἐμβολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) a dibble for putting

in plants.

ἐμβολή, ἡ, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. II. in-

trans. an inroad into an enemy's country, an invasion,

foray. 2. the charge made by one ship upon another,

an assault; ἐμβολαὶ χαλκόστομοι the shock of brassen

beaks. 3. an entrance: pass. III. the head

of a battering-ram. Hence

ἐμβόλιμος, ον, (ἐμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted; μὴν

ἐμβ. an intercalary month.

ἐμβολον, τό, (ἐμβάλλω) anything running in; ἐμβ.

τῆς χώρας a tongue of land. 2. a bolt, bar: a

wedge: the beak of a ship of war. 3. a beam,

architrave.

ἐμβολος, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. 2.

the brassen beak of ships of war.

ἐμβραχύν, Adv. (ἐν, βραχύς) in brief, shortly.

ἐμ-βρέμομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

ἐμ-βρεφος, ον, (ἐν, βρέφος) boy-like.

ἐμ-βριθής, ἐς, (ἐν, βριθος) heavy, weighty. II.

metaph. grave, stately, dignified, important. 2. in

bad sense, heavy, grievous, oppressive: of persons,

violent, savage, fierce. III. Adv. -θῶς, firmly.

ἐμ-βρίθω [ῖ], f. ἴσω, to weigh heavily upon.

ἐμ-βριμάομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dep.:—to snort with rage,

of horses: of men, to be sore vexed, be indignant, Lat. commoveri: to charge strictly, censure.

ἐμ-βροντάω, f. ἦσω, to strike with lightning: to strike dumb. Hence

ἐμβρόντητος, ov, thunder-stricken, stupid.

ἐμ-βροχή, ἡ, (ἐν, βρόχος) a noose, halter.

ἐμ-βρούκος, ov, (ἐν, βρύον, οἰκέω) dwelling in seaweed.

ἐμβρύον, τό, (ἐν, βρύω) the fruit of the womb before birth, the embryo, Lat. foetus. 2. a thing newly born: a lamb or kid.

ἐμ-βύθιος, α, ov, or os, ov, (ἐν, βυθός) at the bottom.

ἐμ-βύω, f. ύσω [ῡ], to stuff in, stop up.

ἐμέ, acc. of ἐγώ, enclit. με.

ἐμέγνηρα, aor. I of μεγαίρω.

ἐμέθεν, old poet. gen. for ἐμοῦ.

ἐμέλ, Dor. for ἐμέ, as τέλ for τέ (σέ).

ἐμένα, aor. I of μένω.

ἐμείο, ἐμέο, Ep. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

ἐμέμηνον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of μεμάομαι.

ἐμέμκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμεμνάτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of μμνήσκω.

ἐμέν, poet. for ἐσμέν, I pl. of εἰμί sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμεναι, Ep. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμεναι, Ep. for εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔημι.

ἐμενος, aor. part. med. of ἔημι.

ἐμετικός, ἡ, όν, provoking sickness. II. one who uses emetics. From

ἐμετος, ό, (ἐμέω) sickness, vomiting.

ἐμεῦ, Ep. for ἐμοῦ, enclit. μεῦ: Dor. ἐμεῦς.

ἙΜΕΨΩ, impf. ἤμουν: f. ἐμέσω Att. ἐμῶ and ἐμοῦμαι: aor. ἤμεσα Ep. ἐμεσσα: pf. ἐμήμεκα:—Lat. VOMO, to vomit, throw up: absol. to be sick; ἐμεῖν πτίλει to make oneself sick with a fever.

ἐμεωντοῦ, Ion. for ἐμαντοῦ.

ἐμήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of μήδομαι.

ἐμίγην [Ὶ], aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίξα, aor. I of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίχθην, aor. I pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίν, poet. Dor. for ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμμάθον, Ep. for ἐμαθον, aor. 2 of μανθάνω.

ἐμ-μαίνομαι, Dep. to be mad at. Hence

ἐμμανής, ές, mad, frantic, raving. Adv. -vός.

ἐμμαθέως, Adv. forthwith, immediately, hastily.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμ-μάσσω, f. ξω, to impress upon.

ἐμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσσομαι, Dep. to fight a battle in.

ἐμ-μειδάω, f. άσω [ά], to smile at.

ἐμμέλεια, ἡ, (ἐμμελής) a kind of dance, accompanied by music: the tune of this dance.

ἐμ-μελετάω, f. ἦσω, to exercise in a thing. Hence

ἐμμελέτημα, ματος, τό, an exercise, practice.

ἐμ-μελής, ές, (ἐν, μέλος) in tune, well-timed, harmonious, melodious: generally, regular, agreeable: elegant, graceful: well-bred. Adv. ἐμμελώς, Ion.

-λέως.

ἐμμεαῶς, υἷα, ός, pressing eagerly on, eager, hasty, ardent: pf. part. with no verb in use.

ἐμ-μίμονα, pf. with no pres. in use, to be lost in passion.

ἐμμεν, ἐμμεναι, Ep. inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐμμενής, ές, abiding in: neut. ἐμμενές as Adv., unceasingly. Adv. ἐμμενώς, Ep. and Ion. -έως. From

ἐμ-μένω, f. -μενῶ; aor. I ἐνέμεινα:—to abide in: to abide by, stand by, cleave to, Lat. stare ab aliquo: absol. to continue.

ἐμ-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure in or by.

ἐμ-μετρος, ov, (ἐν, μέτρον) in measure, measured, moderate. II. in metre, metrical.

ἐμ-μηνος, ov, (ἐν, μήν) in a month, lasting a month. II. occurring every month, monthly.

ἐμμί, Dor. for εἰμί sum.

ἐμ-μίγνυμι or -νω, f. -μίξω, to mix or mingle in. II. intrans. to encounter, meet.

ἐμ-μίμνω, poet. for ἐμ-μένω.

ἐμ-μισθος, ov, (ἐν, μισθός) in pay, in receipt of pay.

ἐμμονος, ov, (ἐμμένω) abiding in, steadfast.

ἐμμορα, pf. 2 of μείρομαι.

ἐμ-μορος, ov, (ἐν, μείρομαι) partaking in or of. II (ἐν, μόρος) fortunate.

ἐμ-μοτος, ov, (ἐν, μότος) spread on lint.

ἐμ-μοχθος, ov, (ἐν, μόχθος) toilsome, painful.

ἐμ-μνησθω, f. ἦσω, to initiate at the mysteries in.

ἐμνήσθω, aor. I of μμνήσκω.

ἐμνήσθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of μμνήσκω.

ἐμνωοντο, Ep. for ἐμνωοντο, 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι.

ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμολον, aor. 2 of βλώσσω.

ἐμός, ἡ, όν, possess. Adj. of first pers. from ἐγώ.

ἐμοῦ, mine, Lat. meus; joined with gen. to strengthen the possessive notion ἐμὸν αὐτοῦ mine own; ἐμῇ ἀγγελίᾳ a message about me; τὸ ἐμὸν mine, my part; also in plur., τὰ ἐμά, τάμα:—τό γε ἐμὸν, τὸ μὲν ἐμὸν, for my part, as far as concerns me.

ἐμοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμέω.

ἐμοῦς, Dor. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμπά, Adv., v. ἐμπάς.

ἐμπάγεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐμπάζομαι, Dep. used only in pres. to busy oneself about, take heed of, care for.

ἐμ-πάθος, ές, (ἐν, πάθος) in a state of emotion, much affected. Adv. ἐμπαθώς, passionately.

ἐμπαϊγμονή, ἡ, = ἐμπαϊγμός.

ἐμπαϊγμός, ό, a jesting, mocking. From

ἐμ-παίξω, f. -παίζομαι, to mock, Lat. illudere: to trick, deceive. II. to sport in or on. Hence

ἐμπαϊκτης, ov, ό, a mocker, deceiver.

ἐμπαίξαι, aor. I inf. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐμπαϊχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐμπαίσιος, ov, (B) = ἐμπεισιος, knowing, practised in, c. gen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμπαίσιος, ov, (B) bursting upon one, sudden. From ἐμ-παίω, f. -παίω or -παίησω, to strike in, stamp. II. intr. to burst in upon.

ἐμ-πακτώ, f. ὥσω, to close up, caulk.
 ἐμ-πάλασσω, f. ξω, to entangle in or together.
 ἐμ-πάλιν, poet. also ἐμ-πάλι, (ἐν, πάλιν) Adv. backwards, back. II. contrary to, c. gen. III. in return.
 IV. τὸ ἐμπαλιν, τὰ ἐμπαλιν, by crasis τοῦπαλιν, τὰμπαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.
 ἐμ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to hand over, put in one's power.
 ἐμ-πᾶς, Ion. and Ep. ἐμ-πῆς, Adv. (properly ἐν πᾶσι) altogether, at all events. II. on the whole, nevertheless, still.
 III. joined with περ, however much, ever so much.
 ἐμ-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐνέ-πασα:—to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in, embroider.
 ἐμ-πᾶτέω, f. ἦσω, to tread in, walk into.
 ἐμπεδο-μόχθος, on, (ἐμπεδος, μόχθος) ever-painful.
 ἐμπεδο-ορκῶ, f. ἦσω, (ἐμπεδος, ορκος) to abide by one's oath.
 ἐμ-πεδος, on, (ἐν, πέδον) in its place, steadfast, unshaken. 2. of Time, lasting, continual. II. Advs. ἐμπεδον and ἐμπεδα, ἐμπεδως, fast, of a surety, truly, certainly.
 ἐμπεδο-σθενής, ἐς, (ἐμπεδος, σθένος) with force unshaken.
 ἐμπεδώ, f. ὥσω, (ἐμπεδος) to make firm, establish.
 ἐμπεύραμος, on, = ἐμπεράμος.
 ἐμπειρία, ἡ, experience: experience in or acquaintance with a thing. From
 ἐμ-πειρος, on, (ἐν, πείρα) experienced in, acquainted with, skilful at: proved good by experience: τὸ ἐμπεριότερον greater experience. Adv., ἐμπείρας τινὸς ἔχειν to know a thing by experience.
 ἐμπελαδόν, Adv. near, bard by. From
 ἐμ-πελάζω, f. σω: aor. I ἐνεπέλασα:—to bring near or close to:—also intrans. to come near. II. Pass. to be brought near, approach.
 ἐμπέπηγα, pf. intr. of ἐμπήγνυμι.
 ἐμπεπλησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐμπλήνυμι.
 ἐμπεπόδισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐμποδίζω.
 ἐμπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐμπέπτω.
 ἐμ-πέρβωμος, on, = ἐμπερος, acquainted with.
 ἐμ-περιπατέω, to walk about in: to tarry among.
 ἐμ-περονάω, f. ἦσω, to fasten with a brooch. Hence ἐμπερόνημα, Dor. -ἄμα, ματος, τό, a garment fastened with a brooch or buckle.
 ἐμπεσον, Ep. for ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπέτω.
 ἐμπεσοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμπέτω.
 ἐμ-μετάννυμι or -ύω, f. -μετάσω [ᾱ], to unfold and spread on or out.
 ἐμπεφύασι, Ep. for ἐμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐμφύω:
 ἐμπεφύα, Ep. part. fem.
 ἐμ-πήγνυμι or -ύω, fut. -πήξω: aor. I ἐνέπηξα:—to fix or draft in, c. dat.—Pass., aor. 2 ἐνεπάτην [ᾱ], with pf. act. ἐμπέπηγα, plpf. -γγειν— to stick in.
 ἐμ-πηδάω, f. ἦσομαι, to leap or jump in.
 ἐμ-πηγος, on, crippled, maimed, deformed.
 ἐμ-πῆς, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for ἐμπας.
 ἐμπνέει, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπνέω.

ἐμ-πικραίνω, f. ἄνω, to embitter:—Pass. to be bitter against.
 ἐμπίμπλημι, ἐμπίμπρημι, v. ἐμπίπ-
 ἐμ-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπιον: pf. ἐμπέπωκα: to drink in, drink up: ἐμπίνειν τοῦ αἵματος to drink of the blood.
 ἐμπίπληθι, imperat. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἐμ-πίπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἐνέπλησα:—to fill full of a thing:—Pass. and Med., ἐμπίμπλαμαι, aor. I ἐνεπλήσθην: Ep. aor. 2 ἐνεπλήμην, to fill oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied. II. in Med. also trans. to fill, satisfy: metaph. to have enough of, enjoy.
 ἐμ-πίπρημι, aor. I ἐνέπρησα:—to set on fire.
 ἐμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπεσον Ep. ἐμ-πεσον:—to fall upon: to break in, burst in: aor. 2 part. ἐμπεσών, rushing in violently: also to light on, fall in with.
 ἘΜΠΙΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a mosquito, gnat, Lat. culex.
 ἐμ-πίτνω, poet. for ἐμπέτω, to fall upon.
 ἐμπλάκῃναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπλέκω.
 ἐμ-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐνέπλάσα:—to plaster up, daub over with a thing.
 ἐμ-πλεος, Ep. for ἐμ-πλεος.
 ἐμ-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plait or weave in, interweave, Lat. implicare:—Pass. to be entangled in a thing. 2. metaph. to weave artfully, to render perplexed.
 ἐμ-πλεος, α, on, Ep. ἐμπλεος or ἐνίπλεος, ἡ, on, Att. ἐμπλεως, on, quite full of a thing.
 ἐμ-πλέω, f. -πλευσομαι, to sail in.
 ἐμπλήγηδν, Adv. (ἐμπλήσσω) madly, rashly.
 ἐμπληκτος, on, (ἐμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stupefied, senseless. II. Att. unsteady, rash:—Adv. ἐμπληκτως, madly.
 ἐμπλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπλήνυμι.
 ἐμπλην, (ἐμπελάω) Adv. near, close by.
 ἐμ-πλην, Adv. strengthd. for πλην, besides, except.
 ἐμπλήσας, -άμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of ἐμπλήνυμι: ἐμπλήσατο, Ep. for ἐνεπλήσατο.
 ἐμπλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπλήνυμι.
 ἐμ-πλήσσω Att. -ττω Ep. ἐνίπλ-: f. ξω:—to strike against, stumble upon, fall upon or into.
 ἐμπλητο, for ἐνέπλητο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπλήνυμι:—ἐμπλησο, imperat. of same tense.
 ἐμπλοκή, ἡ, (ἐμπλέκω) a plaiting of the hair.
 ἐμπνευσα, Ep. for ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.
 ἐμ-πνέω, poet. -πνέω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐνέπνευσα:—to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc., ἰστιον ἐμπνέειν to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live, be alive. II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire:—to blow into, swell the sail.
 ἐμπνοια, ἡ, in-breathing, inspiration. From
 ἐμ-πνους, on, contr. -πνους, on, (ἐν, πνοή) having the breath in one, breathing, alive.
 ἐμ-ποδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: (ἐν, πούς):—to entangle the feet, fetter; ἐμ. ἰσχυάσας to tie together figs by their stalks.
 II. generally, to hinder, stop, check.
 ἐμ-πόδιος, on, (ἐν, πούς) in the way, obstructing.

ἐμ-ποδών, Adv. for ἐν ποσὶν ὧν, *before the feet, in the way*; ἐμποδὼν εἶναι to be in the way:—with the Art., τὸ ἐμποδὼν *what is in the way, a hindrance*. II. also, *before one, patent*. Opp. to ἐκποδών.

ἐμ-πολέω, f. ἥσω, to make in, put in, insert. 2. to produce or create in, introduce, cause.

ἐμπολαῖος, α, ον, (ἐμπολή) of or concerned in traffic, epith. of Hermes.

ἐμπολάω, impf. ἡμόλων; f. ἐμπολήσω; pf. ἡπόληκα: (ἐμπολή):—to gain by traffic: to earn, gain: Med., βίοντον πολλὸν ἐμπολόωντο (Ep. for ἡμπολόωντο) they were getting much substance by traffic. II. absol. to be a merchant, traffic. III. to purchase, buy.

ἐμ-πολέμει, f. ἥσω, to wage war in.

ἐμ-πολέμιος, ον, of belonging to war, hostile.

ἐμπολεὺς, εως, ὁ, (ἐμπολάω) a merchant, trafficker.

ἐμ-πολή, ἡ, (ἐν, πωλέω) merchandise: traffic. II. gain made by traffic, profit.

ἐμπόλημα, ατος, τό, (ἐμπολάω) matter of traffic, a cargo: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἐμπολήτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐμπολάω) bought and sold.

ἐμ-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐν, πόλις) in the city or state: ὁ ἐμπολις τινι one's fellow-citizen.

ἐμ-πολίτευω, f. σω, to be a citizen in a state, hold civil rights in.

ἐμπολόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. pass. of ἐμπολάω.

ἐμπόρευμα, ατος, τό, an article of commerce. From ἐμπορευομαι, f. εὐστόμαι: aor. 1 ἐνεπορεύην; Dep.: (ἐμπορος):—to be on a journey. II. to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffic. 2. c. acc. to trade or traffic in a thing. Hence

ἐμπορευέον or —εα, verb. Adj. one must go.

ἐμπορία, ἡ, (ἐμπορος) traffic, trade, commerce: a trade. II. goods trafficked in, merchandise.

ἐμπορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐμπορος) of or for traffic, mercantile, commercial; χρήματα ἐμπορικά imported goods.

ἐμπόριον, τό, (ἐμπορος) Lat. emporium, a trading-place, factory, mart. II. ἐμπόρια, τά, merchandise. From

ἐμ-πορος, ον, (ἐν, πῖρος) a passenger on shipboard, Lat. vector. II. a traveller, wanderer. III. one who travels on business, a merchant, Lat. mercator, institor; metaph., ἐμπορος βίου a trader in life.

ἐμ-πορβάω, f. ἥσω, to fix on with a brooch or buckle:—Pass., ἐμάτα ἐνεπορπάετο (Ion. for —ηντο), they wore garments buckled on the shoulder.

Ἐμ-πουσα, ἡ, Empusa, a hobgoblin assuming various shapes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμ-πρακτός, ον, (ἐμπράσσω) practicable.

ἐμπρεπής, ἐς, conspicuous in or by a thing. From ἐμ-πρέτω, to be conspicuous in or among. II. to be conspicuous for.

ἐμ-πρήθω, f. σω, to blow up, inflate. II. = ἐμ-πίρημα, to burn to ashes.

ἐμπρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐμπίρημα) a setting on fire.

ἐμ-προθεν, Adv., poet. for ἐμπροσθεν.

ἐμ-προσθεν, poet. before a conson, —θε, Adv. and

Prep. I. of Place, before, in front of. II. of Time, before, earlier, of old. Hence ἐμ-πρόσθιος, ον, front, fore; οἱ πρόσθιοι (sub. πόδες) the fore-feet of a quadruped, opp. to οἱ ὀπίσθιοι.

ἐμπύτω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to spit upon.

ἐμ-πύκᾳω, f. ἄσω, to wrap up closely:—Pass., νόος οἱ ἐμπεπύκασται his mind is veiled, wrapt in mystery.

ἐμ-πύος, ον, (ἐν, πύον) discharging matter.

ἐμ-πύρεω, f. ὄω, (ἐν, πῦρ) to set on fire.

ἐμ-πύρι-βήτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐν, πῦρ, βαίνω) standing on or over the fire, of a tripod, opp. to ἄπυρος.

ἐμ-πύρος, ον, (ἐν, πῦρ) in or on the fire. II. scorched, burnt. III. of sacrificial fire; ἐμπυρος τέχνη the art of divination by fire:—as Subst., τὰ ἐμπύρα [ιερά] burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt sacrifices.

ἐμύκον, aor. 2 of μνύκομαι.

ἐμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (see ἐσθίω): —to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon.

ἐμ-φαίνω, f. φᾶνῶ; aor. 1 ἐνέφηνα:—to shew, make appear:—Pass., with fut. med. ἐμφανόυμαι, to be seen in, to be reflected: to appear, shew oneself.

ἐμφάνηαι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐμφαίνω.

ἐμφάνής, ἐς, (ἐμφανῆναι) appearing in, visible, plain, manifest. 2. open, in public. 3. palpable, real, actual. Hence

ἐμφάνῳ, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to shew forth: to make clear, explain.

ἐμφανῶς Ion. —εως, Adv. of ἐμφανής, visibly, openly, Lat. palam.

ἐμφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐμφαίνομαι) an appearing in, reflexion: outward appearance.

ἐμφέρεα, ἡ, resemblance. From

ἐμφερής, ἐς, resembling, similar. Adv. —ρῶς, similarly, just as. From

ἐμ-φέρω, f. ἐν-οῖσω, to bear or bring in. II. to object to one, cast in one's teeth.

ἐμ-φλέγω, f. φω, to light up in.

ἐμ-φλοξ, ογος, ὁ, ἡ, with fire in it.

ἐμ-φοβος, ον, (ἐν, φόβος) fearful, terrible. II. pass. frightened, afraid.

ἐμ-φορβίδω, f. ὤσω, (ἐν, φορβιά) to put on the flute-player's mouthpiece.

ἐμ-φορέω, f. ἥσω, like ἐμφέρω, to bear or bring in: —Pass. to be borne about or on. II. in Med. and Pass. to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use of.

III. to inflict on.

ἐμ-φράσσω Att. —τω, f. φω, to stop up, block up.

ἐμφρουρέω, f. ἥσω, to keep guard in. From

ἐμ-φρουρος, ον, (ἐν, φρουρά) on guard in a place: liable to serve. II. pass. guarded, garrisoned.

ἐμ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐν, φρήν) in one's right mind: sensible, alive. 2. in one's senses, sensible, sbrewd, prudent.

ἐμφύης, ἐς, (ἐμφύω) implanted by nature, innate.

ἐμ-φύλος, ον, and ἐμ-φύλιος, ιον, (ἐν, φύλον) of the same tribe or race; ἐμφύλιον αἷμα kindred blood;

τοῦμφυλον αἷμα a kinsman's blood, i. e. murder of a

kinsman.

II. in or among the people; στάσις ἐμφυλός intestine, civil discord.

ἐμφύς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμφύω.

ἐμ-φύσσω, f. ἴσω, to breathe in or into: breathe upon.

ἐμφύτος, ov, inborn, innate. From

ἐμ-φύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐνέφυσα: in these tenses trans. to implant.

II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομαι, with act. pf. ἐνέφθυκα, aor. 2 ἐνέφθην, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἐμφύναι χεῖρὶ to cling fast to his hand.

ἐμ-φώνος, ov, (ἐν, φωνή) with a loud voice.

ἐμ-ψοφος, ov, noisy, sounding.

ἐμ-ψύχος, ov, (ἐν, ψυχή) having life in one, alive, living.

ἐμ-ψύχω, f. ὥσω, (ἐμψυχος) to animate.

ἐν, Dor. and Aeol. for εἰς, into.

ἘΝ poet. ἐνί Ep. εἰν, ἐνί, PREP. with DAT.

IN: I. OF PLACE, in, at; ἐν Ἀθήνῃσι, ἐν Τροίῃ.

2. on, upon; ἐν οὐρεσι on the mountains, etc.

3. of clothing; ἐν ἐσθῇτι in (i. e. wearing) a garment; ἐν ὄπλοις in or under arms.

4. in the number of, amongst; ἐν τοῖς πρῶτοι among some of the very first:—in presence of, before.

5. within one's power, in one's hands; νίκης πείρατ' ἔχοντα ἐν ἀθανάτοισι θεοῖσι are in their hands; ἐν ἐμοὶ ἐστί it is in my power.

6. according to, in accordance with. II.

OF THE INSTRUMENT OR MEANS, with, by, by means of;

ἐν πυρὶ πιμπράναι to burn with fire; ἐν δεσμῷ δῆσαι to bind with a bond.

III. OF TIME, within; ἐν τούτῳ τῷ χρόνῳ within this space; ἐν ᾧ (sub. χρόνῳ) while, during the time that; ἐν βραχὺ in short time.

IV. ELLIPT. in such phrases as ἐν Ἀλκινόοιο, εἰν Ἀΐδαο Att. ἐν Ἀΐδου, etc., where οἶκον or δόμοις is understood.

V. WITHOUT CASE AS AD-VERB, therein, thereat, thereby, moreover: especially.

VI. POSITION:—ἐν sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form ἐνί, then written ἐν.

VII. IN COMPOS., I. with Verbs the Prep. retains its sense of being near, at or in.

2. with Adjs. it expresses either a modified degree, e. g. ἐμ-πικρός, ἐν-λενκος, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or else the possession of a quality, e. g. ἐν-αιμος, with blood in it.

3. in compos. ἐν- becomes ἐμ- before β μ π φ ψ; ἐγ- before γ κ ξ χ; ἐλ- before λ; and in a few words ἐρ- before ρ.

ἐν, neut. of εἶς; and ἐνα, acc. masc.

ἐν-αβρύνομαι, Pass. to be vain of.

ἐν-ἀγής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἀγος) in or under a curse, polluted, blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accurst. Hence

ἐνἀγίω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to offer sacrifice to the dead, Lat. parentare. Hence

ἐνάγισμα, atos, τό, an offering to the dead.

ἐν-αγκάλλομαι, Med. to take in one's arms.

ἐν-αγκυλάω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, ἀγκύλη) to fit ibongs to javelins to throw them with.

ἐν-αγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐναγείρω.

ἐν-αγχος, Adv. (ἐν, ἀγχι) just now, even now, lately.

ἐν-άγω, f. ἴω, to lead in or into, lead on, urge, persuade. 2. c. acc. rei, to propose, suggest.

ἐν-ἀγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight among:—of a place, εὐμενής ἐναγωνίζεσθαι favourable to fight in.

ἐν-ἀγώνιος, ov, (ἐν, ἀγών) of or belonging to a contest, fight or game.

2. ἐναγώνιοι θεοὶ the gods who presided over the games, esp. Hermes.

ἐν-αθλέω, f. ἴσω, = ἀθλέω ἐν, to contend in or among.

ἐναμύηεις, εσσα, εν, = ἐναμιος.

ἐν-αιμος, ov, (ἐν, αἷμα) with blood in it.

ἐναίρεμεν, Ep. ναίρειν, inf. of ἐναίρω.

ἐναίρω Ep. ἐνναίρω: fut. ἐνάρω: aor. 2 ἤναρον, poet. also ἐνάρων: aor. I med. ἐννήραμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἐνήπατο: (ἐναπα):—to slay, kill: also of things, to make away with, destroy.

ἐν-αίστιμος and ἐν-αίστιος, ov, (ἐν, αἴσα) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. fatalis: in good sense, seasonable.

II. in accordance with fate, seemly, proper; and of persons, just, righteous:—Adv. -ίμως, fitly, becomingly.

ἐν-αιχυμάω, f. σω, to wield the spear in.

ἐν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to float or drift about in.

ἐνάκις, Adv. = ἐννάκις.

ἐνάκóστοι, αι, α, (ἐννέα) nine hundred.

ἐν-ἀκούω, f. -ούσομαι, to hear in a place.

ἐν-αλειφω, f. ψω: pf. pass. ἐναήλιμμαι:—to anoint: Med. to anoint oneself or for oneself.

ἐν-ἀλγικος, ov, like, resembling.

ἐν-άλιος, α, ov, and os, ov: Ep. and Lyr. also ἐν-άλιος: (ἐν, ἅλς):—in, on, of the sea, Lat. marinus.

ἐναλλαγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. vicissim.

From

ἐν-αλλάσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ἴω: aor. I -ήλλαξα: pf. -ήλλαχα, pass. -ήλλαγμαi:—to exchange, receive in exchange: also to divert from one thing to another.

II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. to have dealings with.

ἐν-άλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: aor. I -ηλάμην: Dep.:—to leap in or on, to rush against.

ἐν-αλλος, ov, changed, contrary.

ἐν-ἄλος, ov, (ἐν, ἅλς) = ἐνάλιος.

ἐν-ἄμélγω, f. ἴω, to milk into.

ἐν-ἄμιλλος, ov, (ἐν, ἀμίλλα) engaged in equal contest with, a match for.

ἐναμμένος, Ion. for ἐνημμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐν-αντα, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.

ἐν-αντι, (ἐν, ἀντί) Adv., = ἐναντίον.

ἐν-αντίβιος, ov, struggling against: neut. ἐναντίβιον against, in opposition to.

ἐν-αντίος, α, ov, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of.

2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, opposing.

II. opposite, contrary, reverse; τὸ ἐναντίον the contrary, the reverse.

III. neut. ἐναντίον as Adv., against or in presence of.

2. ἐξ ἐναντίου over against, opposite.

3. the regul. Adv. ἐναντίως, contrariwise, c. dat. Hence

ἐναντιώω, *f. ὥσω*, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. ἐναντιόομαι, *f. ὥσομαι*: aor. I ἤναντιόθην: pf. ἤναντιώμαι poet. ἐν—:—to set oneself against, oppose, withstand: to be adverse to. 2. to contradict, gainsay, deny.

ἐναντιώμα, ματος, τό, (ἐναντιώω) an obstacle.

ἐναντιώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐναντιώω) opposition.

ἐναῖα, aor. I of νάσσω.

ἐναπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐναποθνήσκω.

ἐναπήκε, Ion. for ἐναφήκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐναφήμι.

ἐναπήπτε, Ion. for ἐναφήπτε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐναπάπτω.

ἐν-αποδείκνυμι, to display in a thing:—Pass. to be distinguished or manifest.

ἐν-αποθνήσκω, *f. -αποθάνομαι*, to die in.

ἐν-αποκλάω, *f. -κλάω* [ᾱ], to break short off in.

ἐν-απολείπω, *f. ψω*, to leave behind in.

ἐν-απόλλυμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ:—to destroy in or among.

ἐν-απομόρνυμι, *f. -απομόρῳ*:—to rub or wipe off upon; and so to impart.

ἐν-απονίζω, *f. -απονίω*, to wash clean in a thing.

ἐν-αποτίνω, *f. -αποτίσω*, to pay as a penalty.

ἐν-αποψύχω, *f. ψω*, to give up the ghost, expire.

ἐν-άπτω, *f. ψω*, to bind or tie in, on or to:—Pass. and Med., pf. ἐνήμμαι, to be clad in. II. to kindle, set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

ἘΝΑΡΑ, *ων, τά*, used only in plur. the arms of a slain foe, Lat. spolia: booty, spoil.

ἐν-απαρίσκω, aor. I ἐνήρσα, to fit or fasten in. II.

intr. in pf. ἐνήρσα, to be fitted in.

ἐνάργει, Dor. for ἐνήργει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεργέω.

ἐναργής, *ές, (ἐν, ἀργός)* distinct, visible, in bodily form. 2. bright, brilliant. 3. of words, distinct, plain. Hence

ἐναργῶς Ion. -ῶς, Adv. distinctly, visibly.

ἐνάρες or ἐνάριες, *οί*, a Scythian word, = Greek ἀνδρόγυννοι.

ἐνάρηως, *νία, ός*, part. pf. 2 of ἐναπαρίσκω.

ἐνάρη-φόρος, *ον, (ἐναρα, φέρω)* wearing the spoils.

ἐνάρίζω, *f. ζω*: Ep. aor. I ἐνάρηα:—Pass., aor. I ἠνάρισθην: pf. ἠνάρισμα: (ἐναρα):—to strip a slain foe, Lat. spoliare; ἐναρίζειν τινα ἔντα, τεύχη to strip one of his arms: hence to slay in fight, to slay:—Pass., νύξ ἐναρίζομενα night being slain, i.e. brought to an end.

ἐν-ἀριθμέω, *f. ἡσώ*, to count, reckon in or among: generally, to reckon, account:—Med. to make account of, value.

ἐν-ἀριθμός, *ον, (ἐν, ἀριθμός)* reckoned in, counted among. II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in numero habitus.

ἐν-ἀρίμ-βροτος, *ον, (ἐναίρω, βροτός)* slaying men.

ἐν-ἀρμόω and -ττω: *f. ὥσω* Dor. ὄσω:—to fit in: also to fix a weapon in. II. intr. to fit, suit, to be adapted to.

ἐν-ἄρον, τό, see ἐναρα.

ἐν-ἄρον, poet. for ἠν-ἄρον, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.

ἐν-ἄρχομαι, *f. ζομαι* Dep. to begin with. 2. in

sacrifices, ἐν-ἄρχεσθαι τὰ κανᾶ to begin the offering, by taking the barley (οὔλοχύται) from the baskets (κανᾶ, pl. of κανοῦν); cf. κατάρχομαι.

ἐν-ἄσελγαίνω, = ἄσελγαίνω ἐν, to be insolent in:—Pass. to be treated with insult in a thing.

ἐν-ασπιδόομαι, Pass. (ἐν, ἀσπίς) to fit oneself with a shield.

ἐν-ασσα, Ep. aor. I of ναίω.

ἐνατος, Ep. and Ion. εἰνατος, *η, ον, (ἐννέα)* ninth, Lat. nonus: τὰ ἐνατα (sub. ἑρᾶ) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia.

ἐν-αυλάκτο-φοῖτις, *ιδος, ἡ, (ἐν, αὐλαξ, φοιτάω)* roaming in the fields.

ἐν-αυλιζω, *f. ὥσω* Att. ἰῶ, to dwell or lodge in:—Med. to take up quarters for the night in. Hence

ἐναυλιστήριος, *ον*, to be dwell in, habitable.

ἐν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

ἐν-αυλος, *ός*, as Subst., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) a hollow channel: a water-course, a torrent. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) a dwelling, shelter; baunt.

ἐν-αυλος, *ον*, as Adj., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) on or to the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den, at home.

ἐν-αυξάνω, *f. -αυξήσω*, to increase, enlarge.

ἐν-αυχένιος, *ος, ον, (ἐν, αὐχὴν)* in or on the neck.

ἐν-αῦω, aor. I inf. ἐν-αῦσαι, to kindle or light a fire:—Med. to light oneself a fire.

ἐν-αφάπτω, *f. ψω*, to fasten up to a thing.

ἐν-αφήμι, Ion. ἐν-αφ-: *f. -αφήσω*, to let drop in.

ἐν-δαίς, *αιδος, ός, ἡ, (ἐν, δαίς)* with lighted torch.

ἐν-δάτω, to kindle in:—Med. to burn in.

ἐν-δάκνω, *f. δήξομαι*: aor. 2 ἐνέδακον:—to bite into, bold in the teeth.

ἐν-δακρύνω, *f. ὥσω* [ῶ], to weep in.

ἐνδάπιος, *α, ον, (ἐνδον)* native of the country.

ἐν-δατέομαι, Dep. to divide, distribute, esp. in speaking: hence II. to speak of; either in bad sense, to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tell of, celebrate.

ἐνδέβημι, pf. pass. of ἐνδέμω.

ἐνδεδομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνδύω.

ἐνδεστοτέρως, Adv. Comp. of ἐνδεώς, in a less degree.

ἐνδεσσω, fut. of ἐνδέω, to be in want.

ἐνδεής, *ίος, (ἐνδέω)* in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient, poor, weak:—τὸ ἐνδεές lack, want, defect. Hence

ἐνδεα, *ἡ*, want, lack of a thing: absol. need, Lat. egestas: in plur. wants, needs, deficiencies.

ἐνδείγμα, *ατος, τό, (ἐνδείκνυμι)* a proof.

ἐν-δείκνυμι or -ύω: *f. -δείξω*: aor. I ἐνέδειξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεδείχθην: pf. ἐνέδειγμα:—to mark out, Lat. in-dicare: as Att. law-term, to inform against. II. Med. to declare oneself: to display, make a show of a thing. 2. to shew, give proof of. Hence

ἐνδείξις, *εως, ἡ*, a pointing out: a token, evidence, proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against

one who undertook an office for which he was legally disqualified.

ἐν-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (ἐν neut. of εἷς, δέκα) indecl., *eleven*. II. of ἐνδεκα, the *Eleven* at Athens, i. e. the Commissioners of police.

ἐνδεκά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, *eleven cubits long*.
ἐνδεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, *eleven feet long* or *broad*.

ἐνδεκάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἐν-δεκα) the *number eleven*.

ἐνδέκατος, η, ον, (ἐν-δεκα) the *eleventh*.

ἐνδεκ-ετής, οὐ, ὅ, fem. —ετις, ἰδος, *eleven years old*.

ἐν-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐνδέχομαι.

ἐνδελεχής, ἐς, *continual, constant*. Adv. ἐνδελεχῶς, *constantly*.

ἐνδεμα, τό, (ἐνδέω) a *thing bound on, band*.

ἐν-δέμω, f. μῶ, to *wall up*:—to *build in* a place.

ἐν-δεξιόμοι, Dep. to *grasp with the right hand*, *clasp, embrace*.

ἐν-δέξιος, α, ον, on or *towards the right hand, from left to right*; neut. pl. ἐνδέξια as Adv.

2. *propitious, favourable*; ἐνδέξια σήματα *right, good omens*.

ἐνδετος, ον, (ἐνδέω) *bound to a thing, entangled in*.

ἐν-δέχομαι, Ion. —δέχομαι: f. —δέχομαι: Dep.:—to *take upon oneself, Lat. suscipere*.

II. to *accept, admit, believe*: also of things, to *admit, allow* of: hence 2. ἐνδέχεται, *impers. it may be, it is possible*; οὐκ ἐνδέχεται *it is not possible*; τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα *things possible*; ἐκ τῶν ἐνδεχομένων *by every possible means*:—Adv. ἐνδεχομένως, *possibly*.

ἐν-δέω, f. —δήσω: aor. I ἐνέδησα:—to *bind in, on or to*: to *entangle in, implicate or involve in*:—Med. to *tie or pack up*.

ἐν-δέω, f. —δήσω, to *be in want of*: also to *be wanting, to fail*.

II. *impers. ἐνδεῖ, there is need or want of*: there is a *deficiency*; πολλῶν ἐνέδει αὐτῷ *he was in want of many things*. III. *Pass. to be in want or need of*.

ἐνδεώς, Adv. of ἐνδέης, *insufficiently*.

ἐν-δήλος, ον, (ἐν, δηλος) *manifest, clear*:—Adv. ἐνδήλως, *clearly, Sup. —ότατα*.

ἐνδημέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἐνδημος) to *live in or at a place*.

ἐν-δημος, ον, *dwelling in a place*: esp. *at home*: *native, opp. to ξένος*; attached to *home*: of *war, civil, intestine*.

II. of or *belonging to a state*.

ἐνδιάσκειν, Ion. *impf. of ἐνδιάω*.

ἐν-διάγω, f. ξω, to *pass one's time in*.

ἐν-διαθρύπτομαι, *Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle with*.

ἐν-δαιτάομαι, Ion. —έομαι, f. ἡσώμαι, Dep. to *live or dwell in a place*.

ἐν-διατάσσω Att. —ττω, fut. ξω, to *arrange in order throughout*.

ἐν-διατρίβω [τ], f. ξω, to *spend or consume in a place*: absol. (sub. χρόνον) to *spend or waste time in*: also to *dwell upon*.

ἐν-δίω, (ἐνδίω) to *rest in the open air*: to *linger in a place*. II. *trans. to let go into the open air*,

ποιμένες μῆλα ἐνδιάσκον (Ep. *impf.*) *shepherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed*.

ἐν-διδύσκω, = ἐνδύω, to *put on*:—*Pass. to wear*.

ἐν-δίδωμι, f. —δῶσω: aor. I ἐνέδωκα:—to *give into one's hands, surrender*: to *give up* as *lost, throw up*.

II. to *afford*: also to *allow, grant*: to *cause*.

III. to *shew, exhibit, give proof of*.

IV. *intr. to give in, give up, give way*: to *flag, fail*: of things, to *cease*.

V. of a river, to *empty itself*.

ἐν-δίημι, (ἐν, δίω) found only in 3 pl. *impf. ἐνδίσαν, to chase, pursue*.

ἐν-δίκος, ον, (ἐν, δίκη) of things, *according to right, fair, right, just*: *legal*.

II. of persons, *righteous, just, upright*.

2. *possessed of right*. III. Adv. ἐνδίκως, *with right, with justice*: *Sup. ἐνδικώτατα*.

ἐν-δίνα, τὰ, (ἐνδόν) the *entrails, Lat. intestina*.

ἐνδινεύντι, Dor. for ἐνδινούσι, 3 pl. of ἐνδινέω.

ἐν-δίνω, f. ἡσώ, to *revolve in*.

ἐνδίων, τό, a *seat in the air*: a *seat*. From

ἐν-διος, ον, *at midday, at noon*. II. *in the open air*. (From ἐν, Διός genit. of Ζεύς, Lat. sub divo or dio, Horace's sub Jove.)

ἐν-δίφριος, ον, (ἐν, δίφρος) *sitting on the same seat*.

ἐνδοθεν, Adv. (ἐνδον) *from within*: from one's heart, of oneself.

II. *within, c. gen.*

ἐνδοθι, (ἐνδον) Adv. *within*: also, *at home*.

ἐνδοι, Adv. = ἐνδοθι.

ἐνδοιζώ, = ἐνδοιῆ εἶναι, to *be in doubt, at a loss*: to *waver*: of things, aor. I *inf. pass. ἐνδοισαθήναι, to be matter of doubt*. Hence

ἐνδοισατός, ἡ, ὄν, *doubtful*. Adv. —τῶς, *doubtfully*.

ἐνδο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, Dor. —χας, (ἐνδον, μάχομαι) *fighting or bold at home, epith. of a dunghill cock*.

ἐν-δόμησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐν, δόμος) a *thing built in, a building, structure*.

ἐνδο-μυχός, ον, (ἐνδον, μυχός) *in the inmost part of a dwelling*.

ἐνδον, Adv., and Prep. governing gen., (ἐν) *within, Lat. intus*: *at home, Lat. domi*: in one's own country: οἱ ἐνδον *those of the house, esp. the domestics*; τὰ ἐνδον *household affairs*.

ἐν-δοξος, ον, (ἐν, δόξα) *held in repute, honoured*.

2. of things, *glorious*. Adv. —ξως.

ἐνδοσμός, ον, (ἐνδιδωμι) *sounding the key-note*: τὸ ἐνδοσίμον (sub. μέλος) a *key-note*.

ἐνδοτέρος, α, ον, Comp. formed from ἐνδον, *inner*: *Sup. ἐνδοτάτος, η, ον, inmost*.

ἐν-δονπέω, f. ἡσώ, to *fall in with a heavy sound*.

ἐν-δρομέω, f. ἡσώ, (ἐν, δρόμος) to *run in, fall into*.

ἐν-δρομῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐν, δρόμος) a *thick cloak worn by runners after exercise, for fear of cold*.

ἐν-δρσος, ον, (ἐν, δρόσος) *dewy, dank*.

ἐν-δρῦον, τό, (ἐν, δρῦς) the *strong oaken pin* by which the yoke is fixed to the pole (ιστοβοεύς).

ἐνδίκως, Adv. *zealously, heartily, earnestly*. The Adj. ἐνδύκης is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐν-δυνάμω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, δύναμις) to *strengthen*:—*Pass. to acquire strength*.

ἐν-δυναστεύω, f. σω, to have power in or among. II. to prevail by authority.

ἐνδύς, ὅσα, ἴν, aor. 2 part. of ἐνδύνω.

ἐν-δυοῦσίν, f. ἴσω, to be unlucky in or with.

ἐν-δυτήρ, ἥρος, ὅ, (ἐνδύω) as Adj. fit for putting on.

ἐνδυτήριος, α, ον, (ἐνδύω) = ἐνδυτήρ.

ἐν-δυτός, ὄν, put on: as Subst., ἐνδυτόν, τό, that which is put on, a garment, dress. II. clad in.

From

ἐν-δύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. I ἐνέδυσσα; in these tenses, trans., to put on another; ἐνδύσειν τινά to put on one, clothe one in. II. intr. ἐνδύνω and in Med. ἐνδύομαι, with aor. 2 act. ἐνέδυν, pf. -δέδυκα: to put on oneself, put on, wear. 2. to go in, enter; ἀκοντιστὴν ἐνδύσαι to put enter the contest of darting. 3. to implicate oneself in a matter: also to insinuate oneself into.

ἐνέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐμβάλλω.

ἐνέβην, aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνειν.

ἐνεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνέγκαι and ἐνεγκεῖν, aor. I and 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνέγραψα, aor. I of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνεγύθη, ἐνεγύθηκα, ἐνεγύων, see ἐγγύω.

ἐνέδειξα, ἐνέδειχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-δεῖκναι.

ἐνέδησα, aor. I of ἐνδέω, to bind in.

ἐν-έδρα, ἡ, a lying in wait, ambush, Lat. insidiae.

ἐνεδρεύω, f. σω: (derived from ἐνέδρα: but in the augm. tenses, ἐνέδρευον, ἐνέδρευσα, ἐνέδρευθην, ἐνέδρευμαι, as if compd. of ἐν, ἐδρεύω):—to lie in wait for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari:—Pass. to be caught in an ambush: to be ensnared. II. to place in ambush: Med. to set an ambush: Pass. to be set in ambush.

ἐν-εδρον, τό, = ἐνέδρα.

ἐν-εδρος, ον, (ἐν, ἐδρα) an inmate, inhabitant.

ἐνέδυσσα, ἐνέδυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐνδύνω.

ἐν-έξομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down in, abide or reside in: cp. ἐνήμαι.

ἐνέηκα, Ep. for ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνέημι.

ἐνέην, Ep. for ἐνήην, impf. of ἐνέημι.

ἐνεθυμήθην, aor. I of ἐνθυμέομαι.

ἐν-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, its place being supplied by ἐνοράω: to see or observe in: absol. to observe, remark. Cf. εἶδον.

ἐνεῖκα, Ep. for ἤνεῖκα (Ion. for ἤνεγκα), aor. I of φέρω: inf. ἐνεῖκαι.

ἐνεκέμεν, Ep. for ἐνεγέκεμεν, aor. 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνεκεον, impf. of νεύω.

ἐν-εἶλλω and ἐν-εἰλέω, f. ἴσω, to wrap up in.

ἐνεῖμα, aor. I of νέμω.

ἐν-εἰμεν, Ep. for ἐνεσμεν, 1 pl. of ἐνέημι: but II.

ἐνεῖμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of νέμω,

ἐν-εἰμι, f. ἐνέσσομαι, (ἐν, εἰμί sum) to be in a place, to be within: to be in or among. II. to be possible; impers., ἐνεστί τιμι it is in one's power, one may or can: part. neut. ἐόν used absol., it being possible.

ἐν-εἴρω: pf. pass. ἐνερμαι:—to entwine, interweave.

ἐνέει, ἐνέεισα, aor. 2 part. of ἐνέημι.

ἐνεκα, Ion. and Ep. ἐνεκεν, poet. also εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν: Prep. with gen., put both before and after its case, on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia, causa.

II. with respect to, as far as regards, as for; ἐνεκα ἐμοῦ as far as depends on me. III. by means of; τέχνης εἵνεκα by force of art.

ἐνεκάλυψα, aor. I of ἐγκαλύπτω.

ἐνεκείμεν, impf. of ἐγκέμαι.

ἐνεκέραισα, aor. I of ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐνέκραγον, aor. 2 of ἐγκράζω.

ἐνέκρυσσα, aor. I of ἐγκρύπτω.

ἐνέκυρσα, aor. I of ἐγκύρω.

ἐνέκυρσα, aor. I of ἐγκύπτω.

ἐν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ:—to drive in or into.

ἐνέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐλλείπω.

ἐν-ελίσσω, f. ξῶ, to roll or wrap up in, Lat. involvo.

ἐνεμαζάμην, aor. I med. of ἐμαῖσσω.

ἐνέμενα, aor. I of ἐμμένω.

ἐνεμέσσα, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of νεμεσάω.

ἐν-εμέω, f. ἔσω, to vomit in.

ἐνεμήθην, aor. I pass. of νέμω.

ἐνεμύθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμμένω.

ἐνένευον, impf. of ἐννεύω.

ἐνενήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl., (ἐννέα) ninety.

ἐνένιπε, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of ἐνίπτω.

ἐνενώκιστ, Ion. for ἐνενοήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνένωτο, Ion. for ἐνενόητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνέξομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνέος or ἐνένος, ὁ, ἄν, dumb, speechless: deaf and dumb.

ἐνεπάγη [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐνεπαίχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐνέπαθα, Dor. for ἐνέπηθα, aor. I of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐνέπασσα, Ep. for ἐνέπασα, aor. I of ἐμπᾶσσω.

ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐνέπιον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίνω.

ἐνεπλάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπλέκο.

ἐνεπλάσθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνέπλησα, ἐνεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνέπνευσσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.

ἐνεπροπείατο, Ion. for ἐνεπέρπητο, plqpf. pass. of ἐκπροπᾶω.

ἐνέπρηθον, impf. of ἐμπρήθω.

ἐνέπρησα, aor. I of ἐμπήρημι.

ἐνέπτυσσα, aor. I of ἐμπτύω.

ἐνέπω, poet. also ἐνένέπω: aor. 2 ἐνισπον, inf. ἐνίσπειν: fut. ἐνισπήσω or ἐνίψω:—to tell, tell of, describe, relate. 2. to speak to, address, accost. 3. simply, to speak, say. 4. c. inf. to bid.

ἐν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -εἰργασμαι: aor. I -εἰργασάμην and -εἰργάσθην: Dep.:—to make or create in: aor. I ἐνεργάσθην is also used in pass. sense. 2. to labour, pursue a calling, work for hire.

ἐνέργεια, ἡ, (ἐνεργής) an action, operation, energy.

ἐνεργέω, f. ἴσω, (ἐνεργός) to work, be active. Hence

ἐνέργημα, atos, τό, an effect, work, operation.

ἐν-εργής, ἐς, = ἐνεργός.

ἐν-εργός, ὄν, (ἐν, ἔργον) *working, active, busy*: of soldiers, *on service, fit for service*: of land, *in tillage, productive*. Hence

ἐνεργῶς, Adv. of ἐνεργής or ἐνεργός, *actively: productively*.

ἐν-ερεῖδω, f. σω, *to push in, to thrust in*.

ἐν-ερεῖνω, aor. 2 ἐντρίνω, *to belch on one*.

ἐνερθε, before a vowel -θεν, *from beneath: beneath*. II. c. gen. *beneath*. 2. *below, in the power of*.

ἐνερμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνείρω.

ἐνεροι, ὧν, οἱ (ἐν) Lat. *inferi, those in or beneath the earth, of the dead and the gods below*.

ἐνερράφην [ᾱ], ἐνεραψάμην, aor. 2 pass. and aor. I med. of ἐνράπτω.

ἐνερστος, εὼς, ἡ, (ἐνείρω) *a fitting or fastening in*.

ἐνέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. of ἐνεροι, *deeper, lower*.

ἐνεσαν, Ep. for ἐνήσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνεσία, ἡ, (ἐνίμμη) *a suggestion, counsel*.

ἐνέσκηκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐνσκέλλω.

ἐνέστακται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐνστάζω.

ἐνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνστέλλω.

ἐνεστεῶτος Ion. for ἐνεστῶτος, gen. of ἐνεστῶς (for ἐνεστηκώς), pf. part. of ἐνίστημι.

ἐνεστήρικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐνστηρίζω.

ἐνέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνετάθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of ἐντέλλω.

ἐνετεilaμην, aor. I med. of ἐντέλλω.

ἐνετή, ἡ, (ἐνίμμη) *a pin, brooch*.

ἐντεράγων, aor. 2 of ἐντράγω.

ἐντεράπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντεράφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐντερίβην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρίβω.

ἐνετύλιξα, aor. I of ἐντυλίσσω.

ἐνέτυχον, aor. 2 of ἐντυγχάνω.

ἐν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, *to be happy in*.

ἐν-εὔδω, fut. -εὔδῃ, *to sleep in or on*.

ἐν-εύναιος, ὧν, (ἐν, εὔνη) *in or on which one sleeps*; δέρμα ἐνεύναιον *a skin to sleep on*; χήτει ἐνεύναιον *for want of bed-clothes*.

ἐνευσα, aor. I both of νεύω and of νέω (B) *to swim*.

ἐνέφραξα, aor. I of ἐμφράσσω.

ἐνέφυσσα, ἐνέφυον, aor. I and 2 of ἐμφύω.

ἐνεφύσησα, aor. I of ἐμφυσάω.

ἐνέχεια, Ep. ἐνέχευα, aor. I med. of ἐγχείω.

ἐνεχείρησα, aor. I of ἐγχειρέω.

ἐνεχεύαμην, Ep. aor. I med. of ἐγχείω.

ἐνεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνέχθῃ, ἐνεχθεῖν, ἐνεχθῶ, ἐνεχθῆναι, aor. I pass. imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of φέρω.

ἐνεχθράζω, f. ᾶω, (ἐνέχθρον) *to take a pledge from one*.

2. c. acc. rei, *to take in pledge*: Pass., ἐνεχυράζεσθαι τὰ χρήματα *to have one's goods seized for debt*: Med. *to have surety given one*, τόκου *for interest*.

ἐν-ἐχθρον, τό, (ἐν, ἐχθρός) *a pledge, surety*; ἐν-ἐχθρον τιθέναι τι *to make a thing a pledge*.

ἐν-έχω, f. ἐνέξω or ἐνσχέσω—*to keep fast within*:

entertain, cherish.

II. Pass., with fut. med. ἐνέ-
ξομαι, aor. 2 ἐνσχόμην, *to be held, caught, entangled in*.

III. intr. *to enter, pierce into, penetrate: to press upon*.

ἐνεχώρησα, aor. I of ἐγχωρέω.

ἐν-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύω, *to bind fast in, to involve in*.

ἐνη, ης, ἡ, see ἐνος, ης, ον.

ἐν-ηβίαω, f. ἡσω, *to spend one's youth in: to amuse oneself in, to be joyful in*. Hence

ἐνηβητήριον, τό, *a place of amusement*.

ἐν-ἦβος, ὧν, (ἐν, ἡβη) *in the prime of youth*.

ἐνῆδρευσα, -εὔθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-
εδρεύω.

ἐνηεῖη, ἡ, (ἐνήης) *kindness, goodness*.

ἐνήεν, Ep. for ἐνήν, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνήης, ἐς, gen. ἐνήεος, *kind, friendly, good-hearted*. (Connected with ἀπηνής and προσηνής.)

ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνίμμη.

ἐνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐνήλατον, τό, (ἐνελαίνω) *anything driven in: in plur. the rounds of the ladder fixed in the poles or sides*; ἀξόνων ἐνήλατα *the pins driven into the axle, lincb-pins*.

ἐνήλλαγμα, pf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνήλλαξα, aor. I of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνήλλου, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐν-ἦμαι, Pass. (really pf. of ἐν-έξομαι), *to be seated in*.

ἐν-ἦμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐνῆνεγμαι, pf. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνήνοθε, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compds. ἐπ-ἐνήνοθε, κατ-ἐνήνοθε, παρ-ἐνήνοθε, with the notion of *being upon or close to*. (The root ἐνέθω is not in use.)

ἐνήνοχα, pf. of φέρω.

ἐνήρατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐναίρω.

ἐνήσω, fut. of ἐνίμμη.

ἐνθα, (ἐν) Adv., I. of Place, *there*, Lat. *ibi*: also as relat. to ὅθι, *where*, Lat. *ubi*. 2. *in this case or state*.

3. with a sense of Motion, *thither, thence*, Lat. *illuc*.

II. of Time, *when*. Hence ἐνθάδε, Adv. *thither*, Lat. *illuc*: also, *there*: of Time, *here, now*.

ἐν-θακέω, f. ἦσω, *to sit in or on*. Hence

ἐνθακησις, εὼς, ἡ, *a sitting in*; ἐνθακησις ἡλίου *a seat in the sun*.

ἐν-θάλλω, f. ψω, *to warm in*:—Pass., ἐνθάλλεσθαι ἔρωτι *to glow with love*.

ἐνθανεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐνθηήσκω.

ἐνθα-περ, (ἐνθα, περ) Adv. *there where, where*.

ἐν-θάπτω, f. ψω, *to bury in a place*.

ἐνθαῦτα, ἐνθεῦτεν, Ion. for ἐνταῦθα, ἐντεῦθεν.

ἐν-θεάζω, f. σω, (ἐν, θεός) *to be inspired*.

ἐνθέμεν, ἐνθέμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐνθεν, (ἐνθα) Adv. *thence*, Lat. *illinc*; ἐνθεν καὶ ἐνθεν *on this side and on that*: also as relat. for ὅθεν, *whence, whereof*, Lat. *unde*.

II. of Time, *thereupon, after that*.

ἐνθύνδε, (ἐνθεν) *hence*, Lat. *hinc*.

ἐνθεο, Ep. for ἐνθεσο, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἐντίθημι.
ἐν-θεος, ον, full of the god, inspired, possessed:
given by inspiration.

ἐν-θερμάλνω, f. αὐῶ, (ἐν, θερμός) to heat:—Pass., ἐν-
τεθέρμανται πόθῳ has been heated by passion.

ἐνθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐντίθημι) a putting in. II. a
piece put in, a mouthful.

ἐν-θετο, Ep. for ἐνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐν-
τίθημι.

ἐνθετος, ον, (ἐντίθημι) put in, implanted.

ἐνθευτεν, Adv., Ion. for ἐντευθεν.

ἐνθη, ἔνθης, ἔνθοι, ἔνθω, ἐνθών, Dor. for ἔλθη, ἔλθης,
ἔλθοι, etc., aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.

ἐν-θηρος, ον, (ἐν, θήρ) full of wild beasts. II.

metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed.

ἐν-θνήσκω, f. -θναοῦμαι, to die in: to grow rigid or
torpid in.

ἐνθορε, Ep. for ἐνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνθράσκω.

ἐνθοῦ, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐν-θουσιάζω, f. ἄσω, or ἐν-θουσιάζω, f. ἦσω, (ἐνθεος,
contr. ἐνθους) to be inspired.

ἐνθέρψασθαι, aor. 1 inf. med. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐν-θρίω, f. σω, (ἐν, θρίον) to wrap in a fig-leaf,
enwrap.

ἐν-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέθορον Ep. ἐνθο-
ρον:—to leap into, upon, among.

ἐν-θυμέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: aor. 1 ἐνεθυμήθη: pf. ἐν-
τεθύμημαι: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμός):—to lay to heart, con-
sider well, ponder. 2. to take to heart, be concerned

at. 3. to form a plan. 4. to infer, conclude.

Hence

ἐνθύμημα, ατος, τό, a thought: invention, device,
stratagem. II. an argument in Rhetoric an-

swering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ἐνθύμησις, εως, ἡ, consideration, esteem.

ἐνθύμια, ἡ, (ἐνθυμέομαι) consideration: suspicion.

ἐν-θύμιος, ον, (ἐν, θυμός) taken to heart, weighing
upon the mind; ἐνθύμιόν ἐστί μοι, Lat. religio est
mihi, I feel a scruple.

ἐνθύμιστος, ὅ, ἄν, = ἐνθύμιος.

ἐν-θωράκιζω, f. ἴσω, to array in armour: pf. pass.
part. ἐντεθωρακισμένος, armed in mail.

ἐνί, poet. for ἐν.

II. ἐνί, dat. of ἐς.

ἐνι, for ἐνεστι, it is in: also it is allowed, possible.

ἐνιαύσιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἐνιαυτός) of a year, one
year old. II. yearly, year by year. III.

for a year, lasting a year; ἐν. βεβώς gone for a
year.

ἐνιαυτός, ὁ, (ἐνος) a year; κατ' ἐνιαυτόν yearly,
every year. 2. any complete space of time; ἔτος

ἤλαβε περιπλομένον ἐνιαυτῶν as times rolled on the
year came.

ἐν-ιαῶ, f. -ιαῶσω, to sleep in or among.

ἐνιάχῃ, Adv. (ἐνιοί) in some places.

ἐν-βάλλω, ἐνι-βάλλω, Ep. for ἐμ-βάλλω, etc.

ἐνιβαφθεῖς, Ep. aor. 1 pass. part. of ἐμβάπτω.

ἐν-ιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ἐνεῖδον.

ἐν-ιδρώ, f. ὦσω, to sweat in, labour at.

ἐν-ιδρύνω, ἐν-ιδρύω, f. ὦσω [ῶ], to set, settle, or
found in a place:—Med. to found for oneself.

ἐνι-ξεγγνῆμι or -ῶω, poet. for ἐνξ-.

ἐν-ἰζω, f. -ιζήσω, (ἐν, ἰζω) to sit in or on.

ἐν-ἰνμι, fut. -ήσω: aor. 1 -ἦκα Ep. -έηκα: pf. -εἶκα,
pass. -εἵμαι:—to send in or into: to implant, inspire:
generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch
into the sea: metaph. to urge on, incite to do
thing. 2. to send in secretly. II. rarely into

to enter.

ἐνιδρέψας, poet. aor. 1 part. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐνι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for ἐγκ-: hence ἐνικάπθεο, Ep.
aor. 2 med. imperat. for ἐγκατάθου.

ἐνι-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], Ep. for ἐγκ-, to break in, break
off; Lat. infringo.

ἐνι-κλείω, Ep. for ἐγκ-κλείω.

ἐνι-ναιετάασκον, Ion. impf. of ἐν-ναιετάω.

ἐνι-οι, αι, α, (from ἐνι οἷ = εἰσιν οἷ, as ἐνίοτε = ἔστιν
οὔτε) some, Lat. aliqui.

ἐνι-οτε, Adv. for ἐνι οὔτε = ἔστιν οὔτε, at times, some-
times: Dor. ἐνι-όκα.

ἐνίπτῃ, ἡ, (ἐνίπτω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

ἐνι-πλειος, ον, Ep. for ἐμπλεος, filled.

ἐνι-πλήσασθαι, -πλησθήναι, Ep. for ἐμ-πλ-, aor.

I inf. med. and pass. of ἐμπλήνμι.

ἐνι-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. I and 3 pl. for ἐμ-πλ-, aor.
I subj. of ἐμπλήσσω.

ἐνι-πνέω, f. σω, to ride in, on or among.

ἐνιπρήσαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of ἐμπιπρήμι.

ἐνίπτω, fut. ἐνίψω: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡνιπάπον,
or ἐνένιπον:—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. ob-
jurgo. II. = ἐνέπω, to tell of, announce.

ἐνι-σκήπτω, ἐνι-σκήπτω, Ep. for ἐνσ-.

ἐνίοπτεῖν, ἐνισπῆσω, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of ἐνέπω.

ἐν-ίσπω, aor. 2 subj. of ἐνέπω.

ἐνίσσω, collat. form of ἐνίπτω, to reprove, reproach:
also to maltreat, ill-use.

ἐν-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: aor. 1 -έστησα: also fut. and
aor. I med. -στήσομαι, -στήσάμην:—Causal in these
tenses, to put, set, place in. 2. to begin. II.

intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἐνέστην; pf. ἐνέ-
στηκα; plqpf. ἐνείστηκην:—to be set in, to stand in
or within. 2. to be appointed. 3. to be upon,

be close upon, to be at hand; τοῦ ἐνεστῶτος μηνός in
the present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur;
τὰ ἐνεστῆκότα present circumstances. 4. to oppose,
resist, object.

ἐν-ισχύω, f. ὦσω [ῶ], to strengithen. II. intr.

to gain strength.

ἐν-ίσχω, = ἐνέχω.

ἐνι-τρέφω, ἐνι-χρίπτω, Ep. for ἐντ- and ἐγχ-.

ἐνιχυρμθθεῖς, Ep. aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐλχυρίπτω.

ἐν-λαξέω, f. σω, to carve in or upon.

ἐνναετήρ, ἦρος, ἡ, (ἐνναῖα) an inhabitant:—fem.
ἐνναετέρα.

ἐννά-ετηρος, ον, = sq.

ἐννά-ετής, ἐς, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) nine years old: neut.

ἐννάετες, as Adv., for nine years.

ἐν-νᾶέτης, ου, ὁ, = ἐν-ναετήρ.
 ἐννᾶ-έτης, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐνναετής, nine years old.
 ἐν-ναῖα: Ep. fut. med. ἐννάσσομαι, aor. I ἐνενασ-
 σάμην:—to dwell in: inhabit.
 ἐννάκις, Adv. (ἐννέα) nine times, Lat. novies.
 ἐννάκιστοι, v. ἐνακοσ—
 ἐννάκσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἐνναῖα.
 ἐννᾶτος, false form for ἐνατος.
 ἐν-ναυπηγέω, f. ἡσω, to build ships in.
 'ΕΝΝΕ'Α', indecl. nine, Lat. novem.
 ἐννέα-βοῖος, ου, (ἐννέα, βοῦς) worth nine beeves.
 ἐννεα-καί-δεκα, indecl. nineteen. Hence
 ἐννεακαιδέκα-μήνος, ου, (μήν) nineteen months old.
 ἐννεακαιδεκ-ετής, ἐς, (ἔτος) nineteen years old.
 ἐννέα-κρουνος, ου, with nine springs, a well at
 Athens, called also Καλλιρρόη.
 ἐννέα-λίθος, ου, (ἐννέα, λίθον) of nine threads.
 ἐννέα-μήνος, ου, (ἐννέα, μήν) of nine months.
 ἐννέα-πῆχυς, υ, (ἐννέα, πῆχυς) nine cubits long.
 ἐννέας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐννέα) the number nine: a number
 of nine. II. the ninth day of the month.
 ἐννέα-φωνος, ου, (ἐννέα, φωνή) of nine tones or notes.
 ἐννέα-χίλιοι, αι, α, Ep. for ἐνάκις χίλιοι, nine thou-
 sand.
 ἐννέα-χορδος, ου, (ἐννέα, χορδή) of nine strings.
 ἐννεήκοντα, worse form for ἐνενήκοντα, ninety.
 ἐννεήκοντα-εννέα, indecl. ninety and nine.
 ἐννεώκαστι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. of ἐννεόω.
 ἐννεον, Ep. for ἐνεον, impf. of νέω, to swim.
 ἐννέ-όργυιός, ου, (ἐννέα, ὀργυιά) nine fathoms long.
 ἐννεός, false form for ἐνεός.
 ἐν-νεοστειύω Att. —τρεύω, f. σω, to make a nest or
 hatch young in: c. acc. to batch.
 ἐννέπω, poet. lengthd. for ἐνέπω.
 ἐννεσία, ἡ, see ἐνεσία.
 ἐν-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon or make signs to.
 ἐννέ-ωρος, ου, (ἐννέα, ὥρα) nine years old or long.
 ἐννήκοντα, Ep. for ἐνενήκοντα, ninety.
 ἐνν-ῆμαρ, (ἐννέα, ἥμαρ) Adv. for nine days.
 ἐννήφην, Ep. for ἐνης, fem. gen. of ἐνος, as Adv.
 ἐν-νοέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἐνενόησα Ion. part. ἐννώσας:
 pf. ἐννενόηκα Ion. ἐννένωκα:—also in Med., with
 aor. I pass. ἐνενοήθην:—to think of, have in one's
 mind, consider, ponder: to take thought, be
 anxious. II. to understand. III. to intend
 to do, c. inf. IV. to devise, plan, invent, Lat.
 excogitare. Hence
 ἐννοια, ἡ, a thought: an intent, design.
 ἐν-νομος, ου, (ἐν, νόμος) within the pale of the law,
 lawful, right: of persons, just, upright: also, under
 the law. II. (ἐν, νέμομαι) feeding in, inhabiting.
 ἐν-νοος, ου, contr. —νοους, ουν, (ἐν, νοῦς) thoughtful,
 sensible:—Comp. ἐννοῦστος, Sup. —οὔστατος.
 ἐννοσί-γαιος, ὁ, poet. for ἐνοσίγ-, (ἐνοσις, γῆ) the
 Earths-baker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.
 ἐννοσί-φύλλος, ου, poet. for ἐνοσιφ-, (ἐνοσις, φύλ-
 λον) with quivering leaves.
 ἐννοχλεῖς, poet. for ἐνοχλεῖς, 2 sing. of ἐνοχλέω.

ἐννῦμι or ἐννῦα, from root FE'Ω, = FEΞΘΩ, Lat.
 VESTIO: f. ἔσω Ep. ἔσσω; Ep. aor. I ἔσσα:—Med.
 ἐννῦμαι: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. I ἔσάμην Ep. ἔσσάμην,
 3 sing. ἔσσοτο:—Pass., pf. εἶμαι, εἶσαι, εἶται, but Ep.
 also ἔσσαι, ἔσαι: plqpf. εἰμην, but 2 sing. ἔσσο, 3
 sing. ἔστο Ep. ἔεστο, 3 dual ἔσθην, 3 pl. εἶατο:—to put
 clothes on another:—Med. c. acc. rei, to put on one-
 self, clothe oneself in, put on:—Pass. to be clad in, to
 wrap or shroud oneself in; λαῖνον ἔσσο χιτῶνα thou
 hadst been clad in coat of stone, i. e. been buried.
 ἐννυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐννῦμι.
 ἐν-νύχλιος, f. σω, (ἐν, νύξ) to sleep or lodge in.
 ἐν-νύχλος, α, ου, or os, ου, (ἐν, νύξ) nightly, in the
 night, by night. II. dwelling in Night, of the
 dead.
 ἐν-νύχος, ου, = ἐννύχιος.
 ἐννώσαι, —νώσας, Ion. for ἐννοῆσαι, —νοῆσας, aor. I
 inf. and part. of ἐννεόω.
 ἐν-ὀδιος, α, ου, Ep. ἐν-ὀδιος, ἡ, ου, (ἐν, ὁδός) in,
 on, or by the road; σφῆκες ἐνόδιοι wasps that have
 their nests by the way-side. II. of or belonging
 to a journey.
 ἐν-οικέω, f. ἡσω, to dwell: to inhabit. Hence
 ἐνοίκησις, εως, ἡ, a dwelling in a place.
 ἐν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make to dwell in a
 place:—Pass. to be settled or take up one's abode in.
 ἐν-οίκιος, ου, (ἐν, οἶκος) in the house, keeping at home.
 ἐν-οικοδομέω, f. ἡσω, to build in a place. II.
 to build up, block up.
 ἐν-οικος, ου, dwelling in: as Subst. a dweller in, an
 inhabitant. II. pass. dwelt in.
 ἐν-οινοχοέω, f. ἡσω, to pour in wine.
 ἐνόν, part. neut. of ἐνεμῖ, used absol., it being possible.
 ἐνοπή, ἡ, (ἐνέπω) a cry, scream, voice, sound: esp.
 a war-cry, battle-shout.
 ἐν-ὀπλιος, ου, (ἐν, ὅπλον) in or with arms: ὁ ἐν-
 ὀπλιος (sub. θυμβός) the tune for the war-dance.
 ἐν-ὀπλιος, τό, (ἐν, ὅπλον) in arms, armed.
 ἐνοπτρον, τό, (ἐνόμοιρα) a mirror.
 ἐν-ὀράω Ion. —έω: f. ἐνόμοιρα (supplied from obsol.
 ἐνόπτομαι): aor. 2 ἐνέειδον, q. v.:—to see or observe
 in a person or thing. II. to look at or upon.
 ἐνόρκιος, ου, = ἐνορκος.
 ἐν-ορκος, ου, (ἐν, ὅρκος) bound by oath, sworn. II.
 that to which one is sworn; ἐνορκον εἰπεῖν τι to speak
 on oath.
 ἐν-ορμίτης [ι], ου, ὁ, (ἐν, ὄρμος) one who is in harbour.
 ἐν-ὀρνυμι, fut. ἐνόρω: aor. I ἐνώρω: 3 sing. Ep.
 aor. 2 pass. ἐνώρωτο: (ἐν, ὄρω, ὀρνυμι):—to arouse or
 stir up in:—Pass. to arise in or among.
 ἐν-ορούω, f. σω, to leap in or upon, assail, attack.
 ἐν-ὀρχής, ου, ὁ, and ἐν-ὀρχις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἐνορχος.
 ἐν-ὀρχος, ου, (ἐν, ὄρχις) uncstrated, entire.
 'ΕΝΟΣ or ἐνος, ὁ, Lat. ANNUS, Subst. a year:
 hence ἐνιαυτός ἀφενος, dievos, etc.
 'ΕΝΟΣ or ἐνος, ἡ, ου, Adj. a year old, last year's;
 ἐνος καρπός last year's fruit: generally, old, by-
 gone. II. ἐν καὶ νέα (sub. ἡμέρα), the old and

new day, i.e. *the last day of the month*, so called because *this 30th day consisted of two halves*, one belonging to the old, the other to the new moon. 2. in oblique cases of fem.: gen. ἑνῆς Ep. ἑννηφιν, = Lat. *perendie*, *the day after to-morrow*, αὐριον καὶ ἑννηφιν; so too, τῇ ἑνῇ, eis ἑνῇ.

ένός, gen. of εἷς and ἕν, one.

ένους, εως, ἡ, (*ένόω) a shaking, quake.

Ένοσί-χθων, onos, ó, (ένοσις, χθών) the Earth-shaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

ένότης, ητος, ἡ, (εἷς) unity, concord.

έν-οὐράνιος, on, (έν, οὐρανός) in heaven, heavenly.

έν-οὐρέω, f. ἦσω, to make water in.

έν-ώχλέω, f. ἦσω: the augm. tenses take a double augm. imperf. ἡνώχλουν, pass. ἡνώχλούμην; aor. I ἡνώχλησα: pf. ἡνώχληκα:—to trouble, disturb, Lat. molestare: absol. to be an annoyance:—Pass. to be troubled or annoyed.

ένοχος, on, (ένέχομαι) beld in, bound by, liable or subject to a penalty: liable to be accused of a crime.

έν-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up in.

έν-ρίγώω, f. ὤσω, = μίγώω έν, to shiver or freeze in.

έν-σειώ, f. -σειώω: pf. pass. -σέσεισμαι:—to shake in or into, to drive into, hurl or launch at.

έν-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to mean, imply:—Med. to give notice of, intimate.

έν-σκελλω, aor. I ἐνέσκηλα, to dry up:—Pass., with pf. act. ἐνέσκληκα, to be dried up.

έν-σκευάζω, f. ὤσω, to get ready, prepare:—Pass. to be dressed or equipped:—Med. to dress oneself up.

έν-σκήπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ἐνσκη-:—to hurl, dart, launch in or upon. II. intrans. to fall in or on.

έν-σκήμπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ἐνσκη-: poet. form of ἐν-σκήπτω, to dash in or upon:—Pass. to stick in.

έν-σκιρρώω, f. ὤσω, (έν, σκίρρος) to barden:—Pass. to become callous, inveterate.

έν-σοφος, on, wise in a thing.

έν-σπεύρω, f. -σπερῶ, to sow among:—Pass. to be sown or spread among.

έν-σπονδος, on, (έν, σπονδή) included in a treaty: in alliance with: under truce or safe-conduct.

έν-στάζω, f. ξω, to let drop in.

έν-σταλάζω, f. ξω, = ένστάζω.

ένστάτης, on, ó, (ένίστημι) one who withstands, an adversary.

έν-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ:—to dress in:—Pass., ἱππάδα στολήν ένεσταλμένος clad in a horseman's dress.

έν-σπρίζω, f. ξω, to fix in.

έν-στράτοπεδεύω, or -εύομαι as Dep., = στρατοπεδεύομαι έν, to encamp in.

έν-στρέφω, fut. ψω, to turn about in:—Pass. to turn or move in. 2. c. acc. loci, to visit.

έν-σφραγίζω Ion. έν-σφρηγ-, to impress on.

έντάδηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of έντείνω.

έντάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of έντήκω.

ένταλμα, atos, τό, (έντέλλω) an injunction, precept.

έν-τάνύω, f. ύώω: aor. I inf. έντανύσαι:—poët. for έντείνω, to stretch or strain tight: to bend or rather

to string a bow: also to stretch on or over a thing: to extend, prolong.

έν-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to enrol, register in:—Pass. to be posted in battle.

ένταῦθα Ion. ένθαῦτα, Adv. (έν) = ένθα: I. of Place, here, there, Lat. hic: also hither, thither, Lat. huc.

II. of Time, at the very time: then, now. 2. like Lat. deinde, thereupon, then. Hence

ένταυθί [ι], Att. form for ένταῦθα.

ένταυθοί, Adv. hither, Lat. huc.

έντάφιάζω, f. σω, (έντάφιος) to bury. Hence

έντάφιασμός, ó, burial.

έν-τάφιος, on, (έν, τάφος) of or used in burial. II.

as Subst., έντάφιον, τό, a shroud or winding-sheet; τὰ έντάφια, funeral honours, obsequies.

*ENTEΑ, on, τὰ, instruments, gear, tools of any kind: arms, armour; έντεα δαυτός appliances for a banquet; έντεα νηός rigging, tackle of a ship; έντεα ἵππεια horse-trappings, harness.

έντεθύμηται, pf. of ένθυμέομαι.

έντεθωράκισμαι, pf. pass. of ένθωρακίζω.

έν-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: aor. I ἐνέτεινα: pf. έντέτακα:

—Pass., aor. I ἐντετάην [α]: pf. έντέταμαι:—to stretch or strain tight, Lat. intendere; δίφπος ἱμάσιν έντέταται the chariot board is bung upon straps: to bend a bow; γέφυρα έντεταμένη a bridge of boats with the cables all taut:—έντείνασθαι ἀρμονίαν to raise it to a higher pitch:—έντείνειν ναῦν ποδί to keep a ship's sail tight by the sheet. II. to stretch out at or against; έντείνειν πλήγην Lat. intendere plagam. 2. to entangle in. III. to strain, exert, φανήν έντείνασθαι: hence in Pass. to be eager or vehement, έντεταμένοι eis τό ἔργον.

έν-τειχίζω, fut. ἰώω Att. ἰῶ, to wall in, fortify:—Med. to wall in, i. e. blockade.

έν-τεκος, on, (έν, τέκνον) having children.

έν-τελευτάω, f. ἦσω, to end one's life in a place.

έν-τελής, és, = έν τέλει ών, complete, entire, perfect:

—Adv. -λῶς, Sup. -λέστατα.

έν-τέλλω, mostly in Med., έν-τέλλομαι, to enjoin, command:—Pass., έντεταλμένα commands.

έντελοῦμαι, fut. med. of foreg.

έν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: to cut in, en-

grave or inscribe upon. II. to cut in pieces, to sacrifice.

2. to cut in, sbred in.

έντερον, τό, (έντός) a piece of gut:—in plur. the

guts, intestines, entrails, bowels. Hence

έντερόνεια, ἡ, timber for the ribs of a ship, belly-

timber.

έντεσι-εργός, όν, (έντεα, ἔργον) working in harness.

έντεσιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντάσσω.

έντεταλμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέλλω.

έντεταμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντείνω. Hence

έντετάδηνως, Adv. vehemently, strongly.

έντετάτο, for έντετάτο, plqpf. pass. of έντείνω.

έντέτηκα, pf. with pass. sense of έντήκω.

έντετμημένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέμνω.

έντετυλιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντυλίσσω.

ἐντεύθεν Ion. ἐνθεύτεν, Adv. (ἐνταῦθα) hence or thence, Lat. *hinc* or *illinc*.

II. of Time, henceforth, thenceforth, afterwards, thereupon.

ἐντευθενί [ἱ], Att. for ἐντεύθεν.

ἐντευξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐντυγχάνω) a lighting upon. 2. converse, intercourse.

3. a petition, intercession, thanksgiving.

4. reading, study.

ἐν-τευτλάνω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, τεύτλον) to stew in beet.

ἐν-τήκω, f. ξω, to cause to melt in, to pour in while molten :—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐντέκην [ᾶ], and pf. act.

ἐντέτῃκα, to be melted in, to sink deep into one ; μῖσος

ἐντέτῃκέ μοι ; ἐντακῆναι τῷ φιλεῖν to be wholly given

up to love.

ἐντί, Dor. for ἐστί and εἰστί, from εἰμί sum.

ἐν-τίθημι, fut. ἐνθήσω : aor. 2 ἐνέθην, Ep. inf. ἐν-

θέμεν :—to put in, Lat. *imponere* : metaph. to inspire,

instil :—Med. to put in for oneself, store up, lay by :

also ἐνθέσθαι τιμῇ to bolder in honour.

ἐν-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι : aor. 2 ἐνέτεκον :—to bear or

produce in : to create or cause in.

II. pf. part. intr., ἐντετοκώς, inborn.

ἐν-τίλῳ, f. ῥω, to squirt upon.

ἐν-τίμῳ, f. ῥω, to value in or among.

ἐν-τίμος, ov, (ἐν, τιμή) in honour, honoured, prized :

τὰ θεῶν ἐντίμα what is honoured in the sight of the

gods, their ordinances or attributes :—Adv., ἐντίμως

ἔχειν or ἄγειν τινά to hold him in honour.

ἐντμημα, atos, τό, (ἐντέμνω) a cut, incision, notch.

ἐντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἔμω.

ἐντολή, ἡ, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, command.

ἐντομος, ov, (ἐντέμνω) cut in pieces, cut up ; ἔντομα

ποιεῖν to offer as victims.

ἐντονος, ov, (ἐντένω) strained : intense, earnest,

eager, violent. Adv. -vois, violently.

ἐν-τόπιος, ov, = ἐντοπος.

ἐν-τόπος, ov, (ἐν, τόπος) in or of a place.

ἐντός, Adv. (ἐν) Lat. *intus*, *intrinsecus*, opp. to

ἐκτός :

I. of Place, in, within, inside ; also as

Prep. c. gen., ἐντός ἔμανθον in my senses. 2. on

this side, Lat. *citra*, c. gen. II. of Time, within,

in less than, c. gen., ἐντός εἰκοσι ἡμερῶν within 20

days. Hence

ἐντοσθε and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from within,

within.

ἐντράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐντράγω.

ἐντράπῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντράπῃσθαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐν-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn about : metaph. to re-

prove, make ashamed :—Med. and Pass. to turn one-

self, turn towards a person : to give heed to, listen to,

respect or pay deference to : feel shame or fear.

ἐν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, = τρέφω ἐν, to bring up or train

in : of habits, etc., to grow up with, become natural

to, c. dat.

ἐν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δραμοῦμαι (from obsol.

δρέμω) :—to run in, to move freely in. II. to

slip in, enter.

ἐντρίβῃναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐντρίβω. Hence

ἐντρίβῃς, ἐς, rubbed in : metaph. skilled, versed in.

ἐν-τρίβω [ἱ], f. ψω, to rub in unguents :—Pass. to

have rubbed in, to be anointed, painted. II. to

rub away, wear by rubbing.

ἐν-τρίτωνίῳ, f. ἰσω, (ἐν, τρίτος) to mix in a third

part, temper with a third, with allusion to Τρίτο-

γένεια.

ἐντριψίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐντρίβω) a rubbing in.

ἐν-τρομος, ov, (ἐν, τρέμω) trembling, fearful.

ἐν-τροπαλίζομαι, f. ἰσω, Frequent of ἐντρέπω, Pass. to

keep turning round, keep looking back.

ἐντροπή, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) a turning towards : re-

spect or reverence for one : also shame, reproach.

ἐντροπία, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) in pl. tricks, artifices.

ἐντροφος, ov, (ἐντρέφω) brought up in, living in,

among, or with : ἐντρ. τινας a nursing.

ἐν-τρυλλίζω, f. ἰσω, to whisper in one's ear.

ἐν-τρυφάω, f. ῥω, (ἐν, τρυφή) to revel in, play in :

absol. to be luxurious. II. to make sport of.

ἐν-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι : aor. 2 ἐνέτρώγον :—to eat

up greedily, to devour.

ἐν-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι ; aor. 2 ἐνέτυχον : pf. ἐν-

τετύχηκα :—to light upon, fall in with, meet with. 2.

to converse with : to intercede with. 3. to read. II.

also = τυγχάνω ἂν ἐν, to happen to be in.

ἐν-τύλισμα, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up.

ἐν-τύων, Ep. impf. of ἐντύνω ; but also aor. I imperat.

ἐντύω [ῶ] : f. ἐντύω : Ep. aor. I ἐντύνα : (ἐντεα) :

—to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare : c.

acc. pers., ἐντύειν τινά to make one ready, urge him

on : also c. inf. to urge to do a thing.

ἐν-τύπας, Adv. (ἐν, τύπτω) of Priam, ἐντυπὰς ἐν

χλαῖνι κεκαλυμμένος covered with his mantle so as

to shew the shape of his limbs.

ἐν-τύπῳ, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, τύπος) to stamp, engrave.

ἐν-τύφω, f. -θήψω, to smoke. [ῶ]

ἐντύω, Ep. impf. ἐντύων, = ἐντύω.

Ἐνυάλιος, ὁ, (Ἐννύ) the Warlike, epith. of Ares or

Mars in the Iliad ; but, in later authors, different from

Him. II. as Adj., warlike, furious. [ᾶ]

ἐν-υβρίξω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to insult one in a thing.

ἐνυδρίς, ιος, ἡ, an otter. From

ἐνυδρό-βιος, ov, living in the water.

ἐν-υδρος, ov, (ἐν, ὕδωρ) with water in it, bolder

water. II. of water, watery. III. living

in or by water.

ἐνύεα, aor. I of νύσσω.

ἐνυπνιάζω, f. ὦσω, to dream. From

ἐνύπνιον, τό, a thing seen in sleep. 2. a dream.

Properly neut. of ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύπνιος, ov, (ἐν, ὕπνος) appearing in sleep.

ἐν-υπνος, ov, = ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύσταξα, aor. I of νυστάζω.

ἐν-υφαίνω, f. ἄνω, to weave in as a pattern :—Pass.

to be inwoven. Hence

ἐνυφαντός, ὅν, inwoven.

ἘΝΥΩΨ, ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, Enyo, goddess of war,

answering to the Roman Bellona.

ἐνωμοτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, leader of an ἐνωμοτία.
 ἐνωμοτία, ἡ, (ἐνωμοτος) properly, any band of sworn soldiers : a division of the Spartan army, being a subdivision of the λόχος and containing 32 men.
 ἐν-ώματος, ου, (ἐν, ὄμνυμι) bound by oath : a conspirator. Adv. -ότως, on oath.
 ἐνωπαδίως, Adv. to one's face. From
 ἐν-ώπη, ἡ, (ἐν, ὤψ) the face, countenance : dat. ἐνωπῇ as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. palam.
 ἐνώπια, ου, τὰ, the inner walls fronting those who enter : properly neut. of ἐνώπιος.
 ἐνώπιον, in the presence of, Lat. coram. From
 ἐν-ώπιος, ου, (ἐν, ὤψ) in one's presence, face to face.
 ἐνώρσα, aor. I of ἐνόρνυμι.
 ἐνώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐνόρνυμι.
 ἐνώσα, Ion. for ἐνόσα, aor. I of νοέω.
 ἐνωτίζομαι, Dep. (ἐν, οὖς) to bearken to.
 ἘΞ, Lat. EX, put for ἐκ before a vowel.
 ἘΞ, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.
 ἐξαγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξάγω.
 ἐξ-αγγελία, ἡ, information sent out to the enemy. From
 ἐξ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ, to tell out, publish, report : esp. to send out information to the enemy :—Med. to promise to do :—Pass. to be reported as doing ; impers., ἐξαγγέλλεται it is reported that. Hence
 ἐξ-άγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, a messenger who brings news out : esp. an informer. II. on the Greek stage the ἄγγελος came to tell news from a distance, but the ἐξάγγελος told what was going on behind the scenes.
 ἐξάγγελτος, ου, (ἐξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered.
 ἐξ-αγίζω, f. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, to drive out as a pollution.
 ἐξ-αγινέω Ion. for ἐξάγω.
 ἐξάγιστος, ου, (ἐξαγίζω) accursed, abominable. II. of things, devoted, mystical.
 ἐξ-αγκονίζω, (ἐξ, ἀγκών) to nudge with the elbow.
 ἐξ-άγνυμι, f. -άξω, (ἐξ, ἀγνυμι) to break and tear away, to rend.
 ἐξ-ἀγοράζω, f. ἰσῶ, to buy from : to redeem.
 ἐξ-ἀγορεύω, f. σῶ, to speak out, publish, divulge.
 ἐξ-ἀγριος, f. ὤσω, (ἐξ, ἀγριος) to make wild or waste : of living things, to make savage, exasperate.
 ἐξ-άγω, f. -άξω : aor. 2 -ἤγαγον :—to lead or carry out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, export ; τὰ ἐξαγόμενα exports. 3. to draw out from, set free from. 4. to drive out, expel. II. to bring forth, produce : to call forth, excite. 2. of persons, to lead on, excite, rouse : also to lead on, tempt. III. intr. (sub. ἐαυτὸν) to go or march out. Hence
 ἐξάγωγή, ἡ, a leading out, drawing out : exportation : hence
 ἐξάγωγμος, ου, carried out ; τὰ ἐξαγωγήματα exports.
 ἐξ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to struggle hard.
 ἐξάδ-αρχος, ου, (ἐξάς, ἀρχος) leader of a body of six.
 ἐξ-άδω, fut. -άσομαι, to sing away ; ἐξάδειν τὸν βίον to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan :—to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon.
 ἐξ-αείρω Ion. for ἐξάιρω.

ἐξά-ετής, ἐς, gen. ἑός, (ἐξ, ἔτος) six years old : fem. ἐξάετις, ἰδος.—Adv. ἐξάετες, for six years.
 ἐξ-αθροίζομαι, Adv. to collect out from.
 ἐξ-αιάζω, strengthd. for αἰάζω.
 ἐξ-αίμασσω Att. -πτω, f. ἔω, to make quite bloody.
 ἐξ-αίνυμαι, Dep. to take away, carry off.
 ἐξ-αίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξαιρέω) a taking out :—a way of taking out.
 ἐξ-αιρέτονος, verb. Adj. of ἐξαιρέω, one must select.
 ἐξ-αίρετος, ου, taken out, picked out, chosen. 2. reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. that can be taken out. From
 ἐξ-αίρω, f. ἦσω : aor. 2 ἐξείλον Ep. ἐξελον (supplied from obsol. ἔλω) :—Med., fut. ἐξελοῦμαι : aor. 2 ἐξείλομην :—Pass., pf. ἐξήρημαι Ion. ἐξαίρημαι :—to take out, take out of :—Med. to take out for oneself : to unlade, discharge one's cargo. II. to take from among others, to pick out, choose :—Pass. to be picked out for a special gift : also to be dedicated, devoted. III. to take away, remove :—Med. to take away from one :—Pass. to have a thing taken away. IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. V. to make away with : to destroy or demolish a city.
 ἐξ-αίρω, contr. of Ion. form ἐξ-αείρω : fut. ἐξ-ἀρῶ : aor. I ἐξήρα :—to lift up, lift off the earth. 2. to raise, exalt, extol. 3. to arouse, stir up, excite. II. Med. to carry off for oneself, earn :—ἐξαίρεσθαι νόσον to take a disease on oneself, catch it. III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. 2. to be excited, agitated.
 ἐξ-αίσιος, ου, (ἐξ, αἴσα) beyond what is right, transgressing right, lawless. II. of things, monstrous ; violent.
 ἐξ-αἰσσω Att. -άσσω, -άπτω : fut. -αἰέω, -αἰέω : aor. I -ῆρα :—to rush forth, start out.
 ἐξ-αἰστώ, f. ὤσω, (ἐξ, αἰστος) to bring to naught, utterly destroy, annihilate.
 ἐξ-αἰτέω, f. ἦσω : aor. I ἐξήτησα :—to demand from another : ἐξ. τινά to demand that he be given up, demand his surrender :—Med. to beg for oneself, to beg a person off, gain his release. Hence
 ἐξαιτήσις, εως, ἡ, a demanding from another. 2. a begging off, intercession.
 ἐξ-αἰτος, ου, (ἐξ, αἰτέω) chosen, choice, precious.
 ἐξ-αίφνης, Adv. on a sudden.
 ἐξ-ἀέκομαι, fut. ἔσομαι : Dep. :—to beal completely, apply a cure ; χόλον ἐξακέσασθαι to appease it ; ἐνδεῖα ἐξακέσασθαι to make up for deficiencies. Hence
 ἐξάκεις, εως, ἡ, a thorough cure.
 ἐξάκεις, Adv. (ἐξ) six times, Lat. sexies. Hence
 ἐξακισ-χ(ί)οι, six thousand ; and
 ἐξακισ-μύριοι, sixty thousand.
 ἐξ-ἀκολουθεῖω, f. ἦσω, to follow up, imitate.
 ἐξ-ἀκοντίζω, fut. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, to dart or shoot forth, launch. 2. metaph. to direct away from : also to stretch out to : to shoot forth from one's mouth, utter.
 ἐξάκόςιοι, αι, α, (ἐξ) six hundred, Lat. sexcenti. Hence

ἐξάκοσιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, six-hundredth.
 ἐξ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα:—to bear a sound, esp. from a distance: to listen for.
 ἐξ-ακριβῶ, f. ὥσω, to make accurately, finish carefully. II. to inquire accurately. III. ἐξακριβοῦν λόγον to speak distinctly.
 ἐξ-ακρίβω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to reach the top of; ἐξακριβεῖν αἰθέρα to skim the upper air.
 ἐξακτείνω, verb. Adj. of ἐξάγω, one must march out.
 ἐξ-αλᾶω, f. ὥσω, to blind utterly; ὀφθαλμὸν ἐξαλᾶσαι to put out his eye.
 ἐξ-αλᾶπάζω, f. ῥω, of a city, to sack, storm: generally, to ruin, destroy: to exhaust.
 ἐξάλαιτο, Dor. for ἐξήλαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐξάλλομαι.
 ἐξ-αλείσσω, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἐξαλέομαι.
 ἐξ-αλείπτω, fut. ῥω, a box for ointment. From
 ἐξ-αλείφω, fut. ῥω: aor. I -ἤλειψα:—Pass., pf. ἐξ-ἤλιμμαι Att. ἐξαλήμιμαι:—to anoint thoroughly, plaster over. II. to wipe out, erase: metaph. to destroy utterly, blot out; ἐξαλείφειν τινὰ ἐκ τοῦ καταλόγου to strike his name off the list:—Med., ἐξαλείψασθαι πάθος φρενὸς to blot out the suffering from one's mind.
 ἐξ-αλέομαι, Dep. to beware of, shun, escape.
 ἐξ-αλεύομαι, f. σομαι, = ἐξαλέομαι.
 *ἐξ-αλίνω, only found in aor. I part. ἐξαλίσας [ῥ], pf. ἐξήλικα:—to roll out, roll well; ἀπαγε τὸν ἵππον ἐξαλίσας οἰκαδε take him home when you have given him a good roll (see ἀλινδῆσαι); ἐξήλικας με ἐκ τῶν ἐμῶν you have rolled, tumbled me out of my all.
 ἐξ-αλλάγῃ, ἡ, a changing: difference. From
 ἐξ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ῥω: aor. I -ἥλλαξα: pf. -ἥλλαχα:—Pass., aor. I and 2 -ἡλλάχθην, -ἡλλάγην: pf. -ἥλλαγμαί:—to change utterly or quite. II. to withdraw or remove from. III. to turn another way; ποῖαν [ὁδὸν] ἐξαλλάξω which way shall I take; ἐξαλλάσσειν κερκίδα to ply the shuttle to and fro.
 ἐξ-αλλομαι, fut. -αλλοῦμαι: aor. I -ἡλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἐξάλμενος: Dep.:—to spring out of or forth from; ἐξάλλεσθαι κατὰ τοῦ τείχεως to leap down from it. II. to leap up; of horses, to rear.
 ἐξ-αλύσκω, f. ὕρω: aor. I -ἥλυφα: = ἐξαλέομαι.
 ἐξ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤμαρτον:—to mistake utterly, err greatly, commit a fault against:—Pass. to be mismanaged, wrongly treated. Hence
 ἐξ-αμαρτία, ἡ, an utter mistake, error.
 ἐξ-αμάω, fut. ἦσω or ἦσομαι: pf. pass. ἐξήμημαι:—to mow off, finish reaping: metaph. to cut off, destroy:—Pass., γένους ἅπαντος ρίζαν ἐξημημένους having the stock of all the race cut off.
 ἐξ-αμβλῶ, f. -αμβλώσω: pf. -ἤμβλωκα:—to make miscarry: metaph., φροντίδι ἐξήμβλωκας you have made my wit miscarry.
 ἐξ-αμβιβω, fut. ῥω: aor. I -ἤμειψα:—to exchange, alter: hence to put off, lay aside:—Med. to take the place of, follow close on. II. of Place, to change

one for another, pass over from one place to another, withdraw from:—Med. to pass out. III. in Med. also, to requite, repay.
 ἐξ-αμέλω, f. ῥω, to milk or suck out. II. to press, as cheese.
 ἐξ-αμέλω, f. ἦσω, to be utterly careless of.
 ἐξ-αμέτρος, ov, (ἐξ, μέτρον) of six metres: ἐξαμέτρος (sub. τόνος), ὁ, the heroic or hexameter verse.
 ἐξ-αμήνος, ov, (ἐξ, μήν) lasting six months, Lat. semestris: as Subst., ἐξάμηνος, ὁ or ἡ, a half-year.
 ἐξ-αμύχανέω, f. ἦσω, to get out of a difficulty, extricate oneself from it.
 ἐξ-αμιλλάομαι, f. ἦσομαι: aor. I med. -ἡμιλλησάμην, pass. -ἡμιλλήσθην: Dep.:—to struggle vehemently; ἀμίλλας ἐξαμιλληθείς having gone through desperate struggles. II. to drive out of: to drive out of one's wits. III. as Pass. to be rooted out, of the Cyclops' eye.
 ἐξ-αμύνομαι, Med. to ward off from oneself, drive away. [ῥ]
 ἐξ-ἀναγκάζω, f. ὥσω, to force or compel utterly. II. to force out, drive away.
 ἐξ-ἀνάγω, f. ἄσω: aor. 2 -ἀνήγαγον:—to bring out of or up from:—Pass. to put out to sea, set sail.
 ἐξ-ἀναδύομαι, Med. with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέδυν:—to rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally, to escape from.
 ἐξ-ἀναξέω, fut. ἔσω, to make to boil up or over: metaph., ἐξαναξέιν χόλον to let his fury boil forth.
 ἐξ-ἀναίρει, f. ἦσω, to take up out of.
 ἐξ-ἀνακρούω, f. ῥω, to beat back:—Med. of ships, to retreat by backing water.
 ἐξ-ἀναλίσκω, fut. -ἀναλώσω: aor. I -ἀνήλωσα: pf. pass. -ἀνήλωμαι:—to consume or destroy utterly:—Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. exauriri.
 ἐξ-ἀναλύω, f. ὥσω, to set quite free.
 ἐξ-ἀναλώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξαναλίσκω) exhaustion.
 ἐξ-ἀναπνέω, f. -ἀναπνέομαι, to breathe again, revive.
 ἐξ-ἀνάπτω, f. ῥω, to hang up a thing from or by:—Med. to attach oneself. II. to rekindle.
 ἐξ-ἀναρπάξω, f. ῥω and ὥω, to snatch away.
 ἐξ-ἀνασπάω, f. ὥσω [ᾱ], to tear away from.
 ἐξ-ἀνασπᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξανίστημι) a removal. 2. intr. an uprising from the resurrection.
 ἐξ-ἀναστῆφω, f. ῥω, to crown with wreaths.
 ἐξ-ἀναστήσω, ἐξ-ἀναστήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of ἐξανίστημι.
 ἐξ-ἀναστρέφω, f. ῥω, to turn upside down: to burl headlong from.
 ἐξ-ἀνατέλλω, to make spring up from. II. intr. to spring from.
 ἐξ-ἀναφανδόν, Adv. quite openly.
 ἐξ-ἀναφέρω, f. -ἀνοίω, to bring up from the water. II. intr. to emerge from: to recover from an illness.
 ἐξ-ἀνοχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out of the way, withdraw, retreat. II. c. acc. to evade.
 ἐξ-ἀνδραποδίζω, and Med. ἐξανδραποδίζομαι, f.

—ίσομαι Att. —τοῦμαι : (ἐξ, ἀνδραποδόν) :—to sell for slaves, reduce to utter slavery : the Att. fut. ἐξανδραποδίσωμαι is also used in pass. sense, as are aor. I —ἠνδραποδίσθην, pf. —ἠνδραποδίσμαι. Hence ἐξανδραποδίσαις, εως, ἡ, a selling for slaves.

ἐξ-ανδρόομαι, pf. ἐξήνδρωμαι : Pass. :—to come to man's years; λόχος ὀδόντων ὄφεος ἐξήνδρωμένος a band having grown to men from the dragon's teeth.

ἐξ-ανεγείρω, f. —εγερῶ, to excite, stir up.

ἐξ-ανειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐξαναίρειν.

ἐξ-άνειμι, to rise out from : to go up in. II. to come back from.

ἐξ-ἀνεμῶ, f. ὥσω : aor. I —ἠνέμωσα : (ἐξ, ἄνεμος) :—to inflate : puff up. II. to scatter to the winds, bring to nothing.

ἐξ-ἀνέρχομαι, = ἐξάνειμι.

ἐξ-ἀνέστηκα, —ἦσα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξάνιστημι.

ἐξ-ἀνέστραμμαί, pf. pass. of ἐξαναστρέφω.

ἐξ-ἀνέτειλα, aor. I of ἐξανατέλλω.

ἐξ-ἀνεύρισκω, fut. —ἀνεύρῃσω, to find out, invent.

ἐξ-ἀνέχω, f. ξω, to hold up or out : intr. to project. II. Med., impf. and aor. 2 with double augm.

ἐξ-ἠνεγίχουμην, —ἠνεσχόμην :—to bear up against.

ἐξ-ἠνήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξανάγω.

ἐξ-ἠνήκα, aor. I of ἐξανίημι.

ἐξ-ἠνήλωσα, aor. I of ἐξαναλίσκω : ἐξ-ἠνήλωμαι, pf. pass.

ἐξ-ἀνθέω, f. ἡσω : pf. —ἠνθηκα :—to put out flowers. 2. to bloom with, to be covered with, to break out with, of sores. 3. metaph. to burst forth, break out, flourish.

ἐξ-ἀνθίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐξ, ἄνθος) to deck as with flowers, adorn, paint.

ἐξ-ἀνίημι, f. —ἀνῆσω or —ἀνῆσομαι : aor. I —ἀνῆκα :—to send out or forth, let loose : c. gen. to send forth from. 2. to let go, dismiss. 3. to slacken, loosen. II. intr. to slacken, relax, Lat. remittere.

ἐξ-ἀνίστημι, f. —ἀναστήσω, aor. I —ἀνέστησα : in these tenses Causal, to make rise from one's seat. 2. to remove from a settlement : make to emigrate, expel. 3. to depopulate, destroy. II. Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. —ἀνέστην, pf. —ἀνέστηκα, plqpf. —εἰστήκειν, intrans. to rise from one's seat or station. 2. generally, to arise and depart from a place : to be driven out from one's home. 3. to be depopulated.

ἐξ-ἀνοίγω, to lay open.

ἐξ-ἀνορθῶ, f. ὥσω, to set upright, restore.

ἐξ-ἀντλέω, f. ἡσω : aor. I —ἠντλησα :—to draw out, Lat. exaurire. II. metaph. to endure to the end, see out, Lat. exultare.

ἐξ-ἀνύω Att. ἐξ-ἀνύτω, f. ὥσω [ῶ] : aor. I ἐξήνυσσα :—to accomplish, fulfil. 2. to dispatch, kill, Lat. conficere. 3. of Time, to bring to an end, accomplish : hence to finish one's way to a place, arrive at it.

4. c. inf. to manage to do, Lat. efficere ut... 5. Med. to finish for oneself.

ἐξα-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἐξ, πάλαιστή) of six hands-breadths.

ἐξ-απαλλάσσω Att. —πτω, f. ξω : aor. I —ἀπήλαφα :—to free from, remove from :—Med. to remove oneself from, get rid of.

ἐξ-ἀπάτῶ, f. ἡσω : aor. I —ἠπάτησα :—to cheat or deceive thoroughly : to seduce :—Pass., with fut. med. —ῆσομαι, to be utterly deceived.

ἐξ-ἀπάτη, ἡ, a gross trick or deception.

ἐξ-ἀπάτητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐξαπατῶ) a deceiver.

ἐξ-ἀπαύλλω, Comic Dim. of ἐξαπατῶ, to cheat a little, impose upon.

ἐξ-ἀπαρίσκω, Ep. form of ἐξ-απατῶ : aor. 2 ἐξῆπαφον, part. ἐξαπαφῶν : also 3 sing. aor. 2 med. opt. ἐξαπάφοιτο occurs in act. sense.

ἐξά-πεδος, ον, (ἐξ, πούς) six feet long.

ἐξ-ἀπειδον, inf. ἐξαπιδεῖν, aor. 2 (with no pres. in use), to observe from afar. Cf. εἶδον.

ἐξά-πηχυς, υ, (ἐξ, πῆχυς) six cubits long.

ἐξάπνια, Adv., later form of ἐξαπίνης.

ἐξ-ἀπιναιος, α, ον, = ἐξαπινίδιος, From

ἐξ-ἀπίνης, Adv., collat. form for ἐξαίφνης. [Υ]

ἐξά-πλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. —πλήσιος, η, ον, (ἐξ) sixfold.

ἐξά-πλεθρος, ον, (ἐξ, πλέθρον) six πλέθρα long, i. e. 1200 feet long.

ἐξ-ἀπλώ, f. ὥσω, to unfold, roll out : to explain.

ἐξ-ἀποβαίνω, f. —βῆσομαι, to step out of.

ἐξ-ἀποδοίμαι, Dep. to chase away from.

ἐξ-ἀποδύνω, to put off.

ἐξ-ἀποθνήσκω, to be just on the point of death.

ἐξά-πολις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξ, πόλις) a league of six cities.

ἐξ-ἀπόλλυμι, f. —ἀπολέσω Att. —ἀπολώ :—to destroy utterly :—Med., with perf. 2 act. ἐξαπόλωλα, intr. to perish utterly : to perish out of.

ἐξ-ἀπονέομαι, Pass. to return out of.

ἐξ-ἀπονίζω, f. νίψω, to wash thoroughly.

ἐξ-ἀποξύνω, to sharpen well.

ἐξ-ἀπορέω, also Med. ἐξ-ἀπορέομαι, to be utterly at a loss, be in great perplexity.

ἐξ-ἀποστέλλω, to send out or away : to divorce.

ἐξ-ἀποτίω, f. —ἀποτίσω [Υ], to atone fully.

ἐξ-ἀποφθεῖρω, to destroy utterly.

ἐξ-ἀπτω, f. ψω : aor. I ἐξήψα :—to fasten from or to : c. dat. to attach to. II. Med. to bang from, cling to a thing. 2. to fasten about oneself, wear.

ἐξαράρημαι, Ion. pf. pass. of ἐξαίρειν.

ἐξ-ἀράσσω Att. —πτω, fut. ξω : aor. I ἐξήραξα :—to dash or knock out, sbatter : metaph. to assail furiously.

ἐξ-ἀργέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐξ, ἀργός) to be quite torpid :—Pass. to be quite neglected.

ἐξ-ἀργυρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, and ἐξ-ἀργυρόω, f. ὥσω, to turn into money, sell.

ἐξ-ἀρέσκομαι, f. —ἀρέσομαι, Dep. to make oneself acceptable to : also to win over, conciliate.

ἐξ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἡσω, to count throughout, Lat. enumerare. II. to pay in ready money.

ἐξ-ἀρκέω, f. ἰσω, to be enough for : impers., ἐξαρκεῖ μοι it is enough for, satisfies me, c. inf. II. to

abound in, be content with: c. part. to be satisfied with doing.

III. to assist, succour. Hence

ἐξαρκής, *és*, enough, sufficient.

ἐξαρκούστω, Adv. pres. part. of ἐξαρκέω, enough, sufficiently.

ἐξ-αρνέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: aor. I -ἡρνήσαμην and -ἡρνήθην:—to deny strongly. Hence

ἐξαρνητικός, *ή, όν*, good at denying or disowning.

ἐξαρνος, *ον*, (ἐξαρνέομαι) denying, disowning.

ἐξ-αρπάξω, f. -αρπάξω and -αρπάσω or -αρπάσομαι: aor. I -ἥρπαξα Att. -ἥρπασα: pf. pass. -ἥρπασμαι:—to snatch away from: to rescue from danger.

ἐξ-αρτάω, fut. ἴσω, to bang from or upon. II.

Pass., with fut. med. ἐξαρτήσομαι, pf. ἐξήρτημαι, to be hung upon, bang upon. 2. to have fastened to one, be equir'd with: cf. ἐξάπτω. 3. to be exposed to view.

ἐξ-αρτίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to complete, finish:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτισμαι, to be completely furnished.

ἐξ-αρτύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], to get ready: to fit out, equip:—Med. to get ready for oneself, fit out: to prepare, set about:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρτυμαι, to be got ready.

ἐξάρχης, Dor. for ἐξήρχης, 3 sing. impf. of ἐξάρχω.

ἐξ-άρχος, *ον*, beginning. II. as Subst., ἐξάρχος, *ό*, a leader, beginner, Lat. auctor. 2. the first in rank, chief, Lat. princeps. 3. the leader of the chorus, = κορυφαίος.

ἐξ-άρχω, f. *ζω*, to begin, lead off; ἐξάρχειν παιᾶνά τινι to begin a hymn to one, address it to him: and

reversely, ἐξάρχειν τινα λόγους to address one with words:—so also in Med. ἐξάρχομαι.

ἐξ-ασκέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I -ἥσκησα:—to adorn, deck out. II. to train or exercise thoroughly:—Pass. to be well trained in.

ἐξ-ατιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to dishonour utterly.

ἐξ-ᾄττω, Att. contr. for ἐξαίσσω.

ἐξ-αναίνω, aor. ἐξηύνην: to dry up, parch up.

ἐξ-ανύδω, f. ἴσω, to speak out:—also in Med.

ἐξ-αυλέω, f. ἴσω, to wear out by piping.

ἐξ-αυλίζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to leave one's quarters.

ἐξ-αυτής, Adv., for ἐξ αὐτῆς [τῆς ὥρας], at the very point of time, at once.

ἐξ-αυτίς, Adv. for ἐξ-αυτίς, (ἐξ, αὐτίς) over again, anew. II. of Place, back again, backwards.

ἐξ-αυτομολέω, f. ἴσω, to desert from.

ἐξ-αυχέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐξηύχνησα: to boast loudly.

ἐξ-αῦω, aor. I ἐξήυσα, to scream or cry out.

ἐξ-αφαίρειν, aor. 2 -αφείλον, med. -αφείλομαι (from obsol. ἔλω):—to take quite away:—Med., ψυχὴν τινας ἐξαφελέσθαι to take his life from him.

ἐξ-αφίμι, fut. -αφήσω, to send forth, discharge: to set free from.

ἐξ-αφίστημι, to put away:—Med., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -έστηκειν, intrans. to depart or withdraw from.

ἐξ-αφρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. (ἐξ, ἀφρός) to foam away from oneself, Lat. despumare; ἐξαφρίσθαι μένος to foam or fret away one's strength.

ἐξ-αφύσσω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. I -ἤφῡσα:—to arouse forth.

ἐξάψαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξάπτω.

ἐξέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐξέβην, aor. 2 of ἐκβαίνω:—ἐξεβαν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. for ἐξέβησαν.

ἐξ-εγγύω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ἐγγύη) to free by giving bail:—Med. to give bail:—Pass. to be set free on bail. Hence

ἐξ-εγγύσις, *εως, ή*, a giving bail or surety.

ἐξ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken: to raise from the dead: generally, to arouse, excite: to kindle:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἐξηγρύμην, inf. -εγρέσθαι, and pf. act. ἐξεγρήγορα, to be aroused, to wake up.

ἐξέγραψα, aor. 2 of ἐκγράφω.

ἐξέγροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξεγείρω.

ἐξέδεξα, aor. I of ἐκδέκνυμι.

ἐξεδεξάμην, aor. I of ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐξεδίδαξα, aor. I of ἐκδιδάσκω.

ἐξέδοτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἐξ-έδρα, *ή*, Lat. exbedra, a covered walk in front of a house.

ἐξεδράμων, aor. 2 of ἐκτρέχω.

ἐξεδράμην, aor. 2 of ἐκδιδράσκω.

ἐξ-έδρος, *ον*, (ἐξ, ἔδρα) away from home: generally, strange, extraordinary. 2. c. gen. out of, away from; ἐξέδρος φρενῶν out of one's senses. II. of omens, in a bad quarter.

ἐξέδομαι, fut. of ἐξεσθίω.

ἐξέδυν, aor. 2 (in intr. sense) of ἐκδύνω.

ἐξέδύσα, aor. I (in causal sense) of ἐκδύω.

ἐξέδωκα, aor. I of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἐξέθανω, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.

ἐξεθέμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐξέθηκα, aor. I of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐξέθορον, aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσκω.

ἐξέθρεψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐξεί, for ἐξίτι, imperat. of ἐξείμι exibo.

ἐξ-εἶδον, inf. ἐξιδέιν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to look out, see far: also aor. 2 med. imperat., ἐξιδού see well to it. Cf. ἐξοῖδα.

ἐξείης, Adv. (ἐχῶ, ἔξω) poet. for ἐξῆς, in order, in a row, one after another.

ἐξ-εἰκάσω, fut. *σω*, to make like: to adapt: pf. part. pass. ἐξηκασμένος, represented by a likeness or portrait.

ἐξ-εἰλέω, f. ἴσω, Lat. evolvere, to unfold.

ἐξείλλω, = ἐρίλλω.

ἐξείλον, ἐξεἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐξαίρειν.

ἐξ-εἰμι, 2 sing. ἐξείσθα (for ἐξεί), inf. ἐξείναι Ep. ἐξίμεναι: impf. ἐξήϊεν: (ἐκ, εἰμι ibo):—to go out, come out: esp. to march out with an army: to come forward on the stage. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire; ὅταν τὸ κακὸν ἐξῆλ when the pain ceases.

ἐξ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum), only in impers. ἐξεστι, q. v.

ἐξείναι, fut. inf. of ἐχῶ.

ἐξείναι, inf. of ἐξεστι.

ἐξ-εἶπον, inf. ἐξεπεῖν, to speak out, to utter, avow : also, to betray : cf. εἶπον.

ἐξείρετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἐξέρομαι.

ἐξείρισα Ep. -εἰρυσα, aor. I of ἐξερύνω.

ἐξ-εἶρω, to put forth, thrust out. II. to pull out.

ἐξεῖσθα, for ἐξει, 2 sing. pres. of ἐξεῖμι ἐκίδο.

ἐξέκαθ'ηρα, aor. I of ἐκκαθαίρω.

ἐξέκαμον, aor. 2 of ἐκαμάνω.

ἐξεκείνωσα, poet. aor. I of ἐκκενδύω.

ἐξεκέχυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐξέκλεψα, aor. I of ἐκκλέπτω.

ἐξεκλησίαζον, ἐξεκλησίασα, irreg. impf. and aor. I of ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἐξέκλινα, aor. I of ἐκκλίνω.

ἐξεκόμισα, aor. I of ἐκκομίζω.

ἐξέκοψα, ἐξεκόπην, aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐξεκρέματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.

ἐξεκρούσα, ἐξεκρούσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκρούω.

ἐξεκλύσθαι, -ίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκλύδω.

ἐξέλαβον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαμβάνω.

ἐξελαῖς, ᾧ, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ἐξελαύνω.

ἐξέλκυσθαι, εως, ἡ, a driving out, expulsion. II. intr. a marching out, expedition. From

ἐξ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ : pf. -εληλάκα : also poet. pres. ἐξελάω, inf. ἐξελάαν :—to drive out, chase out.

2. to beat out, hammer out, of metals. II. ἐξελαύνειν στρατόν to lead out an army : hence (sub. στρατόν) intrans. to set out on an expedition, march out.

ἐξέλαχον, aor. 2 of ἐκλαγχάνω.

ἐξελε, poet. for ἐξείλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ἐξαλέω : also 2 sing. imperat.

ἐξ-ελέγχω, f. ξω, to search out, bring to the test : to convict, expose, confute : of things, to be proved against one. 2. οὐ τοῦτό γ' ἐξελέγχομαι I am not to blame in this.

ἐξελεῖν, ἐξελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἐξαίρω.

ἐξέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐκλείπω.

ἐξ-ελευθεροστομέω, to be very free of speech.

ἐξελεύσομαι, ἐξελθεῖν, fut. and aor. 2 inf. of ἐξέρχομαι.

ἐξελέηλακα, pf. of ἐξελαύνω.

ἐξεληλέγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξελέγχω.

ἐξ-ελίσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to unroll, unfold : metaph. to explain. II. = Lat. explicare, to expand the front by bringing up the rear men.

ἐξελεκτόν, verb. Adj. one must drag along. From

ἐξ-έλκω, f. -ελκύσω [ῥ], as if from -ελκύνω :—to draw or drag out. 2. to draw out from, rescue from.

II. to drag out, prolong, protract.

ἐξέλυσα, aor. I of ἐκλύω.

ἐξέμαθον, aor. 2 of ἐκμανθάνω.

ἐξεμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐξέμαξα, aor. I of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐξεμαργώθην, aor. I pass. of ἐκμαργώω.

ἐξέμαξα, ἐξεμάνην [ᾱ], aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐξέμεν, Ep. for ἐξεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξίημι.

ἐξέμεν, Ep. for ἐξεῖν, fut. inf. of ἐχχω.

ἐξ-εμέω, f. -εμέωσα : aor. I ἐξέμεσα :—to vomit forth, disgorge. 2. absol. to be sick.

ἐξέμηνα, aor. I of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐξέμμορε, 3 sing. pf. of ἐκμειρομαι.

ἐξ-εμπεδύω, f. ῶσα, to keep fast or strictly, observe.

ἐξ-εμπολῶν Ion. -έω, f. ῆσα, to traffic : κέρδος ἐξεμπολῶν to drive a gainful trade ; pf. pass. ἐξημπόλημαι I am bought and sold, betrayed. II. to sell off.

ἐξ-εναίρω, aor. 2 inf. ἐξεναρῖν, = ἐξεναρῖζω.

ἐξ-εναρίζω, f. ῖζω, to strip or spoil a foe : to slay in fight.

ἐξενέγκατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of ἐκφέρω.

ἐξ-ενέπω, to speak out, proclaim.

ἐξένευσσα, aor. I of ἐκνεύω and also of ἐκνέω.

ἐξένθοις, ἐξενθών, Dor. for ἐξελθοῖς, ἐξελθών, aor. 2 opt. and part. of ἐξέρχομαι.

ἐξενίκησα, aor. I of ἐκνικῶ.

ἐξένυσα, aor. I of ἐκνίζω.

ἐξ-επάδω, f. -επάσσομαι, to charm away :—Pass. ἐξεπαδῆσθαι φύσιν to be charmed out of their nature.

ἐξ-επαίρω, f. -επαῖρῶ, to stir up, elate.

ἐξεπαῖσα, aor. I of ἐκπαῖω.

ἐξεπάταξα, aor. I of ἐκπατάσσω.

ἐξεπαύσα, aor. I of ἐκπαύω.

ἐξεπεισα, aor. I of ἐκπέισθαι.

ἐξεπεράθην [ᾱ], aor. I of ἐκπεράομαι.

ἐξέπεμψα, aor. I of ἐκπέμπω.

ἐξεπέρησα, Ion. aor. I of ἐκπεράω.

ἐξέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω.

ἐξεπέτασα, Ep. for ἐξεπέτασα, aor. I of ἐκπετάννυμι.

ἐξ-επεύχομαι, Dep. to boast loudly.

ἐξ-επ-και-δέκατος, η, ον, = ἐκκαίδέκατος.

ἐξέπιον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίνω.

ἐξ-επίστωμαι, Dep. to understand, know thoroughly. II. to know by heart.

ἐξ-επίτηδες, Adv., = ἐπίτηδες, on purpose, carefully.

ἐξεπλάγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέπλευσα, aor. I of ἐκπλέω.

ἐξέπληξα, ἐξεπλήχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέπλησα, ἐξεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ἐξέπλημι, aor. I of ἐκπλήνω.

ἐξεποίησα, aor. I of ἐκποιέω.

ἐξεπόνεσα, Dor. aor. I of ἐκπονέω.

ἐξεπρέψα, -εῦθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπρεΐω.

ἐξεπύρισα, aor. I of ἐκπυρίζω.

ἐξέπρηνον, aor. 2 of ἐκπρίνω.

ἐξέπρηξα, aor. I of ἐκπράσσω.

ἐξέπριον, aor. 2 of ἐκπρίω.

ἐξεπτάμην or -όμην, aor. 2 of ἐκπέταμαι or -ομαι.

ἐξέπταξα, Dor. for ἐξέπτηξα, aor. I of ἐκπτήσσω.

ἐξέπτην, aor. 2 act. of ἐκπέταμαι.

ἐξέπτῡσα, aor. 1 of ἐκπτύω.

ἐξεπύθωμην, aor. 2 of ἐκπυνθάνομαι.

ἐξέραιμα, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From

ἐξ-εράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ] : aor. 1 ἐξέρᾱσα :—to vomit forth, Lat. *evomere*.

2. metaph. to disgorge, get rid of ;

ἐξερᾶν τὰς ψήφους to disgorge the ballots from the urn.

ἐξ-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάσσομαι : pf. -εργάσμαι used both in med. and pass. sense : aor. 1 -εργάσθην always in pass. : Dep. :—to work out, finish, make complete. 2. to accomplish : to make, cause. 3. to work well, cultivate.

II. to undo, destroy, Lat. *conficere* : to overwhelm, ruin :—Pass., ἐξεργάσμεθα we are undone ; τὰ ἐξεργασμένα desperate affairs ; ἐν' ἐξεργασμένοις when all is over. Hence

ἐξεργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to accomplish.

ἐξ-έργω Att. -είργω, to shut out, exclude from : to hinder, forbid : to drive away :—Pass., ἀναγκαίη ἐξέργεσθαι to be forced to a thing.

ἐξ-ερεῖνω, to inquire into or after : search or try.

ἐξ-ερεθίζω, ἐξ-ερίθω, strengthen for ἐρεθίζω, ἐρέθω.

ἐξ-ερείπω, to strike or hew off. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἐξήρίπον, inf. ἐξερίπειν, and pf. ἐξήριπα :—to fall to earth ; χαλῆν ζεύγλης ἐξερίπουσα the mane streaming downwards from the yoke : to fall down.

ἐξ-ερεύνομαι, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves.

ἐξ-ερευνάω, f. ἴσω, to search out, examine.

ἐξ-ερέω Att. contr. -ερώ, (ἐξ, ἐρέω) fut. without any pres. in use, I will speak out, proclaim : hence pf. act. ἐξείρηκα ; 3 plqpf. pass. ἐξείρητο ; and fut. ἐξειρήσεται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is ἐξαγορεύω, the aor. ἐξεῖπον.

ἐξ-ερέω, Ep. for ἐξέρομαι, to inquire into : inquire of. ἐξ-ερημόω, f. ὥσω, to make utterly desolate, desert utterly.

ἐξ-ερίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ἔρις) to be contumacious, resist.

ἐξερίπτειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξερείπω.

ἐξεριστής, οὐδ, ὁ, (ἐξερίζω) a stubborn disputant.

ἐξ-έρομαι, fut. -ερήσομαι : Dep. : (ἐξ, έρομαι) :—to inquire of : to inquire into, examine : cf. ἐξέρεω.

ἐξ-έρπω, f. -έρψω : aor. 1 -ερίψα (as if from -ερίπων) : to creep out of : absol. to creep out.

ἐξερράγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐξέρᾱνα, aor. 1 of ἐκράνω.

ἐξερρηξα, aor. 1 of ἐκρήγνυμι.

ἐξέρριψα, aor. 1 of ἐκρίπτω.

ἐξερρύηκα, pf. of ἐκρέω.

ἐξερρήν, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of ἐκρέω.

ἐξ-έρπω, (ἐξ, έρπω) to go out : only in imperat., ἐξερπε γαίαις away out of the land.

ἐξ-ερύκω, to ward off, repel. [ῦ]

ἐξ-ερούω, f. ὥσω [ῦ] : aor. 1 ἐξεῖρῡσα Ep. ἐξέρῡσα and ἐξεῖρυνσα :—to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest from : to tear out.

ἐξ-έρχομαι, Dep. with fut. -ελεύσομαι : aor. 2 -ἤλυθον contr. -ἤλθον : pf. -ελήλυθα :—to go out, come out of, march off : to go through : to stand forth. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire. III. of pro-

phacies, etc., to be accomplished, come true : generally, to reach its end.

ἐξ-ερωέω, f. ἴσω, to swerve from the course, to shy.

ἐξ-ερωτάω, f. ἴσω, to search out : to question.

ἐξ-εσάωσα, aor. 1 of ἐκσάω.

ἐξ-έσεισα, aor. 1 of ἐκσεύω.

ἐξ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι : pf. -εδήδοκα :—to eat away.

ἐξ-έσθω, collat. form of foreg.

ἐξ-εσία, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a sending out, mission.

ἐξ-εσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a dismissal : divorce.

ἐξ-εσκέδασα, aor. 1 of ἐκσκεδάννυμι.

ἐξ-εσμων, impf. of ἐκσμάω.

ἐξ-εσόβησα, aor. 1 of ἐκσοβέω.

ἐξ-εσούτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐκσεύω.

ἐξ-εστᾶκέναι, for ἐξεστήκεναι, pf. inf. of ἐξίστημι.

ἐξ-εστάναι, inf. pf. of ἐξίστημι, contr. for ἐξεστήκεναι.

ἐξ-έστειλα, aor. 1 of ἐκπέλλω.

ἐξ-εστημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐκστέφω.

ἐξ-έστηκα, ἐξίστην, pf. and aor. 2 of ἐξίστημι.

ἐξ-εστι, impers., subj. ἐξη, optat. ἐξέη : inf. ἐξείναι :

fut. ἐξεστα : impf. ἐξήν : (ἐξ, εἰμι sum) :—it is allowed, it is in one's power, is possible : part. ἐξών Ion.

ἐξ-εόν, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. *quum liceat*.

ἐξ-εστράτευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρατεύω.

ἐξ-εστρατοπέδευμαι, pf. of ἐκστρατοπεδεύομαι.

ἐξ-έστρεψα, aor. 1 of ἐκστρέφω.

ἐξ-εσύρην [ῦ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκσύρω [ῦ].

ἐξ-εσκαρευνόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκσκαρεύω.

ἐξ-έσωσα, ἐξεσώθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of ἐκσώζω.

ἐξ-ετάζω, f. ἐξετάσω Att. ἐξετᾶ : aor. 1 ἐξήτασα Dor. ἐξήταξα : pf. ἐξήτακα :—Pass., aor. 1 ἐξητάσθην :

pf. ἐξήταραμαι :—to examine well or closely, to scrutinise : hence to question, esp. by the torture : of things, to search out, to inquire into, sift closely. 2. of troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly, to test : hence to estimate, compare :—Pass. to be proved, to stand the trial : to be examined.

ἐξ-ετάθην [ᾶ], aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτείνω.

ἐξ-ετάκην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκτέκω.

ἐξ-ετᾶμον, aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.

ἐξ-ετάνυσσα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐκτανύω.

ἐξετάνυσθην, aor. 1 pass. of ἐκτανύω.

ἐξ-ετάρᾱξα, aor. 1 of ἐκταράσσω.

ἐξ-ετᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξετάζω) a searching out : a military inspection or review.

ἐξεταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐξετάζω) skilful at examining : absol. inquiring.

ἐξ-έτεινα, aor. 1 of ἐκτείνω.

ἐξ-έτεκεν, aor. 2 of ἐκτίκτω.

ἐξ-ετέλειον, Ep. impf. of ἐκτελέω.

ἐξ-ετελεῖν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of ἐκτελέω.

ἐξ-ετετόξευτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐκτοξεύω.

ἐξ-ετεχνήσαμην, aor. 1 of ἐκτεχνάζομαι.

ἐξ-ετηκόμην, impf. pass. of ἐκτέκω.

ἐξ-έτης, es, (ἐξ, έτος) six years old.

ἐξ-έτι, (ἐκ, έτι) Prep. with gen. even until now.

ἐξ-έτισα, aor. 1 of ἐκτίνω.

ἐξ-ετόξευσα, aor. 1 of ἐκτοξεύω.

ἐξετραπόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτρέπω.

ἐξέτρεψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέπω.

ἐξέτριψα, aor. I of ἐκτρίβω.

ἐξέτριψα, aor. I of ἐκτρίβω.

ἐξ-εὐλαβέομαι, Dep. to be very cautious of.

ἐξ-εὐμαρίζω, (ἐκ, εὐμαρής) to make easy, lighten. II.

Med. to get ready, prepare, Lat. expedire.

ἐξέρεσς, εὖς, ἦ, (ἐξεύρισκω) a searching out: a finding out, invention.

ἐξέρημα, ατος, τό, a thing found out, an invention, contrivance. From

ἐξ-εὐρίσκω, f. -εὐρήσω, aor. 2 -εὐρον:—to find out, discover: to invent. 2. to seek out. 3. to find out, win, secure.

ἐξ-εὐρηπίζω, to prepare.

ἐξ-εὐχομαι, Dep. to boast aloud, proclaim. II. to pray for.

ἐξεφάνθην Ep. for ἐξεφάνθην, aor. I pass. of ἐκφαίνω.

ἐξεφάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.

ἐξεφθαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐκφθείρω.

ἐξεφθίνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.

ἐξέφθιτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.

ἐξ-εφίημι, mostly used in Med. ἐξεφίεμαι, to enjoin, urge, bid.

ἐξέφύγον, aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.

ἐξέφύσα, ἐξέφυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐκφύω.

ἐξέχεα Ep. ἐξέχευα, aor. I of ἐκχέω.

ἐξεχореυσάμην, aor. I med. of ἐκχορεύω.

ἐξέχρησα, aor. I of ἐκχράω.

ἐξεχύθην [ῡ], aor. I pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐξ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stand out or project from: of the sun, to shine out, appear.

ἐξέχωσα, aor. I of ἐκχάννυμι.

ἐξέβυξα, aor. I of ἐκβύχω.

ἐξ-έψω, f. -εψήσω, to boil thoroughly.

ἐξήβος, ον, (ἐκ, ἡβη) past one's youth.

ἐξήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐξάγω.

ἐξήγγεila, ἐξηγγέλην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξαγγέλλω.

ἐξ-ηγέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. -ήγημαι: Dep.:—to be leader of, c. gen. pers. 2. c. acc. pers. to manage, direct, govern. II. to go first, lead the way:

2. ἐξηγεῖσθαι τινι to shew one the way in a thing; and so to guide: also to teach; to command. III. like Lat. praeire verbis, to prescribe a form of words:—to expound, interpret. IV. to tell at length, narrate, describe. Hence

ἐξηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, a guide, director, counsellor: generally, a deviser. II. an interpreter of oracles or sacred rites, Lat. interpres religionum.

ἐξηγρόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐξεγείρω.

ἐξήκασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεικάζω.

ἐξήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (ἑξ) sixty, sexaginta.

ἐξηκοντα-έτης, ες, (ἐξήκοντα, ἔτος) sixty years old.

ἐξηκοντάκις ποῖτ. -άκι, (ἐξήκοντα) Adv. sixty times.

ἐξηκοντα-τάλαντία, ἦ, (ἐξήκοντα, τάλαντον) a sum of sixty talents.

ἐξηκόντισα, aor. I of ἐξακοντίζω.

ἐξηκοστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἐξήκοντα) sixtieth, sexagesimus.

ἐξ-ἦκω, f. ἦξω, to have arrived at a point:—of Time, to have run out, expired:—of prophecies, to have turned out true.

ἐξήλασα Ep. ἐξήλασσα, aor. I of ἐξελαίνω.

ἐξήλατος, ον, (ἐξελαίνω) beaten out, hammered.

ἐξήλεγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐξελεγχω: ἐξήλεγκτο, 3 sing. plqpf.

ἐξήλειψα, aor. I of ἐξαλείφω.

ἐξήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι.

ἐξ-ηλιάζω, f. άσω, (ἥλιος) to set in the sun: to bang in the open air.

ἐξήλλαξα, aor. I of ἐξαλλάσσω: ἐξήλλαγμαi, pf. pass.

ἐξήλυθις, εως, ἦ, (ἐξήλυθον aor. 2 of ἐξέρχομαι) a going out: a way out.

ἐξ-ἦμαρ, Adv. (ἕξ, ἡμαρ) for six days, six days long.

ἐξήμαρτον, ἐξημάρτηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of ἐξαμαρτάνω.

ἐξημβλώκα, pf. of ἐξαμβλύνω.

ἐξήμεψα, aor. I of ἐξαμείβω.

ἐξ-ημερώω, f. ώσω, to tame or reclaim quite: metaphor. to civilise, humanise.

ἐξημημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξαμάω.

ἐξημιλλησάμην, -ήθην, aor. I med. and pass. of ἐξαμιλλάομαι.

ἐξημοιβός, ὄν, (ἐξαμείβω) quite changed; ἐξημοιβάειματα changes of raiment.

ἐξημπολόημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξεμπολάω.

ἐξηνδραποδίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐξανδραποδίζω.

ἐξήνδρωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξανδρόομαι.

ἐξήνεγκα, ἐξήνεγκον, aor. I and 2 of ἐκφέρω.

ἐξηνεχύμην, ἐξηνεσχόμην, impf. and aor. 2 med. (with double augm.) of ἐξανέχω.

ἐξηνέμωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξανέμωω.

ἐξήνθηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξανθέω.

ἐξήντηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξαντλέω.

ἐξήνυσα, aor. I of ἐξανύω or ἐξανύτω.

ἐξῆξα, Att. aor. I of ἐξαίσσω, ἐξάισσω.

ἐξηπάτηκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξαπατάω.

ἐξήπαθον, aor. 2 of ἐξαπαθίσκω.

ἐξ-ηπεροπέω, f. σω, to cheat utterly.

ἐξῆρα, aor. I of ἐξάιρω.

ἐξήραμαι, pf. pass. of ξηραίνω.

ἐξηράνθην, aor. I pass. of ξηραίνω.

ἐξήραξα, aor. I of ἐξαράσσω.

ἐξήρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐξάιρω.

ἐξ-ἥρεμος, ον, (ἕξ, ἑρέσω) with six oars.

ἐξήρικουν, impf. of ἐξαρκέω.

ἐξήρπαξα or -ασα, aor. I of ἐξαρπάζω.

ἐξήρτημαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτάω.

ἐξήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτίζω.

ἐξήρτυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐξαρτύω.

ἐξήρχετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐξάρχω.

ἐξηρώησα, aor. I of ἐξερωέω.

ἐξήσκησα, aor. I of ἐξασκέω: ἐξήσκημαι, pf. pass.

ἐξῆς Ep. ἐξείης, Adv. (έχω, έξω) one after another, in order: also of Time, thereafter, next. II.

c. gen. next to.

ἐξήτασα Dor. ἐξήταξα, aor. I of ἐξετάζω.
 ἐξήτησα, aor. I of ἐξαίτω.
 ἐξήτησα, aor. I of ἐξαναίτω.
 ἐξηγήσα, -ήγουν, aor. I and impf. of ἐξαυγέω.
 ἐξήφύσα Ep. ἐξήφυσσα, aor. I of ἐξαφύσσω.
 ἐξηγῶ, f. ἦσω, to sound forth, publish.
 ἐξήψα, ἐξήφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξάπτω.
 ἐξ-ιδόμαι, f. -ιδόσμαι Ion. -ίτσομαι: Dep.:—to cure thoroughly: to make full amends for.
 ἐξίδειν, inf. of ἐξείδον.
 ἐξ-ιδόμαι, Dep. (ἐξ, ἴδιος) to make one's own, to appropriate.
 ἐξ-ιδίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to exude.
 ἐξ-ιδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to place in a resting posture:—Med. to establish oneself.
 ἐξίναμι, inf. of ἐξείμι exibo; but ἐξίναμι, of ἐξίμι.
 ἐξ-ίμι, f. ἦσω, to send out, dispatch, in Ep. aor. 2 inf. ἐξέμεν for ἐξίναμι: of a sail or cable, to let out or loose: to throw out or forth: to take out of:—Med. to put off from oneself, get rid of. 2. to send from oneself, divorce.
 ἐξ-ιθύω [ῦ], to make quite straight.
 ἐξ-ικετεύω, f. σῶ, to beseech earnestly.
 ἐξ-ικνέομαι, f. ἐξίξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέκωμην [ῖ]: Dep.:—to reach, arrive at. 2. to attain, come up to: to be sufficient for. 3. to accomplish, execute.
 ἐξ-ίλω, f. ξω, poet, for ἐξήκω.
 ἐξ-ιλάσκομαι, f. -ιλάσσομαι [ῖ], Dep. to appease completely, propitiate.
 ἐξ-ἰλλω, to unravel, disentangle. II. to keep out from, bar from.
 ἐξίμεναι, for ἐξίναμι, inf. of ἐξείμι exibo.
 ἐξ-ιπῶ, f. ὦσω, to press out, press heavily.
 ἐξ-ιπτάμαι, later form of ἐκπέτομαι.
 ἐξίς, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐξω fut. of ἐχω) a being in a certain state, a permanent condition or habit, of body or mind.
 ἐξ-ίσης, Adv. for ἐξ ἴσης (sub. μοίρας), equally; also ἐξ-ίσου (sub. μέτρου).
 ἐξ-ισῶ, f. ὦσω, to make equal or even, Lat. exaequare:—Med. to make oneself equal:—Pass. to be equal, to be a match for. 2. to put on a level. II. intr. to be equal or like.
 ἐξ-ιστημι, f. ἐκστήσω, aor. I ἐξέστησα, in these tenses Causal, to put out of its place, change, alter; ἐξιστάναι τινα φρενῶν to drive one out of his senses: hence, simply, ἐξιστάναι τινα to drive mad, to derange; also to astonish, to bewitch. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐξέστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand aside from: to stand out of the way: to make way for one; also c. acc. to shrink from, shun.
 III. c. gen. rei, to retire from: to be deprived of; ἐκστήναι πατρός to lose one's father. 2. φρενῶν ἐξιστάναι (pf. inf.) to lose one's senses: absol. to be out of one's wits, to be astonished. 3. generally, to give up one's pursuits: also to change one's opinion.
 ἐξ-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to inquire into: inquire of.
 ἐξ-ισχύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to be quite able.
 ἐξ-ισχω, = ἐξέχω: trans. to push forth: intr. to stand forth.

ἐξισωτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξίσω, one must make equal.
 ἐξίτηλος, ov, (ἐξίναμι) going out, fading: extinct: forgotten.
 ἐξ-ιτηγών, verb. Adj. of ἐξίναμι, one must go forth.
 ἐξ-ιτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἐξίναμι, to be come out of: τοῖς οὐκ ἐξίτον ἐστι for whom there's no coming out.
 ἐξ-ιχνεύω, f. σῶ, to trace out.
 ἐξ-ιχνοσκοπέω, f. ἦσω, to seek by tracking out.
 ἐξ-μέδμνος, ov, of, holding six medimni.
 ἐξ-ογκῶ, f. ὦσω, to make swell out; μητέρα τάφῳ ἐξογκῶν to honour her by raising a tomb:—Pass. to be swelled out: metaph. to be puffed up, elated: absol. to swell, rise high. Hence
 ἐξόγκωμα, atos, τό, anything raised up: a mound, barrow, cairn.
 ἐξ-οδάω, f. ἦσω, (ἐξοδος IV) to sell.
 ἐξ-οδία, ἡ, (ἐξοδος) a marching out, expedition.
 ἐξ-οδιος, ov, (ἐξοδος III) of, belonging to an exit; to the finale of a play. II. as Subst., τὸ ἐξόδιον (sub. μέλος), the finale of a tragedy. At Rome, exodia were burlesques acted after other plays, or travesties on the subject of the play itself, like some modern epilogues.
 ἐξ-οδοιοπρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out of.
 ἐξ-οδος, ἡ, a going out. 2. a marching out, military expedition: a sally. 3. a solemn procession. II. a way out, Lat. exitus. III. also like Lat. exitus, an end, close: the close of life, decease. 2. the end of a tragedy. 3. a piece of music played at any one's exit. IV. an outgoing, payment of money: hence ἐξοδάω.
 ἐξ-οδύνάω, f. ἦσω, to pain extremely.
 ἐξ-όζω, f. -οξήσω, to smell strongly.
 ἐξ-οῦδα, pf. without any pres. in use, Att. plqpf. ἐξήδη, to know thoroughly, know well: cf. ἐξείδον.
 ἐξ-οιδέω, f. ἦσω: pf. -όδηκα, to be swollen up.
 ἐξ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to leave one's home, to emigrate. II. Pass. to be thickly inhabited. Hence
 ἐξοικήσμος, ov, habitable, inhabited.
 ἐξ-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I -οίκησα:—to remove one from his home, eject, expel:—Pass. to go from home, remove. II. to depopulate, empty.
 ἐξ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build up, build from the ground, finish a building.
 ἐξ-οιμῶ, f. -οιμῶμαι, to wail aloud.
 ἐξ-οινόμαι, pf. ἐξήνομαι, Pass. to be quite drunk.
 ἐξ-οιστέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐκφέρω, to be brought out. II. ἐξοιστέον, one must bring out.
 ἐξ-οιστρέω or -έω, f. ἦσω, to drive quite wild.
 ἐξοίσω, fut. of ἐκφέρω:—med. ἐξοίσσομαι also in pass. sense.
 ἐξ-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, to go out: Aeol. 3 pl. ἐξοιχνέουσι.
 ἐξ-οίχομαι, Dep. to have gone out.
 ἐξ-οκέλλω, aor. I -όκελα, to thrust out of the sea; to run a ship aground: intr. of the ship, to run aground. II. metaph. to run a person aground, bring him into difficulties:—Pass., δεῦρο ἐξοκέλλεται the thing is brought to this pass.
 ἐξ-ολέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξόλλυμι.

ἐξ-ολισθάνω, fut. -ολισθήσω: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—
to slip off, to glance off. II. c. acc. to slip out
of, elude.

ἐξ-όλλυμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ: aor. I
ἐξώλεσα:—to destroy utterly. II. Med. with
perf. 2 ἐξόλαλα, to perish utterly.

ἐξ-ολοθρεύω, f. σω, to destroy utterly.
ἐξ-ολολύω, f. ξω, to bowl aloud.

ἐξομαι, fut. med. of ἐχω.

ἐξομήρευσις, εως, ἡ, a demand of hostages. From
ἐξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, to bind by taking hostages: Med.
to take as hostages.

ἐξ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to have intercourse, associate, live
with. II. Med. to be away from one's friends, to
be solitary.

ἐξ-όμιλος, ov, away from intercourse with others;
foreign, strange.

ἐξ-ομματώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐξ, ὄμμα) to give sight to:—
Pass. to be restored to sight. 2. metaph. to make
clear or plain. II. also to bereave of sight.

ἐξ-όμνυμαι, f. -ομούμαι: aor. I -ωμοσάμην:—to deny
upon oath. II. to decline an office by an oath that
one has not means or health to discharge it.

ἐξ-ομοιόω, f. ὠσω, to make quite like:—Pass. to be-
come or be like.

ἐξ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, and as Dep. ἐξομολογέομαι, f.
ἦσομαι, to confess in full, admit. 2. to agree,
promise. II. to make full acknowledgment for:
praise, celebrate.

ἐξ-ομόργνυμι, f. -ομόρω, to wipe off from. II.
Med. to wipe off from oneself: hence to impart to an-
other: to wipe out or purge away a pollution.

ἐξόν, part. from the impers. ἔξεστι.

ἐξ-ονειδίξω, fut. ἰώω Att. ἰῶ, to cast in one's teeth,
object to one: also to reproach bitterly.

ἐξ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to utter aloud, announce.

ἐξ-ονομαίνω, aor. I -ονόμηνα, (ἐξ, ὄνομα) to name,
speak of by name.

ἐξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. by name, calling by name.

ἐξ-όπιθεν and -θε, Adv., poet. for ἐξόπισθεν.

ἐξ-όπιν, Adv. behind.

ἐξ-όπισθεν poet. -θε, Adv. backwards, behind. II.
Prep. with gen. behind, after.

ἐξ-όπισω, (ἐξ, ὀπίσω) Adv. of Place, backwards, back
again. 2. Prep. with gen. behind. II. Adv.
of Time, henceforth, hereafter. [r]

ἐξ-οπλίζω, f. σω, to arm completely, accoutre:—Pass.
and Med. to arm oneself, go forth armed. 2. gene-
rally, to prepare; pf. part. pass. ἐξοπλισμένος, all
ready. Hence

ἐξοπλισία, ἡ, a being under arms: and

ἐξοπλισίς, εως, ἡ, a getting under arms.

ἐξ-οπτάω, f. ἦσω, to bake hard: to beat violently:—
metaph. to scorch, consume.

ἐξ-οράω, to see from afar: cf. ἐξαΐδω.

ἐξ-ορίζω, fut. ἰώω Att. ἰῶ, to enrage:—Pass. to be
furious.

ἐξ-ορθιάζω, f. σω, to lift up the voice, to cry aloud.

ἐξ-ορθόω, f. ὠσω, to set upright:—Pass. to stand
upright. 2. metaph. to amend, restore.

ἐξ-ορίζω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐξάρισα:—to send
beyond the frontier, banish: to expose a child. II.
ἀλλήν ἀπ' ἀλλῆς ἐξορίζειν πόλιν to wander from one
city to another. III. Pass. to be an exile: also
to pass the bounds, come forth. Hence

ἐξ-ορίνω [r], to exasperate.

ἐξ-όριστος, ov, expelled, banished.

ἐξ-ορκίζω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰῶ, to swear a person, admin-
ister an oath to him. II. to exorcise, i. e. banish
an evil spirit. Hence

ἐξορκιστής, οὗ, ὁ, one who administers an oath. II.
an exorcist.

ἐξ-ορκος, ov, bound by oath.

ἐξ-ορκόω, f. ὠσω, to make one swear, bind by oath,
c. acc. pers.: c. acc. pers. et rei, to make one swear by,
ἐξορκῶν τινα τὸ Στυγρὸς ὕδωρ. Hence

ἐξ-ορκωσις, εως, ἡ, a binding by oath.

ἐξ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set out or start from: of pain,
to break out. II. trans. to send forth; ἐξορμᾶν τὴν
ναῦν to start the ship: generally, to excite, stir up:—
Pass. to set out, start.

ἐξ-ορμίζω, fut. ἰώω Att. ἰῶ, to bring out of harbour;
ἐξορμίζειν ἐς πόντον to let down into the sea.

ἐξ-ορμος, ov, sailing from a harbour.

ἐξ-ορούω, f. σω, to spring, leap forth.

ἐξ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξόρυξα:—
to dig out; ἐξορύσσειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to put out the
eyes. II. to dig out of the ground, dig up.

ἐξ-ορχέομαι, fut. ἦσομαι, Dep. to dance out, dance
away: also to go through with a dance. II. to
betray by indiscreet gestures.

ἐξ-όσδω, Dor. for ἐξόω.

ἐξ-οσιόω, f. ὠσω, to dedicate, devote.

ἐξ-οστράκιζω, f. ἰώω, to banish by ostracism.
Hence

ἐξοστρακισμός, οὗ, ὁ, banishment by ostracism.

ἐξότε, Adv. (ἐκ, ὅτε) from the time when.

ἐξ-οτρίνω, f. ὠσω, to excite, arouse.

ἐξ-ουδενόω, f. ὠσω, = ἐξουθενέω.

ἐξ-ουθενέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐκ, οὐθεῖς) to set at naught; pf.
part. pass., τὰ ἐξουθενημένα things of no account.

ἐξούλης δίκη, ἡ, an action against one who neglected
an order of a court, an action for contempt of court.
The nom. ἐξούλη does not occur.

ἐξουσία, ἡ, (ἐξέστι) power or authority to do a
thing:—absol. authority. 2. a magistracy: the
body of the magistrates, the authorities, powers. II.
means, resources. Hence

ἐξουσιάζω, f. σω, to have authority over:—Pass. to
have authority exercised over one.

ἐξ-οφθαλμίζω, to increase exceedingly.

ἐξ-όφθαλμος, ov, with prominent eyes.

ἐξοχή, ἡ, (ἐξέχω) a standing out, prominence: me-
taph. eminence; οἱ κατ' ἐξοχὴν the chief men.

ἐξοχος, ov, (ἐξέχω) standing out, prominent: metaph.
eminent, excellent: c. gen., ἐξοχος Ἀργείων eminent

among or above them. Adv. neut. ἐξοχὸν and ἐξοχα; c. gen., ἐξοχα πάντων far above all.
 ἐξ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to break out into insolence, run riot, wax wanton; ἐξυβρίζειν εἰς τὸδε to come to this pitch of insolence; ἐξυβρίζειν παντοῖα to commit all kinds of violence.

ἐξυνῆκα ἐσυνῆκα, for ξυνῆκα συνῆκα, aor. I with dupl. augm. of συνῆμι.

ἐξ-υπανίστημι, to make to start up. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act., intrans., σμῶδιε μεταφρένον ἐξυπανάστη a weal started up from under the skin of the back.

ἐξ-ὑπερθε, Adv. (ἐξ, ὑπερθε) from above.

ἐξ-υπηρέτω, f. ἥσω, to assist to the utmost.

ἐξ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) to rouse from sleep.

ἐξ-υπνος, on, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) awakened out of sleep.

ἐξυπνίζω, f. σω, to turn upside down.

ἐξυράμην, aor. I med. of ξύρω.

ἐξύρημαι, pf. pass. of ξυρέω.

ἐξυσμαι, pf. pass. of ξύω.

ἐξ-ὑφαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to finish weaving, Lat. pertexere: metaph. to complete, perfect. Hence

ἐξύφασμα, ατος, τό, a finished web.

ἐξ-υφήγέομαι, f. ἥσομαι, to lead the way.

ἔξω, Adv. (ἐξ, as εἶσω from εἰς) without, on the outside, Lat. foris. II. of Motion, outwards, away out of the country, Lat. foras.

III. like ἐκτός, with gen., outside of, out of reach of; ἔξω βελῶν out of shot: Proverb., ἔξω τοῦ πηλοῦ πόδα ἔχειν to keep clear of difficulties. 2. without, except. IV. of Time, beyond, over.

ἔξω, fut. of ἔχω.

ἐξώδικα, pf. of ἐξοιδέα.

ἔξωθεν, Adv. (ἔξω) from without, c. gen., ἔξ. δόμων from without the house. II. also = ἔξω, without. to thrust out:—Pass. to be thrust out. II. to thrust out of the sea, drive on shore.

ἐξώκισα, aor. I of ἐξοικίζω.

ἐξώλεια, ἡ, utter destruction. From

ἐξώλης, es, (ἐξόλωλα) utterly destroyed, ruined. 2. act. most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons, abandoned.

ἐξωμδο-ποιῖα, ἡ, (ποιέω) the making of an ἐξωμῖς.

ἐξωμίζω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From

ἐξ-ωμῖς, ἶδος, ἡ, (ἐξ, ἄμμος) a man's vest without sleeves, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

ἐξ-ωνόμασι, Dep. to buy off: generally, to buy.

ἐξ-ώπιος, on, (ἐξ, ὤψ) out of sight of, away from.

ἐξωπλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξοπλίζω.

ἐξ-ωριάζω, (ἐξ, ὥρα) to leave out of thought, neglect.

ἐξώρισα, aor. I of ἐξορίζω.

ἐξώρμισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἐξορμίζω.

ἐξ-ωρος, on, (ἐξ, ὥρα) untimely: superannuated.

ἐξώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξόρηνμι.

ἐξώσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξωθέω.

ἐξώστης, ου, ὁ, (ἐξωθέω) one who drives out: ἐξῶσται ἄνεμοι winds which drive ships ashore.

ἐξώτατος, η, on, Sup. of ἔξω: Adv. ἐξωτάτω outermost.

ἐξώτερος, α, on, Comp. of ἔξω: Adv. ἐξωτέρω.

ἐξώφελλον, impf. of ἐξοφέλλω.

ἔο, Ep. for οὔ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. bis, of him; ἀπὸ ἔο away from him.

ἔοι, Ep. for οἷ, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. οὔ, to him.

ἔοι, Ep. for εἷη, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἔοικαμεν, syncop. for ἐοίκαμεν, 1 pl. of εἴκομαι.

ἔοικα, as, ε, etc., pf. with pres. sense, from εἶκω, to be like (see εἶκω), Att. 1 pl. ἐοίγμεν (for ἐοίκαμεν), εἴρασι (for ἐοίκασι); Ep. 3 dual εἵκτον (for ἐοίκατον); inf. ἐοικέναι Att. εἰκέναι; part. ἐοικός, νία, ὅς, lengthd. pl. nom. εἰοικνία; Att. εἰκῶς, εἰκνία, εἰκός, is also used by Hom.: Ion. οἴκα, as, ε, part. οἰκός: plqpf. ἐφίκειν, Ep. 3 pl. ἐοίκεσαν; of the plqpf. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. ἡῖκτο, and without augm. εἵκτο. I. to be or look like. II. to be fit: Homer has 3 sing. εἵκε as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. εἰοικῶς as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; ἐοικότῃ κείτῃ οὐδὲρ φη he lies in fitting ruin; εἰκνία ἄκοιτις a suitable wife, 'a help meet for him.' III. Att. to seem likely, seem; εἵκει it seems; ὥς εἵκει, as it seems, as is fitting.

ἐοικότως Att. εἰκότως Ion. οἰκότως, Adv. of part. εἰοικός, εἰοικός, οἰκός, similarly, like: reasonably, fairly, as was to be expected.

ἔομι, εἰς, εἰ, Ion. for εἶην, εἶης, εἶη.

ἔοιο, Ep. for εἶο, gen. of εἶς.

ἔοις, dat. pl. of εἶς.

ἔοις, Ep. for εἶης, 2 sing. opt. of εἰμί sum.

ἔοισα, Dor. for εἶουσα, οἶσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

ἔολπα, poet. pf. with pres. sense of ἔλπω: plqpf. ἐώλπειν.

ἔον, Ep. for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum; but ἐόν Ion. for ὄν, part. neut.

ἔόν, nom. or acc. neut. of ἐός.

ἔοντι, Dor. for εἰσί, 3 pl. of εἰμί sum.

ἔοργα, poet. pf. of ἔρδω; 3 pl. ἔοργα for ἐόργασιν; part. ἐόργως: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. ἐόργεε.

ἔορτάζω Ion. ὀρτάζω, f. σω: impf., with irreg. augment, ἐώρταζον, and aor. I ἐώρτασα; (ἐορτή) — to keep festival or holiday: to celebrate by a festival.

ἘΟΡΤΗ, in Ion. Prose ὀρτή, ἡ, a feast, festival, holiday; ὀρτήν ἄγειν to keep a feast.

ἔός, ἐή, ἔόν, Ion. and Ep. for εἶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔο for οὔ) possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., bis or her own. II. in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. their; 2 sing. thine.

εἶους, Boeot. for εἶο, ὄν, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron.

ἐπ-ἀγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in.

ἐπαγγελία, ἡ, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From

ἐπ-αγγέλλω, f. ἐλῶ: aor. I ἐπήγγεila; pf. act. ἐπήγγεlκα, pass. ἐπήγγεlμαι: — to tell, proclaim, announce, make known. 2. to give orders, command: c. acc. rei, στρατιὰν ἐπαγγέλλειν to order an army, Lat. imperare milites. 3. to denounce. 4. to

demand, solicit, make application for a thing. II.

Med. to promise, offer: rarely so in Act. 2. to

make a show of, profess. Hence

ἐπάγγελμα, ατος, τό, an announcement, promise.

ἐπ-ἀγειρώ, f. -αγεῖρω, to gather together, collect:—

Pass., of men, to assemble. Hence

ἐπάγεσθαι, εως, ἡ, a gathering, assemblage.

ἐπάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of πῆννυμι.

ἐπ-ἀγινέω, Ion. for ἐπάγω, to bring to.

ἐπ-αγαλίσσω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to honour still more:—

Pass. to pride oneself on, exult in a thing.

ἐπ-αγρυπνέω, f. ἦσω, to watch or brood over.

ἐπ-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐπήγαγον:—to bring or lead to, bring upon. 2. to lead on, to set on, let loose:

hence to instigate, impel: metaph. to bring one to a thing, lead one on. 3. to lay on; ἐπάγειν κέντρον

to lay on, apply the goad; ἐπάγει γνάβον lay your teeth to it. 4. to bring in, supply, call in aid. 5.

to bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose. 6. to bring

in over and above: to add or intercalate days in the year. II. Med. to bring to oneself, procure for oneself: metaph. to devise, contrive. 2. to bring

on oneself. 3. to bring in as allies: in writing, to adduce, quote, cite. Hence

ἐπάγωγή, ἡ, a bringing on, to or in: an invasion, attack. II. in Logic, the bringing a number of

particular examples, so as to lead to an universal conclusion, the argument from induction.

ἐπάγωγός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) bringing on, productive of. II. tempting, seductive.

ἐπ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἴομαι, Dep. to contend against others.

ἐπ-ἀγώνιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἀγών) presiding over the games.

ἐπ-ᾄδω Ion. and poet. ἐπάειδω: f. -ᾄσομαι:—to sing to or over. 2. to lead the song. II. to

sing to, so as to charm: hence to use charms or incantations; part. ἐπαίδων, by incantations.

ἐπ-αείρω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπαίρω.

ἐπ-αίξω, to make to grow, enlarge.

ἐπάθον, aor. 2 of πάσχω.

ἐπ-αθροίζω, f. σω, to assemble besides.

ἐπ-αιάω, f. ξω, to mourn over: to join in wailing.

ἐπ-αιγίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, αἰγίς 2) to rush upon or over.

ἐπ-αἰδέομαι, fut. -αιδεσθήσομαι: aor. I -ἠδέσθην: to be ashamed: c. acc. to reverence.

ἐπαίνεις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαίνομαι) praise: and

ἐπ-ανέτης, ου, ὁ, a praiser, eulogist.

ἐπαίνετός, ἡ, ὄν, to be praised, praiseworthy: τὸ ἐπαίνετον the object of praise. Adv. -τῶς. From

ἐπ-ανέω, fut. ἔσω Att. ἔσομαι Ep. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπῆνεσα Ep. -ῆσα: pf. ἐπῆνεκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπῆνέην: (ἐπί, αἰνέω):—to approve, sanction: c. dat.

pers. to agree with, assent to: to praise, commend, eulogize. 2. = παραινέω, to advise, recommend, bid.

II. in declining an offer, I thank you, Lat. benigne; κάλλιστ' ἐπαίνω I thank you very kindly.

ἐπαίνημι, Aeol. for ἐπαίνω.

ἐπ-αἰνος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αἶνος) approval, commendation.

ἐπ-αἰνός, ἡ, ὄν, only in fem. ἐπαῖνή, strengthd. for αἰνή, exceeding awful, dread.

ἐπ-αἰρω Ion. and poet. ἐπαίρω: fut. ἐπαρῶ: aor. I ἐπῆρα poet. ἐπάειρα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπῆρην: pf. ἐπῆρμαι:—to lift up, raise: to exalt, magnify. 2.

to stir up, rouse, excite: to induce or persuade to do. II. intr. (sub. ταυτόν), to rise up. 2.

(sub. στρατόν), to set out:—Pass. to be roused, excited: to be elated at a thing.

ἐπαισδον, Dor. for ἐπαίζον, impf. of παίζω.

ἐπ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: aor. 2 -παθόμεν: Dep.:—to have a perception or feeling of a thing, c. gen.: c. acc. to perceive, learn: c. part. to perceive that.

ἐπ-αἰσσω Att. -ᾄσσω or -ᾄττω: fut. -αἰξω Att. -ᾄξω:—to rush at or upon:—to assail, assault, attack:—Med., ἐπαΐσθαι αἶθλον to rush upon, seize the prize. II. ἐπάσσειν πόδα to move the foot hastily: Pass., χεῖρες ἐπαΐσσονται the hands move violently.

ἐπ-ᾄστος, ὄν, (ἐπαῖω) heard of, discovered. [ᾶ]

ἐπ-αἰσχύνομαι, fut. -αἰσχυθήσομαι, Dep. to be ashamed of or at.

ἐπ-αἰτέω, f. ἦσω, to ask in addition: to solicit.

ἐπ-αἰτιάομαι, f. ᾄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to bring a charge against one, accuse: to lay to one's charge.

ἐπ-αἰτιος, ὄν, (ἐπί, αἰτία) blamed for a thing, blamable, culpable.

ἐπ-αῖω contr. ἐπ-ᾄω: f. ἴσω: to bear, perceive, feel. 2. to understand. 3. to profess, be a professor.

ἐπ-αἰωρέω, f. ἦσω, to keep in suspense:—Pass. to be buoyed up or float upon: also to overhang, threaten.

ἐπ-ᾄκολουθεῖω, f. ἦσω, to follow close upon, follow after: to pursue an enemy. 2. to follow in one's mind, understand. 3. to follow, obey. Hence

ἐπακολουθήμα, ματος, τό, a consequence: and ἐπακολουθήσις, εως, ἡ, a following.

ἐπάκουός, ὄν, (ἐπακούω) listening to, attentive.

ἐπ-ἀκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: aor. I ἐπῆκουσα:—to listen or attend to. II. to listen to, obey.

ἐπ-ακρίζω, f. σω, to reach the top of a thing; αἰμάτων ἐπῆκρισε he reached the highest point in deeds of blood.

ἐπ-ακροάομαι, f. ᾄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to hearken to.

ἐπακτής, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐπακτή) a hunter, a huntsman.

ἐπ-ἀκτιος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἀκτή) on the strand or coast.

ἐπακτός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) brought on or in from abroad, imported. 2. foreign, strange, alien, adventitious.

ἐπακρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπάγω) a small row-boat, skiff.

ἐπ-ἀλάλξω, f. ξω, to raise the war-cry.

ἐπ-ἀλαλέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαλέξω.

ἐπ-ἀλόομαι, aor. I ἐπαλήθην, Dep. to wander about, through, over.

ἐπ-ἀλαστέω, f. ἦσω, to be troubled at a thing.

ἐπ-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, to grieve over.

ἐπ-ἀλείφω, f. ψω, to smear over: to stop up by anointing.

ἐπ-ἄλξω, f. ξήσω, to defend, aid, help. II. to ward, keep off: aor. 2 inf. ἐπαλασκεῖν, Ep. -έμεν.
 ἐπᾶληθείς, aor. 1 part. of ἐπ-αλόμαι.
 ἐπαλήθην, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. of ἐπ-αλόμαι.
 ἐπ-ἄληθεύω, f. σω, to prove true, verify.
 ἐπ-αλής, ἐς, (ἐπί, δλέα) open to the sun, sunny. [ā]
 ἐπ-αλκής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀλκή) stout, strong.
 ἐπαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἐπαλλάσσω) interchange, exchange.
 ἐπ-αλλάξ, Adv. = ἐναλλάξ, crosswise, alternately.
 ἐπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ἄω: pf. -ήλλαχα: —Pass., aor. 1 -ηλλάχθην, aor. 2 -ηλλάγην [ā]: pf. -ήλλαγμαi: —to change over, interchange; πολέμοιο πείραρ ἐπαλλάξαντες making the tug of war go now this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory: —Pass. to be closely joined.
 ἐπ-ἄλληλος, on, (ἐπί, ἀλλήλων) one upon another: continuous.
 ἐπ-ἄλμενος, on, syncop. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.
 ἐπαλῆς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαλέξω) a means of defence: batlement, a parapet: —generally, a defence, protection.
 ἐπ-αλπνος, on, (ἐπί, ἀλπιστος) bappy.
 ἐπᾶλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐφάλλομαι.
 ἐπ-ἄλωσθην, on, ὅ, (ἐπί, ἀλοάω) one who drives the oxen in threshing.
 ἐπ-ἄμαμαι, f. ἦσομαι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐπαμυσάμην: Med.: —to scrape together for oneself, bear up together.
 ἐπαμβάτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ἐπαναβάτης, (ἐπαναβαῖνος) one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκῶν ἐπαμβάτηρες maladies growing on the flesh, leprous eruptions.
 ἐπ-ἄμειβω, f. ψω, to exchange, barter: —Med. to change from one to another; νίκη ἐπαμείβεται ἄνδρας comes in turn to men.
 ἐπ-ἄμερος, on, Aeol. for ἐφ-ήμερος.
 ἐπ-αμμένος, Ion. for ἐφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφάπτω.
 ἐπ-αμμένω, poet. for ἐπ-αναμένω.
 ἐπαμνοβαδῖς, Adv. (ἐπαμείβω) alternately.
 ἐπαμνοβίος, on, and ἐπαμνοβός, ὄν, (ἐπαμείβω) in turn, one upon another: in exchange.
 ἐπ-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέχω: aor. 2 ἐπήμισχον, inf. ἐπαμψχεῖν: —to put on besides, or over all: to overwrap.
 ἐπαμύντωρ, opos, ὁ, a helper, defender. From ἐπ-ἄμυνω, f. ὕνω, to come to aid, defend, assist.
 ἐπ-αμφέρω, for ἐπαναφέρω.
 ἐπ-αμφοτερίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐπί, ἀμφοτέρος) to be inclined to both sides, to play a double game: to halt between two opinions.
 ἐπάν, Conjunct., later form of ἐπην.
 ἐπ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: —to get upon, mount on horseback. II. to go up inland.
 ἐπ-αναβάλλω, f. -βάλλω: pf. -βέβηκα: —to throw on or over: —Med. to put on. II. in Med., also, to put off, delay.
 ἐπ-αναβιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ: —Causal of ἐπαναβαῖνω, to make to mount upon.

ἐπαναβληθόν, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) thrown over another garment.
 ἐπ-αναβοάω, f. ἦσομαι, to cry out at a thing.
 ἐπαναγαγῆν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπανάγω.
 ἐπ-ἄναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to compel by force.
 ἐπ-ἀνάγκης, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀνάγκη) only used in neut. ἐπάνανκες (sub. ἐστί), it is necessary. 2. neut. also as Adv. on compulsion; ἐπάνανκες κομώντες wearing long hair by law.
 ἐπ-ἀναγορεύω, to proclaim publicly: v. ἐπανεῖπον.
 ἐπ-ἀνάγω, f. ἄω: aor. 2 -ἀνήγαγον: —to bring up, stir up, excite. 2. to exalt, elevate. II. to lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to one.
 III. intr. to withdraw, retreat. IV. to put ships out to sea: —Pass. to put to sea against. V. Pass. to be carried to a place. Hence
 ἐπανάγωγῃ, ἡ, a sailing out against, a naval attack. II. a recall, return.
 ἐπ-ἀναδιπλάζω, to redouble, reiterate questions.
 ἐπ-ἀναθεσδομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ā], Dep. to see again.
 ἐπ-ἀναίρω, to lift up: —Med. to lift one against the other: —Pass. to rise up.
 ἐπ-ἀνάκειμαι, Pass. to be laid upon as a penalty.
 ἐπ-ἀνακλαγγάνω, to give tongue again and again.
 ἐπ-ἀνακροῦω, to drive back: —Med. to draw back.
 ἐπ-ἀνακύπτω, f. ψω, to have an upward direction.
 ἐπ-ἀναλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take up again, resume, repeat.
 ἐπ-ἀναλίσσω, f. -ανᾶλω, to consume besides.
 ἐπ-ἀναμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue waiting, stay on. II. to wait for one.
 ἐπ-ἀναμνησκω, f. -μνήσω, to remind one of, mention again to one.
 ἐπ-ἀνανεόω, f. ὥσω, to renew, revive.
 ἐπ-ἀναπαύω, f. σω, to make to rest upon: —Med. to rest upon.
 ἐπ-ἀναπηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to leap upon.
 ἐπ-ἀναπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι; Ion. ἐπαναπλώω, f. -πλώω: —to sail up against. II. to float upon the surface; ἐπαναπλῶει ὕμιν ἔπεα κακά ill language floats up, rises to the tongue. III. to sail back again.
 ἐπ-ἀναρρίπτω and -έω, to throw up in the air (sub. εἰάντῶν) to spring high in the air.
 ἐπανάσεισις, εως, ἡ, a brandishing of weapons. From
 ἐπ-ἀνασειω, f. σω, to lift up and shake, to brandish.
 ἐπανάστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπανίστημι) a rising up against, an insurrection.
 ἐπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπανίστημι.
 ἐπ-ἀναστρέφω, f. ψω, intr. to turn back upon, resist: —Med. to wheel round, return to the charge.
 ἐπ-ἀνατείνω, f. -τενῶ, to hold up towards; ἐπανατείνειν ἐλπιδας to hold out hopes.
 ἐπ-ἀνατέλλω, f. -αναιεῶ: aor. 1 -ἀνέτειλα: —to lift up, raise. II. intr. to rise up, rise, of the

sun; ἐπαντέλλων χρόνος the time which is coming to light, the future.

ἐπ-ανατίθῃμι, f. -θήσω, to lay upon.

ἐπ-αναφέρω poet. ἐπ-αμφέρω, to throw back upon another, ascribe or refer to. 2. to put into the account. 3. to bring back a message. II. Pass. to be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

ἐπ-αναφύσσω, f. ἦσω, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

ἐπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

ἐπαναχωρήσις, εως, ἡ, a return, retreat.

ἐπ-ἀνεμι, to go back, return. II. to go up, arise.

ἐπανεῖναι, ἐπανεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπανίημι.

ἐπανεῖπον, aor. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:—the pres. in use is ἐπαναγορεύω.

ἐπ-ανείρομαι, Ion. for ἐπανέρομαι.

ἐπανελθεῖν, ἐπανελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπ-ανέρχομαι.

ἐπ-ανέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι, to question again and again: generally, to question.

ἐπ-ανέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. ἔρχομαι):—to go back, return: to go over, pass over. II. to go up, ascend.

ἐπ-ανήκω, to have come back, return.

ἐπ-ανθέω, f. ἦσω Att. ὦ, (ἐπί, ἄνθος) to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over with.

ἐπ-ανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ, (ἐπί, ἄνθος) to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over with.

ἐπανθράκιδες, ων, αἱ, small fish for frying. From ἐπ-ανθρακίζω, f. σω, to broil on the coals.

ἐπ-ανίημι, f. -ανήσω, to let go back, relax, dismiss. II. intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag.

ἐπ-ανίσσω, f. ὦσω, to make equal, put on a par.

ἐπ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to set up again: to make to rise. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ἀνέστην, pf. -ἀνέστηκα, intrans. to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be high, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

ἐπ-ανορθόω, f. ὦσω: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. ἐπηνόρθουν, aor. I ἐπηνόρθωσα, etc.:—to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

ἐπανόρθωσις, εως, ἡ, a correcting: amendment.

ἐπ-αντέλλω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπανατέλλω.

ἐπ-άντης, ες, (ἐπί, ἄντα) up-bill, opp. to κατάντης.

ἐπ-αντάξω, f. ὦσω, to fall in with, meet.

ἐπ-αντλέω, f. ἦσω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass. to be overflowed or filled.

ἐπ-ἀνύω, f. νύω [ῥ], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

ἐπ-άνω, Adv. (ἐπί, ἄνω) above, on the upper side:

with Art., ὁ ἐπάνω πύργος the upper tower. II.

of Time, before. Hence

ἐπάνωθεν, poet. -θε, Adv. from above, above: οἱ ἐπ. men of former time.

ἐπ-άξιος, ων, and α, ων, (ἐπί, ἄξιος) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. 2. worth mentioning:—Adv. -ῶς. Hence

ἐπ-αξιόω, f. ὦσω, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., Lat. dignor. II. to expect, believe.

ἐπ-ἀξιόνομος, ων, (ἐπί, ἄξων) upon an axle.

ἐπάξω, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. of πήγνυμι.

ἐπαῖδιδή, ἡ, (ἐπαείδω) poet. and Ion. for ἐπαυδή.

ἐπαῖδοδος, ὁ, poet. for ἐπαυδός.

ἐπ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἦσω, to hold out a threat to one: to add threats, to threaten besides.

ἐπ-αποδύομαι, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

ἐπ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θανοῦμαι, to die with or after.

ἐπ-αποπνίγω, f. ξω, to choke besides: aor. 2 pass. ἐπαπνίγην [ῥ].

ἐπ-άπτω, Ion. for ἐφάπτω.

ἐπ-ἄπτω, Dor. for ἐπηπνώ.

ἐπ-ἀρά Ion. ἐπ-ἀρή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemn curse, imprecation. Hence

ἐπ-ἀράομαι, f. ἄσομαι Ep. ἡσομαι; pf. ἐπήραμαι: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; ἐπαράσθαι λόγον to utter an imprecation.

ἐπ-αράρισκω, f. ἐπάρσω: aor. I ἐπήρσα:—to fit to or upon, fasten to. II. intr. in pf. med. ἐπάρηρα, to fit well: part. ἐπαρηρῶς, close-fitting: so also ἐπαρμενος, η, ων.

ἐπάρας, aor. I part. of ἐπαίρω.

ἐπ-ἀράσσω Att. -τρω, f. ξω, to dash to.

ἐπάρατος, ων, (ἐπαράομαι) laid under a curse.

ἐπ-ἀργεμος, ων, (ἐπί, ἀργεμός) of the eye, with a white speck over it. II. metaph. dim, obscure.

ἐπ-ἀργύρος, ων, (ἐπί, ἀργυρος) overlaid with silver.

ἐπ-ἀρήγω, f. ξω, to come to aid, help. Hence

ἐπάρηξις, εως, ἡ, help, aid.

ἐπάρηρα, -ειν, intr. pf. and plqpf. of ἐπαράρισκω.

ἐπ-ἀριστερος, ων, (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand: left-handed, awkward, French gauche.

ἐπάρκεσις, εως, ἡ, aid, help, succour. From

ἐπ-ἀρκέω, f. ἔσω: aor. I ἐπήρκησα:—to ward off, τινί τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, to binder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, to help, aid, protect. II. to supply, furnish, impart. III.

absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

ἐπαρκύντος, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

ἐπάρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπαράρισκω, well-fitted, well-prepared.

ἐπ-άρουπος, ων, (ἐπί, ἀρούρα) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serf, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

ἐπ-ἀρτώ, f. ἦσω, to hang on or over:—Pass., φόβος ἐπήρηται fear hangs over, impends.

ἐπ-ἀρτῆς, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀρτέω) ready, equipped.

ἐπ-ἀρτώ and -ἀρτύνω, to fit or fix on. II.

to get ready, prepare:—Med. to prepare for oneself.

ἐπαρχία, ἡ, a *prefecture, province*. From ἐπ-αρχος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀρχή) a *commander: a governor of a country, prefect*.

ἐπ-άρχω, f. ἔω, to be an ἐπαρχος, governor of a province.

2. to rule in addition to one's own dominions. II. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, to begin anew, afresh; ἐπάρξασθαι δεπάσσειν to begin with the cups again: generally, to supply, distribute.

ἐπάρωγός, ὁ, (ἐπαρήγω) a *helper, aider*.

ἐπαρώνουν, impf. of παρῶνέω.

ἐπᾶσάμην, aor. I of πατέομαι.

ἐπ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ἥσκησα:—to labour at, finish carefully.

II. to adorn. III. to practise, practise oneself in, cultivate.

ἐπ-ασσύτερος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἄσσω) one upon another, one after another.

ἐπασσύτερο-τρίβης, ἐς, (ἐπασσύτερος, τρίβω) following close one on the other.

ἐπ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten upon, flash.

ἐπ-ᾤτω, Att. for ἐπαΐσσω, q. v.

ἐπαυδάω, f. ἦσω, to say besides:—Med. to call upon.

ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύσθην, aor. I pass. of παύω.

ἐπ-αυλέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. ἐπηύλημαι: (ἐπί, αὐλός):—to play the flute to, accompany:—Pass. to be played on the flute.

ἐπ-αυλιζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to take up one's quarters at a place.

ἐπ-αυλις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, αὐλις) a place to pass the night in: quarters.

ἐπ-αυλος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἐπαυλοι, οἱ, and ἐπαυλα, τά, a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, home.

ἐπ-αυλῶ or ἐπ-αύω, f. -αυλήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment:—Pass. to grow, increase.

ἐπαυρεῖν Ep. -έμεν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέω, = ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αύρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαυρίσκομαι) the fruit, result of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.

ἐπ-αύριον, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐριον, on the morrow.

ἐπ-αυρίσκομαι, Dep. (the Act. ἐπαυρίσκω occurs only once, and the simple αὐρίσκω or αὐρίσκομαι, to take, is not in use): fut. ἐπαυρήσομαι: aor. 2 act. ἐπηύρον Dor. ἐπαύρον, 3 sing. subj. ἐπαύρῃ, inf. ἐπαυρεῖν Ep. -έμεν: aor. 2 med. ἐπηγυρόμην, Ep. 2 sing. subj. ἐπαύρηαι, 3 pl. -ονται:—to partake of, enjoy a share of: to reach, touch:—Med. to reap the fruits of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. in bad sense, ἵνα πάντες ἐπαύρονται Βασιλῆος that all may have a benefit of their king; οὐκ μιν ἐπαυρήσονται I think he will feel the consequences.

2. c. acc. to bring upon oneself.

ἐπάύσσω, aor. I imperat. of ἐπαύω: ἐπαύσας, part. ἐπ-αὔττω, f. ἦσω, to shout at a thing: to make a noise beside. [ῶ]

ἐπ-αυτοφώρῃ, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῃ, Lat. in ipso furto, in the very theft or very act.

ἐπ-αυχένιος, ον, (ἐπί, αὐχὴν) on or for the neck.

ἐπ-αυχέω, f. ἦσω, to boast of, exult in.

ἐπ-αῦω, f. -αῦσω [ῶ], to shout over or upon.

ἐπ-αφαναίνομαι, Pass. to be dried up, worn out.

ἐπ-ᾤψάω, f. ἦσω, to touch on the surface, stroke.

ἐπαφή, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) a touch, handling.

ἐπ-αφίημι, f. -αφήσω, to throw at a thing: to let loose upon.

ἐπ-αφρίζω, f. σω, to foam up or on the surface: metaphor. to babble, divulge.

ἐπ-αφροδίτος, ον, (ἐπί, Ἀφροδίτη) lovely, fascinating; Lat. *venustus*.

ἐπ-αφύσσω, f. ὕσω [ῶ], to pour over or in addition.

ἐπαχθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἄχθος) heavy, ponderous: oppressive, grievous.

ἐπ-ἄχθομαι, Pass. to be distressed at a thing.

ἐπ-αχλύνω, f. ὕσω [ῶ], (ἐπί, ἀχλὺς) to be obscure.

ἐπαχύνθην, aor. I pass. of παχύνω.

ἐπεάν, Ion. for ἐπὴν.

ἐπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβάλλω.

ἐπέβην, ἐπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπεβίω, aor. 2 of ἐπιβίω (as if from ἐπιβίωμι).

ἐπέβρισσα, aor. I of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπ-εγγελάω, f. ἄσσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh at, deride.

ἐπεγέγραπτο, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken, rouse up: to excite:—Pass. to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρόμενος, 3 sing. ind. and part. Ep. aor. 2 pass.

II. intrans. in pf. part. act. ἐπεγρηγορός, awake.

ἐπ-εγκάλεω, f. ἔσω, to bring a charge against.

ἐπ-εγκάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, devour.

ἐπ-εγκελεύω, f. σω, to give an order or signal to others.

ἐπένγω, aor. 2 of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπεγρήγορα, see ἐπεγείρω II.

ἐπεγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπ-εγγχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour in upon or in addition.

ἐπέδεξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, aor. I of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπέδησα, aor. I of πεδάω.

ἐπεδόθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπέδραμον, aor. 2 act. of ἐπιτρέχω.

ἐπέδρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἐφέδρα.

ἐπέδυν, aor. 2 of ἐπιδύω.

ἐπέθηκα, aor. I of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπεὶ Ep. also ἐπει, (ἐπί) Conjunction: I. Of

TIME, after that, when: from the time when.

II. OF CAUSE, since, seeing that, for that.

III. ἐπεὶ ἄρ, ἐπεὶ ἄρα, when then, since then.

2. ἐπεὶ οὖν when then.

3. ἐπεὶ περ since really.

ἘΠΕΙΤΩ, f. ἔω: impf. ἥπειγον Ep. ἥπειγον: aor.

I ἥπειφα:—Pass., fut. med. ἐπείσομαι (in pass. sense): aor. I ἥπειχην:—to press upon, weigh down:—Pass. to be weighed down.

2. to press hard, press upon, in pursuit.

II. to drive on, urge forward, baste, hurry on:—Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to baste to do: also absol. to baste, hurry, speed: part. ἐπειγόμενος as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager.

III. intrans. = Pass. to make baste.

ἐπειδ-άν, Conjunction (ἐπειδὴ ἄν) whenever, so soon as, after that.

ἐπει-δή, (ἐπεὶ δὴ) Conjunction, I. of Time, since, after *that*, Lat. *postquam*.
II. of Cause, seeing *that*, since, because:—so ἐπειδήπερ, since really, since now.

ἐπ-εὖδον, inf. ἐπιδεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use (ἐφορῶ being used instead), to look upon, behold, see. 2. to continue to see, to live to see: to experience.

ἐπεὶ ἢ or ἐπεὶ ᾗ, Adv. since certainly.

ἐπεῖη, 3 sing. opt. of ἐπεῖμι.

ἐπ-εὐκάζω, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα τῆρδ' ἐπικάζων κυρῶ; am I right in supposing her his wife? II. generally, to conjecture, infer, conclude; ὥς or ὅσ' ἐπικάσαι so far as one may guess.

ἐπεῖκεν, ἐπεῖκε, or ἐπεὶ κεν, ἐπεὶ κε, Ep. for ἐπεάν, ἐπὶν.

ἐπέιληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπ-εἰμι, inf. ἐπείναι: impf. ἐπῆν: fut. ἐπέσομαι: (ἐπί, εἰμι sum):—to be upon or at. II. to be upon, be fixed upon: of rewards and penalties, to be imposed.

III. of Time, to be hereafter: to be coming on, to impend. IV. to be set over, Lat. *praesesse*.

V. to be added, be over and above.

ἐπ-εἰμι, inf. ἐπείναι: Ep. impf. ἐπῆμα, as, ε, 3 pl. ἐπῆσαν, ἐπῆσαν: fut. ἐπέισομαι: aor. 1 med. part. ἐπεισαμένη: (ἐπί, εἰμι ibo):—to go or come to or towards: to come upon: absol. to come near, approach. 2. to come against, attack; οἱ ἐπιόντες the invaders, assailants.

3. of events, to come upon one, overtake. 4. to come on the stage. II. of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; ἡ ἐπιούσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπῶν, like ὁ τυχών, the first comer: τὸ ἐπὶον what occurs to one. III. to traverse, pass over. IV. to go over, i.e. count over.

ἐπ-εἰνύμι, Ion. for ἐφέννυμι: inf. med. ἐπείνυσθαι, Ion. for ἐφέννυσθαι.

ἐπεὶ-περ, for ἐπεὶ περ, Conj. since really, seeing that.

ἐπ-εἰπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to say besides: to say of another:—inf. ἐπειπεῖν, part. ἐπείπων.

ἐπειρα, aor. 1 of πέρω.

ἐπείρομαι, Ion. for ἐπέρομαι.

ἐπευρυσάμενος, Ion. aor. 1 part. med. of ἐπερύνω.

ἐπευρώτω, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of πεύρωμαι.

ἐπευρωτέω, Ion. for ἐπερωτάω.

ἐπ-εἰρώτημα, -ησις, Ion. for ἐπερώτημα, -ησις.

ἐπ-εἰσα, aor. 1 of εἶδω.

ἐπ-εἰσαγωγή, ἡ, (ἐπί, εἰσάγω) a bringing in besides. II. a means of bringing or letting in.

ἐπ-εἰσακτος, ον, (ἐπί, εἰσάγω) brought in from abroad, alien: imported, foreign.

ἐπ-εἰσβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go into upon: to enter.

ἐπ-εἰσβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to pour into besides. II. intr. to invade again.

ἐπεισοβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπεισβαίνω) an additional passenger, supernumerary on board ship. [ἄ]

ἐπ-εἰσεῖμι, to come on besides: to come on the stage.

ἐπ-εἰσέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ῆλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: to come in upon or over: to come in

after. 2. to come into or enter besides: of things, to be imported.

ἐπ-εἰσέφρησα, aor. 1 of ἐπεισφρέω.

ἐπ-εἰσुकκλέω, f. ῥσω, to roll in or on besides.

ἐπ-εἰσοδόος, ον, coming in besides, episodic. From

ἐπ-εἰσοδος, ον, a coming in besides, an entrance.

ἐπ-εἰσπαύω, f. παῖσω, to burst in.

ἐπ-εἰσπηδῶ, f. ῥσω or ῥσομαι, to leap in upon.

ἐπ-εἰσπύπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or burst upon: to burst in.

ἐπ-εἰσπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in after: to sail at, attack.

ἐπ-εἰσφέρω, f. -οῖσω, to bring in besides or after: to entail upon: Med. to bring in for oneself.

ἐπ-εἰσφρέω, f. ῥσω, to introduce besides.

ἐπ-εἰτα, Adv. (ἐπί, εἰτα) marks the Sequence of one thing upon another: thereafter, then, Lat. *deinde*. II. when a clause precedes it is emphatic:

I. when a partic. of Time goes before, then; ἐπειδὴ σφαῖρην περῆσαντο, ὡρχεῖσθην δὴ ἐπείτα when they finished playing at ball, then they danced. 2. after εἰ, then surely; εἰ δ' ἐτεον δὴ ἀγορεύεις, ἐξ ἄρα δὴ τοι ἐπείτα θεοὶ φρένας ὤλεσαν if so, then of a surety have the gods infatuated thee.

III. Interrog., when the question is founded on some supposition, after πῶς; εἰ μὴν δὴ ἔταρόν γε κελεύετε μ' αὐτὸν ἐλθεῖν, πῶς ἂν ἐπειτ' Ὀδυσσεύς λαθοῖμην; how can I in such a case forget Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical sense, And so? Indeed?

IV. then, therefore, much like οὖν.

V. and yet, nevertheless, still.

VI. with the Article, the following, the future; ὁ ἐπείτα χρόνος the time to come.

ἐπεὶ-τε, or ἐπεὶ τε, since, for that, because.

ἐπειτεν, Ion. for ἐπείτα, thereafter, thereafter.

ἐπεῖ-τοι, i. e. ἐπεὶ τοι, for in truth, since truly.

ἐπ-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark.

ἐπ-εκβοηθέω, f. ῥσω, to rush out to aid.

ἐπ-εκδιδάσκω, f. ἄσω, to teach in addition.

ἐπ-εκδιηγόμαι, Dep. to explain besides.

ἐπεκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπεκδραμεῖν, aor. 2 of ἐπεκτρέχω) an excursion or expedition against.

ἐπέκεατο, Ion. for ἐπέκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπείκειμαι.

ἐπ-έκεινα, Adv., for ἐπ' ἐκεῖνα, on yonder side of, beyond; οἱ ἐπέκεινα Εὐφράτου those beyond the Euphrates; τὰ ἐπέκεινα Att. τοῦπέκεινα, the part beyond; τὰ ἐπέκεινα the parts beyond. 2. of Time, οἱ ἐπέκεινα χρόνοι the times beyond or before, earlier times.

ἐπέκεκλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπείκελμαι.

ἐπέκελσα, aor. 1 of ἐπείκελλω.

ἐπέκερσα, aor. 1 of ἐπείκρω.

ἐπ-εκθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to rush out against.

ἐπέκλωσαν, ἐπέκλωσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 act. and med. of ἐπικλώω.

ἐπ-εκπίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink off after.

ἐπ-έκπλοος contr. -έκπλους, ὁ, a sailing out against, an attack by sea.

ἐπ-εκτείνω, f. -τείνω, to stretch out, lengthen:—Pass. to extend beyond: also to reach out towards, grasp at. ἐπ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδράμωμαι: aor. 2 -ἐξδράμω (from obsol. δρέωμαι):—to rush out upon or against one, rush out to attack.

ἐπ-εκφέρω, f. -οίσω, to carry out far. ἐπ-εκυρώω, f. ἤσω, to advance nest or after. ἐπελάβετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω. ἐπελαθόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλανθάνω. ἐπέλασις, εως, ἡ, an attack, assault. From ἐπ-ελάσω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελάω: aor. I -ἤλασα: pf. -ελήλακα: Pass., pf. -ελήλαμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελήλατο:—to drive upon: to lead on or against. 2. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge. II. to beat out thin upon, as a plate of metal on a shield.

ἐπέλειβον, impf. of ἐπιλείβω. ἐπέλειπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιλείπω. ἐπελήκειον, impf. of ἐπιλήκω. ἐπελήλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπελαύνω. ἐπελήλυθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπέλησα, aor. 1 of ἐπιληθάνω. ἐπελθειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπ-ελίσσω, ἐπ-έλιω, Ion. for ἐφελίσσω, ἐφέλλω. ἐπέλλαβε, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπιλαμβάνω. ἐπ-ελπίω, f. σω, to bring to hope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false hopes. II. to hope, = ἐλπίζω.

ἐπ-ἐλπομαι Ep. ἐπι-ἐλπομαι, Dep. to have hopes of, to hope: generally, to expect.

ἐπεμάνην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of ἐπιμαίνομαι. ἐπεμάσσοτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of ἐπιμαίνομαι. ἐπ-εμβάδον, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly. ἐπ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπενέβην, part. ἐπ-εμβάς:—to step or tread upon: to stand on, esp. in pf. ἐπεμβέβηκα Ep. -βέβασα, as, οὐδοῦ ἐπεμβεβαῖος; also c. dat., πύργοις ἐπεμβάς. II. to trample upon, insult.

ἐπ-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put on or over. 2. to throw down upon. 3. to put in besides, insert. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

ἐπεμβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπεμβαίνω) one mounted, a horseman.

ἐπεμβεβαῖος, Ep. pf. part. of ἐπεμβαίνω. ἐπέμεινα, aor. I of ἐπιμένω. ἐπ-εμελησάμην, -εμελήθην, aor. I med. and pass. of ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπεμήνато, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπιμαίνομαι. ἐπέμειξα, aor. I of ἐπιμύνημι. ἐπ-εμπηδάω, f. ἤσω or ἡσομαι, to leap upon, insult. ἐπ-εμπήπτω, f. -πесοῦμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack; ἐπεμπήπτειν βάσιν τινί to advance one's foot towards a thing. 2. to fall to, set to work.

ἐπ-εναρίζω, f. ζω, to slay one upon another. ἐπενάχετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπινήχομαι. ἐπ-ενδίδωμι, f. -δῶσω, to give over and above. ἐπενδύτης, ου, ὁ, a tunic worn over another, an outer or over tunic. From

ἐπ-ενδύνω, to put on over:—Pass. to have on over. ἐπενεῖκαι, Ion. for ἐπενέγκαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιφέρειω.

ἐπένειμα, aor. I of ἐπινέμω. ἐπένευσσα, aor. I of ἐπινεύω. ἐπένησον, impf. of ἐπινηρέω. ἐπ-ενήνοθε, (ἐπί, ἐνήνοθε) 3 sing. pf., with no pres. ἐπενέθω in use:—there has grown upon, there is or was upon; used three times by Hom.:—ψεδνὴ ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη thin downy hair grew thereon; οὐλὴ ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οἷα θεοὺς ἐπενήνοθεν αἰὲν ἔόντας such as appertains to the gods.

ἐπένησα, aor. I of ἐπινέω (A). ἐπ-ενθρόσκω, f. -ενθοροῦμαι: aor. 2 -ἐνέθορον, inf. -ενθορεῖν:—to leap upon; ἐπενθρόσκειν ἄνω to leap up into.

ἐπενθών, Dor. aor. 2 part. of ἐπέρχομαι. ἐπεντάβεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπεντεύω. ἐπ-εντάνύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], Ep. for ἐπεντεύω, to stretch upon, bind fast to.

ἐπ-εντείνω, f. -εντείνω, to stretch upon or over; part. aor. I pass. ἐπεντάβεις stretched upon his sword. II. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.

ἐπ-εντέλλω, to command besides. ἐπ-εντύω and -εντύω, to get ready, equip:—Med. to train oneself for a thing.

ἐπ-εξάγω, to lead out an army:—intr. to march out. Hence

ἐπεξάγωγῃ, ἡ, a drawing out against, lengthening. ἐπ-ἐξεμ, inf. -εξίεναι: impf. ἐπεξήεν:—to go out against an enemy. II. to proceed against, prosecute.

III. to go over, traverse, go through: hence to detail. 2. ἐπεξίεναι τιμορίας μείζους to go through with, execute greater vengeance.

ἐπ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελάω: pf. -εξελέλακα:—to drive on against:—intr. to ride on against.

ἐπεξελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεξέρχομαι.

ἐπ-εξεργάζομαι, f. ᾠσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate. 2. to slay over again.

ἐπ-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep. with aor. 2 act. -εξήλαον, pf. -εξελέλυθα:—to go out against an enemy. 2. to proceed against, prosecute. II.

to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accomplish. 3. to discuss, detail, investigate. III. to proceed to an extremity; ὡδ' ἐπεξέρχεσθαι θρασύς to reach such a pitch of boldness.

ἐπ-εξετάσις, εως, ἡ, a review over again.

ἐπ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent besides.

ἐπ-εξῆς, Ion. for ἐφ-εξῆς.

ἐπ-εξιακάζω, (ἐπί, ἐξ, Ἰακχος) to shout in triumph over.

ἐπ-εξόδος, ου, of a march or expedition: τὰ ἐπεξόδια (sub. ἱερὰ), sacrifices before the march of an army. From

ἐπ-ἐξοδος, ἡ, a march out against, expedition.

ἐπ-εοῖκε, 3 sing. pf. with no pres. ἐπέοικω in use:—it is like, looks like, resembles. II. it is likely,

reasonable, fitting:—ἐπεικότα Att. for ἐπεικοῖτα, part. pf., *what is seemly, fit*.

ἐπέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπεπῆγαι, 3 sing. plqpf. of πῆγνυμι.

ἐπέπιθμεν, for ἐπειπίοιμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπέπλωσ, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπεποίθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπεπόνθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πάζω.

ἐπέπτῶρον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπταίρω.

ἐπέπτᾶτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐπιπτάμαι.

ἐπέπυστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πυνθάνομαι.

ἐπ-έπω, Ion. for ἐφέπω.

ἐπ-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. *to work upon land, till, cultivate*. Hence

ἐπεργασία, ἡ, *a working of another's land: an encroachment*. II. *the right of mutual tillage on each other's land*.

ἐπ-ερεθίζω, f. ὦω, *to stimulate*.

ἐπ-ερίδω, f. -ερίσω, *to urge on with all one's force*; ἐπέρισεν ἴν' ἀπέλεθρον *he applied vast strength to it*:—Pass. *to lean or bear heavily upon*.

ἐπ-ερέφω, f. ψω, *to cover with a roof*.

ἐπερήρεισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπερίδω.

ἐπ-έρομαι Ion. -έρομαι: f. -ερήσομαι Ion. -ερίησομαι: aor. 2 ἐπηρόμην, inf. ἐπερέσθαι:—*to ask, to consult, question*.

ἐπέρριψα, aor. I of ἐπιρρίπτω.

ἐπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of ἐπιρρώμαι.

ἐπερρώσθη, ἐπερρώσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐπιρρώνυμι.

ἐπερύσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπερύω.

ἐπ-ερύω, f. -ερύσω [ῥ]: aor. I -εῖρῶ:—*to draw on, pull to: to bring to a place*:—Med. *to draw on one's clothes*.

ἐπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον Ep. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—*to go or come to or towards: to come upon, esp. to come suddenly or unexpectedly upon*. 2. *in hostile sense, to come or go against, attack*. 3. *to come forward to speak*. II. *to come on, come about, return*; ἐπῆλυθον ὥρα *the seasons came round again*. III. *to come in after or over the head of another*. IV. *to occur to one, come into one's mind*. V. *to go over a space, traverse, visit*. 2. *to go through or over, discuss, recount*. 3. *to go through, execute*.

ἐπ-ερωτάω Ion. ἐπερ-, fut. ἦσω, *to consult, inquire of, question, ask about a thing*:—Pass. *to be questioned, asked*. Hence

ἐπερώτημα Ion. ἐπερ-, αὖτος, τό, *a question: and ἐπερώτησις Ion. ἐπερ-, ὥς, ἡ, a questioning*.

ἐπεσα, rare aor. I of πίπτω.

ἐπεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπεσβαίνω, = ἐπισεβαίνω.

ἐπεσβολία, ἡ, *a using words at random, basty speech, unseemly language*. From

ἐπεσ-βόλος, ὄν, (ἐπος, βάλλω) *throwing words about: rash-talking, scurrilous*.

ἐπ-εσθίω, f. ἐπέδομαι, *to eat after or in addition to*.

ἐπεσκεψάμην, aor. I of ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπεσκιάσαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισκιάζω.

ἔπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω.

ἔπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐφέπω.

ἐπέσεται, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπέσσειεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπισεύω.

ἐπεσσύνοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of ἐπισεύω.

ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισεύω, part. ἐπεσσύμενος.

ἐπέσσυτο, poet. for ἐπέσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. syncop.

plqpf. pass. of ἐπισεύω, in sense of aor. 2.

ἐπεστάλθην, ἐπεστάλην [ᾶ], aor. I and aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἐπέσταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἐπεστράφη, [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστρέφω.

ἐπεστεῶς, Ion. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπέστην, aor. 2 of ἐφίστημι.

ἐπεσφέρω, Ion. for ἐπισεφέρω.

ἐπ-εσχαρίος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἐσχαρά) *on the bear's*.

ἐπ-εσχεῖον, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπέχω.

ἐπ-έσχον, -εσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπέταμον, aor. 2 of ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπέταξα, ἐπετάχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπ-έτειος, ὄν, and ἐπ-έτειος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἔτος) *annual, yearly, every year: changeable as the seasons*. 2. *annual, lasting for a year*.

ἐπετετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπετηδεύσα, aor. I of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἐπομαι) *a follower, attendant*.

ἐπ-ετήσιος, ὄν, = ἐπέτειος, *from year to year, lasting the whole year*.

ἔπετον, Aeol. for ἔπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω.

ἐπέτοσσε, a Dor. aor. I without any pre. in use, = ἐπέτησε, *fell in or met with*; part. ἐπιτόσσεος = ἐπιτυχάν, *having met with*. (Origin uncertain.)

ἐπετράπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω:—ἐπετρά-
πόμην, ἐπετράπον, aor. 2 med. and act.

ἐπετράφην, Ion. aor. 1 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπέτυχον, aor. 2 of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἔπευ, Ion. for ἔπον, imperat. of ἐπομαι.

ἐπ-ευθύω, *to guide straight, direct*.

ἐπ-ευρίσκω, Ion. for ἐφ-ευρίσκω.

ἐπ-ευφημέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ευφήμησα:—*to shout assent*. II. c. acc. *to accompany in singing: to sing in praise of*.

ἐπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. *to pray to, make a vow: to pray or vow that: in bad sense, to pray a curse, imprecate upon*. II. *to exult or triumph over*.

ἐπέφαντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φαίνω.

ἐπέφον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of *φένω.

ἐπέφορβει, 3 sing. plqpf. of φέρβω.

ἐπέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω.

ἐπεφράσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπέφρακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φράσσω.

ἐπέφου, Ep. for ἐπεφύκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of φύω.

ἐπεφύστη, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φύσσω.

ἐπεχευάμην, aor. I med. of ἐπιέχω.

ἐπέχυντο, aor. I pass. of πέχω.

ἐπέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιέχω.

ἐπ-έχω, fut. ἐφ-έξω; aor. 2 ἐπ-έσχον, inf. ἐπισχεῖν, poet. ἐπέσχεσθαι:—to have or hold upon or to, see ἐπάωχο:—to hold, keep;—Pass. and Med. to keep hold of. II. to hold out, present, offer.

III. to hold towards, to keep aiming at; τόξον σκοπῶ ἐπέχειν to aim the bow at the mark; τί μοι ὦδ' ἐπέχεις; why thus launch out against me? c. acc., ἐπέχειν τοὺς Τεγεῆτας to front them, face them. 2. ἐπέχειν (sc. τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς, τὸν νοῦν) to turn one's eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be intent upon.

IV. to keep in, hold back, check: to stop or binder from. 2. intrans. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing: c. gen. rei, to cease from.

V. to reach or extend over a space:—Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself out, lie at length.

VI. to have power over, command: of a way, to prevail, continue.

ἐπ-ηβάω, Ion. for ἐφ-ηβάω.

ἐπ-ήβολος, on, (ἐπί, βάλλω, with η inserted) having won or gained a thing, Lat. compos in bad sense, νόσου ἐπήβολοι possessed by a disease. II. fitting or belonging to.

ἐπήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐπάγω.

ἐπήγγελα, ἐπήγγελκα, aor. I and pf. of ἐπαγγέλλω.

ἐπηγέρθη, aor. I pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπηγενίδες, αἱ, the long planks nailed along the upright ribs (σταμίνας) of the ship: v. sub ἱκρία.

ἐπ-ηγορεύω or -έω, to say against, object to one.

ἐπήεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπ-ηεῖνός, on, and ἡ, on, = ἐπέτειος, but always used in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful; ἐπηεταναὶ τρίχες thick, full fleeces.

ἐπήεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί ibo), be went after, followed upon: ἐπήϊσαν 3 plur.

ἐπήϊσα, aor. I of ἐπαῖω.

ἐπήϊσσον, impf. of ἐπαῖσσω.

ἐπήκαν, Ion. for ἐφ-, 3 pl. aor. I of ἐφήμι.

ἐπήκοος Dor. ἐπάκοος, on, (ἐπακούω) listening or giving ear to: within bearing.

ἐπήκρισα, aor. I of ἐπακρίω.

ἐπηκρόωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπακρόομαι.

ἐπηλα, aor. I of πάλλω.

ἐπηλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπ-ηλύγάζω, (ἐπί, ἡλύγη) to overshadow: Med., φόβον ἐπηλυγάζεσθαι to throw a shade over one's own fear, disguise or conceal it.

ἐπηλύθον, Ep. for ἐπηλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπηλυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπηλυγάζω) overshadowing; τὴν πέτρην ἐπηλυγα λαβεῖν to take the rock as a shelter.

ἐπηλύξ, ὕδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπήλυθον) one who comes to a place: an incomer, stranger, foreigner.

ἐπ-ηλυσία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ἐπήλυθον) a coming over: a bewitching.

ἐπ-ήλυσις, εως, ἡ, an approach, assault.

ἐπ-ηλύτης, on, ὁ, = ἐπηλυς. [ῥ]

ἐπιμαζευμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπαμαζεύω.

ἐπιμοιβός, on, (ἐπαμείβω) in turn, alternate; χιτῶνες ἐπιμοιβοὶ changes of raiment.

ἐπ-ημύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to bend or bow down.

ἐπὴν Ion. ἐπεάν late Att. ἐπᾶν, Conjunct. (ἐπεῖ, ἄν) whenever, Lat. quandocunque.

ἐπ-ηνεμος, on, (ἐπί, ἄνεμος) windy. 2. vain.

ἐπηνεον, Ep. impf. of ἐπαίνεω.

ἐπήνεσα Ep. ἐπήνησα, aor. I of ἐπαίνεω.

ἐπήνθει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐπανθῶ.

ἐπηνώρθουν, impf. with double augm. of ἐπανορθώω: so, ἐπηνώρθωσα, -ώθη, aor. I act. and pass.; ἐπηνώρθωμα, pf. pass.

ἐπηξα, aor. I of πήγνυμι.

ἐπηξίωσα, aor. I of ἐπαξίω.

ἐπ-ήριος, on, (ἐπί, ῥίον) on the beach or shore.

ἐπιπείλησα, aor. I of ἐπαπειλέω.

ἐπ-ητύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to shout to, cheer on.

ἐπ-ήρατος, on, (ἐπί, ἑράω) lovely, pleasant.

ἐπηρεάω, f. σω, (ἐπηρεα) to threaten abusively: to deal despitefully with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be insolent.

ἐπήρεια, ἡ, wanton insult, contumely.

ἐπ-ηρεμέω, f. ἥσω, (ἐπί, ἥρεμος) to rest after.

ἐπ-ηρετος, on, (ἐπί, ἑρετός) at the oar, rowing. 2. equipped with oars.

ἐπ-ηρεφής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἐρέφω) covering, shading. II. pass. covered, sheltered.

ἐπήρθον, aor. I pass. of ἐπαίρω.

ἐπήρικεσα, aor. I of ἐπαρίκω.

ἐπήρσα, aor. I of ἐπαρρίσκω.

ἐπήσαν, Ep. for ἐπήϊσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί ibo).

ἐπιοθεῖν, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐφέδομαι.

ἐπιοσθον, impf. of ἐπισθῶ.

ἐπιρσθόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπαιοσθάνομαι.

ἐπιρσκημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπασκῶ.

ἐπητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐπος) affable, kind, gentle.

ἐπητιάσω, 2 sing. aor. I of ἐπαιτιάομαι.

ἐπ-ήτριμος, on, (ἐπί, ἥτριον) woven on or to: hence close, dense, thronged.

ἐπητύς, υός, ἡ, (ἐπητής) a ready address: generally, courtesy, kindness.

ἐπηύρον, ἐπηυρόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπήυχησα, aor. I of ἐπαυχέω.

ἐπήφύσα, aor. I of ἐπαφύσσω.

ἐπ-ηχέω, f. ἥσω, to resound, to reecho: to accompany in shouting.

ἐπί, PREP. WITH GEN., DAT., AND ACC. Radic. sense, upon:

A. WITH GEN., I. of rest at a place, on, upon, at, by, near. 2. with the person. Fron.;

ἐφ' ἑμῶν by yourselves, alone; ἐφ' ἑαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν by himself, by themselves; τὸ ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν their own interest only. 3. with Cardinal Numbers; ἐπὶ

τρίων, τεττάρων etc., by three or four, three deep or in file; ἐπὶ κέρως in single file. 4. before, in presence of, Lat. coram. 5. over, of any one set over

a special business; οὐ ἐπὶ τῶν πραγμάτων those set over the business. 6. motion towards a point;

πλεῖν ἐπὶ Χίου to sail for Chios; ἀπελαύνειν ἐπ' οἴκου

to go home-wards. II. of Time, in or in the course of; ἐπ' εἰρήνης in time of peace. III. of the grounds on which a thing happens; ἐπὶ μαρτυρίας on evidence; εἰπεῖν ἐπ' ὅρκου to speak on oath; ἐπ' ὅτε on what ground. B. WITH DAT., I.

of Place; ἐπὶ χώρα on the spot: esp. where hostility is implied, opposite or against. II. of the Time in, on or at which a thing happens; ἐπὶ νυκτὶ in the night; ἐπ' ἡματι τῷδε on this very day. 2. upon or after an event. III. in addition, over and above, one on another. IV. for an object or purpose, with a view to; ἐπὶ δόρπῳ for supper; ἐπὶ κακῷ ἀνθρώπου for mischief to man. V. of the ground of doing a thing; γελᾶν ἐπὶ τινι to laugh at one; μέγα φρονεῖν ἐπὶ τινι to be proud at or of a thing. VI. of any condition upon which a thing happens; ἐπὶ τούτῳ, ἐφ' ὅτε on condition, that . . ; more briefly, ἐφ' ᾧ or ἐφ' ὅτε; ἐπ' οὐδενί on no condition; ἐπὶ πᾶσι δικαίους with strict justice; ἐπ' ἴσοις on reasonable terms. C. WITH ACCUS., I.

of Place; extending over; ἐπ' ἐννέα κείτο πέλεθρα over nine acres he lay; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπων glory spread among all men. 2. motion towards or to a place; πλεῖν ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον: in hostile sense, upon, against:—metaph., ἐπ' ἔργα, ἐπ' ἰθὺν to labour, to an enterprize: esp. to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην to send for tidings: rarely of persons, ἐπ' Ὀδυσσῆα ἦτε:—hence also to denote a purpose, ἐπὶ τί; for what? wherefore? 3. with Cardinal Numbers, ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ ἑκοσιν five-and-twenty deep or in file: with numbers, upon to a certain number, nearly, about. II.

of Time, for or during a certain time; ἐπὶ χρόνον for a time. 2. up to or till a certain time; ἐπ' ἥω till morning. III. more generally, ἐπὶ στάθμῃ by the line or rule; τὸ ἐπ' ἐμέ for me, as far as concerns me.

Ἐπί may follow its case, and then it is written ἐπι. In Compos. ἐπί denotes rest at a place, as in ἐπ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum), ἐπι-βατεύω; or motion, esp. in a hostile sense, as in ἐπι-χειρέω, ἐπι-στρατεύω. II. of Time, after, as in ἐπι-βιδῶ, ἐπι-βλαστάνω. III.

addition, accompaniment, as in ἐπὶ-κτῆτος, ἐπ-αυλέω. IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπ-εργασία, ἐπι-γαμία intermarriage. V. with Numerals, an integer and so much more, ἐπὶ-τριτος, one and a third, = $\frac{4}{3}$. VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἐπι-μᾶλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

ἐπι, for ἐπεσσι, it is there, ready, at hand. ἐπι-τάλλω, f. -τάλω: aor. -τήλα:—to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass.

ἐπιάλλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι. ἐπι-ανδρῶν, poet. for ἐφ'ανδ-, to please, gratify. ἐπι-ταύω, to sleep among.

ἐπι-ιάχω [ᾶ], to shout to, cheer: to shout aloud. ἐπιβᾶ, for ἐπιβῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a ladder or steps to ascend by: a scaling-ladder: a gangway.

ἐπιβαθρον, τό, (ἐπιβαίνω) a roosting-place, perch. II. (ἐπιβάτης) a passenger's fare, Lat. nautium.

ἐπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 ἐπέβην: aor. I med. ἐπεβησάμην (Ion. 3 sing. ἐπεβήσεντο, imperat. ἐπιβήσθε): I. c. gen. to set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon. 2. to get upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place: metaph. to arrive at, reach unto; ἐπιβαίνειν εὐεβίας to take one's stand on piety. II. c. dat. to mount upon, get on board of:—also, to set upon, attack, assault. III. c. acc. to light upon, Πιερίην ἐπιβαίνειν, of gods descending upon it: simply, to go to. 2. to attack, like ἐπέρχομαι. 3. ἐπιβαίνειν ἐπὶ ἵππον to mount a horse. IV. absol. to step forward or on, advance:—to get a footing.

B. Causal in act. fut. ἐπιβήσω, aor. I ἐπέβησα, to set one upon, make him mount: metaph. to bring to, make one arrive at. Cf. ἐπιβιβάζω.

ἐπι-βάλλω, fut. -βάλω: aor. 2 -έβαλον: I. to throw or cast upon: to put on: affix. 2. to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine. 3. to add: to add to, increase. II. intrans., ἐπιβάλλειν τινί (sub. εαυτόν), to throw oneself upon, go straight towards. 2. to fall upon: to attack. 3. (sub. νοῦν), to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to; aor. 2 part. ἐπιβαλάν, absol., when he thought on it. 4. to fall to one, come to one's share: τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέρος] one's proper portion; also impers. it falls to one to do a thing. III.

Med. to seize upon a thing, grasp at it. 2. to put upon oneself, put on: metaph. to take upon oneself, incur. IV. Pass. to be placed upon; τοῖσται ἐπιβεβλημένοι having their arrows on the string.

ἐπι-βαρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπὶ, βαρὺς) to weigh heavily on. ἐπιβᾶς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a stepping upon or upwards. 2. metaph. a step or approach towards a thing; εἰς τινα ποιέεσθαι ἐπιβᾶσιν to make means of attacking one.

ἐπι-βάσκω, poet. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασκόμεν υἱὰς Ἀχαιῶν to lead them into misery. ἐπι-βαστάζω, f. σω, to bear or weigh in the hand.

ἐπι-βᾶναι, f. σω, to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp. II. to be an ἐπιβάτης, passenger or soldier. From

ἐπιβάτης [ᾶ], ὄν, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts or embarks; of ἐπιβάται the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: a passenger. 2. the warrior in a chariot.

ἐπιβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπιβαίνω) that can be climbed, accessible.

ἐπιβᾶδᾶ, as, ἡ, the day after the festival, Lat. repotia:— proverb., ἐρπειν πρὸς τραχείαν ἐπιβᾶν to come to a hard reckoning, on the day after the feast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐπιβιβήσκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβείομεν, Ep. 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βήθεο, Ep. imperat. aor. I med. of ἐπιβαίνω.
 ἐπι-βήσετο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπι-
 βαίνω.
 ἐπι-βήτωρ, opos, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts. II.
 of male animals, e. g. a boar.
 ἐπι-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιῶ, Causal of ἐπι-
 βαίνω, to put one upon.
 ἐπι-βιόω, f. -βιώσωμαι: aor. 2 ἐπεβίαν:—to survive.
 ἐπι-βλέπω, fut. ψομαι, later ψω, to look upon, look
 to, regard. 2. to eye with envy, Lat. invidere.
 ἐπιβλημα, atos, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) that which is thrown
 on or over: a cover: a patch.
 ἐπιβλής, ἦτος, ὁ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a bolt or bar fixed in
 or on a door.
 ἐπι-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέμολον:—to
 come upon, befall.
 ἐπι-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βώσωμαι:—to call
 upon or to, cry out to. 2. to utter or sing
 aloud. 3. to cry out against. 4. to call upon,
 invoke; call to aid:—so also in Med.
 ἐπιβοήθεια, ἡ, a helping, coming to aid, succour.
 From
 ἐπι-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, to come to aid, succour.
 ἐπιβόημα, atos, τό, (ἐπιβοάω) a call to one.
 ἐπιβόητος Ion. -βωτος, ov, (ἐπιβοάω) cried out
 against, ill spoken of.
 ἐπιβολή, ἡ, (ἐπιβάλλω) a throwing or putting on;
 ἐπιβολαὶ πλίνθων layers or courses of bricks. II.
 an infliction, penalty. III. a setting upon a thing,
 an attempt, enterprise: a hostile attempt.
 ἐπι-βομβέω, f. ἦσω, to roar in answer.
 ἐπι-βόσκω, f. -βόσκησω, to feed cattle upon:—Med.
 of cattle, to graze or feed upon.
 ἐπι-βουκόλος, ὁ, an over-cowherd, herdsman.
 ἐπιβούλευμα, atos, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) a plan against,
 a plot, attempt, scheme.
 ἐπιβουλευτής, οὗ, ὁ, one who plots against, a plot-
 ter. From
 ἐπι-βουλεύω, f. σω, to plan or contrive against one;
 ἐπιβουλεῖν θανάτον τινι, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for,
 to aim at:—Pass. to have snares laid for one. Hence
 ἐπιβουλή, ἡ, a plan against another, a plot; ἐξ ἐπι-
 βουλῆς by treachery.
 ἐπι-βουλία, ἡ, = ἐπιβουλή.
 ἐπι-βουλος, ov, (ἐπί, βουλή) plotting against,
 treacherous.
 ἐπι-βραδύνω, f. ἔνω, to loiter at a place.
 ἐπι-βραχύ, Adv. for ἐπὶ βραχύ, for a short while.
 ἐπι-βρέμω, to make to roar:—Med. to roar. II.
 intr. to roar or cry out to.
 ἐπι-βριθής, ἐς, burdensome, grievous. From
 ἐπι-βρίθω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to be heavy upon, weigh
 down. II. metaph. to press heavily.
 ἐπιβρίσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπιβρίθω.
 ἐπι-βρόντητος, ov, = ἐμ-βρόντητος, thunderstricken.
 ἐπι-βρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to burst forth, as water: of
 flowers, to sprout, burst forth.
 ἐπι-βύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to stop, caulk tight.

ἐπι-βωθέω, Ion. for ἐπι-βοηθέω.
 ἐπι-βομιο-στᾶτέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, βομός, στήναι) to
 stand suppliant at the altar.
 ἐπι-βώμιος, ov, (ἐπί, βομός) on or at the altar.
 ἐπιβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιβοάω.
 ἐπι-βωστρέω, Ion. and Dor. for ἐπιβοάω, to shout
 to, call upon, clamour for.
 ἐπι-βωτος, Ion. for ἐπιβόητος.
 ἐπι-βώτωρ, opos, ὁ, an over-shepherd, shepherd.
 ἐπι-γαίος, ov, (ἐπί, γαῖα, = γῆ) upon the earth; τὰ
 ἐπίγαια the parts on or near the ground.
 ἐπι-γαμβρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, γαμβρός) to marry a
 widow as her husband's next of kin.
 ἐπι-γάμέω, f. -γαμέσω Att. -γάμω:—to marry be-
 sides; ἐπιγαμεὺν τέκνοις μητρυνᾶν to marry and set a
 stepmother over one's own children. Hence
 ἐπι-γάμια, ἡ, an additional marriage. II. in-
 termarriage, right of intermarriage, between states.
 ἐπί-γάμος, ov, (ἐπί, γάμος) marriageable.
 ἐπι-γαυρόμαι, Pass. to exult in.
 ἐπι-γ-δουπέω, Ep. for ἐπι-δουπέω.
 ἐπιγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.
 ἐπί-γαιος, ov, (ἐπί, γέα = γῆ) on or of the earth.
 ἐπι-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], to laugh to or with, to
 laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh.
 ἐπι-γεραίρω, to give honour to.
 ἐπι-γεύομαι, Med. to taste of.
 ἐπι-γυθέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐπιγέγηθα:—to rejoice or
 triumph over: to exult in.
 ἐπι-γίνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:
 pf. -γέγονα or in pass. form -γενένημαι:—to be born
 after; ἔαρος ἐπιγίγνεται ὥρη the season of spring
 comes next; of ἐπιγινόμεναι posterity; χρόνου ἐπι-
 γινομένου as time was going on. 2. to come
 upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue
 upon: also to fall upon, attack. 3. to happen after,
 come to pass.
 ἐπι-γινώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 -έγνω: pf.
 -έγνωκα:—to look upon, observe. II. to recog-
 nise: hence to find out, discover: to become con-
 scious of, come to a sense of. III. to come to a
 judgment, decide.
 ἐπι-γίνομαι, ἐπι-γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. for
 ἐπιγιν-.
 ἐπι-γλωσσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι: fut. ἡσομαι:
 Dep.: (ἐπί, γλῶσσα):—to vent reproaches against,
 to upbraid.
 ἐπι-γναμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, curved, twisted. From
 ἐπι-γνάμπω, f. ψω, to curve, bend. II. me-
 taph. to bow or bend another to one's purpose.
 ἐπιγνοῖν, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγινώσκω.
 ἐπιγνοῖς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιγινώσκω.
 ἐπι-γνώμων, ovos, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπί, γνώμη) deciding upon:
 as Subst. an arbiter, judge. II. pardoning.
 ἐπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make known, an-
 nounce, signify.
 ἐπίγνωσις, cws, ἡ, (ἐπιγινώσκω) full knowledge.
 ἐπιγνώσι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπίγονος, *ov*, (ἐπιγενέσθαι) *born after*: generally, *offspring, posterity*:—οἱ Ἐπίγονοι, *the Afterborn, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes.*

ἐπιγονίδιος, *ov*, *on*, *set upon the knee*. From ἐπι-γούνης, *idos, ἡ*, (ἐπί, γούνατος, *Ion. gen. of γόνυ*) *the region above the knee, the thigh.*

ἐπιγράφδην, *Adv.* (ἐπιγράφω) *scratching the surface, grazing.*

ἐπίγραμμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering.* 2. *an epigram, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs.*

ἐπιγράφους, *ἑως, ὁ*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscriber: esp. at Athens a clerk who registered property, etc.*

ἐπιγραφή, *ἡ*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription.* II. at Athens, *a registration of property.*

ἐπι-γράφω, *f. ψω; pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι*:—*to mark the surface, graze; ἐπιγράφαι κλήρον to put a mark on a lot.* II. *later, to write upon, inscribe*:—*Pass., of the inscription, to be inscribed upon.* III. *to enter in a public list or register*: esp. at Athens, *to register the citizens' property*: ἐπιγράφειν τίμημα *to lay the damages at so much*:—*Med. to register oneself*: but, *προσάτην ἐπιγράψασθαι to enter the name of a patron in the public register*, as all *μέτοικοι* at Athens were obliged to do.

ἐπί-γρῶπιος, *ov*, *somewhat booked*: *somewhat book-nosed.*

ἐπι-δαίωμαι, *Dep.* (ἐπί, δαίω *B*) *to distribute, offer.*

ἐπι-δαίσιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δαίω *B*) *assigned, allotted.*

ἐπι-δακρύω, *f. ὕωα [B]*, *to weep over or for.*

ἐπί-δάμος, *ov*, *Dor. for ἐπί-δημος.*

ἐπι-δαψιλεύομαι, *f. σομαι, Dep.* *to lavish upon a person, give freely.*

ἐπιδέδρομο, *pf. 2 of ἐπιτρέχω.*

ἐπιδεής, *ἑς*, (ἐπιδέομαι) *in want of: deficient*: *Att. neut. pl., ἐπιδεᾶ.*

ἐπιδειγμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *a specimen: a pattern, example, lesson.*

ἐπι-δείλελος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δείλη) *at, towards evening*: ἐπιδείλα, *neut. pl. as Adv., towards evening.*

ἐπι-δείκνυμι and -ύω, *f. -δείξω; aor. I -έδειξα Ion. -έδεξα*:—*to exhibit as a specimen or pattern: to shew forth, display, parade*:—*Med. to display oneself, shew oneself off.* 2. *to shew, point out*:—*to shew, prove, demonstrate.* Hence

ἐπιδεικτικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *fit for display*; ἐπιδεικτικοὶ λόγοι *speeches for display, set orations, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians.*

ἐπιδείν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπειδον.*

ἐπιδείξαι, *aor. I inf. of ἐπιδείκνυμι.*

ἐπιδείξις *Ion. ἐπίδειξις, εως, ἡ*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *an exhibition, display*: ἐς ἐπίδειξιν τινος ἀπικέσθαι *to come within one's view, to his knowledge.* 2. *a pattern, example, Lat. specimen.*

ἐπι-δειπνέω, *f. ἦσω, (ἐπιδειπνον)* *to eat after dinner.* II. *to eat as a second course, eat as a dainty.*

ἐπι-δείπνιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δείπνον) *at or after dinner.*

ἐπί-δειπνον, *τό*, *an after-meal, second course or desert.*

ἐπι-δέκατος, *η, ov*, *one and one-tenth*, $1 + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{10}$. II. *one in ten, a tenth, tithe.*

ἐπι-δέμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δέμιον) *in or on the bed.*

ἐπι-δέξιος, *ov*, *from left to right, towards the right*, used chiefly in *neut. pl. ἐπιδέξια* as *Adv.*, which therefore also means *auspiciously.* 2. = *δεξιός, on the right hand*; *τάπιδεξια the right side.* II. *of persons, dexterous, skilful.*

ἐπί-δεξις, *Ion. for ἐπίδειξις.*

ἐπι-δέσκομαι, *Dep.* *to look upon, behold.*

ἐπι-δεσμεύω, *f. σω, (ἐπί, δεσμός)* *to bind up.*

ἐπι-δεσμός, *ὁ*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) *a band, bandage.*

ἐπιδεσμο-χάρης, *ἑς*, (ἐπίδεσμος, χαίρω) *bandage-loving, epith. of gout.*

ἐπι-δεσπάζω, *f. ὄσω, to be lord over.*

ἐπι-δευής, *ἑς, poet. and Ion. for ἐπιδεής, in need or want of, lacking.* II. *lacking, failing in a thing, c. gen., βίης ἐπιδευέης failing in strength: also a compar. in sense, βίης ἐπιδευέης Ὀδυσῆος inferior to Ulysses in strength: absol., πολλὸν δ' ἐπιδευέης ἤμεν far too weak were we.* From

ἐπι-δεύομαι, *poet. for ἐπιδέομαι (ἐπιδέω B) to be in want of, to lack: to need the help of.* II. *to be lacking in a thing, fail in it.*

ἐπι-δεύω, *f. σω, to moisten on the surface.*

ἐπι-δέχομαι, *f. ξομαι, Dep.* *to admit besides or in addition.*

ἐπι-δέω (A), *f. -δήσω, to bind or fasten on.* II. *to bind up, bandage.*

ἐπι-δέω (B), *f. -δήσω, to want or lack so much of a number*:—*impers. ἐπιδεῖ, there is need of besides*:—*Med. to be in want of, cf. ἐπιδεύομαι.*

ἐπί-δηλος, *ov*, *quite evident, manifest*: *open.* 2. *distinguished.* II. *like, resembling.*

ἐπι-δημεύω, *f. σω, to live among the people.* From

ἐπιδημέω, *f. ἦσω, (ἐπιδημος)* *to be at home, live at home: to sojourn among people, stay at a place.* II. *to come home, from foreign travel.* Hence

ἐπιδημία, *ἡ*, *a staying at home, stay at a place.*

ἐπι-δημιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δημος) *among the people: dwelling at home*; πόλεμος ἐπιδήμιος *civil war*; ἐπιδήμιοι ἔμποροι *native merchants.* II. *sojourning at a place.*

ἐπι-δημιουργοί, *ων, οἱ*, *magistrates sent annually by Doric states to their colonies.*

ἐπί-δημος, *ov*, = *ἐπιδήμιος, of the people, popular.*

ἐπι-διαβαίω, *fut. -βήσομαι, to cross over besides or after another.*

ἐπι-διαγινώσκω *Ion. -γινώσκω; fut. -γνώσομαι*:—*to debate or decide afresh.*

ἐπι-διαρέω, *f. ἦσω, to divide over again*:—*Med. of several, to distribute among themselves.*

ἐπι-διαπλέω, *f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail across besides.*

ἐπι-διαρρήγνυμι, *f. -ρήξω, to tear asunder after*:—*Pass. to burst in consequence of a thing.*

ἐπι-διατάσσομαι, Med. to ordain or command besides.

ἐπι-διαφέρωμαι, Pass. to go across after.

ἐπι-διδάσκω, f. ἔω, to teach besides.

ἐπι-δίδωμι, f. -δώω, to give besides, give freely: to give with, give in doury.

II. ἐπιδιδόναι ἐαυτὸν τινι to give oneself up or devote oneself to a thing.

III. intr. to increase, advance: also to improve, prosper.

IV. Med., θεοὺς ἐπιδώμεθα let us give or take the gods as witnesses; cf. περιδίδωμι II.

ἐπι-διζήμαι, Dep. to seek or ask further: to seek for or demand besides.

ἐπι-δικάζω, f. ὦω, to adjudge to one:—Med. of the claimant, to sue for a thing at law, lay claim to. Hence

ἐπι-δικάσιμος, disputed at law: generally, much contested.

ἐπι-δίνεω, f. ἥσω, to whirl or swing round, of one in act to throw:—Med. to turn over in one's mind, revolve:—Pass. to wheel about, as birds in the air;

ἐπιδυνήθεναι, aor. I part. dual.

ἐπι-διονρθώω, f. ὦσω, to correct or set in order afterwards.

ἐπι-διπλοῖζω or -οῖζω, (ἐπί, διπλός) to redouble.

ἐπι-διφρίαις, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, δίφρος) the rail in front of the chariot-board (δίφρος), the chariot-rail.

ἐπι-δίφριος, ov, (ἐπί, δίφρος) sitting on the car.

ἐπι-δίχῃ, Adv. for ἐπὶ δίχῃ.

ἐπι-δίωκω, f. ἔω, to pursue after: follow up:—as legal term, to prosecute again.

ἐπι-δοκέω, f. -δοκῶω and -δόξω, to expect.

ἐπι-ιδόντες, aor. 2 pl. nom. part. of ἐπεῖδον; but ἐπι-δόντες, of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δοξος, ov, (ἐπί, δόξα) likely or expected to do a thing; ἐπίδοξος γενέσθαι likely to prove so: of things, likely, probable.

II. well-known, illustrious.

ἐπι-δόρπιος, ov, (ἐπί, δόρπον) for or of the banquet.

ἐπίδοσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιδίδωμι) a giving over and above: a voluntary contribution to the state.

II. increase, growth, progress.

ἐπιδοῦναι, ἐπιδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δουπέω, f. ἥσω, to make a noise or clashing.

ἐπιδοχή, ἡ, (ἐπιδέχομαι) reception of something new.

ἐπιδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτρέχω; ἐπιδραμέτην, 3 dual indic.

ἐπιδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπιδραμεῖν) a running over.

II. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack.

III. a place for ships to run to, a landing-place.

ἐπι-δρομος, ov, that may be run over or upon; τεῖχος ἐπίδρομον a wall that may be scaled.

ἐπι-δύω and -δύνω, f. ὕσω, to go down or set upon.

ἐπι-δόμεθα, 1 pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-ιδών, part. of ἐπεῖδον.

ἐπιδώσω, fut. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιείκεια, ἡ, (ἐπιεικής) likelihood, reasonableness.

II. fairness, clemency: also natural mild-

ness.

2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the letter of the law.

ἐπι-εἰκελός, ov, = εἰκελός, like.

ἐπι-εικής, ἑς, (ἐπί, εἰκός) fitting, meet, suitable; ὡς ἐπιεικής as is meet; ὅν κ' ἐπιεικής ἀκούειν whatever [word] is meet for you to hear.

II. in Att. fair, reasonable: also plausible: of persons, fair, kind, moderate.

2. opp. to δίκαιος, not insisting on strict justice, equitable.

ἐπι-εικτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐπί, εἶκος) yielding; οὐκ ἐπιεικτός that will never yield, unyielding; πένθος οὐκ ἐπιεικτόν unceasing woe.

ἐπιεικῶς Ion. ἔως, Adv. of ἐπιεικής, fairly, tolerably, moderately.

2. probably, reasonably.

ἐπιειμένος, η, ov, Ion. for ἐφεμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπιεισόμενος, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπειμι (ἐλμι ibo).

ἐπι-εἰσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπειμι (ἐλμι ibo).

ἐπι-ἐλπομαι, poet. for ἐπέλπομαι. Hence

ἐπί-ἐλπτος, ov, to be hoped or expected.

ἐπι-έννυμι, Ion. for ἐφ-έννυμι: aor. I ἐπί-εσα Ep.

ἐπί-εσσα: pf. pass. ἐπί-εσμαι or ἐπί-ειμαι:—to put on besides or over:—Pass., Ion. pf. part. ἐπιειμένος ἀλκήν, ἀναδείην clad in strength, shamelessness; χαλκὸν ἐπίεσται (3 sing. pf.) it was covered in brass, had brass upon it:—Med. to put on oneself besides: generally, to cover or shroud oneself in.

ἐπιέσσομεν, 1 pl. aor. I of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπίεσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπι-ζήρῶ, = ἐπιβαρέω.

ἐπι-ζάφελος, ov, (ἐπί, *ζάφελος from ζα- intens.) vehement, violent:—Adv. ἐπιζαφελῶς (as if from ἐπι-ζαφελής), vehemently, furiously.

ἐπι-ζῶω, f. -ζήσω, to outlive, survive.

ἐπι-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω, to join or fasten at top: generally, to tie together, bind fast.

II. to yoke to.

ἐπι-ζεφύριος, ov, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

ἐπι-ζεφύρος, ov, lying towards the west.

ἐπι-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil up or over; ἡ νεύτης ἐπέ-ζεσέ μοι my youthful spirit boiled over.

II. act. to make to boil, beat.

ἐπι-ζηλος, ov, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous.

ἐπι-ζήμιος, ov, (ἐπί, ζημία) bringing loss or penalty upon, hurtful.

II. liable to punishment. Hence

ἐπι-ζημιώω, f. ὦσω, to punish.

ἐπι-ζητέω, f. ἥσω, to seek for, seek after, find wanting: to beat for game; οἱ ἐπιζητούντες the beaters.

ἐπι-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf. part. ἐπεζωσμένοι, with their cloaks girt up.

ἐπι-ζώω, Ion. for ἐπισζάω.

ἐπίηλα, aor. I of ἐπαλλάω.

ἐπι-ήμι, Ion. for ἐφήμι.

ἐπιήνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐφάνδανω.

ἐπί-ηρα, τά, (ἐπί, ἡρα) things acceptable, pleasing gifts.

ἐπι-ήρανος, ov, (ἐπιήρα) pleasing.

II. warding off, assisting, governing.

ἐπίηρος, *ον*, only in neut. pl. ἐπίηρα, *q. v.*
 ἐπι-θάλαμος, *ον*, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) belonging to a bridal, nuptial; τὸ ἐπιθάλαμον (*sub. μέλος*), the nuptial song, *epithalamium*, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.
 ἐπι-θάλασσιδιος *Att.* -ττίδιος, *ον*, =sq.
 ἐπι-θάλασσιος *Att.* -ττιος, *α*, *ον*, (ἐπί, θάλασσα) lying on the sea-shore, maritime.
 ἐπι-θάνάτιος, *ον*, (ἐπί, θάνατος) condemned to death.
 ἐπι-θανάτος, *ον*, sick to death, like to die.
 ἐπι-θαρόνω *Att.* -θαρρύνω, *φ. ὑνῶ*, to cheer on.
 ἐπι-θαυμάζω, *φ. σω*, to pay respect to, to compliment with a fee (*Lat. honorarium*).
 ἐπι-θεάζω, *φ. άσω*, (ἐπί, θεός) to call upon in the name of the gods, to adjure. Hence
 ἐπιθειασμός, *ός*, an appeal to the gods, adjuration.
 ἐπι-θείην, -θεῖναι, *aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἐπιτίθημι*.
 ἐπιθείς, -θεῖσα, *aor. 2 part. of ἐπιτίθημι*.
 ἐπι-θεῖτε, for -θεῖητε, *2 pl. aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιτίθημι*.
 ἐπι-θεράπνέω, *φ. σω*, to court or serve studiously: to work zealously for.
 ἐπι-thes, -θέτω, *aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιτίθημι*.
 ἐπιθεσις, *εως, ή*, (ἐπιτίθημι) a laying on, imposition. II. (from *Med.*) a setting upon, attack.
 ἐπι-θεσπίζω, *φ. σω*, to prophesy upon.
 ἐπιθετικός, *ής, όν*, (ἐπιτίθημαι) ready to attack: enterprising.
 ἐπί-θετος, *ον*, (ἐπιτίθημι) added, annexed: far-fetched, foreign. II. as *Subst.*, ἐπιθετον, τό, an epithet.
 ἐπι-θέω, *φ. -θεύσομαι*, to run upon or at: to run after, chase, pursue.
 ἐπιθήκη, *ή*, (ἐπιτίθημι) an addition, accession: something given in or over in a bargain.
 ἐπί-θημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιτίθημι) anything put on, a cover, lid.
 ἐπι-θοάζω, *φ. σω*, to sit as a suppliant at an altar, to pray the gods for aid: cf. *θοάζω*.
 ἐπιθορεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιθρόσσω*.
 ἐπι-θορύβω, *φ. ήσω*, to shout in token of approval.
 ἐπι-θράσσω *Att.* -ττω, *contr. for ἐπιταράσσω*.
 ἐπι-θράνω, *φ. σω*, to break besides.
 ἐπιθρέξας, *aor. 1 part. of ἐπιτρέχω*.
 ἐπι-θρόσσω, *φ. -θοροῦμαι*: *aor. 2 ἐπιθορον*:—to spring or leap upon, *c. gen.*: *c. dat.* to insult over: *absol.*, τράσον ἐπιθρόσκουσι so far do they bound.
 ἐπι-θύμεω, *φ. ήσω*, (ἐπί, θυμός) to set one's heart upon a thing, lust after, desire eagerly. Hence
 ἐπιθύμημα, *ατος, τό*, the object of desire; and
 ἐπιθυμῆσις, *εως, ή*, a longing desire; and
 ἐπιθυμητής, *ού, ό*, one who desires: a lover; and
 ἐπιθυμητικός, *ής, όν*, desiring, coveting. *Adv.* -κώς.
 ἐπιθύμια, *ή*, (ἐπιθυμέω) a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.
 ἐπι-θυμίαμα, *ατος, τό*, an incense-offering: from
 ἐπι-θυμιάω, *φ. άσω [ā]*, to offer incense.
 ἐπι-τινῶω, to aim straight at: to direct, govern.

ἐπι-θύω, *φ. -θύσω [ū]*, to offer sacrifice upon or after:—to offer sacrifice, offer.
 ἐπι-θύωω, *φ. -θύσω [ū]*, to rush eagerly at. 2. *c. inf.* to strive vehemently to do, desire or long to do, (*v. θύω B.*)
 ἐπι-θωράκιζομαι, *Med.* to put on one's armour.
 ἐπι-θωύσω, *φ. έω*, to shout or call out.
 ἐπι-ιδμων, *ονος, ός*, =ἐπίιστωρ.
 ἐπι-ίζομαι, *Ion.* for ἐφέζομαι.
 ἐπι-ιότωρ, *οπος, ό, ή*, acquainted with, knowing.
 ἐπι-καθαίρω, *φ. ήσω*, to pull down besides.
 ἐπι-καθέομαι, *φ. -εδούμαι*, *Pass.* to sit down upon.
 ἐπι-κάθημαι *Ion.* -κάττημαι, to sit upon: to press upon, be heavy upon. II. to sit down against a place, besiege it.
 ἐπι-καθίζω, *φ. ίσω*, to set upon. II. *intr.* to sit upon.
 ἐπι-καινώω, *φ. άσω*, to innovate upon.
 ἐπι-καίριος, *ον*, (ἐπί, καιρός) in due season, seasonable, opportune: important, critical; οἱ ἐπικαίριοι the chief persons.
 ἐπί-καυος, *ον*, =ἐπικαίριος: *c. gen.* fit, proper, convenient for a thing.
 ἐπι-καλώ *Att.* -κάω: *φ. καύσω*:—to light or kindle on a place: to burn on an altar.
 ἐπι-κάλωω, *φ. έσω*, to call on, appeal to, adjure. II. to call in addition, give a surname to:—*Pass.* to be called by surname. III. to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge. IV. *Med.* to call to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to challenge, *Lat. provocare*. 2. to summon before one.
 ἐπικάλυμμα, *ατος, τό*, a cover, covering: a veil, cloak, means of biding. From
 ἐπι-καλύπτω, *φ. ψω*, to cover up, shroud, bide. II. to put over. Hence
 ἐπικάλυψις, *εως, ή*, a covering, concealment.
 ἐπικαμπή, *ή*, (ἐπικάμπω) a bend: the angle of a building; ἐπικαμπήν ποιεῖσθαι to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.
 ἐπικαμπής, *ές*, curved, curling. From
 ἐπι-καμπτω, *φ. ψω*, to bend into an angle:—*Pass.* to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.
 ἐπι-καμπύλος, *ον*, bent forward.
 ἐπί-κάρ, (ἐπί, κάρα) *Adv.* head-foremost.
 ἐπι-κάριστος, *α, ον*, (ἐπίκαρ) properly on the head, head forwards. II. *opp.* to ὀρθιος, crosswise, at an angle; τὰ ἐπικάρσια the country measured along the coast, *opp.* to τὰ ὀρθια (measured inwards at right angles to the coast): *c. gen.*, τριήρεις τοῦ Πόντου ἐπικάρσια triremes forming an angle with the current of the Pontus.
 ἐπι-καταβαίνω, *φ. -βήσομαι*, to go down to or upon a place. II. to go down after or against.
 ἐπι-καταβάλλω, *φ. -βάλλω*, to let fall down.
 ἐπι-κατάγω, to bring down to land besides:—*Pass.* to come to land with or afterwards.
 ἐπι-καταδαρθάνω, *φ. -δαρθήσομαι*: *aor. 2 -έδαρθον*:—to fall asleep at or upon.

ἐπι-κατακλύζω, f. -ύσω, to overflow besides.

ἐπι-κατακοιμάομαι, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place.

ἐπι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήφωμαι, to catch up, overtake.

ἐπι-καταμῆνω, f. -μῆνω, to stay yet longer.

ἐπι-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι, to throw oneself upon.

ἐπι-κατάρατος, on, yet more accursed.

ἐπι-καταρριπτέω and -τω, to throw down after or upon.

ἐπι-κατασφάζω and -ττω, f. ξω, to slay upon or over.

ἐπι-καταψεύδομαι, Dep. to tell lies in addition.

ἐπι-καταδραβάνω, aor. 2 of ἐπι-καταδραβάνω.

ἐπι-κατείδον, inf. -κατιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf. εἶδον.

ἐπι-κάτεμι, inf. -κατιέναι, to go down upon or into.

ἐπι-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to detain still.

ἐπι-καυτος, on, (ἐπικαῖω) burnt at the end, Lat. *praeustus*.

ἐπι-κάω, Att. for ἐπι-καῖω. [ἀ]

ἐπι-κειμαι, inf. -κεῖσθαι, serving as Pass. of ἐπιτίθημι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or closed.

2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie over against; αἱ ἐπικείμεναι νῆσοι the islands off the coast. 3. to hang over, impend. II. to press heavily upon: to press upon, be urgent.

III. of penalties, to be laid on, imposed. IV. to have on one.

ἐπι-κείρω, f. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω:—to cut down, mow down. II. metaph. to cut short, baffle.

ἐπι-κεκλόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπι-κλέομαι.

ἐπι-κεκλήμενος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπι-κλίνω.

ἐπι-κελαδέω, f. ῥω, to shout in applause, to cheer.

ἐπι-κέλευσις, εως, ῆ, cheering, exhortation.

ἐπι-κελεύω, also in Med. ἐπι-κελεύομαι, to exhort and encourage, cheer on.

ἐπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλσω: aor. I ἐπέκελσα:—to run aground or ashore, of ships. 2. intrans. to come to land, come ashore.

ἐπι-κέλομαι, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.

ἐπι-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur.

ἐπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [ἀ]: aor. I ἐπέκεράσα Ep. -ἐκρησα:—to mix in, pour in again.

ἐπι-κέρδια, on, τά, (ἐπί, κέρδος) profit on traffic.

ἐπι-κερτομέω, f. ῥω, to jeer at, insult, tease.

ἐπικέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 impf. of ἐφικνέομαι.

ἐπι-κέυθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ σ' ἐπικεύσω I will not bide it from thee.

ἐπι-κῆδειος, on, (ἐπί, κῆδος) of or at a burial.

ἐπι-κηρυκία, ῆ, (ἐπικηρυκνέομαι) the sending a herald or embassy to treat for peace.

ἐπι-κηρυκεύμα, atos, τό, a message or demand by herald. From

ἐπι-κηρυκεύομαι, Dep. to send a message by a herald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.

ἐπι-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to announce, proclaim; ἀργύριον ἐπικηρύσσειν τινί or ἐπὶ τινί to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.

ἐπι-κιδνῆμι, to spread over:—Pass. ἐπικιδνάμαι, to

be extended, spread over; ὅσον τ' ἐπικιδνάται ἡώς far as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres.

ἐπι-κινδύνος, on, in danger, precarious, insecure. II. dangerous. Adv. -vous.

ἐπι-κίρνημι, poet. and Ion. for ἐπικεράννυμι.

ἐπι-κλάζω, f. -κλήζω, to send forth a sound in answer.

ἐπι-κλαῖω Att. -κλώω: f. -κλαῖσομαι:—to weep upon or responsively. Hence

ἐπικλαυτος, on, tearful.

ἐπι-κλώω, f. ᾶω [ἀ], to bend towards:—Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. *frangi animo*.

ἐπι-κλώω, Att. for ἐπικλαῖω. [ἀ]

ἐπι-κλεῖς, ἐς, (ἐπί, κλέος) famous.

ἐπι-κλείω (A), f. -κλείσω, to shut up, close.

ἐπι-κλείω (B), (ἐπί, κλέος) to extol or praise the more.

ἐπι-κλήζω contr. -κλήζω, Ion. for ἐπι-κλείω (B).

ἐπικλήμα, atos, τό, (ἐπικαλέω) an accusation.

ἐπί-κλην, Adv. (ἐπικαλέω) by surname or name.

ἐπί-κληρος, on, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst., ἐπικληρος, ῆ, an only daughter and heiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.

ἐπι-κληρώω, f. ῶσω, to assign by lot.

ἐπικλήσις, εως, ῆ, (ἐπικαλέω) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name:—absol. acc. ἐπὶ κλησιν by surname, by name; but also in name only, nominally. II. a reproach, imputation.

ἐπικλήτος, on, (ἐπικαλέω) called upon, called in as allies. 2. specially summoned.

ἐπι-κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.

ἐπικλινῆς, ἐς, (ἐπικλινῆναι) sloping, slanting.

ἐπί-κλιντρον, τό, a thing to lean on: a couch, arm-chair. From

ἐπι-κλίνω [Ἴ]: f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to lay upon so as to fit:—Pass. to be put to; ἐπικεκλιμένα σάνιδες closed doors. II. to bend towards:—Pass. to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass., ἐπικεκλιμένος sloping, oblique. III. Pass. to lie over against. 2. to recline at table.

ἐπι-κλονέω, f. ῥω, to stir up to commotion.

ἐπί-κλοπος, on, (ἐπί, κλοπή) given to stealing, thievish, wily: c. gen., ἐπικλοπος μῦθος cunning in speech.

ἐπι-κλύζω, f. ῶσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to overwhelm, ruin. Hence

ἐπικλύσις, εως, ῆ, an overflow, flood.

ἐπι-κλύω, to listen to, hear.

ἐπι-κλώθω, f. ῶσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates:—so also in Med.

ἐπι-κνάμπω, Att. for ἐπι-γνάμπω.

ἐπι-κνώω, inf. -κνήν, to scrape or grate upon a thing.

ἐπι-ικνέομαι, Ion. for ἐφ-ικνέομαι.

ἐπι-κοιμώμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ῆσομαι, to fall asleep over.

ἐπί-κοινος, on, (ἐπί, κοινός) common to many, promiscuous: neut. pl. ἐπίκοινα as Adv. in common.

ἐπι-κοινωνῶ, f. ῥω, to communicate with. 2. to share in common with.

ἐπι-κομπάζω, f. σω, to boast besides, add boastingly: to boast or exult in a thing.

ἐπι-κομπέω, f. ἦσω, to add boastingly: to boast of. ἐπίκοπος, ον, (ἐπικόπτω) cut short, lopped.

ἐπι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike upon, to knock down:—Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat. plangi.

ἐπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπος) Epic, of Epic poetry; οἱ ἐπικοί the epic poets.

ἐπι-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to adorn with: to celebrate.

ἐπι-κοτος, ον, angry, vengeful: malicious, malignant.

Ἐπικούρειος, ον, ὁ, (Ἐπίκουρος) an Epicurean, a follower of the sect of Epicurus.

ἐπικουρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπικούρος) to come to aid, to help in war: generally, to help at need; c. dat. rei, νόσους ἐπικουρεῖν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρεῖν τινί τι to keep off from one. Hence

ἐπικούρημα, ατος, τό, help, protection; and

ἐπικούρησις, εως, ἡ, aid, protection.

ἐπικουρία, ἡ, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against aid, succour, assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

ἐπικουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, auxiliary, allied.

ἐπι-κουρος, ον, (ἐπί, κούρος) helping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally:—οἱ ἐπικουροὶ the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

ἐπι-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to lighten: to relieve of a burden. II. to lift up, support. 2. metaph.

to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to puff up, elate.

ἐπι-κράζω, f. ξω, to shout to or at.

ἐπι-κραίνω Ep.—κραίσινω: f.—κράνω: aor. I ἐπ-έκρανα Ep.—έκρηνα, —έκρηνα:—to bring to pass, accomplish, fulfil; νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικρήνον ἐέλδωρ grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to achieve, effect.

ἐπι-κράνω, τό, (ἐπί, κράνω) a covering for the head, a head-dress. II. the capital of a column.

ἐπικράτεια, ἡ, (ἐπικράτης) mastery, dominion. II. a government, dominion, province.

ἐπι-κράτew, f. ἦσω, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: absol. to have power. 2. to prevail over: to get possession of, Lat. potiri, c. gen.:—absol. to prevail, conquer.

ἐπικρατέως, overbearingly, impetuously: Adv. of ἐπικρατής, ές, (ἐπί, κρατος) having control or mastery over a thing: Comp. ἐπικρατέστερος, superior.

ἐπικρατήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικρατέω) a conquest.

ἐπι-κρεμάννυμι and —νω: f.—κρεμάσω [ᾶ] Att. κρεμῶ:—to hang over, cause to impend:—Pass. to overhang, impend over, threaten, Lat. imminere.

ἐπι-κρεμής, ές, (ἐπικρεμάννυμι) overhanging.

ἐπικρήνηον, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικρήνην, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικρήνσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπι-κρίνω, f.—κρίνω, to give judgment upon, decide, determine.

ἐπι-κρίριον, τό, (ἐπί, κρίριον) the sailyard upon a ship's mast.

ἐπι-κροτέω, f. ἦσω, to rattle on or over.

ἐπι-κροτος, ον, trodden hard, beaten.

ἐπι-κρούω, f. σω, to hammer upon or in. II. to strike or smite upon.

ἐπι-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 —έκρυφον:—to throw a covering over:—Med. to disguise:—Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

ἐπι-κρύφος, ον, bidden, secret.

ἐπι-κρώζω, f. σω, to caw or croak at one.

ἐπι-κτδομαι, f.—ήσομαι, Dep. to gain, win besides;

ἐπικτδοσαι αρχήν to gain additional territory.

ἐπι-κτείνω, f.—κτενώ, to kill besides; ἐπικτείνειν τὸν θανόντα to slay the slain anew.

ἐπικτήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικτδομαι) fresh gain.

ἐπικτήτος, ον, (ἐπικτδομαι) gained besides or in addition; ἐπικτήτη γῇ acquired land, as the Delta of Egypt; ἐπικτήτη a new or foreign wife; ἐπικτήτοι φίλοι newly acquired friends.

ἐπι-κτύπέω, f. ἦσω, to make a noise upon; ἐπικτυπεῖν τοῖν ποδῶν to stamp with the feet: to resound with.

ἐπι-κυδής, ές, (ἐπί, κύδος) glorious: brilliant.

ἐπι-κῦστω, to impregnate again:—Pass. to become doubly pregnant.

ἐπι-κυκλέω, f. ἦσω, to come round in turn to.

ἐπι-κυλινδέω, f.—κυλίσω [ῖ]: aor. I —εκυλίσα:—Pass., aor. I —εκυλίσθη:—to roll down upon.

ἐπι-κυμαίνω, to flow in waves over.

ἐπι-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself over, to stoop down.

ἐπι-κῦρεω and —κῦρω: f.—κυρήσω and —κῦρσω: aor. I —εκῦρησα and —εκῦρσα: to fall or light upon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in.

ἐπι-κῦρῶ, f. ὦσω, (ἐπί, κύρος) to confirm, ratify: to determine.

ἐπικύρσας, aor. I part. of ἐπικυρέω.

ἐπι-κυρτος, ον, (ἐπί, κυρτός) bumpbacked. Hence

ἐπι-κυρτώ, f. ὦσω, to bend forward.

ἐπι-κυψέλιος, ον, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-bives.

ἐπι-κωκύω, f. ὦσω [ῶ], to lament over.

ἐπικώλυσις, εως, ἡ, a hinderance. From

ἐπι-κωλύω, f. ὦσω [ῶ], to hinder, keep in check.

ἐπι-κωμάω, f. ὦσω, to make a riotous assault upon.

ἐπι-κώμιος, α, ον, (ἐπί, κῶμος) of or for a festal procession. 2. laudatory.

ἐπι-κωπος, ον, (ἐπί, κῶπη) at the oar, a rower. 2. of a weapon, up to the very hilt.

ἐπιλαμβάνειν, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπιλάβῃ, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping:

a handle.

ἐπιλάβόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαγχάνω, f.—λήσσομαι, to receive by lot afterwards.

II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards.

ἐπι-λάζυμαι, Dep. to lay bold of, bold tight.

ἐπιλάθεσθαι, ἐπιλάθωμαι, aor. 2 med. inf. and subj.

of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαμβάνω, f.—λήσσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον: pf.—έληφα:—to lay bold of, seize, attack. 2. to overtake, interrupt; νυκτός ἐπιλαβούσης τὸ ἔργον. 3. to attain to, reach, over-live. 4. to seize and stop;

ἐπιλαμβάνειν τῆς ὀπίσω ὁδοῦ to hinder from getting back.

II. metaph., πολλὸν χώρον ἐπιλαβεῖν to get over much ground.

B. Med., with pf. pass. ἐπιέλημαι, to hold oneself on by, lay bold of; ἐπιλαμβάνειν προφάσις to lay bold of a pretext.

2. to attack:—to seize upon, arrest:—to get possession of, obtain: to come up to, reach. Hence

ἐπιλαμπτος, on, Ion. for ἐπιληπτος, caught, detected.

ἐπι-λαμβάνω, f. ψω, to shine after or upon; ἐπιλαμβάνειν ἡμέρας when day had dawned.

ἐπι-λαθάνω, aor. 2 ἐπέλαθον, to escape notice, be hidden.

II. ἐπιλαθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. I -έλησα: Causal, to make to forget.

III. Med. ἐπιλαθάνομαι, fut. -λήσομαι, with pf. 2 act. -έλεθθα, and pf. pass. -έλεσθαι, to forget; ὀφείλων ἐπιέλεθθα I forgot that I owed:—Pass., aor. I -ελήσθην, to be forgotten.

ἐπί-λαους, εως, ἡ, Dor. for ἐπὶ λήϊσι.

ἐπι-λεαίνω, f. -λεῖναι, to smoothe over; aor. I part., ἐπιλεῖναι τὴν Ἑρξην γνῶμην having smoothed over the opinion of Xerxes, i. e. making it plausible.

ἐπι-λέγω, f. ξω, to say in addition, to add further.

2. to call by name. II. to choose, pick out, select: so also in Med.:—Pass., ἐπιλεγόμενοι or ἐπειλεγμένοι chosen men.

III. in Med. also, to read.

2. to think over, consider.

ἐπι-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour upon, make a libation over.

ἐπι-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐπέλιπον: pf. ἐπιλείπειν: Pass., 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελείπειν:—to leave behind one.

II. to fail one, like Lat. deficere; ὕδωρ μὲν ἐλείπετο the water failed him; ἐπιλείπει με ὁ χρόνος time fails me: of rivers, ἐπιλείπειν τὸ ρέεθρον to have their stream failing, to be dried up; and so without ρέεθρον, to fail: absol. to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

ἐπιλείψης, εως, ἡ, failure, lack.

ἐπι-λέκτος, on, (ἐπιλέγω) chosen, picked; οἱ ἐπιλεκτοί picked soldiers.

ἐπιλέλθωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπι-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel, strip off its bark.

ἐπι-λεύσω, to look towards, see before one.

ἐπι-ληθάνω, see ἐπιλανθάνω II.

ἐπιλήθος, on, (ἐπιλανθάνω) causing forgetfulness.

ἐπι-λήθομαι, poet. for ἐπιλανθάνομαι, to forget.

ἐπι-ληΐς, ιδος, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, λεία) obtained as plunder.

ἐπι-ληκέω, f. ἦσω, to shout in applause.

ἐπι-ληνιος, on, (ἐπὶ, ληνός) of a winepress or the vintage.

ἐπιληπτος, on, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) caught, detected.

ἐπιλήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλημονή, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.

ἐπιλησμων, on, gen. onos, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetful, having a bad memory:—Comp. ἐπιλησμονέστερος: irreg. Sup. ἐπιλησμότατος.

ἐπιλήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.

ἐπιληψίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.

ἐπι-λινδην, Adv. grazing, scratching.

ἐπι-λινδίζομαι, Pass. to be flooded.

ἐπι-λινεύτης, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐπὶ, λινεύω) one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.

ἐπι-λλίζω, (ἐπὶ, ἴλλος) to wink with the eyes, to make signs by winking.

ἐπι-λογίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰσῶμαι: aor. I -ελογίσαι and -ελογίσθην: pf. -λελόγισμαι: Dep.:—to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of.

ἐπιλόγος, ὁ, (ἐπιλέγω) a conclusion, inference.

II. the concluding speech of a play, epilogue: the peroration of a speech.

ἐπί-λογχος, on, (ἐπὶ, λόγχη) barbed.

ἐπίλοιπος, on, (ἐπιλείπω) still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.

ἐπί-λουτρον, τό, the price of a bath.

ἐπι-λύπει, f. ἦσω, to trouble, grieve besides. Hence

ἐπιλύπια, ἡ, trouble, grief.

ἐπί-λυπος, on, (ἐπὶ, λύπη) troubled, grieved.

ἐπιλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιλύω) a release.

ἐπι-λύω, f. ἴσω, to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release.

2. to solve, explain.

ἐπι-λωβέω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, λώβη) to mock at.

ἐπι-μάγιος, on, (ἐπὶ, μάζος) at the breast.

ἐπι-μαίνομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 -εμάνην [ᾶ], aor. I med. -εμηνάμην, pf. act. -μέμνηναι:—to be mad after, dote upon: to be passionately in love with.

ἐπι-μαίνομαι, fut. -μάσομαι Ep. -μάσσομαι: Ep. aor. I -εμασσάμην: Dep.:—to strive after, endeavour to obtain, aim at.

II. c. acc. to lay bold of, grasp: also to touch, feel.

ἐπι-μᾶλλον, Adv. for ἐπὶ μᾶλλον, still more.

ἐπιμανδάλωτον, τό, (ἐπὶ, μανδάλωτος) a wanton kiss.

ἐπι-μανθάνω, f. -μᾷθσομαι, to learn besides or after.

ἐπι-μαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness or depose to a thing. Hence

ἐπιμαρτυρία, ἡ, a witness, testimony.

ἐπι-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to: absol. to call witnesses, call in evidence.

2. to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lat. obtestari.

3. to declare before witnesses. Hence

ἐπι-μάρτυρος, ὁ, a witness to anything.

ἐπι-μάρτυς, gen. -ῦρος, ὁ, = ἐπιμάρτυρος.

ἐπιμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of ἐπιμαίνομαι.

ἐπι-μάσσω, f. ξω, to knead again:—Med. to stroke.

ἐπι-μαστίδιος, on, (ἐπὶ, μαστός) at the breast.

ἐπίμαστος, on, (ἐπιμαίνομαι) seeking after or for.

ἐπιμάχη, f. ἦσω, (ἐπίμαχος) to fight for one. Hence

ἐπιμάχια, ἡ, a defensive alliance.

ἐπί-μάχος, on, (ἐπὶ, μάχομαι) that may easily be attacked, assailable, open to attack.

ἐπιμενιδάω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ], and -μενιδάω, f. ἦσω:—to smite at or upon.

ἐπιμενέω, aor. I inf. of ἐπιμενέω.

ἐπιμέλεια, ἡ, (ἐπιμελής) care, attention, diligence;

ἐπιμέλεια τινος attention paid to a thing.

ἐπι-μελέομαι and ἐπι-μέλομαι: Dep. with fut. med.

-μελησάμην, aor. I -εμελησάμην; also with fut. pass.

-μεληθήσομαι, aor. I -εμελήσθην: (ἐπὶ, μέλομαι):—

to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, cultivate, c. gen.: also c. acc. et inf. to take care that. Hence

ἐπιμέλημα, ατος, τό, an object of care, a care.

ἐπι-μελής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μέλος) caring for, anxious about: absol. careful, attentive. II. pass. cared for, an object of care: esp. in neut., as, ἐπιμελὲς τῷ Κύρῳ ἐγένετο it was a care to Cyrus; ἐπιμελὲς μοί ἐστι I have to care for it; τὸ ἐπιμελὲς τοῦ δρωμένου the charge of the execution of orders.

ἐπιμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐπιμελέομαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

ἐπιμελητής, ου, ὁ, (ἐπιμελέομαι) one who is in charge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

ἐπι-μελόμαι, Dep. = ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπι-μέλω, f. ψω, to sing to.

ἐπιμελῶς, Adv. of ἐπιμελής, carefully.

ἐπιμένημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπι-μέμονα, Ion. and poet. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to aim at, desire.

ἐπι-μέφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

ἐπιμεμψις, εως, ἡ, blame, complaint.

ἐπι-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐπέμεινα:—to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in a pursuit. 3. to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. acc.

ἐπι-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides, send for a reinforcement.

ἐπι-μέτρεω, f. ἦσω, to measure out to, assign to:—Pass., ὁ ἐπιμετρούμενος οἶκος the corn measured out. II. to measure out or pay in addition.

ἐπι-μετρον, τό, something added to the measure, excess.

ἐπι-μήδομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Ἐπι-μηθεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, μήθος) Epimetheus, i. e. After-thought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-thought.

ἐπι-μηθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μήθος) thoughtful.

Ἐπι-μηλίδες, ιδων, αἱ, (ἐπί, μήλα) Nymphs protectors of flocks.

ἐπι-μήνιος, ον, (ἐπί, μήν) monthly: τὰ ἐπιμήνια (sub. ἱερά) monthly offerings.

ἐπι-μηνίω, f. ἰσω [ῖ], to be angry at or with.

ἐπι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions. II. to devise besides.

ἐπι-μήχανος, ον, (ἐπί, μηχανή) craftily devising; κακῶν ἐπιμήχανος ἔργων contriver of ill deeds.

ἐπι-μίσγνυμι and -νω, fut. -μίσσω:—to mix in or with:—Pass. ἐπιμίσγνυμαι, to mingle with, to have intercourse or dealings with.

ἐπι-μυμήσκω, f. -μνήσω, to put in mind of. II.

Pass. and Med. ἐπι-μυμήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι and -μνησθήσομαι; aor. I -εμνήσαμην and -εμνήσθην:—to remember, recall to mind, think of; ἐπιμνησάμεθα χάρις let us think of battle. III. later, to make mention of: also to quote.

ἐπι-μύμων, poet. for ἐπιμένω.

ἐπιμίξ, Adv. (ἐπιμίσγνυμι) mixedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ἐπιμίξια Ion. -λή, ἡ, (ἐπιμίσγνυμι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

ἐπί-μιξις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιμίξια.

ἐπι-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπι-μίσγνυμι, to have dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

ἐπιμνάομαι, -μνάμαι, Ion. for ἐπιμνησकोμαι.

ἐπιμνησάμεθα, I pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπιμνησθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκω.

ἐπι-μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery besides.

ἐπι-μολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβλάσσω. Hence

ἐπί-μολος, ον, approaching, invading.

ἐπιμομφή, ἡ, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blame, reproach.

ἐπιμομφος, ον, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blameable, unlucky.

ἐπιμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on: delay.

ἐπι-μύζω, f. ξω, to mutter or murmur at.

ἐπι-μύθος, ον, (ἐπί, μῦθος) coming after the story; τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

ἐπί-μυκτος, ον, (ἐπιμύζω) scoffed at.

ἐπι-μύσσω Att. -ττω, = ἐπιμύζω, to mutter.

ἐπι-μύω, f. -μύσω [ῦ], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

ἐπι-μωμάομαι Ion. -έομαι, Dep. to find fault with. Hence

ἐπιμωμητός, ὅ, ὄν, blameworthy, blameable.

ἐπί-μωμος, ον, blamed, blameworthy.

ἐπι-μώομαι, Dor. for ἐπιμαίομαι.

ἐπι-νάχομαι, Dor. for ἐπινήχομαι.

ἐπί-νειον, τό, (ἐπί, ναῦς) a sea-port for the navy, arsenal.

ἐπι-νέω, fut. -νεῶ and -νεμήσω: aor. I -ένειμα:—to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle

to graze on another's land:—Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πῦρ ἐπινέμεται τὸ ἄστυ the fire spreads over the town; so, ἡ νόσος ἐπινέματο τὰς Ἀθήνας.

ἐπινεννησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύσομαι, fut. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ένευσα:—to nod forwards. II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding. III. to incline to or towards.

ἐπι-νεφέλος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast.

ἐπι-νεφρίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφρός) upon the kidneys.

ἐπι-νήω (A), f. -νήσω, to spin to, esp. of the Fates.

ἐπι-νέω (B), = ἐπιννήνέω, to load with a thing: pf.

part. pass., ἐπινεννησμένος piled up with.

ἐπι-νήω (C), f. -νήσομαι, to swim, float on the top.

ἐπι-νήϊος, ον, (ἐπί, ναῦς) on board ship.

ἐπι-νήγειω, (ἐπί, νέω) to heap or pile upon.

ἐπι-νήφω, to be sober at or for.

ἐπι-νήχομαι, f. -νήσομαι, Dep. to swim upon: to come to the top, float on the surface. 2. to swim to or over to.

ἐπι-νίκιος, ον, (ἐπί, νίκη) of victory. II. as

Subst. τὸ ἐπίνικιον (sub. ᾄσμα or μέλος), a song of victory, triumphal song or ode. 2. (sub. θῦμα), a feast in honour of a victory.

ἐπίνικος, ov, = ἐπινίκιος.

ἐπινίσσονται, fut. -νίσσονται, to go over; come upon.

ἐπινίφω, to snow upon. [v]

ἐπινύω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπενύσσα, but also with aor.

I pass. ἐπενυθήην in same sense:—to think on or of, contrive. 2. c. inf. to purpose, intend. 3. absol. to form a plan, design. Hence

ἐπινόα, ἡ, a thinking of or over a thing, thought: power of thought, inventiveness. 2. a purpose, design. II. after-thought.

ἐπινόμος, Dor. I pl. impf. of πίνω.

ἐπινόμια, ἡ, (ἐπινέμομαι) a grazing on another's lands: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the citizens of two neighbouring states.

ἐπινόμος, ov, (ἐπινέμομαι) dwelling in the country.

ἐπινυκτιος, ov, (ἐπί, νύξ) by night, nightly.

ἐπινυμφιδιος, ov, (ἐπί, νύμφη) of or for a bride, bridal.

ἐπινύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick on the surface.

ἐπινυστάζω, f. σω and ξω, to drop asleep over.

ἐπινυμάω, f. ἤσω, to bring or apply to. II. to distribute, assign.

ἐπινωτιδious, ov, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπινωτίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, νῶτον) to put on the back of, to cover with.

ἐπινώτιος, ov, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπί-ξανθος, ov, inclining to yellow, tawny, of hares.

ἐπι-ξενῶς, f. ὥσω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπιξενῶς.

ἐπι-ξενῶς, f. ὥσω, (ἐπί, ξένος) to entertain as a guest:—Pass. to be so entertained, to dwell abroad. 2. Med.

ἐπιξενόμαι ταῦτα I claim these offices as a stranger.

ἐπί-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to scrape on the surface.

ἐπί-ξηνον, τό, (ἐπί, ξηρός) a chopping-block, like ἐκικόπανον: the executioner's block.

ἐπί-ξυνος, ov, poet. for ἐπίκοινος, common to many; ἐπίξυνος ἀρουρα a common field, i. e. in which many persons have rights.

ἐπί-οίνιος, (ἐπί, οἶνος) at or over wine.

ἐπι-οινοχοεύω, f. σω, to pour out wine for.

ἐπιον, aor. 2 of πίνω.

ἐπι-όπητις, ov, ὁ, poet. for ἐπόπητις.

ἐπορκέω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐπιώρησα: (ἐπίορκος):—to swear falsely, forswear oneself, πρὸς δαίμονος by a deity; τὰς βασιλείας ἱστίας ἐπορκεῖν to swear falsely by the royal hearth. Hence

ἐπορκία, ἡ, a false oath, Lat. perjuria.

ἐπί-ορκος, ov, (ἐπί, ὅρκος) swearing falsely, forsworn, Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; ἐπορκον ὁμνῆναι to swear falsely; also, ἐπορκον ἐπομνῆναι to swear a bootless oath.

ἐπι-ορκοσύνη, ἡ, = ἐπορκία.

ἐπι-όρσομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄρσε) to have before one's eyes, foresee.

ἐπί-ουπος, ὁ, (ἐπί, οὖπος) a watcher, guard: c. dat., Κρήτην ἐπίουπος guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen., ὕων ἐπίουπος chief swine-herd.

ἐπι-οὔσα, ἡ, part. pres. fem. of ἐπειμι (ἐμι ibo), the coming day (sub. ἡμέρα). Hence

ἐπιούσιος, ov, for the coming day, sufficient for the day; ἐπιούσιος ἄρτος daily bread.

ἐπι-όφωμαι, poet. for ἐπόφωμαι.

ἐπί-παγχῶ, Adv. entirely, altogether.

ἐπι-πάλλω, to brandish at or against.

ἐπι-πάμων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, πέπαμαι pf. of πάσμαι) Dor. for ἐπικληρος, falling to one's share.

ἐπί-παν, Adv. upon the whole, generally, on the average.

ἐπι-παρᾶνέω, to heap up besides.

ἐπι-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides:—Med. to provide oneself with besides.

ἐπι-πάρεμι, inf. -εῖναι, to be present at or near. II. to be present besides or in addition to.

ἐπι-πάρειμι, inf. -εῖναι, to come upon in flank, to march alongside of. II. to come on to assist. III. to come forward to speak.

ἐπι-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πάσω [ᾱ]:—to sprinkle upon or over. Hence

ἐπί-παστος, ov, sprinkled on or over:—τὸ ἐπίπαστον a kind of cake with comfits upon it: also a plaster.

ἐπι-πάτᾳγέω, f. ἤσω, to make a noise at.

ἐπί-πέδος, ov, (ἐπί, πέδον) on the ground, or on a level with it, level, flat; ἐν ἐπιπέδῳ on a level:—irreg. Comp. ἐπιπεδέστερος.

ἐπιπειθής, ἐς, obedient, compliant. From

ἐπι-πείθομαι, f. -πείσομαι, Pass. to be persuaded, yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply with, obey.

ἐπι-πέλομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, πέλω) to come towards, approach; Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part., ἐπιπλόμενον ἔτος the coming year.

ἐπί-πεμπος, ov, containing 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{3}{2}$; δάνεισμα ἐπίπεμπτον a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the principal, or 20 per cent.

ἐπι-πέπω, f. ψω, to send after or again. 2. of the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon. II.

to send besides: to send by way of supply. Hence

ἐπί-πεμψις, εως, ἡ, a sending to a place.

ἐπιπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπέπωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίνω.

ἐπι-περκάζω, to begin to turn dark, of grapes ripening.

ἐπί-περκνός, ov, somewhat dark, properly of grapes ripening; then of the colour of hares.

ἐπιπεσοῦμαι, fut. med. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπεσών, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπι-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω, to spread over.

ἐπι-πέταμαι or -πέτρομαι, only found in aor. 2 ἐπεπτάμην or ἐπεπτρόμην: Dep.:—to fly over: metaph. to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.

ἐπι-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πῆξω, to fix upon. 2. to make to freeze at top:—Pass. to congeal.

ἐπι-πηδάω, f. ἤσομαι, to spring upon, rub at.

ἐπί-πῆγχνος, v, (ἐπί, πῆγχνος) above the elbow.

ἐπι-πλέω, f. σω, to press upon.

ἐπι-πλῖναμαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., *to approach, come near.*

ἐπι-πρίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, *to fill up with a thing.*

ἐπι-πίνω, f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα: aor. 2 -ἐπιον:—*to drink afterwards or besides: to tope after dinner.*

ἐπι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: pf. -πέπτωκα: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—*to fall upon: also in hostile sense, to fall upon, attack: of accidents, to befall one.*

ἐπιπλά (contr. from ἐπιπλοα), τά, implements, furniture, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. *supellex*.

ἐπιπλάγχεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιπλάζω.

ἐπι-πλάζω, f. -πλάγξω, *to make to wander over, to drive about:—Pass. with fut. med. -πλάγξομαι: aor. I pass. ἐπιπλάγξην, to wander about over.*

ἐπιπλάσας, aor. I part. of ἐπιπλάσσω.

ἐπι-πλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]:—*to spread a plaster on, smear over.* Hence

ἐπίπλαστος, on, *plastered over:—feigned, false.*

ἐπι-πλείον, Adv. = ἐπιπλέον.

ἐπί-πλειος, on, Ep. for ἐπίπλεος.

ἐπι-πλείων, on, gen. ovos, *still more.*

ἐπι-πλέκω, f. ξω, *to plait into a chaplet.*

ἐπι-πλέων, Adv., for ἐπὶ πλέον, *still more.*

ἐπί-πλεος, α, on, Att. ἐπίπλεως, on, (ἐπὶ, πλέος) *quite full of a thing.*

ἐπίπλευσις, εως, ἡ, *a sailing against: ἐπίπλευσιν ἔχειν to have the power of sailing against, to have the weather gage.* From

ἐπι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. ἐπιπλώω, f. -πλώσω: Ep. aor. 2 ἐπέπλων, part. ἐπιπλῶς:—*to sail upon or over: to float upon.* II. *to sail against, to attack with a fleet.* III. *to sail on board a ship: to sail with or in charge of.*

ἐπί-πλεως, on, Att. for ἐπίπλεος.

ἐπι-πληρώω, f. ὤσω, *to fill up: Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι τὴν ναὺν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresh.*

ἐπι-πλήρσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to strike at: of words, to rebuke, reprove: to cast a reproach upon: to cast in one's teeth.*

ἐπί-πλοα, τά, fuller form of ἐπιπλά: properly neut. of ἐπίπλοος, on, an Adj. formed from ἐπὶ, as ἄπλοος from ἄμα, δίπλοος from δίς.

ἐπιπλόμενος, Ep. for ἐπιπελόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπέλομαι.

ἐπίπλοον, τό, (ἐπιπλέω) *the caul of the entrails, Lat. omentum: also ἐπίπλοος, ὁ.*

ἐπίπλοος contr. ἐπίπλους, ὁ, (ἐπιπλέω) *a sailing against the enemy, bearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet.* 2. *a naval expedition against a place.*

ἐπι-πλώω, part. of ἐπέπλων, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πλώσας, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπιπλέω,

ἐπι-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πνέω, Ep. for ἐπιπνέω.

ἐπι-πνέω Ep. -πνέω: fut. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐπέπνευσα:—*to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive:—metaph. to excite, inflame: to blow favourably, to favour, Lat. adspiro.*

ἐπι-πνίγω, *to choke, stifle.* [πνί]

ἐπίπνοια, ἡ, (ἐπιπνέω) *a breathing upon: inspiration.*

ἐπι-πόδιος, α, on, (ἐπὶ, ποῦς) *upon the feet.*

ἐπι-ποθέω, f. ἥσω, *to yearn or long after, regret greatly, Lat. desidero.* Hence

ἐπιπόθησις, εως, ἡ, *a yearning after: and ἐπιπόθητος, on, longed for, earnestly desired: and*

ἐπι-ποθία, ἡ, = ἐπιπόθησις.

ἐπι-πομήν, ὁ, ἡ, *an over shepherd or shepherdess.*

ἐπιπολάζω, f. σω, (ἐπιτολή) *to be at the top, lie on the surface.* II. *to rise to the top: metaph. to be uppermost, to prevail.*

ἐπι-πόλαιος, on, on the surface: prominent, projecting. 2. *superficial, ordinary.* From

ἐπι-πολή, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, πέλω) *a surface: gen. ἐπιπολῆς, as Adv., at the top, atop: c. gen. on the top of, above.* II. αὶ Ἐπιπολαί, *a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.*

ἐπι-πόλιος, on, *growing hoary, grizzled.*

ἐπί-πολος, = πρόσπολος, *an attendant.*

ἐπι-πολύ, Adv., for ἐπὶ πολὺ, *generally.*

ἐπι-πονέω, f. ἥσω, *to toil on, persevere.*

ἐπί-πονός, on, *painful, toilsome: wearisome: of persons, laborious, pains-taking: of omens, portending toil and suffering.* Adv. ἐπιπόνως, Lat. *aegre, with toil and trouble.* Sup. ἐπιπονώτατα.

ἐπι-πορεύομαι, f. med. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I pass. -επορεύην: Dep.:—*to go, march to: to march over.*

ἐπι-πόρπιμα, ματος, τό, (ἐπὶ, πορπάω) *a mantle buckled on the shoulder.*

ἐπι-ποτάομαι, Dep., lengthd. for ἐπιπέτομαι, *to fly to or hover over.*

ἐπι-πρέπω, *to be conspicuous.* 2. *to beseem, be befitting.*

ἐπι-προεβούμαι, Dep. *to go as ambassador any whither.* 2. *to send an embassy.*

ἐπι-πρήνω, Ion. for ἐπι-πραῖνω, = πραῖνω.

ἐπι-πρίω [ῖ], *to grind [the teeth] at a thing.*

ἐπι-προβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, *to throw forward.*

ἐπιπροέηκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπιπροΐημι.

ἐπιπροέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπροΐημι.

ἐπι-προϊάλλω, f. ἄλῶ: aor. I -προΐηλα:—*to set out or place before one.* 2. *to send out one before or after another.*

ἐπι-προΐημι, fut. -προΐσω: aor. I -προΐηκα Ep. -έηκα:—*to send forth towards or at: to shoot at.* II. νήσοισιν ἐπιπροέηκε [ναῦν] *he steered, made for them.*

ἐπί-προσθεν, rarely -θε, Adv. of Time and Place, *before: also in preference to.*

ἐπι-προσθέω (A), f. -θεύσομαι, *to run at or to.*

ἐπιπροσθέω (B), f. ἥσω, (ἐπίπροσθεν) *to be before, be in the way: ἐπιπροσθεῖν τοῖς πύργοις to be in a line with the towers, so as to cover one with the other.*

ἐπι-προχέω, f. -χεῶ, *to pour forth over: to pour forth.*

ἐπι-πταίρω: aor. 2 ἐπέπταρον:—*to sneeze at: υἱός μου ἐπέπτаре πᾶσιν ἔπεσιν my son sneezed as I spoke*

the words,—a good omen: hence of the gods, to be kindly to, favour.

ἐπιπτεῖσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπέτομαι.

ἐπιπτύχῃ, ἡ, (ἐπί, πτύσσω) an over-fold, a flap.

ἐπι-πυλῶμαι, Dep. to go about, visit, Lat. obire: of a general, to inspect, review: of an enemy, to reconnoitre. Hence

ἐπιπύλῃσις, εως, ἡ, a going round, visitation.

ἐπι-πυτάομαι, = ἐπι-πυτάομαι.

ἐπι-ραβδοφορέω, f. ἦσω, of the rider, to urge a horse by shaking the whip; or of the horse, to gallop.

ἐπι-ραθυμέω, f. ἦσω, to be careless about a thing.

ἐπιρραλύνω, to sprinkle upon or over.

ἐπι-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew, stitch on.

ἐπι-ράσσω Att. -ττω, Att. of ἐπιρρήσσω.

ἐπι-ρέω, f. ξω, to offer sacrifices at a place; ἐπέρρεσκον Ion. impf. 2. to sacrifice afterwards or besides.

ἐπιρρεπής, ἐς, leaning, inclined towards, Lat. proclivis. From

ἐπι-ρέτω, f. ψω, to lean towards, of the balance: to fall upon. II. trans., ἐπιρρέπειν τάλαντον to force down one scale; hence to weigh out to one, allot.

ἐπιρρεπῶς, Adv. of ἐπιρρεπής, favourably inclined.

ἐπιρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense)

ἐπερρῆν:—to flow upon the surface, float atop. 2. to flow to or into: of men, to stream on or towards; οὐπρρῆεν χρόνος onward-streaming time, i.e. the future.

ἐπιρ-ρήγγνυμι, = ἐπιρρήσσω.

ἐπιρ-ρήσσω, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, ῥήσις) a reproach. II. a spell, charm.

ἐπιρ-ρήσσω, f. -ρήξω: Att. ἐπιρράσσω, f. -ράξω:—to dash against, force upon or to; Ion. impf. ἐπιρρήσσεσκον. 2. to rend at or on bearing a thing.

II. intr. to burst forth, of lightning.

ἐπιρ-ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ῥήτωρ) to speak as an orator to or over.

ἐπιρ-ρητος, ον, cried out against, infamous.

ἐπιρ-ρυνκος, ον, sbrunk up.

ἐπιρ-ρίπτω and -ῶω: f. ψω: aor. I -ῥριψα:—to cast at or upon. 2. metaph. to commit to, give up to.

II. intr. to fall upon.

ἐπιρροή, ἡ, (ἐπέρρω) an afflux, influx, a flood.

ἐπιρροθεῖω, f. ἦσω, to roar at, of the waves: to echo or answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing: to repeat or second a prayer: but also, to inveigh against. Hence

ἐπιρ-ροθος, ον, hastening to the rescue, aiding: generally, helping in need, giving aid against. II.

ἐπιρροθα κακῶς reproaches bandied back and forwards, abusive language.

ἐπιρ-ροιβδῶ, f. ἦσω, to forebode rain by croaking. Hence

ἐπιρροιβδην, Adv. with noisy fury.

ἐπιρ-ροίξω, f. ἦσω, to croak to or at: c. acc. cognato, ἐπ. φυγὰς τιμι to shriek or bode flight to one.

ἐπρριπεί, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπιρρέω.

ἐπιρ-ρύω, f. ξω, (ἐπί, ῥύω) to set a dog on one.

ἐπιρ-ρύομαι, Dep. to save, preserve.

ἐπέρρutos, ον, (ἐπέρρω) flowing in or to: coming in upon, adventitious. 2. metaph. overflowing, abundant.

II. overflowed, moist.

ἐπιρ-ρῶννυμι and -ῶω: fut. -ῶωω: aor. I -ῥρῶωσα:—to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing:—Pass. ἐπρρῶννυμι; but the pf. ἐπέρρωμαι, plqpf. -ῥρῶμην are used as pres. and impf.:

aor. I -ῥρῶσθην:—to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer: also in aor. I, impers., κείνοις ἐπερρῶσθη λέγειν they took courage to speak.

ἐπιρ-ρῶμαι, aor. I -ῥρῶσάμην: Dep.:—to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing.

II. to apply one's strength to a thing, work lustily at; ποσσιν ἐπερρῶσαντο they moved nimbly with their feet.

ἐπιρρῶσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπρρῶννυμι.

ἐπιρ-ρύομαι, v. ἐπρρ-.

ἐπίσα, aor. I of πίσσω, to make to drink.

ἐπίσαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπισάτω) a pack-saddle: metaph., ἐπίσαγμα νοσήματος a burden of disease.

ἐπι-σάττω, f. ξω, to pile a load upon. II. to load or saddle a horse.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω: f. σω:—to shake at or against. 2. to wave or beckon on: hence to set at or upon one.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω:—to put in motion against one, set on. II. Pass. to hurry, hasten towards:

in hostile sense, to fall upon, rush at, attack: esp. in pf. ἐπέσσυμαι as pres., and plqpf. ἐπεσσύμην as impf. or aor. 2, part. ἐπεσσύμενος, to rush on, hurry, hasten; ἐπεσσύμενος πεδίονι burying over the plain: of rapid motion, ἐπέσσυτο δῶκεν he beasted on to follow:—metaph. to be in excitement or agitation.

ἐπί-σημα, ατος, τό, device upon a shield.

ἐπι-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to set a mark or sign upon:—Pass. to be marked, bear a mark. II. to give a sign of approval:—Med. to give one's approval to a thing.

ἐπί-σημος, ον, (ἐπί, σημα) having a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription: of money, stamped, coined. 2. distinguished, famous, remarkable, Lat. insignis: also in bad sense, notorious. II. ἐπίσημον, τό, as Subst. any mark of distinction, a device: a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or flag of a ship.

ἐπι-σηος, for ἐπ' ἱσηος [sc. μοίρας], equally.

ἐπι-σίξω, to set on, as a dog.

ἐπί-σιμος, ον, (ἐπί, σιμός) somewhat flat-nosed.

ἐπι-σιμῶω, f. ῶωω, to turn aside one's course.

ἐπι-στρίξω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω:—to furnish with food:—Med. to furnish oneself with food, to forage: c. acc., ἐπιστρίξουσι τὸ στράτευμα to provision the army; ἐπιστρίξουσι ἄριστον to provide oneself with a meal.

ἐπιστρίσις, εως, ἡ, and ἐπιστρίσμα, τό, = sq.

ἐπισιτισμός, ὁ, (ἐπιστρίξω) a furnishing oneself with provisions: a stock of provisions.

ἐπι-σκάπτω, *f. ψω*, to dig superficially.

ἐπι-σκεδάννυμι, *f. άσω* [ά], to scatter or spread upon.

ἐπι-σκέλις, *ews, ή*, (ἐπί, σκέλος) the first spring or start in a horse's gallop.

ἐπι-σκεπτός, *ας, ον*, verb. Adj. of ἐπισκέπτομαι, to be considered, examined.

ἐπι-σκεπτομαι, a pres. only used by late authors, which furnishes a fut. to ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπι-σκέπω, to cover over.

ἐπι-σκευάζω, *f. άσω*, to get ready: to equip, fit out:

ἐπισκενάζει τὰ χρήματα to pack the money upon. II. to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence

ἐπισκευαστής, *ου, ό*, one who restores.

ἐπι-σκευή, *ή*, a repair, restoration: materials for repairs, stores.

ἐπισκέψις, *ews, ή*, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, inspection. 2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.

ἐπι-σκηος, *ον*, (ἐπί, σκηνή) at or near a tent.

ἐπι-σκηνόω, *f. ύσω*, to lodge in a tent: generally, to stay, abide at a place.

ἐπι-σκήπτω, *f. ψω*, to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon. II. to enjoin solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τοσούτον σ' ἐπισκήπτω thus much I command thee. III. to prosecute or indict.

ἐπι-σκιάζω, *f. άσω*: pf. pass. ἐπισκίαμαι:—to throw a shade upon, overshadow, Lat. *obumbrare*:—Pass., λαθραῖον ὄμψ' ἐπισκιασμένη keeping a hidden watch.

ἐπι-σκίος, *ον*, (ἐπί, σκιά) overshadowed. 2. act. shading, c. gen.

ἐπι-σκοπέω, *f. σκέφομαι* (from -σκέπτομαι): aor. 1 -εσκεψάμην: pf. -εσκεμμαι:—to look upon or at, inspect, examine: to watch over, pay regard to. 2. to go to see, visit:—Pass., ὄνειρος οὐκ ἐπισκοπούμενον unvisited by dreams. 3. to consider, reflect. Hence

ἐπισκοπή, *ή*, an overseeing: the office of an overseer or bishop: also 2. visitation, punishment.

ἐπι-σκοπος, *ος*, (σκοπέω 1) an overseer, watcher, guardian:—esp. a public officer sent by the Athenians as inspector or overseer of a subject state:—a bishop. II. a scout, watch.

ἐπι-σκοπος, *ον*, (σκοπός II) hitting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. ἐπισκόπα, as Adv., successfully, with good aim.

ἐπι-σκοτέω, *f. ήσω*, (ἐπί, σκότος) to throw darkness or a shadow over.

ἐπι-σκύβομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -σκούσομαι, to be indignant at, brood over.

ἐπι-σκυθίζω, *f. ύσω* Att. *ύω*, to ply with drink like a Scythian.

ἐπι-σκυθροπάζω, *f. άσω*, to look savage.

ἐπι-σκύνιον, *ρό*, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like ὄφρυς, Lat. *supercilium*, used for arrogance, haughtiness.

ἐπισκίσσαιο, Ep. aor. 1 opt. med. of ἐπισκίζομαι.

ἐπι-σκώπτω, *f. ψω*, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: absol. to joke, make fun. Hence

ἐπισκώψις, *ews, ή*, raillery.

ἐπι-σμάω, inf. -σμήν, *f. -σμήσω*, to rub or smear over.

ἐπι-σμήγερός, *ας, όν*, (ἐπί, σμυγέρω = μογέρω) shameful, sad:—Adv. ἐπισμυγέρως, sadly, to his cost.

ἐπισπαστήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (ἐπισπάω) the handle by which a door is pulled to. II. a fishing-line, angle.

ἐπίσπαστος, *η, ον*, drawn upon oneself. II.

ἐπίσπαστος βρόχος a tight-drawn noose. From

ἐπι-σπάω, *f. -σπάσω* [ά]: to draw or drag after one: to bring on, cause. 2. to draw on, allure, induce: so also in Med. 3. ἐπισπᾶν τὴν θύραν to pull the door to. 4. in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain.

ἐπισπείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπι-σπείρω, *f. ερώ*, to sow with seed: to sow among.

ἐπισπείρας, aor. 1 part. of ἐπισπένδω.

ἐπισπείσις, *ews, ή*, a libation at a sacrifice. From

ἐπι-σπένδω, *f. σπείσω*, to pour upon or over: absol. to make a libation. II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.

ἐπισπερχής, *ές*, hurried, eager:—Adv. -χῶς. From

ἐπι-σπέρχω, *f. ξω*, to urge on, hasten. II. intr. to hurry on, rage furiously.

ἐπισπείσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπι-σπεύδω, *f. σω*, to urge on, promote, further. II. intr. to hasten onward.

ἐπισπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπισπονδή, *ή*, (ἐπισπένδομαι) a renewed or renewable truce, mostly in plur.

ἐπισπορία, *ή*, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.

ἐπισπορος, *ον*, (ἐπισπείρω) sown afterwards: ol

ἐπισποροι posterity.

ἐπι-σπονδίζω, *f. άσω*, to urge on, to further. II. intr. to make haste in a thing.

ἐπίσω, *ης, η*, ἐπίσπομι, *οις, οι*, aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ἐφέπω:—ἐπίσπομι, *ουσα, όν*, aor. 2 part.

ἐπι-σπείω, ἐπισσεύω, Ep. for ἐπισείω, ἐπισείω.

ἐπί-σϋτος, *ον*, (ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισείω) hurrying on, rushing, gushing: vehement: also c. acc. rushing upon.

ἐπίσσωτρον, Ep. for ἐπίσσωτρον, a tire.

ἐπίστα, for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπιστάδων, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) attentively, earnestly.

ἐπι-στάζω, *f. -στάζω*, to make to drop upon a thing:

ἐπιστάζειν χάριν to shed delight or honour.

ἐπι-σταθάζομαι, Dep. to weigh well, ponder.

ἐπι-σταθμός, *ον*, at, belonging to a lodging or station.

ἐπι-ιστάμαι, 2 pers. ἐπίστασαι poet. ἐπίστα Ion.

ἐπίστη: imperat. ἐπίστασο Ion. ἐπίσταο Att. ἐπί-

στω: impf. ἡπιστάμην Ep. ἐπιστάμην: fut. med.

ἐπιστήσσομαι: aor. 1 pass. ἡπιστήσθην: Dep.: (ἐπί, ἵστημι).

I. c. inf. to know how to do: to be capable of doing. II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know,

to be versed in a thing: in Herodotus, to be assured of, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know

well:—pres. part. ἐπιστάμενος, *η, ον*, as an Adj., knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., ἐπιστάμενος πολέ-

μοιο skilled or versed in war.

ἐπισταμένως, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) skilfully, expertly.

ἐπιστάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐφίστημι.
ἐπιστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐφίστημι) a stopping, checking. II. (ἐφίσταμαι) a resting, staying: a halt in a march. 2. attention, care, diligence: anxiety.
ἐπιστάτεω, f. σω, and
ἐπιστάτω, f. ἥσω, (ἐπιστάτης) to have charge of a thing, to be set over, preside over. II. to be chief President (ἐπιστάτης) in the assembly. III. to stand by, be present.
ἐπιστάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐφίσταμαι) one who stands by, a suppliant. 2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind. II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer; ἐπιστάτης ἀθλων president or steward of the games. 2. at Athens, the chief President of the ἐκκλησία, cf. πρύτανης: an inspector or commissioner of any public works.
ἐπιστάτης, ιδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐπιστάτης.
ἐπιστάται, Ion. for ἐπίστανται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι.
ἐπιστάτω, Ion. for ἐπίσταντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίσταμαι.
ἐπι-στειβω, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.
ἐπι-στείχω, to go to, along, or over, to approach.
ἐπι-στella, f. -στέλω: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. I -εστάλθην, aor. 2 -εστάλην [α]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to bid, enjoin, command; τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders given. 2. to announce, give intelligence. II. to write letters; cf. ἐπιστολή. III. to draw in, tighten.
ἐπι-στανάω, f. ἀω, to groan over.
ἐπι-στανάχω or -στανάχομαι, = ἐπιστένω.
ἐπι-στένω, to groan or sigh at: lament over.
ἐπι-στέφανω, f. ὥσω, to deck with a garland.
ἐπιστεφής, ἐς, crowned to the brim; κρητῆρας ἐπιστεφάς οἶνοιο goblets brimming over with wine.
ἐπι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround with or as with a chaplet: Med., κρητῆρας ἐπεστέφαντο ποτοῖο they crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph., χοὰς ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an honour to the dead.
ἐπιστῶνται, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of ἐπίσταμαι.
ἐπίστη, Ion. for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι.
ἐπιστήμη, ἡ, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowledge, understanding, skill, experience, wisdom. 2. scientific knowledge, science: in plur. the sciences.
ἐπιστήμη, Ion. for ἐφίστημι.
ἐπιστήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (ἐπίσταμαι) wise, prudent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: generally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.
ἐπι-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to make to lean upon: hence to confirm, establish:—Pass. to lean upon a thing.
ἐπιστηγός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientifically known.
ἐπι-στίζω, to glisten on the surface.
ἐπι-στιος, ου, (ἐπί, ἰστίη) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as Subst., ἐπ-ίστιον, τό, a dock for ships.
ἐπιστολάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girt up, neatly, of dress. [α]

ἐπιστολεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἐπιστολή) a letter-writer, secretary. II. a vice-admiral.
ἐπιστολή, ἡ, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing; ἐξ ἐπιστολῆς by command. 2. c. letter, Lat. epistola.
ἐπι-στομίξω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, (ἐπί, στόμα) to bridle, and so manage a horse: metaph. to curb or muzzle, silence, gag. II. to throw down on the face.
ἐπι-στοναχέω, -ἴζω, = ἐπιστένω, of the waves.
ἐπι-στορνέννυμι, shorter -στορνῖμι or -στορνέννυμι: f. -στορῶσω: aor. I -εστόρεσα or -έστρωσα: pf. pass. -έστρωμαι:—to strew or spread out upon.
ἐπιστρατεία, Ion. -ῆη, ἡ, (ἐπιστρατεύω) a march or expedition against one.
ἐπιστράτευσις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιστρατεία. From ἐπι-στράτεω, f. σω, to march against, go on an expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med.
ἐπι-στράτην, Ion. for ἐπιστρατεία.
ἐπι-στράτοπεδύω, f. σω, to encamp over against.
ἐπιστραφεῖς, aor. 2 part. pass. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπιστραφήναι, inf.: ἐπιστραφῶ subj.
ἐπιστρέπτος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) to be turned towards or looked at: hence, to be admired.
ἐπι-στρεφής, ἐς, turning towards: attentive, careful, sharp, shrewd. Adv. ἐπιστρέφως Ion. -εως, earnestly, sharply. From
ἐπι-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐπέστρεψα:—to turn or direct towards. 2. to turn about, turn. 3. to turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend. 4. to curve, twist, make to writhe. II. Med. and Pass. ἐπιστρέφομαι, aor. 2 -εστράφην [α]:—to turn oneself round: to go backwards and forwards, to range or wander over: to visit. 2. to be turned or converted: to repent. 3. to look towards: hence to pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to, mean. III. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any direction: to return. IV. pf. part. pass. ἐπεστραμμένος, η, ου, = ἐπιστρεφής, earnest, pressing, vehement.
ἐπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways, turning right and left.
ἐπιστροφή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, return to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or putting about. II. (ἐπιστρέφομαι) attention, care, notice. 2. a moving about in a place; δωματων ἐπιστροφά occupation of the palace.
ἐπιστροφος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) conversant with: concerned with or in.
ἐπι-στρονέννυμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορνέννυμι.
ἐπι-στροφώω, f. ἥσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but mostly intr., like Med. ἐπιστρέφομαι, to visit or frequent a place: to occupy one's house: also to come to.
ἐπιστω, for ἐπίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἐπίσταμαι.
ἐπι-συνάγω, f. ἀω, to gather together again, collect and bring to a place. Hence
ἐπισυνάγωγῃ, ἡ, an assembling together at a place.
ἐπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνάγω.
ἐπι-συνίστημι, f. -υστήσω, to set together

against.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. —έστην, pf. —έστηκα, to conspire against.

ἐπι-συντρέχω, f. —δραμοῖμαι, to run together to. ἐπίσυρμα, atos, τό, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From ἐπι-σύρω, to drag or trail after one. II. to do anything in a careless way, to slur over.

ἐπισυστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult.

ἐπι-σφάζω, f. ξω, to slaughter over or besides, immolate.

ἐπι-σφαλής, ές, (ἐπί, σφαλῆναι) prone to fall, unsteady, precarious.

ἐπι-σφάττω, f. ξω, later form of ἐπισφάζω.

ἐπι-σφίγγω, f. γω, to bind tight, fasten.

ἐπι-σφραγίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to put a seal on, seal up. 2. to confirm, ratify. Hence

ἐπισφραγιστής, ου, ό, one who seals or signs.

ἐπι-σφύριον, τό, (ἐπί, σφυρίον) mostly in plur. bands or clasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves (κνημίδες) over the ankle: a covering for the ankle.

ἐπι-σχεδόν, Adv. near at hand.

ἐπι-σχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σχερώ, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερός) in a row, one after another.

II. of Time, gradually, by degrees.

ἐπισχεσία Ion. —ίη, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) a pretext, excuse.

ἐπίσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) a checking, stopping, hindrance: delay, reluctance.

ἐπι-ισχύω, f. ίσω [ῡ], to make strong. II. intr. to be or grow strong: —to be urgent.

ἐπι-ισχω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to hold or direct towards.

II. to keep in, hold in, check. 2.

intr. to leave off, desist.

ἐπισχών, aor. 2 part. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, σωρός) to heap, pile up. ἐπι-σωτρον Ep. ἐπίσσω, τό, the metal hoop laid upon the felloe of the wheel, the tire.

ἐπιτάγή, ἡ, an injunction, precept. From ἐπιτάγῃναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπίταγμα, atos, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order. ἐπίταδες, Dor. for ἐπιτηδές.

ἐπιτακτήρ, ἦρος, ό, and ἐπιτάκτης, ου, ό, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander.

ἐπίτακτος, on, (ἐπιτάσσω) enjoined, commanded.

II. drawn up, behind; οἱ ἐπίτακτοι, the reserve in an army.

ἐπι-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω, to labour or suffer yet more. ἐπιτάμης [α], 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάνωω, poet. for ἐπιτείνω, to stretch over. ἐπίταξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order; ἐπίταξις τοῦ φόρου the arrangement of the tribute.

ἐπι-τάρασσω Att. —τρω, f. ξω, to trouble or disquiet yet more.

ἐπιτάρροθος, ό, lengthened for ἐπίρροθος, a helper, defender, ally.

ἐπιτάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιτείνω) a stretching, straining.

ἐπι-τάσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω, aor. I —έταξα:—Pass., aor. I —εταχθην: pf. —τέταραμαι:—to set over, put in command.

2. to enjoin, order:—Pass. to be under orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one; τὰ ἐπιτασσόμενα orders given. II. to place behind or in reserve: also, to place next or beside.

ἐπι-τάφιος, on, (ἐπί, τάφος) on or over a tomb; λόγος ἐπιτάφιος a funeral oration spoken at Athens yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle; such as that of Pericles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq.

ἐπι-τάχυνω, f. ὦνω, to hasten on, urge forward.

ἐπιτείλαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιτέλλω.

ἐπι-τείνω, f. —τενώ: Ion. impf. ἐπιτείνεσκον:—Pass., aor. I —εταθήν [α]: pf. —τέταμαι:—to stretch upon or over. 2. to draw tight: to increase, heighen: to urge, excite:—Pass. to be stretched as on the rack: generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained to the uttermost:—to endure.

ἐπι-τείχίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country: c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence

ἐπιτείχισις, εως, ἡ, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and

ἐπιτείχισμα, atos, τό, a fort placed so as to command an enemy's country: and

ἐπιτεichiσμός, ό, = ἐπιτείχισις.

ἐπι-τελεστέον, verb. Adj. one must accomplish.

ἐπι-τελέω, f. έσω, to complete, finish: to fulfil, accomplish, esp. of vows or promises. 2. to discharge a religious service. 3. to pay in full, discharge: metaph. in Med., ἐπιτελείσθαι τὰ τοῦ γήρως to have to pay, be subject to, the burdens of old age; ἐπιτελεῖσθαι θάνατον to pay the debt of death.

ἐπι-τελής, ές, (ἐπί, τέλος) brought to an end, accomplished, fulfilled.

ἐπι-τέλλω, fut. —τελώ: aor. I —έτειλα: pf. —τέταλκα:—to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c. dat. pers. to give orders to:—so also in Med. II. intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars.

ἐπι-τέμνω Ion. —τάμνω: f. —τεμώ: aor. 2 —ετάρμον:—to make a cut or incision into, gasb. II. to cut short: to abridge.

ἐπί-τεξ, εκος, ἡ, (ἐπί, τεκεῖν) at the birth, about to bring forth.

ἐπιτερπής, ές, pleasing, delightful. From

ἐπι-τέρπομαι, Pass. to rejoice or delight in.

ἐπιτετάρμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιτείνω.

ἐπιτετάρμενα, pf. of ἐπιτείνω.

ἐπιτετραπται, 3 sing. pass. pf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπιτετραφάται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τενύω, f. ξω, to make for.

ἐπι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. II. to contrive against. Hence

ἐπιτεχνήσις, εως, ἡ, contrivance for a purpose.

ἐπιτήδεος, α, on, Ion. ἐπιτήδεος, η, on, (ἐπιτηδές) made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, convenient.

II. useful, serviceable, necessary; τὰ ἐπιτήδεα the necessities of life. 2. of persons,

serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., an intimate friend, Lat. *necessarius*.

ἐπιτηδεύτης, ητος, ή, fitness, suitableness, convenience for a purpose.

ἐπιτηδεύς Ion. —έως, Adv. of *ἐπιτήδειος*, suitably, serviceably.

ἐπι-τηδές, later *ἐπ-τηδες*, Adv. formed from *ἐπιδέ*, for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly, Lat. *studio*: designedly, artfully.

ἐπιτήδευμα, ατος, τό, (*ἐπιτηδεύω*) that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, practice, Lat. *studium, institutum*.

ἐπιτήδεις, εως, ή, attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing. From *ἐπιτηδεύω*, f. σω, (*ἐπιτηδές*); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of *ἐπί* with *τηδεύω* (which does not exist), aor. I *ἐπετήδεσα*, pf. *ἐπετήδεκα*: —to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. *studere rei*: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:—Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

ἐπιτήκτος, ov, melted or luted to, overlaid: metaph. superficial, counterfeit. From

ἐπι-τήκω, f. ζω, to melt upon, pour upon when melted.

ἐπι-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to look out or watch for.

ἐπι-τιθῆμι, f. —θήσω: aor. I —έθηκα: pf. —ρέθεικα: —to put or lay upon. 2. to set upon, turn or incline towards.

II. to put to, close, as a door or covering; *ἡμὲν ἀνακλῖναι πυκινὸν νέφος ἥδ' ἐπιθεῖναι* both to roll back the thick cloud and put it to.

III. to put to besides, to add. IV. to put on, as a last touch or finish. V. to lay upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a name.

VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message.

VII. Med. *ἐπιτίθεμαι*, aor. 2 —έθειμην: to put on oneself or for oneself. 2. to set oneself to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in.

3. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

ἐπι-τιμάω, f. ήσω:—to lay a value or set a price upon, Lat. *aestimare*: to value, honour, shew honour to.

2. to raise in price:—Pass. to rise in price. II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise. 2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

ἐπιτιμῖσις, εως, ή, a reproving, rebuking: and *ἐπιτιμητής*, ου, ό, an estimator. II. a punisher, chastiser; *ἐπιτιμητής ἔργων* an appraiser or examiner of what has been done. Hence

ἐπιτιμητικός, ή, όν, censorious.

ἐπιτιμήτωρ, οπος, ό, (*ἐπιτιμάω*) an avenger.

ἐπιτιμία, ή, (*ἐπιτιμος*) the enjoyment of civil rights and privileges. II. rebuke: punishment.

ἐπι-τιμος, ov, (*ἐπί, τιμή*) done in one's honour. II. τὸ ἐπιτίμον or τὰ ἐπιτίμια, as Subst., the value or estimate of a thing: the honour due to a person.

the assessment of damages, penalty; *τὰ ἐπιτίμια τῆς δυσσεβείας* the wages of ungodliness.

ἐπί-τιμος, ov, (*ἐπί, τιμή*) in honour: in possession

of one's full rights and privileges as a citizen, opp. to *ἀτιμος*.

ἐπι-τίθις, ov, (*ἐπί, τίθη*) still at the breast, sucking.

ἐπι-τρώσκω, f. —τρώσω, to wound on the surface.

ἐπι-τίω, f. —τίσω, to lay a penalty upon, punish. **ἐπι-τλάω*, obsol. pres. (see ΤΛΑΩ): irr. aor. 2 *ἐπ-έλγην* inf. *ἐπιτλήναι*:—to bear patiently, submit.

ἐπιτλήγω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of **ἐπιτλάω*.

ἐπιτολή, ή, (*ἐπιτέλλω*) the rising of a star: the season of a star's appearance in the heavens.

ἐπι-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to submit or endure to do. *ἐπι-τόνος*, ov, (*ἐπιτείνω*) stretched, strained. II.

as Subst., *ἐπίτονος* (sub. *ἰμάς*), ό, a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay of the mast.

ἐπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to shoot at.

ἐπιτόσσασι, Dor. part. of *ἐπέτοσσε*.

ἐπιτρέπουναι, Ep. 3 pl. of *ἐπιτρέπω*.

ἐπι-τρέπω, Ion. for *ἐπιτρέπω*: *ἐπέτραψα*, *ἐπιτράψομαι*, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

ἐπι-τρεπτόν, verb. Adj. one must permit. From *ἐπι-τρέπω*, f. ψω: aor. I —έτρεφα, aor. 2 —έτράπον:—Med., f. Ion. —τράφομαι: aor. 2 —ετραπόμην:—Pass., Ion. aor. I —ετραφθην: aor. 2 —ετραπήν [α]:—to turn to or towards:—Med. to incline to. 2.

to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put into another's hand, entrust oneself to:—Pass. to be entrusted: *ὅς ἐπιτεράφεται λαοί* (3 pl. pf., for *ἐπιτετραμμένοι* εἰσὶ) to whose charge they have been committed: *ὧραις μέγας οὐρανός ἐπιτέτραται* (3 sing. pf.): *τὴν ἀρχὴν ἐπιτραφείς* entrusted with the command: Med. to trust oneself to a person. II. to make over to one's heir, leave, bequeath. III. to give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

ἐπι-τρέφω, f. —θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:—Pass. to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

ἐπι-τρέχω, fut. I —θρέξομαι, aor. I —έθρεξα: also (from Root *ἐπιδρέμω*) fut. —δράμομαι, aor. 2 —έδραμον: pf. —δεδράμῃκα, pf. 2 *ἐπιδέδρομα*:—to run at or upon: to assault, attack suddenly. II. to run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield: to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused. 2. c. acc. to overrun, as an army does a country. 3. to run over, treat lightly of, Lat. *oratione percurrere*.

III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for.

ἐπιτρέψον, *ἐπιτρέψαι*, aor. I imper. and inf. of *ἐπιτρέπω*.

ἐπι-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. *ἐπετρίβην* [α]:—to rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:—Pass. to be utterly destroyed. Hence

ἐπίτριπτος, ov, rubbed down, worn away: metaph. worn, practised, hackneyed.

ἐπί-τρίτος, ov, one and one-third, I + $\frac{1}{3}$, or $\frac{4}{3}$:—*ἐπί-τρίτον* (sub. *δάνεισμα*) was a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ of the principal, i. e. 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. per annum.

ἐπι-τροπαίος, a, ov, (*ἐπιτροπή*) entrusted, delegated.

ἐπιτροπέα, ή, (*ἐπιτροπεύω*) guardianship.

ἐπι-τρόπεις, εως, ή, = *ἐπιτροπέα*. Hence

ἐπιτροπευτικός, ἡ, ὡν, *fit for the office of guardian*.

ἐπιτροπεύω, f. σω, (ἐπίτροπος) *to be in charge, to be guardian, trustee, governor*.

ἐπιτροπή, ἡ, (ἐπιτρέπω) *a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person.* 2. absol. *an arbitration*.

ἐπίτροπος, ὁ, (ἐπιτρέπω) *one to whom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian*.

ἐπιτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) *runningly, fluently*.

ἐπιτροχος, ὡν, (ἐπιτρέχω) *running easily: metaph. voluble*.

ἐπι-τρύζω, *to murmur beside or over*.

ἐπι-τρώγω, f. -τρώγομαι: aor. 2 -ἐτράγον:—*to eat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat*.

ἐπι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύθομαι: aor. 2 -ἐτύχον:—*to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to hit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor. 2 part., ὁ ἐπιτυχάν, like ὁ τυχάν, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one*.

ἐπι-τυμβίδιος, α, ὡν, (ἐπί, τύμβος) *at or over a tomb.* II. of the crested lark, *with a crest or top-knot*.

ἐπι-τύμβιος, ὡν, = ἐπιτυμβίδιος.

ἐπι-τύφω [ῶ], f. -θύφω:—*to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious*.

ἐπι-τυχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἐπιτυχής, ἐς, (ἐπιτυχεῖν) *hitting the mark, effective, successful*.

ἐπιφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεσθίω.

ἐπι-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—*to shew forth, display.* 2. intr. (sub. φῶς) *to shine upon.* II. Pass. and Med. *to shew oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear*.

ἐπιφάνεια, ἡ, *the appearance, manifestation.* II. *the surface, outside, of anything*.

ἐπιφάνεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐπιφαίνω.

ἐπιφανέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἐπιφάνω.

ἐπιφάνηαι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιφαίνω. Hence ἐπιφάνης, ἐς, (ἐπιφανήναι) *coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest.* II. metaph. *famous, Lat. illustris: of things, remarkable*.

ἐπι-φάνια (sub. ἱερά), ὡν, τά, (ἐπιφανήναι) *the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles*.

ἐπι-φαντος, ὡν, (ἐπιφαίνομαι) *visible, alive*.

ἐπιφάντως, Adv. of ἐπιφάνης, *openly*.

ἐπι-φαντιδίου, ὡν, (ἐπί, φάνη) *at the manger*.

ἐπι-φάω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φάος) *to shine upon*.

ἐπι-φέρω, f. -οῖσω: aor. 1 -ήνεγκα: aor. 2 -ήνεγκον: (see φέρω):—*to bring, put or lay upon: ἐπιφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make war upon: absol. to attack, assail.* 2. *to throw a charge upon one, to impute to.* 3. *to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer:—Med.*

to bring with oneself, bring as dowry. 4. Pass., ἐπιφέρεισθαι τινι, *to rush upon, attack, assault, pursue:*

—absol. *to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen after*.

ἐπι-φημίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φήμη) *to utter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen.* Hence ἐπιφήμισμα, τό, *a word of good or bad omen*.

ἐπι-φθάνω, f. άσω [ά], *to arrive at, reach first*.

ἐπιφθός, aor. 2 of ἐπιφθάνω, *as if from ἐπιφθῆμι*.

ἐπι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, Dep. *to utter after or in accordance, join in what is said*.

ἐπι-φθονέω, f. ήσω, *to grudge or withbold from jealousy.* II. *to bear hate against*.

ἐπι-φθονος, ὡν, *liable to envy or jealousy.* II. act. *bearing a grudge against, jealous of, bating: working mischief, malignant.* Hence ἐπιφθόνος, Adv. *so as to provoke envy.* II. *at enmity*.

ἐπι-φθίζω, *to spit at:* Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθύσδοισα. ἐπι-φύλοπονέομαι, Dep. *to labour willingly at*.

ἐπι-φλέγω, f. έω, *to set on fire, burn up.* 2. metaph. *to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illustrious.* II. intr. *to blaze up, be brilliant*.

ἐπι-φοβος, ὡν, *frighful, terrible, fearful.* II. pass. *timid*.

ἐπι-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, *to come constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported*.

ἐπιφορά, ἡ, (ἐπιφέρω) *a bringing to or upon: generally an addition*.

ἐπι-φορέω, f. ήσω, = ἐπιφέρω, *to bring and put on.* Hence

ἐπιφόρημα, ατος, τό, *mostly in pl., that which is served up in addition: dessert*.

ἐπιφορος, ὡν, (ἐπιφέρω) *carrying towards.* II. of ground, *sloping.* III. *prone or inclined to a thing*.

ἐπι-φράξω, f. σω, *to say after or besides.* II. Med. and Pass., fut. -φράσομαι: aor. 1 -εφράσασμην, and aor. -εφράσθην:—*to think of doing, be minded to do.* 2. *to reflect upon, devise, contrive.* 3. *to notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of*.

ἐπιφρασσαλατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 med. opt. of ἐπιφράω.

ἐπι-φρονέω, f. ήσω, *to be shrewd, prudent*.

ἐπιφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπιφρων) *thoughtfulness*.

ἐπι-φρουρος, ὡν, (ἐπί, φρουρά) *keeping watch by*.

ἐπί-φρων, ὡν, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, φρήν) *thoughtful*.

ἐπι-φύλιος, ὡν, (ἐπί, φύλη) *distributed to tribes*.

ἐπι-φυλλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, φύλλον) *the small grapes left for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted*.

ἐπι-φύτεύω, f. σω, *to plant over or upon*.

ἐπι-φύω, f. ύσω [ῶ]:—*to make to grow upon.* II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 ἐπέφῃ, pf. ἐπιπέφυκα, *to grow upon, to cling closely to*.

ἐπι-φωνέω, f. ήσω, *to tell of, mention*.

ἐπι-φώσκω, (ἐπί, φῶς) *to grow towards dawn*.

ἐπι-χαίνω, *to gape for*.

ἐπι-χαλρῶ, f. -χαρήσω, *to rejoice over: c. acc., σὲ*

μὲν εὖ πράσσοντ' ἐπιχαίρω: but mostly in bad sense, to shew malignant joy over:—so also in aor. 2 pass. ἐπιχαρήναι.

ἐπι-χάλαζω, (ἐπί, χάλασα) to shower bail upon.

ἐπι-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to relax, loosen. II. intr. to yield or relent in a thing.

ἐπι-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge upon an anvil: to work over again. 2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose.

ἐπι-χαλκος, ον, covered with copper, coppered over.

ἐπιχαρῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιχαίρω.

ἐπιχαρής, ἐς, (ἐπιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeable.

ἐπι-χαρίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. τοῦμαι: Dep.:—to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: aor. 1 imperat., ἐπιχαρίτται (Dor. for ἐπιχαρίσαι) τῷ ξένῳ be gracious to the stranger.

ἐπί-χαρις, ιτος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ἐπιχαρί, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are ἐπιχαριώτερος, -ιτώτατος, as if from ἐπιχαρί-τος, ον.

ἐπιχαρίτται, Dor. aor. 1 imperat. for ἐπιχαρίσαι.

ἐπιχαρίμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malignant joy: a feeling of such joy.

ἐπίχαρτος, ον, (ἐπιχαίρω) to be rejoiced at, delightful. II. to be exulted over; ἐχθροῖς ἐπίχαρτα matter of triumph to enemies.

ἐπι-χειλῆς, ἐς, (ἐπί, χεῖλος) full to the brim.

ἐπι-χειμάζω, f. σω, to stay the winter through.

ἐπι-χειρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) to put one's hand to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence

ἐπιχείρημα, ατος, τό, an undertaking, attempt: and ἐπιχείρησις, εως, ἡ, an attempt upon, attack: generally, an attempt: and

ἐπιχειρητέον, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

ἐπιχειρητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐπιχειρέω) an enterprising, adventurous person.

ἐπί-χειρον, τό, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guerdon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

ἐπι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to ratify a proposed decree, strictly, by show of hands. Hence

ἐπιχειροτονία, ἡ, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by show of hands.

ἐπιχεῖναι, Ep. for ἐπιχεῖναι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπι-χέω, f. -χεῶ, aor. 1 -έχεα: Ep. pres. ἐπιχέω, aor. 1 -έχεα, inf. -χεῖναι:—to pour over or upon: shed upon. II. Med. to pour or spread over oneself or for oneself. 2. to have poured out for one to drink. III. Pass., pf. κέχυμαι, plqpf. κέχυμην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 ἐπέχυντο, to come as a torrent, to stream or flock to a place:—to spread over like a flood, inundate.

ἐπι-χθόνιος, ον, or α, ον, (ἐπί, χθών) upon the earth, earthy: as Subst., ἐπιχθόνιοι, οἱ, men on earth.

ἐπί-χολος, ον, (ἐπί, χολή) producing bile.

ἐπι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance to or in honour of a thing: to come dancing on.

ἐπι-χορηγέω, f. ἦσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

ἐπιχορηγία, ἡ, a supply in addition.

ἐπι-χραίνω, to stain, colour.

ἐπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack.

ἐπι-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. 1 -έχρησα:—to lend besides. II. Med. ἐπιχράομαι, Ion. -χρέομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, to make use of, esp. to have dealings, be friends with one.

ἐπι-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

ἐπι-χρίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to anoint, besmear:—Med. to anoint oneself.

ἐπι-χρῦσος, ον, overlaid or plated with gold.

ἐπι-χρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -χρώσω, to rub or smear over: esp. to stain, colour.

ἐπιχθθεῖς, aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπίχυσσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιχέω) a pouring over: an overflow, flood.

ἐπι-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to yield, give way. II. infr. to come over to.

ἐπι-χωριάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐπί, χωρίον) to visit often, to be in the habit of coming to, Lat. ventitare.

ἐπι-χώριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: οἱ ἐπιχώριοι the people of the country, the natives; τὸ ἐπιχώριον the custom or fashion of the country. Adv. -ῶς, in the fashion of the country.

ἐπι-ψακάζω, old Att. for ἐπιψεκάζω.

ἐπι-ψάλλω, to accompany on a stringed instrument.

ἐπι-ψάω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. strictim attingere.

ἐπι-ψεκάω old Att. -ψακάω: to pour drop by drop upon.

ἐπι-ψεύδομαι, Dep. to lie still more.

ἐπι-ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to put to the vote, put the question:—Med. to confirm or decree by vote:—Pass. to be appointed by vote.

ἐπί-ψυγος, ον, exposed to blame, blameable. II. act. blaming, censorious.

ἐπι-ῶγαί, ὧν, αἱ, (ἐπί, ὠγή) places sheltered from the wind, roadsteads.

ἐπιών, part. of ἐπιεμι (εἰμι ἰβο).

ἐπλάγχθη, aor. 1 pass. of πλάω.

ἐπλάθην [ᾶ], aor. 1 pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλάσα Ep. ἐπλάσσα, aor. 1 of πλάσσω.

ἐπλε, for ἐπελε, 3 sing. impf. of πλέω: so, ἐπλεο for ἐπέλεο, ἐπέλου, 3 sing. impf. med.; ἐπλεω for ἐπέλεω, ἐπέλου; ἐπλετο for ἐπέλετο.

ἐπλεξα, aor. 1 of πλέω.

ἐπλήγην, aor. 2 pass. of πλήσσω.

ἐπλήγην, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πλάζω.

ἐπλήσθη, aor. 1 pass. of πίμπλημι.

ἐπλῶν, aor. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μι.

ἐπνευσα, ἐπνεύσθη, aor. 1 act. and pass. of πνέω.

ἐπ-όδια, ἐπ-οδιάζω, Ion. for ἐφόδια, -ιάζω.

ἐπ-οδύρομαι, Dep. to lament over.

ἐποδῶκει, reputed to be Ion. for ἐφ-ωδῶκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφ-οδῶ, to bring on the way.

ἐπόθην, aor. I pass. of πίνω.

ἐπ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to go as settler or colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it. II. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence

ἐπ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build upon or besides. II. to build up, build again, rebuild.

ἐπ-οικος, ov, settling or sojourning among foreigners. II. as Subst. ἐπoικος, ὁ, a sojourner, stranger.

2. a colonist, settler in a colony. 3. a neighbour.

ἐπ-οικτεῖω, to have compassion on.

ἐπ-οικτίζω, f. σω, = ἐπoικτεῖω. Hence

ἐπoικτιστος, ov, to be pitied, pitiable, wretched.

ἐπ-οικτος, ov, (ἐπί, οἶκτος) piteous.

ἐπ-οιμῶζω, f. -οιμῶζομαι, to wail over.

ἐπ-οίσω, fut. of ἐπιφέρω.

ἐπ-οιχέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐπoίχομαι.

ἐπ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχέσθαι, Dep. to go towards, approach: to draw near to. 2. to go against, attack.

II. to go over, go round, visit in succession: esp. of Apollo and Artemis, to visit with death. 2. to go over, get through one's work: to set about; ἰσθὺν ἐπoίχεσθαι to ply the loom, Lat. percurrere telam. 3. to go over, traverse.

ἐπ-οκέλλω, to run a ship ashore:—of the ship, to run ashore.

ἐπ-οκρίδεις, εσσα, εν, uneven, rugged.

ἐπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to glide upon.

ἐπ-ολολιζέω, f. ζω, to raise a cry of triumph at.

ἐπoμαι, to follow, Dep. from ἐπo, q. v.

ἐπομβρέω, f. ἦσω, to rain upon; and

ἐπομβρία, ἡ, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to ἀνχμῶς (drought). From

ἐπ-ομβρος, ov, (ἐπί, ὄμβρος) rainy: wet.

ἐπ-ὀμνυμι and -ῶω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ῶμοσα:—to swear to or upon; ἐπομνύναι τοὺς θεοὺς to swear by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—aor. I part., with another Verb, ἐπομόσας εἶπε he said with an oath, upon oath.

ἐπομόσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπομνυμι.

ἐπ-ομφάλιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ὀμφᾶλος) upon the navel of a shield, on the boss.

ἐπὸνᾶσα, Dor. aor. I of πονέω.

ἐπ-ονειδίζω, to rebrow reproaches upon. Hence

ἐπoνειδιστος, ov, to be reproached, disgraceful. II. act. reproachful. Adv. -τως, shamefully.

ἐπ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to, to sur-name:—generally, to call by a name; ἐπoνομάζειν ὀνομά τινος to call upon by name:—Pass. to be named after another.

ἐπoπας, acc. pl. of ἐπoψ.

ἐπ-οπίζομαι, Ep. imperat. -οπίζεο, Dep., only used in pres. and impf. to regard with awe or reverence.

ἐπoποι, a cry to mimic that of the βοορρo (ἐπoψ).

ἐπoποιᾶ, ἡ, epic poetry. From

ἐπo-ποιός, ov, (ἐπος, ποιέω) writing epic poetry:—as Subst., ἐπoποιός, ὁ, an epic poet.

ἐπ-οπτᾶω, f. ἦσω, to roast besides or after.

ἐπ-οπτέω, f. σω: Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπί, ὄφoμαι):—to look over, watch over, take charge of: to visit, punish.

II. to become an ἐπόπτης, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.

ἐπ-οπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἐπόπτης, of tutelary gods.

ἐπ-όπτης, ov, ὁ, (ἐπόφoμαι) an overseer, guardian, watcher. II. one initiated at the greater mysteries.

ἐπ-οράω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.

ἐπ-ορέγω, f. ζω, to bold out to, offer yet more. II. Med., fut. -ορέξομαι, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. ἐπορεξάμενος, having reached forward to strike. 2. metaph. to be desirous of more, rise in one's demands.

ἐπ-ορέω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.

ἐπ-ορθιάζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὀρθιος) to set upright: intr. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but ἐπορθιάζειν γόους to lift up the voice in wailing.

ἐπ-ορθοβοᾶω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπί, ὀρθοβoάς) to utter with a loud shout.

ἐπ-ορκίζω, Ion. for ἐφορκίζω, to adjure.

ἐπ-ορμύω, Ion. for ἐφορμύω.

ἐπ-ὀρνυμι and -ῶω: fut. -ὀρσω: aor. I -ῶρσα: (ἐπί, ὀρνυμι):—to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite:—Pass. to rise against, assault, fly upon one.

ἐπ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.

ἐπόρροισαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἐπορρον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπόρνυμι.

ἐπ-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune.

*ΕΠOΣ, εος, τό, a word; κατ' ἐπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song. III. it is used also of

1. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim. 2. the meaning, substance of a speech.

3. ἐπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic verse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lyric poetry: then transferred to elegiac verse; and thence generally to verses, poetry.

ἐποτίσα, aor. I of ποτίζω.

ἐπ-οτοτύζω, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably.

ἐπ-οτρύνω, f. ὦνῶ, to stir up, urge on: to stir up against:—Pass. to hasten on.

ἐπ-ουραῖος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρά) on the tail.

ἐπ-ουράνιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρανός) in heaven, heavenly. 2. in plur. as Subst., = θεοί.

ἐπ-ουρλίω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I -οῦρῖσα:—to blow favourably upon: metaph. to help onward, to direct towards a point. II. intr. to sail with a fair wind.

ἐπ-ουρος, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρος) blowing favourably.

ἐπ-οφείλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.

ἐπ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to bring water by a channel to a place, Lat. derivare.

ἐποχέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐποχος) to carry towards or upon:—Pass. with fut. med. ἐποχθήσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.

ἐπ-οχθίδιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ὄχθη) on the mountains.

ἐποχον, τό, *the saddlecloth, housing*. From ἐποχος, ον, (ἐπέχω) mounted upon: metaph., λόγοι μανίας ἐποχοι words borne on madness, i. e. frantic. 2. absol. well-seated, mounted: keeping one's seat.

ἘΠΟΨ, οπος, ὁ, *the boopoe*, so called from its cry, Lat. *uruba*.

ἐπ-οιάομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὅσον) to eat with or as sauce. ἐπ-οιάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὅσον) used to eat with bread. ἐπ-ὄψιμος, ον, (ἐπόμομαι) to be looked on. ἐπ-ὄψιος, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψις) visible, seen afar, conspicuous: illustrious. II. act. overlooking all things.

ἐπ-οψις, εως, ὁ, (ἐπί, ὄψις) a view over; ἐποψις τοῦ ἱεροῦ *the view commanded by the temple*: generally, *the view or sight of a thing*.

ἐπόψομαι, fut. of ἐφοράω, formed from *ἐπόπτομαι. ἐπράθην [ᾱ], aor. I pass. of πιπράσκω.

ἐπράθον, aor. 2 of πέρθω.

ἐπρεσα, Ep. shortd. for ἐπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπρήθην, Ion. aor. I pass. of πιπράσκω.

ἐπρηξα, Ion. for ἐπραξα, aor. I of πράσσω.

ἐπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπριάμην, ἰω, ἴατο, aor. 2 of ἀνέμομαι.

ἙΠΤΑ, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl., SEVEN, Lat. SEPTEM, Germ. SIEBEN.

ἐπτα-βόειος, ον, (ἐπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides.

ἐπτά-βιος, ον, (ἐπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides.

ἐπτά-γλωσσος, ον, (ἐπτά, γλῶσσα) seven-tongued, seven-toned.

ἐπτά-δραχμος, ον, (ἐπτά, δραχμή) worth seven drachms.

ἐπτα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐπτά, ἔτος) seven years old. II. of seven years: neut. ἐπτάετες, as Adv., for seven years.

ἐπτά-ζωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, ζώνη) seven-zoned, of the planetary system.

ἐπταισμαι, pf. pass. of πταίω.

ἐπτά-καί-δεκα, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl. seventeen.

ἐπτάκις, also ἐπτάκι, (ἐπτά) Adv. seven times.

ἐπτάκις-μύριοι, αἱ, α, seventy thousand.

ἐπτακισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, seven thousand.

ἐπτά-κλινος, ον, (ἐπτά, κλίνη) with seven couches or beds.

ἐπτάκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἐπτά) seven hundred.

ἐπτα-κότυλος, ον, (ἐπτά, κοτύλη) holding seven cotylae.

ἐπτά-κύτος, ον, seven-toned, with seven chords.

ἐπτά-λογχος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόγχη) of seven lances, of seven troops of spear-men.

ἐπτά-λοφος, ον, (ἐπτά, λόφος) seven-billed.

ἐπτάμην [ᾱ], aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἐπτά-μήνος, ον, (ἐπτά, μήν) born in the seventh month.

ἐπτά-μιτος, ον, (ἐπτά, μέτρος) of seven strings.

ἐπτά-μυχος, ον, with seven recesses.

ἐπταξα, Dor. aor. I of πτήσσω.

ἐπτά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, seven cubits long.

ἐπτα-πόδης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπτά, πόυς) seven feet long.

ἐπτά-πορος, ον, with seven tracks or paths.

ἐπτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πουν, seven feet long.

ἐπτά-πύλος, ον, (ἐπτά, πύλη) seven-gated: epith. of Boeotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian Thebes, which was ἑκατόμυλοι.

ἐπτά-πυργος, ον, seven-towered.

ἐπτάρον, aor. 2 of πταίρω.

ἐπτάρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ροος, ονν, with seven channels or beds, of the Nile.

ἐπτά-στολος, ον, consisting of seven bodies of men.

ἐπτά-στομος, ον, (ἐπτά, στόμα) seven-mouthed.

ἐπτα-τειχής, ἐς, (ἐπτά, τεῖχος) with seven walls.

ἐπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἐπτά-τονος, ον, seven-toned.

ἐπτά-φθογγος, ον, (ἐπτά, φθογγή) seven-toned.

ἐπτά-φωνος, ον, (ἐπτά, φωνή) seven-voiced.

ἐπτάχῃ, (ἐπτά) Adv. in seven parts.

ἐπτ-έτης, ἐς, fem. ἐπτέτις, ἰδος, (ἐπτά, ἔτος) seven years old.

ἐπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέταμαι, as if from πτήμι.

ἐπτηξα, aor. I of πτήσσω.

ἐπτήκα, pf. act., ἐπτισμαι, pf. pass., of πτίσσω.

ἐπτοίηθεν, ποῖτ. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πτοέω.

ἐπτοίημαι, ποῖτ. pf. pass. of πτοέω.

ἐπτοίησα, ποῖτ. aor. I of πτοέω.

ἐπτόμην, aor. 2 of πέτομαι.

ἐπ-υδρος, ον, Ion. for ἐφύδρος.

ἐπυθόμην, aor. 2 of πυνθάνομαι.

ἐπύλλιον, τό, Dim. of ἐπος, a versicle.

ἘΠΩ, ποῖτ. impf. ἔπον: f. ἔπω: aor. 2 ἔσπον, inf. σπεῖν, part. σπών:—Med. ἔπομαι: impf. εἰπόμεν Ep. ἐπόμην: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. 2 with aspirate ἐσπόμην, imperat. σπού Ion. σπέο Ep. σπεῖο, inf. σπέσθαι: I. Act. to be engaged or with, to be busy about. II. Med. to follow, Lat. sequi: to attend, to obey. 2. in hostile sense, to pursue. 3. to follow with the mind, understand; Lat. mente assequi.

ἐπωδή, ἡ, contr. from ἐπαιοδή (ἐπάδω) a song over: an enchantment, incantation, charm, spell.

ἐπωδῖον, τό, Dim. of ἐπωδή.

ἐπωδός, ὄν, contr. of ἐπαιοδός, (ἐπάδω) singing to or over: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen. acting as a charm for or against. 2. sung or said after.

II. Subst., ἐπωδός, ὁ, ἡ, an enchantment or enchantress, wizard or witch. III. ἐπωδός, ἡ, a lyric poem in couplets, commonly of Iambic Trim. and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure, except Elegiac; used by Horace.

ἐπ-ώδυνος, ον, (ἐπί, ὀδύνη) painful.

ἐπ-ώζω, (ἐπί, ὦ) to wail over.

ἐπ-ώθω, fut. -ώσω and -ώθσω, to push upon or into.

ἐπώκειλα, aor. I of ἐποικέλλω.

ἐπ-ωλένιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὠλήνη) upon the arm.

ἐπ-ωμάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὦμος) on the shoulders.

ἐπ-ωμίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὦμος) the upper part of the shoulder: the neck and shoulder. 2. the highest part of a ship.

ἐπώμοσα, aor. I of ἐπόμνυμι.

ἐπώμοτος, *ον*, (ἐπώνυμ) *on oath, sworn*. II.

pass. sworn by, invoked by oaths, of Gods.

ἐπωνύμια, *ή*, (ἐπώνυμος) *a name given after some person or thing, Lat. cognomen; ἐπωνυμίαν ἔχειν ἐπὶ τινος to have a name after one:—but, ἐπωνυμίαν σχεῖν χώρας to have the naming of it, have it named after one.* 2. *a name significant of fate.* II.

generally, a name.

ἐπωνύμιος, *α, ον*, poet. for ἐπώνυμος.

ἐπώνυμος, *ον*, (ἐπί, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) *named after some person or thing; ὄνομα ἐπώνυμον a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; Ἀλκυνόων καλέεσκον ἐπώνυμον Alcynonē they called her by name: generally, surnamed, called.* II. *act. giving one's name to a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called ἄρχων ἐπώνυμος, as giving his name to the current year.*

ἐπωπάω, *to look over, observe.* From

ἐπ-ωπή, *ή*, (ἐπί, ὦψ) *a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.*

ἐπώπων, *impf.* of ἐποπτάω.

ἐπώρα, *Ion.* for ἐφεώρα, 3 *sing. impf.* of ἐφοράω.

ἐπώρασα, *aor. I* of ἐπόρηνυμι.

ἐπώρτο, 3 *sing. Ep. aor.* 2 *pass.* of ἐπόρηνυμι.

ἐπωτίδες, *ιδων, αί*, (ἐπί, οὖς) *beams on each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.*

ἐπ-ωφελέω, *f. ήσω, to help in a thing, to be of use or service in.* Hence

ἐπωφέλημα, *ατος, τό*, *a succour, store.*

ἐπωφέλια, *ή*, (ἐπωφέλιω) *help, profit, advantage.*

ἐπώχτο, 3 *pl.* Aeol. and *Ion. plqpf. pass.* of ἐπέχω,

πάσαι γὰρ [πύλαι] ἐπώχτο all were shut to.

ἐπωχόμεν, *impf. med.* of ἐπείχομαι.

*ΕΡΑ, *ή*, the *Lat. terra, earth*: only found in *Adv. έραζε, to earth.*

*ΕΡΑΜΑΙ, *Ep.* 2 *pl.* έράασθε: *impf. ήράμην:—Pass., fut. έρασθήσομαι: aor. I ήράσθην: aor. I med. ήράσασθην:—to love, desire, long after.*

ερανίζω, *f. σω, (ερανος) to ask for contributions: to collect by way of contribution.* II. *to give a contribution.*

III. *to combine.* Hence

ερανιστής, *οὔ, ό*, *a contributor to an έρανος or club.*

εραννός, *ή, όν, (εράω) lovely, pleasant.*

εράνος, *α*, *a meal to which each contributed his share, also συμβολή, Lat. symbolum: generally, a feast, festival.* 2. *a any subscription or contribution: generally, a kindness, service.* 3. *a club or society.*

ερασσε, *Dor.* for έραζε.

ερασί-μολπος, *ον, (εράω, μολπή) loving song.*

ερασί-χρήματος, *ον, (εράω, χρήματα) loving money, covetous, avaricious.*

εράμιος, *α, ον, also ος, ον, (εράω) lovely, beloved.*

ερασσαι, *Ep.* for έρασαι, 2 *sing.* of έραμαι.

ερασσατο, *Ep.* for έράσατο, 3 *sing. aor. I* of έραμαι.

εραστούω, *f. σω, = εράω, to love, desire.*

εραστής, *οὔ, ό*, (εραμαι) *a lover: metaph. an adherent, partizan.*

εραστός, *ή, όν, (εράω) beloved, lovely.*

ερατεινός, *ή, όν, (εράω) lovely: welcome.*

ερατίζω, = εράω, *to desire extremely, be greedy for.*

ερατός, *ή, όν*, poet. for έραστός, *beloved: lovely.*

ερατό-χρους, *ον*, contr. -χρους, *ον*, (ερατός, χράω) *of face or complexion.*

ερατύω, *Dor.* for έρητύω.

Ερατός, *οὔς, ή, (ερατός) Eratō, Lovely, one of the nine Muses.* 2. *one of the Oceanides.*

*ΕΡΑ'Ω, only found in *pres.* and *impf.* with *aor. I* *pass. ήράσθην* used in *act. sense*: see έραμαι:—*to love: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., έρών a lover: ή έρωμένη the beloved:—Dep. έρόμαι in same sense is very rare.*

εργάζομαι, *fut. έργασσομαι Dor. έργαζούμαι: aor. I είργασάμην: pf. είργασμαι Ion. έργασμαι, both in act. and pass. sense: but έργασθήσομαι, aor. I είργάσθην always in pass. sense: Dep.: (εργον):—to be busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandmen; τὸ χρέμ' έργάζεται the matter works, i. e. goes on.* II.

trans. to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish. 2. *to work at or in; έργάζεσθαι χρυσόν to work in gold.* 3. *to earn by working.* 4. *to make, build: also to produce, cause.* III. *to work at a trade, drive a trade.*

εργάθον, *Ep.* for είργαθον, poet. *aor. 2* of είργω; *inf. έργαθείν.*

εργάλειον *Ion.* —ήϊον, τό, (εργον) *a tool, instrument.*

εργαή, *Dor.* for έργάσει, 2 *sing. fut.* of έργάζομαι.

εργασείω, *Desiderat.* of έργάζομαι, *to be about to do, intend to do.*

εργασία, *ή*, (εργάζομαι) *work, toil, Lat. labor: daily labour, business, occupation; εργασίαν δός take pains to do.* II. *a working at a thing; husbandry, tillage; εργασία μετάλλων working of mines.* 2.

workmanship, art, craft: also a work of art. 3. *gain, earnings, profit.*

εργάσιμος, *ον, (εργάζομαι) to be worked, that can be worked: of land, arable.*

εργασμαι, *Ion.* for είργασμαι, *pf.* of έργάζομαι.

εργαστέον, *verb. Adj.* of έργάζομαι, *one must work the land.* 2. *one must do.*

εργαστήρ, *ήπος, ό*, (εργάζομαι) *a workman, farmer.*

εργαστήριον, τό, (εργάζομαι) *a workshop, manufactory, shop.*

εργαστικός, *ή, όν, (εργάζομαι) fit for working, bard-working, diligent, busy.*

εργάτης, *ον, ό*, (εργον) *a workman, busbandman: a practitioner, worker.* II. *as Adj. bard-working, diligent, energetic.* [ά]

εργατικός, *ή, όν, (εργάζομαι) = εργαστικός.*

εργατήνης, *ον, ό*, = εργάτης. [ι]

εργατίς, *ιδος, fem.* of εργάτης, *a work-woman: a birling, mercenary woman.* II. *as Adj. working at.* [ά]

εργμα, *ατος, τό*, = εργον, *a work, deed.*

εργμα, *ατος, τό*, (είργω, έρκος) *a fence, enclosure.*

εργινύω and -νύμι, poet. for είργω, έργω, *to enclose.*

ἐργο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (ἐργον, δίδωμι) one who lets out work.

ἐργολαβέω, to contract for the doing of work; ἐργολαβεῖν ἀνδριάντας, Lat. statuas conducere faciendas. From

ἐργο-λάβος, ου, (ἐργον, λαβεῖν) contracting for work to be done: as Subst., ἐργολάβος, ὁ, a contractor, Lat. conductor, redemptor. [ἀ]

ἐργον, τό, (*ἐργω=ἐρδω) work; a man's business, employment; τὰ σαυτῆς ἐργα κόμει mind your own business. 2. in the Il. mostly ἐργα, works or deeds of war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of husbandry: tilled lands; ἐργα Ἰθάκης the tilled lands of Ithaca; ἐργα βοῶν the fields which the oxen plough; so Virgil boum labores; ἐργα γυναικῶν women's work, bandiwork, esp. weaving: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια ἐργα fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits:—later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like our iron-works, etc. 3. a hard piece of work, a severe work. 4. often in Hom. opp. to ἔπος, deed, ποί word; in Att. often opp. to λόγος. II. the following peculi. Att. phrases occur: ἐργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is hard work, troublesome; σὺν ἐργον ἐστί, c. inf. it is your business to do; ἐργα παρέχειν τινί, like πράγματα παρέχειν, to give one trouble.

*ΕΡΓΩ, in Homer mostly ἐέργω, Ep. forms for Att. εἶργω or εἴργω: fut. ἐρῶ or εἴρῶ: aor. I εἶργα: pf. ἐέργμαι, 3 pl. ἐρχάται: plqpf. ἐέργμην, 3 pl. ἐρχατο or ἐέρχατο: aor. I pass. part. ἐρχθείς:—to shut in, confine, include; ἐντὸς ἐέργειν to enclose within; γέφυραι ἐέργμέναι bridges well-secured, strong-built, compact. II. to shut out: exclude or prohibit from a thing:—also to hinder or prevent from doing:—Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

*ΕΡΓΩ, to do work, obsol. root, for which the pres. in use is ἐρδω:—hence fut. ἐρῶ, aor. I ἐέρφα, pf. ἐοργα, plqpf. ἐώργειν, which serve as the tenses of ἐρδω.

ἐρδεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἐρδω.

*ΕΡΔΩ, fut. ἐρῶ, etc., see *ἐργω:—to work, do, accomplish; c. dupl. acc., κακὰ ἐρδεν τινά or absol. ἐρδεν τινά, to do one harm. 2. like Lat. sacra facere, ιερὰ ἐρδεν to make, offer a sacrifice: later, without ιερὰ or θυσίας, like facere or operari in Latin.

ἐρεβεννός, ἡ, ὅν, (*Ερεβος) dark, gloomy.

*Ερεβσφι, *Ερεβουσφι, v. sub *Ερεβος.

*ΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. cicer.

ἐρεβο-διφάω, (ἐρεβος, διφάω) to grope about in darkness.

ἐρεβόθεν, Adv. from Erebos. From

*Ερεβος, τό, gen. eos contr. ous, Ion. *Ερέβευς, *Ερέβουσφι:—Erebus, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades.

*Ερεβόσδε, Adv. to or into Erebos.

ἐρεῖναι, like ἐρομαι, to ask; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. ἐρεῖναιμαι.

ἐρεθίζω Dor. -ισδω: f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἠρέθισα, later -ῖφα: (ἐρέθω):—to rouse to anger, provoke, ir-

ritate. II. later to excite, kindle; φέφαλος ἐρεθίζομενος the kindled spark. Hence

ἐρέθισμα, ατος, τό, a stirring up, exciting.

*ΕΡΕΘΩ, like ἐρεθίζω, to stir to anger: to raise, increase.

*ΕΡΕΙΔΩ, f. ἐρείσω: aor. I ἤρεισά:—Pass., aor. I ἤρεισθην: pf. ἤρηρσαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἤρηρσαι:—to make one thing lean against another: hence to press, urge, force against; ἐρείδεν πληγὴν to inflict a severe blow. 2. to prop, stay, support, strengthen:—generally, to fix firm, plant. 3. to press hard upon. 4. to dash, hurl. 5. of wagers, to match, set one pledge against another, Lat. deponere. II. intr. to lean against, withstand; ἀλλήλησιν ἐρείδουσαι crowding one another: in Att. to set upon, press hard on. 2. to go to work; ἐρείδε fall to (to eat).

III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in aor. I med. part., ἐρείσόμενος having set himself firm, taken a firm stand; οὐδέῃ χαιτὰι ἐρηρδαται (3 pl. pf.) the hair rested on the ground. 2. to be fixed firm; λᾶε ἐρηρδαται the stones were firmly set. 3. in Med. to strive one with another, contend.

*ΕΡΕΙΚΗ, ἡ, beat, beater, Lat. erica.

*ΕΡΕΙΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἤρειξα:—to break, tear, rend; ἐρεϊκόμενος περὶ δοῦρι rent, pierced by the spear: generally, to dash. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἤρικον, to shiver, fly in pieces.

ἐρειο, Ep. for ἐρεο, ἐρου, imperat. of ἐρομαι.

ἐρείοι, οί, a word used as a term of insult to the Egyptians.

ἐρείομεν, Ep. for ἐρέωμεν, I pl. subj. of ἐρέω.

ἐρείπιον, τό, (ἐρείπω) a fallen ruin, in plur. ruins; ναυτικά ἐρείπια wrecks, pieces of wreck; νεκρῶν ἐρείπια dead carcasses; πέπλων ἐρείπια remnants of robes.

*ΕΡΕΙΠΩ, f. ἐρείψω: aor. I ἤρειψα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρείπθην: pf. ἤρηρμαι:—to dash down, tear down; ἐρείπει γένους θεῶν τις some god dashes down their race:—Pass. to be dashed down, fall in ruins; τεῖχος ἐρείπτο (Ep. plqpf. for ἤρηρπτο):—Pind. has aor. 2 pass. part. ἐρείπεις, dat. ἐρείπεντι, fallen. II. intrans. in aor. 2 ἤριπον Ep. ἐρίπων, pf. 2 ἐρήριπα, to fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

ἐρείσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρείδω.

ἐρεῖσθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐρείδω.

ἐρεισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρείδω) that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support; metaph. of persons, Θήραν ἐρεισμ' Ἀκράγαντος Theron pillar of Agrigentum, like Lat. columnen. II. = ἔρμα, a

sunken rock.

ἐρείσμενος, ου, (ἐρείπω) fallen down, in ruins.

ἐρειψι-τοιχος, ου, (ἐρείπω, τοῖχος) overthrowing walls.

ἐρεμνός, ἡ, ὅν, contr. of ἐρεβεννός, black, dark; ἐρεμνὴ φάτις a dark (i. e. obscure) rumour.

ἐρεξα, aor. I of ῥέζω.

ἐρέομαι, Ep. and Ion. form of ἐρομαι, to ask.

ἐρέπτομαι, Dep. used only in pres. and impf., to feed on. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρέπτω, = ἐρέφω, to roof over; to crown.

ἐρέριπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρέπτω.

ἐρέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔρομαι.

ἘΡΕΨΣΩ Att. -τω: fut. ἐρέσω: aor. I ἤρεσα:—to row.

II. trans. to urge by rowing; metaph. of birds, πτερύγων ἐρετμοῖσιν ἑρασόμενοι sped onward by the oarage of their wings, Virgil's remigis alarum.

2. generally, to ply, urge:—Pass. of a bow, to be plied, banded.

ἐρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐρέσσω) a rower.

ἐρετμός, ὁ, or ἐρετμόν, τό, (ἐρέσσω) Lat. remus, an oar: in pl. only the neut. ἐρετμῶ is used. Hence ἐρετμῶ, f. ὥσω, to equip with oars, set to row.

ἐρέττω, Att. for ἐρέσσω.

ἘΡΕΥΓΟΜΑΙ, f. ἐρεύξομαι, Dep. to spit or spew out, to disgorge, Lat. eructare: absol. to belch, Lat. ructare.

2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach.

II. in aor. 2 act. ἥρυγον, inf. ἐρύγειν, part. ἐρυγών, to bel-
low, roar.

ἐρευθέδανον, τό, madder. From

ἐρευθέω, f. ἥσω, to be red. From

ἔρεθος, εος, τό, redness, bloom, blushing: from

ἘΡΕΥΘΩ, fut. ἐρεύω, to make red, stain red.

ἔρευνα, ης, ἡ, (ἐρέω) an inquiry, search. Hence

ἐρευνάω, f. ἥω, to seek or search for, search after: to search, examine. 2. c. inf: to seek or attempt to do. Hence

ἐρευνητέον, verb. Adj. one must search.

ἐρεῦσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐρεύθω,

ἘΡΕΥΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἤρεψα:—to cover or roof in a building.

II. to cover with a crown, wreath

with garlands:—Med. to crown oneself.

ἐρέχθω, to rend, break, shiver:—Pass., ναῦς ἐρεχθομένη ἀνέμοισι a ship dashed bitter and tither by the storm, shattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔρεψα, aor. I of ἐρέφω.

ἐρέω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐρῶ.

ἐρέω, Ep. pres. for ἔρομαι, to ask.

ἐρημάζω, f. σω, (ἐρήμος) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion. impf. ἐρημάσκειν.

ἐρημαῖος, α, ου, ποῖτ. for ἐρήμος.

ἐρημία, ἡ, (ἐρήμος) a solitude, desert, wilderness.

II. solitude, loneliness: of places, a being laid waste, desolation, Lat. solitudo: of persons, desolateness, destitution.

2. generally, want of, absence: also exemption from evil.

ἐρημιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, a solitary devotee.

ἐρημο-κόμης, ες, (ἐρήμος, κόμη) destitute of hair.

ἐρημο-λάλος, ου, (ἐρήμος, λαλέω) chattering in the desert.

ἐρημο-πόλις, ι, gen. ἰδος, (ἐρήμος, πόλις) rest of one's city.

ἐρημο-νόμος, ου, (ἐρήμος, νόμος) haunting the desert.

ἘΡΗΜΟΣ, η, ου, also ος, ου: Att. ἐρημος:—of places, lonely, lone, desert: of persons, lone, solitary,

desolate, also destitute, helpless. 2. c. gen. rest of; destitute of, abandoned by; στέγαι φίλων ἐρημοί.

II. as Subst., ἐρήμος (sub. γῆ, χώρα), ἡ, a solitude, desert, wilderness.

III. ἐρήμη (sub. δίκη), ἡ, a trial in which one party does not appear, and lets judgment go by default; ἐρήμην δίκην ἐλεῖν to get judgment by default; ὀφλεῖν to let it go by default.

ἐρημοσύνη, ἡ, solitude. From ἐρημός, f. ὥσω, (ἐρήμος) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, desolate, devastate. 2. c. gen. to bereave of:—Pass. to be bereft, deprived of.

II. to leave, abandon:—Pass. to be left alone, deserted. Hence

ἐρήμως, εως, ἡ, desolation, devastation: and

ἐρημωτής, οὔ, ὁ, a desolator.

ἐρημεῖται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρείδω: ἐρηρέ-

δατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἐρηριμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρείπω.

ἐρήριπα, intrans. pf. of ἐρέτω.

ἐρήρτιθεν, Acol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐρητύω.

ἐρητύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐρήτυσα: (ἐρύω):—to

hold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress:—to keep back from.

ἐρητύσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ἐρητύω.

ἘΡΤ, insepar. Particle, like ἀρι-, used as a prefix to

strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

ἐρι-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, with high-arching neck.

ἐρι-βόας, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βοή) clamorous, riotous.

ἐρι-βρεμέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding,

thundering, roaring.

ἐρι-βρεμής, ες, = ἐρίβρομος.

ἐρι-βρομος, ου, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-shouting, roaring.

ἐρι-βρύχης, ου, Ep. εως, ὁ, and ἐρι-βρύχος, ου, (ἐρι-,

βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρι-βῶλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἐρι-βῶλος, ου, with large

clods, of rich, loamy soil: hence very fertile, fruitful.

ἐρι-γδουπος, ου, = ἐριδουπος, thundering.

ἐριδαίνω, f. ἐριδήσω, (ἐρίζω) to wrangle, quarrel: to

strive for:—aor. I inf. med. ἐριδήσασθαι.

ἐρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἔριον.

ἐριδιμάλω, (ἐρίζω) to provoke to strife, irritate. II.

intr. to contend.

ἐριδιμάτος, ου, (ἐρι-, δημτός) strongly built: hence

strong, excessive.

ἐρι-δουπος, ου, (ἐρι-, δουπος) loud-sounding.

ἐριζέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίζω Dor. ἐρίδω: Ion. impf. ἐρίσκειν: fut. ἐρίσω:

aor. I ἤρισα, Ep. 3 sing. opt. ἐρίσσειε: (ἐρίς):—to

strive, wrangle, quarrel. 2. to rival, strive, or vie

with: hence, to be equal, be a match for:—so also

in Med.

ἐρι-ηρος, ου, (ἐρι-, ἥρω) fitting closely: metaph. as

epith. of εταῖρος, loving, faithful, trusty: so also in

heterocl. plur., ἐρίηρες εταῖροι, acc. ἐρίηρας εταῖρους.

ἐριθακίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐριθος) a labouring woman.

ἐρι-θάλῃς, ες, Dor. for ἐριθηλῃς.

ἐριθεία, ἡ, (ἐριθένω) labour for wages.

II. in-

triguing, Lat. ambitus: party-spirit, faction,

ἐρι-θιλήs, ἐs, (ἐρι-, τέθηλα) *very luxuriant, flourishing, fertile.*

ἐρίθος, ὁ, also ἥ, a day-labourer, hired servant; in Homer, ἑριθοί, of men, are mowers or reapers; of women, workers in wool.

ἐρίκειν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρέικω.

ἐρι-κλάγκτηs, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι-, κλάζω) *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, ου, (ἐρι-, κλαίω) *much-weeping.* II. pass. *much-weep, bewailed.*

ἐρι-κτύπος, ου, *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κυδής, ἐs, (ἐρι-, κύδος) *very famous, glorious.*

ἐρι-κύμων [ῶ], ου, gen. ονος, (ἐρι-, κύμα) *full of young, big with young.*

ἐρι-μύκος, ου, (ἐρι-, μέμυκα) *loud-bellowing.*

ἘΡΙΝΕΟΨ, ὁ, *the wild fig-tree, Lat. caprificus.*

ἐρίνεος, α, ου, (ἐριον) of wool, woollen.

ἘΡΙΝΤΨ (not Ἐρινύs), gen. υός, ἡ; pl. nom. Ἐρινύs contr. -ύs, acc. -ύas contr. -ύs, gen. -ύων contr. -ύν:—*the Erinyes or Fury, an avenging deity: the names Tisiphoné, Megaera, Alecto do not occur till late. At Athens they were called Εὐμενίδες or Ξεμαί, by an euphemism.* II. as Appellat., μη-τροs ἐρινύs *curses from one's mother; φρενῶν ἐρινύs distraction, frenzy: also, blood-guiltiness.*

ἐριον Ep. and Ion. εἶριον, τό, (ἐρος) *wool, Lat. lana; also in plur. 2. ἐρια ἀπὸ φύλου wool from the tree, i. e. cotton; so in Germ., baum-wolle.*

ἐριο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ἐριον, πωλέω) *a wool-dealer.* Hence

ἐριο-πωλικῶs, Adv. *like a wool-dealer, cheatingly.*

ἐριο-πώλιον, τό, *the wool-market.*

ἐριό-στεπτος, ου, (ἐριον, στέφω) *wreathed with wool.*

ἐριό-οίνιος, ὁ, Homeric epith. of Hermes, from ἐρι-, δίνημι, *the helper, luck-bringer: also absol. Ἐριού-νιος, Helper, as a prop. n. of Hermes.*

ἐρι-ουργέω, f. ἥσω, *to make woollen stuff.*

ἐρι-ουργός, ὅν, (ἐριον, *ἔργω) *working wool.*

ἐριπε, Ep. for ἤριπε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρέπω.

ἐριπέω, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρέπω.

ἐρί-πλευρος, ου, (ἐρι-, πλευρά) *with sturdy sides.*

ἐρίπνη or ἐρίπνα, ἡ, (ἐρέπω) *a broken cliff, crag, scaur: any sheer ascent.*

ἐριπών, aor. 2 part. of ἐρέπω.

ἘΡΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ; acc. ἔριν and ἔριδα; pl. ἐρίδες, later ἔρεις:—*strife, quarrel, debate: esp. rivalry, contention: discord, jealousy: also in good sense, ἐρίς ἀγαθῶν zeal for good.* II. as pr. nom., *Eris, the Goddess of Strife.*

ἐρίσθεν, Dor. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσδομος, Dor. for ἐρίζομεν.

ἐρι-σθενής, ἐs, (ἐρι-, σθένος) *mighty in strengt.*

ἐρισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) *a cause of quarrel.*

ἐρι-σμάραγος, ου, (ἐρι-, σμάραγή) *loud-thundering.*

ἐρίσσει, -εω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. aor. 1 opt. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίσsetai, Ep. for ἐρίσηται, aor. 1 subj. med. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρι-στάφύλος, ου, (ἐρι-, στάφυλη) *large-clustering, rich in grapes: of wine, made of fine grapes.*

ἐριστής, ου, ὁ, (ἐρίζω) *a wrangler, disputer.*

ἐριστός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἐρίζω), *to be disputed or contested.*

ἐρι-σφάραγος, ου, = ἐρισμάραγος, *loud-roaring.*

ἐρί-τιμος, ου, (ἐρε-, τιμή) *highly prized, precious.*

ἐρίφιος, ου, (ἐρίφος) *of or belonging to a kid.*

ἐρίφιον, τό, Dim. of ἐρίφος, *a goat, kid.* [X]

ἘΡΙΨΟΣ, ὁ, also ἡ, *a young goat, kid.* II.

ἐρίφω, οί, Lat. boedi, *a constellation which brought storms; ἐπ' ἐρίφωs in stormy weather.*

ἐριώλη, ἡ, *a whirlwind, burricane, tornado: Aristophanes gives a fanciful derivation from ἐριον and ὀλλυμι, wool-consumption.*

ἐρκεῖος Att. ἔρκειος, ου, and α, ου, (ἐρκος) *belonging to the court or enclosure in front of the house; Zeus Ἐρκεῖος, the household god, because his statue stood in the ἔρκος; ἔρκειοι πύλαι the gates of the court.*

ἐρκίον, τό, (ἐρκος) *a fence, enclosure.*

ἐρκος, εος, τό, (ἐργω, ἐργῶ) *an enclosure, hedge, fence, wall: mostly of the wall round the court-yard, and so a court-yard: ἀγγέων ἔρκα, periph. for ἀγγη; σφραγιδὸs ἔρκος, for σφραγίς; ἔρκος ὀδόντων the ring-fence of the teeth, for ὀδόντες the teeth themselves.* II. *a net, snare: the coils of the lasso.* III. metaph. *any fence or defence, bulwark.*

ἐρκ-ουπος, ου, (ἐρκος, οὔπος) *watching an enclosure.*

ἐρκτή, ἡ, Ion. for εἰρκτή.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, *a prop, support: mostly of the stays or beams by which ships on shore were kept upright: metaph., ἔρμα πόλῃος pillar of the state, Lat. column.* 2. *a sunken rock or reef, on which a vessel may strike: also a mound, cairn, barrow on land.* 3. *ballast.*

II. μελαινέων ἔρμ' ὀδυνῶν, of a sharp arrow, the foundation, i. e. cause, of pangs. III. ἔρματα, earrings, akin to ὄρμος: generally, *a necklace, band: a chain.*

ἔρμαιον, τό, (Ἑρμῆs) *a windfall, godsend, lucky discovery, Hermes being the reputed giver of such gifts, as in Latin Hercules.*

Ἑρμαῖος, α, ου, Att. Ἑρμαῖος, ου, (Ἑρμῆs) *of or from Hermes.* II. Ἑρμαῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, *a festival in his honour.*

ἐρματίτιζ, (ἔρμα) *to ballast.*

Ἑρμ-αφροδίτης, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆs, Ἀφροδίτη) *an Hermaphrodite: an effeminate person.*

Ἑρμάων ανος, ὁ, poet. esp. Dor. for Ἑρμῆs. [ā]

Ἑρμέας, ὁ, poet. for Ἑρμῆs, dat. Ἑρμέα.

Ἑρμείας, ὁ, Ep. for Ἑρμῆs; gen. Ἑρμείας, -είω; dat. Ἑρμεία; acc. Ἑρμείαν; voc. Ἑρμεία.

ἐρμηνεία, ἡ, (ἐρμηνεύω) *interpretation, explanation.* II. expression, power of speech.

ἐρμηνεμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρμηνεύω) *an interpretation, explanation.* 2. *a sign, monument.*

ἐρμηνεύς, εὖs, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆs) *an interpreter, dragoman: generally, an expounder. Hence*

ἐρμηνεύω, f. σω, *to be an interpreter, to interpret, explain, make clear: hence to express, give utterance to.*

Ἑρμῆs, ὁ; Ep. gen. Ἑρμέω; dat. Ἑρμῇ; acc. Ἑρμῆν; voc. Ἑρμῆ:—*Hermes, the Lat. Mercurius.*

In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called διδάκτορος; as giver of good luck, ἐριούνιος, ἀκάκητα; as god of all secret dealings, and tunnelling, δόλιος; as conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπός. Later, he was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds, traffic, markets, roads, whence he is ὁδῖος, ἐνὸδῖος: hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was called Ἑρμῆς.

Ἑρμίδιον, τό, Dim. of Ἑρμῆς, a little figure of Hermes: in vocat. my dear little Hermes.

ἐρμῖς or ἐρμῖν, ἴνος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἐρμῖσιν, (ἐρμα) a post, support: a bed-post.

Ἑρμο-γλύφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, γλύφω) a carver of Hermae: generally, a statuary. Hence ἐρμολογλύφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a statuary: ἡ ἐρμολογική (sub. τέχνη), the art of statuary.

ἐρμο-γλύφος, ὁ, = ἐρμολογλύφός.

ἐρμο-κοπίδης, οὐ, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, κόπτω) a mutilator of the Hermae.

ἘΡΝΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a shoot, scion, of the olive and palm; ἀνέδραμεν ἐρνεῖ ἴσος he shot up like a young plant. II. metaph. a scion, a child.

ἐρξα, aor. I of *ἐργω, = ἐρδω.

ἐρξέτης or ἐρξίτης, ὁ, translation of the Persian name Darius: from *ἐργω, ἐρδω, the worker, doer.

ἐρξω, fut. of *ἐργω, = ἐρδω.

ἐρδεις, εἶσα, εν, (ἐρος) lovely, pleasing.

ἐροῖην, for ἐροῖμ, pres. opt. of ἐρέω.

ἘΡΟΜΑΙ Ion. ἐρόμαι: impf. ἐιρόμην: fut. ἐρήσομαι Ion. ἐιρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἡρόμην, imperat. ἔρου Ep. ἐρειο, subj. ἔρωμαι, opt. ἐροίμην, inf. ἐρέσθαι, part. ἐρόμενος:—to ask, inquire: to ask after or for.

II. to question, to ask advice of, consult: c. dupl. acc. to ask one about a thing.

ἔρος, ὁ, poet. form of ἐρως, love, desire.

ἘΡΟΣ, εὖς, τό, wool, Lat. lana.

ἐρπετόν, τό, (ἐρπω) a creeping thing, reptile: esp. a snake; pl. ἐρπετά, as opp. to πετεινά, any animals that move on the earth.

ἐρπῆστης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρπω) a creeper, a mouse.

ἐρπύζω, f. σα, (ἐρπω) to creep, crawl, drag oneself along: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

ἐρπύλλος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἐρπω) creeping thyme, Lat. serpyllum, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

ἐρπύσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρπύζω or ἐρπω.

ἐρπυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἐρπυστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρπύζω) a reptile: a crawling child.

ἘΡΙΠΩ, impf. εἶπρον: fut. ἐρίψω Dor. ἐρίψω: aor. I εἶρπυσα, formed from ἐρπύζω (cf. ἔλκω, ἐλκῦσα):—the Lat. SERPO, REPO, to creep, crawl, move slowly: of men, to creep, glide, slink about: ἐρποντα creeping things. 2. metaph. to creep on, spread, as in Lat. serpit rumor.

ἐρπωμεν, Dor. I pl. pres. subj. of ἐρπω.

ἐρράγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρράδδαι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥαῖνω: ἐρράδατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐρραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥάπτω.

ἐρράπσα, aor. I of ῥάπτιζω.

ἐρρήθην and ἐρρήθην, aor. I pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

ἐρρηξα, aor. I of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρρίγα, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίγιστα, aor. I of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίζωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ῥιζώω.

ἐρριμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥίπτω.

ἐρριψα, aor. I of ῥίπτω.

ἐρρήκα, pf. of ῥέω;—ἐρρήνυ, aor. 2 pass.

ἐρ-ρhythmos, ον, in rhythm, time or measure.

ἘΡΡΩ, fut. ἐρρήσω: aor. I ἤρρησα: pf. ἤρρηκα:—to go or walk slowly; properly of a halting gait, whence Vulcan is called ἐρρων, limping. II. in a bad sense, to go or come to ruin; ἐρρων ἐκ ναός gone or fallen from a ship: imperat. ἐρρε, or ἐρρε ἐς κόρακας, Lat. abi in malam rem, go with a plague on thee; ἐρρέτω let him pass, away with him; ἐρρέτω Ἴλιον let Troy perish! ἐρρει τὰ καλὰ the luck is gone!

ἐρρωγα, pf. 2 of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥάννυμι, as Adj., in good health, vigorous, stout: Adv. ἐρρωμένως, stoutly: irreg. Comp. ἐρρωμενέστερος, Sup. —έστατος.

ἐρρώνωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ῥώομαι; ἐρρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med.; ἐρρώσθην, aor. I pass.

ἐρρώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ῥάννυμι.

ἐρρωσθε, pf. imperat. pass. of ῥάννυμι.

ἔρση Ep. ἔερση, ἡ, (ἄρδω) dew, Lat. ros; τεθαλῦτα ἔερση plenteous dew: in pl. rain-drops. II. metaph. of any young and tender thing, esp. of late-born lambs, cp. μέτασσαι. Hence

ἔρστηεις Ep. ἔερσῆεις, εἶσα, εν, dewy, dew-be-sprinkled:—of a corpse, fresh.

ἐρσην, ενος, ὁ, Ion. for ἄρσην, ἄρην.

ἐρυγάνω, Att. form of ἐρεύγομαι, to vomit.

ἐρύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρεύγομαι.

ἐρύμμηλος, η, ον, (ἐρεύγομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρυγάν, aor. 2 part. of ἐρεύγομαι.

ἐρύθαινω, aor. I ἐρύθηνα, poet. for ἐρυθραίνω, toadden, make to blush:—Pass. to become red. Hence

ἐρύθημα, ατος, τό, redness on the skin: a flush, blush. ἐρυθραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐρυθρός) to dye red:—Pass. to become red, to blush.

ἐρυθράνω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], (ἐρυθρός) to be apt to blush.

ἐρυθρο-βάφης, ἐς, (ἐρυθρός, βαφῆναι) dyed red.

ἐρυθρό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ποδός, (ἐρυθρός, πούς) red-footed: the name of a bird, the red-shank.

ἘΡΥΘΡΟΣ, ἁ, ὄν, red, Lat. RUBER. II.

Ἐρυθρὴ θάλασσα, the Erythraean sea, our Indian ocean.

ἐρυκᾶκον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω, inf. ἐρυκᾶκέειν.

ἐρυκᾶνῶ, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain, confine.

ἐρυκανῶσι, Ep. for ἐρυκανῶσι, 3 pl. of ἐρυκανῶ.

ἐρύκω, poet. for ἐρύκω, to restrain. [ᾱ]

ἐρύκω, f. ἔω: aor. I ἤρυξα Ep. ἐρυξα: Ep. aor. 2 ἤρυκᾶκον, or without augm. ἐρύκᾶκον, inf. ἐρυκᾶκέειν: (ἐρύω):—to keep in, hold back, restrain, binder: to control, curb, keep in check; γῇ ἐρύκει earth confines

(the dead); μή με ἔρκευε μάχης keep me not back from fight. 2. to detain a guest. 3. to ward off, Lat. arceo. 4. to keep apart, separate, divide.

II. Pass. to be held back, detained: to be kept away. 2. to be guarded, safe.

ἔρῡμα, atos, τό, (ἐρύομαι) a fence, guard: a bulwark, fort: generally, a defence, safeguard.

ἐρύμῃτιον, τό, Dim. of ἔρῡμα.

ἐρύμνδ-νωτος, on, with impenetrable back.

ἐρύμνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύομαι) fenced, fortified. Hence

ἐρύμνότης, ητος, ἡ, strength, security, of a place.

ἐρύντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι.

ἐρύσσατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. med. of ἐρύω.

ἐρύσ-ἀρμάτος, on, (ἐρύω, ἄρμα) chariot-drawing: Ep. heterocl. pl. ἐρύσαρματες, -ras.

ἐρύσι-θριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύω, θρίξ) for drawing

through the hair, epith. of a comb.

ἐρύσι-νηϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, ναῦς) preserving ships.

ἐρύσι-πτολις, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐρύομαι, πόλις) protecting the city.

ἐρύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρύω) a drawing.

ἐρύσμός, ὁ, (ἐρύομαι) a safeguard.

ἐρύσσασθαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. med. of ἐρύω.

ἐρύσσομεν, Ep. for ἐρύσσωμεν, aor. 1 subj. of ἐρύω.

ἐρύστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐρύω) drawn.

ἐρύτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass.

of ἔρῡμα.

ἘΡΥΩ Ion. εἰρύω: fut. ἐρύσω or ἐρίνω: aor. 1

εἰρύσα Ep. εἰρυσσα or ἐρύσα:—to draw, drag; νεκροὺς

or νεκρὸν ἐρύειν, either of the friends, to drag the

corpsé away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it

off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat

roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to

tear off or down χλαῖνις ἐρύειν τινά to pull him by

the cloak. II. Med. ἐρύομαι Ion. ἐρύομαι: fut. inf.

ἐρύεσθαι, but Ep. fut. also ἐρύσσομαι: aor. 1 εἰρύσῃμην

Ep. εἰρυσσάμην or ἐρυσσάμην: the foll. forms are

pass., pf. εἰρύμαι both in med. and pass. sense, Ep. 3 pl.

εἰρύαται; 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) εἰρύτο

or ἐρύτο, 3 pl. εἰρύντο or εἰρύατο:—to draw to one's

own side; ξίφος ἐρύεσθαι to draw one's sword; ἐρύ-

σασθαι τόξον to draw one's bow to, to string it;

ἐρύεσθαι νῆας to launch one's ships, but in pass. sense,

of the ships, to be hauled ashore. 2. from the sense

of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the

sense to rescue, deliver, and hence to protect,

guard. 3. to keep off, ward off: ἡ δ' οὐκ ἔρχος

ἐρύτο it kept not off the spear: hence to check,

thwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to

keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, hold

in honour; θέμιστας εἰρύαται they maintain laws.

ἐρχάται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐργω, ἐργω:—ἐρχά-

το (or ἐέρχάτο), 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐρχάταμαι, Pass. to be shut up. From

ἐρχάτος, ὁ, (ἐργω) a fence, enclosure, hedge.

ἐρχάτομαι, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐρχάταμαι.

ἐρχάθεις, aor. 1 part. pass. of ἐργω, ἐργω.

ἘΡΧΟΜΑΙ impf. ἵρχομαι:—the tenses are

formed from the Root ἐλεύθω: fut. ἐλεύσομαι: aor.

ἤλυθον, syncop. ἦλθον Dor. ἦνθον; later also aor. 1 ἦλθα: pf. ἐλήλυθα Ep. εἰλήλουθα, 1 pl. εἰλήλουσμεν, part. εἰλήλουθώς: 3 sing. plqpf., Ion. ἐληλύθεε Ep. ἐληλύθει:—to come or go:—to come back, return:—in Homer with cognate words, as, ὁδόν or κέλευθον ἐλθεῖν; also poet., ἀγγελίην ἐλθεῖν to go on a message. 2. c. gen. loci, πεδίοιο ἐλθεῖν to go through or across the plain. 3. with fut. part., ἐρχομαι οἰσόμενος ἔρχος I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, ἐρχομαι ἐρέω I am going to tell, Fr. je vais dire.

II. later phrases: εἰς λόγους ἐρχεσθαι τινι to come to speech, have an interview, converse with. 2. ἐπὶ πάν ἐλθεῖν to try every-

thing. 3. παρὰ μικρὸν ἐλθεῖν, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with διὰ and its case, periph. for a Verb, as, διὰ μάχης τινι ἐρχεσθαι for μάχεσθαι τινι, διὰ πολέμου ἐρχεσθαι for πολεμεῖν, etc.

ἐρῶ, ἐρψόμενος, Dor. 1 sing. and pl. fut. of ἐρπω.

ἐρῶ, dat. of ἐπος, love: see ἐρως.

ἘΡΩ Ion. and Ep. ἐρέω, fut. (φημί, λέγω and ἀγο-

ρεύω being used as pres. and εἶπον as aor. 2): from the

same Root come pf. ἐῖρηκα, pass. εἶρημαι, plqpf. pass.

εἶρημην; aor. 1 pass. ἐῖρηθην and ἐῖρήθην, inf. ῖρηθῆ-

ναι; fut. pass. ῖρηθήσομαι, fut. 3 εἰρήσομαι:—I will

say, speak. 2. I will tell, proclaim, announce:

hence I will promise. 3. I will tell, order him to

do: εἰρητό οἱ, c. inf., it had been told him to

do. II. ἐρέω occurs sometimes in Hom. as a

pres.=ἐρομαι, ἐίρομαι, to ask for or after.

ἘΡΩΔΙΟΣ, ὁ, the heron or bern, Lat. ARDEA.

ἐρωέτω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of

ἐρώω, f. ἦω: aor. 1 ἠρώησα Ep. ἐρώησα:—to flow,

stream, burst out: to gush out by starts or at inter-

vals. 2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen.: absol.,

νέφος οὐποτ' ἐρωεῖ the cloud never leaves it.

II. trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to

ῥώομαι.) Hence

ἐρώη, ἡ, any quick, violent motion; δούρδς ἐρωή the

rush or flight of a spear; λικμητήρος ἐρωή the force

or swing of the winner's (shovel). 2. an im-

pulse, desire. II. a retreat from, rest from;

πολέμου ἐρωή.

ἐρωήσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐρωέω: ἐρωήσaiτε, 2 pl. opt.

ἐρω-μανέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐρως, μαίνομαι) to be madly in

love. Hence

ἐρωμάνία, ἡ, mad love.

ἐρωμένιον, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of

ἐρώμενος, ὁ, ἐρωμένη, ἡ, pres. part. pass. of ἐράω,

a loved one, one's love.

ἐρως, ὁρος, ὁ: heterocl. dat. ἐρῶ (from ἐπος), acc.

ἐρῶν, for regular dat. ἐρῶτι, acc. ἐρῶτα: (ἐπος):—

love: desire for a thing. II. as prop. n., the

god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. ἐρωτες the Loves.

Hence

ἐρωτάριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid.

ἐρωτάω Ion. ἐρ-, f. ἦω: aor. 1 ἠρώησα: (ἐρ-

μαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; τὸ ἐρωτη-

θέν the question. II. to question a person. III. to ask, solicit, beg. Hence
 ἐρώτημα, ατος, τό, a question; ἐρώτημα τοῦ ξυνθήματος the asking for the watchword, the challenge of soldiers.

ἐρωτήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐρωτάω) a questioning.
 ἐρωτίας, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἐρωτικός.
 ἐρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔρως) of or caused by love; ἐρωτική ξυντυχία a love affair. 2. given to love, fond. Hence

ἐρωτικῶς, Adv. lovingly, fondly.
 ἐρωτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἔρως) a loved one, darling. II. as Adj. ἐρωτίδες νῆσοι islands of love.
 ἐρωτο-γράφος, ὄν, (ἔρως, γράφω) writing on love.
 ἐρωτο-πλάνος, ὄν, (ἔρως, πλάνάω) beguiling love.
 ἐρωτο-πλοῖω, ἡ, ἡσω, (ἔρως, πλοῖος) to sail on love's ocean.

ἐρωτύλος, ὁ, (ἔρως) a darling, sweetheart. II. as Adj., ἐρωτύλα ἀείδεν to sing love-songs. [ῥ]
 ἔς, Ion. and old Att. form for εἰς, to: for all compounds with ἔσ- see under εἰς-.

ἔς, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔημι.
 ἐς-αγγελεύς, ἐς-αγγέλω, for εἰσαγγ-.
 ἐς-αγείρω, v. εἰσαγείρω; in Homer only in 3 sing. Ep. impf. med. ἐσαγείρετο, Ep. aor. I med. ἐσαγείρατο.
 ἐς-άγω, v. εἰσάγω.

ἐς-αιέν, (ἐς, αἰέν) Adv. for ever.
 ἐς-αθρέω, ἐς-ἄκοντιζω, ἐς-ἄκούω, v. sub εἰς-.
 ἐσαθρήσαιμι, aor. I opt. of εἰσαθρέω.
 ἐσάλοτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι.
 ἔσαν, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἔννυμι.
 ἐσάντα, v. εἰσάντα.

ἐς-ἅπας, Ion. for εἰσᾶπ-, (ἐς, ἅπας) at once.
 ἐσάπην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of σῆπω.
 ἐς-απικνέομαι, Ion. for εἰσαπικνέομαι.

ἐς-ἀραρᾶσσω, v. εἰσαράσσω.
 ἔσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἔννυμι.
 ἐς-ἄχρι, Adv. for εἰς ἄχρι, until, c. gen.
 ἐσάσθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σάσω, Ep. for σάζω.
 ἐσάωσα, aor. I of σάωω, Ep. for σάζω.
 ἐσβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of εἰσβαίω.
 ἐς-βαίνω, ἐς-βάλλω, v. εἰσβαίνω, εἰσβάλλω.
 ἐσβάς, aor. 2 part. of εἰσβαίνω.
 ἔσβην, aor. 2 of σβέννυμι.

ἐς-βιβάζω, ἐς-βολή, v. εἰσβιβάζω, εἰσβολή.
 ἐς-δέκομαι, Ion. for εἰσδέχομαι.
 ἐς-διδωμι, ἐς-δύομαι, ἐς-δύω, v. εἰσδ-.
 ἐσδόμενοι, ἐσδόμεθα, Dor. for ἐξόμενοι, ἐξόμεθα.
 ἔσαι, ἔσεται, poet. for ἔσει or ἔση, ἔσαι, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum.

ἐσδράσκον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι.
 ἐσδράσκω, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.
 ἔσ-ειμι, v. εἰσείμι.
 ἐσελεύσομαι, fut. of εἰσέρχομαι.
 ἐσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.
 ἐσεμασσάμην, Ep. aor. I of εἰσμαιομαι (cf. ἐπιμαίομαι), to touch; μάλα γὰρ με θάνον ἐσεμασσάτο

θυμόν for by his death he very much touched me in heart.

ἐσέπατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσέταμαι.
 ἐσεργγύναι, Ion. inf. of εἰσείργω, εἰσεργῶ.
 ἐς-έρχομαι, v. εἰσέρχομαι.
 ἐσεσάχατο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of σάττω.
 ἐσέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εἰσχύω.
 ἐς-έχω, ἐς-ηθέω, v. sub εἰσέχω, εἰσηθέω.
 ἐσήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of εἰσάλλομαι.
 ἐσημίαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of σημαίνω.
 ἔσηνα, aor. I of σάναω.
 ἔσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἔημι. 2. pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἐσθέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 inf. med. of εἰστίθην.
 ἐσθῶ, (ἐσθής) to clothe:—Pass. to be clothed, dressed; mostly in pf. ἥσθημι Ion. ἐσθημαι; ἐσθῆτα ἐσθημένος clad in raiment. Hence
 ἔσθημα, ατος, τό, a garment, dress.
 ἐσθην, 3 dual plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.
 ἐσθής, ἥτος, ἡ, (ἔσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι) a garment: dress, clothes, raiment, Lat. vestis.

ἐσθρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐσθῶ) clothing, raiment.
 ἐσθῆς, Ep. inf. ἐσθιέμεν: impf. ἥσθιμι: fut. ἔδομαι (from Ep. pres. *ἘΔΩ): pf. act. ἐδήδοκα, pass. ἐδήδεσμαι: aor. I pass. ἠδέσθην: aor. 2 act. ἐφάγον (from Root *ΦΑΓΩ):—the Lat. EDO, to eat: metaph. to devour, consume, like fire or an eating disease; ἐσθίειν ἑαυτὸν το νεκ or annoy oneself; ἐσθίειν τὴν χελύνην to bite the lip:—Pass. to be eaten; οἶκος ἐσθιεται the house is eaten up.

ἔσθλο'ς, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἐσλός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀγαθός, good of his kind: brave, stout: also noble, wealthy: kind, good. 2. of omens, good, lucky. 3. as Subst., ἐσθλά goods: absol., ἐσθλόν good luck.
 ἐσθλότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἐσθλός.
 ἐσθορον, Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσθρῶσσω.
 ἔσθος, εος, τό, = ἐσθής, a dress, garment.
 ἐσθ' ὅτε, for ἐστὶν ὅτε, Lat. est quum, there is a time when, i. e. now and then, sometimes.

ἐς-θρῶσσω, v. εἰσθρῶσσω.
 ἔσθω, Ep. inf. ἐσθέμεναι, impf. ἥσθον, poet. form of ἐσθῶ, to eat, devour: metaph. to eat up or consume one's means.

ἐσιγάην [ᾱ], Dor. aor. I pass. of σιγάω.
 εἰσιδεῖν, for εἰσιδεῖν, inf. of εἰσείδω.
 εἰσιδέσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 2 med. of εἰσείδω.
 ἐσιτέμεναι, fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσίστημι.
 ἐσιζήται, for εἰσιζήται, 3 sing. subj. of εἰσιζομαι.
 ἐς-ίημι, ἐς-ικνέομαι, ἐς-ίπταμαι, v. εἰς-.
 ἐς-καταβαίνω, v. εἰσκ-.

ἐσκατάθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of εἰσκατατίθην.
 ἔσκε, Ep. and Ion. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἐσκέδασα, aor. I of σκεδάννυμι.
 ἔσκεμαι, pf. of σκοπέω.
 ἐσκιδναντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκίδναι.
 ἐσκληκα, intr. pf. of σκέλλω: ἔσκλην, aor. 2.
 ἔσκον, Ep. and Ion. for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἑσλός, Dor. for ἑσθλός.
ἑσμηχον, impf. of σμήχω.
ἑσμός or ἑσμός, ὁ, (ἱμν) a swarm of bees: any swarm or flock; ἑσμοὶ γάλακτος streams of milk.
ἑσμο-τόκος, ον, (ἑσμός, τεκεῖν) producing swarms of bees.

ἔσο, Ep. for ἔσθι, imperat. of εἰμί.
ἔσο-οικέω, ἔσο-οικίζω, v. εἰσ-.
ἔσοπτος, v. εἰσοπτος. Hence
ἔσοπτρον, v. εἰσοπτρον.
ἔσο-οράω, v. εἰσοράω.
ἔσοράμες, Dor. for εἰσοράωμεν.
ἔσοῦμαι, Dor. for ἔσομαι, fut. of εἰμί sum.
ἔσόσομαι, fut. of ἔσοράω, εἰσοράω.
ἔσπάθημαι, pf. pass. of σπαθᾶω.
ἔσπαρμαι, pf. pass. of σπείρω.
ἔσπεισα, aor. I of σπένδω.
ἙΣΠΕΡΑ, ἡ, (Lat. VESPERA, fem. of the Adj. ἑσπερος: 1. (sub. ὥρα), evening; ἑσπέρας (gen. of time) at eve; ἀπὸ ἑσπέρας after evening, at night-fall; εἰς or πρὸς ἑσπέραν towards evening; in plur. the evening hours, eventide. 2. (sub. χώρα), the west, Lat. occidens; τὸ πρὸς ἑσπέρας the west country. Hence
ἑσπερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἑσπεριος.
ἑσπέριος, α, ον, and ος, ον, (ἑσπερος) of Time, in the evening, at eventide. II. of Place, western, towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.
ἑσπερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, peculiar fem. of ἑσπεριος, at evening.

II. as Subst., αἱ Ἑσπερίδες the Hesperides, daughters of Evening, who dwelt on a western island of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden apples.

ἙΣΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. VESPER, evening; μένον ἐπὶ ἑσπερον ἐλθεῖν they waited for even to come on; irregul. plur. neut. ἑσπερα, τά, the hours of evening, eventide. 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i. e. darkness, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening; ἑσπερος ἀστήρ the evening-star. 2. of Place, Western.

ἔσπετε, for εἴπετε, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of εἶπον.
ἑσπόμην, aor. 2 of ἑπομαι: Homer retains ἐ- in all the moods, imperat. ἐσπέσθω, subj. ἑσπωνται, opt. ἑσποίμην, inf. ἐσπέσθαι, part. ἐσπόμενος.
ἔσπον, aor. 2 of ἔπω.
ἔσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἔννυμι; ἔσσαι, inf. (but also 2 sing. pf. pass.): ἑσσάμενος, aor. I part. med.
ἑσσεῖται, 3 sing. of ἑσσοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of εἰμί sum.
ἑσσεσθαι, for ἑσεσθαι, fut. inf. of εἰμί sum.
ἑσσευα, Ep. for ἑσευα, aor. I of σεύω.
ἑσσί, Ep. and Dor. for εἰς, εἴ, 2 sing. of εἰμί sum.
ἔσσο, Ep. for ἔσο, imperat. of ἔννυμι. II. Ep. 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.
ἑσσομαι, for ἔσομαι, Ep. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἑσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἔννυμι.
ἑσσοῦμαι, Ion. for ἡσσοῦμαι: impf. ἑσσοῦμην: aor. I ἑσσάσθην: pf. ἑσσομαι: Pass.: (ἑσσω, Ion. for ἡσσω):—to be beaten.

ἑσσομαι, pf. pass. of σεύω: ἑσσοῦμην, plqpf. with sense of aor. 2.

ἑσσομένους, ἡ, ον, part. pass. of σεύω (in sense and accent a pres., but redupl. as if pf.), driven, hurried on, vehement: eager, yearning for: hence Adv., ἑσσομένως hastily, vehemently.

ἑσσύω, ἑσσύτο, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. pass. of σεύω, with sense of aor. 2.

ἑσσωθῆναι, Ion. for ἡσσωθῆναι, v. ἑσσώω.

ἑσσω, Ep. fut. of ἔννυμι.

ἑσσων, Ion. for ἡσσων.

*ἔσται, pf. 2 of ἴσθμι with intrans. pres. sense, to stand: only in the following forms, dual ἑστάων, plur. ἑστάμεν, ἑστάτε, ἑστάσι; inf. ἑστάναι Ep. ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι; part. ἑσταῖς Att. contr. ἑσῶς Ion. ἑστέως and ἑσῆως, fem. ἑσῶσα.

ἔσται, 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἔσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἑστάλδο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of στέλλω.

ἑστάλην, aor. 2 pass. of στέλλω: ἑσταλκα, pf.

ἑστάμεν, ἑστάμεναι [ᾶ], see ἔσται.

ἑστάμεν, 1 pl. of ἔσται.

ἔσταν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἴσθμι.

ἑστάναι, for ἑστηκέναι, v. ἔσται.

ἑσταῶτες, plur. of ἑσταῖς, v. ἔσται.

ἑστάσαν, 3 pl. poet. plqpf. of ἴσθμι, they stood, v. ἔσται: but 2. ἑστάσαν, shortd. for ἑστησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ἴσθμι, they placed.

ἑστάσι, 3 pl. poet. pf. of ἴσθμι; v. ἔσται.

ἑστάτε, 2 plur., and ἑστάτων, 2 and 3 dual; see ἔσται.

ἑσταυρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταυρόω.

ἔσ-τε Dor. ἔσ-τε (ἐς, τε) Conjunct. till, until, Lat. donec. 2. so long, so long as. II. Adv. even to, Lat. usque.

ἔσταιλα, aor. I of στέλλω.

ἑστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στέφω.

ἑστέρημαι, pf. pass. of στερέω.

ἑστεφάνωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στεφανώω.

ἑστέως, Ion. pf. part. of ἴσθμι; v. ἔσται.

ἑστηκα, ἑστήκειν, pf. and plqpf. intr. of ἴσθμι.

ἑστην, aor. 2 intr. of ἴσθμι.

ἑστήξω, ἑστήξομαι, fut. intr. of ἴσθμι, I shall or will stand: cp. τεθήξω, τεθήξομαι from θνήσκω.

ἑστήρικται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of στήριζω: ἑστήρικτο, plqpf.

ἑστήσα, ἑστησάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ἴσθμι.

ἑστηώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἴσθμι; v. ἔσται.

ἑστία Ion. ἱστία, ἡ, (ἕζομαι) the hearth of a house; the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanctuary for suppliants. 2. the house itself, a dwelling, home. 3. the household, family. II. as nom. pr., Ἑστία Ion. ἱστία, the Roman Vesta, daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of the hearth and home, invoked first at festivals.

ἑστιάμα, ατος, τό, (ἑστιάω) a banquet,

ἑστιάρχω, f. ἦσω, to be master of a house. From ἑστι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἑστία, ἄρχω) master of a house.

ἐστίασις, εὖς, ἡ, (ἐστία) a feasting, banqueting.
 ἐστίαω, impf. εἰσίων: f. ἐστιάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I εἰσ-
 τιάσα: pf. εἰστιάκα:—Pass., f. (in med. form) ἐστιά-
 σμαι: aor. I εἰστιάθην: pf. εἰστιάμαι: (ἐστία):—to
 receive into one's home, to entertain hospitably, to feast:
 —Pass. to be a guest, be feasted: c. acc. rei, to feast on; ἐστίασθαι ἐνύπνιον to have a visionary feast.

ἐστι-οὔχος, ον, (ἐστία, ἔχω) guarding the house or
 state. 2. having an altar or hearth. 3. on the
 hearth or altar.

ἐστιώω, f. ὥσω, (ἐστία) to found a hearth or house:
 —Pass., δῶμα ἐστιοῦται the family is established.

ἐστιχόν, aor. 2 of στείχω.

ἐστιχόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στιχάω.

ἐστιώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. —ῶτις, ιδος, (ἐστία) of or from
 the house.

ἔστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.

ἔστο-τοξεύω, = εἰστο-τοξεύω.

ἔστοργα, pf. of στέργω.

ἔστόρεσα, aor. 1 of στόρνεννυμι.

ἔστραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφω.

ἔστράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω.

ἔσ-τρίς, (ἐς, τρίς) Adv. until three times, thrice.

ἔστρῆμένος, pf. part. pass. of στράννυμι.

ἔστρωσα, —ῶτην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of στράν-
 νυμι.

ἔστρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στράννυμι.

ἔστυγον, aor. 2 of στυγέω.

ἔστωρ, ορος, ὁ, a peg or nail at the end of the pole,
 on which the ring, κρίκος, for fastening the harness
 was fixed. (Deriv. uncertain)

ἔστως, —ῶσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ἵστημι; v.
 ἔσταα.

ἐσύλησα, aor. 1 of σῦλάω.

ἐσύνηκα, irreg. for συνῆκα, aor. 1 of συνίημι.

ἔσῦρα, aor. 1 of σύρω.

ἐσύρην [ῶ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω.

ἐσ-ύστερον, Adv. for εἰς ὑστέρον, for the future.

ἐσφάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.

ἐσφαγαίμαι, pf. pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.

ἐσφαλώτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of σφαίρω.

ἐσφάλην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάλω.

ἐσφαλμαί, pf. pass. of σφάλω.

ἐσφαξα, aor. 1 of σφάζω, σφάττω.

ἐσ-φέρω, v. εἰσ-φέρω.

ἐσφήκωντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφηκώ.

ἐσφήλα, aor. 1 of σφάλω.

ἐσ-φορέω, v. εἰσ-φορέω.

ἐσφραγίσμενος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω.

ἘΣΧΑΡΑ Ion. ἐσχάρη, ἡ: Ep. gen. and dat. ἐσ-
 χαρόφιν:—the hearth, fire-place, like ἐστία; πυρὸς
 ἐσχάροι watch-fires. II. an altar for burnt offer-
 ings. III. a pan of coals; a brasier. Hence

ἐσχαρεών, ὄνος, ὁ, = ἐσχαρά 1.

ἐσχαρίος, ον, (ἐσχάρα) of or on the hearth.

ἐσχαρόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἐσχαρά.

ἐσχάσα, aor. 1 of σχάζω.

ἐσχάτω, (ἐσχατος) to be at the edge; only used in

Ep. part., ἐσχατόων, ὄνοσα, of men, lurking about the
 edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border.

ἐσχατῖα Ion. —ῖη, ἡ, (ἐσχατος) the furthest part, the
 edge, border, verge. II. a remote, retired spot.

ἐσχατίος, ον, poet. for ἐσχατος.

ἐσχατός, η, ον, (ἐκ, ἐξ) the furthest, uttermost, ex-
 tremest; ἐσχατοὶ ἀνθρώπων most remote of mankind:—
 the furthest each way: 1. the uppermost, highest,
 Lat. summus. 2. the lowest, Lat. imus. 3. the

innermost, Lat. intimus. II. of sufferings, the
 uttermost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., τὸ ἐσχατον,

τὰ ἐσχατα, the utmost, last, greatest extremity; ἐσχατ'
 ἐσχάτων κακὰ worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ ἐσχα-
 τώτατα the extremest. III. Adv. ἐσχάτως, to
 the uttermost, extremely; also neut. ἐσχατον as Adv.
 for the last time: Comp. ἐσχατώτερον more extremely,

Sup. ἐσχατότατα, most utterly.

ἐσχατόων, ὄνοσα, Ep. part. of ἐσχατάω.

ἐσχεθον, poet. for ἐσχον, aor. 2 of ἔχω; Ep. σχέ-
 θον; imper. σχεθέτω; subj. σχέθω; opt. σχέθοιμι;

inf. σχεθεῖν Ep. —εῖν; part. σχέθων.

ἐσ-χέω, for εἰσχεώ.

ἐσχηκα, ἐσχηγμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔχω.

ἐσχίστα, aor. 1 of σχίζω.

ἐσχίστην, aor. 1 pass. of σχίζω.

ἐσχισμαί, pf. pass. of σχίζω.

ἔσχον, ἐσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἔχω.

ἔσχω, impf. of σχάω.

ἔσω Ep. ἔσω, fut. of ἐννυμι.

ἔσω, Adv. for εἶσω, within: Comp. ἐσωτέρω, more
 within: inner:—Sup. ἐσωτάτω, most within. Hence

ἐσωθεν and —θε, Adv. from within: within, inside.

ἐσώτην, aor. 1 pass. of σώζω.

ἐσώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from ἔσω, innermost,
 Lat. intimus. Adv. ἐσωτάτω, v. ἔσω.

ἐσώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. from ἔσω, inner, Lat.

interior: Adv. ἐσωτέρω, v. ἔσω.

ἐτάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω.

ετάζω, f. σω, (ἐτεός) to examine, test.

ετάθην [ᾶ], aor. 1 pass. of τείνω.

ἐταῖρα, ἡ, fem. of ἐταῖρος.

ἐταιρεία or —ία Ion. —ῖη, ἡ, (ἐταῖρος) compani-
 onship: an association, club, brotherhood. II. at

Athens, a political club or union for party pur-
 poses.

III. generally, friendship, intimacy.

ἐταιρείος, α, ον, Ion. —ῖος, η, ον, (ἐταῖρος) of comrades
 or fellowship: Ζεὺς ἐτ. presiding over fellowship.

ἐταιρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐταῖρα) to be a courtesan.

ἐταιρήτη, —ῖος, Ion. for ἐταιρεία, —είος.

ἐταιρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἐταῖρος) to be one's comrade
 or companion in arms. 2. = ἐταιρέω, to be a cour-
 tesan.

II. Med. to choose for one's comrade.

ἐταιρικός, η, ὄν, = ἐταιρείος, of or like a comrade,

social; τὸ ἐταιρικόν = ἐταιρεία.

ἐταρίς, ιδος, ἡ, = ἐταῖρα, a courtesan.

ἐταιρίσσαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of ἐταιρίζω.

ἐταῖρος Ep. and Ion. ἑτάρος, ὁ, (ἑτης) a companion,
 comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a shipmate,

α messmate: also a fellow-slave:—as Adj. associated; Sup. ἑταιρότατος. II. ἑταῖρα Ion. ἑταῖρη Ep. ἑτάρη, ἡ, a female companion, helper, friend. 2. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtesan, barlot. Hence

ἑταιρόσυνος, ἡ, on, friendly: as Subst. a friend. ἑτάκει, ἑτάκετο, Dor. for ἐτήκου, ἐτήκετο, 2 and 3 sing. impf. med. of τήκω.

ἐτάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of τήκω. ἐτάκων, -όμεν, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of τήκω.

ἐτάλασσας, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I of ταλάω.

ἐτάμων, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἐταξα, aor. I of τάσσω.

ἐτάραξα, aor. I of ταραάσσω.

ἐταρίζομαι, Ep. for ἐταυρίζομαι.

ἐταρος, ἐτάρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἑταῖρος, ἑταῖρα.

ἐτάρπη, aor. 2 pass. of τέρπω.

ἐτάρφθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τέρπω.

ἔτας, acc. pl. of ἔτης.

ἐάτμος, Dor. for ἐτήτμος.

ἐτάφην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

ἐτάχθην, aor. I pass. of τάσσω.

ἐτέβαπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of θάπτω.

ἐτέθην, aor. I pass. of τίθημι.

ἐτεθήπεα, Ep. plqpf. of τέθηπα.

ἐτέθυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in med. sense) of θύω.

ἔτεος, α, on, (ἔτος) yearly, annual. II. of one year, yearling.

ἔτεκον, ἐτεκόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of τίκτω.

ἔτελειετο, Ep. for ἐτελείετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of τελέω.

ἔτελέσθην, aor. I pass. of τελέω.

ἔτέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

ἔτεμον, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

Ἐτεό-κρητες, οἱ, (ἐτεοί, Κρήτες) true Cretans.

ἘΤΕΟΨ, ὁ, ὄν, (perhaps from εἰμί sum) true, real, genuine: in neut. ἐτεόν as Adv., in truth, in sooth, really, truly, verily, Lat. *revera*:—Att. in ironical questions, ἐτεόν; so! indeed! Lat. *itane*? Ion. dat. fem. ἐτεῆ is also used as Adv., in truth.

ἑτερ-αλκής, ἐς, (ἑτερος, ἀλκή) giving strength to one of two; Δαναοῖσι μάχης ἑτεραλκεία νίκην δοῦναι to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Danaans; νίκη ἑτεραλκής a decisive victory; δῆμος ἑτεραλκής a body of men which decides the victory. II. inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. *anceps*.

ἑτερ-ήμερος, on, (ἑτερος, ἡμέρα) on alternate days, day and day alternately.

ἑτέρηφι, Ep. dat. fem. of ἑτερος.

ἑτερό-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, on, (ἑτερος, γλῶσσα) of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue.

ἑτερό-γνάθος, on, with one side of the mouth harder than the other, of a horse.

ἑτερο-διδασκάλω, (ἑτερος, διδάσκαλος) to teach other than the truth, to teach errors.

ἑτερό-δοξος, on, (ἑτερος, δόξα) of another opinion, differing in opinion. 2. of other than the true opinion, heterodox.

ἑτερό-ζηλος, on, (ἑτερος, ζήλος) zealous for one side, partial: Adv. -λως, unfairly. II. devoted to another pursuit.

ἑτεροζυγέω, f. ἦσω, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: be at variance with. From

ἑτερό-ζυγος, on, (ἑτερος, ζυγόν) unevenly yoked: different. 2. unequally balanced.

ἑτεροῖος, α, on, (ἑτερος) of a different nature or kind. Adv. -οῖως. Hence

ἑτεροῖως, f. ὡσώ, to make otherwise, alter:—Pass. to become changed, alter.

ἑτερο-κλινής, ἐς, (ἑτερος, κλινῆναι) leaning to one side: of ground, sloping.

ἑτερο-μήκος, ἐς, (ἑτερος, μήκος) with unequal sides, oblong, rectangular.

ἑτερο-μήτωρ, opor, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑτερος, μήτηρ) born of another mother.

ἑτερό-πλοος, on, contr. -πλους, ουν, (ἑτερος, πλέω) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage, of money.

ἑτερορ-ρεπής, ἐς, and ἑτερόρ-ροπος, on, (ἑτερος, ρέπω) inclined to one side; ἑτερορρεπὴς Ζεὺς who makes now one side and now another preponderate.

ἘΤΕΡΟΣ, α, on, Lat. *ALTER*, the other, one of two; χειρὶ φέρειν ἑτέρῃ to carry in one of his hands; ἑτεροὶ ἑτέρων ἀρχοῦσι the one rule the other; ἑτερος τοιοῦτος another such; ἑτέρα τοσαῦτα as many more, Lat. *alterum tantum*; δεύτερος ἑτερος yet a second. 2. also like Lat. *alter*, for δεύτερος, second; ἡ ἑτέρα (sub. ἡμέρα), the second day, i. e. the day after to-morrow. II. put loosely for ἄλλος, Lat. *alius*, opp., not to one, but to many. III. other (than usual), different: of other kind, like ἄλλοις; other (than good), Lat. *sequalor*, evil. IV. as Adv. in dat. fem., τῇ ἑτέρᾳ, θατέρᾳ (sub. ὀδῷ) otherwise, in another way, place, or manner; also (sub. χειρὶ) with one hand, i. e. with the left hand; and (sub. ἡμέρα) on the next day. 2. also neut., τὸ ἑτερον, τὰ ἑτερα, as ἐπὶ θάτερα one or the other way; ἐκ τοῦ ἐπὶ θάτερα from the one side, opp. to εἰς τὰ ἐπὶ θάτερα to the other side. [The Dor. used ἄτερος [ᾱ] for ἑτερος: whereas in Att. ἄτερος [ᾱ] was (by crasis) for ὁ ἑτερος: gen. θατέρου, dat. θατέρῳ, acc. θάτερον.]

ἑτερό-τροπος, on, (ἑτερος, τρόπος) of different sort or fashion: of different turn or temper. II. turning another way: uncertain, inconstant.

ἑτερό-φωνος, on, (ἑτερος, φωνή) of different voice or speech, barbarous.

ἑτέρσετο, 3 sing. impf. of τέροσμαι.

ἐτέρφθην, aor. I pass. of τέρπω.

ἑτέρωθεν, (ἑτερος) Adv. from the other side. II. on the other side, opposite.

ἑτέρωθι, (ἑτερος) Adv. on the other side: elsewhere: ἐτέρωθι τοῦ λόγου in another part of my story. II. at another time.

ἑτέρως, Adv. of ἑτερος, differently, otherwise.

ἐτέρωσε, (ἕτερος) Adv. to one side, to the other side : hence to another place.

ἐτέρωτα, Aeol. for ἑτέρωτι, at another time.

ἐτίταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τέλλω.

ἐτετεύχωτο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτετεύχεαι, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. of τυγχάνω.

ἐτετήκει, intr. plqpf. of τήκω.

ἐτέτραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτετμον, impf. of τέττω.

ἐτέτυξο, -υκτο, 2 and 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτευξα, aor. I of τεύχω.

ἐτεύχετον, 3 dual impf. of τεύχω.

ἐτέχθην, aor. I pass. of τίκτω.

ἐτήξα, aor. I of τήκω.

ἜΤΗΣ, ου, ὁ, a kinsman, clansman, cousin. II.

Att. a townsman, neighbour : a private citizen. III. for ὦ τάν or ὦ τάν, v. sub τάν.

ἐτηρία (sub. ἀνεμοί), ου, οί, (ἔτος) periodical winds, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer : too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

ἐτήσιος, ου, (ἔτος) a year long, for a year. 2. yearly, annual.

ἐτητύμια, ἡ, truth. From

ἐτήτυμος, ου, lengthd. for ἔτυμος, true, genuine, real, Lat. sincerus. Adv. ἐτητύμως, also neut. ἐτήτυμον as Adv., in truth, really.

ἘΤΙ, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, yet, as yet, still, Lat. adhuc. II. of the Future, yet longer, still. III. generally, yet, still, besides, moreover, Lat. praeterea; ἐτι δέ nay more; ἐτ' ἄλλος yet another; ἐτι μᾶλλον yet more.

ἐτίθει, τίθει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω = τίθημι.

ἐτίλα, aor. I of τίλλω.

ἐτίμασα, Dor. aor. I of τιμάω.

ἐτιναχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

ἐτίσα, aor. I of τίνω.

ἐτλην Dor. ἐτλᾶν, aor. 2 of the root *τλάω : but ἐτλᾶν, Ep. for ἐτλησαν, 3 plur.

ἐτιμάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of τιμῆγω.

ἐτιμήθην, aor. I pass. of τέμνω.

ἐτη-ῆρύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἔτνος, ἀρύω) a soup-ladle.

ἘΤΝΟΣ, εως, τό, a thick soup of peas or beans : soup, pudding.

ἐτοιμάζω, f. ἄσω, aor. I ἡτοίμασα : (ἐτοῖμος) :—to make or get ready, prepare :—Med., with pf. pass. ἡτοίμασμαι, to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready : c. inf. to make one ready to do. Hence

ἐτοιμασία, ἡ, a being prepared, preparation : readiness.

ἐτοιμασσαίατο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐτοιμάω.

ἘΤΟΙΜΟΣ or ἔτοιμος, η, ου, or ος, ου, at hand, ready, prepared : ἐξ ἐτοίμου immediately, off hand. II. τὰ ἐτοιμα, I. Lat. quae in promptu

sunt; ἐπὶ τὰ ἐτοιμα μᾶλλον τρέπονται betake them-

selves rather to that which is close at hand. 2.

one's property, Lat. parata. II. of persons, ready, active, prompt. 2. of the mind, ready, quick, active, versatile.

III. of things, real, actual, carried into effect.

ἐτοιμότης, ητος, ἡ, a being prepared, readiness.

ἐτοιμο-τόμος, ου, (ἐτοῖμος, τεμείν) ready for cutting.

ἐτοιμός, Adv. of ἔτοιμος, readily : Comp. and Sup.

ἐτοιμώτερον, -ότατα.

ἐτορον, aor. 2 of τορέω.

ἘΤΟΣ, εως, τό, a year : κατὰ ἔτος every year ; ἀνὰ πᾶν ἔτος every year ; δι' ἔτους πέμπτου every fifth year ; ἔτος εἰς ἔτος year after year.

ἐτός, Adv., = ἐτωσίως, without reason, for nothing, in vain : mostly with a negat., οὐκ ἐτός not without reason :—mostly in questions, οὐκ ἐτὸς ἄρ' ὥς ἐμ' ἤλθεν οὐδὲπώποτε ; it was not for nothing then ? (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐτράγων, aor. 2 of τρώγω.

ἐτράπον, ἐτράπην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτράφθην, Ion. aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτράβον, ἐτράβην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέβω.

ἐτρεσα, aor. I of τρέω.

ἐτρεψα, aor. I of τρέπω.

ἐτριψα, ἐτρίφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τρίβω.

ἐτρωσα, ἐτρώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of τινρώσκω.

ἐτύθην [ῡ], aor. I pass. of θύω.

ἐτυμο-λογία, ἡ, (ἐτυμος, λόγος) the true account or analysis of a word : its derivation, etymology.

ἐτύμος, ου, rarely η, ου, (ἐτεός) true, real, actual : neut. pl. ἐτυμα, truths, the truth : neut. ἐτυμον is used as an Adv. like ἐτεόν, indeed, of a truth, truly, actually.

ἐτύπην [ῡ], Dor. aor. 2 pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύφην [ῡ], aor. 2 pass. of τύφω.

ἐτύφθην, aor. I pass. of τύπτω.

ἐτύχησα, ἐτύχον, aor. I and 2 of τυγχάνω.

ἐτύχθην, aor. I pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτωσιο-εργός, όν, (ἐτώσιος, ἔργον) working in vain.

ἐτώσιος, ου, (ἐτός, Adv.) fruitless, idle, useless.

εὖ Ep. also εὐ, Adv., properly neut. of εὖς, well, opp. to κακός ; εὖ καὶ ἐπισταμένως well and knowingly : sometimes, luckily, happily : εὖ ἔχειν or ἔκειν to be well off, c. gen., εὖ ἔκειν τοῦ βίου to be well off for living : εὖ γεγονός well born. II. as Subst., τὸ εὖ good luck : but also the right, the good cause ; τὸ εὖ νικάτω may the right prevail. III.

in Compos. it commonly implies greatness, abundance, or easiness.

εὖ, Ion. for οὖ, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers.

εὐαγγελίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ιοῦμαι, Dep. (εὐάγγελος) :—to bring good news, announce them. 2. to preach or proclaim as glad tidings : to preach the gospel :—so also in Act., and then in Pass., to have the gospel preached to one :—in Pass. also of the gospel, to be preached.

εὐαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐάγγελος) the reward of good

tidings:—Att. always in plur., εὐαγγέλια στεφανοῦν or ἀναδοῦναι τινα to crown one for good news brought; εὐαγγέλια θύειν to offer a sacrifice for them. II. *the glad tidings, the gospel*.

εὐαγγελιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐαγγελίζομαι) a bringer of good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel. 2. esp. a writer of one of the four Gospels.

εὐ-άγγελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγγέλλω) bringing good news.

εὐ-άγεω, f. ἦσαι, to be pure, holy. From

εὐ-άγής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄγος) guiltless, pure, undefiled, Lat.

castus, of persons and actions:—poët. Adv. εὐάγεως.

εὐ-άγής, ἐς, (άγω) moving well, nimble.

εὐ-άγής, ἐς, = εὐανγής, far-seen, conspicuous; ἔδρα

εὐανγής στρατοῦ a seat in full view of the army.

εὐ-άγητος, ον, = εὐαγής, bright, clear. [ἀ]

εὐ-άγκalos, ον, (εὐ, ἀγκάλη) easy to bear in the

arms.

εὐ-αγκής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀγκος) with fair valleys or glades.

εὐ-ἀγορέω, Dor. for εὐηγορέω.

εὐαγρσία, ἡ, good sport in hunting. From

εὐ-ἀγρέω, (εὐ, ἀγρα) to have good sport. Hence

εὐαγρία, ἡ, good sport in hunting, fishing, etc.

εὐ-ἀγρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγρα) lucky in the chase, suc-

cessful.

εὐ-αγωγός, ὄν, (εὐ, ἄγω) easily led, docile.

εὐ-άγων, ἀνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀγών) belonging to pros-

perous or glorious contests. [ἀ]

εὐάδε, Ep. for ἔαδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

εὐάξω or εὐιάξω, (εὐα) to cry εὐα in honour of Bac-

chus:—also in Med. εὐάζομαι.

εὐ-ἤης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἤμη) with a good breeze, airy. II.

act. blowing fair:—metaph. prosperous, favourable.

εὐ-ἀθλος, ον, (εὐ, ἀθλος) successful in contests.

εὐ-ἀνιγτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνέω) much-extolled.

εὐ-ἀίρετος, ον, (εὐ, αἰρέω) easy to be taken.

εὐ-αἰων, ἀνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αἰών) of happy life, gene-

rally, happy; εὐαἰων ὕπνος blessed sleep.

εὐ-ἀκοέω, εὐάκοος, Dor. for εὐηκ-.

εὐ-ἀλάκατος, ὄν, Dor. for εὐηλ-.

εὐ-αλδής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀλδανῶ) well-grown, luxuriant.

εὐ-άλιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλιος. [ἀ]

εὐ-ἀλφίτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλφειον) of good meal.

εὐ-άλωτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλάνω) easy to be taken. [ἀ]

εὐ-ἀμπελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀμπελος) with fine vines.

εὐάν, evan! a cry of Bacchanalians, like εὐα, εὐοῖ.

εὐ-ἀνακάητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνακαλέω) easy to call back.

εὐανδρία, ἡ, abundance of men, store of good men. II.

manhood, manliness, courage, spirit. From

εὐ-ἀνδρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνήρ) abounding in good men

and true. II. prosperous to men.

εὐ-ἀνεμος [ἀ], ον, Dor. for εὐήνεμος.

εὐ-ἀνθεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνθεμον) with fair flowers,

flowery.

εὐανθη, f. ἦσω, to be flowery or blooming. From

εὐ-ανθής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀνθος) blooming, budding. II.

rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay. 2.

also blooming, fresh.

εὐ-άνιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήμιος. [ἀ]

εὐ-ἄνορτα, ἡ, Dor. for εὐηγορία.

εὐ-ἀντητος, ον, (ἀντάω) easy to meet, gracious.

εὐ-ἄνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for εὐήνωρ. [ἀ]

εὐ-ἀπαλλάκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπαλλάσσω) easily got rid

of: easy to dispose of.

εὐ-ἁπάτητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπάτῶ) easily cheated.

εὐ-ἀπήγητος, ον, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος.

εὐ-ἀποβάτος, ον, convenient for disembarking.

εὐ-ἀποτείχιστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀποτειχίζω) easy to be

walled off or blocked.

εὐ-ἄρεστος, f. ἦσαι, to be well-pleasing. From

εὐ-ἄρεστος, ον, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. εὐ-

ἀρέστω, Comp. -τοτέρως.

εὐ-ἀριθμητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀριθμέω) easy to be counted.

εὐ-ἀρκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχω) well-governed: submissive.

εὐ-ἀρματος, ον, (εὐ, ἄρμα) with good or beautiful

chariot: victorious in the chariot-race.

εὐαρμοσσία, ἡ, easiness of temper, good nature. From

εὐ-ἀρμοστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρμόζω) well-adapted, accom-

modating. II. well-tuned, harmonious.

εὐ-ἄρνος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρνός gen.) rich in sheep.

εὐ-ἄροτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρώ) well-ploughed, easy to be

ploughed.

εὐ-ἀρχος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχομαι) beginning well: making

a good beginning.

εὐάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐα) Bacchic, Bacchanalian.

εὐασμα, ατος, τό, (εὐάσω) a Bacchanalian shout.

εὐασμός, ὁ, (εὐάσω) the cry of εὐα, a shout of revelry,

esp. of Bacchic revelry.

εὐαστεία, ἡ, fem. of εὐαστήρ.

εὐαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and εὐαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐάσω) a

Bacchanal.

εὐάτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος.

εὐ-αυγής, ἐς, (εὐ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, conspicuous.

εὐ-αὐχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αὐχὴν) with beautiful neck.

εὐ-ἀφήγητος Ion. εὐαπήγητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀφηγέομαι)

easy to describe.

εὐ-ἄχης, εὐ-ἄχητος [ἀ], Dor. for εὐηχής, εὐήχητος.

εὐ-βάστακτος, ον, (εὐ, βαστάζω) easy to carry or bear.

εὐ-βόλως, luckily; εὐβόλως ἔχειν to be well off.

εὐ-βλάφος, ον, (εὐ, βλέφαρον) with beautiful

eyelids.

Εὐβοία, as Ion. ης, ἡ, Euboea, now Negropont, an

island lying along the coast of Boeotia and Attica.

εὐβολέω, f. ἦσω, to make a good throw. From

εὐ-βολος, ον, (εὐ, βαλεῖν) throwing luckily. Adv.

εὐβόλως, luckily; εὐβόλως ἔχειν to be well off.

εὐβοσία, ἡ, (εὐβοτος) good feeding.

εὐ-βόστρυχος, ον, with beautiful locks.

εὐ-βοτρυς, ον, (εὐ, βόσσω) feeding well, with good

pasture. II. well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-βότρυος, ον, and εὐ-βοτρύς, v, gen. vos, (εὐ, βό-

τρύς) rich in grapes.

εὐβουλία, ἡ, good counsel: prudence. From

εὐ-βουλος, ον, (εὐ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent.

εὐ-βους, ονν, gen. oos, (εὐ, βοῦς) rich in cattle.

εὐ-βροχος, ον, (εὐ, βρόχος) well-knit.

εὐ-γάθης, ἐς, and εὐ-γάθητος, ον, Dor. for εὐγηθ-.

εὐ-γε, Adv. for εὐ γε, Lat. *euge!* well done! well said! capital! bravo!

εὐ-γειος, ον, (εὐ, γῆ) of or with good soil: fertile. εὐγένεια, ἡ, (εὐγενής) nobility of birth, high descent.

II. nobility of soul, generosity.

εὐ-γένειος Ep. ἡβ-, ον, (εὐ, γένειον) well-bearded.

εὐ-γενής, ον, ὁ, = sq.

εὐ-γενής Ep. εὐ-γενής and ἡβ-γενής, ἑς, (εὐ, γένος) well-born, of noble race, of high descent: also denoting nobility. II. noble-minded, generous. III. of animals, high-bred, noble.

εὐ-γενία Ion. -ία, ἡ, = εὐγένεια.

εὐ-γεως, ον, (εὐ, γῆ) Att. for εὐγειος.

εὐ-γηθής, ἑς, and εὐ-γήθητος, ον, (εὐ, γηθέω) joyous, cheerful.

εὐγηρία, ἡ, (εὐγηρῶς) happy old age.

εὐ-γηρως, υ, sweet-sounding.

εὐ-γηρως, ον, (εὐ, γῆρας) happy in old age.

εὐ-γλαγέτος, ον, εὐ-γλαγής, ἑς, and εὐ-γλαγος, ον, (εὐ, γλαγος) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εὐλαγι, as if from εὐ-γλαγ.

εὐ-γλυπτος, ον, and εὐ-γλύφής, ἑς, (εὐ, γλύφω) well carved or engraved.

εὐγλωσσία Att. -ττία, ἡ, fluency of speech. From εὐ-γλωστος Att. -ττος, ον, (εὐ, γλώσσα) with good and ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent. II.

act. loosing the tongue, making fluent.

εὐγμα, ατος, τό, (εὐχομαι) like εὐχος, a boast. II. = εὐχή, a prayer.

εὐ-γναμπτος Ep. εὐγν-, ον, (εὐ, γνάμπω) well-bent, easily bent.

εὐγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, good feeling, candour. From εὐ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος (εὐ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable. II. sensible, prudent:—Adv. εὐγνωμόνως, prudently.

εὐ-γνωστος, ον, (εὐ, γινώσκω) well-known, familiar.

εὐ-γομφος, ον, (εὐ, γόμφος) well-nailed or fastened.

εὐγονία, ἡ, fruitfulness, fertility. From

εὐ-γονος, ον, (εὐ, γονή) fruitful, prolific.

εὐ-γραμμος, ον, (εὐ, γραμμή) well-drawn.

εὐ-γράφής, ἑς, (εὐ, γράφω) well painted. II. act. writing or drawing well.

εὐ-γώνιος, ον, (εὐ, γωνία) well-cornered, regular.

εὐ-δαίδαλος, ον, beautifully wrought.

εὐδαιμονέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐδαίμων) to be prosperous, well off or happy. Hence

εὐδαιμόνημα, ατος, τό, a piece of good fortune.

εὐδαιμονία, ἡ, (εὐδαιμόνως) prosperity, happiness.

εὐδαιμονίζω, f. σαι, (εὐδαίμων) to account happy.

εὐδαιμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐδαίμων) of or tending to happiness: of persons, happy. Adv. -κῶς, happily.

εὐδαιμόνως, Adv. of εὐδαίμων, happily: Comp. and Sup. εὐδαιμονέστερον, -έστατα.

εὐ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, δαίμων) with a good genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. *felix*: also wealthy, like Lat. *beatus*: happy.

εὐ-δάκρυτος, ον, (εὐ, δακρύω) much to be wept, lamentable.

εὐ-δέελος, ον, (εὐ, δέελος for δῆλος) very clear, far-seen.

εὐ-δειπνος, ον, (εὐ, δείπνον) honoured with rich feasts. II. εὐδαιτοὶ δαῖτες luxurious feasts.

εὐδέμεναι, Ep. inf. of εὐδα.

εὐ-δενδρος, ον, (εὐ, δένδρον) abounding in fair trees.

εὐδεσκον, Ion. impf. of εὐδα.

εὐ-δηλος, ον, (εὐ, δῆλος) very clear, manifest.

εὐδησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of εὐδα.

εὐδία, ἡ, (εὐδῖος) fair weather: metaph. tranquillity, prosperity.

εὐ-διάβατος, ον, easy to be crossed, practicable.

εὐ-διαίτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of εὐδῖος.

εὐ-διατος, ον, (εὐ, διατα) living temperately.

εὐ-διανός, ἡ, ὄν, = εὐδῖος, warm.

εὐδιάω, f. ἥσω, (εὐδία) to be calm.

εὐ-δικία, ἡ, (εὐ, δικη) righteous dealing: justice.

εὐ-δίνητος, ον, (εὐ, δίνω) easily turning or turned.

εὐ-διος, ον, (εὐ, Διός gen. of Ζεύς) calm, fine, clear: genial: of persons, cheerful:—irreg. Comp. and Sup. εὐδιέστερος, -έστατος; also εὐδιαίτερος.

εὐ-δμητος Ep. εὐδ-, ον, (εὐ, δέμω) well built or fashioned.

εὐ-δοκέω, f. ἥσω: aor. I εὐδόκησα: (εὐ, δοκέω):—to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquiesce in a thing: c. inf. to consent to do. Hence

εὐδοκία, ἡ, satisfaction, approval.

εὐδοκίμew, f. ἥσω: impf. and aor. I ἠδοκίμουν, ἠδοκίμησα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδοκίμος):—to be of good repute, be in esteem, famous, popular; εὐδοκίμειν ἐν τινι to be distinguished for a thing. Hence

εὐδοκίμια, ἡ, good repute, credit.

εὐ-δοκίμος, ον, in good repute, highly esteemed.

εὐδοξέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐδοξος) to be in good repute, be thought well of, be famous. Hence

εὐδοξία, ἡ, good report, a good name, credit, glory.

εὐ-δοξος, ον, (εὐ, δόξα) of good report, glorious.

εὐ-δρακής, ἑς, (εὐ, δρακεῖν) sharp-sighted.

εὐ-δρoστος, ον, well-bedeewed, abounding in water.

Εὐτ' Ἄν, impf. ἦδον Ep. εὐδον: fut. εἰδήσω:—to sleep, lie down to sleep: also to sleep in death. II. metaph. to rest, be still or hushed: to cease.

εὐ-ἔανος, ον, (εὐ, ἔανόν) richly-dight, well-clad.

εὐ-ἔβρος, ον, (εὐ, ἔδρα) well-seated: with a fair throne. II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse.

εὐ-ἔθειρος, ον, (εὐ, ἔθειρα) fair-haired.

εὐ-ἔδης, ἑς, (εὐ, ἔδος) well-shaped, graceful.

εὐ-εἰλος, ον, (εὐ, εἶλη) sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*.

εὐ-εἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, εἶμα) well-dressed.

εὐ-εἰρος Att. εὐερος, ον, (εὐ, εἶρος) with or of good wool, fleecy.

εὐ-ἔλεγκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἔλέγχω) easy to be refuted.

εὐ-ἐλπις, ὁ, ἡ, neut. εὐελπι, gen. ἰδος, of good hope, hopeful, cheerful, sanguine; εὐελπίς εἰμ, c. inf. to be of good hope that.

εὐ-ἐξάλειπτος, ον, easy to blot out or erase.

εὐ-ἐξαπάτητος, ον, (εὐ, ἐξαπατάω) easily deceived.

εὐ-εξία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἐξίς) a good habit of body, good state of health: generally, good condition, good case.
 εὐ-εξοδος, ov, easy to get out of or escape from.
 εὐέπεια, ἡ, beautiful language, eloquence. II. = εὐφήμια, words of good omen. From
 εὐ-επίης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἐπος) well-speaking, eloquent. 2. making eloquent, inspiring. II. well-spoken.
 εὐ-επτία, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for εὐέπεια.
 εὐ-επιβούλευτος, ov, (εὐ, ἐπιβουλεύω) easy to plot against: exposed to treachery.
 εὐ-επίθετος, ov, (εὐ, ἐπιτίθεμαι) easy to be set upon or attacked; εὐεπιθετόν ἐστί τιμι it is easy for one to make an attack.
 εὐ-επίτακτος, ov, (εὐ, ἐπιτάσσω) easy to arrange: tractable.
 εὐεργεσία, ἡ, well-doing, good conduct. II. a doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. From
 εὐεργετέω, f. ἥσω: in the augm. tenses, sometimes εὐηργέτουν, εὐηργέτησα, sometimes εὐεργ- with no augm.: (εὐεργέτης):—to do well, do good. II. to do one good, shew kindness to, confer a benefit upon:—Pass., εὐεργετῆσθαι τι to have a kindness done one. Hence
 εὐεργέτημα, atos, τό, a good deed, a service, kindness.
 εὐ-εργέτης, ov, ὁ, (εὐ, *ἐργω) a well-doer, a benefactor: a title of honour of such as had done the state service. II. as Adj. beneficent.
 εὐεργετητέον, verb. Adj. of εὐεργετέω, one must do good or shew kindness to.
 εὐεργετικός, ὁ, ὄν, (εὐεργέτης) disposed to do good.
 εὐ-εργέτης, ἴδος, fem. of εὐεργέτης.
 εὐ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐ, *ἐργω) well-wrought, well-made, well-built: of gold, well-wrought, refined. II. well-done: hence in plur. εὐεργέα, good deeds, benefits.
 εὐ-εργός, ὄν, (εὐ, *ἐργω) doing good, upright, virtuous. II. pass. well-wrought, well-fitted: also easy to work.
 εὐ-ερκής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἐρκος) well-fenced, well-protected: shutting close: of cities, well-guarded.
 εὐ-ερκής, ov, ὁ, poet. for εὐεργέτης.
 εὐ-ερνής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἐρνος) sprouting well, flourishing.
 εὐ-ερος, Att. for εὐείρος.
 εὐ-εστώ, οὖς, ἡ, (εὐ, εἰμί sum) well-being, prosperity.
 εὐετηρία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἔτος) a good season.
 εὐ-ετία, ἡ, = εὐετηρία.
 εὐ-εύρετος, ov, (εὐ, εὐρίσκω) easy to find.
 εὐ-εφόδος, ov, easy to assail.
 εὐ-ζήλος, ov, emulous in good:—Adv. -ζήλως.
 εὐ-ζύγος Ep. εὐζυγος, ov, (εὐ, ζυγόν m) of a ship, well-benched.
 εὐ-ζυγέ, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ζεύγνυμι) well paired or matched.
 εὐ-ζωα, Dor. for εὐζωία.
 εὐ-ζωνος Ep. εὐζωνος, ov, (εὐ, ζώνη) well-girded, of women. II. girt up for exercise, with one's loins girded, active, as in Horace *alte praecinctus: unencumbered*, Lat. *expeditus*.

εὐ-ζωρος, ov, (εὐ, ζωρός) quite pure, unmixed, of wine: Comp. -ζωρότερος, also irreg. -έστερος.
 εὐη-γενής, Ep. for εὐγενής.
 εὐ-ηγεσία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἡγέομαι) good government.
 εὐ-ηγορέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐ, ἀγορεύω) to speak well of, praise.
 εὐήθεια or εὐηθία Ion. -λη, ἡ, goodness of disposition, singleness of heart, simplicity: also in bad sense, simplicity, silliness. From
 εὐ-ήθης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἥθος) well-disposed, single-hearted, simple-minded: in bad sense, simple, silly:—Adv. εὐήθως, Sup. -έστατα.
 εὐηθία, ἡ, Ion. for εὐήθεια.
 εὐηθικός, ὁ, ὄν, (εὐήθης) of mild, gentle character: hence simple, foolish. Adv. -κῶς, in simple fashion.
 εὐ-ήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀκή) well-pointed, keen-edged.
 εὐ-ήκοος, ov, (εὐ, ἀκούω) bearing well: ready to bear.
 εὐηλάκατος Dor. εὐαλακ-, ov, (εὐ, ἡλακάτη) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully.
 εὐ-ήλατος, ov, (εὐ, ἐλαίνω) easy to drive or ride over: πεδίον εὐηλατον a plain fit for cavalry operations.
 εὐ-ήλιος Dor. εὐάλιος, ov, (εὐ, ἥλιος) well-sunned, sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*:—Adv. -λως, with bright, sunny weather.
 εὐ-ήμερώ, f. ἥσω, (εὐήμερος) of weather, to be fair. 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully: to be happy: to be successful in a thing. Hence
 εὐημερία, ἡ, fineness of the day, fine weather. II. good times, health and wealth, honour and glory.
 εὐ-ήμερος, ov, (εὐ, ἡμέρα) of a fine day: propitious. 2. cheerful, happy.
 εὐηνεμία, ἡ, a fair wind. From
 εὐ-ήνεμος, ov, (εὐ, ἀνεμος) with fair wind. 2. unvexed by winds, sheltered, serene.
 εὐ-ήνιος, ov, (εὐ, ἡνία) obedient to the rein: generally, obedient, docile.
 εὐηγορία, ἡ, manliness, manly virtue. From
 εὐ-ήνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀνήρ) giving manhood, inspiring. II. of cities, abounding in brave men.
 εὐ-ήρατος, ov, (εὐ, ἔραμαι) much-loved, lovely.
 εὐ-ήρετος, ov, (εὐ, ἐρετός) well fitted to the oar: well-rowed, well-pulled.
 εὐ-ήρης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀρᾶειν) well-fitted or put together: well-poised, easy to handle.
 εὐ-ήτριος, ov, (εὐ, ἥτριον) well-woven. II. act. weaving well.
 εὐ-ήχης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἥχος) well-sounding, tuneful.
 εὐ-ήχητος, ov, well-sounding: loud-sounding.
 εὐ-θάλασσος, ov, (εὐ, θάλασσα) prosperous by sea.
 εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, (εὐ, θάλος) growing well, flourishing.
 εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for εὐθηλής.
 εὐθαρσείω, f. ἥσω, to be of good courage. From
 εὐ-θαρσής, ἐς, (εὐ, θάρσος) of good courage:—Adv. -σῶς. 2. giving courage, safe.
 εὐθενέω, older form of εὐθηνέω.
 εὐ-θεράπευτος, ov, (εὐ, θεραπεύω) easily healed. II. easily won by kindness or attention.

εὐθετέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐθετος) to be well-arranged, convenient. 2. trans. to set in order, arrange well.

εὐθετεῖω, to set in order, arrange orderly. From εὐ-θετος, ov, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-disposed: easily stowed or disposed of: convenient for use. εὐθέως, Adv. of εὐθύς, straightway.

εὐ-θηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, θήγω) sharpening well.

εὐ-θηλάμωv, ov, gen. ovos, rare form for εὐθηλάης.

εὐ-θηλῆς Dor. -θαλῆς, ἐς, (εὐ, θηλή) well-suckled: well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-θηλος, ov, (εὐ, θηλή) with distended udder.

εὐθημοσύνη, ἡ, good order, good management: a habit of good order. From

εὐ-θήμων, ov, gen. ovos, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-made. II. act. orderly, setting in order.

εὐθηνέω and εὐθενέω, to be well off, thrive, flourish: to abound in:—so also in Pass., aor. I εὐθηνήθην. Hence

εὐθηνία, ἡ, abundance.

εὐ-θῆρατος, ov, (εὐ, θήρα) easily caught or won.

εὐ-θηρος, ov, (εὐ, θήρα) lucky in the chase. II. (θηρς) abounding in game.

εὐ-θήσαυρος, ov, well-stored, precious.

εὐ-θνήσιμος, ov, (εὐ, θνήσκω) with easy death.

εὐ-θόινος, ov, (εὐ, θοίνη) with rich banquet: copious.

εὐ-θορυβήτος, ov, (εὐ, θορυβέω) easily confounded.

εὐ-θριγος, ov, (θριγικός) with good coping or cornice.

εὐ-θριξ Ep. εὐ-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θριξ) with fine hair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, well-plumed. -II. made of stout hair, of a fishing-line.

εὐ-θρόνος Ep. εὐθρόνος, ov, (εὐ, θρόνος) with beautiful seat or throne.

εὐ-θροος, ov, (εὐ, θρόος) loud-sounding.

εὐθύ, neut. of εὐθύς, used as Adv.

εὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ov, (εὐθύ, γλῶσσα) of straight tongue, bonest of tongue.

εὐθύδικία, ἡ, an open, fair trial. From

εὐθύ-δικος, ov, or η, ov, (εὐθύ, δίκη) judging righteously.

εὐθύδρομέω, f. ἤσω, to run straight: of ships, to sail in a straight course. From

εὐθύ-δρομος, ov, running a straight course.

εὐθύ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐθύ, ἔργον) accurately wrought.

εὐθύ-μάχης, ov, ὁ, and εὐθύ-μάχος, ov, (εὐθύς, μάχομαι) fighting straightforward, fair-fighting.

εὐθύμεω, f. ἤσω, (εὐθυμος) to be of good cheer. II. trans. to make cheerful, cheer:—Pass. εὐθυμέομαι, to be of good cheer. Hence

εὐ-θυμητέον, verb. Adj., one must be cheerful.

εὐθυμία, ἡ, (εὐθυμέω) cheerfulness, festivity.

εὐ-θύμος, ov, (εὐ, θυμός) well-disposed, generous, kind. II. of good cheer, cheerful: of horses, spirited. III. Adv. εὐθύμως, cheerfully; Comp.

-ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.

εὐθύνα, ἡ, but mostly used in pl. εὐθύναι, αἱ, (εὐθύνω) an examination of accounts, audit; εὐθύνας ἀπαιτεῖν to call for one's accounts; εὐθύνας διδόναι to give them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύνας ὀφλεῖν to be

bound to do so.

II. correction, chastisement.

Hence

εὐθύνος, ὁ, an investigator, auditor, who examined and passed the accounts of magistrates: at Athens there were ten. II. a corrector, chastiser.

εὐθυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐθύνω) a director, corrector. II. as Adj., εὐθυντήρ οἰαί the guiding rudder.

εὐθυντήρια, ἡ, the part of a ship wherein the rudder was fixed: fem. from

εὐθυντήριος, α, ov, (εὐθύνω) directing, ruling.

εὐθυντήρ, οὐ, ὁ, = εὐθυντήρ.

εὐθύνω, fut. ἔνῳ, (εὐθύς) = the Homeric ἰθύνω, to guide straight: to steer straight. 2. to direct, govern.

3. to keep straight, preserve. II. to make straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, revise. III. at Athens, to call to account, scrutinise the accounts (εὐθύναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to be called to account, and so to be corrected.

εὐθύ-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνους, ουν, (εὐθύ, πνέω) straight-blowing.

εὐθύ-πομπος, ov, (εὐθύ, πέμπω) guiding straight.

εὐθύπορέω, f. ἤσω, to go straight forward; πόμος εὐθυπορῶν unswerving, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato, εὐθυπορεῖν δρόμον to go a straight course. From

εὐθύ-πορος, ov, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) going straight: metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, bonest.

εὐ-θύρσος, ov, with beautiful thyrsus.

ΕΥΘΥΣ, εὐθεία, εὐθύ, = the Ion. form ἰθύς, straight, direct:—in moral sense, straightforward, plain, bonest:—in Adverb. usages, εἰς τὸ εὐθὺ βλέπειν to look straight forward; ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak straight out; ἐκ τοῦ εὐθέος at once, immediately. II. as Adv. εὐθύς and εὐθύ, of Place, straight to, direct for: also c. gen. straight towards ..., εὐθὺ Πελλήνῃς.

2. of Time, straightforward, forthwith, at once; τοῦ θέρος εὐθύς ἀρχομένου immediately at the beginning of summer.—So also the regular Adv. εὐθέως.

εὐ-θύσᾶνος, ov, (εὐ, θύσανος) well-fringed.

εὐθύτης, ἡ, (εὐθύς) straightness. II. metaph. bonesty, justice. [δ]

εὐθύ-τομος, ov, (εὐθύ, τεμείν) cut straight, straight.

εὐθύ-φρων, ov, (εὐθύ, φρήν) right-minded.

εὐθύ-ωρος, ov, also α, ov, (εὐθύ, ὥρα) in a straight direction: neut. εὐθύωρον as Adv., = εὐθύς II.

εὐ-θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θώραξ) well-mailed.

εὐιάζω, v. εἰάζω.

εὐιάκος, ἡ, ὅν, (εἰός) Bacchic: fem. εὐιάς, ἁδος.

εὐ-ίερος, ov, (εὐ, ἱερός) very holy, ballowed.

Εὔιος, ὁ, Euius, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry εὐα, εὐοῖ. II. εὔιος, ov, Adj. Bacchic, inspired by Bacchus.

εὐ-ιππος, ov, of persons, delighting in horses, having fine horses: of places, famed for horses.

εὐ-ιστος, ov, (εὐ, ἴσμη) of good knowledge.

εὐ-ίσχιος, ov, (εὐ, ἰσχύον) with beautiful hips.

εὐ-καβαίρετος, ov, (εὐ, καβαίρω) easy to overbrow.

εὐ-κάθεκτος, ov, (εὐ, κατέχω) easy to keep down.

εὐκαιρέω, f. ἤσω, (εὐκαιρος) to have good opportu-

nity, have leisure:—εὐκαιρεῖν εἰς τι, to devote one's leisure to a thing, spend one's time in it.

εὐκαιρία, ἡ, good season, opportunity, leisure. II. prosperity. From

εὐ-καιρος, ον, (εὐ, καιρός) in season, seasonable, well-timed, opportune: of places, convenient. Adv. εὐκαίρως opportunely: at leisure; Comp. —ότερον; Sup. —ότατα.

εὐ-κάλος, εὐ-κάλια, Dor. for εὐκηλ-.

εὐ-κάματος, ον, (εὐ, κάματος) of easy labour, easy. 2. well-wrought: won by noble toils. [ᾶ]

εὐ-καμπής, ἐς, (εὐ, κάμπω) well-bent, curved.

εὐ-κάρδιος, ον, (εὐ, καρδία) good of heart, stout-hearted, Lat. egregie cordatus: of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv. —ως, with stout heart.

εὐ-καρπος, ον, rich in fruit, fruitful: prolific.

εὐ-κατάλλακτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλλάσσω) easy to appease.

εὐ-κατάλυτος, ον, (εὐ, καταλύω) easy to overbrow.

εὐ-κατάφορος, ον, (εὐ, καταφέρωμαι) prone towards, Lat. proclivis.

εὐ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (εὐ, καταφρονέω) easy to despise, despicable.

εὐ-κατέργαστος, ον, (εὐ, κατεργάζομαι) easy to work, of land:—easy to digest:—easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὐ, κατηγορέω) easy to blame.

εὐ-κέατος, ον, Ep. for εὐ-κέαστος, (εὐ, κεάω) easily cleft or split.

εὐ-κέλαδος, ον, sounding well, melodious.

εὐ-κέντρος, ον, (εὐ, κέντρον) well-pointed.

εὐ-κέρας, ον, and εὐκερως, ον, gen. ωτος, (εὐ, κέρας) with goodly horns.

εὐκλητήρα, ἡ, she that lulls, soothes. From

εὐκηλος Dor. εὐκάλος, ον, lengthd. form of ἔκηλος, tranquil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus.

εὐ-κισσος, ον, (εὐ, κισσός) ivied.

εὐ-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, with goodly pillars. [ῖ]

εὐ-κλειής, ἐς, acc. εὐκλέα contr. εὐκλεᾶ; also (as if from εὐκλής) acc. sing. εὐκλεᾶ, pl. εὐκλέας Ep. εὐ-κλείας: (εὐ, κλέος):—of good fame, glorious, noble. Hence

εὐκλειᾶ Ep. εὐκλείη, and in late Poets εὐκλείη, ἡ, good fame, renown. Hence

εὐκλείζω Ion. εὐκληίζω, f. σω, to praise, laud.

εὐκλειής, ἐς, Ep. for εὐκλής: Adv. εὐκλειῶς.

εὐ-κλειος, ον, much-famed.

εὐ-κλήϊς or εὐ-κλήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (εὐ, κλείω) well-closed, close-shutting.

εὐκληρέω, f. ἡσω, to have a good lot. From

εὐ-κληρος, ον, with a good lot or portion.

εὐ-κλωστος Ep. εὐκλω-, ον, (εὐ, κλώω) well-spun.

εὐ-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κνημῖς) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wrought greaves: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. εὐκνήμιδες, εὐκνήμιδας. [ῖ]

εὐ-κνήμη, ον, (εὐ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs.

εὐ-κοινόμητις, ὁ, ἡ, taking common counsel.

εὐ-κόλλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλλα) gluing well, sticky.

εὐ-κόλος, ον, (εὐ, κόλον) of good digestion: gene-

rally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis: good-natured, popular.

εὐ-κόλπος, ον, swelling beautifully, in goodly folds. 2. with beautiful bays.

εὐκόλως, Adv. of εὐκόλος, contentedly, calmly.

εὐ-κομιδής, ἐς, (εὐ, κομῆ) well-cared for.

εὐ-κομος Ep. ἡῦκ-, ον, (εὐ, κόμη) thick-haired.

εὐ-κομπος, ον, loud-sounding.

εὐ-κοπος, ον, with easy labour, easy.

εὐ-κόσμητος, ον, (εὐ, κοσμέω) well-adorned.

εὐκοσμία, ἡ, orderly behaviour, good order. From

εὐ-κόσμος, ον, well-ordered, orderly, decorous:—Adv. —μως, in good order. II. well-adorned, graceful.

εὐ-κραίριος, ον, or α, ον, (εὐ, κραιρα) with fine horns.

εὐ-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered: of climate, temperate, mild, moderate. II. mixing readily with.

εὐ-κрасία, ἡ, good mixture or temperament. From

εὐ-κράτος, ον, (εὐ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, temperate: of wine, mixed for drinking:—metaph. temperate, mild.

εὐ-κρεκτος, ον, (εὐ, κρέκω) well-struck, well-played, of stringed instruments. II. well-woven.

εὐ-κρήνος, ον, (εὐ, κρήνη) well-watered.

εὐ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εὐκατος.

εὐ-κρίθος, ον, (εὐ, κριθή) rich in barley.

εὐκρίνω, f. ἡσω, to keep distinct and in order. From εὐ-κρίνης, ἐς, (εὐ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular: well-arranged, in good order. Adv. —νώς Ion. —νέως.

εὐ-κρίτος, ον, (εὐ, κρίνω) easy to judge or decide: easily discerned, plain, manifest.

εὐ-κρόταλος Ep. εὐκρ-, ον, (εὐ, κρόταλον) accompanied by castanets, lively, rattling.

εὐ-κρότης, ον, (εὐ, κροτέω) well-welded, well-wrought, of metal.

εὐ-κρυπτος, ον, (εὐ, κρύπτω) easy to hide.

εὐκταῖος, α, ον, (εὐχομαι) of or for prayer, votive: τὰ εὐκταῖα, wishes, prayers, vows:—of the gods, invoked in prayer: of things, prayed for.

εὐ-κτέανος, ον, (εὐ, κτέανον) with fine possessions.

εὐ-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, κτῆμα) with fair possessions.

εὐ-κτιτος, ον, (εὐ, κτάομαι) easily gotten.

εὐ-κτίμενος, ἡ, ον, (εὐ, κτίω) well-built: well-made: full of goodly buildings.

εὐ-κτίτος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for εὐκτιστος, = εὐκτίμενος.

εὐκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐχομαι) prayed for: to be prayed for.

εὐ-κυκλος, ον, well-turned, well-rounded. II. moving in a circle, circling.

εὐ-κύλικος, ον, (εὐ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup.

εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβία, ἡ, discretion, caution, circumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From

εὐ-λαβέομαι, fut. med. —ήσομαι or pass. —ηθήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἠυλαβήθηον or εὐλ-: Dep.: (εὐλαβής):—to be cautious, circumspect, discreet:—to have a

care, beware, fear. II. c. acc. to beware of. 2. to watch for, await quietly.

εὐλαβήθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg.

εὐ-λαβής, ἐς, (εὐ, λαβείν) taking in hand cautiously, cautious, circumspect, discreet. 2. fearing the gods, pious, devout.

εὐ-λαβίη, see εὐλαβεία.

εὐλαβώς, Adv. of εὐλαβής, cautiously: Comp. -εστέρας.

εὐλάω, f. ξω, old Dor. Verb, to plough.

εὐ-λαύγξ, γγος, ὁ, ἡ = εὐλῶος.

εὐλάκα, ἡ, old Dor. word for a ploughshare.

εὐ-λάλος, ον, (εὐ, λαλέω) sweet-spoken.

εὐ-λάχανος, ον, (εὐ, λαχανον) fruitful in herbs.

εὐ-λειμω, ον, and εὐ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, λειμών) with fair meadows.

εὐ-λεκτρος, ον, (εὐ, λέκτρον) blessing marriage: happy in marriage.

εὐ-λεξίς, ι, (εὐ, λέξις) with good choice of words.

εὐ-λεχής, ἐς, (εὐ, λέχος) well-wedded, blessed in one's marriage-bed.

ΕΥ'ΔΗ', ἡ, a worm, maggot.

εὐ-ληκτος, ον, (εὐ, λήγω) soon-ceasing.

εὐ-ληπτος, ον, (εὐ, λαμβάνω) easy to take hold of; easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εὐλήπτως, so that one can easily take hold: Sup. -ότατα.

εὐλῖνα, ων, τά, old Ep. word for ἥνια, reins.

εὐ-λιμενος, ον, (εὐ, λίμην) with good harbours.

εὐλογίω, f. ἦσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγουν or ἤλυν, aor. I εὐλόγησα or ἤλυν: (εὐλόγος):—to speak well of, praise. 2. to bless. Hence

εὐλογητός, ἡ, ὄν, blessed.

εὐλογία, ἡ, (εὐλογέω) good-speaking, fair-speaking. II. praise, eulogy: glory. 2. blessing or a blessing, bounty: also almsgiving.

εὐ-λόγιστος, ον, (εὐ, λογιζομαι) easy to reckon. II. rightly reckoning, prudent.

εὐ-λογος, ον, (εὐ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: reasonable, probable, fair: τὸ εὐλογον a fair reason:—Adv., εὐλόγως ἔχειν to be reasonable; Comp. -ωτέρος.

εὐ-λοέταιρα, ἡ, (εὐ, λουτρόν) with fine baths.

εὐ-λοφος, ον, well-plumed.

εὐ-λοχος, ον, (εὐ, λοχεύω) helping in childbirth.

εὐ-λύρης, ον, Dor. εὐλύρας, α, ὁ, = εὐλύρος.

εὐ-λύρος, ον, (εὐ, λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing beautifully on the lyre.

εὐ-λύτος, ον, (εὐ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to loose. 2. metaph. easy to dissolve or break.

εὐμάθεια, ἡ, docility.

εὐ-μαθής, ἐς, (εὐ, μαθεῖν) ready or quick at learning, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εὐμαθῶς, readily: Comp. -έστερον. II. pass. easy to learn or know, intelligible: well-known, familiar.

εὐ-μαθία Ion. -νή, ἡ, = εὐμάθεια.

εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκης.

εὐ-μαλλος, ον, of fine wool.

εὐ-μάλος, Dor. for εὐμήλος.

εὐ-μάραθος, ον, (εὐ, μάραθον) abounding in fennel.

εὐμάρεια, ἡ, easiness, ease, convenience; εὐμαρείη χρῆσθαι to be in comfort, but also = Lat. alvum exonerare, to ease oneself. From

εὐ-μάρης, ἐς, (εὐ, μάρη = χεῖρ) easy, convenient, without trouble. 2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle.

εὐ-μάρη, Ion. for εὐμάρεια.

εὐμάρης, ἴδος, ἡ, but acc. εὐμαρίν, an Asiatic shoe or slipper. (Foreign word.)

εὐμάρως poet. -έως, Adv. of εὐμαρής, gently.

εὐ-μέγεθς, ἐς, (εὐ, μέγεθος) of good size, well-grown.

εὐ-μέλανος, ον, (εὐ, μέλαν) well-blackened, inky.

εὐ-μελής, ἐς, (εὐ, μέλος) melodious, musical.

εὐ-μένεια, ἡ, (εὐμένης) good will, kindness, favour.

εὐμένετης, ον, ὁ, poet. for εὐμένης, a well-wisher, friend: fem. εὐμένειρα.

εὐμένεω, f. ἦσω, to be propitious, kind. II. c.

acc. to be kind to, deal kindly with. From

εὐ-μενής, ἐς, (εὐ, μένος) well-disposed, kind, gracious, favourable: of men, friendly, also acceptable. 2. of things, favourable, propitious: also bounteous, abundant.

εὐ-μενία, ἡ, poet. collat. form of εὐμένεια.

Εὐμενίδες (suppl. θεαί), αἱ, (εὐμένης) the gracious goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the ill-omened name Ἐρινύες.

εὐμενία, ἡ, poet. for εὐμένεια.

εὐμενίζομαι, f. ἴσσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Med., (εὐμένης) to make propitious, propitiate.

εὐμενῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐμένης, kindly, graciously: Comp. -έστερον or -εστέρας.

εὐ-μετάβλητος, ον, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ον, (εὐ, μεταβάλλω) easy to change.

εὐ-μετάδοτος, ον, (εὐ, μεταδίδωμι) readily imparting, bountiful.

εὐ-μεταχείριστος, ον, (εὐ, μεταχειρίζω) easy to manage. 2. easy to deal with or master.

εὐ-μετρος, ον, (εὐ, μέτρον) moderate, well-proportioned.

εὐ-μήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, μήκος) of good length, tall.

εὐ-μήλος, ον, (εὐ, μήλον) rich in sheep.

εὐ-μηρῶτος, ον, (εὐ, μηρῶ) easy to spin or draw out.

εὐμηχανία, ἡ, skill in devising means, fertility of resources. From

εὐ-μηχανος, ον, (εὐ, μηχανή) good at expedients, skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious.

εὐ-μίσητος, ον, (εὐ, μίσω) exposed to hatred.

εὐ-μῖτος, ον, with fine or stout threads.

εὐ-μῖτρος, ον, (εὐ, μῖτρα) with beautiful girdle.

εὐμ-μελής, ὁ, Ion. gen. εὐμμελίω, Dor. -ίας, gen.

-ία: (εὐ, μελία) armed with good aspen spear.

εὐ-μνήμων, ον, (εὐ, μνήμη) easy to remember: comp. Adv., εὐμνημονεστέρως ἔχειν to be easier to remember.

εὐ-μνηστος, ον, (εὐ, μμνήσκομαι) well-remembering, mindful.

εὐ-μοιρος, ον, (εὐ, μοῖρα) well off for fortune, wealthy.

εὐμολπέω, f. ἦσω, to sing well. From

εὐ-μολπος, (εὐ, μολπή) *sweetly-singing*.
εὐμορφία, ἡ, *beauty of form, symmetry*. From
εὐ-μορφος, ον, (εὐ, μορφή) *fair of form, comely*.
εὐμουσία, ἡ, *accomplishments*. From
εὐ-μουσος, ον, (εὐ, Μοῦσα) *skilled in the arts of the Muses : accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing : musical, melodious*.

εὐμοχθος, ον, *industrious, laborious*.
εὐ-μύθος, ον, *well-spoken, eloquent*.
εὐ-μύκος, ον, (εὐ, μυκάομαι) *loud-bellowing*.
εὐνάξω, f. ἀσώ : in augm. tenses, aor. I εὐνάσα or ἦν-, pass. εὐνάσθην or ἦν- : (εὐνή) :—*to lay in bed, put to sleep : also to lay in ambush : of animals, to lay their young in a form : of death, to lay asleep*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep : of birds, to roost*. III. intr. in Act. *to sleep*.

εὐ-ναϊάτωρ, ονσα, ον, (εὐ, ναϊάω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.

εὐ-ναϊόμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, ναίω) *well-peopled or well-situated*.

εὐναῖος, α, ον, (εὐνή) *in one's bed or couch ; εὐναῖος λαγῶς a hare in its form ; εὐναῖαι πτέρυγες wings over the nest*. 2. *wedded*. 3. of pain, *making one keep one's bed*. II. (εὐνή II) *of or for anchorage : hence steadying or guiding a ship*.

εὐνάσμιος, ον, (εὐνάξω) *convenient for sleeping in*.
εὐναστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάξω) *a bedfellow*. Hence
εὐνάτειρα, εὐνατήρ, εὐνάτωρ, Dor. for εὐνητ-.

εὐνατήριον, τό, *a bed-chamber*.
εὐνάω, f. ἥσω :—Pass., aor. I εὐνήθην : pf. εὐνημαι : (εὐνή) :—*to lull to sleep : also to lay in ambush*. 2. metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage*. II. Pass. *to go to bed : go to sleep : also to be bedded with : of storms, to be lulled, assuaged*.

εὐνήτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐνή) = εὐναστήρ or εὐνητήρ.
ΕΥΝΗ΄, ἡ, *a bed, any sleeping-place : the lair of a deer, the seat or form of a hare, the nest of a bird :—also the grave*. 2. *the marriage-bed, wedlock, marriage*.

II. in plur. εὐναί, *stones used as anchors, and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was made fast to land ;* ἐκ δ' εὐνάς ἔβαλον κατὰ δὲ πρυμνήσι' ἔδησαν.

εὐνήθεις, aor. I part. pass. of εὐνάω.
εὐνήθεν, (εὐνή) Adv. *out of bed*.
εὐνήθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of εὐνάω.
εὐνημα, ατος, τό, (εὐνάω) *marriage, wedlock*.
εὐνήτειρα, fem. of εὐνητήρ, *a wife*.
εὐνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow, husband*.
εὐ-νητος Ep. εὐν-νητος, ον, (εὐ, νέω) *well-spun or woven, of fine texture*.

εὐνήτρια, ἡ, = εὐνήτειρα.
εὐνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = εὐνητήρ.
εὐνήφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of εὐνή.
εὐνης, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ios ; in pl. εὐνιες or εὐνίδες :—*refr of, bereaved of*. II. absol. *bereaved, desolate*.
εὐνις, ἴδος, ἡ, (εὐνή) *a bedfellow, wife*.
εὐν-νητος, Ep. for εὐνητος.

εὐνοέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐνοος) *to be well-disposed or friendly :—Pass. to be kindly treated*.

εὐνοῖα, ἡ, poet. also εὐνοῖα Ep. εὐνοΐη, (εὐνοος) *good will, kindness ; in pl. kindnesses, kind feelings :—κατ' εὐνοίαν out of kindness, favourably ; so, μετ' εὐνοίας, ὑπ' εὐνοίας, εὐνοίᾳ*. Hence

εὐ-νοϊκός, ἡ, ὅν, of kind, *benevolent character*. Adv., εὐνοϊκῶς ἔχειν *to be kindly disposed*.

εὐνομέομαι, f. med. εὐνομήσομαι : aor. I pass. εὐνομήθην : (εὐνομος) :—*to have good laws, enjoy a good constitution, to be orderly*. Hence

εὐνομία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *good order, order*. From
εὐ-νομος, ον, (εὐ, νόμος) *under good laws, well-ordered, orderly*.

εὐ-νοος, ον, Adv. contr. εὐ-νους, ονν, pl. εὐνοί : (εὐ, νόος, νοῦς) :—*well-minded, well-affected, kindly, benevolent :—Comp. εὐνοώστερος Ion. -οέστερος ; Sup. -ούστατος*.

εὐνουχίζω, f. ἴσω, *to make an eunuch of*. From
εὐν-ουχός, ὁ, (εὐνή, ἔχω) *an eunuch : employed in Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, οἱ τὴν εὐνήν ἔχοντες, guardians of the bed)*.

εὐντα, Dor. for ἐόντα, ὄντα, neut. pl. part. of εἰμῆ sum.

εὐ-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, νομῶ) *swiftly moving*.

εὐ-νωσ, Adv. of εὐνοος, εὐνους, *kindly*.

εὐξαίμην, aor. I opt. of εὐχομαι.

εὐ-ξαντος, ον, (εὐ, ξαίνω) *well-carded, of wool*.

εὐ-ξενος Ion. εὐ-ξενος, ον, (εὐ, ξένος) *kind to strangers, hospitable ; ἀνδρῶν εὐξενος the guest-chamber : πόντος εὐξενος the Euxine, now the Black sea, called, before the Greek settlements upon it, ἄ-ξενος the inhospitable*.

εὐ-ξεστος Ep. εὐξεστος, ον, or η, ον, *well-polished*.

εὐ-ξοος Ep. εὐξοος, ον, Ep. gen. ἐξου, (εὐ, ξέω) = εὐξεστος.

εὐ-ξύμβλητος, εὐ-ξύμβολος, εὐ-ξύνετος, Att. for εὐς-.

εὐοδέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐοδος) *to have a free passage, of running water*. Hence

εὐοδία, ἡ, *a good journey, fair voyage*.

εὐ-οδμος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδμή) *sweet-smelling, fragrant*.

εὐ-οδος, ον, (εὐ, ὁδός) *easy to travel through : with free passage :—Sup. εὐοδώτατος*. Hence

εὐ-οδόω, f. ὤσω : Pass., f. -οδωθήσομαι : aor. I -οδώθην :—*to put in the right way, help on the way : Pass. to prosper, be successful*.

εὐοί, Bacchanalian exclamation, Lat. *evoe !*

εὐ-ολβος, ον, (εὐ, ὀλβος) *wealthy, prosperous*.

εὐοπλέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐοπλος) *to be well-equipped*.

εὐοπλία, ἡ, *the being well armed, a good state of arms and equipments*. From

εὐ-οπλος, ον, (εὐ, ὀπλον) *well-armed, well-equipped*.

εὐοργησία, ἡ, *gentleness, mildness of temper*. From
εὐ-όρηγτος, ον, (εὐ, ὀρηγ) *good-tempered, free from passion*. Adv. -τως, *with good temper*.

εὐορκέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐορκος) *to swear truly, take a true oath, to keep one's oath*. Hence

εὐορκησία, ἡ, an abiding by one's oath, good faith.
 εὐορκία, ἡ, (εὐορκέω) = εὐορκησία. From
 εὐ-ορκος, ον, (εὐ, ὄρκος) true to one's oath : of oaths,
 δμῶναι εὐορκα (as Adv.) to swear truly; εὐορκόν
 [ἔστι] 'tis according to one's oath. Hence
 εὐόρκωμα, ατος, τό, a faithful oath.
 εὐόρκως, Adv. of εὐορκος, according to one's oath.
 εὐ-ορμος, ον, with good anchorage : of ships, safe at
 anchor.

εὐ-ορνίς, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὄρνις) of good augury, auspicious. II. abounding in birds.

εὐ-όροφος, ον, (εὐ, ἐρέφω) well-roofed.

εὐ-όφθαλμος, ον, with beautiful eyes. II. pleasing to the eyes. III. specious.

εὐ-όφρυς, υ, (εὐ, ὄφρυς) with fine eyebrows.

εὐ-οχέω, f. ἥσω, (εὐ, ἔχω) to treat, tend well.

εὐοχθέω, f. ἥσω, to be in plenty. From

εὐ-οχος, ον, with goodly banks, fruitful, rich.

εὐ-πάγῃς, ἐς, (εὐ, παγῆναι) well put together, compact.

εὐπάθεια Ion. εὐπαθία, ἡ, enjoyment of good things, the being in good case, comfort : in plur. enjoyments, luxuries; ἐν εὐπαθίᾳ εἶναι to enjoy oneself, make merry. [δ] From

εὐπάθew, f. ἥσω, to be well off, enjoy oneself, make merry, live comfortably. From

εὐ-πάθῃς, ἐς, (εὐ, παθεῖν) well off, in good case, comfortable.

εὐ-πάθῃ, Ion. for εὐπάθεια.

εὐπαίδια, ἡ, a goodly race of children. From

εὐ-παῖς, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, παῖς) blest with children, with many or good children; γόνος εὐπαῖς a noble son.

εὐ-πακτος, Dor. for εὐπηκτος.

εὐ-πάλαμος, ον, (εὐ, πάλᾳμ) handy, ingenious : inventive.

εὐ-παράγωγος, ον, (εὐ, παράγω) easy to lead away.

εὐ-πάριος, ον, Dor. for εὐπάρειος, -νος.

εὐ-παράπειστος, ον, easily led aside.

εὐ-πάρεδρος, ον, constantly attending on, devoted to.

εὐ-πάριος, ον, (εὐ, παρεία) with beauteous cheeks.

εὐ-πάρθεος, ον, famed for fair maidens. II.

εὐπάρθεος Δῖρκη Dircé, happy maid!

εὐ-παρόξυντος, ον, (εὐ, παροξύνω) easily irritated.

εὐ-παρύφος, ον, (εὐ, παρυφή) with a handsome border.

εὐ-πατρία, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) daughter of a noble sire : belonging to a noble father.

εὐ-πατρίδης, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, πατήρ) of good or noble father, of noble family. II. at Athens, the Εὐ-πατρίδαι, Lat. Optimates, were the first class, the γεωμῦροι the second, the δημιουργοί the third.

εὐ-πατρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) born of a noble sire.

εὐ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐπατρις.

εὐ-πειθής, ἐς, (εὐ, πείθομαι) ready to obey, obedient, tractable. II. act. persuasive, convincing.

εὐ-πέιστος, ον, (εὐ, πείθομαι) easily persuaded.

εὐ-πέμπelos, ον, (εὐ, πέμπω) gently leading.

εὐ-πένθερος, ον, with a good father-in-law.

εὐ-πεπλος, ον, beautifully attired.

εὐ-περιάγωγος, ον, (εὐ, περιάγω) easily turned round.

εὐ-περίγραπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιγράφω) easy to sketch out.

εὐ-περίγραφος, ον, (εὐ, περιγραφή) = foreg.

εὐ-περίπατος, ον, (εὐ, περιπατέω) easy to walk on.

εὐ-περίσπαστος, ον, (εὐ, περισπάω) easy to pull off.

εὐ-περίστατος, ον, (εὐ, περισταμαι) easily besetting.

εὐ-περίτρεπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιτρέπω) easily turned round, changeable, inconstant.

εὐ-πέταλος, ον, (εὐ, πέταλον) with beautiful leaves.

εὐ-πέτεια, ἡ, ease; δι' εὐπετείας easily. 2. easiness of getting or having, Lat. copia. From

εὐ-πετής, ἐς, (εὐ, πεσεῖν) falling well or easily : hence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis : abundant, plentiful.

εὐ-πετρος, ον, (εὐ, πέτρα) of good, hard stone.

εὐπετῶς Ion. -ως, Adv. of εὐπετής, easily, amply:

Comp. εὐπετέστερον and -ως.

εὐ-πηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well-made, stout.

εὐ-πηκτος, ον, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well put together, well-

built, compact : of cheese, well-curdled, solid.

εὐ-πήληξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful helmet.

εὐ-πηγος, ον, (εὐ, πήγη) of fine texture.

εὐ-πηχυς, υ, with beautiful arms.

εὐ-πιδάξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, abounding in fountains.

εὐπιθέω, = εὐπειθέω. From

εὐ-πίθῃς, ἐς, = εὐπειθής, obedient, submissive.

εὐ-πιστος, ον, easy to believe, trustworthy, credible. II. act. easily believing, credulous :—Adv.

-τως.

εὐ-πίων, ον, gen. ονος, very fat, rich. [I]

εὐ-πλάτης, ἐς, (εὐ, πλάτος) of a good breadth.

εὐ-πλειος, α, ον, well filled.

εὐ-πλεκῆς Ep. εὐ-πλεκῆς, ἐς, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-

plaited; δίφοροι εὐπλεκέες, see εὐπλεκτος,

εὐ-πλεκτος Ep. εὐ-πλεκτος, ον, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-

plaited, well-netted; εὐπλεκτος δίφορος a chariot with sides of wicker-work.

εὐπλοία Ep. εὐπλοΐη, ἡ, (εὐπλοος) a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλόκαμος Ep. εὐπλ-, ον, with goodly locks : pecul.

fem. εὐπλοκαμῖς, ἴδος.

εὐ-πλοκος, ον, = εὐπλεκτος.

εὐ-πλους, ον, contr. εὐ-πλους, ον, (εὐ, πλέω) sailing

well, having a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλύνῃς Ep. εὐπλ-, ἐς, (εὐ, πλύνω) well-washed.

εὐ-πλωτος, ον, (εὐ, πλώω) favourable to sailing.

εὐπνοία poet. εὐπνοΐη, ἡ, easiness of breathing. II.

fragrance. From

εὐ-πνοος Ep. εὐ-πνοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πνους, ον, (εὐ, πνέω) breathing well or freely : good to breathe through. II. sweet-smelling, fragrant, —Comp.

εὐπνώτερος, also irreg. -πνούστερος.

εὐποδία, ἡ, (εὐπους) strength or speed of foot.

εὐποιητικός, ἡ, ον, (εὐ, ποιέω) disposed to be kind, beneficent.

εὐ-ποήτος, ον, also η, ον, (εὐ, ποιέω) well-made, well-wrought.

εὐ-ποιία, ἡ, (εὐ, ποιέω) beneficence.

εὐ-ποίκιλος, ον, (εὐ, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

εὐ-ποκος, *ον*, (εὐ, πόκος) *with fine wool, fleecy.*
 εὐ-πόλεμος, *ον*, *good at war.*
 εὐ-πομπος, *ον*, (εὐ, πέμπω) *well-conducting, propitious.*
 εὐπορέω, *φ. ἴσω*: *αορ. I εὐπόρησα: (εὐπορος):—to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 2. to find a way, be able. II. to supply, provide: Pass. to have plenty of, abound in. Hence*
 εὐπορία, *ἡ*, *facility in moving, facility in doing. 2. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3. plenty, store: wealth. II. opp. to ἀπορία, the solution of doubts or difficulties.*
 εὐ-πορος, *ον*, (εὐ, πόρος) *easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. 2. of persons, well-provided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful; of persons, wealthy.*
 εὐπόρος, *Adv. of εὐπορος, easily: in abundance.*
 εὐ-ποτμος, *ον*, *well-fated, happy.*
 εὐ-ποτος, *ον*, (εὐ, ποτόν) *pleasant to drink.*
 εὐπους, *ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (εὐ, πούς) with good feet, strong or swift of foot.*
 εὐπράγω, *φ. ἴσω*, *to fare well, be well off, prosper. From*
 εὐ-πράγης, *ἐς, (εὐ, πᾶγος) faring well, flourishing.*
 εὐπράγία, *ἡ, (εὐπραγέω) well-doing, welfare.*
 εὐ-πρακτος, *ον, (εὐ, πράσσω) easy to be done.*
 εὐπραξία *Ion. εὐπρηξία, ἡ, = εὐπραγία, good fortune, success. II. good conduct.*
 εὐ-πραξίς, *ἡ*, *poët. for εὐπραξία.*
 εὐ-πρεμων, *ον, (εὐ, πρέμων) with good stem.*
 εὐπρέπεια, *ἡ*, *fair appearance: beauty, comeliness. II. speciousness, plausibility. From*
 εὐ-πρεπής, *ἐς, (εὐ, πρέπω) well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: glorious. 3. specious, plausible.*
 εὐ-πρεπτος, *(εὐ, πρέπω) conspicuous.*
 εὐπρεπῶς *Ion.-ῶς, Adv. of εὐπρεπής, becomingly: speciously: Comp. εὐπρεπέστερον; Sup. -έστατα.*
 εὐπρηξία, *Ion. for εὐπραξία.*
 εὐπρήσσω, *(εὐ, πρήσσω) to arrange or order well: Ion. impf. ἐὐπρήσσεσκον.*
 εὐ-πρηστος, *ον, (εὐ, πρήθω) strong-blowing.*
 εὐ-πρήων, *ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, πρήων) with fair headlands.*
 εὐ-πρόδεκτος, *ον, (εὐ, προσδέχομαι) acceptable.*
 εὐ-πρόσδοτος, *ον, = εὐπρόεδρος, assiduous, diligent.*
 εὐ-προσήγορος, *ον, (εὐ, προσηγορέω) of easy address, affable, courteous.*
 εὐ-πρόσιτος, *ον, (εὐ, πρόσκειμι) easy of access.*
 εὐ-πρόσδοτος, *ον, of good or easy access, affable, Lat. qui faciles adiutus habet. II. of places, accessible; εὐπροσώτατος the easiest way of approach.*
 εὐ-πρόσιτος, *ον, (εὐ, προσφέρω) easy to be got: attainable, easy.*
 εὐπροσωπῶ, *φ. ἴσω, (εὐπρόσωπος) to make a fair show, be specious, plausible.*

εὐπροσωπῶ-κοιτος, *η, ον, (εὐπρόσωπος, κοίτη) lying or placed cheerfully: τύχη εὐπροσωποκοίτῳ πεσεῖν to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune.*
 εὐ-πρόσωπος, *ον, (εὐ, πρόσωπον) well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. cheerful, friendly-looking.*
 εὐ-προφασιστος, *ον, (εὐ, προφασίζομαι) with a good pretext, excusable, plausible.*
 εὐ-πρυμνος, *ον, (εὐ, πρύμνα) of ships, with handsome stern.*
 εὐ-πρυρος, *ον, (εὐ, πρῶρα) of ships, with handsome prow.*
 εὐ-πτερος, *ον, (εὐ, πτερόν) well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., εὐπτεροι γυναῖκες high-plumed dames of quality.*
 εὐ-πτέρυγος, *ον, (εὐ, πτέρυξ) = εὐπτερος.*
 εὐ-πτόρθος, *ον, finely branching.*
 εὐ-πύργος, *ον, with goodly towers.*
 εὐ-πύγων, *ον, gen. ανός, well-bearded.*
 εὐ-πώλος, *ον, with fine colts: breeding fine horses.*
 εὐράμην, *αορ. I med. of εὐρα.*
 εὐράξ, *(εὐρος) Adv. from one side, sideways. II. εὐράξ παράξ, an exclamation to frighten away birds.*
 εὐρέα, *acc. masc. or neut. pl. of εὐρύς; also Ion. fem. εὐρέθην, αορ. I pass. of εὐρίσκειν.*
 εὐρεῖν *Ep. εὐρέμεναι, αορ. 2 inf. of εὐρίσκειν.*
 εὐρετός, *α, ον, verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκειν, to be discovered, found out.*
 εὐρετής, *οὐ, ὁ, fem. εὐρέτις, ἴδος, (εὐρίσκειν) a finder, inventor, discoverer.*
 εὐρετο, *3 sing. αορ. 2 med. of εὐρίσκειν.*
 εὐρετός, *ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of εὐρίσκειν, discovered: to be found out or discovered.*
 εὐρηκα, *εὐρηκα, pf. act. and pass. of εὐρίσκειν.*
 εὐρημα, *ατος, τό, (εὐρίσκειν) that which is found, an unexpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage. 2. of a child, a founding. II. an invention, discovery: a remedy.*
 εὐρήν, *Dor. for εὐρεῖν.*
 εὐρησι-ετής, *ἐς, (εὐρίσκειν, ἔπος) inventive of words, fluent: wordy, sophistical.*
 εὐρήσω, *fut. of εὐρίσκειν.*
 εὐρήτωρ, *οπος, ὁ, (εὐρίσκειν) an inventor, discoverer.*
 εὐ-ρίνος, *ον, (εὐ, ῥίνος) of good leather.*
 εὐρίνος, *gen. of εὐρίς.*
 εὐ-ρίπος, *ὁ, (εὐ, ῥίπιζω) any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; the ancients believed that this ebbed and flowed seven times a day.*
 εὐ-ρίς, *ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ρίς, ῥίν) with a good nose, keen-scented: metaph. keen at tracking out a thing.*
 ΕΥΨΙΣΚΩ: *fut. εὐρήσω: pf. εὐρηκα or ἡβῶ-: αορ. 2 εὐρον or ἡβρον, imperat. εὐρέ, inf. εὐρεῖν:—Med., f. εὐρήσομαι: αορ. 2 εὐρόμην or ἡβῶ-, later αορ. I εὐράμην:—Pass., fut. εὐρεθήσομαι and (in same sense) med. εὐρήσομαι: αορ. I εὐρέθην or ἡβέθην: pf. εὐρημαι or ἡβῶ-. I. to find, find out, discover: c. acc. cognato, εὐρημα εὐρίσκειν to make an*

unexpected discovery or gain.

II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain :—Med. to find or get for oneself, procure, obtain. 2. of merchandise, etc., to fetch so much money : hence, to be worth, to sell for.

εὐροῶ, f. ἦσω, (εὐροῶ) to flow well. II. metaphor. to flow or go on well.

III. to be fluent.

εὐροῖότητος, ov, (εὐ, ροιῶ) loud-whizzing.

εὐροῖμην, εὐροῖμι, aor. 2 opt. med. and act. of εὐροῖσκω.

εὐρο-κλύδων, ανος, ὁ, (Εὐρος, κλύδων) a tempestuous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14 : the name seems to mean a storm from the East.

εὐρομης, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐρον, aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐ-ροος, ov, contr. εὐρους, ov, (εὐ, ρέω) flowing well, fair-flowing. II. of words, flowing, fluent.

εὐ-ροπος, ov, (εὐ, ρέω) easily inclining or slipping.

Εὐρος, ὁ, the South-East wind, Lat. Eurus.

εὐρος, τό, (εὐρύς) breadth, width, opp. to μήκος : εὐ-ρος, in breadth, opp. to ὕψος, in height.

εὐρ-ῤαφής, Ep. for εὐραφής, (εὐ, ῤάπτω) well-stitched.

εὐρ-ρέης, ἑς, Ep. gen. εὐρρεῖος (for εὐρρεῖος), fair-flowing.

εὐρ-ρείτης, ov, ὁ, = εὐρρεής.

εὐρ-ροος, Ep. for εὐροος.

εὐρύ, neut. of εὐρύς, often used as Adv.

εὐρύ-ἄγυιός, α, ov, (εὐρύ, ἀγυῖα) with wide streets, epith. of great cities, in Il. usually of Troy and Athens.

εὐρυ-αἰχμας, ὁ, (εὐρύ, αἰχμή) with stout lance.

εὐρυ-βίαις Ion. and Ep. -βίης, ov, ὁ, (εὐρύ, βία) ruling widely, of far-extended power.

εὐρυ-θέμελός poet. -θέμιλος, ov, (εὐρύ, θέμελον) with broad foundations, spacious, extensive.

εὐρυθμία, ἡ, good time or proportion : orderliness, gracefulness, graceful. From

εὐ-ρυθμός, ov, in good time or measure, rhythmical, Lat. numerosus :—of persons, orderly : well-proportioned, graceful.

εὐρύθμως, Adv. of εὐρυθμός, in good order, gracefully.

εὐρύ-κόλπος, ov, with spacious bosom.

εὐρυ-κρέων, ov, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-λείμων, ov, gen. ανος, with broad meadows.

εὐρυ-μέδων, ov, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρυ-μέτωπος, ov, (εὐρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted.

εὐρύναί, aor. I inf. of εὐρύνω.

εὐρύνω, f. ὕνω, (εὐρύς) to make wide or broad : εὐρύ-νωμι ἄγωνα to make room for the dance : τὸ μέσον εὐρύνειν to leave a wide space in the middle.

εὐρύ-νωτος, ov, (εὐρύ, νῶτος) broad-backed, stout.

εὐρυ-όδεια, ἡ, (εὐρύ, ὁδός) with broad, open ways.

εὐρυ-όπτης Aeol. εὐρύοπα, ὁ, (εὐρύ, ὕψωμα) the far-glancing, far-seeing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

εὐρύ-οψ, ὁ, acc. εὐρύοψα, = εὐρύοπτης.

εὐρύ-πέδος, ov, (εὐρύ, πῆδον) with broad surface.

εὐρύ-πορος, ov, with broad ways, of the sea.

εὐρυ-πρωκτία, ἡ, the character of a lewd fellow.

εὐρύ-πρωκτός, ov, (εὐρύ, πρωκτός) lewd, obscene : also an adulterer.

εὐρυ-πύλης, ἑς, (εὐρύ, πύλη) with wide gates.

εὐρυ-ρέεθος, ov, (εὐρύ, ῥέεθρον) with broad channel.

εὐρυ-ρέων, ov, (εὐρύ, ῥέω) broad-flowing.

ΕΥΡΥΣ, εὐρεῖα, εὐρύ : gen. εὐρέος, εἰας, ἑός : acc. sing. εὐρύν, and sometimes εὐρέα : Ion. fem. nom. εὐρέα :—wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, wide-spread :—Comp. εὐρύτερος : see εὐρύ.

εὐρυ-σάκης, ἑς, (εὐρύ, σάκος) with broad shield. [ᾶ]

εὐρυ-στεινής, ἑς, (εὐρύ, στένος) wide-ruling, mighty.

εὐρύ-σορος, ov, with wide bier or tomb.

εὐρύ-στερνός, ov, (εὐρύ, στέρνον) broad-breasted.

εὐρυτέρως, Adv., Comp. of εὐρύ, more widely.

εὐρύ-τιμός, ov, (εὐρύ, τιμή) far-honoured.

εὐ-ρύτος, ov, (εὐ, ρέω) full-flowing.

εὐρυ-φάρετρος, ov, ὁ, (εὐρύ, φάετρα) with wide quiver.

εὐρυ-φύης, ἑς, (εὐρύ, φύω) growing widely.

εὐρυ-χάδης, ἑς, (εὐρύ, χαδεῖν) wide-gaping, wide-mouthed, of cups.

εὐρυ-χαίτης, ov, ὁ, (εὐρύ, χαίτη) with wide-spread hair.

εὐρύ-χορος, ov, shortened Ep. for εὐρύχωρος.

εὐρυχωρία, ἡ, free space, plenty of room : ἐν εὐρυχωρίᾳ in the open sea. From

εὐρύ-χωρος, ov, (εὐρύ, χώρα) roomy, spacious.

εὐρύ-ωγης, (εὐ, ῥάξ) rich in grapes.

εὐρώδης, ἑς, poet. for εὐρύς.

εὐρώεις, εσσα, εν, (εὐρύς) mouldering, dank and dark, squalid : οἶκτα εὐρώεντα, Virgil's loca senta situ.

εὐρύων, ov, Dor. aor. 2 part. of εὐρίσκω.

ΕΥΡΩΠΗ, ἡ, Europa, Europe, as a geographic name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo.

εὐρωπός, ἡ, ὄν, = εὐρύς.

ΕΥΡΩΣ, ὦτος, ὁ, mould, dank, decay, Lat. situs, squalor.

εὐρωστία, ἡ, stoutness, strength. From

εὐρ-ωστος, ov, (εὐ, ῥώννυμι) stout, strong. Adv. -τως.

εὐρώτι, dat. sing. of εὐρώς.

εὐ-ρωτιάω, (εὐρώς) to become or to be mouldy, to decay : βίος εὐρωτιῶν a coarse, unpolished life.

ΕΥΣ, ὁ, good, brave, noble : gen. sing. ἑῖος : gen. plur. neut. ἑῶν [ᾶ], as if from nom. ἑῶ, θεοί, δαῖτρες ἑῶν the gods, givers of good things.

εὔσα, Dor. for εὐσσα, ov, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

εὔσα, aor. I of εἶω.

εὐσέβεια, ἡ, (εὐσεβής) reverence towards the gods, piety, religion, Lat. pietas, 2. credit or character for piety.

εὐσεβίω, f. ἦσω, (εὐσεβής) to live or act piously : to be pious in a thing : o. acc. pers. to reverence.

εὐ-σεβής, ἑς, (εὐ, σέβω) Lat. pius, pious, religious, reverent : of things, holy, hallowed.

εὐ-σεβία Ion. -τη, poet. for εὐσέβεια.

εὐ-σελμός Ep. εὔσσω, ov, (εὐ, σέλω) with good banks of oars, well-rowed.

εὐ-σεπτος, ov, (εὐ, σέβω) much revered, holy.

εὐ-σημος, *ον*, (εὐ, σῆμα) of good omen, auspicious. II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous.
 εὐσθενέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to be strong, healthy. From
 εὐ-σθενής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, σθένος) stout: strong, firm.
 εὐ-σίπυος, *ον*, (εὐ, σίπυα) with full pantry or larder.
 εὐ-σκάνδις, *ικος, δ, ῆ*, abounding in chervil.
 εὐ-σκαρῆμος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκαίρω) swift-springing, high-bounding.
 εὐ-σκέπαστος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκεπάω) well-covered: Sup. -ότατος, serving as the best covering.
 εὐ-σκευέω, to be well equipped. From
 εὐ-σκευος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκευος) well-equipped.
 εὐ-σκίαστος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκιάω) well-shaded, shadowy.
 εὐ-σκίος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκιά) shadowy.
 εὐ-σκοπος *Ep.* εὐ-σκοπος, *ον*, (εὐ, σκοπέω) keen-sighted, watchful. 2. of a place, far-seeing or far-seeing, commanding a wide view. II. (εὐ, σκοπός) shooting well, of unerring aim.
 εὐ-σοια, *ῆ*, a healthy state, prosperity. From
 εὐ-σοος, *ον*, well-secured, safe and well, happy.
 εὐ-σπειρής, *ἐς*, and εὐσπεiros, *ον*, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-turned: wreathing, winding.
 εὐ-σπλαγχνία, *ῆ*, goodness of heart.
 εὐ-σπλαγχνος, *ον*, (εὐ, σπλάγχνον) with bowels of compassion, compassionate.
 εὐ-σπορος, *ον*, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-sown: rich in seed.
 εὐ-σ-σελμος, *Ep.* for εὐσελμος.
 εὐ-σ-στροπος, *Ep.* for εὐστροπος.
 εὐστάθεια, *ῆ*, (εὐσταθής) goodness of health.
 εὐστάθω, *φ. ἦσω*, to be steady, firm: to be calm, of the sea. From
 εὐ-σταθής *Ep.* εὐσταθής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, ἵσταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, healthy.
 εὐσταθῆ, *Ep.* for εὐστάθεια.
 εὐ-σταλής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, σταλῆναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable.
 εὐ-σταχυς, *ν*, rich in ears of corn: fruitful.
 εὐ-στέφανος *Ep.* εὐστ-, *ον*, well-girded or well-crowned: of a city, circled with towers.
 εὐ-στέφιος, *ον*, poet. form for εὐστέφανος.
 εὐ-στιβής, *ἐς*, (εὐ, στιβεῖν) well-trodden.
 εὐ-στολος, *ον*, (εὐ, στέλλω) = εὐσταλής.
 εὐστομέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, = εὐφημέω. From
 εὐ-στομος, *ον*, (εὐ, στόμα) with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, eloquent. 2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping silence to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as Adv., περί τούτων μοι εὐστομα κείσθω on this let me keep a religious silence; εὐστομ' ἔχε peace, be still!
 εὐ-στοος, *ον*, (εὐ, στοά) with goodly colonnades.
 εὐ-στόρθυξ, *νγος, δ, ῆ*, from a good trunk.
 εὐστοχία, *ῆ*, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quickness at guessing, wit, cleverness. From
 εὐ-στοχος, *ον*, aiming well, hitting the mark. 2. pass. well-aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, sharp, witty, clever.

εὐ-στρα, *ῆ*, (εὐω) a place for singeing swine.
 εὐ-στρεπτος *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ον*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turned, lissom.
 εὐ-στρεφής *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ἐς*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted.
 εὐ-στροφάλιγξ, *νγος, δ, ῆ*, well-curled, curly.
 εὐ-στροφος *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ον*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turning, nimble.
 εὐ-στροφος, *ον*, (εὐ, στρώννυμι) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. bene stratus.
 εὐ-στυλος, *ον*, with goodly pillars.
 εὐ-σύμβλητος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβλ-, *ον*, (εὐ, συμβάλλω) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess.
 εὐ-σύμβολος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβ-, *ον*, (εὐ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. II. easy to deal with, honest, upright.
 εὐ-σύνετος old Att. εὐ-ξύν-, *ον*, (εὐ, συνήμι) quick of apprehension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible.
 εὐσύνετως, Adv. of εὐσύνετος, with quickness of apprehension: Comp. εὐσυνετώτερον.
 εὐ-σύνοπτος, *ον*, easily seen at a glance.
 εὐ-σφύλις *Ep.* εὐσφ-, *ον*, (ἐὺς, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles.
 εὐσχημονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὐσχημων.
 εὐσχημόνων, Adv. of εὐσχήμων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εὐσχημονέστερον.
 εὐ-σχημος, *ον*, = εὐσχήμων.
 εὐσχημοσύνη, *ῆ*, grace of manner, elegance. From
 εὐ-σχήμων, *ον*, gen. ονος, (εὐ, σχήμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward show, specious.
 εὐσχήμως, = εὐσχημόνων.
 εὐ-σχιδής, *ἐς*, and εὐ-σχιστός, *ον*, (εὐ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave.
 εὐσωμάτως, *φ. ἦσω*, to be sound in limb. From
 εὐ-σώματος, *ον*, (εὐ, σῶμα) sound in limb.
 εὐ-σωτρος *Ep.* εὐσσ-, *ον*, (εὐ, σῶτρον) with good fellows: with good wheels.
 εὐ-τάκης, *ἐς*, (εὐ, τακῆναι) easy to melt.
 εὐτακτέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to be orderly, behave well. From
 εὐ-τακτος, *ον*, (εὐ, τάσσω) well-ordered, well-behaved: of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence
 εὐτάκτως, Adv. in good order.
 εὐταξία, *ῆ*, (εὐτακτέω) good order, discipline.
 εὐ-ταρσος, *ον*, delicate-footed.
 εὐτε, Adv. of Time, a poet. form of ὅτε, when, at the time when: seeing that, since. II. εὐτ' ἂν, like ὅταν, so often as, whensoever, in the case that.
 εὐ-τειχής, *ἐς*, εὐ-τείχεος, *ον*, and εὐ-τείχηςτος, *ον*, (εὐ, τείχος) well-walled, well-fortified, strong.
 εὐτεκνέω, (εὐτεκνος) to have good or fine children.
 εὐτεκνία, *ῆ*, the having good or fine children.
 εὐ-τεκνος, *ον*, (εὐ, τέκνον) having many or fine children, blessed with a goodly progeny; εὐτεκνος ξυνοπίς a pair of fair children.
 εὐτέλεια Ion. εὐτελίη, *ῆ*, cheapness, Lat. vilitas.

πρὸς εὐτελήν cheaply; χῆν εἰς εὐτέλειαν γεγραμμένος a goose painted on cheap terms.

II. *thrift, frugality, economy*; ἐπὶ εὐτελείᾳ for economy.

εὐ-τελής, ἑς, (εὐ, τέλος) easily paid for, cheap, Lat. *vilis*.

III. *mean, paltry, worthless*.

II. *thrift, frugal*.

εὐτελής, ἡ, Ion. for εὐτέλεια.

εὐτέλως, Adv. of εὐτελής, cheaply, at a cheap rate.

εὐ-τερπής, ἑς, (εὐ, τέρπω) delightful, charming.

εὐ-τέχνητος, on, (εὐ, τεχνάομαι) wrought with skill.

εὐτεχνία, ἡ, skill in art. From

εὐ-τεχνος, on, (εὐ, τέχνη) skilful, ingenious.

εὐ-τλήμων, on, gen. onos, much-enduring, steadfast.

εὐ-τμήτος Ep. εὐτμ-, on, (εὐ, τέμνω) well-cut.

εὐτοκέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐτοκος) to bring forth easily.

Hence

εὐ-τοκία, ἡ, an easy childbirth, happy birth.

εὐ-τοκος, on, (εὐ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth easily.

εὐτομέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐτολμος) to be daring. Hence

εὐτομία, ἡ, courage, boldness.

εὐ-τόλμος, on, (εὐ, τόλμα) brave-spirited, courageous.

εὐ-τονος, on, (εὐ, τείνω) well-stretched, well-strung,

sinevy, nervous. Hence

εὐτόνω, Adv. with main strength.

εὐ-τοξος, on, (εὐ, τόξον) with good arrows.

εὐ-τόρνευτος, on, (εὐ, ταρνεύω) well-rounded.

εὐ-τορνος, on, well-turned, round.

εὐ-τράπεζος, on, (εὐ, τράπεζα) with a good table,

hospitable, luxurious, sumptuous.

εὐτράπelia, ἡ, wit, liveliness, politeness, Lat. *urbanitas*.

2. coarse jesting, ribaldry. From

εὐ-τράπελος, on, (εὐ, τρέπω) easily turning: hence

versatile, ingenious, clever. 2. witty, lively, Lat. *facetis*.

3. tricky, disonest.

εὐ-τράφης, ἑς, (εὐ, τραφῆναι) well-grown, thriving.

II. act. nourishing.

εὐ-τρεπής, ἑς, (εὐ, τρέπω) ready to turn, prepared,

ready. Hence

εὐ-τρεπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: Pass., pf. ἡντρέπισμαι:

—to make ready, get ready, prepare: to make friendly,

conciliate:—Pass. to be ready:—Med. to get oneself

ready.

εὐ-τρεπτος, on, easily turned, changeable.

εὐτρεπῶ, Adv. of εὐτρεπής, in a state of prepara-

tion.

εὐ-τρεφής Ep. εὐτρ-, ἑς, (εὐ, τρέφω) well-fed.

εὐ-τρητος Ep. εὐτρ-, on, well bored or pierced.

εὐ-τρίανα, Dor. for -ης, ὁ, (εὐ, τρίανα) with goodly

trident.

εὐ-τρίχες, nom. pl. of εὐθρίξ.

εὐ-τρίχος, on, = εὐθρίξ.

εὐτροπία, ἡ, versatility, Lat. *versutia*. From

εὐ-τροπος, on, (εὐ, τρέπω) easily turning, versatile.

εὐ-τροχῆλος Ep. εὐτρ-, on, (εὐ, τρέχω) running

well, quick-moving. 2. (εὐ, τροχός) well-rounded.

εὐ-τροχος Ep. εὐτρ-, on, (εὐ, τροχός) well-wheeled

or well-rounded. II. running easily.

εὐ-τύκος, on, rare poet. form for εὐτυκτος.

εὐ-τυκτος, on, (εὐ, τεύχω) well-made, well-wrought;

εὐτυκτον ποιεῖσθαι τι to make ready.

εὐτύχew, f. ἦω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχουν or

ἦν, aor. I εὐτύχησα or ἦν, etc.: (εὐτυχής):—to

be lucky, to be well off, to succeed. 2. of things, to

turn out well, prosper: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχηται

τινι things have gone well with him. Hence

εὐτυχῶ, Ion. for εὐνυχῶ.

εὐτύχημα, atos, τό, a piece of good luck, success.

εὐ-τύχης, ἑς, (εὐ, τυχεῖν) well-off, successful, lucky,

fortunate, prosperous.

εὐτύχια, ἡ, (εὐτυχῶ) success, good luck, prosperity:

in plur. successes.

εὐτυχῶ, Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of εὐτυχής, with good fortune,

successfully: Comp. εὐτυχέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

εὐ-ύαλος, on, (εὐ, ὕαλος) with or of good glass.

εὐ-ύδρος, on, (εὐ, ὕδωρ) well-watered, abounding in

water: of a river, with good water: Comp. εὐυδρό-

τερος.

εὐ-ὑμνος, on, celebrated in many hymns.

εὐ-υφής, ἑς, (εὐ, ὑφή) well-woven.

εὐ-φάμια, εὐ-φάμος, Dor. for εὐφημ-,

εὐ-φάρετρος, on, ὁ, Dor. -ας, α, (εὐ, φάρετρα) with

beautiful quiver.

εὐ-φεγγής, ἑς, (εὐ, φέγγος) with clear light, bright.

εὐφρμεω, f. ἦσω, (εὐφρημος) to use words of good omen

or to abstain from words of ill omen: hence I.

to keep silent, to observe a solemn silence; in im-

perat. εὐφρμει, εὐφρμειτε, hush! be silent! Lat. *fa-*

vete linguis. II. to shout in honour of any one,

or in triumph. III. to sound auspiciously. Hence

εὐφρημία, ἡ, the use of words of good omen or the

avoidance of words of bad omen: hence I. solemn

silence during religious rites. II. praise, worship:

in plur. songs of praise.

εὐ-φημος, on, (εὐ, φήμη) of good sound or omen,

auspicious: of persons, using only words of good

omen or avoiding words of ill omen:—hence, I.

religiously silent. II. interpreting favourably;

πρὸς τὸ εὐφρον in a good sense.

εὐ-φθογγος, on, (εὐ, φθέγγομαι) well-sounding, sweet-

voiced.

εὐ-φιλής, ἑς, (εὐ, φιλέω) well-beloved. II. act.

loving well.

εὐ-φίλητος, on, also η, on, (εὐ, φιλέω) well-beloved.

εὐ-φίλο-παῖς, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, φιλέω, παῖς) fond of

children, or pass. beloved of children.

εὐ-φλεκτος, on, (εὐ, φλέγω) easily set on fire.

εὐφορῶ, f. ἦσω, (εὐφορος) to bring forth abund-

antly.

εὐ-φόρητος, on, (εὐ, φορέω) easily borne, tolerable.

εὐ-φόρμυξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful lyre: playing

beautifully on it.

εὐ-φορος, on, (εὐ, φέρω) well or patiently borne. 2.

easily worn, convenient, manageable. II. act.

bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable: of the

body, sound, healthy.

εὐ-φορτος, on, well freighted or laden.

εὐφώρας, Adv. of εὐφορος, *patiently, readily*.
εὐφράδεια, ἡ, (εὐφράδης) *correctness of language*.
εὐ-φράδης, ἐς, (εὐ, φράζω) *speaking well or elo-*
quently.—Ep. Adv. εὐφραδέως, *in set terms, elo-*
quently.

εὐφράδι, ἡ, poet. for εὐφράδεια.
εὐ-φραῖνω Ep. εὐφρ-: f. εὐφρᾶνω Ep. εὐφρανέω:
aor. I εὐφράνω Ep. εὐφρηνα:—Pass., f. εὐφρανθήσομαι,
but also with f. med. εὐφρανοῦμαι in same sense,
Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράνεω: aor. I εὐφράνθην: (εὐφραν):
—to cheer, gladden. II. Pass. to rejoice; c. part.,
ὧν εὐφραίνεται is rejoiced at seeing. Hence

εὐ-φραντικός, ἡ, ὄν, cheering, delightful to.
εὐφρήνα, Ep. aor. I inf. of εὐφραίνω.
εὐ-φρονέω Ep. εὐφρ-, participial Adj. (εὐ, φρονέω)
well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed.

εὐ-φρόνη, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *the kindly time, i. e. night*,
euphemism for νύξ. Hence

εὐφρονίδης, ου, ὁ, son of Night.
εὐφρόνως, Adv. of εὐφρων, *with good cheer: gra-*
ciously.

εὐ-φροσύνη Ep. εὐφρ-, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *cheerfulness*,
mirth, merriment: of a banquet, good cheer: in pl.
glad thoughts, festivities. [ῥ]

εὐ-φρόσυνος, ου, (εὐφρων) poet. form, *cheery*.
εὐ-φρων Ep. εὐφρ-, ου, (εὐ, φρήν) *cheerful, glad-*
some, merry, light-hearted. 2. act. cheering, mak-
ing glad or merry, comforting. II. *well-minded*,
well-disposed, gracious.

εὐ-φύης, ἐς, (εὐ, φύη) *well-grown, shapely, goodly*:
graceful. II. of good natural parts: *clever*,
witty; also of good disposition. Hence

εὐφύια, ἡ, *goodness of shape*. II. *goodness of*
disposition or good natural parts, cleverness.

εὐ-φύλακτος, ου, (εὐ, φύλασσω) *easy to keep or*
guard: εὐφυλακτότερα γίνεταί it is easier to keep
watch.

εὐ-φύλλος, ου, (εὐ, φύλλον) *with thick foliage*.

εὐφύως, Adv. of εὐφύης, *cleverly*: Comp. —νέστερον.

εὐφωμία, ἡ, *goodness of voice*. From

εὐ-φωνος, ου, (εὐ, φωνή) *sweet-voiced*; *loud-voiced*.

εὐ-χαίτης, ου, ὁ, (εὐ, χαίτη) *with beautiful hair*: of
plants, with beautiful leaves.

εὐ-χαλκος, ου, (εὐ, χαλκός) *wrought of fine brass*,
or well wrought in brass.

εὐ-χάλκωτος, ου, *well wrought of brass*.

εὐ-χάρις, neut. εὐχαρί, gen. ιτος, (εὐ, χάρις) *pleas-*
ing, engaging: agreeable: popular, Lat. gratiosus.

εὐχαριστέω, f. ἴσω, *to be thankful, return thanks*:
hence to requite. Hence

εὐχαριστία, ἡ, *thankfulness, gratitude*. II. a
giving of thanks, thanksgiving: the holy Eucharist.

εὐ-χάριστος or -ιτος, ου, (εὐ, χαρίζομαι) *winning*,
agreeable, pleasant. II. *grateful, thankful*, Lat.

gratias: Adv., εὐχαριστῶς διακρίσθαι πρὸς τινα to be
gratefully disposed towards him.

εὐ-χείρ, epos, ὁ, ἡ, *ready of hand, handy, dexterous*.
εὐ-χείρωτος, ου, (εὐ, χερῶν) *easy to overcome*.

εὐχίρεια, ἡ, *readiness of hand, dexterity, readiness*,
skill. 2. *proneness or inclination for a thing*. 3.
in bad sense, recklessness. From

εὐ-χερής, ἐς, (εὐ, χεῖρ) *quick or ready of hand*,
handy, dexterous, expert. 2. *in bad sense, reck-*
less. II. *easy to handle or manage, manageable*.

Hence

εὐχερῶς, Adv. *readily*: *recklessly*.

εὐχετάομαι, Ep. for εὐχομαι, only used in pres. and
impf.; Ep. inf. εὐχετάσθαι, 3 pl. impf. εὐχετόωντο:
Dep.:—to pray, offer one's vows. II. to boast

oneself, vaunt, profess.

εὐχή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) a prayer, wish or vow, Lat. vo-
tum. 2. a prayer for evil, a curse, imprecation.

εὐ-χίλος, ου, *rich in fodder*. II. of a horse,
well-fed, in good condition.

εὐ-χίμαρος, ου, (εὐ, χίμαρος) *rich in goats*.

εὐ-χλούς, ου, contr. -χλους, ου, (εὐ, χλοά) *mak-*
ing fresh and green.

ΕΥΨΟΜΑΙ: impf. εὐχόμεν or ἤν-: fut. εὐξομαι:
aor. I εὐξάμην or ἤν-: aor. I part. εὐχθεῖς in pass.
sense; so also pf. ἤνυμαι; but 3 sing. plqpf. ἤνυκτο
in act. sense: Dep.:—to pray, pay one's vows, Lat.

precari: c. acc. pers. to pray to, pray or beseech
one. 2. c. inf. to pray that. 3. c. acc. objecti,

to pray for, long or wish for. II. to vow or pro-

mise to do; εὐχεσθαι κατὰ χιμάρων to make a vow of
goats, i. e. vow to offer them. 2. c. acc. rei, to

vow or devote a thing to some god. III. to vow

loudly, make great promises, boast, vaunt oneself: but
often, to profess, maintain, assert.

εὐ-χορδος, ου, (εὐ, χορδή) *well-strung, harmonious*.

εὐχος, eos, τό, (εὐχομαι) a thing prayed for, vow,
Lat. votum. 2. a votive offering. II. one's

boast or pride.

εὐ-χρηστος, ου, (εὐ, χράομαι) *easy to make use of*,
serviceable. Adv. —τως.

εὐ-χροέω, f. ἴσω, to be of a good complexion. From

εὐ-χροής, ἐς, poet. for εὐχροος, of good complexion.

εὐ-χροος, ου, contr. -χρους, ου, (εὐ, χρῶς) of good
complexion, fresh-looking, healthy:—Comp. εὐχρώ-

τερος or —ούτερος.

εὐ-χρύσος, ου, *rich in gold*.

εὐ-χρως, ου, = εὐχροος.

εὐχολή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) poet. form of εὐχή, a prayer,
vow, Lat. votum. II. boasting: a boast, vaunt,

matter of boasting. Hence

εὐχολιμαίος, α, ου, bound by a vow.

εὐ-ψάμθος, ου, *with good sands, sandy*.

εὐψύχew, f. ἴσω, (εὐψυχος) to be of good courage. II.
εὐψύχει farewell! inscr. on tombs, like Lat. have pia

animal! Hence

εὐψυχία, ἡ, *good courage, stoutness of heart*.
εὐ-ψυχος, ου, (εὐ, ψυχή) of good courage, stout of
heart, Lat. animosus. Adv. —χως, *with good courage*.

ΕΥΨΩ, f. εὐσω: aor. I εὔσα:—to singe: metaph. of
a scolding wife, εἶε ἄτερ δαλὸν ἄνδρα she roasts her
husband without the help of a fire.

εὐώδης, ες, (εὖ, ὄδωδα pf. of ὄζω) *sweet-smelling*.

Hence

εὐωδία, ἡ, a *sweet smell, fragrance*.

εὐωδόθην, aor. 1 pass. of εὐοδόω.

εὐ-ώλενος, ον, (εὖ, ὤλην) *fair-armed*.

εὐ-ώνυμος, ον, (εὖ, ὄνομα) of *good name, honourable*: of *good omen*.

II. euphemistic for the ill-omened word ἀριστερος, *left, on the left hand or side*; ἐξ εὐωνύμου (sub. χειρός) *on the left hand*.

εὐ-ώπης, ἰδος, fem. of εὐώψ, *fair-eyed or fair-faced*.

εὐ-ωπός, ὄν, (εὖ, ὤψ) *fair to look on, friendly*.

εὐ-ωχέω, f. ἦσω, (εὖ, ἔχω) *to treat well*: to entertain hospitably, *feast*:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. and pf. pass., εὐωχῆθην, -ήμαι, *to be well entertained*,

to be regaled, fare sumptuously; c. acc., κρέα εὐωχοῦ *make merry on your meat*: generally, *to relish, enjoy*.

Hence

εὐωχία, ἡ, *good cheer, feasting*.

εὐ-ώψ, ὥπος, ὅ, ἡ, (εὖ, ὤψ) *fair-eyed or fair-faced*, *goodly*.

ἐφᾶ, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί.

ἐφᾶάνθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of φαίνομαι.

ἐφ-ἄβος, ἐφαβικός, Dor. for ἐφηβ-.

ἐφ-ἄγιστεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ἄγος) *to perform sacred rites* over a thing.

ἐφ-ἀγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to make offerings* on a grave.

ἐφᾶγον, aor. 2 of ἐσθίω: see φαγεῖν.

ἐφ-αιρέομαι, Pass. *to be chosen in addition or in succession* to another.

ἐφ-άλιος, ον, -(ἐπί, ἄλς) = ἔφαλος.

ἐφ-ἄλλομαι, fut. ἐφαλοῦμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ἐπαλτο part. ἐπάλμενος or ἐπάλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring upon*, *to assail*: without hostile sense, ἐπάλμενος ἵππων *having leaped upon or into the chariot*:

absol. κύσσε μιν ἐπάλμενος *he kissed him having leaped upon him*.

ἐφ-ἄλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄλς) *on or by the sea*.

ἐφᾶλδω, Dor. for ἐφηλδω.

ἐφάμαν [ᾶ], Dor. for ἐφάμην, aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-αμαξέω, (ἐπί, ἄμαξα) *to drive wains over*: Ion. pf. part. pass. ἐπημαξένεμος *traversed by wains*.

ἐφ-ἀμέριος, ἐφάμερος [ᾶ], Dor. for ἐφήμ-.

ἐφ-ἀμύλλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀμύλλα) *a match for, rivalling*, *winning with*. 2. pass. *to be striven, contended for*.

ἐφᾶν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί.

ἐφ-ανδάνω, impf. -ανον, *to please, be grateful or welcome to*: Ep. also ἐπιανδάνω, impf. ἐπιτήνδανον.

ἐφάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφάνθη, aor. 1 pass. of φαίνομαι.

ἐφάντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-άπαξ, Adv. *once for all*: *at once*.

ἐφ-άπλω, f. ὥσω, *to fold or spread over*.

ἐφ-ἄπτω Ion. ἐπάπτω: f. ἐφάψω: aor. 1 ἐφήψα: pf. pass. ἐφήμμαι:—*to fasten on or to*: hence *to fix firmly, decree*.

II. Pass. *to be hung over, impend over*, in pf. and plqpf. ἐφήπται, ἐφήπτο, like Lat. *imminet, imminere*: Τρώεσσι κηδε' ἐφήπται *woes impend over the Trojans*.

III. Med. *to lay hold of*, *grasp, touch*: *to seize hold upon, claim*.

2. *to reach, attain to*, Lat. *atingere*; so Ion. pf. part. pass., εἶδεος ἐπαμμένους *possessed of beauty*. Hence

ἐφ-αρμύζω, f. σω, *to fit on or to, to suit, coincide with*. II. trans. *to fit one thing on or to another, to adapt, accommodate*.

ἐφαρμόδω, Dor. for ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφαρμόσσαι, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 opt. of ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφ-αρμόττω, Att. for ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφαρξάμην, ἐφάρχη, Att. for ἐφαρξάμην, ἐφράχθη, aor. 1 med. and pass. of φράσσω.

ἐφᾶτο, ἐφάντο, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-ἔδρα Ion. ἐπέδρη, ἡ, *a sitting at or by*: *a siege, blockade*, Lat. *obsessio*.

ἐφ-εδράω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *to sit or rest upon*.

ἐφ-εδρεία, ἡ, *a sitting upon*. II. *a lying in wait*, Lat. *insidiae*. From

ἐφεδρεῖω, f. σω, *to sit or rest upon*. II. *to lie by, lie in wait*: *to watch for*:—also *to halt*. From

ἐφ-εδρος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *sitting on*; λεόντων ἐφεδρος *seated on a chariot drawn by lions lying by or near*.

II. *lying by and watching, lying in wait for an enemy*.

III. *posted in reserve*, of a third combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: *an avenger, a successor*.

ἐφ-ἔρομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι: Dep.:—*to sit upon*. 2. *to sit by or near*.

ἐφέηκα, Ep. aor. 1 of ἐφήμι.

ἐφέλην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφεμμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφέννυμι.

ἐφεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφεῖσάμην, aor. 1 of φείδομαι.

ἐφέλω, ης, η, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-εκτος, ον, (ἐπί, ἔκτος) $1 + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$: τόκος ἐφεκτος *interest at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the principal* = 16 $\frac{2}{3}$ p. cent.

ἐφ-ελίσσω, f. ὤω, *to roll on or along*.

ἐφελκύσαι [ῦ], aor. 1 inf. of ἐφέλκω.

ἐφ-ελκυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *drawing on, attractive*. From

ἐφ-έλωκ Ion. ἐπέλωκ: fut. ἐφέλω, but the aor. 1 in use is ἐφελκύσα (formed from *ἐφελκῶ):—*to draw on or towards*: *to drag or trail after* one: of a ship, *to tow after*. 2. *to drink off, drain*.

II. Pass., πόδες ἐφελκόμενοι *feet dragged or trailing along*; οἱ ἐπελκόμενοι *the stragglers of an army*. III. Med. *to draw or drag after* one; ἐφέλκετο μέλινον ἔγχος *be trailed along the spear (which was stuck in his foot)*; ἐφέλκεται ἄνδρα σίδηρος *iron draws men after it*, i. e. *attracts them, tempts them*; ἐφέλκεσθαι τὴν θύραν *to pull to the door*. 2. *to bring on, entail consequences*. 3. *to claim, assume*.

ἐφέμεν, Ep. for ἐφεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-έννυμι, = more freq. ἐπέννυμι.

ἐφ-ἐξῆς Ion. ἐπέξῆς poet. ἐφεξείης, Adv. (ἐπί, ἔχομαι) *in order, one after another, in a line*. II. of Time, successively: *thereupon*.

ἐφεξῆς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) *an excuse, pretext*.

ἐφ-έπω: impf. ἐφέπειον Ep. ἔφεπον Ion. ἐφέπεσκον: fut. ἐφέψω: aor. 2 ἐπέσπον: inf. ἐπισπεῖν: part. ἐπι-

σπών:—to go after, follow upon, pursue. 2. to drive on, urge on. 3. to follow a pursuit, busy oneself about, manage. 4. to seek out, search, traverse. 5. πόντον ἐπισπεῖν, θάνατον καὶ πόντον ἐπισπεῖν, θανέειν καὶ πόντον ἐπισπεῖν to seek out one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, incur it. II. Med., inf. ἐφευπόμην: fut. ἐφέσομαι: aor. 2 ἐφеспόμην, inf. ἐπισπείσθαι:—to follow, pursue: to accompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with. ἐφ-ερπύζω, late form for ἐφέρπω. ἐφ-έρπω, f. ἐφέρβω: aor. I ἐφέλυσα, inf. -ερπύσαι (formed from ἐφερπύζω):—to creep upon or towards. II. to come upon gradually or stealthily: absol., χρόνος ἐφέρπων advancing time. ἔφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐφήμι. ἐφίστημι δίκη, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From ἐφίστημι, εως, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a throwing at. 2. as Att. law-term, an appeal to another court. ἐφ-έσπερος, ον, (ἐπί, ἑσπέρα) western. ἐφ-έσπομαι, poet. for ἐφέπομαι. ἐφέσσαι, Ep. for ἐφέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐφίζω. ἐφέσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφεσσύμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφέσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφεσταότες Att. -ώτες, nom. pl. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφεστᾶσιν, for ἐφεστήκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφ-έστιος Ion. ἐπίστιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐστία) by one's own hearth or fireside: having a hearth and home: with Verbs of motion, towards home. 2. sitting at or by the hearth, of suppliants; ἐφέστιος δόμων a suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the bouse or household: hence, ἐφέστιον Ion. ἐπίστιον, τό, a household, family; θεοὶ ἐφέστιοι the household gods, Lat. Lares or Penates: also of gods, presiding over hospitality. ἐφ-εστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐφεστρίς. ἐφ-εστρίς, ἴδας, ἡ, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment, wrapper, cloak, mantle. ἐφέστως, for ἐφεστῶσιν, pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐφήμι) a commander. II. οἱ ἐφέται, at Athens, a special court to try criminal cases. ἐφετμή, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφευξα, aor. I of φεύζω (not of φεύγω). ἐφευρετής, οὗ, ὁ, an inventor, contriver. From ἐφ-ευρίσκω Ion. ἐπ-: fut. ἐφεύρησιν: aor. 2 ἐφευρον:—to find by chance, find anywhere: generally, to discover, invent, find out: also to detect one doing. ἐφευβίσθω, poet. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφείπω. ἐφ-εψιάομαι, Dep. to mock or scoff at, ridicule. ἐφεώρατο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφορέω. ἐφεώρων, Ion. impf. of ἐφορέω. ἐφ-ηράω, f. ἦσω, to come to man's estate. ἐφηβεία, ἡ, (ἐφηβέω) manhood, man's estate. ἐφηβείος, α, ον, (ἐφηβος) youthful. ἐφηβικός, ἡ, ὅν, Dor. ἐφαβικός, ἄ, ὅν, of or for a young man: τὸ ἐφηβικόν the body of youth. From

ἐφ-ηβος Dor. ἐφᾶβος, ον, (ἐπί, ἦβη) arrived at manhood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence ἐφηβοσύνη, ἡ, the age of an ἐφηβος, manhood. ἐφ-ηγέομαι, Dep. to lead against one. II. to lead to a place, give information. ἐφ-ήδομαι, Pass. to exult over. ἐφῆκα, aor. I of ἐφήμι. ἐφ-ήκω, to have arrived at:—to extend or reach to. ἐφ-ήλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἐφηβος. ἐφ-ήλω, f. ὥσω, (ἐπί, ἦλος) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pass., it is fixed or determined. ἐφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit on, at, or by. ἐφημερία, f. ἡ, a daily order or course. From ἐφ-ημέριος Dor. ἐφᾶμ-, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; ἐφημερία φρονεῖν to take no thought for the morrow: of men, ἐφημέριοι creatures of a day, ephemeral: hence generally, lasting but a day, short-lived. ἐφ-ήμερος Dor. ἐφᾶμ- Aeol. ἐπᾶμ-, ον, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. II. daily. ἐφημοσύνη, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφηνα, aor. I of φαίνομαι. ἐφήπται, ἐφήπτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐφάπτω. ἐφηνσα, aor. I of φημί. ἐφήσθα, for ἐφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί. ἐφήσω, fut. of ἐφήμι. ἐφθαλα, Dor. for ἐφθάσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθαρμαι, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφθάρται. ἐφθάσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθέγξω, 3 sing. aor. I of φθέγγω. ἐφθερα, aor. I of φθείρω. ἐφθ-ημίμερης, (ἐπτά, ἡμίμερης) containing seven halves, i. e. 3½: esp. in metre, of three feet and a half, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or Iambic Trimeter: cf. πενθήμερης. ἐφθην, aor. 2 of φθάνω (as if from φθημί). ἐφθιατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. or aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. ἐφθιν, 3 sing. impf. of φθίω = φθίνω. ἐφθινεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φθίνω. ἐφθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of φθίνω. ἐφθορα, pf. med. of φθείρω. ἐφθός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of ἐψω, boiled, dressed. ἐφ-ίζω, = ἐφίζω, only used in pres. and impf. ἐφίζω Dor. ἐφίσσω: impf. ἐφίζον Ion. ἐφίζεσκον: intr. to sit upon, at, or by. II. Causal in Ep. fut. med. ἐφέσσομαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. ἐφέσσαι, ἐφέσασθαι, to make to sit upon, set upon. ἐφ-ίμην, fut. ἐφήσω: aor. I ἐφῆκα Ion. and Ep. ἐφένκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἔφες, Ep. subj. φείω: there is also a 3 sing. impf. ἐφίει (as if from *φείω):—to send to one. 2. to send against, launch, or send at: to set on, to do a thing; ἐφίεναι χεῖρας τινι to lay hands on him. 3. of events, to send upon one; ἐφίεναι νόστον τινι to permit one a return. II. to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

up, yield: also intr. (sub. *ἐαυτόν*), to give oneself up to. 2. to permit, allow. III. to put the male to the female, Lat. *admittere*. IV. as law-term, to refer to a higher judge, to appeal; cf. *ἔφεσις*. V. Med. *ἐφίεμαι*, fut. *ἐφήσομαι*, to lay one's command or behest upon: to enjoin, command: to intrust to one: to allow one to do a thing. 2. to aim at, long after, desire.

ἐφικνέομαι Ion. *ἐπ-*: fut. *ἐφίξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐφίκωμην*: pf. *ἐφίγκμαι*: Dep.: —to come up to, reach, attain to, c. gen.: of things, to hit exactly: metaph., *ἐφικέσθαι λέγων* or *λόγων*, to touch the right point in speaking: absol. to extend. II. to come upon, visit, c. acc.; *ἐπικέσθαι* (Ion. aor. 2 inf.) *μάστιγι πληγὰς τὸν Ἑλλησπόντον* to visit the Hellespont with blows. Hence

ἐφικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., easy to reach.
ἐφίλαθεν, *ἐφίλασα*, Dor. for *ἐφίλησα*, *ἐφίληθεν*.
ἐφίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 med. of *φιλέω*.
ἐφίληθεν, Ep. 3 plur. aor. 1 pass. of *φιλέω*.
ἐφ-ίμερος, ὄν, (ἐπὶ, ἡμερος) longed for, desired: delightful, agreeable. [7]
ἐφικμῶτην, aor. 1 pass. of *φιμῶν*.
ἐφ-ίππος, ὄν, (ἐπὶ, ἵππος) of or for a horse or riding: τὸ *ἐφίππιον* (sub. *στρώμα*), Lat. *ephippia*, a saddle-cloth, a horse's harness.

ἐφ-ίππος, ὄν, (ἐπὶ, ἵππος) on horseback; *κλύδων ἐφίππου* a rushing wave of horses.
ἐφ-ίπτᾱμαι, late form of *ἐπιπέτομαι*.
ἐφ-ίσδανω, *ἐφ-ίσδω*, Dor. for *ἐφίζανω*, *ἐφίζω*.
ἐφ-ίστημι Ion. *ἐπ-*: A. Causal in pres., impf., fut., and aor. 1 *ἐπέστησα*: —to set or place upon: to impose. 2. to set one person over another: to appoint to an office. 3. *ἐφιστάναι τινὶ ἀγῶνα* to found or institute games in honour of a person. II. to set by or near. III. to check, make halt. IV. *ἐφιστάναι τὸν νοῦν*, to attend to, Lat. *animum advertere*: absol., *ἐφιστάναι* to attend.

B. Intrans. in Pass. and in aor. 2 act. *ἐπέστην*, pf. *ἐφέστηκα*, plqpf. *ἐφεστήκειν*: —to stand upon: to be imposed. 2. to stand or float on the top; τὸ *ἐφιστάμενον τοῦ γαλακτός*, i. e. cream. 3. to be set over, Lat. *præesse*; pf. part. Ion. οἱ *ἐπεστώτες* Att. οἱ *ἐφεστώτες*, those in authority. II. to stand by or near: absol. to stand by. 2. to stand over against, oppose: metaph. to impend, be close at hand, Lat. *instare*; *Κῆρες ἐφεστᾶσιν θανάτῳ* the fates of death are close at hand. III. to halt, stop. IV. to attend to.

ἐφλάδων, aor. 2 of *φλάζω*.
ἐφόβηθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of *φοβέω*.
ἐφ-οδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπὶ, ὁδός) to visit, go the rounds, patrol: also of an officer who visited yearly at Satrapies of Persia: generally, to superintend, watch over.
ἐφ-όδια, τά, see *ἐφόδιος*.
ἐφοδιάζω Ion. *ἐπ-*, f. ὄσω, to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey: —Med. to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies. From

ἐφ-όδιος, ὄν, (ἐπὶ, ὁδός) of or for a journey: —as Subst., *ἐφόδιον*, τό, Lat. *viaticum*, supplies for travelling (mostly in pl., *ἐφόδια*); —an ambassador's travelling expenses: generally ways and means, supplies.
ἐφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, ὁδός) a way towards, approach: a means of reaching, access. II. an onset, attack.
ἐφ-οδος, ὁ, one who goes the rounds, an inspector.
ἐφ-οδος, ὄν, (ἐπὶ, ὁδός) accessible: Sup. *-ώτατος*.
ἐφοίτη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of *φοιτῶν*.
ἐφόλκιον, τό, (ἐφέλκω) a rudder.
ἐφόλκιον, ὄν, (ἐφέλκω) a small boat towed after a ship: —generally, an appendage.

ἐφολκίς, ἡ, (ἐφέλκω) a burdensome appendage.
ἐφολκός, ὄν, (ἐφέλκω) drawing on or towards, attractive, enticing. II. drawing: absol. a laggard.
ἐφ-ομαρτέω, f. ἦσω, to follow close upon.
ἐφ-οπλίζω, f. σω: Ep. aor. 1 inf. *ἐφοπλίσσαι*: —to equip, get ready, prepare: so also in Med.
ἐφορᾶτικός, ἡ, ὄν, looking over, watchful of. From
ἐφ-οράω Ion. *ἐπ-*: impf. *ἐφείρων* Ion. 3 sing. *ἐπ-ώρα*: f. *ἐπιώραμαι* Ep. *ἐπιώραμαι*: aor. 2 *ἐπεῖδον*: —to look over, oversee, observe. 2. generally to look on, view: —Pass., *ὅσον ἐφείωρατο τῆς νήσου* as much of the island as was in view. 3. to look out for, choose.
ἐφορεία, ἡ, (ἐφορεύω) an overlooking: —the office or dignity of *ἐφορος*, the ephoralty.
ἐφορεῖον, τό, the court of the ephori. From
ἐφορεύω, f. σω, = *ἐφοράω*. II. (*ἐφορος*) to be an ephor.

ἐφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ἐφορος*) of or for the ephori.
ἐφ-όριος, α, ὄν, (ἐπὶ, ὄρος) on the frontier.
ἐφ-ορναῖν, to rush on.
ἐφ-ορμάω Ion. *ἐπ-*: f. ἦσω: aor. 1 *-ώρησα*: —to stir up, rouse against one, urge on, set in motion. 2. intr. to rush upon, attack. II. Pass. and Med., aor. 1 *ἐφωρμησάμην* and *ἐφωρμήθην*: —to be stirred up, roused: to rush furiously on: to burry, rush forward. 2. to make a dash at.

ἐφ-ορμέω Ion. *ἐπ-*, f. ἦσω, to lie at anchor over against, to blockade an enemy: generally, to watch: —Pass. to be blockaded.

ἐφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἐπὶ, ὁρμή) an entrance, access. II. an attempt upon a place, attack.
ἐφορμηθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 1 opt. pass. of *ἐφορμάω*.
ἐφόρμησις, εως, ἡ, (*ἐφορμέω*) the lying at anchor so as to blockade an enemy, a blockade.
ἐφ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐπὶ, ὄρμος) to bring a ship to her moorings: —Med. and Pass. to come to anchor.

ἐφ-ορμος, ὄν, (ἐπὶ, ὄρμος) at anchor.
ἐφ-ορμος, ὁ, = *ἐφορμησις*, a blockade.
ἐφορος, ὄν, (*ἐφοράω*) overseeing. II. as Subst., *ἐφορος*, ὁ, an overseer, guardian, ruler. 2. at Sparta, οἱ *ἐφοροι* the Ephori or Overseers, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.
ἐφ-όρον, Adv. for *ἐφ' ὅσον*, in so far as.
ἐφρασάμαν, Dor. aor. 1 med. of *φράζω*.
ἐφραξα, aor. 1 of *φράσσω*.

ἔφριξα, aor. I of φρίσσω.
 ἐφρύαξα, aor. I of φρύσσω.
 ἔφρυξα, aor. I of φρύγω.
 ἐφ-υβρίζω, f. also Att. *id.* to insult over one, add insult to injury: also in Med.
 ἐφύγον, aor. 2 of φεύγω.
 ἐφ-υδρίας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) of the water.
 ἐφ-υδρος Ion. ἐπ-, ov, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) wet, rainy, bringing rain. 2. abounding in water.
 ἐφ-μνέω, f. ἦσω, to sing or chant after: to chant over. II. to sing a dirge or mournful strain. III. to sing of, descant on.
 ἐφῦν, aor. 2 of φύω: also Ep. 3 pl. ἐφῦσαν.
 ἐφ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from above: above, on atop, over.
 ΕΦΥΡΑ Ion. -ρη, ἡ, Εφῦρέ, old name of Corinth.
 ἐφυρσα, aor. I of φύρω.
 ἐφῦσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of φύω. 2. 3 pl. aor. 2 of φύω.
 ἐφύση, Dor. for ἐφύσα, 3 sing. impf. of φυσάω. [ῡ]
 ἐφ-υστερίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὕστερος) to be later, come after another.
 ἐφ-ύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], (ἐπί, ὕω) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon, exposed to the rain; pf. part. ἐφυσμένος.
 ἐφ' ὧ, ἐφ' ὧτε, i.e. ἐπὶ τούτῳ ὥστε, on the condition that.
 ἐφ-ώριος, ov, (ἐπί, ὠρα) in season, ripe, mature.
 ἔχᾰδον, aor. 2 of χανδάνω.
 ἔχᾰνον, aor. 2 of χάλινω or χάσκω.
 ἐχάρην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of χαίρω.
 ἐχάρισάμην, ἐχάρισθην, aor. I med. and pass. of χαρίζομαι.
 ἔχεα, aor. I of χέω.
 ἐχ-ἐγγυος, ov, = ἔχων ἐγγύνην, i.e. I. having given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithful. II. having received security, secure.
 ἐχέ-θυμος, ov, (ἔχω, θυμός) controlling one's temper, under self-control.
 ἐχε-μῦθός, (ἔχω, μῦθος) to hold one's peace. Hence ἐχεμυθία, ἡ, silence.
 ἐχε-νήτης, -νήτιδος, contr. ἐχε-νήης, -νήδος, ἡ, (ἔχω, ναῦς) holding ships fast.
 ἐχε-πενκῆς, ἐς, (ἔχω, πενκή) epith. of a dart, bitter or sharp, piercing.
 ἐχέ-σαρκος, ov, (ἔχω, σάρξ) fitting to the body.
 ἐχεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔχω.
 ἐχέ-στονος, ov, (ἔχω, στόνος) bringing sorrows.
 ἐχέτλη, ἡ, (ἔχω, σάρε) fitting to the body.
 ἐχετλήεις, εσσα, ev, of the plough-handle.
 ἔχευ, Dor. imperat. pass. of ἔχω.
 ἔχευα, Ep. aor. I of χέω: med. ἐχευάμην.
 ἐχεφρόνως, (ἐχέφρων) to be sensible or shrewd.
 ἐχεφροσύνη, ἡ, good sense, shrewdness. From ἐχέφρων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἔχω, φρήν) sensible, shrewd.
 ἐχρησα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἔχω.
 ἐχθαίρω, f. ἐχθαρό: aor. I ἡχθηρα: fut. med. ἐχθαροῦμαι in pass. sense: (ἔχθος)—to bate, be an enemy to: c. acc. cognato, ἔχθος ἐχθαίρειν to bear hate:—Pass., ἐχθαίρεσθαι ἐκ τινος to be bated by one.

ἐχθαρτέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐχθαίρω, to be bated.
 ἐχθές, Adv., = χθές, yesterday.
 ἐχθιστος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἔχθος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—most bated, most hateful: as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.
 ἐχθίων, ov, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ἐχθρός, formed from Subst. ἔχθος, as κερδίων from κέρδος:—more bated: more hostile.
 ἐχθοδοπέω, f. ἦσω, to cause hatred. From ἐχθοδοπός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔχθος) hateful, hostile.
 *ΕΧΘΟΣ, eos, τό, hate, hatred, enmity, Lat. odium; ἔχθος τινός hatred for one. II. a bated object.
 ἐχθρα Ion. ἐχθρη, ἡ, hatred, enmity; ἐχθρα τινός hatred for one; δι' ἐχθρας μολεῖν or ἀφικέσθαι τινί to become at enmity with one.
 ἐχθραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ἐχθρός) to bate: to be at enmity with.
 ἐχθρο-δαίμων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἐχθρός, δαίμων) hated of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.
 ἐχθρό-ξένος, ov, (ἐχθρός, ξένος) unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.
 ἐχθρόσι, á, ὄν, (ἐχθος) hated, hateful. II. act. bating, hostile, at enmity with. III. as Subst. ἐχθρός, ó, one's enemy, Lat. inimicus.—Besides ἐχθρότερος, ἐχθρότατος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἐχθίων, ἐχθιστος, were in common use.
 *ΕΧΘΩ, to bate:—Pass. to be bated, hateful. Only used in pres. and impf.
 ἐχθύνω, ἡ, (ἐχ-ις) a viper, adder. Hence ἐχθύναιος, a, ov, of or like a viper.
 *ΕΧΙΝΑΙ, ὠν, αἱ, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Ἐχινάδες.
 ἐχίνεες, οἱ, a kind of mice with rough bristling hair, in Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)
 ΕΧΙΝΟΣ, ó, the urchin, hedgehog: also the sea-urchin. 2. the shell of the sea-urchin, often used as a jar: hence, II. like Lat. testa, a jug, pitcher, vase, Lat. echinus. 2. the vase in which the notes of evidence were sealed up. III. part of the bit of a bridle, studded over with points to make it severe.
 *ΕΧΙΣ, ios and eos, ó, a viper, adder.
 ἐχμα, atos, τό, (ἔχω) that which holds: I. a bindrance, obstacle. 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defence against. II. a bold-fast, stay, support; ἐχματα νηῶν props, cradles for ships; ἐχματα πέτρης supports of rock, i.e. solid rock; ἐχματα πύργων supporting towers.
 ἐχουσα, Dor. for ἔχουσα.
 ἐχουν, impf. of χέω: see χώννυμι.
 ἐχράνα, aor. I of χραίνω.
 ἐχρησα, aor. I of χράω.
 ἐχρησθην, aor. I pass. of χράομαι.
 ἐχρίσα, aor. I of χρίω.
 ἐχύθην [ῡ], aor. I pass. of χέω.
 ἐχυντο, ἐχυτό, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.
 ἐχýρós, á, ὄν, (ἔχω) firm, strong, secure, safe; ἐν ἐχυντοῖς εἶναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence ἐχýρως, Adv. securely:—Comp. ἐχυρώτερον.
 *ΕΧΩ, impf. ἐχων Ep. ἔχων Ion. ἐχέσκον: fut.

ἔξω, or (in the sense of *holding*) σχήσω: pf. ἔσχηκα Ep. ὄχωκα (in compd. συνοχωκότε): aor. 2 ἔσχον, imperat. σχές, subj. σχῶ, opt. σχοίην, inf. σchein Ep. σchein, part. σχών; poet. also ἔσχεθον, inf. σχεθεῖν: Pass. and Med. ἔχομαι: impf. εἰχόμεν: fut. ἔσομαι and σχίσσομαι: aor. 2 ἔσχόμεν Ep. 3 sing. σχέτο, imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σχέσθαι, part. σχόμενος.

A. Trans.: Radic. sense, *to have, hold*: I. *to have, possess*; οἱ ἔχοντες those that *have*, i.e. *the wealthy*:—Pass. *to be possessed by, belong to*. 2. *to have to wife*: *to have in one's house, to entertain*: c. acc. loci, *to dwell in, inhabit*: ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχειν (sub. βρέφος), *to be pregnant, be with child*. 3. *of a State or Condition*; γῆρας ἔχειν *to have reached old age*, = the simple Verb *γηράσκειν*, etc.; so, ἐν στόματι ἔχειν *to be always talking of*. 4. *to imply, infer*; ἀσχύνην ἔχειν *to imply disgrace*. 5. like Lat. *teneo*, *to know, understand, comprehend*. II. *to hold, keep*: *to hold fast*: *to keep with one, retain, detain*: *to hold tight, grip, grasp*, of the hold of wrestlers. 2. *to hold up, bear up, sustain*: hence *to hold out or bear up against, to resist*, in which sense Homer uses fut. σχήσειν and med. σχήσεσθαι. 3. *to direct to, aim*: *to guide, steer*: in fut. σχήσω and aor. σchein, *to land*. 4. *to hold in, check, stop*: also *to keep fast or close*, as a bar does a gate: *to allay pain*: c. gen. *to stop or binder from a thing*. 5. *to keep, ward off*: hence *to guard, keep safe*: of armour, *to protect*. 6. *to keep doing or making, cause*. III. *to have means or power to do a thing, to be able*, like Lat. *habeo*: οὐκ ἔχω, followed by ὅπως, πῶς, ποῦ, etc., *I know not how, know not where, etc.*

B. Intrans., *to hold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state*: esp. with Adv., εὖ ἔχει, καλῶς or κακῶς ἔχει, Lat. *bene, male se habet*, *it is going on well, etc.*; a gen. modi is often added, εὖ ἔχειν τινός *to be well off for a thing, abound in it*; καλῶς ἔχειν τῆς μέθης *to be pretty well off for drink*. 2. *to be so and so, be*; λόγος ἔχει *the story goes, prevails*. 3. *to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm*. 4. *to stand up, jut out, rise, project*; κίονες ὑψόσ' ἔχοντες pillars rising high. 5. *to point towards, glance at, be directed towards*; ἐχθρα ἔχουσα ἐς Ἀθηναίους enmity directed towards the Athenians: of Place, *to extend, reach unto*: also, ἔχειν ἀμφί or περί τι *to be about, busy, occupied with*. 6. in Att., ἔχω is joined with aor. part. of another Verb; κρύψαντες ἔχουσι *for κεκρύφασι*; ἀποκλείσας ἔχεις *for ἀποκέκλεικας*. 7. the part. ἔχων with the pres., adds a notion of *duration* to what is *being done*; τί δῆτα διατρίβεις ἔχων; *why then keep wasting time?* ληρείς ἔχων *you keep on trifling*.

C. Med. *to hold oneself to, hold on by, cling to, make fast to*: metaph. *to hold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with*: hence *to lay hold on, claim, take possession of*. 2. of Place, *to be close, border on, next to*; ὁ ἐχόμενος *that comes next or nearest*; τὸ ἐχόμενον ἔτος *the year next ensuing*. II. *to*

bear, wear, carry for oneself, or what is one's own: also *to carry or conduct oneself*; ἔχεο κρατερῶς *bear thyself resolutely*. III. *to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from*: absol., σέχο, σχέςθε *bold! cease!*

ἔχωντι, Dor. for ἔχωσι.

ἔωσα, aor. I of χάννυμι.

ἔχασατο, 3 sing. aor. I of χώμαι.

ἔχασθη, aor. I pass. of χώννυμι.

ἐψάλλαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ψάλλω.

ἔψ-ανδρα, ἦ, (ἔψω, ἀντή) *boiling men*, epith. of Me-dea, from her restoring old Aeson to youth.

ἔψαυσα, aor. I of ψάω.

ἔψεξα, aor. I of ψέγω.

ἔψενσάμην, aor. I of ψεύδομαι.

ἔψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.

ἔψησις, εὖς, ἦ, (ἔψω) *a boiling*: generally, *cooking*.

ἔψησθαι, fut. of ἔψω.

ἔψητήρ, ἦπος, ὅ, (ἔψω) *a pipkin, pan for boiling*.

ἔψητός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔψω) *boiled, sodden*.

ἔψια Ion. ἔψιη, ἦ, (ψιά, ψειά) *a game played with*

pebbles: generally, *amusement, pastime*. Hence

ἔψιόμαι, Dep. *to play with pebbles*: generally, *to disport, amuse oneself*: *to entertain oneself with*.

ἔψιθυρίσδομαι, Dor. I pl. impf. of ψιθυρίζω.

ἔψισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ψίζω.

ἔψυγην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ἔψω: impf. ἦπον (Ion. ἔψεν as if from ἔψέω);

fut. ἐψησώ: aor. I ἦψησα:—Med., fut. ἐψησομαι:—

Pass., aor. I ἦψηθήν: pf. ἦψημαι:—*to boil, seethe*, opp.

to ὀπταῖν: of metals, *to smelt, refine*: metaph. *to*

cherish, nurse.

ἔω, Ion. for ᾧ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἔω, contr. for ἔωω

ἔω, contr. for ἔωω, 3 sing. opt. of ἔωω.

ἔω, dat. of ἔως.

ἔω, Ion. for ᾧ, aor. 2 subj. of ἔγω.

ἔω, gen. and acc. sing. of ἔως, *the dawn*.

ἔωγα, pf. 2 of οἶγνυμι, *to open*.

ἔωγαμι, pf. pass. of οἶγνυμι.

ἔωθα, ἔωθεα, Ion. pf. 2 and plqpf. of ἔωω.

ἔωθεν Ep. ἠώθεν, Adv. (ἔως) *from morn, at earliest*

dawn, at break of day.

ἔωθινός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔως) *in the morning, early*; τὸ ἔωθι-

νόν as Adv. *early in the morning*; ἐξ ἔωθινού = ἔωθεν.

ἔωθουν, impf. of ὥθω.

ἔωικεν, plqpf. of ἔωικα.

ἔωλο-κρασία, ὁ, (ἔωλος, κράσις) *a mixture or com-*

position of dregs of wine: metaph., ἔωλοκρασίαν τῆς

πονηρίας κατασκεδάσαι τινός *to empty the stale dregs*

of his villany over one.

ἔωλος, ὄν, (ἔως) *a day old, kept till the morrow*: of

food, stale: hence out of *date, obsolete*.

ἔωλπει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἔλω.

ἔωμεν, in Il. 19. 404, ἐπεὶ χ' ἔωμεν πολέμοιο *when*

we have enough of war:—commonly considered as

aor. 2 subj. of ἔγω, but sometimes referred to ἔω =

ἔω, to satiate.

ἔωμεν, contr. from ἔωομεν, I pl. of ἔωω.

ἔωμι, contr. from ἔδοιμι, I sing. opt. of ἔδω.
 ἔών, Hom. and Ion. for ἄν, pres. part. of εἰμι sum.
 ἔώνημαι, ἔώνημην, pf. and plqpf. of ἄνωγομαι.
 ἔφονοχέει, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of οἰνοχοέω.
 ἔφξα, aor. I of οἴγνυμι.

ἔφως, α, ον, also os, ον, poet. ἔφωτος Ep. ἡοῖος, (ἔως)
 in the morning, at early dawn, at day-break. 2.
 eastern, Lat. Eōus.

ἔώρα, ἡ, collat. form of ἀλώρα, a being suspended,
 hanging in the air, oscillation. II. a noose for
 banging.

ἔωρά, 3 sing. impf. of ὀράω.
 ἔωράκα, ἔωράμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ὀράω.
 ἔωργει, for ἔοργει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *ἔργω.
 ἔωρέω, collat. form of αἰωρέω, whence aor. I part.
 fem., ἔωρήσασα τοῦμόν ὄμμα having raised aloft mine
 eye.

ἔωρταζον, ἔωρτασα, impf. and aor. I, with irreg.
 augm., of ἔορτάζω.

ἔωρτο, for ἡορτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἀείρω.

ἔωρων, impf. of ὀράω.

ἔως, Att. for Ion. ἡώς, morn.

ἜΩΣ Ion. and Ep. εἰως Ep. εἰος: I. as Con-
 junction, while, so long as, Lat. donec, properly relative
 to the antec. τῆως Ep. τῆως. 2. = τέως, for
 a time. 3. till, until, until such time as. 4.

= ὥς, ὥπως, ἵνα, that, in order that. II. as Adv.,
 ἔως ὅτε, Lat. usque dum, till the time when: so too,
 ἔως οὐ; ἔως ποτε; Lat. quousque? how long? 2.
 with Advs. of Place, ἔως ὧδε, ἔως ἔσω or ἔξω, up to
 this point, till within, etc.

ἔωσα, ἔωσάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ὠθέω.

ἔωσι, Ion. for ὦσι, 3 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμι sum.

ἔωσι, contr. for ἔδουσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἔδω.

ἔωσμαι, pf. pass. of ὠθέω.

ἔωσ-περ, strengthd. for ἔως, even until.

ἔωσ-φόρος, ον, (ἔως, φέρω) morn-bringing: as Subst.,

ὁ Ἐωσφόρος the Morning-star, Lat. Lucifer.

ἔωντου, ἔωντών, Ion. for ἔαντου, ἔαντών.

Z

Z, ζ, ζῆτα, τό, indecl., sixth letter of Gr. Alphabet:
 as numeral ζ' = ἑπτά and ἑβδομος (the obsol. ε', i. e.
 F or vai, being retained to represent ξ'), but ζ' =
 7000. Z is compounded of σ and δ, = σδ, whence in
 Aeol. and Dor. μουσίσδω ψυθιρίσδω are written for
 μουσίω ψυθιρίω. In Ion. δ was changed into ζ;
 and ζ easily passed into δ, as appears in παίζω παιδνός,
 ἀλαπάζω ἀλαπαδνός, etc.: it also melted into ι, e. g.
 ζόρεϊ τορκος, (υγρόν jugum).

Zeta, being a double conson., makes a short vowel
 before it long by position. But there are two proper
 names in Homer, before which the vowel is retained
 short, ἄστυ Ζελέης, ὑλήεσσα Ζάκυνθος.

ZA—, Aeol. for διά: also as insepr. Prefix with intensive
 sense, like ἀρι-, ἐρι-, ἀγα-, as in ζά-θεος, ζα-μενής, etc.
 ζάγκλον, τό, a reaping-book or sickle, Lat. falx.
 (Old Sicilian word.)

ζά-ῆς, ἑς, (ζα-, ἄμμι) strong blowing, stormy, gusty;
 ζαῆν, irreg. acc. for ζαῖα, ζαῆ.

ζά-θεος, α, ον, also os, ον, very divine, holy, ballowed.

ζά-θερής, ἑς, (ζα-, θέρος) very hot.

ζαῖεν Att. ζῶεν, 3 pl. opt. of ἔδω.

ζάκορος, ὁ, = διάκτορος, διάκονος, a minister, servant.

ζά-κοτος, ον, very wrathful.

ζάλη, ἡ, (ἄλς) surge, spray: a storm: metaph. trou-
 ble, distress. (Akin to σάλος, Lat. salum.)

ζαλοῖσα, Dor. for ζηλοῖσα.

ζάλος, ζαλόω, ζαλωτός, Dor. for ζηλ-.

ζαμένεω, f. ἦσω, to be very violent, exert all one's
 strength. From

ζα-μενής, ἑς, (ζα-, μένος) very strong or mighty:
 raging, violent.

ζαμία, Dor. for ζημία.

Ζάν, Ζανός, ὁ, Dor. for Ζήν, Ζηνός, old form of
 Ζεύς, q. v. Hence Lat. Janus.

ζά-πεδον, τό, = δάπεδον.

ζα-πληθής, ἑς, (ζα-, πληθος) very full; ζαπληθής
 γενεαῖς a bushy beard: loud-sounding.

ζά-πλουτος, ον, very rich.

ζά-πῦρος, ον, (ζα-, πῦρ) very fiery.

ζατεῦσα, Dor. for ζητοῦσα.

ζατεῦω, ζατρεῖον, ζατρεῖω, Dor. for ζητ-.

ζα-τρεφής, ἑς, (ζα-, τρέφω) well-fed, fat.

ζα-φλεγής, ἑς, (ζα-, φλέγω) full of fire, fiery.

ζά-χολος, ον, very wrathful.

ζά-χρειος, ον, (ζα-, χρεία) very needy; ζάχρειος οδοῦ
 one who wants to know the way.

ζα-χρητής, ἑς, (ζα-, χράω v) attacking violently, fu-
 rious: of warriors, eager, fiery.

ζά-χρῦστος, ον, rich in gold.

ZA'N Ep. ζῶω, in later Poets ζῶω, Att. contr. ζῶ,
 ζῆς, ζῆ; imperat. ζῆ or ζῆθι; opt. ζῶην; inf. ζάειν
 contr. ζῆν: impf. ἐζην (as if from ζῆμι), ἐζης, ἐζη,
 but 3 pl. ἐζων: fut. ζήσω and ζήσομαι: aor. I ἐζῆσα:
 pf. ἐζῆκα: —to live, breathe; ζῶν alive: ζῆν ἀπό τινος
 to live off or on a thing, cf. ἀποζῆν: c. acc. cognato,
 ζῆν ὄλην, βίον. II. metaph. to be in full vigour:
 to be fresh, strong, efficient: part. ζῶν, as Adj., active,
 powerful, efficacious.

—ζε, insepar. enclitic Particle, denoting motion towards
 a place, ζε being written for σδ, as, Ἀθήναζε, θύραζε,
 for Ἀθήνασδε, θύρασδε.

ζεγέρες, a Libyan word, a kind of mice.

ZEIA', ἡ, zea, a sort of grain, used as fodder for
 horses, prob. a coarse wheat, spelt.

ζεῖ-δωρος, ον, (ζεῖα, δωρέομαι) zea-giving, fruitful.

ζεῖρά, ἡ, a wide upper garment, girded about the loins
 and falling over the feet. (Foreign word.)

ζείω, poet. for ζέω, as πνείω for πνέω.

ζέσσα, Ep. for ἐζεσα, aor. I of ζέω.

ζεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζέω) boiled, boiling, hot.

ζευγάριον, τό, Dim. of ζεύγος, a *puny team* of oxen. ζευγηλάτew, f. ἦσω, to drive a yoke of oxen. From ζευγ-λάτης, ου, ὁ, (ζεύγος, ελαιῶνα) a driver of a yoke of oxen.

ζευγίτης [τ], ου, ὁ, (ζεύγος) yoked together, two and two, in pairs.

II. ζευγίται, οί, yeomen, the third of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called from their being able to keep a team (ζεύγος) of oxen: the first class being called πεντακισιομέδμοι, the second ἱππεῖς, and the fourth θῆτες.

ζεύλη ποэт. ζεύλα, ἡ, the collar or loop of the yoke (ζυγόν), through which the oxen's heads were put, so that the ζυγόν had two ζεύλαι. II. the rudder-bands; see πηδάλιον.

ζεύμμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) that which is linked together, a band, bond; ζεύμμα τοῦ λιμένος a boom or chain across the mouth of the harbour.

ζευγνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep. inf. of ζεύγνυμι.

ΖΕΥΓΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: impf. 3 pl. ἐζεύγνυσαν (Ep. ζεύγνυσαν) or ἐζεύγνυνον (Ep. ζεύγνυνον): fut. ζεύξω: aor. 1 ἐζεύξα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐζεύχθην, more frequent aor. 2 ἐζέγγην [ῥ]:—to join or link together, yoke:—Med., ἵππους ζεύγνυσθαι to yoke horses for oneself, put to one's horses; also to harness.

II. generally, to join or fasten together, make fast; σαρίδες ἐζευγμέναί κlose-shut doors. 2. to join in wedlock, marry, unite:—Med. of the husband, to wed:—Pass. to be married. 3. to join by bridges, throw a bridge across. 4. to undergird ships with ropes.

ζεύγος, εος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoke or team of beasts, a pair of horses. 2. the carriage drawn by a team, a chariot, plough: any pair or couple.

II. of more than two things or persons joined together, e. g. ζεύγος τριπάρθενον three maiden sisters.

ζευκτηρία, ἡ, a fastening, band; see πηδάλιον. From ζευκτηριος, α, ον, (ζεύγνυμι) fit for joining or yoking; τὸ ζευκτηριον a yoke.

ζεῦξαι, aor. 1 inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξειεν, 3 pl. opt.; ζεύξον, imperat.

ζεῦξις, εως, ἡ, (ζεύγνυμι) a yoking or manner of yoking oxen. 2. a joining by a bridge.

ΖΕΨ, ὁ, voc. Ζεῦ; but genit. Διός, dat. Δί, acc. Δία as if from *Δίς: ποэт. Ζηνός, Ζηνί, Ζῆνα, Dor. Ζάως, etc., as if from *Ζήν, Ζάν:—Zeus, Jupiter, king and father of gods and men, son of Kronos (or Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Κρονίδης, Κρονίων: ruler of the lower air (ἀήρ); hence rain and storms come from him, as Zeus ſet.

Ζεφύρη (sub. πνοή), ἡ, = Ζέφυρος, the west wind.

Ζεφύρος, ὁ, Zephyrus, the west wind, or properly the north-west. (From ζόφος, darkness or the West, as Εὔρος from εἰς, morn or the East.)

ΖΕΨΩ, fut. ζέσω: aor. 1 ἐξέσα Ep. ζέσσα:—to boil, seethe: generally, to boil up, esp. of hot springs: also simply to be hot, throb with heat; χθὼν ἐξέε the earth was hot: metaph. to boil with passion, like Lat. fervere.

II. trans. to make to boil, beat.

ζῆ, ζῆθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζηλαιος, α, ον, (ζῆλος) jealous.

ζηλήμιον, ον, gen. ονος, (ζηλῶ) jealous.

ζηλο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζῆλος, δίδωμι) giver of bliss.

ζηλο-μάνης, ἐς, (ζῆλος, μανῆναι) mad with jealousy.

ζῆλος, ὁ, (ζῆω) eager rivalry, emulation, in good sense, opp. to φθόνος (envy). 2. any strong passion, esp. jealousy: zeal or emulous desire for a thing.

II. pass. the object of emulation or rivalry, happiness, blessedness.

ζηλοσύνη, ἡ, ποэт. for ζῆλος.

ζηλοτύπεω, f. ἦσω, (ζηλότυπος) to emulate, rival, be jealous of. 2. to envy. 3. to affect, pretend to. Hence

ζηλοτυπία, ἡ, rivalry, jealousy, envy.

ζηλό-τύπος, ον, (ζῆλος, τύπτω) jealous.

ζηλῶ, f. ὦσω, (ζῆλος) to rival, vie with, emulate.

Lat. aemulari: c. acc. rei, to desire emulously, strive after. 2. to be jealous of, envy. 3. to emulate, envy, admire, commend. Hence

ζηλωμα, ατος, τό, the object of emulation: in pl. high fortunes. II. rivalry, emulation.

ζήλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ζηλῶ) emulation, imitation.

ζηλωτής, ου, ὁ, (ζηλῶ) a rival, zealous imitator. 2. a zealot.

ζηλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζηλῶ) to be emulated, worthy of imitation. 2. enviable, happy, blessed.

ζημία, ἡ, loss, damage, Lat. damnum, opp. to κέρδος; πανερὰ ζημία a clear loss.

II. a penalty, esp. in money, a fine; θάνατον ζημίαν προτιθέναι to make death the penalty. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ζημιῶ, f. ὦσω, to cause loss to one, do one damage or hurt: to punish; esp. in money, to fine:—Pass., with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιωθήσομαι, aor. 1 ἐζημιώθην, to be fined.

*Ζήν, ὁ, gen. Ζηνός, ποэт. for Ζεῦς, q. v.

Ζηνο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (Ζήν, δίδωμι) = Ζηνοφρων.

Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (Ζήν, φρήν) knowing the mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove, of oracles.

ζησομαι, fut. of ζάω.

ζητεύω, ποэт. for ζητέω.

ΖΗΤΕΨΩ, f. ἦσω, to seek, seek for, seek after. 2. to search out, inquire into, examine, investigate: c. inf. to seek to do. 3. to have to seek. Hence

ζήτημα, ατος, τό, that which is sought: an inquiry, question.

ζητήσιμος, ον, (ζητέω) to be searched; τὰ ζητήσιμα places to be beaten for game.

ζήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ζητέω) a seeking for, searching after: a searching out, inquiry, investigation.

ζητητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, to be sought. II. ζητητέον, one must seek out.

ζητητής, ου, ὁ, (ζητέω) a seeker, searcher, inquirer, examiner. II. at Athens, the ζητηταί were commissioners to inquire into state-offences.

ζητητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, sought for.

ζιζάνιον, τό, a weed that grows in wheat, darnel, Lat. zizanium, lolium. (Eastern word.)

ζῆ, ζῆθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζῴα, Aeol. for ζῶη.

ζῴος, ἄ, ὄν, poet. for ζῶος, ζῶς.

ζορκάς, ἄδος, ἦ, = δορκάς: also ζορέξ, ζορκός, ἦ.

ζοφερός, ὄν, (ζῴφος) dark, dusky, murky, gloomy.

ΖΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, darkness, dusk, gloom: esp. of the nether world: hence the land of darkness, the nether world itself:—Homer divides the world into a light and dark side, where ζῴφος the dark or night side, the west, is opposed πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' Ἡελίον τε, the light side, the east. Hence.

ζοφῶν, f. ὦσω, to darken:—Pass. to be dark.

ζοφώδης, ἐς, (ζῴφος, εἶδος) dusky, gloomy.

ζῶω, for ζῶω.

ζύγαστρον, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a chest or box of boards strongly fastened together.

ζύγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι,

ζύγναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.

ζύγη-φόρος, ὄν, poet. for ζυγοφ-, bearing the yoke. ζύγιος, ἄ, ὄν, (ζυγόν) of or for the yoke; ζύγιος ἵππος a draught-horse, wheeler.

ζυγίτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ζυγόν) one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches, those on the lowest being θαλαμῖται, those on the highest θρανῖται. [I]

ζυγό-δεσμον, τό, (ζυγόν, δεσμός) a yoke-band or band for binding the yoke to the pole.

ζυγο-μάχew, f. ἦσω (ζυγόν, μάχομαι) to struggle with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel.

ΖΥΓΟΝ, τό, also ζυγός, ὁ, but in pl. always ζυγά:—Lat. *jūgum*, the yoke or cross-bar tied by the (ζυγό-)δεσμος to the end of the pole, and having ζεύγλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage: metaph., τὸ δοῦλιον ζυγόν the yoke of slavery; κατὰ ζυγά in pairs. II. the cross-bar, Lat. *transistilum*, joining the two horns of the φόρμιγξ. III. the cross-planks of a ship, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwarts, Lat. *transtra*. IV. the beam of the balance, in pl. the balance itself. V. the cross-straps of sandals.

ζυγός, v. sub ζυγόν.

ζυγόφιν, Ep. gen. of ζυγόν.

ζυγῶν, f. ὦσω, (ζυγόν) to yoke a pair, join together: metaph. to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame.

ζυγωθρίw, to lock up. From

ζυγωθρον, τό, (ζυγῶν) the bar or bolt of a door.

ζυγωτός, ἦ, ὄν, (ζυγῶν) drawn by a pair of horses.

ζύμη, ἦ, (ζῶω) leaven. [V] Hence

ζυμίτης, οὐ, Adj. masc. leavened. [I]

ζυμῶν, f. ὦσω, (ζύμη) to leaven, make to ferment.

ζωάγρια, ἄν, τά, (ζῶος, ἄγρα) a reward for life saved: also like θρεπτήρια, a reward for nursing and rearing one, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.

ζωάγιος, ὄν, (ζῶος, ἄγρα) for saving life.

ζωάριον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, an animalcule. [α]

ζω-αρκής, ἐς, (ζῶη, ἀρκέw) maintaining life.

ζωγραφέw, f. ἦσω, (ζωγράφος) to paint from life.

ζωγραφία, ἦ, the art of painting, painting.

ζωγραφικός, ἦ, ὄν, skilled in painting. From ζω-γράφος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γράφω) painting animals, painting from nature: as Subst., ζωγράφος, ὁ, a painter.

ζῶγρει, ζωγρεῖτε, pres. imperat. of ζω-γρέw, f. ἦσω, (ζῶος, ἀγρεῖw) to take alive, take prisoner in war, to give quarter to. II. to restore to life and strength, revive. Hence

ζωγρία Ion. -ῖη, ἦ, a taking alive, taking prisoner.

ζωδιακός, ἦ, ὄν, (ζῴδιον) of or containing animals; ὁ ζωδιακός (sub. κύκλος) the Zodiac.

ζῴδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, a small figure, painted or carved.

ζῶμεν, ζῶμεναι, for ζῶειν, inf. of ζῶω=ζῶω.

ζῶσκον, Ion. impf. of ζῶω.

ζῶή Dor. ζῶά Ion. and poet. ζῶη Aeol. ζῴα, ἦ, (ζῶω) a living, means of living, subsistence, goods, property. II. life.

ζω-θάμμιος, ὄν, (ζῶη, θάλλω) giving vigour of life. ζωῖκος, ἦ, ὄν, (ζῶον) of or for animals.

ζῶμα, ατος, τό, (ζώννυμι) that which is girded: the girded tunic worn under the armour: the armour girded by the ζωστήρ. II. also = ζώνη, or ζωστήρ, a girdle, belt.

ζῶμευμα, ατος, τό, broth, soup. From ζῶμεῖω, f. ὦω, (ζῶμος) to boil for broth, seethe.

ζωμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶμος, a little sauce.

ζωμός Dor. ζωμός, ὁ, (ζῶω) broth, soup, esp. sauce to eat with other dishes.

ζώνη, ἦ, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζωστήρ; φέρειν ὑπὸ ζώνην and τρέφειν ἐν τῷ ζώνῃ to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb. Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, *zonam perdere* to lose one's purse. II. the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, loins. III. anything that one girds on, a garment, armour.

ΖΩΝΝΥΜΙ or -ῶω: fut. ζῶσω: aor. ἐζῶσα:—Med. ζώννυμαι, fut. ζῶσομαι: aor. ἱ ἐζῶσάμην:—Pass., aor. ἱ ἐζῶσθην: pf. ἐζῶσμαι:—to gird. esp. to gird for battle. II. Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work: c. acc., ζώνην, χαλκὸν ζώννυσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword.

ζωννύσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of ζώννυμι.

ζωο-γλύφος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γλύφω) carving animals: as Subst., ζωογλύφος, ὁ, a sculptor: cf. ζωγράφος.

ζωογονέw, f. ἦσω, to produce, propagate animals. II. to preserve alive. From

ζωο-γόνος, ὄν, (ζῶον, γείνομαι) producing animals: life-giving.

ζωο-γράφος, ὄν, poet. for ζωγ-.

ζῶον, τό, properly contr. from ζῶων, a living being, animal, Lat. animal. II. the figure of an animal, but also any figure or image; ζῶα γράφειν or γράφεισθαι, for ζωγραφεῖν, to paint: and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, ζῶα γράψασθαι τὴν εὐξείν τοῦ Βοσπόρου to have the passage of the Bosphorus painted.

ζωο-ποιέω, ἦσω, (ζῶς, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken. ζῶς, ἦ, ὄν, (ζῶα) alive, living; ζῶν ἐλείν τινα to take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

ζῶδ-σοφός, ον, (ζῶή, σοφός) wise in life.

ζῶο-φόρος, ον, (ζῶός, φέρω) life-giving.

(ζῶον, φέρω) bearing animals; ὁ ζῶοφόρος (sub κύκλος) = ὁ ζωδιακός.

ζῶοφύτεω, f. ἦσω, to put forth live shoots. From

ζῶδ-φύτος, ον, (ζῶός, φύω) producing plants.

ζῶα-πονέω, f. ἦσω, (ζῶός, πονέω) to represent alive.

ζῶπυρέω, f. ἦσω, to kindle into flame: metaph. to set on fire, provoke. From

ζῶ-πύρον, τό, (ζῶός, πῦρ) a spark, a piece of hot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζωροποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink sheer wine.

ζωρο-ποτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ζωρός, πίνω) drinking sheer wine, drunken.

ζωρός, ὄν, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water: —as Subst. ζωρός (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, or as neut., ζωρόν, τό, Lat. merum, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp., ζωρότερον κέραα mix purer wine, i. e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to dilute their wine with water, ζωρότερον πίνειν came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink hard, be a drunkard. (Prob. for ζωέρως from ζῶός.)

ζῶς, neut. ζῶν, gen. ζῶ, rarer form for ζῶός.

ζῶσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ζώννυμι.

ζωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζώννυμι) the warrior's belt or baldrick, which secured the body-armour, ζώνη being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ζῶστρον, τό, (ζώννυμι) a belt, girdle.

ζωτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ζῶα) of or for life. II. full of life, lively, vivid, Lat. vivax: of works of art, true to life; τὸ ζωτικὸν φαίνεται πῶς ἐνεργάζῃ τοῖς ἀνδριάσιν; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

ζωύφιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, = ζῶδιον.

ζῶ-φύτος, ον, (ζῶός, φύω) producing plants, fruitful.

ζῶω, Ep. and Ion. for ζάω, to live.

H

H, η, ἦτα, τό, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek alphabet; as numeral η'—ὀκτώ and ὅγδοος, but η = 8000. The uncial form of Eta (H) was a double ΕΞ, and prob. it was so pronounced, as δῆλος, ζῆλος, from δέελος, ζέελος. The old alphabet had only one sign (ε) for the sound of e both long and short, till the long vowel η, with ω, was introduced from the Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with ω, ξ, ψ. The sign H, before it represented long e, was used for the rough breathing, as ΗΟΞ for ὅς, which usage remains in the Latin H. When the same H became a vowel, it was divided, so that Η represented the rough, Η the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for

the breathings. η was most in use among the Ion.; in the Attic dialect, it often passed into α, as Ion. πρήσσω, θῶρηξ are in Att. πρᾶσσω, θῶραξ. In later Att., εἰ and ἦ were not seldom changed into η, e. g. κλειθρον κληθρον, Νηρηίδες Νηρηίδες.

ἦ poet. ἦέ, Conjunction with three chief signs, disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: I. ἦ DISJUNCTIVE, or, Lat. aut; and doubled, ἦ.., ἦ.., either.., or.., Lat. aut.., aut.. II. ἦ INTERROGATIVE: in indirect questions in a subjunctive clause, εἰπέ ἦ.. say whether..; and doubled ἦ.., ἦ.., whether.., or..? Lat. utrum.., an..? 2. also with direct questions, like Lat. an; τίπτε' εἰλήλουθας; ἦ ἵνα ὕβριν ἴδῃ Ἀγαμέμνονος; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see..? III. ἦ COMPARATIVE, than, as, like Lat. quam, after a Comp. Adj.; also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, ἄλλο τι ἦ.., some other thing than..; ἐναντίος-ἦ.., contrariwise than..; οὐδ' ὅσον ἦ.., not so much as..; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ἦ.. to wish rather than..; φθάνω ἦ.. to come sooner than.. 2. ἦ sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' ἀρρησάται ἐλαφρότεροι πόδας εἶναι, ἦ ἀφνειότεροι all would then pray to be light of foot rather than rich; ταχύτερα ἦ σοφώτερα more quickly than wisely.

[When ἦ οὐκ come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too μὴ οὐ.]

ἦ, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing; ἦ, ἦ, σιώπα what ho, be silent! ἦ, Adv., with two signs, strengthening and questioning: I. TO STRENGTHEN OR CONFIRM, in truth, truly, verily, of a surety; ἦ μὴν, Ion. ἦ μὲν, introduces the very words of an oath, to give greater solemnity. II. in INTERROG. sentences, = Lat. num? sometimes it may be rendered, what? pray? or can it be? ἦ οὐ..; Lat. nonne..? ἦ, for ἔφη, 3 sing. impf. of ἡμί.

ἦ, for ἦν, 1 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum

ἦ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.

ἦ, fem. of Artic. ὁ.

ἦ, fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἦ, ὅ, who, what?

ἦ, dat. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, ἦ, ὅν, his, her.

ἦ, dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἦ, ὅ: also used adverbially: 1. of Place, which way, where, whither, in or at what place. 2. of Manner, how, as; ἦ θέμις ἐστί as is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., ἦ μάλιστα or ἦ δυνατόν μάλιστα as much, as far as possible; ἦ τάχιιστα as quick as possible.

ἦα, ἦεν, Ep. for ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἦα, contr. of ἦτα, for ἦεν, Ep. impf. of εἰμί ibo.

ἦατο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἡμαι.

ἦβαιοί, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for βαιοί, little, small, poor, slight: mostly with a negat., οὐ ὅτι ἐνι φρένες, οὐδ' ἡβαιοί no sense in him, no, not the slightest: in neut. as Adv., οὐδ' ἡβαιοὶ not in the least, not in the slightest degree; without a negat., ἡβαιοὶ ἀπὸ σπέλου a little from the cave,

ἡβάσκω, Inceptive of ἡβάω, to come to man's estate, come to one's strength, Lat. pubescere.

ἡβάω, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἡβησα: pf. ἡβηκα: (ἡβη):—to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. pubescere; ἀνὴρ μάλα ἡβών a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, ἡμεῖς ἡβώσα a young, luxuriant vine. II. metaph. to be young, fresh, vigorous: also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

ἡβη, ἡ, man's estate, manhood, youth, Lat. pubertas; also the strength and freshness of youth:—as a legal term ἡβη was the time just before manhood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that οἱ δέκα ἀρ' ἡβης were men of 28, οἱ τετταράκοντα ἀρ' ἡβης men of 58. 2. metaph. freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, spirit.

3. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. juven-tus. II. as fem. prop. n. ἡβη, Hebe, wife of Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence

ἡβηδόν, Adv. in the manner of youth. 2. πάντες ἡβηδόν all from the youth upwards.

ἡβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἡβητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἡβάω) in the prime of youth.

ἡβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡβάω) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis.

ἡβός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡβη) youthful.

ἡβουλήθη, ἡβουλόμην, for ἔβ-, aor. I and impf. of βούλομαι.

ἡβυλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ἡβάω, to be youngish.

ἡβώνη, Att. opt. of ἡβάω.

ἡβώμι Ep. ἡβώοιμι, opt. of ἡβάω.

ἡβώων, ἡβώωσα, Ep. part. of ἡβάω.

ἡγάασθε, ἡγάμην, v. sub ἀγαμαι.

ἡγαγον, ἡγαγόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀγω.

ἡγάθεος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαν, θεός) ballowed, most holy.

ἡγάνων, τό, Ion. for τήγανον.

ἡγάπην, Dor. for ἡγάπην, impf. of ἀγαπάω.

ἡγάσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγαόμαι.

ἡγγεῖλα, aor. I of ἀγγέλλω.

ἡγγίκα, ἡγγισα, pf. and aor. I of ἐγγίζω.

ἡγγύηκα, —ημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγγύησα, —ηθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγγύων, impf. of ἐγγυάω.

ἡγειρα, aor. I of ἀγείρω.

ἡγεμονεῦμα, τό, (ἡγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader.

ἡγεμονεύς, gen. ἑως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, poet. for ἡγεμῶν.

ἡγεμονεύω, f. σω, (ἡγεμῶν) to go before: to lead the way, guide on the way. II. to lead in war, to rule, command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

ἡγεμονία, ἡ, (ἡγεμῶν) a leading the way, going first. II. chief command, sovereignty: the supremacy of one state over a number of subordinates;

ἡγεμονία τῆς Ἑλλάδος the supremacy of Greece.

ἡγεμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡγεμῶν) fit for guiding, ready to guide. II. fit for commanding, chief, leading, Lat. princeps.

ἡγεμόνιος, α, ὄν, (ἡγεμῶν) of or belonging to a guide: ὁ ἡγεμόνιος, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

ἡγεμόσυνος, ἡ, ὄν, belonging to a leader: τὰ ἡγεμόσυνα (sub. ἐπεί), thank-offerings for safe-conduct.

ἡγεμῶν, ἄνους, ὁ, a leader, Lat. dux: I. a guide to shew one the way, ἡγεμῶν ὁδοῦ;—generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. princeps, auctor; ἡγεμῶν γίγνεσθαι τι to be one's guide or authority. 2.

the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief. From

ἡγέομαι, f. ἡγήσομαι: aor. I ἡγησάμην: pf. ἡγημαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (ἀγω):—to go before, lead the way, opp. to ἔπομαι: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule:—with dat. it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding:—absol. to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief; ὁ ἡγούμενος a leader, ruler, chief.

II. like Lat. credere, to suppose, believe, hold; ἡγείσθαι τινα βασιλεῖα to hold or regard as king; ἡγείσθαι θεούς to believe in gods, like νομίζειν.

ἡγέρομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., to be gathered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. ἡγέρονται, ἡγέροντο.

ἡγέρομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρομαι Pass., to gather, come together, only in pres. inf. ἡγέρεσθαι.

ἡγέρθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἡγηλάω, Ep. form of ἡγέομαι, to guide; also, like Lat. agere, κακῶν μύρον ἡγηλάειν to lead a wretched life.

ἡγημαι, pf. of ἡγέομαι.

ἡγητέον, verb. Adj. of ἡγέομαι, one must lead. II. one must suppose.

ἡγητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἡγητής, οὐ, ὁ, ἡγήτωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, (ἡγέομαι) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, chief; ἡγήτορες ἡδὲ μέδοντες chiefs in field and council.

ἡγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀγιάζω.

ἡγίνεον, impf. of ἀγινέω.

ἡγκαλίσσομαι, ἡγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of ἀγκαλίζομαι.

ἡγκύρισα, aor. I of ἀγκυρίζω.

ἡγλάισα, aor. I of ἀγλαίζω.

ἡγμαι, pf. pass. of ἀγω.

ἡγνόηκα, ἡγνόησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγνοέω.

ἡγνισαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἀγνίζω.

ἡγνῶν, impf. of ἀγνοέω.

ἡγῆα, aor. I of ἀγχω.

ἡγον, impf. of ἀγω.

ἡγοράσθη, —δωντο, Ep. lengthd. for ἡγοράσθε, —ωντο, 2 and 3 impf. of ἀγοράζομαι.

ἡγοράκα, ἡγοράσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγοράζω.

ἡγόρευκα, ἡγόρευσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγορεύω.

ἡγουν, Conj. (ἦ, γοῦν) that is to say, Lat. scilicet.

ἡγρίανα, aor. I of ἀγριάζω.

ἡγρίωκα, ἡγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγριόω.

ἡγρόμην, Ep. for ἡγερόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω.

ἡγρύπνησα, aor. I of ἀγρυπνέω.

ἡγχον, aor. 2 and impf. of ἀγχω.

ἡγωνίακα, —ιάσα, —λων, pf., aor. I and impf. of ἀγωνιάω.

ἡγωνισάμην, aor. I med. of ἀγωνίζομαι.
ἡγωνισθην, ἡγωνισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡ-δέ, (ἡ, δέ) *and*: if καί follows ἡδέ, it takes the sense also, e. g. ἡδέ καί *and also*. II. when it answers to ἡμὲν it means, *as also*.

ἡδε, fem. of ἴδε.

ἡδεα, Ion. resolved form of ἡδη, plqpf. of *εἶδω.

ἡδεν, eis, ei, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω: 3 pl. ἡδισαν or ἡδεσαν.

ἡδεσάμην, aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέσθην, aor. I pass. of ἐσθίω.

ἡδέσθην, aor. I pass. of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέως, Adv. of ἡδύς, *sweetly, pleasantly, gladly*, ἡδέως ἔχειν *to be kind*: Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστα.

*ἩΔΗ, Adv. of Time, like Lat. *jam, already, by, or from this time, now, presently, forthwith*: also of Place, ἀπὸ ταύτης ἡδὴ Αἴγυπτος *after this lake directly begins Egypt*.

ἡδῃ, ἡδῶσα, ἡδη Att. for ἡδεν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡδίκειν, ἡδίκηκα, ἡδίκησα, impf., pf., and aor. I of ἀδικέω.

ἡδιων, ἡδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ἡδύς.

ἡδολέσχων, impf. of ἀδολέσχω.

*ἩΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἡσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσθην, rarely in med. form, ἡσάμην: Dep. —*to enjoy oneself, take one's pleasure*: with partic., ἡσθη ἀκούσας *he was glad to have heard*: often used in dat. of partic., ἡδομένη γίγνεται μοί τι *I am well pleased at the thing happening, like ἀσμένως, βουλομένη*. Hence ἡδομένος, Adv. pres. part. of ἡδομαι, *gladly*.

ἡδονή, ἡ, (ἡδος, ἡδομαι) *delight, enjoyment, pleasure*, Lat. *voluptas*: πρὸς or καθ' ἡδονὴν λέγειν *to speak so as to please another*.

ἡδος, εὖς, τό, (ἡδομαι) *delight, enjoyment, pleasure*. ἡ δ' εὖς, *said he, for ἔφη ἡκεῖνος, v. ἡμί*.

ἡδύ-βoής, ον, Dor. -βoάς, α, δ, (ἡδύς, βοή) *sweet-sounding*.

ἡδύ-γάμος, ον, (ἡδύς, γάμος) *sweetening marriage*. ἡδύ-γελως, ον, gen. ω, (ἡδύς, γέλως) *sweetly-laughing*.

ἡδύ-γλωσσος, ον, (ἡδύς, γλῶσσα) *sweet-tongued*.

ἡδύ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἡδύς, γνώμη) *of pleasant mind, of kindly sentiments*.

ἡδύ-επής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, ἔπος) *sweet-speaking*: *sweet-sounding*:—poët. fem. ἡδυνέπεια.

ἡδύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ονν, (ἡδύς, θρόος) *sweet-strained*.

ἡδύ-ληπτος, ον, (ἡδύς, λαμβάνω) *taken with pleasure*.

ἡδύ-λογος, ον, (ἡδύς, λέγω) *sweet-speaking*: *flattering, fawning*.

ἡδύ-λύρη, ου, δ, (ἡδύς, λύρα) *singing sweetly to the lyre*.

ἡδύ-μελής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μέλος) *sweet-singing*.

ἡδύ-μελί-φογγος, ον, (ἡδύς, μελί, φθόγγος) *with honey-sweet voice*.

ἡδύ-μίγης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μίγναι) *sweetly-mixed*.

ἡδύμος, ον, poët. for ἡδύς, *sweet, pleasant*.

ἡδυνάμην, Att. for ἔδυναμην, impf. of δύναμαι.

ἡδυνήθη, Att. aor. I pass. of δύναμαι.

ἡδύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἡδυνα: (ἡδύς):—*to sweeten, season*.

ἡδύ-οινος, ον, (ἡδύς, οἶνος) *producing sweet wine*.

ἡδύοσμον, τό, the sweet-smelling herb, mint. From

ἡδύ-οσμος, ον, (ἡδύς, οσμή) *sweet-smelling*.

ἡδύπάθεια, ἡ, *pleasant living, luxury*. From

ἡδύπαθῶ, f. ἡσώ, (ἡδυπαθής) *to live pleasantly, enjoy oneself, be luxurious*. Hence

ἡδυπάθημα, atos, τό, *enjoyment*. [ᾱ]

ἡδύ-πάθης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, παθεῖν) *living pleasantly*.

ἡδύ-πνευστος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνέω) = ἡδύπνοος.

ἡδύ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ονν, (ἡδύς, πνοή) *sweet-breathing*: *sweet-smelling*.

ἡδύ-πολις, ιος, and εως, also εὖς, δ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, πόλις) *dear to the people*.

ἡδύ-πότης, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) *fond of drinking*.

ἡδύ-ποτος, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) *sweet to drink*.

ἡδύς, ἡδέα, ἡδύ; Ion. fem. ἡδέῃ Dor. ἀδέα; Dor. acc. sing. ἀδέα, for ἡδύν:—Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστος: later, also, ἡδύτερος, ἡδυτατος: (ἡδομαι):—*sweet to the taste, smell, or hearing*: metaph. *sweet, pleasant*. II. of persons, *pleasant, welcome, dear, glad*.

ἡδύσμα, atos, τό, (ἡδύνω) *that which sweetens or flavours, seasoning, spice, sauce*.

ἡδύ-σώματος, ον, (ἡδύς, σῶμα) *of sweet form*.

ἡδύ-φάής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, φάος) *sweetly-shining*.

ἡδύ-φων, φρονος, δ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, φρήν) *sweet-minded*.

ἡδύφωνία, ἡ, *sweetness of voice*. From

ἡδύ-φωνος, ον, (ἡδύς, φωνή) *sweet-voiced*.

ἡδύ-χάρης, ἐς, (ἡδύς, χαρῆναι) *sweetly joyous*.

ἡδύ-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ονν, (ἡδύς, χρώα) *of sweet complexion*: ἡδύχρονν, τό, as Subst., *a kind of perfume*.

ἡέ, Ep. for ἡ, or.

ἡε, Ep. for ἡει, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι ἴδο.

ἡει, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι.

ἡειδον, ἡεῖσα, impf. and aor. I of αἰδέω.

ἡειδεν, Ep. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡέλιος, δ, poët. and Ion. for ἥλιος.

ἡελιώτης, Ep. for ἡλιώτης.

ἡεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἡέ-περ, poët. for ἡπερ.

ἡέρα, Ion. and Ep. acc. of ἀήρ.

ἡερίσθαι, lengthd. form of αἰρόμαι Pass., *to bang floating or waving in the air*: metaph., ὁπατέρων φρένες ἡερίσθονται *young men's minds are flighty*.

ἡερίην, aor. I pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡέρι, Ion. and Ep. dat. of ἀήρ.

ἡέριος, α, ον, Ep. for ἀέριος (ἀήρ) *early, at morn, at day-break, when all things are yet wrapt in mist (ἀήρ)*. 2. *high in air*.

ἡερμαι, pf. pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡερο-δίνης, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) *wheeling in mid-air*. [ι]

ἡερο-ειδής, ἐς, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) *of*

cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: cloud-capped, of hills: *dim, gray.*

ἡρώεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) clouded, dark, murky.

ἡρόθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ἡέρος, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

ἡερο-φοίτις, ιδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀήρ, φοιτάω) walking in darkness.

ἡερό-φωνος, ον, (ἀήρ, φωνή) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

ἡέρταζον, impf. of ἀερτάζω.

ἡέρτησα, ἡέρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀερτάω.

ἦσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἦην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἦήρ, ἡ, a late nom. formed after ἡέρος, ἡέρι, ἡέρα, the Ep. and Ion. cases of ἀήρ.

ἡθαίος, α, ον, Dor. for ἠθέος.

ἡθάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for ἑθάς, (ἦθος) used, accustomed, habituated to a thing. II. wanted, accustomed.

ἡθείος, α, ον, (ἦθος) honoured, respected: voc. ἡθειε, Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother.

ἡθέληκα, ἡθέλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐθέλω.

ἡθέλον, impf. of ἐθέλω.

ἦθεος, ὁ, ἡ, Att. for ἠίδεος.

ἩΘΕ΄Ω, f. ἦσω, to sift or strain.

ἡθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἦθος) of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικός). II. expressive of moral character.

ἡθλικά, ἡθλήσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀθλέω.

ἡθμός, ὁ, (ἦθεω) a strainer.

ἡθσος, εος, τό, (ἦθος) an accustomed place: hence in plur. ἡθεα, seats, haunts, abodes, first, of beasts, but afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, habit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character.

ἦθον, imp. of αἶθω.

ἡθροισα, aor. I of ἀθροίζω.

ἡθροίστην, ἡθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀθροίζω.

ἡία contr. ἦα, τά, (ἦια, contr. ἦα, impf. of εἶμι ibo) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally, food, meat. II. chaff, husks. [Ὶ]

ἦια, Ion. for ἦειν, impf. of εἶμι ibo: 3 sing. ἦιε, 3 pl. ἦιον or ἦισαν.

ἠίδεος Att. contr. ἦθεος, ὁ, a youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a bachelor, answering to the fem. παρθένος:—rarely in fem. ἠιθέη, a young girl.

ἠίκτο, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of εἶκα (as if from ἡέγμην).

ἠῆξα, aor. I of αἰσσω.

ἠίσις, εσσα, εν, (ἠίων) with high, steep banks.

ἠίον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἠίος, ὁ, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry ἦ, ἦ.

ἠίσαν, Ep. for ἦσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἠίσκον, impf. of εἰσχω.

ἠίσσον, impf. of αἰσσω.

ἠίχθην, aor. I pass. of αἰσσω.

ἩΓΩΝ Att. ἦών Dor. αἰών, ὄνος, ἡ, a sea-bank, the shore, beach: also a river-bank. [Ὶ]

ἠῖων, ὄνος, ἡ, (αἶω) a bearing, report.

ἩΚΑ, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly.

Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently.

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [ᾗ]

ἦκα, aor. I of ἔημι.

ἦκαζον, Att. impf. of εἰκάζω.

ἦκαιρέσθε, 2 pl. impf. of ἀκαιρέομαι.

ἦκασα, ἦκάσθην, Att. aor. I act. and med. of εἰκάζω.

ἦκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάζω.

ἦκάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀχέω.

ἦκέστος, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀκέομαι.

ἦ-κεστος, ἡ, ον, for ἀ-κεστος, (α privat., κεντέω) ungoaded: free from labour.

ἦκή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκή, ἀκοκή.

ἦκισάμην, aor. I med. of αἰκίζω.

ἦκίστην, ἦκισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αἰκίζω.

ἦκιστος, ἡ, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ἦκα, gentlest, slowest.

ἦκιστος, ἡ, ον, Sup. of Comp. ἦσσαν, the worst, least, poorest, meanest:—Adv. ἦκιστα, least (κακός or μικρός is used as positive).

ἦκμάσθα, aor. I of ἀκμάζω.

ἦκολούθησα, aor. I of ἀκολουθέω.

ἦκόντισα, aor. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ἦ-κον, Ion. and Dor. for ἦπον.

ἦκουσα, aor. I of ἀκούω.

ἦκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ἦκροώμην, ἦκροᾶσάμην, impf. and aor. I of ἀκροάομαι.

ἦκρωτηρίασα, ἦκρωτηρίασμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀκρωτηρίζω.

ἦΚΩ, impf. ἦκον: fut. ἦξω:—properly I have come, am here, Lat. adsum; the impf. taking a plqpf. sense, I had come, was here, Lat. aderam:—then loosely to come.

II. to have come to, reached a point; εἰς τοῦτο τόλμης ἦκειν to have reached this pitch of audacity. 2. with gen. and an Adv., εἰ ἦκειν τινός to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 3. to have come to, to relate or belong to.

ἦλάνην [ᾗ], aor. I pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἦλαίνω, Ion. and poet. for ἀλαίνω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ἦλακάστα, ον, τά, the wool on the distaff.

ἦλακάτη, ἡ, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as II. the joint of a reed or cane.

III. an arrow, like ἀτρακτος, Lat. arundo.

ἦλάλαξα, aor. I of ἀλαλάζω.

ἦλαλκον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀλέξω.

ἦλάμην, aor. I med. of ἄλλομαι.

ἦλαᾶσα, ἦλασθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἦλασκάω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander away from; ἐμὸν μένος ἦλασκάει he flees from or sburns my wrath. II. trans. to drive to and fro.

ἦλάσσω, Ep. form of ἀλάομαι, ἀλαίνω, to wander, stray, roam about.

ἦλάσσω, impf. of ἀλαστέω.

ἦλάτω, 3 sing. impf. of ἀλάομαι

ἡλάττωσα, ἡλαττώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἡλασώω.

ἡλγῆσα, aor. I of ἀλγέω.

ἡλγύνα, ἡλγύνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλγύνω.

ἡλδάνε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀλδαίνω.

ἡλέαμην, aor. I of ἀλέομαι.

ἡλέγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐλέγχω.

ἡλεψα, ἡλεψθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλεκτρον, τό, and ἡλεκτρος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἡλέκτωρ) *electron*, mentioned in the *Odyssey* along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a *metallic substance* consisting of gold alloyed with silver:—In *Ar. Eq.* 532 ἐκπιπτονῶν τῶν ἡλεκτρῶν, it seems to mean, *the pegs of his lyre inlaid with electron*. II. *amber*.

ἡλεκτρο-φάης, ἐς, (ἡλεκτρον, φάος) *amber-gleaming*.

ἡλέκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, *the beaming sun*: as Adj., ἡλέκτωρ

Ἵπεριον *beaming Hyperion*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλέματος Dor. ἀλ-, ον, (ἡλεός, ἡλός) *distraught, silly, trifling, vain*.

ἡλεός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡλός) *wandering in mind, distracted, crazed*. II. act. *distracting, crazing*.

ἡλεσα, aor. I of ἀλέω, *to grind*.

ἡλεύατο, Ep. for ἡλεύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀλεύομαι = ἀλέομαι.

ἡλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἡλαίνω.

ἡλήλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἡλαίνω.

ἡληλίμην, plqpf. pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλθον, contr. of ἡλυθον, aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.

ἡλιάζω, = ἡλιώω, (ἥλιος) *to warm in the sun*. II.

Med. ἡλιάζομαι, *to sit in the court* Ἡλιαία.

ἡλιαία, ἡ, (ἀλῆς, ἀλια) at Athens *a hall* in which the chief law-court was held: *the Heliaea* or *supreme law-court*.

ἡλιάξει, Dor. 2 sing. fut. of ἡλιάζομαι.

ἡλιαστής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἡλιάζομαι) *a jurymen in the court Heliaea*, a *Heliast*. Hence

ἡλιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to a *Heliast*.

ἡλίβατος, ον, steep, abrupt, precipitous: big, huge, enormous. II. like Lat. *altus*, deep, profound. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλίθα, Adv. (ἄλις) enough, sufficiently: abundantly.

ἡλιθιάζω, *to speak or act idly, foolishly*. From

ἡλιθίος Dor. ἀλθ-, α, ον, (ἥλος, ἡλεός) *idle, trifling, vain, foolish, silly*. Adv. -ως. Hence

ἡλιθιώω, f. ὦσω, *to make foolish, to distract, craze*.

ἡλικία, ἡ, (ἡλιξ) *time of life, age*. 2. *the vigour or prime of life, manhood*: οἱ ἐν ἡλικίᾳ ἄνδρες *men of age fit for service*:—*youthful heat and passion*. II. as Subst., = οἱ ἥλικες, those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates. III. generally, age, time: later an age, Lat. *seculum*. IV. of the body, stature, growth, bulk. Hence

ἡλικιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, *an equal in age, fellow, comrade*, Lat. *aequalis*.

ἡλικός, η, ον, *Relat. to τηλικός* or *τηλικούτος*, as Lat. *quantus* to *tantus*, as *big* as, as *tall* as, as *great* as.

2. in indirect questions, *how great or strong*: also *how old, at what age*: as old as. [ῥ] From

ἩΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, of the same age, Lat. *aequalis*:—as Subst. a fellow, comrade, mate.

ἡλιό-βλητος, ον, (ἥλιος, βάλλω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιο-κάης, ἐς, (ἥλιος, κάω, κάω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιο-καυστός, ον, = ἡλιοκαής.

ἡλιο-μανής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, μανῆναι) *doting on the sun, mad for love of the sun*.

ἥλιος Dor. ἄλιος poet. ἥελιος, ὁ, (ἔλη Lat. *sol*) *the sun*: πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' Ἡελίων τ' *toward the morn and rising sun*, i. e. *the East*, opp. to πρὸς ζόφον, the land of darkness or West; so also Herodotus opposes πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' καὶ ἡλίου ἀνατολὰς το πρὸς ἑσπέρην.

2. day, like Lat. *sol*. 3. οἱ ἥλιοι *the sun-beams*, like Lat. *soles*. II. as prop. n. *Helios*, the sun-god, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ἡλιο-στερής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, στερέω) *shading from the sun*.

ἡλιο-στιβής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, στιβεῖν) *sun-trodden, exposed to the sun*.

ἡλιώω, f. ὦσω, (ἥλιος) *to warm in the sun*:—Pass. *to bask in the sun, be lighted and heated by the sun*.

ἡλίσα, ἡλίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλίσσω.

ἡλίσα, ἡλίσκα, aor. I and pf. of ἀλίνω.

ἡλίτον, aor. 2 of ἀλitaίνω.

ἡλίτο-εργός, ὄν, (ἀλitaίνω, ἔργον) *missing the work, failing in one's end or aim*.

ἡλίτῶ-μηνος, ον, (ἀλitaίνω, μήν) *missing the right month, untimely born*.

ἡλίφην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἩΛΙΨ, ἴπος, ὁ, said to be a *Dorian shoe*.

ἡλίωσα, aor. I both of ἡλιώω and of ἡλιόω.

ἡλιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, poet. ἡελ-, (ἥλιος) of or belonging to the sun.

ἡλικησα, aor. I of ἐλέκω.

ἡλικωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐλέκω.

ἡλλάγην, -χθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαξα, aor. I of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλοίωσα, ἡλλοίωμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀλλοιόω.

ἡλόησα, Ep. ἡλοήσα, aor. I of ἀλοάω.

ἡλόκιμαι, pf. pass. of ἀλοκίω.

ἩΛΟΣ, ὁ, a nail, stud: more for ornament than use.

ἡλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλη) *wandering, crazy, silly*.

ἡλπετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἐλπομαι.

ἡλπίσα, ἡλπισθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλπίζω.

ἡλσαμην, aor. I med. of εἶλω.

ἡλύγη [ῥ], ἡ, (ἥλυξ) *shadow, darkness*: metaph.,

δίκης ἡλύγη *the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit*.

ἡλύθον, Ep. for ἡλθον, aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.

ἡλυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, *darkness*, only found in compd. ἐπηλυξ. (Formed from λύγη, with a prefix.)

ἡλυξα, aor. I of ἀλύσσω.

Ἡλύσιον πεδίον, τό, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἐρχομαι) *the Elysian fields*: later without πεδίον, *Elysium*.

Homer places it on the west border of the earth; Hesiod and Pindar in the μακάρον νῆσοι.

ἡλύσιος, α, ον, *coming*: or *Elysian*. [ῥ] From

ἡλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) a coming: a step. 2. a coming event, the future.

ἡλφον, aor. 2 of ἀλφαίνω.

ἡλκω, Ion. for ἐάλω, pf. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡλώμην, impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἡλων, Ion. for ἐάων, aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡμα, τό, (ἡμα) that which is thrown, a dart, javelin.

ἡμαῖός, εσσα, εν, (ἄμαθος) Ion. for ἄμ-, sandy.

ἡμαι, ἡσαι, ἡται, 3 pl. ἡνται Ion. ἔαται Ep. εἴαται; imperat. ἡσο, ἡσθω, etc.; inf. ἡσθαι; part. ἡμενος; impf. ἡμην, ἡσο, ἡστο, 3 pl. ἡντο Ion. ἔατο Ep. εἴατο:—only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf. and plqpf. of ἔξομαι), to be set, to sit: often with col-lat. sense to tarry, linger, loiter: ἡμενος χώρος, like εἰαμένη, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc., ἡσθαι σέλμα to sit on a bench.

ἡμαρ Dor. ἄμαρ, ἄτος, τό, poet. for ἡμέρα, day; αἰσιμον ἡμαρ, μόρσιμον ἡμαρ the day of destiny, day of death; ἐλεύθερον, δούλιον ἡμαρ the day of freedom, of slavery, i. e. freedom, slavery itself; of the seasons, ὁπωρινόν, χειμερινόν ἡμαρ autumn, winter time; ἐπ' ἡματι day by day, daily, but ἐπ' ἡμαρ by day; κατ' ἡμαρ day by day; παρ' ἡμαρ every other day, Lat. alternis diebus; also, ἡμαρ as Adv., by day, opp. to νύκτωρ.

ἡμάρτηκα, ἡμάρτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἡμαρτάνω. ἡμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἡμαρτάνω.

ἡμάτιος, α, on, (ἡμαρ) poet. for ἡμερήσιος, by day: day by day, daily.

ἡμάτωμαι, pf. pass. of αἱματώ.

ἡμβλωκα, ἡμβλωσα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἡμβλίσκω.

ἡμβροτον, inf. ἡμβροτεῖν, Ep. aor. 2 of ἡμαρτάνω.

ἡμεδαπός, ἡ, on, (ἡμεῖς) of our land or country, native, Lat. nostras.

ἡμεῖς, ἡμᾶς, nom. and acc. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμελγόν, impf. of ἀμελγῶ.

ἡμελημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀμελέω, in a neglectful manner.

ἡμελλον, Att. impf. of μέλλω.

ἡμὲν . . , ἡδέ . . , (ἡ, μέν) poet. for καὶ . . , καὶ . . , as well . . , as also . . , Lat. et . . , et . . : also disjunctive, if . . , or if . . , whether . . , whether . . , Lat. vel . . , vel . . , or sive . . , sive . . .

ἡμεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡμερα Ion. ἡμέρη Dor. ἡμέρα, ἡ, day: the light of day; ἄμ' ἡμέρα or ἄμα τῇ ἡμέρᾳ with dawn of day, with day-break; δι' ἡμέρας all day long; διὰ τρίτης ἡμέρας every third day, Lat. tertio quoque die; ἐφ' ἡμέραν sufficient for the day, or daily; καθ' ἡμέραν day by day; μεθ' ἡμέραν by day, Lat. interdiu; διπλὴ τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day; πρὸς ἡμέραν towards or near day. II. metaph. life: παλαιὰ ἡμέρα old age; νέα ἡμέρα youth. Hence

ἡμερεύω, f. σω, to pass the day; ἡμερεύειν μακρὰς κελεύθου to rest the day after a long journey. 2. to pass one's days, live.

ἡμερήσιος, α, on, also os, on, (ἡμέρα) of or for the day, by day. II. a day long; ἡμερησία ὁδός a day's journey.

ἡμερία, ἡ, = ἡμέρα.

ἡμερινός, ἡ, on, = ἡμερήσιος, by day, opp. to νυκτερινός by night; ἄγγελος ἡμερινός a day-messenger.

II. = ἐφ' ἡμέρας, for the day, perishable.

ἡμέριος, on, also α, on, (ἡμέρα) of a day, lasting or living but a day.

ἡμερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἡμερος, cultivated, opp. to ἄγριος, wild:—as Subst. the vine.

ἡμερο-δρόμος, on, (ἡμέρα, δραμεῖν) running the live-long day:—as Subst. a day-runner, a courier.

ἡμερο-θάλής, ἐς, Dor. for sq.

ἡμερο-θιλλής, ἐς, (ἡμερος, θάλλω) gently-sprouting.

ἡμερο-κοιτος, on, (ἡμέρα, κοίτη) sleeping by day, i. e. awake by night, epith. of a thief.

ἡμερο-λεγδόν, Adv. (ἡμέρα, λέγω) counting every day, day by day, every day.

ἡμερο-λογέω, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) to count by days, register.

ἡμερο-λόγιον, τό, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) a calendar, almanack.

ἡμερος, on, also α, on, tame, reclaimed, domestic, of animals; of trees, cultivated:—opp. to ἄγριος, wild. II. metaph. of men, gentle, civilised.

ἡμερο-σκοπός, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, σκοπέω) watching by day: as Subst. a day-watcher.

ἡμερο-φαντος, on, (ἡμέρα, φαίνομαι) appearing by day.

ἡμερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, φύλαξ) watching by day.

ἡμερο-φωνος, on, (ἡμέρα, φωνέω) epith. of the cock, herald of day.

ἡμερόω, f. ὦσω, (ἡμερος) to tame, make tame, reclaim: of trees, to cultivate. 2. metaph. of men, to soothe, conciliate: also to tame by conquest, subdue.

ἡμες, Dor. inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡμετέριοις, α, on, = ἡμεδαπός.

ἡμέτερος, α, on, (ἡμεῖς) our, Lat. noster; εἰς ἡμέτερον (sub. δῶμα) to our house.

ἡμέων, Ion. and Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμην, rare Att. form for ἦν, impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἡμην, impf. of ἡμαί.

ἡμί, the same as φημί, I say, Lat. inquam; παῖ, ἡμί, παῖ boy, I say, boy!—impf. 1 and 3 sing., ἦν δ' ἐγώ said I, ἦ δ' ὅς said he, are freq. in Att. Homer has only 3 sing. impf. ἦ, he spoke.

ἡμί, freq. as a prefix, half-, Lat. sēmi-: the Adj. is ἡμισυς.

ἡμί-ἀνδρος, ὁ, (ἡμί-, ἀνὴρ) a half-man, eunuch.

ἡμί-ἀνθρωπος, ὁ, = ἡμιάνθρωπος.

ἡμί-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἡμί-, βρέχωμαι) half-watered.

ἡμί-βρώς, ὄτος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἡμί-βρωτος, on, (ἡμί-, βιβρώσκω) half-eaten.

ἡμί-γένειος, on, (ἡμί-, γένειον) with but half a beard.

ἡμί-γυμνος, on, (ἡμί-, γυμνός) half-naked.

ἡμί-δῆψ, ἐς, (ἡμί-, δαΐω) half-burnt.

ἡμί-δαρεκύν, τό, (ἡμί-, δαρεκύν) a half-daric.

ἡμί-δεής, ἐς, (ἡμί-, δέω) wanting half, half-full.

ἡμί-διπλοῦδιον Att. contr. -οἰδιον, τό, (ἡμί-, δι-πλοῖς) a half-shawl, or shawl doubled in half.

ἡμί-δουλος, on, a half-slave.

ἡμι-εκτέον, τό, *a half-εκτεύς*, i. e. *a twelfth part* of *a medimnus*.

ἡμι-ἑλλην, ἦνος, ὁ, ἡ, *a half-Greek*.

ἡμι-εργής, ἐς, and ἡμι-ἐργος, ον, (ἡμι-, *ἐργω) *half-made*.

ἡμι-εφθος, ον, (ἡμι-, ἐψω) *half-boiled, half-cooked*.

ἡμι-θαλής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θαλέω) *half-green*.

ἡμι-θάνής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, θανείν) *half-dead*.

ἡμι-θεός Dor. ἡμι-, ὁ, *half a god, demigod*.

ἡμιθνής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡμι-, θανείν) *half-dead*.

ἡμι-θραυστος, ον, (ἡμι-, θραύω) *half-broken*.

ἡμι-κάκος, ον, *a rogue by halves, half a villain*.

ἡμι-κληριον, τό, (ἡμι-, κληρος) *half the inheritance*.

ἡμι-κραυρα, ἡ, *half the beard or face*.

ἡμι-λέπτος, ον, (ἡμι-, λέπω) *half-peeled, half-batched*.

ἡμι-λευκος, ον, *half-white*.

ἡμιλλήθην, ἡμιλλημαι, aor. I and pf. of ἡμιλλάμαι.

ἡμι-μάνης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μανῆναι) *half-mad*.

ἡμι-μάραντος, ον, (ἡμι-, μαραινόμεναι) *half-withered or faded*. [ᾶ]

ἡμι-μέθης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, μέθη) *half-drunk*.

ἡμι-μναίος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, μνάω) of, amounting to *a half-mina*: ἡμιμναῖον, τό, as Subst. *a half-mina*.

ἡμιν or ἡμίν, dat. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμι-ἥηρος, ον, *half-dry*.

ἡμιολία (ναῦς), ἡ, *a light ship with one and a half bank of oars*. Fem. from

ἡμι-όλιος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, ὄλος) *one and a half, half as much again*; ἡμιόλιαι τοῦ τότε καθεστῶτος μέτρου *half as large again as the customary size*; ἡμιόλιον οὐ πρότερον ἔφερον *one half more than they used to receive before*.

ἡμιόνειος, α, ον, (ἡμίονος) of *a mule*; ἀμαξα ἡμιονεία *a car drawn by mules*; ζυγὸν ἡμιόνειον *a team of mules*.

ἡμιονικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμιόνειος.

ἡμι-ονος, ἡ or ὁ, (ἡμι-, ὄνος) *a half-ass, a mule*. II. as Adj., βρέφος ἡμίονον *a mule-folk*.

ἡμι-οπος, ον, (ἡμι-, ὀπή) *with half its proper number of bores*; ἡμιόποι αὐλοὶ *flutes with only three bores*.

ἡμι-οπιος, ον, *half-roasted*.

ἡμι-πέλεκον, τό, (ἡμι-, πέλεκυς) *a half-axe, a single edged axe*, opp. to ἀμφιπέλεκον.

ἡμι-πλεθρον, τό, *a half-πλέθρον*, i. e. 50 feet.

ἡμι-πλίνθιον, τό, (ἡμι-πλίνθος) *a half-plinib, a brick*, Lat. *semilaternum*.

ἡμι-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (ἡμι-, πνέω) *half-breathing, half-choked*.

ἡμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-, πυρώω) *half-burnt*. [ῥ]

ἡμίσεις, nom. pl. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμίσεια, ἡ, *a half*, fem. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμι-σοφος, ον, *half-wise*.

ἡμι-σπαστος, ον, (ἡμι-, σπάω) *half torn down*.

ἡμι-στάδιαος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, στάδιον) of *half a stadium*.

ἡμι-στρατιώτης, ον, ὁ, *a half-soldier*.

ἡμι-στρογγύλος, ον, *half-round*.

ἡμι-στυς, εια, υ; Ion. fem. ἡμισέα: gen. ἡμίσεις rarely -εως, fem. ἡμισείας Ion. -εας: nom. pl. ἡμίσεις Att. -εις:—*half*, Lat. *SEMITIS*: in plur. it sometimes agrees with the Subst., as ἡμίσεις λαοὶ *the people*; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., but gives its gender and number to the Adj., as αἱ ἡμίσεις τῶν νεῶν *half the ships*; αὐτοὶ ἡμίσεις λόγος *half the tale*; ἡμισυν τεῖχος *half the wall*; neut. sing. ἡμισυν as Subst. *a half, half, ἡμισυν τιμής*.

ἡμι-τάλαντον, τό, *a half-talent, as a weight*; τρίτον ἡμιτάλαντον *two talents and a half* (cf. Lat. *sestertius*); but, τρία ἡμιτάλαντα *three half-talents*.

ἡμιτέλεια, ἡ, (ἡμιτελής) *a remission of half*.

ἡμι-τέλεστος, ον, (ἡμι-, τελέω) *half-finished*.

ἡμι-τελής, ἐς, (ἡμι-, τέλος) *half-finished, half-accomplished, half-perfect*; δόμος ἡμιτελής *a house but half complete*, i. e. *wanting its master*.

ἡμι-τομος, ον, (ἡμι-, τεμνέω) *half cut through*: cut in two: τὸ ἡμίτομον *a half*.

ἡμιτύβιον, τό, *a strong linen cloth, towel, napkin*. (Prob. an Egypt. word.)

ἡμι-φάης, ἐς, (ἡμι-, φάος) *half-sbining*.

ἡμι-φάλακρος, ον, *half-bald*.

ἡμι-φανυλος, ον, *half-knavish*.

ἡμι-φλεκτος, ον, (ἡμι-, φλέγω) *half-burnt*.

ἡμιωβολιαῖος, α, ον, *worth half an obol*. From

ἡμι-ωβόλιον or -ωβέλιον, τό, *a half-obol*. From

ἡμι-ώβολον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὀβολός) *a half-obol*.

ἡμι-ώριον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὥρα) *a half-hour*.

ἡμικαί, pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡμος Dor. ἄμος, poet. Adv., relat. to τῆμος as ὅτε to τότε: *when, while, so long as*.

ἡμιπεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἡμιπέχω.

ἡμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. ἄμός, for ἡμέτερος.

ἡμιονν, impf. of ἡμέω.

ἡμιέδουν, impf. of ἡμιεδόω.

ἡμιόληκα, -ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἡμιολάω.

ἡμιόλων, impf. of ἡμιολάω.

ἡμιπλακον, aor. 2 of ἡμιπλακίσκω.

ἡμίνα, aor. I of ἡμίνω.

ἡμύσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἡμύω.

ἡμύστικα, pf. of ἡμύσσιζω.

ἡμύω, f. ὑσώ [ῥ]: aor. I ἡμύσα: (μύνω):—*to sink, droop, bow down*; ἡμυνσε κάρη *his head dropped*, of a dying man; of a corn-field, ἡμύνει ἀσταχέυσει *it bows down with its ears*; of cities, *to totter to their fall*: later to fall, perish.

ἡμφεγγόησα, ἡμφεγγόουν, aor. I and impf. of ἡμφεγγόω.

ἡμφεσβήτουν or ἡμφισ-, impf. of ἡμφισβητέω.

ἡμφεσβήτησα or ἡμφισ-, aor. I of ἡμφισβητέω.

ἡμφίεσα, aor. I of ἡμφιέννυμι.

ἡμφίεσμα, pf. pass. of ἡμφιέννυμι.

ἡμῶν, contr. impf. of ἡμῶω.

ἡμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἡμι) *a thrower, darter, slinger*.

ἦν, contr. from ἐάν, conditional Conj., always followed by Subj. *if, in case that*; ἦν μὴ *unless*: in indirect questions, *if, whether*.

ἦν, Interject. see *I see there!* Lat. *en!*
 ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι *sum*.
 ἦν, impf. of ἡμί = *φημί*.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of relat. Pron. *ὅς, who*.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. *ὅς, ἐός, his*.
 ἦνάλωσα, ἦνάλωκα, later forms for ἀναλ-, aor. I and pf. of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἦναντιόσθην, -ώμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναντιόω.
 ἦναρίσθην, -ιωμαί, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναρίζω.
 ἦνύρον, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.
 ἦνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.
 ἦνδραπόδισα, -ίσθην, -ισμαι, v. ἀνδραποδίζω.
 ἦνεγκα, aor. I of φέρω.
 ἦνεγκον, aor. 2 of φέρω.
 ἦνέσθην, aor. I pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἦνεκα, Ion. aor. I of φέρω.
 ἦνευχόμεν, impf. med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἦνεκα, Att. pf. of αἰνέω.
 ἦνεκίς, ἐς, (*ἐνέκα, v. φέρω) *continuous, long*.
 ἦνεμοίς, ἐσσα, εν, (ἀνεμος) *windy, airy, high, elevated*. II. *light as air, subtle*; φρόνημα ἦνεμόεν *airy, winged thought*.
 ἦνεον, ἦνεσα, Att. impf. and aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἦνεσχόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἦνετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνώ.
 ἦνέσθην, aor. I pass. of φέρω.
 ἦνέψγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοήνυμι.
 ἦνημαι, pf. pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἦνηνάμην, aor. I of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἦνησα, aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἦνθισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀνθίζω.
 ἦνθωμας, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.
 ἦνθον, Dor. aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.
 ἦνθράκωμαι, pf. of ἀνθρακώομαι.
 ἦνί, Interject., = ἦν, cf. ἦνιδε.
 ἦνία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνιάω.
 ἦνία, ἰαν, τὰ, *the reins*: Homer uses this neut. form only, and always in plur.: cf. ἦνία, ἦ.
 ἦνία, ἦ, a *bridle, a rein*: metaph., χαλάσαι τὰς ἦνίας τοῖς λόγοις *to give a free rein to one's words*, Lat. *immittere babenas*. II. *any leathern thong, a shoe-string*.
 ἦνιγμαί, pf. pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἦνιδε, Interject., (ἦν, ἰδε) *see I see there!*
 ἦνικά, Adv., relat. to τηνικά or τοτηνικά, *when, at which time, at the time when*; c. optat. *whenever*.
 ἦνιζάμην, aor. I of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἦνιοποιεῖον, τό, a *saddler's shop*. From ἦνιο-ποιός, ὁ, (ἦνία, ποιέω) *a bridle-maker, saddler*.
 ἦνιοστροφέω, f. ἦσω, *to guide by reins, to drive*. From
 ἦνιο-στροφός, ον, (ἦνία, στρέφω) *guiding by reins*: —as Subst. a *charioteer*.
 ἦνιο-οχεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, poet. for ἦνιοχος.
 ἦνιο-οχεύω and -έω, *to be charioteer, hold the reins, drive*. II. *to bridle, govern, control*. From ἦνι-οχος, ὁ, (ἦνία, ἔχω) *holding the reins, a driver,*

charioteer, who drove while the warrior (παραιβάτης) fought. 2. metaph. *one who guides or controls*.
 ἦνίπαπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνίπαω.
 ἦνις, ιος, ἦ, nom. pl. ἦνις, (ἔνος) *a year old, yearling*. [acc. ἦνιν.]
 ἦνίχθην, aor. I pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἦνον, impf. of ἀνώ.
 ἦνορα Ep. and Ion. -έη, ἦ, (ἀνὴρ) *manhood*.
 ἦνοψ, οπος, ὁ, ἦ, in Hom. always in phrase, ἦνοπι χαλκῶ with *glittering, flashing brass*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἦντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.
 ἦντεον, Ion. impf. of ἀντάω.
 ἦντίαζον, ἦντιάσα, impf. and aor. I of ἀντιάζω.
 ἦντληκώς, pf. part. of ἀντλέω.
 ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἡμαι.
 ἦνύκα, ἦνυσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνύω, ἀνύτω.
 ἦνυστρον, τό, (ἀνύω) *the fourth stomach of ruminating animals, in which the digestion was completed*.
 ἦνύτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀννυμι.
 ἦνώγεα, Ion. plqpf. of ἀνογα.
 ἦνώγειν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ἀνογα.
 ἦνώρθουν, impf. of ἀνορθόω.
 ἦνώχληκα, ἦνώχλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἦνώχλουν, -οῦμαι, impf. act. and pass. of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἦσα, aor. I both of ἀγω *to lead*, and ἀγνυμι *to break*.
 ἦσα, aor. I of ἄσσω (contr. from ἀίσσω).
 ἦσεις, ἦξω, Dor. for ἦξεις, ἦξω, fut. of ἦκα.
 ἦξίωμαί, pf. pass. of ἀξίωω.
 ἦοι, dat. of ἦος.
 ἦοιός, α, ον, (ἦος) = ἦώς, ἑως, *in the morning: toward morning, eastern*, Lat. *orientalis*, opp. to ἐσπερός. II. as Subst., ἦοις (sub. ὥρα), ἦ, *the morning*; πᾶσαν ἦοις all the morning.
 ἦομεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἶμι *ibo*.
 ἦόνιος, α, ον, (ἦών) contr. from ἡόνιος, *on the shore*.
 ἦόπισμα, aor. I inf. of ἡπύσασθαι *to mend*.
 ἦΠΑΡ, ἄτος, τό, *the liver*, Lat. *jecur*: represented as the seat of the passions, esp. anger and love.
 ἦπάτिका, ἦπάτιστα, pf. and aor. I of ἀπατάω.
 ἦπάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἦπαρ.
 ἦπάφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀπάφισκα.
 ἦπεδᾶνός, ἦ, ὧν, *weak, infirm: maimed, baling*: c. gen. *void of*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἦπελῆισα, aor. I of ἀπειλέω.
 ἦπειρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἡπειρος, *γένω) *living on the mainland*.
 ἦπειρόνδε, Adv. (ἡπειρος) *to the mainland*.
 ἦ-πειρος, for ἀπειρος (sc. γῆ), ἦ, *the mainland, continent, of the land*, as opp. to *the sea*; κατ' ἡπειρον *by land*; hence even an island is called ἡπειρος. II. *the mainland of Greece*, as opp. to its islands: part of which was afterwards called Ἠπειρος as n. pr.: Asia was specially called ἡ ἡπειρος *the Continent*; and αἱ δισσαὶ ἡπειροί, *the two continents*, are Europe and Asia. Hence
 ἡπειρώ, f. ὥσω, *to make into mainland*: —Pass. *to become so*, when an island is joined to the mainland.

ἡπειρώτης, *ov, ô, fem.* -ῶτις, *idos*, (ἡπειρος) of the mainland, born or living thereon; ἡπειρώτις *ἐνμαχία* alliance with a military power, opp. to *ναυτική ἐνμαχία*. II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Asiatic.

ἡπειρωτικός, *ή, όν*, (ἡπειρώτης) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental.

ἡ-περ ποët. ἡέ-περ, Conj. (ἦ, περ) *than, iban even*. ὅ-περ, Adv., properly dat. of ὅσπερ, in the same way as, just as.

ἡ-περοπεύς, *gen.* ἑως *Ion.* ἦος, *ô*, = ἡπεροπευτής.

ἡπεροπευτής, *ού, ô, a cheat, deceive.* From

ἡπεροπεύω, *f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen.*

ἡπηγής, *ού, ô, (ἡπάομαι) a mender, cobbler.*

ἡπίδαλός, *to have a fever or ague.* From

ἡπίδαλος (sub. πυρετός), *ô, a fever attended with shivering, ague.* II. the nightmare.

ἡπίο-δίνυτος, *ον*, (ἡπιος, δινέω) *softly-rolling.*

ἡπίο-δωρος, *ον*, (ἡπιος, δῶρον) *giving welcome gifts.*

ἡπίο-θυμος, *ον*, (ἡπιος, θυμός) *gentle of mood.*

ἡπιό-ος, *α, ον*, Att. *os, ον*, *gentle, mild, kind.* II. act. *soothing, assuaging, calming.*

ἡπιό-χειρ, *ô, ή, (ἡπιος, χεῖρ) with soothing band.*

ἡπίως, Adv. of ἡπιος, *gently, mildly.*

ἡπλακον, for ἡμπλακον, *aor. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω.*

ἡ-που, or ἦ που, Adv. *or, as, or perhaps, as perhaps.*

ἡπου or ἦ που, Adv. *of a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less.* II. in a question, *is it then?*

ἡπται, *3 sing. pf. pass. of ἀπτω.*

ἡπύτᾱ [ῶ], *ô, Adj. masc. calling, crying; ἡπύτα κηρύξ* the loud-voiced herald: in form like ἡπύτα. From

ἡπύω Dor. ἀπύω [ᾱ]: *f. ὕσω [ῶ]: aor. 1 ἡπύσα:* (ἐπος, εἰπεῖν):—*to call on, call out or forth, invoke.*

II. absol. *to call aloud, shout, speak;* of the lyre, *to sound;* of the wind, *to howl, roar.*

ἡΡ, τό, ποët. for ἥρ, *spring, Lat. VER:* *gen. and dat. ἥρος, ἥρι* are the only cases used in Prose.

ἥρᾱ, *3 sing. impf. of ἐράω.*

ἥρᾱ, *1 sing. aor. 1 of αἶρω.*

ἥρα (ἥρων *aor. 2 of ἀρᾱρίσκω*) always joined with φέρειν or its compds., *to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness;* cp. ἐπύρα.

ἡΡΑ *Ion.* Ἥρη, *ή, Hera*, the Roman *Juno*, queen of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus. Hence

ἡΡαῖος, *α, ον*, of or belonging to *Hera*: τὸ ἡΡαῖον, (ἱερόν) the temple of *Hera*, *Heraeum*: τὰ ἡΡαῖα, (ἱερὰ) *her festival.*

ἩΡΑΚΛΕΨ contr. Ἡρακλῆς, *ô*: *gen.* Ἡρακλέος contr. Ἡρακλέους *Ep.* Ἡρακλήος: *dat.* Ἡρακλέϊ contr. Ἡρακλέϊ *Ep.* Ἡρακλήϊ: *acc.* Ἡρακλέᾱ contr. Ἡρακλέᾱ *Ep.* Ἡρακλῆ rarely Ἡρακλῆ later also Ἡρακλῆν: *voc.* Ἡράκλεες, Ἡράκλεις: in *Ion.* also declined Ἡρακλέος—κλεῦς, Ἡρακλεῦ, Ἡρακλεῖᾱ:—*Heraclēs, Lat. Hercules*, son of Zeus and Alcmena, the most famous of the Greek heroes: the

vocat. Ἡράκλεις is commonly an exclamation of surprise or disgust. Hence

Ἡράκλειος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, *Ep.* Ἡρακλήιος, *η, ον*:—*of or belonging to Hercules;* βῆν Ἡρακλήϊη the might of *Hercules*, i. e. *Hercules himself*; Ἡρακλείαι στήλαι the pillars of *Hercules*, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta:—τὸ Ἡράκλειον *Ion.*—ἥϊον, the temple of *Hercules*; τὰ Ἡράκλεια his festival. II.

Ἡράκλεια λουτρά *bat baths.*

Ἡρακλῆς, contr. from Ἡρακλῆς.

ἥράμην, *aor. 1 med. of αἶρω*:—also *impf. of ἐραμαι.*

ἥρᾱον, *ες, ε, aor. 2 of ἀρᾱρίσκω.*

ἥρᾱσάμην, *aor. 1 med. of ἐράομαι.*

ἥρᾱσθην, *aor. 1 pass. (in med. sense) of ἐράομαι.*

ἥρᾱσαστο, *Ep.* for ἥρᾱσατο, *3 sing. aor. 1 of ἐράομαι.*

ἥρᾱτο, *3 sing. aor. 1 med. of αἶρω.*

ἥρᾱτο, *3 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.*

ῥρέθην, *aor. 1 pass. of αἰρέω.*

ῥρεθον, *impf. of ἐρέθω.*

ῥρει, *3 sing. impf. of αἰρέω.*

ῥρεῖσα, *aor. 1 of ἐρείδω.*

ῥρέμᾱ and ῥρέμᾱς, Adv. *gently, quietly, calmly, softly: a little, slightly: slowly.* The old Adj. ῥρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. ῥρεμῆστερος; ῥρεμαῖος being used instead.

ῥρεμαῖος, *α, ον*, (ῥρέμα) *soft, gentle, quiet.* Adv. —*ws.*

ῥρεμῆστερος, *α, ον*, irreg. Comp. of ῥρεμαῖος, see ῥρέμα: Adv. ῥρεμῆστερος.

ῥρεμέω, *f. ῥῥω*, (ῥρέμα) *to be still, keep quiet.*

ῥρεμῖ [ῖ], Adv. for ῥρέμα, *gently.*

ῥρεμία, *ή, (ῥρέμα) stillness, calmness, rest.*

ῥρεμίζω, *f. σω*, (ῥρέμα) *to calm, quiet*:—Pass. *to be still, at rest.* II. intr. *to be at rest.*

ῥρεσα, *aor. 1 of ἀρείσκω.*

ῥρέτιστα, *aor. 1 of αἰρετίζω.*

ῥρευν, *Ion.* for ῥρυν, *impf. of αἰρέω.*

ῥρη, *Ion.* for ῥρα.

ῥρημαι, *pf. pass. of αἰρέω.*

ῥρήμωσα, *aor. 1 of ἐρημώω.*

ῥρήρει, *3 sing. plqpf. of ἀρᾱρίσκω.*

ῥρήρειστο, *3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρείδω.*

ῥρήθην, *aor. 1 pass. of αἶρω.*

ῥρι, (ῥρ) Adv. *early, at early morn;* ἄμα ῥρι τοῦ θέρους *early in the summer.*

ῥριδᾱνός, *ô, Eridanus*, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the *Po*; others also for the *Rhone* or the *Rhine*.

ῥρίθμεον, *impf. of ἀριθμέω.*

ῥρίθμημαι, *pf. pass. of ἀριθμέω.*

ῥρίκε, *3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρέικω.*

ῥρίνός, *ή, όν*, (ῥρ) = *ἐαρινός*, of or in the spring: neut. ῥρινόν and ῥρινά as Adv., *in spring.*

ῥρίον, τό, a mound, barrow, tomb.

ῥρίπον, *aor. 2 of ἐρέπω.*

ῥρι-πόλη, *ή, fem. Adj. (ῥρι, πολέω) early-stirring:* as Subst. *the morn, dawn.*

ῥρίστα, *aor. 1 of ἐρίζω.*

ῥρικα, ῥρμαι, *pf. act. and pass. of αἶρω.*

ἡρμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀραρίσκω.
 ἡρνέιτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀρνέομαι.
 ἡρνησάμην, aor. I of ἀρνέομαι.
 ἡρόθην, aor. I pass. of ἀρώ.
 ἡρόμην, impf. med. of αἰρώ.
 ἡρπαξα or ἡρπασα, aor. I of ἀρπάζω.
 ἡρρησα, aor. I of ἔρρω.
 ἡρσα, aor. I of ἀραρίσκω. II. also of ἀρδω.
 ἡρτημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρτῶ.
 ἡρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀρτύνω.
 ἡρύγον, intrans. aor. 2 act. of ἐρεύνομαι.
 ἡρύκακε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω.
 ἡρχόμην, impf. of ἐρχομαι; also impf. med. of ἀρχω.
 ἡρῶ, 2 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.
 ἡρω, poet. for ἥρω, dat. of ἥρας; ἥρω, acc.
 ἡρώειον, τό, = ἡρῶν.
 ἡρώησα, aor. I of ἐρωέω.
 ἡρωικός, ἡ, όν, (ἥρως) of or for heroes, heroic:
 ἡρωικὸν μέτρον, the heroic verse, hexameter.
 ἡρωϊνή [τ], contr. ἡρῶνη, fem. of ἥρας, a heroïne.
 ἡρώϊος, α, ον, = ἡρωϊκός.
 ἡρώϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἡρωϊνή, a heroïne.
 ἡρώμην, impf. of ἀράομαι.
 ἡρῶν, τό, the temple or shrine of a hero: neut. from ἡρῶς, α, ον, contr. of ἡρώϊος, of or for heroes, heroic: ὁ ἡρῶς (sub. ῥυθμός), the heroic measure, hexameter. From
 ἥρως, ό: gen. ἥρωος Att. ἥρω: dat. ἥρῳ contr. ἥρῳ:
 acc. ἥρῳα contr. ἥρῳ: pl. nom. ἥρῳες, acc. -ας, rarely contr. ἥρῳς:—a hero: in Homer not restricted to warriors, but applied to all free men of that age, as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc. II. Hesiod makes the Heroes the Fourth Age of men, who fell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the present race. III. Pindar represents them as a race between gods and men, demigods, ἡμίθεοι, whether those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or Aeneas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great service to mankind. IV. the heroes were in later times inferior local deities, patrons of tribes, cities, etc.; as at Athens, the ἥρῳες ἐπώνυμοι were the heroes after whom the ten φυλαί were named. The founders of a city were worshipped under this name.
 ἥς, Dor. for ἥν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἥσα, Att. aor. I of ᾄδω.
 ἥσα, aor. I of ἥδω.
 ἥσαι, 2 sing. of ἥμαι.
 ἥσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἥσαν, Att. for ἥδσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of ὀϊδα.
 ἥσαν, II. for ἥσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί ibo.
 ἥσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of ἥδομαι.
 ἥσειν, fut. inf. of ἔημι.
 ἥσθα, Aeol. for ἥς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἥσθα, inf. of ἥμαι.
 ἥσθένων, impf. of ἀσθενέω.
 ἥσθην, aor. I pass. of ἥδομαι.
 ἥσθην, Att. aor. I pass. of αἰδέω.
 ἥσθιον, impf. of ἐσθίω.

ἥσθόμην, aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι.
 ἥσθον, impf. of ἐσθω.
 ἥσι-επής, ές, (ἔημι, ἔπος) a babbler.
 ἥσκειν, contr. for ἥσκειν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀσκέω.
 ἥσαι, Att. pf. pass. of αἰδέω.
 ἥσμεν, Att. for ἥδειμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of ὀϊδα.
 ἥσο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἥμαι.
 ἥσσα Att. ἥττα, ἥς, ἡ, a defeat, discomfiture: c. gen. defeat by, yielding to. From
 ἥσσάομαι Att. ἥττάομαι: fut. both med. and pass. ἥττήσομαι, ἥσσηθήσομαι: aor. I ἥσσηθην: pf. ἥτηται:—Ion. ἥσσόομαι, see the word: Pass.: (ἥσαν) —to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten, worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's cause. Hence
 ἥσσητός, α, ον, and, in neut. plur. ἥσσητέα, verb. Adj.: one must be beaten, submit.
 ἥσσον, Att. impf. of αἰσσω.
 ἥσσω, ἥσσον, gen. ονος: Att. ἥττων: Ion. ἔσσω —less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than another, unable to contend with, yielding to a thing. (Used as irreg. Comp. of Positive κακός: probably formed from ἥκα, ἥκιστος being the Sup.)
 ἥσται, 3 sing. of ἥμαι.
 ἥστε, Att. for ἥδείτε, 2 pl. plqpf. of *εἶδω.
 ἥστην, for ἥτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἥστην, Att. for ἥδείτην, 2 and 3 dual plqpf. of *εἶδω.
 ἥστο, 3 sing. impf. of ἥμαι.
 ἥστον, for ἥτον, 2 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἥτωσα, aor. I of αἰστώ.
 ἥσυχᾱ, neut. pl. of ἥσυχος, used like ἥσυχῃ.
 ἥσυχάζω, f. σω, (ἥσυχος) to be still, quiet, at rest: τὸ ἥσυχάζον τῆς νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead of night.
 ἥσυχᾱίος, α, ον, poet. for ἥσυχος, still, quiet, at rest.
 ἥσυχᾱίρετος, α, ον, irr. Comp. of ἥσυχος, ἥσυχᾱίος.
 ἥσυχῇ Dor. ἄσυχᾱ, Adv. of ἥσυχος, quietly, gently.
 ἥσυχᾱ Dor. ἄσυχ-, ἡ, (ἥσυχος) stillness, quiet, peace: ἥσυχᾱν ἀγειν or ἔχειν to keep quiet, be at peace or at rest. 2. rest, leisure, Lat. otium.
 ἥσυχμος Dor. ἄσυχ-, ον, poet. for ἥσυχος.
 ἥσυχλος, ον, rarely α, ον, poet. for ἥσυχος.
 ἥΣΥΧΟΣ Dor. ἄσυχος, ον, still, quiet, at rest; ἔχ' ἥσυχος keep quiet. 2. quiet, gentle. II. Comp. and Sup. were irreg. ἥσυχᾱίρετος, -αίτατος; but also -ώτερος. III. Adv. -ως, also ἥσυχῇ, and neut. pl. ἥσυχᾱ as Adv. [ῥ]
 ἥσυχκα, pf. of αἰσύνω.
 ἥσυχμμαι, pf. pass. of αἰσύνω.
 ἥσυχῶν, aor. I of αἰσύνω.
 ἥσω, fut. of ἔημι.
 ἥ-τε or ἡ τε, Conj. or also.
 ἥ-τε or ἡ τε, Adv. surely, doubtless.
 ἥτε, for ἥετε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί ibo.
 ἥτηκα, ἥτησα, pf. and aor. I of αἰτέω.
 ἥτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἥτιάσθε, ἥτιῶντο, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. impf. of αἰτιάομαι.

ῥητῖσάμην, ῥητῖμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of αἰτῖσάμην.

ῥή-τοι, Conjunct.: II. = ῥή τοι, full, surely, verily.

III. = ῥή τοι, either in truth, followed by ῥή .., either .., or ..

ῥητοῖσμαι, pf. pass. of ἑτοιμάω, in med. sense.

ῥΗΤΟΡ, τό, only used in nom. or acc.:—the heart.

ῥΗΤΡΙΟΝ Dor. ἄτριον, τό, the warp in a web of cloth (the web being κρόκη): in pl. ῥητρία, a tbin, fine cloth: hence, ῥητρία βύβλων leaves made of strips of papyrus joined crosswise.

ῥΗΤΡΟΝ, τό, (ῥητορ) the belly, Lat. abdomen.

ῥΗΤΤΑ, ῥΗΤΤΑΟΜΑΙ, ῥΗΤΤΩΝ, etc., Att. for ῥΗΣ-.

ῥΗΤΩ, for ῥΕΣΤΩ, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμί sum.

ῥῆ, neut. from ῥῆς. In compds. with εὖ- or ἐν-, this is often lengthd. Ep. into ῥῆ-; v. sub εὖ-.

ῥῆδῃσα, ῥῆδῃκα, aor. I and impf. of αὐδάω.

ῥῆδοκίμουν, impf. of εὐδοκίμεω.

ῥῆδων, Att. impf. of αὐδάω.

ῥῆλῃσα, aor. I of αὐλέω.

ῥῆλίσθην, aor. I pass. of αὐλίζω.

ῥῆξάμην, aor. I of εὐχόμαι.

ῥῆξανον, impf. of αὐξάνω.

ῥῆξήθην, ῥῆξῃμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αὐξάνω.

ῥῆξῃκα, ῥῆξῃσα, pf. and aor. I of αὐξάνω.

ῥῆρον, ῥῆρήθην, aor. 2 act. and aor. I pass. of εὐρίσκω.

ῥῆς, neut. ῥῆ, Ep. for ῥῆς, good, brave.

ῥῆσα, aor. I of ἄνω. [ῥ]

ῥῆτε, Ep. Conjunct. as, like as. II. for ῥή, than; only once in Homer, ῥέφος μελάντερον ῥῆτε πύσσα, blacker than pitch. [ῥ]

ῥῆτρέπῃμαι, pf. pass. of εὐτρέπιζω.

ῥῆχόμεν, impf. of εὐχομαι.

ῥῥαῖστος, α, ον, (ῥῥαῖστος) of or for Vulcan, Lat. Vulcanius: τὸ ῥῥαῖστειον or ῥῥαῖστειον (sub. ἱερόν) the temple of Vulcan: τὰ ῥῥαῖστεια (sub. ἱερά), his festival, Lat. Vulcanalia.

ῥῥαῖστος-πονός, ον, (ῥῥαῖστος, πονέω) wrought by Vulcan.

ῥῥαῖστος, ον, ὁ, Hephaistos, the Lat. Vulcanus, son of Zeus and Hera, lame from his birth, god of fire, master of the arts which need the aid of fire, esp. of working in metal.

ῥῥαῖστος-τευκτός, ον, and ῥῥαῖστος-τευχής, ἐς, (ῥῥαῖστος, τεύχω) wrought by Vulcan.

ῥῥαῖ, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

ῥῥα, Ep. for ῥή.

ῥῥαί, for ἀφίει, 3 sing. impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίω).

ῥῥαῖον, impf. of ἀφίημι (as if from ἀφίω).

ῥῥαῖσα, aor. I of ἀφίσσω.

ῥῥαῖσσομένη, impf. med. of ἀφύσσω.

ῥῥα, pf. of ἄγω.

ῥῥαῖσκον, Ion. impf. of ῥῥαῖω.

ῥῥαῖτης, ου, ὁ, Ep. ῥῥαῖτῶ, (ῥῥαῖω) clear-sounding, chirping, epith. of the grasshopper:—as Subst. the chirper, i. e. the grasshopper, Lat. cicāda.

ῥῥαῖω Dor. ἄῥαῖω [ᾱ]: ῥήσω:—to sound, ring, peal;

c. acc. cognato, ἄῥαῖν ὕμνον, κωκυτὸν to utter, send forth a hymn or wail. From

ῥῥα Dor. ἄῥα, ῥή, a sound: the tumultuous noise of a crowd, the roar of the sea, etc.; in Trag. usu. like ἰαχῇ, a cry of sorrow, wail.

ῥῥαῖς, εσσα, εν, (ῥῥαῖ) sounding, roaring, echoing.

ῥῥαῖμα, ατος, τό, (ῥῥαῖω) a sound.

ῥῥαῖτης, ου, ὁ, and ῥῥαῖτικός, ῥή, ὄν, = ῥῥαῖτης.

ῥῥα, Ep. for ῥή, Adv. where.

ῥῥαθετο, 3 sing. impf. both of ἄχθομαι and ἔχθομαι.

ῥῥαθημαι, pf. pass. of ἔχθομαι.

ῥῥαθην, aor. I pass. of ἄγω.

ῥῥαθηρα, aor. I of ἔχθαίρω.

ῥῥαῖσα, aor. I of αἰχμάζω.

ῥῥαῖς, ὁ, = ῥῥαῖ.

ῥῥα Dor. ἄῥα, ῥή, gen. -ός contr. -ός, = ῥῥαῖ, a reverberated sound, an echo. II. as prop. n. ῥῥαῖ, Echo, personified as an Oread.

ῥῥατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἄπτομαι.

ῥῥαθηρα, ῥῥαῖθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔψω.

ῥῥαθεν Dor. ἄῥαθεν Att. ἔῥαθεν, Adv. (ῥῥαῖ) from morn, from peep of day, at dawn.

ῥῥαῖ, old Ep. gen. of ῥῥαῖς, ῥῥαῖ πρό before dawn.

ῥῥαῖ, ὄνος, ὁ, Att. contr. for ῥῥαῖν.

ῥῥαῖς, α, ον, at morn, at break of day. II. eastern. From

ῥῥα Dor. ἄῥα, ῥή, gen. ῥῥαῖς contr. ῥῥαῖς: dat. ῥῥαῖ contr. ῥῥαῖ: acc. ῥῥαῖ contr. ῥῥαῖ:—Att. ῥῥαῖς, gen. ῥῥαῖς, acc. ῥῥαῖς:—Dor. ἄῥα:—Aeol. ἄῥα:—the day-break, dawn, morning, opp. to μέσον ἡμαρ mid-day, and δαίη evening; acc., ῥῥαῖ the whole morning long; ἄῥαῖ at day-break. 2. the East, opp. to ῥῥαῖς. 3. as the Greeks counted by mornings, ῥῥαῖς came to mean a day: also the light of day. II. as prop. n. ῥῥαῖς, Eos, Aurora, the goddess of morn.

Θ

Θ, θ, θῆτα, τό, indecl., eighth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral θ' = ἑννέα, ἑννατός, but θ = 9000. In Doric, θ was often changed into σ, as Lacon. σείος Ἀσάνα σάω, for θείος Ἀθάνα θάω: so also in Ion., βυσσός for θυθός. Θ was also changed, Aeol. and Dor., into φ, as φῆρ φλάω φλίβω for θῆρ θλάω θλίβω. Lastly, θ sometimes stood for the rough breathing, as θαμά for ἄμα, θάλασσα for ἄλα.—On the ballots of the judges at Athens, Θ stood for θάνατος. θάσσω, Ep. for θάσσω, to sit, only in pres. and Ep. impf. θάσσω.

θαῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of Dor. θαέομαι.

θαέο, imperat. of θαέομαι.

θαέομαι, Dor. for Att. θαέομαι Ion. θηέομαι. Hence

θαέμα, τό, Dor. for θέαμα, a sight, spectacle.

θαῖτός, ῥή, ὄν, Dor. for θηῖτός, θεατός.

θαῖμάτια, crasis for τὰ ἱμάτια.

ΘΑΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, the hinge of a door or gate.

θαῖω, f. ῥαω, (θάκος) to sit, esp. as a suppliant, to

take a seat: c. acc. cognato, ἔδρας παγκρατεῖς θακεῖν
to sit on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, ατος, τό, a sitting as a suppliant: a seat.

θάκης, εως, ἡ, (θακεῖν) a sitting, seat.

θάκος, ὁ, (θάσσω) a seat: Ion. θῶκος.

θαλάμαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, = θαλαμίης.

θαλάμευμα, ατος, τό, = θάλαμος, a dark chamber or dwelling-place.

θαλάμη, ἡ, (θάλαμος) a lair, den, bole. [ᾱ]

θαλαμῆϊος, ἡ, on, (θάλαμος) of or for a chamber or dwelling: fit for building one.

θαλαμῆ-πόλος, on, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) waiting in the lady's chamber. II. as Subst., θαλαμηπόλος,

ὁ or ἡ, a bridegroom or bridesmaid.

θαλάμιος, α, on, (θάλαμος) belonging to the chamber.

As Subst.: I. θαλάμιος, ὁ, = θαλαμίης. II.

θαλαμία Ion. -ίη (sub. κώπη), the oar of the θαλαμίης.

2. (sub. ὀπή), the bole in the ship's side through which this oar worked, the port-hole.

θαλαμίης, on, ὁ, (θάλαμος) one of the rowers on the lowest bench of a trireme, who had the shortest oars and the least pay: cf. ζυγίτης, θρανίτης. [i]

θάλαμονδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. to the bed-chamber.

ΘΑ'ΑΛΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, an inner room or chamber: I.

the women's apartment, inner part of the house. 2.

a bed-room, bride-chamber. 3. the storeroom. II.

any chamber or abode: a fold, pen for sheep. III.

the lowest part or hold of the ship, in which the θαλαμίαι sat.

θάλασσα Att. -ττα, ἡ, (ἄλς) the sea: Herodotus calls the Mediterranean ἡδε ἡ θάλασσα, ἡ καθ' ἡμᾶς

θάλασσα, ἡ ἕως θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it *post-trium mare*), and the Ocean ἡ ἔξω θάλασσα: metaph.,

θάλασσα κακῶν 'a sea of troubles.' 2. a well of salt or brackish water. Hence

θαλασσαῖος, α, on, = θαλάσσιος.

θαλασσεύω, (θάλασσα) to be at sea, go by sea.

θαλάσσιος, α, on, also os, on, (θάλασσα) of, in or on the sea, belonging to it, Lat. *marinus*; θαλάσσια

ἔργα sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing: θαλάσσια animals living in the sea, opp. to χερσαῖα. 2. skilled in the sea, nautical, maritime.

θάλασσο-κοπέω, f. ἦσω, (θάλασσα, κόπεω) to strike the sea with the oar, make a splash: metaph. to make much ado about nothing.

θάλασσο-κράτέω, f. ἦσω, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) to be master of the sea.

θάλασσο-κράτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) master of the sea.

θαλασσό-πληγικτος, on, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) sea-driven, tempest-tossed.

θαλασσό-πληκτος, on, (θάλασσα, πλήσσω) sea-beaten.

θαλασσο-πόρος, on, (θάλασσα, πόρος) sea-faring.

θαλασσο-ουργός, ὄν, (θάλασσα, *ἔργω) fishing at sea: as Subst., θαλασσοουργός, ὁ, a fisherman.

θάλαττα, θαλάττιος, Att. for θάλασσ-.

θάλα, τά, (θαλεῖν) good cheer, comforts, delights.

θαλέθω, poet. for θάλλω, to bloom, flourish.

θάλεια, ἡ, blooming, luxuriant, bounteous, ἐν δαιτὶ θαλεῖρ at the bounteous feast. It is fem. of an obsol. Adj. θάλυς, derived from θαλεῖν. II. as prop. n.

Θάλεια, ἡ, one of the Muses, the blooming one: later esp. the Muse of Comedy.

θαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θάλλω.

θαλερός, ἄ, ὄν, (θαλεῖν) blooming, fresh: vigorous, active. II. luxuriant, copious, large, abundant.

θαλερ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θαλερός, ὦψ) with bright eyes. θάλω, Dor. for θηλέω.

Θάλῃς, ὁ, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλῇ, acc. Θαλῆν: but also Θάλῃστος, ἡτι, and Θαλοῦ: Thales of Miletus, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of Greece.

θάλῖα, ἡ, (θαλεῖν) bloom: metaph. good cheer, wealth, plenty: in plur. festivities, a feast.

θαλλήσω, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θηλήσω from θηλέω.

θαλλός, ὁ, (θάλλω) a young shoot, twig: ὁ τῆς ἐλαίας θαλλός the olive-branch used at festivals; also, ἱκτῖρ θαλλός the branch carried by suppliants.

θαλλο-φόρος, on, (θαλλός, φέρω) carrying olive-branches, as the old men did at the Panathenaea.

ΘΑ'ΑΛΛΩ, fut. θαλῶ: aor. 2 ἐθάλον: pf. τέθηλα (in pres. sense), part. τεθλῶς, Ep. fem. τεθαλῦα; 3

sing. plpf. τεθῆλαι:—to bloom, flourish, to shoot out, to swell, be rich in a thing: the part. τεθλῶς is used absol. as Adj. swelling, rich, abundant. 2. metaph.

to bloom, flourish, prosper: to be at the height.

ΘΑ'ΑΛΟΣ, eos, τό, like θαλλός, a young shoot or branch, twig, esp. an olive-branch: metaph. a child, scion, Lat. stirps.

θαλπῶω, Ep. part. θαλπίων, (θάλπω) to be or become warm, warm oneself.

θαλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, warming, fostering. From

θάλπος, eos, τό, (θάλπω) warmth, heat, esp. summer-heat; τὰ θάλπη the sun's rays, Lat. soles. 2. metaph. a sting, smart, tingling.

θαλπηρός, on, warming. From

ΘΑ'ΑΛΠΩ, f. inf. θάλω: aor. 1 ἐθαλψα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐθάσθη: pf. inf. τεθάλφω:—to warm, beat. II.

metaph. to beat, inflame. 2. to foster, cherish, warm in one's bosom: in bad sense, to cheat. Hence

θαλπωρή, ἡ, a warming: metaph. a comfort.

θαλπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (θάλπω) warm, glowing.

θαλυσία (sub. ἱερά), ἰων, τά, (θαλεῖν) the firstlings of the harvest, offering of first-fruits. [v] Hence

θαλυσίος, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. Adj., of or for the offering of first-fruits.

θαμά, Adv. (ἄμα) together in crowds, close, thick. II. of Time, often, oftentimes, frequent.

θαμάκις, Adv. = θαμά II.

θαμβάινω, to be astonished at. From

θαμβέω, f. ἦσω: pf. τεθάμβηκα: (θαμβος):—to be astonished or amazed: c. acc. to marvel at a thing.

θάμβος, eos, τό, astonishment, amazement, Lat. stupor. (From Root TAΦ-, see τέθηπα.)

θαμέες, οί, αἱ, dat. θάμεσι, acc. θάμέας, (θαμά)

poët. pl. Adj. (with no sing. θαμύς), crowded, close, thick.

θαμείος, ὁ, ὄν, (θαμά) crowded, close, thick.

θαμίμυ, f. σω, (θαμά) to come often, Lat. frequentare:—to be often or constantly engaged with a thing, c. dat.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θαμίνα, neut. plur. of θαμνός, as Adv., = θαμά.

θαμνός, ἡ, ὄν, = θαμείος.

θάμνος, ὁ, (θαμνός) a bush, shrub.

θανάσιμος, ὄν, (θάνατος) deadly:—Adv. —μως, with deadly blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. II. pass. subject to death, mortal: also dead.

θανατάω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.

θᾶντηφορία, ἡ, a causing of death. From

θᾶντηφόρος, ὄν, (θάνατος, φέρω) death-bringing.

θᾶνπάτω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.

θᾶντάεις, ἔσσα, ἐν, (θάνατος) deadly.

θανατόν-δε, Adv. to death.

θάνατος, ὁ, (θᾶνεν) death; θανατόν καταγινώσκειν

τινός to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. θάνατοι, kinds of death, usually of violent death. II.

as prop. n., Θάνατος, Death, the twin-brother of Sleep. III. a corpse.

θᾶντούσια (sub. ἐπά), ἰων, τά, (θάνατος) a feast of the dead.

θᾶνᾶτόω, f. ὥσω, (θάνατος) to put to death; metaph. to mortify. II. to condemn to death.

θάνον, Ep. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.

θᾶνεν Ep. θανέναι, aor. 2 inf. of θνήσκω.

θανεῖσθαι Ep. θανέσθαι, fut. inf. of θνήσκω.

θανοῖσα, Dor. fem. part. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.

θανοῖσα, fut. of θνήσκω.

ΘΑΪΟΜΑΙ, f. θήσομαι Dor. θάσομαι: inf. ἐθήσάμην: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire. II. to gaze upon, look at, see.

θαπτέω, verb. Adj. of θάπτω, one must bury.

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. θάψω: aor. 1 ἔθαψα: pf. τέταφα: Pass., fut. 2 τάψομαι, fut. 3 τεθάψομαι: aor. 1 ἐθάψην, aor. 2 ἐτάφην [ᾶ]: pf. τέταμαι, Ion. 3 pl. τεθάφαται: 3 sing. plpf. ἐτέθαπτο:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

Θαργήλια, ὡν, τά, a festival of Apollo and Artemis, held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Hence

Θαργηλιών, ὡνος, ὁ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June.

θαρράλεός, θαρρέω, θάρρος, etc., Att. for θαρσ-

θαρσάλεός, α, ὄν, (θάρσος) bold, daring, courageous, confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous: τὸ θαρσάλεον confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. θαρσαλέωτερος. Adv. —ἔως, with confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part. of θαρσέω.

θαρσεύω Att. θαρρέω: f. ἤσω, (θάρσος):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured; θάρσει take courage! be of good heart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. rei, to feel confident about, have no fear for:—c. inf. to believe confidently that. Hence

θάρσιος, εως, ἡ, confidence in, reliance on.

ΘΑΡΣΟΣ or ΘΡΑΨΟΣ Att. θάρπος, τό, courage, boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., τὰ θάρση grounds of confidence.

θαρσούντως Att. θαρρουντως, Adv. of pres. part. of θαρσέω, boldly, courageously.

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of θαρσύνω.

θάρσυνος, ὄν, relying on a thing.

θαρσύνω Att. θαρρύνω, f. ἔνῳ, (θάρσος) to encourage, cheer. II. intr. = θαρσέω, to be of good courage. [ῥ]

θάσαι, Dor. aor. 1 imperat. of θάσμαι.

θάσασθαι, Dor. aor. 1 inf. of θάσμαι.

θάσομένος, Dor. for θησομένος, fut. part. of θάσμαι.

Θάσιος, α, ὄν, (Θάσος) from Thasos, Thasian: ἡ Θασία (sub. ἄλμη), pickled sea-fish; ἀνακυκᾶν Θασίαν to mix this pickle.

ΘΑΪΣΣΩ Ep. θάσσω, to sit, sit idle.

θάσσω Att. θάττων, ὄν, Comp. of ταχύς, quicker, swifter: θάσσων as Adv., more quickly.

θᾶτερον, θατέρω, see ἔτερος.

θάττων, Att. for θάσσων.

θαῦμα Ion. θῶμα or θῷμα, ατος, τό, (θάσμαι) a wonder, marvel, wondrous thing; θαῦμα ἰδεῖσθαι a wonder to behold; so, θαῦμα ἀκούσαι, μαθεῖν: τὰ θαῦματα jugglers' tricks, strange gambols. II. wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Ion. θαῦμ- or θαμ-: fut. —άσομαι Ep. —άσομαι, later in act. form —άσω: aor. 1 ἐθαύμασα: pf. τεθαύμακα:—Pass., fut. θαυμασθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐθαυμάσθην: (θαῦμα):—to wonder, be astonished. 2.

c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at.

II. Pass. to be looked at with wonder: c. part., θαυμάζομαι μὴ παρὰν my absence is wondered at.

θαυμάζω, fut. ἂνθ Ep. ἄνέω, (θαῦμα) to wonder at.

θαυμάσιος, α, ὄν, Ion. θαῦμ- or θωμάσιος, (θαυμάζω) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —ῶς, marvellously.

θαυμάσι-οὐργέω, f. ἤσω, (θαυμάσιος, ἔργον) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglers.

θαυμάσομαι, Ep. fut. of θαυμάζω.

θαυμαστέον, verb. Adj. of θαυμάζω, one must wonder, marvel.

θαυμαστός Ion. θαμμ- or θαμ-, ἡ, ὄν, (θαυμάζω) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —ῶς, wonderfully.

θαυμάτομαι, Pass. (θαῦμα) to be regarded as a wonder.

θαυματοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to do wonders. From θαυμάτο-ποιός, ὄν, (θαῦμα, ποιέω) wonder-working: as Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυμάτῳ, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for θαυμαστός.

θαυματοουργέω, f. ἤσω, = θαυματοποιέω. From θαυμάτ-οουργός, ὄν, (θαῦμα, *ἔργον) = θαυματοποιός.

θάψαι, aor. 1 inf. of θάπτω.

θάψινος, ἡ, ὄν, yellow-coloured, fallow. From

θάψος, ἡ, a plant or wood used for dyeing yellow, from the island of Thapsos.

*ΘΑΨΩ, Ep. for the prose θηλάω: aor. I inf. θῆσαι:—to suckle, feed:—Med., pres. inf. θῆσαι, to suck, milk, ἐπητανὸν γάλα θῆσαι milk to suck the year round: 3 sing. aor. I, θῆσατο μαζὸν be sucked the breast.

*ΘᾶΩ, Lacon. σᾶω, to see:—see θάωμαι.

θεά, ἡ, fem. of θεός, a goddess: τὰ θεά (Att. τὰ θεώ), in dual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: αἱ σεμναὶ θεαὶ the Eumenides or Furies.

θεᾶ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a looking at, view. II. a thing seen, sight, spectacle.

θεᾷθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of θεάομαι.

θεαινᾶ, ἡ, poet. for θεά, a goddess.

θε-αίτητος, ον, (θεός, αἰτέω) asked of the gods.

θεᾶμα Ion. θέημα, atos, τό, (θεάομαι) a sight, spectacle.

θεάμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεάομαι) a spectator. [ᾶ]

θεάομαι, f. θεάσομαι [ᾶ], Ion. θεήσομαι: aor. I ἐθεάσασθην: pf. τεθέσθαι: Dep.: (θεάομαι):—to view, gaze at, behold: of θεώμενοι the spectators in a theatre:—aor. I ἐθεάθην in pass. sense, to be seen. See θάομαι, θηέομαι.

θεᾶρός, ὁ, Dor. for θεωρός.

θεᾷτης Ion. θεητής, οὔ, ὁ, (θεάομαι) a spectator.

θεᾷτός, ἡ, ὅν, (θεάομαι) to be seen.

θεατρίω, f. σω, (θεάτρον) to bring on the stage: to make a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame.

θεάτρον Ion. θέητρον, τό, (θεάομαι) a place for seeing, a theatre. 2. collectively, the spectators, the audience. 3. = θέαμα, the piece represented, a show.

θε-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) = θεοειδής.

θεῖον, τό, poet. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θεῖος, η, ον, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θειοῦται, 3 sing. pres. pass. of θειόω.

θειόω, Ep. for θειώω, to smoke with brimstone.

θεέσκον, Ion. impf. of θέω.

θήη, ἡ, Ion. for θέα.

θεήτος, η, ον, Ion. for θεῖος, θεῖος, divine.

θε-ηλάτος, ον, (θεός, εἰλάνω) driven or pursued by a god. 2. sent, caused by a god. II. built by a god or for the gods.

θέημα, τό, Ion. for θέαμα.

θη-μάχια, ἡ, θη-μάχος, ον, poet. for θεομ-.

θεήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for θεάμων.

θη-πολῶ, θη-πολός, ὅν, poet. for θεοπ-.

θησσαι, Ion. 2 sing. fut. of θεάομαι.

θησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω.

θητής, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. for θεατής.

θητρός, θηήτρον, θηήτωρ, Ion. for θεατ-.

θεῖα, ἡ, fem. of θεῖος, one's father's or mother's sister, aunt, Lat. amita and matertera.

θεᾷω, f. σω, (θεῖος) to practise divinations. Hence

θειασμός, ὁ, practice of divinations.

Θειβάθεν, Θειβάθι, Aeol. for Θηβ-.

θεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖν, aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖκελος, = θέσκελος.

θεῖλό-πεδον, τό, (εἶλη, πέδον) a place in the sun-bine, where things were put to dry.

θεῖμεν, for θείημεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι:—also aor. I inf. of θείνω.

ΘΕΙΝΩ, fut. θενῶ: aor. I θείνω: aor. 2 θενον, only in imperat. θένε, subj. θένω, inf. θενεῖν, part. θενών:—to strike, dash.

θεῖό-δομος, ον, (θεῖος, δέμα) god-built.

θεῖομεν, Ep. for θέωμεν, θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖον Ep. θεῖον, τό, (θεῖος) brimstone, Lat. sulfur.

θεῖον, τό, neut. of θεῖος, used as Subst., the Divine Being, Deity. II. τὰ θεῖα, the acts or attributes of the gods. 2. religious observances.

θεῖος, α, ον, (θεός) of or from the gods, Lat. divinus, sent or caused by a god, appointed of God. 2. in honour of a god, holy, sacred. 3. godlike, superhuman, extraordinary, excellent.

ΘΕΙΟΣ, ὁ, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle, Lat. patruus and avunculus: fem. θεῖα.

θειοτέρως, Adv. Comp. of θεῖος.

θειότης, ητος, ἡ, (θεῖος) divine nature, divinity.

θεῖό-χρως, ον, contr. -χρως, ον, (θεῖον, χρῶα) brimstone-coloured.

θεῖω Ep. θειόω: f. ὥσω: (θεῖον):—to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify.

θεῖς, θεῖσα, θέν, aor. 2 part. of τίθημι.

θεῖτε, θεῖσιν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖω, poet. for θέω, to run.

θεῖω, Ep. for θέω, θῶ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θει-ώδης, ἐς, (θεῖον, εἶδος) brimstone-like, Lat. sulfureus.

θεῖος, Adv. of θεῖος, by divine providence: Comp.

θειοτέρως, by more special providence.

θελγεί-μυθος, ον, (θέλω, μῦθος) of soft, persuasive speech.

θέλγεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέλω.

θέλγητρον, τό, (θέλω) a charm or spell.

ΘΕΛΓΩ, f. εἶω: aor. I ἐθέλγω:—Pass., aor. I ἰθέλχην:—to stroke with magic power, to charm, enchant, spell-bind, Lat. mulceo: to cheat, cozen.

θέλως, ον, (θέλω) willing, voluntary.

θέλημα, atos, τό, (θέλω) will.

θέλησις, εως, ἡ, (θέλω) a willing, will.

θελκτήρ, ητος, ὁ, (θέλω) a charmer. Hence

θελκτήριον, τό, a charm, spell, enchantment, means or power of charming: neut. from

θελκτήριος, ον, (θέλω) charming, enchanting.

θελκτρον, τό, = θελκτήριον, a charm.

θέλκτρον, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = θελκτήρ.

θέλξαι, aor. I inf. of θέλω.

θέλξει, Dor. for θέλξει, 3 sing. fut. of θέλω.

θέλξι-voos, ον, contr. -voos, ον, (θέλω, voos) charming or witching the heart.

θέλξι-πικρος, ον, (θέλω, πικρός) deliciously bitter.

θέλξι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θέλω, φρήν) = θελξίνοος.

θέλοισα, Dor. for θέλουσα, fem. part. of θέλω.

θέλυμα, τά, = θέμεθλα.

ΘΕ'ΑΩ, impf. θέλον· fut. θελήσω· aor. I ἐθέλησα: shortened form of ἐθέλω.

θέμεθλα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; Ἄμμωνος θέμεθλα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμελία, τά, Ep. for θεμέλια, = θέμεθλα; θεμελία θέσαν οἱ προβάλλοντο they laid the foundations.

θεμελιόθεν, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus.

θεμέλιον, τό, as sing. of θεμελία, the foundation: τὰ θεμέλια = θεμελία, θέμεθλα. From

θεμέλιος, ον, (τίθημι) belonging to the foundation. II. as Subst., θεμέλιος (sub. λίθος), ὁ, a foundation stone;

οἱ θεμέλιοι, the foundations. Hence

θεμελιώω, f. ὥσω, to lay the foundation, found firmly:

—Pass. to have the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμεναι, Ep. for θεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι.

θέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of τίθημι.

θεμερός, ὄν, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

θεμερ-ῶπις, ιδος, ῆ, (θεμερός, ὦψ) of serious countenance, honest.

θεμίζω, (θέμις) to regulate, punish, control: Med., poet. aor. I θεμίσασθαι to regulate for oneself, control.

θεμί-πλεκτος, ον, (θεμῖς, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμίπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

ΘΕΜΙΣ, ῆ, Ep. gen. θέμιστος, acc. θέμιν:—in Homer as prop. n. Θέμις, Θέμιστος, acc. Θέμιστα: but Att. gen. Θέμιτος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc. Θέμιν; Ion. gen. Θέμιος, voc. Θέμι: I. law,

right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμις ἐντί 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; ῆ θέμις ἐστὶ as 'tis right, as the custom is. II. pl. θέμιστες, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights

of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence dues, tribute, etc. 3. existing laws or ordinances.

4. law-suits: also courts to administer justice: judicial sentences.

III. Θέμις as prop. n., Themis, goddess of law and order, justice.

θεμι-σκοπός, ὄν, (θέμις, σκοπέω) keeping order.

θεμισ-κρέων, οντος, ὁ, reigning by right.

θέμιστα, -ας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμις.

θεμιστεῖος, α, ον, (θέμις) lawful, righteous.

θεμιστεύω, f. σω, (θεμιστός) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμιστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμις.

θεμιστο-πόλος, ον, (θέμις, πολέω) ministering law and right.

θεμιστός, ῆ, ὄν, (θεμίζω) sanctioned by law, lawful.

θεμίτος, ῆ, ὄν, Ep. for θεμιστός.

ΘΕΜΟ'Ω, an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. I, νῆα θέμωσε χέρσον ἱκέσθαι he forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.

-θεν, inseparable. Particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to -δε, as, οἴκοθεν, ὀβρανθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as Διόθεν, θεόθεν,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally -θεν was the genit. termination, as appears from ἐμέθεν, σέθεν, ἔθεν. θέναρ, ἄρος, τό, (θένω, θείνω) the part of the band with which one strikes, the flat of the band: ἄλως θέναρ the surface of the sea.

θέω, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 med. imperat. of τίθημι.

θεοβλάβέω, to sin against the gods. From

θεο-βλάβης, ἐς, (θεός, βλαβῆναι) stricken of God, visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

θεο-γενής, ἐς, (θεός, γέννα) begotten of a god.

θεό-γλωσσος, ον, (θεός, γλῶσσα) with the tongue of a god.

θεογονία, ῆ, the generation or genealogy of the gods, the title of a poem of Hesiod. From

θεό-γονος, ον, (θεός, *γένω) born of God.

θεο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, δέχομαι) receiving a god.

θεο-δῆλτος, ον, (θεός, δηλόμαι) hurtful to the majesty of the gods.

θεο-διδάκτος, ον, (θεός, διδάσκει) taught of God. [Υ]

θεό-δημιτος, ον, Dor. -δμητος, α, ον, (θεός, δέμα) god-built, made or founded by the gods.

θεό-δοτος, ον, = θεόδοτος.

θεο-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) divine of form, beauteous as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup. θεαυδέστατος.

θεο-εἰκελος, ον, (θεός, εἰκελος) godlike.

θεοεχθρία, ῆ, a being hated by the gods. From

θεό-εχθρος, ον, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hated by the gods.

θεόθεν, old gen. of θεός, used as Adv., from the gods, Lat. divinitus.

θείουσα, Dor. for θέουσα, fem. part. of θέω.

θεοκλύτew, f. ῆσω, to call the gods to aid, to invoke divine vengeance: to call on, conjure. From

θεό-κλύτος, ον, (θεός, κλύω) calling on the gods.

θεό-κραντος, ον, (θεός, κρᾶνω) wrought by the gods.

θεό-κρίτος, ον, (θεός, κρίνω) judging between gods.

θεό-κτιστος, ον, and θεό-κτίτος, ον, (θεός, κτίζω) created by God.

θεο-μᾶνής, ἐς, (θεός, μανῆναι) maddened by the gods; λύσσα θεομανῆς madness caused by the gods.

θεό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (θεός, μάντις) one who has a spirit of prophecy.

θεομαχέω, to fight against God: and

θεομαχία, ῆ, the battle of the gods, as certain books of the Iliad were called, esp. the 10th. From

θεο-μάχος, ον, (θεός, μάχομαι) fighting against God.

θεο-μήτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (θεός, μῆστωρ) like the gods in counsel.

θεό-μιστής, ἐς, (θεός, μίσέω) hated of the gods.

θεό-μορος Dor. θεῦμ-, ον, (θεός, μόρος) destined or allotted by the gods. II. blessed by the gods.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεός μορφή) of form divine.

θεο-μῦστής, ἐς, (θεός, μῦσος) abominable before the gods.

θεό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ῆ, (θεός, παῖς) child of the gods.

θεό-πεμπτος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) sent by the gods.

θεό-πνευστος, ον, (θεός, πνέω) inspired of God.

θεοποιέω, to make into gods, deify. From

θεο-ποιός, ὄν, (θεός, ποιέω) making statues of gods.
θεό-πομπτος, ὄν, (θεός, πέμπω) god-sent.
θεο-πόνυτος, ὄν, (θεός, πονέω) wrought by a god.
θεο-πρεπής, ἐς, (θεός, πρέπω) besetting a god. Adv.
—πῶς.

θεοπροπέω, to prophesy, in part. θεοπροπέαν; and
θεοπροπία, ἡ, or —ιον, τό, a prophesy. From
θεο-πρόπος, (θεός, πρέπω) prophetic, boding, divin-
ing: as Subst., θεοπρόπος, ὁ, a prophet. II. a
public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle, cf.
θεωρός.

θεό-πτυστος, ὄν, (θεός, πτύω) abhorred by the gods.
θεό-πῦρος, ὄν, (θεός, πῦρ) kindled by the gods.
θέ-ορτος, ὄν, (θεός, ὀρνυμι) sprung from the gods.
ΘΕΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. DEUS, God: in Homer either God,
as, Θεὸς δώσει God will grant; or θεός τις a god,
some particular god: later the Deity, like τὸ θεῖον:—
σὺν θεῷ, σὺν θεοῖς, οὐκ ἀνευθε θεοῦ, Lat. non sine
diis, by the will of God; ὑπὲρ θεόν against his will:
—as an oath, πρὸς θεῶν by the gods, in God's
name. II. fem. θεός, for θεά, θεάνα, a goddess:
esp. in Att. phrase τὰ θεῶ the two goddesses, i. e.
Ceres and Proserpine. III. as Adj. in Comp.
θεώτερος, more divine.

θεός-δοτος, ὄν, (θεός, δίδωμι) given by the gods.
θεός-δωρος, ὄν, poet. for θεοδώρης.
θεοσέβεια, ἡ, the worship or fear of God. From
θεο-σεβής, ἐς, (θεός, σέβωμαι) worshipping God, re-
ligious, devout. Adv. —βῶς, religiously.
θεό-σεπτος, ὄν, (θεός, σέβωμαι) worshipped as a god.
θεο-σέπτωρ, ὄν, = θεοσεβής.
θεοσ-εχθρία, ἡ, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hatred of the gods,
ungodliness, impiety.

θεός-σῦτος, ὄν, poet. for θεόσῦτος, sent by the gods.
θεο-στήρικτος, ὄν, (θεός, στηρίζω) supported by God.
θεο-στιβής, ἐς, (θεός, στιβεῖν) trodden by God.
θεο-στύγης, ἐς, (θεός, στυγέω) hated of the gods or
of God, abominable. II. act. bating God.
θεο-στυγής, ὄν, hated of the gods.
θεό-σῦτος, poet. also θεόσ-σῦτος, ὄν, (θεός, σέω)
sent by the gods.

θεό-ταυρος, ὁ, (θεός, ταῦρος) the god-bull, a name for
Zeus changed into a bull.

θεο-τείχης, ἐς, (θεός, τεῖχος) walled by the gods.
θεό-τεκντος, ὄν, (θεός, τεύχω) made by God.
θεότης, ἡ, (θεός, τρέφω) divinity, divine nature.
θεο-τιμήτος, ὄν, (θεός, τιμάω) honoured of God.
θεό-τιμος, ὄν, honoured of God.
θεο-τρέπτος, ὄν, (θεός, τρέπω) directed by the gods.
θεο-τρέφης, ἐς, (θεός, τρέφω) feeding the gods.
θεουβία, ἡ, the fear of God, holiness.
θεουδής, ἐς, (θεός, δέος) fearing god, godly. Hence
θεο-φάνια (sub. ἱερά), τό, (θεός, φανήναι) a festival
at Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shewn
to the people.

θεο-φίλης, ἐς, (θεός, φιλέω) beloved of the gods.
θεόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of θεός: esp.
in phrase, θεόφιν μήσωρ ἀτάλαντος.

θεο-φόρητος, ὄν, (θεός, φορέω) inspired by a god. II.
act. carrying a god or goddess.

θεο-φόρος, ὄν, (θεός, φέρω) bearing a god. II.
θεόφορος, ὄν, borne or possessed by a god, inspired.
θεό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (θεός, φρήν) godly-minded,
godly, devout, Lat. *pius*.

θεῶω, f. ὥσω, (θεός) to make into a god, deify.
θεράπαινα and —νίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of θεράπων, a
waiting-maid, handmaid.

θεράπεια Ion. —νῆς, ἡ, (θεραπεύω) a waiting on, ser-
vice, attendance; θεραπεία θεῶν divine worship, 2.
a fostering, nurture: tending in sickness, medical
treatment. 3. a courting, paying court. II. a
body of attendants, suite, retinue.

θεράπειμα, ματος, τό, (θεραπεύω) service done, at-
tendance, nurture: medical treatment.

θεραπτεύειν, verb. Adj. of θεραπεύω, one must cul-
tivate: also one must cure.

θεραπευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and θεραπευτής, οὔ, (θερα-
πεύω) an attendant, servant. 2. one who attends to
anything: a worshipper of the gods: a physician.

θεραπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεραπεύω) inclined to serve,
attentive, obedient: courteous. 2. able to cure; ἡ
θεραπευτική (sc. τέχνη) the healing art.

θεράπειω, f. σω, (θεράπων) to wait on, attend, serve:
to be an attendant: to do service to the gods, to wor-
ship: to serve, attend, pay observance to. 2. to
pay court to, to flatter: also of things, to consult, at-
tend to, Lat. *inservire commodo*. 3. c. acc. rei, to
take care of, provide for; θεραπεύειν τὸ παρόν
to provide for the present; θεραπεύειν ἡμέρην to observe
a day, keep it holy. 4. to tend the sick, to treat
medically, to heal, cure. 5. of land, to cultivate,
till.

θεράπῃ, Ion. for θεραπεία.
θεράπῃος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. and poet. for θεραπευτικός.
θεράπνη, ἡ, poet. for θεράπαινα, a handmaid:—and,
θεράπνις, ἰδος, ἡ, poet. contr. from θεραπαινίς.

θεράπνοντις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θεράπων) of a waiting-maid.
ΘΕΡΑΠΙΩΝ, οντος, ὁ, an attendant, servant, differ-
ing from δοῦλος, as implying free service: in Homer,
a companion in arms, comrade, though inferior in
rank, as Patroclus was the θεράπων of Achilles; so,
kings were Διὸς θεράποντες, warriors θεράποντες
Ἄρῃος, poets Μουσῶν θεράποντες. II. in Chios,
the θεράποντες were slaves.

θεράψ, ὁ, rare form for θεράπων, only found in ac-
cus. θέραπα, nom. pl. θέρατες.

θέρειος, α, ὄν, (θέρω) of, belonging to summer, in
summer; αἰχμὸς θ. summer-drought; ἡ θέρεια, Ion.
θερείη (with or without ὥρα), summer-time, summer.

θερέω, Ep. for θερῶ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of θέρω.
θερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ: aor. I ἐθέρισαι synop.
ἐθρίσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐθερίσθην: pf. τεθέρισμαι:
(θέρω):—to mow, reap, cut, harvest corn:—metaph.
to mow down, cut off, slay: also to cut the hair. 3.
also to pack up. II. intr. to pass the summer;
cf. ἐαρίζω, χειμάζω.

θερίνεος, α, ον, = θέρειος; τροπαί θερίνεα the summer solstice, i. e. the 21st of June. [Γ]

θερίνιος, ἡ, ὄν, (θέρος) prose form for θέρειος, of, in, or during summer.

θερισμός, ὁ, (θερίζω) a mowing, reaping, harvesting.

θεριστής, οὗ, ὁ, (θερίζω) a mower, reaper, harvest-man.

θερίστριον or θέριαστρον, τό, (θερίζω) a light summer-garment, opp. to χειμάστριον.

θερμαίνω, f. ἄνω· aor. I ἐθέρμηναι: (θερμός):—to warm, heat:—Pass. to become warm or hot, grow hot, glow: metaph., θερμαίνεσθαι ἐλπίσι to glow with hope.

θέρμη, ἡ, (θερμός) heat, feverish heat. II. ἐέρμαι, αἱ, hot-springs, Lat. *ibermæ*.

θερμό-βλυστος, ον, (θερμός, βλύω) hot-bubbling.

θερμό-βουλος, ον, (θερμός, βουλή) hot in counsel, rash.

θερμό-δοτης, ον, ὁ, fem. θερμό-δοτος, ιδος, ἡ, (θερμός, δίδωμι) one who brought the hot water (Lat. *caldæ*) at baths or sacrifices, Lat. *caldarius*.

θερμο-εργός, ὄν, = θερμουργός.

θερμό-νους, ουν, (θερμός, νοῦς) heated in mind.

Θερμο-πύλαι, ὧν, αἱ, (θερμός, πύλη) Hot-Gates, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply Πύλαι. [Υ]

θερμός, ἡ, ὄν, also poet. ὅς, ὄν, (θέρω): warm, hot, boiling. II. metaph. hot, hasty, rash, reckless. 2. active, ready.

III. τὸ θερμόν, heat, Lat. *calor*: also, θερμόν (sub. ὕδωρ), hot drink, Lat. *caldæ*: τὰ θερμά (sub. χωρία), hot places, or (sub. λουτρά), hot baths.

ΘΕΡΜΟΣ, ὁ, the lupine.

θερμο-τράγῳ, f. ἦσω, (θερμός, τρώγω) to eat lupines.

θερμ-ουργός, ὄν, (θερμός, *ἔργω) doing hot and hasty acts, rash, reckless, impetuous.

θέρμω, only used in pres. imperat. and in impf. (θέρω) to warm, beat, make hot:—Pass. to grow hot.

θέρος, τό, (θέρω) summer, summer-time: summer-heat: τὸ θέρος, absol., during summer; τοῦ θέρος in the course of summer. II. a harvest, a crop.

ΘΕΡΩ, fut. θέρσω, to warm, heat:—Homer uses only Pass. θερόμαι, with fut. med. θέρσομαι, aor. 2 ἐθέρην in subj. θερέω for θερῶ: to become warm, grow hot, warm oneself; πυρὸς θέρεσθαι to be burnt with fire.

θές, aor. 2 imperat. of τίθημι.

θέσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.

θέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of τίθημι.

θέσθω, θέσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θέσις, εως, ἡ, (τίθημι) a setting, placing, arranging; ἐπέων θέσις a setting of words in verse, poetry. II. a deposit of money, earnest-money. III. adoption

as the child of some one; cf. θετός. IV. (from Pass. τίθεσθαι) a being placed, position, situation. 2. a position or thesis to be proved. V. in metre

the last half of the foot, in which the voice falls, opp. to the first half (ἄρσις), in which it rises.

θέσ-κελος, ον, (θεός, ἔσχω, ἵσχω) godlike: but generally, marvellous, wondrous, always of things, θεο-εikeλος being used of persons; θέσκελα ἔργα works of wonder; neut. as Adv., ἔκτο δὲ θέσκελον αὐτῷ he was wondrous like him.

θέσμιος Dor. τέθμιος, ον, (θεσμός) according to law, lawful, legitimate: θέσμια, τά, as Subst. laws, customs, rites.

θεσμο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (θεσμός, τίθημι) a lawgiver. II. the θεσμοθέται at Athens were the six junior archons: after their year expired they became members of the Areopagus.

θεσμο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (θεσμός, ποιέω) to make laws.

θεσμο-πόλος, ον, (θεσμός, πολέω) conversant with laws or customs.

θεσμός Dor. τεθμός, ὁ: irreg. pl. θεσμά, τά: (τίθημι):—a law, rule, ordinance, Lat. *institutum*: a rite, form, institution. 2. at Athens, Draco's laws were called θεσμοί, because each began with the word θεσμός; Solon's laws were named νόμοι. Hence

θεσμοσύνη, ἡ, justice, like δικαιοσύνη.

θεσμοφόρια, ον, τά, (θεσμοφόρος) the Thesmorphoria, an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter Θεσμοφόρος: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφοριάζω, f. σω, to keep the Thesmorphoria; αἱ θεσμοφοριάζουσαι, a play of Aristophanes.

θεσμοφόριον, τό, the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφόρος.

θεσμο-φόρος, ον, (θεσμός, φέρω) law-giving: epith. of Demeter, Lat. *Ceres*, as the goddess of tillage and civilised life; τὰ θεσμοφόρω Ceres and Proserpine, who were worshipped together at the Thesmorphoria. θεσμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, mostly in pl., θεσμο-φύλακες, like νομο-φύλακες, guardians of the law, a magistracy at Elis. [Υ]

θεσ-πέσιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (θεός, ἔπος) of the voice, divinely sweet. II. more than mortal or human: unspeakable, ineffable, and generally = θεῖος, divine: dat. fem. θεσπεσίῃ (sub. βουλῇ) as Adv., by the will of God. 2. wondrous, marvellous, excellent.

3. of anything sent by God, and so, awful, fearful. Hence θεσπεσίως, Adv. in divine manner; θεσπεσίως ἐφύβηθεν they trembled unspeakably.

θεσπῖ-δάης, ἐς, (θέσις, δαίω Δ) kindled by a god; θεσπιδαὲς πῦρ supernatural, furious fire.

θεσπι-ἔπεια, fem. Adj. (θέσις, ἔπος) prophetic.

θεσπιζέω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, Ion. inf. θεσπιτεῖν: aor. I ἐθέσπισα Dor. -εα: (θέσις):—to declare by oracle, prophesy, divine.

θεσπιζασα, Dor. for θεσπίσασα, aor. I part. fem. of foreg.

θέσπιος, ον, = θεσπέσιος.

θέσ-πισ, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, ἔπος) inspired, prophetic, sacred.

II. = θεῖος II, divine, wondrous, awful.

-θέσπισμα, ατος, τό, (θεσπιζέω) an oracle.

θεσπιφδέω, f. ἦσω, to sing in prophetic strain. From

θεσπιφδός, ὄν, (θέσπις, φῖδῃ) singing in prophetic strain, prophetic.

Θεσσαλός Att. Θετταλός, ὁ, fem. Θεσσαλῖς, ἰδος, a Thessalian: also as Adj., Θεσσαλὸν σόφισμα a Thessalian trick, from the faithless character of the people. **Θέσσασαι**, to pray for: a defect. poet. aor. I, of which we find only 3 pl. θέσαντο, part. θεσάμενος. (Origin uncertain.)

Θεσφάτη-λόγος, ὄν, (θέσφατος, λέγω) prophetic. **θέσ-φάτος**, ὄν, (θεός, φημί) spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined, Lat. fatalis: as Subst., θέσφατα, τό, oracles. II. like θεῖος, made by God, divine.

Θετιδεῖον, τό, the temple of Thetis. From **Θέτις**, ἰδος, ἡ, Thetis, one of the Nereids, wife of Peleus, mother of Achilles.

θέτρο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι. **θετός**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set. II. adopted as one's child.

θεῶ, Dor. and Ion. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θεύ-μορος, ὄν, Dor. for θεόμορος.

θεύς, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. for θεός, a god.

θεύσομαι, I will run, fut. of θέω.

θευ-φορία, ἡ, Dor. for θεοφορία.

ΘΕΩ Ep. also θεῖω: fut. θεύσομαι:—to run; **θείν**

πεδίοιο to run over the plain; **περὶ τρίποδος θέειν** to run for a tripod; **περὶ ψυχῆς Ἑκτορος θέειν** to run for Hector's life; later also, **θέειν τὸν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς** (sc. δρόμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a rolling stone.

III. of things which run in a continuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, **ἀντὶς ἡ πυμάτης θέειν ἀσπίδος** the rim which ran round at the verge of the shield.

θεῶ, contr. for θεάον, imperat. of θεάομαι.

θεῶμεν, Ion. for θῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, (θεωρός) to look at, view, behold, observe: esp. to be a spectator at the public games and festivals. 2. of the mind, like Lat. contemplari, to contemplate, consider. II. to be a θεωρός or state ambassador to the oracle or at the games.

III. Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσασα τοῦμὸν ὄμμα having made my eyes behold; but see θεωρέω. Hence

θεώρημα, ατος, τό, a sight, spectacle. II. a thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced: in Mathematics, a theorem.

θεωρητήριον, τό, (θεωρέω) a seat in a theatre.

θηωρητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θηωρέω) of or for speculation, theoretic.

θεωρία, ἡ, (θεωρέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing; θεωρίας εἵνεκα for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflection.

II. the sending of θεωροί or state-ambassadors to the oracle or games: also the body of θεωροί themselves. 2. the office of θεωρός. III. pass. a sight, spectacle.

θεωρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεωρός) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors (θεωροί). II.

τὰ θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obols the seat), but also for other purposes.

θεωρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, with and without ναῦς, a sacred ship which carried the θεωροί to their destination; used also for other state-purposes. From

θεωρός, ὁ, (θεός, ὥρα) a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things. II. an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:—the Athenians sent θεωροί to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympian, Pythian, Nemean, and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of θεός, more divine. **Θηβα-γενής**, ἐς, (Θήβη, γενέσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Θήβαθι, Adv. at Thebes.

Θήβαζε, Adv. to or towards Thebes. From

ΘΗΒΑΙ, ὄν, αἰ, poet. also Θήβη, ἡ, Thebes, the name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Boeotian, and another in the Troad, all in Homer, who uses both sing. and plur. of all.

Hence

Θηβαί-γενής, ἐς, = Θεβαγενής: and

Θηβαίεύς, ὥς Ion. ἐός, ὁ, ep. of Jove, the Theban:—so Θηβαῖος, α, ὄν, and Θηβαϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, Theban.

Θηβαῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Θήβαι) the Thebais, i. e. territory of Thebes. II. the Thebaid, a poem on the siege of Thebes.

Θήβαοθε, poet. Adv., = Θήβαζε.

Θήβη, v. Θήβαι.

Θήβησιν poet. Θήβησι, (Θήβαι) Adv. at Thebes.

θηγᾶλέος, α, ὄν, (θήγω) pointed, sharp. II.

act. sharpening.

θηγάνη, ἡ, (θήγω) a whetstone: metaph. anything to whet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [ᾶ]

θηγᾶνω, = θήγω.

ΘΗΤΩ, f. θήξω: aor. I ἔθηξα:—Pass., pf. τέ-

θηγμα:—to sharpen, whet:—Med., δόρυ θήξασθαι to whet one's spear. II. metaph. to sharpen,

provoke, irritate.

θηεῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of θηέομαι.

θηέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Ion. form of θεάομαι: Dor. θα-

έομαι:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf., 3 sing. ἔθηετο Ep. θηεῖτο, Ion. 3 pl. ἔθηευντο Ep.

θηεύντο; ἔθηευσθα Ion. I pl.; θηέμενος Ion. part.:

θηήσαιο, —αὐτο 2 and 3 pl. aor. I opt.: cf. θάομαι.

θήης, Ep. for θῆς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θηητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for θεατής, (θηέομαι) one who gazes at, an admirer.

θηητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for θεατός, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θηῖον, τό, Ep. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θήϊος, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θηκα, Ep. aor. I of τίθημι.

θηκαῖος, α, ὄν, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

sepulchre of the dead; οἶκημα θηκαῖον a burial vault.
From

θήκη, ἡ, (τίθημι) a case to put anything in, a box, chest: a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault.

θηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θήγω, sharpened.

θηλάζω, fut. ἄσω Dor. ἄζω: (θηλή):—to give suck, suckle.

II. of the child, to suck; θηλάζων suckling.

θήλεα, Ion. fem. of θήλυς.
θηλέω Dor. θαλέω, f. ἡώω, (θηλή) to flourish, abound; c. gen., λειμώνες ἰου ἡδέ σελεύον θήλεον the meadows were rich with violets and parsley. II. to make to bloom.

θηλή, ἡ, (τέθλα) the part of the breast which gives suck, the teat, nipple.

θηλυ-γενής, ἐς, (θήλυς, γενέσθαι) of female sex.

θηλυ-γλωσσος, ον, (θήλυς, γλῶσσα) with woman's tongue.

θηλυδρίας, ον, ὁ, Ion. -λης, (θήλυς) an effeminate person.

θηλυδρι-ώδης, ἐς, (θηλυδρίας, εἶδος) of womanish kind, effeminate.

θηλυ-κρατής, ἐς, (θήλυς, κρατέω) swaying women.

θηλυ-κτόνος, ον, (θήλυς, κτείνω) slaying by women's hands.

θηλυ-μᾶνής, ἐς, (θήλυς, μανῆναι) mad for women.

θηλυ-μελής, ἐς, (θήλυς, μέλος) singing in soft strain.

θηλυ-μίτρης, ον, ὁ, (θήλυς,μίτρα) with a woman's head-dress: fem. θηλύμιτρος, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ.

θηλυ-μορφος, ον, (θήλυς, μορφή) woman-shaped.

θηλυ-νοος, νοον, contr. θηλύνους, ονν, (θήλυς, νοῦς) of womanish mind.

θηλύνω, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἐθήλυνα:—to make weak and womanish:—Pass. to become so.

θηλύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδός, (θήλυς, πούς) θηλύπους βάσις the tread of female foot.

θηλυ-πρεπής, ἐς, (θήλυς, πρέπω) befitting a woman.

θήλυς, εἰα, υ, also fem. θήλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem. θήλεᾶ, acc. θήλεᾶν, pl. θήλειαι, -εας: (τέθλα):—of female sex, female, opp. to ἀρρην; θήλεια θεός a goddess; θήλεια ἵπποι mares. 2. generally, of or belonging to women; τὸ θῆλυ the female sex. II. of things, 1. fruitful, prolific, nourishing. 2. tender, delicate: in bad sense, womanish, weak, effeminate.

III. the Comp. θηλύτερος, α, ον [ῥ], is used like the Positive in the phrases θηλύτεροι θεοὶ or γυναῖκες.

θηλυ-σπορος, ον, (θήλυς, σπεῖρω) born of woman; γένεια θηλύσπορος a race of females.

θηλύτερος, α, ον, υ. θήλυς sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ον, (θήλυς, τεκύν) bearing girls.

θηλυ-φρων, ον, (θήλυς, φρήν) of woman's mind.

θηλυ-χιτών, gen. ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (θήλυς, χιτών) with a woman's frock or dress. [1]

θήμερα, by crasis for τῇ ἡμέρᾳ.

θημετέρου, by crasis for τοῦ ἡμετέρου.

θήμεισιν, by crasis for τὸ ἡμῖν.

θημόν, ὦνος, ὁ, (τίθημι) like θαμός, a bear.

θήν, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, surely now; ἢ θην in very truth; οὐ θην surely not.

θηῖᾶσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imperat. med. of θήγω.

θηῖο, Ep. for θεῖο, 2 sing. opt. of θηέμαι.

ΘΗΨ, θηρός, Ep. dat. pl. θήρεσσι, ὁ, a wild beast, a beast of prey: joined with a Subst., as θηρ λέων. 2. any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs: also satyrs.

θήρα Ion. θήρη, ἡ, (θήρ) a hunting, pursuit of wild beasts, the chase:—eager pursuit of anything. II. in collective sense, the beasts, the game, quarry.

θηρ-αγρέτης, ον, ὁ, (θήρα, ἀγρεύω) a hunter.

θηράμα, ατος, τό, (θηράω) that which is caught, prey, booty.

θηράσμιος, ον, (θηράω) to be caught or won.

θηράτεος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of θηράω, to be caught or won. II. θηρατέον, one must catch or win.

θηράτης, οὔ, ὁ, (θηράω) a hunter, hunter after.

θηρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the chase, devoted to hunting; τὰ θηρατικά τῶν φίλων the arts for winning friends.

θήρατρον, τό, (θηράω) a thing to catch with, a net, trap.

θηράω, f. ἄσω or θηράσμαι: (θήρα):—to hunt wild beasts, to chase, pursue, catch. 2. metaph., like

Lat. venari, to hunt after a thing, pursue, seek it eagerly. II. the Med. θηρῶμαι is used in Act. sense, to hunt after, seek for: also in Pass. to be hunted, pursued.

θήρ, dual nom. of θήρ.

θήρειος, ον, (θήρ) of, belonging to wild beasts, Lat. ferinus: θηρεία βία, periph. for ὁ θήρ, the centaur.

θήρεσσι, Ep. for θηροῖ, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρευμα, ατος, τό, (θηρεύω) spoil, prey, game. II. hunting.

θήρευσιν, εως, ἡ, (θηρεύω) a hunting, the chase: metaph. a hunting after.

θηρευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (θηρεύω) a hunter; κύνεσσι καὶ ἀνδράσι θηρευτήσιν with hounds and huntsmen: also a fisher. Hence

θηρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, belonging to the chase or hunting: κύνες θ. hunting dogs, bounds: ἡ θηρευτική (with and without τέχνη), the art of hunting, the chase.

θηρεύω, f. σω (θήρ)=θηράω, to hunt, run down, catch: to hit, strike: metaph. to hunt or seek after:—Pass. to be hunted: also to be preyed upon.

θήρέω, Ion. and Dor. for θηράω.

θήρημα, τό, Ion. for θήραμα.

θηρητήρ, ἦρος, and θηρητήρ, opos, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for θηρατής, a hunter.

θηριομαχέω, f. ἡσω, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) a fight with wild beasts. From

θηριο-μάχος, ον, fighting with wild beasts.

θηρίον, τό, in form a Dim. of θήρ, but used for it almost always in Prose, a wild animal, beast; esp. of such as are hunted, game: a beast, brute, as opp. to birds and men. II. as real Dim. of θήρ, a little animal.

III. as a term of reproach, beast! like Lat. bellua, ὦ δειλότατον σὺ θηρίον.

θηριώδης, ες, (θηρίον, εἶδος) full of wild beasts, infested by them, Lat. belluosus. II. brutal in manners or nature, wild, savage, Lat. belluinus.

θηροβολέω, f. ἴσω, to strike or kill wild beasts. From θηρο-βόλος, ον, (θήρ, βάλλω) killing wild beasts.

θηρο-βότος, ον, (θήρ, βόσκω) fed on by wild beasts.

θηρό-θυμος, ον, (θήρ, θυμός) with brutal mind, brutal.

θηρο-κτόνος, ον, (θήρ, κτείνω) killing wild beasts.

θηρο-ολέτης, ον, δ, (θήρ, ὀλλυμι) a slayer of beasts.

θηρο-νόμος, ον, (θήρ, νέμω) feeding wild beasts.

θηρο-σκοπός, ον, (θήρ, σκοπέω) looking out for wild

beasts.

θηροσύνη, ἡ, (θήρ) hunting, the chase.

θηρο-τόκος, ον, (θήρ, τεκεῖν) producing wild beasts.

θηρο-τρόφος, ον, (θήρ, τρέφω) feeding wild beasts. II. proparoxyt. θηρότροφος, pass. fed by

beasts, feeding on them.

θηρο-φόνος, ον, also η, ον, (θήρ, *φένω) slaying wild beasts.

θηροῦ, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρῳον, crasis for τὸ ἡρῳον.

ΘΗΣ, θητός, δ, a serf or villain, who is bound to the soil, Lat. ascriptus glebae: also a hired labourer. They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other three being the πεντακισιομέδωνοι, ἐπείε, (εὐγίται). This class took in all whose property in land yielded less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded from public service, but were employed as light-armed troops and seamen, and, in case of need, as heavy-armed. II. fem. θήσσα Att. θήττα, ἡ, a labouring girl. 2. as Adj., θήσσα τράπεζα a menial's fare.

θήσαι, aor. I inf. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαίστα, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of θάομαι = θεάομαι.

θησαίμενος, aor. I part. med. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, (θησαυρός) to store or treasure

up, lay by: of fruits, to lay up in store, preserve. Hence

θησαυρίσμα, ατος, τό, a store, treasure.

θησαυρός, δ, (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) a store laid up,

treasure. II. a store or treasure-house: any receptacle

for valuables, a chest, casket.

Θησεῖον, τό, (Θησεύς) the temple of Theseus, a sanctuary

for runaway slaves. II. τὰ Θησεῖα (sub.

ιερά), the festival of Theseus.

θησεῖς, θησώ, Dor. 2 and I sing. fut. of τίθημι.

θησεῖα, Desiderat. of τίθημι, I wish to place.

θησέμεναι, θησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of τίθημι.

θησεύμεθα, Dor. I pl. fut. med. of τίθημι.

Θησεύς, ἑως, δ, Theseus, the most famous of the

heroes of Athens. (Prob. from τί-θημι, the Settler,

Civiliser.)

θήσσω, pres. inf. pass. of θάω, to suckle.

θησθα Att. θήττα, fem. of θής.

θήσω, fut. of τίθημι.

θητεία, ἡ, (θητεύω) hired service.

θητεύω, f. σαι, (θής) to be a menial, serve for hire.

θητικός, ἡ, ὅν, (θής) fit for menial service, menial.

θήττα, Att. for θήσσα.

-θη, inseparable affix, added to several Nouns, denoting the place at which, as, ἀγροῦ, οἴκοι, in the fields, at home. Like -θεν, it was originally a genitive termination, as in Ἰλιόθι πρό, ἡώθι πρό.

θιάσ-άρχης, ον, δ, (θιάσος, ἄρχω) the chief or leader of a sacred band of revellers.

θιάσεια, ἡ, revelling. From

θιάσεύω, (θιάσος) to honour with sacred revelry:—

Pass., θιασεύεται ψυχάν he has his soul imbued with

Bacchic revelry.

ΘΙΑΣΟΣ, ὁ, a company or procession of persons dancing and singing in honour of a god, esp. of Bacchus, a band of Bacchic revellers. 2. any company

or troop. Hence

θιάσω, to make into a festive company.

θιάσως, Dor. acc. pl. of θιάσος.

θιάσώτης, ον, δ, (θιασώω) the member of a company

of revellers; c. gen., θιασώται τοῦ Ἔρωτος worshippers

or followers of Love.

θιγγάνω, lengthd. form of Root ΘΙΓ- (which appears in aor. 2 and in τε-γγί, pf. of tango): fut. θιγγο-

μαι: aor. 2 ἐθίγον:—to touch lightly, just touch, less

strong than ἄπτομαι, then generally to touch: to

touch, attempt: to reach, gain.

θιγέιν Ep. θιγέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of θιγγάνω.

θιγγαμα, ματος, τό, (θιγγέιν) a touch.

θιγγάμι, fut. of θιγγάνω.

ΘΙΣ, gen. θινός, Ep. δ, later ἡ:—a heap of sand on

the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand: in pl.

θίves, sand-heaps, sand-banks:—then any heap; θίves

νεκρῶν heaps of dead; ὀστεόθιν θίς a heap of

bones. 2. the sand at the bottom of the sea; θίς

κελάντα a dark, muddy bottom: metaph., ὧς μου τὸν

θίνα ταραττεῖς how thou troublest the very bottom

of my heart.

θλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, crushed, bruised. From

ΘΛΑΨΩ, inf. θλάν: fut. θλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐθλάσα

Ep. θλάσσω.—Pass., pf. τέθλασαι:—to crush, bruise,

round, bray.

ΘΛΙΒΩ [ῖ]: fut. θλίψω. aor. I ἐθλίψα:—Pass.,

aor. I ἐθλίβην, aor. 2 ἐθλίβην [ῖ]: pf. τέθλιμμαι:

—to press, press hard, gall:—Med., θλίφεται ὤμους

will rub his shoulders. 2. metaph. to oppress,

afflict, distress: pf. part. τεθλιμμένος, hemmed in,

confined, narrow. Hence

θλίψις, εως, ἡ, a pressing, pressure. 2. metaph.

oppression, affliction.

θνάσκω, Dor. for θνήσκω.

θνατός, Dor. for θνητός.

θνήσκω, lengthd. from Root ΘΑΝ-: fut. θανούμαι,

Ep. inf. θανέεσθαι: aor. 2 ἔθανον, Ep. inf. θανέειν:

pf. τέθνηκα, whence syncop. pl. τέθναμεν, τέθνατε:

τεθνάσι; imperat. τέθναθι; opt. τεθναίην; inf. τε-

θνάμαι [ᾶ] Ep. τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾶ], rarely τεθναί-

ναι; part. τεθνήσας, τεθνήσας, τεθνήσας (or τεθνήσας)

Ep. τεθνήσας, gen. ὅσος Ep. also τεθνήσας; 3 pl.

plqpf. ἐτεθνήσαν:—from τέθνηκα arose the Att. future

forms τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι:—to be dying, to die, Lat.

morior:—perf. τέθηκα *I have died, am dead*; so too aor. 2 ἔθανον *I died, am dead*; part. θανών *dead, Lat. mortuus*. II. metaph. of things, to die, perish.

θητο-γενής, ἐς, (θητός, γενέσθαι) *born of mortals, of mortal race*.

θητο-ειδής, ἐς, (θητός, εἶδος) *of mortal nature*.

θητός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν: Dor. θανάτος, ἄ, ὄν, (θήσκα) — *mortal, opp. to ἀθάνατος*; θητοὶ *mortals*.

2. of things, befitting mortals, human.

θοάζω, (θοός) *trans. to move quickly, ply rapidly, dispatch*.

2. intr. to move oneself quickly, hurry along.

II. = θάσσω, θάκω, to sit.

θοιματίδιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱματίδιον.

θοιμάτιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱματίον.

θοινάζω, (θοῖνη) = θοινάω, to feast. Hence

θοινάμα, ατος, τό, a meal, feast.

θοινάτηρ, ἥρος, ὅ, (θοινάω) a feaster.

θοινάτηριος, ον, (θοινάω) of or for a feast.

θοινάτικος, ἡ, ὄν, (θοινάω) of or for a feast.

θοινάτωρ, ορος, ὅ, = θοινάτηρ. [ᾱ]

θοινάω, f. ἥσω, to feast on, eat. II. to feast,

entertain:—hence in Med. or Pass., with fut. med.

θοινάσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐθοινήθην, pf. τεθοινάμην:—

to feast: to feast on, eat. From

ΘΟΙΝΗ, ἡ, a meal, feast, banquet, dinner: generally,

food, provender.

θουήτωρ, ὅ, Ion. for θοινάτωρ.

θουινίζω, f. σω, (θοῖνη) to feast, entertain.

θοῖτο, for θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of τίθημι.

θολερός, ἄ, ὄν, (θολός) muddy, thick, troubled, Lat.

turbidus, properly of water. II. metaph. troubled

by passion, turbid, agitated.

θολία, ἡ, (θόλος) a round bat to keep the sun off.

ΘΟΛΩΣ, ἡ, a dome or circular vault: generally,

any round or vaulted building. 2. at Athens, the

round chamber in which the Prytanes dined.

ΘΟΛΩΣ, ὁ, mud. II. the dark juice of the

cuttle-fish (sepia), which it emits to hide itself, Lat.

lologo. Hence

θολώω, f. ὤσω, to make muddy, turbid: metaph. like

Lat. perturbare, to trouble, disquiet.

θοός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεώ) quick, active, ready; θοῇ νύξ quick-

ly-passing night; θοῇ δαῖς a basty meal. II.

sharp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands.

θοόω, f. ὤσω, (θοός) to make sharp or pointed.

θόρε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of θράσσω.

θορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θράσσω.

θορή, ἡ, = θορός.

θόρνυμαι and θορνύομαι, Dep., collat. form, of

θράσσω, to leap, esp. to pair, mate, couple.

θορός, ὁ, (θορεῖν) the semen genitale of the male.

θοροῦμαι, fut. of θράσσω.

θορυβεῖν, Dor. 3 pl. of θορυβέω.

θορυβέω, f. ἥσω, (θορυβος) to make an uproar,

mostly of a crowded assembly, in token either of

approbation or the contrary: hence, I. to cheer,

applaud. 2. to groan, murmur at one. II.

trans. to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult:—Pass. to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion. Hence

θορύβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to riot, tumultuous.

ΘΟΥΤ'ΒΟΣ, ὁ, the noise of a crowded assembly,

I. in token of approbation, applause,

cheers. 2. the contrary, a clamour, uproar,

groaning.

θορών, aor. 2 part. of θράσσω.

θοῦ, Att. imperat. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θοῦδωρ, θοῦδατος, by crasis for τὸ ὕδωρ, τοῦ ὕδατος.

Θουρίδ-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (Θοῖριον, μάντις) a Thuriar

prophet, generally a soothsayer.

θοῦρις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of sq.

θοῦρος, ὁ, (θορεῖν) leaping, rushing, impetuous,

eager:—fem. θοῦρις, ἰδος, mostly as epith. of ἀλκή,

impetuous might; θοῦρις ἀσπίς shield of impetuous

warrior.

θώσκω, ὁ, Ep. lengthd. from θῶκος, a seat. 2. a

sitting, assembly.

θωός, Adv. of θεός, quickly, soon.

Θρήκη Ion. Θρήκη poet. Θρήκη, ἡ, Thrace.

Θράκιος, α, ον, Ion. Θρητικός poet. Θρήκιος, (Θρήξ)

of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian.

θρανέω, f. σω, (θράνος) to stretch on the tanner's

board, to tan: θρανεύομαι, fut. med. in pass. sense,

to be tanned.

θρανίον, τό, Dim. of θράνος, a small bench, stool.

θρανίτης, ον, ὁ, (θράνος) one of the rowers on the

topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the

longest oars and most work; cf. ζυγίτης, θαλαμί-

της. [ῖ]

θρανίτης, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of θρανίτης.

ΘΡΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, a bench, form: esp. the topmost of

the three benches in a trireme.

Θράξ, Θρακός, ὁ; Ion. Θρηξ, Θρήκιος, poet. Θρηξ,

Θρηκός, a Thracian.

θράξαι, θράξον, aor. I inf. and imper. of θράσσω.

θράσσεως, Adv. of θρασύς, boldly: Comp. θρασύτερον,

Sup. -ύτατα.

ΘΡΑΣΟΣ, εως, τό, = θάρσος, courage, confidence:

in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, rashness, pre-

sumption, impudence. [ᾱ]

Θράσσα Att. Θράττα, ἡ, Ion. and poet. Θρήσσα

Dor. Θρέισσα, a Thracian woman.

θράσσω Att. θράττω, fut. ἔω, Att. contr. from τα-

ράσσω, to trouble, disquiet, disturb.

θράσῳ-γυιος, ον, (θρασύς, γυῖον) relying on strength

of limb.

θράσῳ-κάρδιος, ον, (θρασύς, καρδία) bold of heart,

stout-hearted.

θράσῳ-μένμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θρασύς, μένω) bravely

patient; cf. Μέμων.

θράσῳ-μήδης, ες, (θρασύς, μήδος) bold of device,

daring, resolute.

θράσῳ-μητις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (θρασύς, μήτις) = θρασυμήτης.

θράσῳ-μήχανος Dor. -μάχανος, ον, (θρασύς, μηχανή) bold in scheming or contriving.

θράσῳ-μῦθος, ον, (θρασύς, μῦθος) bold of speech.

θρασύνα, f. ὤν (θρασύς) like θαρσύνω, to make bold, encourage:—Pass. and Med. to be bold, ready, courageous; θαρσύνεσθαι τινι to rely on one.

θρασύ-πόλεμος ποῖτ. θρασυπόλεμος, ον, (θρασύς, πόλεμος) bold in war.

θρασύ-πονός, ον, (θρασύς, πόνος) bold at work.

ΘΡΑΨΥΨ, εἰα, ὕ, bold, spirited, resolute: in bad sense, rash, venturesome, presumptuous. II. of things, encouraging confidence, safe.

θρασύ-σπλαγχνός, ον, (θρασύς, σπλάγχνον) bold-hearted.

θρασύστομέω, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence θρασύστομία, ἡ, licence of speech, insolence. From θρασύ-στομός, ον, (θρασύς, στόμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θρασύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (θρασύς) over-boldness, rashness, audaciousness. [ῥ]

θρασύ-χειρ, χειρός, ὁ, (θρασύς, χεῖρ) ἡ, bold of hand. Θράττα, Att. for Θράσσα.

θράττω, Att. for θράσσω.

θραυο-άντυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (θραύω, ἀντυξ) breaking wheels.

θραύσμα, τό, that which is broken, a fragment. From ΘΡΑΥΨ, f. σω: aor. I ἔθραυσα:—to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter. II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, τό, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursling: a creature.

θρέσσκον, Ion. for ἔθρεσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of τρέχω.

θρέξομαι, fut. of τρέχω.

θρέπτειρα, ἡ, fem. of θρεπτήρ.

θρεπτός, εἰα, εὖον, verb. Adj. of τρέφω, to be fed. II. θρεπτέον, one must feed. a. (from Pass.) one must be fed.

θρεπτήρ, ἦτος, ὁ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer. Hence θρεπτήριος, ον, able to feed, feeding, nourishing. II. θρεπτήρια, τά, rewards for rearing, esp. the returns made by children for their rearing. a. food, support.

θρέπτρα, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty. θρεπταῖνός, a sound imitative of the cibara.

θρέπτε, τό, = τὰ θαρραλέον or θάρσος, barbarism in Ar. Eq. 17, οὐκ ἐνι μοι τό θρέπτε the spirit's not in me.

θρεφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέφω.

θρέψα, ποῖτ. for ἔθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω.

θρέψαιω, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of τρέφω.

θρέψω, fut. of τρέφω.

ΘΡΕΨ, only used in pres. and impf. med., to cry aloud, shriek out, wail, lament.

Θρηκίλη, ἡ, Ep. for Θράκη.

Θρηκίος, η, ον, Ep. for Θρήκιος, Θράκιος.

Θρηξίς, ἴκος, ὁ, Ion. for Θρηξίς, Θράξ.

Θρηύσσα, ἡ, Ion. for Θρηύσσα, Θράσσα.

Θρηκη, ἡ, Ion. for Θράκη. Hence Θρηκηθεν, Adv. from Thrace: and Θρηκηδε, Adv. to Thrace.

Θρηκίος, η, ον, Ion. for Θράκιος, Thracian.

θρηνίος, f. ἥσω, (θρήνος) to wail, lament, mourn: ἀοιδὴν θρηνεῖν to sing a dirge or lament. Hence

θρήνημα, ατος, τό, a lament; and

θρηνητήρ, ἦτος, ὁ, θρηνητής, οὗ, ὁ, a mourner, wailer.

θρήνος, ὁ, (θρέω) a wailing, lamenting: a funeral-song, dirge, like the Gaelic coronach.

θρήνυς, vos, ὁ, (θράνυς) a footstool. a. a bench; θρήνυς ἐπταπόδης, the seven-foot bench, the seat of the helmsman or the rowers.

Θρήξ, ἦτος, ὁ, Ion. for Θράξ.

θρησκεῖα Ion. -ῆτι, ἡ, (θρησκεῖω) religious worship, service, observance: religion.

θρησκεύω, f. σω, (θρήσκος) to observe religiously, bold scrupulously.

θρησκευτή, Ion. for θρησκεῖα.

ΘΡΗΣΚΟΣ, ον, religious.

Θρηύσσα, Ion. for Θράσσα.

Θρίαλ, ἄν, αἰ, the Thriae, Parnassian nymphs, nurses of Apollo.

θρίαμβεύω, f. σω, (θρίαμβος) to triumph. II. to lead in triumph. III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, ὁ, ὄν, triumphal. From

θρίαμβος, ὁ, a hymn to Bacchus: also a name of Bacchus. II. used to express the Roman triumphus, a triumph.

θρικόνιον, τό, Dim. of θρικόνος.

ΘΡΙΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, the coping, eaves, cornice, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; θρικόνος κύναιοι a cornice of blue metal:—metaph. the coping-stone, last finisb. II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θρικώω, f. ὥσω, to surround with a coping; αὐλήν ἐθρίκωσεν ἀχέρῳ be fenced it at top with thorn-bushes:—metaph. to build up even to the coping-stone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

θρίκωμα, τό, a coping, cornice.

ΘΡΙΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, lettuce, Lat. lactuca. [Υ]

θρίξω, ποῖτ. syncop. for θρεῖξω.

Θρίν-ακία Ep. -λή, ἡ, and Θρίν-ακρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (θρίναξ) the trident-land, sub. γῆ or νῆσος, an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinacria.

θρίναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (for τρίναξ, from τρίς) a trident, three-pronged fork.

ΘΡΙΞ, ἡ, gen. τριχίως, dat. pl. θριξί:—the hair, both of man and beast: sheep's wool: also of the beard:—Proverb, θρίξ ἀνὰ μέσσον οὐλοῦ a hair's breadth off.

ΘΡΙΓΓΟΝ, τό, a fig-leaf. II. a kind of omelette, so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves.

ΘΡΙΟΣ, ὁ, one of the reefs or little ropes on the lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θρίπ-ἡδεστος, ον, (θρίπ, ἔδω) worm-eaten.

θρίψ, gen. θρίπος, ὁ, (τρίβω) a wood-worm.

θροέω, f. ἥσω, (θρός) to cry aloud, shriek forth: generally, to speak, declare. II. to frighten:—Pass. to be frightened or troubled.

ΘΡΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a clot or gout of blood.

θρομβώδης, es, (θρόμβος, εἶδος) curdled, clotted.

θρόνον, τό, only in plur. θρόνα, flowers or patterns embroidered on cloth. II. later, θρόνα are flowers or herbs used as charms. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΘΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, a seat, chair. II. a chair of state, throne: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.: in pl. the king's estate or dignity.

θρός Att. contr. θρούς, ὁ, (θρέω) a confused noise, tumult, murmuring. II. a report, Lat. rumor.

θρυαλλίδιον, τό, Dim. of θρυαλλίς.

ΘΡΥΛΛΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a wick.

θρύλλειω (vulgo θρυλλέω): f. ἴσω: pass. pf. τεθρύλημαι: (θρύλος):—to make a noise, to keep babbling. II. c. acc. rei, to keep talking about a thing, make a great talk of:—Pass. to be the common talk, τὸ θρυλουμένον or τεθρυλημένον what is in every one's mouth.

θρύλλω (vulgo θρυλλίζω), f. ἴσω: (θρύλος):—to make a false note in playing on the citbira.

θρυλίσσω (vulgo θρυλλίσσω) to break in pieces:—Pass. to be shivered: Ep. aor. I θρυλίχθην. (Akin to θραύω, θρύπτω.) Hence

ΘΡΥΛΟΣ (vulgo θρύλλος), ὁ, a confused noise, shouting, tumult, murmuring.

θρύμμα, ατος, τό, (θρύπτω) a piece broken off, a bit, piece, morsel.

ΘΡΥΝ, τό, a rush, Lat. juncus.

θρυπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, breaking, crushing. II. pass. easily broken: Lat. effeminate, enervated. From

ΘΡΥΠΤΩ, f. θρύψω: aor. I ἐθρύψα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, θρύψομαι: aor. 2 ἐθρύψην [ῥ]: pf. τέθρυμμαι:—to break in pieces, crush:—Pass. to be broken, crushed. II. metaph. in Pass. to be enfeebled, enervated.

III. in Pass. also, to be affected, give oneself airs, look languishing: generally, to be conceited; θρύπτεσθαι τι to feel pride in a thing. Hence

θρύψις, εως, ἡ, a breaking in pieces. II. metaph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρώσκω, lengthd. from the Root ΘΟΡ-, which appears in fut. and aor. 2: fut. θορούμαι Ion. θορέομαι: aor. 2 ἐθορον, inf. θορέειν Ep. θορέειν:—to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the helmet. 2. foll. by Prep., to leap or spring upon one, to attack, assault. II. trans. to mount, impregnate.

θρωσμός, ὁ, (θρώσκω) a springing or rising, as of a hill from the plain.

Θυβρίς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Θύβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, = θυμβ-,

ΘΥΓΑΤΗΡ, ἡ, gen. θυγάτερος contr. θυγάτρα, dat. θυγάτερι θυγατρί, acc. θυγάτερα Ep. θυγάτρα, voc. θυγάτερ: a daughter. Hence

θυγατρίδῃ, ἡ, a daughter's daughter, grand-daughter.

θυγατρίδους, οὔ, Ion. -ιδέος, ἐόν, ὁ, a daughter's son, grandson.

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl

θυεία, ἡ, (θύω) a mortar. Hence

θυείδιον, τό, Dim. of θυεία.

θύελλα, ἡ, (θύω) a storm, a hurricane, whirlwind,

tempest; πυρὸς θύελλαι storms of lightning; ἀτης θύελλαι storms of woe.

θυέων, gen. pl. of θυός.

θυη-δόχος, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense.

θυήεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) smoking with incense, fragrant.

θυηλή, ἡ, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

θυηπολέω, f. ἴσω, to busy oneself with sacrifices.

—Pass. to be filled with sacrifices. And

θυηπολία, ἡ, a sacrificing. From

θυη-πόλος, ον, (θύω, πολέω) busy about sacrificing; sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

θυη-φάγος, ον, (θύος, φαγεῖν) consuming offerings. θυία or θύα [ῥ], ἡ, (from θύω to smell): a sweet-scented African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar.

θυϊαί, ὧν, αἱ, = θυιάδες.

θυϊάς or θύας, gen. ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) a frantic or inspired woman, Bacchante.

θύϊνος, ἡ, ον, made of the wood of the tree θυία.

θυϊώ, = θύω, to rage, be inspired.

θυλάκιον, τό, Dim. of θύλακος, a small bag.

ΘΥΛΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, a bag, pouch, commonly of leather.

II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern nations.

θυλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυηλή) Dep. to offer. Hence

θύλημα, τό, that which is offered; θυλήματα cakes, incense, etc. [ῥ]

θύμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering; πάγ

καρπα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θυμάλινω, f. ἀνώ, (θυμός) to be wrath or angry.

θυμ-αλγής, ἐς, (θυμός, ἀλγέω) heart-grieving.

θυμάλωψ, ωπος, ὁ, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a hot coal or ember.

θυμάρειω, to be well-pleased. From

θυμ-αρής [ᾱ], ἐς, (θυμός, ἀρ-αρεῖν) suiting one's mind, well-pleasing.

ΘΥΜΒΡΑ, ἡ, a bitter herb, savory.

θυμβρο-ἐπί-δειπνος, ον, (θύμβρα, ἐπί, δεῖπνον) eating the herb savory, living poorly.

Θυμβριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a nymph of the Tiber. From

Θύμβρις, ἰδος, ἡ, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρο-φάγος, ον, (θύμβρα, φαγεῖν) eating the herb savory; θυμβροφάγον βλέπειν to look as if one had eaten savory, make a wry face.

θυμέλη, ἡ, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an altar. II. in the Athen. theatre, an altar-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat.

Hence

θυμελικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the thymelé, scenic.

θυμ-ηγερέω, f. ἴσω, (θύμος, ἀγείρω) to collect one's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θυμ-ηδής, ἐς, (θύμος, ἡδός) well-pleasing, dear.

θυμῆμα Ion. -ημα, ατος, τό, (θυμιάω) that which is burnt as incense, incense.

θυμᾶτήριον Ion. -ητήριον, τό, (θυμῶ) a censor.

θυμῶ, f. ἄσω, [ᾱ]: Ion. aor. I ἐθυμίησα: (θύμα, θύω):—to burn so as to produce smoke:—to burn as

incense:—Pass, Ion. 3 sing. θυμῆται, for -ᾶται, to be burned.

θυμίδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [τῷ]

θυμίαμα, Ion. for θυμίαμα.

θυμῆται, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of θυμάω.

θυμητήριον, τό, Ion. for θυματήριον.

θύμνος, ἡ, ον, (θύμος) made of or with thyme. [ῥ]

θυμίτης, ον, ὁ, (θύμος) seasoned with thyme.

θυμο-βαρής, ἐς, (θυμός, βαρὺς) heavy at heart.

θυμοβόρως, ἡ, ἴσω, to gnaw or vex the heart. From

θυμο-βόρος, ον, (θυμός, βιβρώσκω) heart-eating.

θυμο-δάκής, ἐς, (θυμός, δακεῖν) biting the heart.

θυμο-εἰδής, ἐς, (θυμός, εἶδος) high-spirited, courageous, Lat. animosus. II. hot-tempered, passionate: of horses, restive, wild.

θυμο-λέον, οντος, ὁ, (θυμός, λέων) lion-hearted.

θυμό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (θυμός, μάντις) of prophetic soul.

θυμο-μάχω, ἡ, ἴσω, (θυμός, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's heart and soul.

θυμο-πληθής, ἐς, (θυμός, πληθὺς) wrathful.

θυμο-ραΐστης, οὐ, ὁ, (θυμός, ραίω) life-destroying.

θυμός, ὁ, (θύω) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat. anima; θυμόν ἀφελέσθαι, ὀλέσθαι to take away, destroy the life. II. the soul, heart, Lat. animus;

ἀνῶγει με θυμός, ἤθελε θυμός my heart bids me; κατὰ θυμόν after my heart's desire; ἀπὸ θυμοῦ against one's heart's desire; ἐκ θυμοῦ or θυμῷ φιλεῖν to love with all one's heart; ἐμὲ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ most precious to my soul. 2. of very vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage. III. the mind, will, purpose; ἐδαΐζετο θυμός his mind or purpose wavered.

θυμός [ῥ], ον, ὁ, or εος, τό, (θύω) thyme, Lat. thymus. 2. a mixture of thyme with honey and vinegar.

θυμοσοφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like a man of genius, clever. From

θυμό-σοφος, ον, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a man of genius.

θυμοφθορέω, ἡ, ἴσω, to break the heart. From

θυμο-φθόρος, ον, (θυμός, φθείρω) life-destroying;

θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. e. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs: of persons, heart-breaking, most irksome.

θυμώω, ἡ, ὦσω, (θυμός) to make angry:—Pass., with fut. med. -ώσομαι, aor. I ἐθυμώσαμην and ἐθυμώθην: pf. τεθύμωμαι:—to be wrath or angry: to be wild or restive; τὸ θυμώμενον, passion.

θυμώδης, ἐς, = θυμωδής.

θυμωθείς, aor. I part. pass. of θυμώω.

θύμωμα, ατος, τό, (θυμώω) wrath, passion. [ῥ]

θύνω, = θύνω.

θυναλῶ, ἡ, ἴσω, (θύννος) to spear a tunny-fish: to strike with a harpoon.

θύννος, α, ον, (θύννος) of the tunny-fish.

θυννευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for tunny-fishing. From

θύννος, ὁ, (θύνω, θύω) the tunny-fish, Lat. tinnus.

θυννοσκοπέω, ἡ, ἴσω, to watch for tunnies. From θυννο-σκόπος, ον, (θύννος, σκοπέω) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

θυνν-ώδης, ἐς, (θύννος, εἶδος) like a tunny-fish, simple.

θύννος, Dor. for θύννους, acc. pl. of θύννος.

θύνω, (θύω B) to rush or dart along. [ῥ]

θύο-δόκος, ον, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

θύόεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) laden with incense, fragrant.

θύον, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θύια.

θύοντι, Dor. 3 pl. of θύω. 2. dat. sing. of part.

θύον.

θύος, εος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering.

θύσο-κῶ, (θύος, κῶ = καίω) to offer burnt-sacrifices.

Hence

θύσοκός, ον, ὁ, the sacrificing priest.

θύώω, ἡ, ὦσω, (θύος) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass.

ἐλαιον τεθυωμένον fragrant oil.

ΘΥΡΑ Ion. θύρη, ἡ, Germ. THUR, our DOOR;

θύρην ἐπιτιθέναι to put to the door, opp. to ἀνακλίνειν; κόπτειν, κρούειν θύραν, Lat. januam pulsare, to knock at the door; ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις at the doors, i. e. close at hand. 2. the door of a carriage. 3.

θύρη καταπακτή a trap-door. II. generally, an

entrance, access. III. boards put together like a door, a frame, raft. Hence

θύραζε, for θύρασδε, Adv. to the door, outside the door: then like Lat. foras, out; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ὡσεὶ θύραζε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύραθεν Ep. -ῆς, (θύρα) Adv. from without, without, outside; οἱ θύραθεν foreigners, aliens.

θύραεις, α, ον, also ος, ον, (θύρα) outside the door, abroad; θυραῖος οἰχνεῖν to go out of the door; θυραῖος ἐλθεῖν to come from abroad; ἄνδρες θυραῖος stranger men; ὄλβος θυραῖος the good fortune of other men.

θύρασι, -ων, Adv. (θύρα) at the door, outside the door, abroad, Lat. foris.

θύραυλος, to be out of doors, live in the air. And θύραυλία, ἡ, a living out of doors. From

θύρ-αυλος, ον, (θύρα, αὐλή) living out of doors or

in the open air, keeping the field.

θύρέ-ασπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (θυρεός, ἀσπίς) a large shield.

θύρεός, ὁ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door to keep it shut. II. a large oblong shield, Lat.

scutum.

θύρετρον, τό, = θύρα, a door. [ῥ]

θύρη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα.

θύρηθε, Adv., Ep. for θύραθεν.

θύρηφι, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. outside, without.

θύριδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket.

θύρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of θύρα, a small door: window.

θύροκοπέω, ἡ, ἴσω, to break a door open. From

θύρο-κόπος, ον, (θύρα, κόπτω) knocking at the door,

esp. for alms.

θύρώω, ἡ, ὦσω, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar close.

θυρσάζω, Lacon. inf. θυρσαδδοᾶν, (θύρσος) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

θυρσο-μάνης, ἐς, (θύρσος, μανῆναι) raving with the thyrsus.

θύρσος, ὁ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τά, (θύω) any light, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in ivy and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

θυρσοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to bear the thyrsus; θ. θιάσους to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, ον, (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing.

θυρσο-χάρης, ἐς, (θύρσος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρωμα, ατος, τό, (θυρώ) a room with doors to it. II. a door with its frame.

θύρων, ἄνος, ὁ, (θύρα) the door-way: a hall, antechamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

θύρωρος, ὁ, ἡ, (θύρα, ὥρα) a door-keeper, porter.

θύσαι, aor. I inf. of θύω.

θύσανόεις Ep. θυσσ-, εσσα, εν, tasseled, fringed. From

θύσανος, ὁ, (θύω) a tassel, tuft, or tag: in pl. tassels, fringe: esp. of the alysis. [ῥ]

θύσανωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (θυσανώ) tasseled, fringed.

θύσθλα, ον, τά, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bacchic worship: Bacchic worship.

θύσια, ἡ, (θύω) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing: in pl. θυσίαι, sacrifices. II. the victim itself.

θύσιαστήριον, τό, (θυσία) an altar.

θύσιμος, ον, (θύω) fit for sacrifice. [ῥ]

θυσσανόεις, εσσα, εν, Ep. for θυσανόεις.

θυστὰς, ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) of or for sacrifice, sacrificial;

θυστὰς βοή the cry uttered in sacrificing; θυσταδὲς λιταὶ the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

θυσῶ, Dor. fut. of θύω.

θυτέον, verb. Adj. of θύω, one must sacrifice.

θυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θύω) a sacrificer, slayer. Hence

θυτήριον, τό, = θύω.

θύψαι, θύψω, aor. I inf. and fut. of τύφω.

ΘΥΩ (A), fut. θύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἔθυσα: pf. τέθυκα:

—Med., fut. θύσομαι, also used in pres. sense:—Pass., aor. I ἐτύθην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι, also used in med. sense:

—to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., θύειν θεοῖς to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with sacrifices, γάμοις θύειν; εὐαγγέλια θύειν ἑκατὸν βοῦς to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hundred oxen. II. Med. to have a victim slain: hence to take the auspices.

ΘΥΩ (B), f. θύσω [ῥ], like θύνω, θυνέω, of any violent motion, to rush on or along, dart along: generally, to storm, rage.

θύ-ώδης, ἐς, (θύος, εἶδος) like incense, sweet-smelling.

θύωμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) that which is burnt as incense, in pl. spices.

θῶ, θῆς, θῆ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θωή, ἡ, (τίθημι) a penalty; θωή Ἀχαιῶν a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

θωκέω, Ion. for θακέω, to sit. From

θάκος, Ep. lengthd. θόκος, ὁ, Ion. for θάκος, a seat, chair.

II. a sitting, assembly; θωκόνδε to the sitting.

θῶμα, θωμάζω, θωμάσιος, Ion. for θανμ-.

ΘΩΜΙΞΕ, ιγγος, ὁ, a cord, string, esp. a bowstring.

θωμίξω, f. ξω, to whip with small cords, scourge.

θῶμισι, by crasis for τὸ ἥμισι, the half.

θωμός, ὁ, (τίθημι) a heap.

θωπέια, ἡ, (θωπεύω) a flattering, flattery.

θωπευμα, ατος, τό, (θωπεύω) a piece of flattery, a caress.

θωπευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of θώπευμα, a bit of flattery.

θωπεύω, f. σω, (θῶμι) to flatter, fawn on, cajole, wheedle.

θωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θῶμι) fawning, flattering.

θῶπλα, crasis for τὰ ὅπλα.

θῶπτω, f. ψω, = θωπεύω.

θωράκειον, τό, (θώραξ) a breastwork.

θωράκιζω, f. ἴσω, (θώραξ) to arm with breastplate.

II. generally, to sheath in armour, cover with armour.

θωράκο-ποιός, ὄν, (θώραξ, ποιέω) making breastplates.

θωράκο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θώραξ, φέρω) wearing a breastplate, a cuirassier.

θώραξ, ἄκος, Ion. θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, a breastplate, cuirass; διπλὸς θώρηξ a double cuirass, consisting of breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lorica. 2. the part covered by the breastplate, the chest. II. the breastwork of a wall: also the strong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφόρος.

θωρηκτής, οὗ, ὁ, (θωρήσσω) armed with breastplate or cuirass.

θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, Ion. and Ep. for θώραξ.

θωρήλαι, aor. inf. of sq.

θωρήξομαι, I pl. fut. of θωρήσσω; but also Ep. for θωρήξωμεν, aor. I subj.

θωρήσσω, f. ξω, (θώραξ) to arm with a breastplate or cuirass, generally, to arm, harness:—Pass. θωρήσομαι, f. -ξόμαι: aor. I ἐθωρήχθην: to arm oneself, put one's armour on. II. in Act. also, in Ion. and Poets, to make drunk:—Med. to get drunk. Hence

θωρηχθεῖς, θωρηχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf.

ΘΩΣ, θωός, ὁ or ἡ, the jackal.

θωύκτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θωύσσω) a barker, roarer.

θῶμα, θωμάζω, θωμάσιος, θωμάστης, θωυμα-στός, less correct Ion. forms for θῶμα, θωμάζω, etc.

θαύσσω, f. ξω, of a dog, to bark, bay, growl; of a gnat, to buzz, hum: generally, to cry aloud, shout out:—c. acc. to call on, call.

ΘΩΨ, gen. θωπός, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner, cajoler.

I

Ι, ι ἰῶτα, τό, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alphabet. As numeral, ι' = 10, but ι = 10,000.

The *subscriptum* was always *adscriptum* or written by the side, not under (as τῶι, not τῷ), till the 13th century. In Capitals it is still so written, as ΤΩΙ.

ἰ was easily exchanged with ε, whence forms like εἰλω ἰλλω, εἰλη ἰλη: ἰ was sometimes exchanged with ε, as ἐστία ἰστίη: but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in εἰν εἰς ξείνος κείνός διαί παρὰ for ἐν ἐς ξένος κενός διά παρά.

The Quantity of *ι* varies.

—ι, *iota demonstrativum*, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e. g. οὐτοσί, αὐτῇ, τουτί, Lat. *bicce, haecce, bocce, keinoosí, odí, toutogí*, etc.: also demonstr. Advs., as οὐτωσί, ὠδί, ἐνθαδί. Those that end in σί take the ν *ephelektistikón* before a vowel, as οὐτωσίν, ἐκείνοσιν, οὐτωσίν. In all these, the last syll. is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult. is shortened, e. g. αὐτῇ, οὐτοσί.

ἸΑ' Ion. ἰή, ἦ, = βοή, a voice, cry.

ἰα, ἰῆς, ἰῇ, ἰαν, old Ion. fem. of εἰς for μία, μιᾶς, etc.

ἰά, τά, irreg. pl. of ἰός, an arrow. [Ὶ]

ἰα, τά, pl. of ἰόν, a violet.

ἰᾷσσομαι, fut. pass. of ἰάομαι.

ἰα!, exclam. of triumph.

ἰαίβοι, strengthd. form of αἰβοί, to express disgust.

ἸΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἰάνω: aor. ἰῆνα: aor. ἰ pass. ἰάνθην: —to warm, beat. 2. to melt, soften by heat: metaph., θυμὸν ἰαίνειν to melt the heart. 3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing.

Ἰακχάω, (Ἰακχος) to raise the cry of Iacchus.

Ἰακχέω, f. ἦσω, = Ἰακχάω.

Ἰακχος, ὁ, (ἰάχω) Iacchos, mystic name of Bacchus, as the god of shouting and revelry. 2. the Bacchanalian shout.

ἰαλεμίζω Ion. ἰηλ—, f. ἰσω, (ἰάλεμος) to bewail. Hence

ἰαλεμίστρια Ion. ἰηλ—, ἡ, a wailing woman.

ἰάλεμος [ᾱ] Ion. ἰήλεμος, ὁ, (ἰά) a wail, lament, dirge. II. as Adj. melancholy, plaintive.

ἰάλλω, f. ἰάλλω: aor. ἰ ἔηλα, inf. ἰῆλαι: —to send forth; ἐπ' οὐνείατα χεῖρας ἰάλλοντες they put forth their hands to the dishes; περὶ χειρὶ δεσμὸν ἔηλα ἰ put chains on thy hands. 2. to attack, assail: ἀτιμῆσιν ἰάλλειν τινά to assail one with insults. 3. to send.

ἸΑ' intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to send oneself on, to flee, run, hurry. [Ὶ] Hence

ἰατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched.

ἰάμα Ion. ἰῆμα, ατος, τό, (ἰάομαι) a means of healing, treatment, remedy.

ἰαμβεῖος, ον, (ἰαμβος) in iambs; τὸ ἰαμβεῖον iambic verse.

ἰαμβίζω, f. ἄσω, and ἰαμβίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἰαμβος), to assail in iambs: generally, to lampoon.

ἸΑΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long syll., as ἐγῶ. II. an iambic verse, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the sarcastic writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

Ἰάν, ὁ, pl. Ἰάνες, contr. for Ἰάων, Ἰάονες, an Ionian. ἰάνθην, aor. ἰ pass. of ἰάνω.

ἸΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἰάσομαι Ion. ἰήσομαι: aor. ἰ λασάμην Ion. ἰησάμην: Dep.: —to heal, cure: metaph. to remedy, heal, correct. II. aor. ἰ ἰάθην [ᾱ], and pf. ἰάμαι, in pass. sense, to be healed, to recover.

Ἰαοναῦ, barbarism for the vocat. of Ἰάων.

Ἰάοτες, pl. of Ἰάων.

ἸΑΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; ἰάπτειν ὀρχήματα to begin the dance. 2. to assail, handle roughly, hurt. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to rush, hurry, speed.

ἸΑ'ΠΥΞ Ion. Ἰῆπυξ, ὁ, the north-west or west-north-west wind.

Ἰάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Adj. fem. of Ἰαν, Ionic. II. as

Subst. (sub. γυνή), an Ionian woman. 2. (sub.

γλώσσα or διάλεκτος), the Ionic dialect.

ἰάσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἰέμι ἰδο.

ἰάσι, for ἰέσαι, 3 pl. of ἰέμι.

ἰάσιμος, ον, (ἰάομαι) admitting of cure, remediable: —appeasable.

ἰάσις Ion. ἰῆσις, εως, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) a cure, remedy.

ἸΑΣΠΗΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a precious stone, jasper.

Ἰαστί, Adv. (Ἰάς) in the Ionic fashion or dialect.

Ἰάσω, gen. ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) Ἰάσω, the goddess of healing and health.

ἰάτηρ Ep. ἰῆτηρ, ἦπος, ὁ, poet. for ἱατρός, a chirurgion, surgeon, leech, physician. [Ὶ]

ἰάτω, 3 sing. impf. of ἰάομαι.

ἰατρία, ἡ, (ἰάτω) the art of medicine.

ἰατός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) curable.

ἰατρείον, τό, (ἰάτηρ) a surgery.

ἱατρικός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἱατρός) of or for the art of healing: ἡ ἱατρικὴ sub. τέχνη, surgery, the art of healing.

ἱατρό-μαντις, εως, ἡ, (ἱατρός, μάντις) the physician-seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

ἱατρός Ion. ἱῆτρός, ὁ, (ἰάομαι) = ἰάτηρ, a surgeon, leech, physician: metaph., ἱατρός κακῶν, ὀργῆς, etc., a bealer.

ἱατρο-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, (ἱατρός, τέχνη) a practiser of the healing art.

ἰαττάται, ἰαττάταιξ, Interj. ah, woe is me!

ἰάτωρ, οπος, ὁ, Ion. ἱάτωρ, poet. for ἱατρός. [ἰᾱ]

ἰαῦ, a shout in answer, bo! bolla!

ἰαυοί, exclamation of joy, bo! bo! [Ὶ]

ἰαύω, f. σω: aor. ἰ ἄνσα: (αῖω): —to sleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place: —ἰαυεῖν πόδα to rest the foot.

ἰ-ἀφέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἰός, ἀφίημι) an archer. [Ὶ]

ἰάφθην, aor. ἰ pass. of ἰάπω.

ἰαχαῖος, α, ον, (ἰαχή) glad-sounding.

ἰάχέω, f. ἦσω, = ἰάχω, to shout, cry aloud.

ἰαχή, ἡ, (ἰάχω) a cry, shout: a wail, shriek: generally, any loud sound. [ἰᾱ]

ἰάχημα, ατος, τό, (ἰαχέω) a cry, shout. [ἰᾱ]

ἰάχω, f. ἰαχέσω: pf. ἰαχα, fem. part. ἰαχυία: (ἰά):

—to cry, shout, either in sign of joy or lamentation: c. acc. to sound, proclaim. II. of things, to resound, reecho; of the waves, to roar; of hot iron in water, to hiss. [ἰά]

Ἰάων, ονος, ὁ, Ep. for Ἰων, an Ionian.

ἰβις, gen. Ion. ἰβιος Att. ἰβιδος, acc. ἰβιν, ἡ, the ibis, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, to the stork kind.

ἸΓΑΗ or ἰγδus, ἡ, a mortar.

ἰγμαi, part. ἰγμένος, pf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰγνύη, ἡ, (γόνυ) the hollow or binder part of the knee, Lat. poples. [ῶ]

ἰγνύς, υος [ῶ], ἡ, = ἰγνύη, acc. ἰγνύα or ἰγνύν.

Ἰδα Ion. Ἰδῆ, ἡ, Ida, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy: also another in Crete. II. a thick wood, wood, copse. 2. timber; ἰδῆ ναυπηγήσιμος timber for ship-building. [ῖ]

ἰδάλυμος, ον, (ἰδος) causing sweat.

ἰδέ, Ion for ἡδέ, and. [ῖ]

ἰδε or ἰδέ, imperat. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω, lo, be-

bold. [ῖ]

ἰδε, Ep. 3 sing. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῖ]

ἰδέα Ion. —ἐν, ἡ, (ἰδεῖν) form. 2. generally, the look or appearance of a thing, as opp. to its reality, Lat. species. 3. a nature, kind, sort; a way, manner, fashion. [ῖ]

ἰδεῖν Ep. ἰδέειν, inf. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδέσθαι, inf. med. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδεσκον, Ion. for εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω. [ῖ]

ἰδέω, Ion. subj. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἰδῆναι, Ep. 2 sing. of εἰδόμεν, aor. 2 med. of *εἶδω. [ῖ]

ἰδησώ, for εἰδησά, Dor. fut. of *εἶδω. [ῖ]

ἰδία, f. sub ἰδιος.

ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίτατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἰδιος,

formed from ἰδία.

ἰδιο-βουλεύω, f. σω, (ἰδιος, βουλεύω) to follow one's

own counsel, take one's own way.

ἸΔΙΟΣ, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον: one's own, personal, private, Lat. privus, privatus: opp. to public (δημόσιος).

2. one's own, opp. to ἀλλότριος; τὸ ἴδιον or τὰ ἴδια private property or concerns. 3. peculiar, separate, distinct: hence strange. II. dat. ἰδία is used as Adv. privately, opp. to δημοσίᾳ; ἰδία φρενός away from one's senses. 2. on one's own account.

III. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδαίτατος (formed from ἰδία).

ἰδιο-συγκρίσια, ἡ, (ἰδιος, συγκρίνω) a peculiar temperament or habit of body, idiosyncrasy.

ἰδῶ, f. ἰσώ [ῖ]: aor. I ἰδῖσα: (ἰδος):—to sweat: to sweat with fear: in Prose usually ἰδρῶω.

ἰδῶς, Adv. of ἰδιος, privately.

ἰδιωτεία, ἡ, (ἰδιότης) private life, a business.

ἰδιωτεύω, f. σω, to live as a private man. II. to be without professional knowledge, be a layman. From ἰδιώτης, ον, ὁ, (ἰδιος) a private person, one in a private station, opp. to στρατηγός, a private soldier: also an individual, opp. to πόλις.

II. one who has no professional knowledge, a layman, opp. to one

who has; ἰατρός καὶ ἰδιώτης a mediciner or an unprofessional man; ποιητής ἢ ἰδιώτης a poet or a prose-writer: c. gen. rei, unskilled or unversed in a thing. 2. an ill-informed, common-place fellow.

III. ἰδιῶται one's countrymen, opp. to ξένοι. Hence

ἰδιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a private man, private or personal, opp. to public. 2. commonplace, trivial, awkward.

ἰδμεν, Ion. and Dor. for ἴσμεν, 1 pl. of ὀίδα. II.

Ep. for εἶδεναι, inf. of ὀίδα.

ἰδμεναι, Ep. for εἶδεναι, inf. of ὀίδα.

ἰδμοσύνη, ἡ, knowledge, skill. From

ἰδμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἰδμεναι = εἶδεναι) practised, skilled, versed in a thing.

ἸΑΝΟΨ, f. ὤσω, to crook, bend:—Pass. to double oneself up, writhe, esp. for pain.

ἰδνώθην, aor. I pass. of ἰδνώω.

ἰδοῖατο, Ion. for ἰδωτο, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of *εἶδω.

ἰδοῖσθαι, Dor. for ἰδοῦσθαι, aor. 2 part. fem. of *εἶδω.

ἰδὼν, Ep. for εἶδον, 1 sing. and 3 pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω.

ἸΔΩΣ, εος, τό, sweat, perspiration. 2. violent beat.

ἰδοῦ, imperat. med. of εἶδον. II. as Adv. written

ἰδοῦ, lo! behold! see there! in giving a thing, there! see there! 2. well! as you please! 3. ironically

in repeating another's words, ἰδοῦ γ' ἄκρατον yes to be sure, sheer wine.

ἰδρεία Ion. ἰδρεῖη or ἰδρή [ῖ], ἡ, (ἰδρις) knowledge, practice, skill; ἰδρεῖη πολέμοιο skill in war.

ἰδρις, gen. ἰδριος Att. ἰδρεως, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ἰδρι, (ἰδμεναι = εἶδεναι) experienced, skilful: as Subst., ἰδρις the provident creature = μύρμηξ, the ant.

ἰδρός, ὁ, poet. for ἰδρῶς. [ῖ] Hence

ἰδρῶω, f. ὤσω, to sweat, perspire, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like μέγωω, is contracted into ω and φ instead of ον and α (as if it were ἰδράω), hence 3 pl. pres. ἰδρῶσι, 3 sing. opt. ἰδρῶη, fem. part. ἰδρῶσα.

ἰδρῶμα, τό, (ἰδρῶν) a thing founded, built: a temple, a statue, image; ἰδρῶμα πόλεως the stay, support of the city, like Lat. columen rerum.

ἰδρῶθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἰδρῶω.

ἰδρῶτεον, verb. Adj. of ἰδρῶω, one must found, establish: one must inaugurate a statue. II. pass.

οὐχ ἰδρῶτεον one must not sit still, loiter.

ἰδρῶω, f. ὤσω [ῖ]: aor. I ἰδρῶσα:—Pass., aor. I ἰδρῶθην [ῶ] not ἰδρῶνθην: pf. ἰδρῶμαι: (ἰζῶ):—Causal

of ἐξομαι, to make to sit down; ἰδρῶσαι στρατὴν to encamp an army:—Pass. to be seated, sit still: pf. part. pass. ἰδρῶμένος firmly seated, steady, secure. II.

to fix, found, establish: to set up statues, dedicate temples:—Med., with pf. pass., ἰδρῶμαι, to found or set up for oneself. III. to fix, settle, establish persons

in a place; Ἀρῆ ἐμφύλιον ἰδρῶσαι to give footing to, introduce, intestine war:—pf. pass. ἰδρῶμαι, to be placed, situated; ἰδρῶσθαι εἰς τόπον to settle in a place:—Med. to found or establish for oneself.

ιδρώ, ιδρῶ, Ep. for ιδρώτα, ιδρώτι, acc. and dat. of ιδρώς.

ιδρῶν, opt. of ιδρώω.

ιδρώς, ὄτος, ὁ: Ep. dat. and acc. ιδρῶ, ιδρῶ: (ἴδος): sweat, perspiration. 2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum.

II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.

ιδρώσαι, pres. part. fem. of ιδρώω.

ιδύια, ἡ, Ep. for εἰδύια, part. fem. of εἶδα (v. *εἶδω), in phrase ιδύισαι πραπίδεςσιν, with knowing, sensible heart.

ιδῶ Ep. ιδῶμι, aor. 2 subj. of *εἶδω.

ιδῶν, ιδούσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of *εἶδω.

ἰε, ἰέν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἰμι ἰδο.

ἰε, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of ἱημι (as if from ἰέω).

ἰεῖν, Ep. for ἰοῖ, 3 sing. opt. of εἰμι ἰδο.

ἰεῖς, ἰεῖσα, ἰέν, pres. part. of ἱημι.

ἰεῖσι, 3 pl. of ἱημι.

ἱεμαι, pres. pass. and med. of ἱημι.

ἱέμεν, ἱεμένοι, Ep. for ἱεμαι, inf. of ἱημι.

ἱέμενος, η, ὄν, pres. part. pass. of ἱημι.

ἱέν, Aeol. for ἱέσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἱημι.

ἱέναι, pres. inf. of εἰμι ἰδο.

ἱέναι, pres. inf. of ἱημι.

ἱερῶϊσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἱεράξ, a small hawk.

ἹΕΡΑΣ, ἄκος, Ion. ἱέρηξ contr. ἱρηξ, ἡκος, ὁ, a hawk, falcon.

ἱεράσμαι Ion. ἱρ-, Pass. (ἱερός) to be a priest or priestess.

ἱεράτεια, ἡ, (ἱερατεύω) the priest's office, priesthood. ἱεράτευμα, ατος, τό, (ἱερατεύω) the priesthood, body of priests.

ἱερατεύω, f. σω, (ἱερεύς) to be priest or priestess.

ἱέρεια Ion. ἱρεία, ἡ, fem. of ἱερεύς, a priestess.

ἱερεῖον Ion. ἱερήϊον or ἱερίον, τό, (ἱερός) a victim, sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal.

ἱερεύς, ἑως Ion. ἱερεύς, ἦος, ὁ, (ἱερός) a priest, sacrificer.

ἱερευτο, for ἱερεῖντο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἱερεύω Ion. ἱρεῖνω, f. σω, (ἱερός) to offer, sacrifice. 2. to kill, slaughter. II. intr. to be a priest.

ἱερί, ἡ, = ἱέρεια.

ἱερήϊον, τό, Ion. for ἱερεῖον.

ἱέρια, ἡ, Att. poet. form of ἱέρεια.

ἱερο-γλυφικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἱερός, γλύφω) hieroglyphic, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters.

ἱερο-γραμματεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (ἱερός, γραμματεὺς) a sacred scribe, one of a lower order of the Egyptian priesthood.

ἱερο-δόκος, ὄν, (ἱερόν, δέχομαι) receiving sacrifices.

ἱερο-θύτος, ὄν, (ἱερός, θύω) sacrificed to a god; ἱερόθυτος καπνός smoke from the sacrifices.

ἱερο-λογία, (ἱερός, λέγω) to discuss sacred things.

ἱερο-λογία Ion. ἱερολογία, ἡ, mystic language.

ἱερο-μηνία, ἡ, or ἱερο-μήνια, τά, (ἱερός, μήν or μήνη) the holy moon, or the holy-day of the month.

ἱερομνημονεύω, f. ἦσω, to be ἱερομνήμων. From

ἱερο-μνήμων, ὄν, ὁ, (ἱερός, μνήμων) mindful of

sacred things. II. Subst. the sacred recorder sent by each Amphibolyonic state to their Council along with the πύλαγρος.

ἱερόν, τό, v. ἱερός II.

ἱερο-νίκης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἱερός, νικάω) conqueror in the games.

ἱερο-ποῖος, ὄν, (ἱερός, ποιέω) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the ἱεροποιοί were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the victims were without blemish.

ἱερο-πρεπής, ἑς, (ἱερός, πρέπω) becoming a sacred place, person or matter: holy, reverend.

ἹΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν: Ion. and Ep. also ἱρός, ἡ, ὄν:—of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. 2.

holy, hallowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; ἱερός καὶ ὅσιος sacred and profane; v. sub ὅσιος. II. as

Subst.: 1. ἱερόν Ion. ἱρόν, τό, a temple. 2.

ἱερά Ion. ἱρά, τά, offerings, sacrifices, victims: ἱερά βέζειν, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspices: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. sacra. III. special phrases: 1. ἱερά νόσος, the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob. the epilepsy. 2. ἡ ἱερά ὁδός the sacred road to Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusis. 3. ἡ ἱερά τριήρης the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos.

ἱερό-σπτετος, ὄν, (ἱερόν, στέφω) wreathed in holy fashion.

ἱεροσυλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἱερόσυλος) to rob a temple, steal sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence

ἱεροσυλία, ἡ, temple-robbery, sacrilege.

ἱερό-σύλος, ὄν, (ἱερόν, συλάω) robbing temples, sacrilegious: as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. sacrilegus.

ἱεουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἱεουργός) to perform sacred rites; ἱεουργεῖν τὸ εὐαγγέλιον to minister the gospel. Hence

ἱεουργία Ion. ἱεροεργία, ἡ, religious service, worship, sacrifice.

ἱερο-ουργός, ὄν, (ἱερός, ἔργον) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.

ἱεροφαντεύω, f. ἦσω, to be an initiating priest. From ἱερο-φάντης Ion. ἱρ-, ὄν, ὁ, (ἱερός, φαίνω) one who expounds sacred things: an initiating priest. Hence

ἱεροφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an initiating priest. Adv. -κῶς.

ἱερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἱερός, φύλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedituus. [v] ἱερό-χθων Ion. ἱρ-, ὁ, ἡ, (ἱερός, χθών) of hallowed soil.

ἱερώ, f. ὥσω, (ἱερός) to hallow, dedicate.

ἱερ-ὠνυμος, ὄν, (ἱερός, ὄνομα) of holy name.

ἱερῶσι, (ἱερός) Adv. in holy manner, piously.

ἱεροσύνη Ion. ἱρ-, ἡ, (ἱερός) the office of priest, priesthood: a priest's salary.

ἱέσθην, 3 dual impf. med. of ἱημι.

ἱεὶ, ὦν, an ironical exclamation, Lat. bui!

ἱζάνω, (ἱζω) Causal, to make to sit, seat. II.

intr. to sit. 2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

"ΙΖΩ, impf. ἴζον Ion. ἴζεσκον: for the aor. I, v. εἶσα: later fut. ἴξῃσθαι, aor. I ἴξῃσα: I. Causal, to make to sit: see εἶσα. II. intr. to sit, sit down; ἴζειν ἐς θρόνον to take one's seat: ἴζειν of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still.—Pass. ἴζομαι also occurs in same sense; ἴζεσθαι ἐν τῷ Τηγέτῳ or ἐς τὸ Τηγέτον to take post at Taygetus. 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἰή, io! exclam. of joy. [ἰ] ἰή, ἡ, Ion. for ἰά, voice, sound. ἰήτος, α, on, also os, on, (ἰή) *wailing, mournful, plaintive*; ἰήτος βοά a cry of woe. II. epith. of Apollo, the god invoked with the cry ἰή.

ἰηλα, inf. ἰηλαί, aor. I of ἰάλλω. ἰηλεμος, ἰηλεμῖς, ἰηλεμίστρια, Ion. for ἰάλεμ-. ἴημα, τό, = ἰαμα.

ἴημι, ἴης, ἴησι, 3 pl. ἰάσι or ἰέσι; imperat. ἴει; subj. ἰῶ; opt. ἰέην; inf. ἰέναί Ep. ἰέμεναι or ἰέμεν; part. ἰείς.—impf. ἴην, Acol. 3 pl. ἴεν:—fut. ἴσω:—aor. I ἴηκα Ep. ἔηκα:—aor. 2 ἦν, of which the ind. is only used in compds.; imperat. ἔς, subj. ῶ, opt. ἔην, inf. εἶναι, part. εἶς:—pf. εἶκα: plqpf. εἰκύν. Pass. and Med., pres. ἴεμαι: impf. ἰέμεν: aor. I pass. ἔθην, also εἰθην: aor. I med. ἡκάμην: aor. 2 med. εἵμην or ἔμην: pf. pass. εἵμαι: plqpf. εἵμην. Causal of εἵμι (ibo), to make to go, set agoing: hence 1. to send, send away, let go, dismiss. 2. of sounds, to send forth, utter, emit. 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, send, let fly, throw, hurl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that ἴημι is seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. 4. of water, to let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμός ἐπὶ γαίαν ἵησιν the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall: metaph., καὶ δὲ κάρητος ἦκε κόμας she let her hair flow down from her head. 5. generally to put, place. II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. ἰέμενος, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. ἔντο is used by Homer only in phrase ἐπεὶ πόσιος καὶ ἐδητύος ἐξ ἔπου ἔντο when they had put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of meat and drink.

ἴηνα, aor. I of ἰαίνω. Ἰη-παῖων, ονος, δ, epith. of Apollo from the cry ἰη παῖων: also a hymn sung to him. Hence ἰη-παυονίζω, f. ἴσω, to cry ἰη παῖων or παῖαν! ἰησαορίαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of ἰαομαι.

ἴησι, Ep. for ἴη, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἵμι ibo. ἴησι, 3 sing. pres. ind. of ἴημι. ἰήσμιος, ἰήσις, Ion. for ἰασ-. Ἰησοῦς, οῦ, dat. also οἰ, acc. οὖν, Greek form of the Hebrew *Yosbua*, Saviour.

ἰητήρ, ἦρος, δ, Ion. for ἰατήρ.

ἰητροίη, ἰητρός, ἰήτωρ, Ion. for ἰατ-.

ἰθα-γενής poet. ἰθαγενής, ἐς, (ἰθύς, γένος) of honest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate: of a nation, ge-

nuine, of the good old stock. II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to *δρυκτά*.

ἸΘΑΚΗ, ἡ, *Ithaca*, the home of Ulysses, an island on the West coast of Greece. Hence

Ἰθακηνδε, Adv. to *Ithaca*: and Ἰθακήσιος, α, on, of *Ithaca*, an *Ithacan*.

ἰθέα, ἡ, Ion. fem. for ἰθεία, v. ἰθύς. [Ὶ]

ἰθέως, Adv. of ἰθύς, directly, straight, Lat. *recta via*.

ἰθί, imperat. of εἵμι, come, go, begone:—as Adv. come on! forward!

ἴσμα, ατος, τό, (εἵμι) a step, movement. ἰθύ, neut. of ἰθύς, used as Adv., like ἰθέως.

ἰθυ-δίκης, ου, δ, (ἰθύς, δίκη) giving simple justice. ἰθυ-δρόμος, ου, (ἰθύς, δραμεῖν) straight-running.

ἰθυ-θρίξ, τρήχος, δ, ἡ, (ἰθύς, θρίξ) straight-haired, opp. to οὐλόθριξ, woolly-haired. [Ὶ]

ἰθυμάχια, ἡ, a fair, stand-up fight. From ἰθυ-μάχος, ου, (ἰθύς, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and honestly.

ἰθύ-νόος, ου, (ἰθύς, νόος) honest. ἰθύντατα, Ep. Sup. of ἰθέως, most straight, most rightly.

ἰθύνω, f. ἰνῶ: aor. ἰθύνω:—Pass., aor. I ἰθύνθην:—Ion. and Ep. for εἰθύνω, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:—Pass. to become straight or even; τῶ δ' ἰθύνθητην they ran even with one another. 2.

to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; ἰθύνειν ἵππους to drive the horses straight:—Pass. of a boat, to be guided, steered. 3. to guide, rule: of a judge, to rectify, correct: also to chastise.

ἰθὺ-πόπος, ου, (ἰθύς, πορεύομαι) going straight on. ἰθὺ-πτῶν, ανος, δ, ἡ, (ἰθύς, πέτομαι) straight-flying, of an ash spear-shaft. [Ὶ]

ἸΘΥΣ, ἰθεία, ἰθύ, Ion. fem. ἰθέα: Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. εἰθύς:—of motion, straight, direct, going straight:—in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. ἰθύτερος, ἰθύτατος:—in

Adverbial usage, acc. fem. τὴν ἰθείαν (sub. ὁδόν), straight on, Lat. *recta via*: so, ἐκ τῆς ἰθείης, straight forward, openly. II. as Adv., ἰθύς or ἰθύ, straight at, straight towards; ἰθὺς μαχέσασθαι to fight fair, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway. Hence

ἰθύς, ὅς, ἡ, Homer only in acc. ἰθύν, an impulse, purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also ἀν' ἰθύν, = ἀν' ὁρῶν, straight upwards. [Ὶ]

ἰθύ-ρένης, ἐς, (ἰθύς, τείνω) stretched out, straight. [Ὶ]

ἰθύ-ροπος, ου, (ἰθύς, τείνω) = ἰθυτενής.

ἰθύ-τρίχες, οἱ, αἱ, plur. from ἰθύθριξ.

ἰθῶν, f. ἰσώ: aor. I ἰθῶσα: [Ὶ]: (ἰθύς):—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., ἰθῶσα νεὸς drove right against the ship.

II. to be eager to do, bent upon doing: hence to desire, purpose.

ἰκανός, ἡ, ὅν, (ικ-έσθαι) befitting, becoming: I. of persons, sufficient, competent, able to do a thing; ἰκανὸς ἱατρικῇ sufficiently versed in medicine: absol.

considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, sufficient, enough: large or long enough; ἱκανὸν χρόνον a long time; τὸ ἱκανὸν λαμβάνειν to take security or bail, Lat. satis accipere. Hence

ἱκανότης, ητος, ἡ, sufficiency, fitness.

ἱκανῶς, f. ὥσω, to make fit, make sufficient, qualify.

ἱκάνω [ᾱ], Ep. lengthd. for ἱκω, = ἱκνέομαι, only used in pres. and impf., to come: to come to, arrive at, reach: also Med. ἱκάνομαι.

ἱκανῶς, Adv. of ἱκανός, sufficiently, Lat. satis; ἱκανὸς ἔχειν to be sufficient: Sup. ἱκανώτατα.

Ἰκάριος, α, ov, (Ἰκάρος) Icarian, name of that part of the Aegean sea which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ἱκελος, η, ov, poet. form for εἶκελος, like. [Ὶ] Hence

ἱκελῶς, f. ὥσω, to make like.

ἱκέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκέσθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκεσία, ἡ, (ἱκέτης) the prayer of a suppliant. II.

as fem. of ἱκέσιος, a female suppliant.

ἱκέσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἱκέτης) of, for or presiding over suppliants, epith. of Zeus. II. suppliant, supplicating.

ἱκετα-δόκος, ov, (ἱκέτης, δέχομαι) receiving or protecting suppliants.

ἱκετεία, ἡ, = ἱκεσία, q. v.

ἱκετεύμα, atos, τό, (ἱκετεύω) a mode of supplication.

ἱκετευτός, α, ov, proper to be supplicated. From

ἱκετεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἱκέτευσα [i Att., ῖ Ep.]:

(ἱκέτης):—to approach as a suppliant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.

ἱκετήριος sync. ἱκτήριος, α, ov, (ἱκέτης) of or fit for suppliants. II. ἡ ἱκετηρία (sub. ἐλαία),

the olive branch which a suppliant held in his hand.

ἱκέτης, ov, ὁ, (ἱκέσθαι) one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive. II. the protector of the suppliants. Hence

ἱκετήσιος, α, ov, protecting the suppliant, of Zeus.

ἱκέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ἱκέτης.

ἱκμαι, Ep. for ἱκη, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκμαῖω and ἱκμαίνω, to moisten. From

ἸΚΜΑ΄Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, moisture of any kind.

ἱκμενος or ἱκμενος, only in the phrase ἱκμενος οὔρος a fair breeze, (from ἱκνέομαι), a following and so favourable, wind, Lat. ventus secundus.

ἱκνέομαι, lengthd. from ἸΚΝ [Ὶ]: fut. ἴξομαι Dor.

ἴξομαι, aor. 2 ἰκόμεν: pf. ἴγμαι, part. ἴγμενος:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach. 2. to come as a suppliant (ἱκέτης) to one, to beseech, entreat him.

3. impers. in pres. and impf., it becomes, befits, seems; τοὺς μάλιστα ἱκνέται whom it most concerns; τὸ ἱκνεύμενον that which is fitting, proper.

ἱκνεύνται, Dor. for ἱκνούνται, 3 pl. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκνουμένως Ion. ἱκνεομ—, ἱκνευμ—, Adv. part. pres. of ἱκνέομαι, fittingly, aright.

ἰκοίμαν, Dor. for ἰκοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἸΚΡΙΑ, τά, the half-deck of an Homeric ship: generally, a boarded platform, scaffold, benches.

ἱκραρ, Adv. (ἴκω) at once, close together. II.

of Place, close to, hard by, c. gen.

ἱκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἴκω) a suppliant. II. Zeús

ἱκτήρ, the protector of the suppliant.

ἱκτήριος, α, ov, syncope. for ἱκετήριος.

ἱκτίδεος, α, ov, (ἱκτίς) of a weasel, of weasel-skin, in Homer κτίδεος. II. as Subst., ἱκτιδέα, contr.

ἱκτιδῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, weasel-skin.

ἸΚΤΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, a kite, Lat. milvus.

ἸΚΤΙ΄Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, the yellow-breasted marten-cat.

ἱκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἸΚΝ, impf. ἱκν: aor. 2 ἴκον: root of ἱκνέομαι, a form used in Ep. poetry:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach a certain point, whether of Place or Time;

τὸ σά γούνα ἰκόμεθα we come to thy knees, in token of supplication (cf. ἱκνέομαι 2, ἱκέτης):—metaph. to reach, arrive at, manhood, old age, etc.; ὕβρις τε βίη τε σιδηρεὸν οὐρανὸν ἴκει violence and force are reaching even to heaven. 2. conversely of circumstances, conditions; χρεῖά ἴκει με necessity is upon me; ἔπνος, γῆρας, ἱκάνει με come upon or over me.

ἱκωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἴλᾱ, Dor. for ἴλη. [Ὶ]

ἱλᾱδόν, Adv. (ἴλη) in troops, in bodies, in companies, Lat. turmatim: in abundance. [Ὶ]

ἴλᾱθι, pres. imperat. of ἴλημι.

ἱλάομαι, Ep. for ἱλάσκομαι.

ἸΛΑΟΣ, ov, Att. Ἰλαος, ov, nom. pl. ἴλαρ, neut.

ἴλα:—of gods, propitious, gracious: of men, gracious, kindly, gentle: also cheerful, gay. 2. ἴλαος σοί, (sc. ἔστω δ' Θεός) God be gracious to thee, i. e. be it far from thee.

ἱλάρια, ἡ, cheerfulness, gaiety. From

ἱλᾱρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ἴλαος) cheerful, gay, joyous, mirthful, Lat. hilaris. Adv. —ῶς. Hence

ἱλᾱρότης, ητος, ἡ, gaiety, Lat. hilaritas.

ἱλάσκομαι, fut. ἱλάσομαι [ᾱ] Ep. ἱλάσσομαι Dor.

ἱλάσσομαι: aor. I ἱλασάμην: Dep.: (ἴλαος):—to appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods:—but also to conciliate a man. II. to expiate, atone for.

III. aor. I imperat. pass. ἱλάσθητι, in pass. sense, be gracious. Hence

ἱλασμός, ὁ, a means of appeasing: a propitiation, sacrifice. [Ὶ]

ἱλασάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of ἱλάσκομαι.

ἱλάσσεαι, Ep. for ἱλάσῃ, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ἱλάσκομαι.

ἱλαστήριος, α, ov, (ἱλάσκομαι) propitiatory; esp. II. as Subst., ἱλαστήριον, τό, propitiation

or the mercy-seat.

ἴλα, Att. neut. pl. of ἴλαος.

ἴλαος, Att. for ἴλαος.

ἴλη or εἴλη Dor. ἴλα, ἡ, (ἴλλω, εἴλω) a crowd, band, troop, company. 2. a troop of horse, squadron,

Lat. turma, alā, strictly of 64 men: generally, a troop,

company.

3. at Sparta, a certain division of the youths.

ἱληθι, imperat. of ἱλημι.

ἱλήκω, (ἱλαος) to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. ἱλήκησι, and 2 sing. opt. ἱλήκοις.

ἱλημι, = ἱλήκω, esp. in imperat. ἱληθι Dor. ἱλᾶθι, be gracious, propitious!

Ἱλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἱλιακός. II. as Subst. Ἱλιάς, ἡ, 1. (sub. γῆ) the land of Ilium. 2. (sub. γυνή), a woman of Ilium. 3. (sub. ποιήσις), the Iliad, of Homer.

ἱλιγγιάω, f. σω: aor. I ἱλιγγιάσα:—to have a swimming in the head. From

ἱλιγγος, ὁ, (ἱλλω, εἶλω) a spinning round: a swimming in the head, Lat. vertigo: a swoon. [Ὶ]

ἱλιγῆ, ιγγος, ἡ, (ἱλλω) a whirling, whirlpool.

Ἱλιόθεν, Adv. (Ἱλιος) from Troy.

Ἱλιόθι, old Ep. gen. of Ἱλιος, Adv. at Troy.

Ἱλιον-ραϊστής, ὁ, (Ἱλιος, ραΐω) destroyer of Troy.

Ἱλιόφι, old Ep. gen. of Ἱλιος.

ἹΛΙΟΣ, ου, ἡ, or Ἱλιον, τό, Ilios or Ilium, the city of Ilius, also called Troy.

ἱλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἱλλω, εἶλω) a rope, band.

ἱλλός, ὁ, (ἱλλω) squinting.

ἹΛΛΩ, v. sub εἶλω.

ἹΛΤ΄Σ, ύος, ἡ, mud, slime, dirt. [genit. ἱλϋος Homer, later ἱλϋος.]

ἱμάντεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ἱμάς.

ἱμαντίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἱμάς.

ἱμάντινος, ἡ, ον, (ἱμάς) of leathern thongs.

ἱμάντιον, τό, Dim. of ἱμάς.

ἱμαντο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἱμάς, πέδη) a leathern band: metaphor. one of the feelers of the polybus.

ἹΜΑ΄Σ, ἄντος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἱμάσι Ep. ἱμάντεσσι:—a leathern strap or thong; in pl. the straps or harness of a chariot: the thong or lash of a whip.

2. the cestus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps put round the hand: 3. the magic girdle of Aphrodité, Lat. caestus.

4. a latch, by which the bolt was shot home into the socket: also a shoe-latchet: later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb., ἱμάς κύνειός ἐστι he's as tough as a thong of dogskin.

ἱμάσθῃ, ἡ, (ἱμάς, ἱμάσσω) the thong or lash of a whip, generally a whip. [Ὶ]

ἱμάσσω, fut. ἱμάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἱμασα: (ἱμάς):—to flog, scourge: also to smite.

ἱματιδάριον, τό, Dim. of ἱματίον. [ἱμ-δᾶ]

ἱματιδίον, τό, Dim. of ἱματίον.

ἱματίζω, f. ἱσώ, (ἱματίον) to clothe: pf. part. pass. ἱματισμένος, clothed.

ἱματιο-κάπηλος, ὁ, (ἱματίον, κάπηλος) a dealer in clothes.

ἱματίον, τό, in form only a Dim. of εἶμα, an outer garment, cloak or mantle worn above the χιτὼν, answering to Homer's χλαῖνα; ἱμάτια, τά, generally, clothes. II. a cloth.

ἱματι-φυλάκω, f. ἡσώ, (ἱματίον, φυλακῶ) to take care of clothes.

ἱματισμός, ὁ, (ἱματίω) clothing, apparel. [Ὶ]

ἱμεῖρω Aeol. ἱμέρρω, (ἱμερος) to long for, yearn for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. ἱμερομαι as Dep., with aor. I med. ἱμεράμην, pass. ἱμέρην.

ἱμεν, I pl. of εἶμι ibo.

ἱμεν, ἱμεναι, Ep. for ἱέναι, inf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἱμερο-δερκής, ἐς, (ἱμερος, δέρκομαι) looking longingly.

ἱμερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἱμερος) exciting love or desire, lovely, charming.

ἱμερο-θᾶλής, ἐς, (ἱμερος, τέθλα) Dor. for ἱμεροθῆλῆς sweetly growing or blooming.

ἹΜΕΡΟΣ [Ὶ], ὁ, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderium: absol. love, desire.

ἱμέρρω, Aeol. for ἱμεῖρω.

ἱμερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἱμεῖρω) longed for, lovely.

ἱμεναι, poet. for ἱμεναι, ἱέναι, inf. of εἶμι ibo.

ἱμονιά, ἡ, (ἱμός) the rope of a draw-well: acc. ἱμονιάν, absol., a rope's length, i. e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

ἱν, Dor. for ῖ, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

ἹΝΑ, Conjunction:—that, in order that, = ὅπως, Lat. ut: I. with Subj. mood after tenses of present time; ἡκεις, ἱν' ἴδῃς thou art come that thou mayest see. 2. with Optat. after tenses of past time; Παλλὰς ἔδωκε μένος, ἱν' ἐκδηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that he might become conspicuous. 3. with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; ἱν' ἦν τυφλός in which case he would have been blind. II. ἵνα μή, that not, lest, Lat. ut ne. III. elliptic with other Particles, ἵνα δῆ, ἵνα περ, ἵνα τι (sub. γένηται); to what end?

Adverb, I. of Place, = ὅπου, Lat. ubi, in what place, where; ἱν' ἔτραφεν ἡδ' ἐγένοντο where they were bred and born: c. gen. loci, ἵνα γῆς, χώρας, etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. = ὅποι, Lat. quo, to what place, whither; ἱν' οἴχεται whither he is gone.

ἰνδάλλωμαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (εἰδάλμιος, εἰδᾶλλομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat., ἰνδᾶλλετο σφίσι Πηλεΐων he seemed to them like the son of Peleus: absol. to appear, seem.

Ἰνδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰνδός) Indian.

Ἰνδ-ολέτης, ον, ὁ, (Ἰνδός, ὀλέσθαι) the Indian-killer, epith. of Bacchus.

ἸΝΔΟ΄Σ, ὁ, an Indian:—as Adj. = Ἰνδικός, Indian. II. the river Indus.

Ἰνδῶος, α, ον, = Ἰνδικός.

ἱνες, pl. nom. of ἱς.

ἰνίω, τό, (ἱς) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the head, nape of the neck. [Ὶν]

ἸΝΙΞ, ὁ, a son, child.

Ἰνώ, ὅος, contr. οὖα, ἡ, Ino, daughter of Cadmus, afterwards worshipped as a sea-goddess by the name of Leucothea.

ἰνώδης, ἐς, (ἱς, εἶδος) sineuay, fibrous. [Ὶ]

ἱζαλος, *ον*, (from ἀίσσω, as if contracted from ἀίσαλος) epith. of the wild goat, bounding, springing.

ἱζεσθαι, fut. inf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱευτής, *ου*, *δ*, (ἱεῦω) a fowler, bird-catcher, snarer.

ἱεῦω, *φ*, *σω*, (ἱέος) to catch birds by birdlime.

ἱεβολέω, *φ*, *ήσω*, to catch birds with lime-twigs.

ἱεβόλος, *ον*, (ἱέος, βάλλω) setting lime-twigs.

ἱε-εργός, *δ*, (ἱέος, *εργω) one who uses birdlime, a fowler.

ἱεομαι, fut. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱεον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἱκω.

ἱΕΟΨ, *δ*, Lat. *VISCUM*, misseltoe: also, the misseltoe-berry. II. birdlime prepared from the misseltoe-berry, Lat. *viscus*.

ἱεο-φορεύς, *έως*, *δ*, (ἱέός, φέρω) bearing misseltoe.

ἱΕΥΨ, *υός*, *η*, dat. ἱεῦψ contr. ἱεῦψ: the waist.

ἱδ-βακχος, *δ*, (ἰώ, βάκχε) Bacchus invoked with the cry of ἰώ:—a song beginning ἰώ βάκχε!

ἰδ-βαλέφαρος, *ον*, (ἰών, βλέφαρον) violet-eyed.

ἰοβολέω, *φ*, *ήσω*, to shoot arrows. From

ἰο-βόλος, *ον*, (ἰός, βάλλω) shooting arrows.

ἰο-βόστρυχος, *ον*, (ἰών, βόστρυχος) dark-haired.

ἰό-δετος, *ον*, (ἰών, δέτω) violet-twined.

ἰο-δόκος, *ον*, (ἰός, δέχομαι) bolding arrows.

ἰο-ειδής, *ές*, (ἰών, εἶδος) violet-coloured, of the sea.

ἰοείς, *εσσα*, *εν*, (ἰών) violet-coloured, dark.

ἰοήνη, Att. for ἰοίμη, opt. of ἔμψ ἰδο.

ἰοῖσαι, Dor. for ἰούσαι, part. fem. of ἔμψ ἰδο.

ἰομεν, Ep. for ἰωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of ἔμψ ἰδο.

ἰο-μύγης, *ές*, (ἰός, μύγηναι) mixed with poison.

ἰό-μωρος, *ον*, (ἰών, μόρος) dark-fated, miserable.

ἼΟΝ, τό, the violet, Lat. *viola*. [I]

ἰον, Ep. form of ἰμψ of ἔμψ ἰδο.

ἰονθάς, *άδος*, *ή*, shaggy, hairy. From

ἰονθος, *δ*, the down on the face. (Deriv. uncertain.) [I]

Ἴόνιος, *α*, *ον*, (Ἰώ) of Ἰο; Ἴόνιος κόλπος the Ἴonian sea, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have swum,—not to be confounded with the Ἴonian sea.

ἰόντες, part. pl. of ἔμψ ἰδο.

ἰο-πλόκαμος, *ον*, (ἰών, πλόκαμος) with violet locks, dark-haired. [I]

ἰός [I], *δ*, with irreg. pl. ἰά, (ἰέναι inf. of ἔμψ ἰδο) an arrow.

ἸΟΨ, *δ*, rust, verdigris, Lat. *aerugo*.

ἸΟΨ, *δ*, poison, esp. of serpents.

Ἰος, *ια*, Ep. for ἑός, μία; dat. ἰώ for ἐνί.

ἰο-στέφανος, *ον*, (Ἰος, στέφανος) violet-crowned.

ἰόστης, *ητος*, *ή*, will, resolve; mostly in dat., θεῶν ἰόστη by the will or pleasure of the gods.

ἰο-τυπής, *ές*, (ἰός, τυπῆναι) struck by an arrow.

ἰού, a cry of woe, Lat. *heu*! seldom, like ἰώ, a cry of joy. [I]

Ἰουδαῖω, *φ*, *σω*, to live as a Jew. From

Ἰουδαϊκός, *ή*, *όν*, of or for the Jews. Adv. -*κῶς*. From

Ἰουδαῖος, *α*, *ον*, of the tribe of Judab: as Subst.: 1. a Jew. 2. Ἰουδαία (sc. γῆ) the land of Judaea.

Ἰουδαῖσμός, *δ*, (Ἰουδαῖος) Judaism.

ἰουλις, ἰδός, *ή*, a red fish.

ἰουλος, *ον*, (οὔλος) down, the first growth of the beard; ἰπὸ κροτάφοισιν ἰουλοι the young hair beneath the temples, i. e. the whiskers.

ἰο-χάιρα, *ή*, (ἰός, χαίρω) delighting in arrows, or (from χεῶν) showering arrows.

ἱπνο-κάτης, *ές*, (ἱπνός, καῆναι) baked in the oven.

ἱπνο-λέβης, *ητος*, *δ*, (ἱπνός, λέβης) a boiler, caldron.

ἱπνο-ποιός, *ον*, (ἱπνός, ποιέω) working in an oven or furnace; as Subst. a potter.

ἸΠΝΟΨ, *δ*, an oven or furnace, Lat. *furnus*. II. the place of the oven, kitchen. III. a lantern.

ἱπος, *δ* or *ή*, (ἵπτομαι) in a mouse-trap, the piece of wood that falls and catches the mouse; generally, a trap; a heavy weight. Hence

ἱπώω, *φ*, *ώσω*, to press down:—Pass. to be pressed down or crushed; εἰσφοραῖς ἱπούμενος squeezed hard by taxes. [I]

ἱππ-αγρέται, *ων*, *οι*, (ἱππεύς, ἀγείρω) three officers at Lacedaemon, who chose 300 youths to serve as ἱππεῖς or body-guard for the kings.

ἱππ-ἄγωγός, *όν*, (ἱππός, ἄγω) carrying horses: ἱππαγωγοί (sub. ναῦς) αἱ, transport-ships for horses.

ἱππάζομαι, fut. ἄσομαι Dep. (ἵππος) to drive or guide a horse, to drive a chariot: later, to ride; ἱππάσσαι χώραν to ride over a country. II. as

Pass. of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be broken in.

ἱππ-αίχμιος, *ον*, (ἵππος, αἰχμή) fighting on horseback.

ἱππ-ἄλεκτρών, *όνος*, *δ*, (ἵππος, ἄλεκτρών) a horsecock: a gryphon, dragon.

ἱππᾶλῖδας, *ον*, *δ*, poet. form for ἱππεύς.

ἱππᾶπαί, (ἵππος) cry of the knights to each other in comic imitation of the seaman's cry ῥυπαπαί.

ἱππάριον, τό, Dim. of ἵππος, a little horse, pony.

ἱππ-ἄρμωστής, *ού*, *δ*, (ἵππος, ἄρμωστής) Lacedaemonian word for ἵππαρχος.

ἱππαρχέω, *φ*, *ήσω*, to be a general of cavalry, to command the cavalry. Hence

ἱππαρχία, *ή*, the command of the cavalry.

ἱππαρχικός, *ή*, *όν*, of or for cavalry. From

ἱππ-αρχος, and ἱππ-ἄρχης, *ον*, *δ*, (ἵππος, ἄρχω) ruling the horse, epith. of Neptune. II. a general of cavalry; at Athens there were two.

ἱππᾶς, *άδος*, *ή*, fem. of ἱππικός; ἱππᾶς στολή a riding-dress, horseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub. τάξις), the order of knights: the knights' tax.

ἱππᾶσία, *α*, *ον*, (ἱππάζομαι) riding, horse-exercise. 2. chariot-driving.

ἱππᾶσιμος, *η*, *ον*, (ἱππάζομαι) fit for horses or for riding: easily ridden.

ἱππαστήρ, *ητος*, and ἱππαστής, *ού*, *δ*, (ἱππάζομαι) a horseman. II. as Adj. fit for riding.

ἱππεία, *ή*, (ἱππεύω) horsemanship, riding, driving, esp. racing. II. cavalry.

ἱππειος, *α*, *ον*, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἱππειος λόφος a crest of horse-hair.

ἵππερος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἔρος) *love for horses, a horse-fever.*

ἵππευμα, ατος, τό, (ἵππεύω) *a ride on horseback, expedition in a chariot.*

ἵππεύς, ἑὸς Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἵππος) in Homer, either a driver of horses, charioteer, or the warrior fighting from the chariot. 2. a horseman, rider. II.

at Athens the ἵππεῖς Att. ἵππῆς, Horsemen or Knights, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the king's body-guard, but did not serve on horseback: see ἵππαγρέται.

ἵππευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἵππευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a rider, horseman: from

ἵππεύω, f. ὦ: aor. I ἵππευσα: (ἵππεύς):—to be a horseman, to ride: metaph. of the wind, Ζεφυροῦ πνοαῖς ἵππεύσαντος when Zephyr rode with his gales, as in Horace, Euris equitavit per undas. II. to serve on horseback.

ἵππηας, Ep. pl. acc. of ἵππεύς.

ἵππηδόν, Adv. (ἵππος) *like a horse.* II. *like a horseman.*

ἵππηστοί, Ep. for ἵππεῖσι, pl. dat. of ἵππεύς.

ἵππ-ηλάσιος, α, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαύνω) *fit for riding or driving; ἵππηλασία ὁδός a chariot road.*

ἵππ-ηλάτῃ, ὁ, Ep. form for ἵππηλάτης.

ἵππηλάτιέ, f. ἦσω, to ride or drive. From

ἵππ-ηλάτης, ον, ὁ, Ep. ἵππηλάτα, (ἵππος, ἐλαύνω) a driver of horses, one who fights from a chariot, epith. of honour, like our Knight. [ἀ]

ἵππ-ηλάτος, ον, (ἵππος, ἐλαύνω) *fit for horsemanship or driving.*

ἵππ-ημοῖλοι, ὦν, οἱ, (ἵππος, ἀμέλω) the Mare-milkers, a Scythian or Tartar tribe:—as Adj. milking mares.

ἵππι-ἀναξ, ατος, (ἵππος, ἀναξ) *chief of horsemen.*

ἵππικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἀγὼν ἵππικός a horse or chariot race. II. of or for riding or horseman, equestrian: skilled in riding.

2. ἡ ἵππική (sub. τέχνη), horsemanship, riding. III. τὸ ἵππικόν the cavalry. IV. Adv. —κῶς, like a horseman.

ἵππος, α, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses.

ἵππο-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, χαίτη) *saggy with horse-bair.*

ἵππο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) *one who fights from a chariot.* 2. a horseman, rider.

ἵππο-βάμων [ἀ], ον, gen. ονος, (ἵππος, βαίω) *going on horseback, equestrian.* 2. metaph., ῥήματα ἵπποβάμων *high-paced words, bombast.*

ἵππο-βάτης [ἀ], ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βαίω) a horseman.

ἵππο-βότης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βόσκω) a feeder of horses: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ἴπποβῆται were the knights, nobles.

ἵππο-βοτος, ον, (ἵππος, βόσκω) *fed on by horses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.*

ἵππο-βουκόλος, ὁ, (ἵπποι, βουκόλος) a horsekeeper.

ἵππο-γέραννοι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γέραννος) *crane-cavalry.*

ἵππο-γυῖποι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γυῖψ) *vulture-cavalry.*

ἵππο-δάμος, ον, (ἵππος, δαμάω) *horse-taming: as Subst. a tamer of horses.*

ἵππο-δόσσεια, ας, fem., without any masc. ἵπποδάσους in use, (ἵππος, δαῖσις) epith. of κόρυς, *thick with horse-bair, with rough horse-bair crest.*

ἵππο-δεσμία, ον, τά, (ἵππος, δεσμός) *reins, a halter.*

ἵππο-δέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, δέω) a halter.

ἵππο-διώκτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. —τας, (ἵππος, διώκω) a driver or rider of horses.

ἵππο-δρομία, ἡ, (ἵπποδρομος) a horse-race or chariot-race. Hence

ἵππο-δρόμιος, ον, of the horse-race. II. epith. of Poseidon, *delighting in the speed of horses.*

ἵππο-δρομος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δρόμος) a race-course.

ἵππο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δραμεῖν) a horse-courier.

ἵπποθεν, Adv. (ἵππος) *forth from the horse.*

ἵπποιν, Ep. dual gen. of ἵππος.

ἵππο-κάνθαρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κάνθαρος) a horse-beetle, monstrous beetle.

ἵππο-κέλευθος, ον, (ἵππος, κέλευθος) *driving horses: as Subst. a charioteer, rider.*

ἵππο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κένταυρος) a horse-centaur, half-horse half-man.

ἵππο-κομέω, f. ἦσω, to keep or groom horses; ἵπποκομῆν κένταυρον to groom one's beetle. From

ἵππο-κόμος, ον, (ἵππος, κομέω) *keeping or grooming horses.* II. as Subst., ἵπποκόμος, ὁ, a groom, one who attended the Athenian ἵππεῖς in war.

ἵππο-κομος, ον, (ἵππος, κόμω) *decked with horse-bair.*

ἵππο-κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἵππος, κορύσσω) *one who is furnished with a horse, a horseman, knight.*

ἵππο-κράτῃς, f. ἦσω, (ἵππος, κρατέω) *to be superior in horse: Pass. to be inferior in horse.* Hence

ἵπποκράτεια, ἡ, *victory in a skirmish of horse.*

ἵππο-κρημνος, ον, (ἵππος, κρημνός) *tremendously steep; ἵπποκρημνον ῥῆμα a neck-breaking word.*

ἵππο-κροτος, ον, (ἵππος, κροτέω) *sounding with the tramp of horses.*

ἵππο-λόφος, ον, (ἵππος, λόφος) *with horse-bair crest.*

ἵππο-μάνης, ἑς, (ἵππος, μανῆναι) *mad for horses: luxuriant.* II. as Subst., ἵππομανῆς, ἑὸς, τό, an Arcadian plant, which makes horses mad.

2. an excrescence on the forehead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a humour which falls from mares.

Hence

ἵππο-μάνια, ἡ, a mad love for horses, racing, etc.

ἵππομαχέω, f. ἦσω, (ἵππομάχος) *to fight on horse-back.* Hence

ἵππομάχια, ἡ, a horse-fight, skirmish of horse.

ἵππο-μάχος, ον, (ἵππος, μάχομαι) *fighting on horse-back: as Subst., ἵππομάχος, ὁ, a trooper.*

ἵππο-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, νομάω) *driving horses.*

ἵππο-πόλος, ον, (ἵππος, ποτέωμαι) *busied with horses:*

as Subst., ἵπποπόλος, ὁ, a rider or driver of horses.

ἵππο-ποτάμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ποταμός) *the river-horse of Egypt, hippopotamus: in Herodotus, ἵππος ποτάμος.*

ἸΠΠΟΣ, ὁ, ἡ, a horse, mare, Lat. *equus*, *equa*: the pl. ἵπποι is the pair of horses in the chariot, and hence also the chariot itself; ἀπ' ἵππων from the chariot; λαός τε καὶ ἵπποι the foot-soldiers and those who fought in chariots; ἵπποι καὶ πεζοὶ horse and foot. II.

ἡ ἵππος, the horse, cavalry, Lat. *equitatus*, always in sing., as, χιλήν ἵππος a thousand horse. III. ἵππος

ποτάμιος the hippopotamus. IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our horsechestnut, horse-laugh, v. ἵππo-κρημνος, etc.

ἵππο-σόος, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, σέω) driver of horses.

ἵππο-σός, α, ον, horse-driving.

ἵππο-στάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἵππος, στάσις) a stable: metaphor., Ἀέλιον κνεφαία ἵππoστάσις the dark stabling-place of the sun, i. e. the West.

ἵπποσύνη, ἡ, (ἵππος) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of horsemanship. II. the horse of an army, cavalry.

ἵπποσύνης, η, ον, = ἵππικός.

ἵπποτά, Ep. for ἵπποτής.

ἵπποτής, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος) a driver or rider of horses, a horseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep. form ἵπποτά, esp. of Nestor. II. as Adj., λεῖως ἵπποτής the horse-folk, horsemen.

ἵππο-τοξότης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, τοξότης) a mounted Bowman, horse-archer.

ἵπποτροφέω, f. ἦσω, to breed or keep horses. And ἵπποτροφία, ἡ, a breeding or keeping of horses, esp. for racing. From

ἵππο-τρόφος, ον, (ἵππος, τρέφω) horse-feeding: breeding or keeping horses.

ἵππο-τύφια, ἡ, (ἵππος, τύφος) excessive pride.

Ἴππου-κρήνη, ἡ, Hippocrene, the horse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

ἵππ-ουρίς, ιδος, ἡ, (ἵππος, οὐρά) fem. Adj. decked with a horse-tail, with crest of horse-bair.

ἵππο-φóρβιον, τό, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a stable. II. a troop of horses.

ἵππο-φορβός, όν, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a horse-keeper, trainer.

ἵππο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) = ἵπποχάρμης.

ἵππ-ώδης, es, (ἵππος, εἶδος) horse-like.

ἵππών, ώνος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀνέμαι) a buyer of horses, a stable: a halting-place, station.

ἵππωνεῖα, ἡ, a buying of horses. From

ἵππωνέω, f. ἦσω, to buy horses. From

ἵππ-ώνης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀνέμαι) a buyer of horses.

ἵπτoμαι, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly.

ἵπτομαι, f. ἴθωμαι: (ἵπος): Dep.:—to press hard, oppress: generally, to hurt, harm.

ἱρά, τά, Ion. for ἱερά.

ἱράξ, άκος, ὁ, contr. for ἱεράξ, a hawk.

ἱεράμαι, Ion. for ἱεράομαι.

ἱερά, Ion. for ἱερεία.

ἱρεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἱερεύω.

ἱρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱερεύς.

ἱρεύω, Ion. for ἱερεύω.

ἱρήϊον, Ion. for ἱερείον.

ἱρήν, ένος, ὁ, Ion. for εἰρήν.

ἱρήξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱεράξ.

ἱρία, Dor. for ἱερεία.

ἱρίς, ιδος, ἡ: acc. ἱρίν as well as ἱρίδα:—the rain-bow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τέρας μερόπων ανθρώπων). II. impersonated Ἴρίς, ιδος, ἡ, acc. Ἴριν, voc. Ἴρι, Iris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumias (the Wonderer).

ἱρίσσω, Ep. for ἱρίσιν, dat. pl. of ἱρίς.

ἱρο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἱρός, δραμεῖν) Ion. for ἱεροδρ-, running in the sacred races. [Ὶ]

ἱρο-εργία, Ion. for ἱερουργία.

ἱρόν, τό, Ion. for ἱερόν. [Ὶ]

ἱρός, ἡ, όν, Ion. for ἱερός. [Ὶ]

ἱρο-φάντης, ὁ, Ion. for ἱεροφ-.

ἱρωσύνη, Ion. for ἱερωσύνη, priesthood.

ἸΣ, ἡ, gen. ἰνός, acc. ἰνα: pl. nom. ἰνες, dat. ἱνεσι Ep. ἱνεσσι:—Lat. *VIS*, strength, force, nerve, and *sineu*: very freq. in periphr. like βίη, as, ἰς Τηλεμάχιο the strong Telemachus. II. a muscle: the neck. [Ὶ]

ἱσα, ἱσα, neut. pl. of ἴσος, ἴσος, used as Adv.

ἱσ-άγγελος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄγγελος) like an angel.

ἱσ-άδελφος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀδελφός) like a brother.

ἱσάξω, f. ἄσω, (ἴσος) to make equal:—Med. to make or hold equal to another, c. dat.

ἱσάμ, Dor. for ἱσημ.

ἱσ-άμιλλος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄμιλλα) equal in the race.

ἱσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of εἶμι ἰθo. II. Ep. for ἦσαν, ἦδεισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of εἶδω.

ἱσ-άνεμος, ον, (ἴσος, άνεμος) swift as the wind. [ᾱ]

ἱσαντι, Dor. for ἴσασι, 3 pl. of ἱσημ.

ἱσ-άργυρος, ον, (ἴσος, άργυρος) as good as silver, worth its weight in silver.

ἱσας, Dor. part. of ἱσημ.

ἱσᾶσι, 3 pl. of ἱσημ, and of ἰδα (v. εἶδω v).

ἱσάσκετο [Ὶ], Ion. for ἱσάζετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἰσάζω, she likened herself.

ἱσᾶτι, Dor. for ἱσησι, 3 sing. of ἱσημ.

ἱσ-ηγορέω and Med. —έομαι, (ἴσος, ἄγορεύω) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence ἱσηγορία, ἡ, equal right of speech: generally, equality in the eye of the law.

ἱσ-ἡλιξ, ἱκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἡλιξ) of the same age with.

ἱσ-ἡμέριος, α, ον, (ἴσος, ἡμέρα) lasting an equal time.

ἸΣΗΜΙ, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. ἱσάμ, ἱσᾶτι; pl. ἱσάμεν, ἱσᾶσι or ἱσαντι; part. ἴσας.

ἱσ-ἡρετμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἑρετμός) with as many oars.

ἱσ-ἡρης, es, (ἴσος, ἄραρεν) equally fitted, equal.

ἱσθι, κνω, imperat. pf. of *εἶδω. II. ἱσθι, be, imperat. of εἰμί sum.

Ἰσθμια (sub. ἱερά), ον, τά, (ἱσθμός) the Isthmian games, holden on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence

ἱσθμαῖζω, f. ἄσω, to attend the Isthmian games.

Ἰσθμιάκός, ἡ, όν, (ἱσθμόν) of the Isthmus.

Ἰσθμιάς, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of Ἰσθμος: at Ἰσθμιάδης (sub. ἑορταί), the Isthmian games.

Ἰσθμιον, τό, (ἰσθμός) a necklace.

Ἰσθμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἰσθμός) of the Isthmus, Isthmian.

Ἰσθμόθεν, Adv. from the Isthmus; and

Ἰσθμόθι, Adv. on the Isthmus; and

Ἰσθμοί, Adv. on the Isthmus. From

ἰσθμός, οὐ, ὅ, (ἐλμι ἰβο) a neck: any narrow passage. 2. a neck of land between two seas, an isthmus: esp. as prop. n. the Isthmus of Corinth.

ἰσθμ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἰσθμός, εἶδος) like an isthmus.

Ἰσιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. of or belonging to Isis. From

Ἰσις, ἡ, gen. Ἰσιδος Ion. Ἰσιος: dat. Ἰσι: acc.

Ἰσιν:—Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the Greek Demeter, Lat. Ceres.

ἸΣΚΩ or ἰσχω, to make like; ἴσκε ψεύδεα πολλὰ λέγων ἐτύμοισιν ὁμοία speaking many lies he made them like truths.

II. to hold or think like; ἐμέ σοι ἴσκοντες thinking me like you: absol., ἴσκειν ἑαυτοῖς ἀνήρ each man imagined or supposed. III.

in late Poets, ἴσκε, ἴσκειν, = ἔλεγεν, be spake, said.

ἴσμεν, 1 pl. of οἶδα, for which Homer always uses οἶδμεν; v. εἶδω B.

ἰσο-βάρής, ἐς, (ἴσος, βάρος) of equal weight.

ἰσο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἴσος, δαίμων) godlike, equal to a god. II. equal in fortune or happiness.

ἰσο-διαίτος, ον, (ἴσος, διαίτα) living on an equal footing.

ἰσο-ζυγής, ἐς, (ἴσος, ζυγῆναι) equally balanced: equal.

ἰσό-θεός, ον, (ἴσος, θεός) equal to the gods, godlike.

ἰσο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ἴσος, κίνδυνος) equal to the danger.

ἰσο-κλήρος, ον, (ἴσος, κλήρος) equal in property.

ἰσο-κράτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, κράτος) of equal might or power, possessing equal privileges with others. Hence

ἰσοκράτια, ἡ, equality of power and rights, political equality.

ἰσ-ὁμαλός, ον, (ἴσος, ὁμαλός) equally level, nearly equal.

ἰσο-μήτωρ, Dor. for ἰσο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, μή-τηρ) like one's mother.

ἰσο-μάχος, ον, (ἴσος, μάχη) equal in the fight.

ἰσο-μεγέθης, ἐς, (ἴσος, μέγεθος) equal in size.

ἰσο-μέτωπος, ον, (ἴσος, μέτωπον) with equal forehead or front.

ἰσο-μήκης, ἐς, (ἴσος, μήκος) equal in length.

ἰσομοιρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἰσόμοιρος) to have an equal share: to take a share in a thing with another. Hence

ἰσομορία Ion. -τη, ἡ, a sharing equally, equal partnership.

ἰσό-μοιρος, ον, (ἴσος, μοῖρα) having an equal share of a thing; γῆς ἰσόμοιρος ἀήρ earth's equal partner air.

2. generally, equal, close, resembling; φάος σκότῳ ἰσόμοιον light close akin to darkness.

ἰσό-μορος, ον, (ἴσος, μῶρος) = ἰσόμοιρος, resembling.

ἰσ-ὄνειρος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνειρος) dream-like, vacant.

ἰσό-νεκός, vos, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, νέκος) dying the same death.

ἰσονομέομαι, Pass. (ἰσόνομος) to have equal rights.

Hence

ἰσονομία, ἡ, equality of rights, political equality.

ἰσό-νομος, ον, (ἴσος, νόμος) having equal rights, enjoying freedom.

ἰσό-παις, παῖδος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἴσος, παῖς) like a child.

ἰσο-πάλειστος, ον, (ἴσος, παλαιστή) a span long.

ἰσοπαλέω, f. ἴσω, to be a match for. From

ἰσο-πλήτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλάη) equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal.

ἰσό-πάλος, ον, = ἰσοπαλής.

ἰσό-πεδον, τό, level ground, a flat: neut. from

ἰσό-πεδος, ον, (ἴσος, πέδον) of even surface, level.

ἰσο-πλάτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλάτος) equal in breadth.

ἰσο-πλάτων, ανος, ὅ, (ἴσος, Πλάτων) a second Plato.

ἰσο-πληθής, ἐς, (ἴσος, πληθός) equal in number or quantity.

ἰσό-πρεσβυς, v, (ἴσος, πρέσβυς) like an old man.

ἰσορροπία, ἡ, equilibrium. From

ἰσόρροπος, ον, (ἴσος, ῥοπή) equally balanced, in equilibrium: equally matched.

ἸΣΟΣ, ἴση, ἴσων, Att. ἴσος [Ὶ], ἴση, ἴσων, Ep. also εἶσος [Ὶ]:—equal to, the same as, like; ἴσα πρὸς ἴσα measure for measure; ἴσος καὶ . . , equally with; ἴσων ἐμοί equally with me. II. equally divided or distributed, equal; ἴση μοῖρα an equal portion, also ἴση alone (sub. μοῖρα); τὸ ἴσον and τὰ ἴσα, an equal share, fair measure; προστυχεῖν τῶν ἴσων to obtain one's dues: hence fair, reasonable, ἴσος ἀνὴρ a fair, upright man.

2. at Athens, of the equal division of all civic rights; τὸ ἴσον equality; ἡ ἴση (sub. τιμωρία) punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment; ἴσαι (sub. ψήφοι) votes equally divided.

III. of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. aequus; εἰς τὸ ἴσον καταβαίνειν, Lat. in aequum descendere; δι' ἴσου at an equal distance or interval.

IV. Adv. ἴσως, q. v.: but neut. sing. and pl. ἴσων Att. ἴσων, ἴσα Att. ἴσα, are also used adverbially: in Att. ἴσα generally means equally, ἴσως perhaps:—so also ἔν ἴσων equally; ἐκ τοῦ ἴσου on an equal footing; ἐν ἴσῳ equally; cp. ἐπίσης.

V. Att. Comp. ἰσαίτερος.

ἰσοσκελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, σκέλος) with equal legs; ἰσοσκελὲς τρίγωνον a triangle with two sides equal.

ἰσοτέλεια, ἡ, (ἰσοτελής) equality of taxation.

ἰσο-τέλεστος, ον, (ἴσος, τελέω) accomplished for all alike.

ἰσο-τελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τέλος) paying alike, paying the same taxes: at Athens the ἰσοτελεῖς were a favoured class of μέτοικοι, who needed no patron (προστάτης), and paid no alien-duty (μετοίκιον), but had to pay taxes with the citizens.

ἰσο-τενής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τείνω) equally stretched.

ἰσότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἴσος) equality.

ἰσοτιμία, ἡ, equality of honour or privilege. From

ἰσό-τιμος, ον, (ἴσος, τιμή) held in equal honour: having the same privileges.

ἰσο-φάρίζω, (ἴσος, φέρω) Ep. Verb only used in pres. to match oneself with, cope with, vie with; ἰσοφάρίζειν

τινὶ ἔργα *to vie with one in accomplishments: generally, to be equal to.*

ἰσοφαρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ἰσοφαρίζω.

ἰσο-φόρος, *ον, (ἴσος, φέρω) bearing equal weights, equal in strength.*

ἰσο-χειλής, *ές, *or* ἰσό-χείλος, *ον, (ἴσος, χεῖλος) level with the edge or brim.**

ἰσό-χνοος, *ον, (ἴσος, χνόος) equally woolly with.*

ἰσοχρονόω, *φ. ἦσω, to be contemporary with. From*

ἰσό-χρονος, *ον, (ἴσος, χρόνος) equal in age or time.*

ἰσοψήφια, *φ, equal right to vote. From*

ἰσό-ψηφος, *ον, (ἴσος, ψήφος) having an equal number of votes. II. having an equal vote with*

others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchise.

III. *equal in numerical value, of words*

the letters of which make up the same sum.

ἰσό-ψυχος, *ον, (ἴσος, ψυχή) of equal spirit or soul:*

κράτος ἰσοψυχον power of like spirit with men.

ἰσώω, *φ. ἴσω, (ἴσος) to make equal; ἰσώσας τάφεσει*

τὰ τέρματα having made the winning-post even

with the starting-post, i.e. having run the whole

course:—Med., ὄνυχας χεῖράς τε ἰσώσαντο they made

their nails and hands alike, i.e. used them in like man-

ner:—Pass. to be made like or equal to.

ἰστάμεν, ἰστάμεναι, *Ep. for ἰσάναι, inf. of ἰστημι.*

ἴστασο, *pres. imperat. pass. of ἰστημι.*

ἴστω, *rare collat. form of ἰστημι, in 3 sing. pres.*

ἴστω, *and 3 sing. impf. ἴστα.*

ἴστε, *2 pl. of ἴδω, v. *εἶδω B.*

ἴσταται, *Ion. for ἴστανται.*

ἰστήμι (lengthd. from *ΣΤΑ/Ω):—the tenses of

ἰστημι are divided into causal and intrans.:—A. Causal,

to make to stand, pres. ἴστημι, impf. ἴσταν, fut.

στήσω, and aor. 1 ἔστησα, of Act. B. Intrans.

to stand, in aor. 2 ἔστην, pf. ἔστηκα, plqpf. ἐστή-

κειν, together with pres. pass. ἵσταμαι, impf. ἰστά-

μην, fut. σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι,

fut. 3 ἐστήξομαι), aor. 1 ἐστάθην [ᾶ], pf. ἔσταμαι,

plqpf. ἐστάμην. But the pres. ἵσταμαι, impf. ἰστά-

μην, as well as aor. 1 ἔστησάμην, must also be re-

garded as med., in which case they take a causal

sense, to place.

Epic forms: 3 sing. impf. ἵστασκε: 3 pl. aor. 1

Ep. ἔστασαν for ἔστησαν: syncop. dual and plur.

perf. ἔστατον, ἔσταμεν, ἔστατε (*or* ἔστητε), ἔστασι:

imperat. ἔσθathi; subj. ἐστώ; opt. ἐσταίην; inf. ἐστά-

ναι Ep. ἑστάμεν, ἐστάμεναι [ᾶ]; part. ἐστάς ἐσώσα,

ἐστάς (*or* ἐστός), gen. ἐστάως; Ion. ἐστεώς, ὠτος,

also ἐστήως (Homer uses gen. ἐστάδωτος, acc. ἐστάωτα,

nom. pl. ἐστάότες): aor. 2 στάσκον, es, e, 3 pl. ἔσαν,

στάν [ᾶ]; and 3 sing. subj. στήης, στήη for στήs,

στήη, 1 plur. στέωμεν and στείωμεν for στῶμεν: inf.

στήμεναι for στήναι.

A. Causal, *to make to stand, set, place. II.*

to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast,

fix. III. to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the

mast in a ship: to raise or erect buildings, to set up a

statue in one's honour; ἰσάναι τινα χαλκοῦν to set

up a person in brass, raise a brazen statue to him.

2. *to raise, raise up, stir; ἔην στήσαι*

to begin a quarrel. 3. to set up, appoint, estab-

lish. IV. to place in the balance, weigh; τι

πρός τι one thing against another.

B. Intrans. *to stand, be set or placed; with an*

Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; ἵνα χρεῖας

ἔσταμεν in what need we are:—στήναι εἰς . . or

παρά . . . to set oneself towards, go to. 2. to lie, be

situated. II. to stand still, take one's stand: to

stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease. III.

to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, ἵστα-

σθαι ὀρθός to rear up. 2. generally, to arise, be-

gin; ἔαρος νέον ἱσταμένοιο as spring was just begin-

ning; τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἱσταμένοιο

as one month ends and the next begins:—thus in

Homer the month is divided into two parts, μὴν ἱστά-

μενος and φθίνων; in the Attic Calendar the month,

which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three

parts of ten days each, called respectively, μὴν ἱστά-

μενος, μεσών, φθίνων. 3. to be appointed.

ἱστή, *Ion. for ἔστια.*

ἱστησθαι, *Ion. for εἰστιάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of εἰστιάω.*

ἱστητόριον, τό, *Ion. for ἑστιατήρ.*

ἱστίον, τό, (*ιστός*) *a thing woven, a web, cloth,*

sheet: a sail, ἀγκοισι χρῆσθαι ἱστίοις to keep the

sails reefed.

ἱστορ-άφος, *ον, (ἱστίον, ῥάπτω) sail-patching:*

metaph. a meddling, cheating fellow.

ἱστο-φόρος, *ον, (ἱστίον, φέρω) carrying sails.*

ἱστο-βοεύς, *γεν. —έως Ion. —ῆος, δ, (ἱστός, βοῦς) the*

plough-tree or pole.

ἱστο-βόγῃ, ἡ, =foreg.

ἱστο-δόκη, ἡ, (*ιστός, δέχομαι*) *the mast-bolder, a*

rest on which the mast was laid when let down.

ἵστον, 2 and 3 dual pf. of *εἶδω.

ἱστο-πέδη, ἡ, (*ιστός, πέδη*) *a hole in the keel for*

fixing the mast in.

ἱστο-πόνος, *ον, (ἱστός, πονέω) working at the loom.*

ἱστορέω, *φ. ἦσω, (ἵσωρ) to learn by inquiry: to in-*

quire of, question, c. acc. pers.: of things, to inquire

about something. II. to narrate what one has

learnt, narrate historically. Hence

ἱστορία, ἡ, a learning by inquiry: knowledge or in-

formation obtained by inquiry. II. a narration

of what one has learnt, historical narrative.

ἱστός, δ, (*ἵστημι*) *a ship's mast; ἱστὸν στήσαι *or**

*στήσασθαι to set up the mast: generally, a rod *or**

pole. II. the web-beam of the loom (which in

ancient looms stood upright), the loom; ἱστὸν ἐποίη-

σθαι to be busy about the beam, and so to weave. 2.

the warp that was fixed to the beam: the web.

ἱστό-ρονος, *ον, (ἱστός, τείνω) stretched on the web-*

beam.

ἱστ-ουργέω, *φ. ἦσω, (ἱστός, *ἐργω) to work at the loom.*

ἵτω, 3 sing. imperat. pf. of *εἶδω.

ἵτω, *Dor. gen. of ἱστός: but ἱστός, dat. of the same.*

ἵσωρ *or* ἵτωρ, *ορος, δ, ἡ, knowing, acquainted*

with, versed in: as Subst. one who knows law and right, a judge.

ισχάδιον, τό, Dim. of ισχάς. [ἀ]

ισχάδω-πώλις, ιδος, ἡ, (ισχάς, πωλέω) a woman who sells figs.

ισχ-αιμος, ον, (ισχω, αἷμα) quenching blood: ισχαιμον, τό, a styptic.

ισχαίνω, f. l. for ισχναίνω.

ισχᾶλεος, α, ον, poet. for ισχνός, dry, dried.

ισχανάβ, Ep. 3 sing. of ισχανάω.

ισχᾶνάω, Ep. lengthd. form of ισχάναω, ισχω, to hold back, check, binder:—Pass. to check oneself, wait.

II. intrans. to hold on by, cling to a thing, and so to desire eagerly.

ισχάναω, = ισχανάω, to check, binder: c. gen. to keep back from a thing. [ἀ]

ισχάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ισχνός) a dried fig.

ισχέμεν, ισχέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ισχω.

ισχεο, imperat. med. of ισχω.

ισχίον, τό, (ἰς, ισχύος) the socket in which the thigh-joint turns, the hip-joint:—in pl. the hips or loins.

ισχναίω, (ισχνός) to make thin, dry, withered:—Pass. to become so:—metaph., σφριγῶντα θυμὸν ισχναίνειν to bring down the proud stomach.

ισχνο-πάρεϊος, ον, (ισχνός, παρειά) with withered cheeks.

ισχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ισχω) thin, lean, withered, meagre.

II. of style, poor, meagre.

ισχνό-φωνος, ον, (ισχνός, φωνή) with thin or weak voice.

II. stuttering, stammering.

ισχυρίζομαι, f. ἵσσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ισχυρίσασθην: (ισχυρός): Dep.:—to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly: esp. to affirm obstinately:—Pass. to be strengthened, gain greater force.

ισχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ισχύω) strong, mighty, powerful. 2. stiff, firm, lasting, hard. 3. severe, great, excessive: κατὰ ισχυρόν by violence, force, opp. to δόλω. Hence

ισχυρός, Adv. strongly, stiffly, exceedingly, Lat. vehementer:—Sup. ισχυρότατα, most certainly.

ισχύς, ὕος, ἡ, (ἰς, ισχω) strength, force, might, esp. bodily strength. 2. a force of soldiers.

ισχύω, impf. ισχύνω: f. ισχύσω: aor. I ισχύσα [ῶ]: (ισχύς):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to have one's full powers, be in health and strength.

ισχω, a form of ἔχω, only found in pres., and in impf.

ισχον:—to hold, check, restrain: intr. to stop:—Med. to hold oneself in, check oneself: ισχεο bold! be still! c. gen., ισχέσθαι τινας to desist from a thing; ισχερο ἐν τούτῳ (impers.) here it stopped. II. later like ἔχω, to hold or possess. 2. to have to wife.

ισ-ωνία, ἡ, (ἴσος, ὤνῃ) a fair price.

ισ-ώνυμος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνομα) bearing the same name.

ἴσως, Adv. of ἴσος, equally, in like manner. II. fairly, equitably.

III. probably, perhaps: in Att. often joined with ἀν or τάχ' ἀν. IV. with numerals, about.

ἰσασαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of ἴσσω.

Ἰταλία Ion. -ἰη, ἡ, Italy. [first syll. long in hexam.]

Ἰταλίδης, ον, ὁ, poet. for Ἰταλιώτης.

Ἰταλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰταλος) Italian.

Ἰταλῖς, ιδος, peculiar fem. of Ἰταλικός.

Ἰταλιώτης, ον, ὁ, an Italiote, one of the Greek inhabitants of Italy: fem. Ἰταλιώτις, ιδος, Italian.

ἸΤΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, an Italian:—as Adj. Italian.

ἰτᾶμός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἴτης) headlong, basty.

ἸΤΕΑ Ion. -έη and -έλη, ἡ, a willow, Lat. salix. II. a wicker shield, a target. Hence

ιτέινος, ἡ, ον, of willow, made of willow, wicker.

ιτέον, verb. Adj. of εἰμι ἰβο, one must go.

ιτέων, Ep. 3 dual impf. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἴτης, ον, ὁ, (εἰμι ἰβο) basty, impetuous: impudent.

ἰτός, ἡ, ὄν, (εἰμι ἰβο) passable.

ἰτρίνεος, α, ον, like honey-cake. From

ἴτριον, τό, a cake, made of sesamé and honey.

ἴττω, Boeot. for ἴτω, 3 sing. pf. of *εἶδω; ἴττω Zeus be witness!

ἸΤΥΣ, vos, ἡ, the edge or rim of anything round, the fellow of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.

ἴτω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἴτων, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of εἰμι ἰβο.

ἰυγή, ἡ, (ἰύω) a bowling, shrieking, yelling.

ἰυγμός, ὁ, (ἰύω) a shouting, shout of joy: also a cry of pain, scream, shriek.

ἰυγέ or ἰυγέ, ἰυγγος, ἡ, (ἰύω) the wryneck, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience; it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. a love-charm, witchery: strong desire.

ἸΥΖΩ, fut. ἰύω: aor. I ἰύφα:—to shout, holla: also to bawl, shriek. (Formed from the sound.)

ἰυκτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἰύω) one who shouts or cries: a singer, whistler, piper. [ῖ]

ἰφθίμος, ἡ, ον, also os, ον, (ἰφί) strong, mighty, stout, stalwart: of women, goodly, comely.

ἸΦΙ, Ep. Adv. strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly: old poet. dat. from ἰς.

Ἰφί-γένειά, ἡ, (ἰφί, γένος) Iphigeneia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ἰφίανασσα.

ἰφιος, α, ον, (ἰφί) strong, mighty: of sheep, goodly.

ἸΦΙΤΟΝ, τό, a kind of poi-verb.

ἰχθυάζομαι, Dep. = ἰχθυάω.

ἰχθυάω, f. ἄσω, (ἰχθύς) to fish, angle: Ep. 3 sing.

ἰχθυάα, impf. ἰχθυάασκον.

ἰχθυόβηλος, f. ἡσω, to strike fish, spear them. From ἰχθύ-βόλος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βάλλω) striking or spearing fish; ἰχθ. θήρα a spoil of speared fish:—as Subst.,

ἰχθυόβηλος, ὁ, an harpooner, spearer.

ἰχθύ-βοτος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βόσκει) fed on by fish.

ἰχθύδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰχθύς, a little fish.

ἰχθύ-δόκος, ον, (ἰχθύς, δέχομαι) holding fish.

ἰχθυηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἰχθύς) fishy, scaly, foul.

ἰχθυο-βόλῳ, ἰχθυο-βόλος, = ἰχθυο-β.

ἰχθυο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) fish-shaped, fish-like,

ἰχθυόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἰχθύς) full of fish, fishy. II. consisting of fish.

ἰχθυο-θηρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, θηράω) a fisherman. ἰχθυο-λύμη, ου, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, λύμη) the plague or destruction of fish.

ἰχθυο-φάγος, ου, (ἰχθύς, φάγειν) fish-eating; οἱ ἰχθυοφάγοι ἄνδρες the fish-eaters, a tribe.

ἰχθυ-πάγης, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, παγγίαι) fish-piercing.

ἸΧΘΥ΄Σ, υος, ὁ: acc. ἰχθύν and later ἰχθύα: the nom. and acc. pl. ἰχθύες, ἰχθύας are contr. into ἰχθύς:—a fish, Lat. *piscis*. II. plur. οἱ ἰχθύες, the fish-market. [ῥ in sing. nom. and acc., ῥ in genit. and in all compds.]

ἰχθυσι-ληστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, ληστής) a stealer of fish.

ἰχθυ-φάγος, ου, = ἰχθυοφάγος. [ᾱ]

ἰχθυ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) = ἰχθυοειδής: full of fish.

ἰχναῖος, α, ου, (ἰχνος) following on the track.

ἰχνεῖα, ἦ, (ἰχνεύω) a casting about for the scent.

ἰχνη-ελάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἰχνος, ελαύνω) one who follows in the track, a tracker out.

ἰχνεύμιον, ονος, ὁ, (ἰχνεύω) the tracker: an Egyptian animal of the weasel kind, the ichneumon or Pharaoh's rat, which bunts out crocodiles' eggs.

ἰχνευσίς, εως, ἦ, (ἰχνεύω) a tracking.

ἰχνευτής, ου, ὁ, a tracker, hunter. 2. the ichneumon: and

ἰχνευτικός, ἦ, ὅν, good at tracking. From

ἰχνεύω, f. σαι, (ἰχνος) to track or trace out, hunt after.

ἰχνιον, τό, (ἰχνος) a track, trace, footstep.

ἰχνο-πέδη, ἦ, (ἰχνος, πέδη) a kind of fetter or trap.

ἸΧΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a track, footstep: metaph. a track, trace, mark, clue.

ἰχνο-σκοπέω, (ἰχνος, σκοπέω) to examine the track.

ἸΧΝΥ΄, ὥρος, ὁ, ichor, the fluid that flows in the veins of gods: Ep. acc. ἰχῶ, for ἰχῶρα.

ἰψ, ὁ, gen. ἰπός, nom. pl. ἰπες: (ἵπτομαι):—a worm that eats horn and wood. [ῖ]

ἰψαιο, 2 sing. aor. 1 of ἵπτομαι.

ἰω, subj. of εἰμι ibo.

ἰω, contr. for ἰάου, imperat. of ἰάομαι.

ἰώ, io! O! an exclamation of joy, as in Lat. *io triumphe*! but Att. also of fear, sorrow, etc., ob!

ἰώ, ἰών, ἰώγα and ἰώνγα, Boeot. for ἐγώ, ἐγών, and ἔγωγε.

ἰωγή, ἦ, (ἰέναι) shelter; Βορέω ὑπ' ἰωγῇ under shelter from the north wind.

ἰωή, ἦ, (ἰά, ἰώ) any loud sound; the sound of the lyre; the roaring or whistling of the wind; the sound of footsteps.

ἰώκα, heterocl. acc. of ἰωκή, as if from ἰώξ.

ἰωκή, ἦ, (διώκω) the battle-din, the rout, pursuit.

ἰών, ἰώνγα, v. ἰώ, ἰών.

ἸΩΝ, ανος, ὁ, Ion, son of Xuthus (or Apollo) and Creüsa, from whom sprung the Ionian race; οἱ Ἰωνες the Ionians. [ῖ]

ἰωνιά, ἀς, ἦ, (ἰόν) a violet-bed, Lat. *violarium*.

Ἵωνικός, ἦ, ὅν, (Ἵων) Ionic, Ionian:—Adv. —κῶς, in the Ionic fashion, softly, effeminately.

ἰώτα, the smallest letter in the Greek alphabet, hence in N. T. an *iota*, a jot.

ἰωχμός, ὁ, = ἰωκή, ἀν' ἰωχμόν in chase, pursuit.

K

Κ, κ, κάππα, τό, indecl., tenth letter in Greek Alphabet. As numeral κ' = 20, but κ = 20,000. κ is near akin to γ and χ; hence the older Att. changed χνός into κνός, γνάπτω into κνάπτω, βέγχω into βέγκω; so the Ion. χιτών into κιθών, δέχομαι into δέκομαι, etc.—γ before κ, as in ἄγκαθεν, is pronounced like our ng.

κᾶ, Dor. for the Ion. κε, = the Att. ἄν.

καββάλε, Ep. for κατέβαλε, aor. 2 of καταβάλλω.

καββάς, poet. for καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of καταβαίνω.

Κάβειροι, οἱ, the Cabeiri, divinities worshipped by the Pelasgians in Lemnos and Samothrace: they were represented as dwarfs, and were called sons of Hephaistos or Vulcan, as being masters in the art of working metals.

κάγ, Ep. for κατά before γ, as κὰγ γόνυ.

κάγκανος, ου, (καῶ) fit for burning, dry.

καγχάω, fut. ἄσω, = καχάω. Hence

καγχᾶλῶ, to laugh aloud, Lat. *cacinnor*; Ep. 3

pl. καγχαλῶσιν; Ep. part. καγχαλῶν, —όωσα.

κάγχρῦς, see κάχρῦς.

κᾶγ, crisis for καὶ ἐγώ.

κᾶδ, Ep. for κατά before δ, as κὰδ δέ.

καδδραθέτην, Ep. for κατεδραθέτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of καταδραθάνω.

καδδύναμιν, Ep. for κατὰ δύναμιν.

καδδύσαι, Ep. for καταδύσαι, nom. pl. aor. 2 part. fem. of κατadύω.

καδεμών, Dor. for κηδεμών.

καδσκοος, ὁ, Dim. of κάδος: the balloting-urn.

Καδμεῖος, α, ου, (Κάδμος) Cadmean; οἱ Καδμεῖοι the Cadmeans or ancient inhabitants of Thebes; ἡ Καδμεία the citadel of Thebes. Proverbial, Καδμεία νίκη a Cadmean victory, i.e. dear-bought victory (from the story of Polyneices and Eteocles).

Καδμείων, ανος, ὁ, (Κάδμος) a descendant of Cadmus, Theban.

Καδμήϊος, ἦ, ου, Ep. and Ion. for Καδμείος.

Καδμήϊς, ἰδος, Ep. and Ion. fem. of Καδμείος.

Κάδμος, ὁ, Cadmos; son of the Phoenician king Agenor, brother of Europa, founder of Thebes in Boeotia, who brought from Phoenicia the old Greek alphabet of sixteen letters, hence called Καδμήϊα γράμματα, which was afterwards increased by the eight Ionic, η ω θ φ χ ζ ξ ψ.

κάδος, ὁ, (χαδεῖν) *a pail, jar, cask, Lat. cadus.* II. *an urn or box for collecting the votes.* [ἀ]

κάδος, εὖς, τό, Dor. for κῆδος.

Κάειρα, ἡ, fem. of Κάρ, *a Carian woman.*

Adj. fem. for Καρική, *Carian.*

κάεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of καίω.

κάήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of καίω.

καήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of καίω.

κάθᾱ, Adv., contr. from κατὰ, ᾧ, *according as.*

καθ-ἀγίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, (κατά, ἀγίζω) *to devote or dedicate by fire.* II. *to burn as a sacrifice, burn as incense: devour.* Hence

καθαγισμός, ὁ, *a devoting or dedication by fire.* II. *a burning of a dead body: funeral rites.*

καθ-αγνίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, (κατά, ἀγνός) *to make pure, cleanse, hallow.* II. *to offer as an atonement or expiation.*

καθαμακτός, ὄν, *bloodstained, bloody.* From

καθ-αμάσσω, f. ἴω, (κατά, αμάσσω) *to make bloody, stain with blood.*

καθ-αμᾶτῶν, = καθαιμάσσω.

καθαίρεσις, εὖς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) *a putting down, destroying: a pulling down, demolishing.*

καθαίρετός, ἔα, εὖν, and καθαίρετός, ἁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καθαίρω, *to be put down: to be accomplished.*

καθαίρετης, οὐ, ὁ, *a destroyer.* From

καθ-αίρω Ion. καταίρειν: fut. ἦσω: fut. 2 καθελῶ: aor. 2 καθέλων, inf. καθελείν:—*to take down; καθελείν ἱστία to lower the sails; ὀφθαλμούς καθελείν to close the eyes of the dead; καθαίρειν σελήνην to bring down the moon, Lat. coelo deducere lunam: generally, to take down anything hung up; hence Med., καθαίρεισθαι τὰ τόξα to take down one's bow from the peg.* 2. *to take down by force, pull down, overpower: also to demolish, destroy: also to humble, reduce; esp. to depose: of a decree or resolution, to cancel, rescind it: as law-term, to condemn.* 3. *to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve: Med., καταίρεσθαι μεγάλα πράγματα to achieve great feats.* 4. *like αἰρεῖν, to take and carry off, seize.*

καθαίρω, fut. καθάρῶ: aor. I ἐκάθην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκαθάρην: pf. κεκάθαμαι: (καθαρός):—*to make pure or clean, cleanse:—in religious sense, to cleanse, purify, purge: Med. to have oneself purified.* II. *to purge off, wash away, to cleanse away, atone for, expiate.*

καθ-άλλομαι, fut. -αλούμαι: aor. I καθήλαμην: Dep.:—*to leap down, Lat. desilire: of a storm, to rush down.*

κάδαμμα, ατος, τό, (καθάπτω) *anything tied, a knot, κάδαμμα λύνει λόγον to untie a knotty point.*

καθ-άνω, Att. for κατανύω.

καθ-άπαξ, Adv. *once for all: altogether.*

καθᾱ-περ Ion. onceπερ, Adv. = καθᾱ with enclit. περ, *even as, just as.*

καθαπτός, ὅν, *fastened on or to; καθαπτός δοραῖς clad in skins.* From

καθ-άπτω, f. ψω: aor. I καθήψα: (κατά, ἄπτω):—*to tie or fasten on:—Pass., βρόχῳ καθημμένος (pf.*

part.) *fastened or attached to a noose.*

2. = καθάπτομαι, *to lay bold of.*

II. Med. καθάπτομαι, fut. -άψομαι:—*to lay bold of, fasten upon, esp. to accost one.*

3. *to assail, attack, upbraid.* 3. *to appeal to one as witness, claim as a witness, Lat. antestari.*

καθᾱρεύον, *one must keep clean, be pure, τινός from a thing: verb. Adj. from*

καθᾱρεύω, f. σω, (καθαρός) *to be clean or pure: esp. to be clear or free from guilt.*

καθᾱρίζω, fut. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, = καθαίρω, *to cleanse, purify, make clean.*

καθάριος, ον, (καθαρός) *cleanly, neat.* Hence

καθᾱριότης, ητος, ἡ, *cleanliness, neatness.*

καθᾱρισμός, ὁ, (καθαρίζω) *a cleansing, purifying.*

κάθαρος, ατος, τό, (καθαίρω) *that which is thrown away in cleansing: in pl. off-scourings, defilement.* II. *metaph. a worthless fellow, castaway, outcast.* III. *a space purified with proper rites; ἐντὸς καθάρματος within the purified ground.*

καθ-αρμόζω, f. σω, *to join or fit to.*

καθᾱρμός, ὁ, (καθαίρω) *a cleansing, purifying.* 2. *an atonement, expiation.*

ΚΑΘΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, *clean, pure, spotless, unsoiled, of garments.* II. *clear, open, free; ἐν καθάρῳ (sub. τόπῳ) in an open space, in a place clear from dead bodies; ἐν καθάρῳ ἡλίῳ in the open sun, opp. to the shade.* III. *in moral sense, with clean hands, pure, free from offence.* IV. *pure, bright, clear; hence genuine, true.* V. *generally, perfect, complete, effective; τὸ καθαρὸν τοῦ στρατοῦ the portion of the army fit for service.* Hence

καθᾱρότης, ητος, ἡ, *cleanness, purity.*

καθ-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄξω, *to tear or snatch down.*

καθᾱρσιος, ον, (καθαίρω) *cleansing, purifying, expiatory.* II. as Subst., τὸ καθᾱρσιον (sub. ἱερὸν), *an expiatory sacrifice: purification, expiation.*

καθᾱρσις, εὖς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) *a cleansing, purification.*

καθᾱρτής, οὐ, ὁ, (καθαίρω) *a cleanser, purifier.*

καθεδούμαι, fut. of καθέζομαι.

καθ-έδρα, (κατά, ἔδρα) ἡ, *a seat; ἡ καθέδρα τοῦ λαγῶ the hare's seat or form.* II. *a sitting still, lounging, delaying.*

καθ-έζομαι, impf. καθεζόμεν, but also ἐκαθεζόμεν (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθεδούμαι: aor. I part. καθεσθείς: Dep.:—*to sit down, sit still, to linger, tarry: to sit as suppliants: of an army, to sit down in a country, take up a position.*

κάθηκα, Ep. and Ion. aor. I of καθίμι.

καθίατο, Ep. for ἐκάθηντο, 3 pl. impf. of καθίμι.

καθεῖλον, aor. 2 of καθαίρω.

καθεῖμαι, pf. pass. of καθίμι.

καθ-εγγύω and καθέιργω, Att. for κατ-: f. -είργω: aor. I -εἴργα: (κατά, εἰργω):—*to shut up, enclose, confine.*

καθ-εἰς, for καθ' εἰς, *one by one, one after another; also εἰς καθεῖς, for εἰς καθ' ἕνα.*

καθίσα, Ep. aor. I of καθίζω.

καθεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατέχει) to be held back.

καθελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καθαίρειν.

καθ-ελίσσω, f. ἔω, to wrap round, infold: Ion. plqpf.

pass. κατειλίσσας, for κατειλιγμένοι ἦσαν.

καθ-ελέω, f.-έλω or -ελένω (as if from -ελένω):

aor. 1 καθελέωσα: pf. κατέλεκα:—Pass., aor. 1 κα-

θελεῖσθην: pf. κατέλεικται:—to draw down, esp.

of ships, to launch, Lat. deduco.

καθελοῖσα, Dor. for καθελοῦσα, fem. of καθελῶν.

καθελῶ, fut. of καθαίρειν.

καθελών, aor. 2 part. of καθαίρειν.

καθ-έννυμι, to clothe; see καταέννυμι.

καθεῖς, Adv. (κατά, ἔχω) in order, in succession.

καθεῖς, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a biding, keeping bold of.

καθεῖω, fut. of κατέχω.

κάθ-ερμα, atos, τό, (κατά, ἔρμα) a necklace.

καθ-έρπω, f. -ερίπσω (as if from -ερίπω): aor. 1

καθερίπσω: (κατός, ἔρπω):—to creep or steal down:

metaph. of the first down, to steal down the cheek.

κάθες, aor. 2 imperat. of καθήμι.

καθεσθῆς, aor. 1 part. pass. of καθέζομαι.

καθεσταμεν, Ep. 1 pl. pf. of καθίστημι.

καθεστηκώς, νία, ός, pf. part. of καθίστημι.

καθεστήξω, fut. 3 of καθίστημι, with intr. sense.

καθεστώτα, αν, τά, syncop. part. pf. plur. neut. of

καθίστημι, existing laws, customs, usages.

καθ-εύδω: impf. Ep. καθεῖδων, Att. also καθῦδον

and ἐκάβευδον: fut. καθευδήσω:—to lie down to sleep,

sleep, slumber: metaph. to rest, be at rest.

καθ-ευρίσκω, f. -ρήσω, to find out, discover.

καθ-εψιλόμαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, ἐψιλόμαι): Dep.:

—to mock at, deride: Ep. 3 pl. κατεψιλόνται.

καθ-έψω, fut. -εψήσω, (κατά, ἔψω) to boil down, di-

gest.

II. metaph. to soften, temper.

κάθηκ, Att. for κάθησαι, 2 sing. of κάθημι.

καθηγεμών, όνος, ό, ἡ, (κατά, ἡγεμών) a leader, guide.

καθ-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: (κατά, ἡγήομαι): Dep.:

—to lead the way, be guide: hence to shew the way in

doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe,

Lat. praeire verbis. Hence

καθηγητής, οὔ, ό, a leader, guide, teacher.

καθήγησα, aor. 1 of καθάγιζω.

καθήγημισα, aor. 1 of καθαγίζω.

καθ-ηδύπαθέω, f. ἡσω, (κατά, ἡδυπαθέω) to squander

in luxury.

καθήκα, aor. 1 of καθίμι.

καθ-ήκω, f. ἔω, (κατά, ἤκω) to come or go down, go

down to fight.

2. to come down to, come or reach

to, extend to.

II. to reach as far as, to suffice or

be enough for a thing: to be meet, proper. — 2. part.,

τὸ καθήκον, όντος, and τὰ καθήκοντα, that which is

meet or proper, one's duty: but also τὰ καθήκοντα =

τὰ καθεστώτα, the present state of things, circum-

stances.

καθ-ηλιάζω, (κατά, ἥλιος) to bring the sun in upon,

to illuminate.

κάθ-ημαι: imperat. κάθησο; subj. κάθωμαι; opt.

καθόμην; inf. καθῆσθαι; part. καθήμενος: impf.

ἐκάθημην:—properly perf. of καθέζομαι, to have seated oneself, to be seated, sit: of judges, to have taken their seats in court: generally, to take up one's abode, sojourn, dwell: in bad sense, to sit idle, be listless, lie unemployed: of an army, to encamp: to lie in wait.

καθ-ημέριος, α, ον, also καθημερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (καθ' ἡμέραν) happening every day, daily.

κάθηρα, Ep. for ἐκάθηρα, aor. 1 of καθαίρω.

κάθησθε, 2 pl. of κάθημι: but καθῆσθε, 2 pl. Ep. impf. of same.

κάθησο, imperat. of κάθημι:—καθήστω, 3 sing. impf.

κάθησθον, impf. of καθέωδω.

καθ-ιδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]:—Causal of καθέζομαι, to make to sit down, set down: to establish, institute: of sacred things, to consecrate:—Pass. to sit down, settle.

καθ-ιερμαι, Pass. of καθίμι.

καθ-ιερῶ, f. ὥσω, to dedicate, consecrate, devote,

hallow.

καθ-ίζανω, (κατά, ἴζω) to sit down.

καθίζεο, Dor. for καθίζου, med. imperat. of sq.

καθ-ίζω: impf. καθίζον or καθίζων Att. ἐκάθιζον (as

if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθίσω Att. καθιῶ

Dor. καθίζω: aor. 1 ἐκάθισα Dor. κάθισα, Ep.

part. καθίσσας: another Ep. form of aor. 1 is καθεῖσα,

also written καθίσα, always used in Causal sense:

(κατά, ἴζω): I. Causal, to make to sit down;

ἀγορὰς καθίσαι to make an assembly be seated, i. e.

open one: generally, to set, appoint, constitute.

2. to place or settle in a place, establish.

3. to place one in a certain condition, make one so and so.

II. intr. to sit down, be seated, sit, esp. to sit at meals:

of an army, to sit down in a country, encamp.

καθ-ιζμι, fut. καθήσω: aor. 1 καθήκα Ep. καθέκα:

pf. καθεῖκα, pass. καθεῖμαι: (κατά, ἔμμι):—to send

down, let down, let fall, Lat. demitto; καθιέναι τὴν

ἀγκυραν to let go the anchor; καθιέναι καταπειρη-

τηρίην to let down a sounding-line, hence absol.,

καθιέναι to sound:—metaph. to put forward, attempt:

—Pass. to be carried down, reach or stretch down sea-

wards; καθεῖτο τὰ τεῖχη the walls were carried down

to the sea.

II. to send down into the place of

contest, enter for a contest.

III. intr. to come

down upon, attack.

καθίκεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 of καθικνέομαι.

καθ-ικτεύω, to intreat earnestly.

καθ-ικνέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι: aor. 2 -ἴκωμην: (κατά,

ἴκνέομαι): Dep. —to come down, come to, reach to:

hence to touch, probe.

καθ-ιμάω, f. ἡσω, (κατά, ἰμάω) to let down by a rope.

καθίξας, Dor. for καθίσας, aor. 1 part. of καθίζω.

καθίζη, Dor. for καθίσα, 2 sing. aor. 1 of καθίζω.

καθ-ιπτάομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep. —to ride down,

overrun with horse: generally, to trample down.

καθ-ιπτεύω, f. σω, to ride down, trample under foot.

καθίστα, Att. aor. 1 of καθίζω.

καθίστα or -τη, for καθίσταθι, imperat. of καθίστημι.

καθ-ιστάνω and καθ-ιστάω, forms of the pres. καθ-

ίστημι.

καθ-ίστημι: I. in Causal sense, pres. καθίστημι, impf. καθίστην, fut. καταστήσω, aor. I κατέστησα: so also of the Med., pres. καθιστάμαι, impf. καθιστάμην, aor. I κατέστηκα:—to set down, put down: bring down to a place and set there; καταστήσαι νῆα to bring a ship to land, put in. 2. to settle, ordain, appoint, establish, put in train: generally, to set in order, arrange: also to restore:—Med. to appoint for oneself, choose: to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state. II. Intrans.

in aor. 2 κατέστην, pf. καθέστηκα, plqpf. καθέστηκειν, and in all tenses of Pass.:—to be placed, set down: to settle oneself. 2. to be set, established, appointed.

3. to stand quiet or calm; πνεῦμα καθέστηκες a calm: of persons, to become calm and composed. 4. to be in a certain state; εὖ καταστήναι to come to a good issue. 5. to be usual or customary; to be or become: καθέστηκες Ion. κατεστώς, existing, established; τὰ καθεστῶτα existing laws, customs, usages.

καθιστώντες, pres. part. pl. of καθιστάω.

καθ-ό, Adv. for καθ' ὅ, in so far as, according as.

καθολικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κάθολος) general, universal.

καθ-όλου, for καθ' ὅλου, as Adv. on the whole, in general, generally.

καθ-ομολογέω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ὁμολογέω) to confess. II. to promise, engage.

καθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: to equip or array fully.

καθ-οράω, f. κατόψομαι formed from κατόπτομαι: pf. καθεώρακα: aor. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (cf. εἶδον):—to look down. II. trans. to look down upon: generally, to view, see, behold: to perceive, observe.

καθ-ορμάω, f. ἤσω, to set in motion, impel. I. καθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to bring into harbour, bring to anchor or moorage: and in Pass., with aor. I med. καθωρμίσμην, to come into harbour, put in. 2. generally, to bring into a certain condition.

καθ-οσιόω, f. ὤσω, (κατά, ὄσιος) to offer sacrifice:—so also in Med. to offer on one's own part.

καθ-ότι, used as Adv. for καθ' ὅτι, in what manner. καθοῦ, for καθέσο, aor. 2 med. imperat. of καθήμι.

καθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to treat despitefully, to insult wantonly. II. absol. to wax insolent.

καθ-υδρος, ον, (κατά, ὑδωρ) full of water: καθύδρος κρατήρ a cup of water, periphr. for water itself.

καθ-υμνέω, f. ἤσω, to sing of, to descant upon.

καθ-υπεράκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὑπεράκοντιζω):—to shoot beyond another, excel in shooting.

καθ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὑπερθε) Adv. from above, down from above. 2. on the upper side, above; c. gen., καθύπερθε Χίου above Chios. 3. of Time, before.

καθ-ὑπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. of καθύπερθε, upper, higher, above: of persons, having the upper hand, superior. Sup. καθυπέρτατος, η, ον, highest, uppermost.

καθ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise earnestly.

καθ-υπνώω, f. ὤσω, to be fast asleep: also in Med. καθ-υποκρίνομαι: Dep. (κατά, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to deceive by false appearances. II. c. inf. to pretend to be other than one is, personate some person or thing.

καθ-υφίημι, f.-υφήσω: (κατά, ὑφίημι):—to let loose, let go, hence to give up, betray. 2. intr. to slacken one's exertions.

3. Med., καθυφιεσθαι τινι to give way, yield: also to slacken in one's exertions.

καθ-ῶμαι, subj. of καθήμαι, καθώς, Adv. (κατά, ὥς) according as, as.

ΚΑΙ, Conjunct., and, also. I. joining words and sentences, like Lat. et, while enclit. τε answers to Lat. que: when in Prose two words or clauses are closely combined, τε καί are often used, ἀρκτοὶ τε καὶ λέοντες bears and lions, both as creatures of one kind; θαυμάζονται ὡς σοφοὶ τε καὶ εὐτυχεῖς γεγεννημένοι they are admired both as wise and fortunate.

II. also, used to make a single word or clause emphatic, ἐπειτά με καὶ λίποι αἰῶν then let life also forsake me. 2. with Participles or Adjectives, καί may be rendered by though, although, albeit, as, Ἐκτορα, καὶ μεμαῶτα, μάχης στήσεσθαι δῖω Hector will I keep away, how much soever or although he rage. 3. even, to increase or diminish the force of words, esp. with a Comp., as, θεὸς καὶ ἀμείνων ἵππους δωρήσαιο; καί is often used in this way before οὗτος; with neut. pl., καὶ ταῦτα and that, and besides, especially; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ, καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is worse than a judge, and that an old one (i.e. especially an old one). 4. also in diminishing, ἴμενος καὶ καπνὸν ἀποθράσσκοντα νοήσαι he longs to see even the smoke rising, i.e. were it but the smoke, only the smoke; οἷς ἡδὺ καὶ λέγειν with whom 'tis sweet only to speak.

III. as, after ὁμοιος, ἴσος, ὁ αὐτός, like Lat. ac, atque after aequae, simul, perinde, etc.; γνώμησι χρέοντο ὁμοίησι καὶ σύ they held the same opinion as you. IV. of number, about; καὶ ἐς ἑβδομήκοντα about to the number of 70.

καιάδας, ον, Dor. α, ὁ, a cbasm or underground cavern at Sparta, into which state-criminals were thrown, like the Athenian βάραθρον. (Lacon. word.)

καὶ γάρ, for truly, to confirm a prop. which of itself is tolerably certain; καὶ γὰρ δὴ for of a surety.

καί . . γε, and indeed, Lat. et . . quidem, to introduce something more emphatic; καὶ λήν κενὸς γε ἐουκότης κείται ὀλέθρῳ and indeed very deserved. Γε is always separated from καί by one or more words.

καὶ δὲ, and even, also even. II. and indeed, certainly: in answers, yes indeed, by all means, Lat. et certe, et vero. III. supposing it to be the case, Lat. fac ita esse. IV. καὶ δὲ καὶ and besides that also, and moreover.

καὶ εἰ, even if, although, supposing that, where the thing may really exist or not: whereas with εἰ καὶ the thing is supposed as existing.

καίμεν, Ep. for καίμεν.

καί κε, καὶ κεν, Ep. for καὶ ἄν, κἄν.

κακίας, ον, ὁ, the north-east wind.

καὶ μάλα, καὶ μάλα γε, *aye and very much.*

καὶ μὴν, and verily, and certainly, Lat. *et vero.* II. and further, and besides. III. in answers, well, be it so.

καινίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (καινός) to make new, to have new; καὶ τι καινίζει στήλη the house has something new about it; καινίσον ζυγόν bear thy new yoke; καινίσαι εὐχάς to offer strange, new-fangled prayers.

καινο-παθής, ἐς, (καινός, παθεῖν) newly suffered, never before suffered.

καινο-πηγής, ἐς, (καινός, πήγνυμι) newly fastened, new-made.

καινο-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (καινός, πήμα) newly suffering, new to suffering.

καινο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (καινός, ποιέω) to make new, renew: in Pass., τί καινοποιεῖν λέγεις; what new phrases art thou using? Hence

καινοποιήτης, οὗ, ὁ, an inventor of new pleasures.

ΚΑΙΝΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, new, fresh, Lat. recens; καινοὶ λόγοι news; ἐκ καινῆς (sub. ἀρχῆς) anew, afresh, Lat. *de novo.* II. newly introduced, new-fangled,

strange; καινοὶ θεοὶ strange gods.

καινό-τάφος, ον, (καινός, τάφος) of a new tomb.

καινότης, ἡ, (καινός) newness, freshness: novelty.

καινοτομέω, f. ἴσω, (καινοτόμος) to cut fresh into;

in mining, to open a new vein; metaph. to begin something new, institute anew; to make innovations

in the state, Lat. *res novas tentare.* Hence

καινοτομία, ἡ, a cutting anew: innovation.

καινο-τόμος, ον, (καινός, τεμνέω) cutting newly: beginning something new, innovating.

καινουργέω, f. ἴσω, (καινουργός) to make new. II.

to innovate, make innovations. Hence

καινουργία, ἡ, innovation.

καιν-ουργός, ὄν, (καινός, *εργω) making new, innovating: τὸ καινουργεῖν a novelty.

καινώω, f. ὥσω, (καινός) to make new, innovate:—

Pass. to become fond of novelty or innovation. II.

to devote anew, consecrate, dedicate.

καὶ νύ κε, and now perbaps.

ΚΑΙΝΥΜΑΙ, impf. ἐκαινύμην [ῥ]: pf. (in pres.

sense) κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, plqpf. (in impf. sense)

ἐκεκάσμην, formed as if from κάω:—to surpass,

excel; ἐκαίνυτο φύλ' ἀνθρώπων κυβερνήσαι he sur-

passed mankind in steering; ἐγγχείρ ἐκέκαστο Πανέλ-

ληνας he excelled all the Greeks in throwing the spear;

so in part., δόλοισι κεκασμένος surpassing all in wiles;

but κεκασμένος also well-furnished.

καὶ νῦν, and now, even now.

ΚΑΙΝΩ, fut. κἀνώ: aor. 2 κἄνων, inf. κἄνεῖν: pf.

κῆκονα:—to kill, slay, slaughter.

καὶ-περ, (καὶ περ) although, albeit.

καὶ πῶς; and how? but how? when a thing is sup-

posed to be impossible: only interrog.

καὶ ἅ, Ep. and then, and so.

καίριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (καίρος) in season, sea-

sonable, happening at the right or critical time, Lat.

opportunus:—also lasting for a season.

II. of Place, in or at the right or critical place; of the parts of the body, vital; ἐν καιρίῳ or κατὰ καιρίον in a vital part:—of wounds, deadly, mortal; καίρια (sub. πληγῇ) a mortal wound: generally, τὰ καιρία acci-

dents. Hence

καίριος, Adv. seasonably.

II. mortally.

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, due measure, right proportion, fitness;

καιροῦ πέρα beyond measure, unduly. II. of

Time, the right season, the right time for action, the

critical moment, Lat. *opportunitas*: generally, conve-

nience, advantage, profit; πρὸς καιρόν, or absol. και-

ρόν, at the right or proper time, in season, opportunely;

ἐν καιρῷ τινι εἶναι or γίνεσθαι to suit one's conve-

nience, be of service to him; κατὰ καιρόν in due

season, Lat. *dextro tempore*; but, ἀπὸ or ἀνέν καιροῦ

or παρὰ καιρόν, out of season, Lat. *alieno tem-*

pore. III. of Place, the right point, right spot:

also a vital part of the body.

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, the webbing or thrums to which the

threads of the warp are fastened. Hence

καιροσέων, a gen. pl. in Od. 7. 107, καιροσέων ἰθο-

νέων ἀπολείβεται ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον from the close-woven

linen-cloths trickles off the liquid oil. It seems to be

for καιροέσων, gen. pl. fem. of καιροίς.

καιρο-φύλακέω, f. ἴσω, (καιρός, φυλακή) to watch

for the right time, Lat. *tempora observare.*

καὶ ταῦτα, and that, and besides, especially.

καὶ τοι or καί-τοι, and indeed: and yet, alibough.

ΚΑΙΝ, Att. κάω [ᾱ]: impf. ἐκαίον Att. ἐκάον Ep.

κεῖον: fut. κἄωσθαι: aor. 1 ἐκαυσα, Att. also ἐκεα, Ep.

ἐκηα or ἐκεια (or without augm. κῆα, κεία):—Pass.,

aor. 1 ἐκῆσθην: aor. 2 ἐκᾶν: pf. κέκαυμαι: I.

to burn, kindle, set on fire:—Med. to kindle fires for

oneself:—Pass. to be set on fire, take fire, burn. II.

to burn up, consume: to scorch, shrivel up.

κάκ, Ep. for κατὰ before κ, as in κάκ κεφαλῇς.

κάκ, crasis for καὶ ἐκ.

κάκ-ἄγγελος, ον, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) bringing ill

tidings.

κάκ-ἄγγελτος, ον, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) caused by ill

tidings; κακᾶγγελα ἄχ the sorrow of ill tidings.

κακ-ἄγορος, Dor. for κακήγορος.

κακ-ανδρία, ἡ, (κακός, ἀνὴρ) unmanliness, coward-

ice.

κάκει, by crasis for καὶ ἐκεῖ, and there, there also.

κάκεινος, κᾶκείνον, by crasis for καὶ ἐκείνος, etc.

κάκ-εστώ, οὗς, ἡ, (κακός, εἰμί sum), ill-being, opp.

to εὖεστώ well-being.

κάκη, ἡ, (κακός) badness, baseness: cowardice.

κάκηγορέω, f. ἴσω, (κακήγορος) to speak ill of, abuse,

slander. Hence

κάκηγορία, ἡ, evil-speaking, abuse, slander, calumny;

κακήγορίας δίκη an action for defamation.

κάκ-ῆγορος, ον, (κακός, ἀγορεύω) evil-speaking,

abusive, slanderous, calumnious:—irreg. Comp. and

Sup. κακήγορίστερος, -ίστατος.

κάκία, ἡ, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, Lat.

malitia. 2. wickedness, vice, Lat. *pravitas*. II. disgrace, dishonour.

κακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (κακός) to make or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach. II. to make cowardly:

—Pass. to behave basely, play the coward:—to be worsted.

κάκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of κακός.

κακίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of κακός. [Ἱ Ep., ἱ in Att. poets.]

κακκῶ, (κάκη) the Lat. *cacare*.

κακκεῖαι, Ep. for κατακεῖαι, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.

κακκεῖοντες, Ep. κατακεῖοντες, part. of κατακαίω.

κακ-κεφαλῆς, better divisim κακ κεφαλῆς, Ep. for

κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ΚΑ'ΚΚΗ, ἡ, human ordure, dung.

κακκήαι Ep. κατακήαι, aor. I inf. of κατακαίω.

κακκόρυθα, κακκορυφήν, better divisim κακ κορ-,

Ep. for κατὰ κορύθα, κατὰ κορυφήν.

κακ-κρύπτω, Ep. for κατὰ-κρύπτω.

κακ-κύνγητίς, ἴδος, ἡ, for κατακύνγητίς.

κακό-βίος, ον, (κακός, βίος) living badly, living a hard life, faring hardly.

κακόβουλεύομαι, Med. to act unwisely. From

κακό-βουλος, ον, (κακός, βουλῆ) ill-advised, unwise.

κακό-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, γείτων) a bad neighbour, or a neighbour in misery.

κακό-γλωσσος, ον, (κακός, γλῶσσα) ill-tongued; βοή κακόγλωσσος a cry full of misery. 2. slan-

derous.

κακόδαιμονάω, (κακοδαίμων) to be tormented by an evil genius, be like one possessed.

κακόδαιμονέω, f. ἴσω, (κακοδαίμων) to be unhappy or unfortunate. Hence

κακόδαιμονία, ἡ, unhappiness, misfortune. II.

a being possessed by a demon, raving mad.

κακό-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, δαίμων) having an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unhappy, wretched.

II. as Subst. an evil genius.

κακοδοξέω, f. ἴσω, (κακόδοξος) to be in ill repute.

κακοδοξία, ἡ, (κακόδοξος) ill repute, infamy.

κακό-δοξος, ον, (κακός, δόξα) in ill-repute, without fame, unknown. II. infamous.

κακό-δρομία, ἡ, (κακός, δρόμος) a bad passage.

κακό-εἶμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, εἶμα) ill-clad.

κακοεργία, ἡ, poet. for κακ-οργία, ill-doing. From κακό-εργός, ον, (κακός, *έργω) doing ill; κακοεργὸς γαστήρ the importunate stomach, like Lat. *fames improba*.

κακό-ζοῖα, ἡ, (κακός, ζοῖα poet. for ζωή) a miserable life.

κακοήθεια, ἡ, badness of disposition, maliciousness. II. bad manners or habits. From

κακό-ήθης, ες, (κακός, ἥθος) of ill habits, ill-disposed, malicious: τὸ κακοῦθες an ill habit, Lat. *scribendi cacothibes*, an itch for writing.

κακοθημοσύνη, ἡ, disorderliness. From

κακό-τήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, τίθημι) ill-arranged, disorderly, careless.

κακό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ονν, (κακός, θρόος) speaking ill; λόγος κακόθρους a slanderous word.

Κάκο-ἴλιος, ἡ, = κακή Ἰλιος, evil or unhappy Ilium.

κακοκέρδεια, ἡ, base love of gain. From

κακό-κέρδης, ἐς, (κακός, κέρδος) making base gain.

κακό-κνήμις, ον, (κακός, κνήμη) Dor. form, ibin-
legged.

κακό-κρίστια, ἡ, (κακός, κρίνω) a bad judgment.

κακο-λογέω, (κακολόγος) to speak ill of, rail at.

Hence

κακολογία, ἡ, evil-speaking, railing, abuse.

κακο-λόγος, ον, (κακός, λέγω) evil-speaking, railing, slanderous, abusive.

κακό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, = κακὸς μάντις, prophet of ill.

κακό-μέλετος, ον, (κακός, μέλος) ill-sounding.

κακομετρέω, f. ἴσω, to give bad measure. From

κακό-μετρος, ον, (κακός, μέτρον) in bad measure.

κακό-μηδής, ἐς, (κακός, μήδους) contriving ill, crafty.

κακό-μήτης, ον, ὁ, (κακός, μήτις) = κακομηδής.

κακομηχανέω, f. ἴσω, (κακομήχανος) to practise base

arts. Hence

κακομηχανία, ἡ, a practising of base arts, ingenuity in mischief.

κακό-μηχάνος, ον, (κακός, μηχανή) mischief-plotting, mischievous, malicious.

κακό-μοῖρος, ον, (κακός, μοῖρα) ill-fated.

κακό-μορφος, ον, (κακός, μορφή) ill-shapen.

κακό-νοῖα, ἡ, (κακόνους) illwill, malice, opp. to εὐ-
νοια.

κακονομία, ἡ, a bad system of laws, a bad constitution, bad government. From

κακό-νομος, ον, (κακός, νόμος) with bad laws, with a bad constitution, ill-governed.

κακό-νοος, ον; contr. -νοους, ονν, pl. κακόνοι; (κακός, νόος) ill-disposed: disaffected: bearing malice against one. Comp. and Sup. κακονούστερος, -νύ-
στατος.

κακό-νυμφος, ον, (κακός, νύμφη) ill-wedded. II. as Subst., κακόνυμφος, ὁ, a bad or unhappy bridegroom.

κακό-ξενος Ion. -ξείνος, ον, (κακός, ξένος) having ill guests: irreg. Ep. Comp. κακοξενώτερος. II. unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.

κακό-ξύνετος, ον, (κακός, ξυνετός) wise only for evil.

κακοπάθεια, ἡ, (κακοπαθής) ill plight, distress.

κακοπαθέω, f. ἴσω, to suffer ill; to be distressed.

From

κακό-παθής, ἐς, (κακός, παθεῖν) suffering ill, dis-

tressed.

κακό-πάρθενος, ον, (κακός, παρθένος) unbecoming a maid.

κακό-πατρὶς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (κακός, πατήρ) having a low-born father, of low descent.

κακό-πίνης, ἐς, (κακός, πίνος) foul and loathsome.

κακοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (κακοποιός) to do ill, be a

rogue. II. trans. to hurt, spoil, lay waste. Hence

κακοποιία, ἡ, ill doing, damage.

κακό-ποιός, ον, (κακός, ποίω) doing ill, mischievous.

κακό-ποτμος, ον, (κακός, πότμος) ill-fated.

κάκο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κακός, πούς) *with bad feet, weak in the feet.*

κάκο-πράγιον, f. ἦσω, (κακός, πᾶγος) *to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise.* Hence

κάκοπράγια, ἡ, *ill-success, failure.*

κάκο-πράγιον, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, πᾶγμα) *doing evil, mischievous.*

κάκο-πτερος, ον, (κακός, πτερόν) *ill-omened.*

κάκορ-ράφια, ἡ, (κακός, ῥάπτω) *contrivance of ill, mischievousness.* 2. *ill contrivance, unskilfulness.*

κάκορ-ῥήμων, ον, (κακός, ῥήμα) *evil-speaking.* II. *telling of ill, ill-omened.*

κάκορ-ροθέω, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ῥόθος) *to speak evil: to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile him.*

κακόρ-ῥυπος, ον, (κακός, ῥύπος) *foul and filthy.*

ΚΑΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, bad, ill, evil, bad in its kind, worthless: ugly, as opp. to καλός. 2. *bad at one's trade;*

κακός ἀλήτης *a bad beggar: cowardly, faint-hearted;* cf. κάκη. 3. *of low birth, mean, vile.* 4. *in a moral sense, bad, evil, wicked.* 5. *of things, bad, evil, mischievous:* of omens, unlucky, ill-boding: of words, evil, abusive, foul.

II. as Subst. κακόν, τό, *evil, ill, mischief:* also *woe, distress, loss:* also *bodily ill, injury.* 2. *in moral sense, evil, vice, wickedness; κακόν τι ἔρδειν to do evil or ill to any one.* III. Degrees of Comparison:—

irreg. Comp. κακίον, ον, Sup. κάκιστος, ἡ, ον: but χείρων χείριστος, ἥσσαν ἥκιστος are also used as Comp. and Sup. of κακός. IV. in Compos. it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so = *άγαν*, Lat. *nimis*: but commonly it gives a collat. notion of *hurtful, unlucky*, = *δυσ-*, as in κακό-σινος: sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in κακό-πιτος: sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as

Κακο-ίλιος for κακός Ἰλιος.

κάκο-σκελής, ἐς, (κακός, σκέλος) *with bad legs.*

κάκο-σκήνη, ἐς, (κακός, σκήνος) *of a bad, mean body.*

κάκ-οσμος, ον, (κακός, ὀσμή) *ill-smelling,*

κάκο-σπλαγχνος, ον, (κακός, σπλάγχνον) *faint-hearted, cowardly.*

κάκο-σπορία, ἡ, (κακός, σπόρος) *a bad crop.*

κάκοστομέω, f. ἦσω, *to speak evil of.* From

κακό-στόμος, ον, (κακός, στόμα) *evil-speaking, foul-mouthed.*

κάκο-στρωτος, ον, (κακός, στρώννυμι) *ill-spread, rugged.*

κάκο-σύνθετος, ον, (κακός, συντίθημι) *ill put together, ill composed.*

κάκο-σχολος, ον, (κακός, σχολή) *inactive, idle, lazy.* II. act., κακόςσχολοι πνοαί *winds that wear men out in idleness.*

κάκοτεχνίω, f. ἦσω, (κακότεχνος) *to practise bad arts, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely, Lat. malitiose ago.* Hence

κάκοτεχνία, ἡ, *the practice of bad arts, mal-practice, esp. forgery, malversation.*

κάκό-τεχνος, ον, (κακός, τέχνη) *using bad arts or mal-practices, artful, wily.*

κακότης, ητος, ἡ, (κακός) *badness, baseness, cowardice, like κάκη.* II. *moral badness, wickedness, worthlessness.* III. *evil, distress, suffering.*

κάκοτροπία, ἡ, *bad habits, maliciousness, wickedness.* From

κάκο-τροπος, ον, (κακός, τρόπος) *of ill habits, mischievous, malignant.*

κακοτύχια, f. ἦσω, *to be unfortunate.* From

κάκο-τύχης, ἐς, (κακός, τύχη) *unfortunate.*

κακουργέω, f. ἦσω, (κακούργος) *to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-doer: c. acc. to do evil to one, to damage, hurt, harm: to ravage a country.* Hence

κακουργία Ep. κακοεργία [ἡ], ἡ, *the character of an evil-doer, wickedness, villany.* From

κακ-οὔργος Ep. κακο-εργός, ον, (κακός, *ἔργω) *doing ill, knavish, villainous: as Subst. an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal.* II. *doing harm to one, damaging, hurtful.*

κάκ-ουχέω, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ἔχω) *to treat ill, wrong, hurt, injure.* Hence

κακονυχία, ἡ, *ill-treatment, ill-conduct; κακονυχία χθονός the devastation of a country.*

κάκ-φάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (κακός, φάτις) *sounding ill, ill-omened.*

κάκο-φραδής, ἐς, (κακός, φράζομαι) *devising ill, thoughtless, foolish.* Hence

κάκο-φραδία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *folly, thoughtlessness.*

κάκο-φρόνέω, f. ἦσω, *to be ill-disposed, to bear ill-will or malice.* From

κάκ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, φρήν) *evil-minded, malicious, malignant.* II. *thoughtless, heedless.*

κάκο-χαρτος, ον, (κακός, χαίρω) *rejoicing in the ills of others, malicious.*

κάκο-χράστιον, ον, gen. ονος, (κακός, χράσμαι) *with scanty means, poor.*

κάκο-ψογος, ον, (κακός, ψέγω) *malignantly blaming.*

κάκω, f. ὤσω, (κακός) *to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat: of things, to harm, destroy:—Pass. to be ill-treated, distressed, to suffer: in pf. pass. part. κεκα-*

κωμένος, disfigured, befouled.

κακτάμεναι, Ep. for κατακτάμεναι, κατακτάναι, inf. of κατέκτην, aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κάκτῃν, Ep. for κατὰκτῃν, aor. 2 imperat. of κατακτείνω; also for κατέκτανε, 3 sing. ind.

κάκτεινε, Ep. for κατέκτεινε, 3 sing. impf. of κατακτείνω.

ΚΑΚΤΟΣ, ἡ, *the cactus, a prickly plant.*

κάκνυω, f. ὤνω, (κακός) *to damage, injure:—Pass. to behave badly, act basely; of soldiers, to mutiny.* II. *to revile, reproach:—Pass. to be reproached.*

κακχεύειν, Ep. for καταχέαι, aor. 1 inf. of καταχέω.

κακῶς, Adv. of κακός, *ill, badly: with difficulty, scarcely.* Comp. κάκιον, Sup. κάκιστα.

κάκωσις, εως, ἡ, (κακός) *ill-treatment: a distressing, wearing out: damage, misfortune.*

κακώτερος, Ep. Comp. of κακός: cf. κακίον.

κάλαθικός, ὁ, Dim. of κάλαθος, *a small basket.*

ΚΑΛΑΘΟΣ, ὁ, *a basket, a wicker band-basket,*

Lat. *calathus*. II, a cooling-vessel, cooler: also a kind of *cup*.

καλαῖνος, η, ον, coloured like the *kálaïs*, between blue and green, of changeable hue. From *kálaïs*, ὁ, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the *topaz* or *chrysolite*.

καλᾶμα, ἡ, (καλάμη) a kind of grasshopper.

καλᾶμεντης, οὗ, ὁ, (κάλαμος) a reaper, mower. II. an angler.

ΚΑΛΑΨΗ, ἡ, a stalk of reed or corn, Lat. *calamus*, *stipula*: a fishing-rod. II. stubble:

metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old man, καλάμην γέ σ' ὀνομαί εἰσορώοντα γινώσκων thou may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i. e. the relics) of former strength.

καλᾶμητομία, ἡ, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From καλᾶμη-τόμος, ον, (καλάμη, τεμείν) cutting stalks, reaping.

καλᾶμη-φάγος, ον, (καλάμη, φάγειν) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

καλᾶμη-φόρος, ον, (καλάμη, φέρω) carrying reeds or canes.

καλαμίνθη, ἡ, (καλός, μίνθη) *mint*. Hence

καλαμίνθιος, ὁ, *Minty*, name of a frog.

καλάμινος, η, ον, (κάλαμος) made of reed or cane.

καλάμης, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a fishing-rod.

καλάμσκοις, ὁ, Dim. of κάλαμος.

καλάμιτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a kind of grasshopper.

καλάμοις, εσσα, εν, of reed; καλαμόεσσα *laχά* the sound of a reed-flute. From

ΚΑΛΑΨΗΜΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *calamus*, a reed or cane, Lat. *arundo*: an arrow of reed: a reed-pipe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing-rod. II. generic term for any plant, which is neither bush (ῥύλη), nor tree (δένδρον).

καλάμο-στεφής, ἐς, (κάλαμος, στέφω) crowned or covered with reed.

καλάμο-φθογγος, ον, (κάλαμος, φθέγγομαι) played on a reed.

καλασίρις, ιος, ἡ, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

καλαύροψ, οπος, ἡ, a shepherd's staff or crook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

καλέσκον, Ion. impf. of καλέω; Ep. 3 sing. impf. med. καέσκειτο.

καλέοντι, Dor. for καλέουσι, 3 pl. of καλέω.

καλέσας, aor. I part. of καλέω.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. aor. I med. imperat. of καλέω.

καλέσσα, Ep. aor. I of καλέω.

καλεῦνται, Dor. for καλοῦνται.

καλεῦντο, Ep. and Dor. for ἐκαλοῦντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΕΨΩ: Ion. impf. καλέεσκον: fut. καλέσω Ion. and Ep. καλέω Att. καλῶ: aor. I ἐκάλεσα Ep. ἐκάλεσσα or καλέσσα: pf. κέκληκα (for κεκάληκα):—Med., fut. καλέσσομαι Att. καλοῦμαι: aor. I ἐκαλέσαμην poet. καλεσσάμην:—Pass., fut. κληθήσομαι, paullopost f. κекλήσομαι: aor. I ἐκλήθην: pf. κέκλημαι.

I. to call, summon: c. inf. to call on, summon to do a thing. 2. to call to one's house, to invite, Lat. *vocare ad coenam*. 3. to call on or invoke the gods.

4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, καλεῖν τινα to cite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, καλεῖσθαι τινα to sue at law, Lat. *vocare in jus*.

II. to call by name, address by name, generally, to name; καλεῖν τινα ἐπικλησιν to call by name:—Pass., to be named, receive a name; and in pf. κέκλημαι, to have been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, τάδε μὲν Περσῶν πιστὰ καλεῖται these are called (i. e. are) the faithful counsellors of the Persians.

καλῆμεναι, poet. for καλεῖν, inf. of καλέω.

καλήτης, Dor. and Att. for κηλήτης.

καλήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (καλέω) a crier.

καλήτᾱ Ion. —ή, ἡ, (κᾶλον) a wooden house, but, cabin, cot: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden shrine for a statue.

καλήτᾱς, ἄδος, ἡ, = καλήτᾱ, a hut.

καλινδῆσομαι, Pass., with fut. med. καλινδῆσομαι, = ἀλινδῆσομαι, κυλινδῆσομαι, to lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

καλινδῆθρα, ἡ, = ἀλινδῆθρα, a place for horses to roll in after exercise.

κάλλατα, τά, a cock's wattles, Lat. *palea*: also a cock's tail.

καλλέπω, Ep. for καταλείπω.

καλλι-, in compd. words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as καλλιπαις = καλή παῖς.

καλλι-βλέφαρος, ον, (καλλι-, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βῆος, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, βοή) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-βοτρυς, υ, gen. vos, (καλλι-, βότρυς) with beautiful clusters.

καλλι-βωλος, ον, (καλλι-, βῶλος) with rich soil.

καλλι-γάληνος, ον, (καλλι-, γάληνη) sweetly-transquil.

καλλι-γάμος, ον, happy in marriage.

καλλιγένεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, γένος) bearer of a fair offspring, mother of beautiful things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

καλλι-γύναις, gen. aikos, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, γυνή) with beautiful women or maidens: the nom. seems never to have been used. [ῥ]

καλλι-δίνης, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, δίνη) flowing with beautiful eddies. [δῖ]

καλλι-διφρος, ον, with beautiful chariot.

καλλι-δόναξ, ακος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-ἐλαίος, ὁ, (καλλι-, ἐλαία) the cultivated olive, opp. to ἀγρίελαος.

καλλι-επέω, f. ἤσω, to speak in fair set terms, in high-flown phrases; κεκαλλιπημένοι λόγοι high-wrought speeches. From

καλλι-επής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ἔπος) beautifully speaking, elegant.

καλλ-τερῶ Ion. καλλ-ιρῶ, f. ἦσω, (καλλι-, ἱερόν): —to have favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. *litare*, *perlitare*:—c. acc. to sacrifice with good omens. 2. of the offering, to give good omens, be favourable, propitious.

καλλι-ζυγής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ζυγῆναι) beautifully-yoked. καλλι-ζωνος, ον, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful girdles.

καλλι-θρίξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, θρίξ) with beautiful hair or mane: of sheep, with fine wool.

καλλιθυτέω, f. ἦσω, to offer auspiciously. From καλλι-θύτος, ον, (καλλι-, θύω) with beautiful or auspicious sacrifices.

καλλι-καρπος, ον, with fine fruit, rich in fine fruit.

καλλι-κέρως, ωτος or ω, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, κέρας) with beautiful horns.

Καλλι-κολώνη, ἡ, Fair-bill, a district near Troy. καλλι-κόμης Dor. —μας, ὁ, ἡ, and καλλίκομος, ον, (καλλι-, κόμη) beautiful-haired.

καλλι-κρήδεμος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήδεμον) with beautiful fillets or hair-bands.

καλλι-κρήνος Dor. —κράνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήνη) with a beautiful spring.

καλλι-λαμπέτης, ον, ὁ, (καλλι-, λάμπω) beautifully-shining.

καλλι-λογέω, (καλλι-, λέγω) to express a thing elegantly:—Med. to give a fair name to a thing.

καλλι-μορφος, ον, (καλλι-, μορφή) beautifully-shaped.

καλλίμος, ον, poet. for καλός, beautiful. καλλι-νάος, ον, (καλλι-, νάω) beautifully flowing.

καλλι-νίκος, ον, (καλλι-, νίκη) with glorious victory, triumphant. II. crowning or ennobling victory; τὸ καλλίνικον the glory of victory.

κάλλιον, neut. of καλλίων, Comp. of καλός: used also of Adv., more beautifully.

Καλλι-όπη poet. Καλλι-όπεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, ὤψ) Cal-liōpe, first of the nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced.

καλλι-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful children. II. = καλή παῖς, a beautiful child.

καλλι-πάρηρος, ον, (καλλι-, παρειά) beautifully-beeked.

καλλι-πάρθενος, ον, of, with beautiful maidens or nymphs.

κάλλιπον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταλείπω: inf. καλλιπέειν. καλλι-πέδιλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέδιλον) with beautiful sandals.

καλλι-πεπλος, ον, beautifully robed.

καλλι-πέτηλος, ον, (καλλι-, πέτηλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-πηχυς, υ, gen. εως, with beautiful elbow.

καλλι-πλόκαμος, ον, with beautiful locks.

καλλι-πλουτος, ον, adorned with riches.

καλλι-πολις, εως, ἡ, beautiful city.

κάλλιπον, Ep. for κατέλιπον, aor. 2 of καταλείπω.

καλλι-πονος, ον, beautifully wrought.

καλλι-πόταμος, ον, of beautiful rivers.

καλλι-πρωρος, ον, (καλλι-, πρῶρα) with beautiful prow, of ships: metaph. of men, with beautiful face.

καλλι-πύλος, ον, (καλλι-, πύλη) with beautiful gates.

καλλι-πυργος, ον, with beautiful towers, towering.

καλλι-πύργωτος, ον, (καλλι-, πυργώ) built with beautiful towers.

καλλι-πῶλος, ον, with beautiful steeds or colts.

καλλι-ρέεθρος, ον, (καλλι-, ρέεθρον) beautifully flowing.

καλλ-ιρῶ, Ion. for καλλ-ιερῶ.

καλλι-ροος, poet. for καλλιρ-ροος.

καλλιρ-ροος, ον, contr. καλλιρ-ρους, ον, (καλλι-, ρῶ) beautifully flowing.

κάλλιστα, Adv. Sup. of καλῶς, most beautifully.

καλλι-στάδιος, ον, (καλλι-, στάδιον) with a fine race-course.

καλλιστεῖον, τό, (καλλιστεῖω) the prize of beauty or excellence: in pl., = ἀριστεία, the meed of valour.

καλλιστεῦμα, τό, the prime of beauty: the first-fruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty.

καλλιστεῶ, f. σω, (κάλλιστος) to be the most beautiful, be esteemed so: generally, to be the most beautiful among others, exceed in beauty.

καλλι-στεφάνος, ον, beautifully crowned: of cities, crowned with beautiful towers.

κάλλιστος, η, ον, Sup. of καλός.

καλλι-σφύρος, ον, (καλλι-, σφυρόν) with beautiful feet or ankles.

καλλι-τόξος, ον, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow.

καλλίτριχας, acc. pl. of καλλιτρίχης.

κάλλιφ', for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.

καλλι-φεγγής, ἐς, (καλλι-, φέγγος) beautifully-shining.

καλλι-φθογγος, ον, (καλλι-, φθέγγομαι) beautifully-sounding.

καλλι-φλοξ, φλογος, ὁ, ἡ, beautiful-blazing.

καλλι-φύλλος, ον, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-χορος, ον, Ep. for καλλι-χῶρος, with beautiful places. II. (χῶρος) of or for beautiful dances: beautiful in the dance.

καλλίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of καλός.

καλλονή, ἡ, (κάλλος) beauty.

κάλλος, gen. eos Att. ος, τό, (καλός) beauty. II. a beauty, beautiful object: in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beautiful works; κάλλεα κηροῦ beautiful works of wax.

καλλοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for κάλλος, beauty.

καλλύνω, f. ὑνῶ, (καλός) to beautify; metaph. to gloss, colour over:—Med. to adorn oneself, plume oneself on a thing.

καλλ-ωπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ᾶ, (κάλλος, ᾶψ) to make the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair appearance to a thing:—Med. to adorn oneself, to pride oneself, glory in a thing: absol. to make a display. Hence

καλλώπισμα, ατος, τό, embellishment; and καλλωπισμός, ὁ, an embellishing or adorning oneself, making a display.

καλο-διδασκαλος, ὁ, = καλὸ διδασκαλος, a teacher of virtue.

καλοκάγαθία, ἡ, nobleness and goodness. From καλο-καγάθος, ον, i. e. καλὸς καὶ ἀγαθός, beautiful and good, noble and good.

κάλον, τό, (καίω) dry, seasoned wood.

κἄλο-πέδιλα, τά, (κάλον, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to keep a cow still while milking.

κἄλο-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, (καλός, ποιέω) to do good.

κἄλό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (καλός, πούς) with beautiful feet.

ΚΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcher; Ἀλκιβιάδης ὁ καλός Alcibiades the fair; τὸ καλόν, like κάλλος beauty. II. serving a good purpose, fair, good; καλὸς λιμὴν a fair harbour; ἐν καλῷ (sub. τόπω or χρόνῳ) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious. III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: τὸ καλόν moral virtue, Lat. bonestum.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. καλλίων, ον, Sup. κάλλιστος, η, ον. V. Adv. καλῶς, q. v.:—but neut. καλόν is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion. for κάλως, a rope.

καλοῦμαι, εἰ, εἴται, Att. fut. med. of καλέω.

ΚΑ'ΛΠΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, acc. κάλπιν or κάλπιδα:—a vessel for drawing water, a pithor, urn: a drinking-cup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead.

καλύβη, ἡ, (καλύπτω) a hut, cabin, cell. [ῥ]

καλύβιον, τό, Dim. of καλύβη, a small hut.

καλύκεσι, poet. for κάλυξ, dat. pl. of κάλυξ.

καλύκο-στέφανος, ον, (κάλυξ, στέφανος) crowned with flower-buds.

καλύκ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (κάλυξ, ὦψ) like a flower-bud, blushing, roseate.

καλύμμα, ατος, τό, (καλύπτω) a covering, a hood or veil. 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, ὅκος, ἡ, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyx of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκος ἐν λοχεύμασι when the fruit is setting. II. in pl., κάλυκες are women's ornaments, made of metal, so called from their shape.

καλύπτειρα, ἡ, like καλύπτρα, a veil.

καλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered. II. wrapped round: enveloping.

καλύπτρα Ion. —πτρη, ἡ, a woman's veil; δνοφερά καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From

ΚΑΛΥΨΤΩ, f. ὑψω; aor. I ἐκάλυψα:—to cover, νυκτὶ κάλυψας having covered with night; γαῖα ἐκάλυψε νιν earth covered him. 2. to cover, conceal. 3. to cover with dishonour. II. to put over as a covering, throw over or around.

καλύψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of καλύπτω.

Κάλυψω, gen. —δος contr. —ους, ἡ, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia, and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

καλχαῖνω, (κάλχη) to search for the purple-fish:

metaph. to search in the depths of one's mind, to ponder deeply.

Κάλχας, αντος, ὁ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy: properly the Searcher.

ΚΑ'ΛΧΗ, ἡ, also ἑλκή, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

καλῶ, εἰς, εἰ, Att. fut. of καλέω.

καλῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλως, a small cord or rope. κάλως, Adv. of κάλός, beautifully, well; καλῶς ἔχιν or πράττειν to be well off, fare well; c. gen., καλῶς ἔχιν τινὸς to be well off for a thing. 2. = πάνν, right well, altogether, entirely. 3. in answers, well said! bravo! Lat. euge: but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne.

ΚΑ'ΛΩΣ, ὁ, gen. κάλως, acc. κάλων: Ep. and Ion. κάλως, ον, ὁ:—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλως πλεῖν to sail at a cable's end, i. e. to have the ship towed: κάλων κατεῖναι to let down a sounding-line:—also a sail-rope, reef; proverb, πάντα κάλων ἐξίσαι they are letting out every reef, i. e. are using every effort.

καλω-στρόφος, ὁ, (κάλως, στρέφω) a rope-twister.

κάμ, Ep. for κατὰ before μ, as κάμ μὲν for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμάκινος, ον, made of brittle wool. From ΚΑ'ΜΑΕ, ἄκος, ἡ or ὁ, a pole, stake, a vine-prop.

II. the shaft of a spear.

ΚΑΜΑ'ΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. camera, anything with a vaulted or arched covering, a covered carriage. [κάμᾱ]

καμαστίνες, οἱ, a kind of fish.

κάμασθηρός, ὁ, ὄν, toilsome, troublesome, wearisome. II. pass. broken down, worn out. From

κάματος, ὁ, (κάμνω) toil, trouble, labour. 2. weariness, distress. II. that which is hardly earned; ἡμέτερος κάματος our hard-won earnings. [κά]

κάματ-ώδης, es, (κάματος, εἶδος) toilsome.

καμ-βαῖνω, Ep. for καταβαῖνω.

κάμε, Ep. for ἔκαμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κάμνω.

κάμέ, crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

καμείν, aor. 2 inf. of κάμνω.

καμείται, 3 sing. fut. of κάμνω.

κάμηλος, ὁ and ἡ, a camel:—ἡ κάμηλος, like ἡ ἱππος, the camels in an army. (From Hebr. Gāmal.)

κάμινεντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάμνω) one that works at a furnace; αἰλὸς καμινεντήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows.

κάμινεντής, οὔ, ὁ, = καμινεντήρ.

καμिनοί, dat. of καμινώ.

κάμινος, ἡ, (καίω) an oven, furnace, or kiln. Hence κάμινώ, οὖς, dat. οἱ, ἡ, a furnace-woman.

καμμέν, or better κάμ μὲν, Ep. for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμμες, crasis for καὶ ἄμμες, Aeol. for καὶ ἡμεῖς.

κάμ μέσσον, Ep. for κατὰ μέσον.

καμμῆξας, Ep. for καταμῆξας, aor. I part. of καταμῖνμι.

καμ-μονή, ἡ, Ep. for καταμονή, staunchness in battle, patience, endurance.

κάμ-μορος, ον, Ep. for κατάμορος, ill-fated.

κάμ-μύω, Ep. for καταμύω.

ΚΑ'ΜΝΩ, fut. καμῶμαι, εἰ, εἴται: aor. 2 ἐκάμνω, inf. καμείν, Ep. redupl. subj. κεκάμω: pf. κέκμηκα,

Ep. pf. part. *κεκμηώς, κεκμηῶτι, κεκμηῶτα*, acc. pl. *κεκμηότας*: 1. intr. to be weary, tired, exhausted, or worn out: c. part., *κάμει πολέμιζον, ἐλαύνων* one is weary of fighting, rowing. 2. to feel trouble or annoyance; *οὐκ ἔκαμον τανῶν* I found no trouble in bending the bow. 3. to be worsted or beaten. 4. to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, harassed.

5. οἱ *κάμυντες* and οἱ *κεκμηκότες* Ep. *κεκμηότες* or *κεκμηῶτες*, Lat. *defuncti*, those who have finished their labours, the dead: but, οἱ *κάμυντες* the sick; and *κεκμηκότες* are also the spirits of the dead, Lat. *dii manes*. II. trans. to work hard at, to bestow labour upon. 2. to work out, earn by toil; in aor. 2 med., *νῆσον ἔκάμοντο* they worked, tilled the island for themselves.

κάμοι, by crasis for *καὶ ἐμοί*.
ΚΑΜΠΗ, ἡ, (κάμπω) a bending, winding, as of a river. II. the turning in a race-course, turning-post: metaph., *μῦθον ἐς καμπὴν ἀγειν* to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point. III. *καμπάι*, in Music, turns, tricks, quavers.

κάμπιμος, ἡ, ov, (καμπή) bent, turning, double. *καμπήτηρ*, ἄνδρ., δ, a bend, an angle. II. the turning-point in a race-course.

ΚΑΜΠΩ, fut. *κάμψω*: aor. 1 *ἐκάμψα*: Pass., aor. 1 *ἐκάμψην*:—to bend, bow:—esp., 1. γόνυ and γούνατα *κάμπειν* to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest. 2. γόνυ *κάμπειν* to bend the knee in prayer. 3. γόνυ *κάμπειν* to bend the knee in running, to run. II. to bend, turn, guide anything. 2. absol. to turn round a point; *κάμπειν ἄκρην* to double a headland; *κάμπειν κόλπον* to skirt the bay: metaph., *κάμπειν βίον* to turn the middle point of life, i.e. to draw near to its close; cf. *καμπή*. III. like Lat. *flecto*, to bend, move by entreaties, soften, make relent: generally, to bend, humble.

καμπύλος, ἡ, ov, (κάμπω) bent, curved. [ῥ]
καμφθείς, καμφθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. part. and inf. of *κάμπω*.

καμψίμενος, Ep. fut. inf. of *κάμπω*.
καμψί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (κάμπω, ποῖς) bending the foot, swift-running.

κάμψις, εως, ἡ, (κάμπω) a bending, curving.
κάμῶν, aor. 2 part. of *κάμω*.

κάν, crasis for *καὶ ἄν*:—also for *καὶ ἦν*, and if, even if. *κάν*, crasis for *καὶ ἐν*, and in.

κάν, Ep. for *κατά* before ν, as *κάν νόμον* for *κατὰ νόμον*.
κάναθρον or *κάνναθρον*, τό, (κάνη) the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage.

Κανανίτης, ου, δ, Syriac word, of which the Greek *Ζηλωτής*, Zealot, is a translation: not to be confounded with *Χαναναῖος*, a Canaanite.

ΚΑΝΑΣΣΩ, f. *ῶ*, to make a gurgling sound with water. (Formed from the sound.)

κάναστρον, τό, (κάνη) a wicker basket, Lat. *canistrum*. II. an earthen vessel, dish.

κάνῶ-φόρος, Dor. for *κανηφόρος*.

κάνᾱχέω, f. ἴσω, to ring or clasp, clang, of metal: to plash, of water. From

κάνᾱχή, ἡ, (κάνᾱσσω) a sharp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clasp of metal; also of the tramp of mules; *καναχή ὀδόντων* the gnashing of teeth; *καναχαὶ αὐλῶν* the shrill sound of flutes. Hence

κάνᾱχηδά, Adv. with a sharp, ringing noise.

κάνᾱχης, ἐς, (κάνᾱσσω) making a sharp, ringing noise: of water, *plashing*.

καναχήσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of *καναχέω*.

καναχίζε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of *καναχίζω*.

κάνᾱχίζω, f. ἴσω, = *καναχέω*.

κάνδus, vos, δ, a Median garment with sleeves, also *κандушек*. (Median word.)

κάνεον Ion. *κάνειον* Att. contr. *κανοῦν*, τό, (κάννη) a basket of reed or cane, a wicker basket: a bread-basket, Lat. *canistrum*, used esp. for carrying the sacred barley (ὄλκai) at sacrifices.

κάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of *καίνω*.

κάνη, ἡ, a rarer form of *κάννα*. [ᾱ]

κάνην, Dor. for *κάνειν*, aor. 2 inf. of *καίνω*.

κάνηφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry the sacred basket in procession. From

κάνη-φόρος, ov, (κάνειν, φέρω) carrying a basket: ἡ *Κανηφόρος* the Basket-bearer, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in processions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athena.

ΚΑΝΘΑΡΟΣ, δ, Lat. *cantharus*, a kind of beetle, worshipped in Egypt. II. a sort of drinking-cup, Lat. *cantharus*. III. a kind of Naxian boat.

IV. a mark or knot resembling a beetle, on the tongue of the Egyptian god Apis.

κανθήλια, ov, τά, Lat. *clitellae*, a pack-saddle, or the large panniers of a pack-saddle.

κανθήλιος, ὁ, a large sort of ass for carrying burdens, a pack-ass.

κάνθων, ανος, δ, (κάνθος) = *κανθήλιος*, a pack-ass.

ΚΑΝΝΑ or *κάννη*, ης, ἡ, a reed or cane, Lat. *canna*: hence anything made of reeds, a reed-mat, a reed-fence.

καννάβινος, ἡ, ov, *bemphen*, made of *bemp*. From **ΚΑΝΝΑΒΙΣ**, ἡ, gen. ιος, acc. ἰδα, also gen. εως:—*bemp*, Lat. *cannabis*. II. anything made of it, tow.

κανεύσας, Ep. for *κατανεύσας*.

κάννη, ἡ, = *κάννα*.

κάννομαι, better *κάννόμενος*, Ep. for *κατὰ νόμον*.

κάνονίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κάνων) a ruler.

κάνόνισμα, τό, poet. for *κάνων*, a rule: also a ruler.

κάνοῦν, Att. contr. of *κάνειν*.

κάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of *καίνω*.

κάνῶ, fut. of *καίνω*.

Κάνωβος or *Κάνωπος*, δ, *Canobus*, a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury.

κάνων, ὄνος, δ, (κάνη, *κάννα*) any straight rod or bar: in Homer, *κάνόες* are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was

passed, to hold it by. 2. a rod used in weaving; the shuttle or quill by which the threads of the woof (πηλόν) were passed between the threads of the warp (μίτος). 3. a carpenter's rule: metaph. a rule or level ray of light. 4. the beam or tongue of the balance: pl. the keys or stops of a flute. II. metaph. like Lat. *norma*, a rule or standard of excellence:—so, the old Greek authors were called *κανόνες*, rules or models of excellence, classics; and the books received by the Church as the rule of faith and practice are called the *Canon* or canonical scriptures.

κανών, aor. 2 part. of *καίνω*.

Κάνωπος, ὁ, see Κάνωπος.

κάξ, crasis for *καὶ ἐξ*.

κάτ, Ep. for *κατά* before π or φ, as *καπ πεδίον* for *κατὰ πεδίον*.

κάπειτα, by crasis for *καὶ ἔπειτα*, and then, and next.

κάτερος, ἡ, (σκάπτω, for σκάπετος) a ditch, trench, Lat. *fossa*: a vault, grave: generally, a hole.

ΚΑΤΗ, ἡ, a crib, manger.

κάπηλειον, τό, the shop of a *κάπηλος*, a tavern, Lat. *caupona*. From

κάπηλεύω, f. *σω*, (κάπηλος) to be a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to hawk about, biggle in; *καπηλεύει μάχην* to make a trade of war, Ennius' bellum *cauponari*:—also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

κάπηλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κάπηλος) of or like a petty trader: tricky, knavis. Adv., *καπηλικῶς* ἔχειν to play roguish tricks.

καπηλῖς, ἴδος, fem. of *κάπηλος*, Lat. *copa*.

κάπηλος, ὁ, (κόπτω) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buckster, biggler, Lat. *caupo*, opp. to *ἐμπορος*: esp. a tavern-keeper. II. a cheat, rogue, knave.

κάπί, by crasis for *καὶ ἐπί*.

καπίθη, ἡ, (κάπτω) a measure containing two *χοίρικες*.

κάπνη, ἡ, (καπνός) a smoke-hole, chimney.

καπνίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, (καπνός) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire. II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματος, τό, a smoke-offering: incense.

κάπνισσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of *καπνίζω*.

καπνο-δόχη Ion. -δόκη, ἡ, (καπνός, δέχομαι) a smoke-receiver: a hole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

ΚΑΠΝΟΣ, ὁ, smoke, Lat. *fumus*. Hence

καπνός, f. *ώσω*, to turn into smoke:—Pass. to be burned into smoke, burnt to ashes.

καπν-ώδης, ες, (καπνός, ἔδος) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

κάποι, Dor. for *κήποι*.

κάπος, ὁ, Dor. for *κήπος*.

κάππα, τό, v. sub K.

Καππαδόκις, f. *σω*, to favour the Cappadocians. II. to play the Cappadocian, i. e. play the rogue. From

Καππαδόξ, οκος, ὁ, a Cappadocian.

κάπεσον, Ep. for *κατέπ-*, aor. 2 of *καταπίπτω*.

καππο-φόρος, ον, (κάππα, φέρω) of a horse, marked with a *κάππα*: cf. *κοππατίας*.

καπ-πύρίζω, poet. for *καταπύρίζω*, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

καπρός, (κάπρος) to be lewd or lecherous.

κάπριος, ὁ, poet. for *κάπρος*, a wild boar. II.

as Adj. like a wild boar.

ΚΑΠΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *APER*, the wild-boar.

καπ-φόνος, ον, (καπρός, φένω) killing wild boars.

ΚΑΠΤΩ, fut. *κάψω*: aor. I *ἔκαψα*: Ep. pf. part. *κεκαφῆς*, for *κεκαφός*:—to eat quick, swallow greedily, gulp down. II. *κάπτειν θυμόν* to gasp for breath.

κάπυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (καπύω) dry, dried. 2. act. drying, parching. II. metaph. of sound, loud and clear, distinct.

κάπυσσα, Ep. aor. I; see *ἀποκαπύω*.

καπ-φάλαρα, better *καπ φάλαρα*, for *κατὰ φάλαρα*.

κάρ, Ep. for *κατά* before β, as *κάρ βόον* for *κατὰ βόον*.

ΚΑΡ, κάρος, τό, the hair of the head, akin to *κάρα*;

τίω δέ μιν ἐν κάρει αἶσθ I value him but at a hair's worth. II. also for *κάρα*, *κάρη*, bead, as in *ἐπὶ κάρη* bead-long.

Κάρ, ὁ, gen. *Κάρος*, pl. *Κάρες*:—a Carian, in later times despised as mercenaries:—Proverb., *ἐν Καρί* or *ἐν τῷ Καρί κινδυνεύειν* to make the risk on a Carian, Lat. *experimentum facere in corpore vili*:—Fem. *Κάρεια*.

ΚΑΡΑ^α Ion. *κάρη* [ᾱ], τό, indecl. the head: generally, the head, top, summit of anything: the brim of a cup: it is used, like *κεφαλή*, Lat. *caput*, to express a person, as *Οἰδίπου κάρη* for *Οἰδίου*:—used by Hom. only in nom. and acc. sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, viz. *κάρης*, *κάρη*, *κάρην*. In Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. *κάρητος* *κάρητι*, *κάρητατος* *κάρητατι*.

κάρᾱβο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κάρᾱβος, πρόσωπον) with the face of a crab.

ΚΑΡΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lat. *scarabaeus*. II. a prickly kind of crab.

κάρᾱ-δοκέω, f. ἡσω, (καρά, δοκεῖω) to watch with outstretched head, watch eagerly or expectantly.

κάρᾱνιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάρα) touching the head, be-beading.

κάρᾱνον, τό, Dor. and Att. for *κάρηνον*.

κάρᾱνος, ὁ, (κάρα) a head, chieftain, chief. Hence *κάρᾱνώ*, f. ὡσω, like *κεφαλαῖω*, (κάρᾱνον) to accomplish, achieve, complete.

κάρᾱ-τομος, ον, (καρά, τεμείν) with the head cut off, beheaded. 2. cut from the head.

κάρᾱβος, ον, = *βάρβαρος*, outlandish, foreign, barbarous. (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΡΒΑΤΙΝΑΙ or *καρπάτιναι*, αἱ, shoes of undressed leather, brogues, mocassins.

καρδαμῖς, f. ἴσω Att. *ῶ*, (κάρδαμον) to be like cress; metaph. to look sharp or pungent; *τί καρδαμίζεις*; why chatter so much about cress (i. e. about nothing)?

ΚΑΡΔΑΜΟΝ, τό, a kind of cress, Lat. *nastur-*

tium: also the seed, which was eaten by the Persians like mustard:—metaph. *κάρδαμον βλέπειν* to look cress, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

ΚΑΡΔΙΑ, poet. *κράδια* Ion. *καρδίη*, *κράδιη*, ἡ, the heart, Lat. *cor*; ἀπὸ καρδίας λέγειν, like Lat. *ex animo*, to speak from the heart. II. the stomach. *καρδιαῖος*, ἡ, ὄν, (*καρδία*) of the heart or stomach: hence. II. *dyspeptic*.

καρδιο-γνώστης, οὐ, ὁ, (*καρδία*, *γινώσκω*) knower of hearts.

καρδιό-δηκτος, ον, (*καρδία*, *δάκνω*) gnawing the heart. *καρδιό-ουλέκω*, (*καρδία*, *ἐλκω*) to draw the heart out of a victim at a sacrifice.

καρδοπεῖον, τό, the cover of a kneading-trough. II. a muzzle.

ΚΑΨΑΡΟΠΟΣ, ἡ, a kneading-trough, any trough. *Κάρεσσι*, dat. pl. of *Κάρ*.

κάρη, Ion. and Ep. for *κάρα*, the head. *καρήατος*, *καρήατι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρα*.

κάρηβάρεια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, heaviness in the head: top-heaviness. From

κάρηβαρέω, *φ*, ἡσω, to be heavy in the head, top-heavy. From

κάρη-βαρής, ἐς, (*κάρη*, *βάρος*) heavy in the head.

κάρη-κομώντες, or better *κάρη κομώντες*, οἱ, with hair on the head, long-haired, of the Achaeans, opp. to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called *ὀπιθεν κομώντες*. *κομώντες* is Ep. part. pl. of *κομάω*; but there is no Verb *καρηκομάω*.

κάρῃνα, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *κείρω*.

κάρηνον, τό, mostly in pl. *κάρηνα*, (*κάρη*) the head; ἀνδρῶν *κάρηνα*, = *ἄνδρες*; βοῶν *κάρηνα* so many head of cattle. II. metaph. a mountain-top, peak, crest of a hill: also of a town, the citadel.

κάρητος, *κάρητι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρη*.

Κάρικο-εργής, ἐς, (*Καρίκος*, *ἐργον*) of Carian work.

Καρίκός, ἡ, ὄν, (*Κάρ*) Carian: *Καρικὴ μούσα*, ἡ, a kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge.

ΚΑΡΙΨ, gen. *ίδος* or *ιδος*, ἡ, Dor. also *κουρίς* or *κωρίς*, a shrimp or prawn, Lat. *squilla*. [α]

καρκαίρω, to ring or quake, of the earth. (Formed from the sound.)

ΚΑΡΚΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, with heterog. pl. *καρκίνα*, *τά*, a crab, Lat. *cancer*: also *Cancer*, the Crab, as a sign in the zodiac. II. a pair of tongs. [Υ]

καρκινό-χειρες, ον, pl. Adj. (*καρκίνος*, *χείρ*) with crab's claws for hands.

ΚΑΨΕΝΙΑ or *Κάρνεα*, *τά*, a festival held in honour of *Apollo Kárneios* by the Spartans, during nine days of the Attic month *Metageitnion*, hence called *Καρνεῖος μῆν*.

καρός, Dor. for *κηρός*.

Κάρπαθος, ἡ, an island between Crete and Rhodes, called in Homer *Κράπαθος*.

καρπαῖα, ἡ, a mimic dance of the Thessalians.

καρπαλίμως, ον, (*ἀρπάξω*, Lat. *carpo*) tearing, swift, rapid. Adv. *καρπαλίμως*, rapidly.

κάρπασος, ἡ, with heterog. pl. *κάρβασα*, *τά*, a fine flax grown in Spain, Lat. *carbasus*. (Eastern word.) *καρπίζω*, *φ*, ἰσω Att. *ῶ* (*καρπός*) to pluck or gather fruit:—Med. to enjoy the fruits of, reap the return. II. to make fruitful, fertilise.

κάρπιμος, ἡ, ον, (*καρπός*) bearing fruit, fruitful.

καρπο-γενέθλος, ον, (*καρπός*, *γενέθλη*) producing fruit.

καρπο-δέσμα, ον, *τά*, (*καρπός*, *δεσμός*) chains for the wrists or arms, armlets.

καρπο-ποιός, ὄν, (*καρπός*, *ποιέω*) producing fruit.

ΚΑΡΠΟΣ, ὁ, fruit; *καρπός ἀρούρης* corn, but also of wine; οἱ *καρποί* the fruits of the earth, corn. II. metaph. the fruits, produce, returns, profit of a thing.

ΚΑΡΙΠΟΣ, ὁ, the joint of the arm and hand, the wrist, Lat. *carpus*.

καρπο-τελής, ἐς, (*καρπός*, *τελέω*) bringing fruit to perfection: fruitful, prolific.

καρπο-τόκος, ον, (*καρπός*, *τεκεῖν*) bearing fruit.

καρπο-φάγος, ον, (*καρπός*, *φάγειν*) eating fruit.

καρπο-φθόρος, ον, (*καρπός*, *φθείρω*) spoiling fruit.

καρποφορέω, *φ*, ἡσω, to bear fruit. From

καρπο-φόρος, ον, (*καρπός*, *φέρω*) fruit-bearing.

καρπο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (*καρπός*, *φύλαξ*) a watcher of fruit. [Υ]

καρπώνω, *φ*, ὠσω, (*καρπός*) to bear fruit: later to offer fruit. II. Med. *καρπούμαι* to gather fruit or reap crops from land:—to exhaust, plunder. 2. to enjoy the interest of money: to reap the fruits of, enjoy a thing.

καρπώμα, ατος, τό, (*καρπώνω*) fruit: produce, profit.

καρπώσις, εως, ἡ, (*καρπούμαι*) a reaping the fruit of: use, profit.

καρρέζουσα, Ep. for *καταρρέζουσα*.

καρτά, Adv. (*κάρτος*) very, very much, Lat. *valde*; *καὶ τό καρτά* very much indeed, really and truly.

καρτερέω, *φ*, ἡσω, (*καρτερός*) to be steadfast or patient. 2. c. acc. to endure manfully. 3. with a Prep. to hold out or bear up against a thing. 4.

with part. to persevere, persist in doing. Hence

καρτερήσις, εως, ἡ, a bearing patiently, patience, endurance.

καρτερία, ἡ, = *καρτερήσις*.

καρτερικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*καρτερός*) enduring, patient.

καρτερό-θύμιος, ον, (*καρτερός*, *θυμός*) stout-hearted.

καρτερός, ἄ, ὄν, (*κάρτος*) = *κατερός*, strong, staunch, brave, mostly of persons, but also of things; *καρτερὰ ἔργα* valiant deeds; *καρτερός ὄρκος* a binding oath. 2. of places, strong, in a military sense. 3.

master of a thing, lord of. 4. master of oneself; steadfast, patient, constant: also obstinate. II.

Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in use are *κρείσσων*, *κράτιστος*.

καρτερό-χειρ, ὁ, ἡ, (*καρτερός*, *χείρ*) strong of hand.

καρτερῶς, Adv. of *καρτερός*, strongly; *καρτερῶς ὑπνοῦσθαι* to sleep sound.

κάρτιστος, ἡ, ον, Ep. for *κράτιστος*.

κάρτος, εος, τό, Ep. and Ion. for κράτος, strength, vigour, courage. Hence

καρτύνω, Ep. for κρατύνω, to strengthen; aor. τ med., **ἐκαρτύνατο** φάλαγγας they strengthened their ranks; **χείρας ἐκαρτύναντο** they strengthened or armed their hands.

Καρυαίδες, ων, αἱ, (Καρναί) the women of Caryae in Laconia.

II. in Architecture, Caryatides are female figures used as bearing shafts. [α]

κάρυκη, ῆ, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and rich spice. [β] Hence

κάρυκινος, ῆ, ων, of the colour of καρύκη, blood-red. **κάρυκο-ποιέω**, f. ἦσω, (καρύκη, ποιέω) to make a rich savoury sauce.

κάρυξ, Dor. for κήρυξ.

ΚΑΡΥΝ, the nut; κ. Περσικόν the walnut; κ. Εὐβοϊκόν the chestnut; κ. Ποντικόν the filbert.

κάρυο-ναύτης, ων, ὁ, (κάρυον, ναύτης) one who goes to sea in a nutshell.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρύσσω.

καρφάλεος, α, ων, (κάρφω) dry, farched: of sound, hollow.

κάρφη, ῆ, (κάρφω) a dry blade of grass.

καρφηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (κάρφος) of dry straw.

καρφίτης [Γ], ων, ὁ, (κάρφος) built of dry straw.

κάρφος, εος, τό, (κάρφω) any dry particle, a dry stalk or chip, Lat. *palea*: dry twigs, straws, bits of wool, such as birds make their nests of: in pl. *bushes*, chaff, Lat. *quisquiliae*. 2. the dry sticks of cinnamon were also called κάρφη.

ΚΑΡΨΩ, f. κάρψω, to make dry or withered:—Pass. to wither away.

καρχαλέος, α, ων, (κάρχαρος) rough in throat with thirst, Virgil's *siti asper*.

καρχαρ-όδους or **-όδων**, ὁδοντος, ὁ, ῆ, (κάρχαρος, ὁδους) with sharp jagged teeth.

κάρχαρος, ων, (χαράσσω) sharp-pointed or jagged: generally, sharp, biting.

Καρχηδών, ὄνος, ῆ, Carthage: **Καρχηδόνιος**, α, ων, and **Καρχηδονιακός**, ῆ, ὄν, Carthaginian.

καρχήσιον, τό, a drinking-cup or goblet narrower in the middle than at top and bottom. II. the masthead of a ship. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κάρψε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κάρφω.

καρψί, Dor. for κηρψί.

κάς, by crasis for καὶ εἰς or καὶ ἐς.

κασαλβάζω, f. σῶ, to abuse in barlot's language. From

κασαλβάς, ἄδος, ῆ, a barlot, strumpet.

κᾶσας, κασᾶς or κασῆς, ων, ὁ, a horse's caparison or housings, a carpet or skin to sit upon. (Akin to κᾶς, κᾶσας.)

ΚΑΣΪΑ Ion. -λή, ῆ, cassia, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

κᾶσι-γνήτη, ῆ, a sister: fem. of κασίγνητος.

κᾶσι-γνητος, ὁ, (κᾶσις, γεννάω) a brother:—then any blood-relation, a nephew or niece. II. as Adj.

κᾶσιγνητος, ῆ, ων, brotherly, sisterly.

ΚΑ'ΣΙΣ, ιος, ὁ or ῆ: vocat. **κᾶσι**: a brother or sister. [α]

Κασσιτερίδες, ων, αἱ, the Cassiterides or tin-islands.

ΚΑΣΣΙΤΕΡΟΣ Att. **καππίτερος**, ὁ, τιν, Lat. *stannum*; **χεύμα κασσιτέριοι** a plating of tin.

κάσσημα Att. **κάττ**-, ατος, τό, anything stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal: generally, a leather sole or shoe. From

ΚΑΣΣΥ'Ω Att. **καπτῶω**, to stitch, sew together. II.

metaph. to stitch up, i. e. to concoct, a plot. [β]

καστόν, by crasis for καὶ ἐστίν.

Καστόρειος, ων, (Κάστωρ) of or for Castor; **Καστόρειος νόμος**, a warlike air for the flute, mostly used in Sparta.

καστορίδες, αἱ, (Κάστωρ) a famous Laconian breed of hounds, said to be first reared by Castor: also **καστύριαι κύνες**.

καστορνύσα, Ep. for καταστορνύσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστύρνυμι.

Κάστωρ, οπος, ὁ, Castor, son of Zeus (or Tyndarus) and Leda, brother of Pollux.

ΚΑ'ΣΤΩΡ, οπος, ὁ, the beaver.

κάσχεθε, Ep. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κατέχω.

κᾶσώριον, τό, a brotzel. From

κᾶσωρίς, ἴδος, ῆ, = κασαλβάς, a barlot.

ΚΑΤΑ', Prep. with gen. and acc.: A. GENITIVE: I. denoting motion from above, down from.

II. down towards, down upon; **κατὰ χθονὸς ὄμματα πῆσαι** to fix the eyes down upon the ground; of a dart, **κατὰ γαίης ὄψετο** it went down to the ground:—so, **τοξεύειν κατὰ τινας** to shoot at one (because the arrow falls down upon its mark); **παίειν κατὰ τινας** to strike at one; **ὀμῶσαι κατὰ τινας** to swear upon a thing.

III. against, in opposition to; **λόγους κατὰ τινας**, Lat. *oratio aliquem*, a speech against one accused; but, **πρὸς τινα**, Lat. *adversus aliquem*, a speech in answer to an opponent.

B. Accusative: I. of motion downwards, **κατὰ ῥέον down the stream**.

2. of motion or extension, over, throughout, among, at, about, over, as **κατὰ γαῖαν, πόντον**: throughout, all along: also of Place,

upon, **βάλλειν κατ' ἀσπίδα**. 3. generally, of Place, as, **κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν** by land and sea.

II. distributively, of a whole divided into parts; **κατὰ φύλα, κατὰ φρήτρας** by tribes and clans; **κατὰ σφῆας** by themselves; so, of time, **κατ' ἐνιαυτὸν** year by year; and of numbers, **κατ' ὀλίγους** few at a time.

III. of object or purpose, **πλεῖν κατὰ πρῆξιν** to sail on a business; **πλάζεσθαι κατὰ ληίδα** to rove in search of booty.

IV. of fitness, according to, answering to; **κατὰ θυμὸν** according to one's mind; so, **καθ' ἡμέτερον νόον** after our liking; **κατ' ἄνθρωπον** according to the capacity of a man; **κατὰ φύσιν** naturally; **κατὰ δύναμιν** to the best of one's power; **κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα** according to the terms agreed upon. 2. in relation to, concerning; **τὰ κατὰ πόλεμον** all that belongs to war; **τὸ καθ' ὑμᾶς**

as far as concerns you; *κατὰ τοῦτο* in this way; *κατὰ ταῦτα* in the same way.

V. of numbers, *nearly, about*; *κατὰ ἐξήκοντα ἔτη* about 600 years.

VI. of Time, *throughout, during, in the course of*; *κατὰ τὸν πόλεμον* in the course of the war; *κατὰ Ἀμασιν* about the time of Amasis; *οἱ καθ' ἡμᾶς* those that live about our time, our contemporaries.

VII. the Comp. is followed by ἡ *κατά...*, when the *qualities* of things are compared; *μείζων ἡ κατ' ἄνθρωπον* greater than is suited to man, too great for man; *μείζων ἡ κατὰ δάκρυα* greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

POSITION: when *κατά* follows its case, it is written *κατά*.

As Adv., like *κάτω*, downwards, from above, down.

IN COMPOS.: I. downwards, down, as in *καταβαίνο*. II. over against, in answer to, as in *κατάδω*, Lat. *occino*.

III. against, in hostile sense, as in *κατ-ηγροῦμαι*. IV. often only to strengthen the simple word, as in *κατα-κόπτω*, *κατα-φαγεῖν*.

Κατά as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into *κάγ* before *γ*, *κάκ* before *κ*, *κάμ* before *μ*, *κάν* before *ν*, *κάπ* before *π* or *φ*, *κάρ* before *ρ*, *κάτ* before *τ* or *θ*. In compd. Verbs, *κατά* sometimes changes into *καβ*, *καλ*, *καρ*, *κατ*, as *κάββαλε*, *κάλλιπε*, *καρρέζουσα*, *κάτθανε*.

κατά, Ion. for *καθ'* ᾧ.

κῆτα, crasis for *καθ' εἶτα*, and *then*.

κατάβα, for *κατάβηθι*, aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνο*. *καταβάδην*, Adv. (*καταβαίνο*) going down: below, down-stairs, opp. to *ἀναβάδην*. [*βᾶ*]

καταβράχμους, ὄ. (*καταβαίνο*) a descent: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

καταβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of

καταβαίνο, f. -*βήσομαι*: pf. -*βέθηκα*; aor. 2 *κατέβην*, Ep. I pl. subj. *καταβέομεν*, for *καταβώμεν*; *κατάβᾶ* imperat. (for *κατάβηθι*): aor. I med. *κατεβηγάμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *κατεβήσεται*, Ep. imperat. *καταβήσεται*:—to go on come down, Lat. *descendere*: c. gen. to go down from; *καταβαίνειν δῖφρου* to come down from a chariot: c. acc. to go down to; *θάλαμον κατεβήσασα* she came down to her chamber; but also, *κλίμακα καταβαίνειν* to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs.

2. to go down to the sea.

3. to go down into the arena, to fight, contend.

4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, e. g. in speaking.

II. rarely in Pass., *ἵππος καταβαίνεται* the horse is dismounted from.

κατα-βοαχόομαι, Pass. (*κατά*, *Βαχχίω*) to be full of Bacchic frenzy.

κατα-βάλλω, fut. -*βάλλω*: aor. 2 *κατέβαλον*, Ep. 3 sing. *κάββαλε*: pf. -*βέβληκα*, pass. -*βέβλημαι*:—to throw down, cast down, overbrow, lay low; *καταβάλλειν ἐλ γόνυ* to throw on the knee, of wrestling: to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down.

2. to strike down, and so to slay.

3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea.

4. to put down, pay down: hence to pay off, discharge.

5. to put down into

a place and leave there:—Med. to lay as a foundation, ground, found.

κατα-βάπτω, f. *ψω*, (*κατά*, *βάπτω*) to dip down or into.

κατα-βάρειν, f. *ῖσω*, (*κατά*, *βάρος*) to weigh down, overload.

καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of *καταβαίνο*.

καταβάσιν, εως, ἡ, (*καταβαίνο*) a going down, descending.

2. a way down, a descent: the entrance to a cave.

κατα-βασμός, Att. for *καταβαθμός*.

καταβάτω [*ᾶ*], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνο*.

καταβαύω, f. *ξω*, to bark or bay at, τινός.

κατα-βεβαίδομαι, Dep. to affirm positively.

καταβεβλημένος, pf. pass. part. of *καταβάλλω*.

καταβέομεν, Ep. for *καταβώμεν*, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of *καταβαίνο*.

καταβήμεναι, Ep. for *καταβήσαι*, aor. 2 inf. of *καταβαίνο*.

καταβήσο, Ep. for *κατάβησαι*, 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of *καταβαίνο*.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of *καταβαίνο*.

κατα-βιβάζω, f. -*βιάσω* Att. -*βιβῶ*, Causal of *καταβαίνο*, to make to go down, bring down.

κατα-βιβρώσκω, fut. -*βρώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέβρων*:—Pass. aor. I *κατεβρώθην*: pf. -*βέβρωμαι*:—to eat up, devour.

κατα-βίω, f. -*ώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατεβίω*:—to bring life to an end, pass life.

κατα-βλάκεω, f. *σω*, to treat carelessly, mismanage.

κατα-βλάπτω, f. -*βλάψω*, to damage.

κατα-βλητικός, ὄ, ὄν, (*καταβάλλω*) likely to throw off.

κατα-βληχόομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to bleat aloud.

κατα-βλώσκω, f. -*μολοῦμαι*: aor. 2 *κατέμολον*:—to go down or through, pass through.

κατα-βοάω, fut. -*βοήσομαι* Ion. -*βώσομαι*:—to cry down, cry out against, exclaim against, c. gen. II.

c. acc. to outcry, silence. Hence *καταβοή*, ἡς, ἡ, a cry or outcry against one: and *καταβόησις*, εως, ἡ, a crying out against.

καταβολή, ἡ, (*καταβάλλω*) a laying down: a foundation, beginning.

2. a paying down.

3. a periodical attack of illness, a fit.

κατα-βόσκω, f. -*βοσκήσω*, (*κατά*, *βόσκω*) to feed flocks upon a place:—Med. to feed upon.

κατα-βόστρυχος, ὄν, with long flowing locks.

κατα-βράβεω, f. *σω*, to decide against one, deprive one of one's right:—Pass. to be unfairly cast in a suit.

κατα-βρέχω, f. -*βρέξω*: Pass. aor. I *κατεβρέχθην*:—to wet through, drench.

κατα-βρίθω [*ῖ*], f. -*βρίσω*:—to weigh or press down: metaph. to outweigh.

II. intr. to be heavily laden, weighed down by a thing. [*ῖ*]

**καταβρόχω*, aor. I *κατέβροξα*, opt. *καταβρόξαι*, to gulp or swallow down: cf. *ἀναβρόχω*.

κατα-βροχθίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιῶ*, (*κατά*, *βρόχθος*) to gulp down.

κατα-βρύκω [*ῖ*], f. *ξω*, to bite in pieces, eat up.

καταβρῶσομαι, fut. of καταβιβρῶσκω.
 κατα-βυρῶω, (κατά, βύρα) to cover over with bides.
 καταβῶσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβοάω.
 κατά-γαῖος Att. -γαιος, ον, (κατά, γαῖος) underground, subterraneous. II. on the ground;
 κατάγαιοι στρουβοῖ birds that run instead of flying, ostriches.
 καταγγελέυς, εὖς, ὁ, (καταγγέλλω) a proclaimer.
 κατα-αγγέλλω, f. -εἰλῶ, to announce, proclaim, declare; καταγγέλλειν πόλεμον to declare war. 2. to denounce, disclose, betray. Hence
 κατα-αγγέλτος, ον, denounced, betrayed.
 κατά-γαιος, Att. for κατάγαιος.
 Κατα-γάλα, ἡ, (κατά, γάλα) Comic name of a supposed town, Γέλα καὶ Καταγάλα.
 κατα-γέλαστος, ον, ridiculous. From
 κατα-γελῶ, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I κατεγέλασα:—Pass., aor. I κατεγέλασθην: pf. -γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh at: absol. to laugh scornfully, mock.
 κατὰ-γέλως, ωτος, ὁ, (κατά, γέλως) ridicule, mockery: also absurdity.
 κατὰγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατάρνυμι.
 κατα-γηράσκω, f. -γηράσω or ἄσομαι: aor. I κατεγήρασα or -εγήρανα: pf. -γεγήρακα:—to grow old, pass one's old age, Lat. senesco; 3 sing. impf. κατεγήρα (from καταγηράω), or aor. 2 (as if from a Verb in μι, cf. γηράσκω):—to grow old, Lat. senesco.
 κατα-γίγαρτιζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, γίγαρτον) to take out the kernel: metaph. for stuprate.
 κατα-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι:—to stay or reside at: also to busy oneself about a thing.
 κατα-γίγνωσκω, f. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 κατέγνων:—to remark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to finding fault. 2. to lay something to one's charge, c. gen. pers. et acc. rei, as, καταγιγνώσκειν τινὸς ἀνανδρίην to lay a charge of cowardice against him:—Pass., καταγινωσθῆς πρήσειν being thought or suspected to be doing. 3. to give judgment or sentence against a person; καταγιγνώσκειν τινὸς θάνατον to pass sentence of death on one, Lat. damnare aliquem mortis; καταγιγνώσκειν δίκην to adjudge or decide a suit.
 κατ-αγίζω, Ion. for καθαγίζω.
 κατ-αγινέω, Ion. for κατάγω, to lead or carry down. II. to bring back.
 κατα-γίνομαι, -γινώσκω, later forms for καταγιγ-
 κατα-αγλαΐζω, f. ἴσω, strengthd. for ἀγλαΐζω.
 κατα-γλωττίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: pf. pass. κατεγλώττισμα: (κατά, γλῶττα):—to kiss by joining tongues: μέλος κατεγλωττισμένον a wanton, licentious song. II. to use the tongue or speak against one.
 III. to talk one down, silence him. Hence
 καταγλωττισμα, τό, a wanton kiss.
 κάτ-αγμα, ατος, τό, (κατάγω) wool spun out: a piece or flock of wool.
 κατα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend down.
 καταγνῶνιζν, aor. 2 opt. of καταγιγνώσκω.
 καταγνούς, aor. 2 part. of καταγιγνώσκω.

κατ-αγνύμι, fut. κατάξω: aor. I κατέαξα, part. κατάξας: pf. (in pass. sense) κατέαγα Ion. κατέγηγα: aor. 2 pass. κατέαγην [ᾶ], inf. καταγήναι:—to break in pieces, shatter, shiver: to break, weaken. II. in Pass., and in pf. act. κατέαγα, to be broken; κατεαγέναι or κατὰγήναι τὴν κεφαλὴν to have the head broken.
 κατὰγνώσις, εὖς, ἡ, (καταγιγνώσκω) an unfavourable opinion. II. condemnation.
 κατα-γοητεύω, f. σω, to enchant, bewitch: to cheat, impose upon.
 κατ-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to denounce.
 κατὰγρᾶφος, ον, engraved, embroidered. From
 κατα-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark or scratch deeply: to engrave: to paint over, fill with letters. II. to write down: to register, enroll.
 κατ-αγρέω, f. ἦσω, to catch, overtake.
 κατα-γυμνάζω, fut. ἄσω, to exercise constantly.
 κατ-άγω, f. -ᾶω: aor. 2 κατήγαγον:—to lead or carry down, Lat. deducere: to lead or carry to a place, esp. to the sea-coast. 2. to bring down from the high sea to land:—Pass. to come to land, opp. to ἀναγεσθαι (to put out to sea). 3. to draw out, spin. 4. to bring down, lower. II. to bring back, esp. from banishment, to recall, restore. Hence
 κατὰγῶγῃ, ἡ, a bringing down. II. a putting a ship into harbour, landing. 2. a landing-place: hence 3. a resting-place, lodging-place.
 κατὰγῶγιον, τό, (κατάγω) a place to lodge in, resting-place, inn.
 κατ-ἀγωνίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to struggle against, prevail against.
 κατα-δαίνυμαι, f. -δαίσομαι, Pass. to devour.
 κατα-δάκνω, fut. -θήσομαι, to bite in pieces.
 κατα-δακρυνέω, ονσα, better divisim, κατὰ δάκρυ χέων shedding tears.
 κατα-δάκρυω, f. σω, to bewail or lament bitterly: absol. to weep bitterly.
 κατα-δαμάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I inf. med. καταδαμδσασθαι:—to subdue utterly.
 καταδάμναμαι, = καταδαμάζω.
 κατα-δᾶπνᾶω, f. ἦσω, to squander, waste utterly.
 κατα-δάπτω, f. -δάψω, to rend in pieces, devour.
 κατα-δαρθάνω, aor. 2 κατέδαρθον, by poet. metath. κατέδραθον; also; in same sense, aor. 2 pass. κατεδάρθην, poet. subj. καταδραθῶ, part. καταδρθείς:—to sleep soundly, fall asleep.
 κατα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι, Med. to divide among themselves.
 καταδέης, ἐς, (καταδέω) wanting or failing in something, lacking of: hence poor, needy; Comp. καταδέεστρος, weaker, inferior, see καταδεῖς.
 κατα-δεῖ, impers. there is wanting: see καταδέω.
 κατα-δεῖδω, f. -δείσω: aor. I κατέδεισα:—to fear very much, be in great terror of.
 κατα-δείκνυμι and -ύω, f. -δείξω: aor. I κατέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew clearly, point out, make known: c. inf. to shew how to do: to establish, prove.

κατα-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ά] :—to shew signs of fear or cowardice.

καταδέξαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of καταδεύειν.

κατα-δέομαι, f. -δέσσομαι, Dep. to want or need very much : to treat earnestly, Lat. *deprecari*.

κατα-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 act. κατέδρακον, and in same sense pass. κατεδέρχην : Dep. :—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, ό, άτιε or band : a magic knot, love-knot.

κατα-δέω, f. άω, aor. I κατέδενσα, to wet through : to water.

κατα-δέχομαι, f. -δέχομαι : Dep. :—to receive, admit. 2. to receive back, take home again.

κατα-δέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind on or to, bind fast : Med. to bind to or for oneself. 2. to put in bonds, imprison. 3. metaph. to convict of a crime. II.

to tie down, shut up, close, check.

κατα-δέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers : καταδεί, impers. there is need.

καταδεώς, Adv. of καταδεής, in defect : Comp. καταδεεστέρως έχειν to be very ill off.

κατά-δηλος, ov, very plain or manifest.

κατα-δημοβορέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβόρος) to consume publicly.

κατα-διατάω, f. ήσω, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, τινός.

κατα-διαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -άξω, to reconcile again.

κατα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, of rivers, intr., to flow or empty themselves into.

κατα-δικάζω, f. άσω : Pass., aor. κατεδικάσθην : pf. καταδικασμαι :—to give judgment against, pass sentence upon, τινός : absol. to condemn :—Med. to get sentence given against another, procure his condemnation :—Pass., καταδικασμένος one who has judgment given against him.

κατα-δίκη, ή, (κατά, δίκη) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence : a fine. [χ]

κατά-δικος, ov, (κατά, δίκη) condemned.

κατα-διώκω, f. έω or έομαι, to pursue closely.

κατα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect : to think, suppose : also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχθείς being suspected.

καταδοξάζω, fut. άσω, = καταδοκέω.

κατα-δουλώω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslave : also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώσομαι, -εδουλώσάμην, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence

καταδουλώσις, εως, ή, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

κατα-δουπέω, f. ήσω, to fall with a heavy sound.

Κατά-δουποι, ov, ol, (κατά, δούπιος) the Cataracts of the Nile : also the parts of Ethiopia in which they are called by Cicero *Catadupa* as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting.

καταδραβή, aor. 2 subj. pass. of καταδραβάνω.

καταδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρέχω.

κατα-δρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.

καταδρομή, ή, (καταδραμείν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρομος, ov, overrun, wasted by a raid.

κατά-δρυμμα, atos, τό, a tearing or rending. From

κατα-δρύπτω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend.

καταδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of καταδύνω.

κατα-δυναστεύω, f. άω, to exercise lordship or sovereignty over, overpower, oppress.

κατα-δύνω, = καταδύνω in intrans. sense.

καταδύς, aor. 2 part. of καταδύνω.

καταδύσις, εως, ή, (καταδύνω) a going down under water : of the stars, a setting : generally, a descent.

κατα-δυσωπέω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intreaty.

κατα-δύνω and κατα-δύνω : fut. -δύσω : aor. I κατέδύσα : aor. 2 κατέδυν :

I. Causal, in pres. καταδύνω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδύσα :—to make to sink, Lat. *mergere* : καταδύσαι ναύν to sink or disable a ship.

II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύομαι, with aor. 2, pf. plqpf. act., κατέδυν, -δέδυκα, -δεδύκειν :—to go under water, sink, set, of the sun : ήμ' ήελίω καταδύντι with sunset.

2. to go down into, to steal or creep into : to get into the midst of : τεύχεα καταδύναι to get under, i.e. put on arms.

3. to keep hidden, lie hid.

κατ-ᾶω Ion. -αείδω : f. -ᾶσομαι : rarely -ᾶσω :—to sing to, to charm by singing, Lat. *occinere* : absol. to sing a spell, charm.

II. to deafen by singing.

κατα-δωροδοκῶ, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes, κατ-αείω, Ion. for κατᾶω.

κατα-ειμένος, pf. part. pass. of καθέννυμι, clothed, clad, covered.

II. pf. part. pass. of καθήμι, let down, banging down.

καταείνυσαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Epic 3 sing. aor. I med. of κά-ειμι.

κατα-έννυμι, poet. for καθέννυμι : impf. καταείνον : to clothe, cover, overspread.

κατ-αζαίνω : Ion. aor. I καταζήνασκον : (κατά, αζαίνω, άζω) :—to make quite dry, parch up.

κατα-ζάω, inf. καταζήν, to live one's life out.

κατα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω :—to tie or yoke together, yoke :—Pass. to be bound fast, straitened : to be imprisoned.

καταζήνασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of καταζαίνω.

κατα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird fast : Med. to gird oneself.

καταθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

κατα-θαρσύνω, to embolden or encourage against :—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [ῶ]

κατα-θέομαι, f. άσομαι [ά], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

καταθίναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καταθείω, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταθeloμαι, Ep. for -θέωμαι, aor. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταθίμεν, Ep. for *θέωμεν*, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of *κατατίθημι*.

κατα-θέλω, f. *ξω*, to subdue by charms. Hence *καταθέλεις*, *εως*, *ἡ*, *enchantment*.

κατάθεμα, *ατος*, τό, (*κατατίθημι*) an accursed thing.

κατα-θεματίζω, f. *σω*, (*κατάθεμα*) to curse.

καταθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of *κατατίθημι*.

καταθέσεις, *εως*, *ἡ*, (*κατατίθημι*) a putting down: a paying down, *disbarging*.

κατα-θέω, f. *θέουσμαι*:—to run down: of ships, to run into harbour. II. to make inroads or incursions: c. acc., *καταθεῖν χώραν* to overrun a country.

κατα-θεωρέω, f. *ἴσω*, to contemplate from above.

κατα-θίγω, f. *ξω*, to sharpen, *whet*.

κατα-θιγνύω, (*κατά*, *θῆλυς*) to make womanish.

καταθισῶ, Dor. for *καταθήσω*, fut. of *κατατίθημι*.

κατα-θνήσκω, fut. *θνήσκειν*: aor. 2 *κατέθανον* Ep.

κἀθανον: pf. *τέθνηκα*, part. *τεθνηκώς* or *τεθνήκως* Ep.

τεθνήκως, *ῶτος*, inf. *τεθνήαι* Ep. *τεθνήαιεν* [*ᾱ*]:—to die away, be dying: in aor. 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased. Hence

καταθνήσκός, *ἡ*, *όν*, mortal.

καταθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *καταθρόσκω*.

κατα-θορυβέω, f. *ἴσω*, to cry down.

κατα-θρηγέω, f. *ἴσω*, to bewail, lament.

κατα-θρόσκω, f. *θοροῦμαι*: aor. 2 *κατέθορον*, inf.

θορεῖν:—to leap or jump down: c. acc., *καταθρόσκω*

σκεῖν τὴν αἵμασιν to leap down from the wall.

κατα-θυμέω, f. *ἴσω*, (*κατά*, *θυμέω*) to lose all heart,

to be very much dejected.

κατα-θύμιος, *ον*, also *ῖ*, *ον*, in or upon the mind, at heart:

μηδέ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος ἔστω let not death sit heavy at thy heart.

II. according to one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing.

κατα-θύω, f. *ύω* [*υ*], to sacrifice: to offer, dedicate.

II. Med., *καταθύεσθαι τινα* to compel one's love by magic sacrifices.

κατα-θωράκιζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, to cover with a coat of mail, arm at all points.

καταί-βασις, *εως*, *ἡ*, poet. for *κατάβασις*.

καται-βάτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, poet. for *καταβάτης*, (*καταβαίνω*)

one who comes down or descends, of Zeus descending in thunder and lightning: also of the thunder-bolt, hurled down, descending.

2. epith. of *Ἀχέρων*, to which one descends, downward, infernal.

καται-βᾶτός, *ἡ*, *όν*, poet. for *καταβατός*, giving a passage downwards:

θίραι καταιβαταὶ ἀνθρώποισι gates by which men descend.

κατα-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. *αἰδέσομαι*, aor. 1 pass.

ᾗδέσθην, Dep.:—to feel shame or reverence before another, to reverence, respect: c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

κατα-αἰθαλόω, f. *ύω*, to burn to ashes.

κατα-αἰθύσσω, f. *ξω*, of motion, to float or hover over:

πλόκαμοι νῶτον καταιθυσσον his locks floated down his back.

κατα-αἶθω, to burn down, burn to ashes. 2. to light up, ignite, illumine.

κατα-αἰκίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, to wound severely: to ill-treat, disfigure.

κατα-αινέω, f. *έσω* poet. *ἴσω*:—to agree to, assent to, approve of: *κατανεῖν ἐπὶ τινι* to agree to a thing on certain conditions.

II. to grant, promise: to promise in marriage, betroth.

κατα-αἰρέω, Ion. for *καθαίρω*.

κατα-αίρω, fut. *ἄρῶ*, (*κατά*, *αἶρω*):—to take or put down.

2. intr. to put into port: of birds, to go down to a place, light upon it.

κατα-αἰσθάνομαι, f. *αἰσθήσομαι*, Dep. to comprehend fully.

κατα-αἰσῖος, *ον*, (*κατά*, *αἰσῖος*) righteous.

κατα-αἰσχυνή, *ἦπος*, *ὁ*, a disgracer. From

κατα-αἰσχύνω, f. *ῶνῶ*, to shame, disgrace, dishonour.

II. Med. to feel shame before another, to reverence.

κατα-ἰσχω, poet. for *κατίσχω*.

κατα-αἰτιάομαι, f. *άσομαι* [*ᾱ*], Dep. to accuse, arraign, blame, find fault with: c. acc. to lay to one's charge, object to one: impute.

II. the aor. 1 part. *κατααἰτιάεις* occurs in pass. sense, accused, put on one's defence.

καταἰτυγ, *ὑγος*, *ἡ*, a low helmet or skull-cap without a crest. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατα-αἰωρέω, Pass. (*κατά*, *αἰωρέω*) to hang down.

κατα-καγχάζω, f. *άσω*, to laugh loudly at.

κατακαήμεν, Dor. and Lacon. for *κατακαήναι*, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *κατακαίω*.

κατακαίμεν, Ep. for *κατακαίειν*.

κατα-καίνω, fut. *κάνῶ*: aor. 2 *κατέκانون*:—like *κατακτείνω*, to slay.

κατα-καίω Att. *—κῶ* [*ᾱ*]: fut. *καύσω*: aor. 1 *κατέκαυσα* Ep. *κατέκηκα*: aor. 1 pass. *κατεκαύθην*, aor. 2

κατεκάνην:—to burn, burn down, consume by burning:—Pass., *κατὰ πῦρ ἐκάνη* the fire had burned down or out.

κατα-κᾶλέω, f. *έσω*, to call down, summon, invite.

II. to call upon, invoke.

κατα-κάλυπτο, f. *ψω*, to cover up, envelope:—Med. to veil oneself.

κατα-κάμπτω, f. *—κάμψω*, to bend down: to bend or turn by entreaty: *κατακάμπτειν ἐλπίδας* to bend down, break down hopes.

κατα-κάρφω, to dry up, parch:—Pass. to wither, fall into the sere.

κατακαύσας, aor. 1 part. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-καυχόμαι, f. *ἴσομαι*, Dep. to boast against, exult over, vaunt at.

κατακείαι, Ep. aor. 1 inf. of *κατακαίω*.

κατακεῖμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of *κατακαίω*.

κατακέεττε, 2 pl. of *κατακαίω*.

κατά-κειμαι, f. *—κείσομαι*, Dep. to lie down: to lie bid: to lie stored up, to be laid by.

2. to lie sick.

3. to recline at meals.

κατακεῖομεν, another form of *κατακείομεν*, q. v.:—but also Ep. for *κατακείωμεν*, pres. subj. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-κείρω, f. *κέρῶ*, to cut down, waste, consume.

κατα-κείω, Desiderat. of *κατάκειμαι*, to wish to lie down: *κακείοντες*, Ep. part. for *κατακείοντες*. *κατακέκλισο*, 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*. *κατακεκράκτης*, ου, δ, (*κατακράζω*) a brawler. *κατα-κελεύω*, f. σω, to give the word of command: of the *κελευστής*, to give the time in rowing. *κατα-κεντέω*, f. ήσω, to pierce through, sting severely. *κατα-κεράνυνω*, f. ώσω, to strike down by thunder. *κατα-κερδαίνω*, f. άνω or ήσω, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.

κατα-κερτομέω, f. ήσω, to rail violently: to mock at. *κατακήμεν*, Ep. pres. inf. of *κατακαίω*. *κατα-κηλέω*, f. ήσω, to soothe by charms: to enchant. *κατακρήνεν*, Ep. for *κατακρήνεν*, 1 pl. aor. I subj. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-κηρόω, f. ώσω, (*κατά, κηρός*) to cover with wax. *κατα-κηρύσσω* Att. -ττω, f. ύψω, to proclaim or command by herald.

κατα-κίρνημι, ποθ. for *κατακεράννυμι*, to mix well: —Pass. to be well mixed.

κατά-κισσος, ου, (*κατά, κισσός*) ivy-wreathed.

κατα-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [α]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:—to bewail or lament loudly: absol. to wail aloud.

κατακλάσσω, Dor. aor. I inf. med. of *κατακείω*. *κατα-κλάω*, f. άσω [α]: aor. I *κατέκλασα*:—Pass., aor. I *κατεκλάσθην*:—to break down, break short off, snap.

II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfeeble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.

κατακλαχθήναι, Dor. aor. I pass. inf. of *κατακείω*.

κατα-κλάω, Att. for *κατακλίνω*. [α]

κατα-κλείς, είδος, Ion. and Ep. *κατακλήϊς*, ήϊδος, ή, (*κατακλείω*) a fastening for doors.

κατα-κλείω Ion. -κλήω old Att. -κλήω: f. -κλείω Dor. -κλάω:—Med., aor. I *κατεκλείσαμην* Dor.

κατεκλαγάμην:—Pass., aor. *κατεκλείσθην* Ion. -εκληίσθην Dor. -εκλάσθην (not -εκλάσθην):—to shut up, shut fast. 2. to shut up in a fortress, to blockade.

κατα-κληροδοτέω, f. ήσω, (*κλήρος, δίδωμι*) to distribute by lot.

κατα-κληρονομέω, f. ήσω, to inherit, obtain by inheritance.

κατα-κληρουχέω, f. ήσω, to receive as one's allotment. II. to assign to another as his lot, give to inherit.

κατακλιθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.

κατακλινής, ές, (*κατακλινῆναι*) lying down, stretched at length. II. sloping, steep.

κατα-κλινό-βατής, ές, (*κατά, κλίνη, βαίνειν*) making one lie abed.

κατα-κλίνω [I], f. -κλινῶ: aor. I *κατέκλινα*:—to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to lay upon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius:—Pass. to lie down, esp. at table. II. to lay low, overthrow. Hence

κατάκλισις, εως, ή, a making to lie down or sit at table: ή *κατάκλις* του γάμου the celebration of a marriage.

κατα-κλύω, f. ύσω [υ]: aor. I *κατέκλυσα*:—to wash

over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water. II.

to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence

κατακλυσμός, ό, a deluge, flood.

Κατα-κλώθες, άί, (*κατακλώθω*) the weird women who spin thread, a name of the goddesses of Fate, Μοίραι, Lat. *Parcae*.

κατα-κλώθω, f. -κλώσω, to spin out, of the Fates.

κατα-κνάω, f. -κνήσω: aor. I *κατέκνησα*:—to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal.

κατα-κνήθω, = *κατακινάω*.

κατα-κνίζω, f. ίσω: aor. I *κατέκνισα*:—to pull to pieces, Lat. *vellito*:—Pass. to itch.

κατα-κοιμάω, f. ήσω, like *κατακοιμίζω*, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: aor. I inf. pass. *κατακοιμηθῆναι*, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep. II. to sleep

through, sleep out: *κατακοιμήσαι την φυλακήν* to sleep out the watch.

κατα-κοιμίζω, f. ίσω, = *κατακοιμάω*, to lull to sleep.

κατα-κοινωνέω, f. ήσω, to make one a sharer, give one a share.

κατ-άκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow closely.

κατα-κολπίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, (*κατά, κόλπος*) to run into a bay or gulf.

κατα-κομιδή, ή, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From

κατα-κομιζέω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ:—to bring down, esp. to the sea. 2. to bring to land or into harbour: to bring into a place of refuge.

κατά-κομος, ου, (*κατά, κόμη*) with falling hair.

κατ-άκονα, ή, (*κατά, άκονή*) destruction.

κατα-κονδύλλίζω, f. ίσω, to buffet severely.

κατ-άκοντιζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, (*κατά, άκοντιζω*) to strike down with darts.

κατα-κόπτω, f. ψω: aor. I *κατέκοψα*:—Pass., p. post *κατακεκόφομαι*: aor. 2 *κατεκόπην*:—to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay. II. to stamp with a die, coin into money.

κατα-κοσμέω, f. ήσω, to arrange, set in order: *ἐπὶ νευρῇ κατακοσμεῖν* to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.

κατ-άκουω, f. -ακουσάω, to bear and obey, be subject to. II. to hearken to, give ear to, bear plainly.

κατα-κράζω, fut. -κεκράξομαι, to cry down, outdo in crying.

κατα-κράτew, f. ήσω, to prevail over, subdue:—absol. to prevail, become master: to become current.

κατα-κρέμαμαι, Pass. to hang down, hang suspended.

κατα-κρεμάννυμι or -ύω, fut. -κρεμάσω [α]: aor. I *κατεκρέμασα*:—to hang to or upon, hang up, attach to or by.

κατα-κρεουργέω, f. ήσω, to cut up like a butcher.

κατα-κρήθεν, (*κατά, κόρη*) Adv. from the head downwards, from top to bottom:—metaph. entirely, utterly.

κατα-κρημνίσαι or -άομαι, = *κατακρέμαμαι*.

κατα-κρημνίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, (*κατά, κρημνός*) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down.

κατά-κρημνος, ου, precipitous.

κατάκριμα, ατος, τό, condemnation, sentence. From

κατα-κρίνω, f. -κρίνω: aor. I κατέκρινα:—to give judgment against: to condemn, sentence. [ἔ] Hence κατακρίσις, εως, ἡ, condemnation.

κατα-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide away, conceal, keep hidden: part. κακκρύπτων Ep. for κατακρύπτων. II. intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρύψῃ, ἡ, a hiding: metaph. a subterfuge.

κατα-κρώξω, f. -κρώξω, to croak at.

κατα-κτάμεν and -κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κατακτείνω.

κατα-κτάομαι, fut. -κτήσομαι: aor. I -εκτησάμην: Dep. to get or gain for oneself: in pf. κατακτέκτημαι, to possess.

κατακτάς, Ep. aor. 2 act. part. of κατακτείνω: pass. κατακτάμενος.

κατα-κτείνω, fut. -κτενώ Ion. -κτανώ Ep. -κτανέω: aor. I κατέκτεινα: aor. 2 κατέκτανον poët. κατέκταν, as, a, Ep. imperat. κάτανε, inf. κατακτανέω, -άμεναι, part. κατακτάς: pf. κατέκτονα:—Pass., aor. I κατεκτάθην: Ep. aor. 2 κατεκτάμην, part. κατακτάμενος: 2 pl. fut. med. (in pass. sense) κατακτενέεσθε:—to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κύβευω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβος) to lose by the dice, gamble away.

κατα-κυλινδω, f. ἴσω [ἔ]:—Pass., aor. I -εκύλισθην: pf. -κεκύλισμαι:—to roll down:—Pass. to be rolled down or off.

κατα-κύπτω, f. ψω; aor. I κατέκνυφα:—to bend down, stoop: to stoop and peep into.

κατα-κυριεύω, f. σω, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κυρώ, (κατά, κύρος) to ratify: aor. I part. κατακυρωθείς = κατακυρθείς, condemned to something. κατα-κωλύω, f. ύσω [ῶ]: to hinder from doing: to detain, keep back.

κατα-κωμῶζω, f. άσω, to burst riotously in upon, to attack with a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατοκωχή.

καταλαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-ἀλαζονεύομαι, (κατά, ἀλαζών) Dep. to boast or brag largely.

κατα-λαλέω, f. ἡσω, to babble, chatter. II. to talk or rail at, slander. Hence

καταλάλιά, ἡ, evil report, slander: and

κατάλαλος, ον, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήνομαι Ion. -λάμφομαι: aor. 2 κατέλαβον: pf. κατέλθφα Ion. καταλελάβηκα:—Pass., aor. I κατελήφθην Ion. κατέλαμβην:—to seize upon, lay hold of, take possession of: to seize:—Med. to seize for oneself: to preoccupy. II. to hold in, keep down or under, check: hence to put an end to, stop: to settle, conclude. 2. to bind by oath.

III. to catch, overtake, come up with: hence to discover, detect, find. 2. of events, to come upon, befall, happen to one: impers., καταλαμβάνει if happens to one; τὰ καταλαβόντα = τὰ συμβαντα, what had happened, the circumstances of the case. Hence

καταλαμπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. to be checked.

κατα-λάμπω, f. -λάμψω, to shine upon: to shine.

κατ-αλγέω, f. ἡσω, to suffer greatly, be in great pain.

κατα-λέγω, f. -λέξω: aor. I pass. κατελέχην, aor. 2 κατέλεγον:—to lay down, put to bed, make lie down:—Med., with aor. I κατελέξαμην, to lie down, sleep: in this sense occur κατελέκτο, 3 sing. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. κατελέγμην, inf. καταλέχθαι, part. καταλέγμενος. II. to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as soldiers, levy, enlist, enrol. III. to tell or count up, recount, reckon up: to go over, repeat, detail, e. g. a pedigree.

κατα-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour down, let drop: to shed tears:—Pass. to run or drop down. κατάλειμμα, τό, (καταλείπω) a remnant, residue. κατάλειπτος, ον, (καταλείπω) anointed.

κατα-λείπω, f. ψω: Ep. forms, pres. καλλείπω, fut. καλλείψω: aor. 2 κάλλιπον:—to leave behind, leave as an heritage, bequeath. II. to forsake, abandon: to leave or give up to another. III. to suffer, allow.

κατα-λειτουργέω, f. ἡσω, to spend one's substance in bearing public burthens.

κατ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear on or over.

καταλέξω, Dor. for καταλέξω, fut. of καταλέγα.

κατα-λεπτολογέω, f. ἡσω, to wear away by fine distinctions.

κατα-λένω, f. σω, (κατά, λεύω) to stone to death.

κατα-λέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-αλέω, f. έσω, to grind down.

κατα-λήγω, f. έω, to leave off, stop, cease.

κατα-λήθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληπτικός, ἡ, όν, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grasp or check, able to keep down.

καταληπτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grasped or seized, within reach, attainable. II. act. seizing upon.

κατάληψις, εως, ἡ, (καταλαμβάνω) a grasping, seizing, winning. II. an attacking, assailing.

κατα-λίθω, f. άσω, (κατά, λίθος) to stone to death.

κατα-λιπαρέω, f. ἡσω, to entreat earnestly.

καταλλάγῃ, ἡ, exchange, profit made on exchange. II. a change from enmity to friendship, reconciliation, mostly in plur. From

κατ-αλλάσσω Att. -πτω: f. άξω: aor. I κατήλαξα:—to change:—Med. to exchange, give in exchange. II. to change from enmity to friendship, reconcile:—Pass., with aor. I κατηλλάχθην, aor. 2 κατηλλάγην [ᾶ], to become reconciled.

κατ-αλόω, f. ἡσω, to crush in pieces, destroy.

κατα-λογίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to count up, reckon, consider: also to impute a thing to one. II. to count or reckon among.

κατάλογος, ό, (καταλέγω) a counting up, enrolment: the catalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army: οί εκ καταλόγου those on the list for service.

κατά-λοιπος, ον, left, remaining.

κατ-αλοκίζω, f. ἴσω, to cut into furrows.

κατα-λούω, f. σω, to wash completely:—Med., κατα-
λούεν τὸν βίον to spend one's life in bathing.

κατα-λόφαινα, Adv. = κατὰ λόφον, on the neck.

κατα-λογίζω, f. σω, to distribute into troops. Hence
καταλογισμός, ὁ, distribution into troops.

κατα-λόω, old Att. pres. for καταλούω.

κατά-λύμα, (κατά, λύω) an inn, lodging.

κατα-λύμαινομαι, Dep. to ravage, destroy.

καταλύσιμος, ον, (καταλύω) to be made an end of.
κατάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (καταλύω) a dissolving, putting
down, making an end of: of an army, a disbanding:
κατάλυσις τοῦ πολέμου an ending of the war: generally,
a conclusion, finishing. II. a resting, lodging:
also = κατάλυμα, a resting-place, inn.

καταλύτης, οὔ, ὁ, one who lodges in a place. From
κατα-λύω, f. λύσω: aor. I κατέλυσα:—to dissolve,
put down, make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put
down a form of government: to depose from com-
mand: to dissolve, dismiss, disband. 2. to bring
to an end, terminate; καταλύει πόλεμον to end a
war:—Med. to come to terms with one, make peace
with him.

II. to unloose, unyoke: hence absol.
to take up one's quarters, halt, rest, lodge.

κατα-λυφάω, f. ἤσω, to rest from a thing.

κατα-μαγέω, f. σω, (κατά, μάγος) to bewitch.

κατα-μαλᾶκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to make soft or
effeminate:—Pass. to be or become so.

κατα-μᾶλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἄξω, to soften much,
appease, pacify.

κατα-μαρτάνω, fut. -μαθήσομαι: aor. 2 -έμαθον:
pf. -μεμάθηκα:—to learn or observe well: to under-
stand: to consider well.

κατα-μαργάω Ion. -έω: f. ἤσω:—to be stark
mad.

κατα-μάρπτω, f. -μάρψω, to catch hold of, catch.

κατα-μαρτύρω, f. ἤσω, to bear witness against:—
Pass. to have evidence given against one.

κατα-μάσσομαι, Med. to wipe off.

κατα-μάω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ἀμάω) to pile up, heap up:
Ep. aor. I med. κατᾶμψάνην.

κατα-αμβλύνω, (κατά, ἀμβλύνω) to take the edge off,
make blunt or dull.

κατα-μεθύσκω, f. -μεθύσω [ῥ], to make drunk with
sheer wine.

καταμείνειν, aor. I inf. of καταμένω.

κατα-ἄμελει, f. ἤσω, to give no heed to, neglect: ab-
sol. to be heedless:—Pass. to be neglected.

κατα-μελιτόω, f. ὠσω, (κατά, μέλι) to shed honey
over, of the nightingale's voice.

κατάμεμπος, ον, blamed by all, abhorred: neut. pl.
as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From

κατα-μέμφομαι, f. -μέμφομαι: aor. I med. -εμεμ-
ψάμην, pass. -εμέμψην: Dep.:—to blame, accuse,
find fault with. Hence

κατάμεμψις, εως, ἡ, a blaming, finding fault, ac-
cusation.

κατα-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay behind: to remain, con-
tinue in a state.

κατα-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to cut in pieces: to dis-
tribute.

κατα-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure or mete out to: to
measure.

κατα-μηλόω, f. ὠσω, (κατά, μήλη) to put in the
probe: metaph., κηρὸν καταμηλοῦν to put the ballot-
box like a probe down another's throat, i. e. make
him disgorge stolen goods.

κατα-μηνύω, f. ὠσω [ῥ], to give information a-
gainst. 2. to intimate, make known.

καταμήσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμάω.

κατα-μίαινω, f. ἀνῶ, to taint, defile, pollute:—Pass.
to wear unwashed garments in sign of grief, Lat.
squalere.

κατα-μίννυμι or -ύω, f. -μίω: aor. I κατέμψα, Ep.
part. καμψίς:—to mix, mix up, compound.

κατα-μίσγω = καταμίσγνυμι.

κατα-μισθοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to spend in paying public
officers.

κατάμοφος, ον, (καταμέφομαι) faulty.

κατα-μόνως, (κατά, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart.

κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ἤσω, to conquer in single combat.

κατα-αμπίχω and -αμπίσχω, to encompass, cover.

καταμύζατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω.

κατάμυσις, εως, ἡ, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes.

κατ-ἄμυσσος Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to tear, scratch, rend.

κατα-μυττωτέω, f. σω, (κατά, μυττωτόν) to make
mincemeat of.

κατα-μύω, f. ὠσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατέμυσσα, poet. inf.
καμύσαι:—to shut or close the eyes: to nod, drop
asleep, dose: also to die.

κατ-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to force down into a place. II.
to overpower by force, by force, constrain, confine: coerce.

κατ-ἀνάθεμα, ατος, τό, a curse. Hence

καταναθεματίζω, f. ἴσω, to curse.

κατα-ναίω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep.
aor. I act. κατένασσα med. κατενασάμην:—Pass. to
take up one's abode, dwell, only in aor. I κατενάσθην.

κατ-ἀναλίσκω, f. -ανᾶλωσος: aor. I κατηνάλωσα:
—to spend lavishly, εἰς τι ὑπὸν a thing:—Pass., with
pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavished.

κατα-ναρκάω, to be slothful towards, press heavily
upon.

κατα-νάσσω, f. -νάξω, to beat down firmly.

κατα-ναυμάχew, fut. ἤσω, to conquer in a sea-fight,
beat at sea.

κατα-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to distribute, allot, assign a-
mong. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among them-
selves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2.
to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depasci.

κατάνευσις, εως, ἡ, a nodding to, assent. From

κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύσομαι: Ep. aor. I part. καννεύσας:
—to nod assent, opp. to ἀπονεύω; ὑπέσχετο καὶ κατέ-
νευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a
nod: to make a sign by nodding the head.

κατα-νεφώ, f. ὠσω, to overcloud.

κατα-νέω Ion. -νήω, f. -νήσω, to heap or pile up.

κατανήσαι, aor. I inf. of κατανέω.

κατ-ανθράκίζω, f. ἴσω, and κατ-ανθράκω, f. -όσομαι: (κατά, ἀνθραξ):—to burn to cinders:—Pass. to be burnt to ashes.

κατα-νίφω, f. -νίφω, to snow upon or over: impers., κατανίφει it snows; κατένυψε χιόνι τὴν Θράκην snow fell all over Thrace.

κατα-νοέω, f. ἴσω, to remark, observe, perceive: to understand, learn, know: to consider.

κατ-ανόμαι, Pass. (κατά, ἀνω) to be used up or wasted. The Act. is supplied by κατανύω.

κατα-νοτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to bedew.

κατ-αντά, Adv. of κατάντης, downwards.

κατ-αντάω, f. ἴσω, to come down to, arrive at.

κατ-άντης, es, (κατά, ἀντα) down-hill, opp. to ἀνάντης.

κατ-άντηστιν, Adv. (κατά, ἀντάω) opposite.

κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, ἀντικρύ) straight down from. II. over against, right opposite, facing. 2. absol. out-right, downright. [ι of the penult. long in Hom., short in Att.]

κατ-αντίον, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-αντιπέρασ, Adv. right over against, opposite.

κατ-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to pour upon or over.

κατάνυξις, εως, ἡ, stupefaction, slumber. From κατα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick:—Pass. to be pricked at heart. II. in Pass. also to lie in a deep sleep, to slumber.

κατ-ἀνύω Att. -ύτω: f. ύω [ῥ]: aor. I κατήνυσα:—to bring to an end, finish a journey: to arrive at a place; c. gen., φίλην προξένου κατηνύσαν they have reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νοτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατά, νοτίζω):—to carry on one's back.

κατα-ξάνω, f. -ξανώ: aor. I κατέξηνα:—Pass., aor. I κατέξανθην: pf. κατέξαμμαι:—to card or comb well: to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing.

καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατέξεν, fut. inf. of κατέγω.

κατα-ξενώω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, ξένος) to receive as a guest, entertain.

κατ-ἀξιος, ov, quite worthy of. Adv. -ίως. Hence καταξίωω, f. ὥσω, to deem worthy, esteem, honour. II. to bid; πολλά χαιρεν εὐμοφοῖς καταξίω I bid a long farewell to calamities. 2. to resolve or determine on a thing.

κατα-ξύω, f. ύω [ῥ]: Pass., pf. -έξυσμαι:—to scrape down, to scratch or mark.

κατάρω, Dor. for κατάρωος.

κατα-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (καταπήγνυμι) fastened down or downpawed; καταπακτή θύρα a trap-door.

κατα-πάλαιω, f. σω, to ibrow in wrestling.

κατα-πάλλω, to shake down:—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπαλτο, to vault or leap down.

κατα-πάρσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I κατέπαρσα:—to besprinkle: to sprinkle or strew over. Hence

κατάπαστος, ov, besprinkled with, embroidered.

κατα-πατέω, f. ἴσω, to trample down, trample under foot: metaph. to trample on.

κατάπαμα, atos, τό, a check, hindrance; and κατάπαυσις, εως, ἡ, a putting a stop to, putting down, deposing. II. (from Pass.) a calm. From

κατα-παύω poet. κατ-παύω: f. σω:—to put to rest, calm, assuage. 2. to make one stop from a thing, binder or check from: to stop, binder, keep in check:—to put down, depose one from power. II. Pass.

and Med. to leave off, cease, rest.

κατ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, to threaten loudly; καταπειλέω ἐπι to use threatening words.

κατα-πειράτῃρια Ion. -πειρητῃρίη, ἡ, (κατά, πειράω) a sounding-line.

κατα-πελάζω, fut. -άσομαι, to overrun with light-armed troops (πελτασταί).

καταπεμπτός, a, ov, verb. Adj. of καταπέμπω, to be sent down.

κατα-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send down to the sea.

κατα-πενθέω, f. ἴσω, to mourn for.

καταπένητα, intr. pf. of καταπήγνυμι.

καταπειτηνία, Ep. pf. part. fem. of καταπήσσω.

κατ-άπερ, Ion. for καθάπερ.

κατα-πέρδω, mostly in Med. -πέρδομαι: aor. 2 κατέπαρδον: pf. καταπέπορδα:—to break wind at one.

κατα-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to boil down or digest: metaph. to digest, keep from rising.

καταπεσών, aor. 2 part. of καταπίπτω.

κατα-πετάννυμι or -ύω, fut. -πετάσω [ᾱ]:—to spread out over. II. to spread or cover with. Hence

καταπέτασμα, atos, τό, a curtain, veil.

κατα-πέτομαι, fut. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 κατεπτάμην, part. καταπτάμενος:—to fly down.

κατα-πετρώω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, πέτρα) to stone to death.

κατα-πέττω, Att. for καταπέσσω.

καταπεφών, part. of aor. 2 κατέπεφνον.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατα-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω: aor. I κατέπηξα:—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. καταπέπηγα, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπηκτο, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

κατα-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap down from.

κατα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill quite full.

κατα-πιμπρήσκω, f. -πρήσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 κατέπιον Ep. κάπιον:—to gulp or swallow down, absorb. 2. metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow up, use up, consume.

κατα-πιπράσκω, to sell outright.

κατα-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέπεσον Ep. κάππεσον: pf. -πέπηκα:—to fall down: metaph. to fall, sink, subside.

κατα-πισθόω Att. -τρώω: f. -ώσω, to cover with pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, atos, τό, that which is spread or smeared over, a plaster. From

κατα-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I.

κατέπλᾶσα:—to spread or smear over, plaster with:—Med., καταπλάσσειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to plaster one's own head. Hence

καταπλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, plastered over.

κατα-πλαστὺς, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for κατάπλασμα.

κατα-πλέω, f. ἔω, to entwine, plait: metaph. to im-plicate, entangle. 2. to finish twisting, and so to

bring to an end, finish.

κατά-πλεος, ὄν, also α, ὄν: Att. —πλεως, ὄν, gen. ω: (κατά, πλεος):—quite full of a thing: soiled or stained with it.

κατα-πλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπλευσα:—Ion. pres. —πλώω:—to sail down, as, to sail from the high sea to shore, put into port, put in:—to sail down stream. II. to sail back.

κατά-πλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for κατάπλεος.

κατάπληξ, ἡγος, ὅ, ἡ, (καταπλήσσω) terror-stricken. κατάπληξις, εὖς, ἡ, amazement, consternation. From κατα-πλήσσω Att. —ττω: f. ἔω: aor. I κατέπληξα:—Pass., aor. 2 κατεπλήχην [ἄ] Ep. κατεπλήγγην:—pf. —πέπληγμαi:—to strike down: metaph. to strike with amazement, astound, confound:—Pass. to be panic-stricken, be amazed.

κατά-πλοος contr. —πλους, ὄ, (καταπλέω) a sailing down to land, a putting ashore, putting into harbour. II. a sailing back, return.

κατα-πλουτίω, fut. ἴω Att. ἰώ, to make very rich, enrich.

κατα-πλύνω [ῶ], to bathe with water. Hence

κατάπλυσις, εὖς, ἡ, a bathing in water.

κατα-πλώω, Ion. for καταπλέω.

κατα-πνέω, Ep. for καταπνέω.

κατα-πνέω, f. —πνεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπνευσα:—to breathe upon or over. 2. to inspire, instil. Hence

καταπνοή, ἡ, a breathing or blowing.

κατα-πόδα and κατα-πόδας, Adv., for κατὰ πόδα, κατὰ πόδας, upon the track, quickly, straightway.

καταποθί, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of καταπνέω.

κατα-πολεμέω, f. ἴσω, to war down, wear down or overcome in war, Lat. debellare.

κατα-πονέω, f. ἴσω, to wear out by toil or suffering.

κατα-ποντίω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, (κατά, πόντος) to throw into the sea, plunge or drown therein. Hence

καταποντιστής, οὗ, ὅ, one who throws into the sea, of pirates.

κατα-ποντεύω, f. ὥσω, = καταποντίω.

κατα-πορνέω, f. —εἴσω, to prostitute.

κατα-πράσσω Att. —ττω, f. ἔω, —πράξω, to effect, accomplish, achieve:—Med. to achieve for oneself.

κατα-πρηγής, ἔς, head foremost, with the forepart downwards, i. e. with the flat of the hand. Hence

καταπρηγών, f. ὥσω, to throw down headlong.

κατα-πρίω [I]: aor. I κατέπρισα:—to saw up or in pieces: to cut or tear in pieces.

κατα-προδίδωμι, f. —προδώσω, to betray.

κατα-προΐσσομαι, f. —προΐξομαι Att. προΐξομαι:—to do for nothing, i. e. with impunity, always with

negat., and in bad sense:

1. absol., οὐ καταπρόΐξεσθαι ἔφη he said they should not get off free, with impunity; οὐ καταπρόΐξει you shan't do it for nothing.

2. also with part., οὐ λωβησάμενος ἐμὲ καταπρόΐξεται he shall not escape for having thus insulted me; οὐ καταπρόΐξει τοῦτο δρῶν thou shalt not escape or get off for doing this.

3. c. gen. pers., ἐμὲ δ' ἐκένει οὐ καταπρόΐξεται he shall not use me ill for nothing.

κατά-πρωκτός, ὄν, = καταπύγων.

καταπτάκων, ὄντος, aor. 2 part. of καταπτήσσω.

κατά-πτερος, ὄν, (κατά, πτερόν) winged.

καταπτήσομαι, fut. of καταπέτομαι.

κατα-πτήσσω, fut. —πτήξω: Ep. aor. 2 κατέπτην, 3 dual καταπτήτην; another poet. aor. 2 part. καταπτάκων occurs: pf. κατέπτηκα or —χα, Ep. part. καταπεπτηγώς:—to crouch or cower down, to lie crouching or cowering.

κατ-άπτομα, Ion. for καθάπτομα.

κατάπτυστος, ὄν, also η, ὄν, (καταπτύνω) to be spai upon, abominable, despicable.

κατα-πτύχης, ἔς, (κατά, πτυχή) with ample folds.

κατα-πτύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ]: aor. I. κατέπτυσα:—to spit upon or at, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt.

κατα-πτύσσω, = καταπτήσσω.

καταπυγούσνη, ἡ, lewdness. From

κατα-πύγων, ὄντος, ἡ, neut. πύγον, (κατά, πύγη) lewd, lustful, brutal.

κατα-πύθω, f. ὥσω [ῶ]: aor. κατέπυσα:—to make rotten:—Pass. to become rotten.

κατά-πικνός, ὄν, very thick.

κατα-πύριζω, f. ἴω, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

κατα-πυρπολέω, f. ἴσω, to consume with fire.

κατ-άρα Ion. —άρη [ἄ], ἡ, an imprecation, curse.

καταραϊρημένος, Ion. for καθρηρημένος, pf. part. pass. of καθαρεύω.

κατ-αράομαι, f. —άσομαι Ion. —ήσομαι: Dep.:—to invoke upon one, mostly in bad sense; πολλά κατηράτο be uttered many curses: to pray for evil to one, curse, utter imprecations upon:—pf. part. κατηράμενος, in pass. sense, accursed.

κατ-άρσσω Att. —ττω, f. ἔω, to dash down, smash, break in pieces, to hurl down.

κατάρατος, ὄν, (κατάραομαι) accursed, abominable.

κατ-αργέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to leave unemployed: hence to make barren. II. to make use-

less or void:—Pass. to be abolished: to be set free.

κατ-αργίζω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to make to tarry.

κάταργμα, ατος, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τὰ

κατάργματα, the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites.

κατ-αργυρόω, f. ὥσω, to cover or plate with silver. II. to buy or bribe with silver.

κατ-άρδω, f. άρσω, to water: esp. metaph. to be sprinkle with praise.

κατ-αρόομαι or —έωμαι, Ion. for καταρόομαι.

κατα-ρίγηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατά, ῥίγγω) making one shudder, horrible.

κατ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἴσω, to count or reckon among. 2. to count up:—Med. to recount.

κατ-ἀρκέω, f. ἴσω, to be fully sufficient.

κατ-ἀρμόζω, Ion. for καθάρ-.

κατ-ἀνέομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -ἀνήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ἠρνθήην:—to deny stoutly.

κατ-ἀρόω, f. -ἀρόσω, to plough up.

καταρράγγειναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήγνυμι.

καταρ-ραθύμει, f. ἴσω, to lose or miss from carelessness:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ καταρραθυνημένα things carelessly lost. II. intr. to be very careless or idle.

καταρ-ράκω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, βάκος) to tear into shreds: Pass., pf. part. καταρρακομένους, in rags or tatters.

καταρράκτης, ου, (καταρρήγνυμι) as Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, ὁ, a waterfall, Lat. cataracta.

καταρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over: metaph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence

καταρράβφος, ου, sewn together, patched.

καταρ-ρέζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I κατέρεξα:—to pat with the band, to stroke, fondle, caress:—καπρέζουσα, Ep. for καταπρέζουσα.

καταρ-ρέπω, f. ψω, to make to sink or fall.

καταρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and (in pass. form) -ρνήσομαι: pf. -ερρήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form κατερρύν:—to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rush down. 2. to fall or slip down: aor. 2 part. pass. καταρρύνεις, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of. II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.

καταρ-ρήγνυμι and -ῶω: f. -ρήξω:—to break down. 2. to tear in pieces, rend:—Med., καταρρήξαντο τοὺς κινῶνας they rent their coats. 3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies. II. Pass., esp. in aor. 2 καταρράγγην [ᾱ], to fall or rush down: to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrans. in pf. act. καταρρηγα to break out, burst forth.

καταρ-ρινάω or -ῶω, f. ἴσω, to file down: καταρρηνμένον τι λέγειν to say anything polished or well-turned.

καταρ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overthrow.

κατάρροος contr. κατάρρους, ου, ὁ, (καταρρέω) a running from the head, a catarrh.

καταρ-ροφέω, f. ἴσω, to gulp or swallow down.

καταρρύναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταρρέω. Hence

καταρρύνης, ἐς, flowing down, falling away, ebbing.

κατάρρυτος, ου, (καταρρέω) overflowed, watered, irrigated. II. carried down by water: formed by depositions from water, alluvial.

κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for καταρρωδέω.

καταρρῶξ, ὦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατέρρωγα) broken, rugged.

κάταρσις, εως, ἡ, (καταίρω) a landing-place.

κατ-αρτάω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust fitly; χρέμα καταρτημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.

κατ-αρτίζω, f. ἴσω, to adjust, put in order again, restore, repair: to settle by mediation, reform. II.

to furnish completely: καταρτισμένος (pf. part. pass.) well furnished, complete. Hence

κατάρτισις, εως, ἡ, a restoring, restoration: a making perfect, educating.

καταρτιστήρ, ἥπος, ὁ, (καταρτίζω) one who adjusts: a mediator, reformer.

κατ-αρτύω, f. ὥσω [ῥ]: pf. -ἤρτυκα pass. -ἤρτυμαι: aor. I pass. -ἤρτυθην [ῥ]:—to prepare, dress: to arrange, put in order:—Pass. to be trained or disciplined.

II. καταρτυκός, pf. part. act. in intrans. sense, of suppliants, having performed all the rites.

κατά-ρῦτος, ου, poet. for κατάρρυτος.

κατ-ἀρχῶ, Adv. for κατ' ἀρχάς, in the beginning.

κατ-ἀρχω, f. ξω, (κατά, ἀρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., ὁδοῦ κατάρχε lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing: κατάρχει τὸν λόγον. 2.

Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Νέστωρ χερνύβια τ' οὐλοχύτας τε κατήρχετο Nestor began (the sacrifice) with the washing of hands and sprinkling the barley on the victim's head: later c. gen., κατάρχεσθαι τοῦ ἱερείου to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate. 3. to lead the dance in honour of one, to celebrate, honour.

κατα-σβέννυμι and -ῶω: f. -σβέσω: aor. I κατέσβησα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph., θάλασσαν κατασβέσαι to dry up the sea; κατασβέσαι βοήην, ἐρῖν to quell noise and strife. II. Pass., with intrans. aor. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβηκα, to be quenched, go out.

κατα-σείω, f. -σείσω: pf. -σέσεικα:—to shake and throw down; κατασείειν τῇ χειρί to sign with the hand, beckon.

κατασέσημα, intr. pf. of κατασῆπω.

κατα-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 κατεσσύμην: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rush down or back into.

κατα-σῆπω, to make rotten, let rot. II. Pass., aor. 2 κατ-εσάπην [ᾱ], with intr. pf. act. κατασέσημα, to grow rotten, rot away.

κατ-ασθενέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀσθενέω) to weaken.

κατ-ασθμάλω, to pant or snort against.

κατα-σιγάω, f. ἴσομαι, to become silent.

κατα-σκελεῖω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελός) to Sicilise, i. e. make away with.

κατα-σιτέομαι, f. -ἴσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feed on.

κατα-σιωπάω, f. -ἴσομαι, to be silent about a thing: c. acc. rei, to keep silent, pass over. II. trans. to make silent, silence, c. acc. pers.

κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, rase to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφην. Hence

κατασκάφη, ἡ, a rasing to the ground, demolishing. II. in plur., burial: also a grave.

κατασκάφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. Hence

κατασκάφης, ἐς, dug down, deep-dug.

κατα-σκεδάννυμι and -ῶω, f. -σκέδασω [ᾱ]: aor. I κατεσκέδασα:—to scatter upon or over: also in bad

sense; κατασκέδασαι φήμην τινός to spread a report against one.

κατα-σκέλλω, to parch up. II. Pass., with pf. act. κατέσκηκα, to wither away.

κατα-σκέπω, (κατά, σκέπας) to shelter, cover up.

κατα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare, furnish, equip again or anew. 2. to get ready, build:—Med. to build, construct a house:—Pass. to be furnished or provided with a thing. 3. to put in a certain state, render so and so:—Med. to prepare oneself for doing, be ready to do. Hence

κατασκευάσμαι, atos, τό, a contrivance, device: and κατασκευασμός, ό, contrivance.

κατα-σκευή, ή, (κατά, σκευή) any artificial preparation, Lat. apparatus: any kind of furniture that is fixed or lasting, opp. to what is movable or temporary (παροσκευή); a building: also any furniture, as the baggage of an army. II. the state or constitution of a thing.

κατα-σκηνάω, f. ήσω, = κατασκηνώ.

κατα-σκηνώ, f. ώσω, (κατά, σκηνή) to pitch one's camp, take up one's quarters, encamp: to rest, settle. Hence

κατασκήνωμα, atos, τό, a covering, veil: and κατασκήνους, εως, ή, an encamping, an encampment: a resting-place, a nest.

κατα-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to rush down or fall upon, light upon, be hurled down upon: of lightning, of sudden attacks of sickness, etc. II. λιταῖς κατασκήπτειν to assail or importune with prayers.

κατα-σκιάζω, f. -σκιάσω, to overshadow, cover over.

κατα-σκιώ, poet. for κατασκιάζω.

κατα-σκιδνᾶμαι, used as Pass. of κατασκεδάννυμι.

κατά-σκιος, ov, (κατά, σκιά) overshadowed. II. overshadowing.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from κατα-σκέπτομαι): f. -σκέψομαι: aor. I -εσκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμμαι:—to view closely; to spy out: to reconnoitre. Hence

κατασκοπή, ή, a viewing closely, spying.

κατά-σκοπος, ov, (κατά, σκοπός) spying, exploring: as Subst. a scout, spy.

κατα-σκάπτω, fut. -σκάψομαι, to make jokes upon, banter: to jeer or mock.

κατα-σμικρύνω, f. ὠνώ, to lessen, abridge:—Pass. to become less.

κατα-σμύχω, f. ξω:—to burn with a slow fire:—Pass. to smoulder away.

κατα-σοφίζομαι, f. -ισομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι, Dep. to conquer by trickery, circumvent, outwit:—also as Pass. to be outwitted.

κατα-σπαράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to pull to pieces.

κατα-σπατάλω, f. ήσω, to live wantonly.

κατα-σπάω, f. άσω[ά], to draw or pull down; κατα-σπᾶν τινα τῶν τριχῶν to drag one down by the hair: of ships, to haul down, set afloat. II. to quaff or swallow down.

κατα-σπείρω, f. -σπερῶ aor. I κατέσπειρα:—to

sow or plant thickly: metaph. to beget.

besprinkle. II. to

κατα-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω aor. I κατέσπεισα: pf. -έσπεικα:—Pass., aor. I -εσπέισθην: pf. -έσπεισμαι:—to pour as a drink-offering or libation: absol. to pour drink-offerings: generally, to pour upon one. II.

to honour with libations.

κατα-σπέρχω, f. ξω, to urge on, stimulate.

κατα-σποδέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, σποδός) to throw down in the dust, make bite the dust.

κατα-σπουδάζομαι, Dep., with aor. I pass. -εσπουδάσθην, pf. -εσπουδασμαι; (κατά, σπουδάζω):—to be earnest about a thing: absol. to be very serious.

κατα-στάζω, f. ξω, to let fall in drops upon, pour upon: to let drop, shed. II. intr. to drop down, trickle; νόσφ καταστάζειν πόδα to have one's foot running with a sore. 2. to bedew, wet, moisten.

κατασταθείς, aor. I part. pass. of καθίστημι.

καταστάς, aor. I part. of καθίστημι.

κατα-στιάδίζω, f. άσω, to form a counter-party. II. Pass. to be beaten by party or faction.

κατάστασις, εως, ή, a settling, appointing, establishing: an appointment, institution. 2. a bringing of ambassadors before the assembly, a presentation.

II. intrans. a standing fast, a fixed or settled condition: a state, condition: the nature of a thing: the constitution of a state.

καταστατέον, verb. Adj. of καθίστημι, one must appoint.

καταστάτης, ov, ό, (καθίστημι) an establisber.

κατα-στεγάζω, f. άσω, to cover over. Hence

καταστέγασμα, atos, τό, a covering.

κατά-στεγος, ov, (κατά, στέγη) covered in, roofed.

κατα-στείβω, f. ψω, to tread on.

καταστείλαι, aor. I inf. of καταστέλλω.

κατα-στέλλω, f. -στελώ, to put in order, arrange: clothe, dress, array. 2. to keep down, check.

κατα-στένω, to sigh over or lament, c. acc. 2. to sigh for or about one, c. gen.

κατα-στεφανώνω, f. ώσω, to crown.

καταστεφής, ές, wreathed, crowned. From

κατα-στέφω, f. ψω aor. I κατέστεψα:—to wreath, crown.

κατα-στηλιτεύω, f. σω, (κατά, στήλη) to expose one to infamy by posting up his name.

κατάστημα, atos, τό, (καθίστημι) a state, condition.

κατα-στηρίζω, f. ήξω, to support, prop, sustain.

καταστήσαι, κατάστησον, aor. I inf. and imperat. of καθίστημι: καταστήσω, fut. of same.

κατα-στιζω, f. ξω, to cover with punctures. Hence

κατά-στικτος, ov, spotted, speckled, brindled, dappled.

κατα-στίλβω, to beam brightly.

καταστολή, ή, (καταστέλλω) an arranging, dressing: equipment, dress. II. quietness, moderation.

κατα-στοναῶ, f. ήξω, to sigh over, bewail.

κατα-στορέννυμι and -ύω, fut. -οσπρέσω aor. I κατεσπρέσα:—to spread or cover with a thing. II.

to spread or strew on the ground: to overbrow, lay

low; κατασπορέσαι κύματα to smooth the waves, Lat. sternere aequor.

κατ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to hurl down lightning, flash lightning: absol., καταστράπτει it lightens.

κατα-στράτοπεδύνω, f. σω, to make to encamp, station:—Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

κατα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn over the soil, Lat. aratro vertere. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med. to subject to oneself, subdue:—Pass. to be subdued; κατέστραμμαι ἀκούειν I am compelled to hear.

κατ-άγειν, f. ψω, to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end, end.

καταστρέφω, aor. I part. of καταστρέφω.

καταστρέφοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω.

κατα-στρηνιάω, to behave insolently towards.

καταστροφή, ἡ, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overbrowning. 2. a subduing, reduction. II.

a sudden turn: an end, close:—in the drama, the catastrophe or turn of the plot.

κατάστρωμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

κατα-στρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -στρώσω: aor. I κατέστρωσα: = καταστορέννυμι.

κατα-στυγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 κατέστυγον:—to be horror-struck:—c. acc. rei, to shudder at, abhor.

κατα-στυφέλλω, ov, very hard or rugged.

κατα-στωμύλλω, to have a glib tongue: pf. part. pass. in act. sense κατεστωμυλμένος, a chattering fellow.

κατα-σύρω, aor. I -έσῃρα, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. diripere.

κατασφάγι, ἡ, a slaughtering or killing. From κατα-σφάζω or -σφάπτω: f. ξω: aor. 2 pass. -έσφαγην [ᾶ]:—to slaughter, murder.

κατα-σφραγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. κατεσφραγισμένος, sealed up, secured.

κατασχεῖν Ep. -έειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατασχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατάσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding back, binding. II. a holding fast, possession.

κατάσχετος, ov, (κατέχω) held back, kept back. II.

possessed.

κατα-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to cleave asunder; κατασχίζειν τὰς πύλας to burst the gates open.

κατα-σχολάζω, f. ᾶσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνον τι κατασχολάζειν to tarry somewhat too long.

κατασχῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατέχω.

κατασχών, κατασχόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of κατέχω.

κατα-σώζω, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray.

κατα-τάμνω, Ion. and Dor. for κατα-τέμνω.

κατα-τάνω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], = κατα-τείνω.

καταταξέεις, Dor. for κατατάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of κατα-τίκω.

κατα-τάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to draw up in order, arrange: to put in its proper place, classify, digest. 2. to appoint.

κατατενύειν, 3 sing. pf. opt. of κατατενύσκειν.

κατατενέως and Ep. -ῆως, gen. ὠτος, pf. part. of κατατενύσκειν.

κατατέθηκα, pf. of καταθήσκω.

κατα-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: pf. -τέτῃκα:—to stretch or draw tight: metaph. to strain, force: also to strain or exert.

II. intrans. to stretch or strain oneself: to stretch or extend towards, Lat. tendere in . . . 2. to strain or exert oneself, strive earnestly.

κατα-τέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 κατέτῃμον: pf. κατατέμνηκα, pass. κατατέμνημαι:—to cut in pieces, cut up; κατατέμνεν τινά καττύματα to cut him into strips; κατατέμνητο τάφροι trenches had been cut.

κατά-τεχνος, ov, (κατά, τέχνη) artificial.

κατα-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. I κατέτηξα:—to make melt away, to thaw: to dissolve, make liquid. II.

Pass., with pf. act. κατατέτηκα, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

κατα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: pf. -τέθηκα: aor. 2 κατέθην, Ep. pl. κάθεμεν, κάθετε, κάθεσαν; καταθείομεν,

Ep. subj. for καταθῶμεν; Ep. inf. καθήμεν; and in Med., καθήμεθα, καθέσθην, καθήμενοι, Ep. for κατέθμεν, etc.; καταθείομαι, Ep. subj. for καταθῶμαι:—to place, put or lay down; καταθεῖναι ἀεθλον

to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform.

3. καταθεῖναι τισί τι ἐς μέσον to communicate a thing to others, give them a common share of it. II. Med. to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside: to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in store: metaph., κατατίθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; χάριν κατατίθεσθαι τινι to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in memory.

κατα-τιλάω, f. ἦσω, to befoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-τιτρώσκω, f. -τρώσω, to cover with wounds, wound mortally.

κατατομή, ἡ, (κατατέμνω) a cutting into: outward, fleshly circumcision.

κατα-τοξέω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατραγέειν, aor. 2 inf. of κατατράγω.

κατα-τραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to cover with wounds, wound all over: of ships, to disable utterly, cripple.

κατα-τρέχω, f. -δραμούμαι: aor. 2 κατέδραμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run down: of a ship, to run into port. II. to run down upon, attack.

III. to run over: to overrun, ravage, lay waste.

κατα-τρίβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. -ετρίβην [ῥ]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:—to rub down, wear away with rubbing: of persons, to wear out, weary, exhaust: of property, to waste, squander:—Pass. to be worn out. 2. of Time, to wear away, get rid of it, Lat. diem terere:—Pass., esp. in pf. -τέτριμμαι, to spend one's life, live one's whole time. [ῥ]

κατα-τρίζω, *to squeak, scream shrilly.*
 κατα-τροχάζω, *f. άσω, to run down or over.*
 κατα-τρύζω, *f. ύσω, to chatter against.*
 κατα-τρώγω, *to rub down, wear out, exhaust.* [υ]
 κατα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι : aor. 2 κατέτρώγον :—
to gnaw in pieces, eat up.
 κατα-τρωματίζω, *Ion. for κατατρανμ-.*
 κατα-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι, *to hit one's mark, reach, gain, obtain : absol. to be successful.*
 κατα-αναίλω, *to dry, parch, or wither up.*
 κατα-αυγάζω, *f. άσω, to illumine or light up :—Med. to gaze at.*
 κατα-αυδάω, *f. ήσω, to speak aloud, declare.*
 κατα-αυθι, or better κατ' αυθι, *Adv. on the spot.*
 κατα-αυλέω, *f. ήσω, to play upon the flute to one :—*
Pass. to have the flute played to one : to resound with the flute. II. c. acc. to overpower by flute-playing : generally, to strike dumb.
 κατα-αυλίζομαι, *f. ίσομαι : aor. I med. κατηυλισάμην and pass. κατηυλίσθην : Dep. :—to take up one's quarters, encamp, settle, lodge.*
 κατα-αυτίκα, better κατ' αυτίκα.
 κατα-αυτόθι, *Adv. on the spot, for κατ' αυτόθι.*
 κατα-αυχένιος, *a, on, (κατά, αύχήν) on or over the neck.*
 κατα-αυχέω, *f. ήσω, to exult much in.*
 κατα-αφάγειν, *aor. 2 inf. of καταφασθίω, to eat up, devour.* 2. to consume in eating.
 κατα-φαίνω, *f. -φάω, to make visible.* II. Pass. to become visible, appear. 2. to be clear or plain.
 καταφάνηναι, *aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταφαίνω.* Hence καταφάνης, *és, clearly seen, conspicuous.* 2. manifest, clear.
 κατάφαρκτος, *on, old Att. for κατάφρακτος.*
 κατα-φαρμακεύω, *f. σω, to anoint with drugs : to charm, bewitch.*
 κατα-φαρμάσσω, *f. ξω, to poison.*
 κατα-φauλίζω, *f. σω, to depreciate.*
 καταφερέης, *és, (καταφερόμαι) sloping, slanting ; εϋτε έν καταφερης γίγνηται ό ήλιος when the sun is near setting.* II. inclined to a thing.
 κατα-φέρω, *f. κατοίσω or κατοίσομαι : aor. I κατήνεγκα :—to bring down :—Pass. to be brought down, as by a river : to be weighed down by sleep.* II. to bring down from the high sea, bring to land :—Pass. to be carried or driven down to a place.
 κατα-φεύγω, *f. ξομαι : aor. 2 κατέφύγον :—to flee for refuge or betake oneself to, to have recourse to.* Hence
 κατα-φευκτός, *verb. Adj. one must betake oneself.*
 κατά-φύξις, *éws, ή, flight for refuge.* 2. a place of refuge.
 κατά-φημι, *to say yes, assent to.*
 κατα-φημίζω, *f. σω and ξω, to spread a report, announce, proclaim.*
 κατα-φθατέομαι, *Dep. (κατά, φθατέω or φθατάω = φθάνω) :—to take first possession of, occupy.*
 κατα-φθείρω, *f. -φθερώ, to bring to nothing, ruin.*

κατα-φθίνύθω, = καταφθίω. [υ]
 κατα-φθίνω : aor. I κατεφθίνησα : pf. κατεφθίνηκα :—*to waste away, decay, perish.*
 κατα-φθίω, I. Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [ι], aor. I κατέφθισα, *to ruin, destroy, kill.* II. intrans. in pf. pass. κατέφθιμαι, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμην [ι], inf. -φθίσθαι :—*to be destroyed, ruined, waste away, perish ; ώς καταφθίσθαι ώφελος O that thou hadst perished : part. καταφθίμενος, dead, departed.*
 καταφθορά, *ή, (καταφθείρω) destruction, ruin, death : metaph. confusion, distraction.*
 κατα-φιλέω, *f. ήσω, to kiss tenderly, caress.*
 κατα-φλέγω, *f. ξω, to burn down, consume.*
 καταφλεγί-πολις, *ό, ή, (καταφλέγω, πόλις) inflamer of cities.*
 κατά-φλεξις, *éws, ή, (καταφλέγω) a burning.*
 κατα-φοβέω, *f. ήσω, to strike with fear or dismay :—Pass., with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. I κατεφοβήθην, to be afraid of.*
 κατα-φοιτάω *Ion. -έω, to come down regularly.*
 κατα-φονεύω, *f. σω, to slaughter, butcher, slay.*
 κατα-φορέω, *f. ήσω, to carry down or along : of a river, to carry down with the stream :—Pass. to be so carried down.*
 κατα-φράζω, *f. σω, to declare.* II. Med., with fut. -φράσομαι, aor. I med. -εφρασάμην, pass. -εφράσθην :—*to think upon, reflect upon : to remark, observe.*
 κατάφρακτος, *on, covered, decked : shut up in.* From κατα-φράσσω Att. -ττω, *f. ξω, to cover, fence in.*
 κατα-φρονέω, *f. ήσω, to think slightly of, disdain, despise : to scorn, contemn.* II. to fix one's thoughts upon, think of : also to aim at, Lat. affectare.
 III. to think arrogantly, to presume : and simply to think, suppose. Hence
 καταφρόνημα, *ατος, τό, contempt of others ; μη φρόνημα μόνον, αλλά καταφρόνημα not only spirit, but a spirit of disdain : and*
 καταφρόνησις, *éws, ή, a low opinion of others : presumption : and*
 καταφρονήτης, *ου, ό, a despiser : and*
 καταφρονητικός, *ή, όν, contemptuous, disdainful.* Adv. -κώς, scornfully.
 κατα-φροντίζω, *f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to think or study a thing away.*
 κατα-φρύγω, *f. ξω, to burn away.*
 κατα-φυγγάνω, = καταφεύγω.
 καταφύγειν, *aor. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω.* Hence καταφύγη, *ή, a refuge, place of refuge.*
 κατα-φύλαδόν, *Adv., for κατά φυλάς, in tribes, by tribes or clans.*
 κατα-φύλασσω Att. -ττω, *f. ξω, to guard well.*
 κατα-φύλλορεύω, *f. ήσω, to shed leaves : to decay.*
 κατά-φύτος, *ον, (κατά, φυτύν) well-planted.*
 κατα-φωράω, *f. άσω [α], to catch in a theft : generally, to catch in the act, detect, discover.*
 κατα-φωτίζω, *f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to illuminate, light up.*
 κατα-χαίρω, *f. -χαρούμαι, to exult over one.*

κατα-χαλαζάω, *f. ἦσω*, to shower down like hail on one.

κατά-χαλκος, *ον*, (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; κατάχαλκον πείλον the plain gleaming with brassen armour. Hence

κατα-χαλκῶω, *f. ὥσω*, to cover with brass.

κατα-χαρίζομαι, *f. ἴσομαι* Att. *ιοῦμαι*, to do or give up a thing out of courtesy: generally, to flatter, curry favour.

κατάχαρμα, *ατος*, τό, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat. ludibrium.

κατα-χέω, *f. -χέσομαι*, to befoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-χειροτονέω, *f. ἦσω*, to vote by show of hands against: generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, *ῆ*, condemnation by show of hands. καταχεύαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταχέω.

κατα-χέω Ep. -χεύω fut. -χέω: aor. I κατέχεα Ep. κατέχευα:—Pass., aor. I κατεχύθην [ῆ]: Ep. aor. 2 κατεχύμην [ῆ], 3 sing. and pl. κατέχυτο, χατέχυντο:—to pour down, shed upon or over, to shower down: to throw, cast down: to let fall upon. 2. to melt down.

II. Med. to let flow down, esp. of the hair. 2. to have or cause to be melted down; χρυσὸν καταχέασθαι.

καταχήνη, *ῆ*, (καταχαίνω) derision, mockery.

κατα-χηρεύω, *f. σω*, to pass in widowhood.

κατ-άχης, *ές*, Dor. for κατηγής.

κατ-άχθωμαι, Pass. to be grieved or distressed.

κατα-χθόνιος, *ον*, (κατά, χθών) subterranean, infernal.

κατα-χορδεύω, *f. σω*, to cut in strips.

κατα-χραίνομαι, Dep. to spot or sprinkle.

κατα-χράομαι, *f. -χρήσομαι*: Dep.:—to make use of, apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume. 2. to misuse, misapply. 3. of persons, to make away with, destroy, despatch. II. the Act. καταχράω is only used impers. in 3 sing., κατὰχρᾱ, it is enough, it suffices; so impf. κατέχρᾱ it sufficed; fut. καταχρήσει it will suffice: once with a nom., ἀντὶ λόφου ἢ λοφύϊ κατέχρᾱ the name sufficed, served as a crest.

κατα-χρεῖομαι, Pass. to be ill treated.

κατα-χρέμπτωμαι, Dep. to spit upon or at, in sign of contempt.

κατα-χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of καταχράομαι, one must use or abuse.

κατά-χρυσος, *ον*, covered with gold, gilded. Hence

καταχρυσόω, *f. ὥσω*, to cover with gold, to gild.

κατα-χρώω, also -χρώννυμι and -ύω: *f. -χρώσω*:—to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnish.

καταχύθην, (καταχέω) Adv. pouring down, i. e. profusely, lavishly. [ῆ]

κατάχυμα, *ατος*, τό, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. bandfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

κατα-χωνεύω, *f. σω*, to melt down.

κατα-χώννυμι or -ύω, fut. -χώσω, to cover with a heap or mound, bury, inter.

κατα-χωρίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχῶσαι, aor. I inf. of καταχώννυμι.

κατα-ψακίζω, Att. for καταψεκάζω.

κατα-ψάω, *f. -ψήσω*, to stroke with the hand.

κατα-ψεκάζω Att. -ψακίζω, *f. ὥσω*, to drop down on, bedew.

κατα-ψεύδομαι, *f. σομαι*, Dep. to feign, invent: καταψευδεσθαι τινος to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

κατα-ψευδομαρτύρῶ, *f. ἦσω*, to bear false witness against:—Pass. to be borne down by false witness.

κατάψευστος, *ον*, (καταψεύδομαι) feigned, fabulous.

κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. *ιοῦμαι*, to vote against or in condemnation of:—as Pass. to be condemned.

κατα-ψήχω, *f. -ψήξω*, to rub or grate down:—Pass. to crumble away. II. metaph. = καταψάω.

κατα-ψύχω, *f. ξω*, to cool, refresh. [ῆ]

κατέαγα, pf. of κατάννυμι:—κατέαγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass.

κατεάγωσιν, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. pass. of κατάννυμι.

κατέαξα, aor. I of κατάννυμι.

κατέαξω, late fut. of κατάννυμι.

κατέαται, Ion. for κάθηνται, 3 pl. pf. of κάθημαι.

κατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθητο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι.

κατέβα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβαν, for κατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατέβην, aor. 2 of καταβαίνω.

κατεβήσето, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of καταβαίνω.

κατεβλάκειμένους, Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλάκειω, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγύω, *f. ἦσω*: (κατά, ἐγγή) :—to pledge, betroth. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible,

compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγύη, *ῆ*, bail, security given.

κατεγέλων, impf. of καταγελάω.

κατεγήρα, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2; see γηράσκω.

κατ-εγχείω, *f. -χέω*, to pour down into.

κατέδησα, aor. I of καταδέω (Δ).

κατέδομαι, fut. of κατεσθίω.

κατέδραθον, for κατέδαρθον, aor. 2 of καταδαρθάνω.

κατέδραμον, aor. 2 of κατατρέχω.

κατέδυν, aor. 2 of καταδύνω.

κατέδω, Ep. for κατεσθίω.

κατεγνῶς, Ion. pf. part. of κατάννυμι.

κατέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθω.

κατέθηκα, aor. I of κατατίθω.

κατ-είβω, poet. for καταλείβω, to let flow down, shed:—Med. to flow apace, trickle down: metaph., αἰὼν κατεβητο life ebbed or passed away.

κατειδέναι, inf. pf. of *κατείδω.

*κατ-είδω, I. in aor. 2 κατείδον, inf. κατιδεῖν (which serves as aor. 2 to καθοράω), to look down upon, contemplate, observe; so also in aor. 2 med. κατειδόμεν, inf. κατιδέσθαι. II. in pf. κάτοιδα, inf. κατειδέναι, to know well, to be assured of.

κατ-εἰδωλος, *ον*, (κατά, εἶδωλον) *given to idols*.
κατ-εικάζω, *φ. άσω*, *to liken to* :—*Pass.* *to be or become like*. II. *to guess, surmise, conjecture* : of evil, *to suspect*.

κατ-ειλέω, *φ. ήσω*, *to force into a place, coop up* :—*Pass.* *to be cooped up*.

κατείληφα, κατείλημαι, *pf. act. and pass. of καταλαμβάνω*.

κατ-ελίσσω, *Ion.* *for καθελίσσω*.

κατείλιχάτο, *Ion.* *3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καθελίσσω*.

κατ-ελύω, *φ. ύσω* [ύ], *to cover up, wrap up*.

κάτ-εμοι : *Ep. aor. I med. καταεισάμην* : (κατά, εἰμι *ίβο*) *to go or come down : to go down to the sea ; but also, to sail down from the high sea to land : of a river, to flow down : of a wind, to sweep down*. II. *to come back, return* : of exiles, *to return home*.

κατεῖναι, *Ion.* *for καθεῖναι*, *aor. 2 inf. of καθήμι*.

κατ-εἴνυμι, *Ion.* *for καθέννυμι*.

κατέῖπα, *aor. I* = κατέῖπον.

κατέῖπον, *inf. κατεῖπειν*, without any pres. in use : (κατά, εἶπον) : *to speak against, to accuse, charge*. II. *to speak out, declare, tell plainly*. 2. *to denounce, tell, to inform of*.

κατεργασθῆν, *poët. aor. 2 med. of κατεργάζω*.

κατ-εἰργνύμι and -ύω, = κατεῖργω.

κατ-εἰργω *Ion.* -έργω, *φ. έω*, *to shut in, enclose, confine* :—*to press hard, reduce to straits*. II. *to binder*.

κατ-εἰρω, *Ion.* *for κατερύω*.

κατ-εἰρωνεύομαι, *Dep.* *to use irony towards, banter : to dissemble*.

κατ-εἰσάγω, *φ. άζω*, *to bring in to one's own loss*. [ά]

κατέκειρα, *aor. I* of κατακείρω.

κατέκηρα, *aor. I* of κατακαίω.

κατέκλασσα, *aor. I* of κατακλάω.

κατεκλάσθη, *aor. I pass. of κατακλάω*.

κατεκλάθη, *Dor. aor. I pass. of κατακλείω*.

κατέκλυσα, *aor. I* of κατακλύω.

κατέκλων, *contr. impf. of κατακλάω*.

κατεκρίθην, *aor. I pass. of κατακρίνω*.

κατέκταν, *Ep. aor. 2 of κατακτείνω*.

κατέκταθεν, *Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατακτείνω*.

κατέκτανον, *aor. 2 of κατακτείνω*.

κατέλαβον, *aor. 2 of καταλαμβάνω*.

κατ-ελαύνω, *fut. -ελάσω* *Att.* -ελῶ : *aor. I καθήλασα* :—*to drive down : to master*.

κατ-ελέγχω, *φ. -γέω*, *to convict of falsehood : to l. lie*.

κατέλεκτο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταλέγω*.

κατ-ελεύσομαι, *fut. of κατέρχομαι*.

κατελήφθην, *aor. I pass. of καταλαμβάνω*.

κατελθεῖν *Ep.* -θέμεν, *aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι*.

κατ-ελίσσω, *Ion.* *for καθελίσσω*.

κατ-ελκύω, *Ion.* *for καθελκύω*.

κατ-ελπίζω, *φ. έσω*, *to hope confidently*.

κάτεμεν, *Ion.* *I pl. aor. 2 of καθήμι*.

κατ-εναίρομαι, *Dep.*, with *aor. I med. κατηνράμην*, and also *aor. 2 act. κατήνῃρον* :—*to kill, slay, slaughter*.

κατ-εναντίον, also κατ-έναντι, *Adv.* (κατά, ἐναντίος) *over against, opposite, fronting*.

κατ-ενάριζω, *φ. έω*, *strengthened for ἐναρίζω, to kill*.

κατένασσα, *Ep. aor. I* of καταναίω.

κατενεχθείς, *aor. I part. pass. of καταφέρω*.

κατ-ενήνοθε, *pf. with no pres. in use, it was upon, it lay upon, κόνις κατενήνοθεν ὅμιους* : *cf. ἐπ-ενήνοθε, παρ-ενήνοθε* ; the simple ἐνήνοθε does not occur.

κατενήρατο, *3 sing. aor. I* of κατεναίρομαι.

κατενήειν, *Dor. aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι*.

κατενύγησαν [ύ], *3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of κατανύσσω*.

κατ-ἐνωπιά and κατ-ἐνώπιον, *Adv.* (κατά, ἐνωπή) *right over against, right opposite, fronting*.

κατ-εξανίσταμαι, *Pass.*, with *aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην*, *to rise up against, contend against*.

κατέξανται, *3 sing. pf. pass. of καταξάνω*.

κατεξενομένος, *δ*, *received as a guest, pf. part. pass. of καταξενόω*.

κατ-ἐξουσιάζω, *φ. άσω*, *to exercise authority over*.

κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, *Med.* *to make a contract or engagement with one*.

κατ-επάγω, *φ. άζω*, *to bring down upon, bring one thing quickly upon another*.

κατεπάλλμενος, *Ep. aor. 2 part. of κατεφάλλομαι*.

κατέπαλετο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω*.

κατέπειγω, *φ. έω*, *to press down, oppress*. 2. *to urge, impel, stimulate, hasten* ; τὸ κατεπεύγον *urgent necessity*.

II. *intr. to hurry, make haste*.

κατέπεσον, *aor. 2 of καταπίπτω*.

κατέπεστην, *aor. 2 of κατεφίστημι*.

κατέπεφον, *redupl. aor. 2 of καταφένω*.

κατέπηκτο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπήγνυμι*.

κατέπηξα, *aor. I* of καταπήγνυμι.

κατέπλησσα, *aor. I* of καταπλάσσω.

κατέπλευσα, *aor. I* of καταπλέω.

κατεπλήγη, *aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω*.

κατέπτυσσα, *aor. I* of καταπτύω.

κατ-εργάζομαι, *fut. -άσομαι* : *aor. I κατεργάσθην* : *pf. κατεργάσμαι* : *Dep.* (but *aor. I* and *pf.* are also used in *pass. sense*) :—*to effect, accomplish, achieve*.

2. *like Lat. conficere, to make an end of, destroy, despatch* : hence *to overpower, conquer* :—*pf. in pass. sense, to be overcome*. 3. *in good sense, to prevail upon, persuade, influence* :—*aor. I in pass. sense, to be prevailed on*. II. *to work in, make* ;

κατεργάζεσθαι *to make honey* ; also *to manufacture*. III. *of things, to earn, to acquire by labour* ;

absol. to go to work.

κατ-έργω, *Ion.* *for κατεργάζω*.

κατερεκτός or -ερίκτός, *όν*, *bruised*. From κατ-ερέκω, *to tear, rend* :—*Med.* *to rend one's garments*.

II. *to bruise or grind down* ; metaph., κατερέκειν θυμόν *to wear away one's mind*.

κατ-ερείπω, *φ. ψω*, *to throw or cast down* : *to demolish, dismantle, lay waste*. II. *intr. in aor. 2*

κατήρηνον, *pf. κατερήριπα*, *to fall down, fall in*.

κατέρεξα, *Ep. aor. I* of καταρρέω.

κατ-ερεύγω, *φ. έω*, *to belch at or upon*.

κατ-ερέφω, f. έω, to cover, roof:—Med. to roof over for oneself.

κατ-ερέω, Ion. for κατερέω, serving as fut. (with pf. κατέρηκα) of the aor. κατέιπον:—to speak against, accuse, c. gen.: also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, arraign. 2. to say plainly, speak out: Pass., κατειρήσεται it shall be declared.

κατερήριπα, intr. pf. of κατερέπω.
κατ-ερίτύω, fut. -ερίτύσω [v]:—to keep in, detain, confine.

κατέρρωγα, intrans. pf. of καταρρήγνυμι.
κατερύκάνω, poet. for κατερύκω. [ά]
κατ-ερύκω [v], f. έω, to hold back, detain.
κατ-ερύω Ion. -ερύω: f. ύσω [v]: aor. 1 κατέρυσα: Pass., pf. κατέρυσμαι:—to draw or haul down: of ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat. deducere navis.

κατ-έρχομαι, fut. κατελεύσομαι: aor. 2 κατήλυθον contr. κατήλθον, inf. κατελθεῖν: Dep.:—to go down, esp. to the coast: of things, to fall down: of a river, to flow or run down. II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατερέω, v. sub κατερέω.
κατέσβεσα, aor. 1 of κατασβέννυμι.
κατέσβηκα, κατέσβην, intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατ-εσθίω, f. κατέδομαι: pf. κατεδήδοκα Ep. κατέδηδα: pf. pass. κατεδήδεσμαι:—to eat up, devour, prey upon.

κατέσκαμμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκάπτω.
κατεσκεύασμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκευάζω.
κατεσκεψάμην, aor. 1 med. of κατασκοπέω.
κατέσκληκα, intr. pf. of κατασκελλώ.
κατέσπειρα, aor. 1 of κατασπείρω.
κατέσπεισα, aor. 1 of κατασπένδω.
κατέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of κατασεύομαι.
κατέστανεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of καθίστημι.

κατέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω.
κατέστειψα, aor. 1 of καταστείβω.
κατεστέω, Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι.
κατέστην, aor. 2 of καθίστημι: κατέστησα, aor. 1.
κατεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. 1 med. of καθίστημι.
κατεστόρεσα, aor. 1 of καταστορέννυμι.
κατεστράφατο, Ion. for καεστραμμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. plpf. pass. of καταστρέφω.

κατέστρωσα, aor. 1 of καταστρώννυμι.
κατέστυγον, aor. 2 of καταστυγέω.
κατετάκετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατατάκω.
κατέτηξα, aor. 1 of κατατίκω.
κατετίριβην [r], aor. 2 pass. of κατατίριβω.
κάτενυγα, τό, (κατεύχομαι) a vow, wish, prayer: esp. for evil, an imprecation, curse. II. a votive offering.

κατ-ευθύ or -ευθύς, Adv. straight forward.
κατ-ευθύω, f. ένώ, to make straight, set right: to guide, direct, conduct.

κατ-ενάβω, fut. άσω, to lull to sleep:—Pass. to lie down to sleep: Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 κατενάσθεν.

κατευνάω, f. ήσω, to put to sleep, compose to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep.

κατευνήσαιμι, aor. 1 opt. of κατευνάω.
κατ-ευτρεπίξω, f. σω, to get ready, set in order, prepare.

κατ-ευφημέω, f. ήσω, to praise loudly, extol.
κατ-ευφραίνω, f. άνώ, to gladden or delight much.
κατευχή, ή, a wish, prayer, vow. From
κατ-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to pray earnestly: to pray to one: absol. to make a vow, pray. 2. to pray for evil on one, invoke a curse. II. to boast.

κατ-ευωχέομαι, Pass. to feast, make merry.
κατέφιγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσβίω.
κατ-εφάλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush upon: κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part.

κατέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθίω.
κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. κατέεστην, pf. κατεφέστηκα, to rise up again.

κατέφυγον, aor. 2 of καταφεύγω.
κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταχέω.

κατ-έχω, fut. καθέξω and κατασχέσω: aor. 2 κατέσχον poet. -έσχεθον: I. trans. to hold, keep back, withhold: to check, restrain:—Pass. to stop, cease. II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to seize, take possession of, occupy with soldiers. 2. to cover, encompass: also in Med., πρόσωπα κατέσχετο she covered her face: generally, to bide, keep concealed.

III. intrans. to check oneself: to bold, stop, cease. 2. to come from the high sea to shore, land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, happen: εύ κατασχέσει it will turn out well. 4. of a report, to prevail, be frequent: to have the upper hand. IV. Med. to keep back from oneself, embezzle: also to blind.

κατήγαγον, aor. 2 of κατάγω.
κατηγγέλην, aor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλω.
κατήγειν, κατηγέομαι, etc., Ion. for καθηγ-,
κατήγετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω.

κατ-ηγорέω, f. ήσω, (κατήγορος) to speak against, to accuse, arraign. 2. to lay a thing to one's charge:—Pass., κατηγορείται τι τινός a charge is brought against him. 3. absol. to be an accuser, appear as prosecutor. 4. generally, to signify, indicate, prove, intimate. Hence

κατηγορία, ή, an accusation, charge.
κατήγορος, ό, (κατά, άγορεύω) an accuser: betrayer.
κατήγισμαι, pf. pass. of κατακίζω.
κατήκοος, ον, (κατακούω) listening to, attentive: as Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper. II. hearkening to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. III. hearkening to, giving ear to.

κατ-ήκω, Ion. for καθήκω.
κατήλθον, aor. 2 of κατέρχομαι.
κατήλυψ, ήπος, ή, the upper story of a house: a staircase or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.)
κατηλλάχθην, κατηλλάγην [ά], aor. 1 and 2 pass. of καταλλάσσω.

κατ-ηλογέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, λόγος) to make of small account, slight, despise.

κατήλθον, uncontr. form of κατήλθον. Hence κατήλθους, εως, ἡ, a going down, descent.

κάτῃμαι, Ion. for κάθημαι.

κατμελημένος, pf. part. pass. of καταμελέω.

κατηναρίσθην, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of καταναρίζω.

κατήνεγκα, aor. I of καταφέρω.

κατηνθρόωσθην, -ωμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατηνθρόω.

κατήνυσα, aor. I of κατανύω.

κατήσος or κατήσος, ov, Dor. -άσος, (κατά, αἰσώ) banging down: banging on or to.

κατ-ηπιάω, f. άσω, (κατά, ἥπιος) to soothe, assuage:

—Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. κατηπιύωντο.

κατηράμενος, pf. part. of καταράσμαι.

κατηράσω [ά], 2 sing. aor. I of καταράσμαι.

κατηράτο, 3 sing. impf. of καταράσμαι.

κατ-ηρεμίζω, f. ίσω, to calm, appease, quiet.

κατ-ηρεφής, ές, (κατά, έρέφω) covered over, overhanging, overarched; δάφνησι κατηρεφές overshadowed with laurels; κατηρεφή πόδα τιθέναι to keep the foot covered by the fall of the robe, of one who stands still, opp. to όρθον πόδα τιθέναι. 2. c. gen. covered with, laden with.

κατ-ήρης, ές, (κατά, έρπείν) fitted out, furnished, supplied: of ships, furnished with oars.

κατηριθμμένος, pf. pass. part. of καταριθμέω.

κατηρίπτον, aor. 2 of κατερίπτω.

κατηρίτω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of καταρτίζω.

κατηρίτσωμαι, pf. pass. of καταρτίζω.

κατήστο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κάθημαι.

κατήφεια Ion. -είη, ἡ, (κατηφής) a casting the eyes downwards: dejection, sorrow, shame.

κατηφής, f. ἦσω, to be downcast, struck dumb. From κατ-φής, ές, (κατά, φάος) with downcast eyes, dejected, downcast, struck dumb. Hence

κατηφών, όντος, ό, one who causes shame, a disgrace.

κατ-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to resound. II. to sound a thing in one's ears, din it into one:—Pass. to be informed of a thing. 2. to teach by word of mouth, teach the elements of religion:—Pass. to be instructed in these elements; aor. I κατηχέσθην, pf. κατήχημαι.

κατ-ηχής, ές, (κατά, ἦχος) sounding, resounding.

κατήχθην, aor. I pass. of κατάγω.

κάθανον, Ep. aor. 2 of καθαίνω.

καθανούμαι, fut. of καθαίνω.

καθάψαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταβάπτο.

κατ-θείνω, poet. aor. 2 opt. of κατέθωμαι.

καθέμεν, Ep. for καταθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθμι; but κάτθεμεν, Ep. I plur. aor. 2 of same.

κάτθετε, κάτθεσαν, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of κατατίθμι.

καθέμεθα, Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθμι.

καθέμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med of κατατίθμι.

κάτθεο, Ep. for κάθου, aor. 2 imperat. med. of κατατίθμι.

κατ-έσθην, Ep. 2 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθμι.

κατ-ιάπτω, f. ψω, to harm, hurt, damage.

κατιάσι, 3 pl. of κάτεμι (εἰμι ibo).

κατιάσθι, Ion. for καθίσθι, 3 pl. of καθίμι.

κατιδέιν, aor. 2 inf. of καθοράω.

κατιδέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of καθοράω.

κατ-ίζω, Ion. for καθίζω.

κατ-ίημι, Ion. for καθίμι.

κατ-ιθύνω, Ion. for κατευθύνω.

κατ-ίκετεύω, Ion. for καθίκετεύω.

κατ-ίλυω, f. ύσω [ύ], (κατά, ίλυσ) to fill with mud or dirt.

κατίμεν, Ep. inf. of κάτεμι (εἰμι ibo).

κατιπάζομαι, κατιρόω, κατιστήμι, Ion. for καθ-.

κάτισθι, 2 sing. imperat. of κάτοιδα, v. *κατείδω.

κατ-ισχνάλω, to make to waste away, bring down.

κατ-ισχύω, f. έσω [ύ], to have power over, prevail against, overpower, c. gen. II. intr. to come to one's full strength, be in full vigour.

κατ-ίσχω, collat. pres. form of κατέχω, to hold back, hold in, restrain, Lat. detineo:—Med. to keep by one. II. to possess, occupy. III. to guide or steer for a place. IV. intr. to light upon; σέλας κατίσχει έξ ούρανού the light comes down upon the place from heaven.

κατών, ούσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of κάτεμι (εἰμι ibo).

κάτ-οδος, Ion. for κάθοδος.

κάτ-οιδα, pf. of *κατείδω.

κατ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in, inhabit:—Pass. to be dwelt in, inhabited: of persons, to be settled in a place. 2. of a state, to be administered, regulated. Hence

κατοικήσις, εως, ἡ, a settling in a place: dwelling.

κατοικητήριος, α, ov, (κατοικέω) fit for inhabiting; κατοικητήριον (sub. χωρίον), τό, a dwelling-place.

κατοικία, ἡ, (κατοικέω) a dwelling, habitation. II. a colony.

κατ-οικίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιώ, to bring or remove into a dwelling persons as colonists:—Pass. to be placed, settled. II. to colonise a place:—Pass., of places, to have colonies planted there, to be colonised or established. III. to bring home, restore to one's country. Hence

κατοίκισις, εως, ἡ, a planting with inhabitants, colonisation.

κατ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build on or in a place.

κάτ-οικος, ov, (κατά, οίκος) dwelling in, inhabiting: as Subst., κάτοικος, ό, an inhabitant.

κατ-οικτερώ, to have compassion on. II. intr. to feel compassion, shew pity.

κατ-οικτιζώ, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to have compassion on another:—Med., with aor. I pass. κατ-οικτίσθην, to pity oneself, to bewail, lament. II. to cause or excite pity. Hence

κατ-οικτίσις, εως, ἡ, a pitying, compassion.

κατ-οιμώζω, fut. -ώζομαι, to bewail, lament.

κάτ-οινος, ov, (κατά, οίνος) drunken with wine.

κατοίσομαι, fut. of καταφέρω.

κατ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχέσσομαι, Dep. to have gone down; οἱ κατοικοῦμενοι, the departed.

κατ-οκνέω, f. ἦσω, to shrink from doing a thing. κατοκνῶ, ἦ, (κατέχω) a being possessed, possession. Hence

κατοκώχμιος, on, held in possession, detained. II. capable of being possessed, frantic.

κατ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip down.

κατ-ἀλλύμι, Pass., with pf. act. -ἔλλα: (κατά, ἄλ-λυμι):—to perish utterly.

κατ-ολολύζω, f. ἔξω, to sbriek over.

κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to bewail, lament. [ὑ]

κατ-ομβρέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ὄμβρος) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon: to be wet as with rain.

κατ-ὀμνύμι and -ῶω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ῶμοσα:—to swear to, confirm by oath. 2. c. acc. pers. to call to witness, swear by. 3. c. gen. pers. to take an oath against, accuse on oath.

κατ-ονίνημι, fut. -ονήσω, to be of use, profit, advantage:—Med. to have the benefit of, enjoy. [νῦ]

κατ-όνομαι, Dep. to blame, slight.

κατ-οξεύς, εἰα, υ, (κατά, ξέυς) very sharp, piercing.

κατ-οπάζω, f. ἄσω, to follow after.

κατ-όπιν, Adv., = κατόπισθε.

κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὀπισθε) Adv. of Place, behind, after, in the rear. II. of Time, hereafter.

κατ-οπτεύω, f. σω, (κατόπτῃς) to spy out, observe.

κατ-οπτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (κατά, ὀπτήρ) a spy, scout.

κατ-όπτης, on, ὅ, = κατοπτήρ,

κατ-όπτος, on, (κατά, ὄψομαι) to be seen, visible: c. gen. to be seen from a place, within sight of.

κατ-οπτρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, to shew as in a mirror: Med. to behold oneself in a mirror. 2. in Med.

also to reflect as in a mirror. From κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτος) a mirror, Lat. speculum, anciently of polished metal.

κατ-οράω, Ion. for καθοράω.

κατ-οργάνίζω, f. ἴσω, to sound with music through.

κατ-ορθόω, f. ὥσω: aor. I κατέρθωσα:—to set up-right, erect. 2. metaph. to keep straight, set right: to direct or manage well: absol. to be right in a thing:—Pass. to succeed, prosper: also to be well determined or purposed. II. intr. to be successful, go on prosperously. Hence

κατόρθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done rightly: a right action. 2. a success.

κατ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush downwards.

κατ-ορρωδέω Ion. καταρρ-, f. ἦσω, to be dismayed at, dread. II. absol. to be afraid.

κατ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: fut. I pass. -ορυχθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορύχῃσομαι:—to bury, inter: to bide in the ground.

κατ-ορχέομαι, f. ᾗσομαι, Dep. to dance in triumph over, Lat. insulare: hence to treat despitely, insult. II. to charm by dancing.

κατ-όσσομαι, Dep. to contemplate, behold.

κατ-όπι, Adv. Ion. for καθ' ὅ τι.

κατ-ουδαίος, on, (κατά, οὔδας) under the earth.

κατ-ουλόω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, οὐλή) to make to cicatrise or form a scar over:—Pass. to cicatrise, heal over.

κατ-ουρέω, f. ἦσω, to make water upon.

κατ-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, to waft with a fair wind. II. intr. to sail before the wind, come safe to port.

κατ-ουρόω, f. ὥσω, = κατουρίζω.

κατ-οφρυνόμαι, (κατά, ὀφρύς) to contract the eyebrows, frown.

κατοχή, ἦ, (κατέχω) a holding fast, detention. 2. possession by a god.

κατόχμιος, on, incorrect form of κατοκώχμιος.

κάτοχος, on, (κατέχω) holding fast. II. pass. held fast, overpowered, constrained. 2. possessed, inspired.

κατ-όψιος, on, (κατά, ὄψις) full in sight, opposite.

κατόψομαι, used as fut. of καθοράω.

κατ-τά, κατ-τάδε, Dor. for κατά τά, κατά τάδε.

κατ-τάνυσαν, Ep. for κατετάνυσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of κατατάνω.

καττίτερος, Att. for κασσίτερος, tin.

κάττωμα, καττίω, Att. for κάσσυμα, κασσύνω.

κατ-τώ, Dor. for κατά τοῦ.

κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-ύπερθε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ion. for καθ-.

κατ-υπνώω, Ion. for καθυπνώω.

κάτω, Adv. (κατά) down, downwards. II. beneath, below, underneath, opp. to άνω. 2. οἱ κάτω, those in the nether world, the dead: also, dwellers on the coast or in the plain, as opp. to those inland or on the hills. 3. άνω καὶ κάτω, or άνω κάτω upside down. III. c. gen. under, below: down from. IV. Comp. κατωτέρω: Sup. κατωτάτω.

κατ-ώγειος, on, Att. κατώγεωσος, on, gen. ω, = κατ-ώγειος.

κάτωθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (κάτω) from below, up from below. II. below, beneath.

κατ-ωθέω, f. -ἦσω: aor. I -έωσα, to thrust down.

κάτω-κάρα, Adv. (κάτω, κάρα) head downwards. [κᾶ]

κατῶκησα, aor. I of κατοικέω.

κατῶκισθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατοικίζω.

κατ-ωμάδιος, α, on, (κατά, ὤμος) down from the shoulder, δίσκος κατωμάδιος a quoit thrown down from the shoulder. II. borne on the shoulder.

κατ-ωμάδόν, Adv. (κατά, ὤμος) from the shoulder, with the whole arm.

κατωμοσία, ἦ, (κατόμνυμι) an oath taken against one, accusation on oath.

κατω-νάκη, ἦ, (κάτω, νάκος) a coarse frock with a border of sheepskin (νάκος). [νᾶ]

κατ-ωπάζομαι, Ion. for καθαπαίζομαι.

κατέρθωσα, aor. I of κατορθόω: but κατέρθωσαι, 2 sing. pf. pass.

κατ-ῶρυξ, ὄχος, ὅ, ἦ, (κατορύσσω) imbedded in the earth. II. buried, bidden in the ground, under ground. III. as Subst., κατῶρυξ, ἦ, a pit, cavern.

κατώτατος, η, on, (κάτω) the lowest.

κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, *at the lowest part*.
κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) *lower*: of Time, *later*.
κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, *lower than, further downwards*.

κατω-φάγας, οὐ or ἄ, δ, (κάτω, φαγῆν) *glutton*, the name of a bird in Aristophanes.

κατω-φερής, ἐς, (κάτω, φέρομαι) *hanging downwards, precipitous*.

κατ-ωχράω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὠχρός) *to turn very pale*.

κανυῖζαις, for καυφῖζαις (with the digamma), 2 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of κατάννυμι.

καύλινος, η, ον, *made of stalk or stick*. From ΚΑΥΛΟΣ, δ, a stalk, stem. 2. a handle, shaft: spear-shaft: the hilt of a sword.

καύμα, ατος, τό, (καίω) *burning heat*, as of the sun; καύματος, absol. *in the heat*. II. *feverish heat*.

Hence
καυματίζω, f. ἴσω, *to scorch, wither by heat*.
καυνάκης, ου, δ, a Persian garment. [ᾶ] (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΥΝΟΣ, δ, a lot.

καυσία, ἡ, (καίω) a heat-shade, name of a broad-brimmed Macedonian hat.

καυσίμος, ον, (καίω) *fit for burning, combustible*.

καύσις, εως, ἡ, (καίω) a burning: burning heat. Hence

καυσόμοιαι, Pass. *to be on fire, intensely hot*.

καυσότερα, fem. Adj. with no masc. in use, *burning*.

καυστήριον, see καυτήριον.

καύσω, fut. of καίω.

καύσαν, ανος, δ, (καίω) *burning heat*: a scorching wind.

καυτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (καίω) a burner.

καυτηριάω, f. ἴσω, *to sear with red-hot iron*: — metaph. in Pass. *to be seared in conscience*. From

καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron.

καύτης, ου, δ, = καυτήρ.

καυτός, by crasis for καὶ αὐτός.

καυχάομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. κεκαύχμαι: Dep.: — *to boast or vaunt oneself*. (Akin to αὐχέω, εὐχόμαι.)

καυχάσαι, for καυχᾶ, 2 sing. of καυχάομαι.

καύχη, ἡ, = καύχῃς, a boasting, vaunting.

καύχημα, ατος, τό, (καυχάομαι) a vaunt, boast. 2. a subject of boasting.

καυχήμων, ονος, δ, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) *boastful*.

καύχησης, εως, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) a boasting, cause of boasting.

καχάζω, f. ἄω Dor. αἶω, *to laugh loud*, Lat. *cacbinor*: *to laugh scornfully*. (Formed from the sound.)

καχασμός, δ, (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh.

καχ-εταίρεια, ἡ, (κακός, ἑταῖρος) *ill company*.

καχ-ήμερος, ον, (κακός, ἡμέρα) *living sad days*, *wretched*.

καχλάζω, f. ἄω, redupl. from χλάζω, *to dash, splash*, bubble, of the sound of liquids.

κάχληξ, ἦμος, δ, a pebble: collectively, gravel, shingle. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμισία, ἡ, (κακός, ὀρμίζω) *ill harbourage*.

κάχυρος, ὅος, ἡ, = κάχυρος, parched barley.

καχ-ύποπτος, ον, (κακός, ὑποπτος) *suspecting evil*, *meanly suspicious*.

ΚΑΨΑ, ἡ, a box, chest, case, Lat. *capsa*.

κάω [ᾶ], Att. for καίω, *to burn*.

ΚΕ, and before a vowel *κεν*, Ep. and Ion. for *ἄν*, Dor. *κᾶ*: *ἄν κε, κεν ἄν*, are sometimes found together: *κε* is always enclitic.

κεῖω, f. ἄω: aor. I ἐκέῖσα Ep. ἐκέσσα, κέασα, and κέασσα: Pass., aor. I ἐκέσθην Ep. κεάσθην: (κέω, κείω): — *to split, cleave*: of lightning, *to shiver, shatter*: generally, *to sever, separate, divide forcibly*.

κέαρ, ἄρος, τό, Lat. *cor*, the heart: — contr. κῆρ, q. v. κέας, part. of Att. aor. I of καίω.

κέασα, κέασσα, Ep. aor. I of κεῖω.

κεῖται, κέτο, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κείμαι.

κέβλη or κεβλή, ἡ, contr. for κεφαλῇ, the head.

κεβλή-πῦρις, (κεβλή, πῦρ) a bird called the redcap. γεγρημένος, α, ον, (κέγχρος) of the size or shape of a grain of millet.

κεγχρίτης [ῖ], ου, δ, fem. -ῖτις, ἴδος, (κέγχρος), like millet, full of small grains.

κεγχρο-βόλος, ον, (κέγχρος, βάλλω) *scattering millet*.

ΚΕΤΧΡΟΣ, δ, and ἡ, millet, Lat. *milium*: hence any small grain: also the spawn of fish.

κεγχρώματα, ον, τά, (κέγχρος) things of the size of millet-grains: eyelet-holes in the rim of the shield.

κεδάννυμι, f. κεδάσω: Ep. aor. I ἐκεδάσσα: aor. I pass. ἐκεδάσθην: — poet. for σκεδάννυμι, to scatter, disperse, break up, break in pieces.

κεδασθείς, aor. I pass. part. of κεδάννυμι.

κεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κῆδος) *careful, discreet, trusty*. II.

pass. *cared for, dear*: of things, *valued, prized*.

κεδρίνος, η, ον, (κέδρος) of cedar, made of cedar.

κεδρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέδρος) the cane of the cedar-tree: also a juniper-berry.

ΚΕΔΡΟΣ, ἡ, the cedar-tree, Lat. *cedrus*. II.

anything made of cedar: a cedar coffin or chest.

κεδρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέδρος) made of, or inlaid with, cedar-wood.

κέσθαι, Ion. inf. of κείμαι.

κείται, Ion. 3 sing. of κείμαι.

κεία, Ep. aor. I of κείω.

κειάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of καίω.

κειάντες, Ep. aor. I part. pl. of καίω.

κειᾶται, κείατο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κείμαι.

κειθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθεν, thence.

κειθι, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθι, there: thither.

ΚΕΙΜΑΙ, κείσαι, κείται Ion. κέεται; 3 pl. κείν-

ται, Ion. and Ep. κέεται, Ep. also κέσται and Ion.

κένονται: so 3 pl. impf. κείντο Ion. κέεατο Ep. κεί-

ατο, κέατο; subj. κέωμαι, κέη, κέηται Ep. κῆται:

opt. κέοιμιν: inf. κείσθαι Ion. κέεσθαι: part. κείμε-

νος: — fut. κείσομαι Dor. κεισεύμαι. Used as Pass. to

τίθημι.

Radic. sense, *to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie asleep.*

2. *to lie idle or at ease, be inactive: also to lie still, rest; κἀνὸν κείμενον abated, allayed evil.*

3. *of many conditions, as to lie sick, lie in weakness or old age: to lie dead, like Lat. jacere: of things, to be destroyed, overthrown, lie in ruins.*

4. *of a corpse, to lie unburied: also to lie uncared for, neglected.*

II. *of places, to lie, be situated.*

2. *of things, to be in or at a place, where continuance is implied.*

III. *generally, to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand.*

IV. *to be laid up, laid in store: τὰ κείμενα deposits.*

V. *to be fixed, settled, laid down; κείται νόμος the law is fixed, laid down; κείται ζημία the penalty is fixed; κείται ἀθλον the prize lies ready, is proposed.*

2 freq. in Homer, ταῦτα θεῶν ἐν γούνασι κείται these things rest on the knees of the gods, i. e. depend upon the gods; κείσθαι ἐν τινι *to be dependent on a person.*

κείμαν, Dor. for ἐκείμην, impf. of κείμαι.

κειμήλιον, τό, (κείμαι) anything stored up, a treasure or valuable: *heirloom.*

κείμην, Ep. impf. of κείμαι.

κείνος, κείνη, κείνο, Ion. and poet. for ἐκεῖνος, *that, he, she, it; dat. fem. κείνη, as Adv. on that road: also in that way or manner.*

κεῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. and poet. for κενός, *emp'y.*

κείνως, Adv., Ion. for ἐκεῖνως, *in that way.*

Κεῖος, ὁ, (Κεῶς) a Ceian, a man from the island Ceos: see Χῖος.

κέκρασθαι, aor. 1 inf. med. of κείρω.

κειρία, ἡ, (κείρω) a bandage, roller, a swabbing-band.

II. *the cord or sacking of a bedstead.*

κεῖρύλος, ὁ, for κηρύλος, a kingfisher. [ῥ]

ΚΕΙΡΩ, fut. κερῶ Ion. κέρω Ep. κέρσω: aor. 1

ἐκείρα Ep. ἐκείρα:—Med., fut. κερῶμαι:—Pass.,

aor. 1 ἐκέρθη: aor. 2 ἐκάρην [ᾱ]: pf. κέκαρμαι:—to

clip, cut short, esp. the hair:—Med. *to cut off one's own hair or have it cut off:—Pass., κεκάρθαι τὰς κεφαλὰς to have their heads shorn.*

2. *to cut out, beat off.*

II. *to ravage, waste a country, esp.*

by cutting down the fruit-trees.

2. *generally, to cut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy.*

κεῖς, contr. for καὶ εἰς.

κείσε, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείσε, *thither.*

κεισόμεναι, Dor. fut. of κείμαι.

κείσο, κείσθω, 2 and 3 sing. imperat. of κείμαι.

κέισομαι, fut. of κείμαι.

κείω, Ep. Desiderat. of κίμαι, *to wish to lie down or sleep; βῆ κείων he went to lie down.*

ΚΕΙΩ, *to cleave, radic. form of κείζω.*

κεκαδήσομαι, Ep. fut. pass. of κήδω.

κεκαδήσω, Ep. fut. of χάζω.

κέκαδμαι, Dor. for κέκασμαι, q. v.

κεκάδοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 mid. of χάζω.

κεκάδων, Ep. aor. 2 part. of χάζω.

κεκαλυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύπτω.

κεκάλυπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of καλύπτω.

κέκᾶμον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of κᾶμω:—subj. κεκάμω, 3 pl. κεκάμωσι.

κεκάρθαι, pf. inf. pass. of κείρω.

κεκαρμένος, pf. part. pass. of κείρω.

κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, pf. pass. (in pres. sense) of κᾶνυμαι.

κέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of καίω.

κεκαύχημαι, pf. of καυχόμαι.

κεκάφθω, Ep. pf. part. of κάπτω.

κεκείνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of κενύω.

κεκευθεί, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of κεύθω.

κέκλαυμαι, pf. pass. of κλαίω.

κεκλείσται, Ion. 3 pl. of κέκλημα, pf. of καλέω.

κίκλειμαι or -σμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.

κεκλείσσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of κλείω, *to shut.*

κέκλεμμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.

κεκλήατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καλέω.

κέκληγα, part. κεκληγώς, pf. of κλάζω, whence is formed a pres. part. κεκληγγόντες, as if from κεκληγγώ.

κέκληγα, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κεκλημην, -ῃο, -ῆτο: inf. κεκλησθαι: part. κεκλημένος.

κεκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω.

κεκλησσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.

κεκλήσται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.

κεκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, *calling out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling on one, calling him for help.*

κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω.

κέκλυθι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλείω.

κεκλυμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλίσζω.

κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κέκμηκα, pf. of κᾶμω.

κεκμηώς, gen. ὥτος or ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κᾶμω.

κέκνασμαι, pf. pass. of κναιώ.

κέκομαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω.

κεκονιμένος, pf. pass. part. of κονίω.

κεκονίμνος, pf. part. pass. of κονίω.

κεκόνντο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονίω.

κεκοπώς, pf. part. of κόπτω.

κεκόρημαι, Ion. for κεκόρεσμαι, pf. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κεκορήσθω, ὅτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass. sense) of κορέννυμι; hence dual κεκορήετε.

κεκορυθμένος, Ion. and Ep. for κεκορυσμένος, pf.

part. pass. of κορύσσω.

κεκοτώς, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω.

κεκρανάνται, κεκρανάντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of κρανῶ, κραίνω.

κίκράγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence

κίκραγμα, ατος, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry.

κεκραγμός, a screaming, crying.

κεκράκτης, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) a crier, bawler.

κέκρᾶμαι, pf. pass. of κεράννυμι.
κεκρασι-δάμας, ἄνθρωπος, ὁ, (κέκρᾶγα, δᾶμάω) *he who conquers all in bawling, the blusterer.*

κεκράβομαι, παυλο-ρ. fut. (with act. sense) of κρίζω.
κέκραχθι, imperat. of κέκρᾶγα, pf. of κρίζω.

κέκρίγα, pf. 2 of κρίζω.
κεκρίμένος, pf. pass. part. of κρίνω.

Κεκροπίδαι, ὧν, οἱ, *the sons or descendants of Cecrops, i. e. the Athenians.*

Κεκρόπιος, α, ον, (Κέκροψ) *Cecropian, i. e. Athenian; Κεκροπία (ἡ), ἡ, Attica; οἱ Κεκρόπιοι, the Athenians.*

Κεκροπῆς, ἴδος, pecul. fem. of Κεκρόπιος.
κεκροταμένος, Dur. pf. part. pass. of κροτέω.

Κέκροψ, ὁπος, ὁ, *Cecrops, an ancient king of Athens.*

κεκρυμμένος, pf. part. pass. of κρύπτω.
κεκρυφᾶλος, ὁ, (κρύπτω) *a woman's head-dress, made of net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum.*

κεκρύλισμαι, pf. pass. of κυλίνδω.
the pouch or belly of a hunting-net. III. part of the headstall of a bridle.

κεκρύφεται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύπτω.
κέκτημαι, pf. of κτάομαι: inf. κεκτῆσθαι.

κεκύθωσι [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of κεύθω.
κεκύλισμαι, pf. pass. of κυλίνδω.

κέκυθα, pf. of κύπτω.
κελαδένους, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. κελαδένους, ἄ, ὄν, (κέλαδος)

murmuring, noisy, boisterous: also clear-toned.

κελαδέω, f. ἴσω also ἴσομαι: Ep. aor. I κελάδησα:
(κέλαδος):—to murmur, roar, like the rushing of water.

2. to utter a cry or sound. II. trans.
to sing of, celebrate loudly: to call to, invoke. Hence

κελαδῆμα, ατος, τό, a murmur, din, roaring.
κελαδῆτης, οὔ, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις, ἴδος, (κελαδέω) loud-

sounding, vocal, harmonious.

ΚΕ'ΛΛΑΔΟΣ, ὁ, a noise, as of the wind or of rushing waters: the din or tumult of battle, a shouting:

rarely of the sound of music. Hence

κελάδω, = κελαδέω, to murmur, roar, esp. of water.
κελαιν-εγγῆς, ἰές, (κελαινός, ἐγγῆς) with dark,

bloody spear.

κελαι-νεφῆς, ἑς, (κελαινός, νέφος) black with clouds:
cloud-wrapped. 2. cloud-black, livid.

κελαινὸν-βρωτος, ον, (κελαινός, βιβρώσκω) gnawed
black.

κελαινός, ἡ, ὄν, cognate form of μέλας, black, swart:
dark, gloomy: murky.

κελαινο-φάης, ἑς, (κελαινός, φάος) dark-bining,
murky.

κελαινὸν-φρων, ον, (κελαινός, φρήν) black-hearted.

κελαινο-χρῶς, ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (κελαινός, χρῶς) black-
coloured.

κελαινώ, (κελαινός) to make black:—Pass. to be-
come black.

κελαιν-ώπης, ον, Dor. -ώπᾱς, ὁ, fem. -ώπις, ἴδος:
(κελαινός, ὤψ):—black-faced, swarthy, gloomy.

κελαιν-ώψ, ὦπος, ὁ, ἡ, = κελαινώπης.
κελάριζω Dor. -ορδω, = κελαδέω, to babble, murmur.

κελάρυσεν, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κελαρίζω.

κέλεαι, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι.

κέλεβη, ἡ, a drinking vessel: an urn or pail.

κελέοντες, αν, οἱ, (καλον, κήλον) the beams in the
loom between which the web was stretched.

κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.

κελευστής, ου, ὁ, (κέλευθος) a wayfarer.

κελευθο-ποιός, ὄν, (κέλευθος, ποιέω) road-making.

κελευθο-πόρος, ον, (κέλευθος, πόρος) a wayfarer.

κέλευθος, ἡ, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευ-
θοι:—a road, way, path, track, either by land or
water; κέλευθοι νυκτός τε καὶ ἡμέρας the ways of
night and day, i. e. night and day. II. a travel-
ling, journey, voyage: an expedition. III. a

mode of walking, gait: metaph. a way or walk of
life: also a way or course of doing.

κέλευσμα or κέλευμα, ατος, τό, (κελεύω) an order,
command: the word of command in war: the call of
the κελυστής, which gave the time to the rowers.

κελευσμός, ὁ, (κελεύω) an order, command.

κελευσμοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for κελυσμός.

κελευστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κελεύω) a commander, fugleman:
on board ship, the man who by his call (κέλευσμα)
gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.

κελευστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κελεύω) ordered, commanded.

κελευτιῶ, Frequentat. of κελεύω, to be continually
bidding or urging on.

κελεύω, f. σῶ: Ep. aor. I κέλευσα: (κέλλω):—to
urge on: to exhort, bid, command, order: to beseech
urgently:—of the κελυστής, to give time to the
rowers by his call. II. c. dat. pers. to call to,
order.

κελών, ὁ, obsol. sing. of κελόντες.

κέλης, ητος, ὁ, (κέλλω) a courser, race-horse, driven
or ridden singly. II. a fast-sailing vessel, with

one bank of oars, Lat. celes, celox.

κελήσομαι, fut. of κέλομαι.

κελητιζώ, f. ἰώω, (κέλης) to ride a race-horse, gene-
rally, to ride: esp. of a man who rode two or more
horses leaping from one on another.

κελήτιον, τό, Dim. of κέλης.

ΚΕ'ΛΛΩ, f. κέλλω: aor. I ἔκελσα: I. trans.
of seamen, to drive on, rush ashore: νῆα κέλσαι to
run a ship ashore.

II. intr. of ships, to run
ashore, put into harbour:—generally, to reach a haven.

κέλομαι, f. κελήσομαι: aor. 2 κεκλόμην and ἐκε-
κλόμην, 3 sing. κέκελετο, ἐκέκελετο, part. κεκλόμενος:

(κέλλω):—poet. for κελεύω, to urge on, exhort, cheer
on, command. II. also like καλέω, to call, call

to: to call by name.

κέλσαι, aor. I inf. of κέλλω.

Κελτοί, οἱ, the Kelts or Celts; later Κέλται. Hence

Κελτιστί, Adv. in Celtic or Celtic, in the language
or after the manner of the Kelts.

κελύφος, εος, τό, a busk, rind, pod, shell: metaph.
of old δικασταί, ἀνθρωπισίων κελύφη mere affidavit-
busks. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΕ'ΛΩΡ, ωρος, ὁ, a son

κεμάς and κεμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a young deer.

κέν, before a vowel for κε.

κέν-αγγής, ἐς, (κενός, ἄγγος) emptying vessels, breeding famine, hungry.

κενανδρία, ἡ, lack of men, dispeopled state. From

κέν-ανδρος, ον, (κενός, ἀνὴρ) empty of men, dispeopled.

κεν-αυχής or κενε-αυχής, ἐς, (κενός or κενεός, αὐχή) vain-boasting, braggart.

κενέβριος, ον, dead: in pl., κενέβρεια, τά, carrion. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κεν-εμβατέω, f. ἴσω, (κενός, ἐμβατής) to step into a hole, stumble.

κενεός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for κενός, empty.

κενέ-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενέον, ὄνος, ὅ, (κενός) the hollow between the ribs and the hip, the flank. II. any hollow space.

κεν-οδοντίς, ἴδος, fem. of κενόδους.

κενοδοξία, ἡ, vain-glory, vanity. From

κενέ-δοξος, ον, (κενός, δόξα) vain-glorious.

κεν-όδους, οντος, ὅ, ἡ, (κενός, ὀδούς) toothless.

ΚΕΝΟΨ Ion. κενός, ἡ, ὄν; Ep. κενός:—empty: empty-handed.

II. fruitless, vain, idle: κενέα as Adv. in vain.

III. exhausted: c. gen. void, destitute, bereft of: absol. of a lioness, bereaved of her young.

IV. Comp. and Sup. κενότερος, -ότατος: but also regular κενώτερος, -ώτατος.

κενο-τάφω, (κενός, τάφος) to honour with a cenotaph.

κενο-τάφιον, τό, (κενός, τάφος) an empty tomb, cenotaph.

κενέ-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.

κενοφωνία, ἡ, vain talk, babbling. From

κενέ-φωνος, ον, (κενός, φωνή) empty-sounding, prating.

κενώω Ion. κενώω: f. ὥσω, aor. I ἐκένωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκενώθην: pf. κέκηνωμαι: (κενός):—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:—Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted.

II. to make void or of no account:—Pass. to become vain, of none effect.

κένσαι, Ep. aor. I act. inf. of κεντέω, as if from *κέντω.

II. also aor. I med. imperat. of κεντέω.

κέντασε, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I of κεντέω.

Κενταύρειος, α, ον, (Κένταυρος) Centaurian, of or for Centaurs.

Κενταυρίλης, ον, ὅ, (Κένταυρος) descended from Centaurs.

Κενταυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Κένταυρος) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. -κάως.

Κενταυρο-πληθής, ἐς, (Κένταυρος, πλήθος) full of Centaurs.

Κέν-ταυρος, ὅ, (κεντέω) a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thessaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae.

II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, half man and half horse.

ΚΕΝΤΕΨ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐκέντησα: inf. κένσαι as if from *κέντω:—to prick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

κέντο, Dor. for ἐκέλετο: cf. γέντο, ἦνθο.

κεντός, false form for κεντρός.

κεντρο-ηκεῖς, ἐς, (κέντρον, *ἐνέγκω) goaded on.

κεντρίζω, f. ἴσω, (κέντρον) to prick, goad, spur.

κεντρο-δήλητος, ον, (κέντρον, δηλέομαι) goaded. 2. act. goading, stinging.

κεντρο-μάνης, ἐς, (κέντρον, μανῆναι) spurring to madness.

κέντρον, τό, (κεντέω) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a horse or ox-goad: a spur: proverb., πρὸς κέντρα λακτίζειν to kick against the pricks. 2. an instrument of torture. 3. metaph. a spur, incentive.

II. the point round which a circle is described, the centre.

κεντρο-τύπης, ἐς, (κέντρον, τυπῆναι) struck by a spur.

κεντρόω, f. ὥσω, to furnish with a sting:—Pass. to be so furnished. 2. to strike with a goad.

κέντρον, ὄνος, ὅ, (κέντρον) a rogue that has been branded, a spur-galled jade.

κεντυρίων, ὄνος, ὅ, the Lat. centurio.

κέντω, ὀρος, ὅ, (κεντέω) a goader, driver.

κενώς, Adv. of κενός, vainly, idly.

κεοίμην, opt. of κείμαι.

κέομαι, Ep. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, whence 3 sing. κέεται, 3 pl. κέονται.

Κέως, ἡ, Ion. for Κέως.

ΚΕΠΨΟΣ, ὅ, a light sea-bird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a noddy.

κεράσσε, Ep. 2 pl. pres. med. of κέραω.

κεράσσει, Ep. dat. pl. of κέρας.

κεράλα, ἡ, (κέρας) a horn.

II. anything like a horn, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam or timber.

2. a horn or promontory of land. 3. a small dot in writing, 'a tittle.'

4. anything made of horn, e.g. a bow.

κεράϊζω, f. ἴσω, later ἴξω: aor. I ἐκεράϊσα: (κέρας):—to lay waste, ravage.

II. of persons, to kill, slaughter: to disable ships.

κεράϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέρας) a worm that eats horn.

κεράϊστής, οὐ, ὅ, (κεράϊζω) a ravager, robber.

κεράλα, Ep. for κέραω, the Root of κεράννυμι, to mix: ζωρότερον κέραει mix the wine stronger.

κεράμεικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέραμος) earthen.

Κεράμεικος, ὅ, (κεραμεύς) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Cerameicus, one within and the other without the Thriasian Gate.

κεράμειος, α, ον, (κέραμος) of clay, earthen.

κεράμεις, ἴως, ὅ, (κέραμος) a potter:—proverb., κεραμεὺς κεραμεὶ κοτέει potter envies potter.

κεράμειω, f. σω, (κέραμος) to be a potter, work in earthenware: metaph. to botch or patch up the state.

κεράμῆος, ἡ, ον, Ion. and Ep. for κεράμειος.

κεράμητις, ἴδος, pecul. Ep. fem. of κεράμειος.

κεράμινος, ἡ, ον, and κεραμικός, ἡ, ὄν, = κεράμειος, of earthenware or clay.

κεράμιον, τό, (κέραμος) an earthenware vessel, a pot, jar, pipkin, Lat. testa.

κεράμῖς, ἴδος Att. ἴδος [ῖ], ἡ, (κέραμος) a tile : also a tiled roof.

ΚΕΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, potter's earth, potter's clay. II. any earthen vessel, a pot, jar : also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery.

III. a tile ; collectively, the tiles ; τῷ κεράμῳ βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never in plur. IV. χαλκῶν ἐν κεράμῳ seems to be in a brasen prison.

κεράννυμι and -ύω : fut. κεράσω [ᾶ] : aor. I ἐκέρᾱσα Ep. κέρασσα :—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I κέρασσοτο :—Pass., aor. I κέρασθην and ἐκράθην [ᾶ] : pf. κέκρασμαι and κέκράμαι : (κεράω) :—to mix, mingle, often of diluting wine : more freq. in Med., as, κρητῆρα κέρασσαι to mix oneself a bowl ; Pass., κύλιξ ἴσον ἴσῃ κεκραμένη a cup mixed half and half.

2. to temper or cool. 3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down. II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. attemperare.

κεράω-ξός, ον, (κέρας, ξῶ) polishing born, working in born ; esp. for bows.

κεράω, ἄ, ὄν, (κέρας) borned. II. made of born.

κερα-οὔχος, ον, (ἔχω) = κερ-οὔχος.

κέρας, τό ; gen. κέρατος Ep. κέραος Att. contr. κέραος ; dat. κέρατι, κέραϊ, κέρα :—dual κέραε, κέρα, gen. and dat. κέραουν, κερῶν : plur. κέραα, κέρα ; gen. κέραων, κερῶν ; dat. κέρασι Ep. κέρασι and κέραεσι :—Ion. declension κέρας, κέρεος, κρείει (akin to κάρα) :—the born of an animal : hence born, as a material for working. II. anything made of born ; esp. a bow : later, a born for blowing : also a drinking-born, or a goblet in the shape of a born.

III. a born or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it. IV. an arm or branch of a river, so called from its shape. V. the wing of an army or fleet ; ἐπὶ κέρας Att. ἐπὶ κέρασιν, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, not abreast. VI. the sail-yard of a ship. VII. any projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak, born.

κέρασσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κεράννυμι. κεραστής, οὗ, ὁ, (κέρας) borned. κεραστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κεράννυμι) mingled, tempered. κερασ-φόρος, ον, (κέρας, φέρω) born-bearing. κερατῆα or -λα, ἡ, (κέρας) the locust-tree : its fruit was κεράτιον.

κεράτινος, η, ον, (κέρας) of born, made of born.

κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέρας, a little born. II.

the fruit of the κερατῆα or locust-tree.

κερ-αῦλης, ον, ὁ, (κέρας, αἰλέω) a born-blower.

κεραύνειος, ον, (κεραυνός) thundering.

κεραύνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κεραυνός) of a thunder-bolt.

II. thunder-stricken.

κεραυνοβολέω, f. ῥῶω, to hurl the thunderbolt : to strike with thunderbolts. From

κεραυνο-βόλος, ον, (κεραυνός, βάλλω) hurling the thunderbolt, smiting with it.

κεραυνο-βρόντης, ον, ὁ, (κεραυνός, βροντάω) the lightning and thunderer.

κεραυνο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (κεραυνός, μάχομαι) fighting with the thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΤΝΟΣ, ὁ, a thunderbolt, thunder and lightning, Lat. fulmen : thunder by itself was βροντή, Lat. tonitru, and the flash of lightning ἀστεροπή, στεροπή, Lat. fulgur : plur. κεραυνοί, thunderbolts.

κεραυνο-φάης, ἐς, (κεραυνός, φάος) flashing like the thunderbolt.

κεραυνώ, f. ὤσω, (κεραυνός) to strike with a thunderbolt.

ΚΕΡΑΨΩ, Ep. Radic. form of κεράννυμι, to mix.

Κέρβερος, ὁ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world ; acc. to Hesiod, the fifty-headed son of Typhaon and Echidna ; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνα, f. κερδανῶ Ion. -έω : aor. I ἐκέρδανα Ion. ἐκέρδηνα : fut. also κερδήσω, κερδήσομαι : aor. I ἐκέρδησα : (κέρδος) :—to gain, make gain or profit from : absol. to gain advantage, be benefited. 2. hence to traffic, make merchandise. II. in bad

sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδαλέος, α, ον, (κέρδος) with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning : sbrewd. 2. of things, gainful, profitable :

Adv. κερδαλέως, to one's profit.

κερδαλέο-φρων, ον, (κερδαλέος, φρήν) crafty-minded.

κερδάνης, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of κερδαίνα.

κέρδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κέρδιων (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, most cunning or crafty. II. most profitable.

κερδίων, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, more profitable.

ΚΕΡΔΟΣ, εος, τό, gain, profit, advantage : desire of gain. II. in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks.

κερδοσύνη, ἡ, (κέρδος) cunning, craft, sbrewdness : dat. κερδοσύνη as Adv. cunningly, sbrewdly.

κερδῶ, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, (κέρδος) the wily one, or the thief, name of a fox.

κερδῶος, α, ον, (κέρδος) bringing gain.

κέρω, Ion. for κέραα, κέρατα, pl. of κέρας.

κερέω, Ion. for κερῶ, fut. of κείρω.

κερκίζω, f. ἴσω, to close the web with the kerks. From κερκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέρκω, κρέκω) = σπάθη, a staff or rod to make the web close : the weaver's comb : the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. radius. II. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, etc., as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. plectrum. 2.

a measuring-rod, Lat. radius.

ΚΕΡΚΟΣ, ἡ, the tail of a beast, Lat. cauda.

κέρκουρος or κερκούρος, ὁ, a boat, pinnace.

Κέρκυρα, ἡ, the island Corcyra, now Corfu : hence

Κερκυραῖος, ὁ, a Corcyraean : Adj. Κερκυραϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Corcyra.

κέρκω, rarer collat. form for κρέκω.

κέρμα, ατος, τό, (κείρω) a slice : in plur. small coin, small change : small wares. Hence

κερματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὠ, to mince up. II. to

coin into small money : to change large coin for small.

Hence

κερματιστής, οὐ, ὁ, a money-changer.
 κερο-βάτης [ᾱ], οὐ, ὁ, (κέρas, βαίνω) horn-footed, horn-hoofed, epith. of Pan.
 κερο-βόas, οὐ, ἡ, (κέρas, βοάω) sounding with horn, of a flute tipped with horn.
 κερό-δετος, ον, (κέρas, δέω) bound with horn.
 κερβέις, ὅσσα contr. οὐσσα, δέν, (κέρas) horned.
 κερ-οίας, ἄκος, ὁ, (κέρas, οἶα) a rope belonging to the sailyards; cf. κέρas vi.
 κερο-τύπέω, f. ἦσω, (κέρas, τύπτω) to butt with the horn; generally, to dash or knock about.
 κερ-ουλκός, ἡ, ὅν, (κέρas, ἔλκω) drawing a bow of horn. 2. of the bow, drawn by the horns.
 κερουτιάω, (κέρas) to toss the horns or head.
 κερ-ουχίς, ἴδος, fem. of sq.
 κερ-ούχος, ον, (κέρas, ἔχω) having horns, horned.
 κερο-φόρος, ον, (κέρas, φέρω) horned.
 κέρσας, Ep. aor. I part. of κέρω.
 κέρσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κέρω.
 κερτομέω, f. ἦσω, (κέρτομος) to taunt, to mock or jeer at a person: absol. to sneer, scoff. Hence
 κερτόμησις, εως, ἡ, jeering, mockery.
 κερτόμια, ἡ, = κερτόμεις.
 κερ-τόμιος and κερ-τομος, ον, (κέρas, τέμνω) heart-cutting, stinging; κερτόμια ἔπη or absol. κερτόμια, stinging, reproachful words. II. mocking, delusive.
 κέρχνη, ἡ, (κέρχνη) a kind of hawk, so called from its hoarse voice, the kestrel.
 κερχνηίς, ἡίδος, and κερχνης, ἡδος, ἡ, collat. forms of κέρχνη.
 ΚΕΨΧΝΩ, to make rough or hoarse. II. intr. and in Pass. to be hoarse, of the voice.
 κερῶ, fut. of κέρω.
 κερῶν, part. of κεράννυμι.
 κέρωνται, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of κερῶ.
 κές, v. sub kás.
 κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμεν.
 κεστός, ἡ, ὅν, (κεντέω) worked, embroidered; κεστός ἱμάς of the girdle of Venus; hence II. as Subst.
 κεστός, ὁ, a girdle, Lat. cestus.
 κέστρα, ἡ, (κεντέω) a pickaxe, poleaxe. II. a kind of fish, a pike, or a conger.
 κευθάνω, poet. for κεύθω.
 κεύθμα, atos, τό, and κευθμός, ὁ, = κευθμός.
 κευθμός, ὄνος, ὁ, (κεύθω) any secret place, bole, biding-place, den; the lair of a beast. 2. of the nether world, the abyss. 3. = ἄδυτον, the inmost place, sanctuary.
 κευθουσα, Dor. for κευθουσα, part. fem. of κεύθω.
 κευθός, εως, τό, (κεύθω) = κευθμός: in pl., κεύθεα γαίης the depths of the earth.
 ΚΕΥΘΩ, fut. κεύσω: aor. 2 ἔκλυον, Ep. redupl. subj. κεύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plqpf. ἐκεκύνθειν Ep. κεύθειν:—to cover up, bide, conceal, broud:—Pass. to lie bidden. 2. to keep bidden or secret, conceal, disguise: with dupl. acc., κεύθειν τινά τι to keep a thing concealed from one. 3. the pf. κέκευθα is used as pres., I keep concealed; and plqpf. ἐκεκύνθειν

as impf., I concealed, contained. II. intrans. to be concealed, lie bidden.
 κεφαλᾶ, Dor. dat. of κεφαλῇ.
 κεφάλαιος, α, ον, (κεφαλῇ) of or belonging to the head: metaph., like Lat. capitalis, principal, chief. II. κεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like κεφαλῇ, the head, as κεφάλαιον ραφανίδος the head of a radish: the chief or main point: in money, the capital-sum. 2. a summary, the sum of the matter; ἐν κεφαλαίῳ or ἐν κεφαλαίῳ εἰπεῖν to speak summarily. 3. generally, the crown, completion, finish of a thing. Hence
 κεφαλαιῶ, f. ὠσω, to bring under heads, sum up, state summarily. II. to smite on the head, slay.
 κεφαλαι-ώδης, ες, (κεφαλῇ, εἶδος) principal, capital.
 κεφαλαιῶμα, atos, τό, (κεφαλαιῶ) the sum total.
 κεφαλ-αλγής, ες, (κεφαλῇ, ἄλγος) causing pains in the head. Hence
 κεφαλαγία, ἡ, head-ache.
 ΚΕΦΑΛΗ, ἡ, the head, Lat. caput; ἐς πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς from head to foot; ἐπὶ κεφαλῇ head foremost. 2. the head, as the noblest part, for the whole person, just as Lat. caput is used: esp. in salutation, φίλη κεφαλῇ, Lat. carum caput; in bad sense, ὦ καὶ κεφαλαί.
 3. the life, Lat. caput, as we use head; παρθέμενοι κεφαλὰς setting their heads on the cast; εἰς κεφαλῇν τρέπουσι? ἐμοὶ on my head be it! II. the head or upper part of anything: the coping of a wall: in pl. the head or source of a river. III. κεφαλῇ περίθετος a wig or head-dress. IV. metaph. the point, sum, conclusion.
 κεφαλῇφι, κεφαλῇφι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κεφαλῇ.
 κεφαλῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κεφαλῇ, a little head or bulb. II. a head, chapter, division.
 Κεφαλλήνη, ἡδος, ὁ, a Cephallean:—hence
 Κεφαλλήνη, ἡ, Cephalenia, an island in the Ionian sea, now Cefalonía.
 κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω.
 κέχανδα, pf. of χανδάνω, whence part. neut. pl. κεχάνδου, 3 plqpf. Ep. κεχάνδει.
 κεχαρμένους, pf. part. pass. of χαράσσω.
 κευθήρηκα, pf. of χαίρω.
 κευθήρημαι, pf. pass. of χαίρω.
 κευθήρησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χαίρω.
 κευθήρησομαι, Ep. paullo-post fut. of χαίρω.
 κευθήρητο, κευθήρητο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. pass. of χαίρω.
 κευθήρητο, Ep. pf. part. of χαίρω.
 κευθήρησένος, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agreeable, winning, charming: Adv. κευθήρησένος, charmingly, gracefully.
 κευθήριστο, 3 sing. plqpf. of χαρίζομαι.
 κευθήρησένος, pf. part. pass. of χαριτόω. Adv. κευθήρησένος, agreeably, welcome.
 κευθήρηκα, pf. pass. of χαίρω.
 κευθήρητο, Ep. for κευθήρητο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of χαίρω.
 κευθήροντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of χαίρω.

κήχηνα, pf. of κείνω or χάσκω, *to gape*. Hence Κεχηναῖοι, *ov, ol, Gapers*, comic for Ἀθηναῖοι. κελιάδως, pf. part. of κλάζω: there is also an acc. pl. κελιάδοντας, as if from κελιάδω, like κεκλήγοντας from κεκλήγω.

κεχλιάγκα, pf. of χλιαίνω.

κεχλιδώς, pf. part. of χλίων.

κεχολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of χολόω.

κεχολώσσομαι, paullo-post fut. of χολόω.

κεχρηματισμένος, pf. part. pass. of χρηματίζω.

κεχρημένος, pf. part. of χράσσομαι.

κέχυμαι, pf. pass. of χέω.

κέχυτο, κέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. plqpf. pass. of χέω.

κεχωρίζεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of χωρίζω.

κεχωσμένος, pf. part. pass. of χώννυμι.

κέω, Ep. collateral form of κείω.

κείμαι, subj. of κείμαι.

Κέως Ion. Κέος, *Ceos*, an island in the Archipelago.

κή, Ion. for πῇ (interrog.): but κη enclit. for πῇ.

κήται, Ep. aor. I inf. of καίω: but κῆται, 3 sing. opt.

κηάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of καίω.

κήγῳ or κήγῳν, Dor. for κάγῳ, i. e. καὶ ἐγῳ.

κηδεία, ἡ, (κήδος) *care for the dead: obsequies*. II. *affinity, connexion by marriage*.

κηδεῖος, *ov, (κήδος) cared for, dear, beloved*. 2. *careful for*. II. *of or for a funeral, sepulchral*.

κηδεμονεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (κηδέω) = *κηδεμῶν*.

κηδεμῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, (κηδέω) *one that has charge of a person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a protector, guardian*. II. *a relation by marriage*, Lat. *affinis*.

κηδεός, *ov, = κηδεῖος*.

κηδέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of κηδω.

κηδεσκον, Ion. impf. of κηδω.

κηδεστής, οὐ, ὁ, (κήδος) *a connexion by marriage*, Lat. *affinis: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brother-in-law*. Hence

κηδεστία, ἡ, *connexion by marriage, affinity*.

κηδευμα, *ατος, τό, (κηδεύω) alliance by marriage, affinity*. 2. *one who is so connected, a connexion*, Lat. *affinis*.

κηδεύω, f. *σῶ, (κηδός) to take charge of, care for, tend*. 2. *to pay the last offices of the dead:—Pass. to have these last offices paid one*. II. *to ally oneself in marriage to a person:—Pass. to be so allied*. 2. *to make a person one's kinsman by marriage*.

κηδήσω, fut. of κηδω (as if from κηδέω).

κηδιστός, *η, ov, Sup. formed from κηδός, like κέρδιστος from κέρδος, most cared for, dearest, most beloved*. II. *most nearly allied by marriage*.

κήδος Dor. κάδος, *εος, τό, (κηδῶν) care, concern, regard for another*. 2. *trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress:—mourning for one dead: hence a funeral*. 3. *an object of care, a care*. II. *connexion by marriage, Lat. affinitas*.

κηδόσυνος, *ov, (κήδος) anxious*.

ΚΗ'ΔΩ, f. κηδήσω, *to make anxious, give concern: hence to trouble, annoy, distress*. II. in Pass., with Ep. fut. κεκάδησμαι, pf. act. κέκηδα:—*to be troubled, distressed, annoyed: part. κηδόμενος, η, ov, distressed, in trouble: c. gen. to be anxious or concerned for: οὐκέτι Δαναῶν κεκαδησόμεθα*.

κηδωκε, by crasis for καὶ ἔδωκε.

κήεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of καίω.

κηθάριον, τό, *a vessel into which the lots were cast, a ballot-box*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κήκ, Dor. for κάκ, by crasis for καὶ ἐκ.

ΚΗΚΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, *matter that oozes or exudes from a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink*. Hence

κηκίω, Ep. impf. κηκίω:—*to gush or ooze forth: also in Med., αἷμας κηκιομένα ἐλκείων* clotted blood oozing from his wounds. [Ἰ Ep., ἰ Att.]

κήλεος or κήλειος, *ov, (καίω) burning, blazing*.

ΚΗΛΕ'Ω, f. ἥσω, *to charm, bewitch, fascinate: generally, to wbeedle, beguile, seduce*.

ΚΗ'ΛΗ, ἡ, *a rupture, Lat. bernia*.

κηληθμός, ὁ, (κηλέω) *rapture, fascination*.

κήλημα, *ατος, τό, (κηλέω) a magic charm, spell*.

κηληστis, *εως, ἡ, (κηλέω) an enchanting, charming*.

κηληθῆριος, *ov, (κηλέω) charming: appeasing*.

κηλιδῶ, f. ὥσω, (κηλίσ) *to stain, sully: metaph. to stain, dis honour, disgrace*.

ΚΗΛΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, *a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace*.

ΚΗ'ΛΟΝ, τό, *the shaft of an arrow: an arrow*.

κήλον, *ωτος, ὁ, (κήλον) a swipe or machine for drawing water from a well*.

κηλάνειον Ion. -ήιον, τό, = *κήλον*.

κήμαντόν, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμαντόν.

κήμέ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

ΚΗΜΩ'Σ, ὁ, *a muzzle or halter, put on a led horse*. 2. *the funnel-shaped top to the voting urn* (κάδος) in the Athenian law-courts, through which the ballots (ψήφοι) were dropped in the urn.

κημῶ, f. ὥσω, (κημῶς) *to muzzle a horse*.

κήν, Dor. for κᾶν, i. e. καὶ ἐν: but κῆν for καὶ ἄν.

κήνθε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἦνθε (i. e. καὶ ἦλεθε).

κήνθος, Aeol. for κείνος, ἐκεῖνος.

κήνθος, ὁ, the Lat. *census, an assessment: tribute*.

ΚΗ'Ξ, κηκῆς, ἡ, *a sea-gull, sea-mew*.

κήχομεν, Ep. for κῶμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of καίω.

κήπε, Dor. by crasis for καὶ εἶπε.

κήπέ, κήπειτα, Dor. for κᾶπέ, κᾶπειτα, i. e. καὶ ἐπ-.

κήπευμα, *ατος, τό, (κηπέω) that which is reared in a garden, a garden-herb or flower*.

κηπέυς, ἔως, ὁ, (κήπος) *a gardener*.

κηπέω, f. *σῶ, (κήπος) to rear in a garden: metaph. to tend, cherish, foster*.

κήπί, Dor. for κᾶπί, i. e. καὶ ἐπί.

κηπίον, τό, Dim. of κήπος, *a small garden, parterre: metaph. a decoration, ornament*.

κηπο-λόγος, *ov, (κήπος, λέγω) teaching in a garden*.

ΚΗΨΟΣ Dor. κᾶπος, ὁ, *a garden, an orchard or plantation: also the enclosure for the Olympic games: οἱ Ἀδωνίδος κηψοί, cresses and other plants grown*

quickly in pots:—hence proverb. of amusements and pastimes.

κηπ-ουρός, ὁ, (κήπος, οὖρος) a gardener.

ΚΗΡ, ἡ, gen. Κηρός, acc. Κήρα, the goddess of death or offate: hence doom, death, destruction. 2. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, evil itself.

II. any evil fate; disease; and, of moral evil, disgrace.

ΚΗΡ, τό, gen. κήρος, acc. κήρ, contr. from κέαρ, the heart, Lat. cor. The dat. κήρι is in Homer freq. used as Adv., like κηρόθι, with all the heart, heartily.

κηραίνω, f. ἄνω, (κήρ, ἡ) to barm, hurt, destroy.

κηραίνω, f. ἄνω, (κήρ, τό) to be alarmed, disquieted.

Κηρσοῖν-φόρητος, ον, (Κήρ, φορέω) borne on by the Κήρες or fates.

κήριος, η, ον, (κηρός) of wax, waxen.

κηριο-κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, (κήριον, κλέπτω) stealer of honeycombs.

κήριον, τό, (κηρός) a honeycomb, Lat. favus. II. a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρέφής, ἐς, (κήρ, τρέφω) born to die.

κηρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. κηροδέτας, = κηρόδετος.

κηρό-δετος, ον, (κηρός, δέω) bound together by wax.

κηρο-δομέω, f. ἦσω, (κηρός, δέω) to build with wax.

κηρόθεν, Adv. (κήρ) from the heart.

κηρόθι, Adv. (κήρ) in the heart, with all the heart, heartily.

κηρο-παγής, ἐς, (κηρός, παγῆναι) fastened with wax.

κηρο-πλάστης, ου, ὁ, (κηρός, πλάσσω) a modeller in wax.

κηρό-πλαστος, ον, (κηρός, πλάσσω) moulded of wax, waxen. II. = κηρόδετος.

ΚΗΡΟΨ, ὁ, bees-wax, wax, Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κηρός, τρέφω) wax-producing.

κηρο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (κηρός, χιτών) clad with wax.

κηροχύτεω, f. ἦσω, to mould in melted wax: to make waxen cells. From

κηρό-χυτος, ον, (κηρός, χέω) moulded of or in wax.

κήρυγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) a proclamation by berald, public notice; ἐκ κηρύγματος by proclamation.

κηρυκαῖνα, ἡ, fem. of κήρυξ, a female berald.

κηρυκεία Ion. -ήνη, ἡ, (κήρυξ) the office of berald.

κηρυκεῖον Ion. -ήϊον, τό, a berald's wand, Lat. caduceus. [ῶ] Properly neut. from

κηρυκεῖος, α, ον, (κήρυξ) of or for a berald. [ῶ]

κηρυκεσσι, Ep. for κήρυξι, dat. pl. of κήρυξ.

κηρυκευμα, ατος, τό, (κηρυκεύω) a berald's proclamation, public notice. [ῶ]

κηρυκεύω, f. σω, (κήρυξ) to be a berald, give public notice. II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of.

κηρυκῆτι, -κήϊον, Ion. for -ελα, -ειον.

κηρύλλος Att. κειρύλλος, ὁ, a sea-bird, the halcyon. [ῶ]

κήρυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, (κηρύσσω) a berald or pursuivant, whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands (σκηπτρα): their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of Jove.

ΚΗΡΥΨΣΩ Att. -τω: f. ξω: pf. κηήρυχα:—Pass., fut. κηρυχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύξομαι in pass. sense: pf. κηήρυγμα:—to be or act as berald: to make proclamation as a berald, summon, convene as berald. 2. impers., κηρύσσει (sc. ὁ κήρυξ) notice is given, proclamation is made. II. to proclaim, announce: to extol. 2. to put up or advertise for sale. 3. to call on, invoke. III. to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κήρωμα, ατος, τό, (κήρ) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing. 2. an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωματικός, ὁ, ὄν, anointed with κήρωμα.

κηρωτός, ὁ, ὄν, (κήρῳ) waxed:—hence, as Subst.,

κηρωτόν, τό, or κηρωτή, ἡ, a cerate or ointment.

κήρ, Dor. for καί εἰς.

κῆται, Ep. for κῆται, 3 sing. subj. of κείμαι.

κήτελος, α, ον, (κήτος) of sea-monsters.

ΚΗΤΟΣ, εος, τό, any sea-monster or huge fish: in Odyssey, a seal or sea-calf: later a whale, Lat. cete.

κητο-φόνος, ον, (κήτος, φένω) killing sea-monsters.

κητώεις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon,

κόλην Δακηδαίων κητώεσσα, either (from κήτος as implying hugeness) vast, spacious; or (from κήτος as if = καίadas, a gulf, abyss) sunken, hollow.

κηῖ, by crasis for καί εἰς.

κηῖξ, ὅκος [ῶ], ὁ, (κηῖ) a sea-gull.

κῆφᾱ, Dor. by crasis for καί ἔφη.

ΚΗΦΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fucus: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person.

Κηφήνες, οἱ, Cephenees, old name of the Persians.

κῆφθᾱ, Dor. by crasis for καί ἦφθῃ.

Κηφισίος, ὁ, the Cephisus, a river in Boeotia; hence fem. λίμνη Κηφισίς. II. a famous river of Athens: also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηώδης, ἐς, (καίω) fragrant, sweet-scented.

κηώεις, εσσα, εν, = κηώδης, fragrant.

κιάθω, Att. lengthd. for κίω, to go. [ᾶ]

κιβδηλεύω, f. σω, (κίβδηλος) to adulterate, alloy. II. metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία, ἡ, (κίβδηλος) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, dishonesty.

κίβδηλος, ον, (κίβδος) adulterated, spurious, base. II. metaph. of men, base, false. 2. base-born, bastard. 3. deceitful, ambiguous, of oracles.

ΚΙΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, dross, alloy.

κίβστις, ἡ, a pocket, wallet, scrip.

κιβωτάριον and κιβώτιον, τό, Dim. of κιβωτός.

ΚΙΒΩΤΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden box, chest, coffer.

κιγκλίω, f. ίσω, (κίγκλος) to wag the tail like the

κίγκλος: metaph. to change constantly.

ΚΙΓΚΑΙΨ, ίδος, ἡ, the Lat. cancelli, a latticed gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber, the bar.

ΚΙΤΚΑΟΣ, ὁ, a water-bird, a kind of wagtail.

κιγχανώ [ᾶ], Att. for κικάνω [ᾶ].

κίδναμαι, Pass., poet. for σκεδάννυμαι, to be spread.
ΚΙΘΑΡΑ Ion. -η, also κίθαρις, ios, ἡ, Lat. *cithara*, a lyre, harp or lute, like the φόρμιγγς or λύρα.
κίθαρι-αἰδός contr. -φδός, ὁ, (κίθαρά, αἰδός) *one who plays and sings to the lyre or harp, a harper*:—
 Sup. κίθαρισσιδότητος. [ᾶ]
κίθαρίζω, f. ἰσά Att. ἰῶ, (κίθαρις) to play the lyre or lute: it is also used of the φόρμιγγς and λύρα, so that the κίθαρά, λύρα, and φόρμιγγς must have been nearly the same.

κίθαρις, ios, ἡ, acc. κίθαριν, = κίθαρά: also music, harping, playing.

κίθαριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (κίθαρίζω) a player on the lyre or harp, a harper. Hence

κίθαριστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of κίθαριστής.

κίθαριστός, υῖος, ἡ, (κίθαρίζω) a playing the lyre or harp, the art of playing it.

κίθαροφδικός, ἡ, ὄν, c. for harp-playing. From κίθαρ-φδός, ὁ, contr. for κίθαρισαἰδός.

κίθων, ἄνωσ, ὁ, Ion. for χιτών.

κίκεϊν, inf. of a poet. aor. 2 ἐκικον; see κίκω.

κίκι, τό, = κροτών. II. the berry of the κροτών, castor-berry.

ΚΙΚΙΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, a curled lock of hair, a ringlet of hair, Lat. *cincinnus*.

κικκαβαῖ, ὁ, a cry in imitation of the screech-owl's note, *toowhit, toowboo*.

ΚΙΚΚΟΣ, ὁ, the husk, shell of fruit, Lat. *ciccus*.

κικλήσκω, poet. redupl. form of καλέω, to call, summon, invite: to call on, invoke: also in Med. II. to accost, address. III. to name, call by name.

κικράω, Dor. for κεράννυμι, κινράω.

ΚΙΚΥΣ, ἡ, strength, vigour.

***ΚΙΚΩ**, a verb only found in aor. 2 ἐκίκον, inf. ἰκείν, and Dor. aor. 1 ἐκίκα, med. ἐκικάμην:—to make to go, move, toss. (Akin to κίω and δικάειν.)

Κίλικιος, α, ον, Cilician. From

Κίλις, ἴκος, ὁ, a Cilician. [Υ] Hence

Κίλισσα, ης, ἡ, a Cilician woman. 2. as Adj., fem. of Κίλικιος.

κίλλι-βάς, ἄνωσ, ὁ, a trestle, stand or support for anything, esp. for a shield. (From κίλλω, ass. βαίνω: so Germ. *esel*, our *easel* and *horse*.) [Υ]

ΚΙΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, an ass. (Dor. word.)

Κιμμέριοι, οἱ, the Cimmerians, a people supposed to dwell in perpetual darkness: later, a people about the Palus Maeotis.

Κιμωλία (γη), ἡ, Cimolian earth, a kind of white clay, like fuller's earth, from Cimolus in the Cyclades.

ΚΙΝΑΒΡΑ, ἡ, the rank smell of a goat. Hence

κίναβρώς, to smell like a goat.

κίναβος, εος, τό: vocat. κίναβε, as if it were masc.:—Sicil. word, a fox: metaph. a wily fellow, a cheat.

κίναβισμα, ατος, τό, a rustling motion, rustling.

(From κινάβιζω, = κινέω.) [νᾶ]

κιν-ἄχυρα, ἡ, (κινέω, ἄχυρον) a kind of bag or sieve for bolting flour.

κινδύνεμα, ατος, τό, a risk, venture, enterprise; and

κινδυνεύειν, verb. Adj. one must venture; and **κινδυνεύτης**, οὐ, ὁ, an adventurous person:—from **κινδύνεω**, f. σω, to be daring, venture into danger, run a risk, hazard. 2. absol. to make a venture, do a daring thing: so with acc. of the danger, κ. κινδύνεμα to venture the risk. II. from the notion of running a risk, κινδυνεύω c. inf. comes to mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do so and so; κινδυνεύουσι οἱ ἄνθρωποι οὗτοι γήγτες εἶναι they run a risk of being reputed conjurers: hence κινδυνεύειν as impers. it seems to be, is likely to:—Pass. to be hazarded, exposed to danger. From

ΚΙΝΔΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a danger, risk, hazard, venture, Lat. *periculum*: an experiment, trial; κινδυνον ποιεῖν, Lat. *periculum facere*, to make an experiment.

κινεῖν, Dor. for κινού, pres. imperat. pass. of κινέω.

κινέω, f. ἡσω, (κίω) to move, set in motion, set agoing, urge on: to move a thing from its place; hence, to meddle with things sacred: to change, innovate. 2. to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver of a thing. 3. to stir up, arouse: to move to anger, provoke. 4. κινεῖν πᾶν χρεῖμα to set every engine at work, turn every stone. II. Pass., with fut.

κινῆσομαι and pass. κινηθήσομαι, aor. 1 ἐκινήθην: to be put in motion, to be moved, to move; of an earthquake, as, ἐκινήθη Δῆλος.

κινήθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κινέω.

κινήθμός, ὁ, = κίνησις, motion.

κίνησις, εως, ἡ, (κινέω) a moving or being moved: motion. II. excitement, commotion: a movement, disturbance. [κί]

κινήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = κινήτης. Hence

κινήτηριος, α, ον, liable to move or excite.

κινήτης, οὐ, ὁ, (κινέω) a mover, author.

κινήτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κινέω) putting in motion: stirring up, exciting.

κιννάμωμον, τό, cinnamon, a word introduced by the Greeks from the Phoenicians.

κίνυγμα, ατος, τό, (κινύσσομαι) a floating or hovering body, a phantom. [Υ]

κινύμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an obsol. Act. κινύμι), = κινέομαι, to be in motion, go, move, march. [Υ]

κίνυντο, Ep. for κίνυντο, 3 pl. impf. of κινύμαι.

κινύρομα [Υ], Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan, lament: c. acc. cognato, χαλινὸν κινύρονται φόνον the bridles ring or clash murderously. From

κινύρος, ὁ, ὄν, wailing, plaintive. (Formed from the sound.)

κινύσσω, = κινέω, to put in motion:—Pass. to waver, be swayed to and fro.

κινώ, οὐς, ἡ, Dor. for κίνησις.

κιδό-κράνον, τό, = κινονόκρανον.

κιομεν, Ep. for κίωμεν, 1 pl. subj. of κίω.

κίον, Ep. for κέκον, impf. of κίω.

κινονό-κράνον, τό, (κίον, κρανίον) the capital of a column.

κίους, dat. pl. of κίον, a pillar.

Κίρκη, ἡ, Circe, an enchantress who changed

Ulysses' companions to swine, v. *Odyssey*, lib. 10, *Horr.* Epist. 1. 2, 23.

κιρκήλατος, *ov*, (κίρκος, ἐλαῖνον) chased by a hawk.
ΚΙΡΚΟΣ, *δ*, a kind of hawk or falcon, which flies in wheels or circles. 2. a circle, ring, mostly in form κίρκος. Hence

κιρκάω, *f*. ὥσω, to hoop in, secure by rings.
κίρνάω and -μν, poet. forms of κεράννυμι, to mix wine with water:—from κίρνάω comes 3 sing. pres. κίρνῃ, 3 sing. impf. ἐκίρνα: from κίρνημι, *Ep*. 3 sing. impf. κίρνη, part. κίρνᾶς.

ΚΙΣ, *δ*, gen. κίος, acc. κίν, a worm in wood or in corn, the weevil, *Lat.* *curculio*.

κίστηρις, *ews*, ἡ, (κίς) the pumice-stone, *Lat.* *pumex*.

ΚΙΣΣΑ Att. κίττα, ἡ, a chattering bird, the jay. II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for strange food. Hence

κισσαβίζω Att. κίτταβίζω, *f*. ἴσω, to scream like a jay.

κισσάω Att. κίτταω, *f*. ἴσω, (κίσσα *u*) to crave for strange food: generally, to long or yearn after.

κισσῆρης, *es*, (κισσός) ivy-clad.

κίσσηρις, *ews*, ἡ, = κίστηρις, *q. v.*

κισσίνος, *η*, *ov*, (κισσός) of ivy.

κισσοδέτης, *ou*, *δ*, Dor. -δέτας, (κισσός, δέω) bound or crowned with ivy.

κισσοκόμης, *ou*, *δ*, (κισσός, κόμη) ivy-tressed, crowned with ivy.

ΚΙΣΣΟΣ Att. κίττος, *δ*, ivy, *Lat.* *bedera*.

κισσοστέφανος, *ou*, and κισσοστεφής, *és*, (κισσός, στέφανος, στέφω) ivy-wreathed.

κισσοφορέω Att. κίττω, to be decked with ivy. From

κισσοφόρος, *ou*, (κισσός, φέρω) wearing ivy, ivy-crowned: luxuriant with ivy.

κισσώω Att. κίττω, *f*. ὥσω, (κισσός) to deck with ivy.

κισσώβιον [ῥ], τό, (κισσός) a drinking-cup either made of ivy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it.

κισσωτός, *η*, *όν*, (κισσώω) decked with ivy.

ΚΙΣΤΗ, ἡ, a box, chest, *Lat.* *cista*.

κιστίς, *ίδος*, ἡ, Dim. of κίστη, a little chest.

ΚΙΤΡΕΑ or κίτρία, ἡ, the citron-tree.

κίτρινος, *η*, *όν*, (κίτρον) of citron.

κίτρον, τό, the fruit of the κίτρία, citron.

κίττα, κίτταβίζω, κίτταω, Att. for κισσ—.

κίττος, *δ*, Att. for κισσ—.

κίχάνω [α], used only in pres. and impf. indic., in inf. κίχάνειν, and Med. κίχάνομαι: most of the other moods and tenses being formed as if from κίχημι:—*Ep*. subj. κίχαιω, opt. κίχῃην, inf. κίχῃηναι

Ep. κίχῃμεναι, part. κίχῃς and Med. κίχῃμενος: so impf. ἐκίχην, 2 sing. ἐκίχεις (as if from κίχέω); 1 pl. κίχῃμεν, 3 dual κίχῃτην: fut. κίχῃσομαι: aor. 2 ἐκίχον *Ep*. κίχον, part. κίχων: aor. 1 med. ἐκίχῃσάμην:

Att. κίγχανω [α], *q. v.*:—to light upon, meet with, find: to arrive at.

κίχῃην, opt. of κίχάνω.

κίχῃς, pres. part. of κίχημι, = κίχάνω.

κίχῃομεν, *Ep*. for κίχῃμεν, *Ep*. 1 pl. subj. of κίχημι.

κίχῃλη, ἡ, Dor. for κίχλη.

κίχῃμεναι, κίχῃμενος, v. sub κίχάνω.

*κίχημι, v. sub κίχάνω.

κίχῃσομαι, fut. of κίχάνω.

κίχον, aor. 2 of κίχάνω.

ΚΙΧΛΗ, ἡ, a thrush or fieldfare, *Lat.* *turdus*.

κίχλιζω, *f*. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to titter, giggle, formed like

καγχαλάω from the sound. II. (κίχλη) to eat

κίχλαι, to live daintily.

κίχλιδοντι, Dor. for κίχλιδουσι, 3 pl. of κίχλιζω.

κίχλιδος, *δ*, (κίχλιζω) a tittering, giggling. II.

(κίχλη) daintily living.

κίχρημι, fut. χρήσω: aor. 1 ἐχρησα: (see χράω c. 11):

—to lend. II. Med. κίχῃμαι, fut. χρήσομαι:

aor. 1 ἐχρησάμην:—to have lent to one, to borrow.

*ΚΙΩ, to go, pres. not used in indic.; subj. κίω,

Ep. 1 pl. κίωμεν; opt. κίωμι, part. κίαν, κίουσα: impf.

ἐκίον *Ep*. κίον:—to go: of ships, to sail.

ΚΙΩΝ, *ονος*, *δ* and ἡ, a pillar, column. II. =

στήλη, a gravestone, *Lat.* *cippus*. [Ὶ]

κλαγγάνω, collat. form of κλάζω, of hounds, to give

tongue: of birds, to scream, screech.

κλαγγεύντι, Dor. for κλαγγοῦσι, 3 pl. of

κλαγγέω, = κλάζω, of hounds, to give tongue.

κλαγγή, ἡ, (κλάζω) any sharp, quick sound, as the

twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the hissing of

serpents, the barking or baying of dogs: also the

grunting of swine. Hence

κλαγγιδόν, Adv. with a clang, noise, *dim*.

κλαγερός, *ά*, *όν*, (κλάζω) screaming, screeching.

κλαγέας, aor. 1 part. of κλάζω.

κλαδάρος, *ά*, *όν*, (κλάω) broken, fragile, brittle.

κλάδος, irreg. acc. pl. of κλάδος.

κλαδᾶς, Dor. for κλειδᾶς, acc. pl. of κλείς.

κλαδί, Dor. for κλειδί, dat. of κλείς.

κλαδῖον, τό, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλαδίσκος, *δ*, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλάδος, *ou*, *δ*, (κλάω) a young slip or shoot of a tree:

a young branch or shoot, esp. an olive-branch, which

was wound round with wool and presented by sup-

pliants.

ΚΛΑΪΩ, *f*. κλάγω: aor. 1 ἐκλαγα: *Ep*. aor. 2

ἐκλάγον, inf. κλαγεῖν: pf. with pres. sense κέκλαγα

and κέκληγα, part. κεληγώς, *ότος*, also κελήγων,

οντος (as if from a new pres. κελήγηω):—*Pass.*,

paullo-p. fut. κελάγῃμαι:—to make a sharp, quick

sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clash, clang, rattle;

of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay:

of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, ballow,

shriek forth, cry out.

κλαίσκον, Ion. impf. of κλαίω.

κλαῖς, gen. κλαῖδος, ἡ, Dor. for κληῖς, κλείς, *Lat.* *clavis*.

κλαῖστρον, Dor. for κλειστρον, κλειθρον.

ΚΛΑΪΩ Att. κλάω [α]: *f*. κλαύσομαι Dor. κλαυ-

σοῦμαι: also κλαῖσω Att. κλαῖσω: aor. 1 ἐκλαυσα

Ep. κλαύσα:—*Pass.*, paulo-p. fut. κελάσομαι: pf.

κέκλαυμαι and κέκλαυσμαι:—to weep, lament, wail:

hence Att. phrase, κλαύσεται *he shall weep*, i. e. *he*

shall repent it, have cause to rue it: so, κλαίων *as*

your peril, to your sorrow; κλαῖν σε λέγω, Lat. *plorare te jubeo*.

II. transit. to bewail, mourn, deplore:—Pass. to be mourned for or lamented; also κελαιμύενος bathed in tears, weeping.

κλαῖξ, ἄκος, ἡ, Dor. for κλείς, a key.

κλαῖξω, Dor. fut. of κλαίω, to shut.

κλαῖπῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κλάριος, ον, (κλᾶρος) apportioning by lot. [ἀ]

κλᾶρος, κλαῖρῶ, κλαῖρονομέω, Dor. for κληρ-

κλάς, Ep. for ἐκλάσε, 3 sing. aor. I of κλάω.

κλαῖσι-βόλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλάω, βόλαξ) clod-break-ing.

κλάσις, εως, ἡ, (κλάω) a breaking. [ἀ]

κλάσμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) that which is broken off, a fragment, piece, morsel.

κλάσσε, κλάσματο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I act. and med. of κλάω.

κλαστάζω, f. ἄσω, (κλάω) to prune a vine, Lat. *pan-
ficinare*: metaph. to bring down, humble.

κλαστός, ἡ, ὅν, (κλάω) broken in pieces.

κλαῖω, Dor. for κλάω, fut. of κλάω.

κλαυθμός, ὁ, (κλαίω), a weeping, wailing. Hence

κλαυθμύριζω, f. σω, to make to weep. Hence

κλαυθμύριστός, ὁ, a crying like a child.

κλαῖμα, ατος, τό, (κλαίω) a weeping, wailing. II. a trouble, misfortune.

κλαῖσάρα, by crasis for κλαῖσαι ἄρα. [σά]

κλαῖσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κλαίω.

κλαυσίω, (κλαῖσις) to wish to weep; τὸ θύριον φθεγγόμενον ἄλλως κλαυσίᾳ the door is like to weep, i. e. shall suffer, for creaking without cause.

κλαυσι-γέλως, ατος, and ὁ, ὅ, (κλαίω, γέλως) smiles and tears. [γ]

κλαυσι-μᾶχος, ον, (κλαίω, μάχη) parody on the name of *Lamachus*, *Rue-the-fight*.

κλαυσόμεναι, fut. of κλαίω:—Dor. κλαυσοῦμαι.

κλαυστός or κλαυτός, ἡ, ὅν, (κλαίω) wept, bewailed: to be bewailed, mournful.

ΚΛΑΨ, f. κλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκλάσα Ep. κλάσα, κλάσσα: aor. 2 part. κλάς, as if from κλημι:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλάσθην: pf. κέκλασμαι:—to break, break off, break in pieces: of plants, to prune:—metaph. to weaken, enervate.

κλάω, Att. for κλαίω, as κάω for καίω. [ἀ]

κλέα, Ep. shortd. form of κλέα, plur. of κλέος.

κλεινός or κλεινός, ἡ, ὅν, poet. for κλεινός, famous.

κλειδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κλεία, contr. of κλέα, nom. and acc. pl. of κλέος.

κλειδίον, τό, Dim. of κλείς, a little key.

κλειδουχέω Att. κληδ-, to hold the keys, have the charge or custody of; κλειδουχῆν θεᾶς to be priestess of a goddess:—Pass. to be watched. From

κλειδ-οὔχος Att. κληδ-, ον, (κλείς, ἔχω) holding the keys, having charge or custody of: of a goddess, tutelary.

κλειδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλείς, φύλαξ) = foreg.

κλείζω, f. κλείζω, Dor. for κληίζω.

κλείθρον Att. κληθρον Ion. κληθῖρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt or bar for closing a door.

κλεινός, ἡ, ὅν, (κλέος) famous, renowned, illustrious.

κλείζαι, aor. I inf. of κλείζω, Dor. for κληίζω.

κλείς, ἡ, gen. κλειδός: acc. κλείδα Att. κλείν: pl. nom. κλειίδες, acc. κλειίδας contr. κλείς: Ion. κληίς,

gen. κληίδος, acc. κληίδα: old Att. κληίς, gen. κλη-
δός, acc. κληίδα:—a thing to close the door with: 1.

a key, by which the bolt (ὄχευς) was shot or unshot from the outside: if the door was fastened on the in-
side, there was a latch (ἰμάς) by which the bolt was

made fast to the handle (κοράνῃ). 2. a bar or
bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door. 3.

metaph. of silence, κληίς ἐπὶ γλώσσῃ a key on the
tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down;

κλήδας ἔχειν, like κληδουχῆν, to watch, have the
charge of. II. the book or tongue of a clasp. III.

the collar-bone, Lat. *jugulum*; κληίς ἀποέργει αὐχένα
τε στήθος τε locks the neck and breast together. IV.

a bench for rowers. V. a narrow strait or pass,
such as we call the key of a country; mostly in pl., as,

Κλειδες τῆς Κύπρου.

κλείς, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of κλείς, κλειδός.

κλειστός, old Att. κληστός, Ion. κληῖστός, ἡ, ὅν,

to be shut or closed.

κλειστρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt, bar, Lat. *claustrum*.

κλειτός, ἡ, ὅν, (κλείω v), renowned, famous: of

things, splendid, excellent.

ΚΛΕΙΨ (A), f. κλείσω: aor. I ἐκλείσα:—Pass.,
aor. I ἐκλείσθην: pf. κέκλεισμαι and κέκλειμαι:—

Ion. and Ep. pres. κληίω, f. κληίω: aor. I ἐκλήισα
Ep. κληίσα:—old Att. κληίω, f. κληίω: aor. I ἐκ-

ληισα: pf. pass. κέκλημαι:—Dor. fut. κλαῖω. Lat.
CLAUDO, to shut, shut up, close, keep fast: to con-

fine:—Pass. to be shut up.

κλείω (B), poet. for κλέω, to celebrate.

Κλειώ, οὖς, ἡ, (κλέος) *Clio*, the Celebrator, the Muse

of Epic Poetry and History.

κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) a thing stolen: a

theft. 2. a trick, device, stratagem.

κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and acc.; Ep. pl. κλέα,
κλεία for κλέα:—a rumour, report, common fame,

news; σὺν κλέος news of thee:—a mere report, opp.
to certainty; ἡμεῖς δὲ κλέος οἶον ἀκούομεν, οὐδέ τι

ἴδμεν we hear a rumour only, but know not any-
thing. II. good report, fame, glory: also repute,

whether good or bad:—in plur., κλέα ἀνδρῶν αἰδέειν
to sing the glorious deeds of heroes; κλέος ἀρέσθαι

to win honour.

κλέπταν, Dor. for κλέπτην, acc. of κλέπτης.

κλεπτόν, verb. Adj. of κλέπτο, one must withhold.

κλεπτεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλέπτο.

κλεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and κλέπτης, ον, ὁ, (κλέπτο) a

thief: generally, a rogue, deceiver.

κλεπτίστατος, ἡ, ον, Att. Sup. formed from κλέ-
πτης the most arrant thief.

κλέπτον, v. κλέπτο.

κλεπτοσύνη, ἡ, thievishness, knavery. From

ΚΛΕΨΤΩ, f. ψω, or med. κλέγομαι: aor. I ἐκ-
λεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλέφθην: aor. 2

ἐκλάπην [ᾶ], inf. κλαπῆναι: pf. ἐκέλεμαι:—*to steal, filch, purloin*: of women, *to carry off*: part. κλέπτων, οὔσα, ον, *thievish*; κλέπτον βλέπει he has a thief's look. II. *to cozen, cheat, beguile, deceive*: hence *to mislead*.

III. *to withhold, conceal, keep secret, disguise*. IV. generally, *to do a thing stealthily or treacherously*: so c. part., κλέπτων ποιεῖ he does it secretly.

κλειψίφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κλέπτω, φρήν) of *deceptive mind, dissembling*.

κλειψί-χάλος, ον, (κλέπτω, χάλος) *disguising lameness*. [I.]

κλειψύδρα, ἡ, (κλέπτω, ὕδωρ) a *water-clock*, with a narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instead of sand, as in our glasses);—used to time speeches in law-courts.

ΚΛΕΨ'Ω Ep. κλειώ (κλέος) = κληΐω, *to tell of, celebrate, glorify, extol*:—Pass. *to be famous*. II. = καλέω, *to call*.

κληῖδες, Att. for κλειῖδες, nom. pl. of κλής.

κληῖδην, Adv. (καλῶ) *by name*.

κληδόνισμα, ατος, τό, (κληδών) a *sign or omen*.

κληδ-οὔχες, κληδ-οὔχος, Att. for κλειδ-.

κληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Ep. κληδών and κληδών: (κλέω): *an omen, presage, boding*. II. a *rumour, report*: reputation, glory. III. a *calling, invocation*.

κληΐω (A), f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐκλήσα: pf. pass. ἐκέκλησμαι:—Ion. pres. κληΐω Dor. κλειΐω: (κλέος):—*to make famous, to celebrate*. II. *to name, call*:—Pass. *to be spoken of, be mentioned*.

κληΐω (B), f. σω, late form for κλήω, κλείω, *to shut*.

κληηδών, Ep. for κληδών.

κληηθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΛΗΘΡΑ Ion. κλήθρη, ἡ, *the alder*, Lat. *alnus*.

κληθρον, τό, Att. for Ion. κλήθρον, = κλειθρον.

κληΐβεσσι, Ep. for κληΐσι, dat. pl. of κληΐς.

κληΐζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κληΐω.

κληΐθρον, τό, Ion. for κληθρον, κλειθρον.

κληΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for κλείς.

κληΐσα, Ep. aor. I of κληΐω, κλείω.

κληϊστός, ὅν, ὄν, Ion. for κληστός, κλειστός.

κληΐω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλήμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) a *shoot or twig broken off to be grafted on another tree, a slip, cutting*: esp. a *vine-twig*, Lat. *palmas*. Hence

κλημάτινος, η, ον, *made of vine-twigs*.

κληματίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλήμα: mostly in pl. *brushwood, fagot-wood*.

κληρίον, τό, Dim. of κλήρος, a *small portion*.

κληρονομίω, f. ἤσω, (κληρονόμος) *to obtain a portion or lot*: *to receive a share of an inheritance, to inherit*. Hence

κληρονόμημα, ατος, τό, *an inheritance*: and κληρονομία, ἡ, (κληρονομέω) *an inheritance, patrimony*: generally, *possession, property*.

κληρο-νόμος, ον, (κληρος, νέμομαι) *receiving one's portion*: as Subst., κληρόνομος, ὁ, *an inheritor, heir*.

κληρο-πᾶλής, ἐς, (κληρος, πᾶλλω) *distributed by shaking the lots*.

κληῖρος Dor. κλᾶρος, ον, ὁ, a *lot*: twigs, potsherds, or even a clod of earth was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot. 2. a *casting lots, drawing lots*.

II. *an allotment, portion*, often of conquered land: *an inheritance, estate, property*: generally, *lands*.

III. *the clergy*, as opp. to the laity.

κληρουχέω, fut. ἤσω, (κληρούχος) *to possess or hold by allotment, to have allotted to one*. Hence

κληρουχία, ἡ, *the allotment or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the citizens of a state*. 2. *the body of citizens among whom it was divided*.—An Athenian κληρουχία differed from a colony (ἀποικία), in that the κληρούχοι were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

κληρουχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρουχία) *of or for a κληρουχία or apportionment of land*.

κληρ-οὔχος, ον, (κληρος, ἔχω) *holding or possessed of an allotment of land*; esp. of land in a foreign country *portioned out among the citizens*: as Subst., κληρούχος, ὁ, a *portion-holder*. 2. metaph., πόδων ἑτῶν κληρούχος *possessed of many years, i.e. advanced in years*.

κληρώω, f. ὥσω, (κληρος) *to choose by lot, and generally, to choose*: of the lot, *to fall on one, designate*:—Pass. *to be chosen by lot*:—Med. *to cast lots for a thing, to have a thing allotted one*. II. *to allot, assign, apportion*:—Pass., κληρούσθαι δοῦλη *to be allotted as a slave, to have slavery for one's lot*. Hence

κληρώσις, εως, ἡ, a *choosing by lot*.

κληρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρώω) *appointed by lot*.

κληΐς, κληδός, old Att. for κλειΐς, κλειδός.

κληΐσις, εως, ἡ, (καλέω) a *calling*: a *calling into court, legal summons, citation*: hence *an indictment, impeachment*. 2. a *calling or invitation to a feast*.

3. a *name, appellation*.

κλησις, εως, ἡ, (κληώ = κλείω) a *shutting up, closing, blockading*.

κληΐσω, fut. of κληΐω = κλείω:—also of κληΐω.

κλητεύω, f. σω, (καλέω, κλητός) *to cite or summon into court*. II. *to be a witness, give evidence*.

κλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (καλέω) *one who calls, a summoner*.

II. a *witness, called to prove that this legal summons has been served*.

κλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (καλέω) *called, invited*: *welcome*: *called out, chosen*.

κληώ, old Att. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλιβάνιτης, κλιβάνος, v. sub κριβαν-.

κλιθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of κλίνω.

κλίμα [Ὶ], τό, (κλίνω) *an inclination, slope*. II. a *region or zone of the earth, climate*.

κλιμάκιον, τό, Dim. of κλίμαξ, a *small stair or ladder, a flight of steps*.

κλιμακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλιμαξ) *the step of a staircase, round of a ladder.*

κλιμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning aslant: a scaling-ladder: a ship's ladder.*

II. *an instrument like a ladder, on which persons were tortured.*

III. in Soph. Trach., κλιμακες ἀμφίπλεκτοι seem to be twistings or grapplings of two bodies entangled with each other.

IV. in Rhetoric, *a climax*, a gradual ascent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, *abiit evasit erupit.*

κλιναν, Ep. for ἐκλιναν, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

κλίνη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier.* [ἔ]

κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλίνω.

κλινήρης, ἐς, (κλίνη, ἀρᾶρεῖν) *bed-ridden.*

κλινῆσθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλινίδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλινό-πετής, ἐς, (κλίνη, πεσεῖν) *bedridden.*

κλινό-χαρής, ἐς, (κλίνω, χαρῆναι) *fond of bed.*

κλιντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch, bed, sofa.*

ΚΛΙΝΩ [ἔ], fut. κλινῶ: aor. I ἐκλίνα: pf. κέκλινα:

—Med., aor. I ἐκκλινάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκκλινήν

and ἐκκλίνω [ἔ], aor. 2 ἐκκλίνην [ἔ]: pf. κέκλιμαι:—

to make slope or slant, incline. 2. *to make one thing*

slope against another, prop or rest it against. 3.

to turn aside: ὅσσε πάλιν κλίνειν to turn back the

eyes. 4. *to make recline or sit down, esp. at*

meat. II. Pass. *to be bent: to bend aside,*

swerve. 2. *to lean, rest, support oneself against a*

thing. 3. *to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. discumbere.*

4. of Places, *to be sloping: λίμνη κεκλιμένη*

sloping towards the lake. 5. *to wander from the*

right course. III. Med. *to decline, verge: so*

later in Act., ὁ ἥλιος κλίνει the sun declines: κλίνειν

ἐπὶ τὸ χεῖρον to fall away for the worse.

κλιτρία Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, (κλίνει) *a place for lying down:*

a hut, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of

peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were

of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the

κλιτρία, but burned them on the spot: the collected

κλιτρία formed a camp. II. *a couch, bed.* III.

a company of people sitting at meals.

κλεισιᾶδες, αἰ, (κλίνω) *folding-doors or gates:*

metaph. an entrance. Prob. better κλεισιᾶδες, from

κλείω to shut.

κλιτρίσθην, Adv. (κλιτρία) *out of a cot or tent.*

κλιτρίσθιδε, Adv. *to a cot or tent.*

κλιτρίον, τό, (κλιτρία) *the outbuildings round a*

herdsman's lodge.

κλίστις, εἰς, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a bending, inclination.* II.

a lying down, reclining. [ἔ]

κλισμός, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch or chair for reclining.*

κλίτος, τό, = κλίμα II, *a climate.* [ἔ]

κλιτύς, ὅς, ἡ, acc. pl. κλιτύς: (κλίνω) *a sloping*

place, slope, hill-side, Lat. clivus.

κλοιός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. κλοιά, as well as κλοιοί:

Att. κλωός: (κλείω):—*a dog-collar: esp. a large*

wooden collar: hence also a pillow.

κλονέω, f. ἦσω, (κλόνος) *to drive in confusion, to*

confound, agitate, distract:—Pass. to flee in confu-

sion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.

ΚΛΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *any violent motion, esp. the press of*

battle, the battle-rout: generally, a tumult, throng.

κλοπαῖος, α, ον, (κλώψ) *stolen: furtive, stealthy.*

κλοπεύς, εἰς, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief: a secret doer.*

κλοπή, ἡ, (κλέπτω) *theft.* II. *a stealthy act,*

fraud: ποδοῖν κλοπὰν ἀρέσθαι to steal away on foot.

κλόπιος, α, ον, (κλοπή) *thievish, artful.*

κλοπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief.*

κλοτοπεύω, *to deal subtly: a lengthd. form of*

κλέπτω, κλωπεύω.

κλύδων, ατος, ὁ, (κλύω) *α wave, billow, surge.* II.

metaph., κλύδων κακῶν a flood of ills. Hence

κλύδωνίζομαι, Pass. to be tossed by the waves.

κλύδωνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδων, *a little wave, rip-*

ple: but often like κλύδων, a wave: a surging sea.

ΚΛΥΨΩ: Ion. impf. κλύεσκον: fut. κλύσω [ῥ]

Ep. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. I ἐκλύσθην: pf. κέκλυμαι:

—*to wash or dash against, break over:—Pass. of the*

sea, to be stormy, dash high: so intr. in Act., κύματα

κλύεσκον ἐπ' ἡῶνος the waves dashed, broke against

the shore. II. *to wash off or away: to wash*

out. 2. *κισσύβιον κεκλυσμένον καρῶ a wooden*

vessel washed or coated with wax.

κλύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύμενος, η, ον, (κλύω) = κλυτός, *famous.* [ῥ]

κλύσωμα, τό, (κλύω) *a liquid used for washing out:*

a clyster or drench. II. *the part washed by the*

waves, the beach.

κλυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλύω) *a clyster-pipe, syringe.*

κλύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλυτό-δενδρος, ον, (κλυτός, δένδρον) *famed for trees.*

κλυτο-εργός, ον, (κλυτός, ἔργον) *famous for work.*

κλυτό-καρπος, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) *famous with*

fruit.

κλυτό-μητις, ι, (κλυτός, μήτις) *famous for skill.*

κλυτό-μοχοτος, ον, (κλυτός, μόχος) *famous for toils.*

κλυτό-νοος, ον, contr. -vous, ον, (κλυτός, νόος)

famous for wisdom.

κλυτό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλυτός, παῖς) *with famous*

children.

κλυτό-πῶλος, ον, (κλυτός, πῶλος) *famous for horses.*

κλυτός, ἡ, ὅν, also ὅς, ὅν, (κλύω) *beard of, to be*

beard of, famous, glorious, renowned. 2. of things,

glorious, noble, splendid, beauteous.

κλυτο-τέχνης, ου, ὁ, (κλυτός, τέχνη) *famous for*

art, renowned artist.

κλυτό-τοξος, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) *famous for the bow,*

renowned archer.

ΚΛΥΨΩ: impf. or aor. 2 ἐκλυον, imperat. sing. and

pl. (as if from κλύω), κλύθι, κλύτε, Ep. redupl. κέ-

κλύθι, κέκλυτε:—*to bear, to give ear to, listen to,*

bearken to: but also c. gen. to obey. 2. *to bear,*

learn by bearing, ascertain. 3. generally, *to per-*

ceive. II. *to bear oneself called, be called* so and so, like ἀκούω, Lat. audio; κακῶς κλέινει *to be ill spoken of.*

ΚΛΩΒΟΨ, ὁ, *a cage, bird-cage.*

κλωγμός, ὁ, (κλώζω) *the whistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse.*

ΚΛΩ/ΖΩ, f. κλώξω, *to croak, have a hoarse note, properly of jackdaws.*

ΚΛΩ/ΘΩ, fut. κλώσω, *to twist, spin, esp. of the goddesses of fate.* Hence

Κλωθώ, οὐς, ἡ, Lat. Clotho, one of the three Μοῖραι or Fates, who span the thread of life.

κλωμάκοις, εσσα, εν, *stony, rocky, rugged.* From ΚΛΩ/ΜΑΣ or κρώμαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, *a heap of stones.*

κλόν, gen. κλωνός, ὁ, (κλάω) = κλάδος, *a young shoot, sprout, twig, Lat. surculus.*

κλωνίον, Dim. of κλόν.

κλωός, Att. for κλοιός.

κλωπεύω, f. σω, = κλοπεύω, *to steal.*

κλοπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώψ) *thievish, furtive.*

κλωπο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλώψ, πατήρ) *of a thievish or unkindly father.* [ᾶ]

κλωστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (κλώθω) *a thread, yarn, line.*

κλωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώθω) *spun, twisted.*

κλώψ, κλωπός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief, Lat. fur.*

κναίω, = Att. κνάω, like καίω for Att. κάω, etc.

κνάκων, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for κνήκων, *the goat: see κνηκέυς.*

κνάμα, Dor. for κνήμη.

κνᾶμός, Dor. for κνημός.

κνάμπω, old Att. for γνάμπω.

κνάπτω or γνάπτω, f. ψω: (κνάω) *to scratch: esp. to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth, from the teasel or comb (κνάφος) which was used.* II. metaph. *to mangle, tear, lacerate.*

κνάσαιω, 2 sing. aor. I opt. med. of κνάω.

κνάσω, κνάσαι, Dor. for κνήσω, κνήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of κνάω.

κναφεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (κνάπτω) *a fuller's shop.*

κναφεύς or γναφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, Lat. fullo, *a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, clothes-cleaner.*

κναφεύω, f. σω, (κναφεύς) *to full or card cloth.*

κναφήιον, Ion. for κναφεῖον.

κνάφος, ὁ, (κνάω) *the prickly teasel, Lat. spina fulonica, a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also a carding-comb; also used as an instrument of torture.*

ΚΝΑΨ, Att. 2 and 3 sing. κνῆς, κνῆ, inf. κνήν; impf. 3 sing. ἐκνή Ep. κνή (used in the sense of aor. 2): fut. κνήσω: aor. I ἐκνήσα:—*to scrape or grate, Lat. radere: to scrape off: metaph. to wear down, scrape away:—Med., κνάσθαι τὰ ὦτα to tickle one's ears.*

κνεφάζω, f. ἄσω, (κνέφας) *to cloud over.*

κνεφαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κνέφας) *dark, gloomy, murky.* 2. *in the dark, either at nightfall or before daybreak.*

κνέφας, τό, Att. gen. κνέφους; dat. κνέφα ποῖτ, κνέφει: (νέφος) *darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or dawn, Lat. diluculum.*

κνή, Ep. for ἐκνή, 3 sing. impf. of κνάω.

κνήθω, f. κνήσω, (κνάω) *to scratch.*

II. *to tickle:—Pass. to itch.*

κνηκίας, ου, ὁ, v. sub κνηκός.

ΚΝΗ ΚΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. cnēcus or cnicus, *a plant of the this 'le kind.*

κνηκός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. κνᾶκός, α, ὄν, (κνήκος) *pale yellow, whitish yellow, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων, and the wolf ὁ κνηκίας.*

κνήμ-αργος, ον, (κνήμη, ἀργός) *white-legged.*

ΚΝΗ'ΜΗ, ἡ, *the part of the leg between the knee and ankle, the leg, Lat. tibia.*

κνημίδο-φόρος, ον, (κνημῖς, φέρω) *wearing greaves to protect the leg.*

κνημῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κνήμη) *a greave, leg-armour, reaching from knee to ankle; the κνημίδες consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφίρια); but βόειαι κνημίδες are boots or leg-gings of ox-hide, to protect the legs.*

κνημῖς, ὁ, (κνήμη) *the slope or shoulder of a mountain; as it were the leg, opp. to ποῦς (the foot).*

κνησιδῶ, f. δῶω, Desiderat. of κνάω, *to wish to scratch, to itch.*

κνήσμα, τό, (κνάω) *an itching.*

κνη μνονή, ἡ, = κνήσμα.

κνήστις, εως and ιος, ἡ; contr. dat. κνήστῃ: (κνάω) *a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater.*

κνίδη, ἡ, (κνίζω) *a nettle, Lat. urtica.* [Ὶ]

Κνίδιος, α, ον, *Cnidian, of or from Cnidos.* From Κνίδος, ἡ, *Cnidus.*

κνίζη, ης, ἡ, = κνίδη. From

κνίζω, f. κνίσω: aor. I ἐκνισα Dor. ἐκνίξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκνίσθην: (κνάω):—*to scrape or grate, rasp.*

II. *to make to itch: hence metaph. to nettle, tease, chafe, vex:—Pass. to be teased, chafed, fretted.*

κνιπός, ὄν, (κνίζω) *scraping, niggardly, miserly.*

ΚΝΙ'ΣΑ Ep. κνίση, ης, ἡ, Lat. nidor, *the smell or savour of a victim, steam of a burnt sacrifice.* II. *the fat-caul, in which the flesh of the victim was wrapped: the fat itself.* Hence

κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for κνισήεις.

κνισάντι, Dor. for κνισάεντι, dat. of κνισάεις.

κνισάω, f. ἥσω, (κνίσω) *to fill with the steam or savour of a sacrifice.* II. intr. *to raise the steam of sacrifice.*

κνισδω, Dor. for κνίζω.

κνισήεις Dor. κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, (κνίσω) *full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming.*

κνίσμα, τό, (κνίζω) *that which is caused by itching: a scratch, scraping.*

κνισμός, ὁ, (κνίζω) *an itching of the skin, tickling, irritation, fretting.*

κνισο-δύκωτης, ου, ὁ, (κνίσω, δῶκω) *bunting after the smell of roast meat, name of a mouse.*

κνίσσα, κνισσάεις, less correct forms for κνίσω, κνισάεις, etc.

κνισωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κνισώω) *steaming with burnt sacrifice.*

κνήψ, ὁ, also ἡ, gen. κνήπος, pl. κνίπες, (κνήζω) *a kind of emmet, for gnaws figs.*

κνύζα, contr. for κόνυζα.

κνυζάομαι and -έομαι, Dep. only used in pres., *to wubine, wubimper, of a dog; also of children.* (Formed from the sound.) Hence

κνυζήθμός, ὁ, *a wubining, wubimpering.*

κνύζημα, τό, = κνυζήθμός.

κνυζῶ, f. ὥσω, *to disfigure, make dim and dark.*

κνώω, f. ὥσω [ῥ]: (κνάω) *to scratch or touch gently.*

κνώδαλον, τό, *any dangerous animal, a monster, beast.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

κνώδων, οντος, ὁ, (ὀδούς) *a sword: pl. κνώδοντες, two projecting teeth on the blade of a hunting spear; ξίφος διπλοὶ κνώδοντες a cross-hilted sword.*

ΚΝΩΨΣΩ, only used in pres. *to nod, slumber, sleep.*

κοάλεμος, ὁ, *a stupid fellow, booby.* [ᾱ]

κοάξ, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs βρεκεκεξέξ κοάξ κοάξ.

κοάω, v. κοέω.

κοβαλίκευμα, τό, *a knavisb trick.* From

κοβαλίκευω, *to play the knave.* From

κόβαλος, ὁ, *an impudent rogue, an arrant knave: neut. Adj. κόβαλα, knavisb tricks, rogueries.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, *a muscle or cockle, Lat. concha: also a muscle-shell.* II. *the case round a seal attached to documents: (hence ἀναγοχυλιάζω, to unseal).*

κόγχος, ὁ, also ἡ, = κόγχη, *a muscle or cockle.*

κογχύλη, ἡ, = κόγχη. [ῥ] Hence

κογχυλιάτης (sub. λίθος), ου, ὁ, *a shelly marble.* [ᾱ]

κογχύλιον, τό, (κογχύλη) *a muscle or cockle: also its shell, generally, a bivalve-shell.* [ῥ]

κοδράντης, ου, ὁ, Greek form of the Lat. *quadrans*, = $\frac{1}{4}$ of an as, about $\frac{1}{2}$ d. κοῦθ.

ΚΟΕΩ or κοάω contr. κοάω, Ion. for νοέω, νοῶ, *to mark, perceive, bear, observe.*

κόθεν, Ion. for ποθεν.

κόθορνος, ὁ, Lat. *coturnus*, *a buskin or high boot, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles.* 2. *the κόθορνος was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the soccus of Comedy.* 3. *since the buskins might be worn on either foot, ὁ Κόθορνος was a nickname for a trimmer or time-server in politics.*

κόθορος, ου, = κολουρος, *without a sting.*

ΚΟΙΐ, sound to express the grunting of young pigs. κοῖζω, f. ἰῶω, (κοῖ) *to grunt like a young pig.*

κοῖη, Ion. for ποῖα, dat. sing. of ποῖος, Ion. κοῖος, used as Adv. *how? in what manner? in what respect?*

κοιλαίνω, fut. ἄνω: aor. I ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοίληναι, Att. ἐκοίλᾱνα, inf. κοίλᾱναι: pf. pass. κεκοίλασμαι: (κοῖλος): *to make hollow, scoop, hollow out.*

κοίλη, ἡ, *a hollow, properly fem. of κοῖλος; the name of a δήμος or borough in Attica.*

κοίλια Ion. -η, ἡ, (κοῖλος) *the hollow of the belly,*

the belly, Lat. venter. 2. *the contents of the belly, the bowels: tripe: black-puddings.*

κοῖλο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (κοῖλια, πωλέω) *a tripe or black-pudding seller.*

κοῖλο-γάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, γαστήρ) *hollow-bellied: hence hungry, ravenous.*

κοῖλό-πέδος, ου, (κοῖλος, πέδον) *lying in a hollow.*

ΚΟΙΛΩΣ, η, ου, *hollow, hollowed; κοῖλαι νῆες, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, κοίλη ναῖς or κοίλη alone was the hollow or hold of the ship: of Places, lying in a hollow or vale: of a road, cut deep, overhung: κοῖλον, τό, a hollow place, hollow, recess: κοῖλος χρυσός gold made into hollow vessels, i. e. plate.*

κοῖλο-όφθαλμος, ου, (κοῖλος, ὀφθαλμός) *hollow-eyed.*

κοῖλο-χείλης, ες, (κοῖλος, χεῖλος) *hollow to the rim.*

κοῖλῶ, f. ὥσω, (κοῖλος) *to make hollow.*

κοῖλο-ώδης, ες, (κοῖλος, εἶδος) *hollow-looking.*

κοῖλωμα, ματος, τό, (κοῖλῶ) *a hollow.*

κοῖλο-ἄνυξ, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κοῖλος, ὄνυξ) *hollow-hoofed.*

κοῖλο-ώπης, ου, ὁ, fem. κοῖλωπις, ἰδος, = κοῖλωπός.

κοῖλο-ωπός, ὄν, (κοῖλος, ὤψ) *hollow-looking.*

κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμάω Ion. -έω, fut. ἡσώ, (κείμαι) *to lull to sleep, put to sleep, put to bed.* 2. generally, *to lull, still, calm, tranquillise, soothe, assuage.*

II. Med. and Pass. fut. κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμήσαμην, pass. ἐκοιμήθην: *to fall asleep, go to bed: of animals, to lie down; κοιμήσατο χάλκεον ὕπνον he slept a brassen sleep, i. e. the sleep of death.* 2. *to sleep the sleep of death, be fallen asleep.*

κοιμέω, Ion. for κοιμάω.

κοιμηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήμα, τό, (κοιμάω) *sleep; κοιμήματα αὐτογένηντα intercourse of the mother with her own son.*

κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήσις, εως, ἡ, (κοιμάω) *a sleeping: also 2. rest, repose.*

κοιμίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰῶ, = κοιμάω, *to put to sleep: to lay asleep, of the sleep of death.* 2. generally, *to lay to rest, to quench; to appease, assuage.* Hence

κοιμιστής, ου, ὁ, *one putting to sleep.*

κοινάν, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for κοινάν, κοινανός.

κοινᾶνέω, Dor. for κοινανέω.

κοινάσομαι, Dor. for κοινώσομαι, fut. of κοινῶ.

κοινάσαντες, Dor. for κοινώσαντες, aor. I part. of κοινῶ.

κοινή, dat. fem. of κοινός used as Adv., *in common, by common consent.* 2. *publicly.*

κοινο-βουλῆ, (κοινός, βουλή) *to deliberate in common.*

κοινο-βωμία, ἡ, (κοινός, βωμός) *community of altars, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar.*

κοινό-λεκτρος, ου, (κοινός, λέκτρον) *having a common bed, a bedfellow, consort.*

κοινο-λέχος, ἐς, (κοινός, λέχος) *sharing the same bed, a paramour.*

κοινο-λογέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. I

med. ἐκοινολογησάμην and pass. ἤθην: pf. κεκοινολόγημαι: (κοινός, λόγος):—to take common counsel with, to consult together.

κοινό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (κοινός, πλέω) sailing in common: making a joint expedition.

κοινό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδός, (κοινός, πούς) with common foot, coming together.

ΚΟΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, also ὁς, ὄν, common, shared in common.

II. common to all the people, public; τὸ κοινὸν ἀγαθὸν the common weal. 2. τὸ κοινόν the state, Lat. respublica; ἀπὸ τοῦ κοινοῦ by public authority, on the part of the state: also the public treasury;—τὰ κοινὰ the public moneys, public affairs.

III. of persons, impartial, affable, accessible. 2. of common origin, kindred. IV. of forbidden meats, common, profane. Hence

κοινοῦτης, ητος, ἡ, a sharing in common, fellowship. II. affability.

κοινό-τοκος, ον, (κοινός, τεκεῖν) born of common parents.

κοινο-φιλής, ἐς, (κοινός, φιλέω) loving in common.

κοινό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κοινός, φρήν) like-minded.

κοινῶν, f. ὥσω; Dor. fut. κοινάσσομαι, aor. 1 ἐκοινάσσα: (κοινός):—to make common, communicate, impart: to make a sharer in. 2. to make common or unclean, to pollute: Med. to deem common or unclear.

II. Med. to communicate, like the Act. 2. take counsel, consult. 3. to be partaker or sharer in a thing, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, to take part or share in.

III. Pass. to hold communion, have intercourse with.

κοινῶν, ἄνωσ, Dor. κοινᾶν, ἄνωσ, ὁ, = κοινωῶς.

κοινωνέω, f. ἥσω, (κοινωνός) to be a partaker, have a share of, to take part in; κοινωνεῖν τινι to have dealings with a man. Hence

κοινωνία, ματος, τό, a communication: and κοινωνία, ἡ, communion, fellowship, intercourse.

κοινωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, communicative, social. From κοινωνός, ὁ, also ἡ, (κοινός) a companion, partner, fellow, associate.

II. as Adj. = κοινός.

κοινῶς, Adv. of κοινός, in common, jointly: by common consent. 2. publicly.

κοῖος, η, ον, Ion. for ποῖος, α, ον.

κοιρανέω, f. ἥσω, (κοίρανος) to be lord or master, to rule, command. 2. c. acc. to lead, arrange. Hence

κοιρανία Ion. -ία, ἡ, lordship, rule.

κοιρανίδης, ον, ὁ, = κοίρανος.

ΚΟΙΡΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, a ruler, leader, commander, either in war or peace: generally, a lord, master.

Κοισυρόμααι, Pass. (Κοισύρα) to live like Coesura (wife of Alcmaeon), i. e. live a gay, fashionable life.

κοιτάζω, (κοίτη), to put to bed: Med., with Dor. aor. 1 κοιταζάμην, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταῖος, α, ον, (κοίτη) lying in bed, abed, asleep. 2. as Subst., τὸ κοιταῖον the lair of a wild beast.

κοίτη, ἡ, (κείμει) a place to lie down in, bed, couch: the marriage-bed; κοίτην ἔχειν to be pregnant; κοῖται in pl. lewdness. 2. of animals, a lair, den,

nest. II. sleep, the act of going to bed; τῆς κοιτῆς ὥρῃ bed-time.

κοῖτης, ὁ, = κοίτη. 2. a going to bed: sleeping, sleep. Hence

κοιτῶν, ἄνωσ, ὁ, = (κοίτη) a bed-room, bed-chamber.

κόκκινος, η, ον, scarlet, Lat. coccineus. From ΚΟ'ΚΚΟΣ, ἡ, a kernel, a berry: esp. the kermes-berry, used to dye scarlet.

κόκκυ, properly of the bird's cry, cuckoo: hence a cry or call to a person; κόκκυ, μεθεῖτε, quick, let go.

κοκκίζω Dor. κοκκυσδω: f. ὥσω: pf. κεκόκκυκα; (κόκυ):—to cry cuckoo: of the cock, to crow. II.

to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry.

κόκκυς, ὅς, (κόκυ) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκυσδω, Dor. for κοκκίζω.

κόκκων, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (κόκος) a pomegranate-seed.

κοκύαι, οἱ, ancestors. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολᾶ, 2 sing. fut. med. of κολάζω.

κολάζω, f. κολάσω: aor. 1 ἐκόλασα; also in Med., fut. κολάσσομαι, Att. contr. κολῶμαι, κολᾶ: aor. 1 ἐκολάσθην: pf. κολάσσομαι: (κόλος, akin to κολούω):

—to prune, retrench: metaph. to hold in check, keep in, confine: then to chastise, correct, punish:—Pass. to be punished.

Κολανίς, ἰδος, ἡ, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and meaning uncertain.)

κολᾶκεία, ἡ, (κολακεύω) flattery, fawning.

κολάκευμα, τό, (κολακεύω) a piece of flattery. [ᾶ]

κολακευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κολακεύω, to be flattered.

κολᾶκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κολακεύω) flattering, fawning.

κολᾶκίζω, f. ὥσω, (κῶλαξ) to flatter, fawn on:—Pass. to be flattered.

Κολᾶκ-ἄνυμος, ὁ, (κῶλαξ, ὄνομα) parasite-named, Comic distortion of a real name Kleonymos.

ΚΟ'ΛΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner.

κολαπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a chisel, graver. From ΚΟΛΑΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to beu, cut, chisel: of birds to peck.

κολᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (κολάζω) a pruning: a checking, punishing, correction, chastening.

κόλασμα, τό, (κολάζω) chastisement, punishment.

κόλαστέρα, ἡ, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολαστήριος, ον, (κολαστήρ) fit for punishing. II. as Subst., κολαστήριον, τό, a prison. 2. a punishment, punishing.

κολαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = κολαστής.

κολαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κολάζω) a chastiser, punisher.

κολάστρια, ἡ, fem. of κολαστήρ.

κολαφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, (κόλαφος) to give one a box on the ear, buffet, cuff.

κόλαφος, ὁ, (κολάπτω) a box on the ear, cuff.

κολεόν Ion. κουλεόν, τό, = κολεός, a sheath.

κολεός, ὁ, or κολεόν, τό, κουλεόν, τό, (κοῖλος) a sheath or scabbard of a sword.

κολετράω, f. ἴσω, to trample on.

κόλλα Ion. κόλλη, ης, ἡ, glue, Lat. gluten.

κόλλαβος, δ, = κόλλωψ. II. a kind of *wheaten cake*, named from its shape.

κόλλω, f. ἤσω, (κόλλα) to glue, cement. 2. to inlay: to weld. II. to join together, unite:—

Pass. to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to. κολληθεῖς, εσσα, εν, (κόλλα) glued together, closely joined.

κόλλησις, εως, ἡ, (κολλάω) a *gluing, cementing*: κόλλησις σιδήρου a *welding* of iron.

κολλητός, ὁ, ὄν, (κολλάω) glued together, cemented, closely joined, well-fastened.

κολλίκο-φάγος, ον, (κόλλις, φάγειν) roll-eating.

ΚΟ'ΔΑΙΞ, ἱκος, δ, a long roll of coarse bread.

ΚΟ'ΑΛΟΨ, οπος, δ, the peg or screw of a lyre, by which the strings are tightened: metaph., κόλλοπα ὀργῆς ἀνεῖναι to unscrew your passion.

κολλυβιστής, οὔ, δ, (κόλλυβος) a money-changer.

ΚΟ'ΔΑΤΒΟΣ, δ, a small coin. 2. in plur., κόλ-
λυβα, τά, small round cakes. [ῥ]

κόλλυρα, ἡ, = κόλλις. [ῥ]
κόλλυριον, τό, Dim. of κόλλυρα, eye-salve, Lat. *collyrium*, so called because it was made up in small cakes. [ῥ]

κολοβός, ὄν, (κόλος) docked, curtail, Lat. *curtus*: of animals, short-borned: also maimed, mutilated. Hence

κολοβός, δ. ὥσω, to dock, curtail, shorten.

κοιού-ἀρχος, ον, δ, (κοιοῖς, ἀρχω) a leader of jackdaws, a jackdaw-general.
κοιούω, δ. ὥσω, (κοιοῖς) to scream like a jackdaw.

κοιούος, ὁ, a jackdaw, Lat. *graculus*: proverb., κοιούος ποτὶ κοιούον = 'birds of a feather flock together.'

κολοκάσια, ἡ, or κολοκάσιον, τό, the colocasia or Egyptian bean, a plant resembling the water-lily, found in the marshy parts of Egypt.

κολό-κύμα, τό, (κόλος, κύμα) a large heavy wave before it breaks, the heavy swell before a storm.

κολοκύνθη or -κύντη, ἡς, ἡ, the round gourd or pumpkin, Lat. *cucurbita*. Hence

κολοκυνθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, food prepared from pumpkins.

κολοκύνθινος, ἡ, ον, made from pumpkins.

κόλον, τό, the colon or lower part of the bowels. From ΚΟ'ΔΟΞ, ον, docked, curtailed, stunted, Lat. *curtus*:

κόλον δόρυ a spear broken short off: esp. of oxen, etc., bornless, short-borned.

κολοσσός, δ, a colossus, gigantic statue; also simply a statue. The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorcetes.

κολοσσυτός, δ, a rabble or noisy crowd: uproar.

κολούω, f. σω: aor. I ἐκόλουσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκο-
λουήην and -ουθήην: pf. κεκόλουμαι and -ουσαι: (κόλος):—to dock, clip, curtail, cut short, abridge: metaph., ἔπος μεσηρῶν κολούειν to cut short a word in the middle, Lat. *praecidere*, i.e. leave it unfinished; δῶρα κολούειν to abridge, limit gifts: also 2. like κολάω, to check, restrain, put down.

κολοφών, ὄνος, δ, a top, finishing, end.

κολπίας, ον, δ, (κόλπος) swelling in folds.

ΚΟ'ΔΠΟΣ, ὁ, the bosom, lap: later also the mother's womb. II. the lap or fold formed by a loose

garment, sometimes used for a pocket. III. any lap or hollow: θαλάσσης κόλπον ὑποδύναι to go under the lap of ocean, i.e. the deep hollow between two waves.

2. a bay or creek of the sea.—It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. *sinus*. Hence

κόλπος, δ. ὥσω, to form into a lap or fold: to make a sail belly or swell.

κολπ-ώδης, es, (κόλπος, εἶδος) embosomed, embayed.

ΚΟΛΤΜΒΑ'Ω, f. ἤσω, to dive: to swim. Hence

κολυμβήθρα, ἡ, a place for diving, a swimming-bath: and

κολυμβητήρ, ἦρος, δ, and κολυμβητής, οὔ, δ, (κο-
λυμβάω) a diver, swimmer.

κολυμβίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κολυμβάω) a sea-bird, a diver.

κόλυμβος, δ, (κολυμβάω) a diver, swimmer. II.

= κολυμβιστής, a diving, swimming.

Κόλχος, ὁ, a Colchian:—hence Adj. Κολχικός, ἡ, ὄν, Colchian; pecul. fem. Κολχίς, ἰδος.

κολφώς Ion. -έω, f. ἤσω, (κολφός) to brawl, scold.

κολώμενος, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of κολάζω.

ΚΟΛΩ'ΝΗ, ὁ, a bill, mound: esp. a sepulchral mound, barrow, cairn, Lat. *tumulus*.

κολωνία, ἡ, the Lat. *colonia*, a colony.

κολωνός, δ, (κολώνη) a bill; κολωνός λίθων a heap of stones. II. *Colonos*, a demos of Attica lying on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneus of Sophocles.

κολφός, οὔ, δ, (κοιοῖς) a brawling, wrangling.

ΚΟ'ΜΑΡΟΣ, δ, and ἡ, the strawberry-tree, arbutus.

κομάρ-φάγος, ον, (κόμαρος, φάγειν) eating the fruit of the arbutus.

κομάω Ion. -έω, Ep. part. κομών: fut. ἤσω: aor. I ἐκόμησα: (κόμη):—to let the hair grow long, wear long hair: as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to

plume oneself, to be proud, haughty, arrogant; οἶτος ἐκόμησε ἐπὶ τυραννίδι be aimed at the monarchy. Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence κάρη κομώντες Ἀχαιοί in Homer. At Sparta the citizens continued to wear long hair; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year.

II. of horses, to be decked with manes.

III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., to have leaves or foliage.

κομέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κομέω.

ΚΟΜΕ'Ω, f. ἤσω, to take care of, attend to, tend.

κομέω, Ion. for κομάω.

ΚΟ'ΜΗ, ἡ, the hair, Lat. *coma*; κείρασθαι κόμην to have one's hair cut close in sign of mourning.

II. metaph. like *coma*, the foliage, leaves, of trees.

Κομητ-ἄμνις, ον, δ, (κομήτης, Ἀμνίας) *Coxcomb-Amygdalis*.

κομήτης, ον, δ, (κομάω) long-haired; ἰδς κομήτης a feathered arrow. 2. leafy, grassy. II. a comet.

κομιδή, ἡ, (κοιῶ) attendance, attention, care: also

the management, care of a garden. II. a bringing or carrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. *commēdātus frumenti*, a gathering in of harvest:—also provisions, stores. 2. (from Med. κομίζομαι) a carrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery. 3. (from Pass. κομίζομαι) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

κομιδῇ, dat. of κομιδῇ used as Adv., with care, carefully, exactly: wbolly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, κομιδῇ μὲν οὖν very much so indeed, just so, ay and more than that.

κοιμεύμεθα, Dor. for κοιμούμεθα, 1 pl. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω.

κομίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ὦ: aor. I ἐκόμισα Ep. ἐκόμισσα and κόμισσα:—Med., Att. fut. κοιζοῦμαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκομίσσῃην and κομισσῃην:—Pass., f. κομισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκομίσθην: pf. κεκόμισμαι: (κομέω):—to take care of, provide for, supply:—Med. to receive hospitably. 2. of things, to take care of, take heed to, mind; τὰ σ' αὐτῆς ἔργα κόμιζε mind thine own affairs. II. to carry away, in order to save; νεκρὸν κομίζειν to carry away a corpse:—Med. to carry with one, rescue, save, cf. ἐρύομαι; κόμισαί με convey me away, rescue me. 2. to carry off or away, bear off:—Med. to carry off as a prize: also to get, gain, receive. 3. to bring to a place: to gather in corn: to introduce, import. 4. to conduct, escort. 5. to fetch back, redeem:—Med. to get back, recover. III. Pass. to be carried, to convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake oneself. 2. to come back, return.

κοιμούμαι, Att. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω. κομισάσθαι, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of κομίζω. κόμισα and κόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω. κομιστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κομίζω, to be taken care of, to be gathered in. κομιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, = κομιστής. κομιστής, οὐ, ὅ, (κομίζω) one who takes care of, a protector, guardian. II. a bringer, conductor. κόμιστρα, τά, (κομίζω) rewards or payment for saving.

κομιά, Att. contr. fut. of κομίζω. κόμμα, τό, (κόπτω) that which is struck or cut, the stamp or impression of a coin: proverb., πονηροῦ κόμματος of bad stamp. 2. generally, coin. II. a short clause in a sentence, Lat. *comma*. Hence κομματικός, ἡ, ὄν, framed in short clauses. ΚΟΜΜΓ', τό, gum, Lat. *gummi*: indecl. κομμός, οὐ, ὅ, (κόπτω) a striking: esp. like Lat. *planchus*, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge. II. in the Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the chorus, mostly a mournful dirge. κομῶντε, κομῶντες, Ep. part. dual and pl. of κομῶν.

κομῶντι, Dor. for κομῶσι, 3 pl. of κομῶν. κομπάζω, f. ἰσώ, (κόμπος) to vaunt, boast, brag: c. acc., κομπάζειν λόγον to speak big words; κομπάζειν

τέχνην to boast one's art:—Pass. to be made a boast, be renowned.

Κομπασεύς, ὁ, Comic word, one of the borough Κόμπος, a Bragsman.

κόμπασμα, τό, (κομπάζω) a boast: in pl. boasts, vaunts, braggart words.

κομπέω, f. ἡσώ, (κόμπος) to ring, clasp, rattle. II. metaph. to utter high-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:—Pass. to be boasted of.

κομπο-λακέω, f. ἡσώ, (κόμπος, λακέω) to talk big, be an empty braggart. Hence

κομπολακῦτης, ον, ὁ, braggart, boaster. [δ]

ΚΟΜΠΟΣ, ὁ, a noise, din, clasp, as of a boar's tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of metal. II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, vaunt.

κομπός, ὁ, (κομπέω) a boaster.

κομπο-φάκελορ-ρήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (κόμπος, φάκελος, ῥήμα) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

κομπ-ώδης, ες, (κόμπος, εἶδος) boastful.

κομπεία, ἡ, (κομπέω) elegance, refinement: affection.

κομπ-εὐριπικῶς, Adv. (κομπός, Εὐριπίδης) with the prettiness or affectation of Euripides.

κομπέω, f. ἰσώ, (κομπός) to make elegant, refine; κομψενε τὴν δόξαν refine on your suspicion, like Lat. *argutari*:—Med. to refine overmuch:—Pass. to play the exquisite.

κομψο-πρεπής, ες, (κομπός, πρέπω) dainty-seeming.

κομπός, ἡ, ὄν, (κομέω) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. *comptus*: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. *bellus homo*. 2. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected. Hence

κομπῶς, Adv. prettily, exquisitely: Comp., κομψοτέπως ἔχειν to be better in health.

κονάβεω, f. ἡσώ, (κόναβος) to resound, clasp, ring: to re-echo. Hence

κονάβηδόν, Adv. with a clasp, ringing.

κονάβίζω, f. ἰσώ, = κονάβεω.

ΚΟΝΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a clashing, ringing.

ΚΟΝΑΤ'ΑΟΣ, ὁ, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles.

κονέω, f. ἡσώ, (κόνις) to raise dust, to baste.

κονία Ion. and Ep. κονίη, ἡ, (κόνις) dust, a cloud of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; ποδῶν ὑπὲρθε κονίη ἴσταν' ἀεριομένην from beneath their feet the dust stood rising:—freq. in plur. κονίαι, in collective sense, like Lat. *arenae*: πίπτειν ἐν κονίῃσι to fall in the dust. 2. dust or sand. II. cinders or ashes, also in plur., like Lat. *cineres*.

III. a fine powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the opponent. [τ' in Homer; in Att. mostly τ']

κονιάτος, ἡ, ὄν, plastered, whitewashed. From κονιάω, pf. pass. κεκονιάμαι: (κονίω):—to plaster with lime, to plaster, Lat. *dealbare*; τάφοι κεκονιαμένοι plastered, whitened sepulchres.

κονίζω, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong forms ἐκόνισσα, κεκόνισμαι; see κονίω.

κονι-ορτός, ὁ, (κόνις, ὄρνυμι) dust stirred up, a cloud of dust: κονιορτός ὑπὸν ἡλικαυμένης a cloud of wood-ashes.

II. metaph. a dirty fellow.

κόνιος, α, ὢν, (κόνις) dusty.

ΚΟΝΙΣ, ἰος Att. εως, ἥ: dat. κόνϊ for κόνυ: = κονία, dust.

II. the dust of ashes, ashes.

III. the powder with which wrestlers were sprinkled after being oiled, cf. κονία: metaph. of toil. [ἔ]

κονιάλας [ἔ], ὁ, (κόνις) dust, a cloud of dust.

κονίω, fut. ἴσω [ἔ]: aor. I ἐκόνισα:—Pass., pf. κεκόνισμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. κεκόνιτο: (κόνις):—to make dusty, cover, fill with dust:—Pass., κεκοιμένος all covered with dust, i.e. in the greatest haste: so in Med., κόνισαι λαβών make haste and take.

2. to sprinkle or cover as with dust, strew over. II.

intr. to raise dust, make haste, speed.

κοννέω, contr. κοννύω, = γιγνώσκω.

ΚΟΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, the beard. 2. Κόννος, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; Κόννος ψήφος, proverb. of something worthless.

κοντός, οὔ, ὁ, a pole, esp. a punting-pole, Lat. contus. 2. the shaft of a pike.

κοντο-φόρος, ὢν, (κοντός, φέρω) carrying a pole or pike: burling a pike.

ΚΟΝΤΥΛΑ contr. κονύλα, ης, ἥ, fleabane, pulicaria.

κοπάω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐκόπασα: (κόπος):—to grow tired or weary: generally, to abate, lull.

κοπάνον, τό, (κόπτω) an instrument for braying, a pestle: also 2. = κοπίς, an axe.

κοπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of κόπτω: κοπέις, aor. 2 part. pass. κοπετός, ὁ, (κόπτομαι) a wailing, mourning.

κοπέος, εὐς, ὁ, (κόπτω) a chisel.

κοπή, ἥ, (κόπτω) a striking: a cutting in pieces, slaughter.

κοπιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκοπιᾶσα: pf. κεκοπιᾶκα: (κόπος):—to work hard, work till one is weary. II.

to be tired, grow weary; κοπιᾶν ὑπὸ ἀργαθῶν to be exhausted by good things.

κόπις, εὐς, ὁ, (κόπτω) a babbler, wrangler.

κοπίς, ἰδος, ἥ, (κόπτω) a chopper, cleaver, bill-book.

κόπος, ου, ὁ, (κόπτω) a striking, beating. II.

toil and trouble, suffering, pain, weariness. Hence κοπῶω, f. ᾤσω, to weary:—Pass. = κοπιᾶω.

κόππα, τό, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, which was not received into the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was Ϙ, cf. κοππατίας. In the alphabet Κορρα stood between π and ρ, like the Lat. q, and was retained as a numeral = 90, as were also σταῦ and σάμμι, qq. v. Hence

κοππατίας, ου, ὁ, ἵππος, a horse branded with the letter Κορρα (Ϙ) as a mark. Cf. σαμφάρας.

κοπραῖον, ὡν, ὁ, (κόπρος, ἄγω) carrying dung.

κοπρίαιος, α, ὢν, (κόπρος) full of dung, filthy.

κοπρία, ἥ, (κόπρος) a dungbill.

κοπρίω, f. ἴσω Ep. ἴσω, (κόπρος) to dung, manure.

κοπρο-λόγος, ὢν, (κόπρος, λέγω) collecting dung or manure: hence a dirty fellow.

ΚΟΠΡΟΣ, ἥ, dung: manure: filth, dirt. II.

a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable.

κοπροφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry dung: to cover with dung or dirt. From

κοπρο-φόρος, ὢν, (κόπρος, φέρω) carrying dung: κόφινος κοπροφόρος a dung-basket.

κόπρων, ὢν, ὁ, (κόπρος) a place for dung, privy.

κόπτοις, Dor. for κόπτουσα, part. fem. of κόπτω.

κοπτός, ἥ, ὢν, (κόπτω) beaten, bruised, pounded.

ΚΟΨΤΩ, f. κόψω: aor. I ἐκόψα: pf. ἐκέκοφα, Ep. part. κεκοπώς:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐκόπη: pf. ἐκέκομαι:—to strike, smite, cut.

2. to knock down, fell, slay. 3. to cut off, chop off: δένδρα κόπτειν to cut down, fell trees; hence absol., κόπτειν τὴν χώραν to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees: to damage, hurt; φρενῶν κεκομμένος deprived of sense or reason.

4. to hammer, forge: also to stamp, coin money, Lat. percutere nummos:—Med. to coin oneself money.

5. κόπτειν τὴν θύραν to knock or rap at the door, Lat. pulsare. 6. to cut small, chop up.

7. of birds, to peck at, strike with the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, deafen.

II. Med. κόπτομαι, to beat or strike oneself, in sign of grief, like Lat. plangere: also, κόπτεσθαι τινα to mourn for any one, Lat. plangere aliquem.

κορᾶκινος, ὁ, (κόραξ) a young raven.

ΚΟΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a raven or crow: Proverb., λευκοὶ κόρακες, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual; ἔρρε ἐς κόρακας, or ἐς κόρακας alone, like Lat. pascere corvos, go and be hanged! βάλλ' ἐς κόρακας hang him! hang it!

II. anything hooked like a raven's beak, as, 1. an engine for grappling ships. 2.

a hooked bundle of a door, like κοράνη. 3. an instrument of torture.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl, damsel.

κόραυνον, ἥ, a barbarism for κόρη.

κορβᾶν, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering. 2. the treasury of the Temple.

κορδακίζω, f. ἴσω, (κέρδαξ) to dance the κέρδαξ.

κορδακισμός, ὁ, the dancing the κέρδαξ.

ΚΟΡΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, the cordax, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; κέρδακα ἐλπίσαι to dance the cordax, from its slow, trailing movement.

ΚΟΡΑΤ'ΑΗ [ῥ], ἥ, a cudgel, truncheon: also a swelling. II. a covering for the head, head-dress; whence ἔγκεκορδυλημένος wrapped or rolled up.

κορέει, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κορέννυμι, f. κορέσω Ep. κορέω: aor. I ἐκίρεσα Ep. κίρεσσα:—Med., aor. I ἐκορεσάμην Ep. ἐκορεσάμην and κορεσσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκορέσθην: pf. κεκόρεσμαι Ion. κεκορήμεαι; also pf. act. part. with pass. sense, κεκορηώς, ὅτος: (κόρος):—to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing,

have one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; φυλόπιδος κορέσασθαι to have one's fill of strife.

κορσαίατο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of κορέννυμι.

κορσῆσθαι, aor. I part. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κορέσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

κόρευμα, τό, maidenhood. From κορεύομαι, f. κορευθήσομαι: Pass.: (κόρη):—to be a maid, grow up to maidenhood.

ΚΟΡΕΨ, f. ἥσω, to sweep, brush; κορεῖν τὴν Ἑλλάδα to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people.

κορέω, Ep. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κόρη Ion. κούρη Dor. κῶρα, ἡ, fem. of κόρος, κόυρος, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. puella: sometimes of a newly-married woman, young wife, like

νύμφη, Lat. puella, nympha. 2. with the gen. of a pr. name added, a daughter, as Νύμφαι, κοῦραι Διός. II. a puppet, doll, Lat. pupa. 2. the

pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it, Lat. pupa, pupilla. III. a long sleeve reaching

over the hand.

Κόρη Ion. Κούρη, ἡ, was the name under which Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter (of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned together, as τῇ Μητρὶ καὶ τῇ Κούρῃ.

κόρηθρον, τό, (κορέω) a besom, broom.

κόρημα, τό, (κορέω) sweepings, refuse. 2. a besom, broom.

κορθύνω, = κορθύω. [v]

κορθῦς, vos, ἡ, (κόρυς) a rising, heap.

κορθύω or -ύνω, (κόρυς) to lift up, raise, shew its crest:—Pass., κύμα κορθύεται the wave is lifted up, rears its crest.

ΚΟΡΙΑΝΝΟΝ, τό, coriander, the plant or seed.

κοριδιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη = κοράσιον.

κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, (κόρη, κόριον): Dep.:—to fondle, caress, coax.

Κορινθίος, α, ov, also Κορινθιακός, ἡ, ov, and fem.

Κορινθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ:—Corinthian. From

Κόρινθος, ἡ, Corinth, the city and country: anciently

Ἐφύρη: Adv. Κορινθόθεν, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl.

ΚΟΨΙΣ, ιος Att. εὐς, δ, a bug: pl. κῶρις, οἶ.

κορσικιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη.

κόρκορος or κόρχορος, δ, a poor vegetable, growing wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of pimpernel. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κορκορύγη, ἡ, the rumbling or grumbling of the empty bowels: any hollow sound, din, tumult. (Formed from the sound.)

κορμός, δ, (κεῖρω) the trunk of a tree with the boughs lopped off, a log.

ΚΟΡΟΣ, ov, δ, one's fill, satiety, surfeit, Lat. satietas; κόρον ἔχειν τινός to have enough or too much of a thing: in bad sense, satiety, surfeit: hence II. insolence, petulance; πρὸς κόρον insolently.

κόρος, ov, δ, Ion. κύρος Dor. κῶρος, (κεῖρω) a boy, lad, youth, stripling. 2. with genit. of pr. names,

a son. Cf. κόρη.

κόρος, δ, the Hebrew cor, a dry measure containing ten Attic medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρη, ἡ, later Att. κόρρη Dor. κόρρα, (κάρα) the side of the forehead; ἐπὶ κόρρης πατάσκειν to slap on the face.

II. the hair on the temples.

Κορυβάντειος, α, ov, (Κορύβας) Corybantian.

Κορυβαντιάω, f. ἄσω, (Κορύβας) to celebrate the rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant.

Κορυβαντίζω, f. ἰσω, (Κορύβας) to purify by the rites of the Corybantes.

Κορυβαντ-ώδης, es, (Κορύβας, εἶδος) Corybant-like, frantic.

Κορύβας, αντος, δ, a Corybant priest of Cybele in Phrygia. [v]

κορυδαλλή, -αλλίς, -αλλός, = κόρυδος.

κόρυδος, δ, and κορυδός, ἡ, (κόρυς) the crested or lifted lark, Lat. alauda cristata.

κόρυζα, ης, ἡ, (κόρη, κόρυς) a cold in the head, a running at the nose, catarrh, Lat. pituita. II. metaph. drivelling, stupidity. Hence

κορυζάω, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold.

κόρυθα, κόρυθας, acc. sing. and pl. of κόρυς.

κορυθ-άτης, ικος, (κόρυς, αἰσσω) helmet-shaking, with waving plume. [α]

κορυθ-αἰδολος, ov, (κόρυς, αἰδολος) with glancing helm.

κορυμβος, δ, pl. κορυμβία as well as κορυμβοι: (κόρυς, κορυφή):—the top, peak, summit; κόρυμβα νηῶν the high prows of the ships. II. the cluster of the

ivy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers.

κορυμβά, f. ἥσω, to put forth knobs or buds.

κορύνη, ἡ, (κόρυς) a club, often shod with iron for fighting, a mace: also a shepherd's staff. [v]

κορήνητης, ov, δ, (κορηναῖω) a club-bearer, one who fights with a club or mace.

κορήνη-φόρος, ov, (κορήνη, φέρω) club-bearing: κορηνηφόροι, oi, club-bearers, the body-guard of Peisistratus, instead of δορυφόροι.

κορυναῖω, = κορυναῖω: in Ep. part., κορυναῖοντα πέτλα sprouting leaves.

κορυππίλος, δ, one that butts with the head. [x] From

κορυππω, f. ψω, to butt with the head. From

κόρυς, ἔθος, ἡ, acc. κόρυθα and κόριν, (κάρα) a helmet, helm, casque. II. the head. Hence

κορύσσω, fut. κορύξω:—Med., aor. I ἐκορυσσάμην, part. κορυσσάμενος:—Pass., pf. κεκορύσθαι:—to arm with a helmet: generally, to arm, equip, array:—

Pass. and Med. to arm oneself; to do battle, fight: also of things, δοῦρε κεκορυσμένα χαλκῷ spears beaded with brass. 2. generally, to furnish, provide.

II. to make crested; κόρυσσε κύμα the river reared his wave to a crest:—Pass. to come to a crest or head, rear its head, as a wave does. Hence

κορυστής, οὔ, δ, a man armed with a helmet, an armed warrior.

κορυφαῖα, ἡ, (κορυφή) the head-stall of a bridle.

κορυφαῖον, τό, the upper rim of a hunting-net:—strictly neut. from sq.

κορυφαῖος, α, ov, (κορυφή) at the head:—ὁ κορυ-

φαῖος the foremost man, leader, chief; in the Att. Drama, the leader of the chorus.

κορυφή, ἡ, (κόρυς) the head, top, summit: the crown or top of the head. 2. the top or peak of a mountain.

3. metaph. the highest point, acme, prime. κορυφῶ, f. ὦσα, (κορυφή) to bring to a head, make peaked:—Pass., κύμα κορυφούται the wave rises to a crest. II. like κεφαλαῖον, to bring to an end, sum up.

κορων-εκάβη, ἡ, (κορώνη, Ἑκάβη) an old woman as old as a crow and Hecuba. [ᾶ]

κορώνως, ω, ἡ, of a raven-gray colour. From κορώνη, ἡ, (κορώνος) a kind of sea-fowl, sea-crow. 2. a crow or raven, Lat. corvix.

II. anything booked like a crow's bill, as, I. the handle on a door. 2. the tip of a bow, on which the bowstring was hooked. 3. the tip or projection of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked. Cf. κόραξ.

κορωνιάω, f. ἄσω, (κορώνη II) to bend, curve: of a horse, to arch the neck.

κορωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κορώνη II) as Adj. crook-beaked: generally, crooked, curved, bent, booked. 2. of kine, with crumpled horns. II. as Subst. anything curved: I. a wreath or garland, Lat. corona.

2. a flourish with the pen at the end of a book: generally, the end, completion.

κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, βαλεῖν) shooting crows: —as Subst., κορωνοβόλον, τό, a sling or cross-bow for crow-shooting.

κορωνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κοράξ) curved, bent: of kine, with crumpled horns.

κοσκίνηδόν, Adv. (κόσκινον) as in a sieve.

κοσκινό-μαντις, ιος Att. εως, ὅ, and ἡ, (κόσκινον, μάντις) a diviner by a sieve.

ΚΟΨΚΙ ΝΟΝ, τό, a sieve.

κοσκυλάτια, ὦν, τά, (σκόλλω) parings or shreds of leather: metaph. of the scraps of flattery of the tanner Cleon.

κοσμέω, f. ἤσω, (κόσμος) to order, arrange: esp. to set an army in array, marshal it; and in Med., κοσμησάμενος πολιήτας having marshalled his countrymen; δόρπον κοσμεῖν to arrange a repast. II.

to order, rule, govern. III. to deck, adorn, trick out, embellish. 2. of persons, to honour them, adorn, be an honour or ornament to. IV. in Pass.

to be assigned to, be classed under. κόσμηθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κοσμέω.

κοσμήν, Dor. inf. of κοσμέω.

κοσμητής, οὔ, ὅ, (κοσμέω) an orderer, arranger. 2. an adorning.

κοσμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κοσμέω) well-arranged, regular. κοσμητῶρ, οπος, ὅ, (κοσμέω) a commander.

κοσμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόσμος) of the world, earthly, worldly.

κόσμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κόσμος) well-ordered, moderate, regular: of persons, orderly, well-behaved, modest; τὸ κόσμιον order, decorum. Hence

κοσμιότης, ητος, ἡ, propriety, decorum, orderly behaviour.

κοσμίως, Adv. of κόσμος, regularly, decently: Comp. κοσμιώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

κοσμο-κόμης, ον, ὅ, (κοσμέω, κόμη) dressing the hair.

κοσμο-κράτωρ, οπος, ὅ, (κόσμος, κρατέω) ruler of this world. [ᾶ]

κοσμο-πλόκος, ον, (κόσμος, πλέκω) framing or holding together the world.

κόσμος, ον, ὅ, (κομέω) order; κατὰ κόσμον or κόσμῳ in order, duly; οὐδενὶ κόσμῳ in no sort of order. 2. good order, good behaviour, decency. 3. a set form or order: of states, government. 4. the mode or fashion of a thing. II. an ornament, decoration, dress, raiment: plur. ornaments. 2. an honour, credit. III. the world or universe, from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus.

κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) world-destroying.

κόσος, η, ον, Ion. and Aeol. for πόσος.

κόσσαβος, ὅ, Ion. for κότταβος.

κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, ὅ, a blackbird.

κοταίνω, = κοτέω, to bear hatred against.

κότε and κοτέ, Ion. for πότε and ποτέ.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion. for πότερον, πότερα.

κοτέω, Ep. aor. I κοτέσα: Ep. pf. part. κεκοτηώς:—Med., κοτέσμαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. κοτέοντο, Ep. fut. κοτέσομαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκοτεσάμην, κοτεσάμην:

(κότος):—to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice against, envy, Lat. invidio: proverb., κεραμεὺς κεραμεὶ κοτέει, cf. κεραμεύς.

κοτήεις, εσσα, εν, (κοτέω) angry, wrathful, jealous.

κοτίνω-φόρος, ον, (κότινος, φέρω) producing wild olive-trees.

ΚΟΤΙΝΟΣ, ὅ or ἡ, the wild olive, Lat. oleaster.

κοτίνω-τράγος, ον, (κότινος, τράγειν) eating the wild olive.

κότορνος, ὅ, Ion. for κόθορνος.

ΚΟΤΟΣ, ον, ὅ, a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will: also, anger, wrath: later, envy, jealousy.

κοτταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ᾶ, (κοτταβος) to play at the cottabus.

κοτταβος Ion. and old Att. κόσσαβος, ὅ, the cottabus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinking-parties of young men at Athens. The simplest mode was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly into a metal basin; if all fell inside the basin, and the sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, a small fig, Lat. cottānum.

ΚΟΤΥΨ ΔΗ, ἡ, a small cup or vessel. 2. a liquid measure containing 6 κύθαοι or a $\frac{1}{2}$ ἔστηρ, nearly a $\frac{1}{2}$ pint.

II. the cup or socket of the hip-bone. Hence

κοτυληδών, ὄνος, ἡ, any cup-like hollow: in pl. the

suckers on the feelers of the polypus, Ep. dat. κοτυλή-
δονόφιν.

II. the socket of a joint.

κοτύλ-ήρυτος, *ov*, (κοτύλη, ἀρύω) that can be
drawn in cups, i. e. flowing copiously.

κοτύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, -ίσκιον, τό, and -ίσκος, ὁ, Dimi-
natives of κοτύλη, a small cup.

κότυλος, ὁ, = κοτύλη.

κού, by crasis for καὶ οὐ.

κού and κου, Ion. for ποῦ and που.

κούκέτι, by crasis for καὶ οὐκέτι.

κουλεόν, κουλεός, Ion. for κολεόν, κολεός.

κοῦμι, Hebrew word, arise.

κουρά, ἄς, ἡ, (κείρω) a clipping or cropping of the
hair or beard, as a sign of mourning. II. a lock
cut off.

κουρείον, τό, (κουρά) a barber's shop.

κουρεῖς, ἔως, ὁ, (κείρω) a barber, hair-cutter, Lat.
tonsor : hence a tattler, gossip.

κούρη, ἡ, Ion. for κόρη. II. also Ion. for κουρά.

κουρήσις, ἡ, *ov*, Ion. for κόρησις, youthful.

κουήρτες, *αν*, οἱ, (κόρος, κύρος) young men, young
warriors.

Κουρήτες, *αν*, οἱ, the Curētes, inhabitants of Pleuron
in Aetolia.

κουρίας, *ov*, ὁ, (κουρά) one who wears his hair short.

κουριάω, *f*, ἄσω, (κουρά) to wear untrimmed
hair. 2. of the hair, to need clipping.

κουρίδιος, *a*, *ov*, (κύρος, κούρη) wedded, lawfully
wedded ; κουρίδιος πόσις her wedded husband ; then,
as Subst., (without πόσις), κουρίδιος φίλος her dear
husband. 2. more frequently of the wife, κουριδίη

ἄλοχος his lawful, wedded wife, as opp. to a concu-
bine (παλλακίς) ; so, 3. κουριδίον λέχος the bed of
lawful marriage. 4. nuptial, bridal ; κουρίδιος

χιτών the bridal robe.

κουρίζω, *f*, ἴσω, (κόρος, κύρος) intr. to be a
youth. II. trans. to bring up to manhood.

κούριμος, ἡ, *ov*, also *os*, *ov*, (κουρά) fit for cutting
or shaving hair, trenchant. II. pass. shorn, crop-
ped, clipped :—as Subst., κούριμος, ἡ, a mask with the
hair cut short.

κουρίζε, Adv. (κουρά) by the hair.

κουρο-βόρος, *ov*, (κύρος, βιβρώσκει) devouring chil-
dren ; κουροβόρος πάχη the blood of eaten children.

κύρος, ὁ, Ion. for κόρος, a boy, youth, son.

κουροσύνη, ἡ, (κύρος) youthful prime, youth : hence
youthful spirits, mirthfulness.

κουρότερος, *a*, *ov*, Comp. of κύρος, younger, more
youthful.

κουρο-τόκος, *ov*, (κύρος, τεκεῖν) bearing boy-child-
ren.

κουρο-τρέφος, *ov*, (κύρος, τρέφω) rearing boys :
so Ithaca is called ἀγαθή κουροτρόφος a good nursing-
mother of boys.

κουστωδία, ἡ, the Lat. custodia, a watch, guard.

κουφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κούφος) : I. intr. to
be light. II. trans. to lighten : to lift up, raise :

κουφίζεν ἄλμα to make a light leap. 2. metaph.

to lighten, assuage, relieve : of persons, to relieve them
from burthens. Hence

κούφισις, ἔως, ἡ, a relief, alleviation.

κούφισμα, *ατος*, τό, (κουφίζω) that which is lifted
up. 2. a lightening, relief.

κουφολογία, ἡ, light talking. From

κουφο-λόγος, *ov*, (κούφος, λέγω) lightly-talking.

ΚΟΥΦΟΣ, ἡ, *ov*, light, nimble : neut. pl. κούφα as
Adv., lightly. 2. metaph. easy, light :—empty, vain,
idle. Hence

κούφος, Adv. lightly : Comp. κουφότερον, more
lightly, with lighter heart : Sup. κουφότατα, most
lightly.

ΚΟΨΙΓΓΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, a basket.

κοχλίας, *ov*, ὁ, (κόχλος) a snail with a spiral shell,
Lat. cochlea. II. anything twisted spirally, a

screw : a spiral stair.

κοχλίων, τό, Dim. of κόχλος, a small snail.

ΚΟΧΛΟΣ, *ov*, ὁ, a shell-fish with a spiral shell :
the shell itself, sometimes used as a trumpet, like Lat.
concha.

κοχυδέω, Ion. impf. κοχυδεσκε :—to stream forth
copiously. (Reduplicated from χέω, χύδην.)

ΚΟΧΩΝΗ, ἡ, dual κοχῶνᾱ, the bams.

κόψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κόπτω.

κόψιχος, ὁ, = κόσσυφος, a blackbird.

Κῶνδε, Adv. (Κῶς Ep. for Κῶς) to Cos.

κράατος, κράατι, κράατα, lengthd. forms of κῤῆτος,
κῤῆτι, κῤῆτα, gen., dat., acc. of κῤῆς = κῤῆρα, a head.

κράββατος, ὁ, a couch, Lat. grābātus. (Maced. word.)

κράββον, Adv. (κράζω) with loud cries.

κραδαίνω, (κραδάω) to swing, brandish, shake :—Pass.
to vibrate, quiver.

ΚΡΑΔΑΪΝΩ, to brandish, shake.

κραδίη, ἡ, (κραδάω) the light quivering spray at the
end of a branch : generally, a branch, esp. of a fig-
tree : hence a fig-tree. [ᾶ]

κραδία, ἡ, Dor. for κραδίη, καρδία.

κραδίη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for καρδία.

ΚΡΑΪΝΩ : fut. κράζω, but Att. in paulo-post
temp κεκράζομαι : aor. I ἐκράα Ep. ἐκράνῃον : pf.
with pres. sense κέκραγα, 1 pl. contr. κέκραγμεν,
imperat. κέκραχθι, part. κέκραγώς, inf. κέκραγέναι :—
to croak, properly of the raven : generally, to scream,
screech, cry : hence c. acc. to call out or clamour for
a thing.

κραθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of κεράννυμι.

ΚΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. κρᾶνῶ : aor. I ἐκράνα Ep. ἐκρηνα :
—Pass., fut. κρανθήσομαι, but also Ep. fut. inf. in pass.
sense κρανέεσθαι : aor. I ἐκράνην : Homer mostly
uses the Ep. form κραιαίνω, 3 sing. impf. ἐκραιαίνε :
aor. I imperat. κρήνην κρήνηατε, inf. κρήναι : 3
sing. pf. pass. κεκράαντα, and plpf. κεκράαντο :—to
accomplished, bring to pass, fulfil, execute :—Pass. to be
accomplished, brought to pass : οὐ μοι δοκεῖ τῇδέ
γ' ὁδῷ κρανέεσθαι it seems to me that it will not be
accomplished by this journey ; κέκρανται ψῆφος the
vote hath been determined ; also of workmanship,

χρυσῷ ἐπὶ χεῖλεα κεκράνται the edges are finished off with gold. II. intr. to have the ruling power: later c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, κραίνειν σκήπτρα to sway the sceptre. III. intr. also to come to an end or result in a thing.

ΚΡΑΙΠΙΑ'ΛΗ [ἄ], ἡ, a debauch and its consequences, nausea, sickness, and headache, Lat. *crapula*; ἐκ κραπιάλης after the debauch was over.

κραιπᾶλό-κωμος, *ον*, (κραιπάλη, κῶμος) rambling in drunken revelry.

κραιπνός, ἡ, *όν*, (ἀρπ-άω, like *rapidus* from *rap-io*) tearing, sweeping, rushing: cf. *καρπάλυμος*. 2.

swift, rapid. 3. metaph. hasty, hot, impetuous.

κραιπνός-σῦτος, *ον*, (κραιπνός, σέομαι) swift-rushing.

κραιπνο-φόρος, *ον*, (κραιπνός, φέρω) swift-bearing.

κραπτικός, ἡ, *όν*, (κράτ) clamorous.

ΚΡΑ'ΜΒΗ, ἡ, cabbage, kail, Lat. *crambe*.

ΚΡΑ'ΜΒΟΣ, ἡ, *ον*, dry, parched, shrivelled. 2. metaph. clear, loud.

κραμβο-φάγος, *ον*, (κράμβη, φάγειν) Cabbage-eater, name of a frog.

κράνᾱή-πέδος, *ον*, (κρανάς, πέδον) with stony soil. *κράνα*, Dor. pl. of *κρήνη*.

ΚΡΑ'ΝΑ'Ο'Σ, ἡ, *όν*, bard, rugged, rocky, stony, of Athens, from its soil, cf. *λεπτόγειος*: οἱ Κραναοὶ the people of Attica.

κράνέεσθαι, Ep. fut. inf. med. (with pass. sense) of *κραίνω*.

κράνειᾱ Ion. -είη, ἡ, (κράνον) the cornel-tree, Lat. *cornus*: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a spear.

κράνείωνος, ἡ, *ον*, (κράνον) made of cornel-wood, *κρανείων ἀκόντιον*, cf. Virgil's *spicula cornea*.

κράνα, ἡ, Dor. for *κρήνη*. [ᾱ]

κρανθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of *κραίνω*.

Κρανιάς, *Κρανίς*, Dor. for *Κρηνιάς*, *Κρηνίς*.

κράνιον, τό, (κάρα) the upper part of the head, skull.

ΚΡΑ'ΝΟΝ, τό, the cornel-tree, Lat. *CORNUS*.

κράνοποιέω, f. ἴσω, to make helmets: to talk big and warlike. From

κράνο-ποιός, *όν*, (κράνος, ποίεω) making helmets: as Subst., *κρανοποιός*, ὁ, a helmet-maker.

κράνος, εὖς, τό, (κάρα) a helmet. [ᾱ]

κράντειρα, ἡ, fem. of *κραντήρ*.

κραντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κραίνω) one that accomplishes, a doer, performer.

κράντωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, (κραίνω) a ruler, sovereign.

ΚΡΑ'Σ, ὁ, collat. form of *κάρα*, gen. *κῶρος* (which is sometimes fem.), dat. *κῶρί*, acc. *κῶρα*: plur., gen. *κῶρων*, dat. *κῶροι* Ep. *κράτεσφι*: in Hom. also a lengthd. gen. and dat., *κράτος*, *κράτι*, pl. nom. *κράτᾱ* :—the head: metaph. a top, peak, height.

κράσις, εὖς, ἡ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing, compound, blending. II. the temperature of the air, climate, Lat. *temperies*.

III. in Gramm., *crasis*, when the consecutive vowels of two words melt into one, e. g. *τούνομα* for *τὸ ὄνομα*, *ἀνήρ* for *ὁ ἀνὴρ*.

ΚΡΑ'ΣΠΕΔΟΝ, τό, the edge, border, margin, hem of a thing. Hence

κρασπεδός, f. ὥσω, to surround with a border or fringe.

κράσων, *ον*, Dor. for *κρέσων*, *κρείσων*.

κῤῥα, τό, indecl., = *κάρα*:—but also *κῤῥα*, *τόν*, acc. of *κῤῥός*.

κῤῥα-βόλος, *ον*, (καταιός, βάλλω) hurled with violence.

κῤῥαί-γύαλος, *ον*, (καταιός, γύαλον) with strong back and breast piece, strongly arched, of a corslet.

κῤῥαίτις, ἡ, = *κῤῥατος*, only of the stone of Sisyphus, τότ' ἀποστρέψασκε *κῤῥαίτις* αὐτίς then did mighty force turn it back again. II. *Κῤῥαίτις*, as pr. n.

Crataeis, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla.

κῤῥαί-λεως, *ον*, gen. *ω*, (καταιός, λᾱς) stony, rocky, rugged.

κῤῥαίός, ἄ, *όν*, (κῤῥατος) poet. for *κατερός*, mighty, strong, resistless.

κῤῥαίω, f. ὥσω, later form for *κρατίνω*.

κῤῥαί-πέδος, *ον*, (καταιός, πέδον) with hard ground or soil.

κῤῥαί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: also *καρταίπους*: (καταιός, πούς): stout-footed, sure-footed.

κῤῥαί-ρινος, *ον*, (καταιός, ρινός) strong-shelled.

κῤῥαί-αίχμη, *ον*, ὁ, also *καρτ-*, (κατερός, αἰχμή) mighty with the spear, warlike.

κῤῥαίτός poet. *κατερός*, ἄ, *όν*, (κατός, κρατέω) strong, stout, mighty, valiant: but also *bard-bearded*, *cruel*, *harsh*, *rough*: so, *χωρὸς κατερός* *bard*, *solid*, *ground*. 2. also *strong*, *violent*.

κῤῥαί-φρων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (κατερός, φρήν) stout-hearted, dauntless.

κῤῥαί-χειρ, *χειρὸς*, ὁ, ἡ, (κατερός, χεῖρ) stout of hand.

κῤῥαί-ὄνυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατερός, ὄνυξ) strong-boofed, solid-boofed: of lions, with strong claws.

κατερός, Adv. of *κατερός*, strongly, stoutly: sternly, roughly.

κράτεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of *κῤῥα*. [ᾱ]

ΚΡΑ'ΤΕΤΤΑΙ, ᾶν, οἱ, the forked stand or frame on which a spit turns.

κράτew, f. ἴσω: (κῤῥατος):—to be strong and mighty: to rule, bold sway: c. dat. to rule among, ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοῖσι *κρατέω*. 2. c. gen. to lay bold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over: also to conquer, subdue: absol. to prevail, get the upper hand: of reports, to prevail, become current. II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, excel.

III. c. acc. rei. to, bold fast, seize, secure.

IV. to order, command:—Pass. to obey.

κῤῥήρ Ion. *κρητήρ*, ἦρος, ὁ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing vessel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed with water, and from which the cups were filled: *κρητήρα* *κεράσασθαι* to mix a bowl.

II. any hollow, a basin in a rock: the mouth of a volcano, crater.

κρατησί-μαχος, *ον*, (κρατέω, μάχη) *victorious in the fight.*

κρατησί-πους, *ὁ, ἡ, πουν*, τό, *gen. ποδος*, (κρατέω, πούς) *victorious in the foot-race.*

κρατήσ-ιππος, *ον*, (κρατέω, ἵππος) *victorious in the horse-race.*

κρατί, *dat. sing. of κράς.*

κρατιστεύω, *ἡ, σω*, (κράτιστος) *to be best, most excellent, supreme; to excel.*

κράτιστος *Ep. κάρτιστος, ἡ, ον*, and as *irreg. Sup.* of ἀγαθός, being formed from κράτος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—*strongest, mightiest, fiercest.* 2.

best, most excellent.—The *Comp.* in use is κρείσσων. [α]

ΚΡΑΤΟΣ *poët. κάρτος, εος, τό*, *strength, might, prowess; force, violence; πόλιν ἐλεῖν κατὰ κράτος* to take a city by open force, by storm; also, κατὰ κράτος with all one's might; so also, ἀνὰ κράτος up to one's full power, with all one's might. II. generally,

might, power, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen. power over.

III. *mastery, victory.*

κρατός, *gen. of κράς.*

κρατύνω *Ep. καρτύνω: ἡ, ὤν* (κράτος):—*to strengthen, confirm: Med. to strengthen for oneself, ἐκαρτύναντο φάλαγγας* they strengthened their ranks:—*Pass. to become strong, be strengthened.* 2. to harden.

II. *to rule, govern, c. gen.* 2. to become master, get possession of: *to conquer.* [β]

κρατύς, *masc. Adj.*, only found in *nom.*, (κράτος) *strong, mighty.* [γ]

κραυγάζω, *ἡ, ὤν*, (κραυγή) *to scream, shriek.*

Κραυγᾶσις, *ον, ὁ*, (κραυγή) *Croaker, name of a frog.*

κραυγή, *ἡ*, (κράζω) *a crying, screaming, shrieking.*

κρε-άγρα, *ὁ*, (κρέας, ἀγρέω) *a flesh-book.*

κρε-αγρίς, *ἴδος, ἡ*, = κρεάγρα.

κρεάδιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of κρέας, *a slice of flesh.*

κρεᾶνομέω, *ἡ, ὤν*, (κρεᾶνός) *to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh of a victim amongst the guests:—Med. to divide among themselves.* Hence

κρεᾶνομία, *ἡ*, *a distribution of the flesh of a victim amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.*

κρεᾶ-νός, *ον*, (κρέας, νέμω) *distributing the flesh of victims: as Subst., κρεᾶνός, ὁ*, *a carver, Lat. dispensator.*

ΚΡΕ'ΑΣ *Dor. κρής, τό; gen. κρέας; plur. κρέα; gen. κρεῶν Ep. κρείων; dat. κρέασι Ep. κρέεσσι:—flesh, a piece of meat: meat.* 2. *a carcase: a body, person.*

κρη-δόκος, *ον*, and κρειο-δόκος, *ον*, (κρέας, δέχομαι) *containing flesh.*

κρείων, *τό*, (κρέας) *a meat-tray, dresser.*

κρείουσα, *fem. of κρείων, q. v.*

κρείσσό-τεκνος, *ον*, (κρείσσω, τέκνον) *dearer than children.*

κρείσσω, *ον*, *gen. ονος, Att. κρείττων Ion. κρέσων Dor. κάρρων:—stronger, mightier: better, braver: used with εἰμι sum and part., as κρείσσω γὰρ ἡσθα μηκέτ' ἂν ἡ ζῶν τυφλός* thou wert better

not alive, than living blind.

II. *too great for, exceeding; ὕψος κρείσσω ἐκπηδήματος* a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσω ἀγχύνης too bad for hanging.

III. *superior to, master of; κρείσσω χρημάτων superior to bribes.*

IV. *in moral sense, better, more excellent.* (κρείσσω is used as *irreg. Comp.* of ἀγαθός, κράτος being the Root, whence also *Sup. κράτιστος.*)

κρείττων, *Att. form of foreg.*

ΚΡΕΙΩΝ, *οντος, ὁ: fem. κρείουσα, ἡ:—a ruler, lord, master: a general title of honour, like ἀναγ.*

κρείων, *Ep. for κρεῶν, gen. pl. of κρέας.*

κρεᾶδια, *ον, τά*, (κρέω) *a kind of tapestry.*

κρεκτός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *struck so as to sound, of stringed instruments; played, sung.* From

ΚΡΕ'ΚΩ, *ἡ, ὤν*: *aor. I ἐκρεῖα:—to strike, beat: to strike the web with the shuttle, to weave.* 2.

to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instrument. 3. generally, *to make any sharp sound, to rustle.*

κρεμάθρα, *ἡ*, (κρεμάννυμι) *a basket to hang things up in.*

κρεμαῖαι, *shortd. pres. pass. of κρεμάννυμι; subj. κρέμομαι; opt. κρεμαῖην; inf. κρέμασθαι; impf. ἐκρεμαῖην; fut. (in pass. sense) κρεμήσομαι.*

κρεμάννυμι rarely ὤν: *fut. κρεμάσω [α] Att. κρεμῶ, ᾶς, ᾶ, Ep. lengthd. κρεμῶν: aor. I ἐκρεμάσα Ep. κρεμάσα:—Med., aor. I ἐκρεμάσῃην:—Pass., κρεμάννυμι: fut. κρεμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρεμάσθην:—to hang, hang up, let hang down: to hang up by a thing, c. gen.; κρεμάσαι τὴν ἀσπίδα to hang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so in *Med., πηδάλιον κρεμάσασθαι* to hang up one's rudder, i. e. give up the sea. II. *Pass. to be hung up or suspended, to swing from, hang down from.* 2. *metaph. to be in suspense.**

κρεμάσας, *aor. I part. of κρεμάννυμι.*

κρεμασθείς, *aor. I part. pass. of κρεμάννυμι.*

κρεμαστός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (κρεμάννυμι) *hung up, hung, hanging: c. gen. hung from or on a thing; κρεμαστός αὐχένος hung by the neck.*

κρεμάστρα, *ἡ*, = κρεμάθρα.

κρεμῶ, *Root of κρεμάννυμι, to hang, hang up.*

κρεμβυλίστω, *ἡ, ὤν*, (κρεμβαλα) *to keep time with castanets.* Hence

κρεμβυλίστος, *ὅς, ἡ*, *a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.*

ΚΡΕ'ΜΒΑ'ΛΑ, *τά, castanets.*

κρεμήσομαι, *fut. med. (in pass. sense) of κρέμαιναι.*

κρεμῶ, *Ep. for Att. κρεμῶ, fut. of κρεμάννυμι.*

κρέξ, *ἡ, gen. κρεκός, Lat. crex, (κρέω) a bird with a sharp notched bill, a rail.*

κρεό-βοτος, *ον*, (κρέας, βόσκειν) *fed on flesh.*

κρεο-δαίτης, *ον, ὁ*, (κρέας, δαίω) *the carver at a public meal.*

κρεοκοπέω, *Att. for κρεωκοπέω.*

κρεο-πώλης, *ον, ὁ*, (κρέας, πωλέω) *a butcher.*

κρεουργέω, *i. ἦσω*, (κρεουργός) *to cut up meat like a butcher: to butcher.* Hence

κρεουργήδον, Adv. *like a butcher: in joints or pieces: and*

κρεουργία, *ἡ, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering.*

κρε-ουργός, *όν*, (κρέας, ἔργον) *cutting up meat: as Subst., κρεουργός, ὁ, a butcher or a carver:—κρεουργόν ἡμᾶρ a day of feasting.*

κρεο-φάγος, *ον*, (κρέας, φάγειν) *eating flesh, carnivorous.*

κρέσσαν, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, Ion. for κρείσσαν.

κρέων, *οντος*, = κρείων.

κρεῶν, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρήγυις, *ον*, good, agreeable. II. true, real.

κρή-δεμνον Dor. κρά-δεμνον, τό, (κάρα, δέω) *a sort of head-dress, like a veil or mantilla with lappets.* II. metaph. in plur. *the battlements which crown the walls.* III. *the lid of a vessel.*

κρήνηαι, aor. I inf. of κραιναίνω, Ep. for κραινῶ.

κρήνηον, aor. I imperat. of κραιναίνω, Ep. for κραινῶ.

κρήθεν, Adv. (κράς) *from the head, from above.*

κρημνός, part. of κρήμνημι.

κρημνάω and κρήμνημι, = κρεμάννυμι, *to let down from a height, cast down, bang down:—Pass. κρήμνᾶμαι, to bang down, be suspended: to float or bover in air.*

κρήμνη, for κρήμναθι, imperat. of κρήμνημι.

κρημνο-βάτης [ᾶ], *ου, ὁ*, (κρημνός, βαίνω) *haunter of the steep.*

κρημνο-ποῖός, *όν*, (κρημνός, ποιεῖν) *talking precipices, using big rugged words, of Aeschylus.*

κρημνός, *ὁ*, (κρεμάννυμι) *an overhanging steep, a beetling crag: also the steep bank or edge of a river or trench.*

κρημν-ώδης, *ες*, (κρημνός, εἶδος) *precipitous, steep.*

κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κραινῶ.

κρηναῖος, *α, ον*, (κρήνη) *of or from a spring or fountain: κρηναῖον ὕδωρ spring water.*

ΚΡΗΝΗ Dor. κράνα, *ἡ*, a well, spring, Lat. *fons*: in pl. *water.* II. *a source, fountain-head.* Hence

κρήνηθεν, Adv. *from a well or spring: and*

κρήνηνδε, Adv. *to a well or spring.*

κρηναῖός, *ἄδος*, *ἡ*, pecul. fem. of κρηναῖος, *of or from a well or spring: Dor. Κρᾶνιάδες, Nymphs of a spring: so too Κρᾶνίδες.*

κρηνῖς, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, Dim. of κρήνη. [Ὶ]

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κραινῶ.

ΚΡΗΠΙΣ, *ἰδος*, *ἡ*, a kind of man's boot: in Theocritus, κρηπίδες poet. for booted men. II. generally, *a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., ἡ ἐγκράτεια ἀρετῆς κρηπίς self-command is the foundation of virtue.* 2. *the side*

of a river with a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepida: generally, an edge. [Ὶ]

κρής, Dor. for κρέας.

Κρής, *ὁ*, gen. Κρητός: pl. Κρήτες, gen. Κρητῶν:—*a Cretan: fem. Κρήσσα.* Hence

Κρήσιος, *α, ον*, Cretan.

κρήσαι, Ep. for κεράσαι, aor. I inf. of κεράννυμι. κρησφύγετον, τό, *a place of refuge or security, retreat, resort.*

Κρήτη, *ἡ*, the island Crete, now Candia. Hence

Κρήτηθεν, Adv. *from Crete: and*

Κρήτηνδε, Adv. *to Crete.*

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ: dat. pl. κρητήρσι.

Κρητίζω, *ἑ, σω*, (Κρής) *to lie like a Cretan.*

Κρητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (Κρήτη) *Cretan, of the island of Crete:—Adv. —κῶς, in Cretan fashion.* II. κρητικόν (sub. ἱματίον), τό, *a garment of Cretan fashion.* III.

κρητικός (sub. ποῦς), *ὁ*, a metrical foot, e. g. Ἄντῖ-φών [—] called also amphimacer (ἀμφίμακρος).

κρητισμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (Κρητίζω) *lying.*

κρῖ, τό, Ep. shorter form for κριθή, barley.

κριθάντης [Ὶ], *ου, ὁ*, baked under a pot or pan:—

κριθανίτης (sub. ἄπτος), *ὁ*, a loaf so baked. From

κριβάνος, *ὁ*, Att. for κλίβανος, a covered earthen vessel, a pot, pan or pipkin, in which bread was baked by putting hot embers round it. [Ὶ] Hence

κριβανώτης, *ἡ, ὄν*, = κριβανίτης.

ΚΡΙΖΩ, *ἑ, ξω*: aor. 2 ἐκρίκον: pf. κέκριγα:—*to creak, Lat. stridere: to screech, squeak.* (Formed from the sound.)

κρήδόν, Adv. (κρύς) *like a ram.*

κριθαία, *ἡ*, (κριθή) *a mess of barley pottage.*

κριθάς, *ἡ, ἦσω*, (κριθή) *to be over-fed with barley, to be restive.*

κριθείς, aor. I pass. part. of κρίνω.

κρίην, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΘΗ, *ἡ*, and in plur. κριθαί, *αἱ*, barley: οἶνος ἐκ κριθῶν (Ion. gen. pl.) *wine made from barley, i. e. a kind of beer: also roasted barley.* [Ὶ]

κριθήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρίνω.

κριθιάσις, *εως, ἡ*, (κριθή) *a disease of horses, caused by feeding them with barley, Lat. bordeatio.*

κριθίζω, *ἑ, σω*, (κριθή) *to feed with barley.*

κριθίνος, *ἡ, ον*, (κριθή) *made of barley.*

κριθο-τράγος, *ον*, (κριθή, τράγειν) *barley-eating.*

κριθός, aor. I subj. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίκε, Ep. for ἐκρίκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κρίζω.

κρίκος, *ὁ*, = κίρκος, a ring, circle: also an eyelet-hole, a deadeye, in the corner of a sail.

κρίμα, not κρίμα, aros, τό, (κρίνω) *a judgment, sentence.* 2. *a matter for judgment: an accusation, charge, Lat. crimen.*

κρίμνον, τό, (κρί, κριθή) *coarse barley-meal.*

κρίμν-ώδης, *ες*, (κρίμνον, εἶδος) *like coarse meal: κατανίρει κριμνώδη it snows thick as meal.*

κρίνας, aor. I part. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΝΩ, τό, a lily: irreg. pl. κρίνεα, dat. κρίνεσι, as if from a nom. κρίνος, eos, τό. [Ὶ]

ΚΡΙΝΩ [Ὶ], fut. κρίνω: aor. I ἐκρίνα: pf. κέκρικα:—Med., fut. κρίνούμαι: aor. I ἐκρίνάμην:—Pass., fut. κριθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρίθην [Ὶ], older ἐκρίθην, whence part. κριθείς: pf. κέκριμαι, inf. κεκρίσθαι:—the Lat. CERNO, to separate, divide, put apart: hence to pick out, choose: and in Med. to pick out

for oneself, choose, prefer:—Pass. to be chosen or distinguished. 2. to decide a contest or dispute, e.g. for a prize; σκολίδας θέμιςτας κρίνειν to judge crooked judgments, i.e. to judge unjustly:—Pass. and Med. κρίνομαι, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, quarrel. 3. to judge of, estimate: hence to expound, explain: c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a thing is. II. to question, examine, bring to trial, accuse, arraign:—Pass. to be brought to trial, tried. 2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn:—Pass. to be judged, condemned.

κριξός, ὁ, Dor. for κριστός, κριστός.
κρίο-βόλος, ον, (κρίος, βάλλω) ram-slaying.
κρίο-πρόσωπος, ον, (κρίος, πρόσωπον) ram-faced.
ΚΡΙΟΣ, ὁ, a ram, Lat. aries. 2. a battering-ram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's head.

Κρίσα, ἡ, Crisa or Crissa, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi:—Adj. Κρίσαῖος, α, ον, Crissaeon.

κρίσις [Ὶ], εως, ἡ, (κρίνω) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing. 2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence. 3. a trial. II. a dispute, quarrel. III. the event, issue, decision.

κρίτήριον, τό, (κρίτης) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test. 2. a court of judgment, tribunal.

κρίτης, οὗ, ὁ, (κρίνω) a discerner, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests. 2.

κριτής ἐννυνίων an interpreter, expounder of dreams. Hence

κριτικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to discern and decide, critical.
κριτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κρίνω, picked out, chosen: choice, excellent.

κροαίνω, Ἐρ. for κρούω, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the hoof.

κρόκα, heterocl. acc. sing. of κρόκη.
κροκάλη, ἡ, = κρόκη II: in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [α]

κρόκεος, ον, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured.
κρόκες, αἱ, heterocl. nom. pl. of κρόκη.

κρόκη, ἡ, with heterocl. acc. κρόκα and nom. pl. κρόκες, as if from a nom. κρόξ: (κρέω):—the woof or weft, Lat. subtemen, opp. to στήμων the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool. II. a rounded stone or pebble.

κροκήϊος, ἡ, ον, poet. for κρόκεος, saffron-coloured.
κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (κρόκος, βάπτω) saffron-dyed.

κροκο-βάφης, ἐς, (κρόκος, βαφῆναι) crocus-dyed, of crocus-hue, i.e. purple, red, not yellow (see κρόκος).
κροκόδειλος, ὁ, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the crocodile or alligator of the Nile:

in full, ὁ κροκόδειλος ὁ ποτάμιος, called by the natives χάμβα.

κροκοίς, ἐσσα, εν, (κρόκος) saffron-coloured. II. as Subst., κροκοίς (sub. πέπλος) ὁ, a robe of saffron.

κροκό-πέπλος, ον, (κρόκος, πέπλος) saffron-robed.
ΚΡΟΚΟΣ, ον, ὁ, the purple crocus. II. saffron (which is made from its stamens).

κροκός [Ὶ], ὕδος, ἡ, (κρόκη) the flock, nap, pile of cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool.

κροκωτίδιον, τό, Dim. of κροκατός, a short, saffron robe.

κροκατός, ἡ, ὄν, (κροκώ) saffron-dyed or coloured.

II. as Subst., κροκατός (sub. πέπλος), ὁ, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκωτοφόρεω, φ. ἑσσω, to wear a saffron robe. From κροκωτο-φόρος, ον, (κροκατός, φέρω) wearing a saffron robe.

κρομμύ-οξύ-ρεγμία, ἡ, (κρόμμυον, ὄξος, ἐρευγμός) a belch of onions and vinegar.

ΚΡΟΜΥ'ΟΝ or κρόμμυον, τό, an onion.

Κρονίδης, ον, ὁ, patronym. from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, i.e. Zeus: cf. Κρονίαν, Κρόνος. [Ὶ]

Κρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Κρόνος) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq.

Κρόνιος, α, ον, (Κρόνος) of Cronos or Saturn; τὰ Κρόνια (sub. ἑτάρα), τὰ, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hecatombaeon; Κρονίων δζειν to smell of old times, to smack of antiquity.

Κρόν-ιππος, ὁ, (Κρόνος, ἵππος) an old fool, old dotard.

Κρονίων, ὁ, gen. ἰόνος [Ὶ], but also Κρονίανος, patronym. from Κρόνος, son of Cronos or Saturn, Zeus.

Κρόνος, ὁ, Cronos, Lat. Saturnus, son of Uranos and Gaia, husband of Rhea, father of Zeus: his time was the golden age. II. a name given at Athens to a superannuated dotard.

ΚΡΟΣΣΑΙ, ὦν, αἱ, battlements on walls. 2. the courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top.

κροτάλιζω, φ. ἰσώ, (κρόταλον) to rattle castanets: generally, to make to rattle.

κρόταλον, τό, (κροτέω) a rattle, castanet. II. metaph. a rattling, chattering fellow.

κροτάφος, ὁ, (κροτέω) the side of the forehead: in pl. the temples, Lat. tempora: also the sides of the face. 2. metaph. the brow of a mountain.

κροτέω, fut. ἥσω: (κρότος):—to make to rattle or clash. II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, to hammer or weld together, forge:—Pass. to be worked with the hammer, welded, forged; εὐθὺς τὸ πρᾶγμα κροτείσθω let the matter be struck at once, i.e. 'strike while the iron is hot.' 2. to strike together, clap the hands, in token of applause: absol. to clap, to applaud. III. intr. in Act. to rattle, make a clatter. Hence

κροτηγός, ὁ, a striking, beating.

κροτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κροτέω, stricken, smitten, sounding with blows. 2. rattled or whirled rattling along. 3. played with the plectrum.

κρότος, ον, ὁ, (κρούω) the sound of striking; κρότος χειρῶν a clapping of hands: generally, a loud rattling or noise.

κροτών, ὦνος, ὁ, a tick, Lat. ricinus. II. the

palma Christi or *ricinus*, which bears the castor-oil berry.

κρούμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) *a beat, stroke.* 2. *a sound produced by striking a string, a note.*

κρούσιμα, ατος, τό, *a gushing or stream.* From ΚΡΟΥΝΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, *a spring, well-head*: in pl. streams: metaph. *a torrent of words.* Hence

κρουνο-χυτρο-λήλαιος, ὁ, (κρουνός, χύτρα, λῆπος) *a pouter forth of weak, waspy twaddle.*

κρουσι-δημέω, f. ἴσω, (κρούω, δῆμος) *to play upon the people, impose upon them.*

κρούσις, εως, ἡ, (κρούω) *a striking: a playing on a stringed instrument.*

κρουστέον, verb. Adj. of κρούω, *one must knock at.*

κρουστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for striking.* II. metaph. *striking, astonishing, forcible*; τὸ κρουστικόν *striking eloquence.* From

ΚΡΟΥΩ, f. σῶ: aor. I ἔκρουσα:—Pass., pf. κέκρουμαι and —ομαι:—*to knock, strike, smite*; κρούειν χεῖρας *to clap the hands*; κρούειν πόδα *to strike the foot against the ground in dancing.* 2. *to strike with a plectrum*; generally, *to play any instrument.* 3. *κρούειν τὴν θύραν to knock at the door.* 4. Med. *κρούεσθαι πύμναν to back stern foremost*; cf. ἀνακρούω.

κρύβδᾶ, Adv. (κρύπτω) *without the knowledge of*; κρύβδᾶ Διός, Lat. *clam fove.*

κρύβδην Dor. —δαν, Adv. (κρύπτω) *secretly, covertly*:—also, like κρύβδα, *without the knowledge of.*

κρύβδηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κρύπτω.

κρυερός, ἄ, ὄν, (κρύος) *icy, chill, chilling.*

κρύμυς, ὁ, (κρύος) *icy cold, chill, frost.*

κρύμ-ώδης, es, (κρυμός, εἶδος) *icy-cold: frozen, icy.*

κρύειος, εσσα, εν, = κρυερός, *icy-cold, chilling.*

ΚΡΥΟΣ, τό, *icy cold, chill, frost*: metaph. *an inward chill, shudder, horror.*

κρυπατίδιος, α, ον, also os, ον: (κρύπτω): *secret, hidden, clandestine.*

κρυπατίω, f. ἴσω, collateral form of κρύπτω.

κρυπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κρύπτω.

κρυπτέλα, ἡ, (κρυπτεύω) *a secret service or commission*; at Sparta entrusted to the young men, to season them against fatigue.

κρυπτέον, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, *one must conceal.*

κρυπτεύω, f. σῶ, (κρύπτω) *to conceal, hide.* II. *to hide oneself, lie concealed.* III. Pass. κρυπτεύομαι, *to have snares laid for one.*

κρύπτη, ἡ, *a covered place, vault, crypt.* From κρυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, *hidden, secret.*

ΚΡΥΠΤΩ: Ion. impf. κρύπτασκον: fut. κρύψω: aor. I ἔκρυψα: pf. κέκρυφα:—Pass., fut. 2 κρύβησομαι, paullo-p. fut. κερύβησομαι: aor. I ἐκρύβην: aor. 2 ἐκρύβην [ῶ]: pf. κέκρυμαι:—*to hide, cover, conceal*:—Pass. *to hide oneself, lie hidden.* II.

metaph. *to conceal, keep secret or covered over*; with dupl. acc., μή με κρύψης τοῦτο *do not hide this from me.*

κρυσταλλίζω, f. ἴσω, (κρύσταλλος) *to be like crystal.*

κρυστάλλινος, η, ον, (κρύσταλλος) *of crystal.*
κρυσταλλό-πηκτος, ον, or κρυσταλλο-πήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κρύσταλλος, πήγνυμι) *congealed to ice, frozen.*
κρύσταλλος, ὁ, (κρύος) *clear ice, ice, Lat. glacies.* 2. *extreme cold, torpor.* II. ὁ and ἡ, *crystal, rock-crystal.*

κρύφα, Adv. (κρύπτω) *secretly from, without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [ῶ]*

κρύφαίος, α, ον, and os, ον, (κρύπτω) *secret, hidden, covert.* Adv. —ως.

κρύφῃ Dor. —φᾶ, Adv. (κρύπτω) *secretly, in secret.*

κρύφῃδόν, Adv. = foreg.

κρύφθῃ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

κρύφιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (κρύπτω) *secret, hidden, clandestine.* [ῶ]

κρύφος, ὁ, (κρύπτω) *concealment, obscurity.*

κρύφω, late form of κρύπτω.

κρύψαι, aor. I inf. of κρύπτω.

κρύψι-μέτωπος, ον, (κρύπτω, μέτωπον) *biting the forehead.*

κρυψί-voos, on, contr. —vous, ονν: (κρύπτω, νόος): *biting one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.*

κρύψις, εως, ἡ, (κρύπτω) *a biding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.*

ΚΡΩΒΪΛΟΣ, ἄ, a roll of hair gathered to a knot on the crown of the head. II. the crest on a helmet. [ῶ]

κρωγμός, ὁ, (κράζω) *the croaking or cawing of a crow.*

ΚΡΩΖΩ, f. κρώω, *to croak or caw like a crow, Lat. crocitare.* II. of men, *to croak out.* (Formed from the sound.)

κρώσαι, Ion. for κρόσαι.

κρωσσόν, τό, Dim. of κρωσός.

ΚΡΩΣΣΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, *a water-pail, pitcher, jar.* 2. *a cinerary urn.*

κτά, for ἔκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω: optat. κταίην; inf. κτάναι; part. κτάς.

κταίω, Dor. for κτείνω.

κτάμεν, κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [ᾶ]

κτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

κτάνε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω. [ᾶ]

κτάνθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of κτείνω.

ΚΤΑΪΟΜΑΙ Ion. κτεόμαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι: aor. I ἐκτησάμην: pf. κέκτημαι Ion. ἐκτημαι, subj. κέκτωμαι, opt. κεκτήμην or —ώμην: plqpf. ἐκεκτήμην: Dep.:—*to get for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring*: also *to bring upon oneself, incur.* II. in pf. κέκτημαι or ἐκτημαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, *to have acquired or got, and so, to possess, to have or hold*; ὁ κεκτημένος *an owner, master*: hence as Subst. c. gen., ὁ ἐμοῦ κεκτημένος *my master*; ἡ ἐμῇ κεκτημένη *my mistress.* III. aor. I ἐκτήθην is used in pass. sense, *to be gotten, obtained, acquired.*

κτάσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but, II. κτάσθαι, inf. of κτάομαι.

κτέανον, ὁ, (κτάομαι) = κτήμα: but mostly in pl.

possessions, property; Ep. heterocl. dat. κτεάτεσσι, as if from κτέαρ.

κτεάτετρα, ἡ, fem. of κτεάτηρ, she that puts one in possession of. [ᾶ]

κτεάτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κτάομαι) a possessor.

κτεάτῳ, f. ἰσω; Ep. aor. 1 κτεάτισσα: (κτέαρ):—to get, gain, win: pf. pass. with med. sense, ἐκτεάτισμαι to get for oneself. Hence

κτεάτιστός, ἡ, ὄν, gotten, won, acquired.

κτείνω: Ion. impf. κτείνεσκον: f. κτενῶ Ep. κτενέω or κτανέω: aor. 1 ἐκτεῖνα: aor. 2 ἐκτάνων: pf. ἐκτενα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκτάνθην: pf. ἐκτάμαι:—the following Ep. forms are freq. in Homer, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 ἐκτᾶ, ἐκτᾶν (as if from κτήμη); subj. κτέω, 1 pl. κτέωμεν; inf. κτάμεν, κτάμεναι [ᾶ], for κτάναι; part. κτάς: aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) ἐκτάμην [ᾶ], inf. κτάσθαι: part. κτάμενος: also Aeol. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. ἐκτάθεν:—to kill, slay: of animals, to slaughter.

κτείνωμι, Ep. pres. subj. for κτείνω.

ΚΤΕΙΣ, ὁ, gen. κτενός, a comb. 2. the weaver's comb, Lat. pecten or radius. 3. a rake, barrow. 4. the hand, with the fingers spread open. Hence

κτενέω, Ion. fut. of κτείνω.

κτενίζω, f. ἰσω, to comb: to curry horses:—Med., κτενίσσθαι κόμας to comb one's hair.

κτενίον, τό, Dim. of κτεῖς, a small comb.

κτενισμός, ὁ, (κτενίζω) a combing.

κτέομαι, Ion. for κτάομαι.

κτέρας, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) = κτέανον, κτήμα.

κτέρεα, τά, (κτάομαι) properly = κτήματα, possessions, property: but mostly of favourite possessions, such as pieces of armour, burnt with the dead: generally, funeral honours, obsequies; see κτερείω, κτερίζω.

κτερεῖω, f. ἴξω, lengthd. for κτερίζω, to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερεῖσιν to pay funeral honours; see κτερίζω.

κτερίζω, fut. κτεριῶ: aor. 1 ἐκτερίσα: (κτέρεα):—to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερίζειν to pay funeral honours, Lat. *justa facere, exequias facere*.

κτεριοῦσι, 3 pl. fut. of κτερίζω.

κτερίσματα, τά, (κτερίζω) = κτερεῖα.

κτέω, κτώμεν, 1 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 subj. of κτείνω.

κτηθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. of κτάομαι, used in pass. sense.

κτῆμα, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) anything gotten, a piece of property, possession:—in pl. κτήματα, possessions, property, goods. II. a thing, like χρήμα.

κτηνηδόν, Adv. (κτῆνος) like beasts.

κτῆνος, εος, τό, (κτάομαι) properly, like κτήμα, a piece of property; chiefly used in pl. κτήνη, contr. κτήνη, property in herds or flocks, cattle: rarely in sing. of a single head of cattle, an ox or sheep.

κτῆσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of κτάομαι.

κτῆσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (κτῆσις) of or from one's property; κτῆσιον βοτόν a sheep of one's own

flock.

II. belonging to one's own house, domestic, Lat. *penetralis*; κτῆσιοι θεοὶ household gods.

κτῆσις, εως, ἡ, (κτάομαι) an acquiring, getting. II. (from pf. pass. κτήρημαι) possession:—as collective, possessions, property.

κτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κτάομαι, that may be gotten or gained. II. acquired, held as property, possessed.

κτῆτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κτάομαι) a possessor, owner.

κτίδεος, α, ov, (κτίς) = ἰκτίδεος, of a marten-cat, made of its skin. [ῖ]

ΚΤΙΖΩ, f. ἰσω: aor. 1 ἐκτίσα Ep. ἐκτίσσα, κτίσσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐκτίσθην: pf. ἐκτίσμαι:—to people or occupy a country: of a city, to found, plant, build:—of a festival, to institute, establish. II. to produce, create. 3. to perpetrate a deed.

ΚΤΙΛΩΣ, ov, gentle, tame. II. as Subst., κτίλος, ὁ, a ram. [ῖ] Hence

κτίλω, f. ὤσω: aor. 1 med. ἐκτιλωσάμην:—to tame, civilise: to win the affections of. κτίμενος, ἡ, ov, Ep. part. aor. 2 pass. of κτίω, built, founded: only in compd. ἐϋ-κτίμενος. [ῖ]

κτίς, ἡ, = ἰκτίς, a marten-cat, marten.

κτίσις, εως, ἡ, (κτίω) a founding, settling, foundation. 2. a making, creating: the creation of the universe. II. the world or universe itself. 2. a created thing, creature. [ῖ]

κτίσμα, ατος, τό, (κτίω) a created thing, creature.

κτίσσο, Ep. aor. 1 of κτίω.

κτίστης, ov, ὁ, (κτίω) a founder, establisher.

κτιστός, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for κτίσις.

κτίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, = κτίστης.

κτίτης [ῖ] ov, ὁ, (κτίω) a founder, colonist: generally, an inhabitant.

κτύπεω, f. ἴσω: aor. 1 ἐκτύπησα poet. κτύπησα: aor. 2 ἐκτύπον Ep. κτύπον: (κτύπος): I. intr. to crash, as trees falling: to ring, resound, echo. II. trans. to make to resound:—Pass. to ring, resound.

Hence

κτύπημα, ατος, τό, a sound, a crashing: a clapping of the hands. [ῖ]

κτύπος, ov, ὁ, (τύπω) any loud noise, the crash of thunder, rattling of chariots, clash of arms. [ῖ]

κύθος, ὁ, (κύω) a cup for drawing wine out of the κρατήρ or bowl. II. an Attic measure holding two κόγχοι, about $\frac{1}{12}$ of a pint.

III. a cupping-glass.

κυῖαμεντός, ἡ, ὄν, (κυάμεν) chosen by beans, i.e. by lot.

κυῖαμεύ, f. σω, (κυάμος) to choose by beans or lot.

κυῖαμιός, α, ov, (κυάμος) of the size of a bean.

ΚΥΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a bean. II. the lot by which

public officers were elected at Athens; ὁ κύαμος λαχών an officer chosen by lot, = κληρωτός.

κυῖαμο-πρώξ, ὄγος, ὁ, (κυάμος, πρῶγω) bean-eater.

κύαμο-φαγία, ἡ, (κυάμος, φαγεῖν) eating of beans, a bean-diet.

κύαν-αιγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κύανος, αἰγίς) with dark Aegis.

κῦαν-άμπυξ, ὕκος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, ἀμπυξ) with dark blue band or margin.

κῦαν-αυγής, ἐς, (κύανος, αὐγή) dark-gleaming, murky.

Κῦαναι (sc. νῆσοι or πέτραι), αἱ, the Dark Rocks, two small islands at the entrance of the Euxine; also, κῦαναι Συμπληγάδες. [ἀ]

κῦαν-έμβολος, ον, (κύανος, ἔμβολον) with dark blue prow or peak.

κύανος, α, ον, (κύανος) dark blue: generally, dark, dusky, murky. [ῥ]

κῦαν-βλέφαρος, ον, (κύανος, βλέφαρον) dark-eyed.

κῦαν-εὐδής, ἐς, (κύανος, εἶδος) dark blue, deep blue.

κῦανό-θριξ, τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, θρίξ) dark-haired.

κῦανό-πέζα, ἡ, (κύανος, πέζα) with feet of cyanus.

κῦανό-πέπλος, ον, (κύανος, πέπλος) dark-veiled.

[κῦ-, metri grat.]

κῦαν-πρώρειος and κῦανό-πρωρος, ον, (κύανος, πρῶρα) with dark blue prow, dark-prowed.

κῦανό-πτερος, ον, (κύανος, πτερόν) with dark blue or black feathers, dark-winged.

ΚΥ'Α'ΝΟΣ, ον, ὁ, κυανός, a dark blue substance, used in the Heroic age to adorn works in metal, perhaps blue steel. II. the blue corn-flower.

κῦανό-στόλος, ον, (κύανος, στολή) dark-robed.

κῦαν-όφρυς, υ, gen. vos, (κύανος, ὄφρυς) dark-browed.

κῦαν-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (κύανος, χαίτη) dark-haired; of a horse, dark-maned.

κῦανό-χροος, ον, -χρος, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύανος, χρῶς, χρῶς) dark-looking, of dark colour or complexion.

κῦαν-ώπης, ον, ὁ, (κύανος, ὤψ) dark-eyed: fem.

κῦαν-ῶπις, ἰδος.

κῦβδᾶ, Adv. (κῦπτω) with the head forwards, stooping.

κυβεία, ἡ, (κυβεύω) dice-playing, dicing, gambling: hence sleight, trickery, deceit.

Κυβέλη, ἡ, Cybele, a Phrygian goddess, worshipped throughout Asia Minor, also at Greece and later at Rome, under the name of the Idaean Mother.

ΚΥ'ΒΕΡΝΑ'Ω, fut. ἦσω, Lat. gubernare, to steer: metaph. to hold the helm of the state, guide, govern. Hence

κυβέρνησις Dor. -αῖσις, εως, ἡ, a steering, pilotage: metaph. a guiding, governing.

κυβερνήτα, voc. of κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτειρα, ἡ, fem. of κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτης, ἦρος, ὁ, rarer form for κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, (κυβερνάω) a steersman, helmsman, Lat. gubernator: metaph. a guide, governor. Hence

κυβερνήτικός, ἡ, ὄν, skilled in steering or governing.

κυβεύω, f. σω, (κύβος) to play at dice: to run a bazaar, take the chances. 2. trans. to set upon a throw.

κυβιστάω, f. ἦσω, (κῦπτω) to throw oneself headforemost, tumble headlong: to plunge headlong into water, dive: to tumble, turn heels over head, turn a summerset, of mountebanks. Hence

κυβίστημα, ατος, τό, a summerset.

κυβιστήτης, ἦρος, ὁ, (κυβιστάω) a jumper headforemost, a diver: a mountebank, tumbler.

ΚΥ'ΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. cubus, a solid square, a cube. II. a cubical die, marked on all six sides for the game of dice: the Greeks threw three dice; τρίς ἐξ βαλεῖν to throw three sixes, i. e. to throw the highest throw, have complete success; κρίναι τι ἐν κύβοις to decide a thing by the dice, i. e. by chances.

κυδᾶω, no fut. in use, (κῦδος), to revile, abuse:—Pass. to be mocked, insulted. (κυδᾶω is used in bad, κυδαίνω in good sense.)

κυδαίνω, f. ἀνῶ. aor. I ἐκῦδᾶν Ep. κῦδῆνα: (κῦδος):—to honour, do honour to, glorify, praise: also of the outward appearance, to beautify, adorn: to gladden by marks of honour. II. seldom in bad sense, to flatter. See κυδᾶω.

κυδάλμιος, ον, (κῦδος) glorious, renowned, famous; κυδάλμιον κῆρ noble heart.

κυδᾶν [ᾶ], = κυδαίω, to honour, bold in honour. II. intr. = κυδιᾶν, to vaunt aloud, boast.

κυδιῆναι, aor. I inf. of κυδαίνω.

κυδιῆνεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κυδαίνω.

κυδιῆεις, εἶσα, εν, (κῦδος) glorious, noble.

κυδι-άνειρα, ἡ, (κῦδος, ἀνῆρ) fem. Adj. like ἀντι-άνειρα, as if from a masc. in -άνωρ, man-ennobling, bringing glory to men.

κυδιᾶω, Ep. part. κυδιῶν, no fut. in use: (κῦδος):—to vaunt or pride oneself, Lat. gloriari: hence to exult, rejoice.

κυδίμιος, ον, = κυδάλμιος.

κυδιῶν, Ep. part. of κυδιᾶν.

κυδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κυδρός (formed from κῦδος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος), most glorious, most honoured, noblest: the greatest.

κυδιῶν [ῖ], ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of κυδρός (see κύδιστος), more glorious, nobler: generally, better.

κυνδός, ἡ, ὄν, = κυδρός.

κυδιδοπάω, f. ἦσω, (κυδοιμός) to make a bubblub or uproar.

κυδοιμέω, fut. ἦσω, (κυδοιμός) to make an uproar, spread confusion and alarm. II. trans. to drive in confusion.

ΚΥ'ΔΟΙΜΟΣ, ὁ, uproar, confusion, tumult, bubblub.

ΚΥ'ΔΟΣ, εος, τό, glory, fame, renown, esp. in war: κῦδος ἀρέσθαι to win glory; of a hero, μέγα κῦδος Ἀχαιῶν the great glory or pride of the Achaeans, like Lat. decus.

κυνδός, ἡ, ὄν, (κῦδος) glorious, illustrious, noble: of a horse, proud, stately.

Κύδων or Κυδωνία, ἡ, Cydonia, a city of Crete.

Κυδωνιάω, to swell like a quince. From

Κυδώνιος, α, ον, (Κύδων) Cydonian, i. e. Cretan; μῆλον Κυδώνιον the quince. II. metaph. swelling like a quince, round and plump.

κύνέω, older form for κύω, impf. ἐκύουν: fut. κύνῶω. aor. I ἐκύησα: I. trans. to bear in the womb, to be pregnant of, Lat. gestare. II. intr. to be pregnant, to conceive.

κύθε, Ep. for *ἐκθύθε*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *κυέω*.

Κυθήρεια, ἡ, *Cytherea*, surname of Venus, from the city *Κύθηρα* in Crete, or from the island *Κύθηρα*.

Κύθηρα, ὠν, τὰ, *Cythera*, an island on the south of Iaconia, now *Cerigo*.

Κυθηρο-δίκης, οὐ, δ, (*Κύθηρα*, *δίκη*) a Spartan magistrate sent annually to govern the island of *Cythera*.

Κυθηρόθεν, Adv. (*Κύθηρα*) from *Cythera*.

κύθρα, -θρινος, -θρος, Ion. for *χύτρο*.

κῦτσκω, only used in pres. (*κῦω*, *κνέω*) to impregnate:—Pass. to become pregnant, conceive.

κῦκάνω, collat. form of *κνέω*, to confound.

ΚΥ·ΚΑ·Ω, f. ἦσω, to mix up, beat up and mix. II. like Lat. *miscere*, to stir up, mix together: to throw into confusion, confound:—Pass. to be confounded, panic-stricken: also of the mind, to be disquieted, agitated.

κῦκεῶν, ὄνος, δ: acc. *κνέων*, shortd. Ep. *κνέω* and *κνέω*: (*κνέω*):—a mixture, a mixed drink, refreshing draught, tankard, compounded of barley-meal, grated cheese and wine.

κῦκῆρσαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *κνέω*.

κῦκῆρον, τό, (*κνέω*) a ladle for stirring: metaph. a turbulent fellow, agitator. [v]

κῦκῆσι-τεφρος, ον, (*κνέω*, *τέφρα*) mixed up with ashes.

κυκλάμινος, ἡ, *cyclamen*, sow-bread, a bulbous plant, with a fragrant flower used for garlands.

κυκλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κύκλος*) encircling: αἱ *Κυκλάδες* (sub. *νῆσοι*), the *Cyclades*, islands in the Aegean sea, which encircle Delos. II. of Time, circling, revolving.

κυκλώ, f. ἦσω, (*κύκλος*) to move a thing round and round, wheel along; πόδα *κυκλῶν* to walk round and round:—Pass. to surround, encircle. II.

intr. to revolve, come round and round.

κυκλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κύκλος*) fem. Adj. round, circular.

κυκλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κύκλος*) circular. II. those Epic poets were called οἱ *Κυκλικοί*, whose writings collectively formed a cycle or series of heroic legends down to the death of Ulysses.

κυκλιο-διδάσκαλος, δ, (*κύκλιος*, *διδάσκω*) a teacher of the cyclic chorus, a dithyrambic poet.

κύκλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (*κύκλος*) round, circular: neut. τὸ *κύκλιον*, as Subst. a circle. II. *κύκλιοι χοροί*, οἱ, circular or cyclic choruses, dancing in a ring round the altar of the god; chiefly appropriated to those of Bacchus, dithyrambic choruses; hence,

κύκλια μέλη dithyrambs.

Κυκλοβόρω, f. ἦσω, to roar like the torrent of *Cycloborus*.

Κυκλο-βόρος, δ, (*κύκλος*, *βιβρώσκω*) a mountain-torrent in Attica.

κυκλο-δῖωτος, ον, (*κύκλος*, *δῖω*) driven round in a circle. [x]

κυκλόεις, εσσα, εν, (poët. for *κυκλικός*) circular.

κυκλόθεν, Adv. (*κύκλος*) in a circle all around.

κυκλο-μόλιβδος, δ, (*κύκλος*, *μόλιβδος*) a round lead-pencil.

κυκλο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (*κύκλος*, *ποιέω*) to make into a circle, form like a circle.

ΚΥ·ΚΛΩΣ, ον, δ, also with irreg. pl. *κύκλα*, a ring, round, circle: *κύκλῳ* as Adv. in a circle, round about: also like a Prep., c. acc., *κύκλῳ* σῆμα round about the monument; and c. gen., *κύκλῳ* τοῦ στρατοπέδου. II. any circular body: as, 1. a wheel. 2. a place of assembly: also like Lat. *co-rona*, a crowd of people standing round, a ring or circle of people. 3. the vault of the sky: the moon's disk. 4. the circle or walls surrounding a city, esp. of Athens. 5. a shield. 6. in pl. the balls of the eye. III. any circular motion, orbit or revolution.

κυκλόσε, Adv. (*κύκλος*) in or into a circle, around.

κυκλο-σοβέω, f. ἦσω, (*κύκλος*, *σοβέω*) to drive round in a circle, whirl round.

κυκλο-τερής, ἔς, (*κύκλος*, *τέρω*) made round by rubbing or turning, circular; *κυκλοτερὲς τόξον* *ἐτεινεν* he bent the bow into a circle.

κυκλώω, f. ὠσω, (*κύκλος*) to encircle, surround; but in this sense mostly in Med. II. to drive round and round, whirl round.

III. to form into a circle:—Pass. to form a circle, be bent round; also of a fleet wheeling into a crescent shape.

κύκλωμα, ατος, τό, (*κύκλω*) anything made into a circle, as a wheel. 2. *βυσσότονον κύκλωμα* a circle with hide stretched over it, i. e. a drum.

Κυκλώπειος, α, ον, (*Κύκλωψ*) Cyclopean, of or befitting the *Cyclopes*, commonly used of the ancient architecture attributed to them (also called *Πελασγικός*).

Κυκλωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the *Cyclopes*. Adv. -*κῶς*.

Κυκλώπιον, τό, Dim. of *Κύκλωψ*.

Κυκλώπιος, α, ον, = *Κυκλώπειος*:—pecul. fem. *Κυκλωπίς*, ἰδος.

κύκλωσις, εως, ἡ, (*κυκλώω*) a surrounding, enclosing.

κυκλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κυκλώω*) rounded, round.

Κύκλωψ, ὤπος, δ, (*κύκλος*, ὤψ) a Cyclops, i. e. Round-eye; as Hesiod says, *Κύκλωπες δ' ὄνομ' ἦσαν ἐπώνυμον, οὐνεκ' ἄρα σφῶν κυκλοτερὲς ὀφθαλμοὺς εἰς ἐνέκειτο μετώπῳ*:—in sing. of *Polyphemus*; but Hesiod mentions three Cyclopes, *Brontes*, *Steropes*, and *Arges*, who forged the thunderbolts for Zeus.

κυκνέος, α, ον, (*κύκνος*) of or like a swan.

κυκνέο-μορφος, ον, (*κύκνιος*, *μορφή*) swan-shaped.

ΚΥ·ΚΝΟΣ, δ, a swan, Lat. *cycnus*. II. metaph. from the swan's dying song, a poet.

κύκν-οῖψ, εως, δ, ἡ, (*κύκνος*, ὀψ) like a swan.

ΚΥ·ΔΑ, ὠν, τὰ, the parts under the eyes.

κύκλινδω, f. ἦσω, late form of *κυλίνδω*. Hence *κύκλινδῆρα*, ἡ, = *ἀλινδῆρα*: and *κυλίνδησις*, εως, ἡ, a rolling, wallowing. 2. exercise, practice.

ΚΥ·ΛΙΝΔΩ, fut. *κυλίσω* [r]: aor. I *ἐκύλισα*, inf. *κυλίσαι*: aor. I pass. *ἐκυλίσθην*:—older form of *κυλίνδω*, to roll, roll on or along. II. Pass. *κυλίνδομαι*, to be rolled or roll along, to roll or toss, like

a ship at sea: to roll or wallow in the dirt. 2. to be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. *jactari*. 3. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. *versari*.

ΚΥΤΛΙΞ [ῥ], *κυκος*, ή, a cup, drinking-cup.

κυλίσθη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I pass. of *κυλίω*.

κύλισμα, *ατος*, τό, (*κυλίνδω*) a roll: also a place to roll in. [ῥ]

κύλικη, ή, (*κύλις*) a small cup. Hence

κύλικιον, τό, a little cup or box.

κύλιω [ῥ], late form for *κυλίνδω*.

κύλλασις Ion. **κύλλησις**, *ιος*, ό, Egyptian bread made from *δρύρα*.

κύλλή, ή, see *κυλλός*.

Κυλλήνη, ή, Cyllene, a mountain in Arcadia: whence Hermes was called **Κυλλήνιος**, ό.

Κυλλο-ποδίων [ῥ], *ονος*, ό, (*κυλλός*, *πούς*) maimed of foot, baling, Ep. name of Vulcan.

κυλλός, ή, όν, crooked, crippled, halt. 2. **κυλλή χεῖρ** is the hand with the fingers bent to make a bowl for alms; *ἐμβαλε κυλλῇ* (sub. *χερὶ*) put it into the hollow of the hand.

κύλ-οιδάω, (*κύλα*, *οἰδάω*) to have a swelling below the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights.

κύμα, *ατος*, τό, (*κῖω*) anything swolln, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, *ὡς τὸ κύμα ἔστωρο* when the waves abated.

II. like *κύμα*, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κύμαίνω, f. *ἀνῶ*, (*κύμα*) to swell or rise in waves, surge, seethe: so also, metaph., of passion. Hence

κυματίας, *ον*, ό, Ion. *της*, (*κύμα*) surging, billowy. 2. act. causing waves, stormy.

κυματο-αγής, *ές*, (*κύμα*, *ἀγνυμι*) breaking like waves, stormy.

κυματόεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, poet. for *κυματίας*.

κυματο-πλήξ, *ήγος*, ό, ή, (*κύμα*, *πλήσσω*) wave-beaten.

κυματόω, f. *ώσω*, (*κύμα*) to drive the waves over:—Pass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea.

κυματ-ωγή, ή, (*κύμα*, *ἀγνυμι*) a place where the waves break, beach, strand.

κυμβαλίζω, f. *ίω*, (*κύμβαλον*) to play the cymbals.

κύμβαλον, τό, (*κύμβος*) a cymbal, Lat. *cymbalum*.

κύμβαχος, *ον*, (*κύπτω*) head-foremost, Lat. *pro-nus*.

II. **κύμβαχος**, ό, as Subst. the crown or top of a helmet, in which the plume is placed.

ΚΥΜΒΗ, ό, a hollow vessel: 1. a drinking vessel, cup, bowl. II. a boat, Lat. *cymba*. Hence

κυμβιον, τό, Dim. a small cup.

κύνιδις, Ion. name of the bird *χαλκίς*, the night-bawk; *χαλκίδα κυκλήσκουσι θεοί*, *ἀνδρες δὲ κύμινδι*.

κύνιδω, f. *ω*, (*κύνινον*) to strew with cummin.

ΚΥΜΙΝΟΝ, τό, *cummin*, Lat. *cuminum*.

κύνινο-πρίστις, *ον*, ό, (*κύνινον*, *πρίω*) a cummin-splitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, churl.

κύνινο-πριστο-καρδαμο-γλύφος, *ον*, (*κυνιοπρίστις*, *καρδαμογλύφος*) a cummin-splitting cress-eater, of an excessive miser. [ῥ]

κύμο-δέγγμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*κύμα*, *δέχομαι*) receiving or meeting the waves.

κύνα, *κύνas*, acc. sing. and pl. of *κύων*.

κυνάγεσία, **κυνάγέτας**, Dor. for *κυνηγ-*.

κύν-αγός, *όν*, Dor. for *κυνηγός*, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (*κύν*, *άγω*):—dog-leading: hence as Subst. a hunter, buntsman.

κύν-άγχη, ή, (*κύν*, *άγχομαι*) *cynanche*, a bad kind of sore throat. II. a dog-collar.

κύν-άγωνός, *ός*, (*κύν*, *άγω*) a dog-leader, buntsman.

κύν-άλωπήξ, *εκος*, ή, (*κύν*, *άλωπήξ*) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fox: applied as a nickname to Cleon.

κύνά-μυια, ή, (*κύν*, *μυῖα*) dog-fly, shameless fly.

κύνάριον, τό, Dim. of *κύν*, a little dog, whelp, puppy. [ῥ]

κύνάς, *άδος*, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. *caninus*. II. as Subst., *κύνάς* (sub. *θρίξ*), ή, dog's hair, of a bad fleece.

κύνάω, f. *άω*, (*κύν*) to play the Cynic.

κύνή, Att. contr. **κυνή**, (properly fem. of *κύνεος*, sub. *δορά*), ή, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap: a helmet of any kind: a bonnet.

κύνει, Ep. for *ἐκύνει*, 3 sing. impf. of *κύνέω*.

κύνειος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (*κύν*) of a dog.

κύνεος, *α*, *ον*, (*κύν*) of or like a dog: metaph. shameless, unabashed.

κύνες, nom. pl. of *κύν*.

ΚΥΝΕΩ, fut. *κύνήσομαι*, but also *κύνω* [ῥ], poet. *κύνσω*: aor. I *ἐκύνσα* Ep. *κύνσα*, *ἐκυσσα*, *κύνσα*:—to kiss: of doves, to bill. 2. to intreat, beseech.

κύνή, ή, Att. contr. for *κυνή*.

κυνηγεσία, ή, = *κυνήγειον*.

κυνήγειον, τό, a hunting establishment, buntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the hunt, chase: a hunting-ground. III. that which is taken in hunting, the game. From

κύνηγετέω, f. *ήσω*, to hunt: to chase, pursue. 2. to persecute, harass. From

κύν-ηγέτης, *ον*, ό, Dor. **κυνάγέτας**, (*κύν*, *ήγέομαι*): a hunter, buntsman. Hence

κύνηγετικός, ή, *όν*, of or for hunting.

κύν-ηγέτης, *ιδος*, ή, fem. of *κυνηγέτης*, a huntress.

κυνήγηα, ή, a hunt, chase. From

κύνηγός, v. sub *κυναγός*.

κύνηδόν, Adv. (*κύν*) like a dog, greedily.

κύνήποδες, *οί*, (*κύν* vi, *πούς*) the fellocks of a horse.

Κύνθος, *ός*, *Cynthus*, a mountain in Delos, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis; whence Apollo is called **Κύνθιος**, *Cynthian*, and **Κυνθο-γενής**, *Cynthos-born*.

κύνιδιον, τό, Dim. of *κύν*, a little dog.

κύνικός, ή, *όν*, (*κύν*) of or like a dog, Lat. *caninus*.

κύνίσκη, ή, (*κύν*) a bitch-puppy.

κύνίσκος, *ός*, (*κύν*) a young dog, whelp, puppy: metaph. a little Cynic.

κύνο-δρομέω, f. *ήσω*, (*κύν*, *δραμῖν*) to run down, chase with dogs: metaph. to hunt after.

κύνο-θαρσής or **-θρασής**, *ές*, (*κύν*, *θαρρέω*) impudent as a dog.

κύνο-κέφαλος, *ον*, (κύων, κεφαλή) *dog-headed*. 2.

as Subst., κυνοκέφαλος, *ὁ*, the *dog-headed ape*.

κύνο-κλόπος, *ον*, (κύων, κλέπτω) *dog-stealing*.

κύνο-κοπέω, *φ*, ἴσω, (κύων, κόπτω) to *beat like a dog*.

κυνόμυια, = κυνάμυια.

κύνο-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (κύων, πρόσωπον) *dog-faced*.

κύνο-ραιστής, *ου*, *ὁ*, (κύων, ραίω) a *dog-tick*.

κυνός, *γεν*. of κύων.

Κυνόσαργες, *εὐς*, τό, *Cynosarges*, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κύνος-βάτος, *ῆ*, (κύων, βάτος) *dog-thorn*, a kind of wild rose.

κύνος-ουρα, *ῆ*, (κυνός, οὐρά) a *dog's-tail*: esp. the *Cynosure*, name of the constellation *Ursa Minor*.

κύνο-σπάρακτος, *ον*, (κύων, σπάρασσω) *torn by dogs*.

κυν-οὔχος, *ὁ*, (κύων, ἔχω) a *dog-bolder*, *dog-leash*, *slip*. II. a *dog-skin sack*, used in hunting.

κύνό-φρων, *ον*, *γεν*. *ονος*, (κύων, φρήν) *dog-minded*, *sordid* or *shameless of soul*.

κύντερος, *α*, *ον*, *Comp. Adj.* formed from κύων, *more dog-like*, i. e. *more shameless, more audacious*:—*Sup.*

κύντατος, *ον*, *most shameless*.

κυνώ, *ους*, *ῆ*, (κύων) a *she-dog*, *bitch*.

κύν-ῶπις, *ου*, *ὁ*, (κύων, ὤψ) = κυνὸς ὄμματ' ἔχων, the *dog-eyed*, i. e. *shameless woman*:—*fem.* κύν-ῶπις, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, the *shameless woman*; also *fierce-eyed*, *terrible*.

κύπαιρος, *Dor.* for κύπειρος.

κυνάρσιστος *Att.* -ττινος, *η*, *ον*, (κυνάρσιος) *made of cypress wood*.

ΚΥ-ΠΑΡΙΣΣΟΣ *Att.* -ττος, *ῆ*, a *cypress*, *Lat.* *cypressus*.

ΚΥΤΠΕΙΡΟΝ, τό, or κύπειρος, *ὁ*, a *marsh-plant*, used to feed horses, *galingal*.

κύπελλο-μάχος, *ον*, (κύπελλον, μάχομαι) at which they fight with cups, cf. Horace's scyphis pugnare.

κύπελλον, τό, (κύπη) a *capacious drinking-vessel*, a *beaker*, *goblet*. [ῶ]

κύπερος, *ὁ*, *Ion.* for κύπειρος.

κύπη, *ῆ*, = γύπη, a *bole*, *hollow*.

Κυπρίδιος, *α*, *ον*, (Κύπρις) of or like *Cypris*, *lovely*, *tender*, *delicate*. [ῶ]

Κύπριος, *α*, *ον*, (Κύπρος) of *Cyprus*, *Cyprian*.

Κύπρις, *ιδος*, *ῆ*, *acc.* Κύπριν and Κύπριδα, *Cypris*, a name of *Venus*, from the island of *Cyprus*, where she was most worshipped. II. *love*.

Κυπρο-γενής, *ἐς*, (Κύπρος, *γένειν) *Cyprus-born*: *fem.* Κυπρο-γένεια *Ep.* -γενεία, *ῆ*.

Κυπρόθεν, *Adv.* from *Cyprus*: and

Κύπρονδε, *Adv.* to *Cyprus*. From

Κύπρος, *ον*, *ῆ*, *Cyprus*, a *Greek island* on the southern coast of *Asia Minor*. (Hence *Lat.* *cyprium*, our *copper*.)

κυπτάω, *φ*, ἴσω: *Frequentative* from κύπτω, to *keep stooping*, to go *poking* or *pottering* about a thing.

ΚΥΤΙΤΩ, *φ*, κύψω: *aor.* I ἔκυψα: *pf.* κέκυψα:—to *bend forward*, *stoop*: to *bow down* under a burden;

κέρεα κεκυφότα ἐς τὸ ἔμπροσθεν *horns growing bent*

forward; often in *aor.* I part. with another Verb, θέει κύψας runs with the head down; κύψας ἐσθίει eats stooping, i. e. greedily.

Κύρβας, *αντος*, *ὁ*, shortd. form of Κορύβας.

κυρβάσια, *ῆ*, a *Persian bonnet* or *bat*, with a peaked crown. The king alone wore it upright.

ΚΥΡΒΕΙΣ or κύρβιες, *γεν.* κύρβεον, *dat.* κύρβεσι, *triangular tables*, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides. II. later, any pillars or tablets with inscriptions. III. the sing.

κύρβις is used later of a *pettifogging lawyer*.

ΚΥΡΕΩ and ΚΥΡΩ [ῶ]: *impf.* ἐκύρουν [ῶ] and ἐκύρων with *Ep.* 3 sing. κύρε: *fut.* κῆρήσω and κύρσω: *aor.* I ἐκύρησα [ῶ], *inf.* κῆρήσαι, *part.* κῆρήσας; and *Ep.* ἐκυρσα, *inf.* κύρσαι, *part.* κύρσας: I. followed by a case, 1. *dat.* to *bit*, *light upon*, *reach*, *attain*: to *meet with*, *fall in with*; as λέων σώματι κύρσας.

2. *dat.* with ἐπὶ or ἐν, as, λέων ἐπὶ σώματι κύρσας = λέων σώματι κύρσας. 3. *gen.* to *reach to*, as far as: to *arrive at*, *gain*, *win*, *obtain*. 4. *acc.* to *reach*, *obtain*; also to *find by chance*. II. *intrans.* to *happen*, *come to pass*, *turn out*. 2. *absol.* to *be right*, *hit the exact truth*; with *part.*, τὸδ' ἂν λέγων κύρσας you would be right in saying this. 3. as *auxil.* Verb, like τυγχάνω with *partic.* to *turn out*, *prove*, *happen* to be so and so; κυρεῖ ἂν he happens to be.

κύρηβάω, *φ*, ἴσω, (akin to κυρίσω) to *butt with the horns*: generally, to *strike*. Hence

κύρηβάσια, *ῆ*, a *butting*: *fighting*.

ΚΥΡΗΪΑ, *ον*, τά, *chaff*, *busks*, *bran*.

Κυρηναίος, *α*, *ον*, of *Cyrene*. From

Κυρήνη, *ῆ*, *Cyrene*, the name of a *Greek colony* in *Africa*, famous for its breed of horses.

κύρια, *ῆ*, the *mistress*, *lady*.

κυρίακός, *ῆ*, ὄν, (κύριος) of, belonging to a lord or master; esp. belonging to the LORD (CHRIST): hence ἡ κυριακή (sub. ἡμέρα), the Lord's day, dies dominica: τὸ κυριακόν, the Lord's bouse, whence our *kyrk*, *church*.

κυριεύω, *φ*, ἴσω, to be lord or master of. From

κύριος, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (κύρος): I. of men, having power or authority over, lord or master of, c. *gen.*: κύριός εἰμι c. *inf.*, I have the right or am entitled to do. II. of things, decisive, valid: critical. 2. authorised, ratified. 3. of times, fixed, appointed, regular: at Athens, κυρία ἐκκλησία an ordinary assembly, opp. to σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία (one specially summoned). 4. principal, chief. 5. esp. of language, strict, literal. III. as Subst., κύριος, *ὁ*, a lord, master: an owner, possessor: 2. ὁ Κύριος = *Hebr.* ἸΗΣΟΥΑΗ, THE LORD: in N. T. of CHRIST. Hence

κυριότης, *ητος*, *ῆ*, power, rule, dominion.

κυρίσω *Att.* -ττω, *fut.* ἴψω, (κύρος) to butt with the horns: to *strike* or *dash against*, of floating bodies.

κῠρίως, Adv. of κύριος, like a lord or master, authoritatively. 2. rightfully, fitly.

κυρκᾶνάω, rare form for κυκανάω.

κύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρω) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, spoil.

ΚΥΡΟΣ, εος, τό, supreme power, authority. II. validity, security.

III. as pr. n. Κύρος, ὁ, Cyrus, the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

κύρω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐκύρωσα.—Pass., aor. I ἐκυράθην: pf. κεκύρωμαι:—to make valid or sure, Lat. ratum facere: to settle, accomplish: to confirm, ratify:—Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., ἐκεκύρωτο συμβάλλειν it had been decided to engage.

κύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (κύρω) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment. [v]

κύρω, fut. of κύρω.

κυρτευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (κύρτη) a fisherman.

ΚΥΡΤΗ, ἡ, a fishing-basket, weel, Lat. nassa.

κύρτος, ὁ, = κύρτη.

ΚΥΡΤΟΣ, ὁ, ἄν, curved, bent, arched; ὤμων κυρτοὶ round, humped shoulders:—convex, opp. to concave.

κυρτός, (κυρτός) to curve, bend, arch.

ΚΥΡΩ, = κυρέω, of which it is the Radic. form.

κύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (κυρώ) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment. [v]

κύσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω: inf. κύσαι.

κύσαμένη, aor. I part. med. of κύω.

κύσθος, ὁ, (κύω) any hollow.

κύσι, dat. pl. of κύων.

κύσσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

κύστις, εως and ιος, ἡ, (κύω) = κύστη, the bladder: generally, a bag, pouch.

κύσω, fut. of κυνέω.

ΚΥΤΙΣΟΣ, ὁ, cytisus, a shrubby kind of clover.

κυτρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, a kind of plaster.

κύτω-γάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύτος, γαστήρ) with capacious belly, capacious.

κύτος, εος, τό, (κύω) a hollow: a hollow vessel, a vase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis.

κύτρα, κύτρος, Ion. for χύτρο-.

κύτταρον, τό, = σκ., a pine-cone.

κύτταρος, ὁ, (κύτος) any hollow or cavity: κύτταρος οὐρανὸν the vault of heaven, Lat. cavum coeli: the cell of a honeycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone.

κύφ-ἀγωγός, ὁ, (κυφός, ἄγω) with arching neck.

κύφᾶλος, α, ον, poet. for κυφός.

κύφός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed forwards, stooping. Hence

κύφων, ανος, ὁ, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent yoke of the plough. II. a sort of pillory in which animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who has been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

κύψαι, κύψας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω.

κυψήλη, ἡ, (κύπη) any hollow vessel: a chest, box, bin (whence Cypselus was called).

Κυψελίδαι, οἱ, the descendants of Cypselus.

ΚΥΤΩ, to hold, contain: I. c. acc., like κυνέω, to carry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be big with young, be pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be

in labour with a thought.

II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐκύσα, of the male, to impregnate, make to conceive: but in aor. I med. ἐκυσάμην, to conceive.

ΚΥΨΩΝ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. κυνός, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα, voc. κύων:—plur. nom. κυνές, gen. κυνῶν, dat. κυσί

Ep. κύνεσσι, acc. κύνας:—a dog or bitch: κύνες τραπέζης house-dogs, that feed while their master was at table: κύνες θηρευταὶ hounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian.

II. a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelessness or audacity.

III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods: so the eagle is Διὸς πτηνὸς κύων: the griffins also are Ζηνὸς κύνες.

IV. a sea-dog.

V. the dog-star.

VI. the felloe-joint of a horse.

κω, Ion. for πω.

κῶας, later contr. κῶς, τό: irreg. pl. nom. and acc. κῶεα, dat. κῶσαι: (κεῖμαι).—a soft fleece, sheepskin.

κωδάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶδιον. [d]

κῶδεια, ἡ, the head: the head of a porphy.

κῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κῶας, a fleece, sheepskin.

ΚΩΔΩΝ, ανος, ὁ Att. ἡ, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post: τοῦ κῶδωνος παρενεχθέντος as the bell went its rounds. 2. an alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow.

II. the mouth of a trumpet: also the trumpet itself. Hence

κωδωνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to try or prove by ringing.

κωδωνό-κροτος, ον, (κῶδων, κροτέω) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κωδωνο-φάλαρ-ῶλος, ον, (κῶδων, φάλαρα, πῶλος) with bells on his horses' trappings.

κωδωνο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (κῶδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. κῶδων):—so in Pass., ἅπαντα κωδωνοφορεῖται everywhere the bell goes round, i. e. the sentinels are challenged.

κῶεα, κῶεσι, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of κῶας.

ΚΩΘΩΝ, ανος, ὁ, a Laconian earthen drinking-vessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κωθώνιον, τό, Dim. of κῶθων.

κωίλος, α, ον, Aeol. for κοῖλος.

Κάϊος, α, ον, contr. Κῶος, q. v.

κῶκμα, ατος, τό, (κῶκω) a shriek, wail, lament.

κῶκτός, ὁ, (κῶκω) a shrieking, wailing.

II. as pr. n., Κωκυτός, ὁ, Cocytus, the river of wailing, one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΤΩ, f. ὥσω [v] ὁ ὕσμαι: aor. I ἐκῶκσα Ep. κῶκσαι:—to shriek, cry, wail, lament.

κωλ-αγρέτης or -ακρέτης, ον, ὁ, (so called ἐκ τοῦ ἀγείρειν τὰς κωλὰς):—the collector of the fragments at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneum, and the payment of the dicasts.

κωλάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶλον.

κωλή, ἡ, contr. from κωλέα or κωλέα, (κῶλον), the thigh-bone with the flesh, hind-quarter, ham.

κώληψ, ἦπος, ἡ, (κῶλον, κωλή) *the hollow or bend of the knees.*

Κωλιάς (sub. ἄκρα), ἄδος, ἡ, *Colias*, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

ΚΩΛΟΝ, τό, *a limb, member of a body.* II. generally, *a member or part of anything.* I. of a building, *the side or front.* 2. *one limb or half of the race-course.* 3. *a member or clause of a sentence.*

κώλυμα, ατος, τό, (κωλύω) *a hindrance, obstruction, Lat. impedimentum.* II. *a defence or precaution against a thing.*

κωλύμη, ἡ, = κάλυμα. [ῥ]
κωλυσί-δρομος, ἡ, ον, (κωλύω, δρόμος) *checking the course.*

κωλύθην, verb. Adj. of κωλύω, *one must hinder.*
κωλύτης, οὔ, ὁ, (κωλύω) *a binder.*

κωλυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κωλύω) *binder, preventive.*
κωλύω [ῥ], f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐκάλυσα:—Pass., fut. κωλυθήσομαι, but also f. med. κωλύσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐκάλυθην: pf. κεκάλυμαι: (κύλος):—akin to κολουῶ, *to cut short*: hence *to let, binder*: I. c. inf. *to binder one from doing, forbid to do.* 2. c. gen. rei, *to let or binder one from a thing.* 3. c. acc. rei, *to binder, prevent a thing.* 4. absol., esp. in part., ὁ κωλύσαν *one to binder, a preventer*: τὸ κωλύν *a hindrance*: also οὐ κωλύει *there is no hindrance.* II. Pass. *to be hindered.*

κῶμα, ατος, τό, (κείμαι, κοιμάω) *a deep, sound sleep, Lat. sopor.* 2. *a lethargy, a trance.*

κωμάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι: aor. I ἐκώμασα: pf. κεκώμακα: Dor. pres. κωμάσσω, f. ἄζομαι, aor. I ἐκώμαξα: (κῶμος):—*to go about with a company of revellers, revel, make merry.* 2. *to celebrate a κῶμος or merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the games, to join in these festivities: to honour or celebrate in or with the κῶμος.* 3. generally, *to visit or break in upon in the manner of revellers: to burst in, force a way in.*

κωμ-ἄρχης, ον, ὁ, (κῶμη, ἄρχω) *the head of a village.*
κωμασθῶ, Dor. for κωμάζω.
κωμαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κωμάζω) *a reveller, merryman*:—of Bacchus, *the jolly god.*

κωμάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for κωμαστής.

ΚΩΜΗ, ἡ, = Lat. vicus, *an unvalled village or country town*, a Dor. word = the Att. δῆμος; κατὰ κῶμας οἰκεῖσθαι *to dwell in villages*, as opp. to walled towns.

II. of a city, *a quarter, ward, district.*

κωμηδόν, Adv. *in villages*, Lat. vicatim.

κωμήτης, ον, ὁ, (κῶμη) *a villager, countryman.* II. in a city, *one of the same ward*, Lat. vicinus: generally, *an inhabitant.*

κωμητής, ἰδος, fem. of κωμήτης.

κωμικεύομαι, Dep. *to speak like a comic poet.* From κωμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κῶμος) *of or for comedy, comic.*

κωμό-πολις, εως, ὁ, (κῶμη, πόλις) *a village-town, a town built in a straggling way.*

κῶμος, ον, ὁ, (κῶμη) *a revel, carousal, merrymaking*, Lat. comessatio, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned heads, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κῶμοι, *festal processions*, in honour of several gods, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at the games.

II. *the band of revellers*: metaph. *any riotous band or company.* III. *the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.*

κωμῳδέω, f. ἥσω, (κωμῳδός) *to represent in a comedy: to ridicule, caricature*:—Pass. *to be so satirised.*

κωμῳδία, ἡ, (κωμῳδέω) *a comedy: a mirthful spectacle or exhibition.* There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence κωμῳδικός, ἡ, ὄν, *of or for comedy, comic.*

κωμῳδό-γελως, ατος, ὁ, (κωμῳδός, γέλως) *a comic actor.*

κωμῳδο-γράφος, ὁ, (κωμῳδός, γράφω) *a comic writer.*
κωμῳδοδιδασκάλια, ἡ, *the rehearsing a comedy with the actors: generally, the comic poet's art.* From

κωμῳδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (κωμῳδός, διδάσκαλος) *a comic poet*, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.

κωμῳδο-λοιχέω, f. ἥσω, (κωμῳδός, λείχω) *to play the parasite and buffoon.*

κωμῳδο-ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, and
κωμῳδο-ποιός, ὁ, (κωμῳδός, ποιέω) *a maker of comedies, comic poet.*

κωμ-ῳδός, ὁ, (κῶμη, δοῖδος) *a comedian*: I. *a comic actor.* 2. *a comic poet.*

κωμῳδο-τραγῳδία, ἡ, (κωμῳδός, τραγῳδία) *a tragic-comedy.*

ΚΩΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, hemlock, Lat. cicuta. 2. hemlock juice, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.

κωνίον, τό, Dim. of κῶνος, *a small cone.*

κωνίτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, *extracted from pine-cones.*

ΚΩΝΟΣ, ον, ὁ, *a pine-cone, fir-cone*:—as fem. *a pine or fir tree.* 2. *the cone or peak of a helmet.*

κωνο-φόρος, ον, (κῶνος, φέρω) *cone-bearing*, as pines, etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a pine-cone on the point.

κωνοπέλον, τό, = κωνοπέων, Lat. conopium.

κωνοπέων, ἄνω, ὁ, (κῶναψ) *an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.*

ΚΩΝΩΨ, ἄνω, ὁ, *a gnat*, Lat. culex.

Κῶος, α, ον, of, from the island Cos, Coan. II. ὁ Κῶος, often written κῶος (sub. Βόλος), *the biggest throw with the dice, counting six*, opp. to Χῖος, which counted one: hence the proverb, Κῶος πρὸς Χῖον.

κῶπευς, εως, ὁ, (κῶπη) *a piece of wood fit for an oar, a spar for an oar.*

κῶπεύω, f. σῶ, (κῶπη) *to propel with oars.* 2. *to fit out with oars.*

κῶπη, ἡ, (from κᾰπτω, capio, as λαβή from λαμβάνω) *any handle, as the handle of an oar*: then, *the oar itself.* 2. *the handle or hilt of a sword, the*

bilt, Lat. *manubrium*. 3. *the handle of a key*. 4. *the handle or haft of a torch*. Hence
 κωπήεις, εσσα, εν, *bilted*.
 κωπηλάττω, f. ήσω, to row: to move like an oar,
 move backwards and forwards. From
 κωπη-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (κώπη, ελαίνω) a rower, Lat.
remex.

κωπη-ήρης, es, (κώπη, άραρείν) furnished with
 oars. II. *holding the oar*.

κωπίον, τό, Dim. of κώπη, a small oar.

κώρα, Dor. for κούρη, κόρη.

κώριον, Dor. for κούριον, κόριον.

κώρος, κώρος, Dor. for κούρος, κούρη.

ΚΩΡΥΚΟΣ, ό, a leathern sack or wallet with pro-
 visions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting
 at, like the quintain.

Κώρυκος, ό, Corycus, a promontory of Cilicia, with
 a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi.

Κως Ep. Κόως, ή, gen. Κώ, the island Cos, in the
 Aegæan sea, opposite Caria.

κως, Ion. for πως: but enclit. κως, Ion. for πως.

κωτλλοίσαι, Dor. part. pl. fem. of κωτλλω.

ΚΩΤΥΛΛΩ, to prate, chatter, Lat. *garrire*: to
 wheedle, coax. II. trans. to chatter to, talk over.
 Hence

κωτλος, ή, ov, chattering, prattling: of a swallow,
twittering. II. *coaxing, wheedling*. [Y]

κωφάω, f. ήσω, (κωφός) to make deaf or dumb. II.
 to dull, blunt.

κωφός, ή, όν, (κόπω) blunt, opp. to όξύς. II.
 of the senses, 1. *dumb*, Lat. *mutus*; κωφον κύμα
 a noiseless wave, before it breaks; of men, *dumb*,
mute, *speechless*; also *insensate*, *unmeaning*.

2. also *dull of hearing*, *deaf*, Lat. *surdus*. 3. *dull of*
mind, *stupid*, *obtuse*.

κώχετο, by crasis for καί ὤχετο, impf. of οἶχομαι.

κώψον, by crasis for καί ὠψον.

Λ

Λ, λ, λάμβδα or λάβδα, τό, indecl., eleventh letter
 of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral λ' = 30, but
 λ = 30,000. The Lacedæmonians bore Δ upon their
 shields, as the Sicyonians Σ, the Messenians Μ.

Changes of λ: I. Dor. into ν, as ήνθον φίν-
 τατος for ήλθον φίλτατος: whereas the Att. prefers λ,
 as, λίτρον πλεύμων for νίτρον πνέυμων. II.

Ion., λ beginning a word is dropped, as είβω for
 λείβω, αἰψηρός for λαιψηρός. III. Ep. poets use

λλ for λ, esp. after the augment, as έλλαβε for έλαβε;
 and in compds., where the latter part begins with λ,
 as in τριλλιστος.

IV. Att., λ is sometimes
 changed into ρ, as κρίβανος for κλίβανος, ναύκαρος
 for ναύκληρος. V. Aeol., δ is sometimes changed

into λ, as Lat. *lacryma* corresponded to δάκρυον, *olere*

to όζειν, ὀδ-ωδέναι.

VI. in some words γ and λ
 are interchanged, as in μόγης and μόλις. VII. ν
 before λ becomes λ, as in συλλαμβάνω παλλιλλογος
 έλλείπω.

ΔΑ', insep. Prefix with *intensive* force (like λαι-,
 λι-, δα-, ζα-), e. g. in λά-μαχος very warlike, λα-κατ-
 άρατος much accursed.

ΔΑ'ΑΣ, ό, gen. λᾶος, dat. λαῖ, acc. λᾶαν: plur.,
 gen. λᾶων, dat. λάεσι Ep. λάεσσι:—in Att. also
 contr. nom. λᾶς, acc. λᾶν:—a gen. λᾶον also occurs:
 Lat. *LAPIS*, a stone. II. a rock, crag.

λαβεῖν Ion. λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λαβέν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω: but
 λάβεν, Ep. 3 sing.

λάβεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

λάβη, ή, (λαβείν) *the part to hold by, a handle, baf,*
bilt; λαβήν δοῦναι to give one a grip or hold, me-
 taph. to give one a *handle*, *something to lay hold of*,
 Lat. *ansam præbere*. II. *the act of grasping*,
a taking, acceptance.

λαβήν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάβησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.

λαβοῖσα, Dor. aor. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω.

λαβρο-άγόρης, ου, ό, Att. -αγόρας, (λάβρος, άγο-
 ρεύω) a bold, rash talker, braggart.

λάβροξ, ακος, ό, (λάβρος) a sea-wolf.

λαβρνεομαι, Dep. (λάβρος) to talk boldly, brag,
vaunt.

λαβρο-πόδης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, ποῖς) rapid of foot,
impetuous.

λαβροστομέ, f. ήσω, to drink hard. From

λαβρο-πότης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πίνω) a hard drinker.

ΔΑ'ΒΡΟΣ, ov, *furious*, *boisterous*, *blustering*, *vebe-*
ment. 2. of persons, *boisterous*, *furious*, *turbulent*:
 also *gluttonous*, *greedy*.

λαβροστομέω, (λαβρόστομος) to talk boldly. Hence

λαβρόστομος, ή, bold, rash talking.

λαβρό-στομος, ov, (λάβρος, στόμα) talking rashly.

λαβροσύνη, ή, (λάβρος) boisterousness: also *greedi-*
ness.

λαβρό-σῦτος, ov, (λάβρος, σείω) rushing furiously.

λάβρος, Adv. of λάβρος, violently, greedily.

λαβύρινθος, ό, a labyrinth, maze, a large building
 with intricate passages intersecting each other: the
 earliest was that of Crete. II. *anything of spiral*
or twisted shape. (Foreign word.)

λαβύρινθ-ώδης, es, (λαβύρινθος, είδος) like a laby-
 rinth, intricate.

λάβω, λαβών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω.

λαγάρζω, f. σω, (λαγαρός) to make slack or bollow:
 —Med. to become bollow or gaunt from hunger.

λαγάρός, ά, όν, slack, bollow, sunken. II. slack,
 pliant, flexible. (Akin to λαπαρός.) Hence

λαγάρω, = λαγαρίζω: Pass. to become slack or
 loose.

λαγδην, Adv. (λάζω, λακτίζω) = λάξ, with the beel.

λάγειος, ov, also α, ov, (λαγός, λαγώς) of or from a
 bare.

λα-γέτης, ου, Dor. λαγέτας, α, ὁ, (λαός, ἡγέομαι) *leader of the people.*

ΛΑΤΗΝΟΣ, ὁ, α *flagon*, Lat. *lagena*.

λαγίνος, η, ου, (λαγώς) *of or from a hare.*

λαγίον, τό, Dim. of λαγώς, *a leveret.*

λαγνεία, *lewdness, lust, desire.* From

ΛΑΤΝΟΣ, ου, *lewd, lustful.*

λαγω-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (λαγός, δαίω) *bare-devourer.*

λαγο-θήρας, ου, ὁ, (λαγός, θηράω) *a bare-bunter.*

Hence

λαγοθηρέω, *to hunt hares.*

λαγοκτονέω, ἑ ἤσω, *to kill hares.* From

ΛΑΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, collat. form of λαγώς, *a hare.*

λαγύνος, ὁ, also ἥ, = λαγνός. [Later also ὕ.]

ΛΑΓΧΑΝΩ, fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάξομαι: aor. 2

ἐλάχον Ep. ἐλλάχον: pf. εἴληχα poet. ἐλέλογχα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐλήχθην: pf. εἴληγμαι:—*to obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, πάλον λαχεῖν to have a part assigned one by lot.*

2. *to have assigned to one, to have for one's share; esp. of the gods, Κῆρ λάχε γεννόμενον Fate had him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by inheritance, succeed to.*

3. absol. *to draw lots: to obtain an office by lot, to cast lots for: c. inf., ὁ λαχὼν πολεμαρχεῖν he who had the lot to be polemarch: absol., οἱ λαχόντες those on whom the lot fell.*

4. as Att. law-term, λαγχνάνειν δίκην τινί to sue one at law: hence, λαγχνάνειν τοῦ κλήρου (sc. δίκην) *to sue for one's inheritance.*

II. with partitive gen. *to receive a share of, become possessed of a thing.* III. Causal, in Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐλάχον, *to put in possession of: λελαχεῖν τινα πυρὸς to grant one the right of funeral fire.*

IV. intr. *to fall to one's lot or share: to be assigned by lot.*

λαγω-βόλον, τό, (λαγώς, βάλλω) *a staff for flinging at hares, also used as a shepherd's crook*, Lat. *pedum*: and

λαγωδάριον and λαγωῖδιον, τό, Dim. of λαγώς, *a leveret.*

ΛΑΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ἥ, also ὁ, poet. dat. pl. λαγόνεσσι, *any hollow: esp. like κενών, the hollow part below the ribs, the flank: in pl. λαγόνες, the flanks, loins.*

λαγω-βόλος, ου, (λαγώς, βαλεῖν) *bitting hares.*

ΛΑΤΩΟΣ, ου, ὁ, Ep. for λαγώς, λαγός, *a hare.*

λαγῶς, α, ου, contr. for λαγῶεις, (λαγώς) *of or from a hare:—τὰ λαγῶα (sub. κρέα) bare-flesh, roast hare, and generally, dainties, delicacies.*

ΛΑΤΩΞ, ὁ, gen. λαγῶ, aoc. λαγών and λαγῶ: Ep. nom. λαγῶός, ου, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. *LEPUS, a hare.*

λάδανον, τό, = λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, *to see.*

λάε, dual nom. of λάας *a stone.*

λάεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λάας *a stone.*

λαζεῦ, Dor. imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, *to take, seize, grasp, catch, hold; λάξεσθαι τινα ἀγκάς to take one in the arms: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάξεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.*

λάζυμαι, collat. form of λάζομαι.

λάθα, ἥ, Dor. for λήθη.

λαθ-άνεμος, ου, (λήθη, άνεμος) Dor. for ληθάνεμος, *escaping the wind.*

λάθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λανθάνω.

λαθέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of λανθάνω.

λαθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω.

λαθί-κηδής, ἐς, (λαθεῖν, κηδος) *banishing care.*

λαθί-πονός, ου, (λήθω, πόνος) *forgetful of sorrow, grief; βίσιτος ὀδύναν λαθίπονός a life forgetting, i.e. exempt from, pain.*

λαθί-φθογγος, ου, (λαθεῖν, φθογγή) *robbing of voice, striking dumb, epith. of death.*

λαθοίατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

λαθος, εος, τό, Dor. for λήθος, = λήθη.

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

λαθραῖος, α, ου, also ου, *on, secret, hidden, stealthy, covert.* Adv. -ως, sub. λαθραῖότατα.

λάθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att. λάθρᾱ: (λαθεῖν): *secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. without one's knowledge; Καδμείων λάθρα without the knowledge of the Cadmeans.*

λάθρηδόν, Adv. = λάθρη.

λαθρίδιος, α, ου, poet. for λάθριος. Adv. -ως. [Υ]

λάθριος, ου, (λάθρα) *stealthy, secret, furtive.*

λαθρο-βόλος, ου, (λάθρα, βαλεῖν) *bitting secretly.*

λαθρο-δάκνης, ου, ὁ, (λάθρα, δάκνω) *bitting secretly.*

λαθρό-πους, ὁ, ἥ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (λάθρα, ποῖς) *stealthy-paced, silent-footed.*

λάθω, λάθων, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω.

λα-, insep. Prefix, with intens. force, like λα- or λαι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λαίγῃ, ἱγγος, ἥ, Dim. of λάας *a pebble.*

λαίθ-αργος, ου, = λήθαργος.

λαικάζω, f. άσομαι, (ληκῶ) *to wench.*

λαικαστής, ου, ὁ, (λαικάζω) *a wencher: fem. λαϊκάστρια, a barlot.*

ΛΑΓΙΛΑΨ, άπος, ἥ, *a tempest, storm, hurricane.*

λαῖμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on λήμα, αἷμα, and λαιμός.

λαί-μαργος, ου, (λαι-, μάργος) *greedy, gluttonous.* II. talkative.

λαιμάσσω Att. -ττω, (λαιμός) *to swallow greedily, bolt, devour: intr. to be greedy.*

λαιμη-τόμος, ου, poet. for λαιμοτόμος.

λαιμο-δάκης, ἐς, (λαιμός, δακύν) *throat-bitting.*

λαιμοπέδη, ἥ, (λαιμός, πέδη) *a dog-collar.* II. *a spring for catching birds.*

λαιμο-ρύτός, ου, (λαιμός, ρέω) *gusbing from the throat.*

ΛΑΙΜΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *the throat, gullet.*

λαιμό-τμητος, ου, (λαιμός, τμητός) *with the throat cut or severed.*

λαιμο-τόμος, ου, (λαιμός, τεμείν) *throat-cutting.* II.

pass. **λαιμότομος**, *ον*, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

λαῖνεος, *α, ον*, = **λαῖνος**. [Υ]

λαῖνος, *η, ον*, (λαῖος) of stone, stony; **λαῖνον ἔσσο** χιτῶνα thou hadst put on coat of stone, i.e. thou hadst been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαῖον, *τό*, Dor. for λήιον.

λαῖος, *ἄ, ὄν*, left; **λαῖος χειρὸς** on the left hand; *so* πρὸς **λαῖα** χερί; ἐπὶ **λαῖου** on the left.

λαιο-τομέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (λαῖον, *τεμεῖν*) to plough land.

λαιστήριον, *τό*, (λάσιος) a shield or target lighter than the *ἀσπίς*, covered with raw hides.

ΛΑΙΤΜΑ, *τό*, the deep sea.

ΛΑΙΦΟΣ, *τό*, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαιψηρό-δρομος, *ον*, (λαιψηρός, *δραμεῖν*) swift-running.

λαιψηρός, *ἄ, ὄν*, (λαι-, *ψαίρω*) light-footed, swift.

λακίζω, = **λακίω**, *λάσκω*, to shout, bawl.

Λάκαινα, *ἡ*, fem. of **Λάκων**, Lat. *Lacaena*, *Laconian*. 2. (sub. *γυνή*), a Laconian woman.

Λακαινᾶν, Dor. gen. pl. of **Λάκαινα**.

Λακάνη, late form for **Λεκάνη**.

λα-καταπύγων, *ον*, (λα-, *καταπύγων*) very lustful. [Υ]

Λάκε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of **λάσκω**.

Λακεδαίμων, *ονος, ἡ*, *Lacedaemon*, the capital of *Laconia*; also *Laconia* itself.

Λακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of **λάσκω**.

Λακέρυζα, *ἡ*, (Λακίω) one that cries; **Λακέρυζα κόρην** a cawing crow; **Λακέρυζα κύων** a yelping dog.

Λακίω, Dor. for **ληκίω**.

Λακίσω, fut. of **λάσκω**.

Λακίζω, *φ. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, to rend, tear.

Λάκῖς, *ἴδος, ἡ*, (Λάσκω) a rent, tearing, rending; **Λακίδες** πέπλων ragged robes, tatters.

Λάκισμα, *ατος, τό*, (Λακίζω) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

Λακιστός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (Λακίζω) torn, rent; **μόρος Λακιστός** death by rending.

Λακκό-πρωκτος, *ον*, (Λάκκος, *πρωκτός*) a lewd person, an adulterer.

Λακκό-πύλος, *ον*, (Λάκκος, *πυγή*) = **Λακκόπρωκτος**.

ΛΑΪΚΟΣ, *ὁ*, any hollow, a bole, pit: a cistern, tank: also a cellar, storehouse: a pond: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. *vinarium*.

Λάκος, wrong form of **Λάκκος**.

Λακ-πάτητος, *ον*, (Λάξ, *πατέω*) trampled under foot, trodden down. [Π]

Λακτίω, *φ. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, (Λάξ) to kick with the heel or foot, stamp or trample on; **Λακτίζειν τὸν πεσόντα** to trample on the fallen. 2. absol. to kick; **Λακτίειν πρὸς κέντρα** to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throb. Hence

Λακτισμα, *τό*, a kick: a trampling on.

Λακτιστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (Λακτίω) one who tramples; **Λακτιστὴς ληνοῦ** a treader of the wine-press.

Λάκων, *ωνος, ὁ*, a Laconian or Lacedaemonian; and as Adj. *Laconian*: fem. **Λάκαινα**. Hence

Λακωνίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, to imitate the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak laconically. II. to be in the Lacedaemonian interest. Hence

Λακωνικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *Laconian*; **τὸ Λακωνικόν** the Laconian people:—*ἡ Λακωνική*, 1. (sub. *γῆ*), *Laconia*. 2. (sub. *κρητὶς*), a kind of man's shoe.

Λακωνίς, *ἴδος, fem.* of **Λακωνικός**, 1. (sub. *γυνή*), a Laconian woman. 2. (sub. *γῆ*), the Laconian land.

Λακωνισμός, *ὁ*, (Λακωνίζω) the imitation of the Lacedaemonians in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the Lacedaemonian interest, Laconism.

Λακωνιστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (Λακωνίζω) one who imitates or takes part with the Lacedaemonians, a Laconizer.

Λάκωνο-μάνει, (Λάκων, *μανῆναι*) to be mad after the Lacedaemonians, to have a Laconomania.

λαλαγεῖντες, **λαλαγεῖντι**, Dor. for **λαλαγοῦντες**, **λαλαγοῦσι**, pres. part. and ind. of **λαλαγέω**.

λαλάγω, *φ. ἦσω*, (λαλέω) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλάγημα, *ατος, τό*, (λαλαγέω) a prattling, babbling.

λαλάζω, to prattle, babble, of water. From

λάλεξ, (λαλέω) a prattler, babbler.

λαλεῦμε, Dor. pres. ind. of **λαλέω**.

ΛΑΪΛΕΩ, *φ. ἦσω*, to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, *τό*, talk. II. a talker, prater.

λάλητρος, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of **λαλέω**, to be talked of.

λάλητής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (λαλέω) a talker, prater.

λάλητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (λαλέω) given to talking.

λάλητρις, *ἴδος, ἡ*, fem. of **λάλητής**, a gossip.

λαλιά, *ἡ*, (λαλέω) talking, chat, gossip. II. a form of speech, dialect.

Λάλιος, *α, ον*, poet. for **λάλος**.

λάλλαι, *αἱ*, (λαλέω) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλος, *ον*, (λαλέω) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp. **λαλίστερος**, Sup. **λαλίστατος**.

Λαμά, Heb. for *what? why?*

Λαμαχ-ἵππιον, *τό*, (Δάμαχος, *ἵππιον*) name for Lamachus, little jockey *Lamachus*.

λά-μάχος, *ον*, (λα-, *μάχη*) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

λαμβάνω, fut. **λήψομαι** Ion. **λάμφομαι** Dor. **λαψοῦμαι**,—*εὔμαι*:—aor. 2 **ἔλαβον** Ep. **ἔλλαβον** Ion. **λάβεσκον**, imperat. **λάβέ**, inf. **λαβέην**, part. **λαβών**, *οὔσα, ὄν*:—pf. **ἐλῆφα** Ion. **λελάβηκα**: plqpf. **εἰλήφειν**:—Med., aor. 2 **ἐλαβόμεν**, Ep. redupl. inf. **λελαβέσθαι**: Pass., fut. **ληφθήσομαι**: aor. 1 **ἐλήφην** Ion. **ἐλάμφην**: pf. **εἰλήμμαι** poet. **ἐλήμμαι** Ion. **ἐλαμμαι**.

To take, take hold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, *τὴν πτέρυγος λάβειν* he caught her by the wing:—metaph., *φρενὶ λαβεῖν* to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend:—Med. to keep hold of, grasp tight: also to get hold of, make one's own: metaph., **λαβέσθαι τῶν ὄρων** to take to the hills. II.

to catch, come upon, overtake: of things, to take away, carry off. 2. Att. to meet with, find, find out, detect.

III. to take in, receive hospitably, entertain. IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire.

V. λαμβάνειν τινα ὀρκίῳσι to bind one by oath. VI. metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense.

VII. to have given one, receive, get: in Med. to have to wife. 2. of a woman, to conceive.

3. δίκην λαβεῖν to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. *sumere poenas*: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment, Lat. *dare poenas*.

λάμβδα, τό, indecl., v. sub λ.

Λάμια, ἡ, (λάμος) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

λαμπάδη-δρομία, ἡ, (λαμπάς, δρόμος) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried lighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like honour.

λαμπάδηφορία, ἡ, a carrying of torches, = λαμπαδηδρομία. From

λαμπάδη-φόρος, ον, (λαμπάς, φέρω) torch-bearing: as Subst., λαμπαδηφόρος, ὁ, a torch-bearer.

λαμπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάς, a small torch. II. a bandage for wounds.

λαμπάδ-οὔχος, ον, (λαμπάς, ἔχω) torch-carrying, bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάς, ἄος, ἡ, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp. 2. the torch-race, like λαμπαδηδρομία.

II. as Adj., poet. fem. of λαμπρός, gleaming with torches.

λάμπεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λάμπω.

λαμπετώ, poet. for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ep. part. λαμπετών.

λαμπέτης, ον, δ, fem. λαμπέτις, ἰδος, (λάμπω) the lustrous one.

ΛΑΜΠΗ, ἡ, the scum or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (λάμπω) lustre.

Λάμπος, ὁ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λάμψ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οὐρά) bright-tailed: as a dog's name, Firetail.

λαμπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμπω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρόν ὕδωρ limpid water.

2. of the voice, clear, distinct. 3. of the wind, fresh, keen. 4. metaph. evident, clear, manifest.

II. of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence

λαμπρότης, ἦτος, ἡ, brilliancy, splendour. II. metaph. distinction, splendour: munificence.

λαμφοφονία, ἡ, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρό-φωνος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced.

λαμπρόν, f. ὕνῳ: Med., aor. I. ἐλαμπρύνανην:—Pass., 3 sing. pf. λελάμπρυνται:—(λαμπρός):—to make bright or brilliant.

II. Med. to pride oneself on a thing: to distinguish oneself in. III. Pass. to become bright; λαμπρύνεσθαι ὁμασιν to be-

come clear-sighted.

2. to be or become clear, evident, notorious.

λαμπρῶς, Adv. of λαμπρός, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

λαμπτήρ, ὄν, Ion. for ληπτέος, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λάμπω) a stand or grate for burning wood in: a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch, lamp.

λαμπτηρ-ουχία, ἡ, (λαμπτήρ, ἔχω) a holding of torches; λαμπτηρουχία the beacon-watches.

λαμπτήρσι, dat. pl. of λαμπτήρ.

ΛΑΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I. ἐλαμψα: pf. λέλαμπα:—to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant.

2. of sound, to be clear, ring loud and clear. 3. metaph. to shine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious.

II. trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine.

λαμῦρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμος) yawning, profound. II. voracious, gluttonous.

III. metaph. bold, wanton: of women, coquettish: wayward, arch. Hence

λαμυρῶς, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμυρότερον.

λαμυρῆναι, Ion. aor. I. pass. inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάμφομαι, Ion. for λήφομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

λανθάνω or ΕΛΘΩ, whence the tenses are formed: fut. λήσω Dor. λᾶσῶ: aor. 2. ἔλαθον: pf. ἐλέθηα:

plqpf. ἐλελήθειν:—to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed; c. acc. pers., λάθεν Ἔκτορα he escaped the notice of Hector.

2. with part., λανθάνει κλέπτον he escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where λανθάνω is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part., as, μη διαφραεῖς λάθῃ lest he perish without himself knowing it; also with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, ὥς σαντὸν λάθης διαπραγείναι until thou mayest not observe thyself having burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself aware of it.

II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I. ἔλησα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2. λέλαθον, subj. λελάθῃ:—to make to forget: hence,

III. Med. and Pass. λανθάνομαι or λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λᾶσεύμαι paullo-post fut. λελήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλάθην: aor. I. pass. ἐλήσθην: pf. ἐλέσθαι, Ion. and Ep. ἐλάσθαι part. ἐλασμένος:—to forget, lose the memory of.

Λανός, λανῶ, Dor. for ληνός, ληνού.

ΛΑΨ, Adv. with the heel or foot; λαΨ πατεῖσθαι to be trodden under foot.

λαξευτός, ἡ, ὄν, bewn in stone. From

λαξέω, (λᾶς, ξέω) to cut stones: to bew in stone.

λάξις, (λάζομαι) an allotment of land.

λᾶξις, ἰος, ὁ, Dor. for λῆξις, cessation.

λάζομαι, Ion. for λήζομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

λαο-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, (λαός, δαμάω) man-subduing.

λαο-ξόδος, ον, (λαός, ξέω) stone-cutting: as Subst., λαοξόδος, ὁ, a sculptor.

λαο-πάθος, ἑς, (λαός, παθεῖν) suffered by the people.

λαο-πόρος, ον, (λαός, πόρος) conveying the people.

ΛΑ'Ο'Σ, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. ληός Att. λεώς:—the people:

—in the II. *the soldiery, host, army*; also *a land-army* opp. to *a fleet*; also *the common men* opp. to *their leaders*. II. in plur. λαοί, *the subjects of a prince*.

λάος, irreg. gen. of λάας, *a stone*.
 λαο-σεβής, ἐς, (λαός, σέβομαι) *revered by the people*.
 λαοσ-σός, ον, (λαός, σείω) *rousing or stirring nations*.

λαο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (λάας, τέκτων) *a worker in stone, mason*.

λαο-τινάκτος, ον, (λάας, τινάσσω) *stirred by a stone*.

λαο-τρόφος, ον, (λαός, τρέφω) *nourishing the people*.

λαο-τύπος, ον, (λάας, τύπτω) *cutting stones*: as Subst., λαοτύπος, ὁ, *a stone-cutter, stone-mason*.

λαο-φθόρος, ον, (λαός, φθείρω) *ruining the people*.

λαο-φόνος, ον, (λαός, *φένω) *slaying the people*.

λαο-φόρος Att. λεω-φόρος, ον, (λαός, φέρω) *bearing people*; λαοφόρος ὁδός *a road, highway*.

λαπάζω, f. ξω, = ἀλαπάζω, *to plunder, spoil, pillage*: also, *to carry off*.

λαπάρα Ion. -ρη, ἡ, *the soft part of the body between the ribs and hips, the flank, loins*, Lat. *ilia*. Properly fem. of λαπαρός.

λαπαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λαπάζω) *slack, loose, relaxed*.

ΛΑΠΗ, ἡ, *plegma*, Lat. *pituita*: metaph., ἀνηλίκυ λάπη *in sunless damp*, cf. Virgil's *loca senta situ*. [ἄ]

λαπήνη, aor. 2 pass. inf. of λάπτω.

Λαπίθαι, οἱ, the *Lapithae*, a Thessalian people in the heroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs. [Υ]

λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. I ἐλαφα: pf. λέλαφα:—*to lap with the tongue*, like *Lat. lambō*: generally, *to drink, drain, suck*. (Formed from the sound.)

λαρτίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (λαρίς) *fatted, fat*.

λαρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = λάρος, *a gull*.

Λαρίσσα Ion. Λήρ-, ἡ, Larissa, name of many old Greek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly. Hence

Λαρίσσαος, α, ον, *Larissaeon, of or from Larissa*.

λαρκίδιον, τό, Dim. of λάρκος. [κΥ]

ΛΑΡΚΟΣ, ὁ, α *a basket for charcoal, a coal-basket*.

ΛΑΡΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a coffer, box, chest*: a cinerary urn: an ark.

ΛΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant*. [ἄ, except in one passage.]

ΛΑΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *dainty, sweet, pleasant*:—irreg. Sup. λαρότατος: but the reg. Comp. λαρότερον occurs as Adv.

λαρυγγιάω, (λάρυγξ) *to scream, screech*.

λαρυγγίζω, Att. fut. ἰώ, (λάρυγξ) *to bawl, bel-low*. II. *to outdo in shouting*.

ΛΑΡΥΓΞ, gen. υγγος, ὁ, *the larynx or upper part of the windpipe*: also *the gullet, throat*.

λάς, λάος, ὁ, *a stone*, Att. contr. for λάας.

ΛΑΨΑΝΟΝ, τό, always in pl. *a trivet or stand for a pot, a gridiron*. II. Lat. *lasanum*, *a night-stool*. [λα]

λάσδεο, Dor. for λάζω, imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάσειμαι, Dor. for λήσσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω:

I pl. λασέμεσθα, for λησόμεθα.

ΛΑΨΘΗ, ἡ, *mockery, insult*.

λασθήμεν, Dor. for λασθῆναι, λησθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λανθάνω.

λάσι-αύχης, ονος, (λάσιος, αὐχὴν) *with shaggy neck*.

λάσιό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (λάσιος, θρίξ) *shaggy-haired*.

λάσιος, α, ον, Att. os, ον, *shaggy with hair or wool, hairy*. II. *shaggy with bushes, bushy*. (Akin to δασύς.) [ἄ] Hence

λασιό-στερνος, ον, (λάσιος, στέρνον) *with hairy chest*.

ΛΑΨΚΩ, (the tenses formed from obsol. *λᾱκέω, λᾱκω): fut. λᾱκήσομαι: aor. I ἐλάκησα [ἄ]: aor. 2 ἐλάκων, inf. λᾱκεῖν: pf. λέλακα Ion. λέληκα, Ep. part. fem. λελάκυναι.—Med., aor. 2 ἐλάκωμην, Ep. redupl.

λελακόμην, whence 3 plur. λελάκοντο [ἄ]:—*to ring, clash, crash, crackle*: of axles, *to creak*: commonly of things, but also

II. of animals, *to shriek, scream*: of dogs, *to bowl, bay*. III. of men, *to speak loud, shout, shout forth*: rarely *to sing*.

λασῶ, Dor. for λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

ΛΑΨΑΞ, ἄγος, ἡ, *a drop of wine*.

Λατο-γενής, ἐς, (Λατώ, *γένοι) *born of Latona*.

λατομέω, f. ῥω, (λατόμος) *to quarry stones*. Hence

λατομία, ἡ, *a stone-quarry*.

λα-τόμος, ὁ, (λάς, τέμνω) *a stone-cutter, quarry-man*.

λατρεία, ἡ, (λατρεύω) *hired labour, service, servitude*: esp. *the service of the gods, worship*.

λατρεῖν, τό, *hired service, servitude*: esp. *service paid to the gods, worship*. II. *a slave*. From

λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτρις) *to work for hire or pay*. 2. *to serve, be bound or enslaved to*, c. dat. pers.: but also c. acc. pers. *to serve*. 3. *to serve the gods*, c. dat.

λάτρις, α, ον, *of a servant or service*. From

λάτρις, ιος, ὁ and ἡ, *a hired servant*, Lat. *latro*: generally, *a servant, slave*.

ΛΑΨΤΡΟΝ, τό, *pay, hire*; λατρῶν ἀπρεθε *without rent or quittance*.

λαυκάνη, ἡ, = λαίμος, *the throat*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΛΑΤΡΑ Ion. λαύρη, ἡ, *an alley, lane, narrow passage between houses*: also *a pass between rocks, ravine, defile*. II. *a sewer, drain*.

λαφυγμός, ὁ, (λαφύσσω) *greediness, gluttony*.

ΛΑΨΤΡΑ, τά, *spoils taken in war*, Lat. *spolia*.

λαφύρ-αγωγέω, f. ῥω, *to make booty of*. From

λαφύρ-αγωγός, ὄν, (λάφυρα, ἄγω) *carrying off booty*.

λαφύρο-πώλεις, ον, ὁ, (λάφυρα, πωλέω) *a retailer of booty, Lat. sector*.

λαφύσσω Att. -τιω, fut. ξω, (λάπτω) *to swallow greedily, eat up, devour*: of men, *to eat gluttonously, gorge*, Lat. *belluari*. Hence

λαφύστιος, α, ον, *gluttonous*.

ΛΑΨΑΙΝΩ, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐλάχνη:—*to dig*.

λαχάνειω, f. σω, (λάχανον) *to plant with pot-herbs*:—Med. *to gather herbs*.

λαχάνη-λόγος, ον, (λάχανον, λέγω) *gathering herbs*.

λαχανίζομαι, Dep. (λάχανον) to gather herbs. Hence
 λαχανισμός, ὁ, a gathering of herbs.

λάχανον, τό, (λαχαίνω) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά,
 garden-herbs, opp. to wild plants, pot-herbs, vegetables,
 greens, garden-stuff, Lat. olera. 2. τὰ λάχανα the
 vegetable-market, the green-market.

λαχανο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (λάχανον, πωλέω) a green-
 grocer: fem. λαχανο-πωλήτρια, and λαχανό-πωλις,
 ιδος, ἡ, a woman who sells garden-stuff.

λάχε, Ep. for ἐλάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

λάχεια, either for ἐλάχεια, fem. of ἐλαχύς, small;
 or fem. of an Adj. λαχύς (from λαχαίνω) well-tilled,
 fertile.

λάχειν, aor. 2 inf. of λαγχάνω.

Λάχσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (λάχειν) Lachesis,
 one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. II.
 lot, destiny, fate.

λάχη, ἡ, (λαχαίνω) a digging.

λάχνη, α, ον, woolly, hairy, downy. From

ΛΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, soft woolly hair, down: the soft nap
 or pile on cloth: sheep's-wool. Hence

λαχνῆεις, εσσα, εν, woolly, hairy.

λαχνό-γυιος, ον, (λάχνη, γυῖον) with hairy limbs.

λάχνος, ὁ, =λάχνη, wool. Hence

λαχνόω, f. ὠσω, to make hairy:—Pass. to grow
 downy.

λαχν-ώδης, ες, (λάχνη, εἶδος) like down, downy.

λαχοῖν, Att. for λάχοιμι, aor. 2 opt. of λαγχάνω.

ΛΑΧΟΣ, τό, (λάχνῃ) one's lot, fate, destiny. II.
 the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [ᾶ]

λάχων, aor. 2 part. of λαγχάνω.

λαμβάνω and λαβούμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω.

λάβων, fut. part. of λάπτω.

λαψῆ, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΑΨ, = βλέπω, to see, behold, look at: old Ep.
 word used by Hom. in part. λάνω and Ep. 3 sing.
 impf. λάε. [ᾶ]

*ΛΑΨ, = θέλω, to wish: see λῶ.

Λαίνα, ἡ, fem. of λαών, a lioness.

Λαίνω, f. λαῶν Ep. λαϊνέω: aor. I ἐλένηα Ep.
 λένηα: (λείος):—to smooth, polish, work smooth;
 λαίνειν κέλευθον to smooth the way. II. to

rub smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to de-
 stroy. III. metaph. to smooth away, smooth or
 soften down.

Λαάντερα, ἡ, fem. of λααντήρ.

Λααντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λααίνω) a polisher.

Λεβης, ἦτος, ὁ, (λείβω) a kettle, caldron. II.

the basin in which the purifying water (χέρνυψ) was
 handed round: but also, a sort of basin which was
 struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan
 kings. III. a cinerary urn.

Λεγών, ὠνος, ἡ, Gr. form of the Lat. legio, a legion.

Λέγομες, λέγοντι, Dor. for λέγομεν, λέγουσι, I and
 3 pl. of λέγω.

ΛΕΤΩ, f. λέξω: aor. I ἔλεξα: pf. εἶλοχα:—Med.,
 fut. λέξομαι: aor. I ἐλεξάμην:—Pass., fut. λεχθήσο-
 μαι: paullo-post fut. λελέξομαι: aor. I pass. ἐλέχθην,

aor. 2 ἐλέγην: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐλέγμην, 3 sing.
 λέκτο: pf. εἰλεγμαι or ἐλέεγμαι: I. Act. TO
 LAY, to lay asleep, lull to sleep:—Pass. and Med.
 TO LIE, to lie down.

II. to lay in order, ar-
 range, and so to gather, pick up:—Med. to gather
 for oneself: hence to choose, pick out.

III. to reckon, count, tell or reckon up.

IV. to recount,
 tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of ora-
 cles, to say, declare: it is used later to express any

communication by word of mouth; λέγειν κατά τινας
 to accuse one: c. inf., λέγειν τινα ποιεῖν τί to tell,
 bid, command; λέγειν τί, to say something, i. e. to

speak to the purpose; opp. to λέγειν οὐδέν, to say
 nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. dicere, to speak
 of, mean, refer to, as, εἶσω κομίζου σύ, Κασάνδραν

λέγω go thou within, I mean Cassandra:—Pass. λέ-
 γεται, it is said, on dit; τὸ λεγόμενον, absol. as the
 saying goes.

Ληλασία, ἡ, a driving off booty, pillaging. From
 ληλατέω, f. ἦσω, to drive away booty, drive cattle,
 to make booty: hence to plunder, despoil. From

ΛΕ-ΗΛΑΣΤΗΣ, ου, ὁ, (Λεῖα, ἐλαύνω) one who drives off
 booty, a plunderer, marauder. [ᾶ]

ΛΕΙ'Α Ion. λήτῃ, ἡ, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle;
 hence what can be driven off as booty.

Λεαίνω, fut. λεισένω, Ion. and Ep. for Λααίνω.

ΛΕΙΒΩ, ψω: aor. I ἔλεψα:—to pour, pour forth:
 mostly like σπένδω, to pour a libation. II. to

let flow, shed:—Med. to flow, run, trickle; λείβε-
 σθαι δακρύοις to melt into tears: hence to melt or
 pine away:—Pass. to be moistened, bedewed.

Λεῖβομαι, Ion. and poet. for ληΐβομαι.

Λείηναι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of Λααίνω.

Λείηναι, Ep. aor. I part. of Λααίνω.

Λειμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = λειμών, a meadow: a garden.

Λεῖμμα, ατος, τό, (λείπω) a remnant, remains.

Λειμών, ὠνος, ὁ, (λείβω) any moist grassy place, a
 meadow, mead, Lat. pratium.

Λειμωνιάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος; νύμφη λει-
 μονιάς a meadow-nymph.

Λειμώνιος, α, ον, (λειμών) of a meadow.

Λειμωνίς, ιδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος.

Λειμωνόθεν or -θε, Adv. (λειμών) from a meadow.

Λειο-γένειος, ον, (λείος, γένειον) smooth-chinned.

Λειο-κύμων, ον, (λείος, κύμα) with gentle waves.

Λειό-μίτος, ον, (λείος, μίτος) smoothing the threads
 of the warp.

Λειοντή, ἡ, poet. for λεοντή, a lion's skin.

Λειοντο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (λέων, μάχη) poet. for λεοντ-,
 a lion-fighter.

Λειοντο-πάλης, ου, ὁ, (λέων, πάλη) poet. for λεοντ-,
 wrestler with a lion.

ΛΕΙΓΩΣ, α, ον, or ος, ον, Lat. LĒVIS, smooth:
 of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, smooth:
 c. gen., λείος περπάων level and free from rocks. 2.

with a smooth chin, beardless. 3. metaph. smooth,
 soft, gentle.

Λειότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (λείος) smoothness.

λείουσι, poet. for λέουσι, dat. pl. of λέων.

λειπτόν, verb. Adj. of λείπω, one must leave.

ΛΕΙΠΩ, f. λείψω: aor. 2 act. ἔλιπον, inf. λιπεῖν; (aor. I ἔλειψα only in late writers): pf. λέλοιπα:—Med., fut. λείψομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., fut. λειψήσομαι, paullo-post fut. λελείψομαι: aor. I ἐλείψθην: aor. 2 ἐλίπην [τ]: pf. λέλειμαι: plqpf. ἐλελείμην:—Lat. LINGUO, to leave, leave remaining: of dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath:—so in Med. to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memorial.

2. to desert in danger, abandon, forsake. II. Pass. to be left, left behind, left remaining. 2. to be left behind in a race: pf. part. λελειμμένος, left behind, lingering behind, inferior to: absol. to stay behind. 3. c. gen. to be left without: to come short of. . . be inferior, worse, weaker than another. 4. to be wanting or lacking. III.

intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear: to be wanting, cease, Lat. deficere.

Λειριόεις, εσσα, εν, (λείριον) of or like a lily, lily-white, delicate.

ΛΕΙΨΙΟΝ, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. lilium.

Λείστος, see ληϊστός.

Λέϊτος or λείτος, ον, (λαός, λέως) of the people, Ion. for Att. δημόσιος.

Λειτουργία, f. ἡσω, (λειτουργός) to perform public duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve public offices at one's own cost: cf. λειτουργία. II. to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence

Λειτουργία, ἡ, a public service:—at Athens a liturgy, i. e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment. II. divine service, whence our word Liturgy.

Λειτουργικός, ὁ, ὄν, performing public service, ministering. From

Λειτουργός, ὄν, (λείτος or λείτος, ἔργον) performing public duties, serving the state. II. a priest, minister of God.

ΛΕΙΧΗΝ, ἡσος, ὁ, a tree-moss, lichen. II. hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, scurvy: of the ground, a blight, canker.

ΛΕΙΧΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἔλειξα:—Lat. LINGO, to lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf. part. λελειχότες.

Λείψας, aor. I part. of λείβω.

Λειψάνη-λόγος, ον, (λείψανον, λέγω) gathering remnants.

Λειψάνον, τό, (λείπω) a piece left, remnant, relic, wreck: in plur. remains, remnants, Lat. reliquiae.

Λειψό-ῶδριον, τό, (λείπω, ὕδωρ) an ill-watered district near mount Parnes in Attica.

Λείων, ὁ, poet. for λέων, hence Ep. dat. λείουσι. Λεκάνη, ἡ, (λέκος) a dish, pot, pan. [ἄ] Hence λεκάνης, ἡ, λεκάνιον, τό, λεκάνισκη, ἡ, Diminutives of λεκάνη:—a little dish or pan, platter.

Λειθο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, fem. -πώλις, ιδος, (λέκιθος, πωλέω) a pulse-porridge seller.

ΛΕΚΤΩΟΣ, ὁ, pulse-porridge.

ΛΕΨΟΣ, εος, τό, a dish, plate, pot, pan.

Λεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) good at speaking, fluent, eloquent. II. suited for speaking.

Λέκτρο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγω.

Λεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) gathered, chosen, picked out.

II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.

Λέκτρον, τό, (λέγω) a couch, bed, Lat. lectus: λέκτρονδε to bed. 2. in pl. the marriage-bed, marriage.

Λελαβέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. med. of λαμβάνω.

Λελάβηκα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.

Λελάθη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λανθάνω.

Λελάθοντο, λελαῖσθω, λελαῖσθαι, 3 pl. indic., 3 sing. imperat., and inf., aor. 2 med. of λανθάνω.

Λελάκα, pf. of λάσσω.

Λελάκοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of λάσσω.

Λελακμία, Ep. pf. part. fem. of λάσσω.

Λελαμμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

Λελασμαι, Ion. and Ep. pf. pass. of λανθάνω.

Λελάχων, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

Λελάχω, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαγχάνω.

Λέλειπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of λείπω.

Λελεῖσθαι, pf. pass. inf. of λείπω.

Λελειχμός, nom. pl. irreg. pf. part. of λείχω.

Λέλευμαι, pf. pass. of λείω.

Λελεῖσθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of λέγω.

Λέληθα, pf. of λανθάνω.

Λέληκα, Ion. pf. of λάσσω: part. λεληκός.

Λέλημαι, poet. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

Λέλησμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λανθάνω: but λέλησμαι, pf. pass. of ληΐζομαι.

Λελήμαι, old Ep. pf. of λιλαιόμαι, (and therefore properly λελήμαι), to strive eagerly, long for, be zealous for: participle λελημένος, zealous, hasty, eager.

Λελιμμένος, pf. part. of λίπτομαι.

Λελογισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of λογίζομαι, deliberately, advisedly.

Λελογχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

Λελόγηκα, poet. for ἐλελόγηκε, 3 sing. plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

Λέλοιπα, pf. of λείπω.

Λελουμένος, pf. part. pass. of λούω.

Λελύμασμαι, pf. pass. of λυμαινόμαι. [ῥ]

Λέλυνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of λύω:—ἔλυντο, Ep. for ἐλέυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

Λελύτο, Ep. for λελύοιτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of λύω.

Λελώβημαι, pf. in pass. sense of λωβάομαι.

ΛΕΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, a small boat with a sharp prow, a felucca.

Λέμμα, ατος, τό, (λέπω) that which is peeled off, peel, husk, skin, scale.

Λέντον, τό, the Lat. linteum, a linen cloth, napkin.

Λέξω, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I imperat. med. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

Λέξις, εος, ἡ, (λέγω) a speaking, speech. 2. a way of speaking, diction, style.

Λέξω, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I med. imperat. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

λεοντέη contr. λεοντή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a lion's skin, properly fem. of λεόντεος.

λεόντειος, α, ον, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

λεοντό-διφρος, ον, (λέων, δίφρος) in chariot drawn by lions.

λεοντο-κέφαλος, ον, (λέων, κεφαλή) lion-headed.

λεοντό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, (λέων, πούς) lion-footed.

λεοντο-φόνος, ον, (λέων, *φένω) lion-killing.

λεοντο-φόρος, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing.

λεοντο-φύης, ἐς, (λέων, φύη) of lion nature.

λεοντό-χλαινος, ον, (λέων, χλαῖνα) clad in lion's skin.

ΛΕΪΤΙΑΔΟΝ, τό, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth (μασχαλιστήρ).

λεπαῖος, α, ον, (λέπας) of a scaur or crag: craggy.

λέπ-αργος, ον, (λέπος, ἀργός) with white skin or feathers.

λέπας, τό, (λέπω) a bare rock, scaur, crag.

λέπας, ἀδος, ἡ, a limpet, Lat. patella, from its clinging to the rock (λέπας).

λεπαστή, ἡ, (λέπας) a limpet-shaped drinking-cup.

λεπιδόμοι, Pass. (λεπίς) to be covered with scales. Hence

λεπιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, scaly, covered with scales; λεπιδωτός θώρηξ scale-armour. II. Subst. a fish with large scales.

λεπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπω) a scale, husk, shell.

λέπρα Ion. λέπρη, ἡ, (λεπρός) the leprosy.

λεπράς, ἀδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of λεπρός, rough.

λεπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λέπος) scaly, rough: leprous, mangy.

λεπτακνός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for λεπταλέος.

λεπταλέος, α, ον, (λεπτός) fine, slender, delicate.

λεπτ-ἐπί-λεπτος, ον, thin upon thin, thin as can be.

λεπτό-γειος, ον, Att. λεπτό-γεως, ὤν, (λεπτός, γαῖα, γῆ) of a thin or poor soil.

λεπτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle in mind.

λεπτό-γραμμος, ον, (λεπτός, γραμμή) drawn fine.

λεπτό-γραφος, ον, (λεπτός, γράφω) written fine.

λεπτό-δομος, ον, (λεπτός, δέμα) slightly built: slight.

λεπτολογέω, f. ἥσω, to speak subtly, to chab logic, quibble: so too λεπτολογέομαι; as Dep. From

λεπτο-λόγος, ον, (λεπτός, λέγω) speaking subtly, subtle, quibbling.

λεπτό-μίτος, ον, (λεπτός, μίτος) of fine threads.

λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about a fourth of a farthing, a mite.

λεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέπω) peeled, cleaned of the husks:—hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sense, thin, lean, meagre. II. strait, narrow.

III. slight, small, insignificant; τὰ λεπτά τῶν προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sheep and goats; λεπτά πλοῖα small craft: of sound, light, slight. IV. metaph. fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, fine, delicate.

λεπτοσύνη, ἡ, = λεπτότης.

λεπτότης, ητος, ἡ, (λεπτός) thinness, fineness, slighthness, leanness. II. metaph. subtlety.

λεπτοურγέω, f. ἥσω, (λεπτοουργός) to do fine work: hence to refine overmuch, deal subtly, quibble.

λεπτο-ουργής, ἐς, (λεπτός, ἔργον) finely worked.

λεπτο-ουργός, ὄν, (λεπτός, ἔργον) producing fine work.

λεπτο-ὑφής, ἐς, (λεπτός, ὑφαίνω) finely woven. [ὑ].

λεπτο-ψάμαθος, ον, (λεπτός, ψάμαθος) with fines and leanness. f. ὠνά, (λεπτός) to make thin: to thrash, beat out:—Pass. to grow lean.

λεπτώς, Adv. of λεπτός, slightly: subtly.

λεπτύριον, τό, Dim. a small husk, thin rind. From

λεπτύρον, τό, (λέπος) a shell, husk, rind.

ΛΕΪΤΙΩ, fut. ψω: aor. I ἔλεψα:—to strip off the husks or rind, to peel or bark.

Λέρνα, ἡ, Lerna, a marsh in Argolis, the abode of the Hydra:—hence Λερναῖος, α, ον, Lernaean.

Λεσβιάζω, to imitate the Lesbian women. From

Λεσβιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman.

Λεσβίζω, = Λεσβιάζω.

Λέσβιος, α, ον, (Λέσβος) Lesbian, of Lesbos.

Λεσβόθεν, Adv. from Lesbos. From

Λέσβος, ἡ, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

λεσχάζω, (λέσχη) to chatter, gossip.

λέσχη, ἡ, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and hear the news, a lounge, place of public resort: also a council-hall. II. talking, gossip:

in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; πρὸς ἐμὴν λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence

λεσχηγεῖν, f. σω, to chat or converse with.

λευγαλέος, α, ον, (akin to λυγρός) in sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

Λευίτης, ου, ὁ, one of the tribe of Levi (Λεὺϊ), a Levite. [ἱ] Hence

Λευιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, Levitical.

λευκαῖνα, (λευκός) to whiten, bleach, bleach. 2. to make bright or light.

λευκᾶν, Dor. for λευκᾶν, gen. pl. of λευκός.

λευκανάω, aor. I inf. of λευκαίνω.

λευκ-ανθής, ἐς, (λευκός, ἄνθος) white-blossoming, white, blanched, pale; λευκανθὲς κάπα a white head.

λευκ-ανθίζω, (λευκός, ἄνθος) to have white blossoms: generally, to be white.

λευκός, ἀδος, poet. fem. of λευκός, white, chalky: hence the promontory of Epirus was called Λευκάς.

Λευκάς, Dor. gen. fem. of λευκός.

Λεύκ-ασπις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, ἀσπίς) white-shielded.

Λεύκη, ἡ, (λευκός) the white leprosy. II. the white poplar, Lat. populus alba, used for chaplets.

λευκ-ήρετος, ον, (λευκός, ἔρετος) with white or foaming oars.

λευκ-ήρης, ἐς, (λευκός, ἀραιεῖν) white, blanched.

Λευκιππίδες, αἱ, daughters of Leucippus, nymphs worshipped at Sparta.

Λεύκ-ιππος, ον, (λευκός, ἵππος) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.

Λευκίτης [ἑ], ου, ὁ, = Λευκός.
Λευκο-θέα, ἡ, (Λευκή, θεά) *the white goddess*; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitious sea-goddess.

Λευκο-θρίξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (Λευκός, θρίξ) *white-haired*.
Λευκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (Λευκός, θώραξ) *with white cuirass*.

Λευκο-ῖον, τό, (Λευκός, ῖον) *the stock or wall-flower*.

Λευκο-κύμα, ν, gen. ονος, (Λευκός, κύμα) *white with waves, surfy*. [ῥ]

Λευκο-λίνον, τό, (Λευκός, λίνον) *white flax for ropes and rigging, used by the Phoenicians*.

Λευκο-λόφος, ου, ὁ, and Λευκο-λόφος, ου, (Λευκός, λόφος) *white-crested*:—Λευκόλοφον, τό, *a white bill*.

Λευκο-όπωρος, ου, (Λευκός, ὄπωρα) *with white autumn fruits*.

Λευκο-παρείος Ιον. -πάρης, ου, (Λευκός, παρεία) *fair-cheeked*.

Λευκο-πεπλος, ου, (Λευκός, πέπλος) *white-robed*.

Λευκο-πηχυσ, υ, gen. εως, (Λευκός, πήχυς) *white-armed*.

Λευκο-πληθής, ἐς, (Λευκός, πληθος) *filled with white or with persons in white*.

Λευκό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (Λευκός, πούς) *white-footed*: *barefooted*.

Λευκο-πρεπής, ἐς, (Λευκός, πρέπω) *white-looking*.

Λευκό-πτερον, ου, (Λευκός, πτερόν) *white-winged*.

Λευκό-πῶλος, ου, (Λευκός, πῶλος) *with white horses*: *riding a white horse*.

ΛΕΥΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *light, bright, brilliant, clear*: of water, *bright*. II. *white, gray, hoary*: of the skin, *white, fair*, but also, *blanchered, pale, wan*. 2. *Λευκός χρυσός pale* (i. e. alloyed) *gold, opp. to ἀπρόφθοσ or refined*. 3. *metaph. fair, happy, joyful, gay*. 4. of sound, *clear*, like *λαμπρός*.

Λευκο-στεφής, ἐς, (Λευκός, στέφω) *white-wreathed*.

Λευκό-στικος, ου, (Λευκός, στίζω) *speckled with white, grizzled*.

Λευκό-σφύρος, ου, (Λευκός, σφυρόν) *white-ankled*.

Λευκό-τρόφος, ου, (Λευκός, τρέφω) *white-growing*.

Λευκο-φάής, ἐς, (Λευκός, φάος) *white-gleaming*.

Λευκο-φόρος, ου, (Λευκός, φέρω) *white-robed*.

Λεύκ-οφρύς, υ, (Λευκός, ὀφρύς) *white-browed*.

Λευκο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (Λευκός, χιτών) *white-coated*. [ῥ]

Λευκό-χροος, ου, contr. -χρους, ου, (Λευκός, χροά) *white-coloured*: heterocl. acc. *Λευκόχροα*.

Λευκο-χρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (Λευκός, χρώς) *white-skinned*.

Λευκός, f. ὥσω, (Λευκός) *to whiten*: *to paint white*:—Med., *Λευκοῦσθαι ὄπλα to whiten their shields*. II.

Λευκοῦν πόδα to bare the foot.

Λευκ-ώλενος, ου, (Λευκός, ὠλένη) *white-armed*.

Λεύκωμα, τό, (Λευκός, λευκώω) *anything whitened*: *a white tablet for public notices, Lat. album*.

Λευρός, ἁ, ὄν, (Λείος) *smooth, level, even*. II. *smooth, polished*.

*ΛΕΥΣ, ὁ, = λάας, *a stone*: hence
Λεύσιμος, ου, *stoning*; Λεύσιμος θάνατος *death by*

stoning; Λεύσιμοι ἀπαί *curses that will end in stoning*; Λεύσιμος δίκη *the penalty of death by stoning*.

Λεύσιμος, οὔ, ὁ, (Λεύς, Λεύω) *a stoning*.

Λεύσω, fut. Λεύω (only in late authors), *to look or gaze upon, see, behold*. 2. absol. *to look*; ὁ μὴ Λεύσσαν *he that sees not*, i. e. one that is dead.

Λευστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (Λεύς, Λεύω) *one who stonies or deserves stoning*:—as Adj., Λευστήρ μόρος *death by stoning*.

Λεύω, f. σω, aor. I pass. ἐλεύσθην: (Λεύς):—*to stone*.

Λεχε-ποίη, ἡ, (Λέχος, ποία) *with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy*.

Λεχ-ώρη, ἐς, (Λέχος, ἀραιῶν) *bed-ridden*.

Λεχθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of Λέγω.

Λέχος, εος, τό, (Λέγω I) *a couch, bed*. 2. *a bier*. II. *the marriage-bed*: *a marriage*. Hence

Λέχοσδε, Adv. *to bed*.

Λέχριος, α, ου, *slanting crosswise, oblique*. From ΛΕΨΧΡΙΣ, Adv. *slanting, crosswise, atwart*.

Λεχά, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἡ, (Λέχος) *a woman in child-bed*.

Λεχώτιος, ου, (Λεχά) *of, belonging to child-bed*.

Λεω-κόριον, τό, (Λεύς, κόρα) *the temple of the daughters of Leos*.

ΛΕΨΩΝ, οντος, ὁ, Ep. dat. pl. λείουσι, Lat. LEO, *a lion*: metaph. of Artemis, Ζεύς σε Λέοντα γυναιξὶ θῆκε Zeus *made thee a lion toward women*, i. e. their destroyer.

Λεω-οργός, ὄν, (Adv. Λεύω, ἔργον) *all-daring, audacious*: as Subst., Λεωοργός, ὁ, *a knave, villain*.

Λεύς, ὦ, ὁ, Att. for λαός, nom. pl. λεῖφ, people; ἀκούετε λεῖφ *hear O people*, the beginning of Athenian proclamations.

Λεύς, Adv., Ion. for λίαν, *entirely, wholly*.

Λεω-σφέτερος, ου, (Λεύς, σφέτερος) *only in Hdt. g. 33, Λεωσφέτερον ἐποίησαντο Τισαμενόν they made him one of their own people*.

Λεω-φόρος, ου, (Λεύς, φέρω) *bearing people, frequented*: Λεωφόρος (sub. ὁδός), ἡ, *a thoroughfare*.

Λῆ, 3 sing. of *λάω, λῶ.

Ληγέμεναι, ληγέμεν, Ep. inf. of λήγω.

ΛΗΤΩ, f. ἔω, to ΛΑΨ, *allay, abate*, like παύω: c. gen., λῆγειν χεῖρας φόνιον *to stay one's hands from murder*. II. more freq. intr., *to leave off, or cease from*, λῆγειν ἔριδος *to cease from strife*; c. part., λήγων ἐνάρizan *I cease slaying*:—also absol. *to cease, make an end*.

Λήδανον, τό, (λήδον) *gum ladanum, gum mastich*.

Ληδάριον, τό, Dim. of λῆδος, *a light dress*. [ᾱ]

ΛΗΨΑΝ, τό, *the mastich, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum λήδανον is found*.

Λῆδος, εος, τό, (Λείος) *a thin cloth, light dress*.

Ληΐσμαι, Att. for ληΐζομαι.

Λήθαρος or ληθαῖος, α, ου, (λήθη) *of or for forgetfulness, oblivious*. II. *of or from Lethe, Lethean*.

Ληθάνω, Causal of λανθάνω: *see λανθάνω* II.

Ληθαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, *drivisy, slothful*. From

λήθαργος, ου, (λήθη) *forgetting, c. gen.*: absol.

forgetful, lethargic.

ληθεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληθάνω) causing forgetfulness.
 ληθεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, poet. for λήθη.
 λήθη Dor. λάθα, ἡ, (λήθομαι) a forgetting, forgetfulness, Lat. oblitio. II. Lethe, the river of oblivion in the lower world.

λήθος, τό, Dor. λᾱθος, = λήθη.

ΛΗΘΩ, λήθομαι, older form of λανθάνω, λανθάνομαι, whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω.

λη-άνειρα, ἡ, (λήϊς, ἀνὴρ) making prey of men.

ληϊάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of ληϊδῖος, captive.

ληι-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. ληϊ-βότειρα, (λήϊον, βόσκω) crop-devouring.

ληϊδῖος, α, ον, (λήϊς) taken as booty, captive.

ληϊζομαι Att. λήζομαι: fut. λήσσομαι Ep. ληίσσομαι: aor. I ἐληίσσῃν Att. ἐλῆσῃν, Ep. 3 sing. λήισσας:—Pass., pf. λέλῃσμαι: Dep.: (λήϊς):—to seize as booty, make spoil of: generally, to get or gain by force. II. to plunder, ravage a country. III. pf. λέλῃσμαι occurs in pass. signif., to be spoiled, taken as booty.

λήϊη, Ion. for λεία.

ληι-νόμος, ον, (λήϊον, νέμω) dwelling among the corn-fields.

ΛΗ'ΙΩΝ, τό, a crop, crop of corn: later, a corn-field.

λήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for λεία, booty, spoil. 2. a herd or flock, cattle.

ληίσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ληϊζομαι.

ληιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ληϊζομαι) Ep. for Att. ληστής.

ληιστής, οὐ, ὁ, Ion. for ληστής.

ληιστωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ληιστής.

ληιστός or λείστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ληϊζομαι) carried off as booty, to be won by force.

ληιστός, ἴδος, ἡ, (ληϊζομαι) plundering, spoiling.

ληϊτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ληϊς) she who makes or dispenses booty, epith. of Athena.

λήιτον [τ], τό, Achaian name for the Athen. πρῦτα-νεῖον the town-ball. Properly, neut. of λήιτος.

λήϊτος, η, ον, (λεώς, λαός) of the people, public.

ΛΗΚΕ'Ω Dor. λᾱκέω, to sound, = λᾱσκω. Hence

ληκίβδα, Adv. sounding; παίζειν λ. to beat time.

ληκύθιον, τό, Dim. of λήκυθος, a small oil-flask.

ΛΗ'ΚΤΘΟΣ, ἡ, an oil-flask, oil-bottle: a casket. [ῥ]

λήμα, τό, (*λάω, λῶ) wish, will, purpose: in good sense, spirit, courage: in bad sense, pride, arrogance.

λημᾶλός, α, ον, (λήμῃ) bleared, purblind, of the eyes, Lat. lippus.

λημᾶτιάω, (λήμα) to be spirited or resolute.

λημᾶώ, (λήμῃ) to be bleared: to be purblind.

ΛΗ'ΜΗ, ἡ, Lat. gramia, a tumour that gathers in the eye, rheum: αἱ λήμαι, sore eyes.

λήμμα, τό, (εἰλημμαι) anything received, income, receipts: gain, profit, Lat. lucrum.

Λήμνιος, α, ον, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From

Λήμνος, ἡ, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegean sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.

Ληναϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (Λήναια) belonging to the Λήναια.

ληναῖος, α, ον, (ληνός) belonging to the wine-press: 1. Ληναῖος, Lat. Lenaeus, epith. of Bacchus

as god of the wine-press. 2. Λήναια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Lenaea, an Athenian festival held in the month Ληναιών in honour of Bacchus, at which there were dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets. 3. Λήναιον, τό, the Lenaeum, or place at Athens where the Lenaea were held.

Ληναῖτης, ον, ὁ, = Ληναϊκός.

Ληναιών, ὦνος, ὁ, old name of the Att. month Γαμηλιών in which the Athenian Lenaea were held, the latter part of Jan. and former of Feb.: the seventh month of the Attic year.

ΛΗΝΟΣ Dor. λᾱνός, οὐ, ἡ or ὁ, a trough, Lat. alveus: 1. a wine-vat. 2. a trough for watering cattle. 3. a kneading-trough.

ΛΗ'ΝΟΣ Dor. λᾱνος, εος, τό, Lat. LANA, wool.

λήξαιμ, aor. I opt. of λήγω.

λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήγω) a cessation, end.

λήξις, εως, ἡ, (λήζομαι) appointment by lot, allotment. II. as law-term, a written complaint lodged with the archons, a plea or accusation. 2. λήξις τοῦ κλήρου an application for one's lawful inheritance.

λήζομαι, fut. of λαγχάνω.

ληός, rare Ion. form for λαός.

ληπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken. II. neut. ληπτέον, one must take bold: one must take or accept.

ληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken or comprehended.

ληρέω, f. ἡσω, (λήρος) to be foolish or silly, behave foolishly; ληρεῖ ἔχων he keeps on acting foolishly.

ΛΗ'ΡΟΣ, ὁ, idle talk: frivolousness, nonsense.

ληρός, οὐ, ὁ, a small trinket, Lat. leria.

λης, 2 sing. of *λάω, λῶ.

λησιμ-βροτος, ον, (λήθω, βροτός) taking men unawares, a cheat.

λησμοσύνη, ἡ, forgetfulness. From

λήσμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λήθω) forgetting, unmindful.

λήσσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω.

ληστεία, ἡ, (ληστεύω) a course of plundering, robbery, piracy, Lat. latrocinium.

ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστής) to be a robber or pirate: c. acc. to plunder, sack.

ληστήριον, τό, a band of robbers. From

ληστής Ion. ληϊστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ληϊζομαι) a robber, plunderer: esp. a pirate.

ληστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληστής) inclined to rob, piratical: τὸ ληστικόν piracy. Adv. -κῶς, in the manner of pirates: Comp. ληστικώτερον more after the manner of pirates.

λήστις, ἡ, (λήθω) a forgetting.

ληστο-κτόνος, ον, (λήστης, κτείνω) slaying robbers.

ληστρικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ληστικός, piratical; τὸ ληστρικόν a pirate-vessel.

ληστρίς, ἴδος, pecul. fem. of ληστικός.

λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

Λητο-γενής, ἐς, Dor. Λᾱτ-, (Λητώ, *γένω) born of Leto, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Λατογένεια, of Diana.

Λητοΐδης Dor. Λατ-, ον, ὁ, (Λητώ) son of Leto, of Apollo. [r]

Λητώ, ὅς contr. οὐς, ἡ, Leto, Lat. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Λητοῦς, dat. Λητοῖ, acc. Λητῶ, voc. Λητοῖ.

Λητώος Dor. Λατ-, α, ον, (Λητώ) of or born of Letona: fem. also Λητωῖς, ἴδος.

ληφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of λαμβάνω.

λήψις, ἡ, (λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, seizing. 2. an accepting, receiving.

λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΙ-, insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf. λα-, λαι-.

ΛΙ'Α'ΖΟΜΑΙ, aor. 1 ἐλίσσθην: Pass.:—to bend sideways, swerve, withdraw: of the waves, to retire, recede: to vanish, of a vision. II. to bend downwards, slip down, fall; part. λιασθεῖς having fallen; περὶ πυκνὰ λιασθέν the thick wings drooped.

λίαν Ion. λίην, Adv. (λί-) too much, over-much, like the later ἄγαν, Lat. nimis. II. very much, exceeding, right well. [i both long and short.]

λίᾱρος, ἁ, ὄν, = χλιαρός, warm, lukewarm: generally, soft, mild.

λιασθεῖς, aor. 1 part. pass. of λιάζομαι.

λιασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of λιάζομαι.

λιβάζω, f. σῶ, (λιβάς) to let fall in drops:—Med. to run out in drops, trickle.

λιβάνος, ὁ, the frankincense-tree, producing λιβανωτός. II. = λιβανωτός, frankincense.

λιβάνω-φόρος, ον, = λιβανωτοφόρος.

λιβανωτός, οὐ, ὁ, (λιβανός) frankincense, the gum of the tree λιβανός. II. a censer.

λιβανωτο-φόρος, ον, (λιβανωτός, φέρω) bearing frankincense.

λιβάς, ἁδος, ἡ, (λείβω) anything that drops or trickles: a spring, fount or stream: in pl. water; δακρύων λιβάδες streams of tears.

λιβερτινός, ὁ, the Lat. libertinus, and λιβερός, ὁ, the Lat. libertus, a freedman.

λίβος, τό, = λιβάς, tears: but λιβός, gen. of λίψ.

λίβρός, ἁ, ὄν, (λείβω) dripping, wet.

Λιβύη, ἡ, Libya, the north part of Africa, west of Egypt, first mentioned in the Odyssey.

λίβυς, ὅς, ὁ, fem. Λιβυσσα, (Λιβύη) a Libyan: also as Adj. Libyan. Hence

Λιβυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Libya, African.

ΛΙΓΑ-, Adv. of λίγυς, as ᾧκα of ᾧκός, loudly, clearly, thrillingly, shrilly. [r]

λιγαίνω, (λιγύς) to cry out with clear loud voice: to shriek, scream: also to sound, play, sing.

λιγγω, (λιγύς) only found in Ep. aor. 1, λίγγε βίς the bowstring twanged.

λιγδών, Adv. (λίζω) scraping, grazing, Lat. strictim.

λιγεῖν, poet. for λιγεῖν, gen. pl. fem. of λιγύς.

λιγέως. Adv. of λιγύς, loudly, clearly, shrilly.

ΛΙΓ'Υ'Σ, ὅς, ἡ, smoke mixed with flame, murky flame.

λίγγε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of λιγγω.

λιγυ-ήχης, ἑς, (λιγύς, ἡχη) clear-sounding.

λιγυ-θροός, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (λιγύς, θρόος) clear-singing.

λιγυ-μολπος, ον, (λιγύς, μολπή) clear-singing.

λιγυ-μῦθος, ον, (λιγύς, μῦθος) clear-speaking.

λιγυ-πνείων, οντος, (λιγύς, πνέω) shrill-blowing, whistling, rustling.

λιγυ-πνοιος, ον, (λιγύς, πνοιή) = λιγυπνείων.

λιγυ-πτερύγος, ον, (λιγύς, πτέρυξ) chirping with the wings, of the cicada.

λιγυρίζω, f. σῶ, (λιγυρός) to sing loud or clear.

λιγυρός, ἁ, ὄν, (λιγύς) shrill, sharp, piercing, of sound: also clear, sweet, clear-toned. II. later, pliant, flexible.

λιγυρός, Adv. loudly, clearly.

ΛΙΓΥ'Σ, λιγεία, λιγύ, of sound, clear, sharp, piercing, shrill: also clear-toned, sweet: also of grief, clamorous: and of the nightingale, thrilling. [r]

Λίγυς, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, a Ligurian, one who lived in Liguria (north of Genoa).

λιγυ-φθογγος, ον, (λιγύς, φθογγή) clear-voiced, clear-toned.

λιγυ-φωνος, ον, (λιγύς, φωνή) clear-voiced, screaming.

ΛΙ'ΖΩ, f. ξῶ, (akin to λείχω) to graze, scratch, wound slightly: hence λιγδὼν and ἐπι-λιγδὼν.

λίην, Adv., Ion. for λίαν.

λιθάζω, f. σῶ, (λίθος) to throw stones. 2. to stone.

λίθαξ, ακος, ὁ, ἡ, (λίθος) stony, rocky. II. as Subst. λίθαξ, ἡ, a stone.

λίθας, ἁδος, ἡ, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

λίθεος, α, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony.

λίθη-λογής, ἑς, (λίθος, λέγω II) built of stones.

λίθιδιον, τό, Dim. of λίθος, a small stone, pebble.

λίθινος, ἡ, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. Adv.

-ως, like stone, with stony look.

λιθό-βλητος, ον, (λίθος, βάλλω) stone-throwing, pelting. II. set with stones.

λιθοβολέω, f. ἥσω, to pelt with stones, stone. From

λιθο-βόλος, ον, (βαλεῖν) throwing stones, pelting with stones; οἱ λιθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers. II.

λιθόβολος, ον, pass. struck with stones, stoned.

λίθο-γλύφος, ον, (λίθος, γλύφω) carving stone; as

Subst., λιθογλύφος, ὁ, a sculptor. [v]

λιθο-δερκής, ἑς, (λίθος, δερκομαι) with stone look, looking one to stone.

λιθό-δητος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

λιθο-δόμος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone: as Subst., λιθοδόμος, ὁ, a mason.

λιθο-εργός, ον, (λίθος, *ἐργω) turning to stone.

λιθο-κόλλητος, ον, (λίθος, κολλάω) wrought with stone, inlaid with precious stones: bard as stone.

λιθο-κτενία, ἡ, (λίθος, κτείνω) death by stoning.

λιθό-λευστος, ου, ὁ, (λίθος, λένω) stoned with stones;

λιθόλευστος Ἄρης death by stoning.

λιθολόγημα, ατος, τό, a stone building. From

λιθο-λόγος, ον, (λίθος, λέγω II) picking out stones

and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf.

λογάδην;—as Subst., λιθολόγος, ὁ, a mason, = λιθοδόμος.

λιθο-ξόος, ον, (λίθος, ξέω) polishing stone: as Subst., λιθοξόος, ὁ, a marble-mason.

λιθο-ποιός, ὄν, (λίθος, ποιέω) turning to stone.

λιθο-ρῖνος, ον, (λίθος, ρύνω) with stony skin.

ΛΙΘΟΣ [ῥ], ον, ὁ, a stone: of stupid people, λίθοι, blocks, stones: proverb., λίθον ἔχειν to boil a stone, i.e. to lose one's labour.

2. stone as a substance. II. λίθος, ἡ, mostly of some special stone, as marble or the magnet; ἡ διαφανὴς λίθος a transparent crystal used for a burning-glass.

III. at Athens, λίθος was a name for various blocks of stone used for rostra or pulpits, to speak from; as the Bema of the Pnyx.

IV. the piece on a draught-board.

λιθο-σπάδης, ἐς, (λίθος, σπάω) rent in the stone, made by tearing out a piece of rock.

λιθο-στρωτός, ον, (λίθος, στρώννυμι) paved with stones, inlaid with stones: as Subst., λιθόστρωτον, τό, a tessellated pavement.

λιθοτομία, ἡ, a cutting or quarrying of stones: a stone-quarry. From

λιθο-τόμος, ον, (λίθος, τέμνω) cutting stone.

λιθοτρογέω, f. ἦσω, to work in stone: turn into stone.

λιθ-ουργός, ὄν, (λίθος, *έργω) working in stone: as Subst., λιθουργός, ὁ, a stone-mason, also a sculptor: hence, σιδήρια λιθουργά a stone-mason's tools.

λιθοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry stones. From

λιθο-φόρος, ον, (λίθος, φέρω) carrying stones.

λιθ-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for λιθοειδής, (λίθος, εἶδος) like stone, stony.

λικμαῖος, α, ον, of or for winnowing. From

λικμάω, f. ἦσω, (λικμός) to winnow corn.

2. metaph. to scatter like chaff. Hence

λικμητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a winnower of corn.

λικμητός, ὁ, (λικμάω) a winnowing.

ΛΙΚΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, = λίκνον.

ΛΙΓΚΝΟΝ, τό, a wicker fan or basket for throwing the corn against the wind, so as to separate the chaff from the grain, a winnowing-fan.

II. a fan-shaped basket, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by Virg. mystica vannus Iacchi.

III. a cradle of wicker-work.

λικνο-φόρος, ον, (λίκνον, φέρω) carrying the sacred winnowing-fan in procession.

λικριφίς, Adv. crosswise, sideways, athwart. (From λέκρως, λέκτριος.)

λιλαῖομαι, (λι-, λελήμαι) Dep. to long, crave; of a lance, λιλαιομένη χροὸς ἄσαι longing to taste flesh: c. gen. to long or thirst for a thing.

λιμένω, (λιμός) to hunger, be starved, famished.

λιμένεσσι, Ep. for λιμέσιν, dat. pl. of λιμήν.

λιμενίτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (λιμήν) of the harbour: presiding over the harbour.

λιμεν-ορμῆτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, (λιμήν, ὀρμίζω) stationed in the harbour.

ΛΙΜΗΝ, ἐνός, ὁ, a harbour, haven. 2. metaph.

a haven, retreat, refuge. 3. a gathering-place, receptacle.

Λιμνός, ἁ, ὄν, (λιμός) hungry, starved, famished.

Λίμναι, αἱ, (λίμνη) a quarter of Athens near the Acropolis, in which stood the Lenaeum.

λιμναῖος, α, ον, (λίμνη) marsby, of or from the mere, ὄρνιθες λιμναῖοι water-fowl: stagnant.

λιμνάς, ἁδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of λιμναῖος.

λιμνάτης [ᾱ], fem. -ᾱτις, Dor. for λιμνήτης, -ῆτις.

λίμνη, ἡ, (λείβω) a large pool of standing water: a lake, mere, esp. a marsby lake. 2. in Homer, the sea. 3. a basin or artificial reservoir for water.

λιμνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις Dor. -ᾱτις, ἰδος, (λίμνη) living or growing in marshes.

λιμνο-φύης, ἐς, (λίμνη, φύω) marsb-born.

λιμν-ώδης, ἐς, (λίμνη, εἶδος) like a marsb, marsby.

λιμνο-θνής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιμός, θνήσκω) dying of hunger.

ΛΙΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, also ἡ, hunger, famine.

λιμο-φορέυς, ὁ, (λιμός, φέρω) a bringer of hunger.

λίμω-δης, ἐς, (λίμός, εἶδος) like hunger, famished.

λιμώσσω Att. -ττω, (λιμός) to be famished.

λίνεος, α, ον, contr. -οῦς, ἡ, οὖν, (λίνον) of flax,

flaxen, linen, Lat. lineus.

λίνευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (λίνον) a bunter with nets.

λινό-δεσμος, ον, (λίνον, δεσμός) = λινόδετος.

λινό-δετος, ον, (λίνον, δέω) bound with flaxen bonds or bands. 2. tied by a thread.

λίνο-θήρας, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, θηράω) a bunter with nets.

λίνο-θήρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for λινोधώραξ, (λίνον, θώραξ) wearing a linen cuirass.

λίνο-κλώστος, ον, (λίνον, κλώω) spinning flax.

λινό-κροκος, ον, (λίνον, κρέκω) flax-woven.

ΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, anything made of flax: a flaxen cord: metaph. the thread spun by the Fates. 2. a net, fishing-net. 3. linen, linen cloth: in pl. sail-cloth; linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp. II. the plant that produces flax, linu, Lat. linum; λίνον σπέρμα lint-seed. [ῥ]

λινό-πέπλος, ον, (λίνον, πέπλος) with linen robe.

λινό-πόρος, ον, (λίνον, πορεύω) sail-wafting.

λινόπταῖομαι, Dep. (λανόπτη) to watch the nets.

λινό-πτερος, ον, (λίνον, πτερόν) sail-winged.

λιν-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, ὀψομαι) one who watches nets to see whether anything is caught.

λινόρ-ράφης, ἐς, (λίνον, ῥάπτω) sewed of flax; δόμος

λινόρραφης a ship having her sails of linen.

Λίνος, ον, ὁ, Linos, a minstrel, son of Apollo and Urania. II. as appellat., Λίνος, ὁ, the song or lay of Linos; in Homer sung by a boy while the vintage is going on. Cf. αἰλινον.

λίνοσάσια, ἡ, a laying of nets. From

λίνο-στατέω, f. ἦσω, (λίνον, ἵστημι) to lay nets.

λίνοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for λίνεος.

λινό-φθόρος, ον, (λίνον, φθείρω) linen-wasting.

λίπα, τό, an old word used by Homer in the phrases

ἀλεῖψαι and ἀλεῖψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαῖον, probably used as an Adv. unctuously, richly. (Cf. λίπος.) [ῥ]

λιπαῖνω, f. ἀνῶ, (λίπας, λίπος) to oil, anoint : metaph. to make fat, enrich :—Med. to anoint oneself.

λιπᾶρ-ἀμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, ἀμπυξ) with bright fillet or tiara.

λιπᾶρέω, f. ἥσω, to persist, hold out, persevere ; c. dat. to persist in a thing. II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously : c. inf., λιπαρεῖς τυχεῖν ἰβου art earnest to obtain. From

ΛΙΠΑΡΗΣ, ἐς, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. II. earnest in praying, importunate.

λιπαρῆτέον, verb. Adj. of λιπαρέω, one must be importunate, beg hard.

λιπᾶρία, ἡ, (λιπαρέω) perseverance, importunity.

λιπαρό-ζωνος, ον, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled.

λιπαρό-θρονος, ον, (λιπαρός, θρόνος) bright-throned.

λιπαρο-κρήδεμος, ον, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμον) with bright head-band or fillet.

λιπαρο-πλόκαμος, ον, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with shining locks.

λιπαρός, ὁ, ὅν, (λίπας or λίπος) oily, shining, anointed with oil : later fat, greasy. II. of the skin, shining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus : metaph. sleek, comfortable, easy. III. of things, bright, brilliant, costly : ample. IV. of soil, fat, rich.

λιπαρό-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, ουν, and -χρως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, χροά, χρώς) with sleek, shining body or skin.

λιπαρώς, Adv. of λιπαρός, sleekly, comfortably.

λιπαρώς, Adv. of λιπαρῆς, earnestly, importunately.

ΛΙΠΑΨ, aos, τό, = λίπος, fat, oil. [r]

λίπ-αυγής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, αὐγή) deserted by light, blind.

λίπᾶω, (λίπας, λίπος) to be fat and sleek.

λίπε, λίπεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λείπω.

λιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λείπω.

λιπερήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ιδος, (λιπεῖν, φέρην) without dowry, destitute.

λιπῶ-γάμος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γάμος) leaving a wife or husband, adulterous : ἡ λιπογάμος the adulteress.

λίπο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λιπεῖν, γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age : hence generally, of unknown age.

λιπῶ-γυιος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γυῖον) wanting a limb, maimed.

λιποῖσα, λιποῖσαν, Dor. for λιποῦσα, λιποῦσαν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λίπο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, μήτηρ) without a mother, orphan.

λιπό-ναυος Dor. also λιπό-ναῦς, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, ναῦς) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.

λίπο-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (λιπεῖν, ναύτης) leaving the sailors.

λιπό-νεως, αν, = λιπόνας.

λιπό-πατρις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατρίς) causing to forget one's country.

λίπο-πατήρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατήρ) a deserter, forsaker of one's father.

λίπό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ουν, (λιπεῖν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.

ΛΙΠΟΣ, τό, grease, whether animal, as fat, lard, tallow ; or vegetable, as oil : metaph., λίπος αἵματος a clot of blood.

λίπο-σαρκής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, σάρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.

λίπο-στέφανος, ον, (λιπεῖν, στέφανος) falling from the wreath.

λίπο-στράτια, ἡ, and λίπο-στράτιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, στρατιά) desertion of the army.

λίπο-τάξια, ἡ, and λίπο-τάξιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, τάξις) a leaving one's post, desertion.

λίπο-τρίχης, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, τρίξ) scant of hair, bald.

λίπο-ψυχέω, f. ἥσω, (λιπεῖν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. e. senseless, to faint, swoon : to die. II. to lack spirit.

λίπῶν, Ep. part. of λιπαῖω.

λίπομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμμα : (formed from prefix λι-) :—to be eager : c. gen. to be eager for, long for : in pf. part., λελιμμένοι μάχης eager for battle.

λίπων, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λῖς, ὁ, acc. λῖν, Ep. for λέων, a lion :—later nom. and dat. plur. λῖες, λῖεσι.

λῖς, ἡ, Ep. apocope form for λισσῇ, smooth ; λῖς πέτρῃ a bare, smooth rock.

λίσαι, aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι. [r]

λίσση, 2 sing. fut. of λίσσομαι. [r]

λίσπος, ἡ, ον, (λίσσός, λείος) smooth, polished.

λίσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. of λίσσομαι.

λίσσας, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of λίσσός, smooth :—as Subst., λίσσας, ἡ, a smooth bare cliff ; cf. λίσσός.

λίσσεσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι.

ΛΙΣΣΟΜΑΙ : aor. I ἐλίσσῃν Ep. ἐλλίσῃν :

aor. 2 ἐλίσθην, opt. λιτοίμην, inf. λιτέσθαι : Dep. :—to beg, pray, intreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers. : c. inf., λίσσεσθαι μὴ προδοῦναι to pray one not to betray.

λίσσός, ἡ, ὅν, (λείος, λίσπος) smooth ; λισσῇ πέτρῃ a smooth, bare cliff ; cf. λίσσός.

λίστός, ἡ, ὅν, (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer.

λίστρεύω, f. σω, to dig, hoe ; φυτὸν λίστρεύειν to dig round a plant. From

λίστρον, τό, (λίσσός) a tool for levelling or smoothing, a shovel, spade, hoe.

λίτα, τά, in Homer, smooth, plain clothes ; v. sub λῖς II.

λιταῖνω, (λιτή) to pray, entreat : supplicate.

λιτανέωμεν, Ep. for -ωμεν, aor. I subj. of λιτανεύω.

λιτανεύω, f. σω :—the augm. tenses are used in Ep. with λλ metri grat., impf. ἐλλιτάνευον, aor. I ἐλλιτάνευσα : (λιτή) :—to pray, entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.

λιτᾶνός, ἡ, ον, (λιτή) praying, suppliant : as Subst.,

λίτανα, τά, = λιταί, prayers.

λίταργίζω, f. σω, to hasten, run, hurry. From

λίτ-αργός, ον, (λι-, ἀργός) running quick.

λιτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

λίτη, ἡ, (λίσσεται) a prayer, entreaty, supplication. II. Λιταί, Prayers, personified as goddesses, in II. 9. 502, sq.

λίτοιμην, aor. 2 opt. of λίσσεται.

λίτομαι [ῥ], rarer pres. for λίσσεται, to pray.

λίτος, ἡ, ὅν, (λείος) smooth, plain, Lat. simplex.

λίτός, ἡ, ὅν, (λίσσεται) praying, supplicatory.

λίτρα, as, ἡ, Lat. libra, a pound: as a weight, = 12 ounces. Hence

λιτραῖος, α, ον, worth a libra.

λίτρον, τό, Att. for νίτρον.

Λιτυέρσης, ου, ὁ, Dor. -σας, Lityerses, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. Αἴνος, Μανέρως.

λίτυον, τό, the Roman lituus or augur's rod.

λίχάνος, ὅν, (λείχω) licking: as Subst., λίχανος

(sub. δάκτυλος), ὁ, the fore-finger.

λίχην, ἥνος, ὁ, v. sub λειχῆν.

λιχμάξω, f. άσω, (λείχω) to lick.

λιχμάσμαι, Dep. (λείχω) to lick, to play with the tongue, esp. of snakes.

λιχνεία, ἡ, daintiness, greediness.

λιχνο-βόρος, ον, (λίχνος, βορά) nice in eating, dainty.

λίχνος, η, ον, (λείχω) dainty, lickerish, greedy. 2. metaph. curious, eager.

λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβός, (λείβω) the SW. wind, Lat. Africus.

λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβός, acc. λίβα, (λείβω) any liquid poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering.

λό, for λόε; see λούω.

λοβός, οὐ, ὁ, (λέπω) the lobe or lower part of the ear:—the lobe of the liver. 2. a pool.

λογάδην, Adv. (λογάς) picking out, esp. of stones picked out for building, without being squared. [ᾶ]

λογάς, άδος, ὁ and ἡ, (λέγω) gathered: picked, chosen, esp. of soldiers.

λογάω, (λόγος, λέγω) to be fond of talking.

λογεῖον, τό, (λόγος) a speaking-place: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the speakers or actors, Lat. pulpitum.

λογία, ἡ, (λέγω) a collection for the poor.

λογίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγος, a little fable. [ῥ]

λογίζομαι, f. ίσσομαι Att. ιούμαι: aor. i med. ἐλογισάμην, pass. ἐλογίσθην: pf. λελόγισμαι: Dep. (λόγος):—to count, reckon, calculate, compute; ἀπὸ χειρὸς λογιέσθαι to calculate off hand. II. to take into account, consider: c. acc. to count or consider as so and so. 2. c. inf. to count or reckon upon doing. 3. to calculate, reason: also, to conclude by reasoning, infer. III. the pres., and the aor. i and pf. ἐλογίσθην, λελόγισμαι, are also used in pass. sense, to be computed or calculated.

λογικός, ἡ, ὅν, (λόγος) belonging to speech or speaking. II. belonging to the reason, rational. 2. fit for reasoning: hence ἡ λογική (sub. τέχνη), Logic.

λόγιμος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (λόγος) worth mention, remarkable, considerable.

λόγιον, τό, a declaration, oracle: neut. of λόγιος.

λόγιος, α, ον, (λόγος) skilled in words: I.

learned, esp. learned in history: as Subst., λόγιος, ὁ, a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer, as opp. to ποιητής. II. eloquent.

λογισμός, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) reckoning, computation. II. consideration, reasoning, reflexion: a conclusion.

λογιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) a calculator, computer. II. in pl. auditors: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

λογιστικός, ἡ, ὅν, (λογιστής) skilled in calculating. II. skilled in reasoning or arguing.

λογογράφία, ἡ, prose-writing, opp. to poetry. From

λογο-γράφος, ον, (λόγος, γράφω) writing prose: as Subst., λογογράφος, ὁ, a chronicler, annalist. II.

writing speeches, esp. for others to deliver.

λογο-λέσχης, ου, ὁ, (λόγος, λέσχη) a prater.

λογομαχέω, (λογομάχος) to strive about words. Hence

λογομαχία, ἡ, a war about words.

λογο-μάχος, ον, (λόγος, μάχη) warring about words.

λογοποιέω, (λογοποιός) to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports. Hence

λογοποιία, ἡ, invention of stories, tale-telling.

λογοποιός, ὅν, (λόγος, ποιέω) word-making:—as Subst., λογοποιός, ὁ, a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer. 2. a writer of fables. II.

at Athens, one who wrote speeches for others to deliver. 2. an inventor of stories, tale-teller, news-monger.

λόγος, ὁ, (λέγω) I. the word by which the inward thought is expressed: also II. the inward

thought or reason itself.

I. Lat. oratio, vox, that which is said or spoken: I. a word, in pl. words, language; ὡς εἰπεῖν λόγῳ in a word:—in Att., talk, pretence;

τῷ λόγῳ in pretence, opp. to ἐργῳ in reality. 2. a saying, expression: an oracle, maxim, proverb. 3.

conversation, discussion; εἰς λόγους ἔλθεῖν to have a conference or interview. 4. a speaking or

talking about a thing; λόγον ἄξιος worth talking of, worth mention:—a report, rumour, λόγος ἐστὶ or ἔχει, so the story goes, Lat. fama fert. 5.

a tale, story, opp. both to mere fable (μῦθος) and to regular history (ἱστορία): a. fictitious story, fable,

such as those of Aesop. b. a story, narrative, mostly in pl., history, chronicles: in sing. one part of the narrative. 6. λόγοι, prose-writing, prose,

opp. to ποιήσεις, a book. b. at Athens, speeches: a speech; the power of speaking, oratory, eloquence. 7.

the right or privilege of speaking, Lat. copia dicendi, λόγον τι διδόναι to give one the right of speaking,

i. e. a hearing. 8. like ῥῆμα, the thing spoken of, the subject of the λόγος.

II. Lat. ratio, thought, reason; κατὰ λόγον agreeable to reason: reflexion, deliberation: λόγον ἑαυτῷ διδόναι to allow himself reflexion, i. e. to think

over a thing. 2. account, consideration, esteem.

regard; λόγου ποιείσθαι τινα to make one of account; λόγον τινός ἔχειν to make account of a person; opp. to ἐν οὐδενί λόγῳ ποιείσθαι τινα to make one of no account; ἐν ἀνδρὶ λόγῳ ἔχειν to regard in the light of a man. 3. calculation, reckoning: the account or reckoning: λόγον δίδουσι to give an account. 4. relation, proportion, analogy. 5. a reasonable ground, a condition, esp. in the phrase ἐπὶ τῷ λόγῳ or ἐπὶ τοῖς λόγοις upon condition; ὁ λόγος αἰρεῖ it stands to reason that, Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., Ὁ ΛΟΓΟΣ, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason.

ΛΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, a spear-bead, javelin-bead, Lat. spiculum: in pl. the point with its barbs, II. a LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea. III. a troop of spearmen.

λοχ-ήρης, ἐς, (λόγχη, ἀραρεῖν) armed with a spear.

λοχλιδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγχη.

λόγχιμος, ον, (λόγχη) of or with a spear.

λοχχο-ποιός, ὄν, (λόγχη, ποιέω) making spears.

λοχχο-φόρος, ον, (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing:—as Subst., λοχχοφόρος, ὁ, a spearman, pikeman.

λοχχωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λόγχη) lance-beaded.

λόγως, Dor. acc. pl. of λόγος.

λόε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of λούω.

λοέστας, λοεσάμενος, Ep. for λούστας, λουσάμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of λούω.

λοέσσομαι, Ep. for λούσσομαι, fut. med. of λούω.

λοετρών, λοετρο-χός, oldest form of λουτρο-.

λοέω, Ep. form of λούω.

λοιβή, ἡ, (λείβω) a pouring: a drink-offering, libation, Lat. libatio.

λοιγίος, ιον, (λοιγός) pestilent, deadly.

ΛΟΙΓΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, ruin, mischief, death: plague.

λοιδορέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐλοιδόρησα:—Med. and Pass., f. -ἦσομαι: aor. I ἐλοιδορήσασθαι and ἐλοιδορήθημι (λοιδορός):—to rail at, abuse, revile: against the gods, to blaspheme:—Med. to rail at one another; but the med. and pass. forms are commonly used in same sense as Act. Hence

λοιδορησμός, οὐ, ὁ, a railing at, abusing.

λοιδορία, ἡ, (λοιδορέω) railing, abuse, reproach.

λοιδορός, ον, railing, abusive.

ΛΟΙΜΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis.

λοιπός, ἡ, ὄν, (λείπω) remaining, surviving, Lat. reliquus; τοῦ λοιποῦ (sub. χρόνου), for the rest of the time, henceforward; οἱ λοιποὶ all the rest, Lat. ceteri; τὸ λοιπὸν the remainder, Lat. quod superest; τὰ λοιπὰ the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

λοισθήνιος, ον, Ep. for λοισθίος, λοισθος; λοισθήϊον ἀέθλον the prize for the last in the race.

λοισθίος, α, ον or ος, ον,=λοισθος.

λοισθος, ον, (λοιπός) left behind, last: Sup. λοισθότατος, last of all.

λόκιη (not λόκη), ἡ, a cloak.

Λοκρίς, ἰδος, fem. Adj. Locrian. II. as Subst. (sub. γῆ) Locris. From

Λοκροί, οἱ, the Locrians: the Opuntian Locrians

opp. Euboea; the Epimenidian, on the Malia Gulf; the Epizephyrian, in the South of Italy.

Λοξίας, ου, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from λέγειν, λόγος, as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

λοξο-βάτης, ου, ὁ, (λοξός, βαίνει) walking sideways.

ΛΟΞΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, slanting, crosswise, Lat. obliquus: λοξὸν or λοξὰ βλέπειν τινί to look askance at one, Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχένα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang down the head, Lat. stare capite obstipō.

λοξο-τρήχης, ἰδος, fem. Adj. (λοξός, τρέχω) oblique-running.

λόον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λούω.

λοπάδ-αρπάγιδης, ου, ὁ, (λοπάς, ἀρπάζω) a dish-snatcher.

λοπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λοπάς, a little dish, platter. [ἀ]

ΛΟΠΑΨ, ἰδος, ἡ, a flat dish, plate or platter.

λοπίς, ἰδος, ἡ,=λεπίς.

λοπός, οὐ, or λόπος, ον, ὁ, (λέπω) a shell, husk, bark, peel.

λούω, Ep. for λούω.

λούμαι, Att. for λούομαι, Pass. of λούω.

λούσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of λούω.

λουσεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of λούω.

λουσθαι, contr. inf. pass. of λούω.

λουσάω, Dor. fut. of λούω.

λουσιώ, Desiderat. of λούω, to wish to bathe.

λούτριον, τό, (λούω) water that has been used in a bath.

λουτρο-δαΐκτος, ον, (λουτρόν, δαΐζω) slain in the bath.

λουτρόν Ep. λοετρόν, τό, (λοέω, λούω) a bath, bathing-place.

II. water for bathing; ἐν λουτρῷ while bathing.

III. libations. λουτρο-φόρος, ον, (λουτρόν, φέρω) bringing water for bathing or washing, esp. at a marriage; λουτρο-φόρος χλιδή the marriage-ceremony.

λουτροχοέω, to pour water into the bath. From λουτρο-χός, ον, Hom. λοετρ-, (λουτρόν, λοετρόν, χέω) pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

λουτράν, ὄνος, ὁ, (λουτρόν) a bathing-room, bath.

ΛΟΤΩ, fut. λούσω Dor. λουσάω: aor. I ἐλουσα

Ep. λούσα:—Med., f. λούσομαι: aor. I ἐλουσάμην,

Ep. 3 pl. λούσαντο:—Pass., aor. I ἐλούσθην:—pf.

λέλουμαι.—From the uncontr. form λοέω come the

Ep. impf. λέεον, aor. I inf. and part. λείσσαι, λείσ-

σας: Med., fut. λείσσομαι: 3 sing. aor. I ind. and

part. λείσσομαι, λείσσομενος.—Several forms also

come from λάω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. λέε, λέον;

Ion. and old Att., pl. impf. ἐλούμεν (contr. from ἐλό-

ομεν), pres. med. λούμαι, λούνται; impf. ἐλούτο,

ἐλούντο, inf. λείσθαι, λούσθαι. To wash, esp. to

wash the body: Med. and Pass. to wash oneself, bathe;

c. gen., λελούμενος Ὀκεανοῖο (of a star just risen)

fresh bathed in Ocean. II. to wash off or away.

λοφάω, f. ἦσω, (λόφος) to have a crest. 2. to be

sick, ill of a crest.

λοφείον, τό, (λόφος) a crest-case: any case.

λοφία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (λόφος) *the mane of animals, esp. of horses, the bristly back of boars; ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφὴ κατέχρα the mane served for a crest.* II. *the ridge of a bill, a bill.*

λοφίτης, ου, ὁ, (λόφος) *a dweller on the hills.*
 λοφνός, ἰδος, ἡ, (λένω) *a torch of vine-bark.*
 λοφοποιός, ὄν, (λόφος, ποιέω) *making crests: as* Subst., λοφοποιός, ὁ, *a crest-maker.*

ΛΟΨΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *the back of the neck, the neck, esp. of draught-cattle: metaph., ὑπὸ γυφὶ λόφον ἔχειν to have the neck under the yoke.* II. *a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill, Lat. jugum, dorsum: a bill.*

III. *the crest of a helmet, Lat. crista, commonly of horse-hair.* 2. *a tuft of hair on the crown: the crest or tuft on the head of birds, Lat. crista, a cock's comb.*

λόφωσις, ἡ, (λόφος) *the wearing a crest: the crest itself.*

λοχ-ἀγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτης, = λοχαγός, q. v.

λοχάγέω, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέω, (λοχαγός) *to lead a λόχος or company.* Hence

λοχαγία, ἡ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, *the rank or office of λοχαγός.*

λοχ-ἀγός, οὔ, ὁ, (λόχος, ἄγω) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγός, *the leader of a λόχος, the captain of a company, Lat. centurio.*

λοχάζω, = λοχάω.

λοχάω, f. -ήσω and -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐλόχησα: 3 pl. Ep. pres. λοχόωσι, part. pl. λοχόωντες: (λόχος):—*to waylay, lie in wait, lay wait for, c. acc. pers.*

II. *absol. to lie in wait or ambush.* III. c. acc. loci, *to beset with an ambush.*

λοχεία, ἡ, (λοχεύω) *child-birth.* II. *a child.*

λοχεῖος, α, ον, (λόχος) *of or for child-birth.* II.

τὰ λοχεῖα (sub. χωρία), *a birth-place.*

λοχεός, οὔ, ὁ, = λόχος, *an ambush.*

λόχευμα, τό, (λοχεύω) *that which is born, a child.* II. *child-birth: metaph., κάλυκος λοχεύματα the bursting of the bud.*

λοχεύω, f. ἴσω, (λόχος II) *to bring forth, bear.* 2.

to attend in child-birth, bring to the birth. II.

Pass. *to travail, bear children.* 2. *to be brought forth, born.* 3. *generally, to lie imbedded.*

λοχηγέτης, -ηγέω, -ηγός, Ion. for λοχαγ-.

λοχησάι, aor. I inf. of λοχάω.

Λοχία, ἡ, fem. of Λόχιος, name of Diana, as the goddess of child-birth.

λοχίζω, f. ἴσω, (λόχος) *to waylay, lie in wait or lay wait for.* 2. *to place in ambush.* II.

to arrange men in companies, draw up in order of battle.

λόχιος, α, ον, = λοχεῖος, *of or for child-birth.*

λοχιτής [τ], ου, ὁ, fem. -τις, ἰδος, (λόχος) *one of the same company, a fellow-soldier, comrade.*

λοχμαῖος, α, ον, *haunting the woods.* From

λόχη, ἡ, (λόχος) *a thicket, lair of wild beasts:*

generally, copse-wood, a coppice. Hence

λόχημος, ον, also α, ον, *dwelling in the coppice.* 2. as Subst., λόχημα, τά, *a thicket, coppice.*

λοχημώδης, es, (λόχημ, εἶδος) *overgrown with copse-wood, bushy.*

λόχονδε, Adv. *to ambush, for ambushade.* From

λόχος, ὁ, (λέγω I, λέγομαι) *a place for lying in wait, ambush or ambushade: the lair of wild beasts.* 2.

the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambush; λόχον εἶσαι to place an ambushade; λό-

χονδε κρίνειν ἄνδρας ἀριστῆς to pick out the best men for an ambush. 3. *any armed band, a company, commonly reckoned at 100 men:—among*

the Spartans a λόχος was the fourth or fifth part of a μόρα (q. v.): generally, any body or company of people. II. *a lying in: child-birth, like*

λοχεῖα.

λοχόωντες, λοχόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind. of λοχάω.

Λώω, = λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att. forms; v. λούω.

Λυά, ἡ, (λύω) *dissolution: faction, riot, sedition.*

Λυαίος, ὁ, (λύω) *the looser or deliverer from care,*

epith. of Bacchus, Lyaeus; cp. Lat. Liber.

λύγδην, Adv. (λύζω) *with sobs.*

λυγδίνεος, α, ον, and λυγδίνος, η, ον, *of white marble.*

2. *white as marble, dazzling white.* From

ΛΥΤΔΟΣ, ὁ, *a dazzling white stone, white marble.*

ΛΥΤΗ, ἡ, *shadow, darkness, gloom.* [v]

λυγίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. λυγίζω: Pass., aor. I pass. ἐλυ-

γίχθην: pf. λελύγισμαι: (λύγος):—*to bend, twist, to*

throw in wrestling. II. *Pass. to bend or twist oneself, to writhe.* 2. *to be thrown or mastered.*

λύγινος, η, ον, (λύγος) *of willow or withy, Lat.*

viētus.

λυγίζειν, Dor. fut. inf. of λυγίζω.

λυγισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (λυγίζω) *a bending, twisting: metaph. the winding and twisting of a sophist.*

λυγκίος, α, ον, (λύγξ, ὁ) *lynx-like.*

ΛΥΤΞ, λυγκός, ὁ, a lynx.

λύγξ, λυγκός, ἡ, (λύζω) *a biccough or biccup.*

ΛΥΤΟΣ, ἡ, *any pliant twig or rod, a willow twig,*

with, Lat. vimen. II. *a willow-like tree, a withy,*

Lat. vitex agnus castus. [v]

λύγο-τευχής, ἐς, (λύγος, τεύχω) *made of withs.*

λύγος, f. ὥσω, = λυγίζω.

ΛΥΓΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *mournful, sad, gloomy, dismal:*

φάρμακα λυγρά baneful drugs; εἶματα λυγρά sorry

garments; and neut. pl. alone, λυγρά, bane, misery,

ruin. II. *of men, baneful, mischievous.* 2. *sorry, weak, cowardly.* Hence

λυγρῶς, Adv. *sadly, sorely.*

Λυδία, ἡ, Lydia, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia

Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy.

Λυδίζω, f. ἴσω, (Λυδός) *to imitate the Lydians.*

Λυδῖος, α, ον, (Λυδός) *Lydian: ἡ Λυδία λίθος, a*

stone used to test gold, like βάσανος.

Λυδιστί, Adv. (Λυδός) *in the Lydian tongue or*

fashion.

Λυδο-παθής, ἐς, (Λυδός, παθεῖν) *luxurious as a Lydian*.

Λυδός, οὐ, ὁ, *a Lydian*.

ΛΥΨΩ, f. ψω, *to have the hiccough or hiccup*. II. *to sob*, Lat. *singultare*: *to wbine, whimper*.

λύθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of λύω.

λῦθέν, aor. I part. neut. pass.

λῦθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λύω.

λύθρον, τό, or λύθρος, ὁ, *filth, defilement*, esp. of blood: *gore, impure blood*. (Akin to λύμη.)

λυθράδης, ἐς, (λύθρον, εἶδος) *like gore, defiled with gore*.

Λυκά-βας, αντος, ὁ, (*λύκη, βαίνειν) *the path of light, the sun's course, the year*. II. as Adj. *making up the year*, *λυκαβαντίδης ἔσται*.

Λυκαῖνα, ἡ, (λύκος) *a she-wolf*. [ῥ]

Λυκαῖον, τό, *Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia*.

Λυκαῖος, α, ον, *Lycaean, Arcadian*, epith. of Jupiter. II. as Subst., *Λυκαῖος, ὁ, or Λυκαῖον, τό, a mountain in Arcadia*. 2. *Λυκαῖα* (sub. ἱερὰ),

τά, *the festival of Lycaean Jupiter*:—also the Roman *Lupercalia*.

Λυκαονιστί, Adv. *in the Lycaonian language*.

Λυκ-αυγής, ἐς, (*λύκη, αὐγή) *of or at the gray twilight*: as Subst., *λυκαυγέες, τό, early dawn*.

Λυκάων, ονος, ὁ, *a Lycaonian, inhabitant of Lycania*, in the South of Asia Minor.

Λυκή, Att. contr. *λυκή* (sub. δορά), ἡ, *a wolf's-skin: a helmet of it*, cf. *κυνή*.

Λυκεῖον, τό, *the Lyceum, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo Λυκαῖος*.

Λυκαῖος, α, ον, (λύκος) epith. of Apollo, of doubtful meaning, either, 1. from λύκος, *wolf-slaying*, like *λυκοκτόνος*; 2. from Λυκία, *the Lycian god*, like *Λυκηγενής*; or, 3. from *λυκή (*light*), *the god of day*.

Λυκῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. for *λυκή*.

*ΛΥΚΗ, *light*, an obsol. Root, whence come *λυκά-βας, λυκόφως, λευκός*, Lat. *luceo, lux*, etc.

Λυκη-γενής, ἐς, (Λυκία, γένος) epith. of Apollo, *Lycian-born*.

Λυκηδόν, Adv. (λύκος) *wolf-like*.

Λυκία, ἡ, *Lycia*, in the South of Asia Minor:—*Λυκηθεν*, Adv. *from Lycia*: *Λυκίηνδε*, Adv. *to Lycia*.

Λυκιο-εργής, contr. -ουργής, ἐς, (Λυκία, ἔργον) *of Lycian workmanship*.

Λυκο-εργής, ἐς, (λύκος, ἔργον) *wolf-destroying*, Lat. *lypos conficiens*; *πρόβολοι λυκοεργέες* *javelins for killing wolves*.

Λυκο-θαρός, ἐς, (λύκος, θάρσος) *bold as a wolf*.

Λυκο-κτόνος, ον, (λύκος, κτείνω) *wolf-slaying*: epith. of Apollo, *the wolf-slayer*.

Λυκορ-ραίστης, ον, ὁ, (λύκος, ραίω) *a wolf-worrier*.

ΛΥΚΟΣ, ὁ, *a wolf*:—*proverb.*, *λύκον ἰδεῖν* *to see a wolf*, i. e. *to be struck dumb*, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look; so in Virgil, *Moe-rim lupi videre priores*. II. in pl. *spikes on the*

bits of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. *lupi, lupata*, from their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

Λυκό-φως, ατος, ὁ, (λύκη, φῶς) *twilight*, both of morning and evening, *the gloaming*, Lat. *diluculum*.

Λυκῶν, f. ὠών, (λύκος) *to tear like a wolf*:—Pass. *to be torn by wolves*.

Λύμα, ματος, τό, *filth or dirt removed by washing*: also *the dirty water, washings, offscourings*. II.

moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. *an abandoned man*. (From λύω, Lat. *lucy*.)

Λυμαίνομαι, f. *λυμάνομαι*: aor. I *ἐλυμνήμην*: also aor. I pass. *ἐλυμάνην*: pf. *λελύμασμαι*, but 3 sing.

λελύμανται: Dep.: (λύμη):—*to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage*:—*to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy*: also, *to persecute*. II. the pres.

λυμαίνωμαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes used in pass. sense, *to be maltreated, destroyed*. Hence

Λυμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *a spoiler, destroyer*: and

Λυμαντήριος, α, ον, *injurious, destructive*: c. gen., *ruining another*.

Λυμαντής, οὐ, ὁ, = *λυμαντήρ*.

Λύμασις, ἡ, = *λύμη*. [ῥ]

Λύμας, ἄνος, ὁ, (λύμη) *a destroyer, spoiler*.

ΛΥΜΗ [ῥ], ἡ, *outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace*: generally, *maltreatment, maiming, mutilation, destruction*; *ἐπὶ λύμῃ* *for the sake of insult*.

Λύμη, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυμνήμενος, aor. I part. of *λυμαίνωμαι*.

Λύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυπέω, f. ἥσω, (λύπη) *to give pain to, to pain, distress, grieve, annoy*: of light troops, *to harass, annoy*:—Pass., with f. med. *λυπήσομαι*, *to be sad, to be grieved*.

ΛΥΠΗ [ῥ], ἡ, *pain*, either of body or mind, Lat. *dolor*: *grief, distress, suffering, sad plight*.

Λύπημα, ατος, τό, (λυπέω) *pain, distress*.

Λύπην, Dor. inf. of *λυπέω*.

Λύπηρός, α, ον, (λυπέω) *painful*, Lat. *molestus*.

Λυπητός, verb. Adj. of *λυπέομαι*, *one must feel pain*.

Λυπρός, α, ον, (λυπέω, λυπηρός) *wretched, distressed, poor, sorry*. II. *painful, distressing*.

ΛΥΡΑ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *lyra*, *a lyre*, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the *κιθάρα* and *φόρμιγξ*.

Λύρ-αἰδός, ὁ, (λύρα, αἰδός) *one who sings to the lyre*.

Λύρῳ, f. ἰσω, (λύρα) *to play the lyre*.

Λύρικος, ἡ, ον, (λύρα) *singing to the lyre*: as Subst., *λυρικός, ὁ, a lyric poet*.

Λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

Λύρο-γηθής, ἐς, (λύρα, γηθῶ) *delighting in the lyre*.

Λύρο-θελγής, ἐς, (λύρα, θέλω) *charmed by the lyre*.

Λύρο-κτύπα, ἡ, (λύρα, κτυπέω) *a sounding the lyre*.

Λύρο-ποιός, ὅς, (λύρα, ποίω) *making lyres*.

Λύρ-ώδης, ἐς, (λύρα, εἶδος) *adapted to the lyre, lyrical*.

Λύρ-ωδός, ὁ, contr. for *λυραοῖδός*.

Λύρ-άντας, ον, ὁ, (λύω, ἀνία) *ending sadness*.

Λύσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of λύω.

λύσι-γάμος, *ον*, (λύω, γάμος) dissolving marriage.
 λύσι-ζωνος, *ον*, or *η*, *ον*, (λύω, ζώνη) loosing the zone: epith. of Diana, who lightened the pangs of travail.

λύσι-κάκος, *ον*, (λύω, κακόν) ending evil.
 λύσι-μάχος, *ον*, or *η*, *ον*, (λύω, μάχη) ending strife.
 λύσι-μελής, *ές*, (λύω, μέλος) limb-relaxing.
 λύσι-μέριμος, *ον*, (λύω, μέριμνα) driving care away.
 λύσιμος, *ον*, (λύσις) able to loose or relieve.
 λύσι-πόθος, *ον*, (λύω, πόθος) delivering from love.
 λύσι-πονός, *ον*, (λύω, πόνος) freeing from toil.
 λύσις [ῥ], *gen. εως* Ion. *ιος*, *ῆ*: (λύω): a loosing, setting free, esp. of a prisoner, release, ransoming: deliverance; λύσις *χρεῶν* liquidation of debt. 2. means or power of releasing or loosing.

λύσιτελέω, *f. ἦσω*, =λύω τέλος (which is found in Sophocles) to pay dues or tribute to: to be useful or advantageous to: *impers.*, λύσιτελεῖ, *it profits, benefits*: with a comp. force, τεθνάναι λύσιτελεῖ *ἢ* *ἤν* *it is better to be dead than alive*; οὐ λύσιτελεῖ μοι *it profits me not*; *neut. part.* τὸ λύσιτελεῖν, τὰ λύσιτελοῦντα *profit, gain, advantage*. From

λύσι-τελής, *ές*, (λύω, τέλος) paying dues, indemnifying: profitable, advantageous: also, cheap. Comp. —έστερος, *Sup.* —έστατος.

λύσιτελοῦντος, *Adv. pres. part.* of λύσιτελέω, usefully, profitably.

λύσι-φλεβής, *ές*, (λύω, φλέψ) opening the veins.
 λύσι-φρων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (λύω, φρήν) setting free the mind.

ΛΥΣΣΑ Att. λύντᾱ, *ῆ*, rage, fury, esp. in war, martial rage: raging madness, raving, frenzy. Hence λυσσαίνω, to be raging-mad, to rave.

λυσσάς, *ἄδος*, *ῆ*, (λύσσα) raging-mad, raving.
 λυσσάω Att. λύντᾱ, (λύσσα) to be raging, furious, esp. in battle. 2. to be raging-mad, to rave.

λύσσημα, τό, (λυσσάω) a fit of madness: in pl. ravings.

λυσσῆν, *Dor. inf.* of λυσσάω.

λυσσηγῆρ, ἦρος, and λυσσηγῆς, οὐ, *ὁ*, (λυσσάω) one that is raging or raving-mad: a madman.

λυσσο-μάνης, *ές*, (λύσσα, μανῆναι) raging-mad.
 λυσσο-ώδης, *ες*, (λύσσα, εἶδος) like madness: raging-mad, raving.

λύτεον, *verb. Adj.* of λύω, one must loose.

λύτῆρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, (λύω) one who looses, a deliverer, releaser.

λύτῆριος, *α*, *ον*, or *ος*, *ον*, (λύω) loosing, releasing: *c. gen.* delivering or setting free from.

λύτο [ῥ], *Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass.* of λύω; but λῶτο, *contr.* for λυέτο, *Ep. impf. pass.* of λύω.

λύτρον, τό, (λύω) the price paid: 1. a ransom, price of redemption, mostly in pl. 2. an atonement.

Λυτρώω, *f. ῶσω*, (λύτρον) release on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom. 2. *Med.* to release by payment of ransom, to ransom, redeem. 3. *Pass.* to be ransomed.

Λύτρωσις, *εως*, *ῆ*, (λυτρώω) a ransoming. 2. Redemption.

λυτρωτής, οὐ, *ὁ*, (λυτρώω) a ransomer, redeemer.

λύττα, λυττάω, *Att. for* λύσσα, λυσσάω.

λύχνα, τά, *irreg. pl.* of λύχνος.

λυχνεῖον or λυχνίον, τό, (λύχνος) = λυχνία.

λυχνεῖον, ὄνος, *ὁ*, (λύχνος) a place to keep lamps in.

λυχνία, ῆ, (λύχνος) a lamp-stand.

λυχνίδιον, τό, *Dim.* of λύχνος, a small lamp.

λυχνο-καΐα, ῆ, (λύχνος, καίω) a lighting of lamps, illumination, a festival at Sais in Egypt in honour of Minerva, like the Chinese Feast of Lanterns.

λυχνο-ποιός, ὄν, (λύχνος, ποιέω) making lamps or lanterns.

λυχνό-πολις, ῆ, (λύχνος, πόλις) city of lamps.

λυχνο-πώλης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (λύχνος, πωλέω) a dealer in lamps or lanterns.

ΛΥΧΝΟΣ, *ὁ*, *pl.* λύχνοι and λύχνα, a light, lamp; περί λύχνον ἀφάς about the time for lamp-lighting, *i. e.* at dusk.

λυχνοφόρέω, *f. ἦσω*, (λυχνοφόρος) to carry a lantern: *Lacon. part.* λυχνοφορίοντες.

λυχνο-φόρος, *ον*, (λύχνος, φέρω) carrying a lamp.

ΛΥ΄Ω, *fut.* λύσω [ῥ], *aor. 1* ἐλῶσα: *pf.* λέλυκα:—*Pass.*, *fut.* λυθήσομαι and *paullo-post fut.* λελύσομαι [ῥ]: *aor. 1* ἐλύθην [ῥ]: *Ep. aor. 2 pass.* λύμην [ῥ], 3 *sing.* λύτο, 3 *pl.* λύντο: *pf.* ἐλέλυμαι, *plqpf.* ἐλελύμην [ῥ], 3 *sing.* *Ep. opt.* λελῶτο, for λελύοιτο.—*To loose*: to loosen, unfasten, untie, slacken; λύνει ὄφρῳ to unbend the brow; λ. στόμα to open the mouth; *etc.*:—*Med.* to loosen or undo for oneself. 2. of horses, to unyoke, unbarness. 3. generally, to loose, release, set free. 4. to release a captive on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom, release:—*Med.* to release by payment, ransom, redeem.

II. to loosen, weaken, relax; λύνει γυῖα, γούνατα to loose the limbs, knees, *i. e.* unnerve, enfeeble, and often in Homer, to slay, kill. III. to dissolve, break up. 2. to break down, lay low, demolish. 3. generally, to undo, do away with: of disputes, to put down: of laws, to repeal, annul; λύνει σπονδας to break a treaty. 4. to dismiss, assuage, calm. 5. to undo, atone, make up for, *Lat. luere, rependere*; so λύνει ἀμαρτίας.

IV. in Att., τέλη, μισθοὺς λύνει to pay rates or taxes: hence, 2. λύνει τέλη = λυσιτελεῖν, to profit, avail; οὐ λύνει τέλη *it boots not*; also *λύειν*, *absol.* without τέλη, to profit.

Λῶ, *contr.* from λάω, *I will, wish or desire*, a Doric defect. *Verb* only used in *sing.* λῶ, λῆς, λῆ, 3 *pl.* λῶντι; *subj.* λῆς, λῆ; *opt.* λῶῃ; *inf.* λῆν; also *part. dat.* τῷ λῶντι.

λωβάομαι *Ion.* —έομαι: *f.* —ήσομαι *Dor.* λωβᾶσθαι: *aor. 1 med.* ἐλωβησάμην; (but *aor. 1* ἐλωβήθην and *pf.* λελώβημαι in *pass. sense*): *Dep.*: (λώβη):—to treat despitefully, to insult, maltreat: to maim, mutilate: to dis honour. 2. *absol.* to act outrageously or despitefully. II. *pf. part.* λελωβημένος, in *pass. sense*, mutilated.

λωβέω, f. σω, (λάβη) to mock, make a mock of.
ΛΩ/ΒΗ, ἡ, ill-usage by word or deed, spiteful treatment, outrage, contumely, indignity: mutilation, maiming. 2. of a person, a disgrace, opprobrium.

λωβηθῆναι, aor. I inf. of λωβάομαι.
λωβήτειρα, fem. of λωβητήρ.
λωβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λωβάομαι) one who treats spitefully, a foul slanderer: generally, a destroyer: mutilator, murderer. II. pass. a worthless wretch.

λωβητής, οὗ, ὁ, = λωβητήρ; λωβητῆς τέχνης a disgrace to his trade.

λωβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (λωβάομαι) ill-treated, outraged, dishonoured. II. act. insulting, abusive: baneful.

λωβήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = λωβητήρ.
λώια, λωίτερος, v. λωίων.

λῶιον, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, λῶιον, τό: Att. contr. λῶιον, λῶιον: neut. pl. λῶινα, syncop. λῶια: (λῶ to wish): —more desirable; better:—Sup. λῶιστος, η, ον, contr. λῶιστος.—There is also a second Comp. λωίτερος, ον.

ΛΩ/ΜΑ, ατος, τό, the hem or border of a robe.
Hence

λωμάτιον, τό, Dim. a fringe, flounce.
λῶντι, 3 pl. of Dor. verb λῶ, to wish.
λώπη, ἡ, (λέπω, λωπός) a covering, mantle. 2. a skin, husk, shell.

λωπιζώ, f. ἴσω, (λῶπη) to cover, wrap up.
λωποδύτης, f. ἴσω, to steal clothes: hence trans. to rob, plunder. From

λωπο-δύτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, (λῶπος, δύω) one who slips into another's clothes or strips him of them, a clothes-stealer: generally, a thief, robber, footpad.

λῶπος, ὁ, = λῶπη.

λῶστος, η, ον, Att. contr. from λῶιστος, Sup. of λῶιον, most desirable, best.

λωτεύνω, Ion. acc. neut. pl. of λωτοίς.

λωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (λωτός) to pluck flowers:—Med. λωτίζομαι, to cull flowers for oneself, choose the best.

λωτίσος, η, ον, (λωτός) of lotus.

λωτίσμος, τό, (λωτίζω) a flower: metaph. the flower, choicest, best.

λωτοίς, εσσα, εν, (λωτός) overgrown with lotus; πεδία λωτεύνω, Ion. for λωτόνεα, lotus-plains.

ΛΩ/ΤΟ/Σ, οὗ, ὁ, the lotus, name of several plants: I. the Greek lotus, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which horses fed.

II. the Cyrenean lotus or jujube, an African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called *Lotopbagi*: the fruit was honey-sweet, μελιθήδης: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date.

III. the Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile. IV. there was also a lotus-tree growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence λωτός is used poet. for a flute.

λωτο-τρόφος, ον, (λωτός, τρέφω) growing lotus.

λωτο-φάγος, ον, (λωτός, φάγειν) eating lotus: as Subst., Λωτοφάγοι, οἱ, the Lotus-eaters, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica.

λωτρόν, λωτρο-χός, Dor. for λουτρόν.

λωτῶ, Dor. for λωτοῦ, gen. of λωτός.
λωφάω Ion. -έω, f. ἴσω, (λόφος) to rest from toil, take rest: c. gen. to have rest, abate from. 2. to abate, of a disease or of wind. II. trans. to lighten, relieve, release.

λωφίστει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of λωφάω.
λώφησης, ἡ, (λωφάω) rest from:—remission, cessation.

λῶων, neut. λῶων, Att. contr. for λῶϊον, λῶιον.

M

M, μ, μῦ Ion. μῶ, τό, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, μ' = 40, but μ = 40,000.

Changes of μ, esp. in the dialects: I. Aeol. and Lacon. into π, as μετά into πεδά. II. Aeol. μ doubled, e.g. ἄμμος ἕμμος, for ἡμεῖς ὑμεῖς. III.

μ becomes ν, as, μίν Dor. νίν; μή, Lat. ne. IV. μ is often added or left out, 1. at the beginning of a word, as ἴα μῆα, ὄσχος μόσχος, ὄχλεος μοχλεῖς, Ἄρης Lat. Mars. 2. in the middle of a word, as

πίμπλημι πῖπλημι, πῖμνημι πῖμνημι, ἀμβροτος ἀβροτος, ὄμβριμος ὄβριμος, etc. V. μ sometimes has a or o prefixed, as, μέλγω ἀμέλγω, μέργω ἀμέργω, μόργνημι ὀμόργνημι. VI. σ is added or left out before μ, as, σμάραγδος μάραγδος, σμάω μάω, σμικρός μικρός, σμνηγρός μογρός.

μ', apostr. for με. II. very rarely for μοι.

μά, a Particle used in strong protestation and oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the context: I. in affirmation; ναὶ μά τότε σκήπτρον yea by this sceptre. II. in negation; οὐ μά γὰρ Ἀπόλλωνα nay by Apollo. III. Att. μά is used absol., μά Δία by Zeus! IV. in common discourse, the name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, ναὶ μά τόν, οὐ μά τόν (sub. Δία). V. μά is sometimes omitted after οὐ; as, οὐ τὸν Δία, οὐ τὸν θεόν, no by Jove, etc.

μά, Aeol. and Dor. shortd. for μάτηρ μήτηρ, as μᾶ

γὰ for μήτηρ γῆ: cf. βᾶ, δᾶ, λῆ.

μαγάδιον, τό, the bridge of the magadis. [ᾶ] From μάγadis, ἡ, gen. ἰδος: irreg. dat. μαγάδι: acc. μαγάδιν:—the magadis, a harp with twenty strings.

μαγγάνημα, τό, a piece of jugglery: pl. juggleries, mountebank's tricks: and

μαγγάνευτής, οὗ, ὁ, a juggler, mountebank. From μαγγάνεύω, f. σω, (μάγανον) to cheat by sleight of hand: to bewitch. 2. intr. to play tricks.

ΜΑΓΓΑ/ΝΟΝ, τό, any means for tricking or bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus. II. = γάγγαμον, a hunting-net.

μάγεια, ἡ, (μαγεύω) the religion of the Magi. 2. magic, art.

μαγειρεῖον, τό, (μάγειρος) a place for cooking, a cook-shop. II. Maced. a pot, kettle.

μαγειρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μάγειρος) fit for a cook or cookery: ἡ μαγειρικὴ (sub. τέχνη), cookery. Hence μαγειρικός, Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically. μάγειρος, ὁ, a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω, μάζα, because the baking of bread was originally the chief business of the cook.)

μάγευμα, τό, (μάγευω) a piece of magic art: in pl. charms, spells.

μάγευω, f. σω, (Μάγος) to be a Magus or a magician: μαγεῖν μέλη to sing incantations. II. trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

Μάγνης, ητος, ὁ, fem. Μάγνησσα, a Magnesian, a dweller in Μαγνησία in Thessaly: also Μαγνήτης, fem. Μαγνήτις. II. λίθος Μαγνήτις, ἡ, the magnet, also called λίθος Ἡρακλεία.

ΜΑΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a Magus, Magian, one of a Median tribe. II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: magician: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [α]

μάγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγος, φόνος) the slaughter of the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγώτερος, α, ου, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγος, more magical.

μαδάρος, ὁ, ὄν, (μαδάω) of flesh, flaccid, loose: of the head, bald.

μαδάω, f. ἤσω, (μαδός) to be moist or wet, to melt away: of hair, to fall off, Lat. defluere: hence to be bald.

μάδδα, Dor. for μάζα.

*ΜΑΔΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, the Root of the μαδάω, etc., = μαδαρός. μάζα, ἡ, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barley-cake, opp. to ἄρτος, wheaten bread: μάζαν μεμάχως having baked him a cake, with a pun on μάχη.

μαζίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of μάζα, a barley-scone.

μαζο-νόμος, ὁ, (μάζα, νέμω) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or charger, Lat. mazonomus.

ΜΑΖΟΣ, ου, ὁ, one of the breasts (στῆρρον being the whole breast or chest), mostly of women, but also of men. μαστός differs from μαζός only in dialect.

μάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of μαθάνω.

μαθεῖναι, Dor. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μάθημα, ατος, τό, (μαθεῖν) that which is learnt, a lesson. 2. learning, knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθήματα mathematics. Hence

μαθηματικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of learning. II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: ἡ μαθηματικὴ (sub. ἐπιστήμη), mathematics: ὁ μαθηματικός a mathematician.

μάθησις, ἡ, (μαθεῖν) the act of learning, acquiring information. 2. desire or power of learning.

μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μαθητέος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of μαθάνω, to be learnt. II. neut. μαθητέον, one must learn.

μαθητεύω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar. II. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct. From

μαθητής, ου, ὁ, (μαθεῖν) a learner, pupil, Lat. discipulus: a disciple.

μαθητιῶν, Desiderat. of μαθάνω, to wish to become a disciple. II. to be a disciple or pupil.

μαθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μαθεῖν) learnt, that may be learnt.

μαθητρια, ἡ, fem. of μαθητής, a female pupil.

μαθοῖσι, Dor. fem. of μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

μάθον [α], Ep. aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

μάθος [α], τό, poet. and Ion. for μάθησις.

μάθων, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

ΜΑΓ'Α, ἡ, good mother, dame. II. a nurse,

foster-mother, mother. III. a midwife.

Μαῖα, ἡ, Μαῖα, daughter of Atlas, mother of Heracles: also Μαιάς, ἡ, ἡ.

Μαλανδρος, ὁ, Maeander, a river in Caria noted for its windings.

μαιεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαῖα III) to serve as a midwife: trans. to hatch.

Μαιμακτηριών, ὥνος, ἡ, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Μαιμακτηρῆς held in it.

Μαιμάκτης, ου, ὁ, (μαίμασσω) epith. of Jupiter, the boisterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as being the god of storms, etc.

μαίμασσω, = μαίμωω, to burst forth.

μαίμωω, Ep. 3 pl. μαίμωσι, part. μαίμων, -ώσω: f. ὥσω. Ep. aor. I μαίμησα: (redupl. of μάω, as παίφασσα from πάω):—to be very eager, to pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

μαίναις, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) mad, raving, frantic. 2. as Subst. a mad woman: a Bacchanal, a Maenad. II. act. causing madness.

ΜΑΙ'ΝΗ, ἡ, maena, a small sea-fish, like our her-ring.

μαίναις, ἡ, (f), ἡ, Dim. of μαῖνη, a sprat.

μαινόλης, ου, ὁ, fem. μαινόλις, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) raving, frenzied.

μαινόλιος, α, ου, = μαινόλης.

μαίνομαι, fut. μανήσομαι and μανούμαι: pf. with pres. sense μέμνηναι, also (in pass. form) μεμάνημαι: aor. I med. ἐμνήμην, aor. 2 pass. ἐμάνην, part. μανείς, inf. μανήναι: (*μᾶω):—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to rave with anger: to be mad with wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, μαινόμενος Διόνυσος the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot—μαίνεσθαι ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ to be driven mad by the god:—Att. phrase, πλεῖν ἢ μαινομαι more than madness, i. e. utter distraction. II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐμνηναι, to make mad, madden.

ΜΑΙ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. μάσομαι [α], Dep. to endeavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. ἐπιμαίομαι.

μαίομαι, f. =ώσομαι, Dep. =μαιεύομαι.

Μαῖρα, ἡ, (μαρ-μαίρω) the Sparkler, i. e. the dog-star.

Μαιωτιστί, Adv. in Maeotic (i. e. Scythian) fashion.

ΜΑ'ΚΑΡ' [μα], ἄρος, ὁ: fem. μάκαρ or μάκαιρα:—blessed, happy, properly of the gods, opp. to mortal men: absol. μάκαρες, the blessed ones, i. e. the gods. II. of men, supremely blessed, fortunate:

but also, *prosperous, wealthy*. III. the dead were esp. called *μάκαρες, i.e. blessed*, as being beyond the reach of pain:—*μακάρον νῆσοι* the islands of the *blessed*, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the extreme West).—Comp. and Sup., *μακάρτερος, -τατος*. *μακάρεσσι*, Ep. dat. pl. of *μάκαρ*.

μακάριος, ἡ, (μάκαρ) happiness, bliss. II. the *abode of the blessed*.

μακάριζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (μάκαρ) to call or esteem happy: to bless.

μακάριος, α, ov, or os, ov, collat. form of μάκαρ, blessed, happy, fortunate:—in Att. one of the upper classes:—Comp. and Sup. *μακαριώτερος, -τατος*.

μακαρίσμος, οὔ, ὁ, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or esteeming happy, a blessing.

μακαρίστος, ὅ, ὅν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced happy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. —*τῶς*.

μακαρίτης [ἱ], ov, ὁ, like μάκαρ III, one in a state of bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. μακαρίτις, ἰδος.

μακαρτός, ἡ, ὅν, = μακαριστός.

μακεδνός, ἡ, ὅν, (μήκος) tall, taper.

Μακεδονίζω, f. σω, (Μακεδών) to be on the Macedonian side: or, to speak Macedonian.

Μακεδνίος, α, ov, and -ονικός, ἡ, ὅν, Macedonian. From

Μακεδών, ὄνος, ὁ, a Macedonian.

μάκελλα, poet. also μακέλη, ἡ, (μία, κέλλω, as δίκηλα from δῖς, κέλλω) a pick-axe with one point.

μάκελλον, τό, Lat. macellum, a slaughter-house, shambles, market.

μακεστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (μάκος) used as Adj., μῦθος μακεστήρ a long, tedious tale.

Μακιδνός, ὄνος, ὁ, poet. for Μακεδών.

μάκιστος, Dor. for μῆκιστος, (μήκος) irreg. Sup. of μακρός, = μέγιστος, greatest.

μακκοῶ, f. ἄσω, [ᾶ], to be stupid: pf. part. μεμακκοῶς, dreaming, mooning.

μάκος, τό, Dor. for μήκος, length: acc. μάκος as Adv. = μακρῶν, afar.

μακρά (sub. γραμμή), ἡ, the long line which the δικαστής drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line (βραχεία), which was in token of acquittal.

μακρ-αἰών, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αἰών) lasting long: of persons, long-lived: οἱ μακραῖωνες the immortals.

μακράν Ion. μακρήν, acc. fem. of μακρός, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. μακροτέραν, further, to a greater distance. 2. also of Time, at length, tediously; *μακράν εἰπεῖν* to speak at great length: also long, *μακράν ζῆν* to live long.

μακρ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

μακρ-ηγορέω, f. ἡσώ, (μακρός, ἀγορεύω) to speak at great length. Hence

μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ἡ, long-windedness, prolixity, prosing.

μακρ-ημερία, ἡ, (μακρός, ἡμέρα) the season of long days.

μακρό-βιος, ov, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived: οἱ Μακρόβιοι an Ethiopian people south of Egypt.

μακρο-βίσιος, ov, (μακρός, βίσιος) long-lived, of long duration.

μακρό-γηρως, av, gen. ω, (μακρός, γῆρας) very old, in advanced age.

μακρο-δρόμος, ov, (μακρός, δραμεῖν) far-running.

μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρός) from afar.

μακροθύμει, f. ἦσω, (μακροθυμός) to be long-suffering, patient: μακροθυμεῖν εἰς τινα to be forbearing or long-suffering towards one. Hence

μακροθυμία, ἡ, long-suffering.

μακρό-θιμος, ov, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering, forbearing: patient. Adv. —*μως, patiently*.

μακρολογέω, f. ἦσω, (μακρολόγος) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, to speak long on a subject. Hence

μακρολογία, ἡ, a speaking at length.

μακρο-λόγος, ov, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at length.

μακρό-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνους, ουν, (μακρός, πνέω) long-breathed: long-lived, lasting long.

μακρός, ὁ, ὅν, (μάκος, μήκος) long, whether of Space or Time. 1. of Space, long, far-stretching. 2.

tall, lofty: also deep. 3. far, far distant; *μακραὶ ἐπιβοήθειαι* succours from a distance: *ἐπὶ μακρόν far, for a long way: ὅσον ἐπὶ μακρότατον as far as possible*.

4. dat. *μακρῷ* is often used, like *πολύ*, by far, much; *μακρῷ πρώτος* by far the first.

II. of Time, long: long-lasting, enduring; *διὰ μακροῦ* (sc. χρόνου) after a long time; *εἰς μακρόν* for a long time.

2. long, tedious; *διὰ μακρῶν* at great length.

III. regul. Comp. *μακρότερος; Sup. μακρότατος*: Irreg. Comp. *μάσσων, μάσσον; Sup. μήκιστος Dor. μῆκιστος*, formed from *μήκος*, as *αἰσχιστος* from *αἰσχος*.

IV. the neut. pl. *μακρά* is used as Adv., *μακρὰ βιβάζ* taking long strides; *μακρὰ μεμῶκως* loudly bellowing; *μακρὰ προσεύχεσθαι* to make long prayers:—so also neut. sing., *μακρὸν ἀυτεῖν* to shout aloud.

μάκος, εος, τό, = μάκος, μήκος, length.

μακρο-τένω, onτος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, τείνω) far-stretched, long drawn out.

μακροτέραν, Comp. of μακράν, q. v.

μακρό-τονος, ov, (μακρός, τείνω) = μακροτένων.

μακρο-φάρυγξ, υγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μακρός, φάρυγξ) with long throat or gullet.

μακρο-φλυαρήτης, ov, ὁ, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) a tedious prater.

μακρο-χρόνιος, ov, (μακρός, χρόνος) long-enduring.

μάκτρα, ἡ, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough.

μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin.

μακίνω, Dor. for μηκίνω.

μάκων, old poet. aor. 2 part. of μηκῶμαι.

ΜΑΛΛΑ, Adv. very, very much, exceedingly, quite. 1. strengthening the word with which it stands; *μάλα πολλά* very many; *μάλ' εὖ* right well; *μάλ' αὐτίκα* quite directly; *μάλα διαμπερές* right through; *οὐ μάλα* by no means, on no account. 2.

strengthening a whole sentence; ἡ μάλα δὴ . . , now in very truth . . ; so, with a part., μάλα περ μεμῶσθαι though desiring never so much.

II. Comp. μάλλον, more, more strongly: also rather, Lat. *potius*. 2. too much, far too much. 3. μάλλον is sometimes joined to another Comp.; ῥητέρος μάλλον more easier; ἐχθίων μάλλον; etc. 4. μάλλον ἢ is often followed by οὐ (where οὐ seems redundant), as, πόλιν ἔλην διαφθεῖναι μάλλον ἢ οὐ τοὺς αἰτίους; in this case μάλλον ἢ οὐ is preceded by another negat. 5. παντὶς μάλλον more than anything, i. e. by all means.

III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly: most of all, especially; ἐν τοῖς μάλιστα (sc. οὖσι), Lat. *imprimis*, as much as any; ἐς τὰ μάλιστα for the most part, mostly: μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as ἐχθιστος μάλιστα. 2. in numbers, μάλιστα is often added to shew that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πεντήκοντα μάλιστα fifty at most, where the real number is forty-nine: hence about, pretty near, ἐς μέσον μάλιστα about the middle. 3. καὶ μάλιστα most certainly, Lat. *vel maxime*.

μαλάβαθρον or μαλόβαθρον, τό, *malobathrum*, the aromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca.

μαλάκαί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πονν, τό, gen. ποδος, (μαλακός, πούς) softly treading.

μαλάκία, ἡ, (μαλακός) softness, tenderness: of men, effeminacy, weakness.

μαλάκιω, (μαλακία) to be soft or tender.

μαλάκιζω, f. σω, (μαλακός) to make soft, enervate. II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι: aor. I med. ἐμαλακίσμην, pass. ἐμαλακίσθην:—to be soft or tender, weak or effeminate. 2. to be softened or appeased.

μαλάκιον, ονος, ὁ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κί] μαλάκο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μαλακός, γνώμη) gentle of mood.

ΜΑ'ΛΑ'ΚΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὅν, Lat. *MOLLIS*, soft; μαλακός λείμων a soft, grassy meadow. II. soft, gentle, mild. 2. in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss.

μαλάκιο-χειρ, χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (μαλακός, χεῖρ) soft-banded, soothing.

μαλάκισμα, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be soft or weakly, to flag.

μαλάκως, Adv. of μαλακός, softly: easily, carelessly: Sup. μαλακώτατα.

μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, (μαλακός) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., μαλάσσειν τινά to give one a dressing, curry him.

II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλάχη, ἡ, (μαλάκος) a mallow, Lat. *malva*. μαλερός, ὁ, ὅν, (μάλα) very strong, mighty, raging, of fire: metaph. glowing, vehement.

ΜΑ'ΔΗ, ἡ, the arm-pit, Lat. *ala*: only in the phrase ὑπὸ μάλῃς or ὑπὸ μάλῃν, under the arm.

ΜΑ'ΛΘΑ' or μάλθη, ἡ, a mixture of wax and pitch for calking ships. 2. the wax laid over writing-tablets.

μαλθακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλθακίος, η, ον, poet. for μαλθακός.

μαλθακιστέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of μαλθακίζομαι, one must be remiss.

μαλθακός, ἡ, ὅν, = μαλακός (with θ inserted), soft. II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλθακῶς, Adv. softly: gently, mildly.

μαλθασσω, f. ξω, = μαλάσσω, to soften, soothe:—Pass., μαλθασθῆναι ὑπὸ φ to be unnerved by sleep.

μάλινος, α, ον, Dor. for μήλινος.

μάλινον, τό, (μαλλός) hair, a lock of hair. [α] Μαλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. for Μηλῖς, (μᾶλον, = μήλον) a nymph who protects the flocks (μήλα).

μάλιστα, Adv., Sup. of μάλα: v. μάλα III.

μάλλα, by crasis for μη ἀλλά, nay but.

μαλλό-δετος, ον, (μαλλός, δέω) bound with wool.

μᾶλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: v. μάλα II.

ΜΑΛΛΟ'Σ, οὐ, ὁ, a lock of wool, the wool of sheep, a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of hair.

μαλόβαθρον, v. μαλάβαθρον.

μᾶλον, Dor. for μήλον B.

μαλο-πάρρος, ον, Dor. for μηλοπάρρος.

μαλός, ἡ, ὅν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλο-φόρος, μαλο-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ-

μόρμυ and μάρμυ, ἡ, a child's attempt to call to its mother; like ἀππα, ἀπρά, ἀττα, πάππα. II. = μήτηρ, mother.

III. later a grandmother.

Μαμμάκτιος, ὁ, proverb. word for a blockhead.

μαμμᾶν αἰτεῖν, to cry for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμία, ἡ, (μάμμα) a mother.

Μαμμωνᾶς or Μαμωνᾶς, οὐ, ὁ, Mammon, the Syrian god of riches, = Greek Πλούτος: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μάν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μὴν.

ΜΑ'ΝΔΑ, ἡ, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. *mandra*: also 2. the setting of a seal, Lat. *pala, funda*.

μανδράγορας, ον, ὁ, mandrake, a narcotic plant.

μάνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of μαινομαι.

Μανέρως, ὁ, Maneros, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Δίνος.

μᾶνες, Dor. for μῆνες, pl. of μῆν.

μάνηται, aor. 2 inf. of μαινομαι.

ΜΑΝΘΑ'ΝΩ, fut. μᾶθήσομαι Dor. μᾶθεῖμαι: aor. 2 ἐμάθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθον, or with double μ, ἐμμαθες, ἐμμαθε: pf. μεμάθηκα:—to learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in aor. to have learnt, i. e. to understand, be acquainted with. II. of the attempt, to ask, inquire about.

III. to perceive, understand, comprehend, like Lat. *teneo*; μανθάνεις; do you understand? Answ., πάνν μανθάνω, perfectly! —c. part., μάνθανε ὦν know that you are. IV.

in Att., *τί παθών*; comes to mean *wherefore?* properly, having ascertained what? for what fresh reason? almost = *τί παθών*;

μᾶνία Ion. -*ή, ή*, (*μαίνομαι*) madness, frenzy. II. generally, mad passion, rage, fury. III. enthusiasm, Bacchic frenzy.

μᾶνιάς, *ἄδος*, (*μαίνομαι*) fem. Adj. *frantic, mad, frenzied*: joined with a neut. pl. Subst., *μανιάσων λυσήμασι* with mad fits of raving, like *victricia arma*.

μᾶνικός, *ή, όν*, (*μανία*) inclined to madness, mad; *βλέπειν μανικόν* to look mad. Hence

μανικῶς, Adv. in mad fashion, madly.

μᾶνις, *ιδος*, Dor. for *μῆνις*.

μανίω, Dor. for *μηνίω*.

μᾶν-ώδης, *es*, (*μανία*, *είδος*) mad-like, mad: *τὸ μανιώδες* madness.

ΜΑΝΝΑ, *ή, α*, morsel, grain. 2. manna.

ΜΑΝΝΟΣ or *μάνος*, *ό*, Lat. *monile*, a necklace, collar.

μαννο-φόρος, *ον*, (*μάννος*, *φέρω*) wearing a collar. **ΜΑΝΟΨ**, *ή, όν*, Lat. *rarus*, thin, loose, slack, flaccid. II. of number, few, scanty. See *μανῶς*.

μαντεία Ion. -*ήη, ή*, (*μαντεύομαι*) prophesying, power of divination: also the mode of divination. II. an oracle, prophesy.

μαντεῖον Ion. -*ήιον, τό*, (*μαντίς*) an oracle, i. e., I. an oracular response. II. the seat of an oracle.

μαντεῖος, *α, ον, or os, ον*, Ion. -*ήιος, η, ον*, (*μάντις*) oracular, prophetic.

μάντευμα, *ατος, τό*, an oracle. From *μαντεύομαι*, f. -*σομαι*: aor. I *ἐμαντεύσαμην*: pf. *μεμάντευμαι*: Dep.: (*μάντις*):—to divine, prophesy, deliver an oracle. 2. to presage, forebode, surmise: of animals, to scent. 3. to seek divinations: to consult an oracle. II. aor. I *ἐμαντεύθην*, impers. in pass. sense, an oracle was given: and pf. part. *τὰ μεμαντευμένα*, the oracles delivered. Hence

μαντευτός, verb. Adj. one must divine, prophesy.

μαντευτός, *ή, όν*, (*μαντεύομαι*) foretold or ordained by an oracle.

μαντήλη, -*τήιον, -τήιος*, Ion. for *μαντεία*, etc.

μάντι, voc. of *μάντις*.

μαντικός, *ή, όν*, of or for a soothsayer or diviner, prophetic: as Subst., *μαντική* (sub. *τέχνη*), *ή*, the art or faculty of divination. Adv. -*κῶς*.

μαντίπολις, f. *ήσω*, to prophesy. From *μαντί-πόλος*, *ον*, (*μάντις*, *πολέω*) inspired, frenzied.

μάντις, *ό*, gen. *εως* Ion. *ιος*: (*μαίνομαι*): a diviner, soothsayer, seer, prophet: also as fem., a prophetess. 2. metaph. a foreboder. II. a kind of locust or grasshopper.

μαντοσύνη, *ή*, the art of divination, divining. [*ῥ*]

μαντοσύνος, *η, ον*, (*μάντις*) oracular, prophetic.

μαντός, *α, ον*, = *μαντεῖος*.

μᾶνῶς, *μᾶντις, μᾶνσις*, Dor. for *μην-*.

μανῶς, Adv. of *μανός*, rarely: comp. *μανότερον*, less often.

μάομαι, see *μαίομαι*.

μᾶπτεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of *μάρπτω*.

μάραγμα, *ή, = σμάραγμα*, a lash, whip, scourge. [*μα*]

μάραθρον, *τό*, Dor. and Att. form of *μάραθρον*.

ΜΑΡΑΘΡΟΝ, *τό*, fennel, Lat. *marathrum*. [*μα*] **Μαράθῶν**, *ἄνους, ή*, *Marathon*, a plain on the east coast of Attica, celebrated for the defeat of the Persians, so called from its being overgrown with fennel (*μάραθρον*).

Μαράθῳνο-μάχης, *ου, ό*, (*Μαράθῳν. μάχομαι*) one who fought at Marathon: hence a brave veteran.

ΜΑΡΑΪΝΩ, f. *ἄνῳ*: aor. I *ἐμάρηνα* Att. -*ἄνα*:—Pass., aor. I *ἐμάρανθην*: pf. *μεμάρημαι* or *μεμάρησμαι*:—to put out, quench, extinguish:—Pass. to die away, burn low. II. metaph. to quench: to weaken, make to waste or pine away:—Pass. to die away, waste away, languish.

μαράν ἄθά, Syriac, the Lord cometh, sc. to judgment.

μαργάλω, only in pres., (*μάργος*) to rage furiously.

μαργαρίτης [*ί*], *ου, ό*, a pearl, Lat. *margarita*.

μαργάω, only in part., (*μάργος*) to rage furiously.

Μαργίτης [*ί*], *ου, ό*, (*μάργος*) Margites, hero of a mock-heroic poem ascribed to Homer.

ΜΑΡΤΟΣ, *η, ον, or os, ον*, raging mad, Lat. *furiosus*. 2. greedy, gluttonous. 3. lustful. Hence

μαργότης, *ητος, ή*, rage, madness. 2. greediness, gluttony. 3. lust.

ΜΑΡΗ, *ή, = χεῖρ*, a band. (Hence *εὐ-μαρής*.)

ΜΑΡΪΑΗ, *ή*, the embers of charcoal. [*ί*]

μαρίλο-πίτης, *ου, ό*, (*μαρίλη*, *ΠΙΟ*—Root of some tenses of *πίω*) gulper of coal-dust.

ΜΑΡΜΑΙΡΑ, only in pres. and impf., to flash, sparkle, glisten, gleam, mostly of metal; *δμματα μαρμαίροντα* sparkling eyes. Hence

μαρμάρεος, *α, ον*, (*μαρμαίρω*) flashing, sparkling, glistening, of metals: also of the sea.

μαρμάρινος, *η, ον*, (*μάρμαρος*) of marble.

μαρμάρεις, *εσσα, εν*, = *μαρμάρεος*, bright, gleaming.

μάρμαρον, *τό*, = *μάρμαρος*.

μάρμαρος, *ου, ό*, (*μαρμαίρω*) any stone or rock, with sparkling crystals in it: also as Adj., *πέτρος μάρμαρος* a sparkling stone. II. *μάρμαρος*, *η*, Lat. *marmor*, marble: also a work in marble, a slab or tablet of marble.

μαρμαρύγή, *ή*, (*μαρμαρύσσω*) a flashing, sparkling: of any quick motion, *μαρμαρυγαί ποδῶν* the quick twinkling of the dancers' feet.

μαρμαρ-ωπός, *όν*, (*μάρμαρος*, *ὤψ*) with sparkling eyes.

ΜΑΡΝΑΜΑΙ, *ασαι, αται*, imperat. *μάρναο*, subj. *μάρνωμαι*, opt. *μαρνοίμην*, inf. *μάρνασθαι*, part. *μαρνώμενος*: impf. *ἐμαρνάμην*, *αο, ατο*, dual *ἐμαρνώσθην*: no other tenses in use: Dep.:—to fight, do battle, contend:—of boxers, to contend, encounter. 2. to quarrel, wrangle. 3. metaph. to struggle, strive.

μαρναμένοιν, Ep. part. gen. dual of *μάρναμαι*.

μάρνατο, **μάρναντο**, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. of *μάρναμαι*.

μαρπίτις, *ό*, (*μάρπτω*) a seizer, ravisber.

ΜΑ'ΡΠΤΩ, fut. μάρψω: aor. 1 ἔμαρψα: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 μέμαρπον: and a shortd. aor. 2 ἔμαπον, inf. μάπειν, whence 3 pl. opt. μεμάρποιεν: pf. part. μεμαρπώς:—to grasp, hold, catch: to lay bold of, seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch.

ΜΑ'ΡΣΙ-ΠΟΣ, a bag, pouch, Lat. marsupium.

ΜΑ'ΡΤΥ'Ρ, ὄρος, δ and ἡ, Aeol. for μάρτυς. Hence μαρτύρῳ, f. ἦσιν:—Pass., fut. 1 μαρτύρηθῃσθαι, but also f. med. in pass. sense, μαρτύρησθαι: aor. 1 ἔμαρτύρησθαι: pf. μεμαρτύρημαι:—to be a witness: to bear witness: μαρτυρεῖν τινί to bear witness in favour of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a thing, testify to: c. inf. to testify or declare that a thing is:—Pass. to have witness borne to one. II.

later, to be or become a martyr. Hence

μαρτύρημα, ατος, τό, testimony.

μαρτύρια, ἡ, (μαρτυρέω) a bearing witness. 2. witness, testimony, evidence.

μαρτύριον, τό, a testimony, proof: in pl., μαρτύρια, τά, evidence. [v] From

μαρτύρομαι [v], f. ὑροῦμαι: aor. 1 ἔμαρτύράμην: Dep.: (μαρτυς):—to call to witness, invoke: absol. μαρτύρομαι, I call witnesses, I protest.

μάρτυρος, ὁ, Ep. form of μάρτυς, a witness.

ΜΑ'ΡΤΥ'Σ, ὁ or ἡ, gen. μάρτυρος, acc. μάρτυρα, as if from μάρτυρ, but also acc. μάρτυν: pl. μάρτυρες, dat. μάρτυσι poet. μάρτυσσι:—a witness.

μαρκαῖομαι, μαρύκμα, Dor. for μηρυκ-.

μαρύομαι, Dor. for μηρύομαι.

μάρψαι, aor. 1 inf. of μάρπτω.

μάσασθαι, f. ἦσθαι, Dep., (μάω, μάσσω) to chew.

μάσασθαι [α], aor. 1 inf. of Root *μάω, to touch.

μάσδα, μασδός, Dor. for μάδα, μαζός.

μάσθλη, ἡ, = ἱμάσθλη, a leathern thong. Hence

μάσθλης, ητος, ὁ, a leathern thong. II. metaph. a supple, slippery knave.

μασθός, ὁ, a Dor. form of μαστός, μαζός.

μασί, Dor. for μησί, dat. pl. of μῆν.

μάσομαι [α], fut. of *μάω II.

Μασσαλία, ἡ, Lat. Massilia, Marseilles. Hence

Μασσαλιώτης, ου, ὁ, a man of Marseilles.

μασσόομαι, etc., = μασάομαι.

μάσσω Att. μάρτω: fut. μάψω: aor. 1 ἔμαψα: pf.

μέμαψα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἔμαχθην: pf. μέμαγμα: (*μάω):—to touch, handle. II. to work with the

bands, to knead dough, Lat. pinso:—Pass., οὔτος με- μαγμένος dough ready kneaded.

μάσσω, ὁ, ἡ, neut. μάσσον, gen. μάσσονος, irreg. Comp. of μακρός for μακρότερος, longer, larger.

μάσταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (μασάομαι) that with which one chews or eats, the jaws, mouth. II. that with which

chewed, a mouthful, morsel.

μαστῦρύω or -ίλω, to mumble, of an old man. (Formed from the sound.)

μάστερα, ἡ, fem. of μαστήρ.

μαστεύω, f. σω, = ματεύω, to seek: to seek or endeavour to do: to seek or search after.

μαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*μάω) a seeker, searcher. Hence

μαστήριος, α, ου, searching.

μαστιγών, false form for μαστίγος.

μαστιγῶς, ου, ὁ, (μάστιξ, φέρω) one who deserves whipping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. verbero.

μαστιγο-φόρος, ου, (μάστιξ, φέρω) carrying a whip: as Subst., μαστιγοφόρος, ὁ, a sort of constable.

μαστιγών, f. ὦσα: aor. 1 ἔμαστιγῶσα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense μαστιγώσομαι: pf. μεμαστιγώ-μαι: (μάστιξ):—to whip, flog, beat. Hence

μαστιγώσιμος, ου, that deserves whipping.

μαστιγώτεος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of μαστιγών, to be whipped, deserving a whipping.

μαστιζώ, f. ζω: aor. 1 ἔμαστιξα Ep. μάστιξα: (μάστιξ):—to whip, flog.

μαστίκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (μαστιζώ) a scourger.

μάστιξ, ἴγος, ἡ, (μάω, μάσσω) a whip, scourge; ἱπ-πον μαστίξ a horse-whip. II. metaph. a scourge,

plague; μάστιξ Πειθοῦς the lash of eloquence.

μαστίων, Ep. part. of μαστίω.

μαστίς, ἴος, ἡ, Ion. for μάστιξ; dat. μαστί.

μαστιόδω, Dor. for μαστίω.

μαστιχάω, (μάσταξ) to gnash the teeth, only in Ep. part. dat. μαστιχῶντι.

μαστίω, collat. form of μαστίζω, to whip, scourge, beat, lash:—Med., μαστίεται πλευράς οὐρῇ [the lion] lashes his sides with his tail.

μαστό-δετον, τό, (μαστός, δέω) a breast-band.

μαστός, οὔ, ὁ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form for Hom. μαζός. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. III. a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the nets.

μαστροπεία, ἡ, a pandering. From

μαστροπείω, f. σω, (μαστροπός) to be a pander, play the pander: c. acc. to seduce.

μαστροπός, ὁ and ἡ, (μάω, μαστήρ) a pander, pimp, Lat. leno, lena.

μασχάλη, ἡ, (μάλη) the armpit, Lat. ala, axilla. [χα]

μασχάλλω, f. ἴσω, (μασχάλη) to put under the armpits: to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied, that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them under the armpits, they would avert vengeance. Hence

μασχαλιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a broad strap passing behind the horse's shoulders and fastened to the yoke by the λέπαδρον: generally, a girdle, band.

ματάζω, (μάτην) to act unmeaningly or foolishly.

ματαίωζω, (μάταιος) = ματάζω.

μάταιολογία, ἡ, idle talking. From

μάταιο-λόγος, ου, (μάταιος, λέγω) idly talking.

μάταιος [α], α, ου, or ος, ου, (μάτη) idle, foolish, unmeaning, trifling. II. thoughtless, rash, wanton, profane. Hence

ματαιότης, ητος, ἡ, folly, vanity.

μάταιως, Adv. of μάταιος, idly, without reason.

ΜΑ'ΤΑ'Ω, f. ἴσω, (μάτη) to be idle, to loiter, linger, lag; οὐ ματὰ τοῦργον the work lags not. II. to be in vain, fruitless.

ματεύω, f. σω: aor. 1 ἔματεύσα: (*μάω):—to seek, search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or search after:

to search, explore.

ματέω, rare form for ματεύω.

of πατέω, to tread on.

MATH, ἡ, = μαρία, a folly, a fault. [ᾶ] Hence μάτην Dor. μάταν [ᾶ], Adv. in vain, idly, foolishly, Lat. frustra.

2. senselessly, at random, Lat. temere. 3. idly, falsely, Lat. falso. Originally acc.

of μάτη, hence εἰς μάτην at random. [ᾶ]

μάτηρ, Dor. for μήτηρ, Lat. mater. [ᾶ]

ματῆς, Dor. for ματῆς.

ματρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μάτην) a vain attempt.

ματρ-αδελφός, ματρο-δόκος, etc., Dor. for μητρ-

ματτήν, ἡ, a rich, high-seasoned dish, Lat. mattea

and mattia. (Foreign word.)

ματτιν-λοιχός, ὄν, (ματτία, λείχω) licking up

dainties.

μάττω, f. ξω, Att. for μάσσω.

μαῦλις, ἴδος or ἰος, ἡ, a knife.

μαυρόω, like ἀμυρόω, to darken: metaph. to make powerless, to make obscure or forgotten:—Pass. to become dark or obscure.

μάχαιρα [μά], ἡ, a large knife, worn like a dirk next the sword-sheath. II. as a weapon, a short sword

or dagger: a sabre or scimitar, opp. to ξίφος (the straight sword). III. a kind of razor; διπλή

μάχαιρα scissors. Hence

μάχαιριδιον, τό, Dim. a short sword or dagger.

μάχαιρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of μάχαιρα, a small

knife. 2. a small razor.

μάχαιοποιεῖον, τό, a sword or knife factory. From

μάχαιρο-ποιός, ὄν, (μάχαιρα, ποίω) a cutler.

μάχαιρο-φόρος, ὄν, (μάχαιρα, φέρω) wearing a sabre.

μάχαιρας, ὄ, Dor. for μαχητής.

Μαχάων [ᾶ], ὄνος, ὄ, Macbaon, son of Aesculapius.

μάχειόμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μάχέομαι, Ion. for μάχομαι.

μάχούμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μαχέσκειτο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of μάχομαι.

μάχεν, Dor. for μάχον, pres. imperat. of μάχομαι.

ΜΑΧΗ [ᾶ], ἡ, a battle, fight, combat; properly an

engagement between armies, but also, a single combat;

μάχην νικᾶν to win a battle; but μάχην νικᾶν τινά to conquer one in battle.

II. a quarrel, strife, wrangling.

III. an amicable contest, as for a prize in the games.

IV. a mode of fighting, way of battle.

V. a field of battle. Hence

μάχημων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, warlike.

μαχητής, οὔ, ὄ, (μάχη) a fighter, warrior; as Adj.

warlike. Hence

μαχητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for fighting, pugnacious.

μάχιμος, ἡ, ὄν, (μάχη) disposed for battle, warlike;

οἱ μάχιμοι or τὸ μάχιμον the soldiery, the effective force.

μαχιμ-ώδης, ἐς, (μάχιμος, εἶδος) warlike, contentious.

μαχλάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of μάχλος.

ΜΑΧΛΟΣ, ὄν, lewd, lustful: wanton. Hence

μαχλόςουν, ἡ, lewdness, lust, wantonness.

μαχοῖατο, Ion. for μάχοιντο, 3 pl. opt. of

II. Aeol. form

μάχομαι Ion. μαχέομαι [ᾶ], Ep. part. μαχειόμενος and μαχεούμενος; fut. μαχέσομαι Ep. μαχέσσομαι or μαχίσσομαι Att. μαχοῖμαι: aor. I ἐμαχέσαμην, Ep. inf. μαχέσασθαι or μαχίσσασθαι: pf. μεμάχημαι: Dep.: (μάχη):—to fight, contend in battle; c. dat. pers. to fight with, i. e. against; but, σύν τινι with the sanction of; κατὰ σφῆας μάχεσθαι to fight by themselves: but, καθ' ἑνα μάχεσθαι to fight one against one, in single combat.

II. generally, to quarrel, wrangle, dispute: hence, to oppose, withstand one.

III. to contend for the prize in the games: to measure oneself with.

ΜΑΨ, Adv. in vain, idly, fruitlessly; μάψ ὁμῶσαι to swear lightly, unmeaningly. II. thoughtlessly, rashly, indecorously.

μαψ-αὔραι, ὧν, αἰ, (μάψ, αὔρα) squalls, gusts of wind.

μαψίδιος, ὄν, (μάψ) vain, false, idle, useless. Hence

μαψιδίως, Adv., = μάψ foolishly, thoughtlessly: without reason: recklessly.

μαψί-λόγος, ὄν, (μάψ, λέγω) idly talking.

μαψί-τόκος, ὄν, (μάψ, τεκεῖν) bringing forth in vain.

μαψ-ὑλάκας, ὄν, ὄ, (μάψ, ὑλακᾶν) idly yelping, repeating again and again. [λα]

***ΜΑΩ**, a Root, only used in pf. act. and in Med.: I. μέμαα, pf. with pres. sense, 3 pl. μεμᾶσαι, often in the syncopate forms, dual μεμᾶσθαι, μεμᾶσθαι, μεμᾶτε; 3 sing. imperat. μεμᾶτω [ᾶ]; 3 pl. plqpf. μεμᾶσαν; but most often in part. μεμᾶς, μεμᾶν, μεμᾶτος, μεμᾶτες, but also μεμᾶotes, μεμᾶotes:—to strive after, long for, desire eagerly, mostly c. inf.: also absol., πρόσσω μεμᾶναι pressing forward;

μεμᾶotes ἐγγχεῖν pressing forward with their spears.

2. to wish or claim to be.

II. Med., μάμαι, μῶμαι, part. μῶμενος, inf. μῶσθαι, imperat. μῶεο, to seek after, covet.

μέ, enclit. acc. of ἐγώ.

μέγᾶ, neut. of μέγας.

μεγᾶ-θαρσής, ἐς, (μέγας, θάρσος) very bold.

μεγᾶ-θύμος, Ion. for μέγεθος.

μέγᾶ-θυμός, ὄν, (μέγας, θυμός) high-minded, magnanimous.

μεγαῖρα, aor. I ἐμέγηρα, (μέγας) to look on a thing as too great: hence, to grudge a thing to another as too great for him, and generally, to refuse or deny, withhold from envy: to object, complain.

μεγᾶ-κίτης, ἐς, (μέγας, κῆτος) huge, unworldly.

μεγα-κλής, ἐς, declined (as if from μεγακλής) μεγακλῆος, -εῖ, -έα, -έες, c. εὐκλῆς: (μέγας, κλῆος):—very famous.

2. pr. n. of several of the family

of the Alcmaeonidae at Athens.

μεγᾶ-κίδης, ἐς, (μέγας, κῆδος) much renowned.

μεγάλα, neut. pl. of μέγας.

μεγᾶλ-ἄνορία, μεγᾶλ-ἄνωρ, Dor. for μεγαλην-.

μεγᾶλ-αὐχέω, f. ἥσω, (μέγας, αὐχέω) to boast bigly, speak boastfully:—Med. to boast oneself.

μεγᾶλ-αὔχητος and μεγᾶλ-αὔχος, ὄν, (μέγας, αὐ-χέω) very boastful, vaunting, arrogant.

μεγαλείος, α, ον, (μέγας) magnificent, splendid: of men, *haughty*. Hence

μεγαλειότης, ητος, ή, grandeur, splendour, majesty.

μεγαλείως, Adv. of μεγαλείος, magnificently.

μεγαλῶρομαι, f. ήσω, (μεγαλήγορος) to talk big, boast. Hence

μεγαλήγορία, ή, big talking.

μεγάλ-ήγορος, ον, (μέγας, άγορεύω) talking big, vaunting, boastful.

μεγαλήγορία, ή, manliness, courage. 2. in bad sense, *haughtiness*. From

μεγάλ-ήνωρ, οπος, ό, ή, (μέγας, άνήρ) heroic, high-minded. 2. in bad sense, *haughty*.

μεγάλ-ήτωρ, οπος, ό, ή, (μέγας, ήτορ) great-hearted: magnanimous.

μεγαλίζω, (μέγας) to magnify:—Pass. to be exalted, to bear oneself *haughtily*.

μεγαλογνωμοσύνη, ή, loftiness of sentiment. From μεγάλο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, γνώμη) of lofty sentiments, high-minded.

μεγάλο-δοξος, ον, (μέγας, δόξα) very glorious.

μεγάλοδωρία, ή, munificence, liberality. From μεγάλο-δωρος, ον, (μέγας, δώρον) making rich presents: munificent.

μεγάλο-οιτος, ον, (μέγας, οϊτος) very wretched.

μεγάλο-κευθής, ές, (μέγας, κευθω) concealing much: hence *capacious*.

μεγάλο-κράτης, ές, (μέγας, κράτος) far-ruling.

μεγάλο-μητις, ι, (μέγας, μήτις) of high design, ambitious.

μεγάλο-μισθος, ον, (μέγας, μισθός) receiving large pay.

μεγάλο-πετρος, ον, (μέγας, πέτρα) on the vast rock.

μεγάλο-πολις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγας, πόλις) joined with the name of a place, as, Ἀθῆναι μεγαλοπόλις the great city of Athens.

μεγάλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, πράγμα) disposed to do great deeds, forming great designs.

μεγαλοπρέπεια, ή, splendour, magnificence. From μεγάλο-πρεπής, ές, (μέγας, πρέπω) befitting greatness: magnificent, splendid, sumptuous. Hence

μεγαλοπρεπώς Ion. -έως, Adv. magnificently: Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

μεγάλος, v. μέγας.

μεγάλο-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) of great strength.

μεγάλο-σπλαγχνος, ον, (μέγας, σπλάγχνον) high-spirited.

μεγάλο-στονος, ον, (μέγας, στένω) very piteous.

μεγαλοσύνη, ή, = μέγεθος.

μεγάλο-σχήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, σχήμα) of large form, magnificent.

μεγάλο-τολμος, ον, (μέγας, τόλμα) greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous.

μεγαλόφρονέω, f. ήσω, (μεγαλόφρων) to be high-minded: in bad sense, to be proud, *haughty*.

μεγαλόφρονως, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, generously, proudly.

μεγαλόφροσύνη, ή, greatness of mind: in bad sense, *pride, haughtiness*.

μεγάλο-φρων, ονος, ό, ή, (μέγας, φρήν) high-minded, noble, generous: in bad sense, *proud, haughty*.

μεγαλόφωνα, ή, big talking, vaunting. From

μεγάλο-φωνος, ον, (μέγας, φωνή) loud-talking.

μεγαλοψυχία, ή, greatness of soul, magnanimity: in bad sense, *arrogance*. From

μεγάλο-ψυχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) high-souled, great-bearded, magnanimous.

μεγαλύνω, (μέγας) to make great or powerful:—Pass. to be exalted. II. to extol, magnify. 2.

to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.

μεγάλ-ώνυμος, ον, (μέγας, όνομα) giving a great name, conferring glory.

μεγάλως, Adv. of μέγας, greatly.

μεγαλωστί, Adv. of μέγας, over a large space: greatly, *bugely*: also magnificently.

μεγαλωσύνη, ή, (μέγας) greatness.

μέγαν, acc. masc. of μέγας.

μέγαν-άνωρ, οπος, ό, ή, (μέγας, άνήρ) manly, heroic. [ā] Μέγαρα, ων, τά, Megara:—Μεγαρεύς, έως, ό, a Megarian. Hence

Μεγαρίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιω, to take part with the Megarians, speak their dialect: cf. Λακωνίζω.

Μεγαρκός, ή, όν, (Μέγαρα) Megarian.

Μεγαρίς, ίδος, fem. Adj. Megarian:—as Subst. (sub. γη), the Megarian territory, Megarid.

Μεγαρόθεν, Adv. (Μέγαρα) from Megara: and Μεγαροῖ, Adv. at Megara.

μεγάρων, τό, (μέγας) a large room or chamber, the ball. 2. a woman's apartment. 3. a bed-chamber. II. a house, mansion, mostly like Lat. aedes, a house in plur.

III. the sacred chamber in the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, shrine: in this sense always in sing., like Lat. aedes, a temple. Hence

μεγάρονδε, Adv. homewards, home.

ΜΕΤΑΨ, μεγάλη [α], μέγα: gen. μεγάλου, ης, ου: dat. μεγάλω, η, ω, acc. μέγαν, μεγάλην, μέγα: dual μεγάλω, α, ω: plur. μεγάλοι, αι, α, etc., like a regul. Adj. in os: but the regul. form ΜΕΤΑΨ is never used in sing. nom. and acc. masc. and neut.: large, big, great:—hence, 1. great, vast, tall. 2. spacious, wide. 3. long. II. of degree, great, powerful, mighty: weighty, important. 2. strong, violent. 3. of sounds, loud. 4. in bad sense, over-great, excessive: μέγα φρονεῖν to have too high, presumptuous thoughts. III. besides the Adv. μεγάλως and μεγαλωστί, the neut. sing. and pl. μέγα and μέγαλα are used as Adv., very much, exceedingly. 2. of Space, far. 3. with Adjs., far, μέγ άμείνων far better. IV. Comp. μείζων, neut. μείζον, gen. μείζονος; in Ion. prose μέζων, ου; Dor. μέσθων, Bocot. μέσσαν: greater, larger: also too great, more than enough.—Sup. μέγιστος, η, ον, greatest, largest.

μεγα-σθενής, ές, (μέγας, σθένος) very mighty.

μεγα-αυχής, ές, (μέγας, αυχέω) vaunting, braggart.

μέγθος Ion. μέγαθος, eos, τό, (μέγας) greatness, height: magnitude, bulk, size; μεγάθει μικροί small in size; μεγάθει μέγας large in size:—the acc. μέγαθος is used absol. as Adv., in size, or like μέγας, greatly, λίμποντες μέγαθος shining greatly: so too in pl., ποταμοὶ οὐ κατὰ τὸν Νεῖλον ἔδντες μεγά-
θεα rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in size.

μεγήρας, aor. I part. of μεγαίρω.
μεγ-ήρατος, ov, (μέγας, ἑρατός) passing lovely.
μεγιστάνες, ol, (μέγιστος) the nobles, chief men.
μεγιστό-πολις, ι, gen. ios Att. εως, (μέγιστος, πό-
λις) making cities greatest or most blest.
μεγιστος, η, ov, Sup. of μέγας.
μεγιστό-τίμος, ov, (μέγιστος, τιμή) greatest in
honour.

μεδέων, onτος, δ, = μέδων, one that cares for or rules,
a guardian, ruler, of guardian gods; Ἰδὴθεν μεδέων
guardian of Ida. 2. fem. μεδέουσα, = μέδουσα,
always of guardian goddesses: ruling, presiding
over. Properly the part. of an old Verb, μεδέω, to
rule.

μεδήσσομαι, fut. of μέδομαι.
MEΔΙΜΝΟΣ, δ, Ion. also ἡ, the medimnus or com-
mon Attic corn-measure, containing 6 ἔκτεϊς, 48 χοί-
νικες, and 192 κοτύλαι, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12
gallons.

MEΔΩΜΑΙ, fut. μεδήσσομαι: Dep.: to give heed to,
attend to, think on; c. gen., πολέμοιο μέδωσθαι to be
thinking of, preparing for battle. II. to plan,
contrive or devise.

μέδουσα, fem. of μέδων, like μεδέουσα, a ruler:
hence as name of the Gorgon, Medusa.

μέδων, onτος, δ, one who rules over: a guardian,
lord. Properly part. of an old Verb μέδω, to rule.

μέζα, ov, τά, = μήδεα, the genitals.
μεζώνως, Ion. Adv. of μέζων.
μέζων, ov, Ion. for μεζών, Comp. of μέγας.
μεθ-αίρω, aor. 2 μεθείλον Ion. μεθέλεσκον:—to
catch in turn.

μεθ-άλλομαι: Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part. pass. μετά-
λεμος:—to leap or rush upon. II. to rush after,
overtake.

μεθ-ἡμέριος, Dor. for μεθ-ημέριος.
μεθ-αρμόζω, f. σω: aor. I μεθάρμοσα:—to dispose
differently, to correct, reform:—Med., with pf. pass.
μεθάρμοσμαι, to alter one's way of life; μεθάρμοσαι
(aor. I imperat.) νέους τρόπους ἀδοτὴν new habits.

μεθέλκα, Ep. for μεθῆκα, aor. I of μεθίημι.

μεθείην, aor. 2 opt. of μεθίημι.

μεθείλον, aor. 2 of μεθαίρω.

μεθεῖναι, μεθείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of μεθίημι.

μεθεῖω, Ep. for μεθεῖω, μεθῶ, aor. 2 subj. of μεθίημι.

μετεκτέον, verb. Adj. of μετέχω, one must share in.

μετέλεσκε, Ion. for μετέλεγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of μεθαίρω.

μετέμεν, Ep. for μεθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεθίημι.

μεθεν, Dor. for ἐμεθεν = ἐμοῦ, gen. of ἐγώ.

μεθέξομαι, fut. of μετέχω.

μεθ-έπω, impf. μεθείπον Ep. μέθεπον: fut. μεθήψω:
poët. aor. 2 μετέσπον, inf. μετασπεῖν, part. μετασπών:
aor. 2 med. μετεσπώνην:—to follow after, follow
closely, hard upon, chase, Lat. insequi.

2. to seek
or search after. 3. to visit. 4. metaph.
to manage, dispose; ἀρχος νῶτα μεθέπων disposing a
burden on his back.

II. trans., Τυδείδην μεθέπον
Ἴππους be turned the horses in pursuit of Tydides.

μεθ-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to translate.

μεθίστηκα, pf. of μεθίστημι.

μέθη, ἡ, (μέθυ) strong drink. II. drunkenness.

μεθήκα, aor. I of μεθίημι.

μεθ-ήκω, to have come in quest of.

μέθη-μαι, properly pf. of μεθ-έξομαι, to be seated
among.

μεθ-ημερίνός, ἡ, ὄν, (μετά, ἡμέρα) happening by
day, in open day-light, Lat. diurnus.

μεθ-ημέριος, ov, = μεθημερίνός.

μεθιμοσύνη, ἡ, remissness, carelessness. From

μεθ-ήμων, ov, gen. onos, (μεθίημι) remiss, careless.

μεθάρμοσμαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of μεθ-
αρμόζω.

μεθαρσέμεναι, μεθαρσέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of μεθίημι.

μεθίεν, Ep. for μεθείεσθαι, 3 pl. impf. of μεθίημι. [Υ]

μεθ-ίημι, inf. μεθείναι part. μεθείς: fut. μεθήσω:
aor. I μεθήκα Ep. μεθέκα: aor. 2 inf. μεθεῖναι part.

μεθείς:—Med. μεθείμαι: f. μεθήσομαι: 3 sing. aor. 2

μεθείτο, inf. μεθείσθαι.—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing.

pres. μεθείς, μεθείε (as if from μεθείω), Ep. inf. μεθ-

είμεν, μεθείμεναι: 2 and 3 sing. impf. μεθείς, μεθεί

(as if from μεθείω), 3 pl. μεθίεν (for μεθείεσθαι): aor. I

μεθήκα and μεθέκα: aor. 2 subj. μεθείω for μεθῶ,

inf. μεθέμεν for μεθείναι:—Herodotus has 3 sing.

pres. μετείε (not μετείε), and also 3 sing. impf. pass.

μετιέρο or ἐμετιέρο (for μεθιέρο): fut. pass. μετή-

σομαι; pf. pass. part. μεμετιμένος (for μεθειμέ-

νος).

I. trans. to set loose, let go, I. c. acc.

pers. to let loose, release: to set or leave at li-

berty. 2. c. acc. rei, to let go, let fall, throw;

μεθίεναι χόλον to let go, give up one's wrath; μεθ-

ίεναι δάκρυα to let tears flow, i.e. shed them; μεθ-

ίεναι γλώσσαν Περσίδα to let drop, utter Persian

words. 3. to release or relieve from. 4. to give

up, resign: also c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to give up to

or for another. 5. to neglect, regard lightly. 6.

to forgive, excuse one a fault. II. Med. μεθί-

εσθαι, to loose oneself from, let go bold of, παῖδος οὐ

μεθήσομαι; the Act. takes the acc. to let go, παῖδα

οὐ μεθήσω. III. intrans. in Act. to relax one's

efforts: in war, to slacken, be lukewarm: generally,

to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter. 2. c.

gen. rei, to cease from, abandon: c. gen. pers. to

abandon or neglect one. 3. c. part., κλαύσας καὶ

ὀδυράμενος μεθέλκε having wept and bewailed be left

off. [Υ in Att.; Υ in Ep., except metri gratia.]

μεθ-ιστάνω, collat. form of μεθίστημι.

μεθ-ίστημι, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut.

μετα-στήσω: aor. I act. μετέστησα and med. -εστη-

σάμην:—to place in another way: to substitute, change. 2. to put away, remove: generally, to remove from one place to another: so too in aor. I med. to remove from oneself.

II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθίσταμαι impf. μεθιστάμην; aor. I μετεστάθην [α]; and in intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 μετέστην, pf. μεθέστηκα, plqpf. μεθεστήκειν:—to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατῷ μεθέστηκε fortune bath changed for the army: to go over to another party, to revolt: hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδεία, ἡ, craft, artifice. From μεθοδεύω, f. σω, (μέθοδος) to work by method: hence to deal craftily with.

μέθ-οδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὁδός) a following after: a scientific inquiry or treatise: method, system.

μεθ-ομιλέω, f. ἴσω, to associate with, mix with.

μεθ-όριος, α, ον, (μετά, ὅρος) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθόρια (sub. χωρία), the borders, frontier.

μεθ-ορμῶω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, ὀρμῶω) to urge in pursuit:—Pass., aor. I μεθωρμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly; μεθωρμήθεις following close.

μεθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with νῆας omitted: metaph. to remove from one place to another:—Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ΜΕΘΟΥ, ὅος, τό, wine, Lat. merum.

μεθ-υδριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὕδωρ) of or from the water, epith. of Nymphs.

Μεθ-ύδριον, τό, (μετά, ὕδωρ) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways: cf. Lat. Interamnina.

μεθύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πίδαξ) gubbing with wine.

μεθύ-πληξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πλήσσω) wine-struck, drunken.

μεθ-υποδέομαι, Med. (μετά, υποδέομαι) to change shoes, put on another person's shoes.

μέθυσις, ἡ, (μεθύω) drunkenness.

μεθύσσω, f. ὕσω (ῥ), aor. I ἐμέθυσα:—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate:—Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in aor. I ἐμεθύσθην, to be drunk.

μεθύσο-κότταβος, ον, (μέθυσος, κότταβος) drunk with playing at the κότταβος.

μέθυσος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (μέθυ) drunken.

μεθύ-στερος, α, ον, later, living after; οἱ μεθύστεροι posterity: neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later.

μεθυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μέθυω) a drunkard.

μεθυ-σφάλῃς, ἐς, (μέθυ, σφαλῆναι) reeling-drunk.

μεθυ-τρόφος, ον, (μέθυ, τρέφω) producing wine.

μεθύω, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μεθύσσω: (μέθυ):—to be drunken, be given to drinking. II. metaph. to be drenched, steeped in any liquid. 2. to be intoxicated with passion; to be stupefied with blows,

μεθάμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of μεθύω.

μει-ἀγωγέω, f. σω, (μείων, ἀγωγός) to bring too little; μειαγωγέην την τραγῳδίαν to weigh tragedy by scruples, weigh scrupulously: see μείων.

ΜΕΙΔΑΨ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐμείδησα Ep. μείδησα:—to smile: for Σαρδάνιον μείδησαι, see Σαρδάνιος.

Hence

μειδῖμα and μειδιᾶμα, ατος, τό, a smile, smiling.

μειδιάω, f. ἴσω [α], collat. form of μείδω, to smile:

Ep. part. μειδιών.

μειζόνως, Adv. of μείζων, in a greater degree.

μειζότερος, later form for μείζων.

μείζων, ον, irreg. Comp. of μέγας, greater.

μειλανι, Ep. for dat. of μέλας.

μείλια, ἰων, τά, (μειλίσσω) anything that pacifies or pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μειλίγμα, ατος, τό, (μειλίσσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μειλίγματα θυμοῦ scraps to appease hunger. 2. in pl. a propitiation offered to the dead, Lat. inferiae.

3. a fondling, darling, Lat. deliciae. 4. a soothing song.

μειλικτήριος, ον, (μειλίσσω) able to soothe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. ἱερά), τά, atonements.

μειλινός, η, ον, poet. for μέλινος, asben.

μειλίσσω, f. ἴσω: (μέλι):—to make mild, to soothe, please: to treat kindly: to appease, propitiate:—Pass. to be soothed, grow calm:—Med. to use soothing words; μηδέ τί μ' αἰδόμενος μείλισσο μηδ' ἐλαίρων extenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μειλίχια Ion. -λη, ἡ, (μειλίχος) mildness, gentleness: but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle.

μειλίχιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, soothing: in neut. pl., προσαιδῶν μειλίχοισι (sub. ἐπέεσσι) to address with soothing words: cf. κερτόμα.

II. of persons, mild, gracious.

μειλίχ-ο-γῆρυς, υ, (μειλίχος, γῆρυς) soft-voiced.

μειλίχ-ο-δωρος, ον, (μειλίχος, δῶρον) giving pleasing gifts.

μειλίχος, ον, (μειλίσσω) mild, gentle, kind.

μείναι, aor. I inf. of μένω.

μείναν, μείνε, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένω.

μείων, ονος, τό, neut. of μείων, less, too small. II. μείων, τό, name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Apaturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μείων, too light! see μειαγωγέω.

μειον-εκτέω, f. ἴσω, (μείων, ἔχω) to have too little, to be poor: c. gen. rei, to be scant of a thing. Hence

μειονεξία, ἡ, disadvantage.

μειόνως, Adv. of μείων, in a less degree; μειόνως ἔχειν to be too mean.

μείδω, f. ὥσω, (μείων) to make smaller, lessen, diminish. 2. to lessen in honour, degrade. 3. to extenuate.

II. Pass. to become smaller, to decrease. 2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. to fall short of.

μειράκι-εξάπατης, ον, ὁ, (μειράκιον, ἐξ-απατάω) a boy-cheater. [α]

μεπρακιεύομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy: to be idle or mischievous, Lat. *adolescuntire*.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκιόμαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy or lad.

μειράκιση, ἡ, Dim. of μείραξ, a little girl.

μειράκιλλος, ὁ, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκιλλον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a mere lad.

ΜΕΨΠΑΞ, ὁ, and ἡ, a boy or girl, lad or lass.

ΜΕΨΡΟΜΑΙ, pf. ἔμμορα pass. εἰμαρμαι: Dep. I. in pres. to receive as one's portion or due; c. acc., ἡμισυ μείροο τιμῆς take half the honour as thy due.

II. in pf. ἔμμορα, to have or obtain one's share of a thing; c. gen., ἔμμορε τιμῆς be bath gotten his share of honour.

III. the pf. pass. is used as impers. εἰμαρται, it is allotted or decreed by fate; plqpf. εἰμαρτο it was so decreed:—also in part. εἰμαρμένος, ἡ, on, allotted, decreed; ἡ εἰμαρμένη (sub. μοῖρα), that which is allotted, destiny, like πεπωμένη from πέπραται.

μεῖς, ὁ, Ion. and Aeol. for μῆν, a month.

μειῶμα, ατος, τό, (μειῶω) a diminution: a fine.

μειῶν, neut. μείον, gen. μείονος, used as Comp. of μικρός and ὀλίγος.

μελάγ-γαῖος, on, μελάγ-γεῖος, on, and μελάγ-γεως, on, gen. ω, (μέλας, γαῖα=γῆ) with black soil, loamy.

μελάγ-κερως, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) black-borned.

μελάγ-κόρυφος, ὁ, (μέλας, κορυφή) with a black bead: as Subst., μελαγκόρυφος, ὁ, a bird, the blackcap.

μελάγ-κροκος, on, (μέλας, κρέκω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails.

μελαγ-χαίτης, on, ὁ, (μέλας, χαίτη) black-haired.

μελάγχεμα, on, τά, dark spots in snow. From μελάγχιμος, on, black, dark. (Formed from μέλας with termination -χιμος, as δύσ-χιμος from δυσ-).

μελαγ-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χίτων) with black raiment: hence gloomy, dark-brooding.

μελάγ-χλαινος, on, (μέλας, χλαῖνα) black-cloaked: of Μελάγχλαινοι a Scythian nation.

μελαγχολάω, (μελάγχολος) to be jaundiced or melancholy.

μελάγ-χολος, on, (μέλας, χολή) with black bile, jaundiced.

II. dipped in black bile.

μελάγ-χροῖτης, ἐς, (μέλας, χροιά)=μελάγχροος.

μελάγ-χροος, on, contr. -χροος, on, (μέλας, χροά) black-skinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swarthy: there is an irreg. nom. pl. μελάγχροες.

μελαγ-χρώς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χρώς)=μελάγ-χροος.

μελαβρον, τό, (μέλας) the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the ceiling: also the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice.

II. generally, a roof: in pl., like Lat. *tecta*, a house.

μελαθρόβον, poet. gen. of μελαβρον.

μελαῖνος, f. ανῶ:—Pass., aor. I ἐμελάνθην: pf. μεμέλασμαι: (μέλας):—to blacken, make black:—Pass. to grow black or dark, turn black.

μελαμ-βάθος, ἐς, (μέλας, βάθος) deep in darkness.

μελαμ-βάφης, ἐς, (μέλας, βαφῆνα) dark-dyed.

μελάμ-βωλος, on, (μέλας, βῶλος) with black soil.

μελαμ-πάγης, ἐς, Dor. for μελαμπηγῆς, (μέλας, πήγνυμι) black-clouted: generally, black, discoloured.

μελάμ-πέπλος, on, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robed.

μελαμ-πέταλος, on, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved.

μελάμ-πτερος, on, (μέλας, πτερόν) black-winged.

μελαμ-φάης, ἐς, (μέλας, φάος) with darkness for light.

μελάμ-φύλλος, on, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved: with dark foliage, dark-wooded.

μελᾶν, ἄνος, τό, (neut. of μέλας) black dye, ink.

μελᾶν-αἰγίς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, αἰγίς) with dark aegis.

μελᾶν-αυγῆς, ἐς, (μέλας, αὐγή) dark-gleaming.

μελᾶν-δετος, on, (μέλας, δέω) bound or mounted with black: σάκος μελάνδετον an iron-rimmed shield.

μελαν-δόκος, on, (μελάν, δέχομαι) holding ink: κίστη μελανδόκος an ink-stand.

μελᾶν-δρυον, τό, (μέλας, δρῦς) heart of oak.

μελᾶν-εἰμων, on, (μέλας, εἶμα) with black raiment.

μελάνει or μελανεῖ, a 3 sing. without any other part of the Verb in use, either to make dark (from μελάνω = μελαινῶ, or to grow dark (from μελανέω).

μελ-ανθής, ἐς, (μέλας, ἄνθος) with black blossoms: generally, black-coloured.

μελᾶνία, ἡ, (μέλας) a black cloud.

μελᾶνῶ-ζυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, ζεύγνυμι) with black benches.

μελᾶνο-κάρδιος, on, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearded.

μελᾶν-ὀμμάτος, on, (μέλας, ὄμμα) black-eyed.

μελᾶνο-νεκτο-εἰμων, on, gen. onos, (μέλας, νέκυσ, εἶμα) clad in black sbroud.

μελᾶνῶ-πτερος, on, and μελᾶνο-πτέρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, πτερόν, πτέρυξ) black-winged.

μελᾶν-οστος, on, (μέλας, ὀσσε) black-eyed.

μελᾶν-οστος, for μελᾶνόςτεος, on, (μέλας, ὀστέον) black-boned.

μελᾶν-ουρος, on, fem. μελᾶν-ουρίς, ἰδος, (μέλας, οὐρά) black-tailed.

μελᾶνῶ-χροος, on, = μελάγχροος.

μελᾶνῶ-χρως, οος, ὁ, ἡ, = μελάγχρως.

μελαν-τειχίς, ἐς, (μέλας, τεῖχος) with black walls.

μελάντερος, α, on, Comp. of μέλας.

μελαν-τράγης, ἐς, (μέλας, τραγεῖν) black when eaten.

μελᾶν-ῶδρ, on, (μέλας, ὕδωρ) with black water. [ᾶ]

ΜΕΛΛΑΞ, Aeol. μέλαις, μελαινα, μελᾶν: gen. μέλανος, μελαίνης, μέλανος; etc.: cf. τάλας:—black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky.

II. Comp. μελάντερος, α, on.

ΜΕΛΛΩ, only used in pres. to melt, make liquid:—Pass. μέλδομαι, to melt, grow liquid.

μέλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of μέλω.

μέλε, ὦ μέλε, as a familiar address, my friend, my dear: Ep. vocat., of which no other part remains in use.

μελεδαινῶ, (μέλω) to care for, be cumbered or anxious about, c. gen.

II. to tend, attend upon, c. acc. Hence

μελέδμημα, atos, τό, *care, anxiety, concern*. II. *the thing cared for*. Hence
μελεδμηων, on, gen. onos, *caring for, anxious about*. II. *busy*.

μελεδών, ōnos, ἡ, = μελεδώνη.
μελεδωνεύς, ὁ, poet. for μελεδωνός.
μελεδώνη, ἡ, like μελεδών, (μελεδαίνω) *care, sorrow*.
μελεδωνός, ὁ, and ἡ, (μελεδαίνω) *one who takes care of, a guardian, steward: a keeper or tender*.

μέλει, impers., see μέλω.
μελείσσι, Adv. (μελείω) *limb from limb*.
μελο-πάθης, ἐς, (μέλεος, παθεῖν) *suffering misery*.
μελεό-πονος, on, (μέλεος, πόνος) *labouring in misery*.
μέλεος, α, on, also os, on, (μέλω) *fruitless, vain, empty*: neut. μέλεον as Adv. *in vain*. 2. *unhappy, wretched*.

μελεό-φρων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλεος, φρήν) *wretched in mind*.

μελεσί-πτερος, on, (μέλος, πτερόν) *singing with its wings*.

μέλεται, 3 sing. pres. med. of μέλω.
μελετάω, f. ἥσω:—to care for, c. gen. II. c. acc. to study, prosecute diligently, Lat. *excolere: to court: to practise, exercise; μελετᾶν σοφίαν to practise wisdom; also c. dat. rei, μελετᾶν τόφω to practise with the bow: absol. to practise, exercise oneself; ἐν τῷ μὴ μελετᾶντι (dat. part. for inf.) by want of practice: absol. to take heed, take thought*. 2. c. acc. pers. to exercise or train one. From

μελέτη, ἡ, (μέλωμαι) *care, attention* 2. *practice, exercise*. II. *care, anxiety*.

μελετήμα, atos, τό, (μελετάω) *a practice, study*.
μελετηρός, α, ὄν, (μελετάω) *practising diligently*.
μελετητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, *one must practice*.

μελέτωρ, opos, ὁ, (μέλω) *one who cares for, a guardian, avenger*.

μεληδών, ōnos, ἡ, = μελεδών, μελεδώνη.
μελήμα, atos, τό, (μέλω) *an object of care: a beloved object*. II. *a charge, duty: care, anxiety*.

μελησμέν, Ep. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω.
μελησίμ-βροτος, on, (μέλησις, βροτός) *cared for by men*.

Μελητίδης [Υ], on, ὁ, proverbial name at Athens for a blackhead, as if patronym. from Μελήτος.

ΜΕΛΙ΄, ἴτος, τό, Lat. MEL, *honey*.

μελία Ion. -της, ἡ, *the ash*, Lat. *fraxinus*: from its toughness it was used for spears. II. *a spear*.

μελι-βάας, ὁ, (μέλι, βοή) *with honey-tone*.

μελι-βρομος, on, (μέλι, βρέω) *honey-toned*.

μελι-γδυνος, on, (μέλι, δυνάω) *sweet-sounding*.

μελι-γγυρος Dor. -γάρυς, vos, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, γήρυς) *honey-voiced, musical*.

μελι-γλωσσος, on, (μέλι, γλῶσσα) *honey-tongued*.

μελίημα, atos, τό, (μελίω) *song: a pipe*.

μελίζω Dor. μελίσσω, (μέλος) *to modulate, warble, play: so also in Med., with Dor. fut. μελίσσομαι*. 2. trans. *to sing of, celebrate in song*.

μελι-ηδής, ἐς, (μέλι, ἡδύς) *honey-sweet: metaph. sweet to the soul, pleasing*.

μελι-θρεπτος, on, (μέλι, τρέφω) *honey-fed*.

μελι-θροος, on, contr. -θρους, on, (μέλι, θροάω) *sweet-sounding*.

μελι-κρον, τό, (μέλι, κηρός) *a honeycomb*.

μελι-κομπτος, on, (μέλι, κομπέω) *sweet-sounding*.

μελι-κράτος Ion. -κρητος, on, (μέλι, κεράννυμι) *mixed with honey: μελι-κρητον Att. -κράτον, τό, a drink of honey and milk offered as a libation*.

μελικτής, οὔ, Dor. μελικτῆς, ᾶ, ὁ, (μελίζω) *a singer, player, esp. a flute-player*.

μελι-λατον, τό, also μελι-λατος, ὁ, (μέλι, λατός) *melilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity of honey it contained*.

ΜΕΛΙΝΗ, ἡ, *millet*, Lat. *panicum*: in pl. *millet-fields*. [Υ]

μέλινος Ep. μέλινος, η, on, (μελία) *asben*, Lat. *fraxineus*.

Μελίνο-φάγοι, οἱ, (μελίνη, φάγειν) *the Millet-eaters*, name of a Thracian tribe.

μελι-παῖς, παῖδος, ὁ and ἡ, (μέλι, παῖς) *with honey-children*, epith. of the bee-hive.

μελι-πνοος, on, contr. -πνους, on, (μέλι, πνέω) *honey-breathing, sweet-breathing*.

μελιρ-ροος, on, (μέλι, ρέω) *flowing with honey*.

μελιρ-ρύτος, on, = μελίρροος.

μελίσσω, Dor. for μελίζω: μελίσσεν, Dor. inf.

μέλισμα, atos, τό, (μελίζω) *a song, chant: a tune*.

μέλισσα Att. μέλιττα, ης, ἡ, (μέλι) *a bee*. 2.

a priestess of Delphi. II. *honey itself*.

μελίσσειος, not μελίσσιος, α, on, (μέλισσα) *of, belonging to bees; μελίσσειον κηρίον a honeycomb*.

μελισσό-βοτος, on, (μέλισσα, βόσκω) *fed on by bees*.

μελισσο-νόμος, on, (μέλισσα, νέμω) *keeping bees*. II.

(μέλισσα 1. 2) *a priestess*.

μελισσο-πόνος, on, (μέλισσα, πονέω) *tending bees*.

μελισσο-σός, on, (μέλισσα, σός) *guardian of bees*.

μελισσό-τοκος, on, (μέλισσα, τεκεῖν) *produced by bees, bonied*.

μελισσο-τρόφος, on, (μέλισσα, τρέφω) *feeding bees*.

μελισσών Att. μελιττών, ōnos, ὁ, (μέλισσα) *a beehouse, apiary*.

μελι-σταγής, ἐς, (μέλι, σταγῆναι) *dropping honey*.

μελι-στακτος, on, = μελιστάτης.

μελίετα, ἡ, (μέλι) *a herb, baulm*, Lat. *apiastrum*.

μελι-τερπής, ἐς, (μέλι, τέρω) *honey-sweet*.

Μελιτίδης, false form for Μελητίδης.

μελιτόεις, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) *bonied, sweet*. II.

made of honey: as Subst., μελιτόεσσα Att. μελιτοῦττα (sub. μᾶζα), ἡ, a honey-cake.

μελιτο-πώλης, on, ὁ, (μέλι, πωλέω) *a dealer in honey*.

μελιτοῦττα, v. μελιτοίεις.

μελιτόω, f. ὥσω, (μέλι) *to sweeten with honey*.

μελίττα, ἡ, Att. for μέλισσα, *a bee*.

μελίττιον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, *a small bee*.

μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσοτρ-.

μελιττ-ουργός, -ουργέω, -ουργία, ἡ, Att. for μελισσ-.

μελί-ωδης, ες, (μέλος, εἶδος) like honey.

μελίτωμα, ατος, τό, (μελιτώα) a honey-cake. [Υ]

μελί-φθογγος, ον, (μέλι, φθογγή) honey-voiced, sweet-toned, bonied.

μελί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, φρήν) sweet to the mind, delicious.

μελί-φурτος, ον, (μέλι, φύρω) mixed with honey.

μελί-χλωρος, ον, (μέλι, χλωρός) yellow or pale as honey, tawny.

μελί-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (μέλι, χροά) honey-coloured, tawny.

μελίχρ-ωδης, ες, (μελίχρους, εἶδος) yellow as honey.

μελί-χρος, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλι, χρώς) = μελίχροος.

μέλλημα, ατος, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. *delays*.

μέλλησα, Ep. for ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

μέλλισσι, ἡ, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending or threatening to do: an intention. II. an unfulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλιτέον, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay.

μελλιτής, οὔ, ὁ, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελλο-γάμος, ον, (μέλλω, γαμέω) betrothed.

μελλο-δειπνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέλλω, δεῖπνον) played at the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικάω) to put off conquering; with a pun upon the name of Nicias.

μελλο-νυμφος, ον, (μέλλω, νύμφη) about to be married; also, in wider sense, whoever is of marriageable age.

ΜΕΛΛΩ, impf. ἐμελλον: fut. μελήσω: aor. I ἐμέλλησα: in Att. the augm. is doubled, ἡμελλον, ἡμέλλησα:—to be on the point of doing, to be about to do or suffer: hence to intend, design, purpose. II. to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελέεσθαι ἐμελλον which were not destined to be accomplished. 2. to be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must: μέλλω που ἀπέχθεσθαι διὰ πατρί it must be that I am hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability; τὰ δὲ μέλλειν ἀκονόμεν you are likely to have heard of it; οἱ που μέλλουσιν ἀριστοὶ βουλὰς βουλευέιν where the best are likely to be holding counsel. III. to be always going to do, meaning to do, without doing: hence to delay, put off, hesitate, scruple. IV. μέλλω often stands without its infin., and so seems to govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted; ὅ τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εὐθὺς πράττετε what you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλων is also used so, as ὁ μέλλων χρόνος the future time; ἡ μέλλουσα αὐτοῦ δύναμις his future power: esp. in neut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the issue, result.

μέλλω, οὗς, ἡ, poet. for μέλλησις.

μελογράφία, ἡ, song-writing. From

μελο-γράφος, ον, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs.

μελοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (μελοποιός) to make lyric poems.

μελοποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, = μελοποιός.

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μελοποιός, ὄν, (μέλος, ποιέω) making lyric poems: as Subst., μελοποιός, ὁ, a lyric poet.

ΜΕΛΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb; κατὰ μέλεα limb by limb. II. a song, strain; plur. μέλη lyric poetry, choral songs. 2. the music to which a song is set, an air, melody.

μελο-τύπew, f. ἴσω, (μέλος, τύπτω) to strike up a strain, chant.

μελιπύθρον, τό, (μέλω) the song and dance, festivity, sport; μέλιπυθρα κυνῶν a sport for dogs.

Μελπομένη, ἡ, Melpomene, the Songstress, the Muse of Tragedy. From

μέλω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐμελψα: (μέλος):—to sing, celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also μέλ-

πομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπεσθαι κιθαρίζον to sing to the harp; μέλπεσθαι to dance in honour of Mars, i. e. to fight bravely. 2. c. acc. to sing, celebrate.

μελῦδρον, τό, Dim. of μέλος, a ditty.

ΜΕΛΩ, fut. μελήσω:—to be an object of care or thought; πᾶσι μέλω I am a care to all. 2. mostly in 3 sing. μέλει, impf. ἐμελε, fut. μελήσει, pres. and fut. inf. μέλειν and μελήσειν:—something is a care to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est mihi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμος war is a care to me: so in inf., σοὶ χρή τὰδε μέλειν it is right that these things should be a care to thee. 3. μέλει is often impers.; μέλει μοι τοῦδε there is a care to me for this, I care for this. II. pres. and fut. Med.

μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing. for μέλει, μελήσει; as ἐμοὶ δὲ καὶ τὰτα μελήσεται but these things shall be my care. 2. pf. act. μέμηλε with pres. sense, for Att. μεμήληκε, and the plqpf. μεμήλει, with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμηλότα ἔργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and plqpf. pass. μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέληται, ἐμεμέλητο, also occur in pres. and impf. sense; ἡ νύ τοι οὐκέτι μέμβλετ' Ἀχιλλεύς surely Achilles is no longer a care to thee; μέμβλετο οἱ τεῖχος the wall was a care to him. III. the Act. μέλω, Med. μέλομαι are also found in trans. sense, to care for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτῶν to take care of mortals; so in pf. part., πολέμοιο μεμηλῶς busied with war; also in aor. I pass. μεληθῆναι, to care for, take care of.

μελωδέω, f. ἴσω, (μελωδός) to sing. Hence

μελωδία, ἡ, a singing.

μελ-φδός, ὄν, (μέλος, φδῆ) singing, musical.

μέμας, pf. of *μάω: 3 pl. μεμάσσι.

μεμάθηκα [μά], pf. of μανθάνω.

μεμάκεια, Ep. pf. part. fem. of μηκάομαι.

μεμάμεν, Ep. for μεμάομεν, 1 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μεμνήμηναι [μά], pf. of μαινομαι, formed as if from *μανέομαι.

μεμᾶότες, pf. part. pl. of *μάω.

μεμᾶποιεν [μά], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπτω.

μεμαρπτός, pf. part. of μάρπτω.

μεμάτε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of *μάω.

*μανέομαι.

μεμᾶότες, pf. part. pl. of *μάω.

μεμᾶποιεν [μά], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπτω.

μεμαρπτός, pf. part. of μάρπτω.

μεμάτε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of *μάω.

*μανέομαι.

μεμᾶότες, pf. part. pl. of *μάω.

μεμᾶποιεν [μά], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπτω.

μεμαρπτός, pf. part. of μάρπτω.

μεμάτε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω.

μεμῶς, μεμῶντα, pf. part. of *μάω: μεμῶτες, μεμῶτας, lengthd. for μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, nom. and acc. plur.

μεμβλεται, μεμβλετο, Ep. for μεμέλῃται, ἐμεμέλῃτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of μέλω.

μεμβλωκα, pf. of βλώσκει.

μεμβρόνα, ἡ, Lat. membrana, a parchment, skin.

ΜΕΜΒΡΑ Σ, ἄδος, ἡ, a small kind of anchovy. [α]

μεμέληκα, pf. of μέλω.

μεμένηκα, pf. of μένω.

μεμετιμένος, Ion. for μεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of μεθίμι.

μεμηκώς, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

μεμήλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense, also μεμήλει, plqpf. with impf. sense.

μέμηνα, pf. of μαίνομαι.

μεμηχανήμικως, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by stratagem.

μεμίσσαι, pf. pass. of μαίνω.

μεμίσμαι, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίσχαι.

μεμνᾶμένος, Dor. pf. part. of μμνήσκει.

μέμνεο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μμνήσκει.

μεμνέτω, Ion. for μέμνωτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of μμνήσκει.

μέμνημαι, pf. pass. of μμνήσκει, inf. μεμνήσθαι.

μεμνήμην, μεμνήμην, pf. opt. pass. of μμνήσκει.

μεμνηστευμένος, pf. part. pass. of μμνηστέω.

μεμνώμαι, pf. subj. pass. of μμνήσκει.

Μέμνων, ονος, δ, (μένω) Memnon, properly the Resolute.

μεμόλυκα, -υσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μολύνω.

μέμονα, poet. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without any pres. in use: (*μάω):—to wish, long, yearn, strive; διχθὰ δέ μοι κραδίη μέμονε my heart longs with a twofold wish.

μεμόρηται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μέπομαι.

μεμορυνμένος, pf. part. pass. of μορύνω.

μεμύνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μυνώ.

μεμπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέμφομαι) to be blamed, blame-worthy, contemptible. II. act. blaming, bearing a grudge against.

μέμυκα, pf. of μυκάομαι: also of μύω.

ΜΕΜΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. μέμψομαι: aor. I med. ἐμεψάμην, pass. ἐμέμψην: Dep.:—to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, to complain of a thing; c. acc. rei et gen. pers., δ μάλιστα μέμφονται ἡμῶν which is the chief complaint they make against us. II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to object a thing to another: reproach him with it: c. dat. pers. to find fault with.

μεμψί-μοιρος, ον, (μέμφομαι, μοῖρα) complaining of one's fate, repining, discontented.

μέμψις, εως, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) a blaming, reproach, reproof. 2. a complaint.

ΜΕ'Ν, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by δέ in the corresponding clause. Generally, μέν and δέ

may be expressed by *on the one hand . . . on the other; as well . . . as, while*; μέν, like δέ, can never stand first in a clause: μέν is not always answered by δέ, but by other Particles, as by ἀλλά, ἀτάρ, ἔπειτα, αὐτε, αὖθις; also by μέντοι, εἴτα. Μέν is often found without δέ expressed, as, ὡς μέν λέγουσι as they say, (but as I do not believe). Μέν was orig. the same as μὴν, and ἡ μέν is retained in Ion. for ἡ μὴν as a form of protestation. II. μέν before other Particles:

1. μέν ἄρα, Ep. μέν ῥα, accordingly, and so. 2. μέν γε or μέν . . . γε, yet at least, certainly, Lat. certe. 3. μέν δὲ however. 4. μέν οὖν or μενοῦν, Lat. imo vero, ay indeed; rather, nay rather: so too, μέν οὖν γε or μενοῦν γε, yea rather. 5. μέν τοι Ep., Att. μέντοι, certainly, at any rate. b. to recall what has gone before, now. c. to mark an objection, or exception, yet, however, still, nevertheless.

μεναίχμης, ον, ὁ, (μένω, αἰχμή) sustaining the fight, resolute, unflinching.

μενεαίω, only used in pres. and impf., (μένος) to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing: c. gen., μενεαίνεω μάχης to long for battle. II. to be angry, rage, be furious:—to be convulsed in death.

μεν-έγγης, es, (μένω, ἔγχος) steadfast in fight.

μενε-δῆϊος, ον, (μένω, δῆϊος) standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching.

μενεήναμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I of μενεαίνω.

Μενέ-λαός, Att. Μενέλεος Dor. Μενέλας, δ, pr. n., (μένω, λαός) Menelaus, i. e. withstanding men.

μενε-πόλεμος, ον, (μένω, πόλεμος) staunch in battle, steadfast, resolute.

Μενεσθεύς, εως, Ion. ἦος, δ, (μένω) Menestheus, i. e. the Abider.

μενετέον, verb. Adj. of μένω, one must abide.

μενετός, ἡ, ὄν, (μένω) standing one's ground, steadfast: also patient, long-suffering; οἱ καιροὶ οὐ μενετοὶ opportunities will not wait.

μενε-φύλοπις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (μένω, φύλοπις) = μενεπτόλεμος. [ϛ]

μενε-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, and μενέ-χαρμος, ον, (μένω, χάρμη) staunch in battle, resolute.

μενο-εἰκής, es, (μένος, εἰκός from *εἶκω) suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful: generally, agreeable, pleasant, suiting one's taste.

μενοινῶ, f. ἦσω: Ep. impf. μενοίνεον: Ep. pres. μενοινῶ, 3 sing. μενοινῶ: Ep. aor. I μενοίνῃσα, 3 sing. opt. μενοινήσει: (μενοινή):—to desire eagerly, long for, to strive for. 2. to purpose, intend.

μενοινή, ἡ, eager desire.

μενοινῶ, Ep. for μενοινῶ.

ΜΕ'ΝΟΣ, εος, τό, force, strength of body, prowess. 2. of animals, strength, fierceness, spirit. 3. of things, strength, might, force: hence of the blood as giving strength; μέλαν μένος a flow of black blood. II. spirit, ardour: μένει, dat. with fury, violently. 2. wish, bent, purpose. 3. generally, temper, disposition. III. μένος is also used in

periphr. like *βίη, ἴς*; as *ἱερὸν μένος Ἀλκινόοιο* the sacred *Alcinoüs* himself.

μενοῦν, μέντοι, etc., v. sub *μέν* π. 4, 5.

ΜΕΝΩ: Ion. impf. μένεσκον: fut. *μενῶ*, Ep. uncontr. *μενῶ*: aor. *ἔμεινα*: pf. *μεμνήγκα*:—to stay, wait, Lat. *MANEO*: to abide, stand one's ground. 2. to stay at home, tarry. 3. to stay behind, linger, dally.

4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, stand. 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue, hold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opinion.

II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly:—to await for; *μένον δ' ἐπὶ ἑσπερον ἔλθεῖν* they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

μερίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*: Dor. *μερίσσω*, f. *ῶ*: (*μερίς*):—to divide into parts. II. to divide, distribute:

—Med. to divide among themselves.

μεριμνά, ἥ, (*μερίς*, *μερίω*) care, thought: anxious care or thought, trouble, disquietude. II. the thought, mind. Hence

μεριμνάω, f. ἥσω, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; *πολλὰ μεριμνᾶν* to be cumbered with many cares. Hence

μεριμνήμα, ατος, τό, anxious thought, care: and μεριμνήτης, οὔ, δ, one who is careful about things. μεριμνο-τόκος, ον, (*μέριμα*, *τεκεῖν*) giving birth to care.

μεριμνο-φροντιστής, οὔ, δ, (*μέριμα*, *φροντίζω*) an over-careful thinker.

μερίς, ἰδος, ἥ, (*μέρος*) a part, portion, share. II. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. *partes*.

μερισμός, δ, (*μερίζω*) a partition, dividing, distributing.

μεριστής, οὔ, δ, (*μερίζω*) a divider or distributor.

μερίτης, ον, δ, (*μερίς*) a partaker. [I]

μέρμερος, ον, (*μέριμνα*) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. *μέρμερα*, mischiefs, troubles. Hence

μέρμηρᾶ, ἥ, poet. for *μέριμνα*, care, trouble. Hence μερμηρίζω, f. ἴζω: Ep. aor. *ἰ μερμήριξα*:—to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to hesitate. II. trans. to think of, devise.

ΜΕΡΜΙΣ, ἴδος, ἥ, a cord, string, rope, line.

μεροπήσιος, ον, (*μέροψ*) human.

ΜΕΡΟΣ, εος, τό, a part, share: a portion, heritage, lot. 2. a share in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; *ἐν μέρει* in turn; so, *ἀνὰ μέρος* or *κατὰ μέρος* in turn, successively; *κατὰ τὸ ἑμὸν μέρος* as far as concerns me, Lat. *pro rata*; but *τοῦμόν* or *τὸ σὸν μέρος* as to me, Lat. *quod ad me attinet*. 3. *ἐν μέρει τιθεῖν*, to put in the class of . . . consider as so and so, like *ἐν λόγῳ ποιεῖσθαι*, Lat. *in numero habere*.

μέρ-ουσ, ονος, δ, (*μείρομαι*, ὅψ) dividing the voice, i. e. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

μές, Dor. for *μέν*.

μέσᾱ-βον, τό, (*μέσος*, *βοῦς*) a leathern strap, by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. *subjugium*.

μεσ-ἀγκύλον, τό, (*μέσος*, *ἀγκύλη*) a javelin with a thong for throwing it by.

μεσαι-πόλιος, ον, (*μέσος*, *πολιός*) poet. for *μεσο-πίλιος*, half-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

μεσαίτατος, η, ον, Ion. Sup. of *μέσος*, the midst, middlemost:—Comp. *μεσαίτερος*, η, ον, more in the middle.

μέσ-ακρος, ον, (*μέσος*, *ἀκτῆ*) midway between two shores, in mid-sea.

μεσ-αμβρίη, ἥ, Ion. for *μεσημβρία*.

μεσ-αμβρινός, μεσ-αμέριος, Dor. for *μεσημ-*.

μεσάτιος, ον, μέσᾱτος, η, ον, poet. for *μέσος*: so also Ep. *μέσᾱτος* and *μεσᾱτίος*.

μέσ-αυλος Ep. *μεσσαυλος* Att. *μέταυλος*, ον, inside the αὐλή or hall:—as Subst., *μέσσαυλος*, δ, or *μέσσαυλον*, τό, the inner court. II. in Att. *μέταυλος* (sc. *θύρα*), ἥ, the door between the court-yard and inner part of the house, the inner door.

μέσδων, ον, Dor. for *μέζων*, *μείζων*.

μεσηγνύ, and before a vowel -ύς, Ep. *μεσσηγνύ*, -ύς, Adv. of Space: (*μέσος*):—in the middle, between. 2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwixt. II.

of Time, meanwhile, meantime. III. as Subst., *μεσηγνύ*, τό, the part between, interval: *τὸ μεσηγνύ ἡμαρτος* midday, noon.

μεστήεις, ἔσσα, ἐν, (*μέσος*) middle, middling.

μεσ-ημβρία Ion. *μεσ-αμβρίη*, ἥ, (for *μεσημερία*, from *μέσος*, *ἡμέρα*) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; *μεσημβρία ἵσταται* 'tis high noon. II. the country towards the meridian, the South. Hence

μεσ-ημβριάζω and -άω, to pass the noon, Lat. *meridiari*.

μεσημβρινός, ἥ, ὄν, commoner form for *μεσημερίος*, (*μεσημβρία*) belonging to noon, noontide; *θάληη μεσημβρινῆ* noonday heat. II. southern.

μεσημερινός, ον, = *μεσημβρινός*.

μεσ-ήρης poet. *μεσστήρης*, es, (*μέσος*, *ἀράρειν*) set in the middle, midmost; *Σείριος ἐστὶ μεστήρης* Sirius is still in mid-heaven.

μεστέω, f. *σω*, to be or act as a mediator. From

μεστήτης, ον, δ, (*μέσος*) a mediator, intercessor. [I]

μεστίτης, ἴδος, fem. of *μεστήτης*.

μεσό-γαλος or -γείος, ον, also α, ον, also *μεσδό-γεις*, ον, (*μέσος*, *γή*, *γαῖα*) inland, in the heart of a country: as Subst., ἥ *μεσογεία* (sub. *χώρα*), the interior.

μεσδό-δηη, ἥ, (*μέσος*, *δέμω*, as if for *μεσδόδηη*) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. *κοίλη μεσδόμη* the cross-plank of a ship, with a pole through it, for the mast.

μέσοι, poet. *μέσοι*, Adv. (*μέσος*) in the middle.

μεσο-λαβής, ἑς, (*μέσος*, *λαβεῖν*) held by the middle, firm-grasped.

μεσό-λευκος, ον, (μέσος, λευκος) middling white, half white.

μεσ-ομφάλος, ον, (μέσος, ομφαλός) in mid-navel, central, midmost, of Apollo's shrine at Delphi, from the prevalent notion that it was the centre of the earth.

μέσον, τό, see μέσος III.

μεσο-νύκτιος, ον, (μέσος, νύξ) of or at midnight: neut. μεσονύκτιον as Adv., at midnight.

μεσο-πάγης Ep. μεσσοπ-, ές, (μέσος, παγήναι) driven to the middle.

μεσο-πάλης, ές, Ep. μεσσοπ-, (μέσος, παλήναι) swung or poised by the middle.

μεσο-πόρος, ον, (μέσος, πορεύομαι) in the midway, traversing the centre.

μεσο-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (μέσος, ποταμός) between rivers: as Subst., ή Μεσοποταμία (sub. χώρα), Mesopotamia, the land between the two rivers Tigris and Euphrates.

μεσο-πόλη, ή, = μέση πόλη, the middle gate. [v]

ΜΕ' ΣΟΣ Ep. μέσος, η, ον: I. middle, in the middle, Lat. medius; μέσον ημαρ mid-day: in Att. also c. gen. between, midway between:—proverb. from the wrestling ring, έχεται μέσος he is caught by the middle.

II. middle or mean between two extremes, middling, moderate, of middle rank. III. as Subst., μέσον, τό, the middle, the space between: also, common ground; ές μέσον τιθέναι τινί τι to set a prize before all, in public, Lat. in medio ponere; so, ές μέσον άμφοτέροις δικάζειν to judge fairly or impartially for both; εκ του μέσου καθέζεσθαι to remain neutral; διά μέσον between; and of Time, meanwhile, in the meantime.

IV. neut. μέσον, as Adv. in the middle, like μέσως, moderately. V. poet. Comp. μεσσίτερος, Sup. μεσσίτατος.

μεσο-σχιδής, ές, (μέσος, σχίζω) split in two.

μεσότης, ητος, ή, (μέσος) a middle, a mean between two extremes, Lat. mediocritas.

μεσό-τοιχον, τό, (μέσος, τοίχος) a partition-wall.

μεσοτομέω, to cut through the middle, bisect. From μεσό-τομος, ον, (μέσος, τεμείν) cut through the middle, cut in twain.

μεσο-ουράνημα, ατος, τό, (μέσος, ουρανός) the meridian or zenith. 2. the mid-heaven.

μεσώ, f. ώσω, (μέσος) to be in the middle, be half over, to reach the height, culminate; ήμέρα μεσούσα midday, noon; θέρος μεσούν midsummer. 2. c. gen. to be in the middle of, μεσούν της αναβάσιος to be in the middle of the ascent.

ΜΕ' ΣΙΗ ΑΟΝ, τό, the medlar-tree: a medlar.

μεσσαιός, η, ον, = μέσαιος, poet. for μέσος.

μέσο-αυλος, ό, or μέσο-αυλον, τό, poet. for μέσαυλ-, μεσσηγύ, μεσσηγύς, poet. for μεσηγ-.

μεσο-ήρης, es, poet. for μεσήρης.

Μεσσίας, ου, ό, Heb. the Messiah, i.e. the Anointed.

μεσσοθεν, Ep. for μεσούθεν, Adv. (μέσος) from the middle.

μεσσοθί, Ep. for μεσούθι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle.

μεσσο-πάλης, μεσσο-πόρος, poet. for μεσσο-, μέσος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος.

ΜΕΣΤΟΣ, ή, όν, full, filled, filled full:—c. gen. full of, filled with a thing: metaph. sated, disgusted with a thing: c. part., μεστός ήν θυμούμενος he had his fill of anger.

μεστώ, f. ώσω, (μεστός) to fill full, glut, cram:—Pass. to be filled or full of.

μέσφα, poet. Adv. for μέχρι, till, until, c. gen.; μέσφ' ήους till morn:—μέσφ' έτε until.

μέσως, Adv. of μέσος, middlingly, moderately.

ΜΕΤΑ', poet. μεταλ, Dor. πεδά or πεδα:—when placed after its Subst., it is written μέτα:—Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.

WITH GEN. in the midst of, among, between. II. in common with, with the help or favour of; μετ' Αθηναίης with the help of Athena. III. with, by means of; as μετ' άρετής πρωτεύειν.

WITH DAT. only poet. properly of persons, among, in company with: sometimes, besides, over and above; πύματος μετ' ός έταιροίσιν last over and above his companions.

2. of things, in the midst of, with, as, μετ' ηνσού, κύμασι, άστράσι; so also, μετ' πνοιῖς άνέμοιοι in company with the winds.

WITH ACCUS. of motion, coming into or among, as μετ' φίλα θεών, μετ' λαόν: generally, after, in quest or pursuit of, either in hostile or friendly sense: hence with a view to, looking to; πόλεμον μετ' θαρσήσουτο they armed for the battle.

II. of Place, after, next after, behind; μέτα κτίλον έσπετο μήλα the sheep followed after the bell-wether.

2. of Time, after, next to; μετ' ταυτα thereafter:—also, μεθ' ήμέραν in the course of the day, Lat. interdiu.

3. of order of Rank, next to, next after, after; κάλλιστος άνήρ μετ' άμύμονα Πηλείωνα the fairest man after the son of Peleus.

III. after, according to; μετ' σόν καί έμόν κήρ as you and I wish.

IV. among, in, between, as with dat.; μετ' πάντας άριστος best of all, among all.

AS ADV. among them, with them. II. and then, next afterwards.

III. thereafter, afterwards; μετ' γάρ καί άλγεσι τέρπεται άνήρ one feels pleasure even in troubles afterwards.

Μέτα is often used for μέτεστι, q. v.

IN COMPOS. μετ' implies community or participation, as in μετα-δίδωμι.

II. interval of space or time, between, during, as in μετ-είχμων.

III. succession of time, as in μετ-αυτικά.

IV. to-wards, in pursuit, following, as in μετα-διώκω, μετ-οίχομαι.

V. letting go, as in μεθ-ήμι.

VI. after, behind, as in μετ' άφρονον.

VII. back-wards, back again, reversely, as in μετα-τρέπω, μετα-στρέφω.

VIII. most freq. of change of place, condition, mind, etc. as in μετα-βαίνω, μετα-βάλλω, μετα-γινώσκω, etc.

μεταβά, for μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 μετέβην: pf. μεταβέθηκα:—to pass over, to pass on: generally, to pass

from one place to another.

II. Causal in aor. I μεταβήσῃ, inf. μεταβήσαι, to carry over or away.

μεταβάλλω, f. —βállw: aor. 2 μετέβαλον: pf. μεταβέβληκα, pass. —βέβλημαι:—to turn quickly or suddenly; μεταβάλλειν γῆν to turn, i.e. plough, the earth, Lat. novare. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; μεταβάλλειν τὰ ὕδατα to change the course of the water; μεταβάλλειν διαίταν to change one's diet or way of life.

II. intr. to undergo a change, become changed, alter: to change one's purpose. III. Med. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. 2. to turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or purpose. 3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round.

μεταβάπτω, f. ψω, to change by dyeing: to stain, dye: metaph. to change one's complexion.

μεταβάς, ἀσ, ἀν, aor. 2 part. of μεταβαίνω.

μετάβασις, ἡ, (μεταβαίνω) a passing over, shifting, changing.

II. change, alteration.

μεταβέβηκα, pf. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήσομαι, fut. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βιβάζω, f. —βιβάζω Att. —βιβῶ, Causal of μεταβαίνω, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ἡ, (μεταβάλλω) a change, changing: in plur. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a thing, as μεταβολή κακίων: change to another party, μεταβολή ἐς τοὺς Ἕλληνας going over to the Greeks. 2. μεταβολή τῆς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μετα-βουλεύω, or as Dep. μεταβουλεύομαι, to alter one's plans, change one's mind.

μετά-βουλος, ον, (μετά, βουλή) changing one's mind, changeable, fickle.

μεταβῶ, ἦς, ἡ, aor. 2 subj. of μεταβαίνω.

μετ-ἀγγελος, ον, ὁ and ἡ, a messenger between two parties, a go-between, Lat. internuncius.

Μετα-γαινιών, ὄνος, ὁ, (μετά, γίγναι) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Lacedaemonian Καρνεῖος, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and changed their neighbours.

μετα-γινώσκω Ion. and in late Gr. —γινώσκω: fut. —γνώσομαι: aor. 2 μετέγνων:—to ascertain after or too late.

II. to change one's mind: c. acc. to alter, repeal a decree. 2. to repent: c. acc. to repent of a thing.

μετά-γνοιᾶ, ἡ, = μετάνοια, repentance, remorse.

μεταγνώσις, εως, ἡ, (μεταγνώσις) change of mind.

μετα-γράφω, f. ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify. 2. to translate: Med. to get a letter translated.

μετ-άγω, f. —έγω: aor. 2 μετήγαγον:—to convey from one place to another.

II. seemingly intr. to change one's course.

μετα-δαίνυμι, f. —δαίσομαι, Dep. to share the feast: generally, to partake of.

μεταδέδογμαi, pf. pass. of μεταδοκέω.

μετα-δέω, f. —δήσω, to tie differently: to untie.

μετα-δήμιος, ον, (μετά, δήμος) in the midst of or among the people: hence, native, at home.

μετα-διαίτῳ, f. ἥσω, (μετά, διαίτα) to change one's way of life.

μετα-δίδωμι, fut. —δώσω, to give part of, give a share.

II. to give after.

μετα-δίωμαi, Dep., = μεταδίωκω.

μεταδιώκτος, ον, chased, overtaken. From

μετα-δίωκω, f. —διώκομαι later —διώξω, to give chase to, pursue closely.

II. intr. to follow close after.

μετα-δοκέω, f. —δόξω: aor. I —έδοξα: pf. pass. —δέδογμαi:—to change one's opinion: impers. μεταδοκεῖ, μετέδοξε, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., μεταδεδογμένον μοι μή στρατεῦσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to march.

μετα-δόρπιος, ον, (μετά, δόρπον) during supper, or after supper.

μεταδός, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετάδοσις, ἡ, (μεταδίδωμι) the giving a share, imparting.

μεταδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετά-δουπος, ον, (μετά, δουπέω) falling between, useless.

μετα-δρομάδην, Adv. (μετά, δρόμος) running after, following close upon.

μετα-δρομή, ἡ, (μετά, δραμεῖν) a running after, pursuit, chase.

μετα-δρόμος, ον, (μετά, δραμεῖν) running after, pursuing, hunting down, taking vengeance of.

μέταξ, Adv. (μετά) afterwards.

μετα-ζεύγνυμι, f. —ζεύξω, to unyoke and put to another carriage.

μετάθεσις, ἡ, (μετατίθημι) transposition: change of opinions, a going over. II. the power or right of changing.

μετα-θέω, f. —θεύσομαι, to run after, chase.

μεταί, poet. for μετά.

μετα-ίξω, poet. for μεθίξω, to take one's seat beside.

μεταίξας, aor. I part. of μεταίξω.

μετ-αίρω, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα μεταίρειν to repeal a statute. II. intr. (sub. εαυτόν) to go away, depart.

μετ-αίτσω, f. έω, to rush after, rush upon: to rush upon, attack.

μετ-αιτέω, f. ἥσω, to demand one's share of a thing: to beg. 2. to beg of, ask alms of, τινά.

μετ-αίτιος, ον, also ος, ον, (μετά, αἶτιος) being in part the cause; μεταίτιος φόνον an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder.

μετ-αίχμος, ον, Aeol. πεδ-, (μετά, αἰχμή) between two armies: μεταίχμιον, τό, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debateable ground. 2. generally, midway between, in mid air.

μετα-καθέζομαι, f. —εδούμαι, Med. to change one's seat or place.

μετα-καινίζω, f. σω, to model anew.

μετα-κἀλέω, f. έσω, to call away: to call back, recall.

μετᾱ-κιάθω, only used in impf., to follow after: either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase. II.

to go to visit, c. acc. III. πᾶν πεδίον μετεκίαθον they were marching over the whole field.

μετᾱ-κινέω, f. ἥσω, to remove: to change, alter:—Med. to go from one place to another. Hence

μετακινήτος, ἡ, ὄν, transposed, changed: to be changed or disturbed.

μετᾱ-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep or wail afterwards. 2. to weep for.

μετᾱ-κλᾶω, to break and so change.

μετᾱ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to turn in a new direction:—Pass. to take another course, set the other way.

μετᾱ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to lull to sleep.

μετᾱ-κοινός, ον, (μετά, κοινός) sharing in common, partaking.

μετᾱ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to transport, carry over.

μετᾱ-κύλινδew, f. ἥσω, to roll away; μετακυλινδεῖν αὐτόν to roll oneself over.

μετᾱ-κύμωτος, ον, (μετά, κύμα) between the waves; ἄπας μετακύνμιον between two waves of woe, i.e. bringing a short lull or pause from woe. [v]

μετᾱ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to get a share of.

μετᾱ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: pf. -είληφα: pass. -είλημμαι:—to have or get a share of, to partake in:—Med., μεταλαμβάνεσθαι τινας to claim a thing to oneself, assume. II. to take instead, take in exchange, as πόλεμον ἀντ' εἰρήνης; μεταλαμβάνειν παλόν to take a fresh dart. 2. to interchange.

μετᾱ-αλγέω, f. ἥσω, to feel remorse, to repent.

μετᾱ-λήγω Ep. μεταλλήγω, fut. ξω, to leave off, cease from.

μετάληψις, ἡ, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, communion in a thing.

μεταλλάγῃ, ἡ, (μεταλλάσσω) a taking in exchange, a changing, change; μεταλλαγή τῆς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μεταλλακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάσσω, changed, altered.

μετάλλαξις, ἡ, = μεταλλαγή, a change.

μετᾱ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I μετήλλαφα: to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to change to, take in exchange. 3. to change from, leave, quit. 4. intr. to undergo a change, change.

μετᾱ-άλλωτος, Dor. for μετᾱλλήτος.

μετᾱ-αλλάω, f. ἥσω, (μετ' ἄλλα) to search after other things, to explore, inquire curiously: to question: also to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον.

μεταλλεύω, f. σω, (μέταλλον) to produce by mining: to dig mines. II. = μεταλλάω, to explore.

μεταλ-λήγω, Ep. for μεταλήγω.

μεταλλήσαι, aor. I inf. of μεταλλάω.

μετάλλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be searched, sought out.

μετάλλικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mines. From

μέτᾱ-αλλον, τό, a mine, quarry; ἄλως μέταλλον a salt-pit, salt-mine: mostly in pl., χρύσεια καὶ ἀργύρεα

μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From μετ' ἄλλα, in quest of other things; cf. μεταλλάω.)

μεταλλό-χρυσος, ον, (μέταλλον, χρυσός) containing gold ore.

μετάμμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of μεβάλλομαι.

μετᾱ-μάζιος, ον, (μετά, μαζός) between the breasts: μεταμάζιον, τό, the part between the breasts, chest.

μετᾱ-μαίνομαι, Dep. to search after, chase.

μετᾱ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι: aor. 2 μετέμαθον: to learn differently: to unlearn one thing and learn another, Lat. dediscere.

μετᾱ-μείβω, f. ψω, to exchange, ἀγαθόν κακοῦ good for evil; also in Med. 2. to change, remove. II. Med. to change one's condition, escape from; μεταμειβόμενοι in turns.

μετᾱ-μέλει, fut. -μελήσει: aor. I μετεμέλησε: I impers. it repents me, rues me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μεταμέλει μοι τοῦ πεπραγμένου, Lat. poenitet me facti: also, μεταμέλει μοι οὕτως ἀπολογησαμένῳ I repent of having so defended myself: absol., μεταμέλει μοι it repents me; and in part., μεταμελόν μοι, Lat. quum poeniteat me. II. also with a nom., τῷ Ἀρίστανι μετέμελε τὸ ἐρημνόν what had been said caused sorrow to Ariston. Hence

μεταμέλεια, ἡ, change of purpose, regret, repentance.

μετᾱ-μελητικός, ἡ, ὄν, full of repentance, repentant.

μετᾱ-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, aor. I pass. μετεμελήθη: Dep.: (μετά, μέλω):—to feel repentance, to rue, regret: absol. to change one's purpose.

μετᾱ-μελος, ὁ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret.

μετᾱ-μέλομαι, Dep. to sing or dance among.

μετᾱ-μίνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix among, confound with.

μετᾱ-μίσγω, = μηταμίγνυμι.

μετᾱ-μορφόομαι, Pass. (μετά, μορφή) to be transformed: to be transfigured.

μετᾱ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform: Med. to change one's own dress.

μετᾱ-ἀμύνωτος, ον, (μετά, ἀνέμος) borne by the wind: vain, idle, bootless; μετᾱμύνια βάζειν to talk idly.

μετᾱ-αναγιγνώσκω, to persuade one to change his purpose:—Pass. to be changed in purpose.

μετᾱ-ναίετᾱ, to dwell with.

μετᾱ-ναίτης, ον, ὁ, (μετά, ναίω) a settler in a new place, a wanderer.

μετᾱ-ἀνóστᾱσις, ἡ, (μετανίσταμαι) migration.

μετᾱ-ἀνóστης, ον, ὁ, (μετά, ναίω) one who has changed his home, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original inhabitant. Hence

μετανάστιος, ον, like a wanderer, wandering.

μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστης.

μεταεγνώσθην, aor. I pass. of μεταγιγνώσκω.

μετᾱ-ἀνóστηκα, -ἀνóστην, pf. and aor. 2 of μετᾱνίστημι.

μετᾱ-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go over, pass over to the other side. II. trans. to go after, pursue.

μετᾱ-ἀνóστημι, f. -σθήσω, to remove another from his country. II. in Pass., with intr. tenses of Act.

ἀορ. 2 *μετανέστην*, pf. *μετανέστηκα*, to move off elsewhere, to migrate.

μετα-νοῶ, f. ἦσω, to perceive afterwards or too late. 2. to change one's mind or opinion. 3. to repent. Hence

μετάνοια, ἡ, after-thought: change of mind on reflection, repentance.

μετ-αντλήω, f. ἦσω, to draw from one vessel into another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (*μετά*) Adv. of Place, *betwixt*, *between*; τὸ *μεταξύ* the space between:—of Time, *between-whiles*, *afterwards*. II. as Prep., with gen., *between*:—of Time, *during*.

μετα-παιδεύω, f. σω, to educate differently.

μετα-παύομαι, Pass. to rest between times. Hence

μετα-παυολή, ἡ, rest between times.

μετα-πειθῶ, f. σω, to change by persuasion, win over.

μετα-πειράομαι, Dep. to try in a different way.

μεταπεμπτός, α, ον, to be sent for: and

μετάπεμπτος, ον, sent for: verb. Adjectives from *μετα-πέμπω*, f. ψω, to send for, summon, Lat. *arcessere*: the Med. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτόμην: Dep. to fly away.

μετα-πηδάω, f. ἦσομαι, to leap from one to another.

μετα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. πέπτωκα:—to fall differently, undergo a change, change suddenly. 2. of votes, to change sides. 3. of conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but also to change for the better.

μετα-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ᾱ], to mould differently, remodel.

μετα-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to remodel, cast anew, alter:—Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen.

μετα-ποινίος, ον, (*μετά*, *ποινή*) punishing afterwards.

μετα-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι: aor. 1 pass. *μετεπορεύην*: Dep.:—to go after or in quest of: to follow up, punish. II. to emigrate.

μεταπρεπής, ἐς, distinguished among. From *μετα-πρέπω*, only used in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, aor. 2 part. of *μεταπέτομαι*.

μετα-πτοίεω, f. ἦσω, (*μετά*, *πτοίεω*) intr. to cower or crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (*μετά*, *πυργός*) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-ἀριθμῖος, ον, (*μετά*, *ἀριθμός*) counted among.

μετα-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to turn upside down.

μετα-ρρυθίζω, f. ἴω, to change the form or fashion of a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

μεταρσιο-λεσχέω, f. ἦσω, (*μετάρσιος*, *λέσχης*) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταρσιολεσχία, ἡ, a talking on lofty subjects.

μετάρσιος, ον, also α, ον, Dor. *πεδάρσιος*: (*μεταίρω*) raised aloft, high in air: metaph. scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, empty. II. like *μετέωρος*, out at sea. Hence

μεταρσιῶω, f. ὤσω, to raise aloft, lift up.

μετα-σεύομαι Ep. *μετασ-σεύομαι*: Ep. aor. 2 *μετεσύνην*, 3 sing. *μετέσσυτο*: Pass.:—to go along with. II. to rush after: c. acc. to rush upon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπῶω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of *μεθέπω*.

μετασπών, aor. 2 part. act. of *μεθέπω*.

μέτασσαι, αἱ, lambs coming midway between the πρόγονοι and ἔρσαι, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From *μετά*, ας *περισσός* from *περί*.)

μετασ-σεύομαι, Ep. for *μετασεύομαι*.

μετασταθῶ, aor. 1 subj. pass. of *μεθίστημι*.

μεταστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of *μεθίστημι*.

μετάστας, εως, ἡ, (*μεθίσταμαι*) a removal from one place to another: *μετάστας* ἡλίου an eclipse. 2. *μετάστας* βίου departure from life: absol. de- cease. II. a changing, change. 2. a change of political constitution, revolution.

μετα-στείχω, to go after or in quest of, pursue.

μετα-στέλλομαι, Dep. to send for, summon.

μετα-στένω, to bewail or lament afterwards: so also in Med.

μεταστήσας, *μεταστήσω*, aor. 1 part., and fut., of *μεθίστημι*.

μετα-στοιχεί or -λέ, Adv. (*μετά*, *στοίχος*) in a line one after another.

μετα-στονάζω, to sigh or wail afterwards.

μετα-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -εύομαι, to shift one's camp.

μεταστράφῃσομαι, fut. pass. of *μεταστρέφω*.

μεταστρεφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of *μεταστρέφω*.

μετα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:—Pass., aor. 1 *μετεστρέφην*, aor. 2 *μετεστράφην* [ᾱ], to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee; often in aor. 1 part. *μεταστρεφθεῖς*. 2. to turn round upon, retort. 3. to change, alter. II.

intr. to change one's course. 2. to care for, regard, c. gen. 3. to turn round upon, to visit with vengeance.

μετασχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *μετέχω*.

μετάσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (*μετέχω*) a participation, sharing in.

μετα-σχηματίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἴω, (*μετά*, *σχημα*) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently:—Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. 1 *μετέθηκα*:—to place among. II. to place differently, change, alter:—Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; *μετατίθεσθαι* τὴν γνώμην to change to a new opinion.

μετα-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι, to bring forth after.

μετα-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn round:—Med. to turn

oneself round, turn back. 2. to turn and look after, to care for, regard, take care of.

μετα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξω, aor. 2 μετέδραμον (from obsol. δρέω) :—to run after.

μετα-τροπαλίζομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep turning about, in a retreat.

μετατροπή, ἡ, (μετατρέπω) a turning round or back: a visiting, vengeance for a thing.

μετατροπία, ἡ, = μετατροπή.

μετάτροπος, ov, (μετατρέπω) turning round or about: of an enemy, turning round upon; ἔργα μετάτροπα deeds that are visited with vengeance.

μετα-τροπάω, f. ἥσω, poet. for μετατρέπω.

μετ-αυγάω Dor. πεδ-, to look about for.

μετ-αυάω, f. ἥσω, to speak among, to address, c. dat. plur. II. later, to accost, address, c. acc.

μετ-αυθίς Ion. -αυθς, Adv. afterwards, thereupon.

μετ-αυτίκα, Adv. forthwith, thereupon.

μετα-φέρω, f. μετοίσσω, to carry from one place to another, transfer. 2. to change, alter: to pervert:—Pass. to change one's course.

μετά-φημι, impf. or aor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among. μεταφορά, ἡ, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place to another. II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope.

μετα-φορέω, = μεταφέρω.

μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after.

μετά-φρενον, τό, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part behind the midriff (φρένες), the broad of the back.

μετα-φωνέω, f. ἥσω, to speak among, address.

μετα-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω, or more often as Dep. μετα-χειρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I μετεχειρίσαμην :—to have in one's hands, handle. 2. to take in hand, manage, Lat. administrare; μεταχειρίζεσθαι πρᾶγμα to conduct an affair. 3. to have in hand, pursue, practise, Lat. exercere. 4. to handle, treat in a certain way.

μετα-χρόνιος, α, ov, = μετάχρονος. II. in Poets, = μετάρσιος, aloft, on high.

μετά-χρονος, ov, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done afterwards.

μετα-χωρέω, f. ἥσω, to go to another place, withdraw: to migrate, of birds of passage.

μετα-ψαίρω, to brush against.

μετέασι, Ep. for μέτεσι, 3 pl. of μέτεμι.

μετέβαλον, aor. 2 of μεταβάλλω.

μετέβην, aor. 2 of μεταβαίνω.

μετ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new register, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφήσεται.

μετέγων, aor. 2 of μεταγιγνώσκω.

μετέδοξα, aor. I of μεταδοκέω.

μετέδωκα, aor. I of μεταδίδωμι.

μετέειπεν, aor. 2 of μεταίπωμι.

μετέειπον, Ion. and Ep. for μετέειπε, etc.

μετέησι, Ion. for μετή, 3 sing. subj. of μέτεμι.

μετέθηκα, aor. I of μετατίθημι.

μετέκληθα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμβάνω.

μέτ-εμι, f. μετέσομαι Ep. -έσσομαι: (μετά, εἰμι

sum):—to be among, live with, associate with. II. impers. μέτεστί τοι τινος I have a share of a thing; part. neut. absol. μετόν there being a share or claim:—sometimes with a nom., μέτεστι πᾶσι τὸ ἴσον equality is shared by all.

μέτ-εμι, (μετά, εἰμι) to go between or among. II. to go after or behind, follow. 2. to go after or for, fetch. 3. to pursue, visit with vengeance. 4. to go to, approach, draw near to. III. to pass over, go over to the other side.

μετ-εἶπον Ep. μετέειπον, used as aor. 2 of μεταφημι: (μετά, εἶπον):—to speak among. 2. to speak hereafter, afterwards.

μέτεIs, Ion. for μεθείς, aor. 2 part. of μεθίμι.

μετεισάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of μέτεμι (εἰμι) ibo).

μετέω, Ep. for μετώ, subj. of μέτεμι (εἰμι sum).

μετ-εβαίνω, to step out of one thing into another.

μετεκίαθον, impf. of μετακιάθω.

μετέλαβον, aor. 2 of μεταλαμβάνω.

μετέλαχον, aor. 2 of μεταλαγχάνω.

μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι.

μέτελθε, μετελθών, aor. 2 imperat. and part. of μετέρχομαι.

μετέμαθον, aor. 2 of μεταμανθάνω.

μετ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go on board another ship.

μετ-εμβιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μετεμβάινω, put on board another ship.

μετέμελε, μετεμέλησε, impf. and aor. I of μεταμέλει.

μετέμμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of μέτεμι (εἰμι sum).

μετ-εμφύτος, ov, (μετά, ἐμφύω) engrafted afresh.

μετ-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a person. II. Med., with aor. 2 μετ-ενέδυν, to put on other clothes.

μετενήνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρω.

μετενίσσεται, 3 sing. impf. of μετανίσσομαι.

μετ-εννέπω, to speak among.

μετ-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to take out and put elsewhere.

μετ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to move from one place to another.

μετ-εξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετά, ἐξ, ἕτεροι) some others.

μετόν, Ion. for μετόν, neut. part. of μέτεμι (εἰμι sum).

μετ-έπειτα, Adv. afterwards, thereafter.

μετέπειτον, aor. 2 of μεταπίπτω.

μετ-έρχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ἐλήλυθα:—to come among. 2. to go between the ranks. 3. to go in among, attack. II. to go to another place, go away. III. c. acc. to go after, to go to seek, go in quest of: hence to seek for, aim at. 2. of things, to go after, attend to, manage. 3. to pursue, visit as an avenger: in legal sense, to prosecute. 4. to approach with prayers, supplicate. 5. to court or woo.

μετέσυστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of μετασείνομαι.

μετέσχηκα, pf. of μετέχω.

μετεύχομαι, f. -εύομαι, Dep. to *change one's wish* or *prayer, to wish something else.*

μετέφη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2 of *μετάφημι.*

μετέχω, f. μεθέξω, to *partake of, have a share of*, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, *μετέχειν ἴσον* (sc. μέρος) *ἀγαθῶν τινι* to *enjoy an equal share of good* with another.

μετέω, Ion. and Ep. subj. of *μέτειμι* (εἰμί *sum*).

μετεωρίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος) to *raise to a height, raise, lift up*: Pass., *μετεωρισθεὶς ἐν τῷ πελάγει* *keeping out on the high sea.* II. metaph. to *buoy up or excite*: to *buoy up with false hopes.*

μετεωρο-κόπew, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος, κόπτω) to *prate about the heavenly bodies.*

μετεωρο-λέσχης, ov, ὁ, = μετεωρο-λόγος.

μετεωρολογέω, f. ἴσω, (μετεωρολόγος) to *talk of high things, or of the heavenly bodies.* Hence

μετεωρολογία, ἡ, a *treatise on the heavenly bodies.*

μετεωρο-λόγος, ov, (μετέωρος, λέγω) *talking or treating of the heavenly bodies.*

μετέωρος Ep. μετ-ήρος, ov, (μετά, ἑώρα or αἰώρα) *suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in air.* 2. of a ship, on the high sea, out at sea. II. metaph. of the mind, *excited, in suspense*, Lat. *spec erectus*: hence *wavering, fluctuating.* III. τὰ μετέωρα, *things in the air, the heavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena*; generally, *abstruse, lofty speculations.*

μετεωρο-σοφιστής, ὁ, a *meteorological philosopher.*

μετεωρο-φέναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a *meteorological quack.*

μετήγανον, aor. 2 of *μετάγω.*

μετήλθον Ep. μετήλθων, aor. 2 of *μετέρχομαι.*

μετήλλαξα, aor. 1 of *μεταλλάσσω.*

μετ-ήνέμος, ov, (μετά, άνεμος) *swift as the wind.*

μετ-ήρος, older Ep. form for *μετέωρος.*

μετήρα, aor. 1 of *μεταίρω.*

μετήσσεσθαι, Ion. for *μεθήσσεσθαι*, fut. inf. med. of *μεθίημι.*

μετήδων, as, &, impf. of *μεταυδῶ.*

μετίει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of *μεθίημι*; also 3 sing. pres.

μετίειρο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of *μεθίημι.*

μετ-ίημι, μετ-ίστημι, Ion. for *μεθ-*.

μετ-ίσχω, = *μετέχω.*

μετοικεσία, ἡ, = *μετοικία* 1. 2. the *Captivity of the Jews.* From

μετοικέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτοικος) to *change one's abode, remove to a place*, c. acc.: c. dat. loci, to *settle in.* II. absol. to *be a metoikos or settler.* Hence

μετοίκησης, ewς, ἡ, = *μετοικία* 1.

μετοικία, ἡ, *change of abode, migration.* II.

a *settling as metoikos, a settlement*: society. 2.

the *condition of a metoikos or sojourner.*

μετ-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to *lead to another abode*:

—Pass. to *be led to another country, to emigrate.*

μετοικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέτοικος) of or for a *metoikos*:

τὸ μετοικικόν the *list of metoikos or aliens.*

μετοικιον, τό, the *tax of twelve drachmae paid by the metoikai at Athens.* From

μετ-οικος, ov, (μετά, οἶκος) *changing one's abode, settling elsewhere.* II. at Athens, *μέτοικος, ὁ*

and *ἡ, a foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (μετοικιον), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. inquilinus.*

μετοικο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, the *guardian of the metoikos or aliens at Athens.*

μετ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχέσσομαι, Dep. to *have gone after, to be gone in pursuit.* 2. to *have gone among or through.*

μετοίσω, fut. of *μεταφέρω.*

μετ-οκλάζω, f. ὦ, to *keep shifting one's knees, of a coward crouching in ambush.*

μετ-ονομάζω, f. ὦ, to *change the name, call by a new name*: —Pass. to *take a new name.*

μετ-όπι, Adv. = *μετόπισθε.*

μετ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. of Place, from *behind, backwards*: —of Time, *after, afterwards.* II. as Prep. with gen. *behind.*

μετοπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the *end of autumn, verging on winter, autumnal.* From

μετ-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, ὅπwpa) the *season after ὅπwpa, late autumn*; cp. *φθινόπωρον.*

μετ-ορμίζω, Ion. for *μεθορμίζω.*

μετ-όρχιον, τό, (μετά, ὄρχος) the *space between rows of vines.*

μετ-ουσία, ἡ, (μετοῦσα part. fem. of *μέτειμι* *inter-sum*) *participation, communion*: possession, enjoyment.

μετοχή, ἡ, (μετέχω) a *partaking of, communion.*

μετ-οχλίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, ὄχλος) to *remove by a lever, hoist out of the way.*

μετοχλίσσει, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of *μετοχλίζω.*

μέτοχος, ov, (μετέχω) *partaking of*: —as Subst. a *partaker, partner, accomplice.*

μετρέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτρον) to *measure*: I. of Space,

to *measure, i. e. pass over, Lat. metiri, emetiri*: —Med.,

μετρεῖσθαι ἴχνη to *measure the footmarks with the eyes.* II. of Number, to *count*: to *measure out, dole out.* 2. of Size, Value, etc., to *measure, estimate, compute.* Hence.

μέτρημα, atos, τό, that *which is measured out*: I.

a *measured distance.* 2. a *measure, dole.*

μέτρησις, ἡ, (μετρέω) a *measuring, measurement.*

μετρητής, ου, ὁ, (μετρέω) = *ἀμφορεύς*, Lat. *metrēta*,

at Athens the *common liquid measure, holding 12*

χόες, or 144 κοτύλαι, about 9 gallons English: the

Roman amphora held $\frac{3}{4}$ of a *μετρητής.*

μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μετρέω) *measured, measurable.*

μετριάζω f. ὦ, (μέτριος) to *be moderate*: to *be of*

an *even temper, be calm, unruffled.* II. trans. to

moderate.

μετριοπαθέω, f. ἴσω, to *be moderate or merciful to-*

wards. From

μετριο-παθής, ἐς, (μέτριος, παθεῖν) *bearing mode-*

rately.

μετριο-πότης, ov, ὁ, (μέτριος, ΠΟ- Root of some

tenses of *πίνω*) a *moderate drinker, moderate in po-*

tations: Sup. *μετριοποτιστάτος.*

μέτριος, α, ov, also os, ov, (μέτρον) within measure, moderate: of Size, of average or ordinary height. II. of Number, few. III. of Degree, bolding to the mean, moderate: of middle condition or rank: τὸ μέτριον the mean. 2. tolerable. 3. of Persons, moderate, temperate: also fair, reasonable. 4. suitable.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used. Adv. = μετρίως.

μετρίότης, ητος, ἡ, (μέτριος) moderation. μετρίως, Adv. of μέτριος, moderately, in due limits or measure. 2. modestly, temperately: on fair terms.—Comparative μετρίωτερον, Superlative -ύτατα.

ΜΕΤΡΟΝ, τό, a measure or rule; a standard. 2. the contents or thing measured, as well as the measure itself. 3. any space measured or measurable; μέτρον ὅρμου the size of the harbour; μέτρον ἡβης the full measure or prime of youth. II. the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure: fitness. III. metre, opp. to μέλος (tune) and ῥυθμός (time).

μετώκισα, aor. I ὤ μετοικίζω. μετ-ωνύμια, ἡ, (μέτα, ὄνομα) change of name: in Rhetoric, the use of one word for another, metonymy. μετ-ωπηδόν, Adv. (μέτωπον) with the forehead foremost, fronting: of ships, in line; opp. to ἐπὶ κέρως, in column.

μετωπίδιος, ov, (μέτωπον) on or of the forehead. μετ-ώπιον, τό, = μέτωπον, the forehead. μέτ-ωπιον, τό, (μετά, ὤψ) the space between the eyes, the forehead, front. II. the front or fore part of anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army.

μετωπο-σώφρων, ov, gen. onos, (μέτωπον, σώφρων) with ingenious countenance.

μεῖ, Ep. and Ion. gen. of ἐγώ.

ΜΕΧΡΙ, rarely μέχρως even before a vowel: I. Prep. with gen. until, unto, to a given point, 1. of Place, μέχρι θαλάσσης as far as the sea. 2. of Time, τέο μέχρις until when? μέχρις οὐ; μέχρις ὅσον; until when? how long? μέχρι τινός for a space; μέχρι τοῦδε until now. II. in Ion., μέχρι οὐ is sometimes followed by another gen., as, μέχρι οὐ ὅκτω πύργων as far as eight towers, instead of μέχρις οὐ ὅκτω πύργοι εἰσίν. III. Conjunct. until, with indic., μέχρι ἕως ἐγένετο till morning came; with ἂν and subj., μέχρι ἂν τοῦτο ἴδωμεν till we see this: also, μέχρι οὐ in same sense.

ΜΗ, Adv. not, used where the Negation depends on some Condition, either expressed or implied, while οὐ denies absolutely: μή expresses that one thinks a thing is not, οὐ that it is not: hence μή always follows εἰ, ἔάν, ἥν, ὅταν, ἐπειδάν, ἕως ἂν, because these speak of a thing not as a fact, but as a supposition: whereas ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδὴ are joined with οὐ, because they refer to a fact. 2. μή also is used after the final Conjunctions ἵνα, ὥς, ὅπως, ὥστε, because these are in their nature contingent, as, ὥς μή . . ὄλονται that

they perish not.

3. with infin., as, τὸ μὴ πυθέσθαι μ' ἀλγύνειεν ἂν the not-knowing would grieve me. 4. with the Participle, as, μὴ ἀπενείκας = εἰ μὴ ἀπηνέικε, if he had not carried away. II. μὴ is freq. in INDEPENDENT clauses containing a command, when, like Lat. ne, it stands first in the sentence: 1. with the pres. imperat, μὴ λέγε. 2. with the subjunctive aorist, μὴ λέξης. 3. with the optat. aor. to express a wish, μὴ γὰρ ὅγ' ἔλθοι ἀνὴρ O that he may not come!

B. μὴ, CONJUNCTION, that not, lest, Lat. ne: I. with aor. subjunct. subjoined to a Verb in pres. or fut., as, φεύγω μὴ ληφθῶ I flee lest I may be caught. II. with optat. after principal Verb in past tense, as, ἔφυγον μὴ ληφθείην I fled lest I might be caught. III. after Verbs expressing fear, as, δέδοικα μὴ γένηται, Lat. vereor ne fiat, I fear lest it happen, i.e. I fear it will happen.—For this subj. the Att. also use indic. fut. IV. μὴ is used with inf. after vehement negations or affirmations; ἴστω Ζεὺς μὴ μὲν χεῖρ' ἐπενείκας Jove be witness that I have not laid on hand: so after negat. wishes, ὅδε μὴ Ὀδυσσεύα οἶκαδ' ἰκέσθαι.

V. μὴ is used after all Verbs which have a negative sense, such as ἀρνεῖσθαι, καλῶναι, εἶργειν, φεύγειν, as, ἀρνεῖσθαι τὸ μὴ ποιεῖν to deny the doing a thing; also after Nouns of like sense, as κῶλυμα; or Adverbs, as ἐμποδῶν.

C. As INTERROGAT., in direct questions, where a negative answer is expected, ἦ μὴ ποῦ . . φάσθε; surely ye did not say? 2. μὴ is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by whether, as, δίδω μὴ δὴ πάντα νημερτῆς εἶπεν I fear as to whether she has spoken all too true, i.e. I fear she has spoken all too true.

μὴ γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial, no certainly, Lat. nullo modo, where an imperat. or optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing passage to which the denial refers, as, μὴ λεγέτω τὸ ὄνομα let him not say the name; Answ. μὴ γάρ [λεγέτω] no, certainly.

μὴ γε, not at least, strengthd. for μή. μὴ-ἀμά and μὴδ-ἀμῆ, Adv. of μηδαμός, nowhere. II. in nowise, not at all. μηδαμόθεν, Adv. (μηδαμός) from no place; μηδαμόθεν ἄλλοθεν from no other place. μηδαμόθι, Adv. nowhere: and μηδαμοῖ, Adv. nowhere. From μηδ-ἄμός, ἡ, ὅν, for μηδὲ ἄμός, not even one, not any one, no one, none. Hence μηδαμοῦ, Adv. nowhere.

μηδαμός, Adv. of μηδαμός, in no way, not at all. μὴ-δέ, Adv. (μὴ, δέ) but not, and not, nor, Lat. neque, nec. 2. at the beginning of two following clauses, μηδέ . . μηδέ . . , neither . . nor . . , Lat. neque . . neque . . II. strengthening the negative, which is always the sense when joined with a single word or phrase, not even, Lat. ne . . quidem.

μηδ-εἰς, μηδ-εἰμή, μηδ-έν, gen. μηδινός, μηδεμίας,

μηδένος, etc.:—declined like εἰς μία ἓν, (μηδέ, εἰς) not even one, no one, none, Lat. nullus. 2. ὁ or ἡ μηδέν (sc. ὧν, οὐσα), one who is a mere nothing, a nobody:—τὸ μηδέν a nothing, a useless or worthless person. 3. neut. μηδέν often as Adv., not at all, by no means.

μηδέποτε, Adv. not or nor at any time, never. μηδέ-πώ, Adv. nor as yet or not as yet. μηδέ-πώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet. μηδέ-τέρος, α, on, (μηδέ, τέρος) neither of the two. μηδέ-τερέως, Adv. to neither side. μή δῆ, nay do not.

Μηδίζω, f. σω, (Μῆδος) to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress; esp. to side with the Medes, opp. to Ἑλληνίζω.

Μηδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Μῆδος) Median: τὰ Μηδικά (sc. πράγματα) the Median affairs, esp. the great Median or Persian war. II. Μηδική ποία, herba Medica, a kind of clover, lucerne.

Μηδίσ, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of Μηδικός, a Median woman. Μηδισμός, ὁ, (Μηδίζω) a leaning towards the Medes, the being in their interest.

Μηδο-κτόνος, on, (Μῆδος, κτείνω) Mede-slaying. μήδομαι, f. μήσομαι: aor. I ἐμησάμην; Dep.: (μη-δος):—to devise, resolve, counsel, advise. 2. to plot, scheme, bring about, contrive.

μηδο-σπότερος, α, on, (μηδέ, σπότερος) neither of the two.

ΜΗΔΟΣ, εος, τό, only used in plur. μῆδεα, counsels, plans, schemes: cunning, craft. 2. like μῆ-τις, care, anxiety; σὰ μῆδεα care for thee. II. in pl. also, like Lat. virilia, the genitals.

μηδο-σπισσύν, neut. μηδοσιούν, for μηδέ στίσι οὖν, μηδέ ὅ τι οὖν, no one whatever, nothing whatever.

μηδοσύνη, ἡ, (μῆδος) counsel, prudence. Μηδο-φόνος, on, = Μηδοκτόνος.

μηδεῖς, neut. μηθέν, a later form for μηδεῖς, μηδέν.

ΜΗΚΑΪΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with aor. 2 part. μῆκων: Ep. pf. with pres. sense, μέμικα, part. μεμικώς, shortd. fem. μεμικνία (so βέβρυχα, μέμικα from βρυχάομαι, μυκάομαι): also impf., formed from pf., ἐμμήκων:—to bleat, of sheep: of fawns and hares, to scream, sbriek, cry.

μηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. bleating, epith. of she-goats: as Subst. a bleater, she-goat.

μηκ-ετι, Adv. (μη, ετι) no more, no longer, no further. μήκιςτος, η, on, Dor. and Att. μᾶκιςτος, [ᾶ], α, on, (μήκος), Sup. of μακρός, but formed from μήκος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος, the longest, tallest, or generally, greatest. II. neut. μήκιστον, pl. μήκιστα, as Adv., for a very long time or in the highest degree: very far:—also at length, at last.

ΜΗΚΟΣ, εος, τό, length: also height, tallness, stature. 2. of Time, a long space, length. 3. of Size or Degree, greatness, magnitude. II. τὸ μήκος or μήκος, absol. as Adv., in length or greatness. μή-κοτε, Adv., Ion. for μήποτε.

μηκύνω, f. -ύνω Ion. -ύνέω: Dor. μακύνω: (μήκος):

—to lengthen, prolong. 2. to protract: to delay, put off; μηκύνειν λόγον to speak at length; also without λόγον, to be lengthy or prolix. 3. μηκύνειν βοῆν to raise a loud cry. 4. Med. ἐμακύναντο κόλοισιν erected a tall statue.

ΜΗΚΩΝ Dor. μᾶκων, ανος, ἡ, the porphy. 2. the head of a porphy. 3. porphy-seed, prepared for food.

μηλέα, ἡ, (μήλον) an apple-tree, Lat. malus. μήλειος, on, also α, on, (μήλον) of or belonging to a sheep.

Μηλιακός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Melis or Malia. Μηλιαδῆς or Μηλίδης, αἱ, (μήλον A or B) nymphs of the flocks or of the fruit-trees. 2. nymphs of Melis or Malia in Trachis: cf. Μηλιεύς.

Μηλιεύς, ἔως, ὁ, an inhabitant of Melis or Malia in Trachis. II. as Adj., Μηλιεύς κόλπος the Maliac gulf.

μήλινος, η, on, Dor. μάλινος, α, on, (μήλον B) of an apple-tree.

Μήλιος, α, on, of or from the island of Melos, Melian.

Μηλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, with or without γῆ, Melis or Malia in Trachis.

μηλο-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and μηλο-βότης, on, ὁ, Dor. -τας, (μήλον, βόσκειν) a shepherd.

μηλό-βοτος, on, (μήλον, βόσκειν) grazed by sheep. μηλο-δόκος, on, (μήλον, δέχομαι) sheep-receiving.

μηλο-θύτης, [ῥ], on, ὁ, (μήλον, θύω) a sacrificer of sheep, a priest; βοῦκος μηλοθύτης a sacrificial altar. μηλοδόνθη, η, a kind of beetle or cockchafer.

ΜΗΛΟΝ, on, τό, (A) a sheep or (sometimes) a goat: ἄρσена μῆλα rams, wethers: the pl. μῆλα means flocks of sheep or goats, small cattle, opp. to βόες.

ΜΗΛΟΝ, on, τό, (B) Dor. ΜΑΛΟΝ, Lat. MALUM, an apple; generally, any tree-fruit, as, μῆλον Κυδωνίον the quince, μῆλον Περσικόν the peach, μῆλον Μηδικόν the orange or citron. II. metaph. in pl. of a woman's breasts; or of the cheeks, Lat. mālæ. μηλο-νομεύς, ἔως, or μηλο-νόμης, on, Dor. -μας, α, ὁ, (μήλον A, νέμω) a shepherd, goatherd, herdsman.

μηλο-νόμος, on, (μήλον A, νέμω) feeding sheep or goats.

μηλο-πάριος, on, Dor. μαλοπάρης, (μήλον B, παρειά) apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked.

μηλό-σκοπος, on, (μήλον A, σκοπέω) fit for watching sheep from.

μηλό-σπορος, on, (μήλον B, σπειρώ) planted with fruit-trees.

μηλοσ-σός, on, poet. for μηλοσός, (μήλον A, σώ-ζω) sheep-protecting.

μηλοσφάγῳ, f. ἦσω, to slay sheep; ἐπεὶ μηλοσφαγεῖν to offer sheep in sacrifice. From

μηλοσ-σφάγος, on, (μήλον A, σφάζω) slaying sheep.

μηλο-τρόφος, on, (μήλον A, τρέφω) sheep-feeding. μηλ-οὔχος, ὁ, (μήλον B, ἔχω) a girdle that con-

finies the breasts.

μηλο-φόρος, *ον*, (μῆλον *α*, *φένω) *sheep-slaying*.
 μηλοφόρεω, *φ. ἴστω*, to carry apples. From
 μηλο-φόρος, *ον*, (μῆλον *β*, φέρω) *bearing apples*.
 μηλο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, *ὁ*, and *ῆ*, (μῆλον *α* or *β*, φύλαξ)
one who watches sheep or apples. [ῆ]

μηλωτή, *ῆ*, (μῆλον *α*) *a sheep's skin*.
 μῆλ-ωψ, *οπος*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (μῆλον *β*, ὥψ) *looking like an apple, yellow, golden*.

μῆ μάν, *pay verily*.

μῆ μέν, *Ion*, for μῆ μάν.

μῆν, *Dor.* and *Ep.* μάν, a Particle strengthening affirmation, *yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth*; *ῆ μῆν* or *ῆ μάν*, in *very truth, yea verily*, used at the beginning of an oath: *καὶ μῆν*, *Lat. et vero, and yet, nay more*: *ἀλλὰ μῆν* *yet truly*, *Lat. verum enimvero*: *οὐ μῆν* *assuredly not*, so too *μὴ μῆν*; *τί μῆν*; *what then?* i. e. of course.

II. = μέντοι, *however*.—Μῆν was orig. the same as μέν, but after the introduction of the long vowel *η* it became the more emphatic form: but *ῆ μέν*, *μὴ μέν*, were retained in *Ep.* and *Ion.*, = *Att. ῆ μῆν*, *μὴ μῆν*.

ΜΗΝ, *ὁ*, gen. μηνός; dat. pl. μηνσί, *Aeol.* and *Dor.* μέis:—*Lat. MEN-SIS, A MON-TH*: *κατὰ μήνα month by month, monthly*. In earlier times the month was divided into two parts, *μῆν ἱστάμενος*, the month rising, and *μῆν φθίνων* the month waning. The Attic division was into three, *μῆν ἱστάμενος*, *μεσών*, *φθίνων*: the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards, as *μηνὸς τετάρτη φθίνοντος* the fourth day from the end of the month; sometimes onwards, as *τῇ τρίτῃ ἐπ' εἰκάδι* on the three-and-twentieth day of the month.

II. = μηνίσκος *ii*.

μηνάς, *ἄδος*, *ῆ*, = μήνη, *the moon*.

μήνατο, *Ep.* 3 sing. aor. I med. of *μαίνομαι*.

μῆνεσι, corrupt form of *μηνσί*, dat. pl. of *μῆν*, μηνός.

μήνη, *ῆ*, (μῆν) *the moon*, *Lat. luna*. Hence

μηνιάδης, *α*, *ον*, *monthly*.

μηνιθμός, *οὔ*, *ὁ*, (μηνίω) *wrath*.

μῆνιμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (μηνίω) *the cause of anger*; *μῆνιμα θεῶν* the cause of divine wrath. 2. *guilt of blood, blood-guiltiness*.

ΜΗΝΙΣ *Dor.* μᾶνις, *ιος*, *ῆ*, *Att.* gen. μηνίδος, *wrath, anger*: also, *malice*.

μηνίσκος, *ὁ*, *Dim.* of μήνη, *a crescent*; *Lat. lunula*. II. *a crescent-shaped body, to protect the head of statues*.

μηνίω *Dor.* μᾶνιω: *f.* μηνίσω [i]: *aor.* I ἐμνήσια: (μῆνις):—to cherish wrath, be wrath against: also to declare one's wrath against a person.

μνηο-εἰδής, *ἑς*, (μῆνη, εἶδος) *crescent-shaped*, *Lat. lunatus*: of the sun and moon when partially eclipsed.

μηνῶμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (μηνίω) *an information*.

μηνυτήρ, ἦρος, *ὁ*, (μηνύω) *an informer, guide*.

μηνυτής, *οὔ*, *ὁ*, (μηνύω) *masc. Adj. bringing to light*. II. as Subst. *an informer*, *Lat. delator*.

μηνυτрон, *τό*, (μηνύω) *the price paid for information, reward*: almost always used in plur.

μηνύτωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, = μνηντήρ. [ῆ] From

ΜΗΝΥΩ *Dor.* μᾶνύω: *f.* μηνίσω [ῆ]: *aor.* I ἐμνή-
 νύσα:—*Pass.*, *aor.* I ἐμνήνυθην [ῆ]: *pf.* μεμνήνυμαι:—
 to disclose, reveal, make known: betray. II. at

Athens, to inform or lay public information against another; impers. in *Pass.*, μηνύεται information is laid: but in *Pass.* also of persons, to be informed against.

μῆ ὅπως (an ellipse for μῆ ὑπολάβητε ὅπως . . .), followed by *ἀλλά*, do not suppose that . . ., but . . ; not only not so . . , but . . .

μῆ ὅτι, = μῆ ὅπως, followed by *ἀλλά*, not only not so . . , but . . ; not to mention that . . , let alone, *Lat. ne dicam*.

μῆ οὐ, are joined I. with the subjunctive, after Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as *δέδοικα μῆ οὐ γένηται* I fear it will not be, opp. to *δέδοικα μῆ γένηται* I fear it will be. Here both negatives have their proper force: but, II. with the Infinitive, after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as *οὐδέis σοι ἀντιλέγει τὸ μὴ οὐ λέξειν* no one disputes your right to speak (where μῆ οὐ may be translated by *Lat. quin, quominus*), *nemo te impedit quin dicas*. 2.

generally, after all clauses in which a negat. is expressed or implied, as, after *οὐ δύναμαι*, *οὐκ ἔστι*, etc.; as *οὐ οἰκὺς ἔστι Ἀθηναίους μὴ οὐ δοῦναι δίκας* it is not reasonable that the Athenians should not . . , *Lat. non potest fieri quin* . . ; so also, with a negat. implied, as, *δεῖνόν ἐδόκει . . μὴ οὐ λαβεῖν* it seemed strange not to take. III. with a Participle, *δυσάλγητος γὰρ ἦν, μὴ οὐ κατοικεῖραν* for I were unfeeling, *did I not pity*.—In *ii* and *iii*. μῆ might stand without *οὐ*.

μῆ πολλάκις, *lest perchance*, *Lat. ne forte*.
 μῆ-ποτε, = μῆ ποτε, I. with subj. *that at no time, lest ever*, *Lat. ne quando*. 2. with infin. *never*.

μῆ που, *lest anywhere: lest perchance*.

μῆ-πω, = μῆ που, not yet, *Lat. nondum*: *μῆ-πω γε nay, not yet*.

μῆ πώποτε, *never yet*.

μῆ-πως, = μῆ πως, *lest in any way, lest any how, lest perchance*. II. in case of doubt, *whether or no*.

μῆρά, *τά*, = μῆρια, *thigh-bones*.

μῆριά, *τά*, never used in sing., (μῆρός) *the thigh-bones*, which by old usage they cut out from the leg (ἐκ μῆρια τάμων), and wrapped in two folds of fat (μῆρια κνίσθ ἐκάλυψαν, *δίπτυχα ποιήσαντες*): they were then laid on the altar and burnt. II. = μῆ-ροί, *the thighs*.

μῆριαῖος, *α*, *ον*, (μῆρός) *of or belonging to the thigh*, *Lat. femoralis*: *ῆ μῆριατα*, *the thigh*.

μῆρινθος, *ου*, *ῆ*, (μῆρινώ) *a cord, line, string*; proverb., *ῆ μῆρινθος οὐδὲν ἔσπασε* the line caught nothing, i. e. it was of no avail.

ΜΗΡΟ΄Σ, *οὔ*, *ὁ*, *the upper part of the thigh, the ham*.

μῆρο-τραφής, *ἑς*, (μῆρος, τραφῆναι) *nursed in the thigh*, epith. of Bacchus.

μῆρο-τύπῆς, *ἑς*, (μῆρός, τυπῆναι) *striking the thigh*.

μῆρυκάομαι, *Dep.* to chew the cud, *Lat. ruminare*.

ΜΗΡΥΟΜΑΙ, f. —ύομαι [v]: aor. *ἔμηνυσαμην*: —to draw up or furl sails: to draw up an anchor.

2. in weaving, κρόκα ἐν στήμονι *μηρύσασθαι* to weave the woof into the warp. II. *μηρύομαι* is sometimes used as Pass., *κισσὸς μηρύεται* περί χεῖλη *ivy* is twined around the edge.

μήσοο, *μήσατο*, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 1 of *μήδομαι*.

μήσει, Ep. 2 sing. of *μήσομαι*, fut. of *μήδομαι*.

μήστο, Ep. 3 sing. contr. aor. 2 of *μήδομαι*.

μήτωρ, *ωpos*, ὁ, (*μήδομαι*) an adviser, counsellor; *μήτωρ μάχης* the adviser or leader of battle.

μή-τε, = *μή τε*, and *not*. II. repeated, *μήτε .. μήτε*, neither .. nor.

ΜΗΤΗΡ Dor. **ΜΑΤΗΡ**, ἡ, gen. *μητέρος*, contr. *μητρός*: acc. *μητέρα*, pl. *μητέρας*:—Lat. *MATER*, *MOTHER*: of animals, a dam; metaph. of lands, *μήτηρ μῆλων* mother of flocks; γῆ *μήτηρ* Mother Earth:—*ἡ Μήτηρ* sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybele.

μήτι, neut. of *μή-τις*, *μήτινος*.

μήτι, contr. for *μήτις*, dat. of *μήτις*, *μήτιος*.

μητιάσθαι, *μητιάσθε*, Ep. for *μητιάσθαι*, *μητιά-σθε*, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of *μητιάω*.

μητιάω, f. *μητιάω*: (*μήτις*):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to debate in one's own mind. II. to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητιέτης Ep. *μητιεῖα*, ου, ὁ, (*μήτις*) counsellor.

μητιόεις, *εσσα*, εν, (*μήτις*) wise in counsel: also, skilful, skilfully chosen.

μητιόμαι, f. —ύομαι [v]: aor. *ἔμητιόσαμην*: Dep.: (*μήτις*):—to invent, contrive, devise.

μητιῶν, Ep. for *μητιῶν*, part. of *μητιάω*.

μητιῶσι, —όωντο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act. and impf. med. of *μητιάω*.

ΜΗΤΙΣ, ιος, ἡ; Att. gen. *ἴδος*; Ep. dat. *μήτι* for *μήτις*; acc. *μήτιν*:—counsel, wisdom, skill, cunning, craft. II. a plan, enterprise.

μή-τις, ὁ, ἡ, *μή-τι*, τό, gen. *μήτινος*; (*μή*, *τις*):—lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing, Lat. *ne quis*, *ne quid*. II. *μήτι* is freq. as Adv. *lest* by any means, but by no means: also separately, *μή τι*: in an indirect question, *whether* perchance.

μή-τοι, stronger form of *μή*, in *nowise*, *nay*: *μήτοι γε* *may upon no account*.

μήτρα, ἡ, (*μήτηρ*) Lat. *matrix*, the womb.

μητρ-άγυρτος, ου, ὁ, (*μήτηρ*, *άγύρτος*) a begging priest of Cybele, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-αδελφός or *μητρ-άδελφος*, ὁ and ἡ, Dor. *ματρ-*, (*μήτηρ*, *άδελφός*) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-αλόας or *μητρ-αλφας*, ου, ὁ, (*μήτηρ*, *άλοια*) striking one's mother, a matricide.

μήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for *μήτρα*.

μητριάς, *άδος*, ἡ, pecul. fem. of *μήτριος*.

μητριδός, α, ου, (*μήτρα*) fruitful, prolific.

μητρό-δοκος Dor. *ματρ-*, ου, (*μήτηρ*, *δέχομαι*) received by the mother.

μητρόθεν Dor. *ματρόθεν*, Adv. (*μήτηρ*) from the mother, by the mother's side.

μητρο-κασιγνήτη, ἡ, (*μήτηρ*, *κασιγνήτη*) a mother's sister.

μητροκτονέω, f. ἡσώ, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, ου, (*μήτηρ*, *κτείνω*) killing one's mother, a matricide. II. *μητρόκτονος*, ου, pass. killed by one's mother.

μητρο-μήτωρ Dor. —*μάτωρ* [α], *ωpos*, ἡ, = *μητρός* *μήτηρ*, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [α], *ωpos*, ὁ, = *μητρός* *πατήρ*, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πολις Dor. *ματρ-*, *εως*, ἡ, (*μήτηρ*, *πόλις*) the mother-state, from which colonies were sent out. II. generally, a metropolis, a capital. III. one's mother-city, mother-country, home.

μητρο-πόλος, ου, (*μήτηρ*, *πολέομαι*) tending mothers.

μητρό-ριπτος, ου, (*μήτηρ*, *ρίπτω*) rejected by one's mother.

μητρο-φθόρος, ου, (*μήτηρ*, *φθείρω*) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ου, also *η*, ου, (*μήτηρ*, **φένω*) mother-murdering, matricidal.

μητρο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (*μήτηρ*, **φένω*) a matricide.

μητρυιά, *ας*, Ion. *μητρυή*, *ης*, ἡ, (*μήτηρ*) a step-mother, Lat. *noverca*: metaph. a rocky coast is called *μητρυιά νεών*.

μητρῷος Ep. *μητρῷός*, α, ου, (*μήτηρ*) of or belonging to a mother, maternal.

μήτρως, ὁ; gen. *μήτρως* and *ω*; acc. *μήτρωα* and *ον*; (*μήτηρ*) a maternal uncle. 2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηχανάσθαι, —*άσθε*, Ep. for *μηχανάσθαι*, —*άσθε*, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of *μηχανάομαι*.

μηχανάομαι, f. —ήσομαι: aor. *ἔμηχανάσαμην*: pf. *μεμηχάνημαι*: Dep.: (*μηχανή*):—Lat. *machinari*, to make by art, put together, construct, prepare: 2. to contrive, devise, scheme. II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, = *μηχανάομαι*, found in act. voice in Ep. part. *μηχανάωντας*: but perf. *μεμηχάνημαι* is used in pass. sense.

μηχανοφῆμην, —*ωφο*, —*όφο*, Ep. for *μηχανήμην*, pres. opt. of *μηχανάομαι*.

μηχανέομαι, Ion. for *μηχανάομαι*.

μηχανή, ἡ, (*μήχος*) Lat. *machina*, an instrument or machine for lifting weights:— 2. an engine of war.

II. any artificial means, a contrivance, device; generally, a way, means:—*μηχαναί*, arts, wiles: c. gen., *μηχανή κακῶν* a contrivance against ills: *μηδέμῃ μηχανῇ* by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance.

μηχανήμα, *ατος*, τό, (*μηχανάομαι*) an engine. II. a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητέον, verb. Adj. of *μηχανάομαι*, one must contrive.

μηχανητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*μηχανάομαι*) = *μηχανικός*.

μηχανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανή) inventive, ingenious, clever. II. as Subst., ἡ μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), mechanics.

μηχανιώτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for μηχανητής.

μηχανο-δίφης, ου, ὁ, (μηχανή, διφάω) inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious.

μηχανόεις, εσσα, εν, (μηχανή) inventive, ingenious.

μηχανο-ποιός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ποιέω) making machines: as Subst., μηχανοποιός, ὁ, an engineer, maker of war-engines.

μηχανορράφω, f. ἤσω, to contrive craft, deal subtly, craftily. From

μηχανορ-ράφος, ου, (μηχανή, ῥάπτω) contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving.

μηχανο-ουργός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ἔργον) = μηχανοποιός. II. pass. cunningly contrived.

μηχανώνται, -δωντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηχανόμαι.

μήχαρ, τό, = μῆχος, a means, contrivance.

ΜΗΧΟΣ, τό, a means, expedient, contrivance.

μῆ, ἡ; gen. μῆς Ion. μής; dat. μῆ, μῇ; acc. μῆν:—fem. of εἰς, one.

ΜΙΑΙΝΩ, f. μιᾶν: aor. I ἐμίηνα Att. ἐμίᾶνα; pf. μεμίηκα:—Pass., ev. I ἐμιάνθη; pf. μεμιάσμαι or -αμαι:—to paint over, stain, dye, colour, Lat. violare. 2. to stain, defile, soil. 3. metaph. to taint, defile, pollute.

μιαιφονέω, f. ἤσω, (μιαίφονος):—to be blood-stained, bloody, murderous. Hence

μιαιφονία, ἡ, blood-guiltiness.

μιαί-φόνος, ου, (μιαίω, φένω) blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty:—Comp. -ώτερος; Sup. -ώτατος.

μιάνθη, Ep. for ἐμιάνθη, aor. I pass. of μιᾶν.

μιᾶρία, ἡ, (μαρός) brutality. II. defilement.

μιᾶρο-γλωσσος, ου, (μαρός, γλῶσσα) foul-mouthed. μιᾶρός, ὁ, ὄν, (μιαίω) defiled with blood. 2.

generally, polluted, abominable, foul, Lat. impurus: brutal, coarse, disgusting. Adv. μαρώς, brutally. μιάσμα, ατος, τό, (μιαίω) a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution.

μιάσμός, ου, ὁ, (μιαίω) pollution.

μιάστωρ, οπος, ὁ, (μιαίω) a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution, Lat. homo piacularis. II. ἀλάστωρ, an avenger of such guilt.

μίγα, Adv. (μίγνυμι) mixed or blended with.

μιάζομαι, Dep. poet. for μίγνυμαι.

μιάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίγα) mixed up, promiscuous.

μιάδδ and μιάδην, Adv. promiscuously.

μιάειν, aor. 2 opt. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μιάεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μίγεν, for ἐμίγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

μιάγειναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μιάηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μίγμα, ατος, τό, (μίγνυμι) a mixture, compound.

ΜΙΓΝΥΜΙ and -ύω, also ΜΥΞΩ, f. μίξω; aor. I ἐμίξα, inf. μίξαι:—Med. and Pass. μίγνυμαι and μίσσονται; fut. med. μίσσομαι, fut. I pass. μισθήσομαι,

f. 2 μίγησμαι, f. 3 μεμίξομαι; aor. I ἐμίχην, aor. 2 ἐμίγην [ῖ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. pass. ἐμικτο, μικτο; pf. μέμικμαι; Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. μέμικτο:—Lat. MIS-CEO, to mix, mix up, mingle, properly of liquids, e. g. οἶνον καὶ ὕδωρ. 2. generally, to join, bring together, bring in contact with.

3. to make acquainted with, unite with: also, μίξαι τινα ἀνθεσι to cover one with flowers.

II. Med. and Pass. to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach; κλισίῃσι μίγναι to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at: hence to meet, live, associate with: but also in hostile sense, to encounter: more rarely μίσγεσθαι ἐς Ἀχαιοὺς to go to join the Achaeans. 2. to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to.

μίννυ, = μίγνυμι.

μίνη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of μιᾶν.

μῆ-φόνος, ου, = μιαίφονος.

μικκός, ὁ, ὄν, Dor. for μικρός, little.

μικρο-αὔλας, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μικρός, αὔλας) with small furrows: hence small, scanty.

μικρο-ἐμπορος, ὁ, (μικρός, ἐμπορος) a pedlar.

μικρολογέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep., (μικρολόγος) to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness. Hence

μικρολογία, ἡ, minute discussion, frivolity.

μικρο-λόγος, ου, (μικρός, λέγω) reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean. 2. cavilling about trifles, captious.

μικρο-πολίτης [ῖ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ιτις, ιδος, ἡ, (μικρός, πολίτης) a citizen of a petty town or state.

ΜΙΚΡΟ΄Σ, Ion. and old Att. σμικρός Dor. μικκός, ὁ, ὄν, small, little: petty, mean, trivial, insignificant: of Time, little, short. II. Adv. usages: gen.

μικροῦ (sub. δέ) it wants but little, almost:—dat. μικρῷ by a little: acc. μικρόν a little. 2. with Preps., ἐπὶ μικρόν for a little, but a little; κατὰ μικρόν little by little, or into small parts; μετὰ μικρόν after a little; παρὰ μικρόν within a little, almost.—Besides the regular Comp. and Sup. μικρότερος, μικρότατος, the irr. forms ἐλάσσων, ἐλαχίστος, μείων μείστος, μειότερος μειότατος are used.

μικροφιλοτιμία, ἡ, petty ambition. From μικρο-φιλότιμος, ου, (μικρός, φιλότιμος) ambitious of petty distinctions.

μικροψυχία, ὁ, littleness of soul, meanness of spirit. From

μικρο-ψυχος, ου, (μικρός, ψυχή) little-souled, narrow-minded, paltry.

μίκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

μικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μίγνυμι) mixed, compound.

μίλας, ἄκος, ἡ, Att. for σμίλας, the yew-tree. II. a convolvulus.

Μιλήσιος, α, ου, of or from Miletus. From

Μίλητος, ἡ, Miletus, a famous Greek city in Caria.

μυλιάριον, τό, a milestone, the Lat. milliarium. II. a copper vessel for boiling water in.

μίλιον, τό, a Roman mile, Lat. mille passus, = 8 stades, = 1680 yards, i. e. 80 yards less than our mile.

μιλτεῖον, τό, a vessel for keeping *μίλτος* in.
μιλτο-πλήρης, ἐς, (μίλτος, ἀλιφῆραι) painted red.
μιλτο-πάρης, ον, (μίλτος, παρείδ) red-cheeked: of ships, with the bows painted red.

ΜΙΛΤΟΣ, ἦ, red earth, red oxbow or oebre, ruddle, Lat. rubrica. II. vermilion, Lat. minium.

μιλτο-φύρης, ἐς, (μίλτος, φυρήναι) smeared with oebre.

μιλτώ, ἴ, ὥσω: pass. pf. μεμίλωμαι: (μίλτος):—to colour with oebre, paint red: σχοινίον μεμιλωμένον a rope smeared with red paint, with which they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers to the Pnyx.

μιλτο-ώδης, ἐς, (μίλτος, εἶδος) of the nature or colour of *μίλτος*.

μίσρακος, ἦ, a kind of bare-soup. (A foreign word.) Μίσος, αντος, ὁ, a rocky promontory of Ionia.

ΜΙ-ΜΕΨΟΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμίμησάμην: pf. μεμίμημαι: Dep. —to imitate, mimic, copy: pf. part. μεμιμημένος, in pass. sense, made exactly like, made in imitation of. II. of the fine arts, to represent by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλός, ἦ, ὄν, imitative.

μιμημα, ατος, τό, (μυμέομαι) an imitation, copy.

μίμησις, ἦ, (μυμέομαι) imitation,

μιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μυμέομαι, to be imitated. II. μιμητέον, one must imitate.

μιμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (μυμέομαι) an imitator, copyist.

μιμητικός, ἦ, ὄν, (μυμέομαι) imitative.

μιμητός, ἦ, ὄν, (μυμέομαι) to be imitated or copied.

μιμνάζω, Frequent. of μίμνω, μένω, to keep staying, to stay, remain. II. trans. to expect, await.

μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσω: aor. I ἐμνήσα: (μνάω):—to remind, put in mind. 2. to recall to the memory of others. II. Med. and Pass. μιμνήσκομαι, with the older form ΜΝΑΨΟΜΑΙ, μνώμαι, whence the tenses are formed: fut. med. μνήσομαι, f. I pass. μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 μεμνήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐμνήσάμην, pass. ἐμνήσθην:—the pf. μέμνημαι is both med. and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. *memini*, 2 sing. μέμνη, shortened from μεμνήσθαι: imperat. μέμνησο Ion. μέμνεο: subjunct. μέμνωμαι: optat. μεμνήμην, but also μεμνήμην, φο, φτο, Ion. μεμνέφτο: infin. μεμνήσθαι: Ion. 3 pl. plpf. ἐμμενάτο:—to remind oneself, remember: c. gen. ἀλκῆς μνήσασθαι to betink one of one's strength: also, c. part., μέμνημαι ἐλθόν I remember having come. 2. to mention, make mention of. 3. to give heed to, judge of.

μῖνοντι, Dor. for μῖνονσι, 3 pl. of μίμνω. 2. dat. pres. part. of the same Verb.

μῖμνω, for μῖ-μένω, redupl. form of μένω, to remain, stay, wait: c. acc. to await.

μῖμο-λόγος, ον, (μῖμος, λέγω) mocking one's words. II. as Subst. a writer of mimes.

ΜΙ-ΜΟΣ, ον, ὁ, an imitator, copyist: an actor, mime. II. a mime, a kind of drama.

μῖν [r], Ion. acc. sing. of the Pron. of the 3rd pers.

through all genders, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό: always enclitic: Dor. and Att. νιν: μῖν αὐτόν himself; but, αὐτόν μιν oneself, for εαυτόν. II. rarely as 3 pers. pl., for αὐτούς, αὐτάς, αὐτά. III. = the reflex. Pron. εαυτός.

ΜΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, human ordure, dung. Hence μινθώ, ἴ, ὥσω, to be foul with dung.

Μίνυαι, οἱ, the Minyans, a race of nobles in Orchomenos: Adj. Μινύειος, α, ον, Ep. Μινυῖος, of the Minyans.

ΜΙΝΥΨΘΩ [v], Ion. impf. μινύθσκον, Lat. *minuo*, to diminish, lessen, curtail, weaken. II. intr. to decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted. Hence μινυνθά, Adv. a little, very little: of Time, a short time. Hence

μινυνθάδιος, α, ον, lasting a short time, short-lived: Comp. μινυνθαδιώτερος.

μῖνυρίζω, ἴ, ὥσω, (μινυρός) to moan, whine: also to hum, chant in a low tone, Lat. *minurire*. Hence μῖνυρίσμα, ατος, τό, a warbling, humming.

μῖνυρισμός, ὁ, (μινυρίζω) a moaning: warbling.

μῖνυρομαι, Dep. = μινυρίζω, of the nightingale, to warble: generally, to hum a tune, chant in a low tone. [v]

ΜΙ-ΝΥΨΟΨ, ἦ, ὄν, complaining in a low tone, moaning, whining, whimpering.

μῖνύ-ῳρος and μινύ-ῳρος, ον, (μινύθω, ῳρα) short-lived.

Μίνως, ὁ, Minos, king of Crete: gen. Μίνωος and Μίνω: dat. Μίνωϊ, Μίνω; acc. Μίνωα, also Μίνω and Μίνων:—hence Adj. Μινώϊος Att. Μινῶιος, α, ον, of Minos.

μῖξαι, aor. I inf., μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μίγνυμι.

μῖξις, εως, ἦ, (μῖξω fut. of μίγνυμι), a mixing, mingling. II. intercourse or commerce with others.

μῖξο-βάρβαρος, ον, (μῖξω fut. of μίγνυμι, βάρβαρος) half barbarian half Greek.

μῖξο-θηρ, ὁ, ἦ, (μῖξω, θήρ) half beast.

μῖξο-θροος, ον, (μῖξω, θρόος) with mingled cries.

μῖξο-λευκος, ον, (μῖξω, λευκός) mixed with white.

μῖξομαι, fut. med. of μίγνυμι.

μῖξομ-βορος, ον, for μῖξο-βορος, (μῖξω, βορός) half mortal.

μῖξο-νόμος, ον, (μῖξω, νέμω) feeding promiscuously.

μῖξο-παρθένος, ον, (μῖξω, παρθένος) half a maiden, half woman.

μῖξω, fut. of μίγνυμι.

μῖτσαγαθία, ἦ, bated of good. From μῖτο-άγαθος, η, ον, (μῖτος, ἀγαθός) bating good.

μῖτο-Ἀθηναῖος, ον, (μῖτος, Ἀθηναῖος) bating the Athenians.

μῖτο-ἀλάζων, ον, gen. ονος, (μῖτος, ἀλάζων) bating boasters.

μῖτο-Ἀλέξανδρος, ον, (μῖτος, Ἀλέξανδρος) bating Alexander.

μῖτο-ἄμπελος, ον, (μῖτος, ἄμπελος) bating the vine.

μισ-άνθρωπος, ον, (μίσος, άνθρωπος) *bating man-kind, misanthropic.*

μισγ-άγεια, ἡ, (μίσγω, ἄγκος) *a place where several mountain glens (ἀγκη) meet, a meeting of glens*

μίσγεσθαι, pres. inf. pass. of μίσγω.

μίσγοισαι, Dor. pres. part. pl. fem. of μίσγω.

ΜΙΣΓΩ, see μίγνυμι.

μισ-ἔλλην, ηνος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, Ἑλλαν) *a bater of the Greeks.*

μισέω, f. ἥσω; pf. μεμίσηκα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense μισήσομαι; aor. I ἐμισήθην; pf. μεμίσημαι: (μίσος):—to bate:—Pass. to be bated.

μισήθρον, τό, (μισέω) *a chair for producing hatred, opp. to φίλτρον (from φιλέω), which caused love.*

μισήμα, ατος, τό, (μισέω) *an object of bate.*

μισήτεος, verb. Adj. of μισέω, to be bated.

μισήγία, ἡ, (μισέω) *hateful lewdness or greediness.*

μισήγος, ἡ, ὄν, (μισέω) *bated, hateful, odious.*

μισήτρον, τό, = μισήθρον.

μισθαποδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages, recompense.*

From

μισθ-αποδότης, ου, δ, (μισθός, ἀποδίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a rewarder, recompenser.*

μισθάριον, τό, Dim. of μισθός, *a small fee.*

μισθαρέν, f. ἥσω, (μισθαρενός) *to work or serve for hire, receive pay.* Hence

μισθαρία, ἡ, *a receiving of wages, hired service.*

μισθ-αρνος, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀρνυμαι) *a hired servant.*

μισθ-αρχίδης, ου, δ, (μισθός, ἀρχή) *a Comic Patronymic, son of a placeman.*

μισθιος, α, ου, also ος, ου, (μισθός) *hired, salaried.*

μισθοδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages.* From

μισθοδοτέω, f. ἥσω, *to pay wages.* From

μισθ-οδότης, ου, δ, (μισθός, δίδωμι) *one who pays wages, a paymaster.*

ΜΙΣΘΟΣ, οὐ, δ, *wages, pay, hire:* μισθός *rhētós* fixed wages; ἐπὶ μισθῷ *for hire*; δίδοναι τάλαντον *μηνὸς μισθόν* to give a talent as a month's pay. 2. at Athens *the pay of the soldiery*; αλφειὸς μισθός *the pay of the council of 500, a drachma each for every day of sitting*; μισθός *δικαστικός* or ἡλιαστικός *the wages of a dicast or juror (at first one obol, from the time of Cleon three) for every day he sat on a jury*; μισθός *συνήγορικός* *the pay of a public advocate, one drachma for every court-day.* 3. generally, *recompense, reward*: in bad sense, *punishment, retribution.*

μισθοφορά, ἡ, (μισθοφόρος) *receipt of wages: wages received, wages, pay, salary.*

μισθοφορέω, f. ἥσω, (μισθοφόρος) *to receive wages, to serve for hire:* c. acc. rei, *to receive as pay.* Hence

μισθοφορήτεον, verb. Adj. *one must keep in pay.*

μισθοφορία, ἡ, (μισθοφορέω) *service for wages or pay, hired service.*

μισθ-οφόρος, ου, (μισθός, φέρω) *receiving wages, serving for hire*; οἱ μισθοφόροι *hiring soldiers,*

mercenaries; μισθοφόροι τριήρεις *galleys manned with mercenaries.*

μισθώω, f. ὥσω; aor. I ἐμισθῶσα; pf. μεμισθῶκα: (μισθός):—*to let out for hire, farm out*, Lat. *locare*: c. inf., μισθῶν τὸν νηὸν *τρηκοσίαν τάλαντων ἐξεργάσασθαι* *to let out the building of the temple for 300 talents*, Lat. *locare aedem exstruendam.* II. Med., f. μισθώσομαι; aor. I ἐμισθώσαμην; pf. (in med. sense) μεμισθώμαι:—*to engage or hire at a price*, Lat. *conducere*: *to retain*, as an advocate or physician; μισθῶσθαι τίνα τάλαντον *to engage his services at a talent*; c. inf., μισθῶσθαι νηὸν ἐξοικοδομήσαι *to contract for the building of the temple*, Lat. *conducere aedem aedificandam.* III. Pass., aor. I ἐμισθάθην; pf. (in pass. sense) μεμισθώμαι:—*to be hired for pay.* Hence

μισθώμα, ατος, τό, *that which is let for hire, a hired house.* II. *the price agreed on, the contract-price: rent.*

μισθώσιμος, ου, (μισθώω) *that can be hired.*

μισθώσις, εως, ἡ, (μισθώω) *a letting for hire.* II. (μισθώσις) *a hiring.* III. = μισθώμα, *rent.*

μισθωτής, οὐ, δ, (μισθώω) *one who pays rent, a tenant.*

μισθωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθώω) *mercenary.*

μισθωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθώω) *hired or to be hired*: as Subst. *a hiring, mercenary, of soldiers.*

μισθ-γάμος, ου, (μίσος, γάμος) *marriage-bating.*

μισθ-γελως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, γέλως) *laughter-bating.*

μισθ-ογής, ου, δ, (μίσος, γόης) *bating imposture.*

μισθωμία, ἡ, *bated of democracy.* From

μισθ-οδημος, ου, (μίσος, δημος) *bating the commons, bating democracy.*

μισθ-οθεος, ου, (μίσος, θεός) *bating the gods, godless.*

μισθ-οθηρος, ου, (μίσος, θήρα) *bating the chase.*

μισθ-οκαίσαρ, ἄρος, ὁ, (μίσος, Καίσαρ) *bating Caesar.*

μισθ-ολάκων, ατος, ὁ, (μίσος, Λάκων) *a Laconian-bater.* [ἀ]

μισθ-ολάμαχος, ου, (μίσος, Λάμαχος) *bating Lama-chus.* [λα]

μισθολογία, ἡ, *batred of argument.* From

μισθ-ολογος, ου, (μίσος, λόγος) *bating argument.*

μισθ-ονοθος, ου, (μίσος, νόθος) *bating bastards.*

μισθ-οπαῖς, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, παῖς) *bating children.*

μισθ-οπέρσης, ου, δ, (μίσος, Πέρσης) *a Persian bater.*

μισθ-οπολις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, πόλις) *bating the state.*

μισθ-οπονηρέω, f. ἥσω, *to bate the bad.* From

μισθ-οπότηρος, ου, (μίσος, πονήρος) *bating the bad.*

μισθ-οπονία, ἡ, (μίσος, πόνος) *bated of work.*

μισθ-οπόρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μίσος, πόρπαξ) *bating the shield-handle, i. e. bating war*: Sup. μισθοπώρπακ-ατος.

μισθ-οπτωχος, ου, (μίσος, πτωχός) *bating the poor.*

μισθ-ορῳμαῖος, ου, (μίσος, Ρωμῆος) *Roman-bating.*

ΜΙΣΘΟΣ, τό, *bate, bated*: I. pass. *bate borne one.* 2. act. *a bating, a grudge, strong dislike.* II. *a hateful object, = μισημα.*

μισο-σύλλας, ου, ὁ, (μίσος, Σύλλας) *bating Sylla*.
 μισο-τύραννος, ου, (μίσος, τύραννος) *tyrant-bating*.
 μισο-φίλιππος, ου, (μίσος, Φίλιππος) *bating Philip*.
 μισό-χρηστος, ου, (μίσος, χρηστός) *bating the good*.
 μισο-ψευδής, ἐς, (μίσος, ψεύδος) *bating lies*.
 ΜΙΣΤΥΛΑΔΩ, f. ὕλῳ, *to cut up meat before roasting*.
 μίτο-εργός, ὄν, (μίτος, *ἐργῶ) *working the bread*.
 μίτορ-ῥαφής, ἐς, (μίτος, ῥαφῆναι) *sewn with thread, having meshes of thread*.

ΜΙΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *a thread of the warp*, Lat. *tela* :—
 generally, *a thread* : *a web*. [r] Hence
 μίτῳ, f. ὥσω, *to stretch the warp in the loom* :—
 Med. *to ply the loom* ; metaph., φθόγγον μιτώσασθαι
to let one's voice sound like a harp-string.
 μίτρα, Ep. and Ion. μίτρη, ἡ, (μίτος) *a linen girdle*
or band, worn below the θώραξ : generally *a girdle*,
zone. II. *a headband, a snood*. 2. *a Persian*
cap, like κυρβασία.

Μίτρα, ἡς, ἡ, the Persian Aphrodite or Venus.
 μιτρη-φόρος, ου, (μίτρα, φέρω) *wearing a μίτρα*,
whereby girdle or head-dress.
 μιτρώ-δετος, ου, (μίτρα, δέω) *bound with a μίτρα*.
 μιτροφώρεω, f. ἤσω, *to wear a μίτρα*. From
 μιτρο-φόρος, ου, = μιτρηφόρος.

ΜΙΤΥΛΟΣ or μύτιλος, η, ου, Lat. *mutilus*, *cur-*
tailed, esp. *bornless*. [r]

μῖτ-ώδης, ἐς, (μίτος, εἶδος) *like thread, of linen*.
 μίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 pass. of μίγνυμι.
 μιχθήμεναι, Ep. aor. 1 pass. inf. of μίγνυμι.
 μιχθῆναι, aor. 1 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

MNA' Ion. νῆα, ἡ ; gen. νῆας ; nom. pl. νῆαι :—
 the Lat. *MINA*. I. *a weight* ; = 100 drachmae
 = 15 oz. 83½ grs.

II. *a sum of money*, also =
 100 drachmae, = 4l. 1s. 3d. :—60 νῆαι made a talent.
 νῆμα, νῆμαϊον, νῆμαστῆρ, Dor. for μνημ-.

MNA'OMAI (A), contr. νῶμαι, used in the contr.
 forms 3 sing., 1 and 3 pl. νῶται, νῶμεθα, νῶνται ;
 imperat. 3 sing. νάσθω ; inf. νάσθαι ; part. νῶ-
 μένος ; also in Ep. resolved forms, 2 sing. νάα inf.
 νάασθαι ; 3 sing. Ion. impf. νάσκετο for ἐνῶατο,
 Ep. 3 pl. νῶοντο, part. νῶόμενος :—*to woo to wife*,
woo, court.

II. generally, *to court, sue for, solicit*,
canvass for, Lat. *ambire*.

MNA'OMAI (B), contr. νῶμαι, *to remember*, Ep.
 and Ion. for μνησκόμαι.

νῶσθαι, inf. of νῶμαι *to woo*.
 νάσθω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of νῶμαι *to woo*.
 νάσομαι, Dor. for νῶσομαι, fut. med. of μνησέσθω.
 νῆμαστῆρ, ὁ, fem. νῆμαστειρα, Dor. for μνηστ-.
 νῆμαστις, ἡ, Dor. for μῆμαστις, q. v.
 νῆμα, Ion. for νῶα.

νῆμα, ἡ, (νῶμαι B) *remembrance, memory*. II.
mention ; νῆμα ποιεῖσθαι τινας, Lat. *mentionem*
facere.

νῆμα Dor. νῆμα, ατος, τό, (νῶμαι B) Lat. *mon-*
umentum, *a memorial, remembrance, record of a*
person or thing ; *a memorial of one dead, a monu-*
ment. II. = μνήμη, *memory*.

μνημεῖον Ion. -ήιον Dor. νῆμαϊον, τό, (μνήμα)
 Lat. *monumentum*, *a memorial, remembrance, record*
of a person or thing ; of one dead, *a monument*.

μνήμη, ἡ, (νῶμαι B) *remembrance, memory, recol-*
lection. 2. *the faculty of memory* ; μνήμης ὑπο from
memory. 3. *a memorial, monument*. II.

mention or notice of a thing.
 μνημήϊον, τό, Ion. for μνημεῖον.
 μνημονεύω, f. σῶ, (μνήμων) *to remember, call to mind*,
recollect. 2. *to call to another's mind, mention*,
say, Lat. *memorare*. II. Pass., with f. med.

-εύσομαι and pass. -εuthήσομαι : aor. I ἐμνημονεύθην :
 —*to be remembered, had in memory, mentioned*.

μνημονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνήμων) of or for remembrance
 or memory ; τὸ μνημονικόν = μνήμη, *memory*. II.

of persons, of good or ready memory.

μνημονικῶς, Adv. from or by memory, readily.

μνημοσύνη, ἡ, (μνήμων) *remembrance, memory*, Lat.
memoria. II. as prop. n. Mnemosyne, the mother
 of the Muses ; because before the invention of writing
 memory was the Poet's chief gift.

μνημόσυνον Dor. νῆμα-, τό, (μνήμων) *a remem-*
brance, memorial, record of a thing ; also *a reminder*,
refresher. 2. *honourable mention, fame*.

μνήμων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. μνήμον, (νῶμαι B) *mindful*,
remembering ; c. gen. *mindful of*. 2. *ever mind-*
ful, unforgetting.

μνήσαι, aor. I inf. and aor. I med. imperat. of μ-
 νῆσθαι.

μνησαίαιτο, Ion. for μνήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt.
 of μνησέσθαι.

μνησασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of μνησέσθαι.

μνησάσκετο, Ion. for ἐμνήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med.
 of μνησέσθαι.

μνησθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of μνησέσθαι.

μνήσῃτι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. pass. of μνησέσθαι.

μνησέ-δωρέω Dor. νῆμα-, f. ἤσω, (μνήσις, δῶρον)
to bring presents in token of gratitude : *to be grateful*.

μνησικακέω, f. ἤσω, *to remember old injuries* :
to bear ill-will or malice ; οὐ μνησικακεῖν *to bear no*
malice, pass an act of amnesty. II. also c. acc.

rei, τὴν ἡλίκαιαν μνησικακεῖν *to remind of the ills of*
age. From

μνησέ-κάκος, ου, (νῶμαι B, κακόν) *remembering*
old injuries, bearing malice.

μνησέ-πήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (μνησέσθαι, πήμα) *re-*
minding of misery.

μνήσις Dor. νῆμασις, εως, ἡ, (νῶμαι B) *remem-*
brance, memory.

μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μνησέσθαι.

μνηστειρα, ἡ, fem. of μνηστῆρ, (νῶμαι A) *a*
bride. II. fem. Adj. (νῶμαι B) *reminding of*.

μνήστευμα, ατος, τό, (μνηστεύω) *courtskip, wooing* ;
 in plur., *espousals*.

μνηστεύω, f. σῶ ; aor. I ἐμνήστευσα ; (νῶμαι B) :
 —Pass., aor. I ἐμνηστεύθην :—*to woo, court, seek in*
marriage ; *to espouse* : Pass. *to be courted*. II.

to promise in marriage, betroth : Pass. *to be betrothed*.

μνηστήρ Dor. **μναστήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, (μνάομαι A) a wooer, suitor: later, a bridegroom. II. (μνάομαι B) calling to mind, mindful of.

μνηστήρεσσι, Ep. for μνηστήρσι, dat. pl. of foregoing. μνήστις Dor. **μνάστις**, ιος, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) a remembering, remembrance. II. reputation, fame.

μνηστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνάομαι A) wooed, wedded. μνηστής, υῖος, ἡ, Ion. for μνηστρία, a wooing, courtship, seeking in marriage.

μνηστωρ, ιδος, ὁ, (μνάομαι B) mindful of. μνήσω, fut. of μμνήσκω.

μνῆρός, ἄ, ὄν, mossy, soft as moss. From ΜΝΗΨΩΝ, τό, moss, sea-weed.

μνός contr. μνουός, ὁ, fine down.

μνώμενος, part. of μνάομαι, to woo.

μνώνται, 3 pl. of μνάομαι, to woo.

μνώμενος, Ep. part. of μνάομαι, to remember.

μνώοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι A and B.

μνηρός, ἄ, ὄν, of persons, labouring, distressed, wretched: of things, toilsome, grievous. From

μωγέω, f. ἥσω, (μώγος) to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress: pres. part. μωγέων = μώγυς, with trouble, hardly; μωγέων ἀποκινήσασκε with much toil he moved, hardly he moved. II. to labour at.

μωγῆ-λάλος, ὄν, (μώγυς, λᾶλέω) speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb.

μώγυς, Adv. (μώγος, μωγέω) with toil and trouble: hardly, scarcely: like the later μόλις. Hence

ΜΟΤΟΣΞ, ὄν, ὁ, toil, trouble: hardship, pain, sorrow. ΜΟΓΟΣ-τόκος, ὄν, (μώγος, τεκεῖν) helping women in hard travail.

μόδιος, ὁ, a dry measure, Lat. modius, = $\frac{1}{4}$ of a medimnus, = 2 gallons.

ΜΟΨΘΟΣΞ, ὁ, battle, the battle-din: μῆθος ἵππων the noise or trampling of horses.

μόθων, ἄνθος, ἄ, at Sparta, a name for the child of a Helot: such children being brought up as foster-brothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an impudent fellow: hence invoked as the god of impudence. 3. a rude dance.

μοί, enclit. dat. sing. of ἐγώ.

μοῖρα, gen. as Ion. ἡς, ἡ: (μείρομαι):—a part, portion, division, as opp. to the whole: a division of an army. II. a part or party in a state, Lat. partes.

III. the part or portion which falls to one, esp. one's portion of the spoil: one's inheritance, patrimony. 2. one's portion in life, lot, destiny: esp. like μόρος, one's fate, doom. 3. that which is one's due; generally, that which is meet and right; κατὰ μοῖραν εἴπεις thou hast spoken fitly, rightly; μοῖραν νέμειν τινί to give one his due: hence

4. due reverence, consideration; ἐν μοῖρῃ ἄγειν τινά to hold one in proper respect.

Μοῖρα, as prop. n., Moira, the goddess of fate: later there were three, Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos.

μοιράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἥσω: (μοῖρα):—to share, distribute: Med. to share among themselves.

μοιρη-γενής, ἐς, (μοῖρα, γένος) fated from birth.

μοιρίδιος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (μοῖρα) allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fatalis.

μοιρό-κραντος, ὄν, (μοῖρα, κραίνω) ordained by fate, fated, destined.

Μοῖσα, ἡ, Aeol. for Μοῦσα: Μοισᾶν, Aeol. for Μουσᾶν, pl. gen.

Μοισαίος, α, ὄν, Aeol. for Μοῦσειος.

μοιχ-ἄγρια, τά, (μοιχός, ἄγρᾱ) only in pl. the fine imposed on one taken in adultery.

μοιχᾶλς, ιδος, ἡ, irreg. fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress, Lat. moecha: as fem. Adj. adulterous.

μοιχάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of μοιχός, an adulteress.

μοιχάω, f. ἥσω, (μοιχός) trans. to commit adultery with; μοιχᾶν τὴν θάλατταν to hold dalliance with the sea. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari.

μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery with, to seduce, c. acc. II. intr. to commit adultery, Lat. moechari.

μοιχιδῖος, α, ὄν, (μοιχός) born in adultery.

μοιχῖος, α, ὄν, adulterous. From

ΜΟΙΚΟΞ, οὔ, ὁ, an adulterer, paramour, seducer, Lat. moechus; κεκάρθαι μοιχὸν μᾶ μαχαίρᾳ to have the head shaven with a razor like an adulterer's; since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment.

ΜΟΛΕΙΝ, aor. 2 inf. of βλάσσω.

μολιβ-αχθής, ἐς, (μολιβος, ἄχθος) loaded with lead. μόλιβος, ὄν, ὁ, poet. for μόλυβδος, lead.

μολῖς, Adv., later form for μόγυς, hardly, scarcely, with difficulty; οὐ μόλις not scarcely, i. e. quite, utterly.

μολοβρός, οὔ, ὁ, a glutton, greedy beggar.

Μολοῖσα, Dor. for μολοῖσα, fem. of μολών.

Μολοῖσος Att. -ττός, ὄν, Molossian; κύνος Μολοττικός the Molossian dog, a kind of wolf-dog used by shepherds. II. ὁ μολοσσός (sub. πούς), in

Prosydy, the Molossus, a foot consisting of three long syllables, e. g. πρυμνήτης.

μολοῦμαι, fut. of βλάσσω.

μολπάς, (μολπή) to sing of, Lat. canere. Hence μολπαστής, οὔ, ὁ, a minstrel or dancer.

μολπή, ἡ, (μέλπω) in Hom. dancing to music: anything done in time: generally, play, sport, properly when singing and dancing formed part of it. II.

generally, singing, song, opp. to dancing. Hence μολπηδόν, Adv. with singing.

μολπητής Dor. -αῖς, ιδος, ἡ, (μολπή) a songstress. μολυβδαινα, ἡ, (μόλυβδος) a piece of lead, esp. the lead to sink a fishing-line. 2. a plummet, a leaden ball or bullet.

μολύββινος, ἡ, ὄν, (μόλυβδος) leaden, of lead.

μολυββῖς, ιδος, ἡ, (μόλυβδος) like μολυβδαινα, the leaden weight on a net. II. a leaden ball or bullet.

ΜΟΛΥΒΔΟΣΞ, ὄν, ὁ, lead. II. plumbago,

black lead: hence a blacklead pencil.

μολυβδο-χέω, f. ἥσω, (μόλυβδος, χέω) to fix with melted lead.

μολυνο-πραγμονέομαι, Pass. (μολύνω, πρᾶγμα):—to be mixed up in a dirty quarrel.

ΜΟΛΥΝΟ [v] : f. ὕνω : pf. pass. μεμόλυσμαι :—*to stain, sully, defile, corrupt* : also *to seduce a woman* :—Pass. *to be or become vile, wallow*.

μολύνω, ὁ, (μολύνω) *defilement, pollution*.

μολών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of βλάσσω.

μομφή, ἡ, (μέμφομαι) *blame, reproof, complaint* :—*a cause of complaint*.

μόνα, Dor. for μόνη.

μονᾶω, f. σω, (μόνος) *to be alone, live in solitude*.

μοναμπύκλια, ἡ, for ὁ μονάμπυξ, *a race-horse that runs single*.

μον-άμπυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ἀμπύξ η) *having one frontlet* ; **μονάμπυκες** πῶλοι *horses that run single, racehorses* : also of a bull, *having no yokefellow*.

μοναρχέω Ion. **μονν-**, f. ἴσω : (μόναρχος) :—*to be monarch or sovereign* ; ἐπὶ τούτου *μοναρχέοντος* in this king's reign. Hence

μοναρχία Ion. **μονν-**, ἡ, *absolute rule, sovereignty, monarchy*.

μόν-αρχος Ion. **μονν-**, ον, (μόνος, ἀρχω) *ruling alone, sovereign*.

μονάς Ion. **μονάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, (μόνος) properly a fem. Adj., *solitary, single* : also masc. of a man, *alone, by oneself*. II. as Subst., **μονάς**, ἡ, *a unit*.

μονάχῃ, Adv. properly dat. fem. of *μοναχός*, in one way only : *singly or alone*.

μοναχός, ἡ, ὄν, (μόνος) *solitary* ;—as Subst. **μοναχός**, ὁ, *a monk*.

μον-ερέτης Ion. **μονν-**, ου, ὁ, (μόνος, ἐρέτης) *one who roams singly, a sculler*.

μονή, ἡ, (μένω) *a staying, abiding, tarrying*. 2. *a place to stay in, mansion*.

μον-ημέριον, τό, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) *a hunt of one day*.

μον-ήρης, es, (μόνος, ἀράρειν) *single* ; ναῦς *μονήρης* *a ship with one bank of oars*.

μόνιμος, ον, or ὃν, (μονή) *staying, fixed* : of persons, *steadfast, constant*. 2. of conditions, *abiding, lasting*, Lat. *stabilis*.

μόν-ιππος, ον, (μόνος, ἵππος) *with one horse, a horseman*, opp. to a charioteer.

μονο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μόνος, βαῖνω) *walking alone* : of metre, *consisting of one foot*. [βᾶ]

μονό-γάμος, ον, (μόνος, γαμέω) *marrying one wife*.

μονο-γένεια Ion. **μοινογ-**, ἡ, pecul. fem. of sq.

μονο-γενής Ep. and Ion. **μοινογ-**, ἐς, (μόνος, γένος) *only-begotten* : born from one and the same mother.

μονό-γληνος, ον, (μόνος, γλήνη) *one-eyed*.

μονο-δάκτυλος, ον, (μόνος, δάκτυλος) *one-fingered*.

μονο-δέρκτις, ου, ὁ, (μόνος, δέркоμαι) *one-eyed*.

μονό-δουπος, ον, (μόνος, δοῦπος) *of unvaried sound, monotonous*.

μόνο-δόντος, -δόντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὀδοίς) *one-toothed*.

μονό-δροπος, ον, (μόνος, δρέπω) *plucked from one stem* : cut or carved from one block.

μονο-ειδής, ἐς, (μόνος, εἶδος) *of one kind, simple*.

μονο-ζυγής, ἐς, and **μονόζυξ**, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ζυγῆναι) *having one horse yoked* : generally, *single, alone*.

μονο-ήμερος, ον, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) *lasting but one day*.

μονο-κέλης Ion. **μονο-κ-**, ἦτος, ὁ, (μόνος, κέλης) *a single horse*.

μονό-κερας, ον, gen. -κερω, acc. -κεραν, (μόνος, κέρας) *one-horned* : as Subst. *a unicorn*.

μονό-κλαυτος, ον, (μόνος, κλαῖω) *with one mourner*.

μονό-κλινον, τό, (μόνος, κλίνω) *a bed for one only, a coffin*.

μονο-κοιτέω, f. ἴσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) *to sleep alone*.

μονο-κρήπις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, κρηπίς) *with but one sandal*.

μονό-κροτος, ον, (μόνος, κροτέω) *with one bank of oars*.

μονό-κωλος Ion. **μονν-**, ον, (μόνος, κῶλον) *with but one limb* : of buildings, *with but one room* : περίοδος **μονόκωλος** *a sentence consisting of one clause*.

μονό-κωπος, ον, (μόνος, κωπή) *with a single oar* : *with a single ship*.

μονό-λίθος Ion. **μονν-**, ον, (μόνος, λίθος) *made out of one stone*.

μονο-μάτωρ, ορος, Dor. for *μονομήτωρ*. [ᾱ]

μονομάχῃ Ion. **μονν-**, f. ἴσω, (μονομάχος) *to fight in single combat* : of the Athenians at Marathon,

μοῖνοι *μονομαχῆσαντες* τῷ Πέρσῃ *having fought single-banded with the Persian*. Hence

μονομαχία Ion. **μονομαχίη**, ἡ, *single combat*.

μονομάχιον, τό, = *μονομαχία*.

μονο-μάχος, ον, (μόνος, μάχομαι) *fighting in single combat* : *wielded in single combat*.

μονο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, μήτηρ) *left alone by one's mother, deprived of one's mother*.

μονο-νυχί Ion. **μονν-**, Adv. (μόνος, νύξ) *in a single night*.

μονό-ξύλον, ον, (μόνος, ξύλον) *made from a single log*. II. *made of wood only*.

μονό-παις, -παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, παῖς) *act. having but one child*. II. pass. = *μόνος παῖς, an only child*.

μονο-πάλης Ion. **μονν-**, ου, ὁ, (μόνος, πάλη) *one who conquers alone in wrestling*. [ᾱ]

μονό-πέλμος, ον, (μόνος, πέλμα) *with but one sole*.

μονό-πεπλος, ον, (μόνος, πέπλος) *left without a robe, clad in a tunic only* : v. *ἄπεπλος*.

μονό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (μόνος, πούς) *one-footed*.

μονό-πῶλος, ον, (μόνος, πῶλος) *with one horse*.

μονο-ορύχης, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ὀρυγῆναι) *digging with one point*. [ῡ]

ΜΟΝΟΣ Ion. **μοῦνος**, η, ον, Dor. **μῶνος**, α, ον, *alone, left alone, forsaken* : c. gen., *μόνος σοῦ left off, deprived of thee*. II. *alone, only* : often with gen.

added, **μοῦνος πάντων ἀνθρώπων** *alone of all men*. III. like Lat. *unus* for *unicus*, *standing alone, single in its kind, unique*. IV. Sup. **μονώτατος**, *the one only person, one above all others*, cf. *αὐτότατος*.

V. neut. **μόνον** as Adv., *alone, only, merely* ; **μόνον οὐ**, Lat. *tantum non*, *all but, well nigh*.

μονο-σίδηρος, ον, (μόνος, σίδηρος) *made of iron only*.

μονοσιτέω, f. ἴσω, *to eat but once in the day*. From

μονό-σίτος, ον, (μόνος, σίτος) *eating but once a day*.

μονό-σκηπτρος, *ον*, (μόνος, σκήπτρον) *wielding the sceptre alone, absolute.*

μονο-στίβης, *ές*, (μόνος, στιβεῖν) *walking alone, unaccompanied.*

μονό-στίχος, *ον*, (μόνος, στίχος) *consisting of one verse.*

μονό-στολος, *ον*, (μόνος, στολή) *going alone: generally, alone, single.*

μονο-στόρθυξ, *υγος, ό, ή*, (μόνος, στόρθυξ) *carved out of a single block.*

μονο-σύλλαβος, *ον*, (μόνος, συλλαβή) *of one syllable, dealing with monosyllables.*

μονό-τεκνος, *ον*, (μόνος, τέκνον) *with but one child.*

μονο-τράπεζος, *ον*, (μόνος, τράπεζα) *at a solitary board, eaten apart.*

μονό-τροπος, *ον*, (μόνος, τρόπος) *solitary, unsocial.*

μονο-ούατος, *ον*, (μόνος, οὖς) *one-eared: with one handle.*

μονο-φάγος, *ον*, (μόνος, φάγειν) *eating alone or once a day: irreg. Sup. μονοφαγίστατος.*

μον-όφθαλμος *Ion. μον-*, *ον*, (μόνος, ὀφθαλμός) *one-eyed.*

μονό-φρουρος, *ον*, (μόνος, φρουρά) *watching alone.*

μονό-φρων, *ον*, *gen. onos*, (μόνος, φρήν) *single in one's opinion, standing alone, single.*

μονο-φύης *Ion. μον-*, *ές*, (μόνος, φύη) *of simple nature: made of one piece.*

μονό-χηλος *Dor. -χαλος, ον*, (μόνος, χηλή) *solid-boofed.*

μονό-ψηφος *Dor. -ψαφος, ον*, (μόνος, ψήφος) *voting alone: singular in one's vote or purpose.*

μονῶ *Ion. μον-*: *f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐμόνωσα Ep. μοίνωσα*:—*Pass., aor. I ἐμονώθην, Ion. part. μονωθεῖς*: *pf. μεμόνωναι Ion. μεμύνωμαι*: (μόνος):—*to make single or solitary; μονοῦν γενεήν to give an only son in each generation*:—*Pass. to be left alone, to be forsaken*: also *to be taken apart, without witnesses*: *c. gen., μεμονωμένοι συμμάχων* *deserted by allies.*

μονωδέω, *f. ἥσω, (μονωδός) to sing alone, to sing a monody.* Hence

μονωδία, *ή, a song sung alone, a monody, solo, opp. to the song of the chorus.*

μον-ωδός, *όν*, (μόνος, ᾠδή) *singing alone.*

μονωθεῖς, *aor. I pass. part. of μονῶ.*

μόνω, *Adv. of μόνος, only.*

μον-ώψ *poët. μούν-, ὤπος, ό, ή*, (μόνος, ὤψ) *one-eyed.*

μόρα, *ή, (μείρομαι) = μοῖρα.* 2. *one of the six divisions of the Spartan infantry.*

μορταί (*sc. ἑλαιοί*), *αἱ, the sacred olives in the Academy, so called because they were supposed to be parted or propagated (μειρόμεναι, μεμορημέναι) from the original olive-stock that grew in the Acropolis.* Hence **Ζεὺς Μόριος** *as the guardian of these sacred olives.* II. **μορία** [*Ὶ*], = **μορία**, *folly.*

μόριμος, *ον*, *poët. for μόρισμος.*

μόριον, *τό*, *Dim. of μόρος, a small piece, generally, a piece, portion.*

μόριος, *α, ον*, *poët. for μόρισμος.*—**For Ζεὺς Μόριος**, *see μορία.*

μορμολυκεῖον, *τό, a bugbear, hobgoblin.* From **μορμολύττωμαι**, *Dep. (μορμῶ) to fright, scare.*

μορμω-ωτός, *όν*, (μορμῶ, ὤψ) *bideous to behold.*

μορμύρω [*Ὶ*], *formed from μύρω, as πορφύρω from φύρω*, *of water, to roar, boil, Lat. murmur.*

ΜΟΡΜΩ', *gen. όος, contr. οὖς, ή, a bideous sbemonster, to frighten children with; a bugbear, hobgoblin.*

II. *In Aristophanes, a mere exclamation, μορμώ τοῦ θάσους a fig for his courage!*

μορδεῖς, *εσσα, εν*, *skilfully or richly wrought; or glistening, shining.* (*Deriv. unknown.*)

ΜΟ'ΡΟΝ, *τό, the black mulberry.*

μόρος, *ό*, (μείρομαι) *like μοῖρα, one's appointed lot, fate, doom, destiny; ὑπὲρ μόρον beyond one's doom, against fate.*

2. *esp. an unhappy lot, ruin, death, Lat. fatum, in Homer always a violent death.*

μόρισμος, *ον*, (μόρος) *appointed by fate, doomed, destined, Lat. fatalis: foredoomed, destined to die*:

hence **μόρισμον ἡμῶν the fated day, the day of doom: τὸ μόρισμον fate, doom, destiny.**

ΜΟΡΥ'ΣΣΩ, *to soil, stain, defile, sully: pf. pass. part. μεμοργμένος, soiled, defiled.*

μορφῆ, **μορφάν**, *Dor. for μορφῇ, μορφήν.*

μορφάω, (μορφή) *to make gesticulations.*

μορφάω, *f. ἥσω, (μορφή) to shape, fashion, mould.*

Μορφεύς, *έως, ό*, **Μορpheus**, *son of Sleep, god of dreams: properly the fashioner, moulder, so called from the shapes he calls up before the sleeper.*

ΜΟΡΦΗ', *ή, form, shape, figure: a beautiful form, beauty, Lat. forma.*

2. *generally, form, fashion, appearance.* 3. *a form, kind, sort.* Hence

μορφήεις, *εσσα, εν*, *formed, fashioned, shaped: well-shaped, comely, Lat. formosus.*

μόρφνος, *ον*, (*epith. of the eagle*) *of colour, dusky, dark, = ὀρνυός (from ὀρφήν), Lat. furvus.*

μορφῶω, *f. ὥσω, (μορφή) to form, give shape to.*

Hence **μόρφωμα**, *ατος, τό, form, shape, figure: the outline of a figure.*

μόρφωσις, *ή, (μορφῶω) a shaping: form, semblance.*

μορφωτήρ, *ῆρος, ό*, (μορφῶω) *one who shapes*:—*fem. μορφώτρια; σύνν μορφώτρια changing men into swine.*

μόσσυν *or μόσυν, ὄνος, ό*, *a wooden house or tower.*

Μοσσύν-οικοι *or Μοσύν-οικοι, οἱ, (μόσσυν or μόσυν, οἰκῶ) an Asiatic race near the Black Sea, neighbours of the Colchians, living in wooden houses.*

μόσχειος, *α, ον, (μόσχος) of: a calf; μόσχειος κν-νουχος a calf-skin leash: as Subst., μόσχειον, τό, a calf-skin.*

μοσχέω, *f. σω, (μόσχος) to plant a sucker, propagate.*

μοσχίδιον, *τό*, *Dim. of μόσχος, a young sucker.* [*Ὶ*]

μόσχιος, *α, ον, (μόσχος) like μόσχειος, of a calf.*

μοσχό-ποιέω, *f. ἥσω, (μόσχος, ποίεω) to make a calf.*

μόσχος, *ό, ὅσω ή, the young shoot of a plant, a sprout, sucker, scion.*

II. *metaph. of the young of ani-*

males, a calf: also a young bull: a heifer. 2. *a boy: more often a girl, maid, Lat. juvenca.* 3. *any young animal.*

μουνάξ, Adv. (μῦνος) *singly, alone.*

μουναρχέω, Ion. for *μοναρχέω*.

μῦνος, Ion. for *μῖνος*. For all Ion. forms beginning with *μουν-*, see under *μουν-*.

Μουνυχία, ἡ, *Munychia*, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Piræus. II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Μουνυχίαζε, Adv. to *Munychia*: and

Μουνυχιάσι, Adv. at *Munychia*.

Μουνυχίων, ὄνος, δ, *Munychion*, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of Munychian Artemis, = the latter part of April and beginning of May.

μουνωθείς, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of *μονύω*.

μουν-ῶψ, Ion. for *μονάψ*.

ΜΟΥΣΑ, ἡ, Aeol. **Μούσα** Dor. **Μῶσα** Lacon. **Μῶα**, as, ἡ, *the Muse*, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine Muses,—Clio, Euterpe, Thalia, Melpomene, Terpsichore, Erato, Polymnia or Polyhymnia, Urania, and Calliope. II. later, *music, song: also eloquence; and in pl. arts, accomplishments.*

Μουσ-ᾠγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. for *Μουσηγ-*, (Μούσα, ἡγήμομαι), *the leader of the Muses*, i. e. Apollo.

Μουσείον, τό, *the temple of the Muses, seat or haunt of the Muses: hence a school of arts and learning, a Museum: metaph., μουσεῖα θορηγῆμασι ξυνοῦντά* balls resounding with lamentations; *μουσεῖα χελιδόνων* places where swallows twitter. Properly neut. of Μούσειος.

Μούσειος Dor. **Μουσαῖος**, α, ov, also os, ov, (Μούσα) *of or belonging to the Muses, sacred to the Muses.*

μουσιζομαι, Dep. (Μούσα) *to sing or play.*

μουσικός, ἡ, ἔν, (Μούσα) *of the Muses or the fine arts, devoted to the Muses.* II. as Subst., I.

μουσικός, ὁ, *a musician, poet, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to ἄμωσος.* 2. *μουσική* (sc. τέχνη), ἡ, *any art over which the Muses presided, esp. music or lyric poetry set and sung to music,—one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being*

γράμματα, γυμναστική:—generally, arts, letters, accomplishments. III. Adv. *-κῶς*, *harmoniously, elegantly: Sup. -κάτατα.*

μουσίσδω, Dor. for *μουσιζω*.

μουσοδόμος, ov, (Μούσα, δέμω) *built by song.*

μουσομάνης, ἡ, ἦσω, *to be Muse-mad, smitten by the Muses.* From

μουσο-μάνης, ἐς, (Μούσα, μανῆναι) *smitten by the Muses.*

μουσο-μάντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (Μούσα, μάντις) *of prophetic song.*

μουσο-μήτωρ, opos, ἡ, (Μούσα, μήτηρ) *the mother of the Muses and arts.*

μουσο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, *to write poetry about.* From

μουσο-ποιέω, ὅν, (Μούσα, ποιέω) *making poetry: μουσopoίος, ἡ, a poetess: also singing or playing.*

μουσο-πόλος, ov, (Μούσα, πολέω) *serving the Muses: as Subst., μουσoπόλος, ὁ, a minstrel.*

μουσο-πρόσωπον, ov, (Μούσα, πρόσωπον) *musical-looking.*

μουσουργία, ἡ, *a making poetry, singing.* From **μουσο-ουργία**, ἔν, contr. for *μουσο-εργία*, (Μούσα, ἔργον) *devoted to the service of the Muses, playing, singing:—as Subst., μουσουργός, ἡ, a singing-girl.*

μουσο-φίλης, ov, ὁ, and **μουσo-φίλος**, ov, (Μούσα, φιλέω) *loving the Muses.*

μουσο-χάρης, ἐς, (Μούσα, χαίρω) *delighting in the Muses, delighting in music or poetry.*

μουσoδ, f. ὶσω, (Μούσα) *to devote to the Muses:—Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant.*

μοχθεύντας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of *μοχθέω*.

μοχθέω, f. ἦσω, (μόχθος) *to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly: c. acc. cognato, μοχθεῖν μόχθους, πόνους* to undergo bardship, toils; *μοχθεῖν μαθήματα* to toil at learning. Hence

μόχθημα, ατος, τό, *toil, bardship.*

μοχθηρία, ἡ, *wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness.* From

μοχθηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (μοχθέω) *in sore distress, wretched.* 2. of things, *toilsome, laborious: but also in sorry plight.* II. in moral sense, *knaveish, villainous, rascally, Lat. pravus.* Hence

μοχθηρῶς, Adv. *in sorry plight, miserably.*

μοχθητέον, verb. Adj. of *μοχθέω*, *one must labour.*

μοχθίω, f. σω, = *μοχθέω*, *to toil, labour: also to suffer greatly.*

μόχθος, ὁ, (μογέω) *toil, bardship, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, bardships:—μόχθος* differs from *πόνος*, in that *μόχθος* always implies *distress, bardship*, Lat. *aeruma*, while *πόνος* is merely *work, labour*, Lat. *labor*.

μοχλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, *one who heaves up by a lever: θαλάσσης μοχλευτής* he who makes the sea to heave; *καινῶν ἐπὶν μοχλευτής* one who heaves up new words. From

μοχλεύω, f. σω, (μοχλῆς) *to prise up, to heave up or wrench by a lever.*

μοχλέω, f. ἦσω, Ion. for *μοχλεύω*.

μοχλῶν, τό, Dim. of *μοχλός*.

ΜΟΧΛΟΣ, ὅ, οὔ, ὁ, *a lever or bar for prising or beaving up, a crowbar, Lat. vectis.* II. *any bar or stake:—the bar or bolt of a door, Lat. obex.*

ΜΥ' or **ΜΥ'**, an imitation of the sound made by murmuring or muttering with closed lips. II. to imitate the sound of sobbing.

μῦ-ἄγρα, ἡ, (μῦς, ἄγρα) *a mouse-trap.*

μῦάω, (μῦ) *to bite or compress the lips.*

μῦ-γάλη, (μῦς, γαλή) *the field-mouse, sbrew-mouse, Lat. mus araneus.*

μυγμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μῖζω) *a moaning, muttering.*

μυδαλέος, α, ον, *wet, dripping, soaked.*

damp, mouldy. From

μυδάω, f. ἴσω, (μυδος) *to be damp, wet, dripping.*

II. *to be damp or clammy from decay.*

ΜΥΔΟΣ, δ, *damp; clamminess, decay, Lat. situs.* [ῥ]

μυδροκτύπεω, f. ἴσω, *to forge red-hot iron.* From

μυδρο-κτύπος, ον, (μυδρος, κτύπεω) *forging or welding red-hot iron.*

ΜΥΔΡΟΣ [ῥ], δ, *any red-hot mass; μύδρους αἶρειν*

χεροῖν *to lift masses of red-hot iron in the hands, as*

an ordeal: also any lump or mass of metal.

μυέλινος, η, ον, (μυελός) = *μυελός.*

μυελός, εσσα, εν, (μυελός) *full of marrow.*

ΜΥΕΛΟΣ, οὔ, δ, Lat. MEDULLA, *marrow: meta-*

taph. of strengthening food, as wine and barley,

which are called μυελός ἀνδρῶν. 2. the marrow

of the skull, the brain. 3. generally, the inmost

part, core. [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

μύειν, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐμύησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμ-

ύηθην: pf. μύημαι: (μύω):—*to initiate into the*

mysteries.—Pass. *to be initiated; c. acc. cognato,*

μυεῖσθαι τὰ Καβείρων ὄργια *to be initiated in the*

mysteries of the Cabiri; μυεῖσθαι τὰ μεγάλα *to be*

initiated in the great mysteries. 2. generally, to

instruct.

μύζω, f. μύζω, (μῦ) *to murmur with closed lips,*

moan: to mutter. II. to drink with closed lips,

to suck in.

μυθεῖαι, Ep. 2 sing. μυθεῖαι, contr. for μυθεῖαι,

and omitting one ε, μυθεῖαι: 3 pl. Ion. impf. μυθέ-

σκοντο: f. μυθήσονται: aor. I ἐμυθησάμην, Ep. 3

sing. μυθήσατο: Dep.: (μύθος):—*to say, speak, tell,*

name. II. to say over to oneself, like φράζομαι,

con over, consider.

μυθεῖ, Dor. for μυθοῦ, imperat. of μυθεῖν.

μυθεῖν, Dor. for μυθεῖν,

μυθεῖν, = μυθεῖν:—Pass. *to be the subject of a*

story, to be talked of.

μυθησαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of μυθεῖν.

μυθιάζομαι, Dep. = μυθεῖν.

μυθίδιον, τό, Dim. of μύθος, *a short tale or fable.*

μυθίζω Dor. -ίσσω, later form for μυθεῖν.

μυθικός, ή, όν, (μύθος) *mythic, legendary.*

μυθισδω, Dor. for μυθίζω.

μύθο-λογεῖν, (μύθος, λέγω) *to tell word for word.*

μύθο-λογέω, f. ἴσω, (μυθολόγος) *to tell mythic tales*

or legends: also to tell as a legend:—Pass. to be or

become mythic. 2. to tell tales, talk. Hence

μυθολογητήον, verb. Adj. one must tell legends.

μυθολογία, ή, (μυθολογία) *a telling of mythic tales*

or legends, mythology. Hence

μυθολογικός, ή, όν, *versed in mythology.*

μύθο-λόγος, ον, (μύθος, λέγω) *dealing in mythic le-*

gends: as Subst., μυθολόγος, δ, a teller of legends.

μύθο-πλόκος, ον, (μύθος, πλέκω) *weaving tales.*

ΜΥΘΟΣ, δ, *anything delivered by word of mouth,*

word, speech: as opp. to ἔργον, a mere word, without

the deed: a speech. II. talk, conversation: also,

the subject of conversation, the matter itself. III.

advice, a command, order. IV. a purpose, design,

plan. V. a tale, story: afterwards, μύθος was the

poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the historical

account. 2. a tale, story, fable, such as Aesop's

fables.

μυθ-ώδης, ες, (μύθος, εἶδος) *like a fable, legendary,*

fabulous.

ΜΥΤΤΑ Att. μύα, ή, a fly, Lat. musca.

μυτο-σόβη, ή, (μυτία, σοβέω) a fly-flap.

μυτο-σόβος, ον, (μυτία, σοβέω) *flapping away flies.*

ΜΥΤΤΑ'ΟΜΑΙ, f. -ήσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 ἐμύκον:

Ep. pf. μέμυκα (so βέβρυχα, μέμυκα from βρυχάομαι,

μυκάομαι): Dep.:—Lat. MUGIRE, of oxen, to bel-

low: also of other animals, as of asses, to bray, of

dogs, to growl, etc.: of things, to grate, jar, roar:

also to groan from exertion. (Formed from the

sound of oxen, as βληκάομαι, μυκάομαι from that of

sheep and goats, βρυχάομαι from that of bulls, etc.,

βρωμάομαι from that of asses.)

μύκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of μυκάομαι.

μύκηθμός, δ, (μυκάομαι) a bellowing: and

μύκημα, ατος, τό, a bellowing: the roar of thun-

der. [ῥ]

Μύκηναίος, ον, of or from Mycenae. From

Μύκηνη, ή, and Μύκηναι, αί, Mycene, Mycenae, an

ancient Pelagiac city, superseded by the Doric Argos:

—Adv. Μυκηνήθεν, from Mycenae.

Μύκηνις, ίδος, ή, pecul. fem. of Μυκηναίος.

ΜΥΚΗΣ, ητος, δ, also μύκης, ον, δ, a mushroom,

Lat. fungus. II. any round body, shaped like a

mushroom, as, I. the cap at the end of a sword's

scabbard. 2. the snuff of a lamp-wick, supposed to

forebode rain; cf. Virgil's putres concreverunt fungos.

μύκητις, η, ον, (μύκης) made of mushrooms.

μυκτήρ, ητος, δ, (μύζω) the nose, snout: in pl. the

nostrils. Hence

μυκτηρίζω, f. ἴσω, to turn up the nose or sneer at,

Lat. naso adunco susperdere.

μυκτηρθέν, Adv. (μυκτήρ) out of the nose.

μυκτηρό-κομπος, ον, (μυκτήρ, κόμπος) sounding

from the nostril.

μύλατος, ον, (μύλη) working in a mill.

μύλακρς, ίδος, ή, (μύλη) of a mill; μυλακρς λᾶας

a millstone.

μύλαξ, ἄκος, δ, (μύλη) a millstone, any large round

stone.

μύλ-εργάτης, ον, δ, (μύλη, ἐργάτης) one who works

in a mill, a miller. [ᾱ]

μύλη [ῥ], ή, a mill, Lat. mōla, a hand-mill. II.

the nether millstone.

μύλη-φάτος, ον, (μύλη, πέφαμα pf. pass. of *φένω)

bruised or crushed in a mill.

μύλιώ, (μύλη) to gnash or grind the teeth.

μύλικός, ή, όν, (μύλη) of or for a mill; λίθος μυ-

λικός a millstone.

μύλλω, (μύλη) to crush, pound, Lat. molēre.

μύλο-ειδής, ες, (μύλος, εἶδος) like a millstone.

μύλος, δ, (μύλη) a millstone; Ep. δνικός. [ῥ]
μύλωθρος, δ, (μύλη) a miller, a master miller.
μύλων, ὄνος, δ, a mill-boise, mill, Lat. pistrinum; to condemn [a slave] to work the mill.

μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμύνη) an excuse, pretence, pretext. [ῥ]
μύνομαι, Dep. (μύνη) to make excuses: to put off.
μύξᾱ, ἡ, (μύξω, μύξω) the discharge from the nose, mucus, phlegm.

μύξωτήρ, ἦρος, δ, = μυκτήρ, a nose, nostril.
μύο-κτόνος, ον, (μύω, κτείνω) mouse-killing.
μύρανα, ἡ, (μύρος) Lat. muraena, a sea-eel or lamprey: also a sea-serpent.

μυριάκις, Adv. (μυρίος) ten thousand times.
μυρί-ἀμφορος, ον, (μυρίος ἀμφορεύς) holding ten thousand measures (ἀμφορεῖς).

μυρί-άρχης, ον, δ, and μυρί-αρχος, δ, (μυρίος, ἀρχω) a commander of 10,000 men.

μυριάς, ἀδος, ἡ, Att. gen. plur. μυριαδῶν, (μυρίος) the number 10,000, a myriad:—when μυριάς, μυριάδες are used alone of money, δραχμῶν must be supplied; when of corn, μεδίμνων.

μυρί-ετής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (μυρίος, ἔτος) lasting ten thousand years: of countless years.

μυρίζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. μεμύρισμαι: (μύρον):—to anoint.

ΜΥΡΙΚΗ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. myrica, the tamarisk. Hence μυρίκνεος, α, ον, of the tamarisk; and μυρίκνιος, η, ον, of the tamarisk. [ῥ]
μυρίο-βοιος, ον, (μυρίος, βοῦς) with ten thousand oxen.

μυρί-όδους, ὀδοντος, δ, ἡ, (μυρίος, ὀδούς) having immense teeth.

μυρίο-καρπος, ον, (μυρίος, καρπός) bearing countless fruit.

μυρίο-κράνος, ον, (μυρίος, κράνον) with numberless beads, many-beaded.

μυρίο-λεκτος, ον, (μυρίος, λέγω) said ten thousand times.

μυρίο-μορφος, ον, (μυρίος, μορφή) of countless shapes.

μυρίο-μοχθος, ος, (μυρίος, μόχθος) of endless toil.

μυρίο-ναυς, αος, δ, ἡ, (μυρίος, ναῦς) of numberless ships.

μυρίοντ-αρχος, ον, = μυριαρχος.

μυρίο-πάλαι, Adv. (μυρίος, πάλαι) time out of mind.

μυρίο-πλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, (μυρίος) ten thousand fold: infinitely more than.

μυρίο-πληθής, ἐς, (μυρίος, πλήθος) of infinite number, countless.

ΜΥΡΙΟΣ, α, ον, numberless, countless, of Number mostly in pl., but often in sing., as μύριον αἷμα, χαλκός, etc. 2. of Size, huge, vast, immense, infinite; ἄχος μύριον infinite sorrow. 3. of Time, endless, infinite. II. as a definite Numeral in pl., μυριοί, αἱ, a, ten thousand: in some phrases the sing. may be used, as ἔππος μυρία 10,000 horse. [ῥ]

μυριοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μυρίος) the 10,000th.
μυριοστός, ὄς, ἡ, (μύριοι) a body of ten thousand.

μύριο-τευχής, ἐς, (μύριοι, τεῦχος) with ten thousand armed men.

μύριο-φόρος, ον, (μύριοι, φέρω) of ten thousand talents burthen.

μύριο-φόρτος, ον, = μυριοφώνος.

μύριο-φώνος, ον, (μυρίος, φωνή) with countless voices.

μύρι-πνος, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (μύρον, πνέω) breathing of unguents or essence.

μύρι-ωπός, ον, (μυρίος, ὤψ) with countless eyes.

μυρμηκία, ἀς, ἡ, (μύρμηξ) an ant's nest, ant-bill.

μυρμηκίας, ον, δ, (μύρμηξ) got from ant-bills.

ΜΥΡΜΗΞ, ἦκος, δ, the ant, Lat. FORMICA. II. a beast of prey in India.

μύρο-βόστρυχος, ον, (μύρον, βόστρυχος) with perfumed locks.

μύροεις, ὅσος, εν, (μύρον) anointed, scented.

μύρομαι, v. sub μύρω. [ῥ]

ΜΥΡΟΝ [ῥ], τό, sweet oil extracted from plants: generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, balsam.

II. the place where unguents were sold, the perfume-market.

III. metaph. anything sweet or charming.

μύρο-πνους, ον, contr. -πνους, ον, (μύρον, πνέω) breathing of unguent.

μύρο-πώλης, ον, δ, fem. -πώλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (μύρον, πωλέω) a dealer in unguents, a perfumer.

μύρο-ραντος, ον, (μύρον, ράνω) wet with unguent.

μύρο-φεγγής, ἐς, (μύρον, φέγγος) shining with unguent.

μύρο-χριστος, ον, (μύρον, χριστός) anointed with sweet oil.

μύρῳ, f. ὠσω, (μύρον) to rub with unguent, anoint.

ΜΥΡΡΑ, ἡ, the ju. of the Arabian myrtle, Lat. myrra, mirrba.

μυρρίνη [ῥ], ἡ, later Att. for μύρσ-, a myrtle twig or wreath.

II. μυρρίναι, αἱ, the myrtle-market.

μύρρινος, η, ον, (μυρρίνη) of myrtle, Lat. myrteus.

μυρρίων, ὄνος, δ, (μυρρίνη) a myrtle-grove, Lat. myrtetum.

ΜΥΡΣΙΝΗ [ῥ] later Att. μύρσιν, ἡ, the myrtle. II. a myrtle-branch. [ῥ]

μυρσινο-εἰδής, ἐς, (μυρσίνη, εἶδος) myrtle-like.

μύρτον, ον, τό, the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτος), the myrtle-berry, Lat. myrtum.

ΜΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, the myrtle, Lat. myrtus.

ΜΥΡΩ [ῥ], only used in pres. and impf., to flow, run, trickle, stream. II. Med. μύρομαι, to melt into tears: to shed tears, weep. 2. trans. to weep for, bewail, lament.

μύρωμα, ατος, τό, (μύρῳ) plaster.

ΜΥΣ, δ, ὄν, μῦς, acc. μῦν, voc. μῦ, a mouse, Lat. MUS: μῦς ἀρουραῖος a field-mouse. II. a muscle of the body, Lat. musculus.

μύσαγμα, ατος, τό, (μυσάττομαι) = μύσος, μύσαν [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of μύω.

μῦσάρος, ἁ, ὄν, (μύσος) foul, loathsome, abominable, Lat. *impurus*: τὸ μύσαρον an abomination.

μῦσάττοιμαι, f. μυσάχθσομαι: aor. I ἐμυσάχθην: Dep.: (μύσος):—to loathe, abominate.

μύσος [ῥ], τό, (μύζω) anything that causes disgust: metaphor. an abomination, defilement, Lat. *piaculum*.

Μῦσος, ὁ, a Mysian.

μυσ-πολέω, (μῦς, πολέω) to run about like a mouse.

μυστηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, for mysteries, mystical. From μυστήριον, τό, (μύστης) a mystery, secret rite: mostly in pl. μυστήρια, τά, the mysteries, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres. 2. any mystery or secret thing: a mystic history or dispensation.

μυστηρίς, ιδος, pecul. fem. of μυστηρικός.

μυστηριώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ιδος, (μυστήριον) belonging to the mysteries.

μύστης, ου, ὁ, (μύζω) one initiated. Hence

μυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the mysteries: secret, mystical.

μυστιλάομαι, Dep. to sop bread in soup or gravy to eat it with. From

ΜΥΣΤΙΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a crust of bread hollowed out as a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with.

μυστί-πόλος, ου, (μύστης, πολέω) solemnising the mysteries.

μυστο-δόκος, ου, (μύστης, δέχομαι) receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiated.

μυστο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (μύστης, δίδωμι) initiating, introducing into the mysteries.

μυτίλος [ῥ], ὁ, (μῦς) the fish muscle, Lat. *mytilus*.

μυτιτωτεύω, f. σω, to make into mince-meat. From ΜΥΤΤΩΤΟΨ, ὁ, a mess of cheese, boney, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat.

μύχτος, η, ου, irreg. Sup. of μύχιος, formed from μύχος, as μέστος from μέσος. [ῥ]

μυχθίζω, f. σω, Dor. μυχθιζω, (μύζω) to breathe hard through the nostrils, to snort or moan from passion. 2. to make mouths at, sneer. Hence

μυχθισμός, ὁ, a snorting: sneering.

μύχιος, α, ου, (μυχός) inward, inmost, most retired, Lat. *intimus*: irreg. Sup. μυχόιστος.

μυχμός, ὁ, (μύζω) moaning, groaning.

μυχθεν, Adv. (μύχος) from the inmost part of the house, from the women's chambers.

μυχόιστος, η, ου, (μυχός) irreg. Sup. of μύχιος; μυχόιστος ἴζε he sat in the farthest corner.

μυχόνδε, Adv. (μυχός) to the far corner.

μύχος, ου, ὁ, (μύζω) the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess, Lat. *sinus*: the inmost part of a house, the women's apartments, Lat. *penetralia*. 2. a bay or creek running far inland.

ΜΥΨ, f. μύσω: aor. ἐμύσα: pf. μέμῡκα: I. intr. to be shut or closed, esp. of the lips and eyes; but also of wounds; σὺν δ' ἔλκεα πάντα μέμῡκεν all

his wounds have closed. 2. of persons, to shut the eyes, keep one's eyes shut: absol., μύσας with one's eyes shut. 3. metaph. to be lulled to rest, to abate.

II. trans. to shut, close.

μῦζων, ὄντος, ὁ, (μῦς) a knot of muscles, a muscular part of the body.

μῦζων, gen. plur. of μῦς.

μῦζωπάζω, (μῦζω) to be purblind, to see dimly.

μῦζωπίζω, (μῦζω) to spur, prick with the spur, goad. II. Pass. to be teased by flies.

μῦ-ωπός, ὄν, (μῦζω, ὄψ) = μῦζω 1.

μῦ-ωψ, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῦζω, ὄψ) closing the eyes, short-sighted. II. as Subst., μῦζωψ, ὄντος, ὁ, the horse-fly or gad-fly. 2. a goad, spur. [ῥ]

Μῡσα, ἡ, Lacon. for Μοῦσα.

μῶλος, ὁ, a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war: battle, war: a struggle, contest: generally, a quarrel, broil.

ΜΩΛΥ, ὄντος, τό, moly, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulysses, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circe.

ΜΩΛΩΨ, ὄντος, ὁ, the mark of a blow, a weal, bruise.

μωμάομαι, Ion. -έομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. ἐμωμησάμην, Dor. ποῖθ. 3 sing. μωμάαστο: Dep.: (μῶμος):—to find fault with, blame, chide, c. acc.:—aor. pass. ἐμωμήσθην in pass. sense, to be blamed.

μωμεύω, f. σω, (μῶμος) to blame, chide, find fault with.

μωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μωμάομαι) blamed, blamable,

μῶμος, ου, ὁ, (μέμφομαι) blame, censure, disgrace. II. personified, Momus, the god of blame.

μῶν, Adv., Dor. contr. for μὴ οὖν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, it is not, is it? Lat. *num?* e.g. μῶν ἔστι; . . . Answ. οὐ ᾔστα. Sometimes however it asks doubtfully, Lat. *num forte?* and may be answered in the affirmative.

μῶνος, α, ου, Dor. for μόνος, μόνος.

μῶν-νυξ, ὄντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὄνυξ) with single, solid, uncloven hoof; Lat. *solipes*, epith. of the horse.

μῶνυχος, ου = μῶννυξ.

μωπαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐμῶπανα: (μωρός):—to be silly, foolish, to play the fool: c. acc., πείραν μωπαίνειν to make a senseless attempt. II. to make foolish, convict of folly. 2. to make tasteless: Pass. to become so.

μωρανθείς, aor. I pass. part. of μωπαίνω.

μωρία, ἡ, (μῶρος) silliness, folly, absurdity.

μωρολογία, ἡ, a speaking foolishly, idle talk. From μωρο-λόγος, ου, (μωρός, λέγω) speaking foolishly.

ΜΩΡΟΣ, ἁ, ὄν, dull, heavy: generally, stupid, silly, foolish. 2. tasteless, insipid.

μωρό-σοφος, ου, (μῶρος, σοφός) foolishly wise.

μωρός, Adv. of μωρός, foolishly.

Μῶσα, ἡ, Dor. for Μοῦσα.

μῶσθαι, inf. of μῶμαι, v. sub. *μῶω c.

N

N, ν, νύ, τό, indecl., thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral, ν' = 50, but ν = 50,000.

Changes of ν:

I. into γ before the gutturals γ, κ, χ, ξ, as ἐγ-γονος, ἐγ-καιρος, ἐγ-χώριος, ἐγ-ξέω.

II. into μ before the labials β, π, φ, μ, ψ, as σύμ-βιος, συμ-πότης, συμ-φνής, ἐμ-μανής, ἐμ-ψυχος.

III. into λ, before λ, as ἐλ-λείπω. IV. into ρ before ρ, as συρ-ράπτω.

V. into σ before σ, as σύσ-σιτος. VI. ν is inserted in aor. I pass. of some pure Verbs, as ἰδρύνην from ἰδρύω.

The νύ ἐφελευστικόν or final ν is found with dat. pl. in σι, as ἀνδράσιν for ἀνδράσι; 3 pers. pl. of verbs in σι, as εἰλήφασιν for εἰλήφασι; 3 pers. sing. in ε and ι, as ἔκτανεν δεικνυσιν, for ἔκτανε δεικνυσι: with the local termin. -σι, as Ἀθήνησιν Ὀλυμπίασιν; the Epic termin. φι, as ὁστέοφιν; with the numeral εἴκοσιν for εἴκοσι; the Advs. νόσφιν πέρυσιν, for νόσφι πέρυσι; with the enclit. Parts. κέν νύν, for κέν νύ. It is used to avoid hiatus where a vowel follows.

νᾶς, νᾶς, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of ναῦς.

ναετήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, and ναέτης, ου, ὄ, (ναῖω) an inhabitant, dweller.

Ναζαρηνός and Ναζωραῖος, ὄ, a Nazarene, inhabitant of Nazareth.

ναί, Adv., used in strong affirm., yea, verily, Lat. nae: with an affirmative clause: but in answers the Att. use ναί by itself, yea, yes, aye.

ναῖ, Dor. and Att. poet. dat. of ναῦς.

Ναῖακός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ναῖάς) of or for a Naiad.

Ναῖάς, ἄδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. Ναῖάδες Ion. Νηιάδες, (νάω) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

ναῖεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναῖω.

ναιετάασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναιετάω.

ναιετάω: Ep. part. fem. ναιετάωσα, Ion. impf. ναιετάσκον: (ναῖω): I. of persons, to dwell, inhabit: generally, to live, be:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit.

II. of places, to be situated, lie: and so in pass. sense, to be inhabited.

ναῖον, Ep. impf. of ναῖω β.

ναῖος, α, ου, Dor. for νηῖος.

ναῖοισα, Dor. for ναῖονσα, pres. part. fem. of ναῖω A.

Ναῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. Νηῖς, (νάω) = Ναῖάς. [Υ]

ναῖχι, Adv. for ναί, like οὐχί for οὐ.

ΝΑΙΩ (A): I. intr. in pres. and impf., I. of persons, to dwell:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit.

II. Causal, in Ep. aor. I. ἐνάσσα or νάσσα, for ἐνάσσα, to make inhabited, give to dwell in; καὶ κέ οἱ Ἀργεῖ νάσσα πόλιν I would have given him a town in Argos for his home.

2. to make a person dwell in a place, to settle him:—in Ep. aor. I pass. and med., to settle, dwell; πατήρ μὲν Ἀργεῖ νάσθη my father settled at Argos; νάσσατο ἄγχ' Ἑλικῶνος he settled near Helicon.

ναῖω (B), = νάω, to flow, overflow.

ΝΑΚΗ, ἡ, a goat-skin: a sheep's fleece, Lat. velus. [Α]

νάκος, τό, later form of νάκη. [Α]

νάμα, ατος, τό, (νάω) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring; ν. πυρός a stream of fire. Hence

νᾶμᾶτιάδος, α, ου, flowing, running.

ναμέρτης, ναμέρτεια, Dor. for νημ-.

ναῖν, Dor. for ναῦν, acc. of ναῦς.

ΝΑ'ΝΟΣ, ὄ, a dwarf, Lat. nānus.

ναῖο-φνής, ἐς, (νάος, φνῆ) of dwarfish stature.

Νάξιος, α, ου, (Νάξος) from the isle of Naxos: Νάξιοι, ὀι, the Naxians: Νάξια λίθος or πέτρα a kind of whetstone, Lat. cos Naxia.

Ναξι-ουργής, ἐς, (Νάξιος, ἔργον) of Naxian work.

Νάξος, ἡ, Naxos, one of the Cyclades, anciently called Dia.

ναῖο-πόλος Ion. νηο-πόλος, ου, (ναῖς, πολέω) dwelling or busied in a temple: as Subst., ναοπόλος, ὄ, the keeper of a temple, Lat. aedituus.

ναῖος Ion. νηός Att. νεός, ὄ, (ναῖω) the dwelling of a god, a temple, Lat. aedes (in sing.).

II. the inner part of a temple, the cell, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

ναῖός, Dor. and Att. poet. gen. of ναῖς.

ναπαῖος, α, ου, (νάπη) of, in a wooded vale or dell.

ΝΑΠΗ, ἡ, a woody dell or glen, Lat. saltus. [Α]

νάπος, τό, later form of νάπη.

ΝΑΠΥ, vos, τό, = σίναπι, mustard.

ναρδο-λίπης, ἐς, (νάρδος, λίπος) anointed with nard-oil.

νάρδος, ἡ, nard, spikenard, Lat. nardus.

II. nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, ου, (νάρθηξ, πληρώω) filling the hollow of the νάρθηξ or reed.

ναρθηκο-φόρος, ου, (νάρθηξ, φέρω) carrying a staff of reed (νάρθηξ), = θυροσφίρος: a rod-bearer.

ΝΑΡΘΗΞ, ηκος, ὄ, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. ferula, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth: a reed. The stalks were used for wands, canes, rods: also as splints.

ναρκάω, f. ἥσω: Ep. aor. I νάρκησα:—to grow stiff, numb or dead, Lat. torpere, to be rigid.

From ΝΑΡΚΗ, ἡ, stiffness, numbness, Lat. torpor.

νάρκισσος, ὄ, the narcissus. (From ναρκάω, because of its narcotic properties.)

νᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (νάω) flowing, liquid.

νᾶς, ἡ, Dor. for ναῦς.

νάσθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ναῖω; ν. ναῖω II. 2.

νάσιώτας, Dor. for νησιώτης.

ναομός, ὄ, (νάω) a flowing current: a stream, spring.

νᾶσος, Dor. for νήσος.

νάσσα, Ep. for ἐνάσσα, aor. I of ναῖω.

νᾶσσα, Dor. for νήσσα, νῆπτα, a duck.

νάσσατο, Ep. for ἐνάσσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ναῖω: ν. ναῖω II. 2.

ΝΑ'ΣΣΩ, f. νάω: aor. I ἐνάξα: pf. pass. νένασμαι

or *νέναιγμα*:—to *press* or *squeeze close*, *stamp down*, *compress*: to *pile up*.

ναστός, ἡ, ὄν, (νάσσω) *close-pressed*, *firm*, *well-kneaded*. II. as Subst., **ναστός**, ὁ, a *well-kneaded cake*.

νάπτω, Att. for *νάσσω*.

ναυῶγες Ion. **ναυῆγ-**, f. ἡσω: (*ναυῶγος*):—to *suffer shipwreck*, *be shipwrecked*: to *crash*, *smash*, of *chariots*. Hence

ναυῶγλι Ion. **ναυῆγλι**, ἡ, *shipwreck*, *wreck*.

ναυάγιον Ion. **ναυήγιον**, τό, a *piece of a wreck*, *wreck*: *νανάγια ἱππικά* the *wreck of a chariot*. From **ναυ-ἀγός** Ion. **ναυηγός**, ὄν, (ναῦς, ἄγνυμι) *shipwrecked*, *stranded*, Lat. *naufragus*: generally, *ruined*, *wrecked*.

ναυαρχέω, f. ἡσω, (*ναύαρχος*) to *be admiral of a fleet*. Hence

ναυαρχία, ἡ, the *command of a fleet*, *office of admiral*. 2. the *period of his command*.

ναύ-αρχος, ὁ, (ναῦς, ἀρχω) the *commander of a fleet*, an *admiral*.

ναυάτης, οὐ, ὁ, poet. for *ναύτης*. [ἄ]

ναυ-βάτης [ἄ], οὐ, ὁ, (ναῦς, βαίνω) *one who embarks in a ship*, a *seaman*. II. as Adj. *nautical*, of *sailors*.

ναυ-δετον, τό, (ναῦς, δέω) a *ship's cable*.

ναυηγός, **ναυηγέω**, **ναυηγία**, Ion. for *ναυῶγ-*.

ναυκληρέω, f. ἡσω, (*ναύκληρος*) to *be a ship-owner*, *master of a ship*. II. metaph. to *manage*, *govern*. Hence

ναυκληρία, ἡ, the *life and calling of a master of a ship*, a *seafaring life*. 2. poet. a *voyage*: generally, an *enterprise*. 3. also a *ship*.

ναυκληρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ναύκληρος*) of or for the *master of a ship*.

ναύ-κληρος, ὁ, (ναῦς, κληρος) the *owner or master of a ship*, who carried goods or passengers. 2. poet. a *seaman*.

ναύ-κράτος, ὁ, the same with *ναύκληρος*. II. at Athens, the *member of a division (ναυκραρία) of the citizens*: in Solon's time there were 12 in each of the 4 tribes, 48 in all: when Cleisthenes increased the number of the tribes to 10, there were 5 *ναύκρατοι* belonging to each tribe, 50 in all.

ναυκρατέω, f. ἡσω, to *have the mastery at sea*, to *command the sea*:—Pass. to *be mastered at sea*. From

ναυ-κράτης, εὖς, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κράτέω) *having the mastery at sea*, *commanding the sea*.

ναυ-κράτωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ναῦς, κρατέω) *commanding the sea*. II. as Subst. the *master of a ship*. [ἄ]

ναῦλος, ὁ, or **ναῦλον**, τό, (ναῦς) *passage-money*, *fare*, Lat. *naulum*. 2. also a *freight*.

ναυλοχέω, f. ἡσω, (*ναύλοχος*) to *lie in a harbour or creek*: to *lie in wait*, so as to *sally out upon ships passing*: c. acc. to *lie in wait for*.

ναύ-λοχος, ον, (ναῦς, λόχος) *affording safe anchorage*, *having a good roadstead*. II. as Subst.,

ναύλοχος, ὁ, with irreg. pl. *ναύλοχα*, an *anchorage*, Lat. *statio navium*.

ναυμάχέω, f. ἡσω, (*ναυμάχος*) to *fight in a ship*, to *fight by sea*: generally, to *fight or contend with*.

ναυμάχια, ἡ, a *sea-fight*.

ναυ-μάχος, ον, (ναῦς, μάχομαι) of, for or *sued to a sea-fight*: *ἐξοστὰ ναύμαχα* *boarding pikes*. II.

parox. **ναυμάχος**, ον, act. *fighting at sea*.

ναυπηγέω, f. ἡσω, (*ναυπηγός*) to *build ships*:—Med., ναῦς *ναυπηγέσθαι* to *build oneself ships*:—

Pass. of the ships, to *be built*.

ναυπηγήσιμος, ον, (*ναυπηγέω*) *sued for ship-building*.

ναυπηγία, ἡ, (*ναυπηγέω*) *ship-building*.

ναυπηγιον, τό, a *place for ship-building*, a *dock-yard*. From

ναυ-πηγός, ὄν, (ναῦς, πήγνυμι) *building ships*: as Subst., **ναυπηγός**, ὁ, a *ship-builder*, *shipwright*.

ναύ-πορος, ον, (ναῦς, πόρος) *traversed by ships*, *naval*. II. parox. **ναυπόρος**, ον, *propelling a ship*.

ΝΑΥΨ, ἡ, Lat. *NAV-IS*, a *ship*: ναῦς *μακρά* a *long ship*, *ship of war*.—Att. declens., ναῦς, νεώς, νηϊ, ναῖν; dual gen. νεοῖν; pl. νῆες, νεῶν or νηῶν, ναοί, ναῦς:—Ion., νῆς, νεός, νηϊ, νεά, pl. νέες, νεῶν, νηρσι, νέας:—Ep. νῆς, νῆος, νηϊ, νῆα, pl. νῆες, νηῶν, νηρσι or νῆεσσι, νῆα, (but also gen. and acc. νεός, νεά, pl. νέες, νεοῖν, νέεσσι, νέας):—Dor. ναῦς, ναός, ναί, ναῖν, pl. νᾶες, νᾶων, ναοί or νᾶεσσι, νᾶας.

ναυσθλόω, contr. for *ναυστολέω*, to *carry by sea*. Med. to *take with one by sea*: to *bire a ship for oneself*:—Pass., with fut. med. *ναυσθλώσομαι*, to *go by sea*.

ναυσία Att. **ναυτία**, ἡ, (ναῦς) *sea-sickness*, *qualmishness*, *retching*, Lat. *nausea*. Hence

ναυσιάω Att. **ναυτιῶω**, (*ναυσία*) to *be qualmish*, to *retch*, *suffer from sea-sickness*.

ναυσι-κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ναῦς, κλειτός) *renowned for ships*, *famous by sea*.

ναυσι-κλύτός, ὄν, = *ναυσικλειτός*.

ναυσι-πέδη, ἡ, (ναῦς, πέδη) a *ship-cable*.

ναυσι-πέρατος Ion. **νηυσιπέρητος**, ον, (ναῦς, περάω) to *be crossed by a ferry or traversed by ships*, *navigable*.

ναυσι-πόμπος, ον, (ναῦς, πέμπω) *ship-wafting*; *ναυσιπόμπος αὔρα* a *fair breeze*. [Υ]

ναυσι-πορος, ον, (ναῦς, πόρος) = *ναύπορος*, *traversed by ships*, of a river, *navigable*. II. parox. **ναυσι-πόρος**, ον, act. *going in ships*, *sea-faring*. 2. *propelling a ship*, *ship-speeding*.

ναυσι-στονος, ον, (ναῦς, στένω) *lamentable to the ship*.

ναυσι-φόρητος, ον, (ναῦς, φορέω) *carried in a ship*, *going by ship*.

ναυ-σταθιον, τό, (ναῦς, σταθμός) a *harbour*, *anchorage*, *roadstead*, Lat. *statio navium*.

ναυστολέω, f. ἡσω, (*ναυστολός*) *trans. to carry or convey by sea*:—Pass., with fut. med. *ναυστολήσομαι*, to *go by sea*. 2. to *guide*, *govern*. II. intr., like Pass., to *go by sea*, *sail*. Hence

ναυστόλημα, ατος, τό, α voyage.
 ναυστολία, ή, (ναυστολέω) a going by ship.
 ναυστόλος, ον, (ναύς, στέλλω) sending by ship. II.
 voyaging, sailing.
 ναύτης, ου, ό, (ναύς) Lat. *nauta*, a seaman, sailor. II.
 one who goes on shipboard, a companion by sea.
 ναυτία, ναυτιά, Att. for ναυσία, ναυσία.
 ναυτικός, ή, όν, (ναύς, ναύτης) of or for a ship;
 ναυτικός στρατός a sea-force, opp. to πεζός; also,
 ναυτικόν, τό, a fleet; ναυτικά, τά, naval affairs, naval power. 2. of persons, skilled in seamanship, nautical.
 ναυτίλεια, ή, (ναυτίλος) sailing, seamanship: in pl. voyages. Hence
 ναυτίλλομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to go by sea, make a voyage, sail.
 ναυτίλος [τ], ό, (ναύτης) a seaman, sailor. 2.
 Adj. of a ship, naval. II. the nautilus, a shellfish, furnished with a membrane which serves it for a sail.
 ναυτο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (ναύτης, λέγω) to enlist seamen, take on board: generally, to receive.
 ναυθγορία, ή, shipwreck, loss of ships. From
 ναύθγορος, ον, (ναύς, φθείρω) shipwrecked; ναύθγορος στολή the garb of shipwrecked men.
 ναύφι, ναύφι, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναύς.
 ναύφρακτος Att. ναύφρακτος, ον, (ναύς, φράσσω) ship-fenced, ship-girt; ναύφρακτον βλέπειν to look like a ship of war.
 ΝΑΨΩ, only found in pres. and impf. to flow.
 νέα, Ion. acc. sing. from ναύς.
 νε-άγγελτος, ον, (νέος, ἀγγέλλω) newly told.
 νεά-γενής, ές, (νέος, *γένω) newly born.
 νεάζω, only found in pres. (νέος), intr. to be young or new: to be the younger of two. 2. to act or think like a youth. 3. to grow young, grow young again.
 νε-αίρετος, ον, (νέος, αἰρέω) newly caught.
 νεαίτερος, irreg. Comp. of νέος: νεαίτατος and νεάτος, irreg. Sup.
 νε-ακόντης, ον, (νέος, ἀκονάω) newly-whetted, keen-edged.
 νεαλής, ές, (νέος) fresh with youth: generally, fresh, vigorous.
 νε-άλωτος, ον, (νέος, ἀλῶμαι) newly caught. [α]
 νε-ανθής, ές, (νέος, ἀνθέω) new-budding, blooming.
 νεάνιας, ου, Ep. and Ion. νενήτης, εω, ό, (νέος) a young man, youth: often with another Subst., as, ἄνδρες νεηνία, παῖς νεηνίης. II. as masc. Adj. youthful: fresh, vigorous, impetuous.
 νεάνισσος, Dep. (νεανίας) to be a youth: to act like a youth, behave wilfully or impetuously, to make youthful boasts.
 νεανικός, ή, όν, (νεανίας) youthful: fresh, impetuous, vigorous. 2. high-spirited, noble. 3. in bad sense, basty, wanton, insolent. 4. generally, great, mighty, strong.
 νεανικῶς, Adv. of νεανικός, vigorously.

νεάνις Ion. νεήνις, gen. ιδος, acc. νεάνιδα and νεάνιν, fem. of νεανίας, a young woman, girl, maiden. II. as Adj. youthful: new.
 νεανισκεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίσκος) to be in one's youth, be a stripling.
 νεανίσκος Ion. νεηνίσκος, ό, (νεανίας) a youth, young man.
 νε-αυδός, όν, (νέος, αὐδός) singing youthfully.
 νεαρός, ό, όν, (νέος) young, youthful: fresh, new, recent, late.
 νεαρο-φαής, ές, (νεαρός, φαός) coming fresh to light, new-appearing.
 νέας, Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of ναύς.
 νέατος Ion. νεϊάτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of νέος, as μέστος from μέσος, the last, uttermost, lowest, extreme; πόλις νεάτη Πύλου a city lying on the border of Pylos. II. of Time, latest, Lat. novissimus.
 νεάτος, ό, the ploughing up of fallow land. From νεάω, f. άσω, (νέος) to plough up fallow land, to till anew: νεωμένη (sc. γή), ή, land ploughed anew.
 νεβριδό-πεπλος, ον, (νεβρίς, πέπλος) clad in a fawn-skin.
 νεβρίζω, f. σω, to wear a fawn-skin, to run about at the feast of Bacchus. From
 νεβρίς, ιδος, ή, (νεβρός) a fawn-skin, worn at the feasts of Bacchus.
 ΝΕΒΡΟ΄Σ, ου, ό, the young of the deer, a fawn.
 νέες, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of ναύς.
 νέεσσι, rarer Ep. dat. pl. of ναύς.
 νέμαι, Ion. for νέη, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι.
 νεη-γενής Att. and Dor. νεαγενής, ές, (νέος, γένος) new-born, just born.
 νεη-θαλής, ές, (νέος, θαλεῖν) fresh-shooting, fresh-blown.
 νε-ηκής Dor. νεακής, ές, (νέος, ἀκή) newly whetted or sharpened.
 νε-ηκονής, ές, (νέος, ἀκόνη) = νεηκής.
 νε-ηλάτος, ον, (νέος, ἐλαύνω) newly pounded, fresh ground; as Subst., νεήλατα, τά, cakes of fresh flour.
 νέηλϋς, ιδος, ό, ή, (νέος, ἥλυσις) one newly come, a new-comer, Lat. advenia.
 νεηνίης, νεήνις, Ion. for νεανίας, νεάνις.
 νεηνίσκος, Ion. for νεανίσκος.
 νεη-φάτος, ον, (νέος, φημί) fresh-uttered, new-sounding.
 νεί, Boeot. for νή.
 νεΐαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of νέομαι.
 νεΐαιρᾶ Ion. νεΐαιρη, ή, irr. fem. Comp. of νέος, as νεϊάτος for νεάτος in Sup., latter, lower; νεΐαιρη ἐν γαστρί in the lower part of the belly.
 νεϊάτος, η, ον, Ion. for νεάτος, Sup. of νέος.
 νεικέω, νεικέησι, νεικέισκον, v. νεικέω.
 νεικεστήρ, ήρος, ό, (νεικέω) a wrangler, disputer, brawler: c. gen. one who wrangles with.
 νεικεῖσι, Aeol. for νεικοῦσι, 3 pl. of νεικέω.
 νεικέω, Ion. and Ep. νεικέω, Ep. 3 sing. subj. νεικέησι, Ion. impf. νεικέιον and νεικέισκον: Ep. fut. νεικέσσω, Ep. aor. I νεέκσσα: (νείκος):—to quarrel,

wrangle, dispute with: also c. acc. cognato, *νείκεα νεικεῖν*: part. *νεικεῖων*, *holding out obstinately, contentiously*. II. trans. to *venge, annoy*, esp. by word, to *taunt, upbraid, to accuse, criminate*.

νείκη, ἡ, = *νείκος*.

ΝΕΪΚΟΣ, τό, *a quarrel, wrangle, dispute: strife*: esp. *railing, a taunt, reproach*. 2. *a strife at law, debate, dispute before a judge*. 3. also, *battle, fight*. II. *the cause of strife, matter or ground of quarrel*.

Νεिलाεύς, ὁ, (*Νεῖλος*) *a native of the Nile*.

Νεिलाῖος, α, ον, (*Νεῖλος*) *of or from the Nile*.

Νεילו-γενής, ἐς, (*Νεῖλος, γενέσθαι*) *Nile-born*.

Νεילו-θερής, ἐς, (*Νεῖλος, θέρω*) *fostered by the Nile*.

Νειλόρ-ρύτος ποῖτ. *Νειλό-ρύτος, ον*, (*Νεῖλος, βέω*) *watered by the Nile*.

Νεῖλος, ὁ, *the Nile*, the great river of Egypt, called in Homer *Αἰγυπτος*.

Νειλῶις, ἴδος, ἡ, (*Νεῖλος*) *built on or by the Nile*.

Νειλῶτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -*ῶτις, ἴδος*, (*Νεῖλος*) *living in or on the Nile*; *χθὼν Νειλῶτις* *the land of Nile*.

νεῖμας, aor. I part. of *νέμω*.

νέμεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of *νέμω*: *νέμμαν*, 3 pl.: *νέμμον* 2 sing. imperat.

νεύθεν, Ion. for *νέθεν*, Adv. (*νέος*) *from the bottom*; *νεύθεν ἐκ κρηδίων* *from the bottom of his heart*. II. *ανῆν*.

νεύθῃ, Ion. for *νεύθι*, Adv. (*νέος*) *at the bottom, in the inmost part*.

νεο-κόρος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for *νεωκόρος*.

νεόμαι, Ion. for *νέομαι*.

νεο-ποιέω, f. ἡσω, (*νεῖος, ποιέω*) *to let a field lie fallow, or to take a green crop off it, so to prepare it for corn*.

νεῖος, οὗ, ἡ, (*νέος*) *new land, land ploughed up anew, a fallow, fallow ground*, Lat. *novale*.

νεῖος, Ion. for *νέος*: Sup. *νεϊότατος, η, ον*.

νεο-τομεύς, ὁ, (*νεῖος, τεμεῖν*) *one who breaks up a fallow*.

νεῖρα or *νεῖρα, ἡ*, contr. for *νελαῖρα*, *the belly, stomach*.

νεῖται, contr. for *νέται*, 3 sing. of *νέομαι*.

νεκάς, ἀδός, ἡ, (*νέκυς*) *a heap of slain*: Ep. dat. pl. *νεκάδεσσι*.

νεκρ-ἄγγελος, ον, (*νεκρός, ἄγγελος*) *messenger to the dead*.

νεκρᾶγωγέω, f. ἡσω, *to conduct the dead*. From

νεκρ-ἄγωγός, ον, (*νεκρός, ἄγω*) *conducting the dead*.

νεκρ-ἀκαδημεία, ἡ, (*νεκρός, Ἀκαδημεία*) *a school of the dead*.

νεκρικός, ἡ, ον, (*νεκρός*) *of or for the dead*.

νεκρο-βάρης, ἐς, (*νεκρός, βάρος*) *laden with corpses*.

νεκρο-δέχμων, ον, gen. *ονος*, (*νεκρός, δέχομαι*) *receiving the dead*.

νεκρο-δόκος, Ion. for Att. -*δόχος, ον*, (*νεκρός, δέχομαι*) *receiving the dead*. Hence

νεκρο-δοχεῖον, τό, *a receptacle for the dead, cemetery*.

νεκρο-θήκη, ἡ, (*νεκρός, θήκη*) *a receptacle for a corpse, coffin*.

νεκρο-πομπός, ον, (*νεκρός, πέμπω*) *conducting the dead, ferrying the dead over the Styx*.

νεκρός, οὗ, ὁ, (*νέκυς*) *a dead body, carcase, corpse, corse*: in pl. *the dead*. II. as Adj., *νεκρός, ἄ, ον*, *dead*.

νεκρο-στολέω, (*νεκρός, στέλλω*) *to ferry over the dead*.

νεκρῶω, f. ὥσω, (*νεκρός*) *to make dead*: —Pass. *to be put to death, become lifeless*. 2. metaph. *to deaden, mortify*.

νεκρών, ὄνος, ὁ, (*νεκρός*) *a place for dead bodies, a burial-place*.

νέκρωσις, ἡ, (*νεκρῶω*) *a making dead*. II. pass. *a becoming dead, death: deadness*.

ΝΕΚΤΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, *nectar*, the drink of the gods, as ambrosia was their food: in Homer *the nectar is red* (*ἐρυθρόν*), poured like wine by Hebe, and, like it, drunk mixed with water. Hence

νεκτάρεις, α Ion. *η, ον*, like *nectar, scented, fragrant*: generally, *divine*. [ἄ]

νεκῦ-ηγός, ον, (*νέκυς, ἄγω*) = *νεκροπομπός, conducting, guiding the dead*.

νεκῦο-μαντεῖον Ion. -*ήιον, τό*, (*νέκυς, μαντεῖον*) *an oracle of the dead, a place where the ghosts of the dead were called up and questioned*.

νεκῦο-στόλος, ον, (*νέκυς, στέλλω*) *ferrying the dead*.

ΝΕΚΥΣ, ὅς, ὁ, Ep. dat. sing. *νέκυι*: Ep. dat. pl. *νεκῦσσι* contr. *νέκυσι*: acc. pl. *νέκυας* contr. *νέκυς*: —*a dead body, a corpse*: in pl. *the dead*. II. as Adj. *dead, lifeless*. [ῥ]

Νεμέα Ion. -*ή, ἡ*, *Nemea*, a place between Argos and Corinth; cp. *Νεμέα, τά*.

Νεμέα ποῖτ. *Νεμέα, τά*, *the Nemean games*, celebrated in the second and fourth years of each Olympiad.

Νεμέος or *Νεμέιος, α, ον*, *of or from Nemea*.

νεμέω, ποῖτ. for *νέμω*, in 3 pl. impf. med. *νεμέθοντο*, Ep. for *ἐνέμοντο*, *they grazed, fed*.

νεμεσῶ, Ion. impf. *νεμεσῶσκον*: fut. ἡσω: Ep. aor. I *νεμεσῆσα*: —Ep. pres. *νεμεσῶω*, f. *νεμεσῶω*, etc.: (*νέμεσις*): —*to feel just indignation, properly at undeserved good fortune, generally, to be angry, vexed*.

II. Med. and Pass. *νεμεσῶμαι*: f. -*ήσομαι*: aor. I pass. *ἐνεμεσῆθην* Ep. *νεμεσῆσθην*; Ep. aor. I med. opt. *νεμεσῆσαιτο*: —*to be displeased or vexed with oneself: to be ashamed, be filled with shame*. 2. c. acc. rei, *νεμεσῶται κακὰ ἔργα* *he shews just displeasure at, visits, punishes evil deeds*.

Νεμέσια, (sub. *ιερά*), *τά*, *the feast of Nemeis*.

νεμεσιότης Ep. *νεμεσιότης, ἡ, ον*, (*νεμεσῶω*) *causing indignation or wrath, worthy of it*; οἱ *νεμεσιότην* *it is not a thing fit to raise indignation*. II. *to be regarded with awe, awful*.

νεμεσίζομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. *to become or be displeased with: to chafe or chide at a thing: absol. to be angry, surprised*. II. like *νεμεσῶμαι*, *to be ashamed, feel dread or awe*: c. acc., *θεοὺς νεμεσίζετο* *he stood in awe of the gods*. From

νέμεσις Ep. νέμεσις, εως, ἡ, (νέμω) just or deserved indignation, anger at anything unjust, righteous resentment.

2. indignation at undeserved good fortune: jealousy, vengeance, esp. of the gods: of men, grudging, envy.

II. that which causes or deserves just indignation, the object of just resentment; οὐ νέμεσις [ἔστι] there is not cause for indignation;

III. in one's own person, a sense of sin, remorse.

Νέμεσις, ἡ, as prop. n., voc. Νέμεσι: Nemesis, personified as the goddess of Retribution, who brings down all immoderate good fortune.

νεμεσσατά, Dor. for νεμεσητή.

νεμέσσα, Ep. for νεμέσα, imperat. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσάω, f. ἥσω, Ep. for νεμεσάω.

νεμεσηθείς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσηθήμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for νεμεσητός.

νέμεσις, ἡ, Ep. for νέμεσις.

νέμετω, opos, ὅ, (νέμω) a dispenser of justice, a judge, arbiter.

νίκμος, εος, τό, (νέμω) a wooded pasture, grove, Lat. nemus.

ΝΕΜΩ, fut. νεμῶ, later νεμήσω; aor. I ἐνεμίμα Ep. νείμα; pf. νενέμηκα;—Med. νέμομαι; f. νευοῦμαι, later νεμήσομαι;—Pass., aor. I ἐνεμήθην; pf. νενέμημαι (but these tenses are also used in med. sense):—to deal out, distribute: to apportion, assign, allot.

II. Med. νέμομαι, c. acc., to distribute among themselves, hence to possess, enjoy, have in use.

2. also to dwell in, inhabit, occupy.

III. later also in Act. to hold, possess: Pass. of places, to be inhabited.

2. to sway, manage, wield, control.

B. νέμω, of herdsman, to pasture, drive to pasture, Lat. pascere: more freq. in Med. νέμεσθαι, of cattle, to feed, go to pasture, graze, Lat. pasci: hence to eat, feed on: metaph. of fire, to feed on, devour, consume: also Pass., πῦρὶ χθὺν νέμεται the land is consumed by fire.

II. later in Act., ὕψι νέμειν to graze the hills (with cattle): metaph., πῦρὶ νέμειν πόλιν to waste a city by fire.

III. in Med. also of ulcers, to spread.

νέασμαι, pf. pass. of νάσσω.

νενέσται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of νέω, to hear.

νενέμηκα, pf. of νέμω.

νένηκα, pf. of νέω, to spin.

νένιμμαι, νένιπται, 1 and 3 sing. pf. pass. of νίζω.

νενόμισμαι, pf. pass. of νομίζω.

νένωμαι, νενωμένος, Ion. and Dor. for νενόημαι,

νενωμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of νοέω.

νεο-άλωτος, ὄν, (νέος, ἀλῶμαι) = νεόλωτος.

νεο-αρδής, ἐς, (νέος, ἀρδω) newly watered.

νεό-γάμος, ὄν, (νέος, γαμέω) new-married: as Subst., νεόγαμος, ὁ or ἡ, a bridegroom or bride.

νεο-γενής, ἐς, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεογίλός, ἡ, ὄν, new-born, young. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νεο-γνής, ἐς, = νεογνός.

νεο-γνός, ὄν, contr. for νεόγονος, new-born.

νεό-γονος, ὄν, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.

νεό-γραπτος and νεό-γράφος, ὄν, (νέος, γράφω) newly painted or written.

νεό-γυλος, ὄν, (νέος, γυῖον) with young, fresh limbs.

νεο-δαμώδης, ἐς, a Spartan word, lately made one of the people (νέος, δῆμος = δήμος), newly enfranchised:

hence those Helots were called Νεοδαμῶναι, who were set free in reward for services in war.

νεό-δαρτος, ὄν, (νέος, δέρω) newly stripped off, newly flayed.

νεο-δίδακτος, ὄν, (νέος, διδάσκω) newly taught: of a play newly brought out, newly exhibited.

νεο-δμηής, ἦτος, ὅ, ἡ, and νεό-δμητος, ὄν, (νέος, δαμάω) newly tamed or broken in: metaph. newly-wedded.

νεό-δημτος Dor. -δματος, ὄν, (νέος, δέμω) new-built.

νεό-δρεπτος, ὄν, (νέος, δρέπω) fresh plucked or cropped: wreathed with fresh leaves.

νεό-δρομος, ὄν, (νέος, δρᾶμειν) just having run.

νεό-δροπος, ὄν, = νεόδρεπος.

νεό-ζευκτος, ὄν, (νέος, ζεύγνυμι) = νεοζυγής.

νεό-ζυγής, ἐς, and νεό-ζυγος, ὄν, (νέος, ζυγῆναι) newly yoked: metaph. newly married.

νεό-ζυξ, ὕγος, ὅ, ἡ, = νεοζυγής.

νεό-θάλλης, ἐς, Dor. for νεοθηλής.

νεόθεν, Adv. (νέος) anew: newly, lately.

νεο-θηλής, ἐς, (νέος, τέθηλα) fresh budding or sprouting: metaph. fresh, cheerful.

νεο-θηλος, ὄν, = νεοθηλής.

νεο-θήξ, ἦγος, ὅ, ἡ, (νέος, θήγω) newly sharpened.

νεο-θλιβής, ἐς, (νέος, θλιβῆναι) newly pressed.

νεοίη, ἡ, (νέος) poet. for νεότης, youthful spirit.

νέ-οικος, ὄν, (νέος, οἰκέω) newly built on.

νεο-κατάστατος, ὄν, (νέος, καθίστημι) lately established or settled.

νεο-κηδής, ἐς, (νέος, κῆδος) having a fresh grief.

νεο-κληρόνομος, ὄν, having lately inherited.

νεό-κλωστός, ὄν, (νέος, κλώω) newly spun or woven.

νεο-κόνιγτος, ὄν, (νέος, καίνομαι) newly shed; νεοκόνιγτον αἷμα χερσὶν ἔχειν to have newly-shed blood upon his hands.

νεό-κόπτος, ὄν, (νέος, κόπτω) fresh-chiselled.

νεόκοτος, ὄν, (νέος) strange, unheard of:—generally, fresh, new.

νεο-κράς, ἄτος, ὅ, ἡ, (νέος, κεράννυμι) newly mixed; νεοκράς φίλος a newly made friend.

νεό-κτιστος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (νέος, κτίζω) newly founded or built: new-made.

νεό-κόταος, ὄν, (νέος, κτείνω) just killed.

νεο-λαία, ἡ, (νέος, λαβῶ) a band of youth, the youth of a nation, Lat. juvenis.

νεό-λουτος poet. νεόλλουτος, ὄν, (νέος, λούομαι) just bathed.

ΝΕ'ΟΜΑΙ contr. νεύμαι, 2 and 3 sing. νείαι, νείται; inf. νέεσθαι contr. νείσθαι; Dep., only used in

pres. and impf.:—*to go or come*: commonly with a fut. sense, *to go away or back*: also *to go to the war*: of a stream, *to flow back*.

νεο-μηνία contr. νουμηνία, ἡ, (νέος, μήν) *the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month*.

νεο-παθής, ἐς, (νέος, παθεῖν) *suffering from a late calamity*.

νεο-πενθής, ἐς, (νέος, πένθος) *fresh-mourning*. II. pass. lately mourned.

νεο-πηγής, ἐς, (νέος, πήγνυμι) *newly congealed or frozen*.

νεό-πλουτος, ον, (νέος, πλούτος) *newly enriched, vainglorious, ostentatious*; opp. to ἀρχαῖοπλουτος.

νεό-πλύτος, ον, (νέος, πλύνω) *newly washed*.

νεό-ποκος, ον, (νέος, πέκω) *newly sown*.

νεό-πριστος, ον, (νέος, πρίω) *fresh-sawn*.

Νεο-πτόλεμος, ὁ, (νέος, πτόλεμος) *New-to-war*, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Troy.

νεό-πόλις, ἡ, (νέος, πόλις) *newly founded*.

νεόρ-ραντος, ον, (νέος, ραίνω) *newly sprinkled*: *fresh-reeking*.

νεόρ-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, ρέω) *fresh-flowing*.

νεόρ-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, ρύω) *just drawn*.

νέ-ορτος, ον, (νέος, ὀρνυμι) *newly risen*, generally, *new*, late.

ΝΕΨΩΣ, νέα Ion. νέη, νέον, Att. also ος, ον: Ion. νεῖος, η, ον:—of men, *young*, *youthful*: as Subst., νέοι, *young men*, youths; ἐκ νέου from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2. suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis. 3. of things, *new*, *fresh*, *recent*: but also, *strange*, *unexpected*. 4. of Time, ἐκ νέου and ἐκ νέας anew, afresh, Lat. denuo: hence νέον Ion. νεῖον, as Adv., *newly*, *late*, *anew*: ἡ νέα (sub. σελήνη) *the new moon*: for ἔνη καὶ νέα, see ἔνη.

II. the degrees of Comp. are νεώτερος, νεώτατος Ion. νεῖοτατος, v. νεῖος. Hence νεός (sub. γῆ), ἡ, *fresh land*, *fallow*, Lat. novale.

νεός, Ion. gen. of ναῦς.

νεο-σίγαλλος, ον, (νέος, σίγαλλος) *new and sparkling*, glossy.

νεο-σκέλευτος, ον, (νέος, σκελεύω) *newly plundered*.

νεό-σμηκτος, ον, (νέος, σμήχω) *newly cleaned*.

νεο-σπαδής, ἐς, and νεο-σπάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, σπάω) *newly plucked or gathered*.

νεό-σπορος, ον, (νέος, σπείρω) *newly sown*.

νεοσσέω Att. νεοττεύω or νοττεύω: f. σω: (νεοσός):—*to hatch*; pf. part. pass. νεοσσευμένος.

νεοσιά Ion. —ιῇ Att. νεοττιά, ἡ, (νεοσός) *a nest of young birds*, *a nest*: the brood of young birds.

νεόστιον Att. νεόττιον or νόττιον, τό, Dim. of νεοσός, *a young bird*, *nestling*, *chicken*.

νεοσιός Att. νοττίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of νεοσός, *a chicken*.

νεοσσο-κόμος Att. νεοττ-, ον, (νεοσός, κομέω) *rearing young birds or chickens*.

νεοσσός Att. νεοττός, ὁ, (νέος) *a young bird*, *nest-*

ling, *chicken*. 2. *any young animal*, as *the young of a crocodile*: *a young child*: in pl. *a swarm of young bees*.

νεοσσός, Dor. for νεοσσούς.

νέο-στροφος, ον, (νέος, στρέφω) *newly twisted*.

νεο-σφαγής, ἐς, (νέος, σφαγήναι) *newly slaughtered*.

νεότας, ἄτος, ἡ, Dor. for νεότης.

νέο-τεκτός, ον, and νεο-τευχής, ἐς, (νέος, τεύχω) *newly wrought or fashioned*.

νεότης, ητος, ἡ, (νέος) *youth*: also 2. *youthful spirit*, *rashness*. II. *a body of youth*, *the youth*, Lat. juvenus.

νέο-τητος Dor. —τηματος, ον, (νέος, τέμνω) *newly cut*.

νέο-τοκος, ον, (νέος, τεκεῖν) *new-born*. II.

νεοτόκος, ον, act. *having just brought forth*.

νέο-τομος, ον, (νέος, τεμνέω) *fresh cut or ploughed*;

νεότομα πλήγματα blows newly inflicted. II. *fresh cut off*, *plucked*.

νεο-τρεφής, ἐς, (νέος, τρέφω) *newly reared*, *young*.

νεοττεύω, νεοττιά, νεόττιον, νεοττός, Att. for νεοσσ—.

νέο-τροφέω, (νεοττός, τρέφω) *to rear young birds*.

νεοургένω, f. ἥσω, *to make new*, *renew*. From

νε-οургός, ον, (νέος, *ἐργω) *making new*, *renewing*.

νέο-οὔτατος, ον, (νέος, οὔταω) *late*, *recently*.

νέο-φουτος, ον, (νέος, φοιτάω) *newly trodden*.

νέο-φονος, ον, (νέος, *φένω) *late*, *recently*: *fresh-killed*.

νέο-φύτος, ον, (νέος, φύω) *newly planted*. II. *a new convert*, *neophyte*.

νεο-χάρακτος, ον, (νέος, χαράσσω) *newly impressed or imprinted*.

νεοχρῖος, ον, (νέος) *new*, *fresh*. 2. *novel*, *unusual*, *strange*, *revolutionary*. Hence

νεοχρῶω, f. ὥσω, *to make new*, esp. *to make political innovations*.

νέο-χνοος, ον, (νέος, χνός) *with the first down*.

νέωω, f. ὥσω, (νέος) *to renew*, *renovate*, *change*.

νέποδες, ον, οἱ, *children*; an old Epic word.

νέρθε and νέρθεν, Adv., = ἐνερθε, *under*, *beneath*: also *from below*. II. c. gen. *under*, *beneath*.

νερτέριος, α, ον, (νέρτερος) *underground*, Lat. inferus.

νερτερο-δρόμος, ον, ὁ, (νέρτερος, δρόμος) *the courier of the dead*.

νέρτερος, α, ον, = ἐνέρτερος, *lower*, *neither*, Lat. inferior, a Comp. without any Posit. in use: but also as a Posit. = νερτέριος, *neither*, *infernal*, *underground*; οἱ νέρτεροι *the dwellers in the nether world*, *the gods below or the dead*, Lat. inferi.

ΝΕΨΤΩΣ, ὁ, *a bird of prey*.

νεῦμα, ατος, τό, (νεύω) *a nod or sign*: *a command*.

νεύμαι, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for νέομαι.

ΝΕΤΡΑ Ion. νευρή, ἡ, *a sinew*, *tendon*. II. *a string or cord of sinew*; 1. *a bow-string*. 2. *a musical string or chord*.

νευρεῖν, ἡ, poet. for νευρά.

νευρή, ἡ, Ion. for νευρά.

νευρήφι, νευρήφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. of νευρή.

νευρο-λάλος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, ἀλλέω) *with sounding strings*.

NET'PON, τό, Lat. *nervus*, a *sinew, tendon*; esp. in pl. *νεῦρα*, the *tendons of the feet*; *νεῦρα τέμνειν* to hamstring, disable. 2. metaph. *strength, vigour, nerve*. II. a *string, cord, lace made of sinew*: hence 2. a *bowstring*: also *cord of a sling*. 3. a *musical string or chord*.

νευρο-πλεκτής, *ές*, (νεῦρον, πλέω) *plaited with sinews*.
νευρορραφέω, *φ*, ἦσω, to *stitch with sinews*: to mend shoes. From

νευρο-ράφος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, ῥάπτω) *stitching with sinews*: as Subst. a *cobbler*.

νευρο-σπαδής, *ές*, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn or strained back with a sinew or string*; *νευροσπαδῆς ἀτρακτος* the arrow drawn back with the string, i. e. just ready to fly.

νευρο-σπαστος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn by strings*; ἀγάλματα *νευροσπαστα* puppets moved by strings.

νευρο-τενής, *ές*, (νεῦρον, τείνω) *stretched by sinews*.
νευρο-χάρης, *ές*, (νεῦρον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in the bowstring*.

νεύσομαι or νευσούμαι, fut. of νέω B.
νευστάζω, (νεύω) to nod, Lat. *nūtō*; *νευστάζειν κύρυθι* to nod with the crest, stride with nodding crest; *νευστάζειν κεφαλῇ* to nod with the head, of one fainting; *νευστάζειν ὀφρύσι* to make signs with the eyebrows.

NET'Ω, *φ*, νέωσω, to nod, beckon, as a sign or command. 2. in token of assent, to nod, bow, promise, confirm by a nod. 3. generally, to nod, bend forward; *νεύειν κάτω* to stoop; *νεύειν κεφαλὰς* to bow down, droop the head; *νεύειν εἰς τι* to incline towards a thing. 4. metaph. to decline, fall away.

νεφέλη, ἡ, (νέφος) a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. the cloud of death; ἄχεος *νεφέλη* a cloud of sorrow. II. a fine bird-net.

νεφελ-ηγερέτω, Ep. for -της, ὁ, only used in nom. and gen. *νεφελεγερέταο*, (νεφέλη, ἀγείρω) *cloud-gatherer, cloud-compeller*.

Νεφέλο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (νεφέλη, Κένταυρος) a cloud-centaur.

Νεφέλο-κοκκυγία, ἡ, (νεφέλη, κόκκυξ) *Cloud-cuckoo-town*, built by the birds in Aristoph. *Aves*. Hence

Νεφέλο-κοκκυγιεύς, ὁ, citizen of *Cloud-cuckoo-town*.
νεφελός, *φ*, ὥσα, (νεφέλη) to make cloudy. Hence
νεφελωτός, ἡ, ὅν, made of clouds.

νεφο-εἰδής, *ές*, (νέφος, εἶδος) like a cloud.

NE'ΦΟΣΞ, *εὸς*, τό, a cloud, mass of clouds, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. the cloud of death, *θανάτου μέλαν νέφος*; so, *νέφος ὀφρύων* a cloud upon the brow. 2. metaph. also, a cloud or dense throng of men, birds, etc.

νεφρίτις, *ιδος*, (νεφρός) fem. Adj. of or in the kidneys; ἡ *νεφρίτις* (sc. νόσος), a disease in the kidneys.

NE'ΦΟΞ, *οὔ*, ὁ, mostly in pl. the kidneys.

NE'Ω (A), to go, v. sub νέομαι.

NE'Ω (B), impf. ἔνεον Ep. ἔννεον: fut. *νεύσομαι* and *νευσούμαι*: aor. I ἔνευσα:—to swim, Lat. *nāre*.

2. of shoes that are too large; *νεῖν ἐν ἐμβάσιν* to swim or slip about in one's shoes.

NE'Ω (C), fut. *νήσω*: Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. *νήσαντο*: aor. I pass. *ἐνήθην*:—to spin, Lat. *nēre*.

NE'Ω (D), fut. *νήσω*: Ion. *νήω*, *νηέω*, *νηνέω*: pf. pass. *νήνημαι* or *νήνημαι*:—to pile, heap, bear up. *νεωκορέω*, *φ*, ἦσω, (*νεωκόρος*) to be a *bedel*, to have charge of a temple. II. metaph. to keep clean and pure. Hence

νεωκορία, ἡ, the office of a *bedel*.

νεω-κόρος, ὁ, (νέως, κορέω) properly one who sweeps a temple: hence one who has charge of a temple, a *bedel*, *verger*, Lat. *aedituus*. II. a title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patron-god: hence Ephesus was called *νεωκόρος Ἀρτέμιδος*.

νέων, gen. pl. of νέος: but *νεῶν*, gen. pl. of ναῦς.

νεών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ναῦς) a dock or basin for ships.

νε-ώνητος, *ον*, (νέος, ἀνέομαι) newly bought.

νε-ωρής, *ές*, (νέος, ὥρα) new, fresh, late.

νε-ώριον, τό, (*νεωρός*) a place where ships are overhauled, a dock-yard, arsenal.

νεώς, ὁ, Att. for ναός, a temple, like *λεώς* for λαός.

νεώς, Att. gen. of ναῦς.

νεώσ-οικος, ὁ, (νέως gen. of ναῦς, οἶκος) literally a ship's house, a slip or dock in which a ship was built or repaired: a store-house, being a part of the *νεώριον*.

νεωστί, Adv. of νέος, lately, just now, recently.

νέωτα, Adv. of νέος, Acol. for νέωσα, νέωτε, next year, for next year; also, *εἰς νέωτα*.

νέωτατος, ἡ, *ον*, Sup. of νέος: Adv. *νέωτατα*, most recently.

νεωτερίζω, *φ*, ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (νέωτερος) to make changes or alterations: to make innovations or revolutionary movements. II. trans. to change entirely; *νεωτερίζειν τὴν πολιτείαν* to revolutionise the state.

νεωτερικὸς, ὁ, ὅν, (νέος) natural to a youth, youthful.

νεωτερισμός, *οὔ*, ὁ, (*νεωτερίζω*) innovation.

νεωτεροποιία, ἡ, innovation, revolution. From

νεωτερο-ποιός, ὅν, (*νέωτερος*, ποίεω) innovating, revolutionary.

νέωτερος, *α*, *ον*, Comp. of νέος, younger: newer, fresher: in bad sense, strange, unusual; τὰ *νέωτερα* or *νέωτερα πράγματα*, revolutionary movements, Lat. *res novae*. Adv. *νέωτερος*, more recently.

νη-, insepr. Prefix, being a strengthd. form of ἀνα-privat., as in *νη-πενθής*; cf. Lat. *ne-* in *ne-fas*, etc.

NH, Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked; *νὴ Δία* or *νὴ τὸν Δία*, also *νὴ μὰ τὸν Δία* *yea* by Zeus!

νήα, *νήας*, Ion. acc. sing. and pl. of ναῦς.

νήγατος, ἡ, *ον*, (for *νηγάτος* by transposition of *ε* and *η*, from νέος, γέγασα), new-made.

νήγητος, *ον*, (*νη-*, ἐγείρω) unawaking; *νήγητος ὕπνος* a sleep that knows no waking, a sound deep sleep: later also of death: neut. as Adv., *νήγητον* without waking.

νῆδunia, *ων, τά, (νηδύς) the entrails, bowels, Lat. intestina.*

νηδυλόφιν, for νηδυόφιν, Ep. gen. of νηδύς.

νηδυμός, *ων, Homeric epith. of ὕπνος: either like νηγρετος, sound, deep sleep; or from ἡδύς, sweet, delightful, as if for ἡδυμός.*

ΝΗΔΥ΄Σ, *ύος, ἡ, the stomach, or the belly, paunch: the womb:—also the bowels, entrails; ἐξελεῖν τὴν νηδύν to take out the entrails, disembowel.*

νηέον, Ep. impf. of νηέω.

νηές, nom. pl. of ναῦς.

νηέσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ναῦς.

νηέω, fut. νηήσω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to heap or pile up.* II. *to pile, load.*

νηήσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of νηέω:—νηησάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I imper. med.

νηθω, (νέω c) *to spin.*

νηί, Ion. dat. sing. of ναῦς.

Νηιάς, *άδος, ἡ, Ion. for Ναϊάς.*

νηίος, *η, ον, Dor. ναίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, of, belonging to a ship; δόρυ νηίον ship-timber.*

Νηίς, *ίδος, ἡ, Ion. for Ναίς.*

νηῖς, *ίδος, δ, ἡ, (νη-, ιδεῖν) unknowing, unlearned: c. gen. unskilled in a thing.*

νηίτης, *ον, δ, (ναῦς) of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships. [Ὶ]*

νη-κερδής, *ές, (νη-, κέρδος) without gain, unprofitable.*

νη-κερως, *ατος, δ, ἡ, Ep. νή-κερος, ον, (νη-, κέρας) not horned, without horns.*

νή-κεστος, *ον, (νη-, ἀκέομαι) incurable.*

νη-κουστέω, (νη-, ἀκούω) *to give no heed to, disobey: Ep. aor. I νηκούσσησα.*

νη-λεής, *ές, dat. and acc. νηλέϊ, νηλέα, as if from νηλῆς, (νη-, ἔλεος) without pity, pitiless, ruthless, remorseless; νηλεές ἡμαρ the ruthless day, i. e. the day of death.* II. *unpitied.*

νηλειῖς, *ές, Ep. for νηλεής. Adv. νηλειῶς.*

νηλεό-θυμος, *ον, (νηλεής, θυμός) of ruthless spirit.*

νηλεό-ποινος, *ον, (νηλεής, ποινή) punishing ruthlessly.*

νηλεώς, Adv. of νηλεής, *without pity.*

νηλής, *ές, see νηλεής.*

νηλίπους, *δ, ἡ, -πους, τό, gen. -πόδος, = ἀν-ηλίπους, unsbed, barefooted: hence needy, object. [Ὶ]*

νη-λίτης, *ές, (νη-, ἀλίτεῖν) guiltless, barmless, unoffending.*

νήμα, *ατος, τό, (νέω to spin) that which is spun, thread, yarn: the thread of a spider's web: the thread of the Fates.*

νη-μερτής, *ές, (νη-, ἀμαρτεῖν) unfailling, unerring, infallible; νημερτές ἐνισπεῖν, νημερτέα εἰπεῖν to speak infallible truths.*

νηνεμία Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, *stillness in the air, a calm:—γαλήνη ἐπλετο νηνεμίη there was a calm and perfect stillness. From*

νή-νεμος, *ον, (νη-, ἀνεμος) without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil.*

νηνέω, = νηέω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to heap.*

νήνις, *ιος, ἡ, contr. for νένις, a girl, maiden.*

νήξις, *εως, ἡ, (νήχω) a swimming.*

νήζομαι, fut. of νήχουμαι.

νηο-βάτης, *ον, δ, Ion. for ναυ-βάτης. [ᾱ]*

νηο-πόλος Att. ναο-, *ον, (νήος = ναός, πολέω) busying oneself in a temple: as Subst., νηοπόλος, δ, a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedituus.*

νηο-πορέω, *φ, ἡσώ, (ναῦς, πόρος) to go in a ship.*

νηός, *υῦ, δ, Ion. for ναός, a temple.*

νηός, Ion. gen. of ναῦς.

νηό-σοος poet. νηό-σοος, *ον, (ναῦς, σάωω) protecting ships.*

νηο-φόρος, *ον, (ναῦς, φέρω) bearing ships.*

νη-όχος, *ον, (ναῦς, ἔχω) holding ships.*

νη-πενθής, *ές, (νη-, πένθος) free from sorrow. II. act. soothing or assuaging sorrow.*

νηπία Ep. νηπιᾶ and νηπιέη, ἡ, (νήπιος) *childhood, infancy: in plur. childisbness, folly.*

νηπιᾶζω, *φ, ἡσώ, = νηπιαχέω.*

νηπιᾶχεύω, *to be childish, play like a child. From νηπιᾶχος, ον, poet. for νήπιος, childish.*

νηπιέη, ἡ, Ion. for νηπία.

νήπιος, a Ion. *η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (νη-, ἔπος) properly, not speaking, Lat. infans; νήπια τέκνα infant children: also νήπια alone, the young of an animal.* II. *metaph. childish, senseless: without forethought, weak, helpless.*

νηπιότης, *ητος, ἡ, = νηπία.*

νή-πλεκτος, *ον, (νη-, πλέκω) not plaited: with unbraided hair.*

νή-ποινεῖ or -ῖ, Adv. of νήποινος, Lat. *impune, with impunity.*

νή-ποινος, *ον, (νη-, ποινή) unpunished, unavenged, with impunity: but, φυτῶν νήποινος without share of, unblest with, fruitful trees.*

νηπύτιέομαι, Dep. *to behave childishly. From νηπύτιος, α, ον, (νη-, ἀπύω) childish, infantine; and as Subst., a child, like νήπιος, Lat. infans:—metaph. childish, thoughtless, heedless.*

Νηρηΐς Ion. Νηρηΐς, *ίδος, ἡ, a daughter of Nereus, hence a Nereid or Nymph of the sea, always in pl. Νηρηΐδες: they were fifty in number. Cf. Ναϊάς.*

Νηρεύς, gen. *έως Ion. ἡος, δ, Nereus, an ancient sea-god. He was eldest son of Pontus (the sea), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids. Hence*

Νηρή, poet. for Νηρηΐς.

Νηρηΐς, *ίδος, ἡ, Ion. for Νηρηΐς.*

νή-ριθμος, *ον, (νη-, ἀριθμός) countless, numberless.*

νή-ρίτος, *ον, poet. form of νήριθμος.*

νήσαι, aor. I inf. both of νέω (c) *to spin, and νέω (d) to pile up.*

νησαῖος, a Ion. *η, ον, (νήσος) of or for an island, insular.*

νήσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of νέω (c) *to spin.*

νησιδιον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, *an islet.*

νησίον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, *an islet.*

νησίς, *ίδος, ἡ, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.*

νησίτης, ου, ὁ, (νήσος) of or for an island: fem. νησίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, [ἰ]
 νησιώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (νήσος) an islander. II. as Adj. of an islander: insular, living, situated on an island. Hence
 νησιώτικος, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an island or an islander; τὸ νησιωτικὸν insular situation.
 νησο-μάχια, ἡ, (νήσος, μάχη) an island-fight.
 ΝΗΣΟΣ Dor. νᾱσος, ου, ἡ, an island, Lat. insula: also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese.
 νήσσα Att. νήττα, ἡ, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas.
 νησσάριον Att. νηττ-, τό, Dim. of νήσσα, a duckling.
 νηστεία, ἡ, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast.
 νηστεύω, f. σω, (νήστις) to fast; νηστεύειν τινός to fast from, abstain from a thing.
 νήστις, ios or έως, ὁ, and ἡ, nom. pl. νήστιες or νήστεις: (νη-, έσθίω):—not eating, fasting. 2. act. causing hunger, starving.
 νησύδριον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.
 νή-τίτος, ου, (νη-, τίνω) unavenged, unpunished.
 νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to bear) beaped up, piled up.
 νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to spin) spun, twisted.
 νήττα, ἡ, νηττήριον, τό, Att. for νησο-.
 νηϋς, ἡ, Ion. for ναϋς.
 νηυσί, Ion. dat. pl. of ναϋς.
 νηυσι-πέριτος, ου, ν. ναυσι-πέρατος.
 νή-υτιμος, ου, (νη-, αὐτμή) breathless.
 νηφάλειος, ὁ, = νηφάλιος.
 νηφάλιος, α, ου, also os, ου, (νήφω) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: of drink, without wine; νηφάλια μερίγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, mixed of water, milk, and honey. [ἄ]
 νήφοσι, poet. for νήφουσι, dat. pl. part.
 ΝΗΦΩ, f. νήφω, to drink no wine, to be sober, live soberly.
 νή-χϋτος, ου, (νη-, χέω) not merely poured, full-flowing.
 νήχω Dor. νάχω, f. ξω, (νέω) to swim: also as Dep. νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, aor. I ἐνηξάμην.
 νήων, Ion. gen. pl. of ναϋς.
 νήως, Dor. for ναϋος, acc. pl. of ναός.
 νήλαρος, ὁ, a small fife, pipe or whistle, used by the κελευστής to give the time in rowing.
 ΝΙΨΩ, f. νίψω: aor. I ἐνίψα:—Med., f. νίβομαι: aor. I ἐνιβάμην: pf. νένιμμαι:—to wash, esp. the hands and feet; νίψασθαι ἀλός to wash one's hands with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, purify.
 II. to wash off.—νίω is properly used of washing part of the body, λούομαι of bathing, πλύνω of washing clothes.
 νικᾶζω, Dor. for νικήσω, fut. of νικάω.
 νικασεῖν, Dor. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.
 νικατήρ, ὁ, Dor. for νικητήρ.
 νικάτωρ, opos, ὁ, Dor. for νικητωρ.
 νικάω, f. ἦσω, (νίκη) to conquer, prevail, get the upper hand; τὰ χερίονα νικᾷ the worse prevails; τὸ εὖ νικάτω let the good prevail; νικᾶν τινι to win in the judgment of another. 2. of opinions, to

prevail, carry the day; ἡ νικῶσα γνώμη the prevailing opinion, vote of the majority. 3. as law-term, to win in a suit, gain a cause. II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, overcome, overpower:—Pass., νικάσθαι to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to. III. c. acc. cognato, νικῶν νικᾶν to gain a victory; ναυμαχίαν ναυμαχεῖν to win a sea-fight.
 νικεος, ου, (νίκος) victorious.
 ΝΙΚΗ [ἰ], ἡ, victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the fruits of victory.
 νίκη, Aeol. and poet. for ἐνίκη, 3 sing. impf. of νικάω.
 νικήεις Dor. νικάεις, εσσα, εν, (νίκη) victorious, conquering.
 νικηθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of νικάω.
 νίκημι, Aeol. for νικάω. [ἰ]
 νικητέμεν, Ep. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.
 νικητέον, verb. Adj. of νικάω, one must conquer.
 νικητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, like νικητής, a conqueror. Hence νικητήριος, α, ου, belonging to a conqueror or to victory. II. as Subst. νικητήριον (sub. ἀθλον), τό, the prize of victory. 2. νικητήρια (sub. ἱερά), τά, a festival in honour of victory; νικητήριον ἐστίαν to celebrate the feast of victory.
 νικήτης, ου, ὁ, (νικάω) a conqueror.
 νικήτικος, ἡ, ὄν, (νικάω) likely to conquer, conducing to victory.
 νικήτωρ, opos, ὁ, poet. for νικητήρ, a conqueror.
 νικηφόρος, f. ἦσω, (νικηφόρος) to carry off as prize, win. Hence
 νίκηφορία, ἡ, a conquering, victory.
 νίκηφόρος, ου, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. II. bearing off the prize, conquering, victorious.
 νικό-βουλος, ου, (νικάω, βουλή) prevailing in the Council.
 νίκο-μάχας, ου, ὁ, (νικάω, μάχη) conqueror in the fight.
 νίκος, εος, τό, later form for νίκη, victory.
 νικῶεν, Att. contr. for νικάοιεν, 3 pl. opt. of νικάω.
 νίν, Dor. and Att. enclit. acc. of 3rd pers. Pron., for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, him, her, it; never used reflexively: of all genders, both sing. and pl., but the pl. is much more rare: Hom. and Ion. writers use μιν.
 νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (νίω) a washing vessel, basin, laver.
 νίπτρον, τό, (νίω) water for washing: mostly in plur.
 νίπτω, later form for νίω.
 νίσσομαι, f. νίσσομαι [ἰ] = νέομαι, to go, to go away.
 ΝΙΤΡΟΝ, τό, in Herodotus and Att. λίτρον, carbonate of soda, soda.
 νίφα, τήν, snow, irreg. acc. of νιφάς, as if from a nom. *νίψ.
 νιφάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (νίφω) a snow-flake: in pl. snow-flakes, a storm of snow. 2. generally, a shower:—metaph., νιφάς πολέμου the storm or sleet of war. II. as Adj., fem. of νιφέος, snow, snow-capt.
 νιφέμεν, Ep. inf. of νίφω.
 νιφετός, ου, ὁ, (νίφω) a shower of snow, a snow-storm.
 νιφό-βολος, (νίφα, βάλλω) snow-beaten, wintry.

νιφόεις, εσσα, εν, (νίφα) snow-covered, snow-capt.
νιφο-στιβής, ές, (νίφα, στιβείν) thick with snow.
ΝΙΦΩ [Ὶ], f. νίψω, intrans. to snow; ὁ θεός νίπει,
or νίπει alone, it snows. II. trans. to cover with
snow: Pass. to be snowed on, covered with snow. Cf.
ὑψομαι.

νίψαι, νίψασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of νίζω.
νίψω, fut. of νίζω, and also of νίφω.
νοερός, ὁ, ὄν, (νόος, νοῦς) intellectual.
νόεω, fut. νοήσω Ion. νόσω: aor. I ἐνόησα Ion.
ἐνώσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένωκα:—Med., Ep. 3 sing.
aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νοώμενος:—Pass., aor. I
ἐνόηθην:—Pass., aor. I ἐνόηθην: pf. νενόημα Ion.
νένωμαi: Ion. plqpf. ἐνενώμην: (νόος):—to see so
as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely
seeing, as, τὸν δὲ ἰδὼν ἐνόησε when he saw him he
perceived who he was: to notice, remark. II. to
think: absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, in-
tend: c. inf. to intend to do a thing: in part. νοέων,
discreet, thoughtful. 2. of words or expressions, to
mean, imply, have a certain sense. III. to think
out, devise, contrive. IV. to think or deem that
a thing is so and so.

νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοέω) that which is thought, a
thought. II. a purpose, design, resolve. III.
generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence
νοήμων, ον, gen. ονος, thoughtful, sensible: also in
one's right mind, opp. to παραφρονέων.
νοήσις, εως, ή, (νοέω) thought, intelligence.
νοητικός, ή, ὄν, (νοέω) intelligent.
νοητός, ή, ὄν, (νοέω) perceptible, intelligible.
νοθα-γενής, ές, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νόθος, γενέ-
σθαι) base-born.
νοθο-καλλοσύνη, ή, (νόθος, κάλλος) spurious charms.
ΝΟΘΟΣ, η, ον, Att. also ος, ον, illegitimate, born
out of wedlock; νόθος νόος a natural son, opp. to
γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus. II. generally, spurious,
counterfeited, adulterated.
νοδίον, τό, Dim. of νόος, νοῦς, a little thought, a
notion.

νομαίος, α, ον, (νομός) roaming, roving, ranging.
νόμαιος, α, ον, (νόμος) customary, conventional: τὰ
νόμαα, like νόμιμα, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.
νομ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (νομός, ἄρχω) the chief of an
Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians.
νομός, ἄδος, ὁ, ή, (νομός) roaming, ranging, wan-
dering from one place to another: Νομάδες, οί, pas-
toral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads;
and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidae. II.
grazing, feeding.

νόμειμα, ατος, τό, (νομεύω) that which is put to
graze, a flock or herd.
νομεύς, εως Ep. ήος, ὁ, (νέμα, νομός) a shepherd or
berdsman. II. a dispenser, distributor. III.
plur. νομέες = ἔγκολια, are the ribs of a ship.
νομεύσι, dat. pl. of νομεύς.
νομευσά, Dor. for νομεύσω, fut. of νομεύω.
νομεύω, (νομεύς) to pasture, feed, drive afield; Βουσί

νομούς νομεύειν to feed down the pastures with oxen,
Lat. depascere.

νομή, ή, (νέμα) a pasture, pasturage: fodder,
food. 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, dis-
tribution; esp. of an inheritance.

νομήs, Ep. for νομείς, nom. pl. of νομεύς.
νομίζω, fut. νομήσω Ion. νομέω Att. νομῶ:
pf. νενόμικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνομίσθην: pf. νενό-
μισμαι: (νόμος):—to hold or own as a custom
or usage: said of things recognised by convention or
prescriptive right; νομίζειν τοὺς θεοὺς to recognise
the gods acknowledged by the state; but, νομίζειν
θεοὺς to recognise the existence of the gods gene-
rally:—Pass. to be in esteem; νομίζεται it is the cus-
tom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα
or νονομισμένα, customs, usages, laws, Lat. insti-
tuta. 2. to adopt, practise a custom or usage;
Ἕλληνες ἀπ' Αἰγυπτίων ταῦτα νενόμικασι the Greeks
have adopted these customs from the Egyptians. 3.
to own, acknowledge, recognise as; τοὺς κακοὺς χρη-
στοὺς νομίζειν:—in Pass., τοῦ θεῶν νομίζεται; to
which of the gods is it held sacred? 4. absol. to
be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old
laws and customs. II. c. dat., like χρῆσθαι, to
be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make
common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current
coin. III. c. acc. et inf. to expect that a thing
will be.

νομικός, ή, ὄν, (νόμος) of or for the laws: resting
on the authority of the law. II. learned in the law:
as Subst., νομικός, ὁ, a lawyer.

νόμιμος, η, ον, (νόμος) conformable to usage or law:
hence I. conventional, prescriptive. 2. lawful,
legal. 3. in neut. pl. νόμιμα, usages, customs;
νόμιμα ποιεῖν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary
offices, Lat. iusta facere. II. of persons, observant
of law. Hence

νομίμως, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομιμώ-
τερον.

νόμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (νομός, νομή) belonging
to shepherds, pastoral.

νόμιςτις, ή, (νομίζω) usage, prescription: also, a
mode of esteeming.

νόμισμα, ατος, τό, (νομίζω) anything recognised by
established usage, viz., 1. the current coin of a
state, Lat. nummus: cf. νομίζω, fin. 2. an estab-
lished weight or measure, legal measure. 3. any
institution or custom.

νομο-γράφος, ον, (νόμος, γράφω) writing laws: as
Subst., νομογράφος, ὁ, a lawgiver.

νομο-δελκτήs, ου, ὁ, (νόμος, δέικνυμι) an explainer
of the laws.

νομο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (νόμος, διδάσκαλος) a teacher
of the law: so, νομο-διδάκτης, ου, ὁ.

νομοθεσία, ή, law-giving, legislation. From
νομοθετέω, f. ήσω, (νομοθέτης) to be a law-giver,
make laws:—Pass. to have a code of laws:—Med. to
make laws for oneself. II. to ordain by law. Hence

νομοθέτημα, ματος, τό, *a law, ordinance.*

νομο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (νόμος, τίθημι) *a lawgiver.*

νομόνδε, Adv. (νομός) *to the pasture.*

νομός, οὔ, ὁ, (νέμω) *a pasture, place for cattle to graze; νομός ὕλης a woodland pasture.* 2. *pasturage, herbage; generally, food.* 3. *metaph., ἐπέων πολλὰ νομός ample pasture, a wide range for words.*

II. *an abode allotted to one, a district, department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.*

νόμος, ου, ὁ, (νέμω) *anything assigned or apportioned, viz.,*

I. *an usage, custom, convention: a positive enactment, law, ordinance, Lat. institutum; νόμῳ, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, naturally:—at Athens νόμοι was the name given to Solon's laws, in contradistinction to those of Draco, which were called θεσμοί.* 2. *χειρῶν νόμος the law of force or might, opp. to δίκης νόμος; ἐν χειρῶν νόμῳ διασφείρεσθαι to die in the fight or scuffle; ἐς χειρῶν νόμον ἀπικέσθαι to come to blows.*

II. *a musical strain: a song, ode; νόμοι πολεμικοί war-songs.*

νομο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, τό, (νόμος, φύλαξ) *a guardian of the laws.* [ῥ]

νοό-πληκτος, ου, (νόος, πλήσσω) *striking the mind, mind-distracting.*

ΝΟΨ, νόον, contr. νοῦς, νοῦ, ὁ; later also gen. νοός, dat. νοῖ, acc. νόα, nom. pl. νόες:—*mind, Lat. mens; νόψ or σὺν νόψ mindfully, prudently; πάρεκ νόον without sense; ἀνδράπων νόος the mood or temper of men; ἐκ παντὸς νόου with all his heart; κατὰ νόον according to one's mind.*

II. *a thought, purpose, resolve.* III. *the sense or meaning of a word or expression.*

νοσπερός, ἄ, ὄν, (νόσος) *sickly, ill.*

νοσέω, f. ἥσω, (νόσος), *to be sick, ill, sickly, to ail, whether in body or mind.* 2. *metaph. to be distressed, suffer, be afflicted.*

νοσηλεία, ἡ, (νοσηλεύω) *matter discharged from a running sore.*

νοσηλεύω, (νοσέω) *to tend a sick person.*

νόσσημα, ατος, τό, (νοσέω) *a sickness, disease, plague, malady.* 2. *metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction.*

νοσηματ-ώδης, ἐς, (νόσσημα, εἶδος) *sickly.*

νοσηπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (νοσέω) *unhealthy, unwholesome, of places.*

ΝΟΨΟΣ Ion. νοῦσος, ἡ, *sickness, disease: a malady, ailment.* II. *metaph. distress, affliction, evil.*

2. *disease of mind, esp. madness.* 3. *generally, a plague, bane, mischief.*

νοσο-φόρος Ion. νοσο-, ου, (νόσος, φέρω) *bringing sickness or disease.*

νοσσεύω, contr. for νεοσσεύω, *to batch.*

νοσσίς, ἡ, and νοσσίον, τό, Att. contr. for νεοσσ-. νοσσίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of νοσσός, Att. contr. for νεοσσός, *a little bird: also a young girl.*

νοσσο-τροφέω, contr. for νεοσσοτροφέω.

νοστέω, f. ἥσω, (νόστος) *to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country.* 2. *to return safe after danger.* 3. *generally, to go, come, travel.*

νοστήσει, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. aor. I of νοστέω.

νοστήμεν, Ep. inf. fut. of νοστέω.

νόστιμος, ου, (νόστος) *of or belonging to a return; νόστιμον ἡμαρ the day of return.* 2. *returning, that will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. saluus.*

νόστος, ου, ὁ, (νέομαι) *a return home or homeward: c. gen. loci, return to a place.* 2. *generally, travel, journey; νόστος φορβῆς a journey to bring food home, i. e. in search, in quest of food.*

νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat. νόσφιν: I. as Adv. of Place, *afar, aloof, apart; hence aside, secretly, furtively: νόσφιν ἀπό, c. gen., like νόσφι η, aloof from.*

II. as Prep. *c. gen., far from, aloof or away from, mostly of Place: hence without, separate from.* 2. *of mind or disposition, νόσφιν Ἀχαιῶν apart from the Achaeans, i. e. differing from them.* 3. *besides, except.*

νοσφίδιος, α, ου, (νόσφι) *taken away, abstracted.*

νοσφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. νοσφιδῶ, (νόσφι) *to put away, remove, part.*

II. Med. and Pass. νοσφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι: aor. I med. ἐνοσφισάμην Ep. νοσφισάμην, Ep. part. νοσφισσάμενος: aor. I pass. ἐνοσφίσθην:—*to remove oneself, withdraw, retire: and in act. sense, to leave, forsake, abandon.* 2. *metaph. of the mind, to become estranged or alienated.*

III. act. *to abstract, steal: c. dupl. acc. to rob one of a thing:—Med. to appropriate.* 2. *to make away with, kill, despatch.*

νοσφισθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of νοσφίζω.

νοσφισσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of νοσφίζω.

νόσ-ώδης, ἐς, (νόσος, εἶδος) *sickly, ailing: generally, diseased.*

II. act. *unwholesome, unhealthy.*

νοτερός, ἄ, ὄν, (νότος) *wet, damp, moist; νοτερός χειμῶν a storm of rain.*

νοτία, ἡ, wet, damp, moisture, rain; νοτίαί ἐλαριναί spring rains.

νοτιζω, f. ἴσω, (νότιος) *to moisten:—Pass. to be wet.* νότιος, α, ου, also ος, ου, (νότος) *wet, damp, rainy; ἐν βούδ' ἐν νοτίῳ τήν γ' ἔρμισαν they moored her [the ship] far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach.* II. *southern, southerly.*

νοτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (νότος) *moisture, damp, wet.*

ΝΟΨΟΣ, ου, ὁ, the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus.

II. the south or south-west quarter.

νοττεύω, νοττίον, etc., contr. for νεοττ-.

νο-βυστικός, ὁ, ὄν, (νοῦς, βύω) *choke-full of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever.* Adv. -κῶς, cleverly.

νουθεσία, ἡ, *a warning, admonishing: reproof.* From νουθετέω, f. ἥσω, (νοῦς, τίθημι) *to bring to mind: to remind, warn, advise, admonish, chastise.* Hence

νουθέτημα, ατος, τό, *an admonition, warning.*

νουθετήρως, α, ου, verb. Adj. of νουθετέω, *to be warned, advised.*

νουθετικός, ὁ, ὄν, (νουθετέω) *admonitory.*

νου-μηνία, ἡ, Att. contr. for νεομηνία, *the new moon: the time of the new moon, the first of the month.*

νοννεχῆς, ἐς, (νοῦς, ἐχω) *having understanding, sensible, discreet.* Adv. -χῶς, discreetly, prudently.

νοῦς, ὁ, contr. for νῦος, *mind*.

νοῦσος, ἡ, Ion. for νῦσος.

νοῦσο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for νοσοφόρος.

νύ, see νῦν, νύν.

νύγδην, Adv. (νύσσω) by pricking, Lat. punctim.

νυγείς, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω.

νυκτερίσιος, ον, = νυκτερήσιος, *nightly*.

νυκτ-ερέτης, ον, ὁ, (νύξ, ἐρέσσω) one who roams by night.

νυκτερευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for watching by night, fit

for hunting by night. From

νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (νύκτερος) to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouac: also to hunt, fish, etc., by night.

νυκτερήσιος, ον, (νύκτερος) *nightly*.

νυκτερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (νύξ) *nightly*, by night, Lat. nocturnus.

νυκτερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (νύξ, νύκτερος) a night-bird, a bat, Lat. vespertilio.

νύκτερος, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.

νυκτ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύκτερος, ὦψ) *night-faced*, *darky*.

νυκτ-ηγorew or in Med. νυκτ-ηγoremai, (νύξ, ἀγορά) to assemble by night. Hence

νυκτηγορία, ἡ, a *nightly assembly or discourse*.

νυκτ-ηρεφής, ἐς, (νύξ, ἐρέφω) shrouded by night, *gloomy*.

νυκτ-βρομος, ον, (νύξ, βρέμω) *roaring by night*.

νυκτ-γάμος, ον, (νύξ, γαμέω) *marrying by night or clandestinely*.

νυκτ-κλέπτης, ον, ὁ, = νυκτοκλέπτης.

νυκτ-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (νύξ, κίραξ) the night-jar, goat-sucker: also the screech-owl.

νυκτ-λαθραίο-φάγος, ον, (νύξ, λαθραῖος, φάγειν) *eating secretly by night*.

νυκτ-λάλος, ον, (νύξ, λαλέω) *nightly-sounding, serenading*.

νυκτ-λαμπής, ἐς, (νύξ, λάμπω) *illuminated by night alone*, i. e. *gloomy, murky*.

νύκτιος, α, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.

νυκτ-πᾶται-πλάγιος, ον, (νύξ, πατέω, πλάγιος) *roaming about by night*. [ᾶ]

νυκτ-πλάγκτος, ον, (νύξ, πλάζω) *making to wander by night, disquieting, disturbing*: also 2. pass.

νυκτ-πλάγκτος ἐνὶ ἡ, a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed.

νυκτ-πλάνης, ἐς, and νυκτ-πλάνος, ον, (νύξ, πλανᾶω) *wandering, rambling about by night*.

νυκτ-πόλος, ον, (νύξ, πολέω) *roaming by night*.

νυκτ-σεμνός, ον, (νύξ, σεμνός) *solemnised by night*.

νυκτ-φανής, ἐς, (νύξ, φανῆναι) *shining or appearing by night*.

νυκτ-φαντός, ον, (νύξ, φαίνομαι) *appearing by night*: *nightly*.

νυκτ-φρουρήτος, ον, (νύξ, φρουρέω) *keeping night-watches*.

νυκτο-θήρας, ον, ὁ, (νύξ, θηράω) *one who hunts by night*.

νυκτο-κλέπτης, ον, ὁ, (νύξ, κλέπτω) *a thief of the night*.

νυκτο-μάχew, f. ἡσω, (νύξ, μάχη) *to fight by night*.

Hence

νυκτομαχία, ἡ, a *night battle, a battle in the dark*.

νυκτο-περιπλάνητος, ον, (νύξ, περιπλανάω) *rambling about at night*.

νυκτοπορεύω, f. ἡσω, *to go or travel by night*. From

νυκτο-πόρος, ον, (νύξ, πόρος) *travelling by night*.

νυκτο-φάος, ἐς, (νύξ, φάος) *giving light by night, shining by night*.

νυκτοφύλακέω, f. ἡσω, *to keep guard by night, to be a night-watch*. From

νυκτο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) *one that keeps watch by night, a warder*, Lat. excubitor.

νυκτῶον, τό, (Νύξ) *a temple of Night*.

νυκτ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύξ, ὦψ) *with the look of night*, i. e. *murky, obscure*.

νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) *by night*, Lat. noctu.

νύμφα, poet. for νύμφη, in voc. νύμφα φίλη.

νύμφα, Dor. for νύμφη.

νυμφ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (νύμφη, ἄγω) *the leader of the bride*: esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: *the friend of the bridegroom*.

νυμφαῖον, τό, *a temple of the Nymphs*, Lat. Nymphaeum. From

νυμφαῖος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *of or sacred to the Nymphs*.

νυμφᾶν, Dor. gen. pl. of νύμφα.

νυμφεῖος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial*. II. as Subst., νυμφεῖον (sub. δῶμα), τό, *the bridechamber*.

2. νυμφεῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, *nuptial rites, marriage*:—but, also, *the bride herself*.

νύμφευμα, τό, (νυμφεύω) *marriage, espousal*. II. *the person married, a match*.

νυμφευτήριος, α, ον, (νυμφεύω) *bridal, nuptial*.

νυμφευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (νυμφεύω) *the friend of the bridegroom*, = παρὰνύμφιος. II. *a bridegroom, husband*.

νυμφευτρία, ἡ, (νυμφευτής) *a bridesmaid*. II. *the bride herself*.

νυμφεύω, f. σω, (νύμφη) *to give a daughter in marriage, to betroth, lead to the bridechamber*. 2. *to marry, mostly of the woman*, Lat. nubere: but also

of the man, Lat. ducere. II. Pass., with fut. med. νυμφεύσομαι, aor. 1 both med. and pass. ἐνυμφευσάμην, ἐνυμφεύθη:—*to be given in marriage, marry*, of the woman.

III. Med., of the man, *to take to wife*.

ΝΥΜΦΗ, ἡ, voc. also νύμφα: *a bride*, Lat. nupta: hence, 2. *a young wife*. 3. *any married woman*, like Lat. nympha. 4. *a marriageable maiden*.

II. as prop. name, *a Nymph*, a goddess of lower rank, called in Homer θεαὶ Νύμφαι: they presided over springs, trees, seas, mountains, etc., and were distinguished by special names: *spring-nymphs* were Naiads, Ναϊάδες; *sea-nymphs*, Νηρηίδες; *mountain-nymphs*, Νύμφαι ὄρεστιάδες or ὄρεάδες; *tree-nymphs*, from the oak their favourite tree, Δρυάδες, Ἀμαδρῦάδες, Ἀδρῦάδες; *rain-nymphs*, Νύμφαι ἰάδες; *meadow-nymphs*, Νύμφαι λειμωνιάδες; *rock-nymphs*, Νύμφαι πετραιαί. 2. the Muses are often called Nymphs: hence all persons in a state of

rapture were said to be caught by the Nymphs, νυμ-

φύλητοι, Lat. *lymphati*.

νυμφα, of moths.

νυμφίδιος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or belonging to a bride: *bridal, nuptial*.

νυμφικός, ή, όν, = νυμφίδιος.

νυμφός, ό, (νύμφη) a bridegroom, husband. II. as Adj., νύμφιος, ιον, newly-wedded: *bridal*.

νυμφό-κλαυτος, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) deplored by brides or wives.

νυμφοκομέω, f. ήσω, to dress oneself as a bride. II. to dress a bride, lead home as bride. From

νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) dressing or taking care of a bride: *bridal*.

νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) possessed by Nymphs, i. e. *rapt, entranced*, Lat. *lympbatus*.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ήσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to escort the bride.

νυμφό-τιμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) honouring the bride; μέλος νυμφότιμον the song in honour of the bride.

νυμφών, ώνος, ό, (νύμφη) the bridechamber.

ΝΥΝ, enclit. νυν Ep. νυ, Adv. now, at this very time, Lat. *nunc*; οί νύν άνθρωποι men of the present day; ό νύν χρόνος the time present. 2. with the Article, τό νύν or τά νύν, τονύν or τανύν, as to the present, i. e. at the present moment, a stronger form of νύν. II. νύν also denotes the immediate following of one thing upon another in point of Time, then, thereupon.

2. also an Inference, then, therefore; μη νύν μοι νεμεσήσετε now do not, do not then, be wroth with me. 3. in enclit. form νυν, used to strengthen a command, as, δεῦρό νυν quick then! φέρε νυν, άγε νυν come then.

νυνί Att. νύν, strengthd. like οὔτοσί for οὔτος, now, at this moment.

νύν ότε, = έστιν ότε, at times, sometimes.

ΝΥΞ, νυκτός, ή, NIGHT, Lat. NOX, whether the night-season or a night; νυκτός by night, Lat. *noctu*; νύκτα during the night, the night long:—so also with preps., ανά or διά νύκτα all night long; διά νυκτός in the course of the night; εκ νυκτός just after night-fall; so also υπό νύκτα; πόρρω τής νυκτός far into the night. II. gloom, darkness, murkiness. 2. the night of death, i. e. death itself. 3. the nether world.

III. Νύξ, as prop. n., the goddess of Night, daughter of Chaos. IV. pl. νύκτες, the hours or watches of the night: from Homer downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three watches; μέσα νύκτες midnight. V. the quarter of night, the evening-quarter of heaven, i. e. the West, as opp. to the dayspring in the East.

νύξ, Ep. for ένυξ, 3 sing. aor. I of νύσσω.

ΝΥΟΨ, οὔ, ή, a daughter-in-law: generally, any female connected by marriage, as γαμβρός meant a man connected by marriage.

II. generally, a bride, mistress.

νύσσα, ης, ή, (νύσσω) a post or pillar on a race-course, viz., 1. the turning-post so placed at the end of the course, that the chariots driving up the

right side turned round it and returned by the left side; the same as καμπτήρ, Lat. *meta*: as the near horse was turned sharp round this post, έν νύσση έχρημθῆναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the turning-post. 2. the starting-post, pillar. 3. generally, a partition-wall.

ΝΥΣΣΩ Att. νύττω: fut. νύξω: aor. I ένυξα:—Pass., aor. 2 ένύγην, inf. νύγῃναι:—to prick, spur, pierce, puncture.

νυστάζω, fut. άσω and άξω:—to nod, esp. in sleep, hence to slumber, sleep: also to be sleepy, drowsy, Lat. *dormito*: also to hang down the head. Hence νυστακτής, οὔ, ό, as Adj. nodding, drowsy.

νύττω, Att. for νύσσω.

νυχά, Adv. (νύξ)=νύκτωρ, by night. [ῥ]

νυχ-εγρεσία, ή, (νύξ, έγείρω) the being roused at night, rising by night.

νύχευμα, ατος, τό, a nightly watch, Lat. *pervigilium*. [ῥ] From

νύχεω, f. σω, (νύξ) to watch the night through.

νυχθ-ήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ήμέρα) a day and night.

νύχιος [ῥ], α, ον, also os, ον, (νύξ): 1. act. doing a thing by night: as if asleep. 2. dark as night, murky.

νώ, for νωί, nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, we two.

νω-δός, ή, όν, (νη-, δδους) toothless, Lat. *e-dentulus*.

νωδύνια, ή, ease or relief from pain. From

νωδύνος, ον, (νη-, δδύνη)=άνδυνος, without pain, pleasing, grateful. II. act. soothing pain.

νωε, poet. for νωί.

ΝΩΘΗΣ, ές, gen. έος, sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull, stupid. Comp. νωθέστερος.

νωθήτι, Ion. contr. for νωθήτη, aor. I pass. imperat. of νοέω.

νωθρός, ά, όν, = νωθής, sluggish, lazy, dull.

ΝΩΪ, nom. and acc. dual of έγώ, we two, us two, Att. νω: poet. νωε: gen. and dat. dual νωίν, of us two, to us two: Att. νωίν. Hence

νωίτερος, α, ον, of, from, or belonging to us two. [Ὶ]

νωλεμής, Adv. unceasingly, continually, without intermission. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νωλεμώς, Adv. = νωλεμής.

νωμα, τό, Ion. for νήμα.

νωμάω, f. ήσω, (νέμω) to deal out, distribute, dispense. II. to direct, guide, control: 1. of weapons, to manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply. 2. of the limbs, to ply nimbly. 3. metaph. to revolve in the mind: to think on, observe, remark.

νων, Att. for νωίν; see νωί.

νώνυμος, ον, Ep. collat. form of άννυμος, like δί-δνμος for διδνμος, άπάλαμνος for άπάλαμος.

νώνυμος, ον, (νη-, όνυμα Aeol. for όνομα) without name, i. e. unknown, inglorious. II. c. gen. without the name of, i. e. without knowledge of.

νώροψ, οπος, ό, ή, only in dat. and acc., νόροπι χαλκῶ, νόροπα χαλκόν flashing, gleaming brass.

νυσάμενος, νύσασθαι, Ion. aor. I med. part. and inf. of νοέω.

νωτ-ἄγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (νῶτον, ἄγωγός) to carry on the back.

νωτ-ἄκμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (νῶτον, ἄκμων) with mailed back.

νωτιαῖος, α, ον, (νῶτον) of or belonging to the back; νωτιαῖα ἄρθρα the joints of the back, the vertebrae.

νωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον) to make to turn the back, put to flight.

II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee.

III. to cover the back of another:—πύντον νωτῖσαι to skim the sea.

νωτο-βάτew, f. ἦσω, (νῶτον, βαίνω) to mount the back.

II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

ΝΩΤΟΝ, τό, the back, Lat. *tergum*: the plural νῶτα often used for the sing., like Lat. *terga*, c. g. τὰ νῶτα δοῖναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. *dare terga*; κατὰ νῶτον from behind.

II. metaph. any wide surface; εὐρέα νῶτα θαλάσσης the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, plains.

2. any back or ridge.

νωτο-φόρος, ον, (νῶτον, φέρω) carrying on the back.

νωχελής, ἐς, moving sluggishly, slothful, inactive. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

νωχελία Ep. -λή, ἡ, laziness, sluggishness.

Ξ

Ξ, ξι, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral ξ', 60, but for ξ, 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of γσ, κσ, χσ. In Att. Greek, ξ came in with the Samian alphabet (see Η, η); before this it was represented by χσ.

II. ξ in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with κ and σ, as, κοινός ξυνός; and Dor. fut. and aor. κλαξῶ for κλήσω, παῖξαι for παῖσαι, etc.

III. ξ also is often interchanged with σσ or ττ, not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σσω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσω, ἀνάξω, but also in words like διςσός τρισσός Ion. διξός τριξός.—ξ was most. freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect. [Vowels before ξ are always long by position.]

ΞΑΙΝΩ, f. ξάνω: aor. I ξένηα:—Pass., aor. I ξέ-άνθη: pf. ξέαμμαι:—to scratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning.

2. of cloth, to full, clean.

II. metaph. to treat as in fulling, to thresh, mangle, lacerate.

ξανθός, Dor. for ξανθός, fem. gen. of ξανθός.

ξανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ξανθός) to make yellow or brown: to roast or fry brown.

ξάνθισμα, ατος, τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

ξανθό-γews, ον, (ξανθός, γῆ) of yellow soil.

ξανθό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, θρίξ) yellow-haired.

ξανθο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, κόμη) = ξανθόθριξ.

ξανθός, ἡ, ὅν, yellow of various shades, golden or pale yellow; also red-yellow, chestnut, auburn, Lat.

flavus; ξανθαὶ τρίχες golden hair; ξανθὰ ἵππους

chestnut mares.

II. Ξάνθος paroxyt., as prop. n., I. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods, by men Scamander.

2. a horse of Achilles.

ξανθό-φύς, ἐς, (ξανθός, φύς) yellow by nature.

ξανθό-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, χιτών) with yellow coat.

ξανθό-χροος, ον, (ξανθός, χρώς) with yellow skin.

ξάντης, ον, ὁ, fem. ξάντρις, (ξαίω) a wool-carder.

ξεν-ἁπάτης, ον, ὁ, Ion. for ξεναπάτης.

ξένη, ἡ, Ion. for ξένη.

ξενη-δόκος, ον, poet. for ξεινδο-.

ξενήιον, τό, (ξείνος) Ion. for ξεινείον, a host's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl.: also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

ξενίζω, Ion. for ξενίζω.

ξενίη, ξενικός, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξείνον, τό, ξείνιος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξενίσαι, Ep. for ξενίσαι, aor. I inf. of ξενίζω.

ξείνοσεν, Ep. for ξέεινεν, 3 sing. aor. I of ξενίζω.

ξείνο-δόκος, ξεινο-δόκος, ον, Ion. for ξεινδο-.

ξεινο-κτονέω, Ion. for ξεινοκτονέω.

ξείνος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for ξένος. Hence

ξεινοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξεινοσύνη.

ξείνω, Ion. for ξένω.

ξεν-ἄγέτης, ον, ὁ, (ξένος, ἀγέτης) one who takes charge of guests.

ξενάγέω, f. ἦσω, (ξεναγός) to be a guide of strangers:—Pass. to be conducted to see sights.

II. to levy or lead mercenary troops.

ξεν-ἄγος, ὄν, (ξένος, ἡγέομαι) conducting strangers or guests.

II. as Subst., ξεναγός, ὁ, the leader of a body of mercenaries.

ξεν-ἁπάτης ον, ὁ, poet. ξειν-, (ξένος, ἀπατάω) one who deceives guests or strangers. [ἀ]

ξεν-αρκής, ἐς, (ξένος, ἀρκέω) aiding strangers.

ξένη, ἡ, fem. of ξένος: I. (sub. γυνή), a female guest: a foreign woman.

II. (sub. χώρα or γῆ), a foreign country.

ξενηλασία, ἡ, at Sparta, a measure for keeping foreigners out of the country.

From ξεν-ηλατέω, (ξένος, ἐλαύνω) to banish foreigners.

ξενία Ep. ξενίη Ion. ξενίη, ἡ, (ξένος) the state or privileges of a guest, hospitality: hospitable reception, entertainment.

2. a friendly relation between two princes or states.

II. the state or rights of a foreigner, as opp. to a citizen: ξενίας φεγγειν (sc. γραφῆν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic rights.

ξενίζω Ion. ξενίζω: fut. ξενίσω Ep. ξεινίσσω: aor. I ξέεινσα Ep. ξέεινισσα or ξεινίσσα: (ξένος):—to receive a guest or stranger, to entertain hospitably,

Lat. *hospitio excipere*:—Pass. to be entertained as a guest.

II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

ξενικός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, Ion. ξεινικός: (ξένος):—of or for a stranger, foreign.

2. of soldiers, mercenary, hired for foreign service; τὸ ξενικόν, = οἱ ξένοι, a body or army of mercenaries.

II. strange, foreign, outlandish.

ξένιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, Ion. ξένιος (ξένος, ξένος):—belonging to a guest, hospitable, belonging to hospitality; ξένιος τινι bound to one by ties of hospitality.

II. ξένια (sub. δῶρα), τά, a guest's gifts: friendly gifts.

ξένιος, ἡ, (ξενίῳ) the entertainment of a guest.

ξενισμός, οὐ, δ, =ξένιστος.

ξενιτεύω, (ξένος), or ξενιτεύομαι as Dep., to be a foreigner: to be a mercenary in foreign service.

ξενο-δαίκτης, ον, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a murderer of a guest.

ξενο-δαίτης, ον, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a devourer of guests or strangers.

ξενο-δοκεῖν and -χεῖον, τό, a place for strangers to lodge in, an inn: from

ξενοδοχία Ion. ξενοδοκέω, (ξενοδόχος) to entertain, lodge guests or strangers. Hence

ξενοδοχία, ἡ, the entertainment of a guest or stranger.

ξενο-δόχος, ον, Ion. ξενο-δόκος, (ξένος, δέχομαι) entertaining guests or strangers: as Subst., ξενο-δόκος, δ, the host, opp. to ξένος, the guest.

ξενο-δώτης, ον, δ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the host.

ξενόεις, εἶσα, εν, (ξένος) full of strangers.

ξενοκτονέω Ion. ξενοκτ-, f. ἦσω, to slay guests or strangers. From

ξενο-κτόνος, ον, (ξένος, κτείνω) slaying guests or strangers.

ΞΕΝΟΣ Ion. ξένιος, δ, a guest or host, Lat. hospes: either as

I. the friend, with whom one has a treaty of hospitality: in this sense both parties are ξένοι, and the relation was hereditary.

II. in Homer mostly the guest, as opp. to the host. 2. any stranger, as being entitled to the rights of hospitality.

3. later, ὁ ξένη, O stranger, was a common term of address.

4. from meaning a stranger ξένος came to signify a hireling, who entered into foreign service, a mercenary soldier, e. g. of the Greeks in Persian pay.

5. simply for βάρβαρος a foreigner.

As Adj. ξένος, η, ον, Att. ος, ον, Ion. ξένιος, η, ον, foreign, strange.

2. c. gen. rei, strange to a thing, unacquainted with, ignorant of it.

ξενό-στᾶσις, ἡ, (ξένος, ἵσταναι) a lodging for guests or strangers.

ξενοσύνη Ion. ξεν-, ἡ, (ξένος, ξένιος) hospitality, the ties or rights of hospitality.

ξενό-τιμος, ον, (ξένος, τιμάω) honouring guests or strangers.

ξενοτροφέω, f. ἦσω, to entertain or maintain guests: esp. to maintain mercenary troops. From

ξενο-τρόφος, ον, (ξένος, τρέφω) entertaining guests: esp. maintaining mercenaries.

ξενοφονέω, f. ἦσω, to murder guests or strangers. From

ξενο-φόνος, ον, (ξένος, *φένω) murdering strangers.

ξενώω Ion. ξενώω, f. ὠσω, (ξένος) to make or treat as one's guest: to entertain.

II. Pass., with fut. med. ξενώσομαι: aor. I ξενώσθην: to enter into a

treaty of hospitality with one. 2. to be lodged as a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts, to be abroad: to go into banishment.

ξενών, ἄνος, δ, (ξένος) a guest-chamber.

ξένως, Adv. of ξένος, strangely: ξένως ἔχειν to be strange.

ξένωσις, ἡ, (ξένω) estrangement: innovation.

ΞΕΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for ξηρός, dry; ποτὶ ξερὸν to dry land.

ξέσμα, ατος, τό, (ξέω) that which is smoothed, polished: hence =ξόανον, a statue or image.

ξεσμάω, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out.

ξέσσε, Ep. for ξέσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ξέω.

ξέστης, ον, δ, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly = a pint English.

ξεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ξέω) scraped, planed, smoothed, polished.

ΞΕΪΝ, f. ξέσω Ep. ξέσσω: aor. I ξέσα Ep. ξέσσα:—to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing.

II. to carve or work in wood or stone.

ξηνός, part. aor. I of ξαίω.

ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ξήρᾱνα:—Pass., aor. I ἐξηράνην: pf. ἐξηρασαι or ἐξηραμαι: (ξηρός):—to parch up, dry up:—Pass. to become or be dry, parched.

2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare.

ξηρ-ἀλοιφέω, f. ἦσω, (ξηρός, ἀλείφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water: a term used by wrestlers.

ξηρ-ἀμπέλινος, η, ον, (ξηρός, ἀμπελος) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes xerampelinae.

ξηραίνει, aor. I pass. part. of ξηραίνω.

ΞΗΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, dry, parched, of the channel of a river, also of the air: of persons, withered, bag-

gard. II. like Lat. siccus, fasting, sober, austere, harsh.

III. generally, drained, exhausted.

IV. as Subst., ξηρά (sub. γῆ), ἡ, dry land, opp. to ὑγρά; so also τό ξηρόν.

ξηρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of timber.

ξηρο-φάγος, f. ἦσω, (ξηρός, φαγεῖν) to eat dry food.

ξίφ-ήρης, es, (ξίφος, ἀρᾶειν) armed with a sword, sword in hand.

ξίφ-ηφόρος, ον, (ξίφος, φέρω) bearing a sword: sword in hand.

ξίφιδιον, τό, Dim. of ξίφος, a small sword, a dagger, dirk. [†]

ξίφο-δήλητος, ον, (ξίφος, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword: of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

ξίφο-κτόνος, ον, (ξίφος, κτείνω) slaying with the sword.

II. proparox. ξιφόκτονος, ον, pass. slain by the sword.

ξίφο-μάχαιρα, ἡ, (ξίφος, μάχαιρα) a sword slightly curved, bearing a straight sword and sabre: cf. sq. [ἀ]

ΞΙΦΟΣ Dor. σκίφος, eos, τό, a sword: in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged: later, ξίφος was distinguished as the straight sword, from the sabre, μάχαιρα. [†]

ξίφ-ουλκός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔλκω) *drawing a sword.*

ξίφ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔργον) *making swords.*

ξῶδον, τό, (ξέω) *an image carved of wood: the statue of a god.*

ξῶδο-ποιία, ἡ, (ξῶανον, ποίεω) *a carving of images.*

ξύϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξέω) *a sculptor's chisel.*

ξουθό-πτερος, ὄν, (ξουθός, πτερόν) *having dusky wings.*

ΞΟΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, akin to ξανθός, *a colour between ξανθός and πυρρός, yellowish, tawny, dusky, mostly of colour; but also of sound, sbrill, thrilling; τέττιξ ξουθα λαλῶν the cicada with its sbrill note.*

ξύγγ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συγγ-.

ξύγκλησις, εως, ἡ, old Att. for σύγκλεισις.

ξύγκληω, f. ἤσω, old Att. for συγκλείω.

ξύηλη, ἡ, (ξύω) = κνήστις, *a tool for scraping or filing wood, a plane or rasp.* II. *a curved dagger, used by the Spartans.*

ξύληγέω, f. ἤσω, *to carry wood or timber.* From

ξύλ-ηγός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἄγω) *carrying wood.*

ξύλιζομαι, Dep. (ξύλον) *to carry or gather wood, Lat. lignari.*

ξύλινος, η, ὄν, (ξύλον) *of wood, wooden.* [ῥ]

ξύλλ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συλλ-.

ξύλο-κόπος, ὄν, (ξύλον, κόπτω) *beewing, felling wood.* 2. as Subst., ξυλοκόπος, ὁ, *a wood-cutter.*

ξύλον, τό, (ξύω) *wood ready for use, firewood, timber, etc.: in pl., ξύλα νῆμα ship-timber.* II. *a stick or piece of wood: a stick, cudgel.* 2. *a collar of wood, put on the neck of the prisoner to confine him,*

δησάει τινα ἐν ξύλῳ: the πεντεσέριγγον ξύλον consisted of a wooden collar with stocks to confine the arms and legs. 3. *a bench, table, esp. a money-changer's table.* 4. *πρῶτον ξύλον, the front bench of the Athenian theatre, and so nearest the actors.*

III. later, *a tree; cp. εἶριον.*

ξύλο-τόμος, ὄν, (ξύλον, τεμῆν) *cutting wood: as Subst., ξυλοτόμος, ὁ, a wood-cutter.*

ξύλουργέω, f. ἤσω, (ξύλουργός) *to work wood.* Hence

ξύλ-ουργία, ἡ, *the working of wood.*

ξύλ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἔργον) *working in wood:*

as Subst., ξυλουργός, ὁ, *a joiner, carver of images.*

ξύλοχίζομαι Dor. ξυλοχίσδομαι, Dep. *to gather wood.* From

ξύλ-οχος, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἔχω) *a thicket, copse: hence the lair of a wild beast.*

ξύλω, f. ὤσω, (ξύλον) *to make of wood.* Hence

ξύλωσις, ἡ, *the wood-work, framework of a house.*

ξύμβαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ξυμβαίνω.

ξύμβληναι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμβάλλω:

ξύμβληντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ind.

ξύμ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συμμ-.

ΞΥΤΗΝ, used in old Att. for the later and more common σὺν; ξύν seldom occurs in Homer. For all compds. of ξύν-, v. sub συν-.

ξυνᾱγείρατο, Ep. for συνηγήρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of συναγείρω.

ξυνάν, ἄνος, ὁ, = ξυνᾱν, ξυνᾱν, q. v.

ξυνᾱν, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. for ξυνᾱν. [α]

ξυνᾱξα, aor. I of συνᾱννυμι.

ξύν-εἰκοσι, Ep. for ξυνεἰκοσι, συνεἰκοσι, (ξύν, εἰκοσι) *twenty at a time, twenty together.*

ξυνᾱκα, Ep. for ξυνᾱκα, aor. I of ξυνᾱννυμι.

ξυνᾱκλον, old Att. impf. of συγκλείω.

ξυνᾱλάσαι, aor. I inf. of ξυνᾱλᾶνναι.

ξύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of ξυνᾱννυμι.

ξυνᾱν, ἄνος, ὁ, Ion. for ξυνᾱν.

ξύνῃ, Adv. = κοινῇ, in common, properly dat. fem. of ξύνος.

ξύνῃος, η, ὄν, Ep. for ξύνειος, (ξύνος) *public, common: as Subst., ξυνᾱία, τά, public property.*

ξυνᾱκα, aor. I of ξυνᾱννυμι.

ξυνᾱνον, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. ξυνᾱν [α], Ion. ξυνᾱν Dor.

ξυνᾱν: (ξύνος) *a joint owner, part proprietor, partner: ὅλς ξυνᾱν the salt on the common table.*

ξύνιε, pres. imperat. of ξυνᾱννυμι, as if from *ξυνᾱν.

ξύνιεν, pres. imperat. of ξυνᾱννυμι, as if from *ξυνᾱν. [ῥ]

ξύντον, Ep. for ξυνᾱννυμι, 3 pl. impf. of ξυνᾱννυμι. [ῥ]

ξύνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ξύν) = κοινός, from which it only differs in dialect, common, public, general, belonging to all in common; ξυνᾱ λέγειν to speak for the common good: dat. fem. ξυνᾱ as Adv. = κοινῇ, in common; so too neut. pl. ξυνᾱ. Hence

ξύνο-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξυνός, φρήν) *like-minded.*

ξύνο-χάρης, ἑς, (ξυνός, χαρῆναι) *rejoicing with all alike.*

ξυνᾱνᾱ, ἡ, = κοινᾱνᾱ, *partnership, fellowship.*

ξύνω, Ep. for ξύνω, impf. of ξύνω.

ξύρα or -έω, f. ἤσω: (ξύρον) — *to shave; proverb, ξυρεῖν ἐν χρῶ to shave to the quick.* — Med., with pf. pass. ξύριμαι: *to shave oneself or get oneself shaved: also c. acc., ξυρεῖσθαι κεφαλᾶν to shave one's head or get it shaved.*

ξύρ-ῆκης, ἑς, (ξύρον, ἀκῆ) *keen as a razor, with a razor's edge.* II. *close-shaven.*

ξύρο-δόκη and ξύρο-δόχη, ἡ, (ξύρον, δέχομαι) *a razor-case.*

ξύρον, τό, (ξύω) *a razor: proverb, of critical situations, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ ἵσταται ἀκμῆς . . . ὅλεθρος ἢ βίωται death or life stands on a razor's edge; so, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ τῆς ἀκμῆς ἔχεται ἡμῖν τὰ πράγματα our affairs rest on a razor's edge.*

ξύρο-φορέω, f. ἤσω, (ξύρον, φέρω) *to carry a razor.*

ξύρ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συρρ-.

ξύρω, = ξυράω: Ep. aor. I med. ξυράμην.

ξύσαι, aor. I inf. of ξύνω.

ξύσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ξύνω.

ξύσμα, ματος, τό, and ξυσμή, ἡ, (ξύω) *that which is scraped or planed off, filings, shavings.*

ξύστιρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ξύω) *a graving tool, Lat. scalprum.*

ξύστις, ἴδος, Att. ξύστις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξύω) *a robe with a sweeping train.*

ἔυστο-βόλος, *ον*, (*ἔυστόν*, *βαλεῖν*) *spear-darting, hurling the javelin.*

ἔυστόν, *τό*, (*ἔνυ*) *the polished shaft of a spear*, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. 2. like *δόρυ*, a *spear, dart, javelin*: generally, a *pole, shaft.* (Properly neut. of the Adj. *ἔυστός*.)

ἔυστός, *ός*, (*ἔνυ*) *a covered colonnade in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor.* II. in Roman villas, a *terrace with a colonnade*, also *xystum*. (Properly masc. of the Adj. *ἔυστός*, sub. *δρόμος*.)

ἔυστός, *όν*, (*ἔνυ*) *scraped, polished*, Lat. *rasus*.

ἔυστο-φόρος, *ον*, (*ἔυστόν*, *φέρειν*) *carrying a spear.*

ἔυστρα, *ή*, = *ἔυστρίς*.

ἔυστρίς, *ίδος*, *ή*, (*ἔνυ*) *a tool for scraping or rubbing off, the scraper or strigil used after bathing.*

ἔϋτ' ὦ; impf. *ἔϋτον* Ἐρ. *ἔϋον*: f. *ἔϋσω*: aor. I *ἔϋσα*: —Pass., aor. I *ἔϋσθην*: pf. *ἔϋσμαι*: —to *scrape, plane, smooth or polish*. 2. generally, to *make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately*. 3.

ἔϋσαι ἀπὸ γῆρας ὀλοῖόν τινι to rub away, get rid of sad old age.

O

O, *ο*, **ὀ μικρόν**, *little*, i. e. *short ο*, (in opp. to *ὀ μέγα great*, i. e. *long and double ο*, *ω* being for *οο*): fifteenth letter in the Greek alphabet: as numeral *ο'*, 70, but *ο*, 70,000.

O came very near to diphth. *ου*, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Aeol. *βόλομαι* for *βούλομαι*, and Ion. *μῶνος νοῦσος* for *μόνος νόσος*.

Aeol., *ο* is often changed into *ὕ*, as *ὄνυμα μῆγης* for *ὄνομα μόνος*. II. Dor. often for *οι*, as *ἀγνοῖαι* for *ἀγνοῖαι* for *ἀγνοῖαι* for *ἀγνοῖαι*.

III. like *α*, *ο* is often rejected or prefixed, as *κέλλω ὀκέλλω*, *δύρομαι ὀδύρομαι*.

IV. in compds., esp. Adjectives, *ο*, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat. into a long vowel, usu. *η*, as *θεογενῆς θεοδόκος ἐξοφόρος*, into *θηγενῆς* (Dor. *θεῖαγενῆς*) *θεηδόκος ἐξηφόρος*.

Ὁ, Ἡ, ΤΟ, is, A. *demonstr. Pronoun*; B. *the definite Article*; C. accentuated in masc. and fem. sing. and plur. *ὁ, ἡ, τό*, *relative Pronoun* for *ὅς, ἥ, ὅ*.

Gen. *τοῦ, τῆς*, *τοῦ*: dat. *τῷ, τῇ, τῷ*: acc. *τόν, τήν, τό*: —dual nom. and acc. *τώ, τά, τώ*: gen. and dat. *τοῖν, ταῖν*: —plur. nom. *οἱ, αἱ, τά*: gen. *τῶν*: dat. *τοῖς, ταῖς*: acc. *τούς, τάς, τά*. Homer has also gen. sing. *τοῖο* for *τοῦ*, nom. pl. *τοί, ταί*, gen. pl. fem. *τάων* [ᾶ], dat. pl. *τοῖσι, τῆς* and *τῆσι*, as *demonstr. Pronouns*.

A. *ὁ, ἡ, τό*, **DEMONSTR. PRONOUN**, for *ὅδε, ἥδε, τόδε*, in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways: I. joined with a Subst. not as the Article, but like Lat. *ille, δ* *Τυδείδης* *the*

famous son of Tydeus; *Νέστωρ ὁ γέρον* Nestor, *that aged man*.

II. without a Subst., *he, she, it, as, ὁ γὰρ ἦλθε* for *he came*.

III. peculiar uses as Pronoun: 1. before relat. Pronouns *ὅς, ὅσος, ὅλος*, it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun, as, *ἐξάμην σε περὶ φρένας ἔμμεναι ἄλλαν, τῶν, ὅσους Δουκίην ναυεὶσσον* I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, *namely those who*, etc. 2. *ὁ μὲν* . . . *ὁ δέ* . . . from Homer downwards a very common phrase, sometimes in opposition (where *ὁ μὲν* refers to the former, *ὁ δέ* to the latter), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, *the one* . . . *the other* . . . Lat. *hic* . . . *ille* . . . in neut. *τὸ μὲν* . . . *τὸ δέ* . . . in adverbial sense, *partly* . . . *partly* . . . also *τὰ μὲν* . . . *τὰ δέ* . . . *Ὁ δέ* . . . often occurs without *ὁ μὲν* . . . before. On the other hand *οἱ μὲν* . . . is often answered by some similar word, as *ἀλλά*, or by *ἕτερος δέ* . . . *ἔνιοι δέ* . . . etc.

B. *ὁ, ἡ, τό*, **THE DEFINITE ARTICLE, the**, the indefin. Pron. being *τις, τί*. The use of *ὁ, ἡ, τό*, as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as *τὸν ἀριστον*, *him that was bravest*, came to mean simply *the bravest*; *φίλους ποιεῖσθαι* to make friends, but *τοὺς φίλους ποιεῖσθαι* to make *the friends one does make*.

Peculiar usages of the Article. I. it may stand with prop. names, as *ὁ Σωκράτης*; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as *Σωκράτης ὁ φιλόσοφος*. 2. before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as, *τὸ εἶναι* *the being*, *τοῦ εἶναι*, etc. 3. before Adverbs, which thus take an Adject. sense, as, *τὸ νῦν* *the present*; *οἱ τότε ἄνθρωποι* *the men of that time*. The Subst. is often omitted, as, *οἱ τότε* (sc. *ἄνθρωποι*), *ἡ αὔριον* (sc. *ἡμέρα*) *the morrow*. 4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gen., as, *τὸ ἀνθρώπου* *the word or notion man*; *τὸ λέγω* *the word λέγω*, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, *τὸ μηδὲνα εἶναι τῶν ζώντων ἄλβιον* *the fact or statement that no living man is happy*. 5. absol. with Adverbs of time and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as *τὰ νῦν* *now*, *τὸ πρὶν* *formerly*. 6. before the interrog. Pron., *τίς* or *ποῖος*, mostly in neut. sing., *τὸ τί*; *τὸ ποῖον*; to make the question more precise. II. in elliptic expressions: 1. before gen. of a prop. name, *ὁ Διὸς* *the son of Jupiter*, *ἡ Λητοῦς* *the daughter of Latona*, where *υἱὸς* or *θυγάτηρ* is to be supplied; but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as *ἁδελφὴ*, *wife*, etc. 2. before a neut. gen. it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as *τὸ τῆς πόλεως* *that which belongs to the state*, nearly the same as *ἡ πόλις*; so, *τὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων*, *τὰ τῶν Περσῶν* *the affairs or power of the Greeks, Persians*, etc.; *τὰ τῶν Ἀθηναίων φρονεῖν* to hold the *sentiments of the Athenians*, i. e. be on their side: so, with neut. of possess. Pron., *τὸ ἐμὸν*, *τὸ σὺν*

what regards me or thee, my or thy part, often put for *ἐγώ, σύ*, etc.

ABSOL. USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: I. τῇ of Place, *there, that way, here, this way*, Lat. *hac*. 2. with a notion of motion towards, *thither*. 3. of Manner, τῇ *in this way, thus*. 4. repeated τῇ *μέν* . . ., τῇ *δέ* . . ., of Place, *here* . . ., *there* . . .: also on the one part . . ., on the other . . . 5. relative, *where*, for ἧ, only Ep. II. τῷ, dat. neut., *therefore, on this account*. 2. *thus, so, in this wise*, only Ep. III. τό, acc. neut. (like Att. ὅ neut. from ὅς), *wherefore*. IV. τοῦ, gen. neut. *wherefore*. V. with Prepositions, of Time, *ἐκ τοῦ* ever since, *ἐν τῷ* whilst.

C. ὅ, ἧ, τό, accentuated through all cases, RELATIVE PRONOUN, for ὅς, ἧ, ὅ: very freq. in Homer, also Ion.

D. the enclitic gen. and dat. του, τῷ, are used for τινός, τινί, from the INDEFINITE PRONOUN τὶς τί. So Ion. τεο, contr. τευ: dat. τεω: gen. and dat. pl. τεων, τεοις τεοισι:—but τοῦ; Ion. τέο; τεῦ; for τίνος; interrog., *wherefore?* dat. τέφ for τινί; pl. gen. τέων; dat. τέοις, τέοισι.

ῥ, Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for ὅς; v. ὅ, ἧ, τό c. ῥ, neut. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

ὁά, *woe!* Lat. *vae!* [cā]
*ΟΑΡ, ὁρος, ἡ, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl. ὁρων: contr. nom. ὦρ, with dat. pl. ὠρεσσι. Hence ὁαρίζω contr. ὠρίζω, f. σῶ, to converse familiarly, hold converse with. Hence ὁαρισμός, οὔ, ὁ, familiar converse, fond discourse. ὁαριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὁαρίζω) a companion, mate, bosom-friend.

ὁαριστός, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for ὁαρισμα, (ὁαρίζω) familiar converse, fond discourse. 2. generally, intercourse. 3. a band or company.

*ΟΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, = ὁαρισμός, familiar converse, fond discourse, and generally, converse, discourse, words, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. talk, discourse.

*ΟΑΣΙΣ, ἡ, Oāsis, a name of the fertile spots in the Libyan desert.

ὁβελίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ὁβελός, a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a compass. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.

ὁβελός Aeol. and Dor. ὁβελός, οὔ, ὁ, a spit: also any pointed instrument. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk. (ὁβελός, = βέλός with o prefixed.)

ὁβολός, οὔ, ὁ, collat. form of ὁβελός, an obol, a coin worth 8 χαλκοί, $\frac{1}{8}$ th of a δραχμή, rather more than three halfpence. II. also as a weight, the sixth part of a drachma.

ὁβολοστατέω, f. ἥσω, to practise petty usury. From ὁβολο-στατής, ον, ὁ, (ὁβολός, ἵστημι) a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, pawnbroker. [ἀ]

*ΟΒΡΙΑ, τά, the young of animals.

ὁβρίκαλα, τά, = ὅβρια. [χ]

ὁβρίμο-εργός, ὅν, (ὁβριμος, ἔργον) doing deeds of violence or wrong.

ὁβρίμο-θυμός, ον, (ὁβριμος, θυμός) strong-minded.

ὁβρίμο-πάτηρ, ἡ, (ὁβριμος, πατήρ) daughter of a mighty father, epith. of Minerva.

*ΟΒΡΙ ΜΟΣ, ὅν, also ἡ, ὄν, strong, mighty.

ὀγδοός, ἄδος, ἡ, (ὀκτώ) the number eight.

ὀγδοάτος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ὀγδοος (like τρίτατος for τρίτος), the eighth:—ἡ ὀγδοάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighth day.

ὀγδοήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (ὀκτώ) eighty.

ὀγδοήκοντᾶ-ετής, ἔς, or ὀγδοήκοντ-ούτης, ἔς, (ὀγδοήκοντα, ἔτος) eighty years old.

ὀγδοήκοστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀγδοήκοντα) the eightieth.

ὀγδοος, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀκτώ) the eighth, Lat. octavus.

ὀγδοήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., contr. for ὀγδοήκοντα, eighty, Lat. octoginta.

ὀγδωκοντᾶ-ετής, ἔς, contr. for ὀγδοήκοντα-ετής, eighty years old.

ὀ-γε, ἡ-γε, τό-γε, the demonstr. Pron. ὁ, ἡ, τό, made more emphatic by the addition of γε, Lat. *hice, haece, bocce, he, she, it*. 2. fem. dat. τῇγε, used as Adv. of place, *here, on this spot*. 3. acc. neut. τόγε on this account, for this very reason.

*ΟΓΚᾶ poet. *Ογκαλή, ἡ, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her *Ογκαίου or *Ογκαίδης.

ὀγκάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to Bray. Hence ὀγκηθμός, ὁ, a braying.

ὀγκηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ὀγκος) bulky, swollen. II. metaph. stately, pompous. 2. grievous, troublesome, Lat. *molestus*.

ὀγκητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὀγκάομαι) a brayer, i. e. an ass.

ὀγκιον, τό, (ὀγκος) a case for barbed arrows, etc.

*ΟΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, (Α), (ἄγκος) a bend, curve, hence a book, barb, esp. of an arrow or spear-head.

*ΟΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, (Β), bulk, mass; ὀγκος φρυγάνων a heap or pile of faggots. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a bushy knot or roll, to give the appearance of height to the person. II. metaph. bulk, weight, importance, dignity: but also in bad sense, arrogance, conceit. 2. trouble, difficulty.

ὀγκώω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ὠγκωσα:—Pass., aor. I ὠγκώην: pf. ὠγκωμαι: (ὀγκος B):—to make bulky, enlarge:—Pass. to be heaped up, swollen. II. metaph. to exalt, raise to honour: but also, to puff up with pride:—Pass. to be puffed up, swollen, elated.

ὀγκύλλομαι, Pass., = ὀγκόομαι.

ὀγκ-ώδης, ἔς, (ὀγκος B, εἶδος) bulky, swollen, rounded: *turgid*.

ὀγκωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀγκώω) heaped up.

ὀγκεύω, f. -εύσω, to trace a straight line, of ploughers, reapers, or mowers; of an army, to defile, ὠγκεον αὐτῶν they were marching in file before him: metaph., ὀγκεύειν στίβον to trail one's weary way, of a lame man. From

ὀγκος, ὁ, (ἀγω) anything traced in a straight line; a furrow in ploughing; a swathe in reaping; a row or line: a path; esp. the path of the heavenly bodies.

”ΟΓΧΝΗ, ἡ, a pear-tree.

II. a pear.

ὀδ-αγός, ὁ, Dor. for ὀδηγός.

ὀδαιός, α, ον, (ὀδός) belonging to a way or journey.

II. ὀδαία, τά, goods with which a merchant travels, merchandise.

ὀδάξ, Adv. (δάκνω with ο euphon.) with the teeth, by biting; Lat. mordicus. Hence

ὀδάξω or as Dep. δάδομαι: impf. ὠδαζον: pf. pass. ὠδαγμαι:—to feel a biting pain, feel irritation. II. in act. sense, to bite, nibble, sting.

ὀδάω, f. ἡσω, (ὀδός) to export and sell, traffic in:—Pass. to be carried away and sold.

ὀ-δε, ἡ-δε, τό-δε, demonstr. Pron., formed by adding the enclit. -δε to the old demonstr. Pron. ὁ, ἡ, τό, and declined like it: Ep. dat. pl. masc. and fem. τοῖσδεσι, τοῖσδεσιν, as well as τοῖσδε: Att. more emphat. ὀδί, ἡδί, τοδί, etc. [τ]:—ὀδε, ἡδε, τόδε is much the same as οὗτος, this, but is more emphatic, this one here, Lat. hicce, baecce, bocce: as opposed to οὗτος, ὀδε marks what is to follow, while οὗτος refers to what has been before mentioned. II. it often seems to stand, like Lat. hic, as Adv. of Place, here, there, but always agreeing with its noun, as, ἐγχοσ μὲν τόδε κείται ἐπὶ χονόος here lies the lance upon the ground; Ἀχιλλεύς ἐγγὺς ὀδε κλονέων here is Achilles nigh at hand routing. 2. with a pers. Pron., ὀδ' εἰμή, ὀδ' ἐγώ ἤλυθον here am I. 3. with τίς, τίς ὀδε Ναυσικάα ἔπειτα; who is here following Nausicaa? 4. also with Verbs of motion, like δέυρο, thither. III. to Advs. of Place and Time this Pron. adds precision, just, very; αὐτοῦ τῷδ' ἐνὶ δήμῳ here amid this very people. IV. ὀδ' αὐτός, stronger form for ὁ αὐτός, the very same, this very; τοῦδ' αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντος this very year. V. in Att. dialogue, the masc. and fem. Pron. often refer to the speaker, ὀδ' ἀνὴρ, or ὀδε alone, this man here, the man before you, i.e. myself, emphatic for ἐγώ.

VI. clitt. with gen., ἐς τόδε χρόνον to this point of time.

B. absol. usage of some cases: τῇδε of Place, here, on the spot, Lat. hac. 2. of the Way or Manner, thus. II. acc. neut. τόδε, thither, to this spot. 2. therefore, on this account. III. acc. neut. pl. τάδε, on this account. 2. thus, so. IV. dat. neut. pl. τοῖσδε, τοισίδε on this wise, after this fashion; also, with these words.

ὀδελός, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for ὀβελός and ὀβολός. ὀδευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a wayfarer, traveller. From ὀδύνω, f. σω, (ὀδός) to go, journey, travel. ὀδηγέω, f. ἡσω, to lead one upon his way, to shew one the way, guide, act as guide. From ὀδ-ηγός Dor. ὀδ-αγός, ὁ, (ὀδός, ἄγω) a guide. ὀδί, ἡδί, τοδί, Att. for ὀδε, ἡδε, τόδε, q. v. [τ] ὀδῖος, ον, (ὀδός) belonging to a way or journey: auspicious for the journey.

ὀδίσμα, ατος, τό, (ὀδός) a means of passing, way. ὀδίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὀδός) a wayfarer, traveller: Dor. acc. ὀδίταν. [τ]

ὀδμή Ion. ὀσμή, ἡ, (ὀσώ) a smell, scent, a sweet odour: also a bad smell, stench, stink.

ὀδοιπλάνεω, f. ἡσω, to stray from the road, wander about, lose one's way. From

ὀδοι-πλάνης, ἐς, (ὀδός, πλανάομαι) straying from the road, wandering about, roaming.

ὀδοιπορέω: impf. ὠδοιποροῦν: f. ἡσω: pf. ὠδοιπόρηκα: (ὀδοιπόρος):—to be a wayfarer, to travel, journey, walk. Hence

ὀδοιπορία, ἡ, a journey, way: a journey by land, opp. to a sea-voyage.

ὀδοιπορικός, ἡ, ὢν, of or for a journey. Adv. -κῶς, like a traveller.

ὀδοιπόριον, τό, provision for a journey. From ὀδοι-πόρος, ον, (ὀδός, πόρος) travelling, journeying: as Subst., ὀδοιπόρος, ὁ, a wayfarer, foot-traveller: also, a fellow-traveller or guide.

ὀδόντα, ὀδόντας, acc. sing. and pl. of ὀδοῦς.

ὀδοντο-φόρος, ον, (ὀδοῦς, φέρω) bearing teeth; κόσμος ὀδ. an ornament consisting of strings of teeth.

ὀδοντο-φύτης, ἐς, (ὀδοῦς, φύω) sprung from teeth.

ὀδοντόω, f. ὠσω, (ὀδοῦς) to furnish with teeth.

Hence ὀδοντωτός, ἡ, ὢν, furnished with teeth.

ὀδοποιέω: impf. ὠδοποιοῦν: f. ὠσω: pf. pass. ὠδοποίημαι: (ὀδοποιός):—to make or level a road: to make a path for oneself:—Pass., of roads, to be made fit for use. 2. to make practicable or passable. 3. to put one in the way, guide, to set forward on a journey:—Pass. to make one's way, advance, Lat. progredi.

ὀδοποιία, ἡ, road-making, the duty of a pioneer. From ὀδο-ποιός, ὢν, (ὀδός, ποιέω) making roads: as Subst., ὀδοποιός, ὁ, a road-maker, pioneer: a road-surveyor.

ὀδός, οὐ, ὁ, Att. for Ion. οὐδός, a threshold. ὈΔΟΣ Aeol. οὐδός, οὐ, ἡ, a way, path, road, highway: a track, pathway: an entrance, approach: the course, channel of a river: the path of the heavenly bodies: πρὸ ὀδοῦ further on the way; κατ' ὀδὸν by the way.

II. a travelling, journey, or voyage: also a march or expedition: οἰωνῶν ὀδοί the flight of birds; λογιῶν ὀδός the way, i.e. meaning, of the oracles. III. metaph. the way, means, or manner of doing a thing. 2. a way or method: also, a way of thinking, mode of belief, esp. used of the Christian Faith.

ὀδ-οῦρος, ον, (ὀδός, οὔρος) watching or guarding the road: as fem. Subst., ὀδοῦρος, ἡ, a conductress. ὈΔΟΥΣ, in Ion. Prose ὀδῶν, ὁ, gen ὀδόντος: dat. pl. ὀδοῦσι:—a tooth, Lat. dens; ἔρκος ὀδόντων, see ἔρκος.

ὀδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὀδός, φύλαξ) a watcher, patrol of the roads. [ῥ]

ὀδῶω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ὠδωσα: (ὀδός):—to lead into the right way: to put in the way: c. inf., ὠδωσε βροτὸς φρονεῖν be guided mortals to be wise; also to

bring, send:—Pass. to be brought on the way, advance, succeed.

διδνᾶσαι, for διδνᾶ, 2 sing. pres. pass. of διδνᾶω.

διδνᾶω, f. ἦσω, to cause pain, to pain, distress:—Pass. to feel pain, suffer. From

῾ΟΔΥΝΗ, ἡ, Lat. dolor, pain of body, but also, 2. of mind, grief, distress. [ῶ]

διδνηρός Dor. -ᾠρός, ᾠ, ὄν, (διδνῆ) painful. 2. grievous: distressing. Adv. -ῶως.

διδνῆ-φάτος, ὄν, (διδνῆ) πέφαται, 3 sing. pf. of φένω killing (i. e. stilling, assuaging) pain.

διδυρμα, ατος, τό, wailing, lamentation: and διδυμός, ὄ, a wailing, lamenting. From

῾ΟΔΥΡΟΜΑΙ, Trag. also δυρομαι: Ion. 3 sing. impf. διδυρέσκετο: fut. διδυρούμαι: aor. I ὠδυράμην,

part. δυδράμενος:—to bewail, mourn for, lament, c. acc.: c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of: c. dat. pass. to wail to or in answer to another: absol. to wail, mourn. [ῶ] Hence

διδυρτός, ὄ, ὄν, mourned for, lamentable: διδυρά, as Adv., lamentably.

διδύσαντο, Ep. for ὠδίσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of ὠδύσσομαι.

῾Οδυσσεΐα, ἡ, the story of Ulysses, the Odyssey. From

῾Οδυσσεύς, ἑως, ὄ, Lat. Ulysses or Ulixes, king of Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forms the subject of the Odyssey: Ep. declens., ῾Οδυσσεύς, -ῆος, -ῆι, -ῆα: Ep. nom. also ῾Οδύσεύς: Aeol. gen. ῾Οδύσεύς.

*῾ΟΔΥΨΣΟΜΑΙ, Dep., used only in aor. I med. ὠδύψαμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὠδύψαο, ὠδύψατο, Ep. 3 pl. ὠδύψαντο, part. ὠδύψάμενος, and 3 sing. pf. pass. ὠδώδυσται (redupl. for ὠδύσται):—to be grieved or troubled at, c. dat.

ὠδωδα, pf. (with pres. sense) of ὠζω.

ὠδῶδει, 3 sing. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ὠζω.

ὠδωδή, ἡ, (ὠζω) smell, scent, odour, also the sense of smell.

ὠδῶδυσται, 3 sing. pf. (with pres. sense) of ὠδύσσομαι.

ὠδῶν, ὄντος, ὄ, Ion. for ὠδοῦς, a tooth.

ὠδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὠδῶ) passable: practicable.

ὠεσι, Ep. dat. plur. of ὠς, οἷς.

ὠξάλεος, α, ὄν, (ὠξος) branching.

ὠξήσω, fut. of ὠξω.

῾Οξόλαι, οἱ, the Ozolae, a tribe of the Locrians.

*ΟΖΟΞ, ὄν, ὄ, a bough, branch, twig, shoot. II.

metaph. an offshoot, scion; ὠξος Ἄρπος scion of Mars: cf. ἔρπος, ἄλος.

ὠζο-στομος, ὄν, (ὠζω, στόμα) with bad breath.

*ΟΖΩ, fut. ὠξήσω: pf. with pres. sense ὠδωδα: plqpf. with impf. sense ὠδῶδειν, Ep. 3 sing. ὠδῶδει:—to smell, to have a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to smell of a thing, ὠξεν ἰῶν to smell of violets: metaph. to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. sapere aliquid;

Κρονίων ὠξεν to smell of antiquities: c. dupl. gen., τῆς κεφαλῆς ὠζω μίρον I smell of ointment from the

head. II. often used impers., ἔξει ἡδὺ τῆς χροᾶς there is a sweet smell from the skin; ἱματίων ὀξῆσει δεξιῶν there will be an odour of wit from your clothes.

ῶθεν, Adv. (ὦς) whence, from whence, Lat. unde: also of persons, from whom or which. 2. also like

ὦ, as an Adv. of Place, = ὅθι, ὅπου, where, but only as relative to a word implying motion from. II.

in Att. also, wherefore, on which account.

ὅθι, relat. Adv., poet. for ὅθι, where, Lat. ubi.

ὀθνεῖος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (ξένος) strange, foreign.

*ΟΘΟΜΑΙ, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to have a care or concern for, take heed, regard: c. part., οὐκ ἔθετο βέζων be recked not that he was doing: c. gen. pers., οὐδ' ὀθομαι κοτέοντος I do not heed him when he is angry.

῾ΟΘΟΝΗ, ἡ, mostly in plur., fine white linen: a fine linen veil, a linen garment: also, sail-cloth, a sail: also, a sheet, linen cloth. Hence

ὀθόνινος, ἡ, ὄν, made of linen.

ὀθόνιον, τό, Dim. of ὀθόνη, a piece of fine linen, in

pl. linen bandages for wounds, or lint.

ὀθι-οὔνεκα, for ὅτου ἕνεκα, because: sometimes also

for ὅτι, that, Lat. quod.

ῶ-θριξ, gen. ὀτριχός, poet. for ὀμό-θριξ, ὄ, ἡ, (ὀμοῦ, θρίξ) with like hair.

Οἶ, exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, ob! ab! Lat. heu or vae: sometimes c. nom., οἶ ἔγω: mostly c. dat., οἶ μοι.

οἶ, nom. pl. masc. of Art. ὄ.

οἶ, nom. pl. masc. of relat. Pron. ὅς.

οἶ, dat. sing. of third pers. Pron., masc. and fem., for αὐτῷ ἀπῆ, to him, to her: more rarely used in the reflexive sense himself, as the Ep. εἰς is always used; often also οἶ αὐτῷ, to himself. The Nom. is wanting, gen. οἶ, acc. ἔ.

οἶ, relat. Adv., properly dat. of relat. Pron. ὅς, whither, how far, Lat. quo: often c. gen., οἶ κακῶν to what a height of miseries.

οἰάκιζω Ion. οἰῆκ-, f. σαι, (οἶα) to steer, manage.

οἰάκισμα, τό, (οἰακίζω) the act of steering or governing. [ᾱ]

οἰάκο-νόμος, ὄν, (οἶα, νέμω) holding the helm, steering: as Subst. a pilot, ruler.

οἰάκοστροφία, f. ἦσα, to turn the helm, steer. From

οἰάκο-στροφός, ὄν, (οἶα, στρέφω) guiding the helm, steering.

Οἶαξ, ἄκος, Ion. οἶηξ, ἡκος, ὄ, the tiller, handle of the rudder, the helm. 2. pl. οἶηκες, the rings of

the yoke, through which pass the cords for guiding the oxen.

Οἶατος νόμος, a pasture in the Attic deme Οἶα.

οἶγνυμι or -ῶν, lengthd. from Οἶγνῶ: f. οἶγναι: aor. I ὠγα Ep. ὠγα, part. οἶγας:—Pass., Ep. 3 pl. impf. ὠγάννυτο: aor. I ὠγῆθην:—to open, unlock: of a cask,

to brouce.

οἶδα, I know, pf. with pres. sense of *εἶδον, v. εἶδω n.

οἰδάνω [ᾱ] or οἰδάνω, (οἰδέω) to make to swell,

swell, Lat. *tumefacere*: Pass. to be swollen, swell, Lat. *tumere*. II. intr. = οἰδέω.

οἶδας, 2 sing. of οἶδα, for the Att. οἶσθα.
οἰδέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ᾤδισα: pf. ᾤδηκα: (οἶδος):—intr. to swell, swell up, become swollen, Lat. *tumere*, *turgere*; οἰδύν τῷ πόδε to swell in the feet, i. e. to have swollen feet. II. metaph. to be inflamed or troubled; πράγματα οἰδύνeta unsettled, disordered circumstances. Hence

οἰδῆμα, τό, a swelling, tumour.
Οἰδῦ-πόδης, ου, δ, properly patronym. of Οἰδῖπου, son or descendant of Oedipus: but commonly poet. for Οἰδῖπου, Oedipus himself.

Οἰδῖ-πους, ποδός, δ; acc. -ποδα and -πουν: voc. -πους, more rarely -που: (οἰδέω, πούς):—Oedipus, i. e. the swollen-footed: poet. Οἰδῖπος, ου, δ. [X]
οἰδμα, ατος, τό, (οἰδέω) the swell of the sea, a wave, billow. II. the swelling of the wind.

Οἶ-δοξ, τό, a swelling, tumour.
οἶεος, α, ου, (οἶς) of or from a sheep; ἡ οἶή (sub. δορά) a sheepskin.

οἶεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of οἶς.
οἶ-έτης, ες, (ὁμός, ἔτος) contr. for ὁμόετης, equal in years, of the same age: cf. ὁριξ.

οἶζυος, ου, = οἶζυρος.
οἶζυρός Att. οἶζυρός, á, όν, (οἶζύς) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Sup. οἶζυρότερος, -ώτατος, for -ότερος, -ότατος.

οἶζύς Att. οἶζύς, ύος, ἡ, as dissyll.: contr. dat. οἶζυί for οἶζύι: (οἶ) = woe, misery, distress, hardship. [ϋ in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. ϋ.] Hence

οἶζύω Att. οἶζύω (as trisyll.): f. ὥσω [ϋ]: aor. I οἶζυσα:—to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei, to suffer: absol. to be miserable, or to suffer.

οἰηθῆναι, aor. I inf. of οἰομαι.

οἰηον, τό, = οἰηξ, οἰαξ, a rudder, helm. [X]
οἰηκίω, Ion. for οἰακίω.

οἰηξ, ηκος, Ion. for οἰαξ, ἄκος.

οἰησομαι, fut. of οἰομαι.

οἶς, ἴδος, ἡ, poet. for οἶς, a sheep: acc. οἶδα.

οἶκα, ας, ε, Ion. for οἶκα.

οἶκαδε Dor. οἶκαδης, Adv. (οἶκος) = οἶκόνδε, to one's house, home, or country, home, homewards. II. = οἶκοι, at home.

οἰκέσται Ion. for ᾤκηται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of οἰκέω.
οἰκέος, α, ου, also ος, ου: Ion. οἰκήτος, η, ου, (οἶκος):—belonging to a house or household affairs, domestic:—τὰ οἰκία household affairs, a household; also, household goods, Lat. *res familiaris*. II. belonging to a family, akin, intimate, Lat. *familiaris*; οἱ οἰκεῖοι friends, relations, connexions; Ion. Sup., οἱ οἰκίωτατοι τινος one's most intimate friends: τὸ οἰκεῖον relationship.

III. belonging to one's house or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, one's own, peculiar; ἡ οἰκία ἡ οἰκήη (sub. γῆ), one's own land, one's country: hence of corn, home-grown, opp. to imported. IV. proper to a thing,

fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: τὸ οἰκεῖον = τὸ καθήκον, what is suitable, befitting.

οἰκεότης Ion. οἰκηιότης, ητος, ἡ, relationship: intimacy, friendship: also marriage.

οἰκεῖω Ion. οἰκηῖω: f. ὥσω: (οἰκεῖος):—to make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his regard. 2. to make one's own, appropriate: Med. to claim, reckon as one's own.

οἰκεῖω, Adv. of οἰκεῖος, in a friendly manner, familiarly; οἰκεῖω ἔχειν πρὸς τινα to be intimate with one. 2. as if it was one's own. 3. properly,

naturally: dutifully.

οἰκέω, poet. for οἰκέω.

οἰκεῖωσις, ἡ, (οἰκεῖω) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

οἰκετεῖα, ἡ, the household, the servants, Lat. *familia*.

From

οἰκετεύω, f. σω, to inhabit. From

οἰκέτης, ου, δ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house: a house-slave, menial, domestic, Lat. *verna*:—in pl. οἰκέται, one's family, women and children.

οἰκέτις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of οἰκέτης, a female domestic or slave. II. the mistress of the house, housewife.

οἰκεῦντες, Dor. for οἰκοῦντες, part. pl. of οἰκέω.

οἰκεῦς, ἔως Ion. ἦος, δ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house. II. a domestic servant.

οἰκέω, impf. ᾤκειον contr. —οῦν Ion. οἰκεον: fut. οἰκήσω: aor. I ᾤκησα: pf. ᾤκηκα:—Med., f. οἰκήσομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., aor. I ᾤκήθην: pf. ᾤκημαι Ion. οἰκήμαι: (οἶκος): I. trans. to inhabit: hence to possess, occupy:—ἡ οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), the civilized world, the whole habitable globe. 2. like οἰκίω, to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled: the pf. pass. ᾤκημαι Ion. οἰκήμαι is used as pres. to be settled; c. acc. to inhabit; of cities, to be placed or situated. 3. like διοικέω, to manage, govern.

II. intr. to dwell, live, to have as one's abode. 2. of states, to be settled, situated, lie:—also to be managed, governed, ἡ πόλις οἰκεῖ κακώς the state is ill managed.

οἰκήας, Ep. for οἰκεῖς, acc. pl. of οἰκεῦς.

οἰκήιος, η, ου, Ion. for οἰκεῖος.

οἰκηιότης, ητος, ἡ, Ion. for οἰκεῖότης.

οἰκηῖω, Ion. for οἰκεῖω.

οἰκήμα, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling-place, a dwelling-house, a chamber in a house, the story of a house. 2. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane. 4. a prison.

οἰκήν, Dor. for οἰκεῖν, pres. inf. of οἰκέω.

οἰκήσιμος, ου, habitable. From

οἰκήσις, ἡ, (οἰκέω) the act of dwelling. II. a place for dwelling, a house, dwelling.

οἰκητήρ, ἦρος, δ, = οἰκήτης.

οἰκητήριο, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling.

οἰκητής, οῦ, δ, (οἰκέω) an inhabitant, dweller.

οἰκητός, ἡ, όν, (οἰκέω) inhabited: habitable.

οἰκήτωρ, ορος, δ, = οἰκητήρ, -τής, an inhabitant.

οἰκία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (οἶκος) a house, dwelling. II. a household: also the inmates of the house, Lat. familia.

III. a house or family from which one is descended. Hence

οἰκῆακός, ἡ, ὅν, of one's own house, domestic.

οἰκίδιον, τό, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house.

οἰκίζω, f. ἰώ Att. ἰώ: aor. I ὤκισα Ion. οἰκισα:—Med., fut. οἰκοῦμαι:—Pass., fut. οἰκισθήσομαι: aor. I ὤκισθην: pf. ὤκισμαι Ion. οἰκισμαι: (οἶκος):—to build a house: to found or establish a new settlement: to people a country, to colonise. II. to settle or fix as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant:—Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a place: also c. acc. to inhabit.

οἰκίον, τό, (οἶκος) always used in pl. οἰκία, τά, like Lat. aedes, a house, dwelling, abode: esp. a palace containing ranges of buildings. 2. a den, lair, etc., of animals: a nest.

οἰκίστις, ἡ, (οἰκίζω) the building or settlement of a colony: colonisation.

οἰκίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house or room: a cage, coop, pen.

οἰκίσται, Ion. for ὤκισταί, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οἰκίζω.

οἰκιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for οἰκιστής.

οἰκιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (οἰκίζω) a settler, colonist.

οἰκο-γενής, ἐς, (οἶκος, γενέσθαι) born in the house, home-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

οἰκοδεσποτέω, f. ἦσω, to be master of a house, to manage the household. From

οἰκο-δεσπότης, ον, ὁ, (οἶκος, δεσπότης) the master of a house or family: the good-man of the house.

οἰκοδομέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a house. 2. generally, to build, construct:—Med., οἰκοδομεῖσθαι οἰκῆμα to build oneself a house. 3. metaph. to build or found upon. 4. metaph. to edify. Hence

οἰκοδομή, ἡ, = οἰκοδόμησις, the act of building:—a building, edifice. 2. metaph. edification, improvement, instruction.

οἰκοδόμημα, τό, (οἰκοδομέω) a house built, building.

οἰκοδόμησις, ἡ, = οἰκοδομία.

οἰκοδομία, ἡ, (οἰκοδομέω) the building of a house, a way of building, structure. 2. a building, edifice.

οἰκοδομικός, ἡ, ὅν, (οἰκοδόμος) skilful in building: ἡ οἰκοδομική (sub. τέχνη) architecture.

οἰκοδόμος, ον, (οἶκος, δέμα) building a house:—as Subst., οἰκοδόμος, ὁ, a builder, an architect.

οἰκοθεν, Adv. (οἶκος) from one's own house, from home. 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself; οὐκ εἶχον οἰκοθεν I had it not of my own.

οἰκοθι, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi.

οἰκοι, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi: τὰ οἰκοι one's own affairs.

οἰκόνδε, poet. for οἰκαδε, (οἶκος) homeward, home.

οἰκονόμος, f. ἦσω, (οἰκονόμος) to be a householder or steward. 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange.

οἰκονομία, ἡ, (οἰκονομέω) the management of a

household or family: generally, administration, government of a state.

οἰκονομικός, ἡ, ὅν, conversant with the management of a household or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: ἡ οἰκονομική (sub. τέχνη) domestic economy; also τὰ οἰκονομικά, domestic affairs. Adv. -κῶς. From

οἰκο-νόμος, ον, (οἶκος, νέμω) managing a household or family: as Subst., οἰκονόμος, ὁ, a house-keeper, manager, steward.

οἰκό-πεδον, τό, (οἶκος, πέδον) the site of a house, Lat. area domus. II. the house itself.

οἰκο-ποιός, ὅν, (οἶκος, ποίεω) making or constituting a house.

οἰκόριος, α, ον, Dor. for οἰκούριος.

Οἶκος, ον, ὁ, a house, abode, dwelling: any place to live in; κατ' οἶκον or κατ' οἰκους at home. 2.

part of a house, a room, chamber: hence οἶκοι in pl. often stands for a single house, like Lat. aedes. 3.

a temple. II. household affairs, house-wifery: household property, house and goods. III. a household, family. IV. a house, race, family.

οἶκος, Ion. for ἑοικός, part. neut. of ἑοικα.

οἶκο-σίτος, ον, (οἶκος, σίτος) feeding at home, living at one's own cost. II. living in a house.

οἰκο-τρίβης, ἐς, (οἶκος, τριβῆναι) ruining a house or family.

οἰκό-τρυψ, ἔβος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τριβω) a slave born and bred in the house, Lat. verna.

οἰκο-τύραννος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τύραννος) a domestic tyrant.

οἰκότως, Ion. for ἑοικότως, Adv. of ἑοικώς (part. of ἑοικα), reasonably, probably.

οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, v. sub οἰκέω.

οἰκουρέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκουρός) to watch or keep the house: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. II. to keep within doors, stay at home. Hence

οἰκούρημα, τό, the watch of a house: generally, watch and ward; οἰκούρημα ξένων watch kept by strangers. II. one who keeps house, a stay-at-home.

οἰκουρία, ἡ, (οἰκουρέω) a keeping at home: inactivity.

οἰκούριος, ον, belonging to housekeeping; hence τὰ οἰκούρια (sub. ὕπαρ), wages for housekeeping. II.

keeping within doors: εἰραῖρα οἰκούρια (Dor. for οἰκούρ-) female house-mates. From

οἰκο-ουρός, ὅν, (οἶκος, οὖρος) watching or keeping the house. II. staying at home, domestic: as Subst., οἰκουρός, ἡ, the mistress of the house.

οἰκοφθορέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰκοφθόρος) to ruin a house or family, consume one's substance:—Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

οἰκοφθορία, ἡ, ruin of a house or family.

οἰκο-φθόρος, ον, (οἶκος, φθείρω) ruining a house: as Subst., οἰκοφθόρος, ὁ, a prodigal.

οἰκο-φύλαξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶκος, φύλαξ) a house-guard.

οἰκτεῖρημα, τό, and οἰκτεῖρησις, ἡ, pity. From

οἰκτεῖρω: impf. ὤκτειρα Ion. οἰκτεῖρον: fut. οἰκτερώ: aor. I ὤκτειρα, (οἶκος):—to pity, have pity or com-

passion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pers.; οἰκτ. τινά τινος to pity one for or because of a thing.

οἰκτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. ἰ ῥκτισα: (οἰκτος):—to grieve for, pity, commiserate:—Med. to express grief, mourn: to bewail, lament.

οἰκτῆρμος, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰκτεῖρω) pity, compassion. οἰκτῆρμος, ον, gen. ονος, (οἰκτεῖρω) merciful.

οἰκτισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτισμός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτιστός, ἢ, ον, irreg. Sup. of οἰκτρός (formed from οἰκτος, cf. αἰσχύρος, αἰσχιστός; but the Comp. is οἰκτρότερος):—most pitiable, miserable, lamentable: neut. pl. οἰκτίστα as Adv. most miserably.

Οἰκτοῖς, ου, ὁ, pity, compassion. 2. the expression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing.

οἰκτρό-βιος, ον, (οἰκτρός, βίος) leading a pitiable life.

οἰκτρός, ὁ, ὄν, (οἰκτος) pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful. Comp. and Sup. οἰκτρότερος, οἰκτρότατος, also irreg. Sup. οἰκτίστος.

οἰκτρο-χέω, (οἰκτρός, χέω) to pour forth piteously,

οἰκτῶς, Adv. of οἰκτρός, piteously: Sup. οἰκτρότατα.

οἰκώς, νία, ὅς, Ion. for ἑοικώς, part. of ἑοικα.

οἰκ-ωφέλης, ἐς, (οἰκος, ὠφέλῃ) profitable to a house.

οἰκοφελία Ion. -λη, ἡ, (οἰκοφελής) profit to a house:

hence thrift or carefulness in household matters, of a home-life, as opp. to the life of a warrior.

οἶμα, ατος, τό, (*οἶω=φέρω) an impetuous attack, the spring of a lion, swoop of an eagle, Lat. impetus.

οἶμαι, Att. contr. from οἶμαι.

οἶμάω, f. ἦσω, (οἶμα)=ὀρμάω, to dart upon, to pounce or swoop, of a bird of prey.

Οἶμῃ, ἡ, =οἶμος, a way, path: metaph. the course of a tale or poem: the tale or poem itself.

οἶμοι, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise, woe's me! οἶμοι is used with a nom., as, οἶμοι ἐγὼ αὖ me! woe's me! or with a gen., as, οἶμοι τῶν κακῶν alas for my misfortunes!

Οἶμος, ου, ὁ, a way, road, course, path. 2. a stripe, layer. 3. a strip of land. 4. metaph.

like οἶμα, οἶμος ἀοιδῆς the course or strain of song, a song, lay.

οἰμαγή, ἡ, (οἰμάω) properly a crying οἶμοι, weeping and wailing, lamentation.

οἰμαγμα, ατος, τό, a cry of lamentation, wail: and

οἰμαγμός, ὁ, a lamenting. From

οἰμάω, fut. οἰμήσομαι later οἰμάω: aor. ἰ ῥμαξα: (οἶμοι):—to cry οἶμοι, (as ἀλάω to cry αἶ, αἶ), to wail, lament; οἰμάω, as a curse, go howl! plague take you! Lat. abi in malam rem! so, οὐκ οἰμήσεται; shall he not have to cry out? i. e. shall he not rue it?

II. trans. to pity, bewail, c. acc.

οἰμωκτός, ὁ, ὄν, (οἰμάω) to be pitied or bewailed.

οἰμώξεις, 3 sing. Ep. aor. ἰ opt. of οἰμάω.

οἰν-άνθη, ἡ, (οἶνη, ἄνθη) the first shoot or bud of the vine: then, like Lat. pampinus, the vine-stock, the vine.

2. the down of the vine-leaf: metaph. the down on the cheek, Lat. lanugo.

οἰν-ανθίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = οἰνάνθη.

οἰνάρειον, τό, =οἰναρον.

οἰνᾶριξ, f. σω, (οἶναρον) to strip off vine-leaves.

οἰνάριον, τό, Dim. of οἶνος, weak, poor wine.

οἰνᾶρον, τό, (οἶνη) a vine-leaf, Lat. pampinus.

Οἶνη, ἡ, the vine, Lat. vitis. 2. =οἶνος, wine.

οἶνηρος, ὁ, ὄν, (οἶνος) of wine, addicted to wine, Lat.

vinosus. II. containing wine. III. of coun-

tries, rich in wine.

οἰν-ήρυστις, ἡ, (οἶνος, ἄρῳ) a vessel for drawing wine.

οἰνίω, (οἶνος) to smell of wine. II. Med. to

procure wine by barter, buy wine.

οἶνο-βαρέων, ὁ, an Ion. participial form (as if from

οἶνο-βαρέω)=οἶνοβαρής. From

οἶνο-βάρης, ἐς, (οἶνος, βαρύς) heavy or drunken with

wine, Lat. vino gravis.

οἶνο-βρεχής, ἐς, (οἶνος, βρέχω) soaked in wine, i. e.

drunken.

οἶνο-δόκος, ον, (οἶνος, δέχομαι) receiving or hold-

ing wine.

οἶνο-δότης, ον, Dor. -δότῃς, α, ὁ, (οἶνος, δίδωμι)

giver of wine, epith. of Bacchus.

οἶνοίς, -έσσα, -έν, contr. οἶνοῖς, -ούσσα Att.

-ούττα, -οῖν, (οἶνος) made of or with wine. II.

as Subst., οἰνούττα, ἡ, a cake or porridge of pearl-

barley, water, oil and wine, esp. for rowers.

οἶνό-μελι, ἴτος, τό, (οἶνος, μέλι) honey mixed with

wine, mead.

οἶνο-πέδη, ἡ, and οἶνό-πέδον, τό, (οἶνος, πέδον) land

fit for growing wine, a vineyard.

οἶνό-πέδος, ον, (οἶνος, πέδον) fit for the growth of

the vine, abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πέπαντος, ον, (οἶνος, πεπαίνω) ripe for making

wine.

οἶνο-πίττης [τ], ου, ὁ, (οἶνος, ὀπιπτεύω) gaping after

wine, formed like the Homeric πορθενοπίτης.

οἶνο-πληθής, ἐς, (οἶνος, πλήθω) abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πλήθις, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, πλήσσω) wine-stricken,

i. e. drunk.

οἶνοποτάω and οἶνοποτίω, (οἶνοπότης) to drink

wine.

οἶνο-ποτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and οἶνο-πότης, ου, ὁ, fem.

οἶνο-πότης, ἰδος, (οἶνος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of

πίνω) a wine-drinker, wine-bibber.

Οἶνος, ου, ὁ, Lat. VINUM, wine; ἐν οἶνῳ, ἐπ'

οἶνῳ, παρ' οἶνῳ, over wine, Lat. inter pocula. 2.

the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., cider, perry:

οἶνος ἐκ κριθῶν barley-wine, a kind of beer: palm-

wine, lotus-wine, also occur as distinguished from

grape-wine (οἶνος ἀμπέλινος).

οἶνο-τρέφος, ον, (οἶνος, τρέφω) producing wine.

οἶνοῖς, οἰνούσσα Att. -ούττα, -οῖν, contr. for οἶνοίς,

εσσα, εν.

οἶνο-φαγία, ἡ, (οἶνος, φαγεῖν) a consuming of wine.

οἶνοφλύγία, ἡ, a love of drinking, drunkenness. From

οἶνό-φλυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, φλύω) given to drink-

ing, drunken.

οἶνο-φόρος, *ον*, (οἶνος, φέρω) *carrying, holding wine*, as Subst., οἰνοφόρος, *δ*, Lat. oenophorus, a wine-cask.
οἶνο-χαρής, *ές*, (οἶνος, χαρῆναι) *rejoicing in wine*.
οἶνο-χάρων, *οντος, δ*, (οἶνος, Χάρων) *the Wine-Charon*, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

οἶνοχοεῖω, Ep. form of οἶνοχέω, *to pour out wine*.
οἶνοχοεῖω : 3 sing. impf. φῖνοχόει Ep. ἐφῖνοχόει : f. ἦσω : aor. I inf. οἶνοχοῆσαι : (οἶνοχόος) :—*to be a cup-bearer : to pour out wine or like wine ; νέκταρ ἐφῖνοχόει she was pouring out nectar for wine*.

οἶνο-χύθι, *ῆ*, (οἶνος, χέω) *a cup or can for ladling wine from the bowl (κρατήρ) into the cups*.

οἶνο-χόος, *ον*, (οἶνος, χέω) *pouring out wine to drink* : as Subst., οἶνοχόος, *δ*, a cup-bearer.

οἶνό-χύτος, *ον*, (οἶνος, χέω) *poured of or with wine ; πᾶμα οἶνόχυτον a draught of wine*.

οἶν-ώψ, *πος, δ*, = οἶνωψ, *wine-coloured, wine-dark*.

οἶνώω, f. ὥσω :—Pass., aor. I φῖνώθην : pf. φῖνωμαι Ion. οἶνωμαι : (οἶνος) :—*to make drunk with wine* :—Pass. *to get drunk, be drunken*.

οἶνών, *ωνος, δ*, (οἶνος) *a wine-cellar, wine-shop*.

οἶν-ώπος, *ῆ, ὄν*, or *ός, ὄν*, and οἶν-ώψ, *ώπος, δ, ῆ*, (οἶνος, ὥψ) *wine-coloured*.

οἶζας, aor. I part. of οἶζνυμι.

οἶο, Ep. for οἶ, gen. of possess. Pron. *ὅς, his, her*.

οἶό-βάτος, *ον*, (οἶος, βαίω) *walking alone : lonesome*.

οἶο-βουκόλος, *ον*, (οἶος, βουκόλος) *herdsman of a single cow*.

οἶο-βάτας, *δ*, (οἶος, βόσκω) *one who feeds alone ; φρενός οἶοβάτας feeding his mind apart, self-willed*.

οἶό-γάμος, *ον*, (οἶος, γαμέω) *married only to one*.

οἶό-ζωνος, *ον*, (οἶος, ζώνη) *with one girdle, i. e. single-banded, alone*.

οἶόθεν, Adv. (οἶος) *from one side alone, hence generally, alone ; οἶόθεν οἶος all alone*.

ΟΙΨΟΜΑΙ Ep. οἶομαι : impf. φῶμην, Ep. 3 sing. ὤϊετο : fut. οἰήσομαι : aor. I Ep. ὤϊσθην part. οἰσθεῖς, Att. οἰήσθην inf. οἰσθῆναι part. οἰσθεῖς : Ep. aor. I med. ὤϊσάμην, 3 sing. δῖσαστο part. δῖσάμενος. The Act. οἶω or οἶω is also found : Dor. pres. οἶω. The Att. also use a contr. pres. οἶμαι, impf. φῶμην.

To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to knowing, always of the fut. : of good, to hope, anticipate ; of evil, to fear :—often used absol., αἰεὶ οἶται *thou art ever suspecting* ; and so in the sense to deem, believe, expect ; θυμὸς οἶσάτό μοι *my heart foreboded it* : it is also once found impersonal, δῖρατί μοι ἀνὰ θυμόν *there comes a boding into my heart*.

2. *to be minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing*. 3. also used parenthetically in first person, ἐν πρώτοιςιν (οἶω) κείσεται among the first (*melinks*) will he be lying : so in Att., the contr. οἶμαι impf. φῶμην, *I think, I suppose, I believe*, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence : also in phrase, πῶς οἶει ; πῶς οἶσθε ; *how think you ?*

[When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the *ι* is long in all tenses, οἶω, οἶσαστο, etc. : only the act,

pres. οἶω has sometimes *ι* in the middle of the verse.]

οἶον-εἰ, for οἶον εἰ, as *if* : Dor. οἶον αἰ.

οἶο-νόμος, *ον*, (οἶος, νέμω) *feeding alone : lonely*.

οἶο-νόμος, *ον*, (οἶς, νέμω) *feeding sheep* : as Subst. a shepherd.

οἶόν-τε, possible ; οὐχ οἶόντε impossible : v. οἶος III.

οἶό-ποκος, *ον*, (οἶς, πέκω) *born from a sheep*.

οἶοπολέω, f. ἦσω, *to roam or haunt alone*. From οἶο-πόλος, *ον*, (οἶος, πέλομαι) *being alone : lonely, solitary*. B. (οἶς, πολέω) *tending sheep*.

οἶόρ, Scyth. for ἀνήρ. Hence

οἶόρ-πατα, Scyth. word in Herodotus, = ἀνδροκτόνοι.

ΟἶΟΣ, οἷη, οἶον, *alone, by oneself, lone, lonely* : it can often only be rendered by an Adv., *alone, only* : strengthd., εἰς οἶος, μία οἷη *one alone, one only* : also in dual, δύο οἶω, and in pl., δύο οἶους. 2. c. gen., τῶν οἶος *left alone* by them ; οἶος θεῶν *alone of all the gods* ; οἶος Ἀτρεϊδῶν *apart from the sons of Atreus*.

II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat. unicus.

οἶος, οἷα Ion. οἷη, οἶον, (ὅς) *such as, of such sort, manner or kind as . . , Lat. qualis ; relat. Pronoun, answering to ποῖος interrog. and indef., and to demonstr. τοῖος ; ὅσος οἶός τε, Lat. qualis quantusque* : c. acc., οἶος ἀρετήν *what a man for virtue* : often only to be rendered by an Adv., as, οἶος μέτεσι πόλεμόνδε *how he rushes into war*.

Οἶος in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd. by δή, οἶον δή τὸν μῦθον ἔειπας *what a word hast thou spoken!*—the neut. οἶος is often used as an Adv., οἶον δή νυ θεοὺς βροτοὶ αἰτιῶνται *how do men now find fault with gods!*

II. implying a Comparison, the antec. τοῖος or τοιούσδε being often omitted ; οἶος ἀστήρ εἰσι *like as a star wanders* ; and so as an exclam., οἷ' ἀγορεύεις *what art thou saying!* οἶά μ' ἔοργας *what hast thou done to me!* 2. οἶος often introduces a reason for what has gone before, δή being sometimes added to express certainty ; οἶος δή, οἶον δή, *such as all know*.

3. if the Comparison is general, Homer uses οἶός τε, *in some such way as, οἶός τε πελώριος ἔρχεται Ἀρης* *some such one as Ares* ; so, οἶός τις *the sort of person*. 4. when a Comparison involves Time, οἶος ὅτε is used, *like as when*.

5. οἶος is used in many brief Att. expressions, as, οὐδὲν οἶον ἀκούειν αὐτοῦ τοῦ νόμου *there's nothing like, i. e. so good as, hearing the law itself* :—it adds force to the Superl., χαρίον οἶον χαλεπώτατον, in full τοιοῦτον οἶον ἐστὶ χαρίον, *ground the most difficult possible*.

III. οἶος c. inf. implies Fitness or Ability, οἶος ἔην τελέσθαι ἔργον *te ἔπος τε how able was he to make good both deed and word* ; οἶος ἔην βουλευμένῃ ἡδὲ μάχασθαι *how able was he to counsel and to fight* : in this sense οἶός τε is more usual, οἶός τε εἰμὶ ποιεῖν *I am such a man as to do it, i. e. I am able to do it* : in neut. sing. and pl., οἶόν τε ἐστί and οἶά τε ἐστί, it is possible. 2. absol.

in neut., οἶον τε ἐστὶ it is possible; οὐχ οἶον τε ἐστὶ it is impossible.

IV. οἶος is in Att. often repeated in the same clause, as, οἷ' ἔργα δράσας οἶα λαγχάνει κακά having done *what kind of* actions, *what kind of* sufferings he receives! οἶαν ἄνθ' οἶον θυμάτων χάριν *what thanks, for what offerings!*

V. as Adv. in neut. sing. οἶον, also in pl. οἶα, *how*; also with Adj. οἶον ἐσπρήεις *how fresh*.

2. in Comparisons, as, *like as, just as*: οἶον ὅτε as *when*. 3. as, *like, for instance*. 4. *about, bard upon*, Lat. *quasi*, οἶον δέκα σταδίων *about ten stades*.

οἶός, οἶός, gen. of οἶς *dis*. οἶό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶος, φρήν) *single in one's opinion*: generally, *lonely*.

οἶο-χίτων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶος, χιτών) *with nothing but a tunic on, lightly clad*.

οἶω, (οἶος) *to leave alone*: Pass. οἰόμαι, Ep. aor. I οἰώην, *to be forsaken*.

*Οἶ'Σ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. οἶος acc. οἶν; plur., nom. οἶες gen. οἶων, dat. οἶσι Ep. οἶεσι shortened οἶεσι; acc. οἶας; contr. nom. and acc. pl. οἶς:—Att. nom. οἶς gen. οἶός, dat. οἶί, acc. οἶν; pl. nom. οἶες, gen. οἶων, dat. οἶοί, acc. οἶας; nom. and acc. pl. also οἶς. Lat. *OVIS*, a *sheep*, whether *ram* or *ewe*; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, οἶς ἀρνείος *or ἀρσσην* a *ram*; οἶς θήλυσ *a ewe*.

οἶσατο, οἰσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. of οἰομαι. [I]

οἶσε -έτω, -ετε, fut. imperat. of φέρω.

οἰέμεν, οἰσάμεναι, Ep. for οἰεῖν, fut. inf. of φέρω.

οἰσέμεν, Dor. for οἰσόμεν, I pl. fut. of φέρω.

οἶσθα, *thou knowest*, 2 sing. of οἶδα.

οἶσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of οἰομαι.

οἰσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

οἰσσομαι, fut. med., with pass. sense, of φέρω.

Οἶ'ΣΠΗ, ἡ, *the grease in unwashed wool, greasy wool*.

οἶο-πάτη, ἡ, (οἶς, οἶς, πάτος) *the dirt on the binder part of a sheep*.

οἰστίος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of φέρω, *to be borne*. 2. neut. οἰστέον *one must bear*.

οἰστευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and οἰστευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰστεύω) *a Bowman, an archer*.

οἰστεύω, f. σω, (οἰστός) *to shoot arrows*: aor. I part. οἰστεύσας. II. trans. *to shoot with an arrow*.

οἰστο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (οἰστός, δέχομαι) *holding arrows*.

οἰστός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἶω) *that must be borne, endurable*.

οἰστός Att. οἰστός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἶω, fut. of φέρω) *an arrow*, Lat. *sagitta*.

οἰσπράω or οἰσπρέω; f. ἦσω; aor. I act. ὤσπρησα inf. οἰσπρήσαι:—Pass., aor. I ὤσπρήην inf. οἰσπρήθηναι: (οἰσπρος):—properly of a gadfly, to torment by stinging: generally, *to sting or goad to madness*: Pass. *to be driven mad*. II. intr. *to go mad, run wild, rage*.

οἰσπρ-ἡλάτος, ον, (οἰσπρος, ἑλαύνω) *driven by the gadfly, driven mad*.

οἰσπρημα, ατος, τό, (οἰσπράω) *the smart of a gadfly's sting: a fit of madness, raving*.

οἰσπρο-βολέω, f. ἦσω, (οἰσπρος, βαλεῖν) *to strike with a sting, esp. of love*.

οἰσπρο-δίνητος, ον, (οἰσπρος, δινέω) *driven round and round by the gadfly: driven wild*.

οἰσπρο-δόνητος, ον, and -δονος, ον, (οἰσπρος, δονέω) *driven by the gadfly: driven wild*.

οἰσπρο-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἰσπρος, πλήσσω) *stung by a gadfly, driven mad*.

Οἶ'ΣΤΡΟΣ, ον, ὁ, *the gadfly, breeze*, Lat. *asilus*, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented Io. II. metaph. *a sting, goad, anything that torments: the smart of pain, agony*.

2. any vehement passion: *madness, frenzy*.

οἰσπρο-φόρος, ον, (οἰσπρος, φέρω) *maddening*.

Οἶ'ΣΤ'Α, ἡ, a tree of the osier kind. Hence οἰστύνος, η, ον, of osier, made of wicker-work.

οἰστύνη, f. = οἰσπη.

οἰστυπρός, α, ὄν, (οἰσπτος) *greasy, dirty, esp. of unwashed wool*, Lat. *lana succida*.

οἰστύπος, ὁ, (οἶς) = οἶσπη, οἰστύνη.

οἶσω Dor. οἶσάω, fut. of φέρω, from Root *οἶω; whence is formed Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσέμεν, οἶσειν.

Οἶ'ΤΟΣ, ον, ὁ, *fate, lot, doom*: in Homer *ill fate, doom, ruin, death*; κακὸν οἶτον ἀπόλλυσθαι *to die a sad death*.

Οἰτόσυρος, ὁ, *the Scyth. name of Apollo*.

οἰχέομαι, = οἰχομαι, q. v.

οἰχνέω, Ion. impf. οἰχνεσκον, = οἰχομαι, *to go, come; of birds, to fly*:—generally, *to walk, live*.

Οἶ'ΧΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: impf. οἰχόμεν: fut. οἰχήσομαι: pf. ὤχημαι Ion. οἰχημαι: also pf. med. ὤχασκα Ion. οἰχάσκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. οἰχώκεε. The pres. οἰχέομαι Ion. οἰχέομαι also occurs:

I. of persons, *to be gone, to have gone*, and so opp. to ἦκω *to have come*: c. part., οἰχεται φεύγων *he has fled and gone*; οἰχεται θανάην *he is dead and gone*: c. acc. cognato, ὁδὸν οἰχέσθαι *to be gone on a journey*: c. acc. pers. *to have escaped from*.

2. for θνήσκω, *to be gone hence, to have departed, be deceased*: Att. part. οἰχόμενος *the departed*.

3. pf. ὤχασκα, *like δάλαα, to be undone, ruined*.

II. of things, as of darts, etc., *to rush, sweep along*.

2. of strength, *to be gone, lost, vanished*.

οἶω and οἶω, used by Ep. Poets for οἰομαι.

*οἶω, see φέρω.

οἰώθην, aor. I pass. of οἶω.

οἰωνίζομαι, Att. fut. οἰύμαι; Dep.: (οἰανός):—*to take omens from the flight and screams of birds*, Lat. *augurium capere*.

II. *to look upon as an omen, forebode*, Lat. *augurari*.

οἰωνισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰανίζομαι) *divination by the flight or cries of birds*, Lat. *augurium*.

οἰωνιστήριον, τό, (οἰανίζομαι) *a place for watching the flight of birds*, Lat. *templum augurale*.

II. *the omen or augury itself*.

οἰωνιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (οἰανίζομαι) one who foretells from the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner.

οἰωνο-θέτης, οὗ, ὁ, (οἰανός, τίθημι) an interpreter of auguries, an augur.

οἰωνό-θροος, ον, (οἰανός, θρόος) of the cry of birds.

οἰωνο-κτόνος, ον, (οἰανός, κτείνω) killing birds.

οἰωνό-μαντις, εὖς, ὁ and ἡ, (οἰανός, μάντις) an interpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.

οἰωνο-πόλος, ον, (οἰανός, πόλος) observing the flight and cries of birds: as Subst., οἰωνοπόλος, ὁ, an augur.

οἰωνός, οὗ, ὁ, (οἶος) a solitary bird, esp. a bird of prey, such as a vulture or eagle.

II. a bird of omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, ὄρνιθες.

III. an omen, presage, Lat. *auspicium* or *augurium*; εἰς οἰανός ἄριστος, ἀμύνεσθαι περὶ πατρὸς the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; οἰανοὶ ἀγαθοὶ good omens.

οἰωνοσκοπέω, f. ἦσω, to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take auguries, practise augury. From

οἰωνο-σκοπός, ον, (οἰανός, σκοπέω) watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries: as Subst., οἰωνοσκοπός, ὁ, an augur, soothsayer.

οἶως, Att. Adv. of οἶος, οἶος ἂν οἶως ἔχεις; being such a man in what a state art thou!

ὄκα poet. ὄκα, Dor. for ὅτε, when.

ὈΚΕΛΛΩ, aor. I ὤκειλα, inf. ὀκέλαι, = κέλλω, nautical term, I. trans. of the sailors, to run a ship aground, run it on shore, strand it. II. intr. of the ship, to run aground.

ὄκη, Ion. for ὄπη.

ὄκα poet. for ὄκα.

ὄκ-κα or ὄκ κα, for ὅτε κεν, like κακ κεφαλῆς for κατὰ κεφαλῆς.

ὀκλάδις (sub. δίπρος), ον, ὁ, (ὀκλάζω) a seat with folding joints, a folding-chair, camp-stool.

ὈΚΛΑΖΩ, f. σω: aor. I ὤκλασα:—to sink on one's knees, to crouch down, cower: generally, to bend, sink down: to sink from weariness, to sit down to rest.

2. to leave off through weariness, to flag, slacken, abate.

II. c. acc. to let sink, to bend, lower.

ὀκναλέος, α, ον, (ὄκνος) poet. for ὀκνηρός.

ὀκνεύω, poet. for ὀκνέω.

ὀκνέω poet. ὀκνεῖω: impf. ὀκνεῖον: f. ἦσω: (ὄκνος):—to shrink from doing, scruple or hesitate to do a thing.

ὀκνηρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ὄκνος) shrinking, hesitating, unready.

II. of things, grievous, troublesome.

ὈΚΝΟΣ, ὁ, a shrinking, hesitation, unreadiness: cowardice.

ὀκότεν, ὀκοῖος, ὀκόσος, ὀκότε, ὀκότερος, ὄκου, Ion. for ὀπόθεν, ὀποῖος, etc.

ὀκράτω, (ὀκρίς) to make rough or jagged: metaph. in Pass. to be exasperated.

ὀκρίβεις, εσσα, εν, (ὀκρίς) rugged, jagged, of unhewn stone.

ὀκρίωντο, Ep. for ὀκρίωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ὀκρίαιω. ὀκρίς, ιος, ἡ, like ἄκρις, ἄκρα, a jagged point, a crag.

II. as Adj. ὀκρίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, rugged, jagged. ὀκρύβεις, εσσα, εν, (κρύβεις, with ο euphon.) = κρυ-ερός, cold, chilling: fearful, dreadful, horrible.

ὀκτά-βλωμος, ον, (ὀκτώ, βλωμός) consisting of eight mouthfuls; ὀκτάβλωμος ἄρτος a kind of loaf which was scored in eight equal parts.

ὀκτά-δάκτυλος, ον, (ὀκτώ, δάκτυλος) eight-fingered.

ὀκτά-ἡμέρος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ἡμέρα) for eight days: on the eighth day.

ὀκτάκις, Adv. (ὀκτώ) eight times. [ᾶ]

ὀκτάκις-μύριοι, αἱ, α, eighty thousand.

ὀκτάκις-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, eight thousand: it is also used in sing., ἑπτος ὀκτακισχίλιη = ὀκτακισχίλιοι ἑπτεῖς, '8000 horse.'

ὀκτά-κνημος, ον, (ὀκτώ, κνήμη) with eight spokes.

ὀκτάκισιοι, αἱ, α, (ὀκτώ) eight hundred.

ὀκτά-μηνος, ον, (ὀκτώ, μήν) eight months old, in the eighth month. [ᾶ]

ὀκτά-πεδος, ον, Dor. for ὀκτάπους.

ὀκταπλάσιος, α, ον, and ὀκταπλάσιων, ον, gen. onos, (ὀκτώ) eightfold, Lat. *octuplus*.

ὀκτά-πόδης, ον, ὁ, (ὀκτώ, πούς) eight feet long.

ὀκτά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὀκτώ, πούς) eight-footed.

II. eight feet long.

ὀκτάρ-ριζος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ῥίζα) with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tynes.

ὀκτάρ-ρῦμος, ον, (ὀκτώ, ρυμός) drawn by eight pairs.

ὀκτά-τενος, ον, (ὀκτώ, τεῖνω) eight-stretched; ἔλικες ὀκτάτενοι the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prey.

ὈΚΤΩ, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. eight, Lat. *OCTO*.

ὀκτώ-δάκτυλος, ον, with eight fingers.

ὀκτώ-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. eighteen.

ὀκτωκαίδεκα-δραχμος, ον, (ὀκτωκαίδεκα, δραχμή) weighing or worth eighteen drachmae.

ὀκτωκαίδεκάτος, η, ον, the eighteenth: ὀκτωκαίδεκάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighteenth day.

ὀκτωκαίδεκάτης, ον, ὁ, (ὀκτωκαίδεκα, ἔτος) eighteen years old:—fem. ὀκτωκαίδεκάτης, ἴδος.

ὀκχέω, poet. form of ὀχέω, to bear, convey, carry.

ὄχος, ὁ, poet. form of ὄχος, a chariot.

ὄκως, Ion. for ὄπως.

ὄχωα, old pf. of ἔχω, whence the compd. dual συνοχωκότε.

ὀλβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὤλβισα:—Pass., aor. I ὤλβισθην: pf. ὤλβισμαι: (ὀλβος):—to make happy: to deem or pronounce happy, like μακαρίζω and εὐδαιμονίζω.

ὀλβιο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ and ἡ, (ὀλβιος, δαίμων) of blessed lot or fortune.

ὀλβιό-δαμος, ον, (ὀλβιος, δῶμος) bestowing bliss, bounteous.

ὀλβιο-δότης or -δότης, ον, ὁ, fem. -δῶτις, ἴδος, (ὀλβιος, δίδωμι) bestower of bliss.

ὀλβιο-εργός, ὄν, (ὀλβιος, ἔργον) making happy.

ὀλβιό-μοιρος, ον, (ὀλβιος, μοῖρα) of happy fate.

ὀλβιος, *ov*, or *a*, *ov*, (ὀλβος) *happy, blest*, esp. with worldly goods, *prosperous, wealthy, rich*, Lat. *beatus*: generally, *happy, blessed*: Homer only uses neut. pl., as ὀλβια δοῦναι to bestow rich gifts; δῶρα ὀλβια ποιεῖν to make gifts *blessed*: so in Adv. ὀλβια ζῶειν to live *happily*. Irreg. Sup. ὀλβιστος, *η, ov*, formed directly from ὀλβος, as ἀσχιστος, κέρδιστος from αἰσχος, κέρδος: the reg. Sup. ὀλβιώτατος also occurs. Adv. -ίως.

ὀλβιο-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλβιος, φρήν) *leaning towards the rich*.

ὀλβιστος, *η, ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλβιος.

ὀλβίως, Adv. of ὀλβιος, *happily, blissfully*.

ὀλβο-δοτήρ, *ἦρος, ὁ*, and ὀλβο-δότης, *ου, ὁ*, fem.

ὀλβο-δοτεῖρα, (ὀλβος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss or prosperity*.

ὈΛΒΟΣ, *ον, ὁ*, *happiness, bliss, wealth*.

ὀλβο-φόρος, *ον*, (ὀλβος, φέρω) *bringing bliss*.

ὀλέσθαι, Ion. for ἐλίσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσκει, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέθριος, *ον*, also *a, ov*, (ὀλεθρος) *destructive, deadly*; ὀλέθριον ἦμαρ the day of destruction: c. gen., γάμοι ὀλέθριοι φίλων a marriage destructive to one's friends. II. pass. lost, undone.

ὀλεθρος, ὁ, (ὀλλυμι) *ruin, destruction, undoing*; οὐκ ἐς ὀλεθρον (sc. ἐρρήσεις); wilt thou not go to perdition? i. e. ruin seize thee, answering to Comic phrase οὐκ ἐς κόρακας; II. like Lat. *perniciēs*, that which causes destruction, a bane, plague, pest.

ὀλεῖ, ὀλείται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέκρᾶνον, τό, = ὠλέκρᾶνον.

ὈΛΕ'Κ'ΟΝ, only used in pres. and impf. ὀλεκον (without augm.), collat. form of ὀλλυμι:—to ruin, destroy, kill:—Pass. to perish, die.

ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας, aor. 1 inf. and part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσει, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσ-ῆνωρ, *oros, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, ἀνὴρ) *man-destroying*.

ὀλέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσι-θήρ, *ος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, θήρ) *destroying wild beasts*.

ὀλεσι-βροτος, *ον*, (ὀλλυμι, βροτός) *man-destroying*.

ὀλεσι-τύραννος, *ον*, poet. ὀλέσσι- (ὀλλυμι, τύραννος) *destroying tyrants*.

ὀλέσκω, collat. form of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσαι, ὀλέσας, Ep. for ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας.

ὀλέσσε, Ep. for ὠλέσε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσει, Ep. for ὀλέσει, 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσω, fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέτειρα, ἡ, fem. of ὀλετήρ, a murderer.

ὀλετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὀλλυμι) a destroyer, murderer.

ὀλέτης, *ιδος, ἡ*, = ὀλέτειρα.

ὀληται, ὀληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλίγαι, ὀληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλίγαι, ὀληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

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ὀλίγαι, ὀληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλιγανθρωπία, ἡ, *scantiness of people*. From ὀλιγ-άνθρωπος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, άνθρωπος) *scant of people*. ὀλιγ-αρχεῖν, Pass. (ὀλίγοι, ἀρχω) to be governed by a few, be subject to an oligarchy. Hence ὀλιγαρχία, ἡ, an oligarchy, government by a few families or persons. Hence ὀλιγαρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, oligarchical: inclined to oligarchy.

ὀλιγ-αὐλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, αὐλαξ) *having few furrows, having but little land for ploughing*.

ὀλιγ-αῤ-θεν, Adv. (ὀλίγος) *from few parts or places*; c. gen., ὀλιγαῤ-θεν τῆς Ἀσίας *from few parts of Asia*.

ὀλιγ-ηπελῶν, εἶσα, (participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγηπελῶ), *having little power, powerless*.

From

ὀλιγ-ηπελής, ἐς, (ὀλίγος, πέλομαι) *powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγ-ηπελία Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγ-ήριος, *ον*, = ὀλίγος, *small, little*.

ὀλιγ-ηροσθή, ἡ, (ὀλίγος, ἄροσσις) *want of arable land*.

ὀλιγ-οῖπτος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, σῖτυς) *with a small corn-bin: with little corn*.

ὀλίγιστος, *η, ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλίγος, *least*.

ὀλιγογονία, ἡ, *scantiness of produce, barrenness*.

From

ὀλιγ-ό-γονος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, *γένω) *producing little, unfruitful, barren*.

ὀλιγοδρανῶν, εἶσα, participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγοδρανῶ, *able to do little, feeble, powerless*.

From

ὀλιγ-οδρανής, ἐς, (ὀλίγος, δρᾶνω) *of little strength, powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγοδρανία, ἡ, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγ-ό-ετης, ἐς, (ὀλίγος, ἔτος) *of few years*. Hence

ὀλιγοετία, ἡ, *fewness of years, youthfulness*.

ὀλιγ-ό-ξύλος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, ξύλον) *with little wood*.

ὀλιγ-ό-πιστος, *ον*, (ὀλίγος, πίστις) *of little faith*.

ΟΛΙΓΟΣ, *η, ov*, of Number or Quantity, *few, little*, opp. to πολύς.—The governing body in Oligarchies was called οἱ ὀλίγοι, *the Few*, opp. to τὸ πλῆθος or οἱ πολλοί (*the Many, the People*). 2. c. inf. too few to do a thing. II. of Size, small, little, opp. to μέγας: the neut. ὀλίγον as Adv., *little, a little, in a small degree*: so also dat. ὀλίγῳ. III. special phrases: ὀλίγον δεῖ there wants but little, i. e. almost; c. inf., ὀλίγον ἐδέσσε καταλαβεῖν it wanted but little to overtake, all but overtook: hence ὀλίγου alone (δεῖ being omitted), *within a little, all but, nearly, almost*. 2. δι' ὀλίγον at a short distance; or of Time, after a short space, shortly after:—but δι' ὀλίγον in few words. 3. ἐν ὀλίγῳ in a small compass; and of Time, in short, briefly: also, like ὀλίγον, almost. 4. ἐς ὀλίγον = παρ' ὀλίγον. 5. κατ' ὀλίγον by little and little: but the Adj. is often put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, οὗτοι κατ' ὀλίγου γιγνώμενοι ἐμάχοντο these fought forming themselves into small parties. 6. παρ' ὀλίγον within a little, all but, almost. IV. Degrees of Comparison:—μείων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, as also ἐλάσων.

is used for the Comp. 2. Sup. δολίγιστος, η, ον: δολιγέστου, genit. used Adv. (see δολίγος III) *very nearly*. δολιγοστιχία, ή, tbe consisting of few lines. From δολιγό-στιχος, ον, (δολίγος, στιχος) consisting of few lines or verses.

δολιγοστός, ή, όν, (δολίγος) one out of a few, opp. to πολλοστός.

δολιγοτής, ητος, ή, (δολίγος) fewness, smallness.

δολιγοτρόφος, ον, to give little nourishment. From δολιγο-τρόφος, ον, (δολίγος, τρέφω) giving little nourishment.

δολιγο-φιλία, ή, (δολίγος, φίλος) fewness of friends.

δολιγο-χρόνιος, ον, also α, ον, (δολίγος, χρόνος) lasting but little time, of short duration.

δολιγοψυχέω (δολιγόψυχος), to be faint-hearted. Hence

δολιγοψυχία, ή, faint-heartedness.

δολιγό-ψυχος, ον, (δολίγος, ψυχή) faint-hearted.

δολιγ-ώλαξ, άκος, ό, ή, = δολιγώλαξ.

δολιγώρεω, f. ήσω, (δολίγως) to regard lightly, make small account of, c. gen. Hence

δολιγώρια, ή, a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt.

δολιγ-ωρος, ον, (δολίγος, ώρα) little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despising: contemptuous. Hence

δολιγώρως, Adv. carelessly; δολιγώρως έχειν οί δια- κείσθαι to be careless, heedless. [X]

δολίγως, Adv. of δολίγος, a little.

δολισθάνω and later -αίνω: fut. δολισθήσω: aor. I ώλισθήσα: pf. ώλισθηκα: aor. 2 ώλισθον, part. ώλισθών, inf. δολισθείν: (δολισθος):—to slip, slide, fall suddenly; ηγός δολισθών having slipped from the ship.

δολισθε, Ep. for ώλισθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δολισθάνω.

δολισθείν, aor. 2 inf. of δολισθάνω.

δολισθήεις, εσσα, εν, = δολισθής.

δολισθημα, ματος, τό, (δολισθείν) a slip, fall.

δολισθηρός, ά, όν, (δολισθείν) slippery, sliding.

δολισθο-γνώμονέω (δολισθείν, γνώμη), to make a slip or error in judgment.

“ΟΛΙΣΘΟΣ, ό, slipperiness: a slip.

δολκάς, άδος, ή, (έλκω, δολκή) a ship which is towed, a ship of warlike, merchantman, trading vessel.

δολκή, ή, (έλκω) a drawing, trailing, dragging. II. a being drawn towards a thing, attraction.

δολκός, ή, όν, (έλκω) attractive.

δολκός, ού, ό, (έλκω) as an Instrument, that which draws or hauls; δολκοί machines for hauling ships on land. 2. a strap or trace for drawing. II.

a track made by drawing, a furrow, track, Lat. sulcus: the trail of a serpent. III. periphr., δολκοί δάφνης drawings of laurel, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along.

“ΟΛΑΤ’ ΜΙ and δαλλύω: impf. ώλλυν: f. όλέσω Ep. όλέσσω Ion. όλέω Att. όλώ: aor. I ώλεσα Ep. ώλεσσα, όλεσσα: pf. όλώλεκα:—Med. δαλλύμαι, Ion. fut. όλόμαι aor. όλόυμαι: aor. 2 ώλόμην: pf. 2 έλωλα: plqpf. ώλώλεον:—οδόμενος, properly aor. 2 part. med. for όδόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub voce. I. Act. to destroy, make an end of, to

kill. 2. to lose.—The Act. corresponds in its two senses to Lat. perdere. II. Med. to perish, come to an end, die: έλοιο, έλοιτο, έλοιθε, etc., may ‘st thou, may be, may ye perish!—to be undone, ruined. 2. so pf. 2 έλωλα, I am undone, ruined: οί δωλωτές the dead.

όλλύς, ύσα, ύν, pres. part. of δαλλυμι.

όλμος, ό, (είλω, Lat. volvo) a round smooth stone, a roller. 2. a mortar. 3. a kneading-trough.

όλδεις, εσσα, εν, = όλοός, destructive.

όλοθρευτής, ού, ό, (όλοθρεύω) a destroyer.

όλοθρεύω, f. εύσω, (όλεθρος) to destroy.

όλοΐος, ον, poet. for sq., like όμοΐος for όμοιος.

όλοιός, όν, poet. for όλοός, destructive.

όλοι-τροχος or όλοι-τροχος, ό, Ep. όλοοί-τροχος, (prob. from είλω volvo, τρόχος) a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy: also as Adj. round, globular.

όλοκαυτέω, f. ήσω, to bring a burnt-offering. From

όλό-καυτος, ον, (όλος, καίω) burnt whole: as Subst., δόλκαυτον, τό, a burnt-offering. Hence

όλοκαυτός, f. ώσω, to burn whole: to make a burnt-offering. Hence

όλοκαύτωμα, ατος, τό, a whole burnt-offering.

όλοκληρία, ή, soundness in all parts. From όλό-κληρος, ον, (όλος, κληρος) complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer.

όλολύγή, ή, (όλολύζω) any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a cry of joy; but also of lamentation.

όδόλυμμα, ατος, τό, (όλολύζω) a loud cry, usually of joy.

όδολυγμός, ού, ό, (όλολύζω) a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy.

όδολυγών, όνος, ή, an animal, named from its note, the tree-frog. From

όλολύζω, f. -ύζομαι: aor. ώλόλυξα:—to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare. II. to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy. (Formed from the sound.)

όλόμην, όλοντο, Ep. for ώλ-, aor. 2 med. of δαλλυμι.

όλοοί-τροχος, ό, poet. form of όλοιτροχος.

όλοός poet. όλοιός, όλοΐος, η, ον, (δαλλυμι) destructive, destroying, hurtful, deadly; όλοά φρονείν to design ill:—Comp. and Sup. όλωότερος, όλωώτατος. II. pass. destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. perditus.

όλοό-φρων, όνος, ό and ή, (όλοός, φρήν) meaning mischief, baleful. . . . II. crafty, sagacious.

όλόπτω, f. ψω, to pull, pluck out: to strip off. (Akin to λωτός, λέπω.)

“ΟΛΟΣ Ep. ούλος, η, ον, whole, entire, complete, Lat. solus, solidus; τὰ όλα one’s all. 2. entire, utter; έλον άμάρτημα an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv., έλον and τό έλον altogether. II. whole, i. e. safe and sound, Lat. integer.

όλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύράτος, ον, (όλος, σφύρα) hammered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast.

ὀλο-σχερής, ἑς, (ὅλος, σκερής) *whole, entire, sound, complete, fut. intemper.*

2. relating to the whole, important, considerable.

II. Adv. -ρως, completely, entirely.

ὀλο-τελής, ἑς, (ὅλος, τέλος) *quite complete, perfect.*

ὀλοῦμαι, fut. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλο-φυγών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ὅλος, φύω) *a large pimple, pustule.*

ὀλοφυνδός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀλοφύνομαι) *lamenting, wailing:*

—neut. pl. ὀλοφυνδὰ, as Adv., miserably.

ὀλοφύρομαι, οὐ, ὁ, *a lamenting, lamentation.* From

ἰ. ὀλοφύρομαι [ῥ], Dep.: f. ὀλοφύρομαι: aor. I ὀλοφύραμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὀλοφύραο, ὀλοφύρατο: aor. I part. pass. ὀλοφυρθεῖς, in same sense.

I. intr. to lament, wail, moan, weep. 2. to lament or mourn for others, to feel pity: c. gen. to have pity upon. 3. to beg with tears and lamentations.

II. c. acc. to lament over, bewail, weep for, mourn. 2. to pity. Hence

ὀλοφύροσις, ἡ, *lamentation.*

ὀλοφώιος, ον, lengthd. for ὀλοός, δλωός, destructive, deadly: ὀλοφώια εἰδώς versed in pernicious arts.

ἴ. ὀλοπῆ, ἡ, *a leathern oil-flask, used in the palaestra.*

ἴ. ὀλοπῆς, ιος and ιδος, ἡ, = ὀλπη.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπία, ἡ, *Olympia, a district of Elis round the city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held:*

properly fem. of Ὀλύμπιος (sub. γῆ or χώρα).

ἴ. Ὀλύμπια, τά, *the Olympic games, established by Hercules and renewed by Iphitus, held at intervals of four years in honour of Olympian Zeus by the Greeks assembled at Olympia in Elis:*

ἴ. Ὀλύμπια νικᾶν to conquer at the Olympic games: also, Ὀλύμπια ἀνελέσθαι or ἀναρηνεῖναι to have carried off the prize at the Olympic games.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπιάζε, Adv. (ἴ. Ὀλυμπία, ἡ) to Olympia.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπιάθεν, Adv. (ἴ. Ὀλυμπία, ἡ) from Olympia.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecc. fem. of Ὀλύμπιος, Olympian, epith. of the Muses: generally, a dweller on Olympus, a goddess.

2. Ὀλυμπιάς ἐλαία the olive-crown of the Olympic games.

II. as Subst., I. the Olympic games. 2. a victory at Olympia (sub. νίκη): Ὀλυμπιάδα ἀναρηνεῖναι, νικᾶν to gain a victory in the Olympic games.

3. an Olympiad, i. e. the space of four years between the celebrations of the Olympic games: the first Olympiad begins 776 B. C.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπιάσι, Adv. (ἴ. Ὀλυμπία, ἡ) at Olympia: cf. θύρασι.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπιάσι [α], dat. pl. of Ὀλυμπιάς.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπιεῖον or Ὀλυμπιεῖον, τό, (ἴ. Ὀλύμπιος) the temple of Olympian Zeus.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἴ. Ὀλύμπιος) Olympic: ὁ Ὀλυμπικός ἀγών the Olympic games.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπιο-νίκης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἴ. Ὀλύμπια, νικᾶω) a conqueror in the Olympic games. [ν]

ἴ. Ὀλυμπιό-νικος, ον, (ἴ. Ὀλύμπια, νικᾶω) conquering in the Olympic games.

is called also simply Ὀλύμπιος: Ὀλύμπια δώματα the mansions of Olympus.

ἴ. Ὀλυμπόνδε Ep. Οὐλ-, Adv. to or towards Olympus.

ἴ. Ὀλύμπιος Ep. and Ion. Οὐλύμπιος, ὁ, *Olympus, a high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly.*

It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.

ἴ. ὈΛΥΘΘΟΣ, ὁ, *a fig which grows during the winter, but seldom ripens: an untimely fig, Lat. grossus.*

ἴ. ὈΛΥΤΡΑ, ἡ, mostly in pl., a kind of grain, spelt, mentioned as food for horses along with barley (κρί): used in Egypt for making bread.

ἴ. ὀλωίος, collat. form of ὀλοός, ὀλοίος.

ἴ. ὀλωλα, pf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ἴ. ὀλωλεκα, pf. of ὀλλυμι.

ἴ. ὀλως, Adv. of ὀλος, wholly, altogether, on the whole: in short, Lat. denique: οὐχ ὀλως not at all, Lat. omnino non.

Adv. Dor. for ὀμῇ.

ἴ. ὀμαδῆ, f. ἡσω, (ὀμαδος) to make a noise or din.

ἴ. ὀμαδος, ὁ, (ὀμός) a noise, din, made by many voices together. II. a tumultuous croud, throng.

III. the din of battle, the battle-throng.

ἴ. ὀμαίμος, ον, related by blood, kindred. From

ἴ. ὀμαίμος, ον, (ὀμός, αἷμα) of the same blood, related by blood, akin, Lat. consanguineus: as Subst., ὀμαίμος, ὁ, ἡ, a brother or sister. Hence

ἴ. ὀμαίμοσύνῃ, ἡ, relationship by blood.

ἴ. ὀμαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, = ὀμαίμος:—Comp. ὀμαίμονεστερος, more nearly akin.

ἴ. ὀμαίχμια, ἡ, a fighting together: a defensive alliance, league. From

ἴ. ὀμαίχμος, ον, (ὀμός, αἰχμή) fighting together: as Subst., ὀμαίχμος, ὁ, an ally.

ἴ. ὀμαλῆς, ἑς, (ὀμαλός) even, level: τὰ ὀμαλῇ level ground.

ἴ. ὀμαλίζω, f. σω, (ὀμαλός) to make even or level, to level: to equalise.

ἴ. ὀμαλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀμός) even, level: τὸ ὀμαλόν level ground.

2. of equal, like degree: ὀμαλός γάμος marriage with one of like degree.

3. metaph. middling, average, ordinary. Hence

ἴ. ὀμαλότης, ητος, ἡ, evenness, equality.

ἴ. ὀμαλῶς (ὀμαλός), Adv. evenly: ὀμαλῶς βαίνειν to march in even line.

ἴ. ὀμαρτέω, impf. ὀμαρτουν Ion. —ενν: f. ὀμαρτήσω: aor. I ὀμαρτήσα: (ὀμοῦ, ἀρτάω):—to meet; 1. in hostile sense, to meet in fight:—Med. to attack in fight.

2. to walk together, esp. in part., βῆσαν ὀμαρτήσαντες they walked in company: to keep pace, equal in speed: c. dat. to walk beside, accompany.

3. to pursue.

ἴ. ὀμαρτῇ or ὀμαρτῇ, Adv. together, jointly, another form of ὀμαρτῇ, ὀμαρτῇ.

ἴ. ὀμαρτή, Dor. for ὀμαρτεῖ, 3 sing. impf. of ὀμαρτέω. ὀμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for ὀμαρ-, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ὀμαρτέω.

ἴ. ὀμαρτήσιεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀμαρτέω.

δωμαρτήτην, Ep. for ὦμ-, 3 dual impf. of δωμαρτέω.
 ὦμ-ασπισ, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἀσπισ) allied in arms :
 as Subst., ὦμασπισ, ὁ, a comrade, fellow-soldier.

ὦμ-αύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλαξ) with adjoining
 furrows or lands.

δωαυλία, ἡ, a dwelling together, union. From
 ὦμ-αυλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλός) living together : hence,
 neighbouring.

ὦμ-αυλος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, αὐλός) playing together on the
 flute, harmonious, blending, in unison.

ὦμβρέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (ὕμβρος) to rain. II. trans. to
 rain or shower down upon : to bedew, wet.

ὦμβρηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὕμβρος) rainy, watery.

ὦμβριμος, ον, = ὀβριμος.

ὦμβριος, ον, also α, ον, (ὕμβρος) rainy : of or be-
 longing to rain, Lat. pluvialis ; ὕδωρ ὦμβριον rain-
 water.

ὦμβρο-δόκος, ον, (ὕμβρος, δέχομαι) bolder or re-
 ceiving rain.

ὦμβρο-κτύπος, ον, (ὕμβρος, κτύπew) striking with
 rain.

‘OMBPOΣ, ὁ, Lat. IMBER, a storm of rain, a
 thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. II.
 metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

ὦμβρο-φόρος, ον, (ὕμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

ὦμεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of ὀμνυμι.

ὦμ-έστιος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἐστία) sharing the same hearth.

ὦμ-ενέτης, ου, ὁ, fem. ὠμυνέτης, ἰδος, = ὕμνενος.

ὦμ-ενος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἐννῆ) sleeping together : as Subst.,
 ὕμνενος, ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort.

ὦμ-έψιος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἐψία) a playmate.

ὦμη or ὦμη, Adv. (ὠμός) poet. for ὁμοῦ.

ὦμ-ηγετής, ἐς, (ὠμός, ἀγείρω) assembled together.

ὦμηγυρίζομαι, ἰ. ἴσομαι, Dep. to assemble, call to-
 gether. From

ὦμ-ἡγυρίς Dor. δμᾶγ-, ἰος, ἡ, (ὠμός, ἄγυρις) an as-
 sembly, meeting : a throng, company.

ὦμηλικία Ion. -ἰη, ἡ, (ὠμηλίξ) equality of age :—
 as Collective Subst. those of the same age, one's friends,
 playmates, comrades. II. of a single person, =

ὠμηλίξ.

ὦμ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, esp.
 of young persons : as Subst. an equal in age, comrade,
 playmate. II. of like stature.

ὦμηρέα, ἡ, (ὠμρέω) a giving hostages or securities :
 a security, pledge.

Ὀμηρέος, α, ον, (Ὀμπος) of Homer, Homeric.

ὠμηρεύσαι, Ion. for ὠμρούσαι, part. fem. pl. of
 ὠμρέω.

ὠμρέω, ἰ. σω, (ὕμπος) to be a hostage, serve as a
 pledge or hostage. II. trans. to give as a hostage,
 pledge or security.

ὠμρέω, ἰ. ἴσω, (ὕμπος) to meet. 2. metaph. to
 accord, agree.

Ὀμηρίδης, ου, ὁ, mostly in plur. Ὀμηρίδαι, οἱ, the
 Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended
 to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his
 poems : generally, the admirers of Homer.

ὦμ-ηρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ἀραρεῖν) joined together, united,
 wedded. II. as Subst., ὦμπος, ὁ, a pledge to

preserve peace, a surety, security, hostage.

ὠμιλᾶδον, Adv. (ὠμιλος) in groups, bands, Lat. tur-
 matim : in crowds.

ὠμῖλέω, ἰ. ἴσω : aor. I ὠμίλησα : (ὠμιλος) :—to be
 together or in company with ; μετ' Ἀχαιοῖς ὠμῖλεν
 to associate with the Achaeans ; ἐνὶ πρωτοῖσιν ὠμι-
 λῆν to be in company among the foremost ; περὶ νε-
 κρὸν ὠμῖλεν to throng about the corpse. 2. absol.

to come or live together.

II. in hostile sense, to
 meet in battle, encounter : absol. to meet one an-
 other. III. of social intercourse, to bold converse :
 to live familiarly with, associate with : to have deal-
 ings with.

2. absol. to be friends. IV. of
 pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged
 in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be

at hand. V. of a place, to come into, be in : to
 haunt, frequent a spot.

ὠμιλῆδον, Adv. = ὠμιλαδόν.

ὠμῖλησεν, fut. inf. of ὠμῖλέω.

ὠμῖλητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὠμῖλέω) a scholar, bearer.

ὠμῖλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὠμῖλέω) to be conversed with ; οὐχ
 ὠμῖλητός unapproachable, savage.

ὠμίλια, ἡ, (ὠμιλος) a being or living together, inter-
 course, converse, dealings with another ; ἡ ἐμὴ ὠμίλια
 converse with me ; ὠμίλια χθονός intercourse with a
 country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, as-
 sembly ; ναὸς ὠμίλια ship-mates.

ὠμ-ῖλος, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, ἴλη) an assembled crowd, a throng
 of people, mob, multitude. II. the throng of battle,
 tumult.

ὠμῖχέω, ἰ. ἴσω, = ὠμίχω.

ὈΜΙΧΛΗ Ion. ὠμίχλη Dor. ὠμίχλα, ἡ, misty air,
 a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence

ὠμῖχλῆις Ion. ὠμῖχλ-, εσσα, εν, misty.

ὈΜΙΧΛΩ, to make water, Lat. MINGO. [I]

ὠμμα, ατος, τό, (ᾠμμαί, pf. pass. of ὠράω) the eye ;
 ὠμματι λοφῶ ἰδεῖν to look with eye askance at ; opp.

to ὀρθοῖς ὠμμασιν ὀρᾶν or ἐξ ὀρθῶν ὠμμάτων, Lat.
 rectis oculis videre, to look straight at ; κατ' ὠμμα
 face to face, in full sight ; ὡς ἀπ' ὠμμάτων to judge
 by the eye, Lat. ex obtutu ; ἐν ὠμμασι, Lat. in oculis,
 before one's eyes ; so also παρ' ὠμμα, πρὸ ὠμμάτων ;
 ἐξ ὠμμάτων out of sight. II. that which one sees,
 a sight. 2. a phantom, image of fancy. III.

ὠμμα νυκτός, i. e. the moon ; so ὠμμα αἰθέρος, of the
 sun ; generally, light ; ὠμμα φήμης the light of happy
 tidings. IV. metaph. anything dear or pre-
 cious. V. periph. of the person, ὠμμα πελείας
 for πελέας, ὠμμα νύμφας for νύμφα ; cf. κῆρα.

Hence

ὠμᾶπιον, τό, Dim. of ὠμμα, a little eye.

ὠμᾶτο-στερήs, ἐς, (ὠμμα, στερέω) deprived of
 eyes. II. act. depriving of eyes : blighting, canker-
 ing, esp. the buds of plants.

ὠμᾶτώω, ἰ. ὠσω : pf. pass. ὠμᾶτωμαι : (ὠμμα) :—
 to give eyes to :—Pass., φρὴν ὠμᾶτωμένη a mind

quick of sight.
explain.

II. metaph. to make distinct,

*OMNTMI or ὁμνῶ, imperat. ὁμνυθι or ὁμνυ, 3 pl. ὁμνύοντες: impf. ὁμνῶν or ὁμνῶν: fut. ὁμνύσας, εἰ, εἴται, inf. ὁμνέσθαι, later fut. ὁμόςας: aor. I ὁμῶσα Ep. ὁμῶσα, ὁμῶσσα: pf. ὁμῶμοκα: plqpf. ὁμῶμοκειν: —Pass., aor. I ὁμώσθην or ὁμώθην: pf. ὁμώμοσμαι, 3 pers. ὁμώμοσται or ὁμώμοσαι: —to swear; ὅρκον ὁμῶσαι to swear an oath: to swear to a thing, affirm, confirm by oath: foll. by inf. to swear that one will . . : ἢ μὴν is often inserted before the inf. for the sake of emphasis; freq. in part., as, εἰπεῖν ὁμόςας to say with an oath. II. to call as witness of an oath, invoke, swear by.

ὁμο-βάμιος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, βαμός) having one common altar, like Ceres and Proserpine.

ὁμο-γάλαξ, ακτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμός, γάλα) suckled with the same milk: a clansman.

ὁμό-γάμος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, γαμέω) married together, as Subst. a husband or wife.

ὁμο-γάστριος, ov, (ὁμός, γαστήρ) from the same womb, brother of the same mother; κασίγνητος ὁμο-γάστριος an uterine brother.

ὁμο-γενέτωρ, opos, ὁ, born of the same parents, a brother. From

ὁμο-γενής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, *γένω) of the same family: generally, kindred, akin. II. act. engendering with. ὁμό-γερων, onτος, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, γέρον) a contemporary in old age.

ὁμογλωσσέω Att. -γλωττέω, to speak the same tongue. From

ὁμό-γλωστος Att. -γλωττος, ov, (ὁμός, γλώσσα) speaking the same tongue or language with.

ὁμό-γνιος, ov, contr. for ὁμο-γένιος, (ὁμοῦ, γένος) of the same race. II. presiding over kindred: ὁμό-γνιοι θεοί gods who protect a race or family, Lat. Dii gentilitii.

ὁμογνωμονέω, f. ἦσω, to be of one mind, to league together: to agree with, assent to. From

ὁμο-γνώμων, ov, gen. onos, (ὁμοῦ, γνώμη) of one mind, like-minded. Adv. -μόνος.

ὁμό-γονος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, γονή) of the same family.

ὁμό-γραμμας, ov, (ὁμοῦ, γραμμή) of or with the same letters.

ὁμό-δαμος, Dor. for ὁμόδημος.

ὁμο-δέμιος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, δέμιον) sharing one's bed.

ὁμό-δημος Dor. -δαμος, ov, (ὁμός, δῆμος) of the same people or race.

ὁμοδοφέω, to be of the same opinion, to agree. From ὁμό-δοξος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, δόξα) of the same opinion.

ὁμό-δουλος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, δούλος) a fellow-slave.

ὁμο-δρομία, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, δρόμος) a running together or meeting.

ὁμο-εθνής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, ἔθνος) of the same nation.

ὁμό-ἕγος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, ὑγήναι) yoked together: as Subst. a yoke-fellow. II. yoked in wedlock, married.

ὁμο-ἡθής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, ἦθος) of the same character.

ὁμο-ἡλής, ὁς, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, Lat. aequalis.

ὁμόθεν, Adv. (ὁμός) from the same place, of the same origin: ὁ ὁμόθεν a brother. II. from near at hand, hand to hand: close upon.

ὁμό-θρονος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, θρόνος) sharing the same throne, partner of one's throne.

ὁμόθυμᾶδόν, Adv. with one accord. From

ὁμό-θύμος, ov, (ὁμοῦ, θυμός) of one mind, unanimous.

ὁμοιάζω, f. σω, (ὅμοιος) to be like, resemble.

ὁμοῖος, Ep. for ὅμοιος. [ἴ Ep.]

ὁμοιο-κατάληκτος, ov, (ὅμοιος, καταλήγω) ending alike, of verses.

ὁμοιοπαθῶς, f. ἦσω, to be in like case, to be similarly affected, sympathise. From.

ὁμοιο-πάθης, ἐς, (ὅμοιος, πάθος) being in like case, having like affections, sympathising.

ὁμοιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ὅμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance with.

ὅμοιος, α, ov, Ion. and old Att. ὁμοῖος, ἡ, ov, Att. also os, ov; Ep. ὁμοῖτος, ov: (ὁμός):—like, resembling, Lat. similis: Proverbs, ὡς αἰεὶ τῶν ὁμοίων ἀγεῖ θεὸς ὡς τῶν ὁμοίων 'birds of a feather flock together'; τὸ ὁμοῖον ἀνταποδίδοναι, Lat. par pari re-

ferre, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. 2. shared alike, common, mutual. 3. equal in force, a match for one, Lat. par. 4. in unison with, agreeing.

5. ἡ ὁμοία (sub. δίκη or χάρις), τὴν ὁμοίαν διδόναι, ἀποδιδόναι to pay any one like for like, to make a like return; τὴν ὁμοίαν φέρεσθαι to have a like return made one; ἐπ' ἴσῃ καὶ ὁμοίᾳ on fair and equal terms. 6. ἐν ὁμοίᾳ ποιεῖσθαι τι to hold a thing in like esteem. II. of the same rank or station: οἱ ὅμοιοι, all citizens with equal privileges: peers.—

The person or thing to which another is like is commonly in dat., but also like Lat. similis in genit.:—also followed by a Relat., ὅμοιος ὥσπερ . . , like as . . ; ὅμοιος καὶ . . , Lat. aequae ac . . , like as . . ; cf. ὁμοίως.

ὁμοιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὅμοιος) likeness, similitude.

ὁμοίω-τροπος, ov, (ὅμοιος, τρόπος) of like manners and life. Adv. -πως, in like manner with.

ὁμοιώω, f. ὥσω: aor. I ὁμοίωσα:—Pass. and Med., ὁμοιῶσθαι and -ωθήσθαι (in like sense): aor. I ὁμοιώσθην: (ὅμοιος):—to make like, assimilate: esp. to liken, compare:—Pass. to be made like, become like, ὁμοιωθήμεναι ἄντην to be made like before one. II. Med. to make a like return. Hence

ὁμοιωθήμεναι, Ep. for ὁμοιωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμοίω.

ὁμοίωμα, atos, τό, that which is made like, a likeness, image.

ὁμοίως, Adv. of ὅμοιος, in like manner, like, alike: the neuters ὁμοῖον and ὁμοία, Ion. ὁμοῖον, ὁμοῖα, were also common as Adv.:—ὁμοίως ὥς . . , like as . . ; ὁμοίως καὶ . . , Lat. aequae ac . . , perinde ac . . ; ὅμοιον ὥστε . . , like as; ὅμοια τοῖς μάλιστα on a par with the best.

ὁμοίωσις, ἡ, (ὁμοίω) *a making like, likening.* II. *a becoming like.* 2. *a likeness, image.*

ὁμό-κλαρος, Dor. for ὁμόκληρος.

ὁμο-κλάω, 3 sing. impf. ὁμόκλα, = ὁμοκλέω.

ὁμοκλέω, f. ἦσω; aor. I ὁμόκλησα, Ion. 3 sing. ὁμοκλήσασκε:—*to call out, shout to, either to encourage, cheer on, or to upbraid, chide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to do.* From

ὁμο-κλή, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, καλέω) *a calling out together, shouting of several persons: the harmony or concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.*

ὁμό-κληρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλήρος) *having an equal lot, share or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst., ὁμόκληρος, ὁ, a coheir, Lat. consors.*

ὁμοκλήσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ὁμοκλέω.

ὁμοκλητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὁμοκλέω) *one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.*

ὁμό-κλινος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλίνη) *reclining on the same couch at table.*

ὁμό-λεκτρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέκτρον) *sharing the same bed.*

ὁμολογέω, f. ἦσω; aor. I ὁμολόγησα; pf. ὁμολόγηκα:—Pass., aor. I ὁμολογήτην; pf. ὁμολόγημαι: (ὁμόλογος):—*to speak together, to speak one language.* 2. *to hold the same language, to agree with: of things, to be in accordance with.* 3. *to make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender; ἐπὶ τισι on certain terms.* 4. *to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confess; ὁμολοῶ σοι I grant you.* 5. *to agree, promise to do.* 6. *to be connected with, bear affinity to.* II. Med. *to agree, assent to; much like the Act.'*

III. Pass. *to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὰ ὁμολογούμενα and pf. part. ὁμολογημένα, things granted, acknowledged principles.* Hence

ὁμολόγημα, ματος, τό, *a thing agreed on, a postulate; and*
ὁμολογία, ἡ, *agreement.* 2. *an agreement made, compact: in war, terms of surrender.* 3. *an assent, admission, confession.*

ὁμό-λογος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέγω) *assenting, agreeing, admitting.* 2. *of things, suitable, in accordance with:—Adv. -γως, confessedly, avowedly.*

ὁμολογουμένως, Adv. pres. part. pass. of ὁμολογέω, *agreeably, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.*

ὁμο-μαστιγίας, ον, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, μάστιξ) *one flogged with another, a fellow-slave.*

ὁμο-μήτριος, α, ον, (ὁμοῦ, μήτηρ) *born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.*

ὁμό-νεκρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νεκρός) *companion in death.*
ὁμονοέω, f. ἦσω, (ὁμόνοος) *to be of one mind, agree together, have sentiments in common.* Hence

ὁμονοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, *conducting to agreement.*

ὁμόνοια, ἡ, *sameness of mind, agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia.* From

ὁμό-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ουν, (ὁμοῦ, νόος) *of one*

mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. concors.
Adv., ὁμόνοος, *unanimously.*

ὁμο-παθής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πάθος) *having the same passions.*

ὁμο-πάτριος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πατήρ) *by the same father.*

ὁμο-πλεκτός, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πλέκω) *inter-laced.*

ὁμό-πλους, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (ὁμοῦ, πλόος) *sailing together or in company.*

ὁμό-πολις poet. ὁμόπολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, πόλις) *from the same city or state.*

ὁμό-πτερος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πτέρον) *with the same plumage: of like feather, akin, alike: generally, οἱ ὁμόπτεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; vases ὁμόπτεροι consort-ships, i. e. that sail in company.*

ὁμό-πολις, poet. for ὁμόπολις.

ὁμορράζω, = ὁμορρύνω, *to wipe off.*

ὁμορρύνω, Ep. for ὁμορρύνω, 3 sing. impf. of

ὍΜΟΡΡΥΝΤΙ ΜΙ, fut. ὁμόρρω:—Med., aor. I ὁμορράζω:—*to wipe, to wipe off, dry up:—Med. to dry for oneself; δάκρυα ὁμόρρασαι to dry one's tears.*

ὁμορρέμενος, aor. I part. med. of ὁμορρύνω.

ὁμορέω Ion. ὁμοურέω, *to have the same boundaries with, to border on.* From

ὁμο-ρος Ion. ὁμοуρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ὄρος) *having the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus:—as Subst., ὁμορος, ὁ, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ ὁμορον neighbourhood.*

ὁμορροθέω, f. ἦσω, *to row together: generally, to agree with, agree together.* And

ὁμορρόθιος, ον, *rowing or swimming together.* From ὁμόρ-ροθος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ῥοθέω) *rowing together: generally, acting together.*

ὍΜΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, *one and the same: belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat. communis.* (Akin to ὅμα: hence ὁμοιος, ὁμῶς, ὁμῶς, ὁμοῦ, ὁμῇ, ὁμῶθεν, ὁμόσε.)

ὁμόσαι, ὁμόσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὁμνναι.

ὁμόσε, Adv. (ὁμός) *to one and the same place, to the same spot: ὁμόσε ἵεναι, in hostile sense, to come to close quarters, Lat. cominus pugnare; ὁμόσε ἵεναι τοῖς ἐχθροῖς to go to meet the enemy.*

ὁμο-σθενής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, σθένος) *of equal might.*

ὁμοσιτέω, f. ἦσω, *to eat or live together with.* From ὁμό-σίτος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σίτος) *eating together.*

ὁμό-σκευος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκευή) *arrayed in the same way.*

ὁμοσκηνία, ἡ, *a living in the same tent.* From

ὁμό-σκηνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκηνή) *living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.*

ὁμο-σκηνώ, f. ὥσω, *to live in the same tent with.*

ὁμό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπλάγχνα) *from the same womb, of the same mother.*

ὁμό-σπονδος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπονδή) *sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup: bound by treaty.*

ὁμό-σπορος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπείρω) *sown together: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.*

ὁμόσαι, ὁμόσας, Ep. for ὁμόσαι, ὁμόσας.

ὁμο-στίχαι, (ὁμοῦ, στείχω) *to walk together with.*

ὁμό-στολος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, στέλλω) *sent together with,*

in company with.

of the same kind.

ὁμό-τάφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τάφος) *buried together.*

ὁμό-τεχνος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τέχνη) *practising the same craft*: as Subst., ὁμότεχνος, *ὁ*, a fellow-workman.

ὁμό-τιμος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τιμή) *equally honoured, held in equal honour*: οἱ ὁμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the peers of the realm.

ὁμό-τοιχος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τοίχος) *having one common wall, separated by a party wall*: metaph. *hardly different from.*

ὁμο-τράπεζος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τράπεζα) *sitting or eating at the same table with.*

ὁμό-τροπος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τρόπος) *of the same habits*: ὁμότροπα ἦθεα *like habits*:—as Subst., ὁμότροπος, *ὁ*, a comparison.

ὁμό-τροφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, τρέφω) *brought up or bred together with*: ὁμότροφα τοῖσι ἀνθρώποισι θηρία *beasts brought up with men.*

ὁμοῦ, Adv. (properly neut. gen. of ὁμός), *together, of Place*:—also *together, at once*: γαῖαν ὁμοῦ καὶ πόντον *earth and sea together.* 2. *together with, along with*: c. dat., ὁμοῦ νεκίεσσι *with or among the dead.* 3. *near; hard by*: nearly, almost.

4. ὁμοῦ καί, *in like manner as, just like as*, Lat. *aeque ac.*

ὁμοῦμαι, fut. of ὁμνῶμαι.

ὁμοურέω, ὁμοуρος, Ion. for ὁμορέω, ὁμορος.

ὁμό-φοιτος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, φοιτάω) *going together with*: as Subst., ὁμόφοιτος, *ὁ*, a companion.

ὁμοφρονέω, *ῥ*, ἴσσω, (ὁμόφρων) *to be of one mind with*: πόλεμος ὁμοφρονέων *a war resolved on unanimously.*

ὁμοφροσύνη, *ῥ*, a being of the same mind, unity. From ὁμόφρων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, ἦ, (ὁμοῦ, φρήν) *of one mind, agreeing in sentiments, united.*

ὁμο-φύης, *ῥ*, (ὁμοῦ, φύη) *of the same age or nature.*

ὁμό-φύλος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, φύλον) *of the same race or people*: as Subst., ὁμόφυλοι, *οἱ*, men *of the same race*: τὸ ὁμόφυλον *sameness of race.*

ὁμοφωνέω, *ῥ*, ἴσσω, *to speak the same language with.* 2. *to chime in with.* From

ὁμό-φωνος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, φωνή) *speaking the same language with.* 2. *agreeing in tone, in unison with.*

ὁμο-χρόα, *ῥ*, (ὁμοῦ, χροά) *sameness of colour.* II. smoothness of surface: the surface, skin.

ὁμοχρονέω, *ῥ*, ἴσσω, *to keep time with.* From ὁμοχρονος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, χρόνος) *of the same time with.*

ὁμό-χρους, *ον*, contr. -χρους, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, χροά) *of the same colour.*

ὁμό-ψηφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, ψηφος) *voting with.* II. *having an equal right to vote with.*

ὁμός, *ῥ*, ὥσω, (ὁμός) *to join together, unite*:—Pass., aor. I ὥμωθην, *to be united.*

ὍΜΙΝΗ, *ῥ*, corn, food.

ὁμπνιακός, *ῥ*, ὄν, = ὁμπνιος.

ὁμπνιος, *α*, *ον*, (ὁμπνη) *of or from corn, nourishing, thriving, large*:—Ὅμπνιά [ᾱ], *ῥ*, a name of Ceres, as the mother of corn.

ὁμφάκας, *ον*, ὁ, (ὄμφαξ) *wine made from unripe grapes.* II. metaph. as masc. Adj. *barsh, austere, bitter, crabbed.*

ὁμφάκο-ράξ, *αγος*, *ὁ*, ἦ, (ὄμφαξ, ράξ) *with sour or unripe grapes.*

ὁμφάλιος, *ον*, (ὁμφαλός) *belonging to the navel*: as Subst., ὁμφάλιον, τό, = ὁμφαλος. 2. *having a boss, like a boss.*

ὁμφάλοις, *εσσα*, *εν*, (ὁμφαλός) *having a navel or boss*: ἀσπίς ὁμφαλόεσσα *a shield with a central boss.*

ὍΜΦΑ'ΔΟ'Σ, *οῦ*, *ὁ*, the navel, Lat. *umbilicus.* II. anything like a navel: the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield, Lat. *umbo.* 2. a knob on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to. 3. the centre: so. Calypso's island Ogygia is called ὁμφαλὸς θαλάσσης, *the navel or centre of the sea*: and Delphi was called ὁμφαλός as *the navel or centre of Earth.*

ὍΜΦΑΞ, ἄκος, *ῥ*, an unripe grape. 2. metaph. a young girl.

ὁμφή, *ῥ*, a divine voice, opp. to αὐδή: a prophecy, oracle, warning voice: any token conveying divine intimation: later, *tuneful voice, melody.* II. *fame, report*: σὴ ὁμφή *the report about thee.*

ὁμωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμῶ.

ὁμ-ῶλαξ, *ακος*, *ὁ*, ἦ, = ὁμαῦλαξ.

ὁμῶμοκα, pf. of ὁμνῶμι.

ὁμῶμομαι, 3 sing. ὁμῶμοται, pf. pass. of ὁμνῶμι.

ὁμ-ῶνυμος, *α*, *ον*, and ὁμ-ῶνυμος, *ον*, (ὁμός, ἔνομα) *having the same name*:—as Subst., ὁμῶνυμος, *ὁ*, ἦ, a namesake.

II. ambiguous, equivocal.

ὁμ-ῶρόφιος, *ον*, and ὁμ-ῶρόφος, *ον*, (ὁμοῦ, ὄροφή) *living under the same roof with.*

ὁμῶς, Adv. of ὁμός, *equally, alike, in equal parts*, Lat. *pariter.* 2. *like ὁμοῦ, together, at once, alike.* II. c. dat. *like as, equally with*, Lat. *pariter ac*: ἐχθρὸς ὁμῶς Ἀἰῖδαο πόλῃσι *hated like the gates of Hell.*

ὁμῶς, Conj. (ὁμός) *nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, still*, Lat. *tamen*: ὁμῶς μὴν or μὲντοι *but still, for all that*:—ὁμῶς is in Att. often joined with a part., Lat. *quamvis, κλῦθί μου νοσῶν ὁμῶς* *hear me although thou art diseased.*

ὁμ-ῶχέτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ὁμός, ἔχω) *holding or dwelling together*: θεοὶ ὁμωχέται *gods worshipped in the same temple.*

ὀν-ἄγός, *ὁ*, Dor. and Att. for ὀνηγός.

ὀν-ἄγρος, *ὁ*, (ὀνος, ἄγριος) *the wild ass.*

ὀναίμην, ὄναο, ὄναυτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of ὀνίμην.

ὍΝΑ'Ρ, τό, a dream, vision in sleep, opp. to a waking vision (ὕπαρ): only used in nom. and acc. (ὄνειρος and ὄνειρον being used in the other cases):—

proverb. of anything fleeting or unreal, σκιὰς ὄναρ *the dream of a shadow.* II. in Att., ὄναρ was mostly used as an Adv., in a dream, in sleep: οὐδὲ ὄναρ not even in a dream: often opp. to ὕπαρ, ὄναρ ἢ ὕπαρ *ῥ* *to live in a dream or awake.*

ὀνάριον, τό, Dim. of ὄνος, a young ass.

ὄνασεῖ, Dor. for ὀνήσει, 3 sing. fut. of ὀνίημι.

ὄνασθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὀνίημι.

ὄνασις, Dor. for ὀνήσις.

ὄνειαρ, τό, gen. ὀνειάτος, (ὀνίημι) anything that profits or is helpful, advantage, succour: a refreshment, refection: plur. ὀνειάρα, food, victuals.

ὀνειδέος, ov, (ὀνειδος) reproachful: disgraceful.

ὀνειδίω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ: aor. I ἠνειδισα: pf. ἠνείδικα:—Pass., with fut. med. ὀνειδισομαι: (ὀνειδος): —to throw a reproach upon, cast in one's teeth, object or impute something to one, Lat. obijcere. 2. to reproach, upbraid.

ὀνειδισμα, τό, (ὀνειδίω) a reproach.

ὀνειδισμός, ό, (ὀνειδίω) a reproaching: reproach.

ὀνειδιστήρ, ἦρος, ό, (ὀνειδίω) a reproacher, upbraider: as masc. Adj. reproachful.

*ONEIAOΞ, τό, any report or character, whether good or bad, like Lat. fama: but commonly, reproach, blame. 2. matter of reproach, a reproach, disgrace.

ὀνειος, ov, (ὄνος) of an ass; ὄνειον γάλα ass's milk.

ὀνειράτα, τά, used as pl. of ὄνειρον.

ὀνειρεος, α, ov, (ὄνειρος) dreamy, of dreams; ἐν δειρείῃσι πύλῃσι at the gates of dreams.

ὄνειρο-κριτής, ου, ό, (ὄνειρος, κριτής) an interpreter of dreams.

ὄνειρό-μαντις, εως, ό, ἡ, (ὄνειρος, μάντις) an interpreter of dreams.

ὄνειρον, τό, collat. form of ὄνειρος, a dream: the pl. mostly in use is ὀνειράτα, -άτων, -αι: and from these a sing. gen. and dat., ὀνειράτος, -ατι were formed, as if from a nom. ὀνειραp.

ὄνειροπολέω, f. ἦσω, to be absorbed in dreams: c. acc. to dream of, as, ἵππων of horses. II. to cheat by dreams. From

ὄνειρο-πόλος, ov, (ὄνειρος, πολέω) versed in dreams: as Subst., ὀνειροπόλος, ό, an interpreter of dreams.

*ONEIPOΞ, ό, a dream: also the subject of a dream: cf. ὄναp, ὄνειρον. 2. as prop. n., *Ονειρος, god of dreams.

ὄνειρο-σκοπός, ov, (ὄνειρος, σκοπέω) an interpreter of dreams.

ὄνειρο-φαντός, ov, (ὄνειρος, φαίνομαι) appearing in dreams, haunting one's dreams.

ὄνειρο-φρων, ovος, ό, ἡ, (ὄνειρος, φρήν) understanding dreams.

ὄνειρώσω Att. -πτω, (ὄνειρος) to dream.

ὄνέω, (ὄνος II) to draw up with a windlass, to haul up.

ὄν-ηγός Dor. ὄν-αγός, ό, (ὄνος, ἡγέομαι) an ass-driver.

ὄν-ηλάτης [ἄ], ov, ό, (ὄνος, ἐλαύνω) an ass-driver.

ὀνήσις, aor. 2 part. med. of ὀνίημι; ὀνησα, Ep. for ὀνήσα, aor. I; ὀνήσει, 3 sing. fut.

ὀνήσιμος, ov, (ὀνήσις) useful, profitable: aiding, succouring.

ὀνήσις, εως, ἡ, (ὀνίημι) profit, advantage, service: enjoyment, delight.

*ONΘOΞ, ό, dirt, dung.

ὄνία, ἡ, Aeol. for ἄνια.

ὀνίδιον, τό, Dim. of ὄνος, a little ass, donkey.

ὀνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄνος) of or for an ass; ὀνικός μύλος a mill-stone turned by an ass, larger than the stones of the common hand-mills.

ὀνίημι, ὀνίης, ὀνίσησι, inf. ὀνίναναι [ἄ], part. ὀνίνας: fut. ὀνήσω: aor. I ὤνησα: as if from obsol.

*ONE'Ω:—Med. and Pass. ὀνίναμαι, impf. ὀνίναμην: fut. ὀνήσομαι: aor. 2 ὤνημην, -ησο, -ητο, or ὀνάμην; —to thrive, prosper, opt. ὀνάμην, inf. ὀνάσθαι, part. ὀνήμενος: aor. I ὤνηθην. I. Act. to profit, benefit, help, support; and, like Lat. juvo, to gratify, delight.

II. Med. to have profit or advantage, to enjoy help; esp. to have delight or enjoyment: c. gen. to enjoy, have enjoyment or pleasure of a thing. 2. freq. in aor. 2 opt. ὀναίμην, αιο, αιτο, to express good wishes, οὗτος ὀναίμην so may I thrive! ὄναιο, Lat. sis felix! mayest thou be happy! also with χάριν, ὄναιο τοῦ γενναίου χάριν bless thee for thy noble spirit: so also in phrase ἰσθλός μοι δοκεῖ εἶναι, ὀνήμενος (sub. εἴη or ἔστω), he seems brave, may he be fortunate!:—also ironical, ὄναιο μέντ' ἂν εἴ τις ἐκπλυνεῖ σε you would however be the better for it, if one were to wash you.

ὄνις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὄνος) ass's dung.

ὄνυτο, 3 sing. pres. opt. of ὄνομαι.

*ONOMA, ἄτος, τό, Ion. οὐνομα Aeol. ὄνυμα:—Lat. NOMEN, a name; ὄνομα θεῖναι τινι to give one a name; ὄνομα φέρεσθαι to bear a name; ὄνομα καλεῖν τινα to call one by a name. II. name, fame, report, whether good or bad. III. name, as opp. to reality, esp. opp. to ἔργον, like λόγος. 2. a false name, pretence, pretext; ἐπ' ὀνόματι under the pretence.

IV. ὄνομα is also used with the names of persons, for the person, like κάρα, as ὦ φίλτατον ὄνομα Πολυνείκους. V. a word, expression: a saying. VI. in Grammar, a noun, Lat. nomen, opp. to ῥήμα, Lat. verbum, a verb.

ὀνομάζω Ion. οὐνομάζω: fut. ὀνομάσω Aeol. ὀνυμάζω; aor. I ὀνόμασα: pf. ὀνόμακα:—Pass., aor. I ὀνομάσθην: pf. ὀνόμασμαι: (ὄνομα):—to name, speak of, call or address by name. 2. to name or speak of, as opp. to doing, as ὄνομα opp. to ἔργον. 3. to call one by a name, ὀνομάζειν τινά τι; also σοφιστήν ὀνομάζουσιν τὸν ἄνδρα εἶναι they call the man a sophist by name: ὀνομάζειν ἀπὸ or ἐκ τινος to name or call from or after another; so also ἐπὶ τινος or τινι:—Med. to have one called by a name, name:—Pass. to be called by a name.

*ONOMAI, 2 sing. ὄνοσαι, 3 pl. ὄνονται; imperat. ὄνοσο, 3 sing. opt. ὄνοιτο: fut. ὀνόσομαι Ep. ὀνόσομαι: aor. I ὀνοσάμην, opt. ὀνοσάμην, αιο, αιτο, Ep. inf. ὀνόσασθαι; also aor. I pass. ὀνόσθην: Homer has also Ep. 2 pl. pres. οὐνεσθε, 3 sing. aor. I ὀνάτο: Dep.:—to blame, reject, find fault, be discontented with, scorn: c. gen., οὐδ' ὥς σε ἔολπα ὀνόσσεσθαι κακότητος not even thus do I fancy that thou wilt be discontented with thy ill fortune.

ὄνομαῖνα, fut. ὀνομήνω Ion. οἰνομανέω: aor. I ὀνόμηνα Ep. ὀνόμηνα: (ὄνομα):—poët. for ὀνομάζω, to name, call by name, Lat. *nominare*: also, to give a name to, call by a name. 2. to promise to do. 3. to name, appoint. 4. to pronounce, utter.

ὄνομα-κληθῆναι, Adv. (ὄνομα, καλέω) calling by name, by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

ὄνομα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ὄνομα, κλυτός) of famous name, renowned. II. act. celebrating.

ὄνομαστῖ, Adv. (ὀνομάζω) by name, Lat. *nominatim*. ὄνομαστός Ion. οὖν-, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀνομάζω) named: to be named, to be mentioned. II. of name or note, famous, glorious: of things, memorable.

ὄνοματο-λόγος, ὁ, (ὄνομα, λέγω) one who tells people's names, Lat. *nomenclator*. ὀνόμηνα, Ep. aor. I of ὀνομαῖνα.

*ΟΝΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, an ass, Lat. *asinus, asina*: Proverbs: *περὶ ὄνου σκιάς* for an ass's shadow, like Lat. *de lana caprina*, i.e. for a mere trifling: ὄνου πόκαι ass's wool, like ὀρνίθων γάλα, of something not existing. II. from the ass being a beast of burden, the name was applied to. I. a windlass, crane, pulley. 2. the upper millstone. III. a beaker, wine-cup, prob. from its shape.

ὄνοσσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of ὄνομαι. ὄνοσσεσθαι, Ep. for ὀνόσσεσθαι, fut. inf. of ὄνομαι.

ὄνόστῃ, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄνομαι) to be blamed or scorned. ὄνοτάζω, like ὄνομαι, to blame, rail at.

ὄνοτός, ἡ, ὄν, for ὄνοστός. ὄνο-φορβός, ὄν, (ὄνος, φέρβω) an ass-keeper.

ὄντα, τὰ, pl. part. neut. of εἰμί, the things which actually exist, the present, opp. to the past and future:—also reality, truth. II. that which one has, property, fortune.

ὄντως, Adv. part. of εἰμί *sum*, really, actually. ὄνυμα, τό, Aeol. for ὄνομα. Hence

ὄνυμάζω, ὄνυμαῖνα, Aeol. for ὄνομα-. ὄνυξ, ὄνυχος, ὁ, dat. pl. ὄνυξι Ep. ὄνυχεςσι: I. in pl. the talons of a bird of prey: also in sing., of beasts of prey, a claw; of human beings, a nail, Lat. *unguis*; of cattle, a hoof: ὄνυχας ἐπ' ἄκρους στήναι to stand on tip-toe, Lat. *summis digitis*. 2. ἐξ ἀπαλῶν ὄνυχων, Horace's *de tenero ungui*, from a tender age. II. a gem streaked with veins, an onyx: also any vessel made of it.

ὄνυχεςσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ὄνυξ. ὀξέ-αλη, ἡ, (ὀξος, ἄλμη) a sauce made of vinegar and brine.

ὀξέα, Ion. for ὀξεία, fem. of ὀξέσι:—ὀξέσι, dat. pl. ὀξέως, Adv. of ὀξέσι, sharply.

ὀξηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ὀξος) of or for vinegar; κέραμος ὀξηρός a jar for vinegar.

ὀξίνης [X], es, (ὀξος) sour, of wine. 2. metaph. sour-tempered, crabbed.

ὀξίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὀξος) a vinegar-cruet, Lat. *acetabulum*. II. a sort of shrimp.

ὀξος, eos, τό, (ὀξέσι) sour wine: vinegar, Lat. *acetum*.

*ΟΞΥΨΑ or ὀξύη, a kind of beech. II. a spear-shaft made from its wood: generally, a spear.

ὀξύ-βάφων, τό, (ὀξύς, βάπτω) a vinegar-saucer, Lat. *acetabulum*: a shallow dish or saucer.

ὀξύ-βελής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, βέλος) sharp-pointed: generally, pointed, rough.

ὀξύ-βόας and ὀξύ-βόης, ov, ὁ, (ὀξύς, βοάω) shrill-screaming: sharp-buzzing.

ὀξύ-γῶσος, ov, (ὀξύς, γῶσος) shrill-wailing.

ὀξύ-δερκής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, δέркоμαι) sharp-sigbled, quick-sigbled: Sup. ὀξυδερκέστατος.

ὀξύ-δουπος, ov, (ὀξύς, δοῦπος) sharp-sounding, shrill-sounding.

ὀξύ-ἔειρος, ov, (ὀξύς, ἔειρα) with sharp, pointed hair: irreg. plur. ὀξυέειρες.

ὀξύ-θηκτος, ov, (ὀξύς, θήγω) sharp-edged, sharp-pointed: metaph. sharply goaded.

ὀξύθυμῶ, f. ἦσω, (ὀξύθυμος) to be quick to anger, quick-tempered:—also as Pass. to be provoked. Hence

ὀξύθυμία, ἡ, quickness to anger, choler.

ὀξύ-θυμός, ov, (ὀξύς, θυμός) quick to anger, quick-tempered, passionate, choleric.

ὀξύ-κάρδιος, ov, (ὀξύς, καρδία) quick-tempered.

ὀξύ-κίνητος, ov, (ὀξύς, κινέω) moved quickly. [X]

ὀξύ-κομος, ov, (ὀξύς, κόμη) with pointed hair: of plants, with prickly leaves.

ὀξύ-κωκύτος, ov, (ὀξύς, κωκύω) loudly wailed.

ὀξύλαβεῖν, (ὀξυλαβής) to seize quickly: to seize the opportunity.

ὀξύ-λαβής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, λαβεῖν) seizing quickly.

ὀξύ-λάλος, ov, (ὀξύς, λαλέω) glib-tongued.

ὀξύ-μελής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, μέλος) clear-singing.

ὀξύ-μέριμος, ov, (ὀξύς, μέριμνα) keenly laboured or studied.

ὀξύ-μήνιτος, ov, (ὀξύς, μηνίω) quickly roused to wrath: φόνος ὀξυμήνιτος murder in hot blood.

ὀξύ-μολπος, ov, (ὀξύς, μολπή) clear-singing.

ὀξύ-μωπος, ov, (ὀξύς, μῶπος) pointedly foolish:—as Subst. ὀξύμαρον, τό, a remark that seems to contradict itself, a paradox, such as, insaniens sapientia or concordia discors.

ὀξυνθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ὀξύνω. ὀξυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a sharpener. From

ὀξύνω, f. ὠνώ, (ὀξύς) to make sharp or pointed, to sharpen. 2. metaph. to spur on, stimulate, sharpen: also to provoke:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὀξυέας, εσσα, εν, poët. for ὀξύς, sharp-pointed; or from ὀξέα with beechen shaft.

ὀξύ-δοστράκος, ov, (ὀξύς, δοστράκον) with a sharp jagged shell.

ὀξύ-παγής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, παγῆναι) sharp-pointed.

ὀξύ-πενκτής, ἐς, (ὀξύς, πένκην) sharp-pointed.

ὀξύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὀξύς, πούς) swift-footed.

ὀξύ-πρῶπος, ov, (ὀξύς, πρῶπα) having a sharp prow: generally, with a sharp front or point.

ὀξύ-ρετής, ἐς, poët. for ὀξυρετής,=ὀξύρροπος.

ὀξύρ-ροπος, ov, (ὀξύς, βέπω) quick-turning, nicely

poised, of a delicate balance; *easily swayed*: metaph. *easily roused or led on*, Lat. *propensus*.

ῥΟΕΥ'Σ, δέξα Ion. δέξα, δέξ, *sharp, keen, pointed*; λίθος δέξα a *sharpened stone* for a knife; ἐς δέξ ἀπγ-μένον brought to a point; τὸ δέξ the *sharp point* or *vertex* of a triangle.

II. of impressions on the senses, *sharp, keen, piercing*; of the sun, like *rapidus sol* in Virgil, *dazzling*. 2. of sight, *keen, piercing*; δέξτατον δέκκεσθαι to be *most keen* of sight; δέξ ἀκούειν to be *quick* of hearing. 3. of sound, *sharp, shrill*, opp. to βαῖς.

4. of taste, *sharp, pungent*. 5. of pain or grief, *sharp, piercing*. III. *quick, sharp, keen, basty*, esp. *quick to anger*. IV. of motion, *quick, swift*.—Besides Adv. δέξως, the neut. δέξ, and pl. δέξά, are often used as Adv. *sharply*, etc.

δξύ-στομος, ov, (δξύς, στόμα) *sharp-toothed*; of the gad-fly, *sharp-stinging*; of a sword, *keen-edged*.

δξύ-τενής, ές, (δξύς, τείνω) = δξύτενος.

δξύτης, ητος, ή, (δξύς) *sharpness, pointedness*. II. of sound, *highness of pitch or tone*. 2. of taste, *pungency*. III. metaph. *sharpness, cleverness*. 2. of action, *quickness, haste*.

δξύ-τόμος, ov, (δξύς, τεμείν) *sharp-cutting, keen*.

δξύ-τονος, ov, (δξύς, τόνος) *stretched to a point*: *sharp, piercing*; violent. II. *having the acute accent*, i. e. accent on the last syllable, *oxytone*.

δξύ-τόρος, ov, (δξύς, τείρω) *piercing, pointed, prickly*.

δξύ-φθογγος, ov, (δξύς, φθόγγος) = δξύφανος.

δξύ-φρων, ovos, δ, ή, (δξύς, φρήν) *sharp-witted*.

δξύ-φωνος, ov, (δξύς, φωνή) *with clear, shrill voice*.

δξύ-χειρ, ηχειρος, δ, ή, (δξύς, χείρ) *quick of hand*. 2.

δξύ-χνης κτύπος a sound of *quick-beating with the bands*.

δξύ-χολος, ov, (δξύς, χόλος) *quick to anger*.

δξύ-ωπής, ές, (δξύς, ὦψ) *sharp-sighted*.

δοῦ, Dor. for οῦ, gen. of δς or δ.

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ὀπισθό-δετος, *ον*, (ὀπισθε, δέω) *bound behind or backwards.*

ὀπισθό-δομος, *δ*, (ὀπισθε, δόμος) *the back chamber of a temple: at Athens the cella of the old temple of Athena in the citadel, used as the treasury.*

ὀπισθο-νόμος, *ον*, (ὀπισθε, νέμω) *grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting forwards.*

ὀπισθο-νύγης, *ἐς*, (ὀπισθε, νυγῆναι) *pricking from behind.*

ὀπισθό-πους, *δ, ἡ*, *πουν, τό*, *gen. ποδος*, (ὀπισθε, ποῖς) *walking behind, following, attendant.*

ὀπισθοφύλαξ, *ῖ*, *ἦσω*, (ὀπισθοφύλαξ) *to guard the rear, form the rear-guard.* II. *to command the rear-guard.* Hence

ὀπισθοφύλακία, *ἡ*, *the command of the rear.*

ὀπισθο-φύλαξ, *ἄκος, δ, ἡ*, (ὀπισθε, φύλαξ) *one who watches behind: οἱ ὀπισθοφύλακες the rear-guard of an army.*

ὀπίσω, *Adv., Ep. for ὀπίω.*

ὀπίστατος, *η, ον*, (ὀπισθε) *bindmost, Lat. postremus.*

ὀπίω *Ep. ὀπίσω, Adv. (ὀπισ) of Place, behind, backwards: τὸ ὀπίω, contr. τοῦπίω, also eis τοῦπίω, backwards.* 2. *as Prep. with gen. after, behind.* II. *of Time, afterwards, hereafter.* III. *over again, again.* [Γ]

ὀπλᾶς, *Dor. for ὀπλῆς, gen. of ὀπλή.*

ὀπλέω, (ὅπλον) *poët. for ὀπλίζω, to make ready.*

ὀπλή, *ἡ*, (ὅπλον) *a boof, properly the solid boof of a horse: but also the cloven boof of horned cattle.*

ὀπλήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (ὅπλον) *armed.*

Ὀπλητες, *οἱ*, = ὀπλίται, *name of one of the four old tribes at Athens.*

ὀπλίζω, *ῖ*, *ἴω* *Att. ἰω: aor. ὤπλισα Ep. ὤπλισσα: —Med., Ep. aor. I ὤπλισσάμην: —Pass., aor. I ὤπλίσσην, Ep. 3 pl. ὤπλισθεν: pf. ὤπλισμαι: —to make or get ready: of meats, to dress: so in Med., δόρπον ὀπλίσεσθαι to prepare one a meal: of horses, to get ready, harness: of soldiers, to equip, arm, harness: also, to train, exercise.* 2. *to arm as ὀπλίται.* II. *Pass. to get ready, be ready: to arm, prepare for battle.* Hence

ὀπλῖς, *ἡ*, *a preparing for war, equipment, accoutrement, arming.*

ὀπλισμα, *ατος, τό*, (ὀπλίζω) *equipment, armour.* II. *an army, armament.*

ὀπλισμός, *δ*, (ὀπλίζω) = ὀπλῖς.

ὀπλιστέον, *verb. Adj. of ὀπλίζω, one must arm.*

ὀπλιστής, *οὔ, δ*, (ὀπλίζω) *of a warrior.*

ὀπλιτ-ἀγωγός, *όν*, (ὀπλίτης, ἀγω) *commanding the heavy-armed.*

ὀπλιτεύω, *ῖ*, *σω*, *to be an ὀπλίτης, serve as a heavy-armed soldier.* From

ὀπλίτης [Γ], *ου, δ*, (ὅπλον II. 2) *heavy-armed, armed in full armour: ὀπλίτης στρατός an armed host.* II. *as Subst., ὀπλίτης, ου, δ*, *a heavy-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δόρυ), and a large shield (ὅπλον),*

a man-at-arms: opp. to light-armed troops, ψιλοί or γυμνήτες, γυμνῆται. Hence

ὀπλιτικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *of or for a heavy-armed soldier: τὸ ὀπλικόν = οἱ ὀπλίται.*

ὅπλομαι, *Med. (ὅπλον) poët. for ὀπλίζομαι, to get ready for oneself.*

ὀπλομάνειν, *ῖ*, *ἦσω*, *to be madly fond of arms, have a mania for war.* From

ὀπλο-μάνης, *ἐς*, (ὅπλον, μανῆναι) *madly fond of arms.*

ὀπλομαχία, *ἡ*, *the art of using heavy arms: generally, the art of war, tactics.* From

ὀπλο-μάχος, *ον*, (ὅπλα, μάχομαι) *fighting in heavy arms.* II. *one who drills soldiers.*

ὈΠΛΟΝ, *τό*, *any tool or implement:* I. *a ship's tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords: ὅπλα χαλκῆα a blacksmith's tools: ἀούρης ὅπλον a sickle: ὅπλον γεροντικόν a staff.* II. *mostly in plur. implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, harness, armour: rarely in sing. a weapon: ἐν ὅπλοις μένειν to remain under arms.* 2. *in sing. mostly the heavy shield used by Greek foot-soldiers, whence the name ὀπλίται.* 3. *τὰ ὅπλα, = ὀπλίται, heavy-armed soldiers.* 4. *τὰ ὅπλα also, the camp, quarters.*

ὀπλότερος, *α, ον*, and ὀπλότατος, *η, ον*, *Comp. and Sup. without any Posit. in use: poët. for νεώτερος, νεώτατος: (ὅπλα): —those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service, opp. to the old men and children: —then, generally, of age, ὀπλότερος γενεῇ younger by birth, Lat. minor natu: —also, ἄνδρες ὀπλότεροι men of later days.*

ὀπλοφόρος, *ῖ*, *ἦσω*, *to bear heavy arms, be a heavy-armed soldier: —Pass. to have a body-guard.* From

ὀπλο-φόρος, *ον*, (ὅπλα, φέρω) *bearing arms, armed: as Subst., ὀπλοφόρος, δ*, *an armed man, a warrior.* II. *one of the body-guard.*

ὀποδάποιος, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ποδάπος) *relat. Adj. what sort of a person, esp. of what country, Lat. cujus.*

ὀπόθεν *Ep. ὀππόθεν* *Ion. ὀκόθεν, relat. Adv. whence, from what place.*

ὀπόθι *Ep. ὀππόθι, relat. Adv. (πόθι) where.*

ὅποι *Ion. ἵκοι, relat. Adv. of Place, whither, thither where: ὅποι ποτέ whithersoever: μέχρι ὅποι up to what place, how far.* 2. *c. gen., ὅποι γῆς whither in the world, Lat. quo terrarum.* II. *of Manner, for ὅπως, how, how far.*

ὀποιός, *α, ον*, *Ep. ὀπποιός, η, ον*, *Ion. ὀκοῖος, η, ον: (ποιός) relat. Adj. of what sort, kind, or quality, Lat. qualis.* II. *the correlat. of ὀποιός is τοῖος: τοῖος .. ὀποιός such as: ὀπποιόν κ' εἴρησθα ἔπος, τοῖόν κ' ἐπακούσῃς such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt thou hear again.* III. *ὀποιός τις* refers to a special subject: *ὀποιός τις ἢ what manner of man was he.*

IV. *ὀποιός οὖν* *of what kind soever, Lat. qualisque.* V. *Adv. ὀποιώς: also in neut. pl. ὀποῖα, like as, Lat. qualiter.*

ὈΠΟΣ, *οὔ, δ*, *juice, esp. of trees or plants, the milky*

juice, resin, or gum: the acid juice of the fig-tree:—metaph., ὀπός ἦβης the juicy freshness of youth.

ὀπός, gen. of ὄψ.

ὀποσάκις, Adv. (ὀπόσος) as many times as . . . , as often as . . . [ἀ]

ὀποσάχῃ, Adv. (ὀπόσος) at as many places as . . .

ὀπόσε Ep. ὀππόσε, Adv., poet. for ὅποι, whither.

ὀπόσος, η, ον, Ep. ὀππόσος, ὀπόσος, ὀππόσος Ion. ὀκόσος: (πόσος): relat. Adj., I. of Number, as many, as many as . . . , Lat. quot. II. of Space, as large, as large as . . . , Lat. quantum.

ὀπότ' ἂν Ep. ὀππότ' ἂν, for ὀπότ' ἂν, (πότε): Conj. followed by subjunctive, whensoever, Lat. quando-cunque.

ὀπότε Ep. ὀππότε Ion. ὀκότε, relat. Conj. when, Lat. quando. II. in causal sense, for that, because, since.

ὀπότερος, α, ον, Ep. ὀππότερος, η, ον: (πότερος):—which of two, whether of the twain, Lat. uter: also which of us two, which of you two. 2. ὀπότερο-σούν and ὀπότερος δήποτε, whichever of the two, Lat. utervis, uterlibet, utercunque. 3. neut. ὀπότερον and ὀπότερα as Adv., for ὀπότερας, in whichever of two ways: also for πότερον, whether, Lat. utrum, when there is choice of two things. II. one of two, Lat. alteruter. Hence

ὀπότεράθε, —θεν Ep. ὀπποτ—, relat. Adv. from which of the two, from whether of the twain.

ὀπότερας, relat. Adv. in whichever of two ways.

ὀπότεράσε, relat. Adv. (ὀπότερος) to which or whichever of two sides; in which of two ways.

ὀπου Ion. ὅκου, relat. Adv. where, Lat. ubi. 2.

also c. gen., ὅπου γῆς where in the world, Lat. ubi terrarum. 3. ἔσθ' ὅπου there are places, where . . . , i. e. in some places, somewhere, as Lat. est ubi . . . , for alicubi.

4. ὅπου ἂν or ὅπουπερ ἂν, wherever:—ὀπουοῦν, ὀπουδῇ, ὀπουδῆποτε, wheresoever, Lat. ubicunque.

II. of Time, like Lat. ubi, when, at the time when.

III. of Manner, how. IV. Causal, because, since, Lat. quando, quoniam. (Really gen. of an old Pron. *ὀπος.)

ὀππα, Adv. poet. for ὅπα, Dor. for ὅπη.

ὀππατα, Dor. for ὀμματα.

ὀππη, Adv., Ep. for ὅπη.

ὀππόθεν, ὀππόθι, Ep. for ὀπόθεν, ὀπόθι.

ὀπποῖος, ὀππόσε, Ep. for ὀποῖος, ὀπόσε.

ὀππόκις, Dor. for ὀπότε.

ὀππόσος, η, ον, Ep. for ὀπόσος.

ὀππόταν, ὀππότ' ἂν, Ep. for ὀπόταν, ὀπότ' ἂν.

ὀππότε, Ep. for ὀπότε.

ὀππότερος, ὀππότεράθεν, Ep. for ὀποτ—.

ὀππως, Ep. for ὀπως.

ὀππάλιος, α, ον, (ὀπτάω) roasted: also baked.

ὀππάλιον, τό, (ὀπτάω) a kitchen.

ὀππάλσις, ἡ, (ὀψομαι) a sight, a vision.

ὀΠΤΑΩ, impf. ὀπταν: f. ὀπτήσω:—Pass., aor. ἰ ὀπτήθην: pf. ὀπτήμαι:—to roast or broil meat; opp. to ἔψω, to boil. 2. to bake bread; also of pottery, to bake or burn. 3. to bake, barden by

exposure to the sun.

scorch, burn.

ὀπτεύμενος, Dor. for ὀπτάμενος, pres. pass. part. of ὀπτάω.

ὀπτεύω, = ὀράω, to see.

ὀπτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὀψομαι) one who looks after a thing, a spy, Lat. speculator.

ὀπτήριος, α, ον, (ὀψομαι) of or belonging to sight; τὰ ὀπτήρια (sub. δῶρα), presents made by the bridegroom on seeing the bride without the veil: generally, presents upon seeing or to see a person.

ὀπ(τ)λος [τ], ὄ, (ὀψομαι) the eye; Dor. also ὀπτίλλος.

*ὀπτομαι, obsol. pres. whence the tenses of ὀράω are formed: see ὀράω.

ὀπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀπτάω) roasted: generally, prepared by fire, baked; ἐφθὰ καὶ ὀπτά boiled meats and roast: also of pottery, etc., baked or burned.

ὀΠΥΓΩ Att. ὀπύω, f. ὕσω [ῶ]: I. Act. of the man, to marry, wed, take to wife, have to wife: ὀνύοντες married men, opp. to the unmarried (ἡ-θεοί).

II. Pass., of the woman, to be married, become a wife.

ὀπωπα, Ion. pf. med. of ὀράω: Dor. 3 sing. ὀπώπη.

ὀπωπή, ἡ, (ὀπωπα) poet. for ὄψις, a sight, view, vision.

II. sight, power of seeing.

ὀπωπητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὀπωπα) a spy, looker out.

ὀΠΩΡΑ Ion. ὀωρή, ἡ, properly the part of the year between the rising of Sirius and of Arcturus, the end of summer: it was the rainy and stormy season.

II. from being the fruit-time, ὀπώρα also means the fruit itself, esp. tree-fruit. III. metaph. the vigour of life, ripe manhood.

ὀπωριεύντες, Ion. for ὀπωριούντες, part. Att. fut. of ὀπαρίζω.

ὀπωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ὀπώρα) to gather fruits. II. to gather fruits off a tree.

ὀπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀπώρα) of or at the time of early autumn, autumnal; ἀστήρ ὀπωρινός the summer-star, dog-star, also Σείριος, whose rising marked the beginning of ὀπώρα. [τ is long Ep., when last syll. is long.]

ὀπωροφόρῳ, f. ἴσω, to bear fruit. From

ὀπωρο-φόρος, ον, (ὀπώρα η, φέρω) bearing fruit.

ὀπως Ep. ὀππως Ion. ὅπως:—relat. Conj. of Manner, how, in what way or manner, Lat. quomodo. 2.

sometimes put for ὅλος, as, τοῖον με ἔθηκεν, ὅπως ἐθέλει, for οἷον ἐθέλει, as I have made me such as he wills.

3. ὅπως ἔχω as I am, i. e. immediately, on the spot.

4. c. gen., σοῦσθε ὅπως ποδῶν (sub. ἔχετε), run as you are off for feet, i. e. as quick as you can.

5. ὀπωσθῇ, ὀπωσούν, ὀπωσθηποτούν, ὀπωστιούν, howsoever, in what manner soever; so, οὐδ' ὀπωστιούν, not in any way whatever, not in the least.

6. οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως it is not (i. e. cannot be) that . . . ; but, οὐκ ἔσθ' ὅπως οὐ, Lat. non fieri potest quin . . . , it cannot but be that . . .

II. like Lat. ut, of Time, when, as, so soon as; Τρῶες ἐπρίρησαν, ὅπως ἴδον αἰόλον ὄφιν the Trojans shuddered when they saw,

III. like ὡς and ὅτι, Lat. quam, with Sup.

of Adv. *ὥπως τάχιστα* as quickly as possible, Lat. *quam celerrime*; *ὥπως ἄριστα* as well as possible.

B. *ὥπως* as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, *that, in order that, so that*, Lat. *quo, ut*, followed,

I. by the Subjunct. when the anteced. Verb is of pres. time, as, *ὄρᾳ ὥπως γένηται* he is looking *that* he may be; *πείρα, ὥπως κεν ἵκηαι* keep trying *that* thou mayest come.—also elliptically (sub. *ὄρα, ὅρατε*, etc.) to express a caution, usually with *μή*, as, *ὥπως τοῦτο γε μή ποιήσῃς*, [see] thou do it not; so also with indicat. fut., *ὥπως ἄνδρες ἔσεσθε* see *that* ye be men!

II. by the Optat., if the anteced. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, *ἔλεγον (εἶπον) ὥπως γένοιτο* I kept speaking (spoke) *that* it might be done.

III. by the Indicat. fut.; *θέλγει ὥπως Ἰθάκης ἐπιλήσεται* she beguiles him *with the view that* he should forget Ithaca; also to convey a caution, *δεῖ σ' ὥπως δέξῃς*.

IV. in Att. occurs the phrase *οὐχ ὥπως*, *ἀλλὰ ὃ ἢ ἀλλὰ καὶ . . . not only not so, but . . .*, οὐχ ὥπως χάριν αὐτοῖς ἔχεις, *ἀλλὰ καὶ κατὰ τούτων πολιτεύει* you *not only are not* grateful to them, *but* you are even taking measures against them;—in full, οὐ λέγω ὥπως I do not say *that*, etc.; so, οὐχ ὥπως, ἀλλ' οὐδέ *not only not so, but* not at all. V. *ὥπως μή*, = the Conjunction *μή*; generally used only with aor. 2 subj., or with indicat. fut.

ὄρας, Ep. for ὄρᾱς, 2 sing. of ὄράω.

ὄραμα, τό, (ὄράω) *that which is seen, a view, sight*.

ὄραμνος, ὁ, later form of ὀρόδαμνος.

ὄρασις, εως, ἡ, (ὄράω) *seeing, the sense of sight*.

ὄρατός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄράω) *to be seen, visible*; τὰ ὀρατὰ *visible objects*.

'ΟΡΑΩ, impf. Att. ἔωρων: Ion. ὄρέω impf. ἄρεον: Ep. also ὄρώ: pf. ὄρακα later ἑώρακα, pass. ἑόραμαι later ἑώραμαι. Other tenses are supplied from the Root *ΟΙΠΤ-ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ὀψομαι, with a rare aor. I ὤψαην: Pass., fut. ὀφθίσσομαι: aor. I ὤφθην inf. ὀφθῆναι: pf. ὤμμαι, ὤμαι, ὠπται, inf. ὠφθαι: there is also in Ep. a perf. med. ὠπασα, plqpf. ὠπῶπειν from the same Root. Lastly, from the Root *ΙΔΩ are formed also aor. 2 act. εἶδον inf. ἰδεῖν: aor. 2 med. εἶδομην, inf. ἰδέσθαι: pf. with pres. sense ὦδα, ὠστα, ἰ know, etc., inf. εἰδέναι (see ὦδα).

To see, to look; κατ' αὐτοῖς αἰὲν ὄρα (3 Ep. impf.) *be kept looking* continually at them.

2. to have sight, like βλέπω, opp. to μὴ ὄραν to be blind; δὲ ἂν λέγοιμεν, πάνθ' ὄρῶντα λέξομαι my words *shall have eyes*, i. e. shall have meaning; ἐν σκοτίῳ ὀφθαίον *may they have sight* in darkness, i. e. may they be blind.

3. to see, look to, take heed, beware, mostly in Imperat. ὄρα εἰ . . . 4. c. acc. cognato, ὄραν ἀλκάν to look prowess, look like a warrior.

5. trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; ὄραν φάος Ἡελίοιο (Hom.), and φῶς ὄραν (Att.) to see the light, i. e. to be alive.

II. Pass. to be seen, also to appear; c. part., ὤφθημεν ὅντες ἀλλοιοι *we were*

seen to be wretched: τὰ ὀράμενα *things visible*. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

ὀργάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ὀργασα: pf. pass. ὠργασμαι: (ὀργάω):—to soften, knead, mould, Lat. subigo.

ὀργαῖνον, f. ἄνῳ: aor. I ὠργάνα: (ὀργή):—to make angry, enrage.

II. intr. to grow or be angry. ὀργάνιον, τό, Dim. of ὀργάνον, a small tool or instrument.

ὀργάνον, τό, (ἔργον) an instrument, implement, tool, engine; λαῖνα Ἀμφίονος ὄργανα the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes.

II. a musical instrument. III. the material of a work. IV. the work, product itself.

ὀργάνος, η, ον, (*ἔργω) working, fashioning.

ὀργάς (sub. γῆ), ἄδος, ὅ, (ὀργάω) a well-watered, fertile tract of land, a meadow.

ὀργάω, (ὀργή) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. inf., ὀργᾶ ἀμύσθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting.

II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at heat: to be excited, passionate. 2. c. gen. to yearn or long for.

ὀργεῶν, ὠνος, Ep. ὀργεῶν, ὠνος, ὁ, (ὀργία) a priest.

ὀργή, ἡ, (ὀρέω) impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper, esp. in pl., ὀργαὶ ἀσυνόμοι social dispositions.

II. any violent emotion or passion, anger, wrath; ὀργῇ χρᾶσθαι to indulge one's anger; ὀργὴν ἄκρος prone to anger, passionate: ὀργῇ as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so also δι' ὀργῆς, κατ' ὀργήν, μετ' ὀργῆς, πρὸς ὀργήν. 2. Πανὸς ὀργαί panic passions, terrors.

ὀργία, ἰων, τά, (ἔργον) only used in pl., secret rites, secret worship, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis: also the rites of Bacchus, orgies.

II. any rites, worship, sacrifice. 2. any mysteries, without reference to religion. Hence

ὀργιάζω, f. ἄσω, to celebrate orgies. II. to solemnise or celebrate any sacred rites.

ὀργίζω, f. ἰώ Att. ἰώ: aor. I ὠργισα: (ὀργή):—to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate.

II. Pass., with fut. med. ὀργιούμαι, but also pass. ὀργισθήσομαι: aor. I ὠργίσθην: pf. ὠργισμαι:—to grow angry, be wroth.

ὀργίλος [γ], η, ον, (ὀργή) prone to anger, passionate. ὀργο-φάντης, ου, ὁ, (ὀργία, φαίνω) one who initiates others into orgies.

ὀργυῖα ὃ ὀργυῖά, ἡ, (formed from ὀρέω, as ἀγυῖα from ἀγῶ) the length of the outstretched arms.

2. as a measure of length, = 4 πήχεις or 6 feet 1 inch, about our fathom: 100 ὀργυῖα make one stadium. Hence

ὀργυῖαιος, α, ον, a fathom long or large.

ὀρεγμα, ατος, τό, (ὀρέω) a stretching out: a holding out, offering.

ὀρεγγύνω, = ὀρέγω, whence ὀρεγγύς (part. pres.)

'ΟΡΕΤΩ, fut. ὀρέξω: aor. I ὠρεξα:—to reach, stretch out, extend, Lat. porrigo: to stretch out the

hands in entreaty. 2. to reach out, hand, offer, give.

II. med. ὀρέγομαι, with aor. I med. ὤρεξάμην, and pass. ὤρέχθην; pf. pass. ὤρηνεγμαι:—to stretch oneself out, reach out; χερσὶ ὀρέξασθαι to reach with the hands; ὀρέξασθαι ἔγχει to lunge, thrust out with the spear; ποσσὶν ὀρρέχεται (pf.) πολεμίζειν of horses, they stretched themselves with their feet (i. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; ὀρέξαι' ἰὼν be stretched himself as he went, i. e. went at full stride. 2. c. gen. to reach at or to a thing, grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaph. to reach after, grasp at, desire. 3. c. acc. to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, wound: to band to oneself, reach for oneself.

ὄρει-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (ὄρος, ἄρχω) lord of the mountains. ὄρεάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ὄρος) pecul. fem. of ὄρειος, of or belonging to mountains. II. sub. Νύμφη, an Oread, mountain-nymph.

ὄρειβατέω, to roam the mountains. From ὄρει-βάτης, ου, ὁ, (ὄρος, βαίω) mountain-ranging. ὄρειδρομια, ἡ, a running wild over the hills. From ὄρει-δρόμος, ου, (ὄρος, δραμῖν) running on the hills. ὄρει-νόμος, ου, (ὄρος, νέμω) feeding on the mountains, mountain-ranging.

ὄρεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρος) mountainous, billy. II. on or of a mountain: as Subst., ὄρεινός, ὁ, a mountaineer.

ὄρειο-νόμος, ου, = ὄρεινός. ὄρειος, α, ου, also ος, ου, Ion. οὔρειος, (ὄρος) mountainous, billy: also, living on the mountains.

ὄρειο-χάρης, ἐς, (ὄρος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the hills.

ὄρει-πλαγκτός, see ὀρίπλαγκτος.

ὄρει-τύπτος, ου, (ὄρος, τύπτω) working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying stone.

ὄρει-φοίτης, ου, (ὄρος, φοιτάω) mountain-ranging.

ὄρει-χαλκος, ὁ, (ὄρος, χαλκός) Lat. orichalcum, fine copper ore and the brass made from it: also, fine brass.

ὄρειώτης, ου, ὁ, (ὄρος) a mountaineer.

ὄρεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρέγω) stretched out, presented: also, to be presented.

ὄρεξάμενος, ὀρέξας, aor. I part. med. and act. of ὀρέγω.

ὄρεξις, ἐως, ἡ, (ὀρέγω) a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.

ὄρεό-κομος, ου, incorrect form of ὄρεακόμος.

ὄρεοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀρνυμι.

ὄρεοπολέω, to haunt the mountains. From

ὄρεο-πόλος, ου, (ὄρος, πολέω) mountain-baunting.

ὄρεσί-τροφος, ου, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.

ὄρε-σκίος, ου, (ὄρος, σκιά) shadowed by mountains.

ὄρεσ-κοος Ep. ὄρεσ-κῶς, ου, (ὄρος, κείμαι) lying on mountains, mountain-bred, wild.

ὄρεσσο-αυλος, ου, (ὄρος, αὐλή) dwelling in the mountains.

ὄρεσσι, Ep. for ὄρεσι, dat. pl. of ὄρος.

ὄρεσσί-βάτης, ου, ὁ, = ὄρειβάτης. [ἄ]

ὄρεσσι-γενής, ἐς, and ὄρεσσι-γονός, ου, (ὄρος, γένος, γόνος) mountain-born.

ὄρεσσι-νόμος, ου, (ὄρος, νέμω) Ep. for ὄρεινός, feeding on the mountains, mountain-baunting.

Ὅρεστιά, ἡ, the tale of Orestes, the general name for the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilogy.

ὄριστέρος, α, ου, (ὄρος) poet. for ὄρεινός, mountainous, dwelling in the mountains.

ὄρεστιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ὄρος) = Ὀρεϊάς; Νύμφαι ὄρεστιάδες, the mountain-nymphs, the Oreads.

ὄρεσφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of ὄρος.

ὄρεύς Ion. οὔρεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (ὄρος a mountain) a mule.

ὄρευς, Dor. for ὄρεος, gen. of ὄρος.

ὄρεχθῶ, f. ἦσω, = ὀρέγομαι, to stretch oneself; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; βόες ὀρέχθεον σφαζόμενοι the steers lay stretched, or quivered convulsively, as they were slain: θάλασσαν ἔα ποτὶ χέρσον ὀρεχθῆν (Dor. inf. for ὀρεχθεῖν) let the sea stretch itself (i. e. roll up) to the beach.

ὄρέω pl. ὀρέομεν, Ion. for ὀράω, ὀράομεν.

ὄρθαι or ὀρῆαι, poet. 2 sing. pres. med. of ὀράω.

ὄρηναι, Aeol. for ὀράω, inf. ὀρῆν, part. ὀρείς.

ὀρθτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ὀρθτός.

ὀρθαι, inf. of ὠρην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὀρνυμι.

ὀρθέω, f. σω, (ὀρθός) = ὀρθώω, to set upright: set straight.

Ὅρθια, ἡ, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia.

ὀρθία, neut. pl. of ὀρθίος: used also as Adv. aloud.

ὀρθιάδε, Adv. (ὀρθίος) straight up, upwards.

ὀρθιάζω, f. ἀσώ (ὀρθίος) to speak in a high tone of voice or in a high key, speak loud. II. to set upright.

ὀρθίασμα, ατος, τό, (ὀρθιάζω) a high pitch of the voice, a loud shout or cry.

ὀρθίος, α, ου, Att. also ος, ου, (ὀρθός) straight up, rising upwards, steep; ὀρθιον πορεύεσθαι or πρὸς ὀρθιον ἵέναι to march up bill; τὰ ὀρθια the country from the coast upwards. 2. upright: of animals, standing upright, rearing. 3. straight, right.

II. of the voice, high-pitched, loud, shrill, clear; νόμος ὀρθίος a stirring, thrilling air: in neut. pl. as Adv., ὀρθια ἦσε she cried aloud. III. ὀρθιοὶ λόχοι, Livy's recti ordines, as a military term, battalions in column or file, whereas in φάλαγγ the men stood in line; ὀρθίους τοὺς λόχους ἀγειν to bring the companies up in column. IV. generally, like ὀρθός, straight, opp. to crooked.

ὀρθο-βάτέω, (ὀρθός, βαίω) to go straight on or upright.

ὀρθό-βουλος, ου, (ὀρθός, βουλή) right-counselling.

ὀρθο-δῆς, ἐς, (ὀρθός, δαῖναι) knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.

ὀρθο-δίκαιος, ου, (ὀρθός, δίκαιος) righteously judging.

ὀρθο-δίκας, Dor. for ὀρθοδίκη, ου, ὁ, (ὀρθός, δικάζω) a righteous judge. [I]

ὀρθοδρομέω, to run straight forward. From

ὀρθο-δρόμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, δραμῖν) *running straight forward*.

ὀρθο-ἐπεια, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, ἔπος) *correct language*.

ὀρθό-τριξ, *τρίχος*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, θρίξ) *with hair up-standing, or making the hair stand on end*.

ὀρθό-κραίρος, *α*, *ον*, (ὀρθός, κραιρά) *with straight or upright horns*, *epith. of horned cattle: with upright beaks, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: Ep. gen. pl. fem. ὀρθο-κραϊράων*.

ὀρθό-κράνος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, κράνον) *having a high head or crown: with a lofty mound*.

ὀρθομαντεία, *ῆ*, *true prophecy*. From

ὀρθό-μαντις, *εως* *Ion ιος*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, μάντις) *a true prophet*.

ὀρθο-πάλη, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, πάλη) *wrestling upright*. [ᾗ]

ὀρθό-πλοος, *ον*, *contr. -πλους*, *ον*, (ὀρθός, πλέω) *sailing straight before the wind: generally, successful*.

ὀρθοποδῶ, (ὀρθόπους) *to walk straight or uprightly*.

ὀρθό-πολις, *εως*, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός, πόλις) *upholding cities*.

ὀρθό-πους, *ὁ*, *ῆ*, *-πουν*, *τό*, *gen. -ποδος*, (ὀρθός, πούς) *with straight feet: standing upright*. II. *uphill, steep*.

ὈΡΘΟΣ, *ῆ*, *ὄν*, *straight, Lat. rectus* : in height, *upright, standing erect*. II. *in line, straight, straight forward, in a straight line*; ὀρθός ἀντ' ἡελίου *τετραμμένος* turned straight to front the sun;

ὀρθό πόντα τίθεναι *to put the foot straight out, as in walking, opp. to κατηρεφής* when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion; βλέπειν ὀρθά *to see straight or well*.

III. *metaph. right, safe, prosperous*. 2. *right, true, exact*; ὀρθ' ἀκούειν *to be rightly called*; ὀρθῶ λόγῳ *in strict terms, in very truth*: so Adv., ὀρθῶ λέγειν *to speak true*.

3. *true, genuine, real*. 4. *upright, righteous, just*, *Lat. rectus*; κατὰ τὸ ὀρθὸν δικάζειν *to judge righteously*.

5. *on tiptoe, in eager expectation*, *Lat. erectus animo*. IV. *ῆ* ὀρθή (sub. πῶσις) *the nominative, Lat. casus rectus, as opp. to the oblique cases*.

ὀρθο-στάδην, Adv. (ὀρθός, στήναι) *standing upright, in a standing posture*.

ὀρθο-στάτης, *ου*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθός, στήναι) *one who stands upright*. II. *an upright shaft, pillar*: as Adj., κλίμακες ὀρθοστάται *upright ladders*. III. *a sort of cake used in funeral oblations*. [ᾗ]

ὀρθότατα, Adv. Sup. of ὀρθῶς.

ὀρθότης, *ητος*, *ῆ*, (ὀρθός) *straightness, upright posture*.

II. *metaph. rightness, fitness: the right sense*.

ὀρθο-τομέω, (ὀρθός, τέμνω) *to cut straight: bundle upright*.

ὀρθῶ, *f. ὠσω*: *aor. I ὠρθωσα*:—*Pass., aor. I ὠρθώθη*:(ὀρθός)—*to set straight*: I. *in height, to set upright, set up*: of buildings, *to raise, restore, repair*: hence, ὀρθωθείς raised up, set on one's legs again:—*Pass. to stand or sit upright*. 2. *in a line,*

to set straight:—*Pass. to be aimed straight*. II.

metaph. to raise up, restore to health, safety, etc. 2. *to exalt, honour, extol*. 3. ὀρθῶσαι ὕμνον *to raise the lofty song*. 4. *to guide aright*. III. *Pass.*

of actions, to succeed; prosper; τὸ ὀρθούμενον success: of persons and places, *to flourish, prosper*. 2. *to be right, be true*. 3. *to be upright, deal justly or uprightly*.

ὀρθρεύσις, *Dor. for -εύουσα*, *part. fem. of ὀρθρεύω*, *f. σω*, (ὀρθρος) *to rise or wake early*.

ὀρθρίδιος, *α*, *ον*, *poët. for ὀρθριος*. [ῖ]

ὀρθρίξ, *f. σω*, (ὀρθρος) *to rise, wake early*.

ὀρθρινός, [ῖ], *ῆ*, *ὄν*, (ὀρθρος) *later form for ὀρθριος*.

ὀρθριός, *α*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (ὀρθρος) *at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning, early*: *irreg. Comp. and Sup. ὀρθρίατερος, -αίτατος*:—*Neut. τὸ ὀρθρινὸν or ὀρθρινον*, as Adv. *in the morning, early*.

ὀρθρο-βόας, *ον*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθρος, βοάω) *the early caller, Cbanticler, i. e. the cock*.

ὀρθρο-γόη, *ῆ*, (ὀρθρος, γοάω) *early-wailing, of the swallow*.

ὀρθρο-λάλος, *ον*, (ὀρθρος, λαλέω) *early-tweeting*.

ὈΡΘΡΟΣ, *ὁ*, *the time about daybreak, dawn, early morn*; τὸν ὀρθρον, *absol. in the morning*; so, ὀρθρον γενομένου *at dawn*; and ἅμα ὀρθρῳ, ἐς ὀρθρον, κατ' ὀρθρον, *περὶ ὀρθρον*; but πρὸς ὀρθρον *towards dawn*: ὀρθρος βαθύς *early morn*.

ὀρθρο-φοιτο-σκόφαντο-δικο-τάλαιπῳρος, *ον*, (ὀρθρος, φοιτάω, σκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαιπῳρος) ὀρθ. τρόποι *early-prowling base-informing sad-litigious plaguay ways*.

ὀρθωθείς, *aor. I pass. part. of ὀρθῶ*.

ὀρθ-ώνυμος, *ον*, (ὀρθός, ὄνομα) *rightly-named*.

ὀρθῶς, Adv. of ὀρθός, *rightly: uprightly, justly: truly, really*.

Ὀρθωσία, *ῆ*, = Ὀρθία.

ὀρθωτήρ, *ηρος*, *ὁ*, (ὀρθῶ) *one who sets upright, a restorer*.

ὀρί-βάτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, *dub. for ὀρειβατής*.

ὈΡΙΤΑΝΟΝ, *τό*, and ὀρίγανος, *ῆ*, *an acrid herb, marjoram: ὀρίγανον βλέπειν to look origanum, i. e. to look sour or crabbed*. [ῖ]

ὀριγνάομαι, *Med.*, with fut. -ήσομαι, *aor. I pass. ὠριγήσθην*: (ὀρίγομαι):—*to stretch oneself out*. 2. *c. gen. to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at, grasp at*.

ὀρίζω, *fut. ὀρίσω* *Att. ὀρίω*: *aor. I ὠρίσα* *Ion. οὔρισα*: *pf. ὠρίκα*:—*Med., fut. ὀριοίμαι*: *aor. I ὠρίσθην*:—*Pass., fut. ὀρισθήσομαι*: *aor. I ὠρίσθην*: *pf. ὠρίσμαι* (sometimes used in *med. sense*): (ὀρος):—*to divide or separate one part from another, to divide as a boundary*; ποταμός οὐρίζει τήν τε Σκυθικὴν καὶ τὴν Νευρίδα γῆν *a river is the boundary between Scythia and Neuris*:—*Pass., of a country, to be bounded*. 2.

ὀρίζειν τιὰ ἀπὸ γῆς *to part, banish one from the land*. II. *to mark out by boundaries, lay down,*

mark out: to limit, define:—*Med. to mark out for oneself, set up, dedicate*. III. *generally, to deter-*

mine, appoint: to settle. 2. to define a word. 3. to assign, δρίζειν ψήφον to give a vote. IV. intr. to border upon.

δρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δρεύς) of or for a mule.

δρινθείην, aor. I pass. opt. of δρίνω.

δρίνω, aor. I ὄρινα Ep. ὄρινα:—Pass. 3 sing. impf. ὀρίετο: aor. I ὀρίσθην Ep. ὀρίσθην: (δρυνμι):—to stir, raise, Lat. *agitare*: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind:—Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: to be affrighted, thrown into confusion.

ὄριον, τό, = ὄρος, a bound, goal: ὄρια, τά, boundaries, borders, frontier.

ὄριος, ὄν, (ὄρος) of or presiding over boundaries.

ὄρισμα Ion. οὐρ-, τό, (ὀρίζω) a boundary: in plur. the borders, frontier.

ὄριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀρίζω) one who marks boundaries: one who determines.

ὄρί-τροφος, ὄν, (ὄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ὄρκάνη, ἡ, = ἐρκάνη, ἔρκος, from ἔργω, εἶργω, an enclosure, fence: a trap or pitfall. [ἀ]

ὄρκ-ἁπάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ὄρκος, ἀπατάω) an oath-breaker. [ἀ]

ὄρκίζω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, adjure.

ὄρκιον, τό, (ὄρκος) an oath: also a pledge, surety. II. mostly in plur., ὄρκια, τά, things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty; ὄρκια πιστά ταμεῖν to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. *foedus ferire*, *icisse foedus*: of two parties, in Med., ὄρκια τάμνεσθαι to make a treaty between them; ὄρκια δηλήσασθαι, ὑπὲρ ὄρκια δηλήσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, ὄρκια συγχέειν, ὄρκια ψεύσασθαι, opp. to ὄρκια φυλάσσειν or τηρεῖν. 2. the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oaths, like ἱερά.

ὄρκιος, ὄν, more rarely α, ὄν, (ὄρκος) of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath. 2. that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; ὄρκιοι θεοί the gods invoked at an oath; εἶφος ὄρκιον a sword which is sworn by.

“ΟΡΚΟΣ, ὄν, ὁ, an oath; ὄρκον ὁμῶσαι to swear an oath; ὄρκος θεῶν an oath by the gods; ὄρκον λαμβάνειν to accept an oath from another; ἀποδιδόναι to take it oneself. 2. the witness of the oath, the power or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods. II.

“Ορκος, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (ὄρκος was orig. equiv. to ἔρκος, as ὄρκουρος to ἔρκουρος.)

ὄρκ-οὔρος, ὁ, = ἔρκουρος.

ὄρκῶω, f. ὥσω, (ὄρκος) to make one swear, bind by oath:—Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.

ὄρκωμα, τό, (ὄρκῶω) an oath.

ὄρκωμοσία, ἡ, (ὄρκωμοτέω) a swearing, an oath.

ὄρκωμοσίον, τό, the place of an oath. II. in pl. asseverations on oath. From

ὄρκωμοτέω, f. ἡσω, to take an oath, swear; ὄρκωμοτέην θεούς to swear by the gods. From

ὄρκ-ωμότης, ὄν, ὁ, (ὄρκος, ὀμνυμι) = ὀρκωτής.

ὄρκωτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄρκῶω) one who administers an oath.

δρμαθεῖν, an aor. 2 form of δρμάω, to rush, whence subj. δρμαθῶ: but δρμαθῆῃ is Dor. for δρμηθῇ, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of δρμάω.

δρμαθός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄρμος) a row, chain, cluster or string of things hanging one from the other.

δρμαίνω, impf. ὄρμαινον: aor. I ὄρμηνα: (δρμάω):—to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider. 2. to long for, desire. II.

later, I. trans. to drive, urge on: to excite, inflame. 2. intr. to hasten, hurry, be impatient.

δρμάω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ὄρμησα: pf. ὄρμηκα: (ὄρμη): I. trans. to set in motion, urge on, rouse: to stir up. II. intr. to hurry or rush on:

c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do: absol. to be eager or foremost. 2. to rush headlong, esp. at one, c. gen.

III. Pass. with fut. med. ὄρμησομαι; aor. I med. ὄρμησασθαι and pass. ὄρμηθήναι; pf. pass. ὄρμημαι:—in same sense as intr. act.: I. to hurry, hasten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do. 2. to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀπ' ἐλασσόνων ὀρμώμενος setting out from or beginning with smaller means.

3. absol. to rush on, make a desperate attack, to be eager: generally, to make a start, go; ὁ λόγος ὄρμηται the report flies abroad.

δρμέατο, Ion. for ὄρμηντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δρμάω.

δρμεῖα, ἡ, = δρμῖα.

δρμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὄρνυμι.

δρμεῖω, f. ἡσώ, (ὄρμος):—to be moored, lie at anchor, of a ship: proverbial, ἐπὶ δυοῖν ἀγκυραῖν δρμεῖν to ride two anchors, as we say ‘to have two strings to your bow!’ metaph. to anchor one’s hopes upon, depend upon.

δρμώμενος, Ion. part. pass. of δρμάω.

δρμή, ἡ, (ὄρνυμι) an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. *impetus*; mostly of things, as, ἔγχεος δρμή the force of a spear; πυρὸς δρμή the rage of fire; κύματος δρμή the shock of a wave. 2. the beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing. 3. eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μία δρμῇ with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing. 4. a start, setting out on a march, etc.

δρμηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of δρμάω.

δρμημα, τό, (δρμάω) any violent impulse, passionate desire.

δρμησεῖε, 3 Ep. aor. I opt. of δρμάω.

δρμητήριον, τό, (δρμάω) any means of exciting, a stimulant, incentive. II. a starting-place, station, head-quarters.

δρμῖα, ἡ, (ὄρμος) a fishing-line of horse-hair, Lat. *linea*. [Ὶ]

δρμίζω, fut. -ίσω Ep. -ίσω Att. -ιῶ: aor. I ὄρμιστα: (ὄρμος):—to bring to anchor, bring into harbour, to moor, anchor. 2. generally, to make fast or sure. II. Med., with fut. med. ὄρμισώμαι,

aor. I med. ὠρμιάμην and pass. ὠρμίσθην: pf. pass. ὠρμισμαι:—to come to anchor, anchor; ὠρμίζεσθαι πρὸς πέδον to come to a place and anchor there. 2. metaph. to be in haven, to reach the harbour, i.e. to be at rest; ὠρμίζεσθαι ἐκ τινος to be dependent on a thing. ὄρμηγ-βόλος, ον, (ὄρμά, βάλλω) throwing a line, angling.

ὄρμο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ὄρμος, δίδωμι) a bringer into harbour, a pilot.

ὄρμος, ὅ, (εἶρω) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφάνων ὄρμος a string of crowns. 2. a kind of dance performed in a ring. II. a roadstead, anchorage, Lat. statio navalis: the inner part of a harbour, as opp. to λιμήν. 2. generally, a haven, place of shelter or refuge.

ὄρνᾶπέτιον, τό, Boeot. for ὄρνεον. ὄρνεον, τό, = ὄρνις. II. τὰ ὄρνεα, the bird-market. ὄρνέο-φοῖτος, ον, (ὄρνεον, φοιτᾶν) haunted by birds. ὄρνιθ-αρχος, ὅ, (ὄρνις, ἀρχός) king of birds. [I] ὄρνιθειος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ὄρνις) of or belonging to a bird; κρέα ὄρνιθια birds' flesh.

ὄρνιθευτής, οὔ, ὅ, a bird-catcher, fowler. From ὄρνιθος, f. os, (ὄρνις) to catch, net, snare birds. ὄρνιθας, ον, (ὄρνις) masc. Adj., a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of passage; χειμῶν ὄρνιθας a storm of birds.

ὄρνιθικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄρνις) of or for birds. ὄρνιθιον, τό, Dim. of ὄρνις, a little bird: a nestling, chicken. [VI]

ὄρνιθό-γενος, ον, (ὄρνις, *γένω) sprung from a bird. ὄρνιθο-θήρας, ου, ὅ, (ὄρνις, θηράω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

ὄρνιθο-λόχος Dor. ὄρνιχ-, ὅ, (ὄρνις, λοχάω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

ὄρνιθομᾶνῶ, f. ἦσω, to be mad for birds. From ὄρνιθο-μᾶνῆς, ἐς, (ὄρνις, μανῆναι) mad after birds. ὄρνιθο-πέδη, ἦ, (ὄρνις, πέδη) a snare or gin for birds.

ὄρνιθος, gen. of ὄρνις: Ep. dat. pl. ὄρνιθεσσι. ὄρνιθο-σκόπος, ον, (ὄρνις, σκοπέω) observing the flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspex; θάκος ὄρνιθοσκόπος an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale.

ὄρνιθο-τροφία, ἦ, (ὄρνις, τρέφω) bird-keeping. ὄρνιθος, ον, also os, ον, poet. for ὄρνιθειος.

*ὈΡΝΙΣ, ὅ, but also ἦ: gen. ὄρνιθος, etc.: acc. sing. ὄρνιθα and ὄρνιν: pl. ὄρνιθες, etc.: Att. pl. ὄρνεις, gen. ὄρνεων, acc. ὄρνεις: Dor. forms, gen. ὄρνιχος, pl. ὄρνιχες, etc., as if from a Nom. ὄρνιξ:—a bird: often added to the names of birds, as ὄρνις ἀηδών, ὄρνις πέριδι, the nightingale, the partridge. II. also like ὀϊωνός, a bird of omen, ὄρνις κακός a bird of evil augury: hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of birds: in bad sense, an omen, fateful presage. III. in Att., ὄρνις, ὅ, a cock; ὄρνις, ἦ, a hen. IV. in pl. sometimes the bird-market, cf. ὄρνεον. V. poet. Μουσῶν ὄρνιθες the birds of the Muses, i.e. poets. VI. proverb., ὄρνιθων γάλα 'pigeon's milk,' i.e. any marvellous good-fortune.

ὄρνιχος, -χα, Dor. gen. and acc. of ὄρνις: poet. dat. pl. ὄρνιχεσσι.

ὄρνῆμι, ἴτω, pres. imperat. of ὄρνυμι. ὄρνῆμεν, ὄρνῆμεναι, Ep. for ὀρνῆναι, pres. inf. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρνῆμος, ἦ, ον, pres. med. part. of ὄρνυμι. ὀρνῆμι or ὀρνῆω [ῆ], lengthd. form of Root *ΟΡΝ: imperat. ὀρνῆτι, ἴτω, etc.: impf. ὠρνον: fut. ὄρσω: aor. I ὠρσα, part. ὄρσας, Ion. 3 sing. ὄρσασκε: 3 sing. ὠρσθαι. aor. 2 ὠρπε:—Med. ὀρνῆμαι, imperat. ὀρνυσο, ὄσθα, υσθε, part. ὀρνῆμενος: impf. ὠρνῆμην, 3 sing. and pl. ὠρνῆτο, ὠρνυντο: fut. ὄρσομαι, also ὀρούμαι, 3 sing. ὀρέσται: aor. 2 ὠρόμην, 3 sing. ὠρετο contr. ὠρτο, 3 pl. without augm. ὀροντο also ὀρέοντο; 3 sing. subj. ὀρηται: imperat. ὄρσο or ὄρσοε Ion. contr. ὄρσεν; inf. ὄρσαι, contr. for ὀρέσθαι: part. ὄρμενος, ἦ, ον, for ὀρμέμενος:—pf. ὄραρα, in intr. sense 3 sing. subj. ὄρῶρη: 3 sing. plqpf. ὄρῶρει, also ὠρῶρει. 1. Act., to rouse, stir, stir up: to set on, let loose upon:—Med., with pf. ὄραρα, to move, stir oneself; εἰσέκε μοι φίλα γούνατ' ὄρῶρη while my limbs have power to move. 2. Act. to make to arise, call forth: of animals, to rouse, put up, start, chase:—Med. to start up, arise: esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring up: also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about. 3. Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, cheer on:—Pass. and Med. to be roused, stirred in mind, excited, inflamed. 4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause, excite, Lat. ciere:—Med. to come on, to arise, Lat. oriri.

ὄρνῆτο, ὄρνυντο, Ep. for ὠρνυτο, ὠρνυντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of ὄρνυμι.

*ΟΡΟΒΟΣ, ὅ, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM.

ὀρόγυα, ἦ, poet. for ὀργυιά.

ὀροδαμνίς, ἴδος, ἦ, Dim. of ὀρόδαμνος, a sprig. ὀρόδαμνος, ὅ, a bough, branch.

ὀρο-θευία, ἦ, (ὄρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries, boundaries.

ὀροθύω: Ep. impf. ὀρόθῦνον: also aor. I imperat. ὀρόθῦνον:—like ὄρνυμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on.

ὀροί-τυπος, ον, = ὀρείτυπος.

ὄρομαι, Dep. (οὔρος a guard) to watch, keep watch and ward, be on guard.

ὀρο-μᾶλλιδες, αἶ, (ὄρος, μῆλον) Dor. for ὀρομηλίδες, a kind of wild apples.

*ΟΡΟΨ or ὀρρός, ὅ, whey, the watery or serous part of milk, Lat. serum. 2. the watery parts of the blood.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, eos, τό, a mountain, bill: a range or chain of hills.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, ον, ὅ, a boundary, limit, frontier, border: esp. a land-mark. 2. οὔροι, plur., are marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions, tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evidence of the debt. II. a rule, standard, limit, measure. III. the definition of a word.

*Οροσάγγαι, οἶ, Persian word for the Benefactors of the King, = εὐεργεταί.

δρούω, fut. σω: aor. I δρουσα: (δρυνμι);—intr. to

rush violently on or forward, to hasten, dart or start forward.

ὄροφή, ἡ, (ἐρέφω) the roof or ceiling of a room: the roof of a house.

ὄροφη-φάγος, ον, (ὄροφή, φαγῆν) roof-devouring.

ὄροφη-φόρος, ον, (ὄροφή, φέρω) bearing a roof.

ὄροφιας, ον, ὁ, living under a roof: μῦς ὀροφίας the domestic mouse, opp. to μῦς ἀρουραῖος (the field mouse); ὀροφίας ὄφης a tame snake.

ὄροφος, ὁ, (ἐρέφω) the reeds used for thatching houses.

II. a roof: in pl. a house, temple.

ὀρώω, Ep. for ὀράω: part. ὀρώων for ὀρῶν.

ὀρώων, Dor. for ὀράωσι, 3 pl. of ὀράω.

ὈΡΠΗΞ Att. ὀρπηξ, ἡκος, Dor. ὀρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ: —a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a lance.

II. metaph. a scion, descendant.

ὀρράνός, ὁ, Aeol. for οὐρανός.

ὀρρο-πύγιον, τό, (ὀρρος, πυγή) the tail or tail-feathers of birds. 2. the tail-fin of fish. 3. the tail or rump of any animal. [ὑ]

ὈΡΡΟΣ, ὁ, the end of the os sacrum: the tail, rump. ὈΡΡΟΣ, ὁ, = ὀρός, whey, serum.

ὀρρωδέω Ion. ἄρρωδ-: f. ἤσω:—to shudder at, shrink from, dread, Lat. *horreo*, c. acc.: c. gen. rei, to fear for or because of a thing. Hence

ὀρρωδία, ἡ, a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright.

ὀρρσας, aor. I part. of ὀρρνμι.

ὀρρσασκε, Ion. for ὀρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὀρρνμι.

ὀρρσεν, Ep. for ὀρσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὀρρνμι.

ὀρσι-κτύπος, ον, (ὀρρνμι, κτύπος) noise-arousing; Zeus ὀρσικτύπος the rouser of thunder.

ὀρσι-νεφής, ἐς, (ὀρρνμι, νέφος) cloud-raising.

ὀρσι-πούς, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀρρνμι, πούς) raising the foot, light-footed.

ὀρσο, Ep. for ὀρσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὀρρνμι, bestir thee! up! arouse thee!

ὀρσο-θύρη, ἡ, (ὀρρνμι, θύρα) a raised door approached by steps. [ὑ]

ὀρσολοπεύω and -έω, to provoke, attack:—Pass., θυμός ὀρσολοπεῖται my heart is troubled. From ὀρρόλοπος, ον, provoking strife, turbulent. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὀρσός, Lacon. for ὀρθός.

ὀρσο-τρίαινης Dor. -τρίαίνας, α, ὁ; a poet. nom.

-τρίαίνα: (ὀρρνμι, τρίαίνα):—wielder of the trident.

ὀρσω, fut. of ὀρρνμι.

ὀρτάζω, Ion. for ἐορτάζω.

ὀρτάλλis, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὀρρνμι) the young of any animal, Lat. *pullus*: a young bird, a chicken. Hence

ὀρτάλινος and ὀρτάλινος, ὁ, a bird, fowl: a domestic fowl, chicken.

ὀρτή, ἡ, Ion. for ἐορτή.

Ὀρτυγία, ἡ, (ὀρτυξ) properly Quail-island, the ancient name of Delos: also part of the city of Syracuse, called also *Nāos* or the Island.

ὀρτύγο-κόπος, ον, (ὀρτυξ, κόπτω) playing at knocking down quails.

ὀρτύγο-μήτρα, ἡ, (ὀρτυξ, μήτηρ) a bird which migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. Ὀρτυγία.

ὈΡΤΥΞ, ὅρος, ὁ, the quail, Lat. *coturnix*, -icis.

ὀρτυγῖναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ὀρυσσω.

ὀρυγμα, τό, (ὀρύσσω) a place dug out, a pit, ditch, bole, trench, Lat. *scrobs*: a mine, tunnel: at Athens = βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown. II. = ὀρυξis.

ὀρυγμαδός, ὁ, late form for ὀρυμαγδός.

ὀρυκτός, ἡ, ὅν, (ὀρύσσω) dug, formed by digging. II. dug out, quarried, mined.

ὀρύμαγδός, ὁ, a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, any tumultuous sound, not of the human voice.

ὀρυξ, ὅρος, ὁ, (ὀρύσσω) a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Libya, so called from its pointed horns.

ὀρύξαι, aor. I inf. of ὀρύσσω.

ὀρυξίς, εας, ἡ, (ὀρύσσω) a digging.

ὀρυς, υος, ὁ, an unknown wild animal in Libya.

ὈΡΥΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: fut. ὀρύξω; aor. I ὠρυξα Ep. ὀρυξα: pf. ὀρώρυχα: plqpf. ὠρωρύχην:—Pass., aor. I ὠρύχθη: pf. ὀρώρυμαι: plqpf. ὠρωρύγηται:—to dig, Lat. *fodio*. 2. to dig up: Med., λίθους ὀρύσσασθαι to have stones dug or quarried: Pass., ὁ ὀρυσσόμενος χεῖς the soil that was dug up. 3. to dig through, make a passage through, burrow. 4. to bury.

ὀρφάνευμα, τό, orphan state. From ὀρφάνεω, f. σω, (ὀρφανός) to take care of orphans, tend, rear them:—Pass. with fut. med. -εῖσθαι, to be an orphan, to be in an orphan state.

ὀρφάνια, ἡ, (ὀρφανός) orphanhood: generally, deprivation, destitution.

ὀρφάνιζω, f. σω, (ὀρφανός) to make orphan: to deprive, deprive:—Pass. to be left an orphan.

ὀρφανικός, ἡ, ὅν, (ὀρφανός) orphan, fatherless; ἡμαρ ὀρφανικός the day which makes one an orphan.

ὀρφάνιος, ον, = ὀρφανικός.

ὀρφανιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὀρφανίζω) one who takes care of orphans, a guardian.

ὈΡΦΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, Att. ὅς, ὅν, Lat. *ORBUS*, left orphan, without father or mother, fatherless. 2. c. gen. rest or bereft of a thing; ὀρφανοὶ γενεᾶς rest of offspring, childless.

ὀρφανο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὀρφανός, φύλαξ) the guardian of an orphan. [ὑ]

ὀρφάνω, f. ὥσω, (ὀρφανός) to make orphan:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing.

Ὀρφεῖος, α, ον, of Orpheus. From

Ὀρφεύς, ἑώς, ὁ, Orpheus, a famous Thracian bard.

ὀρφναῖος, α, ον, (ὀρφνη) dark, dusky, murky. II.

nightly, by night.

ὈΡΦΝΗ Dor. ὀρφνᾶ, ἡ, darkness, night: gloom. Hence

ὀρφνῖνος, ἡ, ον, dark, dusky; ὀρφνῖνον χρώμα a colour mixed of black, red and white, between πορφύρεος and φοινίκινος.

ὀρφνίτης, οὐ, ὅ, (ὀρφη) dusky. [Ἦ]
 ὀρφῶς Att. ὀρφῶς, ὅ, a kind of sea-perch.
 ὀρχᾶμος, ὅ, (ὀρχος) the first of a row, a file-leader,
 fugal-man: the Coryphaeus or leader of the chorus.
 ὀρχᾶτος, ὅ, = ὀρχος, a row of trees. II. a piece
 of land enclosed and planted, Milton's orchard, an or-
 chard, garden. (From ὀρχος, like μέσατος from
 μέσος.)

ὀρχομαι, f. ἵσσομαι: aor. I ὤρχησάμην: Dep.: (ὀρ-
 χος):—to dance: c. acc. to represent by dancing or
 gestures: ὀρχεῖσθαι Κύκλωπα, Lat. Cyclops moveri,
 to dance the Cyclops. 2. to leap.

ὀρχηδόν, Adv. (ὀρχος) one after another, all in a
 row, man by man, Lat. virutim.

ὀρχηθμός Ion. ὀρχησμός, ὅ, (ὀρχέομαι) a dancing,
 the dance.

ὀρχημα, τό, (ὀρχέομαι) a dance, dancing.
 ὀρχησις, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) dancing, the dance: panto-
 mimic dancing.

ὀρχησμός, ὅ, Att. for ὀρχηθμός.
 ὀρχηστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ὀρχηστής, οὐ, ὅ, (ὀρχέομαι)
 a dancer. Hence

ὀρχηστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, fit for dancing.
 ὀρχηστο-διδάσκαλος, ὅ, (ὀρχέομαι, διδάσκαλος) a
 dancing-master.

ὀρχηστο-μάνειν, f. ἵσω, (ὀρχέομαι, μανῆναι) to be
 dancing-mad.

ὀρχήστρα, ἡ, (ὀρχέομαι) an orchestra, in the Attic
 theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus
 danced. II. generally, a place for dancing.

ὀρχηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ὀρχηστής, a dancing girl.
 ὀρχηστύς, ὅς, ὅ, Ion. for ὀρχησις, (ὀρχέομαι) the
 dance, dancing; contr. dat. ὀρχηστύν.

ὀΡΧΙΔΩΣ, ὅ, a bird, prob. the wren. [Ἦ]

ὀρχίπεδάω, f. ἵσω, (ὀρχίπεδον) to seize the testicles.
 ὀρχί-πέδη, ἡ, (ὀρχις, πέδη) impotence.

ὀρχί-πέδον, τό, in pl. ὀρχίπεδα, τά, (ὀρχις, πέδον)
 the testicles, Lat. testiculi.

ὀΡΧΙΣ, ιος and εως, ὅ, pl. ὀρχεις or ὀρχις Ion. ὀρ-
 χις, a testicle, the testicles.

Ὀρχομενός, ἡ, the name of several Greek cities,
 the most famous of which was Ὀρχομενός Μινυέιος
 in Boeotia.

ὀΡΧΟΣ, ὅ, a row of trees; cf. ὀρχατος.

ὄρωρα, pf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὄρωρει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of ὀρνυμι.

ὄρώρεται, Ep. 3 sing. pres. pass. of ὀρνυμι, equiv. to
 ὄρωρει: subj. ὄρώρηται.

ὄρωρέχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀρέγω.

ὄρωρέχτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὀρέγω.

ὄρώρυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὀρύσσω.

ὄρώρυχα, pf. of ὀρύσσω.

ὌΣ, ἡ, ὅ; gen. οὐ, ἡς, οὐ, dat. ᾧ, ᾧ; acc. ὃν, ἧν, ὅ;
 pl., nom. οἱ, αἱ, ἃ; gen. ὧν; dat. οἷς, αἰς, οἷς; acc.
 οὓς, ἄς, ἃ. There is also an Ion. gen. ὅον, fem. ἑης;
 and Ep. fem. dat. pl. ᾗς and ᾗσι.

A. RELAT. PRONOUN, who, which or that, Lat. qui:
 the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced.

by attraction, as, τῆς γενεῆς, ἡς Ζεὺς δῶκε, for ἡν
 Ζεὺς δῶκε: the neut. ὅ is used to refer to sentences
 where no antecedent is expressed, as, ὅ δὲ πάντων
 μέγιστον, ὅ δὲ πάντων δεινότατον, etc., but what is
 greatest of all, what is most strange of all, etc. The
 Relat. Pron. also stands for ἵνα, as in Lat. qui for ut,
 to express an end or intention, as, ἀγγελον ἦκαν, ὅς
 ἀγγεῖλε γυναικί they sent a messenger to tell, Lat.
 nuncium miserunt, qui nunciaret.

The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: I.
 gen. sing., of Time, ἐξ οὗ (sub. χρόνου) from the time
 when, since: also οὐ alone, when; ἔστιν οὗ some-
 times, at times. 2. of Place, of which place, i. e.
 where; ἔστιν οὗ in some places. II. dat. sing.

fem. ᾧ, of Place, Lat. qua, at which place, where:—
 later, of motion to a place, whither:—in full τῇ, ᾧ . .
 there, where . . , thither, whither . . . 2. of the Way
 or Manner, like ὅπως, as Lat. quomodo; ἡ ἑμέις ἔστιν
 as is right: so far as, Lat. qua, quatenus. 3. with
 Sup. Adv., ἡ μάλιστα, ἡ ἄριστον, etc., like ὡς μάλιστα,
 etc., Lat. quam maxime, etc. III. acc. sing. neut.
 ὅ, for δι' ὅ, that, because, Lat. quod. 2. wherefore,
 Lat. quapropter.

The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles
 joined with it: I. ὅς γε, Lat. qui quidem or
 quippe qui, gives the Relat. a limiting force, who at
 least, since it was he who . . . II. ὅς κε or κέν Att.
 ὅς ἄν, is used in case of uncertainty, Lat. quicumque,
 whosoever, who if any . . .

B. Ὅς is also used as a DEMONSTR. PRON., for οὗτος
 or ὅδε, this, that; chiefly in nom. masc. ὅς or ὅς,
 sometimes in fem. ἡ and neut. ὅ: this is chiefly
 found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, ἡ δ'
 ὅς said he. II. in opposition, οἷ . . , οἷ . . these . . ,
 those . . , the one party, the other: Att. δὲ μὲν . . , ὅς
 δέ . . the one . . , the other: ἀ μὲν . . , ἀ δέ . . partly . . ,
 partly . . . III. ὅς καὶ ὅς such and such a person,
 so and so.

C. There is also a POSSESSIVE PRON., ὅς, ἡ, ὃν,
 mostly of the third person, for ἐός, bis, her: Ep. gen.
 οἷο. II. of the second person, for σός, thy,
 thine. III. of the first person, for ἐμός, my, mine.

ὀσάκι Ep. ὀσάκι, Adv. (ὀσος) as many times as,
 as often as, Lat. quoties.

ὀσάτιος, α, ον, Ion. ὀσάτιος, poet. for ὀσος. [Ἦ]
 ὀσᾶδω, Adv. (ὀσος) in as many places as.

ὀσδος, Aeol. for ὄζος.

ὀσδω, Dor. for ὄζω.

ὀσ-ἡμέραι, Adv., for ὅσαι ἡμέραι, as many days as
 are, i. e. daily, day by day, like Lat. quotidie for quot
 dies.

ὀσία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, properly fem. of ὀσιος, divine law,
 the law of nature, answering to Lat. fas: hence οὐχ
 ὀσίη Att. οὐχ ὀσία, c. inf., it is against the law of
 nature to do; πολλὴν ὀσίαν τοῦ πράγματος νομίσαι
 to hold the full lawfulness of a thing. II. the
 service of God, rites, offering; ὀσίης ἐπιβῆναι to
 perform the due rites. III. proverb., ὀσίας ἐνεκα.

ποιεῖσθαι τι to do a thing for form's sake, for the sake of the propriety of the thing, Lat. *dicis causa*. [r]

ὅσιος, α, ον, sanctioned or approved by the law of nature, opp. to δίκαιος (established by human law); τὰ ὅσια καὶ δίκαια things of divine and human ordinance. 2. as opp. to ἱερὸς (sacred, reserved to the gods), ὅσιος means what is not so reserved, i. e. appropriated or permitted to man's use; ἱερὰ καὶ ὅσια the property of gods and men, Lat. *sacra et profana*; ὅσιον χωρίον a place not set apart to the gods, lawful for man to enter, and so = βέβηλος, Lat. *profanus*. II. more rarely of persons, pious, devout, scrupulous, religious; c. gen., ἱερῶν πατρῶν ὅσιος scrupulous in discharging the sacred rites of his forefathers; ὅσιαι χεῖρες pure, clean hands.

δοσιότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὅσιος) observance of divine law, religiousness, piety, holiness.

δοσιόω, f. ὥσω, (ὅσιος) to make holy, to hallow, purify, make atonement for, Lat. *expiare*:—Med., στόμα δοιούσθαι to keep one's tongue from evil.

ὄσιως, Adv. of ὅσιος, religiously, piously: Comp. ὀσιώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

ὀσμάομαι, Dep., like ὀδμάομαι, to smell, scent: generally, to perceive. From

ὀσμή, ἡ, (ὄζω) like ὀδμή, a smell, scent, odour, whether good or bad. 2. a scent, perfume.

ὀσον-ων, Ion. for ὀσον οὖν, however little, Lat. *quantulumcunque*.

ὄσος, ὄση, ὄσον, Ep. ὄσος, ὄση, ὄσσον, Lat. *quantus*:—of Size, as great as, how great: of Quantity, as much as, how much: of Space, as far as, how far: of Time, as long as, how long: of Number, as many as, how many: of Sound, as loud as, how loud:—its Antecedent is τόσος, after which ὄσος must be simply rendered as; ὄσα πλείστα or πλείστα ὄσα as much as possible. In plur. all that, as many as, often after πάντες. 2. of Time, ὅσοι μῆνες, ὅσαι ἡμέραι every month, day, monthly, daily, Lat. *quot menses, quot dies*; cf. ὀσημέραι.

3. ὄσος δὴ and ὄσοσδὴ-ποτε, how great soever he be, Lat. *quantuscunque*; ὄσος ἂν how great soever. II. neut. ὄσον as Adv. as greatly as, as loudly as, etc. 2. Ep. and Ion., ὄσον τε about as far as; the Noun is often added, ὄσον τ' ὀργυῖαν about a fathom; ὄσον τ' ἐπὶ ἡμῶν to about half. 3. ὄσον μόνον, Lat. *tantum non, all but*; so also, ὄσον οὐ; but Att. ὄσον and ὄσον μόνον only so far as, only just; ὄσον ὄσον only just. 4. ὄσον ἐπὶ and ὄσον τ' ἐπὶ as far as, Att. ἐφ' ὄσον.

5. with Comp. and Sup., ὄσον βασιλευτέρως ἐστὶ σοι far as, inasmuch as he is a greater king. 6. ὄσον τάχος as quick as possible: more usu. ὄσον τάχιστα. 7. ὄσον αὐτίκα, also, ὄσον οὐκ ἤδη all but now, instantly.

8. οὐχ ὄσον not only not, Lat. *ne dicam*. III. ὄσῳ inasmuch as, with Comp. ὄσῳ πλέον, ὄσῳ μᾶλλον the more since, especially since. 2. ὄσῳ with Comp. followed by another Comp. with τοσούτῳ, the more . . . so much the more . . ., like Lat. *quo or quanto melior, eo . . .*, etc. 3. ὄσῳπερ by how much, in so far as.

ὄσοσ-περ, ὄση-περ, ὄσον-περ, however great or much, as great or as much as.

ὄσ-περ, ἡ-περ, ὄ-περ, (Ep. also ὄπερ masc., as ὄ τε masc. for ὄστε), who, which, indeed, the very man who or thing which, Lat. *qui quidem*.

ὄσπριον, τό, pulse, beans: vegetables.

ὄσζα, ἡ, a rumour, Lat. *fama*: a divine voice or sound. II. generally, a voice. III. a

sound, tone, of the harp: the din of battle. IV. an ominous or warning voice, prophecy, boding: cf. ὀμφή.

ὄσσα, Ion. neut. plur. of ὄσος.

ὄσάκι, Adv., Ion. for ὄσάκι. [ᾶ]

ὄσάτιος, Ion. for ὄσάτιος. [ᾶ]

ὄσσε, τῷ, neut. dual, the two eyes, often with pl. Adj., as, ὄσσε φαεινά, ὄσσε αἱματώεστα: the gen. and dat. took the plur. form of 2nd decl., ὄσσαν, ὄσσοις, ὄσσοισι.

ὄστίχος, ἡ, ον, Dim. of ὄσος, ὄστος, as little, how little, Lat. *quantulus*.

ὄσσομαι, (ὄσσε) Dep., only used in pres. and impf. (without augm.):—to see. II. to see in one's mind's eye, to presage, forebode, foretell.

ὄστος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ὄσος.

ὄστάριον, τό, Dim. of ὄστέον, a little bone.

ὄσ-τε, ἡ-τε, ὄ-τε, (Ep. also ὄ τε for masc., as ὄπερ masc. for ὄπερ) who, which.

ὄστένος, ἡ, ον, (ὄστέον) made of bone, bony.

ὄστεον Att. contr. ὄστούν, τό, pl. ὄστέα Att. contr. ὄστώ:—a bone, Lat. *OS, OSSIS*.

ὄστέφιν, Ep. gen. pl. of ὄστέον.

ὄστινος, η, ον, (ὄστέον) = ὄστέινος, bony, of bone: neut. pl. ὄστινα, τά, as Subst., Lat. *tibiae, bone pipes*.

ὄσ-τις, ἡ-τις, ὄ τι or ὄ, τι; gen. ὄστινος, ἡστινος; dat. ὄστινι, ἡτινι, etc.: pl. ὄστινες, ἡστινες, ἄτινα, etc.; (Ep. also ὄ-τις for masc., as ὄπερ for ὄπερ, ὄ τε for ὄστε); neut. ὄ τιτι. II. also declined, gen. ὄστων, dat. ὄσῳ; Ep. gen. ὄττω contr. ὄττεν and ὄτεν, dat. ὄτεφ; acc. ὄτινα:—plur., nom. neut. ὄτινα; gen.

ὄστων Att. ὄστων; dat. ὄτέοισιν, also fem. ὄτέηνιν; neut. acc. Ep. and Ion. ἄσσα Att. ἄττα. *Whosoever, whicheversoever, any one who, anything which*, differing from ὅς, as Lat. *quisquis, quicunque*, from *qui*;

ὄ τις ἢ ἐπὶ ὁρκον ὁμόσῳ *whoso forswears himself*; οὐδεὶς ὄστις οὐ there is none who does not, i. e. every one; οὐδέν ὄ τι οὐκ everything. 2. in Att. Poets sometimes used simply for ὅς, *qui*. III. neut. ὄ τι or ὄ, τι absol. as Adv. *wherefore, for what reason*.

ὄστο-λογέω, f. ἥσω, (ὄστέον, λέγω) to gather the bones after the burning of the body.

ὄστούν, τό, Att. contr. for ὄστέον.

ὄστο-φύης, ἐς, (ὄστέον, φύη) of bony nature.

ὄσπρακός, ἑως, ὅ, (δοσπρακον) a potter.

δοσπρακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (δοσπρακον) to banish by potsherds, ostracize; see *δοσπρακμός*.

δοσπρακίδια, Adv. (δοσπρακον) played with potsherds, of a game in which potsherds black on one side and

white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads or tails.'

δοτράκινος, η, ον, (δοτράκινω) like earthenware : earthen, made of clay, Lat. testaceus.

δοτράκις, δ, (δοτράκιω) banishment by potsherds, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be banished.

δοτράκό-δερμος, ον, (δοτράκον, δέρμα) with a skin or shell like a potsherd.

δοτράκοις, εσσα, εν, ποэт. for δοτράκινος.

*ΟΣΤΡΑΚΟΝ, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsherd, Lat. testa : the earthen tablet used in voting. 2. a sort of castanet made of earthenware.

II. the hard shell of testacea, as snails, tortoises.

δοτράκό-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, (δοτράκον, χροά) with a hard skin, shell or rind.

δοτρειο-γραφής, ές, (δοτρειον, γράφω) purple-painted.

δοτρεον or -ειον, τό, (δοτέον) an oyster, Lat. ostrea.

II. a purple used in dying, Lat. ostrum.

δοτ-ώδης, ές, (δοτέον, είδος) like bone, bony.

δοσφράινωμι, fut. δοσφρήσομαι : aor. 2. δοσφρόμην, part. δοσφρόμενος : Dep. : (δίζω) :—to smell, scent, track by scent, c. gen. : c. acc. cognato, δοσφραίνεσθαι δοσφρήν. Hence

δοσφραντήριος, α, ον, smelling, that can be smelt. II. act. able to smell, sharp-smelling.

δοσφρέσθαι, aor. 2. inf. of δοσφραίνωμι.

δοσφρησις, εως, ή, (δοσφρέσθαι) a smelling, sense of smelling.

δοσφρόμενος, aor. 2. part. med. of δοσφραίνωμι.

δοσφροντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of δοσφραίνωμι.

*ΟΣΦΥ΄Σ, υος, acc. δοσφύν and δοσφύα, ή, the hip, Lat. coxa.

*ΟΣΧΟΣ, ου, δ, = μόσχος I, a sucker, shoot : a vine-branch.

δοτα, Aeol. for δοτε, like ποτα for ποτε.

δοτάν, for δοτ' άν, equivalent to Ep. δοτε κεν, (δοτε, άν) :—Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. quodocunque, foll. by subj.

δοτε, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. quando :—the proper Antec. is τότε, sometimes ένθα, or any Adv. of Time. 2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing that, Lat. quodocquidem.

3. δοτε μή is used for ει μή, unless, except, save when ; ουτέ τωρ σπένδεσκε θεών, δοτε μή Διέ πατρί nor did he pour a libation to any of the gods, save to father Jove.

III. πρίν γ' δοτε ere the time when, before that. 2. ελς δοτε κεν against the time when.

IV. έσθ' δοτε or έστιν δοτε, like Lat. est ubi, there are times when, sometimes.

V. δοτε is also used without any conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses, δοτε μέν . . , δοτε δέ . . , now . . , now . . ; sometimes . . , sometimes . . ; at one time . . , at another time . . ; but

in II. often answered by άλλοτε, as, δοτε μέν κακός, άλλοτε δ' έσθλός.

δοτε, neut. of δοστε, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of δοστε. δοτεισιν, Ep. for οιστισιν, dat. pl. of δοστις.

δοτευ, Ion. for ουτινος, gen. of οστις.

δοτεφ, Ep. for οτινι, dat. of οστις.

δοτεων, Ep. for αντινων, gen. pl. of οστις.

δοτι Ep. δοτιι, Conjunction, that, being originally neut. of οστις, as Lat. quod, that, of qui.

II. Att. δοτι is used like our that in quoting another's words : and especially in the N. T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in English.

III. δοτι in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in οιδ' δοτι (sub. ουτως έχει) I know that it is so ; so οισθ' δοτι, ισθ' δοτι : so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for δηλον οτι ουτως έχει.

IV. δοτι μή, unless, except, except that, Lat. nisi, nisi quod, like ει μή. V. μη δοτι . . , αλλά . . , like μη οπως and μη ένα, not that so and so is the case . . , but . . ; not only so, but . . , Lat. non modo non . . , sed ne quidem . . .

VI. μη δοτι alone, without an answering αλλά, Lat. ne dicam, not to mention that . . , not to say that . . .

B. δοτι, as a Causal Particle, for that, because, Lat. quod. 2. in Ep. sometimes for τούνεκα, therefore.

II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep. δοτι τάχιστα as quick as possible, Lat. quam celerrime.

2. in Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, δοτι πλείστον χρόνον as long a time as possible ; δοτι πλείστοι, Lat. quam plurimi, as many as possible.

3. with a Subst. only in phrase δοτι τάχος for δοτι τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

δο τι, neut. of οστις, anything which ; often written δο, τι, to distinguish it from δοτι, that.

δοτιή, Conjunction, (δοτι) because.

δοτινα, Ep. for δοτινα and άτινα, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl. of οστις.

δοτινας, Ep. for οστινας, άστινας, acc. pl. of οστις.

δοτις, Ep. and Ion. for οστις.

δοτλεύω, f. -εύσω, or δότλeuw, f. ήσω, to suffer, endure.

From

δο-τλος, δ, suffering, distress. (δοτλος is formed from τλήμι, with ο euphon.)

δοτοβος, f. ήσω, to sound loud, sound wildly. From δοτοβος, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle : the rattling of chariots : also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

δοτοτοι, an exclamation of pain and grief, ah ! woe ! also lengthd. δοτοτοτοι, δοτοτοτοτοι.

δοτοτύω, (from δοτοτοι, as αιάω from αιάι) to cry δοτοτοι, to wail, lament :—Pass. to be bewailed. Hence

*Οτοτύξιοι, οι, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

δοτου, δοτω, gen. and dat. sing., δοτων, δοτοις, gen. and dat. pl. of οστις.

δοτράλέως, Adv. of an obsol. Adj. δοτράλέος = δοτρηρός, nimbly, actively, zealously.

δοτρηρός, ά, όν, (δοτρήνω) quick, nimble, busy, zealous.

δοτρίχες, nom. pl. of δοτρίξ.

ὀτρύναι, aor. I inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνειν, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνεσκον, Ep. impf. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρύνειν, Ep. and Ion. fut. of ὀτρύνω.

ὀτρυντός, ὅς, ἡ, Ion. for ὀτρυνσις, a stirring up, rousing, encouragement. From

ὈΤΡΥΝΩ [ῶ]: impf. ἄτρυνον Ion. ὀτρύνεσκον: fut. ὕνω Ep. and Ion. ὕναι: aor. I ἄτρυνα:—to stir up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage: to rouse from sleep, wake up:—Pass. to rouse oneself, bestir oneself, to hasten. 2. of animals, to spur, goad, cheer on. 3. of things, to urge forward, quicken, speed.

ὄττα, ἡ, Att. for ὄσσα.

ὄττεο contr. ὄττεν, Ep. for οὔτινος, gen. of ὄστις.

ὄττι, Ep. for ὅτι, *that*.

ὄ τι, Ep. for ὅ τι, neut. of ὄστις.

ὄττοβέω, ὄττοβος, wrong forms for ὀτοβέω, ὀτοβος.

ὄττομαι, Att. for ὄσσομαι.

ὄτω, Att. for ὅτινι, dat. of ὄστις.

Οὔ, before a vowel with smooth breathing οὐκ, before one with rough breathing οὐχ: in Att. also οὐχι [χ] Ep. οὐκί [ξ]: negat. Adv., *not*, Lat. *non*, used in independent clauses, whereas μή is used in dependent; οὐκ ἀγαθόν ἐστι it is *not* good; οὐ δοκεῖ it seems *not*. II. οὐ may be used in dependent clauses, after the definite Relative ὅς, after the Conjunctions ὅτι *because*, ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδὴ *since*, and others which introduce a positive fact. 2. οὐ is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by *though* or *since* with a verb, but μή is used when the Participle is expressed by *if* or *unless*, as, οὐ λέγων = ὅτι οὐ λέγω; but μή λέγων = εἰ μή λέγω. 3. οὐ is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, οὐ πάνυ *not by any means*, οὐχ ἥκιστος *not the least*, i. e. *the greatest*. III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by *any, even, anywhere*, etc., these words are also compounded with the negative, e. g. οὐκ ἐποίησε τοῦτο οὐδαμῷ οὐδέεις *no one ever did it*. IV. οὐ is foll. by acc. in solemn asseverations for οὐ μά, as, οὐ τὸν Ὀλυμπον *no, by Olympus*.

Οὐ in questions expresses a question to which an affirm. answer is expected, as, οὐ νυ καὶ ἄλλοι ἔασι; *are there not others too?* implying *that there are*. II. the fut. with οὐ is used with interrog. instead of the imperat., as, οὐ δράσεις; *wilt thou not do it?* i. e. *do it*.

Οὐ takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, ἦν καλὸς μὲν, μέγας δ' οὐ.

II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, θεοῖς τέθηκεν οὗτος, οὐ κείνοισιν, οὐ he is dead to the gods, not to them, *no*. III. when οὐ is a simple negat. answer, *no*.

Prosody:—if the vowel η precede οὐ, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in ἡ οὐ, μὴ οὐ: so also ἐγὼ οὐ.

οὐ, gen. of relat. Pron. ὅς, q. v.

οὐ, Lat. *sui*, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς, and αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς.

οὐά, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. *vab!*

οὐά, exclam. of pain and anger, Lat. *vae*, *ab! woe!*

οὐᾶς, ατος, τό, poet. for οὐς, the ear. Hence

οὐᾶτοεις, εσσα, εν, *with ears, long-eared*. 2. *with ears or bandles*.

οὐ γάρ, for *not*. II. in answers, to express a strong negative; οὐ γάρ, *no—why should you?*

οὐ γὰρ ἀλλά, an ellipt. phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, μὴ σκώπτέ μ' οὐ γὰρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακῶς, which in full would be μὴ σκώπτέ με' οὐ γὰρ σκωπτικῶς, ἀλλὰ κακῶς ἔχω *do not jest at me, for I am not in a jesting mood, but badly off*.

οὐ γὰρ οὖν, a negat. answer, *why no, certainly not*.

οὐ γὰρ ποτε, for *never*.

οὐ γὰρ που, for *in no manner*.

οὐγὰ, Att. crasis for οὐ γὰρ.

οὐδαμὰ and οὐδαμῇ, Adv. of οὐδαμός, *nowhere, in no place; to no place, no way*. . . II. *in no way, in no wise*.

οὐδαμῷθεν, Adv. (οὐδαμός) *from no place, from no side*.

οὐδαμῷθι, Adv. (οὐδαμός) poet. and Ion. for οὐδαμῷ, *nowhere, in no place*: c. gen., οὐδαμῷ τῆς Εὐρώπης *in no part of Europe*.

οὐδ-ἄμός, ἡ, ὅν, for οὐδὲ ἄμός, *not even one, i. e. none*.

οὐδᾶμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμός) *to no place, no way*.

οὐδαμῷ, Adv. of οὐδαμός, *nowhere*: c. gen., οὐδαμῷ γῆς *in no part of the earth*; οὐδαμῷ λέγειν, or οὐδαμῷ ποιεῖσθαι τινα *to esteem as naught*, Lat. *nullo loco habere*. II. of manner, *in no way, not at all*.

οὐδᾶμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμός) *in no wise*.

Οὐτ' ΔΑΣ, τό, gen. οὐδεός, dat. οὐδεῖ, οὐδεῖ:—*the surface of the earth, ground*; οὐδας ὁδὰς ἔλειν *to bite the dust*; οὐδάσδε *to the ground, to earth*. 2. *the floor or pavement in houses*.—Proverb., ἐπ' οὐδεῖ καθίζειν τινά *to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has*.

οὐ-δέ, Adv. (οὐ, δέ) *but not, and not, nor*, connecting two whole clauses. 2. doubled οὐδέ . . , οὐδέ . . , at the beginning of two following clauses, *not even . . , nor yet . .*; as, καὶ μὴν οὐδ' ἡ ἐπιτρείχισις οὐδὲ τὸ ναυτικὸν ἄξιον φοβηθῆναι *and so not even their building forts, nor yet their navy, is worth fearing*:—οὐδέ often follows the simple negat. οὐ . . , as, οὐκέτι μένος ἐμπεδον οὐδέ τίς ἀλκή.

II. strengthening the negat., *not even*; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase; Homer joins it with Advcs., as οὐδ' ἡβαῖον, οὐδὲ τυτθόν, οὐδὲ μίνυνθα, etc. *not even a mule, not even for a short space*.

οὐδ-είς, οὐδ-εἷς, οὐδ-έν, gen. οὐδενός, οὐδεμῶς, οὐδενός, etc. declined like εἷς, μία, ἓν: (οὐδὲ εἷς):—*and not one, i. e. no one, none, no*, as Lat. *nullus* for *ne ullus*: the neut. οὐδέν is used as Adv., *in nothing*,

by no means, in no wise. 2. in plur. οὐδένες, gen. οὐδένων, dat. οὐδέσιν, for οὐδαμοί, none. 3. ὁ and ἡ οὐδέν (sub. ὄν, οὐσα), a good-for-nothing, worthless person: so in masc. οὐδεῖς, a nobody, one who goes for nothing. 4. οὐδέν ὅ τι οὐ, Lat. nihil non, every, all; so in masc. οὐδεὶς ὅστις οὐ, Lat. nemo non, every one.

οὐδέποτε, Ion. for οὐδέποτε.
οὐδένος-ἄρος, ὦν, (οὐδεῖς, ἄρα) not worth notice or regard, contemptible.

οὐδέ πη, Adv. in no wise, by no means.
οὐδέποτε Ion. οὐδέποτε, Adv. and not ever, not at any time, never.

οὐδέπω, Adv. and not yet, nor as yet, not yet.
οὐδέ-πώποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.

οὐδέ-τέρος, α, ὦν, (οὐδέ, ἕτερος) neither of the two, Lat. neuter. II. ῥό οὐδέτερον (sub. γένος), Lat. genus neutrum, the neuter gender.

οὐδέ-τέρως, Adv. of οὐδέτερος, in neither of two ways.
οὐδέ-τέρωσσε, Adv. to or towards neither of two sides, notwithstanding.

οὐδ' ἔτι, Adv. and no more, no longer.
οὐ δῆ, Adv. certainly not, Lat. non sane.
οὐ δῆ πον or οὐ δῆπου, no I surely imagine not.

οὐδός, ὁ, Ion. for ὁδός (ὅ), the threshold of a house, the threshold or sill of a door: metaph., ἐπὶ γῆρας οὐδὼν on the threshold or verge of old age.

οὐδός, ἡ, Acol. for ὁδός (ῆ), a way.
ΟΥ'ΘΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, properly of animals, the UDDER: later of women, the breast. II. metaph. fruitfulness, milkiness, exuberance; οὐθαρ ἀρούρης the most fertile land, Lat. uber arvi.

οὐθατα, neut. pl. of οὐθαρ.
οὐθάτιος, α, ὦν, (οὐθαρ) of the udder.

οὐθ-εἰς, οὐθ-έν, later form for οὐδεῖς, οὐδέν.
οὐ θην, surely not, certainly not.

οὐκ, for οὐ before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for οὐχ) before a rough breathing.
οὐκ, crasis of ὁ ἐκ.

οὐκ ἄρα, so not, not then: surely not.
οὐκ-ἔτι, Adv. no more, no longer, no further.

οὐκί, Ion. Adv. for οὐκί, = οὐκ. [?]
οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. not therefore, so not, Lat. non ergo. 2. in interrog., not therefore? not then? and so not? like Lat. nonne ergo? is it not?

οὐκ-οὐν, Adv. therefore, then, accordingly, Lat. ergo. When the word has this accent, the negat. sense vanishes, and the force of οὐν only remains.

οὐ-κω or οὐ κω, Ion. for οὐπω, not yet.
οὐκ-ων, οὐκ-ῶν, Ion. for οὐκουν, οὐκοῦν.

οὐ-κως or οὐ κως, Ion. for οὐπας, by no means.
οὐλαί Att. δλαί, αἱ, bruised or coarsely-ground barley, which was sprinkled on the head of the victim before the sacrifice, like the mola salsa of the Romans. (Commonly derived from οὐλος, ὄλος, as if οὐλαί or ὄλαί were the whole, unground barley-corns.)

οὐλαμός, οὐ, ὁ, (εἰλέω) a band or throng of warriors.

ΟΥ'ΑΗ', ἡ, a wound healed or scarred over, a scar, Lat. cicatrix.

οὐλιος, α, ὦν, (οὐλος, δλεῖν) baneful, deadly.
οὐλό-θριξ, -τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (οὐλος, θρίξ) with curly hair.
οὐλο-κάρηνος, ὦν, (οὐλος, κάρηνον) with thick, curling hair.

οὐλόμενος, η, ὦν, properly an Ep. form of ὀλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἄλλυμι; but commonly used as Adj. destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

ΟΥ'ΑΟΝ, τό, mostly in plur. οὐλα, the gums.
οὐλοός, ἡ, ὦν, Ep. for ὀλοός.

ΟΥ'ΑΟΣ, η, ὦν, Ep. and Ion. form of ὀλος, whole, entire, perfect, complete, Lat. integer; οὐλος ἄρος a whole loaf. 2. of full force, able, substantial. 3. of sound, continuous, incessant; οὐλον κελήγοντες screaming incessantly. 4. of sight or touch, fine, thick, fleshy; οὐλα κόμαι a thick head of hair: later, twined, crooked. II. Ep. Adj. of ἄλλυμι, = οὐλό-μενος, οὐλοός (for ὀλόμενος, ὀλοός), destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

οὐλό-χῦται, αἱ, (οὐλαι, χέω) bruised or coarsely-ground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice; οὐλοχύτας κατάρχεσθαι to begin the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley.

Οὐλυμπος, ὁ, Ion. for Ὀλυμπος: Οὐλυμπόνδε for Ὀλυμπόνδε, to Olympus.

οὐλα, (οὐλος ι) to be whole or sound, to be hale or well: imperat. οὐλα, as a salutation, like χαῖρε, health to thee, hail, Lat. salve.

οὐ μὲν, Dor. for οὐ μήν, in truth not, assuredly not. οὐ μὲν, no truly, nay verily; old form for οὐ μήν.

οὐ μὲν δῆ, in truth not, nay verily.
οὐ-μὲν-οὐν, for οὐ μὲν οὐν, then not.

οὐ μὲν πως, like οὐπως, by no means, in no wise.
οὐ μὲν-τοι, not however.

οὐ μή, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat. fut., also with aor. 2 subj.: I. when used with fut. indic., the clause must be interrog. II.

with aor. subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν ἔστι or the like, as, οὐ μὴ ληφθῶ I shall not be taken, i. e. οὐ δεινόν ἔστι, μὴ ληφθῶ there is no danger lest I be taken.

οὐ μήν, indeed not, surely not.
οὐ μὴν ἀλλά, also οὐ μὴν ἀλλά καί, nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet still.

οὐ μὴν γε, after a negat., no nor even yet, Lat. nedum.

οὐ μὴν οὐδέ, nay not even.

οὐμός, by Att. crasis for ὁ ἐμός.

ΟΥ'Ν Ion. ὦν, Adv. then, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. therefore, accordingly, consequently, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech. 2. when a speech has been interrupted, οὐν serves to resume. 3. in repetitions οὐν implies the truth of what is repeated, surely, of a truth, as, εἰ δ' ἔστιν, ὥσπερ οὐν ἔστι, θεός if he is, as he surely

is, a god: ἀλλ' οὖν introduces an objection, *certainly, but . . . but still . . .* 4. attached to a relat. Pron. or Adv., οὖν makes it less definite, as, ὅστις *whoever*, ὅστισιν *whosoever*; ὅπως *how*, ὅπως οὖν *howsoever*.

οὐνεκα, before a vowel οὐνεκεν, Adv., for οὐ ἔνεκα, *on which account, wherefore*. 2. the anteced. τοῦνεκα being omitted, *therefore since, for that, because*. 3. after certain Verbs, *so far as, how or so that*. 4. *that, like &c.* II. οὐνεκα (in this sense never οὐνεκεν), Prep. with gen., equiv. to ἔνεκα, *on account of*, mostly following its case.

οὐνεσθε, Ion. for ὀνεσθε, 2 pl. pres. of ὀνομαί.

οὐνομα, οὐνομάζω, οὐνομάλω, οὐνομαστός, Ion. for ὀνομα, ὀνομάζω, etc.

οὐξ, contr. for ὁ ξί.

οὐξίαν, by crasis for ὁ ξίαν, part. of ξείμι *exibo*.

οὐπᾶ, Dor. for οὐπα.

οὐ περ or οὐ περ, Adv. *by no means*.

οὐ πῃ, Adv. *nowhere, in no wise*.

οὐ ποθι, Adv. *nowhere*.

οὐ ποτε Dor. οὐ ποκα, Adv. *not ever, never*.

οὐ ποψ, by crasis for ὁ ποψ.

οὐ πω, Adv. *not yet, Lat. nondum*.

οὐ πώποτε, Adv. *not yet at any time, never yet*.

οὐ πως, Adv. *no how, in no wise, by no means*.

ΟΤΡΑΨ Ion. οὐρή, ἡ, *the tail, Lat. cauda*. II.

generally, *the hinder parts, the after part of anything*; of a ship, *the stern*. 2. of an army, *the rear-guard*, rear: *the rear-rank*; κατ' οὐράν *in rear, behind*; ὁ κατ' οὐράν *the rear-rank-man*; ἐπὶ or κατ' οὐράν *to the rear, backwards*.

οὔρα, τά, for οὔροι, οὔροι, *boundaries*: see οὔρον.

οὐρ-ἄγος, ὄν, (οὐρά, ἡγέομαι) *leading the rear of an army*: as Subst., οὐράγος, ὁ, *leader of the rear-guard*.

οὐραῖος, α, ον, (οὐρά *in* or *of the tail*; τρίχες οὐραῖαι *the hairs of the tail*). 2. generally, *bindward, bindmost*, οὐραῖοι πόδες *the bind feet*; τὰ οὐραῖα *the binder parts*.

Οὐρανία, ἡ, (οὐρανός) *Urania, i. e. the heavenly one*, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astronomy.

II. epith. of Aphrodite or Venus, *the heavenly*.

Οὐρανίδης, ον, ὁ, (οὐρανός) *son of Uranus*: generally, *a dweller in heaven, Lat. coelicola, like Οὐρανίαν*.

οὐράνιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (οὐρανός) *heavenly, of or in heaven, dwelling in heaven*; θεοὶ οὐράνιοι, or οὐράνιοι alone, like Οὐρανίανες, Οὐρανίδαι, Lat. coelītes, coelicolāe, *the dwellers in heaven, heavenly beings*. II. coming from heaven, of rain. III. reaching to heaven, high as heaven. 2. metaph. enormous, awful, stupendous; οὐράνιον ὄσον, like θαυμάσιον ὄσον, Lat. immane quantum:—neut. pl. οὐράνια, as Adv., *vehemently, tremendously*.

Οὐρανίαν, ανος, ὁ, (οὐρανός) like Οὐρανίδης, *the heavenly one*: in plur. Οὐρανίανες θεοὶ or Οὐρανίανες, *the gods, Lat. coelītes*: fem. Οὐρανίαναι.

οὐρανιο-γνώμων, ον, (οὐρανός, γνώμων) *skilled in the heavens*.

οὐρανό-δεκτος, ον, (οὐρανός, δέκνυμι) *shewn from heaven, shewing itself in heaven*.

οὐρανόθεν, Adv. of οὐρανός, *from heaven, down from heaven*: properly an old gen. of οὐρανός, and therefore used with Preps., ἀπ' οὐρανόθεν, ἐξ οὐρανόθεν.

οὐρανόθι, Adv. of οὐρανός, *in heaven, in the heavens*: but οὐρανόθι πρό is for πρὸ οὐρανοῦ, where οὐρανός is gen. for οὐρανοῦ, as ἀρεσθί for ὄρεος.

οὐρανό-μήκης, ες, (οὐρανός, μήκος) *as high as heaven, reaching to heaven*. 2. enormous, stupendous.

οὐρανό-νικος, ον, (οὐρανός, νικάω) *conquering heaven*. ΟΥΡΑΝΟΣ Dor. ὠρανός Aeol. ὄρανός, ὁ, *heaven, Lat. coelum*: in Homer *the vault or firmament of heaven, the sky* represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; οὐρανός ἀστεροῖς *the starry firmament*. 2. *heaven*, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere; πόλαι οὐρανοῦ *Heaven-gate, i. e. a thick cloud, which the Hours lifted or put down*. II. as masc. prop. n. Uranus, son of Erebus and Gaia.

οὐραν-οὔχος, ον, (οὐρανός, ἔχω) *holding heaven*.

οὔρεα, τά, nom. and acc. pl. of οὔρος, Ion. for ὄρος, τό, *a mountain*.

οὔρεθ-επτος, v. l. for οὔρεθ-επτος, q. v.

οὔρειος, η, ον, Ion. for ὄρειος, (ὄρος, τό) *of the mountain*: Νύμφη οὔρειη *a mountain-nymph*.

οὔρεθ-φοῖτος, ον, (οὔρος, τό, φοῖτάω) *mountain-roaming*:—fem. οὔρεθ-φοῖτάς, ἄδος.

οὔρεθ-βώτης, ον, ὁ, (οὔρος, τό, βόσκω) *poët. for ὄρεσιβώτης, feeding on the mountains*.

οὔρεθ-οὔκος, ον, (οὔρος, τό, οἰκέω) *mountain-dwelling*.

οὔρεθ-φοῖτης, ον, ὁ, and -φοῖτος, ον, = οὔρεθ-φοῖτος.

οὔρεθς, ὅς, ὁ, Ion. for ὄρεθς, α, *a mule*.

οὔρέω, impf. εὔρουσιν: f. οὔρησιν or -ῆσμαι: aor. I εὔρησα: (οὔρον):—to make water.

οὔρηας, Ep. acc. pl. of οὔρεθς: οὔρηων, gen. pl.

οὔρησειω, Desiderat. of οὔρέω, to want to make water.

οὔρητιώω, = οὔρησειω.

οὔριάχος, ὁ, (οὔρά) *the bindmost part, lowest part*;

ἔγχεος οὔριάχος *the butt-end of a spear*.

οὔρι-βάτας, ον, ὁ, *poët. for ὄρειβάτης, mountain-walking*.

οὔριζω, Ion. for ὄρίζω, to bound, limit.

οὔριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (οὔρος) to waft with a fair wind: to speed on the way, guide prosperously. II. intr. to blow fairly, give a fair passage.

οὔρι-θρεπτος, η, ον, (οὔρος, τό, τρέφω) *poët. for ὄρεθρεπτος, mountain-bred*.

οὔριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (οὔρος) with a fair wind, Lat. vento secundo, esp. of a ship. 2. of a voyage, prosperous, fair: generally, prosperous, successful:—neut. plur. as Adv., οὔρια θείν to run before the wind: but ἐξ οὔριαν δραμεῖν (sub. πνευμάτων), to run with a fair breeze. II. prospering, favouring, propitious.

2. οὔρια (sub. πνοή), ἡ, = οὔριος, a fair wind.

οὐριοστάτης, ου, δ, (οὔριος, ἴσθημι) standing prosperous or secure. [ᾶ]

οὐρίω, (οὔριος) to give to the winds, let flow.

οὐρίσμα, ατος, τό, Ion. for ὄρισμα, a boundary line.

οὔρις, by crasis for ὁ ὄρις.

ΟΥΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. URINA, urine.

οὔρον, τό, poet. for οὔρος, ὄρος, ὁ, a boundary; found in three places of Homer; (1) ὅσα δίσκου οὔρα πέλονται as far as the boundaries of the quoit reach, i. e. the distance of a quoit's throw; (2) ὅσον τ' ἐν νεφ' οὔρον πέλει ἡμίονοι τόσσον ὑπεκπροθέων . . ἵκετο; and (3) ὅσον τ' ἐπὶ οὔρα πέλονται ἡμίονον; in which two passages, a certain distance is expressed by οὔρον ἡμίονοι and οὔρα ἡμίονων, and the distance meant is that by which mules would beat oxen in ploughing a furrow of given length in a given time.

οὔρος, οὔ, δ, (εἶρω) a trench or channel for hauling up ships on shore and launching them again.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ου, δ, a fair wind, right astern; πέμπειν κατ' οὔρον to send down (i. e. with) the wind, to speed on its way: metaph., οὔρος [ἔστι], like καιρός [ἔστι], it is a fair time.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, ου, δ, a watcher, warder, guard.

οὔρος, ου, δ, Ion. for ὄρος, a boundary.

οὔρος, εος, τό, Ion. for ὄρος, a mountain.

ΟΥΡΟΣ, τό, a wild bull, Lat. URUS.

ΟΥΣ, τό, gen. ὠτός, dat. ὠτί: pl. nom. ὠτα, gen. ὠτων, dat. ὠτίων: Ion. and Ep. οὔας, οὔατος: Dor. ὠς, ὠτός.—Lat. AURIS, the ear; eis οὐς, eis ὠτα in or into one's ear, i. e. secretly. II. an ear or handle, of pitchers, urns, etc.

οὔσια, ἡ, (οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum) that which is one's own, one's property, substance: state, condition; τὰς ἀπαίδας ἐς τὸ λοιπὸν οὔσιας her childless state for the future, i. e. her bearing no children for the future. II. the being, substance, essence of a thing.

οὐτά, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, but οὐτᾶ, 3 sing. impf., of οὐτάω.

οὔται, imperat. of οὐτάω.

οὐτάζω, f. οὐτάσω: aor. I οὐτάσα: pf. pass. οὐτάσμαι.—like οὐτάω, to wound; οὐτάζον σάκος they hit, shattered the shield; c. acc. cognato, ἔλκος, ὃ με βορρῶς οὐτάσεν ἀνὴρ the wound which a man struck me withal.

οὐτάμεν, οὐτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of οὐτάω.

οὐτάσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οὐτάζω.

οὐτάω, imperat. οὔται: Ion. impf. οὐτάσκον: fut. οὐτήσω: aor. I οὐτήσα Ion. οὐτήσασκον: aor. I pass. οὐτήσθην.—Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 οὐτᾶ (as if from οὐτήμι), inf. οὐτάμεναι and οὐτάμεν, part. (in pass. sense) οὐτάμενος [ᾶ].—to wound, to wound by striking with a spear or sword, opp. to βάλλειν (to strike with a missile):—Pass., οὐταμένη ἀτειλή the wound inflicted.

οὔ-τε, Adv., and not.

II. repeated οὔτε . . , οὔτε . . , neither . . , nor . . , Lat. neque . . , neque . . : but τε is often used in the second clause answering to οὔτε in the first, both not . . , and . .

οὔτερος, Ion. for ὁ ἑτερος: neut. τοὔτερον.

οὔτηθεις, aor. I pass. part. of οὐτάω.

οὔτησασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of οὐτάω.

οὔτηρα, ἡ, fem. of οὔτητήρ.

οὔτητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (οὐτάω) one who wounds.

οὔ-τι, neut. of οὔτις.

οὔτιδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ὄς, ὄν, (οὔτις) useless, worthless, good for naught.

οὔ-τι-πω, Adv., for οὔ τί πω, like οὔπω, not at all yet.

οὔ-τις, gen. οὔτινος, no one, nobody, Lat. ne ullus, nullus; neut. οὔ-τι, nothing, Lat. nihil:—neut. also as Adv. by no means, not at all: hence II. with changed accent, Οὔτις, ὁ, acc. Οὔτιν, Noman, Nobody, a name assumed by Ulysses to deceive Polyphemus.

οὔ-τοι, Adv. (οὔ, τοί) indeed not, Lat. non sane.

οὔτος, αὕτη, τοῦτο, gen. τοῦτον, ταύτης, τούτου, etc., demonstr. Pron., this, as opp. to ἐκεῖνος, the nearer of two things, opp. to the more remote, like Lat. hic opp. to ille.

II. when opp. to ὅδε, οὔ-τος generally refers to what has gone before, ὅδε to what is to follow.

III. οὔτος, αὕτη are used to call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous sense, Lat. heus! you there! bollo you! also οὔτος σύ, heus tu! but also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus, ᾧ οὔτος, οὔτος Οἰδίπους!

IV. τοῦτο μέν . . , τοῦτο δέ . . , or ταῦτα μέν . . , ταῦτα δέ . . , stronger than μέν . . , δέ . . , on the one hand . . , on the other . . ; partly . . , partly . .

V. καὶ ταῦτα, to add something with emphasis, and that too, and more than that, often without a Verb, as, καὶ ταῦτα τηλικούτος and that too being such an one; τί γὰρ δενότερον δικαστοῦ καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is more to be feared than a judge, and that too an old one? VI. καὶ ταῦτα μὲν δὴ ταῦτα, like εἰεν, so much for this, Lat. haec batenus.

VII. neut. pl. ταῦτα as Adv. for this reason, like διὰ ταῦτα, ταῦτ' ἄρα, ταῦτ' οὖν for this reason then, accordingly.

2. ταῦτα (sub. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταῦτ', ᾧ δεσπότης yes, master.

VIII. dat. fem. sing. ταύτη was also used as Adv., 1. of Place (sub. χώρα), in this spot, here.

2. of Manner, in this way, so.

3. in this respect, so far, for the matter of that.

IX. οὔτος is often strengthened in Att. by the demonstr. I. οὔτοσι, αὐτῇ, τοῦτί, gen. τουτοῦ, nom. pl. οὔτοι, neut. ταυτί, etc., this man here, Lat. hicce:—before a vowel i becomes iv, as οὔτοσιν: neut. τουτοῖ, ταυταί.

οὔτως, before a conson. οὔτω, Adv. of οὔτος, in this way or manner, so thus, Lat. sic.

II. with a qualifying power, so, only so, simply, no more than.

III. in wishes, with optat., εἰ γὰρ ἐγὼν οὔτω γε Διὸς παῖς εἴην would I were the son of Jove so [truly] as . . . 2. in protestations, as, ἐγὼ γ' οὔ-τως ἀνάμην τῶν τέκνων, μισῶ τὸν ἄνδρα I, so help me my children, hate the man.

IV. οὔτω μέν . . , οὔτω δέ . . , partly . . , partly . . , on the one hand . . , on the other . . ; cf. οὔτος iv.

V. in beginning a

story, οὕτω ποτ' ἦν μὴς καὶ γαλῆ so there were once upon a time a mouse and a marten-cat.

οὕτως, οὕτως, = οὕτως. [Γ]

οὐλί, Adv. for οὐ, not. [X]

οὐχίνος, by crasis for δ' ἐχίνος.

ὀφειλέτης, ου, ὁ, fem. ὀφειλέτης, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) a debtor.

ὀφειλή, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) a debt: one's due.

ὀφειλήμα, τό, (ὀφείλω) that which is owed, a debt.

'ΟΦΕΙΛΩ, impf. ὤφειλον: fut. ὀφείλῃω: aor. I ὤφειλσα: aor. 2 ὤφελον Ion. ὤφελον Ep. ὤφελον, ὤφελον: pf. ὤφειλκα:—to owe, be indebted for, have to pay: absol. to be in debt:—Pass. to be owed, to be due: part. ὀφειλόμενος, bounden, due, fitting; τὸ ὀφειλόμενον one's due. 2. ζημίαν ὀφείλειν to be liable to, be in danger of a penalty, etc.: of retribution, βλάβην ὀφείλειν τινὶ to owe one an ill turn.

II. to be under an obligation, to be bound to do a thing. 2. aor. 2 ὤφελον, I ought., of what one has not done; ὤφελεν ἀθανάτοισιν εὐχέσθαι he ought to have prayed to the gods: hence this aor. comes to express the wish that a thing had happened which has not, as, τὴν ὄφελ' ἐν νήεσσι κατακτάμεν 'Artemis would that Diana had slain her! Lat. utinam eam interfecisset! properly, Diana ought to have slain her: mostly with the Conjunction εἴθε Ep. αἶθε, as, αἶθ' ὄφελος ἄγονος ἔμενα O that thou hadst been unborn! εἴθ' ὄφελ' 'Αργούς μὴ διαπτάσθαι σκάφος would that the Argo had not sped through: also with ὥς, ὥς ὄφελον or ὤφελον O that I had..! also with negat., μὴ ὄφελος would thou hadst not..! III. of anything binding upon us, esp. in Pass.; πᾶσιν ἡμῖν τοῦτ' ὀφείλεται παθεῖν this is a debt due for us all to pay; so, πᾶσιν ἡμῖν καταναεῖν ὀφείλεται, Horace's debemur mortui, we must all pay the debt of nature.

'ΟΦΕΛΛΩ, Ep. for ὀφείλω, impf. ὤφελον or ὤφελον, to owe: Pass., χρεῖός μοι ὀφέλλεται a debt is due to me.

II. to be obliged, bound.

'ΟΦΕΛΛΩ, f. ὀφελῶ: aor. I ὤφειλα, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. ὀφέλλαιεν:—poet. word, to increase, enlarge, augment, strengthen; μῦθον ὀφέλλειν to multiply words; ὀφέλλειν τινα τιμῇ to raise one in honour, Lat. honore augere: generally, to help, make to thrive:—Pass. to wax, grow, thrive, increase.

ὀφελος, Ep. aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

'ὄφελος, τό, (ὀφέλλω) advantage, help, profit, usance; c. gen., τῶν ὀφελος οὐδέν whose use was nothing, i. e. who were of no use; so, ὅ τι ὄφελος στρατεύματος what was really serviceable of the army.

ὀφθαλμία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός) a disease of the eyes accompanied by the discharge of humours, ophthalmia.

ὀφθαλμιάω, (ὀφθαλμία) to have the ophthalmia, to have sore eyes.

ὀφθαλμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ὀφθαλμός. [X]

ὀφθαλμο-δουλεία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός, δουλεία) eye-service.

ὀφθαλμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀφθῆναι) the eye; ἐς ὀφθαλμούς τῖνος before one's eyes or face; ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς Lat. in

oculis, before the eyes; ἐξ ὀφθαλμῶν out of sight; κατ' ὀφθαλμούς to one's face.

II. like ὄμμα and ἄνθος, the dearest, choicest, best of anything, as the eye is the most precious part of the body; ὀφθαλμός στρατιᾶς the flower of the army, as we say, the apple of the eye.

III. in Persia, ὀφθαλμοὶ βασιλέως, the king's eyes, were confidential officers, through whom he beheld his subjects.

ὀφθαλμό-τεγκτος, ου, (ὀφθαλμός, τέγγω) wetting the eyes.

ὀφθαλμο-ῤῥύχος, ου, (ὀφθαλμός, ῥύσσω) tearing out the eyes.

ὀφθαλμός, Dor. for ὀφθαλμός.

ὀφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆσμαι, fut. pass. of ὄραω.

ὀφθεῖσσι, Ep. for ὀφθεῖσι, dat. pl. of ὄφθις.

ὀφίο-βόλος, ου, (ὄφθις, βαλεῖν) serpent-slaying.

ὀφίο-πους, ποδος, (ὄφθις, πούς) with snakes for legs.

'ΟΦΙΣ, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, a serpent, snake.

ὀφί-ῶδης, ες, (ὄφθις, εἶδος) of serpent shape, snakey.

ὀφλεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ὀφλισκάνω.

ὀφλήω, ατος, τό, (ὀφλεῖν) a debt or a fine incurred in a lawsuit, damages.

ὀφλήσω, fut. of ὀφλισκάνω.

ὀφλισκάνω, fut. ὀφλήσω: pf. ὤφληκα: aor. 2 ὤφλον, inf. ὀφλεῖν, part. ὀφλῶν:—to owe, incur a debt, but mostly used in the technical phrase δίκην ὀφλεῖν or ὀφλισκάνειν, to be cast in a suit, lose one's cause; as, ὀφλῶν ἀρπαγῆς τε καὶ κλοπῆς δίκην being cast in a suit of robbery and theft; also, ἀνατόν δίκην ὀφλισκάνειν to be found guilty of a capital crime: often without δίκην, ὀφλισκάνειν ἀσφατεῖας (sub. δίκην) to be found guilty of not serving; absol. to be cast, be found guilty, convicted; also, ζημίαν ὀφλεῖν to incur a penalty.

II. generally, of anything one brings on oneself; γέλατα or αἰσχύνην ὀφλεῖν to bring laughter or shame on oneself, incur them: so also, δειλίαν ὀφλισκάνειν to incur the charge of cowardice; μαρίαν ὀφλισκάνειν τινὶ to bring on oneself the imputation of folly in any one's estimation.

ὀφλῶν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ὀφλισκάνω.

'ΟΦΡΑ, Conjunction, marking end or intention, that, in order that, to the end that, Lat. ut.

II. Adv. of Time, like Lat. donec, so long as, while: until.

ὀφρῦν, ἡ, Ion. for ὀφρύς, the brow or edge of a bill. [V]

ὀφρῦδες, εσσα, εν, (ὀφρύς) on the brow or edge of a rock, beetling. 2. metaph. towering, pompous.

'ΟΦΡΥΣ, υός, ἡ; acc. ὀφρύν later ὀφρύν; acc. pl. ὀφρύνas, ὀφρύν:—the eyebrow, Lat. supercilium, used in many phrases to denote grief, rage, scorn or pride; as, τὰς ὀφρύνas ἀνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows in token of grief; τὰς ὀφρύνas συνάγειν to knit, contract the brows, frown; opp. to λύνειν and μετεῖναι τὰς ὀφρύνas to smoothe or unknot the brow. 2.

ὀφρύν, like Lat. supercilium, gravity, dignity; scorn,

pride, II. metaph. the brow of a bill, the edge of a cliff, a beelling or overhanging crag.

δφρῦς, contr. for δφρύας, acc. pl. of δφρύς.

δχα, (έχω) Ep. Adv. by far, eminently, always with Sup. άριστος: later έξοχα.

δχανή, ή, and δχανών, τό, (δχέω, έχω) the handle of a shield, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the bearer passed his arm.

δχέσκον, Ion. impf. of δχέω.

δχέσσι, Ep. for δχεσι, dat. pl. of όχος.

δχέα, ή, (δχέω) a covering, of the horse.

δχεσφι, -ιν, Ep. for δχεσι, dat. pl. of τό όχος.

δχετεύω, f. σω, (δχετός) to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct:—Pass., ύδωρ δχετευόμενον water carried off by a canal.

δχετ-ηγός, όν, (δχετός, άγω) drawing off water by a conduit or canal.

δχετός, ου, ό, (δχέω) a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a river. 2. metaph. a channel or means of escape.

δχεύς, gen. έως Ion. ήος, ό, (έχω) any fastening: 1. the band or strap for fastening the helmet under the chin. 2. in pl. the clasps of the belt. 3. a bolt which fastened the door within.

δχευτής, ου, ό, (δχέω) a stallion: a lewd person.

δχέω, f. σω, (δχέω) to ride: of male animals, to cover.

δχέω, f. ήσω, (όχος, ό) collat. form of έχω, as φερέω of φέρω, to bear, endure, support, bold; φρουράν δχεύν to keep watch. 2. to let ride, mount. II. in

Pass., with fut. med. δχήσομαι, to be borne or carried; κύμασιν, νηυσίν, έπιποισιν δχείσθαι to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc.: hence without any Subst. after it, like Lat. *vehi*, to drive, ride, sail; έπ' άγκύρας δχείσθαι to ride at anchor.

δχηα, Ep. acc. of δχεύς: δχης, nom. pl.

δχημα, τό, (δχέω) that which bears or supports, a support, stay. II. a carriage, a chariot, Lat. *vehiculum*: also a vessel, ship.

δχθέω, f. ήσω, to be heavy laden: metaph. to be heavy or oppressed in mind, to be vexed at heart; άχθησαν they were heavy at heart. (From άχθομαι, as όχέω from έχω.)

'ΟΧΘΗ, ή, older form of όχθος, any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam: in pl. the banks of a river or trench, dyke, etc.: also, crags by a river. Hence

δχθρός, ά, όν, raised, billy.

δχθος, ό, later form of δχθη, rising ground, a bill.

δχλέω, = μοχλέω, to heave or move by a lever:—Pass. to be rolled, roll along; ψηφίδες άπασαι δχλεύνται (Aeol. for δχλούνται) all the pebbles are rolled or swept away by the water.

δχλέω, f. ήσω, (όχλος) to disturb by a mob or mob; generally, to trouble or importune, c. acc.: absolute to be troublesome.

δχληρός, ά, όν, (δχλέω) troublesome, importunate.

δχλίω, f. ίσω, = δχλέω, δχλεύω, to move or heave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll it away by dint of strength.

δχλίσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of δχλίω.

δχλο-ποιέω, f. ήσω, (όχλος, ποιέω) to make a riot; δχλοποιούν την πόλιν to set the city in an uproar.

'ΟΧΛΟΣ, ό, a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob, Lat. *turba*, opp. to δήμος (the people in a constitutional sense). II. noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult, Lat. *turba*:—generally, disturbance, trouble, annoyance, impertunity.

δχλ-ώδης, es, contr. for δχλο-ειδής, (όχλος, είδος) like a mob, turbulent, riotous; τό δχλῶδες troublesome, turbulence.

δχμα, atos, τό, (έχω) a hold, fastening. Hence δμμάω, f. άσω, to grip, hold fast: to bind, fetter: of horses, to rein in, make obedient to the bit.

δχνη, ή, a wild pear, late form of δγχνη.

δχος, eos, τό, (έχω) a chariot, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. δχεσφι, δχεσφιν, for δχεσι.

δχος ποῖτ. όκχος, ου, ό, (έχω) that which holds; νηών δχοι places to hold ships, i. e. harbours, roadsteads. II. that which bears, a carriage, chariot, car; but, δχοι άνήτης bearers of the chariot, i. e. the wheels.

δχυρός, ά, όν, (έχω) like έχυρός, firm, lasting, stout, strong: esp. of places, firm, secure: strong, tenable, of a fortress or the like.

δχυρώω, f. ώσω, (δχυρός) to make fast, fortify. Hence

δχυρωμα, atos, τό, a stronghold, fortress.

δχυρός, Adv. of δχυρός, firmly, strongly.

δχωα, by metath. for δκαχα, perf. of έχω.

δψ, ή, gen. όπος, dat. όπι, acc. όπα (είπειν, έπος) a voice. II. a discourse, word.

δψ-άματης [μα], ου, ό, voc. όψάματα, (δψέ, άμάω) one who mows till late at even; cf. δψαρότης.

δψάνον, τό, (δψομαι) = δψις, a sight, vision.

δψάριον, τό, Dim. of όψον, esp. fish: a small fish. δψ-άρότης, ου, ό, (δψέ, άρώω) one who ploughs late; cf. όψαμάτης.

'ΟΨΕ', Adv. after a long time, at length, late, Lat. *sero*: όψέ πανθάνειν to learn too late. 2. late in the day, at even, opp. to πρωί: late in the season; όψέ ήν it was late: c. gen., όψέ της ήμέρας late in the day, Lat. *serum diei*: also, όψέ των Τρωικών long after the Trojan war.—Att. irreg. Comp. δφιαίτερον later; Sup. δφιαίτατα, latest.

δψέω, Desiderat. of όπάω, formed from fut. δψομαι, to wish to see.

δψεσθαι, fut. inf. of όπάω.

δψι, Aeol. for δψέ.

δψια (sub. ώρα), ή, properly fem. of όψιος, the latter part of the day, evening, often joined with δείλη, from τό όρθρος: see δείλη.

δψι-ότερος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of όψιος: see άψι.

ὀψί-γονος, *ον*, (ὀψέ, γενέσθαι) *late-born, after-born, born in a later age.* 2. of a son, *late-born, born in one's old age.* 3. *later-born, i. e. younger.* [Υ]

ὀψίστερος, -*τατος*, *Comp. and Sup. of ὀψιος.*

ὀψίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, (ὀψέ) *to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing: Pass. to be belated, benighted.*

ὀψί-κοιτος, *ον*, (ὀψέ, κοίτη) *going late to bed, late watching or wakeful.*

ὀψιμᾶθῶ, *φ. ἴσω*, *to learn late or too late.* From ὀψι-μᾶθής, *ἐς*, (ὀψέ, μαθεῖν) *late in learning, late to learn, Lat. serus studiorum: too late or too old to learn, c. gen.*

ὀψίμος, *ον*, (ὀψέ) *poët. for ὀψιος, late, slow, tardy: τέρως ὀψιμον a prognostic late of fulfilment.*

ὀψί-νοος, *ον*, (ὀψέ, νόος) *late of thought, inobservant.*

ὀψιος, *α, ον*, (ὀψέ) *late, Lat. serus, opp. to πρῶιος. —Att. Comp. ὀψιαίτερος, α, ον, Sup. ὀψιαίτατος, η, ον: Neut. ὀψιαιτερον, -ατα, Adv. as Comp. and Sup. of ὀψέ. The forms ὀψιέστερος and ὀψιέστατος also occur.*

ὀψις, *gen. εως* *Ion. ιος, ἡ*, (ὀψομαι) *a sight, appearance; a vision, apparition:—ὀψις οἰκοδομημάτων a show of buildings.* 2. *outward appearance, look: the face, visage.* II. *the power of sight or seeing, eyesight.* 2. *a viewing, seeing, view, sight, Lat. conspectus; ἀπικέσθαι ἐς ὀψιν τινί to come into one's sight or presence.*

ὀψί-τέλεστος, *ον*, (ὀψέ, τελέω) *late of fulfilment, to be late fulfilled.*

ὀψομαι, *fut. of ὀράω, formed from *ὀπτομαι.*

ὀψον, τό, (ἔψω) *properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesh.* II. *anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called ὀψον ποτῶ, a zest or relish to drink.*

III. *generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph. of hunger or toil, οἱ πόνοι ὀψον τοῖς ἀγαθοῖς labour is a sauce to good things.* IV. *any dainty food, rich fare: in pl. dainties.*

V. *at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians.* 2. *the market-place, esp. the fish-market.*

ὀψοποιέω, *Dep. (ὀψοποιός) to dress meat delicately: Med. to eat meat or fish with bread.* Hence

ὀψοποιεῖα, *ἡ*, *the art of cookery: and*

ὀψοποιικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *of or for delicate cookery.*

ὀψο-ποιός, *όν*, (ὀψον, ποιέω) *cooking food skilfully: as Subst., ὀψοποιός, ὁ, a cook.*

ὀψο-πόνος, *ον*, (ὀψον, πονέω) *dressing food elaborately.*

ὀψοφάγῶ, *φ. ἴσω*, (ὀψοφάγος) *to eat or live upon dainties alone, to fare delicately.* Hence

ὀψοφάγια, *ἡ*, *dainty living: eating delicacies.*

ὀψο-φάγος, *ον*, (ὀψον, φάγῃν) *eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., ὀψοφάγος, ὁ, an epicure, gourmet.—Irreg. Att. Comp. and Sup. ὀψοφαγίστερος, ὀψοφαγίστατος.*

ὀψ-ωνέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (ὀψον, ὠνέομαι) *to buy or purvey fish: generally, to buy victuals.* Hence

ὀψωνιον, τό, *properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.*

Π

Π, π, π̄, *indecl.:* sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral π' = 80, but π = 80,000.

Changes of π: it is often interchanged with β, as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in *Ion.* for φ, as ἀπικέσθαι for ἀβικέ-, ἀπηγέσθαι for ἀβηγ-; and so before an aspirate, π was retained by the *Ion.*, e. g., ἀπ' ἡμῶν, ὑπ' ἡμῶν for ἀφ' ἡμῶν, ὑφ' ἡμῶν. II. in *Ion.* Prose, π becomes κ in relatives and interrogatives, e. g. κῶς ὅκως κοῖος ὁκοῖος κόσος ὁκόσος for πῶς ὅπως ποῖος ὀποῖος ὅσος ὀπόσος. III. in *Aeol.* π is used for μ, as ὅππα for ὅμμα, πεδά for μετά. IV. in *Aeol.* and *Dor.* π is for τ, as πέμπε for πέντε. V. π is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρός λαγαρός. VI. π is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat. esp. in *Aeol.* e. g. ὅππη, ὅππως, ὀπποῖος, ὀππόσος for ὅπη, etc. VII. Poët., τ is sometimes inserted after π, esp. in πτόλις, πτόλεμος for πῶλις, πόλεμος with their derivatives.

πᾶ, πᾶ, *Dor. for πῇ, πη.*

πᾶα, *Lacon. for πᾶσα.*

πᾶγά, *Dor. for πηγῇ.*

παγενέτειρα, *ἡ*, *mother of all.* From

παγ-γενέτης, *ον, ὁ*, (πᾶς, γενέσθαι) *father of all.*

παγ-γλυκερός, *α, ὄν*, (πᾶς, γλυκερός) *sweetest of all.*

παγ-γλωσσία, *ἡ*, (πᾶς, γλώσσα) *wordiness.*

πᾶγεις, *εἷσα, ἐν*, *aor. 2 pass. part. of πήγνυμι.*

πάγεν [ᾱ], *Aeol. and Ep. for ἐπάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.*

πάγετος, *ὁ*, (πάγος) *frost, ice.*

πᾶγετ-ώδης, *ες*, (παγετός, εἶδος) *frosty, icy-cold.*

πάγη [ᾱ], *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.*

πάγη [ᾱ], *ἡ*, (παγῆναι) *anything that fixes or holds fast: a snare, noose, trap: the toils used in fowling: a fowling-net.* 2. *metaph. a snare, stratagem.*

παγῆναι, *aor. 2 inf. pass. of πήγνυμι.*

παγιδεύω, *φ. ἴσω*, (παγίς) *to lay a snare for, entrap.*

πάγιος, *α, ον*, (παγῆναι) *fixed, firm, solid, steadfast.*

Adv. -ίως, *firmly, steadily.*

πάγίς, ἴδος, *ἡ*, (παγῆναι) *like πάγη, a snare, trap, gin:—ἀγκυρα παγίς νεῶν the anchor which holds ships like a trap.*

παγ-καίνιστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, καινός) *all new or fresh.*

πάγ-κάκος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κακός) *quite or utterly bad: most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly bad or depraved: Sup. παγκάκιςτος. Adv. παγκάκως, all miserably.*

πάγ-κάλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, καλός) *all-beautiful, all-good.*

παγκαρπία, *ἡ*, *an offering of all kinds of fruit.*

πάγ-καρπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, καρπός) *of or consisting of all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit.*

παγ-κατάρατος, *ον*, (πᾶς, καταράομαι) *all-accursed.*

παγ-κευθής, *ἐς*, (πᾶς, κεύθω) *all concealed.* II. *act. all-concealing.*

πάγ-κλαυτος and -κλαυτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κλαίω) all-lamented, most woeful. II. act. all-tearful.

παγκληρία, ἡ, a sole inheritance, full possession.

From

πάγ-κληρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κλήρος) held in full possession.

πάγ-κοινος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κοινός) common to all.

παγ-κοίτης, *ου, ὁ*, (πᾶς, κοίτη) giving rest to all: θάλαμος παγκοίτης the chamber in which all must rest, i. e. the grave.

παγ-κόνιτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, κόνις) covered all over with dust; ἀέθλα παγκόνιτα prizes gained by all kinds of contests.

παγ-κράτης, ἑς, (πᾶς, κράτος) all-powerful, all-mighty, all-ruling: all-conquering.

παγκρατιάξω, *φ. σω*, to perform the exercises of the pancratium.

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτης) a complete contest, i. e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium.

παγ-κρότος, Adv. (πᾶς, κρότος) sounding all at once, of rowers who keep good time.

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηναι) a firm-set rock: a peak, crag, rocky hill: ὁ Ἄρειος πάγος the Areopagus at Athens. [ᾶ]

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηναι) anything stiffened or hardened: frozen water, ice, frost. [ᾶ]

πάγ-ουρος, ὁ, (πάγηναι, οὐρά) a kind of crab.

παγ-χάλεπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χαλεπός) very difficult and dangerous. Adv. -πᾶς.

παγ-χάλκεος and παγ-χαλκος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χαλκός) all-brasen, all of brass.

πάγ-χριστός, *ον*, (πᾶς, χριστός) good for all work.

πάγ-χριστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χριστός) all-anointed: πάγ-χριστον πειθοῦς the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.

παγ-χρύσεος, *ον*, and παγ-χρῦσος, *ον*, (πᾶς, χρυσός) all gold, of solid gold. [ῥ]

πάγῃ, Adv. (πᾶς, πᾶν) Ion. for πάνι, quite, wholly, entirely, altogether.

πάγῳ, aor. 2 subj. pass. of πήγνυμι.

πᾶδάω, Dor. for πηδάω.

πάθε [ᾶ], Ep. for ἔπαθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πάσχω.

παθεῖν Ep. παθήειν, aor. 2 inf. of πάσχω. Hence

πάθη [ᾶ], ἡ, anything that befalls one: suffering, misfortune.

πάθημα, ατος, τό, = πάθος, a suffering, misfortune; τά παθήματα μαθήματα sufferings are lessons to learn by.

πάθησθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of πάσχω.

πάθητός, ἡ, ὅν, (παθεῖν) having suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer.

πάθος, εος, τό, (παθεῖν) anything that befalls one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity. 2. a passive condition: a passion, affection. 3. an incident.

πάθῳ [ᾶ], aor. 2 subj. of πάσχω.

παθόν, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of πάσχω.

παῖ, Ep. παῖ, vocat. of παῖς.

Παιάν, ἄνος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. Παῖήων, *ονος*, later Παῖών, ἄνος, Paëon or Paean, the physician of the gods; Παῖήωνος γενέθλη the race of Paëon, i. e. physicians.

2. later the name was transferred to Apollo, who was invoked by the cry ἴηε Παῖαν; also to his son Aesculapius. 3. a physician: and more generally, a saviour, deliverer.

II. as appellat. παῖών Ion. παῖήων, a paean, i. e. a choral song, a hymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Παῖ-άν. 2. a song of triumph after victory, properly to Apollo: also a triumphant song before battle, a war-song. 3. any solemn song or chant. 4. in pl., παῖήωνες paean-singers. Hence

παῖωνίζω, *φ. σω*, to chant the paean, sing a song of triumph.

Παῖών, *ονος, ὁ*, Dor. for Παῖήων. [ᾶ] παῖγμα, ατος, τό, (παίζω) play, sport; λατοῦ π. flute-playing.

παῖγνιά, ἡ, (παίζω) play, sport, a game, pastime. II. a feast, festival.

παῖγνα-γράφος, *ον*, (παῖγνιά, γράφω) writing sportive poetry.

παῖγνήμιον, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (παῖγνιά) fond of a joke. παῖγνιον, τό, (παίζω) a plaything, toy: impl. of a person, like Lat. *deliciae*, a darling. II. in Theocritus, the Egyptians are called κακὰ παῖγνια, roughish cheats.

III. a sportive poem: merry noise.

παῖγνιος, *ον*, (παῖγνιά) sportive, droll, done in play.

παῖγνι-ώδης, *ες*, (παῖγνιά, εἶδος) playful, sportive, merry: τὸ παῖγνιώδες playfulness.

παῖδ-αγωγέιον, τό, (παῖδαγωγός) a school-room.

παῖδαγωγία, *φ. ἡσω*, (παῖδαγωγός) to attend boys: to lead like a child, to train, educate. Hence

παῖδαγωγία, ἡ, an attending boys, education:—attendance.

παῖδ-άγωγος, ὅν, (παῖς, ἄγω) attending or training boys: as Subst., παῖδαγωγός, ὁ, the slave who went with a boy from home to school and back again: hence generally, a tutor, teacher, instructor.

παῖδαριον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, a young child, a little boy or girl. II. a young slave.

παῖδῶ, παιδοῶν, Lacon. for παῖς, παῖσιν.

παιδεία, ἡ, (παιδεύω) the rearing or bringing up of a child: teaching, education, discipline, correction. II. youth, childhood. III. bandiwork.

παιδεος, *ον*, (παῖς) childish, concerning or suited to children: ὕμνοι παιδεῖοι hymns sung by the boys.

παιδεραστέω, *φ. ἡσω*, to love boys. From

παιδ-εραστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παῖς, ἐράω) a lover of boys.

παιδεραστία, ἡ, (παιδεραστέω) love of boys.

παιδεσσι, Ep. for παῖσι, dat. pl. of παῖς.

παιδεσμα, ατος, τό, (παιδεύω) that which is reared or educated, a nursing, scholar, pupil. II. that which is taught, lesson.

παιδευσις, ἡ, (παιδεύω) a rearing, training, education. II. a place of teaching, school; ἡ ἡμετέρα

πόλις Ἑλλάδος παιδεύσει our city is the school of Greece.

παιδευτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of παιδεύω, to be educated: neut. παιδευτέον, one must educate.

παιδευτής, οὔ, ὁ, an educator, instructor. II. a corrector, chastiser. From

παιδεύω, f. σω. aor. I ἐπαίδευσα: pf. πεπαίδευκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπαίδευσθην: pf. πεπαίδευμαι: (παῖς):—to rear or bring up a child: usu. 2. to teach, educate, instruct; ὁ πεπαίδευμένος a man of education, opp. to ἀπαιδευτός:—Med. to have any one taught or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom or inure to a thing. 4. to correct, chasten.

παιδῆλος, η, ον, Ion. for παιδεῖος.

παιδιά, ᾤς, ἡ, (παῖς) child's play, sport, pastime: a game.

παιδιά, ἡ, worse form for παιδεία.

παιδικά, ᾠν, τά, a darling, love, relating to a single person, Lat. deliciae. II. παιδικά (sub. μέλη), songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

παιδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παῖς) of or fit for a boy, childish, boyish, Lat. puerilis. 2. playful, sportive. II. belonging to a beloved youth.

παιδιόθεν, Adv. from childhood, from a child. From παιδίον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, a young child. II. a young slave.

παιδισκάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl.

παιδίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of παῖς (ἡ), a young girl, maiden, damsel. II. a young female slave: a courtesan.

παιδίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ὁ παῖς, a young son, boy, lad.

παιδνός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὅν, (παῖς) childish, silly, playful. II. as Subst. παιδνός, ὁ, = ὁ παῖς, a boy, lad: παιδνή, ἡ, a girl.

παιδο-βόρος, ον, (παῖς, βορά) child-eating.

παιδο-γόνος, ον, (παῖς, *γένω) begetting children. II. making fruitful or prolific.

παιδο-κομέω, (παῖς, κομέω) to take care of a child.

παιδο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (παῖς, κύραξ) a boy-raven.

παιδοκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to murder children. From παιδο-κτόνος, ον, (παῖς, κτείνω) child-murdering.

παιδο-ολητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and παιδο-ολέτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (παῖς, ὀλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδολέτεια and παιδολέτις, ἴδος, a child-murderess.

παιδο-λύμας, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (παῖς, λύμη) destroying children. [ὑ]

παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παῖς, νέμω) controlling boys: as Subst., Παιδονόμοι, οἱ, magistrates who superintended the education of youths, at Sparta.

παιδοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (παιδοποιός) of men, to beget children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med., with pf. pass. πεπαυδοποιήμαι. Hence

παιδοποιή, ἡ, a begetting or bearing of children.

παιδο-ποιός, ὄν, (παῖς, ποιέω) begetting or bearing children: generative.

παιδο-πόρος, ον, (παῖς, πείρω) through which a child passes.

παιδοσπορέω, f. ἴσω, to beget children. From

παιδο-σπόρος, ον, begetting children.

παιδοτρίβω, to teach boys wrestling: generally, to train, exercise, practise. From

παιδο-τρίβης, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, τρίβηναι) a training-master for boys, a master of exercises: ἐν παιδοτρίβου in the house or school of the trainer: generally, a teacher, master. [χ] Hence

παιδοτρίβικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or fit for a training-master or his art. Adv. -κῶς, like a gymnastic master.

παιδο-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (παῖς, τρίβηναι) a slave that attends upon the children.

παιδοτροφέω, f. ἴσω, (παιδοτρόφος) to rear children. Hence

παιδοτροφία, ἡ, the rearing of children.

παιδο-τρόφος, ον, (παῖς, τρέφω) feeding or rearing children: as Subst., παιδοτρόφος, ἡ, a mother.

παιδο-τρωτός, ον, (παῖς, τιτρώσκω) wounded by children; of wounds, inflicted by children.

παιδο-ουργία, f. ἴσω, (παῖς, ἔργον) = παιδοποιέω. Hence

παιδουργία, ἡ, a begetting children: also of the wife herself.

παιδοφίλεις, f. ἴσω, to be fond of boys. From

παιδο-φίλης, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, φιλέω) fond of boys.

παιδο-φόνος, ον, (παῖς, *φένω) killing children; συμφορά παιδοφόνος the calamity of having killed a son; παιδοφόνον αἷμα the blood of slain children.

παιδο-φορέω, (παῖς, φορέω) to waft away a boy.

παῖζω, f. παίζωμι or παίζομαι, rarely παίζω: aor. I ἔπαισα and ἐπαῖσα: pf. πέπαισα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπαίχθην: pf. πέπαισμαι, also πέπαιγμα: (παῖς):—to play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be merry: to trifle. 2. to dance: also, to sing. 3. to play at a game; σφαῖρη or σφαῖραν παίζω to play at ball. 4. to play (on an instrument). 5. to make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing: 6. transit. to treat jocosely.

Παιήνιος, α, ον, also fem. Παιηονίς, ἴδος, (Παιήων) bealing.

παῖσμος, fut. of παῖω to strike.

Παιήων, ονος, ὁ, Ion. for Παιάν, Παιών, Paeon, the physician of the gods. II. παῖήων as appellat. for Παιάν, a festal song; cf. Παιάν.

Παιήων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, as Adj. = Παιήονιος.

παίκτης, ον, ὁ, (παῖς) a dancer or player.

παίζομαι or παίζομαι, Att. fut. of παῖζω.

παιπάλη, ἡ, (redupl. from πάλη or παλή) the finest flour or meal, Lat. pollen: any fine dust: metaph. a subtle rogue. [α] Hence

παιπάλημα, ατος, τό, a subtle fellow.

παιπάλοις, εσσα, εν, an old Ep. word, steep, craggy, rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΠΑΙΣ, παιδός, ὁ and ἡ; gen. pl. παῖδων Dor. παιδῶν; dat. pl. παισὶ, παιδεσσι: the Ep. preferred the dissyll. nom. πᾶις, vocat. πᾶϊ: I. of Descent, a child, a son or a daughter; παῖς παιδός a child's child, grandchild. 2. periph., Λυδῶν παῖδες sons of the Lydians, i. e. the Lydians themselves. II. of Age, a child: παῖς, ὁ, a boy, youth, lad; παῖς, ἡ, a

maiden, girl:—ἐκ παιδός, ἐκ παίδων from a child, from childhood. III. also like Lat. *puer*, ὁ or ἡ, a slave, servant.

παῖς, ὁ, Ep. for παῖδ.

παῖσατε, 2 pl. aor. I. imperat. of παῖω.

παῖσδα, Dor. for παῖδα, acc. of παῖς.

παῖσδω, Dor. for παῖω.

παῖφάσσω, (redupl. from ΦΑ—, the Root of φαῖνω) to look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, pal-pitate.

ΠΑΙΩΩ, fut. παῖωω and παῖωσθαι: aor. I. ἐπαῖσα: pf. πέπακα:—Pass., aor. I. ἐπαίσθη: pf. πέπασαι:—to strike or smite a person:—Med., ἐπαῖσατο τὸν μηρὸν he smote his thigh. 2. to strike a weapon against a person. 3. to drive away. 4. to bit bard in speaking. II. intr. to strike against, to dash against or upon, Lat. *illido*.

Παιών, ὄνος, ὁ, like Παιάν, Paeon, the god of medicine, of Aesculapius: generally, a physician, healer. II. like παιάν, a solemn song or chant. III. in Prosody, a paeon, a foot consisting of three short and one long syll., with four variations, — — —, — — —, — — — and — — —.

Παιωνία, ἄδος, fem. of Παιώνιος, medicinal, healing. παιωνίζω, f. σω, = παιανίζω, to raise the Paeon.

Παιώνιος, α, ον, (Παιών) belonging to Paeon or medicine, medicinal, healing. II. as Subst., Παιωνία, ἡ, Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Παιωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, with and without τέχνη, the healing art, medicine: τὰ Παιωνία a festival of Paeon.

παιωνιμός, ὁ, = παιανιμός, a chanting of the paeon.

πακτά, πακτίς, πακτός, Dor. for πηκτή, etc. πακτώ, f. ὥσω, (πακτός) to fasten, make fast or close; δῶμα πακτῶν to make fast the house. 2. to stop, to stop up, caulk. 3. to bind fast.

ΠΑ'ΑΛ'ΘΗ, ἡ, a sort of cake made of preserved fruit, mostly of figs melted together. [λᾶ]

ΠΑ'ΑΛΙ, Adv. long ago, in olden time, of old. II. formerly, erst, before: also of time just past, opp. to the present: also τὸ πάλα.

πάλα-γενής, ἐς, (πάλα, γενέσθαι) born long ago, aged, full of years.

πάλα-γονος, ον, (πάλα, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής. παλαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, = παλαίω, to wrestle, fight.

παλαιο-γενής, ἐς, = παλαιγενής.

παλαιδ-γονος, ον, = παλαίγονος.

παλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. —μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (παλαιός, μή-τηρ) ancient mother.

παλαιο-πλούτος, ον, (παλαιός, πλούτος) = ἀρχαιο-πλούτος, rich of old, rich in hereditary wealth, opp. to νεώπλουτος.

παλαιορ-ρίζω, ον, (παλαιός, ρίζα) with aged roots.

παλαιός, α, ὄν, (πάλα) old, aged. 2. ancient, of olden time; οἱ παλαιοὶ the ancients; παλαιὸς χρόνος time long past: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., anciently, formerly: ἐκ παλαιού from of old. 3. of things, in good sense, ancient, time-honoured, venerable: in bad sense, antiquated, obsolete, out of date. II.

regul. Comp. and Sup. παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος; more often παλαιότερος, παλαιάτος, formed from the Adv. πάλαι: ἐκ παλαιτέρου from the older time. Hence

παλαιότης, ητος, ἡ, age, length of time, antiquity: old-fashioned ways: also dotage.

παλαιό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (παλαιός, φρήν) old in mind, with the experience of age.

παλαιώ, f. ὥσω, (παλαιός) to make old: hence to abrogate, annul, Lat. *antiquare*:—Pass. to become obsolete.

παλαίσμα, ατος, τό, (παλαίω) a bout or fall in wrestling: generally, a struggle. II. any trick or artifice, a subterfuge.

παλαισμοσύνη, ἡ, (παλαίω) poet. for πάλη, wrestling, the wrestler's art.

παλαιστή, ἡ, = παλάμη, the palm of the hand. II. a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches).

παλαιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παλαίω) a wrestler: generally, one who contends for a prize, a rival, candidate. 2. metaph. a trickster, cunning fellow.

παλαιστιάος, α, ον, (παλαιστή) a palm long or broad.

παλαιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παλαιστή) of or for wrestling. παλαίστρα, ἡ, (παλαίω) a palaestra, wrestling-school: generally a school. Hence

παλαιστρίτης (ῆ), ον, ὁ, presiding over the palaestra. παλαιότερος and παλαιάτος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of παλαιός, formed from the Adv. πάλαι.

παλαί-φάτος, ον, (πάλαι, φημί) spoken long ago, epith. of ancient oracles. II. spoken of long ago, legendary. III. primitive, ancient, olden.

παλαί-χθων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλαι, χθών) long in the land: as Subst., παλαίχθων, ὁ, an old inhabitant, Lat. *indigena*.

παλαίω, f. αῖσω: aor. I. ἐπάλασα: (πάλη):—to wrestle, Lat. *luctare*. II. metaph. to wrestle with, struggle against:—Pass. to be wrestled with. 2. absol. to labour or be distressed in battle, Lat. *laborare*.

παλάμομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dep.: (παλάμη):—to manage, work, bring about. II. to devise skilfully, contrive cunningly; τόλμημα παλαμήσασθαι to plan a daring deed.

ΠΑ'ΑΛΜΗ, ἡ, Ep. gen. and dat. παλάμῃφι, παλάμῃφι:—the Lat. *PALMA*, the palm of the hand, the band: metaph. force of band, violence, murder. II. metaph. a device, skilful plan or method, means, contrivance. 2. a thing made by art, an instrument.

παλαμναῖος, ὁ, (παλάμη) a murderer, one defiled by blood, a blood-guilty man: the suppliant not yet purified. II. the avenger of blood.

παλάξμεν, Ep. for παλάξειν, fut. inf. of παλάσσω.

παλάσιον, τό, = παλάθη.

παλάσσω, f. ῶ: pf. pass. πεπάλαμαι: (πάλλω):—to besprinkle:—Pass. to be besprinkled, smeared, defiled; but also, ἐγκέφαλος πεπάλακτο (3 pl. pf.) the brain was scattered about. II. to shake the lots

in a helmet; and so, to draw lots: hence pf. pass., κλήρω πεπάλαχθε (2 pl. perf. imperat.) be ye decided by lot, i. e. decide the matter by lot.

παλαστή, ἡ, and παλαστιαῖος, α, ον, more correct forms for παλαστή, παλαιστιαῖος.

ΠΑΛΑΙΕΥ'Ω, f. σω, to catch by decoy-birds.

παλέω, Ion. aor. I πάλησα, to be disabled.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) wrestling, Lat. lucta; generally, a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) the finest meal or flour, Lat. pollen: hence παιτάλη.

παλῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πάλλω.

πάλησις, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παλέω.

πάλι, shortd. poet. form of πάλιν. [α]

παλιν-γενεσία, ἡ, (πάλιν, γένεσις) a being born again, new birth, regeneration. II. resurrection.

παλιν-γλωσσος, ον, (πάλιν, γλώσσα) double-tongued, contradictory, false. II. of strange or foreign tongue.

παλινκαπτήλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail. From

παλιν-κάπηλος, ὁ, (πάλιν, κάπηλος) one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petty dealer, buckster.

παλινκοτος, ον, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, breaking out afresh, Lat. recrudescens. II. metaph.

malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλινκοτος τύχη adverse fortune; οἱ παλινκοτοὶ adversaries.

παλιν-κραίνως, ον, (πάλιν, κραίνω) very swift.

παλλυλόω, f. ἴσω, to say again, reiterate. From παλil-λογος, ον, (πάλιν, λέγω) collected again.

παλιν-βᾶμος, ον, (πάλιν, βαίνω) going backwards.

παλιν-βλαστής, ἐς, (πάλιν, βλαστειν) shooting up again.

παλμβολία, ἡ, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, fickleness. From

παλιν-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) ibrowing back again: metaph. changeable, fickle.

παλιν-μήκης, ἐς, (πάλιν, μήκος) as long again: generally, very long.

παλιν-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, παῖς) one who is a child again, in one's second childhood.

παλιν-πετής, ἐς, (πάλιν, ΠΙΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) falling back: neut. παλινπετές as Adv. back, back again.

παλινπλαγκτος, ον, tost to and fro, wandering back again. From

παλιν-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) aor. I part. παλινπλαγχθείς: to wander back.

παλιν-πλάνης, ἐς, (πάλιν, πλάνη) wandering to and fro.

παλιν-πλύτος, ον, (πάλιν, πλύνω) washed again, vamped up. II. act. vamping up old wares.

παλιν-ποινος, η, ον, (πάλιν, ποινῶ) requiting, revenging: τὸ παλινποινον requital, retribution.

παλιν-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, ποῦς) going back, returning.

παλιν-πρυμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρύμνη) stern foremost.

παλιν-φήμος Dor. -φᾶμος, ον, (πάλιν, φήμι) dissident, discordant.

παλιν-φύης, ἐς, (πάλιν, φύομαι) growing again.

ΠΑΛΙΝ, Adv. back, backwards; πάλιν δοῦναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν κίε θυγατέρος ἧς she went back from her daughter.

πάλιν also implies opposition, on the contrary, reversely; πάλιν εἰπὲν to say to the contrary, i. e. gain-say; πάλιν ποίησε γέροντα she made him reversely an old man, i. e. transformed him into an old man.

II. of Time, again, once more, anew.

παλιν-ἀγρετος, ον, (πάλιν, ἀγρέω) taken back, to be taken back or recalled; ἔπος οὐ παλινἀγρετον an irrevocable word.

παλιν-αυξής, ἐς, (πάλιν, αὔξω) growing again.

παλιν-αυτομόλος, ον, deserting back again: as Subst. a double deserter.

παλιν-δίντης, ον, (πάλιν, δινέω) whirling to and fro, eddying. [α]

παλινδρομέω, f. ἴσω, (παλινδρόμος) to run back again. Hence

παλινδρομία, ἡ, a running back, going backwards.

παλιν-δρόμος, ον, (πάλιν, δραμεῖν) running back again, recurring.

παλιν-νημεία, ἡ, (πάλιν, νήνεμος) a returning calm.

παλιν-ὄρμενος, η, ον, rushing back: cf. sq.

παλιν-ορος Att. -ορος, ον, (πάλιν, ὀρνυμαι) hastening or darting back. II. recurring, inveterate.

παλιν-οκίος, ον, = παλίσκιος.

παλιν-σοος, ον, safe again, recovered.

παλιν-στομῶ, f. ἴσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again.

παλιν-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω) requited, repaid: avenged, punished.

παλιν-τονος, ον, (πάλιν, τείνω) stretched back: epith. of the bow, παλιντονα τόξα, I. of the strung or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to him to discharge the arrow with more force.

2. of the unstrung bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

παλιν-τρέπελος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) = παλιντροπος.

παλιν-τρίβης, ἐς, (πάλιν, τριβῆναι) rubbed again and again: hardened, obdurate, villanous.

παλιν-τροπος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) turned back or away, averted, Lat. retortus. II. turning back.

III. turned the contrary way, reverse.

παλιν-τύχης, ἐς, (πάλιν, τύχη) with a reverse of fortune.

παλιν-φδέω, f. ἴσω, (πάλιν, φδῆ) to recant what has been said in an ode: generally, to recant. Hence

παλινῳδία, ἡ, a recantation, palinode.

ΠΑΛΙΟΥΤΡΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of thorny shrub, τϑamnus paliurus.

παλιουρο-φόρος, ον, (παλιουρος, φέρω) with a bundle of paliurus-wood.

παλιρ-ρόθος, α, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθος) back-flowing; κύμα παλιρρόθιον a wave dashing to and fro, ebbing and flowing.

παλιρροσος, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθος) *ebbing and flowing*.
παλιρροια, ή, (παλιρροος) *the reflux of water, backwater, ebb*.

παλιρροιος, η, ον, Ep. for παλιρροος.
παλιρροος, ον, contr. παλιρρους, ονν, (πάλιν, βέω) *flowing backwards, reflux: ebbing and flowing*. II. metaph. *returning on one's head, retributive*.

παλιρροπος, ον, (πάλιν, βέω) *sliding back, sinking*.
παλιρσκιος, ον, (πάλιν, σκια) *shadowed over, gloomy, dusky*.

παλιρσύντος, ον, (πάλιν, σέω) *rusting hurriedly back*; δρόμημα παλίσσυντον *a backward course*.

παλ-ίωξες, ή, (πάλιν, ιωκή) *a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally*.

πάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (πάλλαξ) *concubinage*.
Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλας) *the statue of Pallas*.

Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλας) *of or sacred to Pallas*.
παλλάκεύομαι, Dep. (πάλλαξ) *to keep as a concubine*.

παλλακή, ή, (πάλλαξ) *a concubine*.
παλλακίς, ιδος, ή, = πάλλαξ, *a concubine*.
ΠΑΛΛΑΞ, άκος, ή, *a concubine*, Lat. *pelleus*, opp. to the lawlful wife (άκοιτις, άλοχος).

Παλλάς, άδος [ά], ή, (πάλλω) *Pallas, name of Minerva*, in Homer always Παλλάς Ἀθήνη or Παλλάς Ἀθηναίη, but later used alone, = Ἀθήνη.

Πάλλας, αντος, ό, *Pallas, masc. prop. n*.
πάλ-λευκος, ον, (πάν, λευκός) *all white*.

ΠΑΛΛΩ: aor. ι έπηλα Ep. πήλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. πεπάλων (in compd. άμπεπαλών):—Pass., pf. πέπαλμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. πάλτο:—to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms:—

Pass. to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself.

2. κλήρους πάλλειν *to shake the lots together till one leaps forth*: hence πάλλειν, absol., *to cast lots*:—in Med. πάλλεσθαι *to draw lots*. II. πάλλω, intr. like πάλλομαι, *to leap, bound: to quiver, quake*.

παλμός, ό, (πάλλω) intr. *a quivering: the beating of the heart or pulse*.

πάλος, ό, (πάλλω) *the lot cast from an helmet, generally, a lot*; άρχας πάλω άρχειν *to hold public offices by lot*.

πάλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πάλλω.
παλτόν, τό, anything brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jerred: properly neut. from παλτός.

παλτός, ή, όν, (πάλλω) *brandished, hurled*.
παλίνος, aor. ι part. of παλύνω.

παλύνω, f. ύνώ: aor. ι έπάλυνα: (πάλλω):—to streu or scatter upon. II. *to bestrew, besprinkle*.

πάμα, ατος, τό, (πάομαι) *property*.
παμ-βασίλεια, ή, (πάς, βασίλεια) *queen of all, all-powerful queen*.

παμ-βελήτρος, ά, όν, (πάς, βδελυρός) *all-loathsome or abominable*.

παμ-βιας, ον, ό, (πάς, βία) *all-subduing*.
πάμ-βοτος, ον, (πάς, βόσκη) *all-nourishing*.

παμ-βάτης, ιδος, ή, fem. Adj. (πάς, βάτης) *all-feeding, all-nourishing*.

παμ-μάταιος, ον, (πάς, μάταιος) *all-vain, all-useless*.
παμ-μάχος, ον, (πάς, μάχη) *all-conquering, triumphant*. II. = παγκρατιαστής.

παμ-μέγας, -μεγάλη, -μεγα, (πάς, μέγας) *very great*.
παμ-μεγέθης, ες, (πάς, μέγεθος) *of enormous size*.

παμ-μέλας, ανα, άν, (πάς, μέλας) *all black*.

παμ-μήκης, ες, (πάς, μήκος) *very long, prolonged*.

παμ-μήνος, ον, (πάς, μήν) *through every month, through the live-long year*.

παμ-μήτειρα, ή, = παμμήτηρ.

παμμήτις, ιδος, ό, ή, (πάς, μήτις) *all-knowing, all-planning*.

παμ-μήτωρ, ορος, ή, (πάς, μήτηρ) *mother of all*. II. *altogether a mother, a very mother*.

παμ-μίστρος, ον, (πάς, μιςτρος) *all-abominable*.

παμ-μίγής, ες, (πάς, μιγήναι) *all-blended, all-confounded, promiscuous*.

παμ-μικρος, ον, (πάς, μικρός) *very small*.

πάμ-μικτος, ον, = παμμιγής.

παμ-μορος, ον, (πάς, μόρος) *all-bapless*.

παμ-μυσάρος, ά, όν, (πάς, μύσος) = παμμίστρος.

πάμπαν, Adv. (πάς) *like πάνν, quite, wholly, altogether*; ού πάμπαν *not at all, by no means*.

παμ-πειθής, ες, (πάς, πείθω) *all-persuasive*.

παμπήδη, Adv. (πάς) *like πάμπαν, entirely, to'ally*.

παμ-πησία, ή, (πάς, πέπαμαι) *entire possession*.

παμπληθεί, Adv. *with the whole multitude*. From

παμ-πληθής, ες, (πάς, πλήθος) *of or with the whole multitude*. II. *very numerous*. III. neut.

παμπληθές as Adv. *entirely*.

πάμ-πληκτος, ον, (πάς, πλήσσω) *in which all kinds of blows are inflicted*.

παμ-ποικίλος, ον, also η, ον, (πάς, ποικίλος) *all-variegated, of rich and varied work*.

πάμ-πολις, εως, ό, ή, (πάς, πόλις) *prevailing in all cities, universal*.

πάμ-πολυς, -πόλλη, -πολυ, (πάς, πολύς) *very much, very great, and in pl. very many*:—neut. πάμπου as Adv. *very much*.

παμ-πόνηρος, ον, (πάς, πονηρός) *all-depraved, utterly base or bad*.

παμ-πόρφυρος, ον, (πάς, πορφύρα) *all-purple*.

παμ-πότνια, ή, (πάς, πότνια) *all-venerable*.

παμ-πρεπτος, ον, (πάς, πρέπω) *all-conspicuous, splendid, refulgent*.

παμπρόσθη, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam.

πάμ-πρωτος, η, ον, (πάς, πρῶτος) *the very first, first of all*: πάμπρωτον and πάμπρωτα as Adv., *first of all*.

παμ-φής, ες, (πάς, φάος) *all-beaming, all-blazing*; also transparent, translucent. Adv. -ως.

παμφάινω, redupl. form of φαίνω, *to shine or beam brightly*: Ep. 3 sing. pres παμφαίνησι, as if from παμφαίνημι; πρῶτον παμφαίνον, of a star first rising.

παμφανών, fem. -ώσα, gen. -ώντος, Ep. part. of παμφαίνω (as if from παμφανῶν) *all-shining, brightly beaming, glistening*.

παμ-φάρμακος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φάρμακον) *skilled in all charms or simples.*

παμ-φεγγής, *ές*, (πᾶς, φέγγος) *all-shining, resplendent.*

πάμ-φθαρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φθείρω) *all-destroying.*

πάμ-φλεκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φλέγω) *all-burnt, all-blazing.*

πάμ-φορβος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (πᾶς, φορβή) *all-feeding.*

παμ-φόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φέρω) *all-bearing, all-productive.*

II. *bearing all things with it.*

πάμ-φύλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φυλή) *of all tribes or sorts.*

πάμ-φωνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φωνή) *with all tones, full-toned: generally, expressive.*

παμ-ψηφεί, *Adv.* (πᾶς, ψηφος) *with all the votes.*

πάμ-ψυχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ψυχή) *in all life, in full possession of life.*

πᾶν, *neut. of πᾶς.*

Πᾶν, *gen. Πανός, ὁ*, *Pan*, an Arcadian rural god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the goat of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon:—*plur. Πᾶνες*, = *Lat. Fauni.*

πᾶν-αβρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄβρος) *quite or very soft.*

πᾶν-ἄγης, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἄγος) *all-hallowed, Lat. sacrosanctus.*

πᾶν-ἄγρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄγρεύω) *all-catching.*

πᾶν-ἀγρεύς, *έως, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀγρεύω) *one who catches everything.*

πᾶν-αγρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄγρα) *catching all.*

πᾶν-ἀγρυπνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀγρυπνος) *quite sleepless, wakeful, watchful.*

πᾶν-ἀγυρίς, *Dor. for πανήγυρις.*

Πᾶν-ἄθηναια (*sub. ἱερά*), *τά*, (πᾶς, Ἀθήνη) *the Panathenaea*, two festivals of the Athenians, τὰ μεγάλα and τὰ μικρά, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence

Πᾶνἄθηναικάς, *ή, ὄν*, *of or for the Panathenaea, Panathenaeia.*

πᾶν-ἄθλιος, *α, ὄν*, (πᾶς, ἄθλιος) *all-wretched.*

πᾶν-αἰγλήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (πᾶς, αἰγλή) *all-shining.*

πᾶν-αἶθος, *η, ὄν*, (πᾶς, αἶθω) *all-blazing.*

πᾶν-αἰολος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰόλος) *all-variegated, glittering, glancing.*

II. *metaph. manifold.*

πᾶν-αἰσχυρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰσχύρος) *utterly ugly or shameful: Sup. παναἰσχυρος.*

πᾶν-αἰτιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰτία) *the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp. to μεταίτιος.*

πᾶν-ἄκεια, *ή*, (πᾶς, ἄκος) *a panacea, universal remedy: also πανάκη, ή.*

πᾶν-ἄλστωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀλάστωρ) *an all-avenging genius.*

πᾶν-ἀληθής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀληθής) *quite true: all too true. Adv. -θῶς, all truly.*

πᾶν-αλκής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀλκή) *all-powerful.*

πᾶν-ἄλωτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀλωτός) *all-catching, all-encompassing. [α]*

πᾶν-ἄμερος, -ἀμέριος, *Dor. for παν-ήμερος, -ήμεριος.*

πᾶν-ἄμμορος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμμορος) *without any share in.*

II. *all-luckless.*

πᾶν-ἄμωμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμωμος) *all-blameless.*

παν-δοιδιμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δοιδιμος) *sung by all.*

παν-ἀπᾶλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀπαλός) *all-tender or delicate.*

πᾶν-ἄπενθής, *ές*, (πᾶς, α privat., πένθος) *wholly without grief, sorrowless.*

πᾶν-ἀπήμιον, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (πᾶς, ἀπήμιον) *all-harmless, all free from hurt.*

πᾶν-ἄποτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄποτος) *all-hapless.*

πᾶν-ἄργυρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄργυρος) *all of silver.*

παν-ἄρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρετή) *all-virtuous.*

πᾶν-ἄριστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀριστος) *best of all.*

πᾶν-ἀρκέτας, *gen. fem. of πανάρκετος*, *all-sufficing, all-powerful.*

πᾶν-αρμόνιος, *α, ὄν*, (πᾶς, ἁρμονία) *embracing all modes or tones, of full compass. 2. harmonising with all, all-harmonious.*

πᾶν-αρχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρχω) *all-powerful, ruling all.*

παν-ατρεκής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀτρεκής) *all-exact, infallible.*

πᾶν-ἄφῆλιξ, *ἱκος, ὁ, ή*, (πᾶς, ἀπό, ἥλιξ) *all away from the friends of one's youth.*

πᾶν-ἄφθιτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφθιτος) *all-imperishable.*

πᾶν-ἄφυκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυκτος) *all-inevitable.*

πᾶν-ἄφυλλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυλλος) *all-leafless.*

Πᾶν-ἄχαιοί, *οί*, = πάντες Ἀχαιοί, *all the Achaeans.*

πᾶν-ἄχραντος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀχραντος) *all-unstained.*

πᾶν-ἄωρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄωρος) *all-untimely, doomed to an all-untimely fate.*

παν-δαισία, *ή*, (πᾶς, δαῖς) *a complete banquet, a banquet at which nothing fails.*

παν-δάκρυτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δακρύω) *all in tears, all-tearful.*

II. *all-bewept, most lamentable.*

παν-δᾶμάτωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (πᾶς, δαμάω) *all-subduer. [α]*

παν-δαμεί, *Dor. for πανδημεί.*

πᾶν-δεινος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δεινός) *all-dreadful, frightful.*

πανδελέτειος, *α, ὄν*, (Πανδέλετος) *knawish like Pandeleus.*

παν-δερκέτης, *ον*, *masc. Adj. and πανδερκής, ές*, (πᾶς, δέρκομαι) *all-seeing, observing all.*

παν-δημεί and -δημί, *Adv. of πάνδημος*, *with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse.*

πανδημία, *ή*, *the whole people: in dat. πανδημία as Adv., altogether. From*

παν-δήμιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δῆμος) *of all the people, hence public, general, common.*

πᾶν-δημος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δῆμος) *of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all; πάν-δημος πόλις the whole body of the city.*

Πᾶν-δία (*sub. ἱερά*), *τά*, (πᾶς, Δίς *gen. Διός*) *a festival of Jupiter in Athens.*

πᾶν-δίκος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δίκη) *all-righteous. Adv. πανδίκως, all-justly.*

Πανδιότις, *ἰδος, ή*, *fem. patronym., daughter of Pandion, i. e. the swallow. II. (sub. φυλή), one of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.*

παν-δοκείον, *τό*, *a bouse for the reception of strangers, an inn. From*

παν-δοκεύς, *έως, ὁ*, = πάνδοκος, *a host: hence fem. παν-δοκεῦτρια, ή, a hostess.*

παν-δοκέω, f. σω, (πάνδοκος) to receive all, to entertain as a host, to keep an inn.

παν-δοκέω, = πανδοκέω.

πάν-δοκος, ον, (πᾶς, δέχομαι) all-receiving: common to all: esp. receiving guests, hospitable:—as Subst., πάνδοκος, ὁ, an innkeeper, host.

πανδοξία, ἡ, unblemished fame, perfect glory. From πάν-δοξος, ον, (πᾶς, δοῖα) all-glorious.

πάν-δουλος, ον, (πᾶς, δούλος) all a slave, an utter slave.

πανδοχείον, πανδοχεύς, etc., v. πανδοκ-.

πάν-δурτος, ον, poet. for πανόδурτος, (πᾶς, οδурτος) all-lamentable, all-plaintive.

παν-δύσια, ἡ, (πᾶς, δύω) the total setting of a star. παν-δώρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, δῶρον) giver of all, epith. of the earth.

II. as fem. prop. n., Pandora, a beautiful woman made by Vulcan, who received presents from all the gods.

πάν-δωρος, ον, (πᾶς, δῶρον) all-giving, all-bounteous. παν-ελεύθερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐλεύθερος) entirely free.

Πᾶν-έλληνες, οἱ, = πάντες Ἕλληνες, all the Hellenes or Greeks.

πᾶν-επῆράτος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπῆρατος) all-lovely.

παν-επίσκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπισκοπέω) all-surveying.

πᾶν-επ-όρφνιος, (πᾶς, ἐπῖ, ὀρφνῆ) all night long.

πᾶν-εργάτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἐργάτης) all-effecting.

παν-έρημος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐρημος) all-desolate.

πᾶν-ἐσπερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐσπέρα) lasting the whole evening.

παν-ἐστιος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐστία) with the whole household.

πᾶν-έτης, ἐς, (πᾶς, ἐτος) lasting the whole year: neut. πάνετερος, as Adv., the whole year long.

παν-εὔτονος, ον, (πᾶς, εὔτονος) much-strained, very active.

πᾶν-εφθός, ον, (πᾶς, ἐφθός) quite boiled: of metals, quite refined or unalloyed.

πᾶν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανηγύρις) to keep or attend a public festival; πανηγυρίζειν ἐς πόλιν to go to a city to attend a festival there. II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

πᾶν-ηγυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for a public festival or assembly; solemn, festive: ὁ πανηγυρικός (with or without λόγος), a festival, oration, a panegyric, eulogy. Adv. —κῶς, pompously. From

πᾶν-ηγυρίς Dor. πανάγυρις, ἐως, ἡ; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανηγυρίς: (πᾶς, ἄγυρις Aeol. for ἀγορά):—an assembly of a whole nation, esp. for a public festival, a high festival, a solemn assembly; πανηγυρίς πανηγυρίζειν to hold such festivals.

πᾶν-ήμερ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day.

πανημερεύω, f. σω, (πανήμερος) to spend the whole day in a thing.

πᾶν-ήμερος, α, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) lasting all day, doing a thing all day; νηὺς πανημερῆ a ship which sails all day; πανημέριος χρόνος all the day long:—neut. πανημέριον as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

πᾶν-ήμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) doing all the day

long; πανήμερος μολεῖν to be a whole day in coming: neut. πανημερόν as Adv., all day long or every day.

παν-θηλκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, feni. —κτεира, ἡ, (πᾶς, θέλγω) charmer of all.

παν-θλήης, ἐς, (πᾶς, τέθλα) growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑΝΘΗΡ, ἦρος, ὁ, a panther, Lat. panibēra.

παν-θυμᾶδόν, Adv. (πᾶς, θυμός) in high wrath.

πάν-θῦτος, ον, (πᾶς, θῦω) celebrated with all kinds of sacrifices.

Πανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πᾶν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δέϊμα), τό, panic fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan.

πᾶν-ίμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἱμερος) all-lovely, all-desired. [Ὶ]

πανίσδομαι, Dor. for πνιζομαι.

Πᾶν-ἰώνιον, τό, = πᾶν Ἰώνιον, the whole body or community of Ionians: their place of meeting at Mycale, their common temple. II. τὰ Πανιώνια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of the united Ionians.

παν-λώβητος, ον, (πᾶς, λωβάομαι) all-disfigured, hideous.

παννυχίζω, f. σω, (παννυχίς) to celebrate a festival by night.

II. to watch or do anything the live-long night; παννυχίζειν τὴν νύκτα to spend the live-long night.

παννυχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παννυχίς) of or for a vigil.

παν-νύχιος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον, (πᾶς, νύξ) all night long, lasting or doing something the whole night; παννυχίη νηὺς πείρε κέλευθον the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νύχις, ἱδος, ἡ, (πᾶς, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, Lat. pervigilium. II. a watching, keeping awake all night.

πᾶν-νύχος, ον, = παννύχιος; neut. pl., πάννυχα as Adv., the livelong night.

πᾶν-οδурτος, ον, (πᾶς, οδурτομαι) all-bewailed, all-lamentable.

παν-οιζύς, ὅ, gen. υός, (πᾶς, οἰζύς) all unhappy, most melancholy.

παν-οικέι and —οικί, Adv., = πανοικία.

παν-οικία Ion. —ἱη, (πᾶς, οἶκος) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανοικία in use, with all the bouse, household and all.

παν-οἰμοι, Interj. (πᾶς, οἶμοι) oh utter woe!

πᾶν-ὄλβιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄλβιος) truly happy, with unalloyed happiness.

πᾶν-ομιλέε, Adv. (πᾶς, ὄμιλος) in whole troops.

πᾶν-ὄμματος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄμμα) all eyes.

πᾶν-ὁμοιος Ep. —ομοῖος [Ὶ], ον, (πᾶς, ὁμοιος) exactly like.

πᾶν-ὀμφαίος, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὀμφή) author of all ominous voices, all-oracular.

πᾶν-οπλία, ἡ, (πανοπλος) the full armour of a heavy-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply; πανοπλίη in full armour, cap-a-pie. Hence πᾶν-οπλίτης, ον, ὁ, a man in full armour. [Ὶ]

πάν-οπλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὅπλον) *in full armour*, 'with all his harness on.'

πάν-όπτης, *ου*, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὄψομαι) *the all-seeing*.

πάν-ορμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὄρμος) *always fit for landing*.

πᾶνός, ὁ, Acol. for φανός, (φαῖνω) *a torch, beacon*.

πανουργέω, *ι*, ἴσω, (πανούργος) *to play the knave or villain, act like a rogue*; δῶσα πανουργεῖν *to do a holy deed in an unholty way*. Hence

πανούργημα, *ατος*, τό, *a knavish, roguish act*.

πανουργία, ἡ, (πανουργέω) *villany, knavery, trickery*: *in plur.* *knavish tricks*.

πανουργ-ἱππαρχίδας, *ου*, ὁ, (πανούργος, ἱππαρχος) *a captain of rascals*: or = πανούργος Ἱππαρχίδης, *knave Hipparchides*.

πᾶν-ούργος, *ον*, (πᾶν, ἔργον) *ready to do anything*: mostly in bad sense, *ready for all crimes, unscrupulous, knavish, villainous, treacherous*: as Subst., πανούργος, ὁ, ἡ, *a knave, villain, rogue*; πανούργον, τό, = πανουργία.—Sup. πανουργότατος, *most rascally*.—Adv. πανούργως, *villainously*; Sup. —ότατα.

πᾶν-όψιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὄψις) *seen by all*, *epith.* of a spear.

παν-σάγια, ἡ, (πᾶς, σάγη) = πανοπλία: *dat.* as Adv. *πανσαγίᾳ*, like πανοπλίᾳ, *in full armour*.

παν-σέληνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σελήνη) of the moon, *at the full*; ὥρα πανσέληνος *the time of full moon*: ἡ πανσέληνος (sub. νύξ), *the time of full moon, the full moon*; ἡ αὔριον πανσέληνος *to-morrow's full moon*.

πᾶν-σεμνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σεμνός) *very stately*.

πᾶν-σκοπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σκοπέω) *all-surveying*.

πᾶν-σοφος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σοφός) *all-wise, very wise*.

πᾶν-σπέρμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σπέρμα) *composed of all sorts of seeds*.

παν-στρατιά Ion. —ιῆ, (πᾶς, στρατός) *dat.* used as Adv., without any nom. *πανστρατιά* in use (but gen. *πανστρατιάς* occurs), *with the whole army*.

πᾶν-συνδία Ion. —ίῆ, (πᾶς, συνάω) *dat.* used as Adv., without any nom. *πανσυνδία* in use, *with all speed*.

πᾶν-συρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σύρω) *swept together from every side, accumulated*.

παντά, Adv., Dor. for πάντη.

παντακῆ, Adv., Ion. for πανταχῆ.

παν-τάλως, *ανα*, ἄν, (πᾶς, τάλας) *all-wretched*.

παντάπῃσι, before a vowel —σιν, Adv. (πᾶς) *entirely, wholly, altogether*: in replying it affirms strongly, *by all means, undoubtedly*.

παντάρβη, ἡ, *name of a precious stone*.

παντ-αρκής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀρκεῖω) *all-prevailing*.

παντ-άρχος, Dor. for παντάρχης, *ου*, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἀρχή) *ruler of all*.

πᾶντ-αρχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄρχω) *all-ruling, absolute*.

παντάχῃ, Ion. παντακῇ, Adv. (πᾶς) of Place, *everywhere*: *in every direction, every way*. II. of Manner, *by all means, absolutely*: *in all respects*.

παντάχθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) *from all places or sides*.

παντάχρῃ, Adv. (πᾶς) *in all directions, every way*.

παντάχόσε, Adv. (πᾶς) *to all places, every way*.

παντάχρῃ, Adv. (πᾶς) *everywhere*.

παντᾶχώς, Adv. (πᾶς) *in all ways*.

παν-τελής, *ές*, (πᾶς, τέλος) *all-complete, all-perfect: entire, absolute*. 2. *fully accomplished*. 3. *comprising all, the whole*, Lat. *universus*. II. act.

all-accomplishing. Hence

παντελής Ion. —έως, Adv., also παντελής, *completely, entirely, absolutely: outright*.

πάντεσσι, Ep. for πᾶσι, *dat. pl.* of πᾶς.

παν-τεύχος, ἡ, (πᾶς, τεύχος) = παν-οπλία, *complete armour*; ξὺν or ἐν παντευχίᾳ *in full armour*.

πᾶν-τεχνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τέχνη) *assisting all the arts*.

πάντῃ Dor. παντᾷ, Adv. (πᾶς) *everywhere, on every side, every way*. II. *in every way, by all means*; οὐ πάντῃ *not quite*.

πᾶν-τίμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τίμη) *all-honourable*.

παντὸ-γῆρως, *ων*, gen. *ων*, (πᾶς, γῆρας) *making all old, enfeebling all*.

παντο-δαής, *ές*, (πᾶς, *δάω) *all-knowing*.

παντοδᾶπός, ἡ, ὄν, (πᾶς) of every kind, of all sorts, *manifold*. Adv. —πῶς, *in all kinds of ways*.

πάντοθεν, Adv. (πᾶς) *from all quarters, from every side, Lat. undique*.

παντοῦθι, Adv. (πᾶς) *everywhere*.

παντοῖος, *α*, *ον*, (πᾶς) of all sorts or kinds, *manifold*; παντοῖος γενέσθαι *to take all shapes*, i. e. to try every expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object. Hence

παντοῖως, Adv. *in every kind of way*.

παντο-κράτωρ, *οπος*, ὁ, (πᾶς, κράτωρ) *all-mighty*.

παντ-ολιγοχρόνιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ὀλιγοχρόνιος) *utterly short-lived*.

πᾶν-τολμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τόλμα) *all-daring, shameless*.

παντο-μυστής, *ές*, (πᾶς, μύσος) *all-bateful*.

παντο-παθής, *ές*, (πᾶς, παθεῖν) *all-suffering*.

παντο-πόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, πόρος) *all-inventive*.

παντ-όπτας, Dor. for παντόπτης, *ου*, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὄψομαι) *all-seeing*.

πᾶντος, Adv. (πᾶς) *in all ways, every way*.

παντὸ-σεμνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, σεμνός) *all-reverend, august*.

πάντοτε, Adv. *at all times, always*.

παντὸ-τολμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τόλμα) *all-daring*.

παντ-ουργός, ὄν, (πᾶς, ἔργον) = πανούργος.

παντο-φάγος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φαγεῖν) *all-devouring*.

παντὸ-φυρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φύρω) *all-confused, mingled*.

πᾶν-τροπος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τρέπω) *utterly routed*.

παν-τρόφος, *ον*, (πᾶς, τρέφω) *all-nourishing*.

πάντως, Adv. (πᾶς) *wholly, altogether*: οὐ πάντως *in no wise, by no means, not at all*, Lat. *omnino non*. II. in strong affirmation, *at all events, at any rate, at least*: in answers, *yes, by all means*.

πάνν, Adv. (πᾶς) *altogether: at all, in all*, Lat. *omnino*. 2. *very, very much, exceedingly*. 3. ὁ πάνν with some Adj. omitted, *the well-known, the thorough*; οἱ πάνν τῶν στρατιωτῶν *the thorough soldiers*, i. e. the veterans; ὁ πάνν Περικλῆς *the famous Pericles*.

II. in answers, *yes by all means, certainly*. [ἀ]

παν-υπείροχος, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπείροχος) *eminent above all*.

παν-ὑπέρτατος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπέρτατος) *uppermost; highest of all*.

παν-υστάτος, ον, and πᾶν-ύστατος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὕστατος) *last of all*.

πᾶνολεθρία, ἡ, *utter destruction, utter ruin*. From

πᾶν-ώλεθρος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀλεθρος, ὀλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed, undone*.

2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive, all-ruinous*.

πᾶν-ῶλης, ἐς, (πᾶς, ὀλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive*.

πᾶν-ωπίης, ἐσσα, ἐν, (πᾶς, ὥψ) *visible to all*.

πᾶν-ωρος, ον, (πᾶς, ὥρα) *in every season*.

πάξ, Lat. *pax!* *hush! still!*

πᾶσαι, πάσαι, Dor. for πῆσαι, πῆσαι, aor. I inf. and opt. of πῆνναι.

ΠΑΪΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐπάσασμην: pf. πέπαμαι, inf. πεπάσθαι: Dep.:—to get, acquire, Lat. *potior*:—the pf. is also used as a pres., to possess, to have in possession.

πᾶπαί, Interj. of suffering, Lat. *vae! obi! alas!* II. of surprise, *ab!*

πᾶπαιός, lengthd. for παπαί.

Παπαῖος, ὁ, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

παπαπαπαί, an exclam. of surprise.

παππάζω, (πάππας) to call παπα, as a child: to coax or wheedle by calling παπα.

παππαῖος, ον, ὁ, Dim. of πάππας, *dear little παπα*.

ΠΑΪΠΠΑΣ, ον, ὁ, παπα, childish pronunciation of πατήρ, as μάμμα, mamma, of μήτηρ.

παππίδιον, τό, = παππίας. [r]

παππίζω, = παππάζω.

ΠΑΪΠΠΟΣ, ὁ, a grandfather.

παππῶς, α, ον, (πάππος) of or for one's grandfather, appointed by him.

πάπραξ, ακος, ὁ, a fish found in the Thracian lake Prasía. (Foreign word.)

παπταίνουσα, Dor. for -νουσα, part. fem. of

ΠΑΠΤΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐπάπτηνα:—to look cautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly.

II. c. acc. to look round for, look earnestly after.

παπτήνας, aor. I part. of παπταίνω.

πάπυρος, ὁ and ἡ, the papyrus, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλος) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

πάρ, poet. abbrev. for παρά. II. it is also used for πάρα in sense of πάρεστι.

ΠΑΡΑΪ Ep. πάρ, παραί, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: Radical sense, *beside*:

I. WITH GENIT. from beside, from alongside of, whether of Place or Person: metaph. issuing, derived, proceeding from: παρ' ἐαυτοῦ δίδουσι to give from oneself, from one's own means. In Att. Prose, παρὰ

is used like ἐπὶ, Lat. *a* or *ab*, by, with pass. Verbs to denote the agent, as, παρὰ τινος τυφθῆναι to be struck by any one.

II. WITH DAT. by the side of, beside, alongside of, by, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons, Lat. *apud* and *coram*; παρ' ἐμοί, Lat. *me* judice, before me; παρὰ Δαρείῳ κριτῇ before Darius as judge; παρ' ἐοῦτῳ at one's home, Lat. *apud* se.

III. WITH ACCUS. 1. of Place, running along, beside. 2. of Motion to, to, towards, mostly of persons. 3. going by, leaving on one side; παρὰ τὴν Βαβυλῶνα παρίεναι to go past Babylon; metaph. going by, beyond or beside the mark; παρὰ δύναμιν beyond one's strength: contrary to, against; παρὰ μῶραν contrary to destiny; παρὰ δόξαν contrary to opinion.

4. beside, beyond, except; οὐκ ἔστι παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλα besides this, there is nothing else; so, παρὰ ἐν πάλασμα ἔδραμε νικῶν Ὀλυμπιάδα he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize; παρὰ μικρόν, παρ' ὀλίγον within little, i. e. well-nigh, almost; παρὰ πολὺ by much; παρὰ τοσούτον by so much; παρ' ὅσον by how much, Lat. *quatenus*;—so, παρὰ μικρόν ἦλθεν ἀποθανεῖν he came within a little of dying; παρὰ τοσούτον κινδύνου ἐλθεῖν to come within so great a nearness of danger, i. e. to escape danger by so little. 5. in comparison with; αὐτὸς παρ' ἐαυτὸν himself compared with himself; παρ' οὐδὲν ἔστι it is compared with (i. e. as) nothing; παρ' οὐδὲν ἡγεῖσθαι to consider as nothing:—also, παρ' ἡμέραν day as compared with day, day by day; παρὰ τὰ ἄλλα ζῆα ὥσπερ θεοὶ ὁ ἄνθρωποι βιοτεύουσιν men as compared with all other animals live like gods; παρὰ τοῦς ἄλλους πονεῖν to labour in comparison of all the rest, i. e. more than the rest. II. of Time, during; παρὰ τὸν πόλεμον in the course of the war.

Παρά may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written πάρα: so also when it stands for πάρεμι or πάρεστι.

Παρά absol. as Adv., near, together, at once.

IN COMPOS. παρά retains its chief usages as Prep.,

I. alongside of, beside, as in παρὰ-εἰμαι, παρ-έρομαι.

II. from one to another, as in παρα-δίδωμι, παρ-έχω.

III. passing by, as in παρ-έρχομαι, παρ-οίχομαι.

2. metaph. swerving aside, i. e. amiss, wrong, as in παρα-βαίνω, παρ-ακούω: also, contrary to, against, as in παρ-αίσιος.

IV. of alteration or change, as in παρὰ-φηναι, παρα-πίθω.

παραβαδῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παραβαίνω.

παρα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα, part. -βεβῶς Ep. παρβεβῶς: aor. 2 παρέβην:—to go by or by the side of: to stand beside, c. dat. II. to pass beside or beyond, i. e. to overstep, transgress; ὁ παρὰβας the transgressor:—Pass., with aor. I πᾶρ-εβάνην [ᾱ], pf. παρα-βέβασμαι, to be transgressed or offended against.

III. to pass over, omit: to let pass, let slip: οὐ με παρέβα it escaped me not.

IV. in Comedy, παραβαίνειν ἐς οἱ πρὸς τὸ θέατρον to step forward to address the spectators.

παρά-βάκτρος, *ον*, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff, as of a staff.

παρά-βάκχος, *ον*, (παρά, Βάκχος) like a Bacchanal.
 παρα-βάλλω, *φ*, -βάλλω: *αορ.* 2. παρέβαλον: *πφ.* -βέβληκα:—*Pass.*, *αορ.* 1. -εβλήθη: *πφ.* -βέβλημαι:—*to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, Lat. objicere, projicere: to bold out as a bait: also to object or cast in one's teeth, Lat. objicere.* II.

to set side by side, to stake one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, bazard, stake:—Med. to expose oneself to danger; ἐμὴν ψυχὴν παραβαλλόμενος πολέμειζεν setting my life upon a cast in war; so, παραβάλλεσθαι τὰ τέκνα to stake one's own children. 2. *to set side by side, so as to compare one with another:—Med., παραβαλλόμενοι vying with one another: Pass., ἀπάτα δ' ἀπάταις παραβαλλόμενα one piece of treachery set against another.* III. *to bring to the side of: esp. in Med., παραβάλλεσθαι τὴν ἀκρον to bring the boat alongside; and absol. in αορ.* 2. *imperat. παραβαλοῦ, put to land.* IV. *to throw or turn sideways; ὄμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye askance; παραβάλλειν τῷ ὀφθαλμῷ to cast both eyes sideways, i. e. to squint.* V. *to deposit with one, entrust to him.* VI. *to deceive, betray.* VII.

intr. in Act. to come near, approach. 2. *to pass over by sea, like Lat. trajicio.*

παράβας, *ἄσα, ἄν, αορ.* 2. *part. of παραβαίνω.*

παράβασις *Ep. παραβασις, ὤς, ἡ, (παραβαίνω) an overstepping, transgression.* II. *the parabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the audience in the Poet's name.*

παρabaτής [ἄ], *ον, ὁ, (παραβαίνω) one who stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside the charioteer.* II. *a transgressor, in poet. form παρβατής.*

παρabaτός *poët. παρβατός, ἡ, ὄν, (παραβαίνω) transgressed.* II. *to be gone beyond, surpassed.*

παρabaτέσθαι, *πφ. pass. of παραβαίνω.*

παρabaτέσθαι, *πφ. inf. pass. of παραβαίνω.*

παρabaτῆναι, *αορ.* 2. *inf. of παραβαίνω.*

παρabaτίζομαι, *φ. ἄσσομαι: Dep.:*—*to do a thing by force contrary to law.* 2. *to use violence towards any one, to constrain, compel.*

παρabaλέπω, *φ. φω, to look aside or askance, take a side look; παραβάλεται θατέρῳ to wink with one eye.* 2. *to see wrong.*

παρabaλήδην, *Adv. (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the side: metaph., παραβαλήδην ἀγορεύειν to speak with a side meaning, i. e. maliciously, invidiously.*

παρabaλήμα, *ατος, τό, (παραβάλλω) something hung beside, a curtain or screen used to cover the sides of ships.*

παρabaλώσκει, *φ. -μολοῦμαι: αορ.* 2. *παρέμολον: πφ. παραμέμβλωκα Ep. παρμέμβλωκα:—to go beside, for the purpose of aiding or protecting.*

παρabaλήτιος, *α, ὄν, and παραβαλήτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραβάλλω, comparable.*

παρabaλῶψ, *ἄπος, ὁ, ἡ, (παραβλέπω) looking sideways or askance, squinting.*

παρabaβοῶ, *φ. -βοῶμαι, to call or cry out to.*

παρabaβοῦ, *φ. ἡσσω, to come to help another: absol. come to the rescue.*

παρabaβολέομαι, *Dep. (παράβολος), to expose oneself to danger, run bazard.*

παρabaβολή, *ἡ, (παραβάλλω ἡ) a placing beside, comparison: illustration, parable.*

παράβολος, *ον, (παραβάλλομαι) staking, risking: bazarding: of persons, venturesome, reckless.* 2. *of things, bazardous, perilous.*

παρabaβουλεύομαι, *Dep. to shew disregard.*

παρabaβυστος, *ον, (παραβύω) stuffed in.*

παρabaβύω, *φ. σω, to stuff in, insert. [ῥ]*

παρabaγαίνεω, *αορ.* 2. *inf. of παράγω.*

παρabaγγελία, *ἡ, a command issued to soldiers: the word of command.* 2. *the summoning one's partisans.* 3. *instruction, doctrine. From*

παρabaγγέλλω, *φ. -αγγεῖω: αορ.* 1. *παρήγγεila: πφ. παρήγγεila: pass. παρήγγελλαι:—to pass an announcement from one to another.* II. *as military term, to give the watchword, which was passed from man to man, Lat. imperium per manus tradere:—also to give the word of command, give orders:—then* 2. *generally, to recommend, exhort.* 3. *c. acc. rei, to order; παραγγέλλειν οὐτία to order provisions, like Lat. imperare frumentum: τὰ παραγγελλόμενα orders given.* III. *also to encourage, cheer on.* IV. *to summon to one's help, to summon one's partisans or clients. Hence*

παρabaγγέλημα, *ατος, τό, an announcement passed from one to another.* II. *an order, word of command.* III. *instruction.*

παρabaγγεῖσι, *ἡ, (παραγγέλλω) announcing.* II. *in war, a giving orders, giving the word of command.*

παρabaγεύω, *φ. σω, to give just a taste of a thing:—Med. to taste slightly of a thing.*

παρabaγηράω, *φ. ἄσσομαι, to be the worse for old age.*

παρabaγίνομαι later -γίνομαι [ἰ]: *fut. -γενήσομαι: αορ.* 2. *παρεγενόμην:—to be at hand, by or near, be present: to stand by, to second, support.* 2. *of things, to be at hand, to come, happen, belong to.* II. *to come to, arrive at: absol. to arrive at one's destination.* 2. *to come to maturity.*

παρabaγιγνώσκω later -γινώσκω: *fut. -γνώσομαι: αορ.* 2. *παρέγνων:—to decide beside the right, i. e. to decide unfairly, err in one's judgment.*

παρabaγκάλισμα, *ατος, τό, (παρά, ἀγκάλη) that which is taken in the arms, the object of one's embrace.*

παρabaγκωνίζομαι, *Dep. (παρά, ἀγκών) to put beside with the elbows, elbow.*

παρabaγονός, *παραγώναι, αορ.* 2. *part. and inf. of παραγινώσκω.*

παράγραμμα, *ατος, τό, (παραγράφω) that which one writes beside, an additional clause, codicil.*

παραγράφῃ, ἡ, (παραγράφω) any thing written beside, a marginal note.

II. an exception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφῇ).

παρα-γράφω, f. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin, annex a clause or codicil. II. Med., with pf. pass. παραγέγραμμαι, to have a thing written by the side: to have a person registered. 2. παραγράφειν γραφήν to take an exception to an indictment; absol., παραγράφεσθαι to demur: cf. παραγραφῇ.

παρα-γυμνῶ, f. ὦσω, to lay bare at the side: metaph. to lay open, disclose.

παρα-άγω, f. ξω: aor. 2 -ήγαγον:—to lead beside, to lead by or past. 2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into line.

II. to lead aside from the way, lead away: absol. to mislead, deceive: generally, to persuade, bring over, but in bad sense. 2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert.

III. to bring beside or in front, to bring forward as a speaker, witness. IV. to bring in stealthily. V. intrans. to pass by, pass on one's way: pass away. Hence

παράγωγῃ, ἡ, a leading by or past, carrying across. 2. of soldiers, a wheeling from column into line. 3. a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash in coming out of the water.

II. a leading aside or away, misleading: a fallacy, quibble. III. an alteration, change, variety.

παρα-δακρύω, f. ὦσω [ῶ], to weep beside or along with. παρα-δαρθάνω, f. -δαρθήσομαι: aor. 2 παρῑδαρθον Ep. παρῑδάρθον, inf. παραδάρθεῖν:—to sleep beside or by.

παράδειγμα, τό, (παράδεικνυμι) a pattern, model, plan, Lat. exemplar: a copy, representation. 2. a precedent, example; ἐπὶ παραδείγματος by way of example: also an example, lesson. 3. an illustration, proof from example. Hence

παρα-δειγματίζω, f. σω, to make an example of, make a show of, put to shame.

παραδειγματῶδης, es, (παράδειγμα, εἶδος) like an example.

παρα-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω:—to shew by the side of: to exhibit, bring forward. 2. to represent as so and so, to represent, pourtray. 3. to band over or assign money.

παρα-δειπνέομαι, Dep. (παρά, δείπνον) to go without one's dinner.

παράδεισος, ὁ, a park or pleasure-grounds; an Eastern word used in the Septuagint for the garden of Eden.

παρα-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to take or receive from another, to have by right of succession, as hereditary. 2. c. inf. to take upon oneself or engage to do. 3. to admit, let in: hence to admit, allow.

παρα-δηλώω, f. ὦσω, to disclose by a side hint.

παρα-διακονέω, f. ἤσω, to attend and serve.

παρα-διατριβή, ἡ, useless disputation.

παρα-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give or hand over, Lat. tradere: to commit, consign. 2. to give into another's hands as an hostage, Lat. dedere, to deliver up, surrender: to hand over to justice: also to betray. 3. to hand down, transmit to posterity. II.

to grant, bestow, offer: c. inf. to grant, allow, concede.

παραδοθῶ, ἦς, ῆ, aor. 1 pass. subj. of παραδίδωμι.

παραδοξο-λογία, ἡ, (παράδοξος, λόγος) a strange story, marvel.

παρα-δόξος, ov, (παρά, δόξα) contrary to opinion, unexpected, strange, marvellous. Adv. -ξως.

παράδοσις, ἡ, (παραδίδωμι) a banding down, bequeathing, transmission. 2. a giving up, surrender. 3. the transmission or banding down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition:—also that which is banded down, a tradition.

παραδοτός, α, ov, or παραδοτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραδίδωμι, to be banded down, etc.:—neut. παραδοτέον or -δοτέα (plur.) one must give up.

παραδούς, aor. 2 part. of παραδίδωμι.

παραδοχή, ἡ, (παραδέχομαι) the act of receiving from another. 2. that which has been so received, a custom.

παραδράθειν Ep. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of παραδράθων.

παραδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of παρατρέχω.

παρα-δράω, Ep. παρα-δρώ: fut. -δράσω:—to be near as a servant, to serve.

παραδρομή, ἡ, (παραδραμῖν) a running beside or by; ἐκ παραδρομῆς cursorily, by the way, Lat. obiter.

παράδρομος, ov, (παραδραμῖν) running beside. II. that may be run through; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through, gaps.

παρα-δρώω, Ep. for παραδράω.

παραδύνεμαι, Ep. for παραδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραδύνω.

παρα-δυναστεύω, f. σω, (παρά, δυνάστης) to govern or reign with one.

παράδυσσις, ἡ, a slinking in beside. From παρα-δύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. παρῑδύν, inf. παραδύναι Epic παραδύμεναι:—to creep or slink past. 2. to creep in underhand, slink or steal in.

παραδωσέω, Desiderat. of παραδίδωμι, to be disposed or ready to deliver up.

παρα-αἶδω, f. σω, to sing beside or to one.

παρα-αἶρω contr. παρῑαίρω (παρά, αἶρω, contr. αἶρω), to lift up and set beside:—Pass. to hang on one side; Ep. aor. 1 pass. παρῑέρῑην Att. παρῑέρῑην.

παρα-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύω, to yoke beside, couple: to set beside:—Pass. to be joined side by side, coupled together.

παρα-ζηλώω, f. ὦσω, to provoke to jealousy.

παρα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζύωω, to gird to the side, hang to the girdle.

παρα-θάλασσιδος Att. -ττίδος, ov, = παραθαλάσσιος.

παρα-θαλάσσιος Att. -ττίος, α, ov, also os, ov, (παρά, θάλασσα) beside the sea, lying on the seaside.

παρα-θάλλω, f. ψω, to cherish, comfort.
παρα-θαρσύνω later -θαρρύνω, to embolden, cheer on, inspire with confidence.

παραθεῖν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of παρατίθημι.

παραθέεις, παράθεις, aor. 2 part. and imperat. of παρατίθημι.

παρα-θέλω, f. ξω, to soften, assuage, soothe.

παρα-θερμαίνω, to heat or inflame to excess.

παραθέσθαι, εως, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) a putting beside, juxtaposition, comparison. II. suggestion, advice.

παρα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run beside. II. to run to one side of, deviate from. III. to run beyond, outrun.

παρα-θεωρέω, f. ἦσω, to observe one thing beside another, compare. II. to overlook, slight.

παρα-θήγω, f. ξω, to wet or sharpen upon: metaph. to encourage.

παραθήκη, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) anything lodged with one, a deposit: of persons, a hostage.

παραθήσομαι, fut. med. of παρατίθημι.

παῖρα, poet. for παρά.

παραβασίη, ἡ, poet. for παραβασία, transgression.

παρα-βάττω, παρα-βάτης, poet. for παραβ-

παραβόλος, on, poet. for παράβολος, (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the way, sneering, malicious: see παραβλήθην.

παρ-αΐθυσσω, f. ξω, to stir up, kindle. II. intr. of words, to fall from one by chance.

παραινέσις, ἡ, (παραινέω) advice, counsel.

παρ-αινέω, f. -έσω or -έσομαι: aor. I παρήνεσα: pf. παρήνεκα: Pass., aor. I παρήνεθην: pf. παρήνεμαι:—to advise, recommend, counsel.

παραιπετίθω, παραιπετιθούσα, Ep. for παραπίθη, παραπιθούσα, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj., and part. fem. aor. 2 of παραπέιθω.

παράρρεσις, ἡ, a taking away from beside, a withdrawing of, curtailings. From

παρ-αίρω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 παρείλον: pf. παρήρηκα: Pass., aor. I παρρήρεθην: pf. παρήρημαι:—to take away from beside. 2. to draw aside on one, to divert to; παραιρεῖν ἄνδρα εἰς παῖδα to draw aside the curse on thy son. II. Med. to draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detach. 2. generally, to take away from: also to lessen, damp. Hence

παράρρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken off from the side, the selvaie of cloth: generally, a band, strip.

παρ-αίρω, contr. for παρ-αίρω.

παρ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:—to hear of by the way.

παρ-αίσιος, on, (παρά, αἰσιος) of ill omen, ominous, portentous.

παρ-αίσσω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I παρήξα:—to dart past.

παρ-αιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: pf. παρήτημαι: Dep.:—to beg of or from another: I. c. acc. rei, to obtain by prayer or entreaty. 2. c. acc. pers. to move by entreaty, intend leave from: also to intercede with, beg

earnestly. 3. to entreat one to do. II. like Lat. deprecari, to avert by entreaty, beg off. Hence

παραίτησις, ἡ, an obtaining by prayer: earnest supplication. II. a deprecating. III. an interceding for, begging off.

παρ-αίτιος, on, also α, on, (παρά, αἰτία) being in part the cause: accessory to.

παρ-αί-φάμενος, ἡ, on, Ep. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παράφημι, exhorting, encouraging.

παρ-αί-φάσις, ἡ, poet. for παράφασις, (παραφήμι) encouragement, persuasion: also, a beguiling.

παρ-αί-φρονέω, poet. for παραφρονέω.

παρ-αί-ωρέω, f. ἦσω, to bang up beside:—Pass. to be hung or bang beside.

παρακάββαλε, Ep. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παρακαταβάλλω.

παρακαθεῖσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of παρακαθίζω.

παρα-κάθημαι, inf. -καθῆσθαι, Dep. to sit beside or near.

παρ-ακαθίζω, f. -καθίζω Att. -καθῶ, to set beside or near. II. Med., fut. -καθεδοῦμαι: aor. 2 -εκαθεζόμεν: also aor. I -εκαθίστημι:—to sit down beside.

παρ-ακαθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to put, place, set down beside or near. II. in Med. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -κατέστην, pf. -καθέστηκα, to stand beside or near.

παρ-ακαίριος and παρά-καιρος, on, (παρά, καιρός) untimely, ill-timed, unseasonable.

παρ-ακαίω, f. -καύω, to light, kindle, burn beside or near.

παρ-ακάλλω, f. -καλῶ later -καλέσω: pf. -έκεκληκα, pass. -έκεκλημαι:—to call to one, i. e., I. to call to aid, send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: to call as witness, to invoke the gods: to invite. II. to call to, cheer on, encourage, exhort: to excite. III. to demand, require.

παρακάλυμμα, τό, a covering: metaph. a cloak, veil. From

παρ-ακλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover by banging something beside, to veil, cloak, disguise.

παρ-ακαταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλλω: Ep. aor. 2 παρακάβαλον for παρακατέβαλον:—to throw or put down beside; παραβάλλειν ζώνην τινί to put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one. II. as law-term, to make a deposit, pay a sum into court. Hence

παρακαταβολή, ἡ, money deposited in suits for recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of failure, Lat. sacramentum.

παρακαταθήκη, ἡ, (παρακατατίθημι) anything lodged in one's hands, esp. a deposit, trust.

παρ-ακαταθήσκω, f. -καταθανοῦμαι: aor. 2 -κατέθανον Ep. -κάτθανον:—to die beside or near.

παρ-ακατάκειμαι, inf. -κατακείσθαι, Pass. to lie beside or near, esp. to sit by at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere.

παρ-ακατακλίνω, f. ἱνῶ, to lay down beside.

παρα-καταλέγομαι, f. ἔομαι, Pass. to lie down beside, to lie with: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 παρκατέλεκτο.

παρα-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in one's hands.

παρα-καταπήγνυμι, f. -καταπήξω, to fix or drive in alongside.

παρα-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to deposit or lodge in a person's hands:—Med. to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust, entrust to his keeping.

παρα-κατέχω, f. -καθέλω, to keep back, restrain.

παρα-κατοικίω, f. σω, to make to dwell beside:—Med. to settle another near oneself.

παρα-καττώ, Att. for παρα-κασύω, to sew on or to:—metaph. in Med. to set all straight.

παρά-κειμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: 3 sing. Ep. impf. παρεκίσκετο: Pass.:—to lie beside, near or before: generally, to be ready, lie close at hand: metaph. to be presented or proposed to one; τὰ παρακείμενα things before one or present.

παρακείμεμα, ματος, τό, = παρακείμεσμα.

παρα-κελεύομαι, Med. to exhort, advise, recommend, prescribe. II. to exhort, encourage, cheer on by shouting: 3 sing. plqpf. παρακεκέλευστο is used in pass. sense, orders had been given. Hence

παρακείλευσις, ἡ, a calling out to, cheering on.

παρακείμεσμα, ατος, τό, (παρακελεύομαι) an exhortation, encouragement.

παρακελευσμός, ὁ, = παρακείλευσις.

παρακελευστός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρακελεύομαι) cheered on, summoned.

παρα-κελητίζω, f. σω, to ride by or past.

παρακινδύνευσις, ἡ, a desperate venture. From

παρα-κινδύνεω, f. σω, to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly: c. acc. rei, to venture or hazard a thing: c. inf. to have the hardihood to do: absol. to venture, run the risk, stand the hazard: in Pass., ἔπος παρακεκινδυνευμένον a hardy, venturous phrase.

παρα-κινέω, f. ἡσω, trans. to move aside: to excite, disturb violently, Lat. commovere. II. intr. to shift one's ground, alter. 2. to be impassioned: to be distraught, mad. 3. to raise troubles or commotions.

παρα-κίω, to pass by.

παρα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι and -κλαυσούμαι:—to weep beside or at.

παρα-κλείω Ion. -κλήω, to bar or shut out.

παρα-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal from the side or in passing, filch underhand.

παραικληθήσομαι, fut. pass. of παρακαλέω.

παρα-κλήω, Ion. for παρακλείω.

παράκλησις, ἡ, (παρακαλέω) a calling to one, summons to assist. 2. a calling upon, imploring. 3. exhortation, encouragement.

παραικλητός, α, ον, = παράκλητος: neut. παρακλητέον, one must call on.

παραικλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρακαλέω) of or for exhorting, hortatory.

παράκλητος, ον, verb. Adj. of παρακαλέω, called to

one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. advocatus: as Subst., παράκλητος, ὁ, an advocate. 2. generally, a helper: hence in N. T., ὁ Παράκλητος the Helper, Comforter.

παραικλίδόν, Adv. (παραικλίνω) bending sideways, turning aside, averting.

παραικλίνω, ορος, ὁ, = παρακλίτης. From

παρα-κλινώ [ῥ], f. -κλινῶ, to turn or bend aside; παραικλίνειν τὴν θύραν to set the gate ajar. 2.

metaph. to make to swerve, distort; ἄλλη παραικλίνουσι δίκας they turn righteous judgments aside. II.

Pass. and Med., aor. 2 παρεκλίθην [ῥ]: pf. παρακέκλιμαι: to lie down beside, lie near, esp. at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere. III. intr. in Act. to turn

aside, slip away, escape. Hence

παραικλίτης, ον, ὁ, one who lies beside at meals. [ῥ]

παρα-κλινώ, to bear beside or amiss: to bear wrong.

παρ-ακμάζω, f. ἄσω, to be past the prime: to be faded, withered.

παρ-ακοάω, Ion. for παρα-νοέω.

παρδίκη, ἡ, (παρakoύω) bearing amiss: unwillingness to bear, disobedience.

παρ-ακοινάομαι, Med. (παρά, κοινός) to take counsel with another, Lat. communicare.

παρ-ακοίτης, ον, ὁ, (παρά, ἀκοίτης) one who sleeps beside, a bedfellow, husband.

παρ-ακοίτης, ἰος, ἡ, acc. ἦν: Ep. dat. παρακοιτί: (παρά, ἀκοίτης) a wife, consort.

παρ-ακολουθεῖω, f. ἡσω, to follow close or bard upon one: to attend steadfastly: of rules, to hold good throughout. II. metaph. to follow in one's mind, to understand.

παρ-ακομίδι, ἡ, (παρ-ακομίζω) a carrying across, transporting, conveying. II. (from Pass.) a going or sailing across.

παρ-ακομίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: to carry beside or along with, escort: carry across: generally to carry or convey:—Med. to have a thing brought one:—Pass. to sail beside, coast along.

παρ-ακονάω, f. ἡσω, to sharpen or whet besides.

παρ-ακοντίζω, f. ἰσω, to throw the dart with others.

παρ-ακοπή, ἡ, (παρ-ακόπτω) a striking falsely, a coining falsely: metaph. madness, frenzy.

παρ-ακόπος, ον, (παρ-ακόπτω) struck falsely, counterfeit: metaph. deranged, mad.

παρ-ακόπτω, f. ψω, to strike amiss, esp. of money, to forge, counterfeit; ἀνδράρια παρακεκομμένα (pf. pass. part.) men of a false stamp. II. Med. to cheat, swindle out of a thing, c. gen.: absol. to cheat:—Pass. to be cheated. III. metaph. to drive mad, derange, distract.

παρ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι, (παρά, ἀκούω) to hear beside or by the way, to hear talk of. II. to hear or learn underhand. III. to hear wrong, misunderstand.

παρ-ακράννυμι, f. -κρεμάω Att. -κρεμῶ:—to let hang on the side.

παρ-ακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of παρακρεμάννυμι.

παρὰ-κρῖνον [ῖ], f. -κρῖνῶ: aor. I παρέκρῖνα: pf. παραέκρῖνα: Pass., aor. I παρεκρίθην [ῖ]: pf. παραέκρῖμαι: —to separate and place beside:—Pass. to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

παρὰ-κροτήν, f. ῥω, to pat, touch on the side.
παράκρουσις, ῆ, (παράκρουῶ) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error. II. a cheating, fraud.

παρὰ-κρούω, f. σω: pf. παραέκρουκα: Pass., aor. I παρεκρούσθην: pf. παραέκρουσμαι: —to strike beside, esp. to strike a wrong note in music. II. to lead aside, mislead, deceive.

παρὰ-κτάσμαι, f. ῥσμαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παραέκτημαι, to have over and above.

παρὰ-κτιδῶς, on, and παρὰ-κτις, a, on, (παρά, ἀκτῇ) on the seashore, on the shore.

παρὰ-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I παρέκνυα: —to stoop aside, put one's head on one side affectively.

2. generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly at. 3. to lean forward and peer out of a door, window, etc.: also to peer in.

παρὰ-κωχῇ, see παροκωχῇ.

παρὰ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάμφομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον, inf. -λαβεῖν: pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημμαι: —to receive from another, to succeed to an office or to property.

2. to take possession of, to take in pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly. 3. to take to oneself, as to wife: —to produce or bring forward as a witness. II. to receive or entertain as a friend, to invite.

III. to receive by hearsay or tradition, to learn, hear, Lat. accipere. IV. to take upon oneself, undertake, Lat. suscipere.

V. to wait for, intercept, Lat. excipere.

παρὰ-λέγω, f. ξω, to put, lay beside or near:—Med., f. -λέθομαι: aor. I παρελέξαμην: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παρ-έλεκτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside.

II. παραλέγεσθαι γῆν to sail by or along the land, to coast along.

παρὰ-λειπτόν, verb. Adj. one must omit. From παρὰ-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave on one side, leave remaining.

2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, pass by, Lat. praetermittere. 3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

παρὰ-λέλω, f. ψω, to smear with ointment. παραλέλλωμαι, pf. pass. of παραλύνω.

παρὰ-λεύσσω, = παροράω.

παρὰ-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself.

παρὰ-ληπτός, ῆ, on, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted.

παρὰ-ληρέω, f. ῥω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare.

παρὰ-ληφθήσομαι, παραλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παρὰ-ληψις, εως, ῆ, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession.

παράλια (sub. χώρα), ῆ, the sea-coast, coastland. From

παρ-άλιος, on, also a, on, (παρά, ἄλς) by the sea, on the sea shore.

παρὰ-λλάγῃ, ῆ, (παρὰ-λλάσσω) a passing from hand to hand, transfer. II. alternation: change, variation.

παρὰ-λλάγμα, ματος, τό, (παρὰ-λλάσσω) an exchange. παραλλάξ, Adv. (παρὰ-λλάσσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

παρὰ-λλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I παρήλλαξα: Pass., aor. I -ηλλάχθην: aor. 2 -ηλλάγγην [ᾱ]: pf. -ήλλαγμαι: —to make things alternate. 2. to change or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. 3. of Place, to pass by or beyond. II. intr. to pass by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the path, to deviate, vary:—hence to slip aside, escape.

παρὰ-ἄλληλος, on, (παρά, ἄλληλοι) beside one another, side by side, parallel.

παρὰ-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσμαι, Dep. to reckon wrong, misreckon, miscalculate. 2. to reason falsely. II. to cheat by false reasoning. Hence

παρὰ-λογισμός, ό, false reckoning: a fallacy.

παρὰ-λογος, on, (παρά, λόγος) beyond calculation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρὰ-λογος, ό, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculation.

παρ-ἄλος, on, (παρά, ἄλς) by or near the sea, naval, maritime. II. οἱ Πάραλοι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παράλια): opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers.

2. the crew of the ship Paralos. III. ἡ Πάραλος (sub. ναῦς or τριῆρης), the Paralos, one of the Athenian state-galleys, reserved for religious missions, embassies, etc.: the other was called Σαλαμῖνα.

παρὰ-λύπέω, f. ῥω, (παρά, λυπέω) to grieve along with something else: οἱ παραλυποῦντες, the refractory.

παρὰ-λυτικός, ῆ, on, (παράλυω) affected with palsy, paralytic.

παρὰ-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῡ]: aor. I παρέλῡσα: pf. -λέλυκα: Pass., aor. I παρελύθην [ῡ]: pf. -λέλυμαι: —to loose from the side, loose and take off, detach from.

2. to separate, part from:—Pass. to be parted from. 3. to release or set free from:—Pass. to be exempt from a thing.

4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free. 5. to undo, put an end to. II. to relax at the side:—Pass. to be disabled on one side, to be palsied, pf. part.

παρὰ-λυμένος, like παραλυτικός, palsied, paralytic: generally, to be enfeebled or exhausted, to flag.

παρὰ-μείβω, f. ψω: aor. I παρήμειβα: (παρά, ἀμείβω): —to change or alter a little. 2. to leave on one side, pass by: hence to exceed, excel. II.

Med. to pass beside, pass by: outrun. 2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of. 3. of Time, to pass, go by. 4. to change for oneself. 5. to lead aside from the road.

παρὰ-μελέω, pf. -ημέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. παρμελήκεε: (παρά, ἀμείβω): —to pass by and disregard, pay no heed to.

παραμέννῃμαι, pf. of παραμνήσκομαι.
 παρα-μένω, f. -μενῶ: aor. I παρέμεινα:—to stay beside or near, stand by. II. absol. to stand one's ground, stand fast. 2. to stay at a place, stay behind. 3. to survive, remain alive: of things, to endure, last.
 παρ-άμερος, ov, Dor. for παρήμερος. [ἀ]
 παρα-μετρέω, f. ἤσω, to measure one thing by another, to compare. II. to measure out.
 παρ-άμεω, Dor. = παραμείβω:—Med. παραμεύεσθαι τινος μορφή to surpass one in beauty.
 παρα-μηρίδιος, ov, (παρά, μηρός) at the side of or along the thighs: τὰ παραμηρίδια armour for the thighs, cuisses.
 παρα-μίγνυμι and -ύω Ion. -μίσγω: f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμνῃμαι:—to mingle, intermix with, τινί τι. 2. to mix in, add by mixing.
 παρ-άμιλλος, ov, (παρά, ἄμιλλα) vying or racing with.
 παρα-μνήσκομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι: pf. -μέμνῃμαι: Dep.:—to mention besides or by the way, to make mention of one thing along with another.
 παρα-μῖνω, poet. for παραμένω absol., to tarry, stay.
 παρα-μίσγω, Ion. for παραμίγνυμι.
 παρα-μνάσκει, Ion. for παραμνήσκομαι.
 παραμολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παραβλάσκω.
 παραμόνιμος, ov, also η, ov, (παράμειναι) abiding by, lasting, steadfast, faithful. Neut. παρόνιμον, as Adv., steadfastly.
 παρ-ά-μονος poet. πάρμονος, ov, (παράμειναι) lasting.
 παρ-ά-μουσος, ov, (παρά, Μούσας) adverse to the Muses or music, discordant with: hence harsh, horrid.
 παρ-άμπεχον or -άμπισχον: f. παραμφέξω: aor. 2 παρήμπεχον: (παρά, ἄμπεχον) to cover with a cloak or robe; hence to cloak or disguise.
 παρ-άμψικίξω Lacon. -πυκίδω: (παρά, ἄμπυξ):—to bind the hair with a fillet or bead-band.
 παρα-μυθεόμαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I -εμυθησάμην: Dep.:—to address with soothing or cheering words: to encourage, exhort, advise. 2. to console, appease. Hence
 παραμυθία, ἡ, encouragement: also persuasion.
 παραμυθιον, τό, (παράμυθεομαι) an address, exhortation. 2. a consolation, relief, assuagement.
 παρα-μυκάσκει, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to bellow beside or near.
 παρ-αναγιγνώσκω later -αναγιγνώσκω: f. -αναγνώσομαι: (παρά, ἀναγιγνώσκω):—to read beside or near: to read side by side, compare, collate.
 παρα-ναίεσθαι, to dwell beside or near.
 παρ-άναλίσκω, f. -ανάλωσω, to spend beside or amiss, to waste, lavish.
 παρ-ανάτελλω, to arise beside or near.
 παρα-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι and -νευσούμαι, (παρά, νέω to swim) to swim beside or by.
 παρανέω, f. -νήσω, (παρά, νέω to hear) to hear or pile up beside: Ion. παρα-νηέω and -νηνέω.
 παρα-νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to swim beside, to swim along the shore.

παρ-ά-νικάω, f. ἤσω, to corrupt by conquest.
 παρ-ανέρισσομαι, Dep. = παρανέομαι, to pass beside or near.
 παρ-ανίσχω, to raise up beside or in answer. II. intr. to stand forth beside.
 παρ-ανόω, f. ἤσω, to think amiss or wrongly. II. to be deranged, senseless: to go mad. Hence
 παρ-ανόειδ', ἡ, derangement, madness, folly.
 παρ-ανόλγνυμι and -ανόλγω: f. -ανόλγω, (παρά, ἀνόλγω) to open at the side or a little.
 παρα-νομέω: impf. παρενόμουν: aor. I παρενόμῃσα: pf. παρενόμῃκα: Pass., aor. παρενομήθην: pf. παρενόμῃμαι: (παράνομος):—to transgress the law, act illegally. 2. to commit an outrage: c. acc. pers. to commit an outrage upon one; so in Pass., to be ill-used, maltreated. Hence
 παρ-ανόμημα, atos, τό, an illegal act, transgression.
 παρ-ανόμια, ἡ, (παρ-ανόμειναι) transgression of law, habitual law-breaking.
 παρ-ά-νομος, ov, (παρά, νόμος) contrary to law and custom, unlawful, illegal: generally, lawless, unjust, violent. II. as Att. law-terms, παρ-ά-νομα γράφειν to propose unconstitutional measures; but, παρ-ά-νομα γράφεσθαι τινα to indict one for proposing unconstitutional measures.
 παρ-ά-νοος, ov, contr. παρ-ά-νους, ov, (παρά, νόος) distraught, frenzied.
 παρ-ά-ντα, Adv. (παρά, ἀντίος) sideways, sidwards.
 παρ-αντέλλω, poet. for παρανατέλλω.
 παρ-ά-νυμφος, ἡ, (παρά, νύμφη) the bride's-maid, who conducts her to the bridegroom.
 παρ-ά-νυσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to prick beside: metaph. to prick on or stimulate to do a thing.
 παρ-ά-ξενος, ov, with a false claim to friendship or hospitality: generally, false, spurious.
 παρ-ά-ξω, f. έσω, to scrape beside: to graze in passing.
 παρ-ά-ξονιος, ov, (παρά, άξων) beside or near the axle: παρ-ά-ξονια, τά, as Subst. rapid whirlings.
 παρ-ά-ξύω, f. -ξύσω[ῶ], to shave at the side: metaph. to graze, keep close beside.
 παρ-ά-παλω, f. -παήσω, to strike on the side. II. intrans. strike aside: to fall aside, fall out from, Lat. excidere; παραπατεῖν φρενῶν to wander from one's senses, lose one's wits.
 παρ-ά-πάλλω, to hurl beside:—Med. to vault or bound aside.
 παρ-ά-παν, Adv., for παρὰ πᾶν, on the whole, altogether, absolutely: in reckoning, ἐπὶ δεκάσια τὸ παρ-ά-παν up to two hundred altogether, on the average.
 παρ-ά-πάτῳ, f. ἤσω, to mislead, cajole.
 παρ-ά-πάφισκω, fut. -απαφήσο: aor. 2 παρήπάφον:—poët. for παραπατάω, to mislead: to persuade one to do a thing by craft or fraud.
 παρ-ά-πείθω, f. -πείσω, to win by persuasive arts, to prevail upon, win over: Homer often uses an Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. in 3 sing. παραιπειθήσι; part. παρ-επειθῶν, παραιπειθούσα, παρ-επειθύντες.

παραιοειράομαι, f. άσσομαι [ά], Dep. to make trial of.
παραιοέμψω, f. ψω: aor. I παραιοέμψα:—to send by or beyond, make to pass through: of sound, to send or echo back.

2. to send by or along the coast: generally to send along.

3. to escort, convoy: so in Med., to convoy ships.

II. to send besides or in addition.

III. metaph. to let pass, take no heed of, Lat. praetermittere.

παραιοεών, aor. 2 part. of παραιοέμψω.

παραιοπέταμαι, = παραιοπέτομαι.

παραιοπετάννυμι and -ύω, f. -πετάσσω: pf. -πεπέτασσα:—to stretch a curtain before. Hence

παραιοπέτασμα, atos, τό, that which is spread out before, a curtain, veil.

παραιοπέτομαι, f. -πετήσσομαι, syncop. -πήσσομαι:

Dep.:—to fly beside, near, by: to fly along, fly over: to fly to.

παραιοπήγγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix or plant beside or near:—Pass., with pf. med. -πέπηγα, to be fixed or planted beside.

παραιοπηδάω, f. ήσσομαι, to spring by or beyond: c.

acc. to overleap, transgress.

παραιοπικραίνω, to embitter, provoke. Hence

παραιοπικρασμός, ό, provocation: contumacy.

παραιοπίμπτω, f. -πρήσσω, to kindle, burn beside or near:—Pass. to be inflamed.

παραιοπίπτω, f. -πείσσομαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall beside.

II. to fall in one's way, fall in with:—of things, to befall, happen, offer itself.

III. to fall aside: hence to mistake, err.

παραιοπλάγξας, aor. I part. of παραιοπλάξω.

παραιοπλάξω, f. -πλάγξω: aor. I παραιοπλάξα: Pass.,

aor. I παραιοπλάγχθην:—to make a person wander from the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course:

—Pass. to wander, go astray, wander away from.

II. metaph. to mislead:—Pass. to be misled, err, be wrong.

παραιοπλευρίδια, τά, (παρά, πλευρά) covers for the sides of war-horses.

παραιοπλέω Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσσομαι and -πλευ

σούμαι: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παραιοπλώ (as if from a Verb in -μι):—to sail beside, near or alongside: to sail

along a coast: to sail past.

παραιοπλήγας, acc. pl. of παραιοπλήξ.

παραιοπληκτος, on, (παραιοπλήσσω) stricken aside:

metaph. frenzy-stricken.

παραιοπλήξ, ήγος, ό, ή, (παραιοπλήσσω) struck side-

ways: ή όντες παραιοπλήγες a shelving beach, on which

the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against a cliff).

II. metaph. = παραιοπληκτος, mad.

παραιοπλήσιος, on, also α, on, (παρά, πλησίος)

coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about the same, about equal:—Sup. -ώτατος.—Neut. παραιοπλήσιον, παραιοπλήσια as Adv., but also regul. Adv.

παραιοπλησίως, nearly, almost: παραιοπλησίως άγωνίζεσθαι to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παραιοπλησσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to strike on the side:

—Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, de-

ranged, frenzied.

παραιοπλόμενος, η, on, coming to a place, Ep. syncop. part. from an obsol. pres. παραιοπλόμαι.

παραιοπλος contr. -πλος, ό, (παραιοπλώ) a sailing beside, coasting along.

2. a passage over the sea, Lat. trajeticus.

παραιοπλώω, Ion. for παραιοπλέω.

παραιοπνεύσας, aor. I part. of παραιοπνέω.

παραιοπνέω, f. -πνεύσσομαι, to blow beside or by the

side, to escape by the side.

παραιοπόδιος, poet. παραιοπόδιος, on, (παρά, πούς) at the feet, close by, present.

παραιοπύβω, f. ήσσω, to make falsely:—Med. to make

falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely.

παραιοαόλλυμι, f. -απολέσσω Att. -απολώ, to destroy, ruin beside:—Pass., with fut. med. -απολούμαι, pf.,

-απόλωλα, plqpf. -ολώλειν, to perish beside or near.

παραιοπομπή, ή, (παραιοπέμψω) a conveying, procur-

ing. II. that which is procured, supplies, provisions.

παραιοπόντιος, on, (παρά, πόντος) by the sea.

παραιοπορεύομαι, Pass. to go beside or past.

παραιοποτάμιος, α, on, (παρά, ποταμός) beside or

near a river, situated or dwelling on a river: of παραιοποτάμιοι people who live on a river.

παραιοπράσσω Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to do beside or beyond the main purpose.

II. to do with another, join or help in doing.

παραιοπρεσβεία, ή, a false or dishonest embassy.

From

παραιοπρεσβεύω, Act. and Med. to execute an embassy faithfully or dishonestly.

παραιοπρισμα, atos, τό, that which falls off in saw-

ing, saw-dust. From

παραιοπρίω, f. -πριούμαι, to saw beside or gently. [I]

παραιοπτω, f. ψω, to fasten beside, near or alongside:

—Pass., παραιοπτομένα χερού πλατά the oar grasped by the hands:—Med. to touch beside or at the side.

παραιοπτωμα, atos, τό, (παραιοπίπτω) a fall beside:

metaph. a transgression.

παραιοπύθια, τά, (παρά, Πύθια) a sickness which

prevented one from being victor at the Pythian games (Πύθια).

παραιοραθύμω, παραιοραίνω, etc., v. παραιο-

πάρ-αρος Ion. πάραιρος, on, like παρήριος, (παρά, αείρω) deranged in mind.

πάραιρος, on, Dor. and poet. for παρήριος, distraught.

παραιοαρπάξω, fut. άσσω, later άξω, to take away from the side, filch.

παραιοαρπύω, ψω, to sew beside or along:—Pass. to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παραιορρώω, f. -ρρεύσσομαι: pf. παραιορρήκα: aor. 2 in

pass. form παραιορρύν: (παρά, ρέω):—to flow beside, by or past, c. acc.

2. c. dat., παραιορρύνειν τι to slip off it.

II. to slip away, to slip from one's memory.

III. to slip in unawares.

παραιορήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I παραιορήξα: (παρά, ρήγνυμι):—to break at the side, esp. to break a line of

battle:—Pass. of the line, to be broken. II. Pass., with pf. med. παραιορρηγα, to break or burst out beside

or from; *παρέρραγεν ποδὸς φλέψ* a vein has burst out from his foot.

παραρρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρά, ρητός) of persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive.

παραρρίγῳ, (παρά, ῥιγῳ) to freeze beside or near.

παραρρίπτω and—έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a thing. II. to throw aside or away, reject.

παραρρύνειν, aor. 2 opt. of *παραρρύνω*.

παράρρυθμος poet. *παράρρυθμος*, ὄν, (παρά, ρυθμός) out of time or tune: discordant.

παράρρυμα, ατος, τό, anything drawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

παραρρύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ρύομαι) to draw along the side.

παρ-ατά Ion. —έω: f. ἤσω: pf. pass. *παρήρτημαι*: —to hang or attach alongside or upon. II. Ion.

παράρτομαι, 1. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, hold oneself in readiness. Hence

παρ-άρτημα, τό, anything hanging at the side.

παρασάγγης, ὄν, ὁ, a *parasang*, the Persian farsang, a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

παρ-ασάτω, f. ξω, to stuff or cram in beside.

παρά-σειρος, ὄν, (παρά, σείω) fastened beside with a thong or cord; *παράσειρος ἵππος* a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (*σειραφόρος*), opp. to *ζύγιος*:—metaph. a yokefellow, comrade.

παρ-ασείω, f. σω, to swing beside one.

παρ-σημαίνω, f. ανώ, to seal by the side:—Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterfeit.

παρά-σημον, τό, a mark of distinction; the ensign of a ship: properly neut. of *παράσημος*.

παρά-σημος, ὄν, (παρά, σήμα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfeit, spurious. II. marked in any way, conspicuous.

παρ-ασιτέω, f. ἤσω, (παράσιτος) to eat at another's table, to be a parasite. II. to have a seat at the public table.

παρ-ασιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a parasite or flatterer: *ἡ παρσιτική* (sub. τέχνη), the trade of a parasite. From

παρά-σιτος, ὄν, (παρά, σίτος) eating at the table of another: as Subst., *παράσιτος*, ὁ, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

παρ-ασκευάζω, f. σω: aor. I *παρ-ασκεύασα*: Pass., pf. *παρ-ασκεύασμαι*: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. *παρ-ασκευάδατο*: —to get ready, prepare: to hold ready; also to procure, provide, furnish. 2. to make or render so and so. II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for oneself: absol. to make preparations. 2. to procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc.: to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring over to one's party. III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepare: in pf. *παρ-ασκευάσμαι* to be ready, be prepared. 2. of things, to be got ready, prepared,

ὡς *παρ-ασκευάστω* when preparations had been made; *παρ-ασκευάδατο τοῖς Ἕλλησι* preparations had been made by the Greeks. Hence

παρ-ασκεύασμα, ατος, τό, anything got ready or prepared.

παρ-ασκευή, ἡ, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: ἀπὸ or ἐκ *παρ-ασκευῆς* of set purpose, Lat. *ex instituto*; δι' ὀλίγης *παρ-ασκευῆς* with short practice, i. e. at short notice. 2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. II. that which is prepared, furniture, garniture, Lat. *apparatus*: pomp. 2. of warlike preparation, a force, power, equipment: generally, means, resources.

παρ-ασκηνέω, f. ἤσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to pitch one's tent beside or near.

παρ-ασκήνια, τά, (παρά, σκηνή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; or, the side entrances to the theatre.

παρ-ασκηνῶν, f. ὥσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παρ-ασκήπτω, f. ψω, to light or fall beside or near.

παρ-ασκιρτάω, f. ἤσω, to leap beside or near.

παρ-ασκοπέω, f. —σκέψομαι, to look aside from, miss the sense of.

παρ-ασκώπτω, f. ψω, to jeer, jest beside or indirectly.

παρ-ασπᾶω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to wrest aside, distort:—Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach from a party.

παρ-ασπίλω, f. ἴσω, (παρά, ἀσπίς) to bear a shield beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence

παρ-ασπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

παρ-ασπονδέω, f. ἤσω, to act contrary to engagements: to break a treaty. From

παρά-σπονδος, ὄν, (παρά, σπονδή) contrary to a compact or treaty. 2. of persons, faithless, forsworn.

παρ-αστάδῳ, Adv. (*παρίσταμαι*) stepping beside going up to. II. standing beside or at the side.

παρ-ασταῖν, *παρ-αστάς*, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 opt. and part. of *παρίστημι*.

παρ-αστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*παρίσταμαι*) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. *παρ-αστάδες*, αἱ, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. *vestibulum*. See the shortened form *παστάς*.

παρ-αστάσις, εως, ἡ, (*παρίστημι*) a putting aside, banishing. II. (*παρίσταμαι*) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παρ-αστάτῳ, f. ἤσω, to stand by or near. From *παρ-αστάτης*, ὄν, ὁ, (*παρίσταμαι*) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the flank, as *προστάτης* is one's front-rank-man, *ἐπιστάτης* one's rear-rank-man: generally, a comrade in battle. Hence

παρ-αστάτης, ἴδος, ἡ, a helper, assistant, ally.

παρ-αστείχω, aor. 2 *παρ-εστίχων*, to go by, pass or beyond, pass by: pass into.

παρα-στήναι, -στήσαι, aor. 2 and 1 inf. of παρίστημι.
παρα-στορέννυμι, f. -στορέω Att. -στορῶ:—to stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside. 2. to turn aside, prevent, divert.

παρα-συγγράφω, f. ἥσω, (παρά, συγγραφή) to break contract with.

παρα-σπύλλομαι, Pass. without Act. in use, to assemble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω [ῶ], f. -σύρῶ, to drag or sweep away, hurry along, as a flood. 2. παρασύρειν ἔπος to drag, force a word in.

παρα-σφάλω, fut. -σφάλλω: aor. 1 παρέσφηλα:—to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside.

παράσχε, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of παρέχω.

παρασχεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παρασχέιν Ep. παρασχέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of παρέχω.

παρα-σχίζω, f. -σχίσω, to rip up lengthwise.

παρασχόν, aor. 2 part. neut. of παρέχω, used absol., see παρέχω v.

παράταξις, ἡ, an arranging soldiers in order of battle: an army in array; ἐκ παρατάξεως in battle-array. Army

παρα-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 παρέταξα: Pass., pf. παρατάταμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. παρατέταχато:—to post beside others, esp. in order of battle:—Med. to draw up one's men in order of battle:—Pass. to be set or posted beside in array: to be drawn up in order of battle.

II. Med. to meet one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in battle.

παρα-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: aor. 1 παρέτεινα: pf. παρατέτακα: Pass., aor. 1 παρτέθην: pf. παρατέταμαι:—to stretch out along, beside or near: to stretch out in a line; παρατείνειν τάφρον to draw a long trench. 2. of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay. 3. to stretch on the rack, torture:—Pass. of a corpse, to be laid along, lie dead; πολιορκία παρατείνεσθαι to hold out to the last in a siege. II. intr. to stretch out, extend along, run along.

παρα-τείχισμο, ατος, τό, (παρά, τειχίζω) a wall or fort built beside: a side or cross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνομαι, aor. 1 παρετεκτενήμην: Med.:—to work into another form: generally, to fashion anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth, falsify.

παρα-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ poet. -τάμω:—to cut off at the side, cut off.

παρατετάχато, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of παρατάσσω.

παρα-τηρέω, f. ἥσω, to watch closely or narrowly: to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρτήρησις, ἡ, an observing closely, observation.

παρα-τίθημι, with 3 sing. pres. παρτίθει, and 2 and 3 sing. impf. παρτίθεις, -ει (as if from παρτίθew): fut. -θήσω: aor. 1 παρτίθηκα: Med., aor. 2 παρτέθειμην: Pass., pf. παρτίθειμαι:—to place beside or be-

fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, supply. 2. to lay before one, represent, declare: to allege. 3. to place side by side, compare. II.

Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp. to take to oneself. 2. to deposit in a person's hands, to commit to his charge. 3. to venture, stake, hazard.

παρα-τίλλω, f. -τίλῶ, to pluck the hair off:—Med. to pluck hairs from one's own person:—Pass., pf. part.

παρτετιλμένος (with one's hair plucked out).

παράτονος, ον, (παρτείνω) stretched out beside or along, hanging down by the side.

παρatreῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παρatreῖω.

παρα-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn aside, to turn from the right way, mislead; ποταμόν παρatreπειν to divert a river from its channel, Lat. derivare: metaph. to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. 2. to turn one from his opinion, to mislead:—Pass. to let oneself be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:—Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέχω, f. -θρέβομαι or -δραμούμαι: aor. 2 παρatreδών:—to run, rush by or past: c. acc. to escape. 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. 3. to run through or over. II. to run up to, run quickly to.

παρα-τρέω, f. τρέσω, to start, swerve aside from fear.

παρα-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beside; παρatreβειν χρυσόν ἀκήρατον ἄλλῃ χρυσῷ (c. eis βάσανον) to rub pure gold by the side of other gold on the lapis Lydius and see the difference of the marks they leave; Pass. to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested. [ῶ]

παρα-τροπέω, = παρatreπέω, to turn aside, turn from the right way, mislead.

παρatreποτή, ἡ, (παρatreπέω) a turning off or away, averting, means of averting.

παράτροπος, ον, (παρatreπέω) turned aside, turned from the right way. II. act. turning away or averting a thing.

παρα-τροχάζω, poet. for παρatreχέω.

παρα-τρώω, fut. -τρώομαι: aor. 2 παρatreτρώον:—to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of, c. gen.

παρα-τρωπάω, poet. for παρatreπέω, to turn away, divert.

παρα-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι: aor. 2 παρatreτυχον:—to happen to be by or at hand, come to: to be present at, Lat. interesse: of a thing, to offer or present itself, Lat. praesto esse. 2. ὁ παρatreυχάν whoever chanced to be by, any chance person; τὸ παρatreυχάνον or τὸ παρatreυχόν, whatever happens. 3. παρatreυχόν, absol. like παρόν, παρatreυχόν, it being in one's power.

παρά-τύπος, ον, (παρά, τύπτω) marked with a false stamp, base, counterfeit.

παρatreυχών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of παρatreυχάνω.

παρ-αυδάω, f. ἥσω, to speak to, address. 2. to make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade one of a thing, talk over to a thing.

παρ-ανλίζω, or in Med. παρὰνλίζομαι, to dwell or lie near.

παρ-αυλος, *ov*, (παρά, αὐλή) dwelling or lodging beside; generally, neighbouring, near.

παρ-αυλος, *ov*, (παρά, αὐλός) out of tune.

παρ-αντά, *Adv.* for παρ' αὐτά (*sc.* τὰ πράγματα), like παραχρήμα, immediately, on the spot. II. in like manner, *Lat.* *perinde*.

παρ-αντικᾶ, *Adv.* (παρά, αὐτικά) immediately, on the instant: with the *Art.*, αἱ παρὰντικά ἡδοναὶ present, momentary pleasures.

παρ-αυχένιος, *ov*, also α, *ov*, (παρά, αὐχὴν) beside or on the neck.

παρὰφθαίνω, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of παρὰφθίω.

παρὰφθαίνω *poët.* παρὰφ-: *f.* -φθαίνω: to shew or make appear beside: to produce, present; παρὰφθαίνειν τοῦ σώματος to give a glimpse of the body. 2. to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place. II. *Pass.* to shew oneself or appear beside.

παρὰφθσις *poët.* παρὰφθσις and πάρφθσις, ἡ, (παράφθῃ) a speaking to, an address, consolation, assuagement. 2. allurements, persuasion.

παρὰφέρω, *f.* παρ-οίω:—to bear, bring or carry along to: to band to, serve up: *Pass.* to be set on table. 2. generally, to bring forward, produce: to allege, mention; παρὰφέρειν νόμον to propose a law. 3. to turn aside or away: to avert. 4. to carry away: *Pass.* to be carried away. II.

to carry past or beyond:—*Pass.* to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err. III. *intrans.* in *Act.*, like *Pass.* to go past, pass, of Time. 2. to be beyond, be over and above.

παρὰφεύγω, *f.* -φεύγομαι and οὔμαι, to flee close by, past, beyond.

παρὰφθῃμι, *f.* -φήσω, to speak to: also to talk over, exhort, persuade. II. to speak deceitfully.

παρὰφθαίνω, *aor.* 2 *opt.* of παρὰφθάνω.

παρὰφθάνω, *aor.* 2 *med. part.* of παρὰφθάνω.

παρὰφθάνω [ᾶ], *f.* -φθάσω [ᾶ] and -φθῆσομαι: *aor.* 2 παρὰφθῶν *part.* παρὰφθᾶς:—to anticipate, overtake, be beforehand with, surpass.

παρὰφθέγγομαι, *f.* -φθέγγομαι, to say beside or by the way.

παρὰφθήσι, *Ep.* for παρὰφθῇ, *aor.* 2 *subj.* of παρὰφθάνω.

παρὰφορά, ἡ, (παρὰφέρομαι) a being carried aside, distraction, madness.

παρὰφορέω, = παρὰφέρω, to bring forward, produce, present.

παρὰφορος, *ov*, (παρὰφέρω) carried aside or out of the way; reeling, staggering.

παρὰφραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (παρὰφράσσω) a fence, breastwork: a low screen: in a ship, the bulwarks.

παρὰφράσσω *Att.* -πτω, *f.* ξω, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence.

παρὰφρονέω, *f.* ἴσω, to be beside oneself, to be distraught. Hence

παρὰφρόνησις, *εως, ἡ*, παρὰφρονία, ἡ, and παρὰφροσύνη, ἡ, (παρὰφρων) derangement of mind.

παρὰφρόνιος, *ov*, = παρὰφρων.

παρὰφρυκτωρεύομαι, *Dep.* (παρά, φρυκτωρός) to make signals to the enemy underhand.

παρὰφρων, *ov*, *gen.* *ovos*, ὁ, ἡ, (παρά, φρήν) beside one's right mind, out of one's wits. 2. false, foolish.

παρὰφύλασσω *Att.* -πτω, *f.* ξω, to watch or keep guard beside, to watch narrowly.

παρὰφύσω, *f.* ἴσω, to puff up.

παρὰφύω, *f.* -φύσω [ῶ], to make grow beside. II. *Med.*, with *act.* *pf.* πέφυκα, *aor.* 2 παρέφῃν, *intr.* to grow beside or at the side.

παρὰφύω, *f.* ἴσω [ᾶ], to slacken: of a ship, to let in water, to leak.

παρὰφχειμάζω, *f.* ἴσω, to winter at a place. Hence παρὰφχειμάσθαι, ἡ, a wintering in a place.

παρὰφχω, *f.* -χέω: *aor.* I παρέχου: *pf.* -κέχυκα:—to pour in beside, pour in: to heap up beside.

παρὰφχορδίζω, *f.* σω, (παρά, χορδή) to strike beside the right string, to strike a wrong note.

παρὰφχράσμαι, *f.* ἴσομαι, *Dep.* to use amiss, abuse, misuse: to act wrongly or ill: to disregard, neglect, slight: *absol.* in *Ion.* *part.* παρὰφχρέμενοι, regardless of their lives, fighting desperately.

παρὰφχρήμα, *Adv.* for παρὰ τὸ χρήμα, on the spot, forthwith, straightway; ἡ παρὰφχρήμα ἀνάγκη the immediate necessity; ἐκ τοῦ παρὰφχρήματος off-band, on the spur of the moment.

παρὰφχροος, *ov* *contr.* -χρους, *ov*, (παρά, χροά) changing its colour, colourless, faded.

παρὰφχώννυμι, *f.* -χάσω, to throw up a mound near or beside.

παρὰφχωρέω, *f.* ἴσω, to go aside so as to make room, to give place: to retire or withdraw from a place. Hence

παρὰφχωρητέον, *verb. Adj.* one must give way.

παρὰφψύχῃ, ἡ, a cooling, refreshment, comfort. From παρὰφψύχω, to cool, refresh, comfort. [ῶ]

παρὰφβάτης, *ov*, ὁ, *poët.* for παρὰφβάτης. [βᾶ]

παρὰφβεβᾶς, *poët.* for παρὰφβεβᾶς, *pf. part.* of παρὰφβαίνω.

ΠΑΡΔΑΚΟΣ [ᾶ], *ov*, wet, damp.

παρδάλῃ *Att.* *contr.* παρδαλή (*sub.* δορά), ἡ, a leopard-skin. From

παρδαλῖς, *εως* *Ion.* *ios*, ἡ, = πάρδος, *Lat.* *pardalis*, a pard, leopard or panther.

παρδαλωτός, ἡ, *ov*, (πάρδαλις) spotted like the pard.

παρδαλῖν, παρδῆσομαι, *aor.* 2 *inf.* and *fut.* of πέρδω.

ΠΑΡΔΟΣ, ὁ, like πάρδαλις, πάνθηρ, a pard, leopard or panther.

πάρδω, *aor.* 2 *subj.* of πέρδω.

παρέσσι, *Ep.* for παρείσι, 3 *pl.* of παρείμι (*εἰμί sum*).

παρέβῃην [ᾶ], *aor.* 1 *pass.* of παρὰβαίνω.

παρέβαλον, *aor.* 2 of παρὰβάλλω.

παρέβην, *aor.* 2 of παρὰβαίνω.

παρ-εγγράφω [ᾶ], *f.* ψω, to add at the side, interpo-

late: to enroll illegally among the citizens; παρεγγράφεις, aor. 2 pass. part. illegally registered.

παρ-εγγνάω, f. ἤσω, to band on to one's neighbour; παρεγγνάν τὸ δὲνύημα to pass on the watchword or word of command. 2. to command suddenly, to exhort, encourage. 3. to pledge one's word to another.

II. to band over, commit or commend to another. Hence

παρ-εγγυή, ἡ, and παρ-εγγυήσις, ἡ, a passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθην, aor. 1 pass. of παραδίδωμι.

παρέδραθεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραδραθάνω.

παρέδραμον, aor. 2 of παρτρέχω.

παρεδρεύω, f. σω, (πάρεδρος) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. assidēre. II. to be an assessor (πάρεδρος) to one.

παρ-εδρία, ἡ, (πάρεδρος) a sitting beside. II. the office or dignity of assessor.

παρ-εδρος, ον, (παρά, ἔδρα) sitting beside: generally, beside, next to, near. II. as Subst. πάρεδρος, δ, an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or coadjutor of a magistrate.

παρ-έδωκα, παρεδών, aor. 1 and 2 of παραδίδωμι.

παρ-έζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit beside: but παρ-έζω, παρεζόμενος are aor. 2 med. imperat. and part. of παρίω.

παρεθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. inf. of παρίημι.

παρέθηκεν, aor. 1 of παρτίθημι.

παρεία, ἡ, (παρά) the cheek, used by Homer always in plur.; in sing. he uses Ion. form παρήιον. II. the cheek-piece of a helmet.

παρείας, ου, δ, = παρώνας.

παρ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-οράω being used instead, (παρά, εἶδον) to observe by the way, to remark, notice. II. to overlook, disregard.

παρεῖθην, aor. 1 pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἶκω, f. ξω: poet. aor. 2 παρ-εκάθον, inf. -αθεῖν: —to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow.

II. impers., παρείκει μοι it is in my power, allowable; ὅπη παρείκοι wherever it was practicable; κατὰ τὸ δὲ παρίκων as it was practicable from time to time.

παρ-εἰλίσσω, poet. for παρελίσσω.

παρείμαι, pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἰμι inf. παρῆναι: impf. παρήν: f. παρῆσομαι: (παρά, εἰμί sum): —to be by, to be present. 2. to be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or at. 3. to be present to help, to stand by, like Lat. adesse.

4. to have arrived at a place. 5. impers., πάρεστί μοι it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. παρόν Ion. παρὲν, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. quum fieri possit. 6. τὰ παρόντα present circumstances, the present state or condition; also τὸ παρόν.

παρ-εἰμι inf. παρίναι: impf. παρήν: (παρά, εἰμί ibo): —to go by, beside or, near, to pass: to go alongside, 2. to pass by, overtake, surpass. 3. of Time, to pass on, pass. II. to pass on towards,

to go to or near, enter: absol. to approach. III. generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself.

παρεῖναι, inf. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εἶπον, (παρά, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρά-φημι being used instead: c. acc. pers. to talk over, persuade: hence to overreach. [In Hom., part. παρείπων, παρείπουσα, metri grat.]

παρ-εἰρώ, Ion. for παρέρω.

παρ-εἶρω, (παρά, εἶρω) to fasten or attach beside, insert; νόμος παρείρων seems to mean adding observance of the laws.

πάρεῖς, 2 sing. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρῆς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἰσάγω, f. ξω, to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit. II. to introduce secretly. Hence

παρ-εισακτος, ον, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

παρ-εισδέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to take in besides or along with.

παρ-εισδύομαι, Pass. and Med., with act. aor. 2 -έδυν, pf. -δέδωκα, and plqpf. -δεδύκειν, intr.: —to get in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. with act. aor. 2 -ἤλθον, pf. -εἰλήθω: —to come in secretly or wrongfully.

παρ-εισφέρω, to bring in beside; παρ-εισφέρειν νόμον to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

παρεῖται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-έκ, before a vowel παρ-έξ, (παρά, ἐκ) as Prep., 1. c. gen. outside, before: —besides, except, exclusive of. 2. c. acc. out along, beyond, alongside of; παρὲκ νόον out of reason, foolishly; also, παρὲξ Ἀχιλλῆα without the knowledge of Achilles. II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away. 3. metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly. 3. beside, except, παρὲκ ἢ ὅσον, except so long as.

παρ-εκβαίνω, f. -εκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absol. to deviate, to make a digression. Hence

παρέκβασις, ἡ, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ-εκδύομαι, Pass. to slip out by the side, steal away.

παρεκέκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-εκκλίνω, to turn a little aside: to deviate.

παρ-εκλέγω, f. ξω, to collect covertly, to embezzle.

παρ-εκπροφεύγω, to flee out away from before, to elude; παρεκπροφύγησι, Ep. for -φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.

παρ-εκπάνω, f. ὕσω, = παρ-εκτείνω.

παρ-εκτείνω, f. τενώ, to stretch out along, to deploy.

παρ-εκτελέω, f. ἔσω, to accomplish against a wish.

παρ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of παρῆχω, one must furnish.

παρ-εκτός, Adv. (παρά, ἐκτός) out of, without, besides.

παρ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn aside, divert from the way.

παρ-εκτρέχω, to run out fast.

παρέλαβον, aor. 2 of παραλαμβάνω.

παρ-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ἄ], Ep. -ελάσσω Att. -ελῶ: aor. I **παρήλασα** Ep. **παρέλασσα**:—to drive by or past. II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ἵππους, etc.) to drive past; then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, **παρελαύνειν ἐφ' ἄρματος, ἐφ' ἵππου** to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. 2. to row or sail by, past (sub. ναῦν): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by:—to ride to, advance towards:—to ride on one's way.

παρέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of **παράλεγω**. **παρελεύντα**, Dor. for **παρελύντα**, fut. part. acc. of **παρελαύνω**.

παρελύσομαι, rare fut. of **παρέρχομαι**; **πάρεμι** (ἐμι ἰβο) being so used in Att.

παρ-έλω, f. **παρέλω** or **παρελύσω** [ῥ]: aor. I **παρέλιψα**: pf. pass. **παρέλιπμαι**: (παρά, ἔλκω):—to draw aside or to the side:—Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept. 2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, **παρέλκειν ἐκ γῆς** to tow from the bank. 3. to distort, twist. II. to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.

παρ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, to put in beside or between, interpolate: hence to throw in by the way, insinuate. II. to draw up troops in battle order, to encamp.

παρ-εμβλέπω, f. **ψω**, to look askance. **παρεμβολή**, ἡ, (**παρεμβάλλειν**) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation. II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a castle, camp.

παρ-εμβύω, f. **ύω** [ῥ], to push or stuff in. **παρέμμεναι**, Ep. inf. of **πάρεμι** (ἐμι ἰσο).

παρ-εμπλήμην, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill secretly full of.

παρ-εμπήτω, f. -εμπεσόμεναι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

παρ-εμπολάω, f. **ήσω**, to traffic underhand in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.

παρεμπόρευμα, atos, τό, an article of small value. From

παρ-εμπορεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἔμπορος) to traffic in besides. II. metaph. to yield or afford besides.

παρ-εμφύομαι, Pass. to grow in beside, bang upon. **παρνεγέειν**, aor. 2 inf. of **παράφρω**.

παρ-ενείδω, inf. -ιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.

παρηνήθεον, impf. of **παρηνέω** (see **παρηνέω**). **παρηνέθω**, **παρηνέθω**, Dor. for **παρηνέθω**, **παρέλθω**, aor. 2 inf. and subj. of **παρέρχομαι**.

παρηνθήκη, ἡ, (**παρηνθήμην**) something put in beside, an appendix; **παρηνθήκη λόγου** a digression. **παρ-ενοχλέω**, f. **ήσω**, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. **παρηνόχλημαι**, to be troubled besides.

παρ-ενοσλεύω, f. **σω**, intr. to swing to and fro. **παρ-έξ** or **παρ-εξ**, v. **παρέξ**.

παρ-εξάγω, f. **ξω**, to lead out beside or past: hence to mislead.

παρ-εξανλέω, f. **ήσω**, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. **παρηνυλημένος** worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρ-εξήν, aor. 2 of **παρεκβαίνω**.

παρ-έξιμι, inf. **παρεξίναμι**, (παρά, ἔξιμι) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξ-ειρεσία, ἡ, (παρά, ἐκ, εἰρεσία) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the bows or the stern.

παρ-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελεῖν:—seemingly intr. (sub. ἵππου, etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub. ναῦν) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by.

παρ-εξελάθω, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of **παρεξέρχομαι**. **παρ-εξέμην**, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of **παρεξίημι**.

παρ-εξέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι: Dep. with act. aor. 2 **παρ-εξήλθον** pf. **παρ-εξέληθα**:—to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one. II. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξετάζω, f. **άσω**, to search out by comparison. **παρ-εξευρίσκω**, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out besides.

παρ-εξίημι, f. -εξήσω, to let out beside:—of Time, to let pass.

παρ-εξίμην [χ], Ep. inf. of **παρέξιμι** (ἐμι ἰσο).

παρ-εξίστημι, f. -εκστήσω, to remove aside, change:—Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., to undergo a change. **παρεούσα**, Dor. fem. part. of **πάρεμι** (ἐμι ἰσο).

παρ-επεισο, aor. I of **παρ-επειθω**.

παρ-επάλλομαι, Ion. for **παρεβάλλομαι**.

παρ-επιδείκνυμι, f. -επιδείξω, to point out beside. II. Med. to exhibit out of season, make a display.

παρ-επιδημιος, ov, sojourning at a strange place: as Subst. a stranger, sojourner.

παρ-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέομαι, to inspect beside.

παρ-επιστροφή, ἡ, (**παρ-επιστρέφω**) a turning round in passing.

παρ-επλάγχθην, aor. I pass. of **παρ-επλάττω**.

παρ-επλῶ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of **παρ-επλέω**, as if a Verb in -μι.

παρ-έπομαι, f. **ψομαι**, Dep. to follow by the side, follow close: to follow as an escort.

παρ-εργάτης, ov, ὁ, (**παρ-εργον**) a doer of trifles, a trifler. [ἄ]

πάρ-εργος, ov, (παρά, ἔργον) beside the main subject, subordinate, incidentally. II. as Subst., **παρ-εργον**, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; **ἐν παρ-εργῳ** as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; **ἐκ παρ-εργου** ποιεῖσθαι to do by the way: hence 2. a useless addition, appendage.

παρ-εργως, Adv. of **παρ-εργος**, incidentally.

παρ-ερίτω, f. **παρ-ερίτω** [ῥ]: aor. I **παρ-ερίπυσσα**:—to creep in at the side: to creep up to. II. to pass by.

παρ-ερίω Ion. **παρ-ερίω**, f. **ύω**, (παρά, ἐρίω) to draw along the side. [ῥ]

παρ-ερίχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. is **πάρεμι** (ἐμι ἰσο): Dep., with aor. 2 -ἤλθον Ep. -ἤλθον, pf. -ελήλθω:—to go by, beside or past,

pass by, pass away. 2. of Time, to pass; ὁ παρελθὼν χρόνος time past; τὸ παρελθόν and ἐν τῷ παρελθόντι in time past, of old. II. to pass by, outstrip, surpass: metaph. to outwit, overreach, circumvent.

III. to pass by without beeding, pass over, slight: also of things, to escape one's notice, be passed over. 2. also to transgress. IV. to pass on and to come to a place, arrive at: esp. to pass into a house. V. to come forward, esp. to speak in public.

πάρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of πάριμι (εἰμί sum). παρ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον, inf. -φάγείν: —to eat besides. II. to eat a piece of, gnaw or nibble at, c. gen.

πάρεσις, ἡ (παρίημι) a letting pass, a letting go: also remission, forgiveness. παρσκευάδεται, παρσκευάδο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of παρσκευάζω. παρεστάμεν, παρεστάμεναι, Ep. pf. inf. of παρίστημι.

παρестηκα, pf. of παρίστημι: part. παρестηκώς, contr. παρестώς: —neut. παρестηκός used absol., see παρίστημι, at end.

παρестήν, aor. 2 of παρίστημι. παρ-έστιος, ov, (παρά, ἐστία) by or at the hearth. παρέσχον, aor. 2 of παρέχω.

παρηήρουν, impf. of παρηιρέω. πάρετος, ov, verb. Adj. of παρίημι, relaxed, falsified.

παρέτρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of πατραίρεω. παρ-ευδοκίμω, f. ἦσω, to surpass in reputation.

παρ-ευνύω, to guide one from the right way, to constrain. [ῥ]

παρ-ευκηλέω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, εὐκηλος) to calm, soothe.

παρ-ευνάσσομαι, fut. -άσσομαι, Med. to lie or sleep beside.

πάρευνος, ov, (παρά, εὐνή) lying beside or with.

παρ-ευρίσκω, f. -εῦρήσω: aor. 2 -εῦρον: —to find out or discover besides: to invent.

παρ-ευτρεπίζω, f. ἴσω, to put in order, arrange. 2. to arrange amiss, neglect.

παρέχον, part. neut. of παρέχω used absol., see παρέχω v.

παρέχοντι, Dor. for παρέχουσι, 3 pl. of παρέχω.

II. pres. part. dat. of παρέχω. παρ-έχω, f. παρέξω or παρσχήσω: pf. παρσχήκα: aor. 2 παρσχήσον ποэт. παρσχήθον: —to hold beside, hold in readiness: to furnish, supply.

II. of things, to afford, grant, cause, render. III. to offer or present for a purpose: also to make oneself over to another, put oneself at his disposal: also to make or render so and so: to put forward, represent, produce, esp. as parties to an agreement.

IV. to allow, grant. V. impers., παρέχει τινί it is allowed one, is in one's power to do so and so, Lat. licet: hence neut. part. pres. and aor. 2 παρέχον and παρσχόν (used absol. like παρόν, ξέον, etc.), it being or having been in one's power, Lat. quum liceat or

liceret.

VI. absol. in imperat., πάρεχ' ἐκποδών get yourself out of the way.

B. Med. παρήγομαι, f. παρέγομαι or παρσχήσομαι: pf. παρσχήκα: —to offer or supply of oneself or from one's own means: to produce or display on one's own part; παρέχεσθαι τινα μάρτυρα to bring forward as a witness.

II. generally, to have as one's own, produce as one's own; παρέχεσθαι τινα ἄρχοντα to acknowledge as one's general; of an ambassador, παρέχεσθαι πόλιν μερίστην to represent the greatest city.

III. to make or render so and so. IV. of Numbers, to make up, amount to, give the sum of.

παρ-ῆβω, f. ἦσω, to be past one's prime, to be verging towards old age.

παρ-ῆβος, ov, (παρά, ἡβη) past one's prime. παρήγγελα, aor. I of παραγγέλλω.

παρήγον, impf. of παράγω.

παρηγόρεω, impf. παρηγόρουν, rarely ἐπαρηγόρουν: f. ἦσω: aor. I παρηγόρησα: (παρήγορος): —to address, exhort, encourage: to advise, exhort.

II. to console, comfort, soothe.—The Med. παρηγορέομαι is also used like the Act. Hence

παρηγορία, ἡ, an addressing, exhortation, persuasion.

2. a consolation. παρ-ῆγορος, ov, (παρά, ἀγορεύω) addressing, encouraging, cheering.

2. consoling. παρήρθη, aor. I pass. of παραιρέω.

παρήνιον, τό, used in Homer as sing. for παρειά (which he only uses in plur.), the cheek: the jaw of a wild beast.

II. the cheek-ornament of a bridle.

παρήϊς, -ῆιδος, contr. Att. παρήϊς, -ῆδος, ἡ, = παρήνιον, the cheek.

παρήκα, aor. I of παρίημι.

παρ-ῆκα, f. ξῶ, to have come alongside: to lie beside, stretch along.

2. to reach or extend to or towards. II. to come forth, appear.

III. of Time, to be gone by, past.

παρήλασος, aor. I of παρελάνω.

παρήλθον, aor. 2 of παρέρχομαι.

παρ-ῆλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, like πάρεβος, past one's prime.

παρ-ῆμαι, inf. -ῆσθαι: properly the pf. pass. of παρίζω, to be seated by, beside, or at, c. dat.: to sit by one: to dwell with one: to be present at or near.

παρ-ῆμερος Dor. παράμερος, ov, (παρά, ἡμέρα) coming day by day, daily.

παρήνουν, impf. of παραινέω.

παρήξει, aor. I of παραισσω.

παρήξεις, ἡ (παρήγη) arrival alongside, coming to shore.

παρ-ῆονιτης, ov, ὁ, fem. -ῆιτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (παρά, ῆών) lying on the shore. [ῆ]

παρηορία, ἡ, (παρήγορος) the reins by which the outside horse or outrigger was fastened beside a pair of horses in the yoke.

παρ-ῆορος Dor. παρ-άορος, ov, (παρά, αἶρω) banging beside: παρήορος (sub. ἵππος) a horse which draws by the side of the regular pair (ξυνοῖς) an outrigger, also called παράσειρος or σιραφόρος, opp. to ζυγίτης

or *ζύγιος*.

II. *lying along, sprawling, helpless*:—also *beside oneself, distraught, silly*.

παρήπαφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραπαίσσω.

παρή, -ῆδος, ἡ, Att. contr. for παρής, -ῆδος.

παρήσθα, Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρεμι (εἰμι sum).

παρήσθην, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 2 of παραισθάνομαι.

παρήτημαι, pf. pass. of παραιτέω.

παρθέμενος, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παρατίθημι.

παρθενεία and -ία, ἡ, (παρθενέω) maidenhood, virgin estate or condition.

παρθενεία, τά, = παρθένια, τά.

παρθένοιος lon. -ῆιος, ον, (παρθένος) maidenly, maiden, virgin.

παρθένευμα, ατος, τό, (παρθενέω) virgin estate or condition: in plur. the pursuits of a virgin.

παρθενέω, f. σω, (παρθένο) to bring up a virgin:—Pass. παρθενεύομαι, to lead a maiden life, remain a maid.

παρθένια, ἡ, = παρθενεία.

παρθένια (sub. μέλη), τά, songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing:—properly neut. from παρθένης.

παρθενική (sub. κόρη), ἡ, poet. for παρθένος, a virgin, maid: strictly fem. from sq.

παρθενικός, ἡ, όν, (παρθένος) of or for a maiden, maidenly.

παρθένος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (παρθένος) of a maiden or virgin, maiden. 2. παρθένιος, ός, as Subst., the son of an unmarried woman.

II. metaph. virgin, pure, chaste, unsullied.

παρθενό-οπίτης [i], ον, (παρθένος, όπιπτεύω) one who looks after maidens, a seducer.

ΠΑΡΘΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, a maid, maiden, virgin, Lat. *virgo*:—sometimes masc. an unmarried youth. 2.

Παρθένος, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva at Athens; of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. II. as Adj. maiden, virgin, pure, chaste.

παρθενό-σφαγος, ον, (παρθένος, σφαγήναι) from the sacrifice of a maiden.

παρθενό-χρως, ατος, ός, ἡ, (παρθένος, χρώς) of maidenly, delicate colour.

παρθενών, όνος, ός, (παρθένος) the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur. II. the temple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, the Parthenon, rebuilt by Pericles.

παρθεν-ώπός, όν, (παρθένος, όψ) of virgin aspect.

πάρθεσαν, poet. for παρέθεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of παρατίθημι.

παρθεσίη, ἡ, (παρατίθημι) a deposit, pledge.

παρ-ιαύω, (παρά, ιαύω) to sleep beside or with.

παρτιδεν, inf. of παρτιδόν.

παρ-ιδρύω, f. σω, to set up beside:—so also in Med.

παρ-ίζω, to place or make to sit beside. 2. intrans.

to seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, aor. 2' παρεζύμην, inf. παρεζέσθαι.

παρ-ιμήμι, fut. παρήσω: aor. I παρήκα: pf. παρείκα:

Med., aor. 2 παρείμην: Pass., aor. I παρείθην, inf.

παρεθῆναι: pf. παρείμαι, part. παρειμένος:—to let drop beside or at the side, let fall. II. to let by, pass, through. 2. metaph. to let pass, disregard, neglect, Lat. *praetermittere*.

3. of Time, to let pass. III. to unloose, relax, Lat. *remittere*. 2. c. gen., τοῦ ποδὸς παρίεναι to let go one's hold of, slack away the sheet: metaph. to yield, give way:—Med. and Pass. to be relaxed, weakened, hence pres. part. παρείμενος, aor. 2 παρέμενος, pf. παρειμένος, exhausted, Lat. *remissus*.

3. to remit, Lat. *condonare*: hence to forgive, pardon. IV. to yield, give up, Lat. *concedere*: to allow, permit: hence to admit, let in.

V. Med. παρίσθαι, to win a person over: to beg off a thing, beg to be excused: to ask pardon.

παρ-ίλω, old poet. form of παρήκω. [i]

παρ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride alongside. 2. to ride along or over.

πάρ-ισος, ον, (παρά, ίσος) almost equal, just like.

παρ-ισώω, f. ώσω, to make just like:—Pass., aor. I παρισώην, to measure oneself with, vie with.

παριστάσο, pres. med. imperat. of

παρ-ίστημι, f. παρστήσω: I. trans. in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to make to stand beside, to place by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one.

2. to set before the mind, present, offer, suggest:—to prove, shew. 3. the Med., esp. fut. -στήσομαι, and aor. I

-εστησάμην, have peculiar usages, to set by one's side, produce:—to bring to one's side, to bring over by force, overcome, subdue: also to win over, persuade: hence also to dispose for one's own views.

II. intrans. in Pass. -ίσταμαι, with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand by, beside, or near: hence to stand by, to help or defend. 2. of events, to be near, be close at hand: τὸ παρισταμένον present circumstances: so too, τὸ παρεστὸς or παρ-εστός, contr. pf. part. for παρестητός. 3. to come to the side of another: metaph. to come over to his opinion: absol. to come to terms, surrender, submit. 4. to come into one's bead, suggest itself to one. 5. of events, to take place, occur, happen: so too in fut. med. -στήσομαι. 6. to be in one's power, hence absol., pf. part. παρестητός, = παρόν, έξόν, it being in one's power to do, Lat. *quum liceat*.

παρ-ιστίδιος, α, ον, (παρά, ιστός) by or at the loom.

παρ-ίσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, to have by, hold in readiness: to present, offer.

παρ-ιτήτέον and -έα, verb. Adj. of πάρεμι (εἰμι ibo), one must approach or go.

παρκατέλεκτο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παρακαταλέγω, as if from παρακατέλεγμα.

παρκείμενος, Ep. part. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-κλίνω, Ep. for παρακλίνω.

παρ-κύντω, Ep. for παρακύντω; Dor. part. fem.

παρικόπτοισα, for παρακίπτοισα.

παρμύβλωκε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of παραβλώσκει.

παρ-μένω, Ep. for παραμένω.

παρ-μόνιμος, poet. for παραμόνιμος.

παρ-μονος, *ον*, poet. for παράμονος.

Παρνάσιος [ᾱ], *α, ον*, Ion. Παρνήσιος, *η, ον*, also *ος, ον*, of or from Parnassus: Ion. fem. Παρνησιάς, *ἄδος*, and Παρνησίας, *ἰδος*. From

Παρναῖος Ion. Παρνησός, *δ*, Parnassus, a mountain of Phocis: later Παρνασσός (with double σ).

Παρνήθιος, *α, ον*, of or from Parnes. From

Πάρνης, *ἡθος, ἡ* or *δ*, Parnes, a mountain of Attica.

Παρνησός, *δ*, Ion. for Παρναῖος.

ΠΑΨΝΟΥ, *σπος, δ*, a kind of locust.

παρ-οδεύω, *φ. σω*, to journey by.

παροδίτης [ῑ], *ον, δ*, voc. -ῖτα: fem. παροδίτις, *ἰδος*: (πάροδος):—a passer by, traveller, wayfarer.

παρ-οδος, *ἡ*, (παρά, δόδος) a way past, passage. 2. a going by or past, passing; ἐν παρόδῳ in passing.

II. a side-entrance, a narrow entrance or approach.

III. a coming forward to speak before the assembly. 2. the first entrance of a chorus into the orchestra, which was made from the side.

παρ-οίγνυμι and παρ-οίγω: *φ. -οίγω*: aor. I -έψα:—to open at the side or a little, set ajar: *c. gen.*, παροίγας τῆς θύρας having opened a little of the door.

παροίει and before a vowel -θεν, (πάρος) Prep. with *gen.* before, in the presence of, Lat. ante, coram. 2. of Time, before.

II. Adv. of Place, before, in front. 2. of Time, before this, erst, formerly, heretofore; παροίει πρίν, Lat. priusquam.

παρ-οίκει, *φ. ἦσω*, to dwell by, beside, or near. II. to sojourn. Hence

παροικησία and παροικήσις, *ἡ*, a dwelling beside or near, neighbourhood.

παροικία, *ἡ*, (πάροικος) a dwelling in a place as pároikos, sojourning.

παροικίω, *φ. ἴσω*, (πάροικος) to place or settle near another:—Pass. to settle or live near.

παρ-οικοδομέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to build beside or near, build a wall along or across. II. to keep off by a wall or bank.

παρ-οικος, *ον*, (παρά, οἰκέω) dwelling beside or near, neighbouring.

II. as Subst., pároikos, *δ*, a neighbour:—also an alien, foreigner, who dwells in the land, a sojourner, Lat. *inquilinus*.

παροιμία, *ἡ*, (παροιμος) a by-word, proverb, adage, saw. 2. a parable, in St. John's Gospel; elsewhere in N. T. called παραβολή. Hence

παροιμιακός, *ἡ, ὄν*, proverbial:—as metrical term, παροιμιακός (sub. στίχος), *δ*, a paroemiac, an Anapaestic dimeter catalectic, mostly at the end of an Anapaestic system.

παρ-οιμος, *ον*, (παρά, οἶμος) by the way-side.

παρ-οινέω: impf. ἐπαρῖνον and aor. I ἐπαρῖνησα, with dupl. augm.: pf. πεπαρῖνηκα, with augm. and redupl.: so in Pass., aor. I ἐπαρῖνήθην: pf. πεπαρῖνημαι: (παρῖνος):—to behave ill in one's cups, play drunken tricks.

II. trans. to maltreat one in drunkenness: generally, to maltreat and abuse, like a drunken man.

παροινία, *ἡ*, (παρῖνος) drunken violence: a drunken frolic.

παροινικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, disposed to drunkenness. From παρ-οίνιος, *ον*, and παρ-οινος, *ον*, (παρά, οἶνος) drunken with wine, quarrelsome over one's cups.

παρόιτατος, *η, ον*, Sup. of παροίει, πάρος, of Place, the foremost.

παρόιτερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of παροίει, πάρος, the one before or in front.

παρ-οίχομαι, *φ. -οιχέσσομαι*: pf. παρόχηκα Ion. παροίχωκα, and in late writers pass. παρόχημαι: Dep.: to have past by, pass on.

2. of Time, to be gone by, spent; ἡ παροιχομένη νύξ the bygone night; ἄνδρες παροιχόμενοι men of bygone times. II. to be gone, be dead, like οίχομαι.

III. *c. gen.* to shrink from. 2. to wander, depart from; ὅσον μοίρας παροίχῃ how art thou fallen from thy high estate.

παροκωγή, *ἡ*, (παρέχω) Att. redupl. form of παροχή, a furnishing.

παρ-ολισθάνω, later -αίνω: fut. -ολισθήσω:—to slip in secretly.

παρ-ομοιάω, *φ. ἄσω*, to be like, to resemble.

παρ-όμοιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (παρά, ὅμοιος) nearly like, much alike: nearly equal.

παρόν, *όντος, τό*, pres. part. neut. of πάρειμι (εἰμί sum), used absol., see πάρειμι 5.

παροξυντικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, fit for inciting, provoking. From παρ-οξύνω, *φ. ἴνω*: aor. I παρώξυνα:—to make keen for a thing: metaph. to urge, prick, or spur on: to provoke, irritate, excite. Hence

παροξυσμός, *δ*, irritation: a provoking, inciting.

παρόρασις, *ἡ*, (παροράω) an overlooking: carelessness.

παρ-οράω, *φ. παρόρομαι*: aor. 2 παρέιδον (*v. sub ὁράω*):—to look at by the way, notice, remark. II. to look past, overlook: to slight, make light of. III. to look sideways.

παρ-οργίλω, *φ. ἴσω*, to provoke to anger:—Pass. to be or be made angry at. Hence

παροργισμός, *δ*, provocation to anger.

παρ-ορίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, to pass one's own boundaries, encroach on a neighbour. Hence

παροριστής, *οὔ, δ*, an encroacher.

παρ-ορμάω, *φ. ἦσω*, to put in motion, urge on:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to pass rapidly, rush at.

παρ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. -ῶ, to bring to anchor side by side.

παρ-ορνυς, *ἴθος, δ, ἡ*, ill-omened, with evil auspices.

παρ-ορύσσω Att. -ῖτω: *φ. ῶ*: aor. I παρόρυξα:—to dig beside or along.

II. to dig one against another, as was done in training for the Olympic games.

παρ-ορχέομαι, *φ. -ήσομαι*, Dep. to dance amiss, dance the wrong dance.

ΠΑΨΟΣ, Adv., I. of Time, before, erst, formerly: also with the Att., τὸ πάρος or τοπάρος, formerly. 2. with inf., like πρίν, Lat. priusquam, πάρος ἢν γαῖαν ἰκέσθαι before he should reach his

own land. 3. *páros*, followed by *πρίν γε* as relat., Lat. *prius* . . , *quam*, rather . . , *than*. 4. *too soon*. 5. *rather, sooner*. II. of Place, *before, in front*.

B. Prep., poet. for *πρό*, *before*, both of Time and Place. II. *before, rather than*: also for, *instead of*.

Πάριος, α, ον, of the island of Paros, Parian; Πάριος λίθος Parian marble. From

Πάρος, ἡ, Paros, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

παρ-οτρύνω, f. ὑνῶ, to urge or excite to mischief. παρ-ουσία, ἡ, (παρών, παρούσα) a being present, presence; ἀνδρῶν παρούσια = ἄνδρες οἱ παρόντες; παρουσίαν ἔχειν = παρίναι. 2. arrival. II. like τὰ παρόντα, present circumstances.

παρ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to turn off into a side channel: metaph. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

παρ-οχέω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, ὀχέω) to carry by or beside:—Med. to sit beside in a chariot.

παροχή, ἡ, (παρέχω) a supplying, furnishing.

παρ-οχλίζω, f. ἴσω, to move aside with a lever, remove.

πάρ-οχος, ὁ, (παρά, ὄχος) one who rides beside in a chariot.

παρ-οψίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ὄψον) a dainty side-dish.

παρόψομαι, fut. of παροράω, formed from obsol. παρόψομαι.

παρ-οψώνέω, f. ἦσω, to buy a dainty dish to set before one. Hence

παροψώνημα, ατος, τό, an additional dainty set before one: metaph., παροψώνημα τῆς χλιδῆς a fresh relish to the pleasure.

παρπεπίθω, redupl. aor. 2 part. of παραπείθω.

παρ-ρησία, ἡ, (πάς, ῥῆσις) freedom of speech: in bad sense, licence of tongue. Hence

παρ-ρησιάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι, Dep. to speak freely. παρσένος, Λαcon. for παρθένος.

παρσταιλήν, παρστάσσα, Ep. for παρασταιήν, παραστώσα, aor. 2 opt. and part. fem. of παρίστημι.

παρστήτον, Ep. for παραστήτον, 2 dual aor. 2 subj. of παρίστημι.

παρταμεῖν, poet. for παραταμεῖν, aor. 2 of παρατέμνω.

παρτέμνω, poet. for παρατέμνω.

παρτιθέει, poet. for παρατιθεί, = παρατίθωσιν.

παρ-υθαίνω, f. ἀνῶ: pf. pass. παρφάσμαι:—to weave beside or along, attach to the side or hem: metaph., ὅπλα παρφασμένα armed men bemming in a crowd.

πάρφαине, poet. pres. imperat. of παραφαίνω.

παρφάμενος, παρφάσθαι, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παραφήμι.

παρ-φασία, ἡ, poet. for παραφασία.

παρ-φάσις, ἡ, poet. for παραφασίς.

παρ-φέρομαι, poet. for παραφέρομαι.

παρ-φύγειν, poet. for παραφυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφεύγω.

παρφυκτος, ον, poet. for παράφυκτος, verb. Adj. of παραφεύγω, to be avoided.

παρώας, ου, ὁ, (παρώς) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius.

παρωδία, ἡ, a burlesque, parody. From

παρ-ωδός, ὄν, (ωδή) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song. II. intimating obscurely.

παρ-ωθεῖω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω:—to push aside or away, repulse from one: to put on one side, keep secret:—Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renounce.

παρών, οὔσα, ὄν, part. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-ώντιμος, ον, (πάρα, ὄνυμα Acol. for ὄνομα) formed by a slight change from a word.

πάρωός, ὄν, reddish brown or bay, of horses.

παρ-ωρείτης, ου, ὁ, (παρά, ὄρος) one who dwells on a mountain-side.

παρ-ωρος, ον, (παρά, ὥρα) out of season, untimely: neut. pl. πάρωρα as Adv., unseasonably.

παρ-ωροφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (παρά, ὄροφῆ) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice.

παρῶχeto, 3 sing. impf. of παροίχομαι.

παρῶχημαι, pf. of παροίχομαι; part. παρῶχημένος.

ΠΑΣ, πάσα, πᾶν: gen. παντός, πάσης, πάντος: gen.

pl. masc. and neut. πάντων, fem. πᾶσων Ion. πᾶσων, Ep. also πᾶσων: dat. pl. masc. and neut. πᾶσι poet. πάντεσσι, fem. πάσαις:—all, Lat. omnis: of one person or thing, the whole, entire, all; of each of a number, every; in plur. all: ἡ πάσα βλάβη she who is all mischief; ἐς πᾶν κακὸν to the uttermost of evil:

—ἄσοι, not οἱ, properly follows πάντες as relat., πάντες, ὅσοι . . , Lat. omnes quicunque . . , all whosoever! πᾶς τις every one taken one by one, every single one: παντὸς ἄλλον more than anything, above everything.

II. with Numerals it marks an exact number; τὰ πάντα δέκα ten in all.

III. in dat. pl. masc. πᾶσι, in the judgment of all; ὁ πᾶσι κλεινός the renowned in the judgment of all.

2. πᾶσι as neut., in all things, altogether.

IV. the neut. is used in various senses:—πάντα γίνεσθαι, like παντοῖος γίνεσθαι, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, πάντα εἶναι τινα to be everything to one.

2. τὸ πᾶν the whole, and as an Adv. altogether: οὐ τὸ πᾶν not at all; so also εἰς τὸ πᾶν, ἐπὶ πᾶν on the whole; ἐς πᾶν κακὸν to every extremity of evil; περὶ παντὸς ποιεῖσθαι τινα to esteem one above all.

3. πάντα as Adv. for πάντως, entirely, utterly, wholly: but, τὰ πάντα in every way, by all means.

4. διὰ παντὸς continually, always.

πασάν, Dor. for πᾶσων, gen. pl. fem. of πᾶς.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of πατέομαι.

πάσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of πάομαι.

πᾶστ-μέλονσα, ἡ, (πᾶς, μέλει) a care to all: generally, known to all, famous.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of πατέομαι.

πάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of πάομαι.

πασπάλῃ [ᾶ], ἡ, = παιπάλῃ, the finest meal: α

morsel, scrap; ὕπνου οὐδὲ πασπάλη not even a *wink* of sleep.

πασσαλεντός, ἡ, ὄν, *ripped down*. From πασσαλέω Att. πατταλέω, f. σω, (πάσσαλος) to *rip* to. 2. to *drive in like a bolt*.

πάσσαλος Att. πάτταλος, ὁ, (πήγνυμι) a *peg*, to hang anything upon: often in Ep. genit. πασσαλόφι; αἰρεῖν ἀπὸ πασσαλόφι to take down from a *peg*; κρεμῖσαι ἐκ πασσαλόφι to hang upon a *peg*: the form πασσαλόφιν is also dat. II. a *gag*.

πασσαλόφι, old Ep. gen. and dat. of πάσσαλος. πασσαμένος, πάσσασθαι, Ep. for πασάμενος, πάσσασθαι, aor. I part. and inf. med. of πατέομαι.

πάσσαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, rarer collat. form of πάσσαλος.

πάσσε, Ep. for ἐπασσε, 3 sing. impf. of πάσσω.

πάσσοφος, ὄν, for πάνσοφος.

πασ-οὔδι, πασ-οὔδιη, Adv. for πανούδι, etc.

ΠΑ'ΣΧΩ Att. πάττω: f. πάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπάσα: Pass, aor. I ἐπάσθην: pf. πέπασμαι:—to *sprinkle upon*:—metaph. to *sprinkle in* or *upon*, *interweave*, *work in embroidery*. II. to *besprinkle with* a thing.

πάσσων, ὄν, gen. ονος, irr. Comp. of παχύς, for παχύτερος and παχίων, like γλίσσαν from γλυκύς: *thicker*, *broad*, *stouter*.

παστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, shortened from παραστάς (q. v.) a *porch in front of the house*, a *colonnade*, Lat. *porticus*. II. an *inner chamber*: a *bridal chamber*.

παστέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πάσσω, to be *besprinkled*.

παστός, ὁ, = παστάς, a *bridal chamber* or *bridal bed*: a *shrine*.

Πάσχα, τό, indecl. the *Passover*, *paschal lamb*: also the *time* or *feast* of the *Passover*. (Hebrew word.)

ΠΑ'ΣΧΩ, fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπάθον: pf. πέπονθα, 2 pl. πέποιθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε: fem. part. pf. πεπᾶνθα, Ep. for πεπονῦθα:—to *suffer* or be *affected by anything* whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself; εἰ τι πάθωμι or ἢν τι πάθω if *ought were to happen* to me, Lat. *si quid mihi acciderit*, was used to imply death: τί πάθω; what is to *become of me*? so, τί πάσχω; τί πάσχεις; what is the *matter with me* or *you*? so in part. τί παθόν; implying something amiss, τί παθόντε λελάμεθα θούριδος ἀλκήs; *what ails us* that we have forgotten our impetuous prowess? II. πάσχειν with other words; κακῶς πάσχειν to be *ill off*, in *evil plight*; κακῶς πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be *ill used*, *evilly entreated* by any one; opp. to εὖ πάσχειν to be *well off*, in *good case*; εὖ πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος to be *well used*, *well treated by*., receive *kindness* from a person. III.

πάσχειν is also used of *states* or *conditions*; ἵνα μὴ ταῦτὸ πάθῃτε τῷ ἵππῳ that *ye be not in the same case* with the horse: so, of *Things*, to be *liable to certain affections*; πάσχειν ταῦτὸν ὅπερ ἄλλοι to be *liable to the same as others*; so, πάσχει τοῦτο καὶ κάρδαμα this is just the way with *cress*.

πατά, Scythian word, = κτείνειν.

πάταγέω, f. ἦσω, (πάταγος) to *clatter*, *clash*, *crash*,

of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies: of the waves, etc., to *dash*, *plash*: hence to *chatter*, *scream*, as *birds*.

ΠΑ'ΤΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *clattering*, *clashing*, any *sharp noise* made by the collision of two bodies; πάταγος ὀδόντων a *chattering* of the teeth; πάταγος κυμάτων the *plash* of waves. (Formed from the sound.)

Πάταυκοι or Παταϊκοί, οἱ, Phoenician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-heads of Phoenician ships.

πατάξαι, πατάξας, aor. I inf. and part. of πατάσσω, f. ἦω: aor. I ἐπάταξα:—intr. to *beat*, *knock*, *throb*; Ἑκτορι θυμὸς ἐνὶ στήθεσσι πάτασεν his heart was *beating*, *throbbing* in his breast. 2. to *clap* the hands.

II. trans. to *strike*, *wound*, *beat*, *smite*.

ΠΑ'ΤΕΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπάσάμην, Ep. part. πασάμενος: pf. πέπασμαι:—to *feed on*, *eat*, *taste*.

πατέονσι, Dor. for πατέουσι, 3 pl. of πατέω: also part. sing. dat.

πατέριζω, f. ἰσω, (πατήρ) to *say*, *call father*.

πατέω, f. ἦω, (πάτος) to *tread*, *walk*, *step*. II. trans. to *tread on*, *tread*; πορφύρας πατεῖν to *walk on purple carpets*. 2. to *tread constantly*, *frequent*, *traverse* a place: metaph., like Lat. *terere*, to *thump with* using, as, πατεῖν Αἰσῶπον to be *always thumping Aesop*.

3. to *tread under foot*, *trample on*.

ΠΑ'ΤΗΡ, ὁ, gen. πατέρος contr. πατρός, dat. πατέρι contr. πατρί, acc. πατέρα: in dual and pl. εἰ is retained, except that in gen. pl. πατῶν is used as well as πατέρων, and dat. pl. is always πατράσι [ᾶ]:—a *father*; πατὴρ πατήρ a *grandfather*. II. among the gods *Jove* is *emphatic* called *πατήρ*.

III. πατήρ is used like ἀπῆρα, ἄττα, as a mode of address to an older person.

IV. in plur., *forefathers*, *ancestors*.

πατήσῃς, Dor. for πατήσεις, 2 sing. fut. of πατέω.

πάτησμός, ὁ, (πατέω) a *treading on*.

πάτην, ἡ, Dor. for φάτην.

ΠΑ'ΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *trodden* or *beaten way*, *path*. [ᾶ]

πάτρά, as Ion. πάτηρ, ἦς, ἡ: (πατήρ) one's *fatherland*, *native land*, *country*, like πατρίς. II. a *body of persons* claiming the *same race* or *descent*, a *house*, *clan*, Lat. *gens*.

πατρ-ἁδελφεός, ὁ, poet. for πατρ-ἰδελφος.

πατρ-ἁδελφος, ὁ, = πατρός ἁδελφός, a *father's brother*, *uncle by the father's side*.

πατράθε, Adv., Dor. for πάτηρθε.

πατρ-ἁλοῖας, gen. α and ὄν, voc. -αλοῖα, ὁ, (πατήρ, αλοῖα) one who *strikes* or *slays his father*, a *parricide*.

πάτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for πάτρα. Hence

πάτηρθε and -θεν Dor. πατράθε, Adv., = ἐκ πάτρας, *from one's native land*. II. *from a race* or *lineage*.

πατριά, as Ion. πατριή, ἦς, ἡ, (πατήρ) *lineage*, *descent*.

II. a *house*, *clan*. πατρι-ἄρχης, ὄν, ὁ, (πατριά, ἀρχή) *the father* or *chief of a family*, a *patriarch*.

πατρίδιον, τό, coaxing Dim. of πατήρ, daddy, papa.
πατρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πατήρ) from one's fathers or ancestors, patriarchal, hereditary. II. of or from one's father: ἡ πατρική (sc. οὐσία) one's patrimony; so τὰ πατρικά (sc. χρήματα).

πάτριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πατήρ) of or belonging to one's father, Lat. paternus. II. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ancestors, Lat. instituta majorum.

πατρίς, ἰδος, poet. fem. of πάτριος, of one's fathers; πατρίς γαῖα, one's father-land, country; πατρίς πόλις one's native city:—also as Subst., πατρίς, ἡ, like πάτρα.

πατριώτης, ου, ὁ, (πάτριος) one of the same country, a fellow-countryman.

πατριῷτις, ἰδος, fem. of πατριώτης; πατριῷτις γῆ, = πατρίς, one's native land; πατριῷτις στολή a dress of the country.

πατρο-δωρήτος, ον, (πατήρ, δωρέω) given by a father.

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; ἀναγραφῆναι πατρόθεν ἐν στήλῃ to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κάσιγγος, ὁ, = πατρός κασίγγητος, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, ὁ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλήος, acc. Πατροκλήα, voc. Πατρόκλειε occur in Hom.; but there is no nom. Πατροκλέως.

πατροκτόνιος, f. ἦσω, to murder one's father. From πατρο-κτόνος, ον, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-νομία, ἡ, (πατήρ, νόμος) a father's authority.

πατρο-παράδοτος, ον, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) handed down or inherited from one's fathers.

πατρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = πατρός πατήρ, a father's father, grandfather.

πατρο-στερής, ἔς, (πατήρ, στερέω) reft of one's father, fatherless.

πατρ-οὔχος, ον, (πατήρ, ἔχω) having her father's property: as Subst., πατρίοχος (sub. παρθένος), ἡ, a sole-heiress, opp. to a coheir.

πατρο-φονεύς, ἕως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (πατήρ, φονεύς) the murderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνος, ον, (πατήρ, *φένω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ον, ὁ, (πατήρ, *φένω) murderer of one's father, a parricide.

πατρώιος, ἡ Dor. α, ον, poet. form of πατρός.

πατρ-ωνύμιος, ον, (πατήρ, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after one's father, by the father's side.

πατρώος, α, ον, also ος, ον, poet. πατρός, ἡ Dor. α, ον: (πατήρ):—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; ἐχθρα πατρία hereditary feud.

πάτρως, ὁ, gen. ὠος and ω, dat. φ, acc. ωα and ων: (πατήρ): = πατροκάσιγγος, πατράδελφος, an uncle

by the father's side, Lat. patruus; opp. to μήτρως, one by the mother's side.

παττάλεω, παττάλος, Att. for πασσ-.

παυέσκον, Ion. impf. of παύω:—παυέσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

παῦλα, ἡ, (παύω) a resting-point, pause, rest; παῦλα κακῶν rest from ills. II. a bringing to an end: means of stopping.

παυρικός or -κι [ᾶ], Adv. (παῦρος) like ὀλιγάκις, few times, seldom.

παυρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for παῦρος, little, very short: neut. παυρίδιον, as Adv., a very little.

παυρο-επής, ἔς, (παῦρος, ἔπος) of few words.

παῦρος, α, ον, little, small: of Time, short, brief. 2. mostly in pl. παῦροι, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., παῦρος λαός few people:—Comp. παυρότερος, fewer. 3. neut. pl. παῦρα as Adv. seldom.

παυσ-άνεμος, ον, (παύω, ἄνεμος) calming the wind. παύσειν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παύω.

παυσι-κάπη [ᾶ], ἡ, (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their eating any of the corn.

παυσί-λῦπος, ἡ, (παύω, λύπη) ending pain or grief.

παυσί-νοστος, ον, (παύω, νόσος) checking sickness.

παυσί-πονος, ον, (παύω, πόνος) ending toil.

παυστέον, verb. Adj. of παύω, one must stop or put an end to. II. from παύομαι, one must cease.

παυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (παύω) one who stays or calms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυστήριος, ον, fit for allaying or relieving.

παυστήρ, ἡ, like παῦλα, rest.

ΠΑΥΩ, f. παύσω: aor. I ἐπαυσα: pf. πέπαυκα: Med. and Pass., fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut. πεπαύσομαι: aor. I med. ἐπαυσάμην, pass. ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύσθην: pf. πέπαυμαι:—to make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, put down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2. of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay. II. Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from. III. intr. in Act., like παύομαι or λήγω, but only in imperat., παῦε, stop! have done!

Παφλάγων, ὄνος, ὁ, a Paphlagonian.

παφλάζω, f. ἄσω: (redupl. from φλάζω, like ποιπνύω from πνέω):—to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster. II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fume, chafe, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγών. Hence

πάφλασμα, ατος, τό, a frothing, foaming, of the sea, etc. II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Πάφος, ον, ἡ, Paphos, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχετος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker.

πάχετος, τό, (παχύς) poet. for πάχος, thickness.

παχθῆ, Dor. for πῆχθῆ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of πῆρηνμι.

πάχιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of παχύς.

παχίων, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of παχύς.

παχὴν, η, (πῆρηνμι) *boar-frost, rime*, Lat. *pruina*. 2. metaph. *clotted blood*. Hence

παχνόω, f. ὦσω, *to cover with boar frost or rime*:—Pass. *to be so covered*. II. metaph. *to strike chill, to freeze*; ἐπαχνωσεν φίλον ἦτορ *he made his heart's blood run cold*:—Pass. *to be struck with chill, to be frozen*.

πάχος, εος, τό, (παχύς) *thickness*: acc. πάχος is used absol., *in thickness*, as μήκος *in length*, εὖρος *in breadth*, etc. [ᾱ]

παχύ-κνήμις, ον, (παχύς, κνήμη) *with stout calves*.

παχύνω [ῥ], f. ὠνῶ: aor. I ἐπάχυνα: pf. pass. πεπάχυσμαι:—*to thicken, to fatten*: also *to make dull or gross of understanding*:—Pass. *to become thick*: *to grow fat, to be swollen*: also *to look large*, of objects seen in a mist: metaph., ὁλος ἄγαν παχυνθεὶς *wealth 'when it has waxed fat'*.

πάχυν, Dor. for πῆχυν.

ΠΑΧΥΣ, εἰα, ὅ, *thick, large, stout*: παχὺς *lāas* a large heavy stone: of linen, etc., *thick, coarse*. 2. of the consistence of a mass, *thick, curdled, clotted*. 3. later, *stout, fat*, Lat. *pinguis*. 4. generally, *great, large, considerable*. II. οἱ παχέες, opp. to δῆμος, *the men of substance, the wealthy*. III.

thick-witted, dense, stupid, Lat. *pinguis*. IV. Comp. πάσσων, ον: also παχίων, ον, gen. ονος:—Sup. πάχιστος: later the regul. παχύτερος (Ep. πάχετος) and παχύτατος.

παχύτης, ητος, ἡ, (παχύς) *thickness*, of the skin, etc.: *the sediment or lees of liquor*. [ῥ]

πεδά, Aeol. for μετά.

πεδάα, Ep. 3 sing. pres. of πεδάω.

πεδάασκον, Ion. impf. of πεδάω.

πεδ-αἰρω, Aeol. for μεταίρω.

πεδ-αἰμιος, ον, Aeol. for μεταίμιος.

πεδ-αἰμιω, Aeol. for μεταμειω.

πεδ-άορος, ον, Aeol. for μεθήορος. [ᾱ]

πεδ-άριστος, ον, Aeol. for μετάρσιος.

πεδ-αυγάω, Aeol. for μεταναγάζω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, Aeol. for μεταφρων, (μετά, φρήν) *wise too late*.

πεδάω, f. ἥσω: Ep. aor. I πέδησα: (πέδη):—*to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast*: generally, *to shackle, trammel, constrain*.

πεδ-έρχομαι, Aeol. for μετέρχομαι.

πεδ-έχω, Aeol. for μετέχω.

πεδέω, Ion. for πεδάω.

πέδη, ἡ, (πέα) a fetter, Lat. *pedica, compes*; ζεύγος πεδῶν a pair of fetters. II. a mode of breaking in a horse.

πεδητήης, οὔ, ὁ, (πεδάω) *one who fetters: a binderer*. πεδιός, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (πεδιόν) *flat, even, level*; ἡ πεδιάς (sub. γῆ), *the plain country*. II. on a

plain or level country: λύγῃ πεδιάς *the spear* (i. e. battle) *on a fair field*.

πεδιεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (πεδιόν) *a man of the plain*.

πεδι-ήρης, ες, (πεδιόν, ἀραιεῖν) *abounding in plains*.

πέδιλον, τό, (πέδη) mostly in plur. *sandals, a pair of sandals*. II. *any covering for the feet, shoes, slippers*; also *boots, brogues*. III. *a tie for cows* at milking time. IV. metaph., Δωριῶν πεδίλων φωνὰν ἐναρμόζει *to suit one's voice to the Dorian march*, i. e. to write in Doric rhythm.

πεδιόνος, ἡ, ὅν, (πεδιόν) *flat, level, even*. II. of, from the plain, living in or on the plain.

πεδιόν, τό, (πεδιόν) *a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field*, Lat. *campus*; πεδιά πόντου *the fields of the sea*, Lat. *Neptunia arva*. Hence

πεδιόνδε, Adv. *to the plain*.

πεδιο-νόμος, ον, (πεδιόν, νέμομαι) *baunting the fields*.

πεδο-βάμων [ᾱ], ον, gen. ονος, Dor. for πεδοβήμων,

(πέδον, βαίω) *walking upon earth, of the earth*.

πεδόθεν, Adv. (πέδον) *from the ground*: metaph. *from the ground or bottom of the heart*.

πέδοι, Adv. (πέδον) *on the ground, on earth*.

πεδοικος, ον, Aeol. for μέτοικος.

πεδο-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (πέδον, κοίτη) *making one's bed or lair on the ground*.

ΠΕΔΟΝ, ου, τό, *the ground, earth*: generally, *land, soil*. Hence

πέδονδε, Adv. *to the ground, earthwards*.

πεδόσε, Adv. = πέδονδε.

πεδο-στιβής, ἐς, (πέδον, στείβω) *treading, pacing the earth*. 2. *on foot*, opp. to ἱππλάτης.

πεδο-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ and ἡ, (πέδη, τρίβω) *wearing out fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves*.

πεδ-ώρυχος, ον, (πέδον, ὀρύσσω) *digging the soil*.

πέεα, ης, ἡ, (πέδον) *the foot*: metaph. *the bottom of anything*; ἐπὶ ῥυμῷ πέγῃ ἐνι πρῶτῃ *on the pole at the very end: the hem or border of a garment*.

πέε-αρχος, ον, (πεζός, ἀρχω) *leading infantry or a land-army*: as Subst., πέε-αρχος, ὁ, *a leader of foot*.

πέε-ἑταυροι, οἱ, (πεζός, ἑταῖρος) *the foot-guards in the Macedonian army*.

πεζέω, f. σω, (πεζός) *to go or travel on foot, walk, opp. to riding or driving*. 2. *to go or travel by land*, opp. to going by sea: Pass. *to be traversed by travellers*.

πεζῇ, v. sub πεζός.

πεζικός, ἡ, ὅν, (πεζός) *on foot or by land*; πεζικὸς *λεῷς* *foot-soldiers, infantry* as opp. to horse, or an army as opp. to a fleet.

πεζο-βόας, α, ὁ, Dor. for -βόης, (πεζός, βοή) *one who shouts on foot, a foot-soldier, a soldier*.

πεζομαχέω, f. ἥσω, *to fight by land*. From

πεζο-μάχος, ου, ὁ, (πεζός, μάχομαι) *fighting on foot*, as opp. to cavalry. 2. *fighting on land*, as opp. to sea. Hence

πεζομαχία, ἡ, *a battle by land*, opp. to ναυμαχία.

πεζο-νόμος, ον, (πεζός, νέμω) *commanding by land*.

πεζοπορέω, *to go on foot*. 2. *to go by land*. From

πεζοπόρος, *ον*, (πεζός, πορεύω) *going on foot, walking*. 2. *going by land*.

πεζός, *ή, όν*, (πέζα) *on foot, walking*; πεζοί *foot-soldiers*, *opp.* to ἱππεύς; so, πεζὸς στρατός is sometimes *foot-soldiery*, *opp.* to cavalry; but also a *land-army*, *opp.* to a sea-force; δ πεζός, and τὸ πεζόν are also so used. II. *on land, going or travelling by land*; *Dat.* fem. πετῇ as *Adv.* (sub. δδῶ), *on foot or by land*; πετῇ ἐπείσθαι *to follow by land*.

πει, *Dor.* for πῇ, πού.

πειθ-άνωρ *Ion.* πειθίνωρ, *ος, ό, ή* (πειθωμαι, ἀνήρ) *obeying men, obedient*.

πειθαρχέω, *ή, ήσω*, also *Med.* -έομαι, (πειθαρχος) *to obey one in authority, be obedient*. Hence πειθαρχία, *ή, obedience*.

πειθ-αρχος, *ον*, (πειθωμαι, ἀρχή) *obeying one in authority, obedient*.

πειθῆμι, *Aeol.* for πείθω.

πειθός, *ή, όν*, (πείθω) = *πιθανός, persuasive*.

ΠΕΙΘΩ, *fut. πείσω*: *aor.* I ἐπείσα: *aor.* 2 ἐπείθον *Ep. redupl.* πειπίθον, I pl. subj. πειπόμεν, *opt.* πειπόμεν, *inf.* πειπείν, *part.* πειπών: *pf.* πέπεικα: *Med.* and *Pass.* πείθομαι: *fut.* πείσομαι: *aor.* 2 ἐπείθω *Ep. redupl.* πειπόμεν, *imperat.* πείθω, *Ep. redupl.* *opt.* πειπίθοιτο, *inf.* πειπείσθαι: *pf. med.* πέπειθα: *plqpf.* πεπείσθαι, *contr.* I pl. ἐπείπθμεν: *pf. pass.* πέπεισμαι. Homer has also a *fut. πείθω* and *aor.* I *part.* πειθήσας, *intr.* as if from πείθω: but the *redupl.* *aor.* I subj. πειπείθω is *transit.*: I. *Act.* *to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade*: in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat. 2. *to prevail on by entreaty, to appease, propitiate*: πείθειν τινα χρήμασι *to bribe one*. 3. *to impel, stir up*. 4. *c. dupl. acc.*, πείθειν τινα *to persuade one of a thing*. 5. *c. acc. rei only*, *to argue a point*. II. *Med.* and *Pass.* *to be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply*. 2. πείθεσθαι τινι *to listen to a person, obey, comply with*; γήραϊ πείθεσθαι *to yield to old age*. 3. πείθεσθαι τινι *to believe or trust in a thing*; also *c. neut. acc.*, ταυτ' ἐγώ σοι οὐ πείθομαι *I do not take this on your word*; *c. acc. et inf.* *to believe that* . . . III. *pf. med.* πέπειθα, *inf.* πεπείσθαι, *to trust, rely, have confidence in*. IV. *pf. pass.* πέπεισμαι *to be fully persuaded, believe, trust*: of things, *to be believed*. Hence

Πειθώ, *δος contr.* οὐς, *ή*, *Persuasion personified as a goddess*, *Lat.* *Suada, Suadela*. II. *the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness*. 2. *a persuasion in the mind*. 3. *a means of persuasion, inducement*; *dat.* πειθοῖ *by fair means*, *opp.* to βία *by force*. 4. *obedience*.

ΠΕΙΝΑ or πείνη, *ή, hunger, famine*, *Lat.* *fames*. 2. *metaph.* *hunger or longing for a thing*. Hence πεινῶλεος, *α, ον*, *hungry, empty*. [ᾶ]

πεινώμε, *Aeol.* for πεινώμεν, I pl. of πεινάω.

πεινᾶντι, *Dor.* for πεινᾶντι, *dat. pres. part.* of πεινάω: also for πεινώσι 3 pl. *pres.*

πεινάω *contr.* πεινώ, *ής, ή*; *inf.* πεινῆν *Ep.* πεινῆ-

μεναι; *fut.* πεινήσω, *later* πεινάσω [ᾶ]: (πεινά) *aor.* I ἐπείνησα, *later* -ᾶσα: *pf.* πεπείνηκα: *—to be hungry, suffer hunger, be famished*. II. *c. gen.* *to hunger after*: *metaph.* *to hunger after or for, crave after*.

πεινέω, *Ion.* for πεινάω.

πεινήν, = πείνα.

πεινήν, *inf.* of πεινάω; *Ep.* πεινήμεναι.

ΠΕΙΡΑ, *ή, a trial, attempt, essay, experiment*: hence *experience*: πείραν ἔχειν *to have experience*, *to make proof of*; ἐπὶ πείρᾳ *by way of test or trial*. II. *an attempt, plot or design against one*. III. *generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise*.

πείρα, *Ep.* for ἔπειρα, *aor.* I of πείρω.

πείρά, *ή*, (πείρω) *a point, edge*.

πειράζω, *ή, άσω*: *Pass.*, *aor.* I ἐπειράσθην: *pf.* πεπειρασμαι: *—like* πειράω, *to make proof or trial of one*: *—to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce*. II. *to attempt a thing*.

Πειραιεύς or Πειραεύς, *ό, Peiraeus*, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: *gen.* Πειραιεύς or -αῖος; *dat.* -αί; *acc.* -αῖᾶ.

Πειραιῶι, *Adv.* *at or in Peiraeus*.

πείραιω, *ή, άνω*: *aor.* I ἐπείρηνα: (πείρα) *—to bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot*; σπῆρην ἐξ αὐτοῦ πείρηναντε *tying a rope from or to it*. II. *lengthd.* *for* πείραιω, *to end, complete, finish*; in *Pass.*, πάντα πεπείρανται (3 *sing. pf.*) *all has been completed*.

πείραν, *Ep.* 3 pl. *aor.* I of πείρω.

ΠΕΙΡΑΡ, *άρος, τό, poet.* *for* πέρας, *an end*; in *plur.*, πείρατα *gains the ends of the earth: the ends of ropes, knotted ropes*. II. *the end or issue of a thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge; the chief or most important object*.

III. *act. that which finishes*; a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης *the finishers of art*.

πειράσις, *ή*, (πείρω) *a trying: an attempt*.

πειρασμός, *ό*, (πειράζω) *a tempting, temptation*.

πειράσθην, *or in plur.* -εᾶ, *verb. Adj.* of πείρω, *one must make trial, attempt*.

πειράτῃρ, *ήρος, ό*, *collat. form* of πειρατής.

πειράτῃριον *Ion.* πειρητ-, *τό*, (πείρω) *a means of trying or proving, ordeal*; φόβια πειρατήρια *the murderous ordeal, i. e. torture*. II. *a pirate's nest*.

πειράτῃς, *οὐ, ό*, (πείρω) *one who attempts: a pirate, Lat.* *pirata*.

πειράτικός, *ή, όν*, *piratical*.

πείρώ, *ή, άσω* *Ion.* ήσω: *more freq.* as *Dep.* πειράομαι, *with fut. med.* πειράσομαι, *Dor.* 2 pl. πειρασεῖσθε: *aor.* I *med.* ἐπειράσασθην *Ion.* ἐπειρησάμην; *pass.* ἐπειρήθην [ᾶ] *Ion.* ἐπειρήθην: *pf. pass.* πεπειράμαι *Ion.* πεπείρημαι: (πείρα) *—to attempt, undertake, try*. 2. *c. gen. pers.* *to make trial of a person; to try to persuade him: also to make an attempt on, attack*; also *c. acc.* *to make an attempt on*. 3. *absol.* *to try one's skill or luck in a thing*. II. *the Dep.* πειράομαι is mostly used with *gen. pers.*, *to make trial*

of one, put him to the proof; hence to examine, question: also to try oneself against another, to match oneself with him. 2. c. gen. rei, to make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of. 3. absol. to try one's strength, make a trial: to make a trial or attempt with words; πεπειρημαι μύθοις I have tried myself, i. e. I am versed or skilled, in words.

πειρηθεῖν, πειρηθῆναι, aor. I opt. and inf. pass. of πειράω, πειράομαι.

πειρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πειρᾶτήριον.

πειρητίζω, f. ἰώω, = πειράω, to attempt, try, prove. II. c. gen. pers. to make trial of, put to the proof: also to try another in battle: c. acc. to attempt, attack, assail.

πέριψ, ἄνθος, ἡ: acc. πείρινθα:—the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a cart upon the ἄμαξα or carriage.

ΠΕΙΡΩ, fut. περῶ: aor. I ἔπειρα Ep. πείρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐπάρην [ᾱ] pf. πέπαρμαι: (πέρας):—to pierce quite through, to run through, pierce, of meat, to spit; κρέα ἀμφ' ὀβελοῖσιν ἔπειραν they stuck the meat on the spits:—pf. part., ἤλοισι πεπαρμένον stuck close or studded with nails; metaph., ὀδύνησι πεπαρμένος pierced with pain. II. metaph., κύματα πείρειν to cleave the waves; πείρε κλευθον cleave her way (through the waves).

πέισα, ης, ἡ, (πέιθω) poet. for πειθῶ, persuasion or obedience, subjection.

πέισει, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πείθω.

πεισι-βροτος, ον, (πέιθω, βροτός) persuading or controlling mortals.

πεισόμεν, Ep. for πείσειν, fut. inf. of πείθω.

πέισμα, ατος, τό, (πέιθω) the cable by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land: generally, a cable, rope. II. that on which one may trust.

πεισμονή, ἡ, (πέιθω) earnest persuasion, solicitation. πείσομαι, fut. med. of πείθω.

πεισομαι, irreg. fut. of πᾶσχω.

πειστέον, verb. Adj. of πείθω, one must persuade. II. (from Pass.) one must obey: cf. ἀκτέον.

πειστήριος, α, ον, (πέιθω) fit for persuading, persuasive, winning.

πειστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πέιθω) persuasive.

πέισω, fut. of πείθω.

πέκος, τό, (πέκω) wool, a fleece.

πεκτέω, f. ἡσώ, (πέκω) to shear, clip.

ΠΕΚΩ Ep. πεκώ: f. πέγω: aor. I med. ἐπεγάμην, part. πεγάμενος; aor. I pass. ἐπέχθην:—to comb or card wool, Lat. pectere: med., χαίτας πεγάμενη having combed her hair. 2. to shear, clip.

πελάγιζω, f. ἰώω, (πέλαγος) to form a sea or lake: of a river, to overflow: of places, to be flooded, swamped. II. to be out at sea.

πελάγος, α, ον, also οσ, ον, (πέλαγος) of, on or by the sea: living in the sea, Lat. marinus: out at sea, on the open sea.

πελάγιτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (πέλαγος) of or on the sea.

ΠΕΛΑΓΟΣ, εος, τό: Ep. dat. pl. πελάγεσσι:—the sea, the high sea, open sea, the main, Lat. pelagus: any large expanse of water is so called: metaph. of anything huge or excessive, as, πέλαγος κακῶν a 'sea of troubles.'

πελάζω, f. πελάσω Att. πελώ: aor. I ἐπέλασσα Ep. τέλασσα, ἐτέλασσα and τέλασσα: aor. I med. ἐπελάσασμην: Pass., aor. I ἐπελάσθην poet. ἐπλάσθην [ᾱ] Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτο, πλήντο and ἐπλήντο: pf. pass. πέπλημαι part. πεπλημένος:—πελάω, πελάωω, πλάωω are collat. forms: (πέλας): I. intrans. to approach, draw near to any point: absol. to come near, draw near or nigh. II. trans. to bring near or to, make to approach or draw nigh; πελάζειν νευρὴν μαζῶ to draw the bowstring to one's breast:—metaph., πελάζειν τινα ὀδύνησι to bring him near to anguish; so, ἔπος ἐρέω, ἀδάμαντι τελάσσας I will speak a word, having made it firm as adamant; φυνγὰ μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλῶν πελάτε (sc. ὑμῶν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave: c. gen. pro dat., πάρα πελάσαι φάος νεῶν thou may'st bring light near the ships. III. in Pass. like the intr. Act. to be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach; ἐπεὶ τὰ πρῶτα τέλασθεν when they first drew near: so in Ep. aor. 2, ἀσιπιδες ἐπλήντ' ἀλλήλησι the shields were brought close to each other; πλήτο χθονί he came near, i. e. sank to earth; so also, τελασθῆναι ἐπὶ τὸν θεόν to draw nigh to the god. 2. to approach or wed a woman.

πελάωω [ᾱ], collat. form of πελάζω, always intr.

πέλανος, ὁ, any half-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a mixed mass or gruel, applied to oil, honey, foam, clotted blood. II. of a mixture offered to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, poured out. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πеларγιδεύς, ὁ, (πеларγός) a young stork. πеларγικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a stork. From πел-αργός, ὁ, (πελός, ἀργός) the stork.

ΠΕΛΑ-Σ, Adv. near, hard by, close, nigh to, mostly c. gen., but also c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. prope ab aliquo loco, c. dat. to Lat. prope ad aliquem locum. II. absol. near, nigh at hand: rare in sing., ὁ πέλας one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankind.

πελασαλάτο, Ep. for πελάσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of πελάω.

Πελασγικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Pelasgians: τὸ Πελασγικόν name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens. From

Πελασγός, ὁ, a Pelasgian; Πελασγοί, οἱ, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

πελάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, fem. -άτις, ἰδος, (πελάζω) one who approaches or comes near, a neighbour, Lat. accola: also an invader, intruder. II. a client.

πελάω, shorter form of πελάζω, trans. and intrans., 1. to bring near. 2. to come or draw near.

πέλεθος or σπέλεθος, ὁ, (πηλός) *ordure, dung*.
 πέλεθρον, τό, length. poet. form for πλέθρον.
 πέλεια, ἡ, (πελός) *the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat*,
 from its dark colour. II. πέλειαι, αἱ, name of the
 prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic
 doves of Dodona.

πέλειός, ἄδος, ἡ, = πέλεια.
 Πηλεΐάδες, αἱ, = Πηλεΐδες, *the Pleiads*: also in sing.
 Πηλεΐας, ἄδος, ἡ, a *Pleiad*.

Πηλειο-θρέμμων, ον, (πέλεια, τρέφω) *pigeon-feed-
 ing*.

πελεκάν, ἄνος, οἱ πελεκῆς, ἄντος, Dor. πελεκῆς, ἄ,
 ὁ, (πελεκῶ) *the woodpecker, the joiner-bird*. II.
the pelican.

πελεκῆς, f. ἡσώ, (πέλεκυς) *to bew or shape with an
 axe, rough-bew, Lat. dolare*.

πελεκίζω, f. ἰσώ, (πέλεκυς) *to strike with an axe, to
 behead, Lat. securi percute*.

πελεκίνος, ὁ, = πελεκάν II, a water-bird of the *peli-
 can* kind.

πελεκήσσε, for ἐπελέκησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of
 πελεκῶ.

πέλεκκον, τό, (πέλεκυς) *an axe-handle*.
 πελέκῦς, εἰς Ion. εὖς, ὁ: dat. pl. πελέκεσι Ep. πε-
 λέκεσσι:—*a double-edged axe, an axe; οὐ δόρασι
 μάχεσθαι, ἀλλὰ καὶ πελέκεσι* to fight not with spears
 only, but also *with axes*, i. e. not soldiers only, but
 every man.

πελεμίζω, fut. ξω: Ep. aor. I πελέμῖζα: aor. I pass.
 ἐπελεμίζων: (πάλλω):—*to swing, shake, to make to
 shake, quiver or tremble*:—Pass. *to be shaken, to
 tremble, quake: to be driven away, flee trembling*.

πελεμίζθην, Ep. for ἐπελεμίζθην, aor. I pass. of
 πελεμίζω.

πελέσκειο, Ion. and Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πέλομαι.

πέλεν, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλομαι.

πεληΐας, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. for πελειάς.

πελιδνός or πελιννός, ἡ, ὅν, (πελός) *livid*.

πελιός, ἄ, ὅν, (πελός) of the body, discoloured by a
 bruise, *livid*.

ΠΕ' ΔΔΑ Ion. πέλλη, ης, ἡ, a wooden bowl, milk-
 pail, Lat. mulctra. II. a drinking-cup.

ΠΕΛΛΟΣ or πελός, ἡ, ὅν, Lat. PULLUS, dark-
 coloured, blackish, dusky.

πέλομες, Dor. for πέλομεν, 1 pl. of πέλω.

Πελοποννήσιοι, οἱ, the Peloponnesians.

Πελοποννησιῶτι, Adv. in the Peloponnesian (i. e.
 Dorian) dialect. From

Πελοπόν-νησος, ἡ, = Πέλοπος νῆσος, the Pelopon-
 nesus, now the Morea.

πελός, ἡ, ὅν, v. πελλός.

Πέλοψ, οπος, ὁ, (πελός, ὅψ) Pelops, i. e. dark-face,
 son of Tantalus, said to have migrated from Lydia,
 and to have given his name to the Peloponnesus.

πελτάζω, f. σω, (πέλτη) *to serve as a targeteer*.
 πελταστής, οὐ, ὁ, (πελτάζω) *one who bears a target
 or light shield (πέλτη) instead of the large shield
 (ὄπλον), a targeteer, Lat. cetratus: they held a place*

between the ὀπλίται or heavy-armed infantry, and the
 ψιλοί or light-armed troops. Hence

πελταστικός, ἡ, ὅν, *skilled in the use of the target*:
 τὸ πελταστικόν, = οἱ πελτασταί, *the body of targeteers*.

ΠΕ' ΑΤΗ, ἡ, a small light shield without a rim
 (ἔτυς), orig. used by the Thracians.

2. a body of
 targeteers (πελτασταί), as ἀσπίς for ἀσπισταί, ὄπλον
 for ὀπλίται.

II. a shaft, pole. III. a horse's
 ornament.

ΠΕΛΟ-ΦΟΡΟΣ, ον, (πέλτη, φέρω) *bearing a target*.

ΠΕ' ΑΩ, more common as Dep. πέλομαι, only used
 in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncope.
 forms, as 3 sing. impf. act. ἔπλεν for ἔπελεν; 2 sing.
 impf. med. ἔπλεο, ἔπλεν, for ἐπέλου; 3 sing. ἔπλετο
 for ἐπέλετο: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and
 3 sing. πελέσκεο, πελέσκετο: imperat. πέλεν: the
 pres. part. is syncope. in the compds. ἐπιπλόμενος,
 περιπλόμενος, for ἐπιπελόμενος, περιπελόμενος, but
 does not occur in the simple form:—orig. *to be in
 motion, to go or come, rise; κλαγγὴ πέλει οὐρανὸν*
πρὸς τὸν οὐρανὸν the cry goes up to heaven; γῆρας καὶ θάνατος
ἐπ' ἀνθρώποις πέλονται old age and death come upon
 men.

II. *to be, implying continuance, to be used
 or want to be: to become*.

ΠΕ' ΑΩΡ, τό, undeclined, a monster, of anything
 huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence

πελώριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, = πέλωρος, monstrous,
 huge, immense; τὰ πρὶν πελώρια *the mighty ones* of
 old.

πέλωρον, τό, = πέλωρ, a monster; πέλωρα θεῶν por-
 tents sent by the gods; strictly neut. of

πέλωρος, η, ον, (πέλωρ) monstrous, prodigious, huge,
 portentous; and so, terrible: neut. pl. as Adv., πέ-
 λωρα, hugely, portentously.

πέμμα, ατος, τό, (πέπεμαι) any kind of dressed
 food: esp. in plur. cakes, sweetmeats.

πεμμάτ-ουργός, ὁ, (πέμμα, ἔργον) a pastry-cook.

πεμπάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (πεμπάς, ἄρχω) a commander of
 a body of five.

πεμπάζω, f. ἄσω, *to count on the five fingers, count
 by fives: generally, to count*. From

πεμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Aeol. for πεντάς, the number five:
 a body of five.

πεμπαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (πεμπάζω) one who counts by fives:
 generally, one who counts, μύρια πεμπαστής reviewing
 by tens of thousands.

πέμπε, Aeol. for πέντε, five.

πεμπέμεναι, πεμπέμεν, Ep. for πέμπειν.

πέμπτως, α, ον, (πέμπτως) in five days, on the
 fifth day.

πεμπτ-ήμερος, ον, (πέμπτως, ἡμέρα) Dor. for πενθ-
 ἡμερος, of five days.

πεμπτέον, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, one must send.

πέμπτως, η, ον, (πέντε) the fifth; ἡ πέμπτῃ (sub.
 ἡμέρα) the fifth day.

πεμπτός, ἡ, ὅν, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, sent.

ΠΕ' ΜΠΩ, fut. πέμψω: aor. I ἐπέμψην: pf. πέμψα:
 pf. πέμψομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέμψην: pf. πέπεμαι,

3 sing. *πέμπονται*:—to send, despatch. II. to send off or away, dismiss, send home; *χωρὴ ξείνων παρέντα φιλεῖν, ἐθέλοντα δὲ πέμπειν* 'welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.' 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, discharge. III. to convey, attend, escort, conduct; *ὁ πέμπων the conductor*, of Mercury; *πομπὴν πέμπειν to conduct a procession*. 2. to send with one, esp. to take on a journey. IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., *πέμπεσθαι τινα to send for one*. 2. to send one's own or in one's own service.

πεμπώβολον, τό, (πέμπτε, ὀβολός) a five-pronged fork.

πέμψεις, 2 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of *πέμπω*. *πεμψέμεναι*, Ep. for *πέμψαι*, fut. inf. of *πέμπω*. *πέμψις*, eos, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending: a mission. *πεμψὶς, πεμψεί*, Dor. for *πέμψω, πέμψαι*. *πενέστερος, πενέστατος*, Comp. and Sup. of *πένης*. *πενέστης*, ου, ὁ, a servant, labourer; the *πενέσται* were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the *Εἰλωτες* in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war. II. generally, any slave, bondsman, poor man.

πένης, ητος, ὁ, (πένομαι) one who earns his daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II. as Adj. poor: c. gen., like Lat. *egens, πένης χρημάτων poor in money*.—Comp. *πενέστερος*, Sup. *πενέστατος*.

πεντητο-κόμος, ου, (πένης, κομέω) tending the poor. *πενθάλεος, α, ου, (πένθος) sad, mourning*. *πένθεια, ἡ*, collat. form of *πένθος*. *πενθείετον*, Ep. for *πενθεῖον*, 3 dual of *πενθέω*. *πενθερά, ἡ*, fem. of *πενθερός*, a mother-in-law, Lat. *socrus*.

ΠΕΝΘΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, a father-in-law, Lat. *socer*; also *ἐκνρός*. II. generally, a connexion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πενθέω, f. ἥσω; Ep. 3 dual *πενθείετον* for *πενθέετον*, *πενθείτον*: pres. inf. *πενθήμεναι* for *πενθεῖν*: (πένθος):—to bewail, lament, mourn for: Pass. to be mourned for. 2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (πενθέω) lamentation, mourning. *πενθήμεναι*, Ep. inf. pres. of *πενθέω*. *πενθ-ήμερος, ου, (πέντε, ἡμέρα) of, lasting five days*: *πενθήμερον, τό, a space of five days*.

πενθ-ἡμιμέρης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἡμιμέρης) consisting of five halves, i. e. of two and a half; hence in Prosody, *τομή πενθιμερῆς the caesura after two feet and a half*, as in Iamb. Trim., opp. to *τομή ἐφθιμερῆς the caesura after three feet and a half*.

πενθ-ἡμιποδιαίος, α, ου, (πέντε, ἡμιπόδιον) consisting of five half feet, i. e. of 2½ feet.

πενθήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (πενθέω) mournful, sorrowful, sad.

πενθήρης, ἐς, (πένθος, ἀρᾶειν) lamenting, mourning. *πενθητήρ, ηρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πενθέω) a mourner, wailer*. *πενθητήριος, α, ου, (πενθέω) in sign of mourning*.

πενθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of πενθητήρ. *πενθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πένθος) of or for grief, mourning, sorrowful*. Adv., *πενθικῶς ἔχειν τινός to be in mourning for a person*.

πένθιμος, ου, in token of grief, mourning, sorrowful. II. *mournful, wretched*. From

ΠΕΝΘΟΣ, eos, τό, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead. II. a misfortune.

πενία Ion. —*λη, ἡ, (πένομαι) poverty, need*, *πενιχράλεος, α, ου, collat. form of πενιχρός, poor*. *πενιχρός, ὁ, ὄν, like πένης, poor, needy*.

ΠΕΝΘΟΜΑΙ, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I. intr. to work for one's living, to toil, work, labour:—to be poor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, have need of. II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.

πενταδραχμία, ἡ, five drachms. From *πεντά-δραχμος, ου, (πέντε, δραχμή) of the weight or value of five drachms*.

πεντ-άθλιον, τό, ποῖτ. for πένταθλιον. *πεντ-άθλον, τό, ποῖτ. for πένταθλον*. *πεντ-άθλος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for πένταθλος*. *πενταετηρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, five years, a space of five years*. II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From

πεντᾶ-έτηρος, ου, ποῖτ. for πενταετής, five years old. *πεντᾶ-ετής, ἐς or πεντα-έτης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἔτος) five years old*. II. of Time, lasting five years: hence *πεντάετες*, as Adv. for five years.

πεντ-άθλον, τό, collat. form of πένταθλον. *πέντ-αθλον* Ion. *πεντ-άθλον, τό, (πέντε, ἄθλον) the contest of the five exercises; πεντάθλον ἀσκεῖν to practise the five exercises*. These were *ἀκον, δίσκος, δρόμος, πάλη, πυγμή*: but for the last the *ἀκόντισις* or *ἀκων* was substituted: the five are comprised in one Pentameter line,—*ἄλμα, ποδώκειαν, δίσκον, ἄκοντα, πάλην*.

πέντ-αθλος Ion. *πεντ-άθλος, ὁ, (πέντε, ἄθλον) one who practises the πένταθλον or five exercises, the conqueror in them*. II. metaph. one who tries his hand at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

πέντ-αίχμιος, ου, (πέντε, αἰχμή) five-pointed. *πεντάκις, Adv. (πέντε) five times*. *πεντάκις-μύριοι, α, α, five times 10,000 = 50,000*. *πεντάκις-χίλιοι, α, α, five times 1000 = 5000*.

πεντᾶκόσιοι, Ep. πεντηκόσιοι, α, α, (πέντε) five hundred: also in sing. with a collective noun, *πεντακοσία ἵππος five hundred horse*. II. at Athens, *οἱ πεντακόσιοι, = ἡ βουλὴ, the council of 500*, i. e. the senate chosen by lot (*οἱ ἀπὸ κνάμου*), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

πεντάκοσιο-μέδιμνος, ου, (πεντακόσιοι, μέδιμνος) possessing land that produced 500 medimni yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens the *πεντακοσιομέδιμμοι* formed the first class, the other three being the *ἱππεῖς, ξενύται, θῆτες*.

πεντάκοσιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεντακόσιοι) the five hundredth.

πεντᾶ-κύμια, ἡ, (πέντε, κύμα) the fifth wave, sup-

posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf. *τρι-
κυμία, δεκακυμία*.

*πεντά-πάλαστος, ον, (πέντε, παλαστή) five band-
breadths wide.*

*πεντά-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, (πέντε, πήχυς) five cubits
long or broad.*

πενταπλάσιος [α], α, ον, (πέντε) fivefold.

πενταπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πενταπλάσιος.

*πεντά-πολις, ή, (πέντε, πόλις) a state of five towns,
as Τρίπολις was a state of three, Δεκάπολις of ten.*

πεντάρ-ράγος, ον, (πέντε, ράξ) with five berries.

*πεντα-σπιδάμος, ον, (πέντε, σπιθαμή) five spans
long or broad. [Σ]*

*πεντά-στίχος, ον, (πέντε, στίχος) of five lines or
verses.*

*πεντά-στομος, ον, (πέντε, στόμα) with five mouths
or openings, of the Nile and Danube.*

*πεντά-τευχος, ον, (πέντε, τεύχος) consisting of five
books in one volume: as Subst., πεντάτευχος (sc.
βίβλος), ή, the five books of Moses, Pentateuch.*

*πεντά-φύης, ές, (πέντε, φύή) five in nature or
number.*

*πένταχά, Adv. (πέντε) fivefold, five-ways, in five
divisions.*

πενταχού, Adv. (πέντε) in five places.

PENTE Aeol. πέμπε, οί, αί, τά, indecl. *five*, Lat.
quinque. In Compos. it takes the form *πεντα-* as
well as *πεντε-*.

πεντε-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. fifteen.

*πεντεκαίδεκά-ναῦα, ή, (πεντεκαίδεκα, ναῦς) a squad-
ron of fifteen ships.*

*πεντεκαίδεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (πεντεκαίδεκα, τάλαν-
τον) of fifteen talents worth or weight.*

πεντε-και-δέκατος, η, ον, fifteenth.

πεντεκαδεκ-ήρης, ές, with fifteen banks of oars.

*πεντε-σύριγγος, ον, (πέντε, σύριγξ) with five pipes
or bores; ξύλον πεντεσύριγγον a wooden machine fur-
nished with five bores, through which the head, arms,
and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of pillory.*

*πεντε-τάλαντος, ον, (πέντε, τάλαντον) worth five
talents: for the recovery of five talents, of a law-suit.*

*πεντ-ετηρίς, ιδος, ή, a term or space of five years;
διὰ πεντετηρίδος at intervals of five years, every five
years.*

*II. a festival celebrated every five years,
such as the Panathenaea at Athens.*

*πεντ-έτης, ές, (πέντε, έτος) of five years, lasting
five years.*

πεντε-τριάζω, to conquer five times.

πεντηκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (πέντε) fifty.

πεντηκοντά-ετις, ιδος, ή, fem. of

*πεντηκοντά-ετής, ές or -έτης, ές, contr. -ούτης,
(πεντήκοντα, έτος) of fifty years, lasting for fifty years.*

*πεντηκοντά-κάρηνος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον)
fifty-beaded.*

*πεντηκοντά-κέφαλος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή) =
πεντηκοντακάρηνος.*

*πεντηκοντά-παις, -παιδος, ό, ή, consisting of fifty
children.*

*πεντηκόντ-αρχος, ό, (πεντήκοντα, αρχω) the com-
mander of fifty men.*

II. one who commands a

πεντηκόντορος, the captain of a penteconter.

πεντηκόντερος, ή, = πεντηκόντορος.

πεντηκοντήρ, ήρος, ό, (πεντήκοντα) the commander

of fifty men, a title peculiar to the Spartan army.

*πεντηκοντό-γῡος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, γῡα) of fifty
acres of corn-land.*

πεντηκοντό-όργυιος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, όργυια) fifty

fathoms deep, bigb, etc.

*πεντηκόντορος, ή, with and without ναῦς, (πεντή-
κοντα) a ship of burden with fifty oars.*

πεντηκοντ-ούτης, ές, contr. for πεντηκονταέτης.

πεντηκόσιοι, αι, α, Ep. for πεντάκοσιοι.

πεντηκοστέω, έ, σω, (πεντηκοστή) to collect the tax

πεντηκοστή or two per cent:—Pass. to pay the tax.

πεντηκοστή, ή, see πεντηκοστός.

πεντηκοστήρ, ήρος, ό, = πεντηκοστήρ.

πεντηκοστο-λόγος, ον, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) collect-

ing the tax πεντηκοστή: as Subst., πεντηκοστολόγος,

ό, the collector of the πεντηκοστή.

πεντηκοστό-παις, -παιδος, ό, ή, (πεντήκοντα, παῖς)

with fifty children.

πεντηκοστός, ή, όν, (πεντήκοντα) fiftieth.

II. as Subst., πεντηκοστή, ή, I. (sub. μερίς), the fiftieth

part, at Athens, the tax of the fiftieth, or two per cent.,

imposed on all exports and imports.

2. (sub. ήμέρα), the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of

Pentecost. Hence

πεντηκοστής, ύος, ή, the number fifty, a number of

fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.

πεντ-ήρης, ές, (πέντε, έρεσσω) with five banks of oars:

as Subst., πεντήρης (sub. ναῦς), ή, a quinquereme.

πεντ-όζος, ον, (πέντε, όζος) having five branches or

points: Hes. calls the hand πέντοζον, the five-pointed.

πεντ-όργυιος, ον, (πέντε, όργυια) of five fathoms.

πεντ-ώβολος, ον, (πέντε, ύβολός) of or worth five

obols: as Subst., πεντάβολον, τό, a five-obol piece;

πεντάβολον ήλιάσασθαι to sit in the court Heliaea at

five obols a day.

πεξαμένη, α, I med. part. fem. of πέκω.

πεξώ, Dor. for πέξω, fut. of πέκω.

ΠΕ'ΟΣ, eos, τό, *membrum virile*, Lat. *penis*.

πεπαῖθια, Ep. for πεπονθυῖα, pf. part. fem. of πάσχω.

πεπαῖνω, f. άνω; aor. I έπέπανα: Pass., fut. πεπαυ-

θήσομαι: aor. I έπέπανην: pf. inf. πεπαῖναι: (πέ-

παυ):—to ripen, make ripe or mellow: of pain, etc.,

to soothe, assuage, soften:—Pass. to become ripe, soft,

mellow: to be softened.

II. intr. to become ripe

mellow.

πεπαίτερος, πεπαίτατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of

πέπαυ.

πεπαλαγμένος, πεπαλάχθαι, pf. pass. part. and inf.

of παλάσσω.

πεπάλακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of παλάσσω.

πεπαλίσσμαι, pf. pass. of παλίων.

πέπαλμαι, pf. pass. of πάλλω.

πεπαλόν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. of πάλλω.

πέπαμαι, pf. of πάομαι.
 πέπαυον, *ov*, collat. form of πέπων, *ripe, mellow*.
 πεπαῖρειν, an old aor. 2 inf. *to display, manifest*.
 πέπαρμαι, pf. pass. of πείρω: inf. πεπαράθαι.
 πεπαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of πείρω.
 πεπαῖσθαι, pf. inf. of πατέομαι.
 πεπαῖσθαι, pf. inf. of πάομαι, *to possess*.
 πέπασαι, πεπαῖσθαι, pf. and plqpf. of πατέομαι.
 πεπαχυσμαι, pf. pass. of παχύνω.
 πεπειῖσθαι, *Ion*, 3 pl. pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πέπεικα, pf. of πείθω.
 πέπειρος, *ov*, also fem. πέπειρα, = πέπων, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *maturus*: metaph. *mild, softened*.
 πέπεισθι, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of πείθω.
 πέπεισμαι, pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πέπερασμαι, pf. pass. of περαίνω.
 πεπερημένος, Ep. pf. part. pass. of περάω.
 πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγνυμι.
 πεπίεσμαι, pf. pass. of πνέω.
 πεπιῖσθαι, redupl. aor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.
 πεπιῖσθαι, Ep. fut. of πείθω.
 πέπιον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of πείθω; πεπιῖσθαι I pl. subj.; *πεπιῖσθαι*, *Ion*, 3 pl. opt.: inf. *πεπιῖναι*, fem. part. *πεπιῖσα*.
 πεπλάνημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of πλανάω, *roaming, wandering*.
 πέπλασμαι, pf. pass. of πλάσσω.
 πέπλευσμαι, pf. pass. of πλέω.
 πεπληγμένω, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of πλήσσω.
 πέπληγον, πεπληγόμεν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med. of πλήσσω.
 πεπληγώς, pf. part. of πλήσσω.
 πέπλημαι, pf. pass. of πελάζω.
 ΠΕΠΛΟΣ, *δ*, in Poets also with irreg. pl. πέπλα, *τά*, Lat. *perulum*, *any woven cloth used for a covering, a sheet, hanging, curtain*. II. *a large full robe or shawl worn by women: esp. the robe of Minerva, which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic festival*. III. also *a man's cloak or robe, of the long Eastern dress*.
 πέπλωμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf. πεπλῦσθαι.
 πέπλωμα, *ατος, τό*, (πέπλος) *a flowing robe, garment*.
 πέπνυμαι, poet. pf. pass. of πνέω, used as pres., *to have breath or soul; metaph. to be wise, discreet, prudent, sage*; 2 sing. πέπνυσαι; inf. πεπνύσθαι; 2 sing. plqpf. πέπνυσσο:—part. πεπνυμένος used as Adj. *sage, wise, prudent*.
 πεπνυμένος, part. of πέπνυμαι.
 πέποιθα, perf. med. of πείθω, *to trust, rely on*. Hence *πειπίθει*, Ep. for *ἐπειπίθει*, plqpf. med. of πείθω.
 πεποιθήσις, *ῆ*, *trust, reliance, boldness*.
 πεποιθοῖν, opt. of πέποιθα.
 πεποιθόμεν, Ep. for *ἐπειθόμεν*, I pl. subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεποιθός, subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεπόδιστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πορίζω.
 πέπομαι, pf. pass. of πίνω.
 πεπόνητο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πονέω.

πέπονθα, pf. 2 of πάσχω.
 πέπορθα, pf. med. of πέρω.
 πέποσθε, Ep. for *πεπόνθατε*, 2 pl. pf. of πάσχω.
 πεποτήται, Ep. for *πεπότηνται*, 3 pl. pf. of ποτάομαι: *πεποτήσθαι*, inf. of same.
 πέπραγα, pf. 2 of πράσσω.
 πέπραγμα, pf. pass. of πράσσω.
 πέπρακα, πέπραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πιπράσκω.
 πέπρισμαι, pf. pass. of πρίω.
 πέπρωται, πέπρωτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of an obsol. Verb *πόρω (from which also comes aor. 2 *ἐπορον*):—*it has, had been fated*; part. *πεπωμένος, fated: ἡ πεπωμένη (sub. μοῖρα, ἡβή), that which is fated, fate, destiny, like εἰμαμένη*.
 πέπταμαι, pf. pass. of πετάννυμι: part. *πεπταμένος, fated: ἡ πεπωμένη (sub. μοῖρα, ἡβή), that which is fated, fate, destiny, like εἰμαμένη*.
 πεπτάται, for *πετάνται*, 3 pl. pf. pass. of πετάννυμι.
 πεπτῶτα, for *πεπτῶτα*, pf. part. nom. and acc. neut. of πίπτω.
 πεπτηγός, Ep. for *πεπτηκός*, pf. part. of πτήσσω, *frightened, timid, shy*.
 πέπτωκα, pf. of πίπτω.
 πεπτώς, Att. pf. part. of πίπτω.
 πέπτω, see πέσσω.
 πεπύθοιτο [ῥ], 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 opt. of πυνθάνομαι.
 πεπύκασμένος, pf. pass. part. of πυκάζω.
 πέπυσμαι, pf. of πυνθάνομαι: inf. *πεπύσθαι*.
 πέπυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of πυνθάνομαι.
 πέπωκα, pf. of πίνω.
 ΠΕΤΙΩΝ, *ov*, gen. *ovos*; Comp. and Sup. *πεπαίτερος, -τατος*:—of fruit, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *mitis, maturus*. II. metaph. *soft, tender, gentle*: also *softened, assuaged*: often used in addressing a person, *ὦ πέπον*, as Subst., *oh my friend*: so, *κρίε πέπον my pet ram*: in bad sense, *ὦ πέπονες ye weaklings, ye dastards*.
 ΠΕΤ, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to which it is annexed: *much, very*, often with an Adj. and the part. of εἰμί, *ἐπεὶ μ' ἔτεκές γε μινυθαδὶόν περ ἔοντα* since you have given birth to me all short-lived as I am: also with an Adj. only, *κρατερός περ strong as he is*; or with an Adv., *μινυθά περ for a very little time*; *ὀλίγον περ little as it is*. 2. to call attention to something objected to, *albeit, though, however*; so, *λαγύς περ ἔδν ἀγορητής however loud-tongued a talker he be*. 3. also to strengthen a negation, *οὐδέ περ, no, not even, not at all*, where, as in Lat. *ne . . quidem*, *οὐδέ* is divided by one or more words from *περ*. II. to call attention to one or more things, *however, at any rate, yet*, as, *ἄλλους περ ἔλεαυε* pity others at any rate. III. *περ* is often attached to a relat. Pron., Adj. or Adv., as *ὅσπερ, ἥπερ, διόπερ, ὥσπερ*, etc.
 πέρα, Adv. *beyond, across or over, further*, Lat. *ultra*; *μέχρι τοῦ μέσου πέρα δ' οὐ* as far as the middle, but *no further*. II. of Time, *beyond, longer*: c. gen., *πέρα μεσούσης ἡμέρας beyond midday*. III. metaph. *beyond measure, excessively*: c. gen., *πέρα*

δικης *beyond all justice*: IV. absol. expressing something greater; ἀπὸστα καὶ πέρα κλύων hearing things incredible, and more than that.

περάδην, Ep. for περᾶν, pres. inf. of περάω.

περάσκει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of περάω.

περάθεν Ion. πέρηθεν, Adv. (πέρα) from beyond, from the far side.

περαῖνα, aor. I ἐπεράνα: Pass., aor. I ἐπεράνθη: pf. πεπέρασαι, inf. πεπεράσθαι: (πέρας):—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished; to be fulfilled, accomplished. 2. περαίνειν λόγον to end a discourse: hence absol. to conclude, come to an end.

II. intr. to extend, reach, or penetrate.

περαῖος, α, ον, (πέραν) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river. II. ἡ περαιή (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite. Hence

περαιῶς, f. ὥς: aor. I ἐπεραιῶσα: Pass, f. περαιωθήσομαι: aor. I ἐπεραιώθη: pf. πεπεραιώμαι:—to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, carry over or across:—Pass. to pass over, cross. II. intr. in Act. to cross, pass over.

περαιότερος, α, ον, Comp. of πέρα, beyond, further; ὁδοὶ περαιότεραι roads leading further: Adv. περαιότερος: also neut. περαιότερον, further, beyond.

περᾶν Ion. and Ep. πέρην, Adv. (πέρα) on the other side of, across, Lat. trans, c. gen. 2. absol. over, to or on the opposite side: πέραν εἰς τὴν Ἀσίαν διαβῆναι to cross over into Asia. II. over against, c. gen., as, Χαλκίδος πέραν. III. sometimes = πέρα, out beyond.

περαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (περαῖνω) conclusive.

περ-ἄπτα, Aeol. for περῖαπτα.

περάς, ἄρος, τό, (πέρα) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last. 2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. meta. II. metaph. accomplishment, the power of accomplishing.

περάσιμος, ον, (περάω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable. [ᾶ]

περάσις, ἡ, (περάω) a going beyond, passing; βίου περάσις passage from life (to death).

περάτος, η, ον, (πέρα) on the opposite side, Lat. ulterior.

II. ἡ περάτη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the heavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περᾶτός Ion. περητός, ἡ, ὄν, (περάω) like περάσιμος, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. περᾶν Ep. περάαν: Ion. impf. περάσκειν: fut. περάσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἐπέρσω, pf. inf. περησέμεναι: aor. I ἐπέρᾶσα Ion. ἐπέρησα: pf. πεπέρᾶκα (πέρα): I. trans. to drive right across or through. 2. to pass across or through, to pass over, cross, traverse; τάφος ἀργαλή περάω a ditch hard to pass; metaph., κίνδυνον περᾶν to pass through a danger; περᾶν ὄρκον to go through or recite the terms of an oath. 3. to let go through. II.

intr. to penetrate or pierce right through: to extend, reach. 2. to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B), fut. περάσω [ᾶ] Ep. περάσσω Att. περῶ: aor. I ἐπέρᾶσα Ep. ἐπέρᾶσσα: pf. pass. πεπέρημαι: (πέρα):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves; περᾶν τινα Λήμνον to sell one to Lemnos.

Περγᾶμία, ἡ, = Πέργαμος.

Περγᾶμος, ἡ, Pergamos, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. Πέργαμα, τά. II. πέργαμα, τά, as appellat., like ἀκρόπολις, the citadel of any town.

ΠΕΡΑΙΣ, ἱκος or ἱκος, ὁ and ἡ, the partridge, Lat. perdix, -icis.

ΠΕΡΑΘΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with act. aor. 2 ἐπαρδον, pf. πέπορθα:—to break wind.

περεμμένον, Aeol. for περιεμμένον, pf. pass. part. of περιέννυμι.

πέρην, Adv., Ion. for πέραν.

περησέμεναι, Ep. for περήσειν, fut. inf. of περάω.

περητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for περᾶτός.

πέρθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of πέρθω.

ΠΕΡΘΩ, fut. πέρσω: pf. πέπορθα: aor. I ἐπέρσα: aor. 2 ἐπρᾶθον, inf. πρᾶθῆν Ep. πρᾶθῆναι:—Pass. with fut. med. πέρσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 inf. πέρθαι, like δέχθαι from δέχομαι:—to waste, ravage, sack, rase. 2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay. 3. of things, to destroy. II. to get by plunder.

ΠΕΡΙ΄, Prep., with gen., dat., et acc.: Radic. sense, all around, about.

WITH GENITIVE. I. of Place, around, about, near. II. Causal, about, concerning, on, of; περὶ νόστου ἄκουσα I have heard of his return; λέγειν περὶ τίνος to speak of a subject. 2. about, for, on account of; βουλευέιν περὶ φόνου to lay plans for the slaying. 3. of contending for an object; περὶ θανόντος for the dead; θεῖν περὶ ψυχῆς to run for one's life; μάχεσθαι περὶ πόλιος to fight for the city. 4. of the motive; περὶ ἐρίδος μάρανσθαι to fight for very enmity's sake. 5. with a Subst., as to, in reference to, with regard to, about; ἀριθμοῦ περὶ as to number. III. like Lat. prae, before, above, beyond; περὶ πάντων ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be above or before all the rest: in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen. IV. the following phrases are of common occurrence: περὶ πολλοῦ ἔστιν ἡμῖν it is of much consequence to us; περὶ πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι or ἡγεῖσθαι τι to reckon a thing worth much; περὶ πλείονος, περὶ ὀλίγου, περὶ οὐδενός ποιεῖσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

WITH DATIVE of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about: I. of Place, around, round about; περὶ χροῖ close round the skin; χεῖρ περὶ ἔγχυε the hand round, grasping the spear; ἀσπαίρειν περὶ δοῦρι to quiver round or on the spear. 2. hard by, near, always of several, as en-

compassing round about one.

II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχεσθαι περὶ οἷσι κτεάτεσσι to fight for one's own possessions. 2. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing, for, about, on account of. 3. by reason of, like Lat. *propter*: περὶ φόβῳ for fear; περὶ χάρατι for joy.

WITH ACCUS. of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: I. of Place, about, around, near, by; ἡ περὶ Κνίδον ναυμαχία the sea-fight off Cnidus; περὶ τὰ ἔλα οἰκέουσι they dwell all about the marshes; πλεῖνες περὶ ἕνα many round about one, many to one.

II. of persons who are about one, as attendants, comrades, like οἱ ἀμφὶ τινα; τὰ περὶ τι all that belongs to a thing. III. of the object with which one is occupied, esp. of the place; περὶ δόρπα πονεῖσθαι to be busy about supper: metaph., ἡ φιλοσοφία περὶ ἀληθείαν ἐστὶ philosophy is occupied about or with truth. 2. in relation or reference to, with regard to; τὰ περὶ τὸν Κῦρον οὕτως ἐγένετο the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned out thus.

IV. of Time, about, Lat. *circa*; περὶ τούτους χρόνους: also of numbers, περὶ τριαχιλίουσιν about 3000.

IN POSITION, *περὶ* may follow its Subst. in all cases, and then it becomes proxyt. *περί*.

As ADV., *περί*, around, about, also near, by. II. also *περί*, with accent thrown back, before, above, exceedingly, above measure: so in phrases, *περί κῆρι*, *περί θυμῷ* beyond measure in heart or soul; where *περί* must not be taken as Prep. with the dat.

Περί sometimes stands for *περίεστι*.

IN COMPOS. all its chief senses recur: around, about, as in *περιβάλλω*, *περι-έχω*, *περι-βαίνω*. II. a going beyond, exceeding, as in *περι-γίγνομαι*, *περι-εργάζομαι*.

III. beyond measure, very, exceedingly, as in *περι-καλλής*, *περι-δεῖδι*, like Lat. *per-* in *per-multus*, *per-gratus*.

QUANTITY. Though *ε* in *περὶ* is short, yet it is not properly elided before a vowel.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΓΓΕΛΛΩ, *π. ἀγγεῖν*, to announce by a message sent round: absol. to send or carry a message round.

II. c. dat. et inf. to send round orders for people to do something; *π. παρασκευάσθαι* to send orders round to make ready; *π. ναῦς* to order ships.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΓΓΗΣ, *ἐς*, (*περί*, ἔαγα) broken in pieces. II. Dor. for *περηγῆς*.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΝΓΥΜΙ and *-ῶν*, *π. ἀνγν*, to break all round, break in pieces:—Pass., *δὲς περιάγνυται* the voice is echoed all round.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΓΩ, *π. ἀγω*, to lead round, drive round; c. acc. loci, *περιάγουσι τὴν λίμνην κύκλῳ* they drive round the lake in a circle. 2. to lead about with one: so also in Med.

3. to turn round: also to twist or wrench round. II. intr. to go round; *περιάγειν τὰς πόλεις* to go round the cities. [ᾱ] Hence

ΠΕΡΙΔΥΓΑΓΕΩΣ, *ἑὺς*, *ὅ*, a machine for twisting round, a tourniquet.

ΠΕΡΙΑΓΩΓῆ, *ἡ*, (*περιάγω*) a turning round, revolution.

ΠΕΡΙΑΙΡΕΤΕΣ, *ἡ*, *ὅν*, able to be taken off. From **ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΙΡΕΩ**, *π. αἰρῶ*, aor. 2 *περιείλον*, inf. *περιελῖν*:—to take away all round, as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one.

II. Med. to take off from oneself; *περαιρεῖσθαι κνέην* to take off one's helmet; *βιβλίον περαιρεῖμενος* taking the cover off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act.

III. Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one: also to have a thing taken away from one.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΛΓΕΩ, *π. ἥσω*, to be greatly distressed.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΛΕΪΦΩ, *π. ψω*, to anoint or smear all over.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΛΛΟΣ, *ὅν*, (*περί*, ἄλλος) beyond or before others:—neut. pl. *περίαλλα* as Adv., before all: exceedingly.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΛΟΥΡΓΟΣ, *ὅν*, (*περί*, ἀλουργός) dyed with purple all round: metaph., *κακοῖς περιαιουργός* double-dyed in villany.

ΠΕΡΙΑΜΑ, *αὐτός*, *τό*, (*περιάπτω*) anything fastened round one, an amulet.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΜΠΕΧΩ, *π. ἀμφέω*; aor. 2 *περήμπεσχον*:—to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put on.

II. to cover all round.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΜΠΙΣΧΩ, *impf.* *-ῆμι* *πισχω*, = *περιαμπέχω*.

ΠΕΡΙΑΠΤΟΣ, *ὅν*, bung about or upon:—as Subst., *περίαπτον*, *τό*, = *περίαμμα*. From

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΠΤΩ, *π. ψω*, to fasten about, attach to:—Med.

to put round oneself, to gain for oneself.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΡΜΟΖΩ Att. *-όττω*, *π. ὀσσω*, to fasten or fit on all round:—Pass. to have fastened round or fitted on.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΣΤΡΑΠΤΩ, *π. ψω*, to lighten or flash all round.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΣΧΟΛΕΩ, *π. ἥσω*, to be busy about a thing.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΑΥΧΕΝΙΟΣ, *ὅν*, (*περί*, αὐχὴν) worn round the neck; as Subst., *περιαυχένιον*, *τό*, a necklace.

ΠΕΡΙΑΧΩ, Ep. for *περίαχω*, *impf.* of *περιάχω*.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΒΑΛΩ, *π. βήσομαι*; aor. 2 *περιέβην*; pf. *περιέβηκα*:—to go round about or to bestride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., *περιβήναι ἀδελφεῷ κταμένῳ* to stand over his slain brother: of sound, to float around.

ΠΕΡΙ-ΒΑΛΛΩ, *π. βάλω*; aor. 2 *περιέβαλον*; pf. *περιέβηλα*:—to throw round, about, or over, put on or over, invest with; *περιβάλλειν τινά χαλκῷ* to fix him round a sword, i. e. to stab him. 2. Med., with pf. pass. *περιέβηται*, to throw round or over oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc., *τείχος περιβάλλεσθαι πόλιν* to build a wall round a city.

II. metaph. to put round or upon a person, invest with. 2. to attribute or ascribe to a person.

3. to surround, encompass, enclose with a thing: metaph. to involve or implicate in evils, etc. 4. c. acc. only, to embrace, encompass, surround; *περιβάλλει με σκότος* darkness encompasses me.

5. of ships, to fetch a compass round, double.

6. to frequent, be fond of a place.

III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to compass, aim at, Lat. *affectare*: pf. pass. to be in

possession of. IV. to throw beyond: beat in throwing: generally, to beat, excel.

περι-βάριδες, αἱ, (περί, βάρις) a sort of women's shoes.

περί-βάρυς, υ, gen. εος, exceeding heavy.

περιβάς, ἄσα, ἀν, aor. 2 part. of περιβαίνω.

περιβέλλωμαι, pf. pass. of περιβάλλω.

περιβή, Ep. for περιέβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of περιβαίνω.

περιβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.

περιβλέπτος, ον, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περι-βλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze around.

II. trans. to look at on all sides, look much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:—Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

περιβλητός, ον, (περιβάλλω) put round or on.

περιβόητος, ον, (περιβόω) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense: hence either famous, extolled: or exclaimed against. II. act. with loud cries.

περιβόλαιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is put round one, a covering, garment.

περιβολή, ἡ, (περιβάλλω) anything thrown or put round: περιβολή εἴφεος the sheath of a sword: walls thrown round a town. II. a space enclosed, compass.

III. a circumference, circuit. IV. metaph. a compassing, aiming at.

περιβολος, ον, (περιβάλλω) going round, compassing, encircling. II. as Subst., περίβολος, ὁ, = περιβολή, anything thrown round: οἱ περίβολοι walls thrown round a town. 2. an enclosure, circuit, compass.

περι-βομβέω, f. ἤσω, to bum round.

περι-βουνος, ον, surrounded by hills.

περι-βρύχιονον, τό, (περί, βραχίον) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm.

περι-βρύχιος, α, ον, (περί, βρύχιος) surging all round [ἔν]

περί-βυτος, ον, Ion. for περιβόητος.

περι-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later form -γίνομαι [ἔ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:—to be over or above:

I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. gen.

II. to live over: to survive, get over, escape from. 2. of things, to remain over and above. 3. also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. περίεμ (εἰμ sum).

περι-γλάγῃς, ἐς, (περί, γλάγος) full of milk.

περι-γληνάομαι, Dep. (περί, γληνή):—to turn round the eyeballs, glare around.

περί-γλωσσος, ον, (περί, γλῶσσα) eloquent.

περι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend round, fetch a compass round, double a headland.

περι-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περι-γράμμα, ατος, τό, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περιγραπτός, ον, (περιγράφω) marked round, fenced in, enclosed.

περιγράφῃ, ἡ, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περι-γράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe: περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round. 2. to define, determine. II. to draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare. III. to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περιδδεῖσα, Ep. for περιέδεῖσα, aor. I of περιδεῖω.

περι-δέδρομα, pf. of περιτρέχω.

περι-δέης, ἐς, (περί, δέος) very timid or fearful: Adv. -ῶς, in great fear.

περιδεῖδια, Ep. pf. of περιδεῖω.

περι-δεῖδω, f. -δέσσομαι: aor. I περιέδεῖσα Ep. περιδέσσεια, part. περιδέσσειας: pf. περιδέδοικα Ep. περιδέδω:—to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

περι-δειπνον, τό, (περί, δείπνον) a funeral feast.

περι-δέξιος, ον, like ἀμφιδέξιος, using both hands alike, Lat. ambi-dexter. II. generally, very dexterous, versatile, or expert.

περι-δέркоμαι, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about. II. trans. to look earnestly at.

περι-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind, tie round or on:—Med. to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήριτος, ον, (περί, δηρίω) fought for, disputed.

περι-δίδωμι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. -διδούς, -δίδοι: f. -δώσω:—to give round. II. Med. περιδίδωμαι, fut. -δώσομαι: aor. 2 -έδομην:—to stake or, wager, c. gen. rei: τρίποδος περιδώμεθον let us make a wager of a tripod: ἐμέθεν περιδώσομαι αὐτῆς I will wager for myself, i. e. pledge myself: περιδίδωμαι περὶ τῆς κεφαλῆς I stake my head: absol. περιδύω νῦν ἐμοὶ come now, lay a wager with me.

περι-δίνεω, f. ἤσω, to whirl or wheel round:—Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top: περιδινθήτην, Ep. 3 dual aor. I.

περι-δινής, ἐς, (περιδινέω) whirled round.

περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιδεῖω: to be much afraid about one.

περιδύω, aor. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδωμι.

περιδράμων, Ep. for περιέδραμον, aor. 2 of περιτρέχω.

περι-δράσσομαι, Dep. to grasp round with the band.

περι-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of περιδρομος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ἡ, (περιδρομος) a running round and round, a circuit. 2. a revolution, orbit.

περιδρομος, ον, (περιδραμεῖν) running round, surrounding: circular. 2. going about, roaming.

3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached. II. as Subst., περιδρομος, ὁ, like περιδρομή, that which surrounds or encompasses: as I. the string that runs round a net for closing it. 2. a gallery running round a building. 3. the rim of a shield.

περι-δρύπτω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:—Pass., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I περιδρύφθη, be had the skin torn off all round.

περι-δύω, f. -ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off.

περιδῶμεθον, I dual aor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι.
 περι-εἰδετο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of περιδίδωμι.
 περι-ἔζωσμαι, pf. pass. of περιζώννυμι.
 περι-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, περιοράω
 being used instead:—to look about for, await. 2.
 to overlook, neglect, disregard, hence also to let pass,
 allow, suffer. II. pf. περίοιδα with pres. sense; *plqpf.*
 περιήβην with impf. sense, Att. περιήβη; inf.
 περιειδέναι Ep. περιβόμεναι to know or understand
 better; βουλή περιδιδμεναι ἄλλων to be better in
 counsel than others.

περιελάς, ἄδος, ἥ, (περιείλω) wound round, en-
 circling.

περι-εἰλίσσω, Ion. for περιελίσσω.

περιεῖλον, aor. 2 of περιαιρέω.

περι-ἔλλω or -εἰλέω, to fold or wrap round:—
 Pass. to be wrapped round. 2. to wrap up.

περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμί sum) to be around; τὰ περι-
 όντα circumstances. II. to be better than or su-
 perior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number,
 outnumber. III. to over-live, outlive: absol. to sur-
 vive: of things, to be extant. 2. of property, to be
 over and above, to remain in hand. IV. to re-
 main as a result or consequence, come about, ensue:

cf. περιγίγνομαι.
 περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμί ibo) to go round or about,
 fetch a compass. 2. c. acc. to go round, compass;
 περιμένα φυλακὰς to be the rounds of the guards. II.
 to come round to in turn. III. of Time, χρόνου
 περιόντος as time came round.

περι-εἶρω, to insert or fix round.
 περιέκρυβεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. or 3 pl. aor. 2 pass.
 of περικρύπτω.

περιέλαισις, εως, ἥ, a driving or riding round: a
 place for driving round. From

περι-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω: aor. I -ἤλασα: pf. -ελη-
 λάκα:—to drive round, push about, of cups. 2. to
 drive about, harass, distress. II. (sub. ἄρμα, ἵπ-
 πον, etc.) to drive or ride round.

περιελείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιαιρέω.

περι-ελίσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -ελίσσω:—f. ζω:—to
 roll or wind round:—Med. to roll round oneself.

περι-ἔλκω, f. -ελκύω [ῥ], to drag round or about.
 περι-έννυμι, to put round:—Med. to draw round one.

περιεπατήκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of περιπατέω.

περιέπεσον, aor. 2 of περιπίπτω.

περι-ἔπω, impf. περιείπον: fut. περιέψω: aor. 2
 περίσπον, inf. περισπέν: fut. med. inf. περιέψεσθαι:

aor. I pass. inf. περιεφθῆναι:—to be busy about, tend
 diligently, take care of: of persons, to treat with at-
 tention; εὖ περιέπειν τινά to treat a man well; but,
 τρηχέως περιέπειν to handle roughly:—so in Pass.,
 τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι ὑπό τινος to be roughly handled
 by one; καλῶς περιέπεσθαι to be well treated:—also,
 περιέπειν τινά ὡς or ὅτε πολέμιον to treat one as an
 enemy.

περι-εργάζομαι, f. -σομαι: pf. -εἰργασμαι: Dep.:—
 to waste one's labour: to be employed overmuch about

a thing, to be over-officious; τῷ θυλάκῳ περιεργά-
 σθαι (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their
 'sack' (i.e. need not have used the word). 2. to
 meddle, interfere, be officious.

περί-εργος, ov, (περί, ἔργον) over-careful, taking
 needless trouble: τὰ περίεργα curious arts. 2.
 meddling, interfering, officious. II. pass. over-
 wrought, elaborate, expensive. 2. superfluous.

περι-ἔργω Att. -εἰργω, f. ζω, to enclose all round,
 encompass.

περι-ερρήν, aor. 2 pass. of περιρρέω.

περι-ἔρρω, to wander or ramble about.

περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιηρόμην: f. -ελεύσομαι:
 aor. 2 -ἤλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go round, go
 about: esp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire:
 c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession. 2. of
 Time, to come round. II. to go round and re-
 turn to a spot, to come round to; ἡ τίσις περι-
 ἦλθε τὸν Πανιάνιον vengeance came at last upon
 him.

III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire,
 to come round, overreach, cheat.

περι-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι, to gnaw round about.

περίσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω.

περιεσπάτω, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περισπᾶω.

περί-εσσι, Ep. for περί-ει, 2 sing. of περιεἰμι (εἰμί sum).

περίεστος, pf. part. of περιόστημα.

περι-έσχατος, η, ov, about the last.

περίεσχον, aor. 2 of περιέχω.

περι-έφθος, ov, (περί, ἐφθός) thoroughly boiled.

περι-έχω, f. περιέξω and περισχίσω: aor. 2 περιέ-
 σχον, inf. περισχεῖν: aor. 2 med. περιεσχόμεν, inf.
 περισχίσθαι:—to hold around, encompass, embrace,
 surround: of a city, to beleaguer or blockade. II.

like περιεἰμι (εἰμί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass,
 overcome: esp. to outnumber, to outflank. III.

Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, to pro-
 tect. 2. to hold fast on by, to cling to, cleave

to. 3. to be pressing, urgent with.

περι-ζάμενως, Adv. (περί, ζαμενής) very powerfully
 or violently.

περι-ζέω poet. -ζείω, f. -ζέσω, to boil round about.

περί-ζέως, ov, also περιζεύξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἥ, (περί, ζυ-
 γόν) over and above a pair, more than a pair: so,
 of horses' harness, περίζυγα are spare straps.

περίζωμα, atos, τό, an apron. From

περι-ζώννυμι or -ύω: f. -ζώω: to gird round:—
 Med. to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or apron.

Hence

περιζώσάμενος, aor. I med. part.

περι-ζώστρα, ἥ, (περί, ζώστρον) a girdle, apron.

περι-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to lead round about,
 shew the way round. Hence

περιήγης, ές, (περιάγω) drawn round, lying in a
 circle, forming a circle: circular.

περιήγησις, εως, ἥ, like περιγραφή, a sketch, out-
 line: generally, a form, figure.

περιήδη, Att. plqpf. of περίοιδα: see περιεῖδον.

περι-ήκω, f. ζω, to have come round to one, to have

arrived at last: c. acc., τὰ σὲ περιήκοντα *ibat* which has come round to thee, fallen upon thee.

περιήλθον, aor. 2 part. of περιέρχομαι.

περιήλυσσι, ἡ, (περιέρχομαι) a coming round, revolution.

περιήκτεω, f. ἦσω, to be greatly aggrieved or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat.: c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrieved at or with him. (The deriv. of ἡκτεώ is uncertain.)

περιήνεκα, Ion. aor. 1 of περιφέρω.

περι-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to echo or ring all round.

περι-θαλπής, ἐς, (περί, θάλπος) very warm or hot.

περιθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of περιτίθημι.

περιθέσας, εἰς, ἡ, (περιτίθημι) a placing or putting round, putting on.

περιθετός, ἡ, ὄν, and περίθετος, ὄν, (περιτίθημι) put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.

περι-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run round.

περι-θεορεύω, f. ἦσω, to go round and observe.

περι-θύμος, ὄν, (περί, θυμός) very wrathful. Adv., περιθύμως ἔχειν to be very angry.

περι-ιάπτω, f. ψω, to wound all round.

περι-ιάχω [ᾶ], to ring around, re-echo: Ep. 3 sing. impf. περιάχε [ῖ] for περιάχε.

περιυδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 περιεἶδον.

περιιδμεναι, Ep. for περιειδέναι, inf. of περιόϊδα.

περι-ίζομαι, Dep. to sit round about.

περι-ίστημι, f. περιστήσω: aor. 1 -έστησα:—to place or set round a person or thing: metaph. to bring round to a certain state. 2. aor. 1 med. περιεστησάμην is also trans., to place round oneself.

II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην: pf. -έστηκα: plpf. -εσθηκειν:—to stand round about: to encircle, surround, encompass. 2. to come round to, devolve upon: of events, to come round to be so and so, turn out, especially for the worse. 3. to go round so as to avoid, to shun.

περι-ίσχω, = περιέχω.

περιών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of περίειμι (εἶμι ἰβο).

περι-κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, an offscouring, defilement:

hence a polluted wretch.

περι-καθέζομαι, Dep. to sit down round about, esp.

to invest, beleaguer a town.

περι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάθημαι, inf. -ῆσθαι: (properly pf. pass. of περικαθέζομαι):—to be seated round, to sit round; περικαθῆσθαι πόλιν to beleaguer or invest a town: of ships, to blockade: c. acc. pers. to sit beside one as a companion.

περι-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to set on fire, burn round about:—Pass. to be scorched all round: metaph. to be inflamed.

περι-καλλής, ἐς, (περί, κάλλος) very beautiful.

περι-κάλυπτο, f. ψω, to put round as a covering, throw as a veil over. II. to cover all round, cover completely.

περι-κατάγνυμι, f. ἄω, to break all round.

περι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace all round. 2. to overtake. 3. to constrain, compel.

περι-καταρρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, to fall down all round, go to ruin.

περι-καταρρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, to tear down round about, rend off:—Med. to rend one's own garment.

περι-κάττημαι, Ion. for περικάττημαι.

περι-κάω, Att. for περικαίω. [ᾶ]

περι-κείμαι, inf. -κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθημι, with f. med. -κείσομαι:—to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace: absol., τεῖχος περικείται a wall is round about. 2. metaph. to be over and above, profit: οὐ τι μοι περικείται there is no advantage for me. II. to have round one, to have on one; περικείμενος ὕβριν clad in arrogance.

περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, to shear or clip all round:—Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχας to clip one's hair.

περικεκλημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλείω.

περι-κεφαλαία, ἡ, (περί, κεφαλή) a helmet.

περι-κήδομαι, Dep. to be very anxious or concerned about one.

περι-κηλος, ὄν, (περί, κῆλον) exceeding dry, well-dried.

περι-κίδναμαι, Pass. to spread round about.

περι-κλάω, f. -κλάσω, to break around.

περι-κλέης, ἐς, (περί, κλέος) far-famed.

περι-κλειστος, ὄν, famous all round, far-famed.

περι-κλείω Ion. -κληίω old Att. -κλήω: f. -κλείσω or -κλήσω: (περί, κλείω):—to sbut in all round, enclose, environ: to surround, of ships.

περι-κλύω, f. -ύσω, to wash all round:—Pass. to be washed all round, of an island. Hence

περίκλυστος, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ος, ὄν, washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.

περι-κλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, heard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. inclutus: of things, excellent, noble, glorious.

περι-κνήδιον, τό, a stalk or sprig.

περι-κνίξω, f. -ίσω, to scratch all round:—Med., poet. aor. 1 περικενκίζαμην, to gnaw all round.

περι-κοκκίζω, f. σω, to cry cuckoo all round.

περι-κομίζω, f. -ίσω, to carry round:—Pass. to be conveyed round, hence to go round.

περίκομμα, ατος, τό, (περικέλλω) that which is cut off all round, the clippings, trimmings; περικόμματα ἐκ σοῦ σκευάσω I will make minced meat of you.

περικομματίον, τό, Dim. of περίκομμα.

περι-κομψος, ὄν, very elegant, exquisite.

περι-κονδύλο-πύρο-φιλα, ἡ, (περί, κόνδυλος, πῦρος, φιλέω) fem. Adj., epith. of the gout, exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.

περικοπή, ἡ, a cutting all round, mutilation. From περι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut all round, clip, mutilate. 2. to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, plunder.

περι-κράτης, ἐς, (περί, κράτος) having full command of.

περι-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμῶ:—to hang up all round:—Pass. to be hung about, cling to, c. dat. Hence

περι-κρεμής, *és*, *hung round with a thing.*

περι-κρούω, *f. σω*, to strike or knock all round.

περι-κρύβω [*ῥ*], late form of περικρύπτω.

περι-κρύπτω, *f. ψω*, to cover all round, conceal: to hide oneself.

περι-κτίονω, *δων*, *οἱ*, *Ep. dat. pl.* περικτιόνεσσι, (*περί, κτί(ω)*) *like ἀμφι-κτίονες*, the dwellers around, neighbours.

περι-κτίται [*ῖ*], *ὦν*, *οἱ*, = περικτιόνες.

περι-κυκλόμαι, *f. -ήσομαι*: *Dep.* to encircle, encompass, enclose.

περι-κυκλώω, *f. ὥσω*, to encircle, encompass. Hence

περικύκλωσις, *ή*, *an encircling.*

περι-κυλινδῶω, *f. -ανκλίσω* [*ῖ*]: to roll round: *Pass.* to be rolled about.

περι-κύμων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (*περί, κύμα*) surrounded by the waves.

περι-κωμάζω, *f. ἄσω*, to go about with a party of revellers (*κῶμος*), to carouse around.

περι-κονέω, *f. ήσω*, (*περί, κώνος*) to smear all over with pitch; περικονεῖν τὰ ἐμβάδια to black shoes.

περι-λάλέω, *f. ήσω*, to chatter on all sides or beyond measure.

περι-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήψομαι*: *aor. 2* περιέλαβον: to seize around, embrace.

2. to encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure: *Pass.* to be caught.

II. to comprehend, take in.

III. to constrain, compel.

περι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, to shine or beam round about.

περι-λείβωμαι, *Pass.* to be shed all over.

περι-λείπω, *f. ψω*, to leave remaining: *Pass.* to be left remaining, survive.

περι-λέιχω, *f. ξω*, to lick all round: lick clean.

περι-λέξις, *ή*, (*περιλέγω*) circumlocution.

περι-λέπω, *f. ψω*, to strip off all round.

περι-λεσχίνευτος, *ον*, (*περί, λεσχινεύω*) talked about on all sides, much discussed.

περι-λιμνάζω, *f. ἄσω*, (*περί, λίμνη*) to surround with water, insulate.

περι-λιχμάομαι, *Dep.* = περιλέιχω.

περι-λοιπος, *ον*, left remaining.

περι-λούω, *f. σω*, to wash all round, wash carefully.

περι-λύπος, *ον*, (*περί, λύπη*) exceeding sorrowful.

περι-μαιμάω, to gaze eagerly round: *Ep. part. fem.* περιμαιμώσασα.

περι-μαίνομαι, *Dep.* to rage round about.

περι-μαικής, *és*, *Dor.* for περιμηκής.

περι-μάρναμαι, *Dep.* to fight round about: also to fight for a thing.

περι-μάσσω *Att.* -ττω: *f. ξω*: to wipe all round: metaph. to purify by magic arts.

περιμάχητος, *ον*, fought about, fought for: and so, to be desired. From

περι-μάχομαι [*ᾱ*], *Dep.* to fight around.

περι-μένω, to wait for one, await, expect. *II.* intr. to wait, abide.

περι-μεστος, *ον*, full all round, very full.

περι-μετρον, τό, (*περί, μέτρον*) the circumference.

περι-μετρος, *ον*, (*περί, μέτρον*) above measure, very large, immense. *II.* measuring round: as Subst.,

περίμετρος (*sub.* γραμμή), *ή*, a circumference.

περι-μήκετος, *ον*, ποῖος, for περιμηκής.

περι-μήκης, *és*, (*περί, μήκος*) very tall, high or long.

περι-μηχᾶνάομαι, *f. -ήσομαι*: *Ep. 3 pl. impf.* -μηχανῶντο: *Dep.*: to contrive cunningly, scheme craftily for.

περι-μυχάομαι, *Dep.* to bellow around.

περι-μυεῖται, to dwell round about or near. 2. in pass. sense to be inhabited.

περιναίτης, *ον*, *δ*, a neighbour. From

περι-ναίω and *Med.* -ναίωμαι, to dwell round.

περι-νέφελος, *ον*, (*περί, νεφέλη*) overclouded.

περι-νέω, *f. ήσω*: *aor. 1 inf.* περινήσαι *Ep.* -νήησαι: (*περί, νέω*): to pile round.

περι-νέως, *δ*, *gen.* -νέω, *nom. pl.* περینهω: (*περί, νέω* *gen.* of ναῦς): a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp. to a rower (πρόσκατος).

περινήσας *Ep.* -νήησας, *aor. 1 part.* of περινέω.

περι-νίσσσομαι, *Dep.* to go round: of Time, to recur.

περι-νοέω *f. ήσω*, to consider on all sides: to contrive cunningly.

περίνοια, *ή*, intelligence. *II.* over-wiseness. From

περί-νοος, *ον*, (*περί, νόος*) exceeding wise.

περι-νοστήω, *f. ήσω*, to go round or about.

περίξ, strength, for περί: *I.* Prep. round

about, all round; *c. gen.*, but mostly *c. acc.* *II.*

Adv. round about.

περι-ξεστός, *ή*, *δον*, polished all round.

περι-ξέω, *f. -ξέσω*, to polish all round.

περι-ξύράω *Ion.* -έω, *f. ήσω*, to shave all round.

περι-οδος, *ή*, a going round, the making a circuit

round. *II.* a way round: a circuit, compass; τὴν περίοδον *absol.*, in circumference. *III.* a

book of travels, account of countries travelled over: also a map or chart. *IV.* a going round in a

circle, a cycle of years, a period of time. 2. a

course at dinner; περίοδος λόγων table-talk. 3.

the orbit of a heavenly body. 4. a fit that recurs

at intervals. *V.* a well-rounded sentence, period.

περιόδια, *pf.* of περιείδω: see περιείδω *II.*

περι-οικέω, *f. ήσω*, to dwell round about: *c. acc.* to

dwell round a person or slave.

περι-οικίς, *ιδος*, *ή*, *fem.* of περίοικος, dwelling or lying round about, neighbouring. *II.* as Subst.,

περιοικίς (*sub.* γῆ or χώρα), *ή*, the country round: also the suburbs, outskirts.

περι-οικοδομέω, *f. ήσω*: *pf. pass.* -ωκοδόμημαι *Ion.* -οικοδομήμαι: to build round about. *II.*

to enclose by building round: *Pass.* to be built up, walled in.

περι-οικος, *ον*, (*περί, οικήω*) dwelling round about or near, neighbouring. *II.* *οἱ περίοικοι* were,

in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country-towns, the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed

civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand to the Spartans, and on the other to the Helots.

περιοίω, fut. of περιφέρω.

περι-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip about.

περιόντα, part. neut. pl. of περιέμι (εἰμί sum).

περι-οπτεύς, α, ον, verb. Adj. of περιόρω (see περιόρμαι), to be overlooked, suffered or disregarded.

II. neut. περι-οπτεύς, one must overlook.

περι-οπτος, ον, (περιόρμαι) seen from all sides: admired, admirable.

περι-οράω, impf. περιέωρων Ion. περιώρων: pf. περιεώρακα or -εώρακα: pass. περιεοράμαι:—f. περιόρμαι, from an obsole. verb περιόρμαι; whence also aor. I pass. περιώρην, pf. περιώρμαι:—(for aor. 2 περιείδον, pf. περιόιδα, see περι-είδον):—to look around for, wait for.

II. to overlook, to disregard, suffer to be or do.

III. Med. to look about before doing a thing, to be circumspect, delay, wait: to shrink from. 2. c. gen. to look about for, Lat. respicere.

περι-οργής, ές, (περί, οργή) very angry, wrathful: Adv. -γώς, very wrathfully.

περι-ορθρον, τό, (περί, ορθρος) daybreak, dawn.

περι-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries. Hence

περιορισμός, οῦ, δ, a marking out by boundaries.

περι-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round so as to blockade.

περι-ορμίζω, f. ίσω, to bring round a ship to anchor:—Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.

περι-ορύσσω Att. -τω, f. έω, to dig round.

περιουσία, ή, (περιέμι) that which is over and above: a surviving. 2. that which remains

over and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty. 3. superiority, advantage. Hence

περιούσιος, ον, more than enough, abundant. 2. peculiar, proper.

περιοχή, ή, (περιέχω) the full meaning or contents. II. a section of a book.

περιόψομαι, used as fut. of περιόρω, formed from *περιόπτωμαι.

περι-παταίνω, to look timidly round.

περι-πάτέω, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to walk, live. Hence

περιπάτητικός, ή, όν, given to walking about, esp. while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatētics.

περί-πάτος, ό, (περί, πατέω) a walking about, strolling, Lat. ambulation. II. a place for walking, a covered walk.

III. a conversation during a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.

περι-πέρω, to put round a spit, to pierce through.

περι-πέλομαι, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλόμενος: (περί, πέλω):—to move round, to be round or about.

2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recur. περιπεμπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sent round.

περι-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I pass. περιεπέμθην:—to send round, despatch in different directions.

περιπέπταμαι, pf. pass. of περιπετάννυμι.

περιπεσεῖν, περιπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of περιπίπτω.

περι-πέσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πέψω: aor. I pass. -επέφθην:—to bake all round: metaph. to crust or gloss over: to cajole, aor. I pass. part. περιεφθείς cajoled.

περι-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]: pf. πατή-πέπταμαι or -πέπταμαι:—to spread or strel b around: to spread out. Hence

περι-πεταστός, ή, όν, spread round, outstread.

περιπέτεια, ή, (περιπετής) a sudden change of fortune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Tragedy turns.

περιπετής, ές, (περιπίπτω) falling round, with arms clasped round. 2. enfolded, encompassed; but,

έγχος περιπετές the sword on which he had fallen. II. falling in with. III. clanging

suddenly, reversed; περιπετή πρήγματα a sudden reverse of circumstances.

περι-πέτομαι, f. -πετήσομαι syncop. -πηήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly around.

περι-πευκής, ές, (περί, πεύκη) very sharp or keen.

περι-πήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -πήξω:—to fix round, to put as a fence round. II. to make to congeal

round:—Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be frozen on the feet.

περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about.

περι-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill entirely:—Pass. to be quite filled.

περι-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: impf. 3 sing. and pl. περι-επίμπρα, -επίμπρασον.

περι-πίττω: f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπesson: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall around, so as to embrace

2. to fall round or upon a sword. II. to fall in with, esp. of ships: also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked against.

2. metaph. to fall into, be betrayed into: έαυτῷ περιπίπτειν to be caught in one's own snare.

III. of a thing, to befall one.

περι-πίτνω, = περιπίπτω, to come over or upon.

περι-πλάνάω, to make to wander about:—Pass. to wander or roam about: metaph. to flutter or bower

round about: to be in a state of uncertainty. Hence περιπλάνιος, ον, wandering, roving about.

περιπλέγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace. From

περι-πλέκω, f. έω, to twine round about. 2. to intertwine, interweave:—Pass., aor. I -επλέχθην, pf. -επέλεγμα: to fold oneself round, cling to, clasp, c.

dat.; έστῷ περιπλεχθείς folded round the mast.

περι-πλευρος, ον, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side. περιπλέχθην, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περιπλέκω.

περι-πλέω, f. -πλευσομαι and -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I -έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:—to sail or swim round, to circumnavigate, c. acc.

περι-πλεως, αν, nom. pl. -πλεω, -πλεα: Ion. περι-πλεος, ον:—quite full, over-full.

περι-πληθής, ές, (περί, πλήθος) very full: very populous: also very large.

περιπλοκάδην, Adv. (περίπλοκος) twined round.

περιπλοκή, ἡ, (περιπλέω) a twining round. 2. entanglement, intricacy.

περίπλοκος, ον, (περιπλέω) enfolded: entangled. περιπλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of περιπλέωμαι.

περί-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ουν, (περιπλέω) act. sailing round. II. pass. *that may be sailed round.*

περί-πλοος, ὁ, contr. -πλους, gen. -πλου; nom. pl. -πλοι: (περιπλέω): a sailing round, c. gen.: a circumnavigating. 2. the account of a coasting voyage.

περι-πλύνω [ῶ], to wash all round, wash clean.

περι-πλῶω, Ion. for περιπλέω.

περι-πνέω, poet. for περιπνέω.

περι-πνέω, f. -πνέσομαι, to breathe round.

περι-πόθητος, ον, (περί, ποθέω) desired on all sides, much beloved.

περι-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make to remain over and above, to preserve, keep safe, protect. 2. to save up, lay by: to lay up in store, procure. II. Med. to keep or get for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain possession of. Hence

περιποίησις, εως, ἡ, a keeping safe: an acquiring, gaining possession.

περιπολ-άρχης, ον, or -αρχος, ον, ὁ, (περίπολος, ἀρχω) a superintendent of guards or patrols.

περι-πολέω, f. ἦσω, to go round, wander about, range about. 2. c. acc. to traverse. 3. to walk round, as a patrol.

περι-πόλιον, τό, a station for περίπολοι, a guard-house. From

περί-πολος, ον, (περί, πολέω) going round, going the rounds. II. as Subst., 1. περίπολοι, οἱ, the patrol: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employed on home service, to guard the frontier, Lat. *publici custodes*. 2. generally, περίπολος, ὁ, an attendant, follower.

περι-πόνηρος, ον, very villainous.

περι-πόρφυρος, ον, (περί, πορφύρα) edged with purple, Lat. *prætextatus*.

περι-ποτάομαι, poet. for περιπέτομαι, to bower about.

περι-πρό, Adv., = περί πρό, very, especially.

περι-προχέω, f. -χέω: aor. I -έχεα: pf. -έχυκα:—to pour forth round or over: Pass. aor. I part., ἔπος θυμὸν περιπροχύθεις ἐδάμασσε love gushing forth over his soul overcame it.

περίπτισμα, ατος, τό, a husk, skin. From

περι-πτίσσω, to strip off the husk or skin: pf. pass. part. περιεπτισμένος free from chaff, clean winnowed.

περίπτυσμα, ατος, τό, (περιπτύσσω) anything folded round, a covering.

περιπτύξας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of περιπτύσσω.

περι-πτύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I περιέπτυξα:—to enfold, enwrap, ensound: to clasp, embrace: as military term, to flank. II. to fold round: Pass. to be folded round, coil round. Hence

περιπτύχῃ, ἡ, something enfolding, a cloak, fence; τειχέων περιπτυχαί the fence or circuit of walls; Ἀχαιῶν ναυλοχοὶ περιπτυχὰι the naval fence or bulwark of the Achaeans. 2. an enfolding, embracing.

περιπτύχης, ἐς, (περιπτύσσω) folded round: φασγάνῳ περιπτυχῇ fallen round (i. e. upon) his sword.

περι-πτώσσω, to fear very much.

περιρράγῃς, ἐς, (περιρραγῆναι) broken or rent round about.

περιρ-ραῖνω, f. ἄνω, to besprinkle or wet round about. Hence

περιρραγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of περιρραγνῆναι.

περιρραντήριον, τό, a vessel for sprinkling water at sacrifices: a vessel for lustral water.

περιρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -εργῆκα; aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -εργῆν:—to flow round, c. acc.:—Pass. to be surrounded by water. II. to slip from off a thing; ἡ δαμῖς περιεργεῖται εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea. 2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.

περιρ-ρήννυμι and -ῶ, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα: Pass., aor. 2 -εργῆν [ᾶ]: intr. pf. -έρρηγα:—to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off:—Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken or parted all round; κατὰ τὸ δὲν τοῦ Δέλτα περιρρήγνυται ὁ Νεῖλος at the apex of the Delta the Nile is broken round it, i. e. breaks into several branches.

περιρρηδῇς, ἐς, (περιρρῶω) falling round or upon.

περιρροή, ἡ, (περιρρέω) a flowing round about.

περίρροος, ον, contr. -ρρους, ουν, (περιρρέω) like περίρρους, surrounded with water.

περίρρυτος, ον, also η, ον, (περιρρέω) surrounded with water, sea-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περίρρυτα Σικελίας the waters that flow round Sicily.

περι-σαλῶ Ep. περισ-σαλῶ, to wag the tail round, fawn upon.

περι-σεῖω poet. περισσεῖω, f. σω, to shake all round:—Pass. to be shaken all round, wave about, float upon the air.

περι-σεμνος, ον, also η, ον, very solemn.

περί-σεπτος, ον, also η, ον, (περί, σέβομαι) much revered, greatly honoured.

περί-σημος, ον, (περί, σῆμα) very famous or distinguished, Lat. *insignis*.

περισθενέω, f. ἦσω, to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong above measure. From

περι-σθενῇς, ἐς, (περί, σθένος) exceeding strong or powerful.

περι-σκελῇς, ἐς, (περί, σκέλλω) dried or barded all round, rigid. 2. metaph. obstinate, stubborn, unbending.

περι-σκελῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (περί, σκέλος) a band for the leg, a garter or ankle.

περί-σκεπτος, ον, (περί, σκέπτομαι) to be seen on all sides, far-seen, conspicuous: admired.

περισκέψομαι, fut. of περισκοπέω.
 περι-σκιάζω, f. σω, to overshadow.
 περι-σκιρτάω, f. ἦσω, to leap round or about.
 περι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέβομαι : aor. I -εσκεψάμην :
 pf. -έσκεμμαι, formed from *περισκέπτομαι :—to look
 round. 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look
 at from all points : to watch and see : to look about
 one, be circumspect.

περι-σκύλακισμός, ου, ὁ, (περί, σκύλαξ) a sacrifice
 in which a bullock was sacrificed and carried round.

περι-σμάραγγω, f. ἦσω, to rattle all round.

περι-σνύχω, to consume by a smouldering fire. [v]
 περι-σπώβω, f. ἦσω, to chase or push about. II.

intr. to run round about, c. acc.

περι-σφίζομαι, Dep. to overreach, trick.

περι-σπάω, f. ἄσω [α], to draw off from around,
 strip off :—Med. to strip oneself of a thing. II.

to wheel round. III. Pass. to be drawn different
 ways, distracted.

περι-σπείν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέπω.

περι-σπερχέω, = περισπερχής εἰμι, to be very indig-
 nant. From

περι-σπερχής, ἐς, (περί, σπέρχω) very hasty or bur-
 ried : περισπερχές πάθος an over-hasty death.

περί-σπλαγχνος, ου, (περί, σπλάγχνον) great-
 hearted.

περι-σπαίνω, Ep. for περισπαίνω.

περι-σσειά, ἡ, (περισειάω) superfluity, abun-
 dance. II. superiority, preeminence.

περι-σειώ, poet. for περισειάω.

περίσσειμα, τό, superabundance : that which is left
 or is over, a remnant. From

περισειάω later Att. -ττεύω : impf. ἐπερίσσειον :
 (περισσός) :—to be over and above, outnumber, be
 too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough ;

τὰ περιττέοντα what remains over, the surplus ;
 τοσοῦτον τῷ Περικλεῖ ἐπερίσσειε such an abundance
 of reason had Pericles. 2. in bad sense, to be over-
 much or superfluous.

III. to have more than
 enough of a thing, c. gen. IV. later in causal
 sense, to make to abound.

περισσο-λογία, ἡ, (περισσός, λόγος) useless talking,
 wordiness, verbiage.

περισσός later Att. περιττός, ἡ, ὅν, (περί) above
 measure, more than the average, above the common :
 uncommon : c. gen. beyond, greater than ; περισσός
 ἄλλων πρὸς τι beyond others in a thing. 2. strange,
 unusual : in bad sense, monstrous ; in good, extraor-
 dinary.

II. more than sufficient ; τὸ περισ-
 σόν a surplus, residue ; περισσὰ σκευὰ spare
 tents.

III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive ;
 περισσὰ δρᾶν to be over-busy ; περισσὰ φρονεῖν to be
 over-wise. 2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined over-
 much : artificial.

IV. of numbers, odd, uneven,
 Lat. impar, opp. to ἄρτιος.

περισσότης later Att. περιττότης, ητος, ἡ, (περι-
 σσός) superfluity, excess.

περισσό-φρων, ουος, ὁ, ἡ, (περισσός, φρήν) over-wise.

περισσῶς, Adv. of περισσός, exceedingly : Comp.
 περισσότερον more abundantly. 2. οὐδὲν περισσό-
 τερον, Lat. nihil aliud, nothing else ; so, οὐδὲν περισ-
 σότερον ἢ ἐι . . no otherwise than if.

περι-σταδόν, Adv. (περίστημι) standing round
 about.

περι-στάζω, f. ξω, to drop or trickle round about.

περι-στάβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περίστημι. [α]

περι-στατήν, aor. 2 opt. of περίστημι.

περι-σταῖς, -αῖα, -αῖα, aor. 2 part. of περίστημι.

περι-στάτος, ου, (περίστημι) surrounded, admired
 by the crowd.

περι-στανύω, f. ὥσω, to fence about with a palisade,
 fortify or fence round :—Med. to fortify oneself with
 a palisade.

περι-στείλας, aor. I part. of περιστέλλω.

περι-στείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.

περι-στεύωσι, Ep. for περιστάωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of
 περιστήμι.

περι-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ : aor. I -έστειλα :—to
 dress, clothe, to wrap round : to lay out a corpse, Lat.
 componere ; hence to bury. II. to wrap up, cover,
 cloak.

III. to take care of, protect, maintain ;
 περιστέλλειν αἰδιάν to uphold minstrelsy ; περιστέλ-
 λει ἔργα to attend to agriculture.

περι-στενδύχλω, f. ἰσω, to sigh, groan about or over,
 bemoan :—Med. to echo around.

περι-στένω, to cram full all round : Pass. to be
 crammed full. II. to groan around.

περι-στέπτος, ου, (περιστέπω) crowned, wreathed.

ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑ, ἡ, a dove, pigeon.

περιστερέων, ἄνω, ὁ, a dove-cote. From

περι-στέφανός, f. ὥσω, (περί, στέφανος) to encircle,
 surround as with a crown.

περι-στεφής, ἐς, wreathed, crowned ; ἀνθέων περι-
 στεφής with a crown of flowers. II. act. twining,
 encircling. From

περι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround as with a crown, en-
 wreath.

περι-στησαν, Ep. for περιέστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of
 περιστήμι.

περι-στήσαντο, Ep. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I
 med. of περιστήμι.

περι-στήσωσι, Ep. for περιστάωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of
 περιστήμι.

περι-στίζω, f. ξω : aor. I -έστιξα :—to dot at equal
 intervals, hence to place round at equal distances. 2.

c. dat. to stick round with things.

περι-στίλβω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about.

περι-στιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στιχος) to put all round.

περι-στοιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στοιχος) to surround
 with coils or nets :—Med. to bedge in.

περί-στοιχος, ου, (περί, στοιχος) set round in
 rows.

περι-σπονάχίζω, to groan all round.

περι-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. σμαι : aor. I -εστρατο-
 πεδεύσάμην : Dep. :—to encamp about, invest, besiege,
 beleaguer.

περι-στρέφω, *f. ψω*, to whirl round, of one preparing to throw a stone:—Pass. to be turned round, to spin round. Hence

περιστροφή, *ή*, a turning round: an orbit or revolution.

περι-στροφάω, *f. ήσω*, to turn round often:—Pass. to go round about to; περιστροφώμενος πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles.

περί-στῦλος, *ον*, (περί, στῦλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade:—as Subst., περί-στῦλον, τό, a colonnade round a building.

περι-σφαλής, *ές*, (περί, σφαλῆναι) very slippery.

περι-σφύριος, *ον*, (περί, σφῦρόν) round the ankle:—as Subst., περισφύριον, τό, an anklet.

περί-σφῦρος, *ον*, = περισφύριος.

περι-σχέμεν, *Ep. for* περισχεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of* περιέχω.

περίσχω, *Ep. for* περισχου, *aor. 2 med. imperat. of* περιέχω.

περι-σχίζω, *f. ίσω*, to slit all round, cut off. II. Pass., of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space.

περι-σχοινίζω, *f. ίσω*, (περί, σχοῖνος) to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people.

περι-σώζω, *f. σω*, to save alive, save from death:—Pass. to escape with one's life.

περι-τάμνω, *Ion. for* περιτέμνω.

περι-ταφρεύω, *f. σω*, (περί, τάφρος) to dig a trench round, surround with a trench.

περι-τείνω, *f. -τενῶ*, (περί, τείνω) to stretch all round or over.

περι-τειχίζω, *f. ίσω*, to wall all round, fortify. 2. to build a wall round, invest, beleaguer, blockade:—Pass. to be built round. Hence

περιτειχίσις, *ή*, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering.

περιτειχισμα, τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall.

περιτειχισμός, ό, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading.

περι-τελέω, *f. έσω*, to finish completely.

περι-τέλλομαι, *Pass. (περί, τέλλω)* to go or run round; of Time, to revolve. Hence

περιτεμνείν, *inf. fut. of* περιτέμνω.

περι-τέμνω *Ion. and Ep. περιτάμνω*: *f. -τεμῶ*; *aor. 2 -έτεμον*:—to cut round, clip round about:—Med., περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ αἰδοῖα to practise circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίονας to make incisions all round one's arms. II. to cut off the extremities: Pass., περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut short of certain land.

III. to cut off, intercept; Med. to intercept for oneself: Pass. to be cut off or intercepted.

περι-τέρμων, *ον*, (περί, τέρμα) bounded all round.

περι-τέχνησις, *ή*, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or cunning.

περι-τίθημι, *f. -θήσω*; *aor. 1 -έθηκα*; *aor. 2 -έθην*, *imperat. -θες*:—to place round about, put round or on:—Med. to put round oneself, put on. II. to

bestow or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περι-τίλλω, to pluck or strip all round.

περι-τίμης, *εσσα, εν*, (περί, τιμή) much honoured.

περιτομή, *ή*, (περιτέμνω) circumcision.

περι-τοξέω, *f. σω*, to overshoot, outshoot.

περι-τραχήλιον, τό, (περί, τράχηλος) a necklace.

περι-τρέπω, *f. -τρέψω*; *aor. 1 -έτρεψα*:—to turn round about, to turn upside down, to overturn II.

intr. to turn or go round, revolve.

περίτρεσαν, 3 pl. *Ep. aor. 1 of* περιτρέω.

περι-τρέφω, *f. -θρέψω*; *aor. 1 -έθρεψα*:—to make to congeal around:—Pass. to congeal or stiffen round about.

περι-τρέχω, *f. -θρέξομαι*: other tenses formed from *περι-δρέμω, *f. -δράμομαι*; *aor. 2 -έδράμον*; *pf. -δέδρομα*:—to run round, spin or whirl round. II.

c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: to run round in quest of. 2. metaph. to come round, overreach.

περι-τρέω, *f. -τρέσω*, to tremble round about.

περιτριβής, *ές*, (περιτριβῆναι) worn all round. From

περι-τριβώ, *f. ψω*; *aor. 1 -έτριψα*:—Pass, *aor. 2 -έτριβην* [Υ]: *pf. -τέτριμμαι*:—to wear down all round. Hence

περίτριμμα, *ατος, τό*, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave.

περι-τρομέω, (περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass., σάρκες περιτρομέοντο μέλεσσιν all the flesh quivered on his limbs.

περι-τροπέω, *Ep. collat. form of* περιτρέπω, *intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve. 3. c. acc. to drive about, harass.*

περιτροπή, *ή*, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, revolution; εν περιτροπή or εκ περιτροπῆς by turns.

περι-τρόχᾱλος, *ον*, = περίτροχος; neut. pl. as Adv., περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair clipped round about.

περι-τροχᾱν, *collat. form of* περιτρέχω, *to run round: to crowd round about.*

περίτροχος, *ον*, (περιτρέχω) running round, round.

περι-τρώγω, *f. -τρώξομαι*; *aor. 2 -έτράγον*:—to gnaw round about, nibble, carp at: to nibble off, purloin.

περιτεύω, *περιττός*, etc., later Att. for περισεύω, περισός, etc.

περι-τυγχάνω, *f. -τεύξομαι*; *aor. 2 -έτύχον*; *pf. -τετύχηκα*:—to happen to be about, at or near: to light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to happen to one, befall.

περι-τύμβιος, *ον*, (περί, τύμβος) round about the grave.

περι-υβρίζω, *f. ίσω*, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Pass. to be wantonly ill-treated.

περι-φαίνομαι, *Pass. to be visible all round; εν περιφαινόμενῳ* (sc. χώρῳ) on a spot seen far around.

περιφάνεια, ἡ, *a being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety.* [ᾶ] From

περι-φάνης, ἐς, (περιφαίνομαι) *seen all round: manifest:* Comp. and Sup., περιφανέστερος, -έστατος.

περιφαντος, ον, (περιφαίνομαι) *seen all round, manifest:* also 2. *famous, renowned, Lat. illustris.*

περιφάνως, Adv. *of περιφανής, manifestly.*

περι-φείδομαι, Dep. *to spare so that be survives, c. gen.*

περιφείρεια, ἡ, *a circumference: a round figure.* From

περιφερής, ἐς, (περιφέρω) *carried round about: revolving, rolling: surrounding.* 2. *surrounded by.*

περι-φέρειω, f. περιείσω: aor. I περιήνεγκα:—*to carry round or about: to carry about with one.* 2. *to move a thing round in a circle: to band round.*

οὐ με περιφέρει οὐδὲν εἰδέναι τούτου [sc. ἡ μνήμη] *my memory does not carry me back to know any of these things.*

III. *to endure, bold out.* IV. *Pass. to move round, revolve, esp. of time.* 2. *to wander or range about.*

περι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξοῦμαι:—*to flee from, avoid, elude, c. acc.* 2. *to escape from illness, get over an attack.*

περι-φλέω, pf. pass. περιπέφλευσαι:—*to scorch or burn all round.*

περί-φλοιος, ον, (περί, φλοιός) *with bark all round.*

περι-φλύω [ῥ], = περιφλέω.

περι-φοβέομαι, Pass. *to fear greatly.*

περί-φοβος, ον, (περί, φόβος) *in great fear, fearful above measure, terrified.*

περί-φοιτος, ον, (περί, φοιτάω) *wandering about.*

περιφορά, ἡ, (περιφέρω) *a carrying or banding round: also the meats banded round.* II. (from Pass.) *a going or turning round, circuit, revolution.*

περι-φορέω, = περιφέρω. Hence

περιφορητός, ὄν, *carried about.* II. *going or ranging about.* III. *notorious, infamous.*

περιφράδης, ἐς, *very thoughtful, very careful, considerate.* Adv. ἰδέως, *carefully.* From

περι-φράζομαι, Med. *to think over, consider on all sides.*

περίφρακτος, ον, *fenced round:—as Subst., περίφρακτος, τό, an enclosure.* From

περι-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, *to fence round.*

περι-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, *to compass in thought, speculate about.* II. *to have thoughts about or beyond, to condemn, despise.*

περι-φρουρέω, f. ἦσω, *to guard on all sides, blockade.*

περί-φρουον, ονος, ὅ, ἡ, voc. περίφρον, (περί, φρήν) *very thoughtful, very careful.* II. *like ὑπέρφρων, haughty, overweening: c. gen. despising a thing.*

περιφυγή, ἡ, (περιφυγῆν) *a place of refuge.*

περιφύς, ὅσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of περιφύω.

περι-φύσσητος, ον, (περί, φύσάω) *blown upon from all sides.*

περι-φύω, fut. -φύσω [ῥ]: aor. I -έφυσα:—*trans. to make to grow round or upon, make to cling to or*

adhere. II. intr. in Med. περιφύομαι: fut. -φύσομαι [ῥ]: with pf. act. περιτέφυκα: aor. 2 περιέφυν, inf. περιφύην, part. περιφύς [ῥ]:—*to grow round about or upon, c. dat.: to cling to, clasp, c. dat.*

περι-χάρακώ, f. ὥσω, (περί, χάραξ) *to surround with a palisade: generally, to fortify.*

περι-χάρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, *to scratch or cut all round.*

περιχάρεα, ἡ, *exceeding great joy.* From

περι-χάρης, ἐς, (περί, χαρῆναι) *exceeding glad or joyous: τὸ περιχαρές = περιχάρεια.*

περι-χειλόω, f. ὥσω, (περί, χεῖλος) *to surround with a rim or border.*

περι-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I περιέχεα: Ep. pres. περι-χεῶ, aor. I περιχεῖα: Pass. aor. I -εχύθην [ῥ]: pf. -κέχυμαι:—*to pour round about, over or upon:*

περιχέω χρυσὸν κέρας *to put gold round the horns:*—*Pass. to be poured or spread all about: of persons, to pour or crowd round.*

περι-χθάν, ὄνος, ὅ, ἡ, *round about the earth.*

περι-χορεύω, f. σω, *to dance round or about.*

περι-χρῦσώ, f. ὥσω, *to gild all over.*

περι-χῶμαι, f. -χῶσομαι: Ep. aor. I περιχασάμην:—*to be exceeding angry or wroth.*

περι-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, *to go round about.* II. *to come round to, come to in succession.*

περί-χωρος, ον, (περί, χώρος) *round about a place: as Subst., περίχωρος (sub. γῆ), ἡ, the country round about.*

περι-ψάω, inf. -ψῆν: fut. -ψήσω:—*to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes.* Hence

περίψημα, τό, *anything wiped off, offscouring.*

περι-ψιλώ, f. ὥσω, (περί, ψιλος) *to make bald all round: to strip or peel off all round: Pass., περι-ψιλωθήναι τὰς σάρκας to have the flesh all stripped off.*

περι-ψδέω, f. ἦσω, (περί, ψῆ) *to subdue by spells.*

περιωδύνια, ἡ, *excessive pain.* From

περι-ώδυνος, ον, (περί, ὀδύνη) *exceeding painful.*

II. *suffering great pain.*

περι-ώθω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, *to push or thrust about:—Pass. with pf. περιέωσαι, to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.*

περι-ωπή, ἡ, (περί, ὦψ) *a place commanding a wide view: ἐκ περιωπῆς by a bird's-eye view.* II. *circumspection, caution.*

περι-ώσιος, ον, Ion. for περιούσιος, *immense, vast, as Adv. περιώσιον, exceeding, beyond measure: also as Comp., περιώσιον ἄλλων far beyond the rest.*

περκαίω, f. σω, (περκός) *to turn dark, of grapes ripening.*

πέρκη, ἡ, *the perch, Lat. perca.*

ΠΕΡΚΝΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, *dark-coloured, of grapes ripening: dark, dusky, name of a kind of eagle.*

πέρκος, ἡ, ον, = περκνός.

πέρνα, ἡ, *a dam, Lat. perna.*

πέρνημι, 3 pl. περνᾶσι, part. περνάς: 3 sing. Ion. impf. περνασκε: (περάω) *to carry beyond seas for sale, to export, sell:—Pass. to be offered for sale.*

πέρ-οδος, ἡ, Aeol. for περίοδος.

περόναμα, -ατρίς, Dor. for περόνημα, -ητρίς.

περόναω, f. ἴσω, (περόνη) to pierce, pin: Med., χλαῖναν περονήσασθαι to pin or buckle one's cloak.

περόνη, ἡ, (πέριω, περάω) anything pointed for piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle, brooch, Lat. fibula.

II. the small bone of the arm or leg, Lat. radius, fibula.

περόνημα Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = περονητρίς.

περονητρίς Dor. -ατρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (περόναω) a robe fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.

περονίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = περόνη.

περπερεύομαι, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a braggart. From

ΠΕΡΙΠΕΡΟΣ, ον, vainglorious, braggart.

πέρρ-οχος, ον, Aeol. for περόχοος.

πέρσα, Ep. for ἔπεσα, aor. I of πέρθω.

περσέ-πολις poet. περσέπτολις, εως, δ, ἡ, (πέρθω, πόλις) destroyer of cities.

II. (Πέρσαι, πόλις) Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.

Περσεύς, ἔως Ep. ἦος later Ion. ἔος, δ, Perseus, son of Jove and Danaë, one of the most famous Grecian heroes.

Περσεφόνη, ἡ, poet. Περσεφόνεια also Περσέφασσα:—Persephone, Proserpine, Lat. Proserpina, daughter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as his consort she reigned in the lower world.

Πέρσης, ον, δ, acc. Πέρσην or Πέρσεα, voc. Πέρσᾱ or Πέρση, a Persian, native of Persis. (The Greeks derived the name of the people from Perseus.)

Περσίζω, f. ὦν, (Πέρσης) to side with or imitate the Persians.

2. to speak Persian.

Περσικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πέρσης) Persian: hence

1. αἱ Περσικαὶ ἄν, sort of thin shoes or slippers.

2. Περσικός ὄρνις the common cock.

3. τὸ Περσικὸν α Persian dance.

4. ὁ Περσικός or τὸ Περσικὸν (sub. μῆλον), the peach.

Περσίς, ἴδος, poet. fem. of Περσικός, Persian.

II. as Subst.

1. (sub. γῆ), Persis, Persia.

2. (sub. γυνή), a Persian woman.

3. (sub. χλαῖνα), a Persian cloak.

Περσιστί, Adv. (Περσίζω) in Persian fashion, in the Persian tongue.

Περγο-διώκτης, ον, δ, (Πέρσης, διώκω) pursuer of the Persians.

Περγο-νομέομαι, Pass. to be governed by the Persian laws or by Persians. From

Περγο-νόμος, ον, (Πέρσης, νέμω) ruling Persians.

Πέρυσι or -ιν, Adv. (πέρας) a year ago, last year; ἡ

πέρυσι κωμωδία the comic play of last year. Hence

Περυσίνος, ἡ, ὄν, of last year, last year's.

Πέρφερες, οἱ, the name of the five officers who escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.

Πεσδᾶ, Adv., Dor. for πεσῆ.

Πέσε, Ep. for ἔπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πίπτω.

Πεσεῖν Ep. πεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πίπτω.

Πέσημα, ατος, τό, (Πεσεῖν) a fall: a falling or fallen body.

πέσος, τό, = πέσημα, πτώμα, a fall, slaughter.

Πεσοῦμαι, fut. med. of πίπτω.

Πεσσεῖα Att. πεττ-, ἡ, the game of draughts. From

Πεσοῦμαι Att. πεττ-, (Πεσός) to play at draughts.

Πεσο-νομέω, f. ἴσω, (Πεσός, νέμω) to set the πεσοοί in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.

ΠΕΣΟΣ Att. πεττός, δ, pl. πεσοοί and πεσά, an oval-shaped stone for playing a game like our draughts, mostly in plur.

2. in pl. also the board on which the game was played: it was divided by five lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the middle line was called ἱερὰ γραμμή.

3. πεσοοί, οἱ, also, the place in which the game was played: the game itself.

ΠΕΣΩ Att. πέτω, later also πέπτω: fut. πέψω:

aor. I ἔπεφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέφην: pf. πέπεμμαι,

inf. πέπεσθαι:—to soften, make soft: of the sun, to ripen.

II. to boil: generally, to cook, dress: also to bake; Med., πέσσεσθαι πέμματα to bake oneself cakes.

III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat. coquere, concoquere.

2. metaph. to stomach or digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so γέρα πεσέμεν (Ep. for πέσσειν) to brood over or dwell on one's honours; βέλος πέσσειν to nurse or have to heal the wound of a dart.

ΠΕΣΩ, ὄσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πίπτω.

Πετάλιμος, δ, petalism, a mode of banishing citizens practised in Syracuse, like the δστρακιμός of Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citizen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherds.

From

πέταλον Ion. πέτηλον, τό, a leaf: hence

2. used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf. ψῆφος. (Properly neut. from πέταλος.)

Πέταλος Ion. πέτηλος, η, ον, (πετάννυμι) spread out, unfolded, broad, flat.

II. metaph. full-grown.

Πέταμαι, = πέτομαι, q. v.

ΠΕΤΑΝΝΥΜΙ or -ώ: f. πετάσω [ᾶ] Att. πετώ:

aor. I ἐπέτασα Ep. πέτασα and πέτασσα: Pass., aor. ἐπετάσθην Ep. πετάσθην: pf. πεπέτασμαι Ep. πέπταμαι: Ep. plpf. ἐπεπτάμην, πεπτάμην:—to spread, stretch out, unfold, unfurl, expand: metaph., θυμὸν πετάσαι to open one's heart:—pf. pass. πέπταμαι, to be spread on all sides, to be widely extended; part. πεπταμένος, η, ον, spread wide, opened wide, of folding doors.

πέτασε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of πετάννυμι.

πέτασμα, ατος, τό, (πετάννυμι) anything spread out: in plur. hangings, curtains, carpets.

Πετάσσας, Ep. aor. I part. of πετάννυμι.

πέτ-αυρον or πέτ-ευρον, τό, (πέδαυρος Aeol. for μετ-έωρος) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on.

Πετεῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. Πετεῖνός, Ion. Πετηνός and Πετεηνός, able to fly, winged, flying: Πετηνά, Πετεηνά winged creatures, fowls of the air.

2. of young birds, fledged.

Πέτευρον, τό, = πέταυρον.

πέτηλον, τό, Ion. for πέταλον.

πετοῖσαι, Dor. for πεσοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of πίπτω.

ΠΕΤΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐπετόμην Ep. πετόμην: f. πετήσομαι, shortd. πτήσομαι: sync. aor. 2 ἐπτόμην, inf. πτέσθαι, part. πτόμενος; also ἐπτάμην, Ep. 3 sing. subj. πτήται for πτᾶται, inf. πτάσθαι, part. πτάμενος: Dep.:—but there is also an act. aor. 2 ἐπτην, inf. πτήναι, part. πτάς, as if from ἵπτημι:—there is also a present πέταμαι: ποτάομαι, πτάομαι are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any quick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., πέτω fly! i. e. make haste. II. metaph. to be on the wing, flutter, Lat. volitare; ὄρνις πετόμενος a bird ever on the wing. 2. to fly abroad, be bruited abroad.

πετόντεσσι, Aeol. and poet. for πεσοῦσι, aor. 2 part. dat. pl. of πίπτω.

ΠΕΤΡΑ Ion. πέτρη, ἡ, a rock, crag, Lat. rupes, scopulus; πέτρος being a stone, Lat. saxum: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), λείος πετράων free from rocks:—pl. πέτραι, masses of rock: διστομος πέτρα a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence

πετραῖος, α, ον, rocky, of or belonging to a rock, living among the rocks.

πετρη-γενής, ἐς, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born.

πετρηεῖς, εσσα, εν, (πέτρα) rocky.

πετρη-πρεφής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with rock.

πετρήρης, ἐς, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πετρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πέτρα. [Υ]

πέτρινος, η, ον, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.

πετροβολία, ἡ, a stoning. From

πετρο-βόλος, ον, (πέτρα, βαλεῖν) throwing stones.

πετρο-κοίτος, ον, (πέτρα, κοίτη) sleeping on rock.

πετρορ-ριφής, ἐς, (πέτρα, βιβήναι) buried from a rock.

ΠΕΤΡΟΣ, δ, a piece of rock, a stone; cp. πέτρα.

πετρο-τόμος, ον, (πέτρα, τεμεῖν) cutting or hewing stones: as Substi, πετροτόμος, δ, a stone-cutter.

πετρώω, f. ὥσω, (πέτρος) to stone:—Pass. to be stoned.

πετρ-ώδης, ἐς, (πέτρα or πέτρος, εἶδος) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πέτρωμα, ατος, τό, (πετρώω) a piece of stone or rock. II. a stoning; λευσίμω πετρώματι θανεῖν to die by stoning.

πεττεῖα, πεττεῦω, πεττός, Att. for πεσσ—

πέττω, Att. for πέσσω.

ΠΕΤΘΟΜΑΙ, poet. for the prose πυνθάνομαι: impf. ἐπυνθόμην. Hence

πυνθώ, οὖς, ἡ, tidings, news.

πευκάεις, Dor. for πευκείς.

πευκάλιμος [ᾱ], η, ον, lengthd. Ep. form of πυκινός (cf. λευγαλέος, λυγρός), wise, prudent.

πευκεδάνδης, ἡ, ὄν, (πυκνὴ) keen, piercing.

ΠΙΕΤΚΗ, ἡ, the fir, Lat. picea. II. anything made from the wood or resin of the fir, a torch of fir-wood. Hence

πυεκήεις Dor. πευκάεις, εσσα, εν, of or made of fir,

πυεκήεν σκάφος a boat of fir-wood. II. metaph. sharp, keen, piercing.

πυεκίος, η, ον, (πυκνὴ) of or made of fir-wood; πυεκίνα δάκρυα tears of the fir, i. e. the gum or resin that exudes from it.

πυεστομα Dor. πεσοῦμαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι.

πυεστήριος, α, ον, of or for enquiry: ἡ πυεστήρια (sub. θυσία) a sacrifice for learning the will of the gods.

πυεφάνθαι, pf. pass. inf. of φαίνω.

πυεφάνται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of φαίνω. II. 3 plur.

pf. pass. of *φένω.

πυεφαργμα, Att. for πύεφαργμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πυεφασμαι, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί: part.

πυεφασμένος, η, ον, brought to light, made manifest.

πυεφυγώς, pf. part. of φεύγω.

πυεφνη, pf. of φαίνω.

πυεφισομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of φαίνω.

πυεφίσσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of *φένω.

πυεφιδέσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of φείδομαι.

πυεφιδήσομαι, Ep. paullo-p. fut. of φείδομαι.

πυεφιδόμην, Ep. aor. 2 opt. of φείδομαι.

πυεφιλᾶμένος, Dor. for πυεφιλῆμένος, pf. pass. part. of φιλέω.

πυεφίμωσο, pf. pass. imperat. of φιλῶω.

πυεφνε, πυεφνέμεν, πυεφνων, etc., v. sub *φένω.

πυεφοβήατο, Ep. 3 pl. plpf. of φοβέομαι.

πυεφοβημένος, η, ον, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv.

πυεφοβημένως, timorously.

πυεφορτισμένος, pf. pass. part. of φορτίζω.

πυεφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πυεφράδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω: Ep. inf.

πυεφράδεῖν and πυεφράδεμεν.

πυεφρίκα, pf. of φρίσσω: poet. part. πυεφρίκοντες.

πυεφύαι, Ep. for πυεφύκαι, 3 pl. pf. of φύω.

πυεφυγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φεύγω.

πυεφυγότες, Ep. for πυεφυγότες, nom. pl. pf. part.

from pres. *φύζω = φεύγω.

πυεφύκα, pf. of φύω.

πυεφύκω, Ep. pres. formed from pf. πυεφύκα: Ep.

impf. πυεφύκων.

πυεφύλαγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φυλάσσω:

—Adv. πυεφύλαγμένως, cautiously, guardedly.

πυεφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.

πυεφύτεια, Ep. for πυεφύκτεια, pf. part. fem. of φύω.

πυεφύωτες, Ep. for πυεφύκωτες, pf. part. pl. of φύω.

πη Ion. κη Dor. πᾶ, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somehow: οὐδέ πη in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about. 2. of Space, by some way, to some place. 3. πῇ μὲν...

πῇ δὲ... now one way, now another; partly..., partly... II. πῇ; Ion. κῇ; Dor. πᾶ; interrog. Particle: 1. of Manner, how? also why? in Att. how? 2. of Space, which way? Lat. qua? also where?

πηγάδω, f. ἄσω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush forth.

II. trans. to make to gush forth.

πηγαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πηγή) from a well or spring.

ΠΗΤΑΨΟΝ, τό, rue, Lat. *ruta*: proverb., οὐδ' ἐν σελίῳ οὐδ' ἐν πηγάῳ not even at the parsley nor the rue, i.e. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγὰς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or hardened: *hoar-frost, rime*.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim. of Πηγάσος. [ἄ]

Πηγάσις, ἰδος, fem. Adj. of Pegasus; Πηγαῖς κρήνη = ἵππου κρήνη: see Πηγάσος.

Πηγάσος, ὁ, Pegasus, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs (πηγαί) of Ocean, near which she was killed. Later he was supposed to be the winged horse which Belerophon rode when he slew Chimæra, under whose hoof the fountain Hippocrene (ἵππου κρήνη) sprang up on Helicon.

πηγεσι-μαλλος, ον, (πήγνυμι, μαλλός) *thick-fleeced*.

ΠΗΓΗ Dor. παγά, ἡ, a spring, well, Lat. *fons*; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, πηγαί ποταμῶν river waters: metaph. of anything liquid, πηγαί δακρύων the source or fount of tears, i.e. the eyes; also, πηγή ἀκούουσα the fount of hearing, i.e. the ear; πηγαί γάλακτος streams of milk; πηγή πυρός the source of fire; also, πηγή ἀργύρου a well (i.e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πήγμα, ατος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened together: metaph. a bond, obligation.

ΠΗΤΝΥΜΙ or -νω: fut. πήξω: aor. I ἐπήξα Ep. πήξα: Pass., pres. πήγνυμαι: fut. πᾶρήσομαι: aor. I ἐπήχθην, aor. 2 ἐπάγχην [ἄ]: pf. πέπηγμα, but the pf. med. πέπηγα is mostly used in this sense:—to stick or fix in, make firm or fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκηπὴν πήγνυμαι to fix or pitch a tent; and Med., σκηπὰς πήξασθαι to fix their tents:—Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon. II. to fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., ἀμαζαν πήξασθαι to build oneself a wagon. III. to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:—Pass. to be or become stiff, be frozen. IV. metaph. to make fast, fix, Lat. *rangere*; ὅρκος παγείς a sure and steadfast oath.

πηγός, ἡ, ὄν, (πήγνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong. πηγύλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) covered with hoar-frost, frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον, τό, (πηδόν) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεῦγλαι or ζευκτήρια): the upper part with the tiller being called olaξ. 2. metaph. of a horse's reins or bridle. [ἄ]

ΠΗΔΑΨΟΝ, Ion. inf. πηδέειν: fut. ἦσω or -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐπήδησα:—to spring, bound, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πήδημα πηδᾶν to

take a leap; hence πηδᾶν μέζονα (sub. πηδήματα) to take a greater leap: but πεδία πηδᾶν to bound over the plains. II. to leap, throb, beat, esp. of the pulse.

πήδημα, ατος, τό, (πηδάω) a leaping, bounding: a beating or throbbing of the heart.

ΠΗΔΟΣ, ὁ, or ΠΗΔΟΝ, τό, the flat or blade of an oar:—an oar.

πηκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πήγνυμι) an ancient sort of harp with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also called μαγάdis. 2. a shepherd's pipe.

πηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πήγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II. well put together, compact. 2. ἡ πηκτιά a sort of cage to catch birds.

3. τὰ πηκτὰ (Dor. πακτὰ) τῶν δαυμάτων the barriers of the house, the door. III. solid, thick, congealed, curdled: ἡ πηκτή Dor. πακτὰ, cream-cheese.

πήλαι, πηλας, aor. I inf. and part. of πάλλω.

πήλε, Ep. for ἐπηλε, 3 sing. aor. I of πάλλω.

Πηλείδης, ου Ep. εω and αο, ὁ, patronymic of Πηλεὺς, son of Peleus, Achilles.

Πηλείων, ανος, ὁ, the same as Πηλείδης: Adv. Πηλεῖωνάδε to the son of Peleus.

Πηλεὺς, ἔως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, Peleus, son of Aeacus, husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly.

Πηληϊάδης, εω, ὁ, Ep. for Πηλείδης.

Πηληῖος, η, ον, Ep. Adj. (Πηλλῖος, Ep. gen. of Πηλεὺς) of or belonging to Peleus.

Πηληῖος, ηκος, ἡ, (πήλαι) a helmet, casque.

Πηλιάκος, ἡ, ὄν, of Mount Pelion.

Πηλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Πήλιον) of or from Mount Pelion.

πηλικός [ι], η, ον, interog. of ηλικίος, ηλικίος, how great? how much? how old? Lat. *quantus?*

πηλίνος, η, ον, (πηλός) of clay, earthen, Lat. *luteus*.

Πήλιον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence

Πηλιώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, of or from Pelion.

πηλο-βάτης [ἄ], ου, ὁ, (πηλός, βαῖνω) mud-walker, name of a frog.

πηλοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build of clay. From

πηλό-δομος, ον, (πηλός, δέμω) clay-built.

πηλο-πλάθος [ἄ], ον, (πηλός, πλάσσω) moulding clay: as Subst., πηλοπλάθος, ὁ, a potter.

ΠΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, clay, such as was used by the potter, Lat. *lutum*: also mud, Lat. *coenum*.

πηλο-ουργός, ὄν, (πηλός, ἔργον) working in clay: as Subst., πηλουργός, ὁ, a worker in clay.

πηλοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry clay. From

πηλο-φόρος, ον, (πηλός, φέρω) carrying clay.

πηλό-χυτος, ον, (πηλός, χέω) cast in clay, earthen.

πηλό-ῶδης, ες, (πηλός, εἶδος) like clay, clayey, of the consistency of clay.

πῆμα, ατος, τό, (πήσσω, fut. of πάσχω) suffering misery, woe: also of a' person, πῆμά τινα a bane or sorrow to... Hence

πημαῖνω, f. ἀνῶ Ion. ἀνέω: aor. I ἐπήμηνα: Med., fut. πημαίνουμαι (in pass. sense): Pass., aor. I ἐπη-

μάνθην Ep. πημάνθην:—to make suffer, bring into misery: also to grieve, distress: to harm, injure: absol. to do mischief. Hence

πημαντέος, α, ον, possible to be injured.

πημάνειαν, 3 pl. Acol. aor. I opt. of πημαίνω.

πημονή, ἡ, poet. for πῆμα, suffering.

πημοσύνη, ἡ, = πημονή, πῆμα, suffering.

Πηνελόπη Ep. Πηνελόπεια, ἡ, Penelope, daughter of Icarus, wife of Odysseus: (called from her weaving the web, πῆνη).

πηνέλοψ, στος, δ, a kind of duck.

ΠΗ/ΝΗ, ἡ, like πῆνος, the thread on the shuttle, the woof; in plur. the web.

πηγίζομαι Dor. πανίσδομαι: Dep.: (πηγίων):—to wind thread off a reel: generally, to wind off.

ΠΗΝ/ΚΑ [ῖ], Adv. at what point of time? at what hour? πηνίε' ἐστὶ τῆς ἡμέρας; what hour of day is it?

πηγίον, τό, Dim. of πῆνος or πῆνη, the thread of the woof: or the quill on which the thread is wound.

πῆνισμα, ατος, τό, (πηγίζω) the thread wound on a spindle, the thread of the woof.

πῆξαι, aor. I inf. of πῆγνυμι.

πῆξε, Ep. for ἔπηξε, 3 sing. aor. I of πῆγνυμι.

πηρός Dor. πᾶός, οὔ, δ, (πάομαι) a kinsman by marriage, a connexion, Lat. affinis.

ΠΗΡΑ Ion. πῆρη, ἡ, a leathern pouch, a wallet, scrip, knapsack, Lat. pera.

πηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πῆρα, a little wallet.

πηρό-δετος, ον, (πῆρα, δέω) tying a wallet.

ΠΗΡΟ'Σ, α, όν, disabled in a limb, maimed, Lat. mancus.

πηρόω, f. ὤσω, (πηρός) to maim, disable: metaph. to incapacitate.

πῆσομαι, Ion. fut. of πάσχω.

πηχῦαιος, α, ον, a cubit long.

πηχύνομαι, Med. to take into one's arms.

ΠΗΧΤΣ, εως, δ: gen. pl. πῆχων:—the fore-arm, from the wrist to the elbow, Lat. ulna: generally the arm.

II. the centre-piece, which joined the two horns of the bow.

III. in pl., πῆχες are the horns or sides of the lyre, opp. to ζυγόν the bridge.

IV. as a measure of length, the space from the point of the elbow to the end of the little finger, Lat. cubitus, a cubit, orig. containing 24 δάκτυλοι, or about 18 inches: the πῆχυς βασιλῆιους was longer by three δάκτυλοι, being = 27 δάκτυλοι or about 20 inches.

V. a cubit-rule.

πιάζω, f. ἄσω and ἄψω: aor. I part. πιάσας: Dor. form of πιέζω, to press: to lay hold of, apprehend.

πιαίνω, f. ἄνῶ: aor. I ἐπίανα, pass. ἐπιάσθην: pf. pass. πεπιάσμαι: (πιών):—to make fat, fatten; of the soil, to fatten, enrich: metaph. to increase, enlarge.

2. metaph. to make wanton:—Pass. to become fat, wax wanton.

πιάσας, Dor. aor. I part. of πιάζω.

πίαρ, τό, indecl. (πιῶν) fat, tallow, suet: also oil, cream: hence fatness: metaph. the fat of the land, the cream of a thing, the choicest, best.

πιᾶρός, α, όν, (πιᾶρ) fat, rich.

πιασμα, τό, (πιαίνω) that which makes fat or rich, an enricher, fattener, of a river.

πιδάκτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (πιδᾶξ) of the spring or fountain.

πιδάκοις, εσσα, εν, (πιδᾶξ) gushing.

πιδᾶκ-ώδης, es, (πιδᾶξ, εἶδος) like a fountain, gushing with spring-water.

ΠΙ/ΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, a spring, fountain. Hence

πιδήκεις, εσσα, εν, rich in springs.

πιδύω, to gush out.

πίε, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω: but also Ep. for πίε, 3 sing. indic.

πιέειν, Ep. for πειν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πιέξω, = πιέζω: and hence Ep. impf. πιέξεν and Ion. part. pass. πιεζέμενος.

ΠΙ/Ε'ΖΩ, f. πίεςω: aor. I ἐπίεσα: Pass. aor. I ἐπιέσθην or ἐπιέχθην: pf. πεπίεσμαι or πεπιέγμαι:—to press, squeeze, crush, press bard upon.

πιεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πίερα [ῖ], ἡ, pecul. fem. of πίων, fat, rich: of cities, prosperous, wealthy: δαῖς πίερα a plentiful meal:—of pine-wood, resinous, juicy, unctuous.

πιέμεν, Ep. for πειν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

Πιερίδες, αἱ, the Pierides, name of the Muses, from mount Pierus in Thessaly.

Πιερίθην, Adv. from Pieria in Thessaly.

πίεσαι, for πτεῖ, 2 sing. fut. of πίνω.

πιεσθεῖς, εἶσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of πιέζω.

πῆις, εσσα, εν, poet. for πίων, fat, rich.

πιθθα, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of πίνω.

πιθᾶκη Att. φιδᾶκη, ἡ, (πίθος) a wine-cask, wine-jar.

πιθᾶκος, Dor. for πίθηκος, an ape.

πιθανολογέω, f. ἥσω, (πιθανολόγος) to use probable arguments. Hence

πιθανολογία, ἡ, the use of probable arguments.

πιθᾶνο-λόγος, ον, (πιθάνος, λέγω) speaking persuasively, using probable arguments.

πιθᾶνός, ἡ, όν, (πειθω) act. calculated to persuade: 1. of persons, persuasive. 2. of manners, winning.

3. of reports, plausible, credible: hence reasonable, likely. 4. of works of art, producing illusion, natural.

II. pass. easy to persuade, credulous.

2. obedient.

πιθᾶνός, Adv. of πιθανός, persuasively: Comp. πιθανώτερον, more persuasively.

πιθῆσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.

πιθέων, όνος, δ, (πιθός) a place for casks, a cellar.

πιθηκίζω, f. ἴσω, (πιθηκος) to play the ape. Hence

πιθηκιμός, δ, a playing the ape, aping.

πιθηκος Dor. πιθᾶκος, ό, (πειθω) an ape, Lat. simius: hence, one who plays ape's tricks, a jackanapes.

πιθηκο-φάγω, (πιθηκος, φαγεῖν) to eat ape's flesh.

πιθηκο-φόρος, ον, (πιθῶκος, φέρω) carrying apes.

πιθήσας, aor. I part. of πείθω, as if from πιθέω.

πιθι, irreg. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω.

πιθ-ουλία, ἡ, (πίθος, οἶγνυμι) an opening of casks.

πιθοίγια, τό, (πίθος, οἶνον) *the cask-opening, a festival on the first day of the Anthesteria.*

πιθόμην, Ep. for ἐπιθόμην, aor. 2 med. of πείθω.

πίθος, ὁ, *a wine-jar made of earthenware.* [Ὶ]

πιθών, ὁ, = πύθος, an ape. [Ὶ]

πιθών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πείθω.

πικραίνω, f. ἄνω, (πικρός) *to make sharp or bitter: metaph. to embitter, anger:—Pass. to grow angry.*

πικρία, ἡ, (πικρός) *bitterness: of temper, bitterness, malice, venom, spleen.*

πικρό-γάμος, ὄν, (πικρός, γαμέω) *embittered in marriage, unbaptily wedded.*

πικρό-γλωσσος, ὄν, (πικρός, γλῶσσα) *of sharp or bitter tongue.*

πικρό-καρπος, ὄν, (πικρός, καρπός) *bearing bitter fruit.*

ΠΙ'ΚΡΟ'Σ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *sharp, keen, piercing: of taste, sharp, pungent, bitter: of sound, sharp, piercing, brill.*

2. of persons, words, acts, etc., bitter, cruel, harsh, stern, morose, severe: also *hateful, hostile.* II. Comp. and Sup. πικρότερος, -ότατος, never πικρώτερος, -ώτατος. Hence

πικρότης, ἡ, *bitterness: harshness, cruelty.*

πικρό-χολος, ὄν, (πικρός, χολή) *with bitter gall: splenetic.*

πικρός, Adv. of πικρός, *sharply, harshly, bitterly, cruelly.*

πίλῃω, = πιλάω:—Pass. *to be close pressed.*

πίλιδιον, τό, Dim. of πῖλος, *a little felt-bat, Lat. pileolus.* [ΛῚ]

πι-λίπης, ἐς, (πί, λιπεῖν) *wanting the letter πῖ.*

πιλνάω, = πελάω, *to bring near to:—Pass. πιλναμαι, to draw near to, approach, encounter, c. dat.*

ΠΙ'ΛΟΣ, ὁ, *wool or hair wrought into felt, felt, felt-cloth.* II. *a felt-cap, bat; πῖλος χαλκοῦς a brassen bat, i. e. helmet: also a felt cuirass.*

πιλοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, *used to wear a felt-bat. From πῖλο-φόρος, ὄν, (πῖλος, φέρω) wearing a felt-bat.*

πίλω, f. ὠσω, (πῖλος) *to press wool so as to make it into felt, to felt wool: hence to press close, squeeze tight.*

πιμελή, ἡ, (πίων, πῖαρ) *fat, Lat. adeps. Hence*

πιμελής, ἐς, *fat, Lat. pinguis.*

πίμπλαντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πιμπλάνω, poet. for πίμπλημι, *hence pres. med. τιμπλάνεται for πίμπληται.*

πιμπλέω, = πίμπλημι: Ion. part. pl. fem. *πιμπλεῖσαι.*

ΠΙ'ΜΠΛΗΜΙ, inf. *πιμπλάναι* [ᾱ]: 3 pl. impf. *ἐπιμπλασαν:* (tenses formed from πλήθω): fut. *πλήσω:* aor. I *ἐπλήσα, med. ἐπλήσασθην:* Pass., aor. I *ἐπλήσθην:* pf. *ἐπέπλησμαι:*—also, Ep. aor. 2 pass. *ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτο, πλήντο, imperat. πλήσο, opt. πλῆμην or πλείμην:*—*to fill, fill up, fill full of a thing, c. acc. pers. et gen. rei; or to fill with a thing, c. dat. rei.* 2. c. acc. pers. only, *to fill full, satisfy, glut.* 3. *to fulfil, discharge an office.* II.

Med. *to fill for oneself, or what is one's own.* III.

Pass. *to become or be full of: to be filled, satisfied, have enough of a thing.*

ΠΙ'ΜΠΡΗΜΙ, inf. *πιμπράναι* [ᾱ]: (tenses formed from πρήθω): fut. *πρήσω:* aor. I *ἐπρήσα:* Pass., aor. *ἐπρήσθην:* pf. *πέπρησμαι:*—*to kindle, burn, set on fire:*—Pass. *πίμπραμαι, to be burnt, set on fire, consumed.*

πῖν, poet. inf. of *ἐπιον*, aor. 2 of *πίνω.*

πῖνάκηδόν, Adv. (*πῖναξ*) *like planks.*

πῖνάκιον, τό, Dim. of *πῖναξ*, *a little tablet, esp. that on which the judges (δικασταί) wrote their verdict of guilty or not guilty, Lat. tabella.*

πῖνάκισκος, ὁ, = πῖνάκιον.

πῖνάκο-πώλης, ὄν, ὁ, (*πῖναξ*, *πωλέω*) *one who sells small birds ranged upon a board.*

ΠΙ'ΝΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, *a board, plank: a writing-tablet: a votive tablet.*

2. *a wooden trencher, dish, plate, or platter.* 3. *a board for painting on, a picture, Lat. tabula.* 4. *a plate engraved or written upon: a chart or map.* 5. *a board for public notices: a register, list.*

πῖνᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (*πῖνος*) *dirty, squalid.*

πῖνάω, (*πῖνος*) *to be dirty.*

πῖνέμεν, πῖνέμεναι, Ep. inf. of *πίνω.*

πῖνεσκον [Ὶ], Ion. impf. of *πίνω.*

πῖνρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for *πινᾶρός.*

ΠΙ'ΝΝΑ and πῖννη, ἡ, *a kind of muscle, the pinna.*

πῖννο-τήρης, ὄν, ὁ, (*πῖννα*, *τῆρέω*) *a small crab that lives in the pinna's shell: metaph. a little parasite.*

πῖνδεις, εἶσα, εν = *πινᾶρός.*

ΠΙ'ΝΟΣ, ὁ, *dirty, filthy, Lat. squalor.* [Ὶ]

πῖνύσκω, aor. I *ἐπῖνυσα:* pass. *ἐπῖνυσθην:* (*πέ-πνυμι*, pf. pass. of *πνέω*):—*to make wise or prudent, admonish, instruct, inform.* Hence

πῖνύτῃ, ἡ, *understanding, wisdom.*

πῖνύτης, ἡτος Dor. ἄτος, ἡ, = *πινυτή.*

πῖνύτος, ἡ, ὄν, (*πῖνύσσω*) *wise, understanding.*

πῖνυτό-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (*πινυτός, φρήν*) *of wise or understanding mind.*

ΠΙ'ΝΩ [Ὶ], fut. *πίομαι:* aor. 2 *ἐπιον*, imperat. *πίε*, also *πιθῖ*, inf. *πιεῖν:* from Root ΠΟ— come pf. *πέπωκα*, aor. I pass. *ἐπόθη:* pf. pass. inf. *πεπόσθαι:*—*to drink, Lat. bibo:* c. gen. *to drink of a thing:* metaph. *to drink up, absorb:* pf. *πέπωκα, to have drunk, to be drunken.*

πῖν-ώδης, ἐς, (*πῖνος*, *εἶδος*) *dirty, squalid.*

πίοιμι, aor. 2 opt. of *πίνω.*

πίομαι, fut. of *πίνω:* but also used as pres. med.

πίος, Ep. aor. 2 of *πίνω.*

πίος, α, ὄν, poet. for *πίων.*

πίότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (*πίος*, *πίων*) *fatness, richness.*

πίπῖσκω, f. *πίσω* [Ὶ]: aor. I *ἐπίσα:* Causal of *πίνω, to give to drink, c. dupl. acc.; πίσω σφε Δίρκας ὕδαρ* I will give them the water of Dirce to drink.

πίπλω, poet. for *πίμπλημι*, impf. *ἐπιπλων, to fill.*

πιπῖζω, f. *ίσω, to chirp like young birds.* (Formed from the sound.)

πιπράσκω Ion. *πιπρήσκω*, redupl. form of *περάω:*

pf. πέπρακα : Pass., fut. 1. πρᾶθῃσμαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπράσσομαι [ᾶ] : aor. 1 pass. ἐπράθην [ᾶ] : pf. πέπραμαι Ion. -μαι : (περάω) :—to sell beyond seas, like περάω : generally, to sell :—Pass. to be sold : metaph. to be bought and sold, i. e. betrayed.

πίπτω, for πι-πέτω, redupl. from Root ΠΙΕΤ- : Ep. impf. πίπτον : fut. πεσοῦμαι Ion. πεσέομαι : aor. 2 ἔπεσον, inf. πεσέω : pf. πέπτωκα, Ep. part. πεπτηώς and πεπτεώς, -εῶτος Att. πεπτώς, -ῶτος, syncope, from πεπτωκώς :—to fall, fall down ; c. acc. cognato, πίπτειν πτώματα, πεινήματα : absol. in pf. πέπτωκα, to be fallen, lie low. II. Special usages : πίπτειν ἐν τινι to fall upon a thing violently, to attack. 2. πίπτειν ἐκ τινος to fall out of or lose a thing, Lat. decidere de . . : ἐκ θυμοῦ πίπτειν τινί to fall out of or lose one's favour. 3. πίπτειν μετὰ ποσὶ γυναικός to fall between the feet of a woman, i. e. to be born. 4. to fall in fight. 5. to fall, sink, leave off : ἀνεμος πέσε the wind fell. 6. πίπτειν ὑπὸ τινος to fall by another's hand, to be overthrown, overcome ; ὁ στρατὸς αὐτὸς ὑπ' ἐνυτοῦ ἔπεσε the army failed of itself, Lat. mole sua corruit. 7. to fall short, fail : of a play, to fail, Lat. cadere. 8. of the dice, to fall in a certain position ; τὰ δεσποτῶν εὖ πεσόντα θήσομαι I shall count my master's throws lucky : generally, εὖ or καλῶς πίπτειν, to be lucky :—so also, to fall, turn out, happen.

πίρνω, an Egypt. word = καλὸς κάγαθός, noble. πῖσινος, η, ον, (πίσος) made of peas, ἔντος πῖσινον pea-soup.

ΠΙΣΟΣ, a kind of pulse, the pea, Lat. pisum. [Ὶ] πίσος, τό, (πίσος fut. of πίσιω) only in nom. and acc. pl. πῖσα, moist lands, meadows.

ΠΙΣΣΑ Att. πίττᾶ, ἡ, pitch, Lat. pix : proverb, μελάνθηρον ἥτε πίσσα blacker than pitch.

πισήρης, es, (πίσσα) of or like pitch, pitchy.

πίσσινος Att. πίττινος, η, ον, (πίσσα) pitched over, coated with pitch.

πισσῶ Att. πίττ-, f. ὥσω, to pitch, cover with pitch.

πίστευμα, τό, (πιστεύω) a pledge of good faith.

πιστευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to trust, confiding. From πιστεύω, f. σω, (πίστις) to believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing : absol., χαλεπὸν πιστεύειν hard to believe ; πιστεύειν εἰς τινα to believe on a person :—Pass. to be believed or trusted. 2. to believe, comply, obey. II. c. inf. to believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is : also c. dat. et inf. to trust to one, rely on one to do so and so. III. to entrust or confide something to another.

πιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid.

πιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίστις) trustworthy, faithful. 2. persuasive. 3. pure, genuine.

πίστις, εως, ἡ, (πίθω, πείθομαι) trust in others, faith, belief ; Lat. fides, fiducia ; πίστις θεῶν faith in the gods : persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance. 2. good faith, faithfulness, honesty, Lat. fides. 3. credit, trust ; εἰς πίστιν δίδοναι to give in trust. II. that

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant ; πίστιν καὶ ὅρκια ποιεῖσθαι to exchange assurances and oaths. 2. a means of persuasion, an argument, proof.

πιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίνω) drinkable, liquid ; τὰ πιστὰ liquid medicines, draughts.

πιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πίθω) of persons, faithful, trusty, true : in Persia οἱ πιστοὶ or τὰ πιστὰ were confidential officers about the court, privy-councillors ; πιστὰ πιστῶν, like ἔσχατ' ἐσχάτων, = πιστότατοι, most trusty. 2. believed, trusted. II. of things, trustworthy, sure, deserving belief : credible. 2. τὸ πιστόν, as Subst., a pledge, security, warrant ; πιστὸν or πιστὰ δοῦναι καὶ λαβεῖν to give and receive pledges : also τὸ πιστόν = πίστις, good faith. III. act. believing, relying on. 2. obedient. Hence

πιστότης, ητος, ἡ, good faith, honour, faithfulness. πιστόω, f. ὥσω, (πιστός) to make faithful or trustworthy, bind by a pledge or engagement. II. Pass. to be made trustworthy, give a pledge or warrant ; ὅρκω πιστωθῆναι to pledge oneself by oath. 2. to feel trust, to be persuaded ; πιστωθεὶς trusting, confiding. III. Med. to give one another pledges or guarantees, exchange troth. 2. πιστοῦσθαι τινα ὑπ' ὅρκων to secure his good faith, bind him by oaths.

πίστρα, ἡ, (πίνω) a drinking-trough or cup.

πίστρον, τό, (πίνω) = πίστρα.

πίστωμα, ατος, τό, (πιστός) an assurance, guarantee, pledge. 3. γηραιά πιστώματα = πιστοὶ γέροντες, as πιστὰ Περσῶν is used for πιστοὶ Περσῶν.

πιστῶς, Adv. of πιστός, faithfully : persuasively.

πιστώσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of πιστῶω.

πισῦνος, η, ον, (πίθω) trusting on, relying or depending on, confiding in, c. dat.

πίσυρες, οἱ, αἱ, πίσυρα, τά, Aeol. for τέσσορες, τέσσαρα.

πίσω [Ὶ], fut. of πίσιω.

πίτνα, Ep. for ἐπίτνα, 3 sing. impf. of πίτνημι.

πίτνᾶς, ᾶσα, ἄν, part. of πίτνημι.

πίτνημι, collat. form of πέταννυμι, to spread out, extend, expand.

πίτνω = πέταννυμι, to spread out : impf. ἐπιτνω.

πίτνω [Ὶ], poet. form of πίπτω, used metri grat. when the penult. is required to be short, as μῖμνω is used for μένω, when the penult. is to be long.

πίττᾶ, ἡ, Att. for πίσσα.

πίττινος, η, ον, Att. for πῖσινος.

πιττώω, Att. for πῖσσω.

πίτῦ-κάμπτης, ον, ὁ, = πιτυο-κάμπτης.

πίτῦλεω, f. σω, (πίτυλος) to ply the plashing oar.

ΠΙΤΥΛΟΣ [Ὶ], ὁ, the measured plash of oars ; ἐνὶ πτυλῷ with one stroke. II. the plash of falling drops ; πτύλος σκύφου the plash of wine poured into a cup. 2. the noise made by a quick succession of blows, as the beating of the breast, clapping of the hands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear. 3. metaph. of any violent gestures, frantic passion.

πίτυο-κάμπτης, ου, ὁ, (πίτυς, κάμπω) *the pine-bender*, epith. of the robber Sinis, who killed travellers by tying them between two pine-trees bent down so as nearly to meet, and then let go.

πίτυο-τρόφος, ον, (πίτυς, τρέφω) *growing pines*.

πίτυρον, τό, (πίσσω) *bran, the husk of corn*: generally, *refuse*, Lat. *furfur, furfura*: mostly used in pl.

ΠΙΤΤΥΣ, vos, ἡ, poet. dat. pl. πίτυσιν: *the pine-tree*, Lat. *pinus*: proverb., πίτυος δίκην ἐκτρίβεσθαι to be destroyed like a pine-tree, i. e. utterly, because the pine-tree once cut down never grows again.

πίτυ-στεπτος, ον, (πίτυς, στέφω) *pine-crowned*.

πιφαύσκω, (redupl. form of φαίνω, akin to φάσκω, as διδάσκω to δαίω), only used in pres. and impf. to let be seen, shew, reveal by a token: mostly, to shew by words, to make known, tell, declare, reveal. 2.

πιφαύσκομαι as Dep. to make manifest, make known, declare.

πίω, aor. 2 subj. of πίνω.

ΠΙΩΝ [f], ὁ, ἡ, neut. πίων, gen. πίνος:—Lat. *PINGUIS*, fat, plump, sleek, of animals: oily, rich. II. of soil, fat, rich, fertile: also wealthy. III. Comp. and Sup. πιώτερος, πίδατος (as if from πῖος).

πίων, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of πίνω.

πλαγά, Dor. for πληγή.

πλάγιαζω, f. άσω, (πλάγιος) to turn sideways or slanting, turn aside: to tack to and fro.

πλάγι-αυλος, ὁ, (πλάγιος, αὐλός) *the cross flute, German flute*.

πλάγιος, α, ον, also os, ον, placed sideways, slanting, athwart; εἰς πλάγιον sideways; τὰ πλάγια the sides, in military sense, the flanks of an army; εἰς τὰ πλάγια right and left; κατὰ πλάγια in flank; ἐκ πλάγιον on the flank; πλαγίους λαβεῖν τοὺς πολεμίους to take the enemy in flank. II. metaph. sideways, askance, treacherous.

πλάγιω, (πλάγιος) to turn or move sideways.

πλαγιώς, Adv. of πλάγιος, *aslant*.

πλαγекήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πλάζω) *act. be that leads astray, a misleader*. 2. pass. a wanderer, rover.

πλαγκτός, ἡ, ὅν, also ὅς, ὅν, (πλάζω) *wandering, roaming*. II. metaph. wandering in mind, distraught, unsettled. Hence

πλαγκτοσύνη, ἡ, a wandering, roaming.

πλάγξομαι, fut. med. of πλάζω.

πлагχθῆναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πλάζω.

πλάδᾱρός, ὁ, ὅν, wet, moist. From

ΠΛΑΔΩΣ, ὁ, moisture.

ΠΛΑΨΩ, Ep. impf. πλάζον: f. πλάγζω: aor. I ἐπлагза:—to make to wander or roam, drive from the right course, cast away: metaph. to lead astray: generally, to mislead, seduce. II. Pass. with fut. med. πлагζομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπлагχθην Ep. πлагχθην, to wander, go astray: to glance or slide off.

πλάθάνη, ἡ, (πλάσσω) a platter or mould to bake in. πλάθανον, τό, πλάθανος, ὁ, = παθάνη.

πλάθηναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πελάζω.

πλάθω, collat. form of πελάζω, intr. to approach, draw near, come nigh. [ā]

ΠΛΑΨΪΟΝ, τό, an oblong figure or body; ισόπλευρον πλάσιον a square: of an army, ἐν πλαισίῳ τετάχθαι to be drawn up in square, Lat. *agmine quadrato*, as opp. to marching order, *agmine longo*.

πλακέις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλέκω.

πλακερός, ὁ, ὅν, (πλάξ) = πλατύς, broad.

πλάκίνιος, ἡ, ον, (πλάξ) made of a board or plank, wooden. [ā]

πλάκοῦς, οὔντος, ὁ, contr. from πλακόεις, (πλάξ) a flat cake.

πλάκτωρ, opor, ὁ, Dor. for πλήκτωρ.

πλάν, Dor. for πλῆν.

πλανάω Ion. -έω, f. ἥσω, (πλάνη) to lead astray, lead wandering about: of ships, to drive from their course: generally, to mislead, lead into error. II.

Pass. πλανάομαι, with fut. med. πλανήσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπλανήθην, pf. πεπλάνημαι:—to wander, roam about, stray: c. acc., πλανᾶσθαι χθόνα to wander over a land, Lat. *oberrare*: πλανᾶσθαι ἐν λόγῳ to be at a loss in one's story: to wander in mind, be at a loss.

ΠΛΑΝΗΪ, ἡ, a wandering or roaming about, straying: erring, error. [ā]

πλάνημα, atos, τό, (πλανάω) a wandering, going astray.

πλάνης, ητος, ὁ, (πλάνη) a wanderer, roamer, rover, Lat. *erro*; πλάνητες ἀστέρες wandering stars, planets.

πλάνησις, εως, ἡ, (πλανάω) a leading astray: a dispersing. [ā]

πλανητέον, verb. Adj. of πλανάομαι, one must wander.

πλάνητης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ιδος, (πλανάω) = πλάνης, a wanderer. 2. a planet.

πλάνος, α, ον, poet. for πλάνος.

πλαν-οδία, ἡ, (πλάνος, ὁδός) a wrong way, by-way. [πλᾱ- metri grat.]

ΠΛΑΝΟΪΣ [ā], ἡ, ον, also os, ον, act. leading astray, deceiving: as Subst., πλάνος, ὁ, a deceiver. 2. pass. wandering, roaming.

ΠΛΑΝΟΪΣ, ὁ, = πλάνη, a wandering about, roaming, straying: φροντίδος πλάνοι wanderings of thought. πλάνω-σιβίης, ἐς, (πλάνος, στείβω) trodden by wanderers.

πλάνυτον, = πλανάομαι, to wander about.

ΠΛΑΨ, ἡ, gen. πλάκος, anything flat and broad, flat land, a plain; πόντου πλάξ the ocean plain: the flat top of a hill, table-land:—also a flat stone, tombstone.

πλάξεν, Dor. for ἐπлагξεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πлагσσω.

πλάξ-ιππος, ον, Dor. for πлагξίππος.

πλάσμα, atos, τό, (πλάσσω) anything moulded or modelled in clay or wax, an image, figure; πλάσματα πηλοῦ vessels of clay. II. ibat which is imitated, a forgery.

ΠΛΑΨΩ Att. -ττω: f. πλάσω [ā]: aor. I ἐπлагσα Ep. ἐπлагσσα, πλάσσα: pf. πέπлагκα: Pass., aor. I ἐπлагσθην: pf. πέπлагμαι:—to form, mould,

shape, fashion, Lat. *figere*, of the statuary who works in clay or wax:—Pass. *to be moulded, made, fashioned*.

II. generally, *to mould, shape*, of the mind and body:—Med., *πλασάμενος τῇ ὀφει* having formed himself in face, i. e. having composed his countenance.

III. metaph. *to make up, fabricate, forge*: absol., *δόξω πλάσας λέγειν* I shall seem to speak from invention; *κόμπος οὐ πεπλάσμενος* no false boast. Hence

πλαστής, οὐ, ὅ, fem. *πλάστειρα*, one who moulds or models, a modeller.

πλάστιγξ Ion. *πλήστιγξ*, ἰγγος, ἡ, (πλήσσω) the tongue or scale of a balance.

II. a pair of scales, balance: also a yoke for horses.

III. a whip.

πλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, doubtful form of *πλαστός*.

πλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλάσσω) formed, moulded, modelled.

II. metaph. *made up, forged, counterfeit, unreal*: *πλαστός πατρί* a supposititious son.

πλάτᾱγέω, f. ἡσώ, *to clasp the bands loudly*: *to clasp, crack*.

II. *to beat*, so as to make a loud noise. From

πλάτᾱγῃ, ἡ, (πλάτᾱσσω) a rattle.

πλάτᾱγμα, ατος, τό, (πλάτᾱγέω) a clapping.

πλάτᾱγων, ὦνος, ὅ, (πλάτᾱγέω) anything that rattles or cracks.

πλάτᾱγόνιον, τό, Dim. of *πλάταγών*, the broad petal of the poppy, which they used to lay on the hand and strike smartly; it was a good omen if it burst with a loud crack.

Πλάταια, ἡ, mostly in plur. *Πλαταιαί*, ὦν, αἱ, Plataea, a city in Boeotia: adverbial dat., *Πλαταιαῖσι* at Plataea. Hence

Πλαταιεῖς Ion. —έες Att. —ῆς, οἱ, the Plataeans.

πλάτᾱμών, ὦνος, ὅ, (πλατύς) any broad flat body: a flat stone, a flat beach.

πλάτᾱνιστος, ἡ, = *πλάτανος*. Hence

πλάτᾱνιστοῦς, οὐντος, ὅ, contr. for *πλατανιστοῖς*, a plane-tree grove.

πλάτᾱνος, ὡς, (πλατύς) the oriental plane, the plane-tree, Lat. *platanus*, so called from its broad, flat leaf.

πλάτεια, ἡ, see *πλατύς*.

πλάτειαζω Dor. —άσδω: f. άσώ: (πλατύς):—to speak or pronounce broadly, esp. with a Doric accent.

πλάτῆς, Adv. of *πλατύς*, broadly.

πλάτῃ Dor. *πλάτα*, ἡ, (πλατύς) the flat or broad part of anything, the blade of an oar, Lat. *palmula remi*: the whole oar.

2. a sheet of paper.

πλάτιον, Adv., Dor. for *πλησίον*.

πλάτις, ιδος, ἡ, (πελάζω) poet. for *πελάτις*, a wife.

πλάτος, εος, τό, (πλατύς) breadth, width: absol. in acc., τό πλάτος or πλάτος in breadth.

πλάτῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (πελάζω) = *πλαστός*, *πelasτός*.

πλάτῶω, f. ὦσω, (πλάτῃ) to form the flat of oars.

πλάτῶνιζέω, f. σω, (πλατύς) to beat the water with the blade of an oar: to splash about: metaph. to make a splash, splutter, swagger.

πλάτῶ-λέσχης, ου, ὅ, (πλατύς, λέσχη) a babbler.

πλατυντέον, verb. Adj. of *πλατύνω*, one must widen.

πλάτύνω, f. ἔνῶ, (πλατύς) to make broad, widen, extend:—Med., *πλατύνεσθαι τὴν γῆν* to widen one's territory.

2. to open wide: 3 sing. pf. pass. *πεπλάτυνται* has been opened.

πλάτῦ-νωτος, ου, (πλατύς, νῶτος) broad-backed.

πλάτῦρ-ρους, ου, contr. —ρους, ουν, (πλατύς, ῥέω) broad-flowing.

ΠΛΑΤῩ—εἰα, ὅ, Ion. fem. *πλατέα*:—flat, wide, broad:—metaph., *πλατὺς κατάγελας* flat mockery.

2. as Subst., ἡ *πλατεία* (sub. δόδός), a street: also (sub. χεῖρ), the flat of the hand.

II. salt, brackish, because *πλατὺ ὕδωρ* was originally used of the sea.

III. Comp. and Sup., *πλατύτερος*, *πλατύτετος*.

πλάτῦτις, ητος, ἡ, (πλατύς) breadth, width: generally, size, bulk. [ῥ]

πλέας, acc. of *πλέες*, q. v.

πλέδῃν, Adv. (πλέκω) in plaits or braids.

πλέγμα, ατος, τό, (πλέκω) anything twined or plaited, a net: in pl. wreaths, chaplets.

πλέες, οἱ, acc. *πλέας*, Ep. for *πλείονες*, Comp. of *πολύς*, more: Dor. contr. *πλείς*.

πλεθρίαῖος, α, ου, of the size of a πλέθρον.

ΠΛΕΘΡΟΝ Ep. *πέλεθρον*, τό, as measure of length, a plethron, being 100 Greek or 101 English feet, the sixth part of a stade.

2. a race-course or race of this length.

II. as a square measure, 10,000 square feet, about 37 perches.

Πλειάς, άδος, ἡ, in plur. *Πλειάδες* Ion. *Πληιάδες*, αἱ, the Pleiades, seven daughters of Atlas and Pleione, who were placed among the stars.

πλείμην, εἰο, εἶτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of *πίμπλημι*.

πλείν, Att. for *πλέον*, like *δύν* for *δέον*, more.

2. inf. of *πλέω* to sail.

πλείος, ἡ, ου, Ion. and Ep. for *πλέος*, full.

πλείότερος, η, ου, Comp. of *πλείος*, fuller.

πλειστάκις, Adv. (*πλείστος*) most times, mostly, very often.

πλειστήρης, es, (*πλείστος*) manifold: ἅπας *πλειστήρης χρόνος* the whole extent of time. Hence

πλειστηρίζομαι, Dep. to assign as the chief agent of a thing, to accuse of being the author of a thing.

πλειστο-βόλος, ου, (*πλείστος*, βαλεῖν) throwing the most, throwing the biggest.

πλειστόμ-βροτος, ου, (*πλείστος*, βροτός) thronged with people, crowded.

πλείστος, η, ου, Sup. of *πολύς*, most, Lat. *plurimus*: very much; also, very great:—οἱ *πλείστοι* the greatest number: τὸ *πλείστον* the greatest part: so also agreeing with its Noun, ὁ *πλείστος* τοῦ βίου the most part of life:—ἡ *πλείστη γνώμη* ἦν his opinion was mostly: *πλείστος εἰμι τῇ γνώμῃ* I am mostly of opinion: ὅσοι *πλείστοι* the most possible: ἐν τοῖς *πλείστοι* about the most, like ἐν τοῖς πρώτοι:—neut. *πλείστον* as Adv.

most: τὸ *πλείστον* for the most part:—with Preps., διὰ *πλείστου* at the greatest distance: ἐπὶ *πλείστου* to the greatest extent: περὶ *πλείστου* of the greatest importance or value.

πλείω, Ep. pres. for πλέω, *to sail*.

πλείων or πλέων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πλείον or πλέον, gen. *onos*; Ep. nom. and acc. pl. πλέες πλέας, Dor. πλείς: πλείν, πλείνος, πλείνες etc., are Ion. and Dor. for πλέον, πλέονος, etc.: πλείν Att. for πλέον, like δύν for δέον: Ep. dat. pl. πλεόνεσσι: Comp. of πολύν:—*more*: also *greater, larger*, of size as well as number:—οἱ πλέωνες Ion. and Dor. of πλείνες, *the greater number*, and so, like οἱ πολλοί, *the many, the people*, opp. to the chief men; τὸ πλείον *the greater part*; so also agreeing with its Noun, πλέων νῦν *the greater part* of night.

II. the neut. πλέων has various usages, *more* of a thing, Lat. *plus*; τὸ πλέον, Ion. and Dor. τὸ πλείν, as Adv. *mostly*; οὐ τὸ πλέον *not so much*; πλέον ἤ.. *more than*..; but the ἤ may be omitted, πλέω ἐβδομήκοντα *more than seventy*:—πλέον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνώμη *his opinion rather tended*; πλέον ἔχειν *to have the best of it*, opp. to ἔλαττον ἔχειν *to be beaten*:—with Preps., ἐπὶ πλέον as Adv. *more, further*; ἐς πλέον *more*; περὶ πλείονος *of more importance, of higher value*.

πλείων, ὦνος, ὁ, (πλείος, πλέος) *a full space of time, a year*.

πλέκος, εος, τό, (πλέκω) *anything twined or plaited, wickerwork*.

πλεκτάνω, f. ἴσω, *to twist into wreaths, coil*. From πλεκτάνη, ἡ, (πλέκω) *anything twined or plaited, a coil, wreath*; πλεκτάνη καπνοῦ *a wreath of smoke*. [ᾶ]

πλεκτή, ἡ, fem. of πλεκτός, *a coil, wreath*. 2. *a twisted rope, cord, string*.

πλεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) *of or for plaiting*.

πλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) *plaited, twined, twined*; πλεκταὶ στέγαρι *wicker coverings, i.e. cars*; τὰ πλεκτά *any plaited instruments, ropes*.

ΠΛΕΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐπλεξα: pf. πέπλεχα: Pass., aor. I ἐπλέχην, and aor. 2 ἐπλάκην [ᾶ]: pf. πέπλεγμα:—*to twine, twist, weave, braid, enfold*, Lat. *plico, plecto*: also *to knit*; Med., πλέξασθαι πείσμα *to twist oneself a rope*. 2. metaph. *to plan, devise, contrive*. II. Pass. *to be plaited or woven*. 2. *to twist oneself round, and so to clasp, embrace*.

πλέων, neut. of πλέων, *more*: also neut. of πλέος, *full*.

πλεονάζω, f. άσω: pf. πεπλέονᾱ: (πλέον):—*to be more than enough, to go too far, take or claim too much*: *to presume on*, c. dat. II. *to exaggerate, overstate*.

πλεονάκεις, Adv. (πλέων) *more frequently, oftener*: *too often*. [ᾶ]

πλεον-έκτης, f. ἴσω or ἴσομαι, = πλέον ἔχω *to have or take more than another, to have or claim a larger share*; *to claim more than is one's due, to be grasping*: *to gain some advantage*. 2. c. gen. *to have or gain the advantage over another*:—Pass. *to be overreached, defrauded*. 3. c. gen. rei, *to have a greater share of a thing*; πλεονεκτεῖν ψύχους *to bear more cold*. Hence

πλεονέκτημα, atos, τό, *an advantage, gain*: in pl. *gains, successes*.

πλεον-έκτης, ου, ὁ, = ὁ πλέων ἔχων, *one who has or claims more than his share, hence greedy, grasping, selfish*: also as Adj., λόγος πλεονέκτης *a grasping, overbearing speech*. And

πλεονεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *disposed to take more than one's share*. From

πλεονεξία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *a disposition to take more than one's share, a grasping temper, greediness, covetousness, a claiming more than one's share*. 2. *advantage, superiority*; πλεονεξία τινός *advantage over another*; ἐπὶ πλεονεξίᾳ *for one's advantage or gain*.

πλεόνως, Adv. of πλείων, *too much*.

ΠΛΕΨ'ΟΣ, α, ον, Ion. πλείος, η, ον, Att. πλέως, έα, έων; pl. πλέψ, πλέψ (for πλείαι), πλέᾱ:—*full, filled*, c. gen.: hence *satisfied, cloyed*: of Time, *full, complete*. Comp. πλειότερος.

πλέτο, poet. for ἔπλετο, 3 sing. impf. of πείλομαι.

πλείν, Ion. and Dor. for πλέον: so πλείνος, πλείνες, for πλέονος, πλέονες, etc.

πλείνως, Adv. Ion. for πλεόνως, *too much*.

ΠΑΕΤΡΑ, ᾶς, ἡ, a rib, Lat. *costa*: in pl. *the ribs, the side or sides*. II. later, *the page of a book*.

πλευρίτις, ιδος, ἡ, (πλευρά) *pain in the side, pleurisy*.

πλευρόθεν, Adv. (πλευρά) *from the side*.

πλευρο-κόπew, f. ἴσω, (πλευρά, κόπτω) *to smite the ribs*.

ΠΑΕΤΡΟΝ, τό, a rib, an older poet. form of πλευρά: in pl. *the ribs, the side*.

πλευρο-τύπης, ές, (πλευρόν, τύπτω) *striking the sides*.

πλεύρωμα, atos, τό, like πλευρόν, *the side*.

πλεύσομαι or πλευσοίμαι, fut. med. of πλέω.

πλευστήν, verb. Adj. of πλέω, *one must sail*.

πλευστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέω) *fit for sailing, fair*.

ΠΑΕΩ Ep. πλείω: fut. πλεύσομαι or πλευσοίμαι:

aor. I ἐπλευσα: pf. πέπλευκα; Pass., aor. I ἐπλείσθην: pf. πέπλευσμαι: c. the Ion. form πλώω:—*to sail, go by sea*; c. acc. cognato, ὑγρὰ κέλευθα πλείν *to sail the watery ways*:—*to swim, float*:—metaph., πλείν κατ' ὀρθόν *to go on prosperously*.

πλέω, Att. nom. and acc. neut. pl. of πλέων, *more*.

πλέων, neut. πλέον, for πλείων, q. v.

πλώω, πλέᾱ, πλέων, pl. πλέψ, πλέψ (for πλείαι), πλέᾱ, full, Att. for πλέος.

πληγείς, είςα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλήσσω.

πληγή, ἡ, (πλήσσω) *a blow, stroke, stripe*:—also *a wound*, Lat. *plāga*: also *a beating or fighting with clubs*: metaph. *a blow, stroke, sbock*.

πλήγμα, atos, τό, = πληγή.

πλήθος, εος, τό, (πύμπλημι) *a great number, a mass, throng, crowd*: *the greater part, the mass, main body*; hence *the people, the commons*: also *the government of the people, democracy*. II. *number or quantity*: also *magnitude, size, bulk*.

III. sometimes

length, duration of Time.

πληθύνω [ῶ], f. ὦνᾱ, (πληθύς) *to make full*: *to increase, multiply*: Pass. *to increase (intr.)*, *to be completed*; of persons, *to be fully resolved*. II. intr. = πληθύνω.

πληθύς, ύός, ή, Ep. dat. πληθυί, Ion. for πλήθος, a throng, crowd.

πληθύω, (πληθύς) to be or become full; ἀγορής πληθύνουσης when the market-place becomes full: of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound: to increase in number: to spread, prevail; ὁ πληθύνων λόγος the current story.

πλήθω, pf. πέπληθα: (πλέος):—to be or become full; πλήθουσα σελήνη the moon at the full: of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to complete a space of time.

πληθώρα, ή, (πλήθω) fulness: satiety.

πληκτής, ου, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, quarrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. II. to beat one's breast for grief, Lat. plangere.

to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, ὁ, (πληκτίζομαι) dalliance.

πλήκτρον, τό, (πλήσσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. plectrum. 2. a spear-point. 3. a cock's spur, Lat. calcar. 4. a punting-pole or paddle.

πλήκτωρ, opos, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler.

πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.

πλημμέλεια, ή, (πλημμελής) a mistake in music, false note: generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμελέω, f. ήσω, (πλημμελής) to make a false note in music: to err, offend:—Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-treated or insulted. Hence

πλημμέλημα, atos, τό, = πλημμέλεια.

πλημ-μελής, ές, (πλήν, μέλος) out of tune, making a false note: generally, erring, faulty, offending: of things, unpleasant, harsh. Adv. -λως.

πλήμμη, ή, = πλήσμη.

πλημμύρα, ή, = πλημμυρίς, flood-tide: a flood. Hence

πλημμυρέω, f. ήσω, to overflow.

πλημμυρίς, ίδος, ή, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide; πλημμυρίς έκ πόντου the flood setting in towards land: generally, a flood, deluge. [ὕ Ep., ὕ Att.]

πλήμνη, ή, (πλήθω) the nave of a wheel.

πλήν, (properly contr. from πλέον, more than), beyond: I. as Prep., with gen. except, save. II. as Adv. besides, unless, save, except; πλὴν ὅσον except so far as: it is often followed by some conjunct; πλὴν ὅταν save when; πλὴν ὅτι except that; πλὴν εἰ or εἰάν, Lat. nisi si, only if; etc.; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οἶδα πλὴν ἓν (sc. οἶδα) I know not, only one thing (I know).

πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. II. 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

πλήξα, Ep. for ἐπληξα, aor. I of πλήσσω.

πλήξ-ιππος, ου, (πλήσσω, ἵππος) striking or driving horses.

πληρύντες, -εύμεναι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of πληρώω.

πλήρης, es, gen. eos contr. ους, (πλέος) full of, c.

gen.; rarely c. dat. filled with: absol. full, filled to the brim.

2. generally, full, complete, sufficient.

3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

πληρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (πλήρης, φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil:—Pass. to be fully assured: of things, to be fully believed. Hence

πληροφορία, ή, full conviction, certainty.

πληρώω, f. ώσω: pf. πεπλήρωκα: fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass. sense: fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι: (πλήρης):—to fill, make full: πληροῦν ναῦν to man a ship: πληροῦτε θωρακεῖα man the walls. 2. to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy.

3. πληροῦν τὴν χρείαν to supply the need. II. of numbers, to make full, complete, make up.

III. to fulfil a duty: generally, to perform or discharge a task. IV. intr. to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, atos, τό, that which fills up, a full measure, complement: of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, her crew: of number, the sum. II. a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσις, ή, (πληρώω) a filling up, filling: the completing a number: the manning a ship.

πλησαίαιτο, Ep. for πλήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσας, aor. I part. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσθεν, Ep. for ἐπλησθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησιάζω, f. άσω: pf. πεπλησίακα: (πλησίος):—to bring near:—Pass. to be brought near, approach. II. intr. to be near: to approach: c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

πλησιαιτερος, -αιτατος, Att. Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος: Adv. Comp. πλησιαιτέρω, nearer.

πλησιέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος.

πλησίος, α, ου, (πέλας, πελάζω) near, hard by, close to.

II. as Subst., πλησίος, ὁ, a neighbour.

III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, hard by;

ὁ πλησίον (sub. ὄν) one's neighbour: so Dor. ὁ πλάτιον.

IV. Comp. πλησιέστερος, Sup. -έστατος, also πλησιαιτερος, -αιτατος, nearer, nearest.

πλησιό-χωρος, ου, (πλησίος, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus: as Subst. one who lives near, a neighbour.

πλησ-ίστιος, ου, (πίμπλημι, ιστίον) filling or swelling the sails.

πλήσμη, ή, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a river.

πλησμονή, ή, (πίμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satiety: generally, fulness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΑΗ' ΣΣΩ Att. -τω: f. έω: aor. I ἐπληξα Ep. πλήξα: pf. πέπληγα: Pass., fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐπλήγγην, in compds. ἐπλάγγην [α]: pf. πέπληγγην:—Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. πέπληγον, inf. πεπληγγέμεν, med. πεπληγόμεν:—to strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλλω.

λεῖν (*to strike with a missile*): of Jove, *to strike with lightning*: *to strike back, drive away*:—Med., *πλή-
ξασθαι to smite or beat oneself in sign of grief*:—Pass.
to be struck, stricken, smitten: also *to be beaten*: *to be
stricken by misfortune*: but, *πλήσσεσθαι δάροισι
to be touched by bribes*.

II. metaph. of violent emotions, *to strike, amaze, confound, stun*; *πληγείς
ἔρωτι smitten with love*.

πλήστιγξ, ἡ, Ion. for πλάστιγξ.

πλήτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι.

3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of πελάζω, *he came near*.

πλινθεύω, f. σω, (πλίνθος) *to make into bricks*. 2.
absol. *to make bricks*.

II. *to build of brick*.

πλινθηδόν, Adv. (πλίνθος) *in the shape of a brick*.

πλινθίνος, ἡ, on, (πλίνθος) *made or built of brick*.

πλινθιον, τό, Dim. of πλίνθος, *a small brick*.

πλινθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πλίνθος: *a whetstone*.

πλινθο-ποιέω, f. ἡσω, (πλίνθος, ποιέω) *to make bricks*.

πλίνθος, ἡ, *a brick, Lat. later*; *πλινθοὶ ὄνται baked
bricks*; *πλίνθους ἐλκύσαι or εἰρύσαι Lat. ducere late-
res, to make bricks*; *δόμοι πλίνθου layers of brick*. 2.

*anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot of
metal*. 3. *the plinth of a column*.

πλινθοουργέω, f. ἡσω, *to make bricks*. From
πλινθ-ουργός, ὄν, (πλίνθος, *ἔργω) *making bricks*:
as Subst., *πλινθοουργός, ὁ, a brick-maker*.

πλινθοφορέω, f. ἡσω, *to carry bricks*. From

πλινθο-φόρος, ὄν, (πλίνθος, φέρω) *carrying bricks*.

πλινθόω, f. ὠσω, (πλίνθος) *to make of brick*: Med.
to build for oneself.

πλινθ-ῖφής, ἐς, (πλίνθος, ὑφαίνω) *brick-built*.

ΠΛΙΓΨΣΟΜΑΙ, f. πλίσσομαι: pf. πέπλιγμαι: Dep.:
—to cross one's legs in walking: *to walk briskly, trot*.

πλοη-τόκος, ὄν, (πλόος, τεκεῖν) *producing naviga-
tion*.

πλοῖαριον, τό, Dim. of πλοῖον, *a skiff, boat*.

πλοῖον, τό, (πλέω) *a floating vessel, a ship of any
kind*; *πλοῖα λεπτά small craft*; *πλοῖα ἱππαγωγὰ
transport-vessels*; *πλοῖα μακρά ships of war, Lat.
longae naues*; *πλοῖα στρογγύλα ships of burthen,
Lat. naues onerariae*:—as distinguished from ναῖς (*a
ship of war*), *πλοῖον was a merchant-ship or trans-
port*.

πλοκάμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πλόκαμος) *a braid, lock, or curl
of hair*: also *curly hair*. [Ὶ]

πλοκάμος, ὁ, (πλέω) *a braid, lock or curl of hair*:
in pl. *the locks, the hair*.

II. *a twisted rope*.

πλοκή, ἡ, (πλέω) *anything plaited or woven, a
web*: metaph. *a web of deceit*.

πλόκος, ὁ, (πλέω) *a lock or curl of hair*. II.
a wreath or chaplet.

πλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of πέλομαι.

πλόος Att. contr. πλοῦς, ὁ, plur. πλοῖ, πλῶν, etc.:
(πλέω):—*a sailing voyage*: *time or tide for sailing*:

—*proverb.*, *δευτέρος πλοῦς the next best way*.

πλοῦθ-γύγεια, ἡ, (πλούθος, γύγεια) *health and wealth*.

πλοῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for πλόος.

πλούσιος, α, ὄν, (πλούτος) *rich, wealthy*: c. gen.

rei, *rich in a thing, Lat. dives opum*.

abundant.

III. Adv. —ως, *like a rich man*.

Πλουτεύς, ἔως, δ, ποῖθ. for Πλούταν.

πλουτέω, f. ἡσω, (πλούτος) *to be rich, wealthy*: c.
gen. *to be rich, abound in a thing*. Hence

πλουτηρός, ἁ, ὄν, *enriching*.

πλουτίζω, f. ἰσω, (πλούτος) *to enrich, make wealthy*.

πλουτο-γὰθής, ἐς, Dor. for πλουτογυθής, (πλούτος,
γὰθός) *delighting by or in riches*.

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, δ, and πλουτο-δότης, ου, δ,
(πλούτος, δίδωμι) *giver of riches*.

πλουτο-κρατία, ἡ, (πλούτος, κρατέω) *an oligarchy
of wealth*.

ΠΛΟΥΤΟΣ, ὁ, *wealth, riches*.

II. as masc.

prop. n. *Plutus*, god of riches, represented as blind.

πλουτὸ-χθων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (πλούτος, χθών) *rich in
the treasures of the land*.

Πλούτων, ἄνος, ὁ, *Pluto*, god of the nether world:
a name of *Αἰδης, derived from πλούτος, because corn,
the *wealth* of early times, was sent from beneath the
earth as his gift.

πλοχμός, οὐ, δ, (πλέω) mostly in pl. *locks, hair*.

πλῖναν, Ep. for ἔπλυναν, 3 pl. aor. I of πλύνω.

πλύνεσκον [ῡ], Ion. impf. of πλύνω.

πλύνος, δ, (πλύνω) *a trough or pit to wash clothes
in*: *a washing trough or tub*.

πλυντήριος, ὄν, (πλύνω) *of or for washing*: τὰ

Πλυντήρια (sub. ἱερά) *a festival at Athens, in which
the robes of the statue of Minerva were washed*.

ΠΛΥΝΩ [ῡ], fut. πλυνῶ Ion. πλυνέω: aor. I
ἔπλυνα Ep. πλύνω: Pass., aor. I ἔπλυνθην: pf. πέ-
πλῡμαι:—*to wash clean, esp. linen, opp. to λούομαι
(to bathe), or νίξω (to wash the hands or feet)*. 2.

to wash off dirt. II. metaph., *πλύνειν τινά to
give him a dressing, to beat or cudgel*. Hence

πλύνος, εως, ἡ, *a washing*. [ῡ]

πλωάς, ἄδος, (πλέω) fem. Adj. *floating*.

πλωῖω, f. σω, (πλώω) *to sail on the sea, use ships,
practise navigation*.

πλώμιος, ὄν, (πλώω) *fit for sailing*: of a ship, *fit
for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable*. 2. of the sea, *to
be sailed over, navigable*: in neut., *πλωιμοτέραν γε-
νομένην or ὄνταν* as circumstances became or were
more favourable to navigation.

πλώσιμος, ὄν, = πλώμιος, *to be sailed over*.

πλωτήρ, ἦρος, δ, (πλώω) *a seaman, sailor*. II.
a swimmer.

πλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλώω) *sailing, floating, swim-
ming*. II. *that can be sailed on, navigable*.

πλώω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ἔπλωσα: pf. πέπλωκα: Ep.
and Ion. for πλέω, *to sail, float*: there is also (as if
from a Verb in μι) an Ep. aor. 2 ἔπλων, ως, ω, part.

πλῶς, gen. πλῶντος.

πνέω, Ep. pres. for πνέω, *to breathe*.

πνεῦμα, ἄτος, τό, (πνέω) *wind, air*. II. *breath*.

πνεῦμα βίον *the breath of life*; πνεῦμα ἀφέναι *to give
up the ghost, spend one's spirit, life*. 2. *spirit*,

inspiration. III. *a Spirit, spiritual Being*:—

Πνῦμα and ἅγιον Πνῦμα *the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost*. Hence

πνευματικός, ἡ, ὄν, *belonging to wind or breath*. II. *of the spirit, spiritual*: Adv. -κῶς, *spiritually*.

πνευματώ, f. ὥσω, (πνῦμα) *to turn into wind or air*: to inflate. 2. *to agitate with wind*.

πνεύμων common Att. πλεύμων, ονος, ὁ, (πνέω, πνῦμα) used both in sing. and pl. *the organs of breathing, the lungs*.

πνεύσομαι, fut. of πνέω.

ΠΝΕΩ Ep. πνέω: f. πνεύσομαι and πνευσοῦμαι, latter πνεύσω: aor. 1 ἐπνευσα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπνεύσθην: pf. πῆπνυμαι, part. πῆπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι):—*to blow, breathe, of the wind*. II. *to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale*: c. gen. rei, *to smell of a thing, be redolent of*; rarely c. dat. rei, *to smell with it*. III. *of animals, to breathe hard, pant, gasp*. IV. *to draw breath, breathe*: to live. V.

metaph., c. acc. cognato, μένεα πνεύοντες *breathing spirit*; *Apea πνέει, Lat. Martem spirare; μέγα πνέει *to be of a high spirit*. VI. *to breathe favourably or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare aliquid*.

πνίγεις, εἰς, ὁ, (πνίγω) *an oven*: or 2. *a cover or damper put on coals to smother the flame*.

πνιγρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *choking, stifling, of throttling or heat*.

πνιγίξω, = πνίγω.

πνίγμα, ατος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking*.

πνιγμός, ὁ, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling beat*.

πνιγέεις, εσσα, εν, *choking, stifling*. From

πνιγός, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling, of heat*.

ΠΝΙΓΩ [χ], fut. πνίξω or med. πνίσομαι: aor. 1 ἐπνίξα, inf. πνίξαι: Pass., fut. πνιγίσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπνίγην [χ]:—*to stifle, choke*: to seize by the throat, throttle:—Pass. *to be stifled or choked*: also *to be drowned*. II. *to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, stew*.

πνιγώδης, ες, (πνίγος, εἶδος) *stifling*.

πνικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *stifled, strangled*.

πνοή, ἡς, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. πνοή Dor. πνοά, πνοιά: (πνέω):—*a wind, blast, air*; ἅμα πνοῖσι ἀνέμοιο *along with (i. e. swift as) blasts of wind*; πυρὸς πνοαὶ *blasts of fire*: metaph., πνοαὶ *Apeos *blasts of Ares*. II. *a hard-drawn breath, breath*. III.

a breathing odour, fragrance: a vapour, exhalation.

IV. *the breath of a wind-instrument*.

ΠΝΥΞ, gen. πυνός (not πυνικός), ἡ, *the Pnyx, the place at Athens where the ἐκκλησία or meetings of the people were held*: it was cut out of a small hill just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a theatre.

ΠΟΨΑ, ἡ, Ion. πόη and ποίη Dor. ποία:—*grass*: ποία Μηδική, Lat. herba Medica, sainfoin or lucerne. II. *a grassy place, meadow*. III.

grass-time, summer.

ποδ-ἄβρος, ὄν, (πούς, ἄβρός) *soft of foot*.

ποδ-ἄγός, ὄν, Dor. and Att. for ποδηγός, *guiding the foot*: as Subst., ποδαγός, ὁ, *a guide, an attendant*.

ποδ-ἄγρα, ἡ, (πούς, ἄγρα) *a trap or snare for the feet*. II. *gout in the feet*, opp. to χειράγρα (gout in the hands). Hence

ποδαγράω, *to have gout in the feet*.

ποδαγρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποδαγρα) *liable to gout, gouty*.

ποδαγρός, ὄν, (ποδαγρα) *gouty*.

ποδᾶ-νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πούς, νίξω) *a vessel for washing the feet in, foot-pan*.

ποδᾶ-νιπτρον, τό, (πούς, νίξω) *water for washing the feet in*.

ποδᾶπός, ἡ, ὄν, interrog. Adj. = ποῦ (or πόθεν) ἀπό; *from what country?* Lat. cujus?

ποδ-ἄργος, ον, (πούς, ἄργός) *swift- or white-footed*.

ποδ-ἄρκης, ες, (πούς, ἀρκέω) *able of foot, swift-footed*.

ποδ-ἐνδύτος, ον, (πούς, ἐνδύω) *drawn up to the foot*. 2. as Subst., ποδένδυτον, τό, *a robe or garment reaching to the feet*.

ποδεών, ὥως, ὁ, (πούς) in plur. *the ragged ends formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals*; δέρμα λέοντος ἀφηγμένον ἄκρον ἐκ ποδεώνων *a lion's skin hung round one's neck by the ends*. II. *the neck or mouth of a wine-skin, which was formed by one of these ends, the other being sewn up*. III.

any similar extremity; ποδεών στενός *a narrow strip of land*. 2. *the lower end or corner of a sail, the sheet*.

ποδ-ηγός, ὄν, see ποδ-ἄγός.

ποδ-ηλεκής, ἐς, (πούς, *ἐνέγκω) *reaching down to the feet*.

ποδ-ἡνεμος, ον, (πούς, ἄνεμος) *swift as the wind*.

ποδ-ήρης, ες, (πούς, ἀρᾶρειν) *reaching down to the feet*; πέπλος ποδήρης *a robe that falls over the feet*: hence, ποδήρης στύλος *a tall straight pillar*; ποδήρης ἀσπίς *the large shield which quite covered the body*:—τὰ ποδήρη, *the feet*.

ποδιαῖος, α, ον, (πούς) *of the measure of a foot, a foot long, broad, or big*.

ποδιῶ, f. ἴσω, (πούς) *to bind the feet, tether*:—Pass., *of horses, to have the feet tied, be tethered*.

ποδι-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) *fixed on or to the feet*.

ποδιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ποδιῶ) *reaching over the feet*; πέπλος ποδιστήρ *a long garment that entangles the feet in it*.

ποδίστρα, ἡ, (ποδιῶ) *a strap or snare for the feet*. ποδοῖν, Ep. gen. and dat. dual for ποδοῖν.

ποδο-κτύπη, ἡ, (πούς, κτύπέω) *a dancing-girl*.

ποδο-ράγης, ἐς, (πούς, βαγῆναι) *bursting forth at a stamp of the foot*.

ποδο-στράβη, ἡ, (πούς, στράβη) *a snare or trap to catch the feet*.

ποδό-ψηστρον, τό, (πούς, ψάω) *a cloth to rub the feet on, a foot-cloth, mat*.

ποδώκεια, ἡ, *swiftness of foot, fleetness*. From ποδ-ώκης, ες, (πούς, ὠκίς) *swift-footed, fleet of foot*: generally *swift, quick*.

πόη, ἡ, Ion. for πόα, *grass*.

ποθέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποθέω.

ποθεινός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὕς, ὄν, (ποθείω) *longed for, desired, missed, regretted*: hence *mourned for*.

πόθεν Ion. κῶθεν, interrog. Adv. *whence?* *from what place?* Lat. *unde?* τίς, πόθεν εἰς ἀνδρῶν; *who, whence art thou of men?* πόθεν τῆς Φρυγίας; *from what part of Phrygia?* II. in Att. to express surprise, *whence can it be? how possibly?* III. for ποῦ; *where?*

ποθεν, enclit. Adv. *from some place or other*.

ποθ-έσπεω, Dor. for προσέσπεω.

ποθ-έσπερος, ὄν, Dor. for προσέσπερος.

ποθεύντες, Dor. and Aeol. part. pl. of ποθέω.

ποθεύντι, Dor. 3 pl. of ποθέω.

ποθέω, fut. ποιήσω or ποθέσομαι: aor. I act. ἐπόθησα or ἐπόθεσα Ep. πόθεσα: pf. πεπόθηκα, pass. πεπόθημαι: (ποθή or πόθος):—*to desire what is absent or lost, to desire or regret fondly, yearn after, long for*; and so *to miss, regret*, Lat. *desiderare*: τὸ ποθεῖν = πόθος, one's *desiring*, one's *desire*. 2. c. inf. *to long or be anxious to do*. II. as Dep., ποθουμένη φρήν the *longing soul*.

ποθή, ἡ, Ep. = πόθος, *fond desire of, regret for*; σὴ ποθή α longing after thee.

ποθήμενα, Ep. pres. inf. of ποθέω (as if from πόθημι).

ποθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποθέω) *desired, longed for, regretted*.

ποθί, interrog. Adv., ποῖθ. for ποῦ, *where?* II. for ποῖ, *whither?*

ποθί, enclit. Adv., ποῖθ. for ποῦ, *anywhere, somewhere*: also *anyhow, perbaps*. II. of Time, *some time*: *at length*.

ποθό-βλητος, ὄν, (πόθος, βάλλω) *love-stricken*.

πόθ-οδος, ἡ, Dor. for πρόσ-οδος.

ποθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω.

ποθορεῖσα, for προσορῶσα, part. fem. of προσορνάω.

ΠΟΘΟΣ, ὁ, *desire for what is absent or lost, fond desire or regret, a yearning after, longing for*, Lat. *desiderium*; σὸς πόθος α yearning after thee: *love*.

ποῖ, interrog. Adv. *whither?* Lat. *quo?* c. gen. ποῖ χθονός; *to what spot of earth?* 2. for ποῦ; Lat. *ubi?* *where?* II. *to what end?* Lat. *quorsum?*

ποι, enclitic Adv. *somewhither*.

ποία, ἡ, Dor. for πόα, *grass*.

ποιεύμενος, Ep. pres. med. part. of ποιεῖω.

ποιεύμην, Ep. impf. med. of ποιεῖω.

ποιεύντα, Dor. for ποιοῖντα, pres. part. acc. of

ΠΟΙΕΩ, f. ἴσω: I. *to make, produce, execute*, esp. of works of art:—Med. *to make for oneself*, of bees, οἰκία ποιήσασθαι *to make themselves houses*: also *to have a thing made*. 2. *to bring to pass, bring about, cause, effect*: ποιεῖν ἱρά, Lat. *sacra facere*, *to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice*;

ποιεῖν Ἴσθμα *to celebrate the Isthmian games*. 3. *to make, shape, create*: *to beget*: of corn, etc., *to produce, grow, raise*: also *to make or render so and so*:—Pass. *to be made so and so, to become*:—Med. *to make so and so for oneself*, ποιεῖσθαι τινα ἑταῖρον *to make him one's friend*: ποιεῖσθαι τινα υἱόν *to make*

a person one's son, i. e. *to adopt him as son*; ἐνωτοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι *to make a thing one's own*: generally *to hold, reckon, esteem a thing as* . . . συμφορὰν ποιεῖσθαι τι *to take, reckon a thing for a visitation*; δεινὸν ποιεῖσθαι τι *to esteem it a grievous thing*; ἐπεὶ πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. *magni facere*, *to esteem a thing of great moment*. 4. *to compose, write*, esp. in verse, *to make*: also *to invent*:—also *to make, represent in poetry* (whence ποιητής α poet): periph. in Med., ὄργην ποιεῖσθαι for ὀργίζεσθαι, θαῦμα ποιεῖσθαι for θαυμάζειν: also ποιεῖσθαι δι' ἀγγέλου, for ἀγγέλειν.

II. *to do*; Σπαρτιτικὰ ποιεῖν *to act like a Spartan*: c. acc. dupl. *to do something to another, kaká or αγαθὰ ποιεῖν τινα to do one good or evil*. 2. *to put*. III. intr. *to be doing, to do*; ποιεῖν ἡ παθεῖν *to do or have done to one*. 2. there is also a peculiar usage, ἡ εὖνοια παρὰ πολλὸν ἐποιεῖ ἐς τοὺς Λακεδαιμονίους *good-will made greatly for or towards the Lacedaemonians*. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the penult. short, ποί-,]

ποίη, ἡ, Ion. for πόα, *grass*.

ποιήεις, εσσα, εν, (ποίη) *grassy, rich in grass*.

ποίημα, ατος, τό, (ποίη) *anything made or done*: I. a work, piece of workmanship. 2. a poetical work, poem. 3. an act, deed.

ποιημάτων, τό, Dim. of ποίημα, a little poem.

ποιηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ποίη) *grassy*.

ποίησιαι, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ποιεῖω.

ποίησις, εως, ἡ, (ποιεῖω) *a making*: a forming, creating. II. the art of poetry. 2. a poem.

ποιητέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ποιεῖω, *to be made or done*. II. neut. ποιητέον *one must make or do*.

ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ποιεῖω) *one who makes, a maker*. II. a maker, i. e. α poet.

ποιητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποιεῖω) *capable of making, productive*: poetical:—ἡ ποιητική (sub. τέχνη) *the art of poetry, poetry*. Adv. -κῶς.

ποιητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποιεῖω) *made, fabricated, worked*. II. made by oneself, invented.

ποιη-φάγειν, (ποίη, φαγεῖν) *to eat grass*.

ποικιλ-άνιος, ὄν, Dor. for ποικιλ-ήνιος, (ποικίλος, ἡνία) *with brodered reins*.

ποικιλ-έμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (ποικίλος, εἶμα) *with party-coloured robe, with spangled garb*.

ποικιλία, ἡ, (ποικίλος) *an embroidering, embroidery*: a piece of embroidery: metaph. *cunning*.

ποικίλλω, f. ἱλῶ: ἐποικίλα: Pass., pf. πεποικίλμαι: (ποικίλος):—*to broider, work in embroidery*.

II. *to embroider*: *to diversify, vary*: metaph. *to trick out with fair words, embellish*. Hence ποικίλμα, ατος, τό, *anything wrought in various colours*. 2. *broidered work, broiderery*.

ποικιλό-βουλος, ὄν, (ποικίλος, βουλή) *of changeful or subtle counsel*.

ποικιλό-γηγυς Dor. -γαγυς, vos, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, γήγυς) *of varied voice, many-toned*.

ποικιλό-δερος, ὄν, (ποικίλος, δείρα) *with variegated neck*.

ποικίλο-δέρμων, *ov*, *gen. ovos*, (ποικίλος, δέρμα) *with spotted or dappled skin.*

ποικίλο-εργός, *ov*, (ποικίλος, ἔργον) *of varied work.*

ποικίλο-θρίξ, -τρίχος, *δ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, θρίξ) *with spotted hair, spotted, brindled.*

ποικίλο-μήτης, *ov, δ*, and ποικίλο-μητις, *ιδος, δ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, μήτις) *full of various wiles.*

ποικίλο-μήχανος, *ov*, (ποικίλος, μηχανή) *full of various devices.*

ποικίλο-μορφος, *ov*, (ποικίλος, μορφή) *of variegated form, variegated.*

ποικίλο-μῦθος, *ov*, (ποικίλος, μῦθος) *of various discourse.*

ποικίλο-νωτος, *ov*, (ποικίλος, νῶτος) *with back of varied hues.*

ποικίλο-πτερος, *ov*, (ποικίλος, πτερόν) *with wing of changeful hue.*

ΠΟΙΚΙΛΟΣ, *η, ov*, many-coloured, spotted, pied, dappled. II. worked in various colours, of varying colour; τεύχεα ποικίλα χαλκῷ ἀμινωρῶν with brass. III. generally changeful, various: hence of various art, elaborate, inlaid, variegated. 2. changeful, varying,—intricate, riddling, ambiguous; hence artful, cunning.

ποικίλο-σάνδαλος *Aeol.*—σάμβαλος, *ov*, (ποικίλος, σάνδαλον) *with brodered sandals.*

ποικίλο-στολος, *ov*, (ποικίλος, στολή) *with variegated robe: of a ship, with painted prow.*

ποικίλο-τερπής, *ές*, (ποικίλος, τέρπω) *with varied delights: variegated by variety.*

ποικίλο-τευκτος, *ov*, (ποικίλος, τεύχω) *curiously wrought.*

ποικίλο-τραυλος, *ov*, (ποικίλος, τραυλός) *twittering or singing in various notes.*

ποικίλο-φόρμιγξ, *ιγγος, δ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φόρμιγξ) *accompanied by the various notes of the harp.*

ποικίλο-φρων, *ovos, δ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φρήν) *with manifold counsel, wily-minded.*

ποικιλτήs, *ov, δ, fem.* ποικιλτρια, *ἡ*, (ποικίλλω) *one who embroiders: a broderer.*

ποικιλ-φδός, *ov*, (ποικίλος, φδῆ) *of riddling song.*

ποικίλος, *Adv.* of ποικίλος, variously; ποικίλος ἔχειν *to be different.*

ποιμαίνω, *ἡ, ἄνῳ*, (ποιμήν) *to feed, tend*, *Lat. pascere: absol. to keep flocks, be a shepherd.* 2. metaph. *to tend, cherish, foster:—to guide, lead, govern:—also to soothe, lull, beguile*, like *Lat. pascere: hence to deceive.* II. *Pass.* *to graze*, *Lat. pasci: to range over in grazing, to stray: πᾶς ποιμάνται, τῶτος every place has been ranged over, traversed.*

ποιμάν, *δ*, *Dor.* for ποιμήν.

ποιμάνοριον, τό, (ποιμάνωρ) *a herd: metaph. an army under its leader.*

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ποιμήν, *ἡ*, (ποιμήν) *a herd of cattle, a flock of sheep.*

ποιμνίος, *η, ov*, (ποιμήν) *of or for a flock or herd.*

ποιμνιον, τό, *Dim.* of ποιμήν, *a little flock.*

ποιναίος, *α, ov*, (ποινή) *punishing, avenging.*

ποιναίωρ, *opos, δ, ἡ*, *an avenger, punisher.* [ᾱ]

ποινάω, *ἡ, ἄσω* [ᾱ] *Ion.* ἴσω, *to avenge, punish:—Med. to avenge oneself on one.* From

ποινή, *ἡ*, *a ransom paid for the shedding of blood; generally, a price paid, redemption, requital: also the price exacted, vengeance, penalty*, *Lat. poena; ἀνελέσθαι ποιῆν τῆς ψυχῆς to take vengeance for his life;*

ποιῆν τίσαι Ἑρέτη τῶν κηρύκων ἀπολομένων *to give Xerxes satisfaction for the death of his heralds: often in phrase, ποιῆς δοῦναι, like δίκην δοῦναι, to suffer punishment, Lat. dare poenas; ποιῆς λαμβάνειν to inflict it, Lat. sumere poenas.* 2. *in good sense, recompense, reward.* II. *personified, Ποινή, ἡ, the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.*

ποινήτης, *ov, δ, fem.* -ήτις, *ιδος, one that punishes or avenges, an avenger.*

ποινήτως, *ov*, (ποινή) *avenging, punishing.*

ποιολογέω, *ἡ, ἴσω*, *to gather herbs: also to put up corn in sheaves.* From

ποιο-λόγος, *ov*, (ποία, λέγω) *gathering herbs.*

ποιο-νόμος, *ov*, (ποία, νέμω) *feeding on grass or herbs.* II. ποιο-νομος, *ov*, (ποία, νομή) *with grassy pastures.*

ΠΟΙΟΣ *α, ov* *Ion.* κοῖος, *η, ov*, *interrog. Adj.* of *what nature? of what sort?* *Lat. qualis?* in Homer expressing surprise and anger; ποῖον τὸν μῦθον εἶπες! *what manner of speech hast thou spoken!* II. in Att. also with the Art. when it stands alone, ὁ ποῖος; as *Adv.*, = πῶς; *Lat. quomodo? bow? in what manner?*

ποῖός, *δ, ov*, *indef. Adj.* of *a certain nature, kind or quality.*

ποῖότης, *ητος, ἡ*, (ποῖος) *quality.*

ποιπνύω, *ἡ, ἴσω* [ῡ], (redupl. from πνέω), *to be out of breath; hence generally, to hasten, hurry, bustle: also to work hard, be busy.*

ποιφνύω, *ατος, τό*, *a blowing, snorting.* From ποῖφυσσω, *ἡ, ἴσω*, (redupl. from φυσάω) *to blow, puff, snort.* II. *to blow out, puff up.*

ποι-ώδης, *es*, (ποία, εἶδος) *like grass, grassy.*

πόκα or ποκά, *Dor.* for πότε or ποτέ.

ποκάs, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (πόκος) *wool, hair.*

ποκίζω, *ἡ, ἴσω* *Dor.* ἴζω, (πόκος) *to shear wool:—Med. to shear or clip for oneself.*

πόκος, *δ*, (πέκος) *wool uncombed, a fleece: also a flock or tuft of wool.* II. *a sheep-shearing.* III. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb εἰς ὄνου πόκας *to an ass-shearing, i. e. to a place where nothing is to be got.* Hence

ποκόω, *ἡ, ὥσω*, *to cover with wool: Pass. to be covered or clothed in wool.*

πόκως, *Dor.* for πόκος, *acc. pl. of πόκος.*

πολέες, *ἑων, ἑεσσι, ἑας*, *Ep. plur. of πολὺς.*

πολεμαδόκος, Dor. for πολεμηδόκος, πολεμαρχεῖον, τό, the Polemarch's residence: and πολεμαρχῶ, f. ἦσω, to be Polemarch. From πολεμ-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλεμος, ἀρχω) one who begins or leads the war, a leader, chieftain. II. at Athens the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally commanded in battle; he was present at the battle of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which the causes of the μέτοικοι were tried. 2. in Sparta the commander of a division or μόρα. 3. at Thebes it was the name of two officers of chief rank after the Boeotarchs.

πολεμῶ, f. ἦσω: Pass., aor. I ἐπολεμήθην: (πόλεμος):—to be at war, wage war with: also to fight, give battle: generally, to quarrel, dispute with one.

II. c. acc. to make war upon, treat as an enemy, attack:—Pass. to have war made upon one; so fut. med. πολεμήσομαι in pass. sense. III. in Pass. also of war to be waged or carried on; ὅσα ἐπολεμήθη whatever hostilities were committed.

πολεμη-δόκος Dor. πολεμα-δόκος, ον, (πόλεμος, δέχομαι) undertaking war: warlike.

πολεμήιος, ον, Ion. form of πολέμιος, (πόλεμος) warlike.

II. hostile.

πολεμησεῖω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, to wish for war. πολεμητέον, verb. Adj. of πολεμέω, one must go to war.

πολεμίζω poet. πτολ-: fut. ἴσω Dor. ἴξω: (πόλεμος):—poet. for πολεμέω, to wage war, fight with or against one; μετά τινι in conjunction with another: later to quarrel, wrangle, dispute.

II. trans. to make war upon, fight with.

πολεμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike; τὰ πολεμικά, warlike exercises, warlike usages, the art of war: so, ἡ πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), the art of war, war. 2. τὸ πολεμικόν the signal for battle.

II. hostile: also causing hostility.

πολεμικῶς, Adv. in hostile fashion; πολεμικῶς ἔχειν to be hostile.

πολέμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόλεμος) of or belonging to war; τὰ πόλεμια the business of war. 2. rarely like πολέμιος, warlike.

II. hostile:—as Subst., πολέμιοι, οἱ, the enemy.

2. ἡ πολεμία (sub. γῆ, χώρα), the enemy's country. 3. τὸ πολεμῖον, hostility.

πολεμιστά, ὁ, Ep. for πολεμιστής: a warrior.

πολεμιστήριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, of or belonging to a warrior; πολεμιστήρια ἄρματα war-chariots. II. τὰ πολεμιστήρια the business of war.

From πολεμιστής Ep. πτολ-, οὐ, ὁ, (πολεμίζω) a warrior, combatant; ἵπποι πολεμισταὶ war-horses.

πολεμό-κλονος, ον, (πόλεμος, κλόνος) raising the din of war.

πολεμό-κραντος, ον, (πόλεμος, κρᾶνω) finishing war. πολεμο-λαμ-αχᾶϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, compd. of πόλεμος, Λάμαχος and Ἀχαϊκός, like a Greek Lamachus in war.

πολεμόνδε Ep. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war, into the fight.

πολεμο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (πόλεμος, ποιέω) to stir up war.

ΠΟΛΕΜΟΣ Ep. πτόλεμος, ὁ, a battle, fight: generally, war; πόλεμον αἰρεσθαί τινι to levy war against one. II. personified, War, Battle.

πολεμο-φθόρος, ον, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting by war.

πολεμῶ, f. ὦσω, (πόλεμος) to make hostile, make an enemy of:—Pass. to be made an enemy of.

πολέω, (πόλος) intr. to go or range about, Lat. versari. II. trans. to turn up, till, plough.

πολέω, (πόλος) to go about, range, haunt. II.

trans. to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough, to plough.

πολεων, gen. pl. of πόλις: but πολέων, Ion. for πολλῶν, gen. pl. of πόλις.

πόληες, ον, ας, Ion. for πόλεις, πόλεις, plur. of πόλις: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πόληος, πόληι.

πολιανοίμαι, Pass. (πολιός) to grow gray or white. πολιό-οχος, ον, Dor. for πολιόχοος, πολιούχος, q. v.

πολι-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλις, ἀρχω) prince of a city or state. Πολιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πόλις) guardian of the city, epith.

of Athena (Minerva) in her oldest temple on the Acropolis of Athens, as distinguished from Ἀθηνᾶ Παρθένος and Ἀθηνᾶ Πρόμαχος.

πόλις, πολίεσσιν, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of πόλις.

πολιζέω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἐπόλισα Ep. πόλισσα: Pass., pf. πεπόλισμαι: (πόλις):—to build or found a city: generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. II. to colonise by building a city.

πολιή-οχος, Dor. πολιόχοος = πολιούχος.

πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, Ion. for πολίτης, a citizen: also a fellow-citizen, a countryman.

πολιήτης, ιδος, fem. of πολιήτης.

πολίνδε, Adv. of πόλις, into or to the city.

πολιο-κρότάφος, ον, (πολιός, κρόταφος) with gray hair on the temples, growing gray.

πολι-ορκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπολιόρησα: Pass., fut. πολιορηθήσομαι, and in med. form πολιορκήσομαι:

aor. I ἐπολιορκήθην: (πόλις, εἶργω, or ἔρκω):—to hem in a city, blockade, beleaguer, besiege: metaph. to besiege, importune. Hence

πολι-ορκήτης, α, ον, verb. Adj. that must or can be taken by siege.

πολιορκία, ἡ, (πολιορκέω) a beleaguering or besieging a city, a siege.

ΠΟΛΙΟΣ, ὁ, ὄν, also ὁς, ὄν:—gray, white; of hair, gray or hoary; αἱ πολιαί (sub. τρίχες), gray or white hair; ἄμα ταῖς πολιαῖς κατιούσαις as the gray hairs come lower down (i. e. from the head and temples to the beard): πολίος absol. a gray-bearded man.

II. metaph. bright, serene. III. metaph. hoary, venerable.

πολι-ούχος, ον, (πόλις, ἔχω) protecting a city.

πολιό-χρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολιός, χρᾶς) with white skin: white.

πολι-πύρρῃς, ον, (πόλις, πέρθω) sacker of cities.

ΠΟΛΙΣ Ep. πτόλις, εως, ἡ; Ion. gen. πόλιος Att.

poët. also πόλεος Ep. πόληος, πόλεως: dat. πόλει Ep. πόληι: acc. πόλιν, but Ep. acc. πόληα also occurs:—Plur., nom. πόλεις Att. πόλεις Ion. πόλεις: gen. πόλιων: dat. πόλισι Ep. πολίσισι Dor. πολίσι: acc. πόλιας, πόλεις Ion. πόλις:—a city: πόλις ἀκρη, = ἀκρόπολις, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at Athens was sometimes called πόλις, while the rest of the city was called ἄστυ. II. a whole country, state.

III. when πόλις and ἄστυ are joined, πόλις is the body of citizens, ἄστυ their dwellings: hence πόλις the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic. 2. the right of citizenship.

πόλισμα, ατος, τό, (πολίω) a collection of buildings, a city, town.

πολισμο-νόμος, ον, (πόλις, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

πολις-σός, ον, (πόλις, σῶω) guarding a city.

πολις-οὔχος, ον, ποῖ, for πολιούχος.

πολιτ-άρχης, ον, δ, (πολίτης, ἀρχω) a ruler of citizens or a state, a chief magistrate.

πολιτεία Ion. -ῆη, ἡ, (πολιτεύω) the relation of a citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizenship, Lat. civitas. 2. the life of a citizen.

II. the life of a statesman, government, administration. III. civil polity, the condition of a state, a state, constitution. 2. a commonwealth: a republic.

πολιτεύμα, ατος, τό, (πολιτεύω) a measure of government, political act. II. a state, community.

πολιτεύω, f. σω, (πολίτης) to be a citizen or free-man, live in a free state. 2. to have a certain form of government, have public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed. II. Dep. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: aor. i med. ἐπολιτεύσαμην and pass. ἐπολιτεύθην: pf. pass. πεπολιτεύμαι:—to be a free citizen, have the qualifications of a free citizen: generally, to live in a state. 2. to take part in the government. III. trans. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the government.

πολιτήτης, ἡ, Ion. for πολιτεία. πολιτῆς [ῆ], ον, Ion. πολιήτης, εω, δ, (πόλις) the member of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. civis. 2. also a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: also used with another Subst., θεοὶ πολῖται gods our fellow-citizens, gods of the city.

πολιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, befitting a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat. civilis: τὸ πολιτικόν the body of citizens, the community. II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: as Subst., πολιτικός, ὁ, a statesman. III. belonging to the state or its administration, concerning the body politic: τὸ πολιτικόν the commonwealth; but ἡ πολιτική (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics; τὰ πολιτικά state-affairs. IV. generally, public, as opp. to private.

πολιτικός, Adv. of πολιτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

πολίχνη, ἡ, (πόλις) a small town.

πολίχνιον, τό, Dim. of πολίχνη, a very small town. πολλάκις poët. πολλάκι [ᾱ], Adv. (πολύς) many times, often, oft. II. in Att. εἰ πολλάκις perbars, perbarbance, Lat. si forte; μὴ πολλάκι Lat. ne forte.

πολλαπλάσιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (πολύς) many times as many, many times more, many times larger; followed by ἤ, ἥπερ, or by a gen.: neut. pl. πολλαπλάσια as Adv.

πολλαπλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. -ίονως.

πολλαπλόσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πολλαπλάσιος.

πολλάχῃ, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) many ways, many times, often. II. in various manners.

πολλάχθεν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) from many places or sides: for many reasons.

πολλάχθι, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) in many places.

πολλάχρθε, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts or quarters.

πολλάχθου, Adv. = πολλαχῇ, many times, often. II. in many places.

πολλο-δεκάκις, Adv. (πολλός = πολύς, δεκάκις) many tens of times. [ᾱ]

πολλός, πολλόν, Ion. masc. and neut. for πολύς, πολύ, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases: v. πολύς.

πολλοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολλός, πολύς) one out of many, Lat. multesimus: very little, slight, trivial. II.

of Time, πολλοστῷ ἔτει in the last of many years, i. e. after many years; πολλοστῷ χρόνῳ after a very long time. Adv. -τῷς, in a very small degree.

πόλος, ὁ, (πέλω, πολέω) a pivot or axis on which something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole. 2. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of heaven, the sky or firmament, Lat. polus. II. land turned up with the plough.

III. a basin-shaped sundial.

πολύ-αγρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀγρα) catching much game. πολυ-ᾄθλος, ὄν, (πολύς, ᾄθλον) conquering in many contests.

πολύ-αιγος, ον, (πολύς, αἶξ) abounding in goats.

πολύ-αἷμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αἷμα) very bloody.

πολύ-αἶνος, ον, and πολυ-αἶνος, ον, (πολύς, αἶνος) much-praised. 2. full of wise discourse.

πολύ-αἶψ, ἵκος [ῆ], (πολύς, αἶσσω) with many shocks, impetuous; κάματος πολυαἶψ weariness caused by impetuous onsets.

πολύανδρῶς, to be full of men, to be populous. From

πολύ-ανδρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled. II. of persons, numerous.

πολύ-άνθεμος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθεμον) rich in flowers.

πολύ-ανθή, ἐς, (πολύς, ἀνθέω) much-blossoming.

πολύανθρώπων, ἡ, a large population, multitude of people. From

πολύ-άνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθρωπος) full of people, populous: crowded.

πολύ-άνωρ [ā], opes, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀνὴρ) = πολυάνωρ: much frequented. II. of many husbands.

πολύ-ἀργύρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀργυρος) rich in silver.

πολύ-ἀρπτος Att. -ἀράτος, ον, (πολύς, ἀράτος) much prayed for, much desired.

πολύ-αρκής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἀρκέω) much-sufficing, supplying many, abundant.

πολύ-ἀρμιματος, ον, (πολύς, ἄρμα) with many chariots.

πολύ-ἀρμιόνιος, ον, (πολύς, ἀρμονία) many-toned.

πολύ-αρνος, ον, irreg. dat. πολύαρνι: (πολύς, ἀρνός): with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks.

πολύαρχία, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀρχω) the government of many.

πολύ-ἀστράγαλος, ον, (πολύς, ἀστράγαλος) with many joints.

πολύ-αστρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀστρον) with many stars, starry.

πολύ-ἀσχολος, ον, (πολύς, ἀσχολος) much-busied.

πολύ-αἶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, αἶλαξ) with many furrows: with broad acres, spacious.

πολύ-αὔχενος, ον, (πολύς, αὐχὴν) with many necks.

πολύ-βαφής, ἐς, (πολύς, βαφῆναι) deep-plunged, drowned.

πολύ-βενθής, ἐς, (πολύς, βένθος) very deep.

πολύ-βοςκος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing.

πολύ-βότερα Ep. πολυβότερα, ἡ, (πολύς, βόσκω) fem. Adj. nourishing many, much-nourishing.

πολύ-βόσκος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκω) much-nourishing.

πολύ-βοτρυς, υς, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, βότρυς) with many clusters, abounding in grapes.

πολύ-βουλος, ον, (πολύς, βουλή) much-counselling, exceeding wise.

πολύ-βούτης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, βούς) rich in oxen.

πολύ-βροχος, ον, (πολύς, βροχός) with many nooses.

πολύ-γᾶθής, ἐς, Dor. for πολυγῆθής.

πολύ-γῆθής, Dor. -γᾶθής, ἐς, (πολύς, γῆθῶ) much-cheering, delightful, gladsome.

πολύ-γῆρως, ον, (πολύς, γῆρας) exceeding old.

πολύ-γλευκος, ον, (πολύς, γλευκος) abounding in must or new wine.

πολύ-γληνος, ον, (πολύς, γλήνη) many-eyed.

πολύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (πολύς, γλώσσα) many-tongued: harmonious.

πολύ-γναμπτος, ον, (πολύς, γνάμπτω) with many windings, curling.

πολύ-γνωτος, ον, (πολύς, γινώσκω) well-known.

πολύ-γυμφος, ον, (πολύς, γύμφος) fastened with many nails, well-bolted.

πολύγονομαι, Dep. (πολύγονος) to multiply.

πολύ-γονος, ον, (πολύς, γόνος) producing many, prolific.

πολύ-δαίδαλος, ον, (πολύς, δαίδαλος) much or highly wrought, richly digbt. II. act. working with great art, very skilful.

πολύ-δάκρυος, ον, and πολύ-δακρῦς, gen. υς, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, δάκρυ) of or with many tears: hence much-weep, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύς, δακρύν) much wept, very lamentable, tearful. II. act. much-weeping.

πολύ-δάπανος, ον, (πολύς, δαπάνη) causing great expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant.

πολύ-δεαίρας, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, δειρή) with many ridges or necks of land.

πολύ-δένδρεος and πολύ-δενδρος, ον, (πολύς, δένδρον) with many trees, full of trees.

πολυδένδρεσσι, poet. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρης.

πολύ-δερκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δέркоμαι) much-seeing.

πολύ-δεσμος, ον, (πολύς, δεσμός) with many bands, strong-bound.

πολύ-δευκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δεύκος = γλεύκος) very sweet. II. Πολυδεύκης, εως, ὁ, Polydeuces, Lat. Pollux, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.

πολύ-δίψιος, ον, (πολύς, δίψα) very thirsty, i. e. ill-watered, afflicted with drought.

πολύ-δονος, ον, (πολύς, δονέω) much-driven.

πολύ-δοξος, ον, (πολύς, δόξα) very famous.

πολύ-δρομος, ον, (πολύς, δραμεῖν) much-running, much-wandering.

πολύ-δροςος, ον, (πολύς, δρόσος) very dewy.

πολυδωρία, ἡ, liberality, munificence. From

πολύ-δωρος, ον, (πολύς, δῶρον) with rich gifts, well-dowered.

πολύ-εἰδής, ἐς, (πολύς, εἶδος) of many kinds, diverse, various.

πολύ-ἐλαιος, ον, (πολύς, ἐλαιον) yielding much oil, abounding in oil.

πολύ-ἐλικτος, ον, (πολύς, ἐλίσσω) many-folded, mazy, complicated.

πολύ-ἐπαινέτος, ον, (πολύς, ἐπαινέω) much-praised.

πολύ-ἐπής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἐπος) of many words, wordy.

πολύ-ἐραστος, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved.

πολύ-ἐργής, ἐς, and πολύ-ἐργος, ον, (πολύς, ἐργον) much-working, bard-working.

πολύ-ετής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἔτος) of many years, full of years.

πολύ-ευκτος, and πολύ-εύχτος, ον, (πολύς, εὐχομαι) much wished for, much desired.

πολύ-ἐηλος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλος) much envied, much desired. II. full of envy.

πολυ-ἐήλωτος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλόω) much envied or desired.

πολύ-ἐζυγος, ον, (πολύς, ζυγόν) many-benched.

πολυ-ήγορος, ον, (πολύς, ἀγορεύω) speaking much, wordy.

πολυ-ήρατος, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) much-loved, very lovely.

πολυ-ήκης, ἐς, (πολύς, ἦχος) many-toned: much-resounding.

πολυ-ήχητος Dor. πολυάχ-, ον, (πολύς, ἡχέω) loud- or far-sounding.

πολυ-θαρήης, ἐς, (πολύς, θάρσος) very confident, over-courageous, bold.

πολύ-θεος, ον, (πολύς, θεός) of many gods, dedicated to many gods: consisting of many gods.

πολύ-θηρος, ον, (πολύς, θήρ) with much game, full of wild beasts.

πολυ-θρέμων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (πολύς, θρέμμα) of the Nile, *much-fertilising* or *abounding in monsters*.
 πολυ-θρεπτος, *ον*, (πολύς, τρέφω) *much-nourishing*.
 πολυ-θρήνητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρηνέω) *much-bewailed*.
 πολυ-θρήνος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρήνος) *much-wailing*.
 πολυ-θρίξ, τρίχος, *ο, ή*, (πολύς, θρίξ) *with much hair*.
 πολυ-θροος, *ον*, *contr. -θρους, ονν*, (πολύς, θρός) *with much noise, clamorous*.

πολυ-θρύλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρύλλω) *much talked of, notorious*.

πολυ-θύρος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύρα) *with many doors or apertures*. 2. *metaph. with many leaves*.

πολυ-θύτος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύω) *celebrated with much sacrifice: abounding in sacrifices*.

πολυ-ἰδμων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, = πολυἰδρις.

πολυἰδρεα, *ή*, (πολυἰδρις) *much knowledge, sagacity, cunning*.

πολυ-ἰδρις, *Ion. gen. ιος Att. εως, ο, ή*, (πολύς, ἰδρις) *of much knowledge, very wise or learned*.

πολυ-ἵππος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἵππος) *having many horses, rich in horses*.

πολυ-ἰστωρ, *ορος, ο, ή*, (πολύς, ἴσχω) = πολυἰδρις.

πολυ-ἰχθύος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἰχθύς) *abounding in fish*.

πολυ-καγκής, *ές*, (πολύς, *κάγκω=καίω) *very dry or parched: also much-parching*.

πολυ-κάής, *ές*, (πολύς, καίω) *much-burning*.

πολυ-κάμμορος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμμορος) *very ill-fated or miserable*.

πολυ-κάμπής, *ές*, (πολύς, κάμπω) *with many twists and turns*.

πολυ-κάνής, *ές*, (πολύς, καίνω) *much-slaughtering*.

πολυ-καπνος, *ον*, (πολύς, καπνός) *much-smoked: with smoky rafters*.

πολυ-κάρηνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάρηνον) *many-beaded*.

πολυκαρπία, *ή*, *abundance of fruit*. From

πολυ-καρπος, *ον*, (πολύς, καρπός) *with much fruit, rich in fruit, fruitful*.

πολυ-κέλαδος, *ον*, (πολύς, κέλαδος) *much-sounding*.

πολυκέρδεια, *ή*, *great craft or cunning*. From

πολυ-κερδής, *ές*, (πολύς, κέρδος) *very cunning or crafty*.

πολυ-κερως, *ωτος, ο, ή*, (πολύς, κέρας) *many-horned; π. φόνος* the slaughter of much horned cattle.

πολυ-κεστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κεστός) *much-wrought with the needle, well-stitched*.

πολυ-κηδής, *ές*, (πολύς, κηδός) *full of care, grievous*.

πολυ-κίριος, *ον*, (πολύς, κίρι) *very deadly*.

πολυ-κίτης, *ες*, (πολύς, κήτος) *full of monsters*.

πολυ-κλαυστος or -κλαυτος, *ον*, *also η, ον*, (πολύς, κλαίω) *much deplored or lamented*.

πολυ-κλεής, *ές*, (πολύς, κλέος) *far-famed*.

πολυ-κλειτος, *ον*, *also η, ον*, (πολύς, κλειτός) *far-famed, of great renown*.

πολυ-κλήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (πολύς, κλέος) = πολυκλειτος.

πολυ-κλήις, *ιδος [ἴ], ή*, (πολύς, κλείς) *with many benches of towers, with many banks of oars*.

πολυ-κληρος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλήρος) *with a large lot or portion, rich in land*.

πολυ-κλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, καλέω) *called from many a land*.

πολυ-κλυστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλύω) *much dasbing or swelling*. II. *pass. washed by many a wave*.

πολυ-κμητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμνω) *much-wrought, wrought with much toil*. 2. *later, laborious*.

πολυ-κνημιος, *ον*, (πολύς, κνημός) *with many shoulders, of mountains: mountainous*.

πολυ-κοινος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοινός) *common to many*.

πολυκοιρανία *Ion. -ή, ή*, *the rule of many*. From

πολυ-κοίρανος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοίρανος) *wide-ruling*.

πολυ-κόλυμβος, *ον*, (πολύς, κολυμβάω) *oft-diving*.

πολυ-κράνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κράνον) *many-beaded*.

πολυ-κράτης, *ές*, (πολύς, κράτος) *very mighty*.

πολυ-κροτος, *ον*, *also η, ον*, (πολύς, κροτέω) *ringing loud or clearly*.

πολυ-κρουνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κρουνός) *with many springs*.

πολυ-κτέανος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτέανον) = πολυκτήμων.

πολυ-κτητος, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (πολύς, κτήμα) *with many or great possessions, very wealthy*.

πολυ-κτητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτάομαι) = πολυκτήμων.

πολυ-κτόνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτείνω) *much-slaying, murderous*.

πολυ-κύδιστος, *ον*, *also η, ον*, (πολύς, κύδιστος) *beld in highest honour, most glorious*.

πολυ-κύμων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (πολύς, κύμα) *swelling with many waves*.

πολυ-κώκυτος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωκίω) *much-lamenting, very plaintive*.

πολυ-κωμος, *ον*, (πολύς, κῶμος) *much-revelling*.

πολυ-κωπος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωπή) *of many oars*.

πολυ-κωτίλος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωτίλος) *much-chattering, much-warbling*.

πολυ-λήιος, *ον*, (πολύς, λήιον) *with many corn-fields*.

πολυλ-λίθος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίθος) *very stony*.

πολυλ-λίστος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίσσομαι) *much implored or entreated; νηὸς πολύλλιστος* a temple where many prayers are offered.

πολυλ-λίτος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίτομαι) = πολύλλιστος.

πολυλογία, *ή*, *much speaking, much talk*. From

πολυ-λογος, *ον*, (πολύς, λόγος) *much-talking, talkative*. 2. *much talked of*.

πολυ-μάθής, *ές*, (πολύς, μαθεῖν) *having learnt much, knowing much*. Adv. -θως, *in a very learned way*.

πολυ-μανής, *ές*, (πολύς, μανῆναι) *very furious*.

πολυ-μάχητος, *ον*, (πολύς, μάχομαι) *much or often fought for*. [α]

πολυ-μέθης, *ές*, (πολύς, μέθη) *very drunk*.

πολυ-μελής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέλος) *with many limbs or members*.

II. *many-toned, musical*.

πολυ-μερής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέρος) *consisting of many parts*. Adv. -ρως, *in many ways*.

πολυ-μετρος, *ον*, (πολύς, μέτρον) *holding many measures: generally, abundant*.

πολυ-μηκάς, *αδος, ο*, (πολύς, μηκάομαι) *much-bleating*.

πολύ-μηλος Dor. -μαλος, ον, (πολύς, μῆλον) with many sheep: rich in flocks.

πολύ-μηνις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μήνις) very wrathful. πολύ-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μήτις) of many counsels or expedients, ever-ready.

πολύμηχανία Ion. -ία, ἡ, fertility of resources, inventive, readiness. From

πολύ-μήχανος, ον, (πολύς, μηχανή) fertile in resources, inventive, ever-ready.

πολύ-μίγης, ἐς, (πολύς, μίγηναι) mixed of many parts, motley.

πολύ-μίσγης, ἐς, (πολύς, μῖσος) much-bated.

πολύ-μισθος, ον, (πολύς, μισθός) receiving much pay, hired at a high rate.

πολύ-μίτος, ον, (πολύς, μίτος) consisting of many threads; πέπλοι πολύμυτοι pictured or brocaded robes.

πολύ-μνήστη, ἡ, (πολύς, μνάομαι) as fem. Adj. much courted, wooed by many.

πολύ-μνηστος, ον, (πολύς, μνάομαι) much-remembering, mindful, grateful. II. pass. much-remembered, never to be forgotten.

πολύ-μνήστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μνάομαι) remembering much, mindful.

Πολύ-ῥμνια, ἡ, contr. from Πολυ-ῥμνια, (πολύς, ῥμνος) Polymnia, i.e. the Muse of many hymns, one of the nine Muses, goddess of lyric poetry.

πολύ-μουρος, ον, (πολύς, Μοῦσα) with many arts or accomplishments.

πολύ-μοχθος, ον, (πολύς, μόχθος) much-labouring, much-enduring. II. pass. won by much toil.

πολύ-μῦθος, ον, (πολύς, μῦθος) of many words, wordy, talkative. II. pass. much-talked-of,

famous in story, storied.

πολύ-ναός, ον, (πολύς, ναός) with many temples.

πολύ-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, ναύτης) with many sailors.

πολύ-νείκης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νείκος) much-wrangling: often as a prop. n. Polynices.

πολύ-νεφέλος, ον, (πολύς, νεφέλη) overcast with clouds, very cloudy: there is also a Dor. form πολυ-νεφέλας, gen. a.

πολύ-νίκης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νικάω) a frequent conqueror.

πολύ-νίφης, ἐς, (πολύς, νίφω) deep with snow.

πολύ-ξενος, ον, Ion. for sq.

πολύ-ξενος Ion. -ξενος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, ξένος, ξένος) :—of persons, entertaining many guests, very hospitable.

II. visited by many guests.

πολύ-ξεστος, ον, (πολύς, ξέω) much-polished.

πολύπινος, ον, (πολύς, πίνω) abounding in wine. From

πολύ-οινος, ον, (πολύς, οἶνος) very wealthy: rich in blessings: abundant.

πολύ-ομβρος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμβρος) very rainy.

πολύ-ὀμματος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμμα) many-eyed.

πολύ-ὀρνίθος, ον, (πολύς, ὄρνις) abounding in birds.

πολυοῦσία, ἡ, abundance of dainties: abundance of food. From

πολύ-οῦσιος, ον, (πολύς, ὄσιον) abounding in dainties: luxurious.

πολυ-παθής, ἐς, (πολύς, παθεῖν) much-suffering.

πολύπαιδια, ἡ, (πολύταις) abundance of children.

πολύ-παίπαλος, ον, (πολύς, παιπάλω) exceeding crafty.

πολύ-παις, -παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, παῖς) with many children.

πολύ-πάμ-φᾶος, ον, (πολύς, πᾶς, φᾶος) very bright.

πολύ-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πέπαμαι) with great possessions, very wealthy.

πολύπειρία, ἡ, long experience. 2. frequent or daring enterprise. From

πολύ-πειρος, ον, (πολύς, πείρα) much-experienced.

πολύ-πεῖρων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πείρας) with many boundaries: of or from many countries.

πολύ-πένθης, ἐς, (πολύς, πένθος) much-mourning, very mournful. II. pass. much-mourned.

πολύ-πένθιμος, ον, = πολυπενθής.

Πολυπημονίδης, ον, ὁ, son of Polybemon, in allusion to the meaning of the word; v. πολυπήμων.

πολύ-πήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πῆμα) causing manifold woe, baneful.

πολύ-πηνος, ον, (πολύς, πῆνη) close-woven.

πολύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, πίδαξ) with many springs or fountains.

πολύ-πικρός, ον, (πολύς, πικρός) very keen or bitter; neut. pl. πολυπικρά as Adv. very bitterly.

πολύ-πίνης, ἐς, (πολύς, πίνος) very dirty.

πολύ-πλαγκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλάσσομαι) much-wandering, roaming far a-field: much-erring. II.

act. (πολύς, πλάζω) leading far astray: metaph. beguiling, delusive.

πολυ-πλάνης, ἐς, (πολύς, πλάνασμαι) roaming far or long; πολυπλανής κισσός the wandering ivy. 2.

much-erring.

πολυ-πλάνητος, ον, (πολύς, πλάνασμαι) far- or oft-wandering: of blows, showered from all sides.

πολύ-πλάνος, ον, = πολυπλανής.

πολυ-πλάσιος, α, ον, = πολλαπλάσιος.

πολύ-πλεθρος, ον, (πολύς, πλέθρον) many πλέθρα in size: generally far-extending.

πολύ-πλεκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) closely-twined.

πολυ-πλόκαμος, ον, (πολύς, πλόκαμος) with many locks: of the polypus, with many feelers.

πολυπλοκία, ἡ, intricacy, cunning, craft. From

πολύ-πλοκος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) much-tangled, thick-wreathed. 2. metaph. tangled, intricate, complex. II. act. entangling intriguing.

πολύ-πόδης, ου, ὁ, poet. πολυπόδες, = πολύπους.

πολύ-ποικίλος, ον, (πολύς, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

πολύ-πονος, ον, (πολύς, πόνος) much-labouring, much-suffering; also causing much pain, painful.

πολύπος, ου, ὁ, see πολύπους.

πολύ-πόταμος, ον, (πολύς, ποταμός) *with many or large rivers.*

πολύ-πότνια, ἡ, (πολύς, πότνια) *very venerable.*

πολύπους [ῥ], -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. πολύπου, (πολύς, πούς) *many-footed.* II. as Subst. πολύπους or

more commonly (even in Att.) πολὺ-πους, ου, ὁ, *the many-footed one, the sea-polybus*; gen. πολὺποδος; acc. πολὺπουν or πολὺπόδα: plur. nom. πολὺποδες, etc.: poët. nom. πολὺῦπος, ου: Dor. πῶλῦτος; Lat. *pōlyrus*.

πολυπραγμονέω Ion. -πρηγμονέω, f. ἦσω, (πολυπράγμων) *to be busy about many things, to be very busy: to be meddlesome or officious: to meddle in public affairs, intrigue.*

πολυπραγμοσύνη, ἡ (πολυπράγμων) *officious interference, meddling: a meddling, active character.* From

πολυπράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πρᾶσσω) *busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent.*

πολυπρᾶος, ον, (πολύς, πρᾶος) *very mild.*

πολυπρηγμονέω, Ion. for πολυπραγμονέω.

πολυπρόβατος, ον, (πολύς, πρόβατον) *rich in sheep or cattle*: Sup. πολυπροβατώτατος.

πολυπρώτιστος, η, ον, = πολὺ πρῶτιστος.

πολυπτόητος Ion. -πτοίητος, ον, (πολύς, πτόω) *much-scared, timorous.*

πολύπτυχος, ον, (πολύς, πτυχή) *of or with many folds: with many glens or valleys.*

πολύπυργος, ον, (πολύς, πύργος) *with many towers.*

πολύπυρος, ον, (πολύς, πυρός) *rich in corn.*

πολύρραπτος, ον, = πολύρραφος.

πολύρραφος, ον, (πολύς, ράπτω) *much-worked, highly-wrought.*

*πολύρρην, ἡνος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, *ῥήν = ἄμνός) *rich in sheep or flocks: only found in nom. pl. πολύρρηνες, never in nom. sing.*

πολύρρηνος, ον, = *πολύρρην.

πολύρριζος, ον, (πολύς, ρίζα) *with many roots.*

πολύρροδος, ον, (πολύς, ῥόδον) *abounding in roses.*

πολύρροθος, ον, (πολύς, ῥόθος) *much-dashing, loud-roaring: very clamorous.*

πολυρροιβήτος, ον, (πολύς, ροιβέω) *much-bubbling.*

πολύρροος, ον, contr. -ρους, ον, and πολύρρυτος, ον, (πολύς, ῥέω) *much-flowing: of blood, shed in streams.*

ΠΟΛΥΨ, πολλή, πολύ; gen. πολλοῦ, ἥς, οὔ; dat. πολλῷ, ῃ, ᾧ; acc. πολύν, πολλήν, πολύ:—Ion. nom. πολλός, πολλή, πολλόν, acc. πολλόν, πολλήν, πολλόν: the Ion. declension is retained by the Att. in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing., masc. and neut. The following are Ep. forms: sing. gen. πολέος, pl. nom. πολέες contr. πολέεις; gen. πολέων; dat. πολέσι, πολέσσι, πολέεσσι; acc. πολέας contr. πολέεις; also gen. plur. fem. πολλέων and πολλάων [ᾱ]:—πολύς, neut. πολὺ, are also Ep. forms.

I. Of Number, many, opp. to ὀλίγος few: also of anything often repeated; πολλὸν ἦν τοῦτο τὸ ἔπος

this word was often repeated.

2. also of Size or Degree, as, πολὺς υἱφερός a heavy storm of snow; πολὺς ὕπνος deep sleep; of a person, μέγας καὶ πολὺς great and large; πολλὰ κέκλημαι I have been much extolled; πολλὸς λόγος a far-spread report; πολλὰ ἀνάγκη strong necessity.

3. of the Value of a thing; πολλοῦ ἄξιος worth much; πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι, Lat. *magni facere*, to reckon of much consequence.

4. c. gen., as πολλοὶ Τρώων for πολλοὶ Τρῶες; πολλὸν σαρκής for πολλὴ σὰρξ.

5. πολὺς is often joined to another Adj., πολέες τε καὶ ἔσθλοί many men and good.

6. in Att. with the article, ὁ πολλοὶ the many, a majority; so also, τὸ πολὺ; ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ for the most part.

7. πολὺς is often joined with a Partic. and εἰμί, as, πολλὸς ἦν λισσόμενος he was urgent in his entreaties.

II. of Space, large, far, wide; πολλὴ ὁδὸς a long way.

III. of Time, long.

As Adv. in neut. sing. and pl., πολὺ Ion. πολλόν, πολλὰ, much, very: also many times, oft-times, often, often strengthd. by μάλα: of Space, a great way: of Time, long: of Degree, far, very much.

2. πολὺ is joined with a Comp. Adj. to increase its force; πολὺ or πολλὸν ἀμείνων much better: with Comp. Adv., πολὺ μάλλον much more: with Sup., as πολὺ πρῶτος much the first.

3. πολλὰ many times, often: τὰ πολλὰ mostly, usually.

4. with Preps.; ἐπὶ πολὺ for long; ἐπὶ πολλόν far.

Comp. πλείων Att. πλεόν; Sup. πλείστος.

πολύσαθρος, ον, (πολύς, σαθρός) *very rotten.*

πολύσαρκία, ἡ, (πολύς, σὰρξ) *fleshy, plumpness.*

πολύσεβαστος, ον, (πολύς, σεβαστός) *most august.*

πολύσημος, ον, (πολύς, σεμνός) *very venerable.*

πολύσημάντωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πολύς, σημαίνω) *a ruler over many.*

πολύσινής, ἡς, (πολύς, σίνομαι) *very baneful, mischievous.*

πολύσιτία, ἡ, abundance of corn or food. From

πολύσιτος, -σίτον, (πολύς, σίτος) *abounding in corn.*

II. high-fed, full of meat.

πολύσκαλμος, ον, (πολύς, σκαλμός) *many-oared.*

πολύσκαρθμος, ον, (πολύς, σκαίρω) *far-springing, swift: bounding.*

πολύσκηπτρος, ον, (πολύς, σκηπτρον) *wide-ruling.*

πολύσκιος, ον, (πολύς, σκιά) *very shady.*

πολυσκόπελος, ον, (πολύς, σκόπελος) *very rocky.*

πολυσπάθης, ἐς, (πολύς, σπάθη) *ibick-women.*

πολυσπερής, ἐς, (πολύς, σπείρω) *wide-spread, scattered abroad, numerous.*

πολύσπλαγχνος, ον, (πολύς, σπλάγχνον) *of great mercy or compassion.*

πολύσπορος, ον, (πολύς, σπείρω) *much-sown, fruitful.*

πολυστάφυλος, ον, (πολύς, σταφυλή) *rich in grapes.*

πολύστάχυς, υ, gen. vos, (πολύς, στάχυς) *rich in ears of corn, yielding rich crops.*

πολυστέλεχος, ον, *with many stems.*

πολυ-στένακτος, ον, (πολύς, στενάζω) *deep-sighing, miserable.*

πολυ-στέφανος, ον, *with many wreaths.*

πολυ-στεφής, ἐς, (πολύς, στέφω) *crowned with many a wreath; πολυστεφής δάφνης* *thick-crowned with laurel.*

πολύ-στικτος, ον, (πολύς, στίζω) *much-spotted, dappled.*

πολυστιχία, ἡ, *a number of lines.* From

πολύ-στιχος, ον, (πολύς, στίχος) *of or in many lines.*

πολύ-στοιχος, ον, (πολύς, στοίχος) *with many rows.*

πολυστοιμέω, *to speak much.* From

πολύ-στομος, ον, (πολύς, στόμα) *many-mouthed.*

πολύ-στονος, ον, (πολύς, στένω) *much sighing, mournful, melancholy.*

πολυ-στροφία, ἡ, *a turning oneself to and fro.* From

πολύ-στροφος, ον, (πολύς, στρέφω) *much-twisted: pliant, versatile.*

πολύ-σύλλαβος, ον, (πολύς, συλλαβή) *of many syllables.*

πολυ-σφόνδύλος, ον, *many-jointed.*

πολύ-σχιστος, ον, (πολύς, σχίζω) *split into many parts, branching.*

πολύ-σχοινος, ον, (πολύς, σχοῖνος) *many-corded.*

πολύ-σωρος, ον, (πολύς, σωρός) *yielding large heaps of corn.*

πολύ-τάλαντος, ον, (πολύς, τάλαντον) *weighing or worth many talents.*

πολυ-ταρβής, ἐς, (πολύς, τάρβος) *much-frightened.*

πολύ-τεκνος, ον, (πολύς, τέκνον) *bearing many children.*

πολυτέλεια, ἡ, (πολυτελής) *great expense, costliness, expensiveness.*

πολύ-τελής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέλος) *very expensive, costly:—of persons, sumptuous, extravagant:—Comp. and Sup. πολυτελέστερος, -έστατος.*

πολυτελής, Adv. *of πολυτελής, expensively:—Sup. πολυτελέστατα, in the costliest manner.*

πολύ-τερπής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέρπω) *much-delighting.*

πολύ-τέχνης, ου, ὁ, or πολυ-τεχνος, ον, (πολύς, τέχνη) *one skilled in many arts.*

πολύ-τίμητος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, τιμάω) *highly honoured or revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τιμος, ον, (πολύς, τιμή) *much revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τιτος, ον, (πολύς, τίω) *held in high honour: also worthy of high honour. [i metri grat.]*

πολύ-τλας, ατος, ὁ, (πολύς, τλῆναι) *much-enduring.*

πολυ-τλήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τλήμων) *much-enduring, very patient.*

πολύ-τλητος, ον, (πολύς, τλῆναι) *having had much to endure, hence unfortunate.*

πολύ-τμήτος, ον, (πολύς, τέμνω) *much-cut, much-lacerated.*

πολυ-τρήρων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρήρων) *abounding in doves.*

πολύ-τρητος, ον, (πολύς, τρητός) *much-pierced, perforated, full of holes, porous.*

πολυ-τρίπους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρίπους) *with many tripods.*

πολυτροπία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *variety of resources, versatility, craft.* From

πολύ-τροπος, ον, (πολύς, τρέπω) *much-turned, i. e. much-travelled, wandering.* II. *turning many ways, versatile, ingenious; changeful.* 2. *manifold.*

Hence

πολυτρόπως, Adv. *in divers manners.*

πολυ-τρογάλλος, ον, (πολύς, τρέχω) *running about much, bustling.*

πολύ-ὑμνητος, ον, (πολύς, ὑμνέω) *much-famed in song, much-renowned.*

πολύ-ὑμνος, ον, (πολύς, ὕμνος) *much sung of, famous: honoured with many hymns.*

πολύ-φάρμακος, ον, (πολύς, φάρμακον) *knowing many drugs or charms.*

πολύ-φάτος, ον, (πολύς, φημί) *much spoken of, very famous: also in a high strain.*

πολύ-φημος Dor. -φamos, ον, (πολύς, φήμη) *with many tales or legends: also with loud cries.* II.

wordy, full of the din of voices: ἡ πολυφήμος, as Subst., = ἀγορά, the many-voiced, the assembly; ἐς πολυφήμον ἐκφέρειν *to bring before the assembly.*

πολυ-φθόρος, ον, (πολύς, φθείρω) *destroying many, baneful, pernicious.* II. *pass., πολυφθορος, ον, utterly destroyed or ruined.*

πολύ-φίλος, ον, (πολύς, φιλέω) *having many friends, much-beloved.*

πολύ-φίλτρον, ον, (πολύς, φίλτρον) *suffering from many love-charms: deeply enamoured, love-sick.*

πολύ-φλοιρρος, ον, (πολύς, φλοῖρρος) *loud-roaring, epith. of the sea.*

πολυ-φόνος, ον, (πολύς, *φένω) *killing many, murderous.*

πολύ-φορβος, ον, also, η, ον, (πολύς, φέρβομαι) *feeding many, bountiful.*

πολύφορρα, ἡ, *productiveness.* From

πολύ-φόρος, ον, (πολύς, φέρω) *bearing much; πολυφόρος οἶνος* *wine which will bear much water; πολυφόρος δαίμων* *a fortune that wants tempering.*

πολυ-φράδης, ἐς, (πολύς, φράζω) *very eloquent, wise, sagacious.*

πολύ-φροντις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, φροντίς) *full of care.*

πολυ-φρόντιστος, ον, (πολύς, φροντίζω) *much-thinking, thoughtful.*

πολυφροσύνη, ἡ, *fullness of understanding, great wisdom or understanding.* From

πολύ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, φρήν) *much-thoughtful, very sagacious: also ingenious, inventive.*

πολύ-χαλκος, ον, (πολύς, χαλκός) *abounding in copper or brass: hence rich in copper vessels or money.*

II. *wrought of solid brass, all-brasen.*

πολυ-χανδής, ἐς, (πολύς, χανδάνω) *wide-yawning.*

πολύ-χαρμος, ον, (πολύς, χάρμη) *very warlike.*

πολύ-χειρ, -χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, χεῖρ) *many-banded, with many bands: also with many bands or men.*

Hence

πολύ-χειρία, ἡ, a multitude of hands or workmen.

πολύ-χορδος, ον, (πολύς, χορδή) many-stringed: hence many-toned.

πολυχρηματία, ἡ, possession of great wealth. From πολυ-χρηματος, ον, (πολύς, χρήμα) very wealthy.

πολυ-χρόνιος, ον, (πολύς, χρόνος) existing a long time, of the olden time, ancient.

πολύ-χρυσος, ον, (πολύς, χρυσός) rich in gold, adorned with gold.

πολύ-χωστος, ον, (πολύς, χώνυμι) high-beaped.

πολυ-ψάμβθος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμβθος), and πολυ-ψαμμος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμμος) very sandy.

πολυψηφία, ἡ, number or diversity of votes. And πολυ-ψήφης, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, with many pebbles, pebbly, of the beds of rivers. From

πολύ-ψηφος, ον, (πολύς, ψήφος) with many or various votes.

πολύ-ψοφος, ον, (πολύς, ψοφέω) loud-sounding.

πολύ-ᾠδύνος, ον, (πολύς, ᾠδύνω) very painful. II. pass. suffering great pain.

πολύ-ὄνυμος, ον, (πολύς, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of many names, worshipped under many names. II.

of great name, famous, renowned.

πολυ-ωπής, ἑς, and πολυ-ωπός, ὄν, (πολύς, ὥπη) with many boles or cells, close-meshed.

πολύ-ωρέω, (πολύς, ὥρα) to pay much regard or attention to, to esteem highly.

πολύ-ωφελής, ἑς, (πολύς, ὄφελος) very, highly useful, useful in many ways: Sup. πολυωφέλεστατος. Adv. -λώς, in a very serviceable manner.

πολύ-ῶψ, ὥπος, ὁ, ἡ, = πολυνώπος.

πόμα, ατος, τό, (πίνω, πέπομαι) a drink, draught.

πομπαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πομπή) conducting, attending, escorting: of a wind, fair: of Hermes, conducting the souls of the dead to the nether world.

πομπάν, πομπᾶς, Dor. for πομπήν, πομπῆς.

πομπέα, ἡ, (πομπεύω) a leading in procession: any solemn or religious procession. II. jeering,

ribaldry, customary in the processions of Bacchus and Ceres.

πομπεῖον, τό, (πομπή) any vessel employed in solemn processions. II. at Athens, the place where they were kept.

πομπεύς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (πομπός) one who attends or escorts, a guide, conductor. 2. one who goes in procession.

πομπεύω, Ion. impf. πομπεύεσκον: f. σω: (πομπή):—to attend, escort, guide, conduct. II. to lead a procession: to swagger or strut: to abuse with ribald jests, as was customary in processions (see πομπεία).

πομπή, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending, despatching, escorting: guidance, conduct, escort. 2. a sending away, a sending home to one's country. II. a solemn procession, Lat. pompa. III. an inter-

vention, suggestion, guidance.

πομπῆς, -ῆας, nom. and acc. pl. of πομπεύς.

πομπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πομπή) of or for a solemn procession: showy, stately.

πόμπιμος, ον, also η, ον, (πομπή) conducting, escorting, guiding: homeward. II. pass. sent, brought.

πομπός, ὁ, (πέμπω) one who attends or escorts, an escort, guide: plur. πομποὶ attendants, guards. 2. a messenger. II. as Adj. conducting, leading;

πῦρ πομποῦν the signal or beacon fire.

πομπο-στολέω, (πέμπω, στόλος) to conduct a fleet or ship.

πομφόλυγο-πάφλασμα, τό, (πομφόλυξ, παφλάζω) the noise made by bubbles rising.

πομφόλυξ, f. ξω, (πομφόλυξ) to bubble or boil up: to gush forth.

πομφόλυξ, ὕγος, ἡ, (πομφός) a bubble.

ΠΟΜΦΟΨ, οὔ, ὁ, a bubble, blister.

πονεύμενος, Aeol. for πονοῦμενος, part. pass. or med. of πονέω.

πονέω, (πόνος) used by Hom. mostly as Dep. πονέωμαι, with fut. med. -ήσομαι; aor. I med. ἐπονη-

σάμην and pass. ἐπονήθην; pf. pass. πεπόνημαι: I. absol. to toil, work hard; πονέεσθαι κατὰ ὑσμίνην to toil in the fight; hence to be worn out, exhausted. 2. metaph. to be in distress or anxiety, feel pain of mind. II. c. acc. to work at, work hard at, to perform zealously.

After Hom. the Act. πονέω is more freq., f. -πονήσω: aor. I ἐπόνησα: pf. πεπόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπονήθην: pass. πεπόνημαι: I. c. acc. pers. to cause toil or pain to another. 2. c. acc. rei, to gain by toil or labour, to work out: Pass. to be won by labour and pains. II. intr. to toil, suffer pain or hardship: c. acc. cognato, πονεῖν πόνον, μόχθους to undergo, endure labour. Hence

πόνημα, ατος, τό, that which is wrought out, work.

πονηρεῦμα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick. From πονηρεύομαι, Dep. (πονηρός) to be evil or wicked, to deal wickedly.

πονηρία, ἡ, (πονηρός) badness, ill condition, wickedness, knavery, Lat. pravitās: also cowardice.

πονηρός, α, ὄν, (πονέω) causing pain or hardship: hence, 1. painful. 2. distressed, in sorry plight: of things, bad, sorry: useless, in bad state or condition: πονηρὰ πράγματα a bad state of things. 3. in moral sense, bad, worthless, villainous, knavish, wicked. Hence

πονηρῶς, Adv. ill, miserably; πονηρῶς ἔχειν to be ill off, to be in a sorry plight.

πονήσασθαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of πονέω.

πόνος, ὁ, (πένω, πένομαι) task-work, hard work, toil, drudgery, Lat. labor: μάχης πόνος the toil of battle: hence πόνος = μάχη, a battle, action, the tug of war. 2. a task. II. pain of body or mind, suffering, grief: in plur. pains, distress. III. the fruit or result of labour, a work.

ποντιάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of πόντιος.

ποντίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόντος) to plunge or sink in the sea, Lat. *mergo*:—Pass. to be drowned.

ποντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: esp. of the πόντος Εὐξείνιος or Black Sea: cf. πόντος. II. from Pontus, Pontic; Ποντικὸν δένδρεον the tree from Pontus, the hazel.

πόντιος, α, ον, also ὅς, ον, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

πόντισμα, ατος, τό, (ποντίζω) that which is cast into the sea.

ποντόθεν, Adv. (πόντος) from or out of the sea.

ποντο-θήρης, ου, ὅ, (πόντος, θηράω) one who fishes in the sea.

ποντο-μέδων, οντος, ὅ, (πόντος, μέδω) lord of the sea. πόντονδε, Adv. (πόντος) into the sea.

Ποντοπόρεια, ἡ, (ποντοπόρος) a Nereid, the Sea-passer.

ποντοπορεύω and —πορέω, to pass over the sea. From

ποντο-πόρος, ον, (πόντος, πόρος) passing over the sea, sea-faring.

Ποντο-ποσειδῶν, ὄνος, ὅ, (πόντος, Ποσειδῶν) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

ΠΟΝΤΟΣ, ου, ὅ, the sea, esp. the open sea, the high sea. II. Πόντος the Black Sea; in full, Πόντος Εὐξείνιος. 2. the country Pontus at the east end of the Black Sea.

ποντο-τίνακτος, ον, (πόντος, τινάσσω) sea-shaken.

ποντόφιν, Ep. gen. of πόντος.

ποπάνευμα, ατος, τό, = πῶπᾶνον.

πῶπᾶνον, τό, (πέπτω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

πῶπαξ, an exclamation of surprise, akin to πόποι.

ποπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πῶπανον.

ποποί, the cry of the boopoe.

ποποί, exclam. of surprise, anger, or pain, oh! fie! shame! akin to παπαί!—also ᾧ ποποί.

ποποπό, cry of the boopoe.

ποππύζω Dor. ποππύσδω: fut. ποππύσω: aor. I ἐποπύσα: Pass., aor. ἐποππύσθην:—to whistle with the lips compressed: to cry hush! also to make a hissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence

ποππυλίαζω Dor. —άσδω, = ποππύζω.

ποππύσδω, Dor. for ποππύζω.

πόππυσμα, ατος, τό, and ποππυσμός, οὔ, ὅ, (ποππύζω) a whistling, esp. in applause.

πόρδαλις, ὅ, ἡ, older form of πάρδαλις.

πορδί, ἡ, (πέρδω) crepitus ventris.

πόρε, Ep. for ἔπορε; see *πόρω.

πορεία, ἡ, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. *incessus*. II. a going, a journey, passage: a march. 2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

πορευθεῖς, πορευθῆναι, aor. I part. and inf. of πορεύομαι.

πόρευμα, ατος, τό, (πορεύομαι) a passage, way; πόρευμα βροτῶν a place where men resort. 2. a means of going, carriage, conveyance.

πορευάμιος, ον, also ἡ, ὄν, (πορεύω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable.

πορευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πορεύομαι, to be traversed or travelled over. II. neut. πορευτέον, one must go.

πορευτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (πορεύομαι) travelling, journeying.

πορεύω, f. —έσω: (πόρος):—to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry or convey across a river. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply. II. Pass. and Med. πορεύομαι, fut. med. —έσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπορεύθην: pf. πεπόρευμαι:—to be carried or carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. 2. c. acc. loci, to pass over, traverse.

πορθέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημαι:—collat. form of πέρθω, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to besiege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:—Pass. to be ruined, undone. Hence

πόρθημα, ματος, τό, (πορθέω) ravage, plunder.

πόρθησις, εως, ἡ, (πορθέω) the sack of a town.

πορθήτης, οὔ, ὅ, (πορθέω) a ravager, plunderer.

πορθήτωρ, ορος, ὅ, poet. for πορθητής, a ravager.

πορθμεῖον Ion. —ήιον, τό, (πορθμεύω) a place for crossing, a passage over, ferry. II. a passage-boat, ferry-boat. III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. *naulum*.

πόρθμευμα, ατος, τό, (πορθμεύω) a crossing over, passage.

πορθμεύς, εως Ion. ἦος, ὅ, (πορθμεύω) a ferryman, boatman, Lat. *portitor*: a seaman.

πορθμεύω, f. σω, (πορθμός) to carry or ferry over a strait, river, etc.: to carry over, carry, convey:—Pass. to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from place to place. II. intr. in Act., like Lat. *tracere*, to pass over, cross over.

πορθμήιον, τό, Ion. for πορθμεῖον.

πορθμός, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορθμός) a ferry; a strait. II.

a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

πορθμός, ὁ, (πέιρω) a ferry: a strait, firth. II.

a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ιῶ: aor. I ἐπόρισα: Med., f. πορίζω: Pass., f. πορισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐπορίσθην: pf. πεπόρισμα: (πόρος):—to bring, conduct, fetch, convey.

II. to furnish, provide, supply: to bring about, contrive, devise:—Med. to furnish for oneself, provide, procure, get:—Pass. πορίζεται, impers. it is in one's power to do...

πόριμος, ον, (πόρος) able to provide or supply: wealthy, rich. II. full of resources, inventive:

c. acc., πόριμος ἄπορα fertile of resource in difficulties. III. of things, practicable.

πόρις, ιος, ἡ, poet. form of πόρις.

πορισμός, ὁ, (πορίζω) a procuring: a means of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οὔ, ὅ, (πορίζω) a provider, purveyor: at Athens, the πορισταί were a financial board to raise ways and means. 2. purveyors, conveyancers, as pirates called themselves. Hence

ποριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for purveying: able to procure. ΠΟΡΚΗΣ, ον, ὁ, a ring or hoop, which ran round the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened to the shaft.

πορνεία, ἡ, (πορνεύω) fornication: prostitution. πορνεῖον, τό, (πορνεύω) a brothel.

πορνεύω, f. σω, (πόρνος) to prostitute:—Pass., of a woman, to be or become a barlot.

πόρνη, ἡ, (περνάω) a barlot.

πορνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πόρνη. [νῆ]

πορνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόρνη) of or for barlots.

πορνοβοσκία, f. ἡσω, (πορνοβοσκός) to keep a brothel. Hence

πορνοβοσκία, ἡ, brothel-keeping.

πορνο-βοσκός, ὁ, (πόρνη, βύσσω) a brothel-keeper.

πόρνος, ὁ, (πόρνη) a fornicator.

πόρος, ὁ, (περάω) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, frib. 2. πόροι ἄλός the paths of the sea. 3. a way through or over, thoroughfare, passage: a way, track. II. c. gen. rei, a way or means of achieving; πόρος ὁδοῦ a means of performing the journey; πόρος χρημάτων a way of raising money. 2. absol. a contrivance, resource. 3. in plur. 'ways and means,' resources, revenue.

πορπακίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόρπαξ) to grasp by the handle, to hold a shield by the handle.

πορπάμα, ατος, τό, (πορπάω) a garment fastened with a buckle or brooch.

πορπάξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (πόρπη) the handle of a shield.

πορπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἡσω:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

πόρπη, ἡ, (πείρω) like πείρῃ, the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.

πόρπημα, ατος, τό, Ion. for πορπάμα.

πόρρω, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρόσω, far, far off: see πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω. Hence

πορρωθεν, Adv. from afar; and

πορρωθι, Adv. far.

πορρώτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furthest.

πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furthest off.

πορσαίνω, = πορσύνω, to offer, give: hence to attend to, cherish: to manage, arrange.

πόρσιον, πόρσιστα, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρσω or πρόσω, further, furthest.

πορσύνω [ῶ]: Ep. fut. πορσύνέω contr. -ῶν: (*πόρσι):—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., κείνου πορσυνέουσα λέχος to prepare his bed. II. generally, to make ready, provide:—Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust. III. of persons, to treat with care, to cherish, tend: also to esteem.

πόρσω, Adv., = πόρρω, πρόσω: see πόρσιον, πόρσιστα.

πόρταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = πόρτις, a calf.

πόρτις, ἴος, ἡ, a young beifer, calf: any young animal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juvenca.

πορτι-τρόφος, ον, (πόρτις, τρέφω) breeding calves. πορφύρα Ion. -ύρη [ῶ], ἡ, (πορφύρω) the purple-fish, Lat. murex. II. the purple dye obtained from it, purple. III. in plur. purple clothes or robes.

πορφύρεος, ἡ, ον, Att. contr. πορφύρους, ἁ, οὖν: (πορφύρα):—Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of the sea: πορφυρέη νεφέλη a dark cloud. 2. dyed with murex or purple-fish, purple, red. 3. rosy, bright, beautiful, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρεος, ἴωσ, ὁ, (πορφύρα) a fisher for purple-fish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφύρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a purple-dyer.

πορφύρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορφύρα) a purple garment or covering. II. a red-coloured bird.

πορφυρίων, ἄνος, ὁ, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured water-bird.

πορφύρο-εἰδής, ἐς, (πορφύρα, εἶδος) purpled, dark.

πορφύρο-πῶλης, ον, ὁ, fem. -πῶλις, ἴδος, (πορφύρα, πῶλέω) a dealer in purple, seller of purple.

πορφυρό-στρωτος, ον, (πορφύρα, στράννυμι) spread with purple cloth.

πορφύρους, ἁ, οὖν, Att. contr. for πορφύρεος.

πορφύρω [ῶ], a redupl. form of φύρω, (as μορμύρω of μύρω), to grow dark, esp. of the sea; ὡς ἔτε πορφύρη πέλαγος μέγα κύματι κοκφῶ as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i. e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολλή ἄλς): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλά δέ οἱ κραδίη πόρφυρε much was his heart troubled. II. to grow purple.

*ΠΟΡΩ, obsol. pres. of the aor. 2 ἔπορον, and pf. πέπραμαι: I. aor. 2 ἔπορον Ep. πόρον, part. πορών:—to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer, bestow, grant; εὐχος πορεῖν to fulfil a wish. II. pf. pass. πέπραμαι, to be given or assigned as one's portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. πέπραται, and 3 sing. plpf. πέπρατο, it has, had been fated, and part. πεπραμένος, η, ον, allotted or fated to one: hence, ἡ πεπραμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny; so also τό πεπραμένον.

*ΠΟΡΩ, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat. ὅ, whence ποῦ, ποί, τί, πῶ, also, πόθεν, πόθι, πότε, and the Adj. πύτερος.

ποσάκις Ep. ποσσάκι [ᾶ], Adv. (πόσος) how many times? how often? Lat. quoties?

πόσε, Adv. (*πός) whither? Lat. quo?

Ποσειδᾶν and Ποτειδᾶν, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for Ποσειδᾶν.

Ποσειδάνιος and -άνιος, α, ον, Dor. for Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδειον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσειδεῖος, α, ον, = Ποσειδάνιος.

Ποσειδεῖον, ἄνος, ὁ, Poseideion, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Ποσειδᾶν, ἄνος, ὁ: acc. Ποσειδᾶν: voc. Πόσειδον: Homeric form Ποσειδᾶν [ᾶ], ἄανος, acc. ἄανα, voc. Ποσειδᾶν: Dor. Ποτειδᾶν or Ποτιδᾶν, ἄνος: Ion.

Ποσειδεῖον, ἄνος:—Poseidon, Lat. Neptunus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sea.

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Ποσειδώνιος, α, ον, *sacred to Neptune*: τὰ Ποσειδάνια (sub. ἱερά), *the festival of Neptune*.

ΠΟΨΘΗ, ἡ, *membrum virile*.

πόσθον, ανος, ὁ, (πόσθη) *a little boy*.

πόσι, dat. pl. of πούς: but πόσι, vocat. of πόσις.

Ποσιδήιον, τό, Ion. for Ποσειδειον.

Ποσιδήιος, η, ον, Ion. for Ποσειδειος, *sacred to Poseidon or Neptune*.

ΠΟΣΙΓΙΣ, ὁ, gen. πόσιος, dat. πόσει Ep. πόσει, voc. πόσις or πόσι: pl., nom. πόσις, Ep. acc. πόσις:—husband, spouse, mate: when opp. to ἀνὴρ, πόσις was a lawful husband, ἀνὴρ a paramour.

πόσις, ιος Att. εως, ἡ, (πίνω) *a drinking, drink, beverage: a drinking-bout*; παρὰ τὴν πόσιν, Lat. *inter pocula, over their cups*.

πόσος Ion. κόσος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of relat. ὅσος and demonstr. τόσος:—*how great? how much? of what value?* Lat. *quantus?* II. ποσός, ἡ, ὅν, indef. Adj., of any size or number, Lat. *aliquantus*: ἐπὶ ποσόν to a certain degree.

ποσσημαρ, Adv. (πόσος, ἡμαρ) *in how many days? within how many days?*

ποσσί or -ίν, Ep. for ποσί, dat. pl. of πούς.

ποσσί-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) *beaten by the foot in dancing*.

πόσσις, εως, ὁ, poet. for πόσις, *a husband*.

ποσταῖος, α, ον, (πόστος) *in how many days? on which day?*

πόστος, η, ον, (πόσος) *which of a number? Lat. quous? πόστον δὴ ἔτος ἐστὶν ὅτε...; how many years is it since...?* II. how small? Lat. *quantulus*.

πότ, shortd. Dor. for ποτί, πρόσ, only before the Article, as πὸτ τῷ, πὸτ τόν, πὸτ τό, etc.

πότα, Aeol. for ποτέ.

πόταγε, Dor. for πρόσαιγε, imperat. of προσάγω.

ποτ-αἰσέομαι, Dor. fut. of προσαιδω.

ποτ-αῖνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποτί=πρός, αἶνος) like πρόσφατος, *newly told of, fresh, new*, Lat. *recens*: metaph. *unwonted, unheard-of*.

ποτάμειος, α, ον,=ποτάμιος. [ᾶ]

ποτάμειωτο, Dor. and poet. for προσημείωτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσαμείβω.

ποτάμῆξομαι, Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of προσαμῆλγω.

ποτάμηδόν, Adv. (ποταμός) *like a river*.

ποτάμηος, η, ον, Ion. and poet. for ποτάμειος.

ποτάμηις, ἰδος, poet. fem. of ποτάμειος.

ποτάμ-ἡρτός, ον, (ποταμός, ἡρτώ) *drawn from a stream or in streams*.

ποτάμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ποταμός) *of or from a river, on a river*.

ποτάμινδε, Adv. into, to, towards a river. From ποτάμιος, οὐ, ὁ, (ΠΟ-, Root of πίνω) *a river, stream*. II. personified, Ποταμός, ὁ, *a river-god*.

ποτάμο-φορήτος, ον, (ποταμός, φορέω) *carried away by a river*.

ποτᾶνός, ᾶ, ὅν, (ποτάομαι) Dor. for ποτηνός, *winged, flying, furnished with wings*.

ποτάομαι, poet. for πέτομαι, to fly: fut. med. ποτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐποτήθη Dor. -άθη: pf. πεπότημαι Dor. -αμαι (with pres. sense), Ep. 3 pl. πεποτήται: 3 sing. plqpf. πεπότητο:—to be upon the wing, hover, flit about.

ποταπός, ἡ, ὅν,=ποδαπός. Adv. -πῶς.

ποτ-αυλέω, Dor. for προσαυλέω.

ποτ-ᾤφος, α, ον, Dor. for προσῥῥος.

πότε Ion. κότε, (*πος) interrog. Particle, *when? at what time?* II. ποτέ, enclit. Particle, *at some time, at any time, once, erst*. In answering clauses,

ποτέ μέν... ποτέ δέ... *at one time... at another... sometimes... sometimes*; Lat. *modo... modo...:—in questions it strengthens the interrogation, τί ποτε; Ep. τίποτε; how ever? how possibly?*

Ποτειδάν, ἄνος, Dor. for Ποσειδᾶν.

ποτεμάξωτο, Dor. for προσεμάξωτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσμάσσω.

ποτέομαι, Ep. for ποτάομαι, to fly.

ποτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πίνω, to be drunk, drinkable. II. ποτέον, neut. one must drink.

ποτ-ερῖζω, Dor. for προσερίζω.

πότερος, α, ον Ion. κότερος, η, ον, (*πος, ἕτερος) *whether or which of the two?* Lat. *uter?* 2. the neut. πότερον or πότερα is freq. used as Adv. at the beginning of an interrog. sentence containing two contrary propositions, πότερον... ἢ...; like Lat. *utrum... an...? whether... or...?* II. without interrog., like ὁπότερος, *either of the two*, Lat. *alteruter*.

ποτ-έρχομαι, Dor. for προσέρχομαι.

ποτέρωθι, Adv. (πότερος) *on whether of the two sides...? on which of two sides? at which of two places?*

ποτέρως, Adv. of πότερος, *in which of two ways? Lat. utro modo?*

ποτέρωσε, Adv. (πότερος) *to whether of two sides? to which of two places?*

ποτ-έχω, Dor. for προσέχω.

ποτή, ἡ, (ποτάομαι) *flight*.

πότῃμα, ατος, τό, (ποτάομαι) *flight*.

ποτ-ήμεν, Dor. for προσείναι, inf. of πρόσκειμι.

ποτήμενα, Dor. for ποτάμενα, part. of ποτάομαι.

ποτηνός, ἡ, ὅν, v. ποτᾶνός.

ποτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *a drinking-cup, wine-cup*.

ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *a drinking-cup, wine-cup*.

πότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *drink*.

πότης, ον, ὁ, fem. πότις, ἰδος, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) *a drinker, tippler*: with another Subst., πότης λύχνος *a tipping lamp*:—Comic Sup. fem., ποτιστάτῃ *a bard drinker*.

ποτητός, ἡ, ὅν, (ποτάομαι) *flying, winged*; ποτητά, τά, *fowls, birds*.

ποτί, Dor. for πρόσ.

ποτ-ιάπτω, ποτί-βάλλω, Dor. for προσιάπτω, προσβάλλω.

ποτι-βλέπω, Dor. for προσβλέπω.

ποτιδέγμενος, Dor. for προσδέγμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 of προσδέχομαι.

ποτ-ιδεῖν, Dor. for προσιδεῖν.

ποτὶ-δέρκομαι, -δεύομαι, -δῶρπιος, Dor. for προσδ-.

ποτὶ-εἰλέω, Dor. for προσεἰλέω.

ποτίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (πότος) to give to drink: to water.

ποτίζει, Dor. for πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθην.

ποτικέκλιται, Dor. for προσκέκλ-, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προσκλίνω.

ποτιλέξω, Dor. for προσελέξω, 3 sing. aor. 1 med. of προσλέγω.

πότιμος, ov, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) of water, fit to drink, fresh, opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant.

ποτὶ-νίσσομαι, Dor. for προσν-.

ποτίπεπτηναι, Ep. pf. part. fem. 1. of προσπίττω. 2. of προσπίπτω.

ποτι-πύσσω, Dor. for προσπύσσω.

ποτίσω, Dor. for ποτίζω.

ποτ-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.

ποτίστατος, Comic Sup. of πότης.

ποτὶ-τέρπω, Dor. for προστέρπω.

ποτι-πρόβαιος, ov, Dor. for προστράβαιος.

ποτι-φωνήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for προσφωνήεις.

πότμος, ὁ, (πίπτω) that which befalls one, one's lot, destiny: one's evil destiny; death.

πότνᾱ, ἡ, Ep. for πότνια.

πότνᾱ, ἡ, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότνια θηρῶν queen of wild beasts:—as Adj. revered, august, awful:—only found in nom. and voc. πότνια, acc. πότνιαν, except that nom. pl. πότνιαι is used of Ceres and Proserpine.

ποτνιαδες, αἱ, (πότνια) the shouting, screaming ones, epith. of the Bacchanals. 2. also as pl. to πότνια, awful, used of the Erinyes.

ποτνιαόμαι, Dep. to call out πότνια, πότνια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, sbriek.

ποτ-όδδω, Lacon. for προσόζω.

ποτόν, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) that which one drinks, a drink, draught; σῖτα καὶ ποτά meat and drink. 2. a spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water.

ποτ-οπτάζω, Dor. for προσ-οπτάζω.

ποτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from Root ΠΟ- (γ. πίνω) for drinking, drunk.

πότος, ὁ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking, a drinking-bout, carousal.

ποτ-όσδω, Dor. for προσόζω.

ποττό, ποττόν, ποττώ, ποττώς, ποττόν, etc., Dor. for πρὸς τό, πρὸς τόν, πρὸς τοῦ, πρὸς τοὺς, πρὸς τήν, etc.

ποτ-ώκει, Dor. for προσ-εφίκει.

πού; Ion. κοῦ; interrog. Adv.: (*πός) where? Lat. ubi? c. gen., πού γῆς; πού χθονός; where, in what part of the world? Lat. ubinam terrarum? 2. how? in what manner? II. πού as enclit., anywhere, somewhere.

πολυβότειρα, ἡ, Ion. for πολυβύτειρα.

πολυ-παθής, ἐς, Ion. for πολυπαθής.

πολυ-πλάνητος, ov, Ion. for πολυπλάνητος.

πολυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.

πολύ-πους, πολυπότος, Ion. for πολύπους, πολύπος.

πολύς, neut. πολυῖ, Ep. for πολύς, πολύ.

ΠΟΥΨ, ὁ, gen. ποδός: dat. pl. ποσί Ep. ποσσί, ποδῶσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδοῖν:—Lat. PES, a foot: in plur. also a bird's talons or claws; the arms or feelers of a polypus:—ξύλινος ποὺς a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, πύξ . ἡ δὲ πόδῶσι in boxing and in the foot-race: ποῖν ἐρίειν to race on foot: but, ἐς πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς from head to foot. 2. of close proximity, πρόσθεν ποδός or ποδῶν, προπάρσιθε ποδῶν just before one's feet, i. e. before one;—so also, ἐν ποσί, παρὰ ποδός, πρὸ ποδός, παρὰ ποδὶ, close before or beside one; παρὰ ποδός straightway, at once: hence, τὰ ἐν ποσί and τὰ πρὸ ποδῶν what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp. ἐμπόδων, ἐκπόδων. 3. in various phrases: ἐπὶ πόδα backwards, with one's face forwards; ἐπὶ πόδα ἀναχωρεῖν to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure:—κατὰ πόδας with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ἡ κατὰ πόδας ἡμέρα the very next, following day:—ὡς ποδῶν ἔχει as he is off for feet, i. e. as quick as he can:—ἔξω τινὸς πόδα ἔχειν to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it:—ἐξ ἑνὸς ποδός, i. e. alone, singly; ἐξ ἡσυχίου ποδός quietly.

II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. . . 2. in a ship, πόδες are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; παρῆναι τοῦ ποδός to slack the sheet; so χαλᾶν πόδα, opp. to τείνειν πόδα to haul it tight. III. a foot, as a measure of length. IV. a foot in Prosody.

πράγμα Ion. πρήγμα, atos, τό: (πράσσω):—that which has been done, a deed:—generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right or fit to be done, one's business: πρήγμα ἐστὶ μοι, c. inf., it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., οὐδὲν πρᾶγμα it is no matter, of no consequence. 2. an object of consequence or consideration; of a person, ἦν μέγιστον πρήγμα Δημοκρίδης παρὰ βασιλεῖ Democedes was treated with the greatest consideration by the king. 3. of a battle, an action, affair. 4. of something disgraceful, the thing, the business, job.

II. in plur. πράγματα affairs, circumstances. 2. state-affairs, public business, the power of a state; τὰ πράγματα τῶν Ἑλλήνων the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political power; οἱ ἐν τοῖς πράγμασι men in office, ministers. 3. one's private affairs; ἀγαθὰ πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; πράγματα ἔχειν to have trouble about a thing; πράγματα παρέχειν τινὶ to cause one trouble.

πραγματεία, ἡ, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing. II. an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a lawsuit: in plur. troubles.

πραγματεύομαι Ion. **πρηγμ**—: Dep. with fut. med. **-εύσομαι**, aor. I med. **ἐπραγματεύσαμην**, pass. **ἐπρηγματεύθην**; pf. pass. **πεπραγμάτευμαι**: (πράγμα)—to be busy, take trouble: c. acc. rei, to make a thing one's business, take in hand, treat of, labour to bring it about; esp. to carry on a business, Lat. *negotari*: to prosecute a lawsuit: **πραγματεύεσθαι τὴν νύκτα** to spend the night in business. II. pf. **πεπραγμάτευμαι** also in pass. sense, to be laboured at, worked out.

πραγματίων, τό, Dim. of **πράγμα**, a petty lawsuit.

πραγμαῶτο-δίφης, ου, ὁ (πράγματα, δίφω) one who hunts up lawsuits, a pettifogger.

πράγος, εος, τό, poet. for **πράγμα**: also = **πράγματα**, state-affairs.

πραῶς, Adv. of **πραῦς**, mildly, gently.

πράθειν, Ep. for **πρήθειν**, aor. 2 inf. of **πέρθω**.

πράθεις, aor. I pass. part. of **πιπράσκω**.

πράθηναι, aor. I pass. inf. of **πιπράσκω**.

πραιτώριον, τό, the Lat. *praetorium*, the tent or hall of the praetor: a judgment-hall: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πρακτέος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of **πράσσω**, to be done. II. neut. **πρακτέον**, one must do.

πρακτήρ Ion. **πρηκτήρ**, ἦρος, ὁ, (πράσσω) one that does, a doer: a trader, merchant. Hence

πρακτήριος, ου, executing, accomplishing.

πρακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πράσσω) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective, energetic.

πρακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **πράσσω**, done, to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ ποιητά.

πρακτωρ, οπος, ὁ, poet. for **πρακτήρ**, one who does or executes, a worker. II. one who exacts payment, a tax-gatherer.

2. one who exacts punishment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj., σὺν ὁπρὶ καὶ χερί **πρακτορι** with avenging hand.

Πράμνειος or **Πράμνιος οἶνος**, ὁ, *Pramnian wine*, so called from Mount Pramnē in the island of Icaria.

πράν, Doric Adv., = **πρίν**, before: formerly, one time, lately; **πράν ποκα** a short time ago. [α]

πράνης, ἐς, Dor. and Att. for **πρηνης**.

πράξις, εως Ion. **πρηξις**, ιος, ἡ, (πράσσω) a doing, transaction, business, affair; κατὰ **πρηξιν** on business, for purposes of traffic. 2. the progress or result of

a business; οὐ τις **πρηξις πέλεται γόοιο** no good comes of weeping; **πρηξις χρησιμὴν** the issue of the oracles.

II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθος, suffering.

III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition.

IV. the exaction of money or of punishment: revenge.

πράντως, Adv. of **πράος**, formed from obsol. **πράων**, temperately.

ΠΡΑΪΣ, neut. **πράον**: the fem. in use is **πραεῖα**, from **πραῦς** (Ion. **πρηῦς**), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both **πράοι** and **πραεῖς** in nom., **πράοις** and **πραεῖσι** in dat.: neut. nom. and acc. is **πραεῖα**, rarely **πράα**:—mild, soft: of persons, meek, gentle: of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft. 2. soothing, taming.—Comp.

πράότερος or **παιότερος** Ion. **πρηύτερος**. Hence **πρῶτης**, ἦρος, ἡ, mildness, meekness, gentleness.

ΠΡΑΨΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly used in pl. **πραπίδες**, αἱ, = **φρένες**, the midriff, diaphragm:—then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understanding, 2. like **φρένες**, the understanding, mind: also the heart. [Υ]

πράσιό, ἡ, (πράσον) a bed in a garden, garden-plot: **πρασiai** *prasaia* by companies.

πράσιμος, ου, (πράσις) for sale, to be sold, Lat. *venalis*.

πράσις, εως Ion. **πρησις**, ιος, ἡ, (πιπράσκω) a selling, sale.

πράσδ-κουρον, τό, (πράσον, κείρω) a leek-slice.

ΠΡΑΣΨΟΝ, τό, a leek, Lat. *porrum*. [Δ]

Πρασσαῖος, ὁ, poet. for **πρασάιος**, *Leek-green*, name of a frog.

πράσσομες, Dor. for **πράσσομεν**.

Πρασσοφάγος, ὁ, Ep. for **Πράσο-φάγος**, (πράσον, φάγειν) *Leek-eater*, name of a frog.

ΠΡΑΣΣΩ Ion. **πρήσσω** Att. **πράττω**: fut. **πράξω** Ion. **πρήξω**: aor. I **ἐπράξα** Ion. **ἐπρηξα**: pf. **πέπρωχα** Ion. **πέπρηχα**, and in intr. sense pf. 2 **πέπρωγα**:—

Pass., fut. **πραχθήσομαι**, paullo-post f. **πεπράξομαι**: aor. I **ἐπράχην**: pf. **πέπραγμα**:—properly, to pass through, like **περάω**; ἅλα **πρήσσειν** to pass through the sea; ὁδὸν **πρήσειν** to pass through, finish a journey:—hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work; **πράσσειν κλέος** to achieve, win glory: to take charge of a thing. II. to practise a business, trade, way of life; **πράττειν τὰ ἴδια** to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to **πράττειν τὰ κοινά**, τὰ τῆς πόλεως to manage state-affairs: also absol., ἱκανὸς **πράττειν** competent to manage public affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; **πράττειν** *Θηβαίους* τὰ **πράγματα** to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans.

III. to do, practise, Lat. *agere*: absol. to act, be the doer or agent.

IV. intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: esp. εὖ or κακῶς **πράττειν** to do or fare well or ill; esp. in pf. 2 **πέπρωχα**.

2. εὖ and κακῶς **πράττειν** mean also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill towards.

V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, **πράττειν τινά τι** to do something to one.

VI. c. dupl. acc. in another sense, **πράττειν τινά ἀργύριον** to exact money from one: metaph., **φόνον** **πράττειν** to exact punishment for a murder: and so to avenge:—Pass., **πεπραγμένος τὸν φόρον** having the tribute exacted:—

Med., **πράσσειν** to exact or extort for oneself. VII. c. acc. pers., **πράττειν τινά** to make an end of him, Lat. *conficere*; pf. pass. part. **πεπραγμένος** undone, utterly ruined, Lat. *confectus*.

πράσω, fut. of **πιπράσκω**. [Δ]

πρατήρ Ion. πρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πέ-πρᾶμαι) a seller, dealer.

πρατήριον Ion. πρητήριον, τό, (πέ-πρᾶμαι) a place for selling, a market, mart.

πράτιστος, Dor. for πρῶτιστος. [ᾱ]

πρᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρᾶσσω, to be sold.

πράτος, α, ον, Dor. for πρῶτος.

πράττω, Att. for πρᾶσσω.

πραῦ-γέλως Ion. πρηγῆ-, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, γέλως) softly-smiling.

πραῦ-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, μῆτις) of gentle counsel.

πράννυσις, εως, ἡ, a softening, appeasing. From πρᾶνυω Ion. πρηνῶω [ῶ]: fut. πρᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐπράνω: Pass., aor. I ἐπράνθην: pf. πεπράνυμαι: (πραῦς):—to make soft, mild or gentle, to soften, soothe, calm, tame:—Pass. to become gentle, calm down; of passion, to abate.

πραῦ-πάθεια, ἡ, (πραῦς, πάθος) gentleness. πραῦς, πράεϊα, πραῦ, Ion. πρηγῆς, = πρᾶος. Hence πρᾶτης, ητος, ἡ, mildness, gentleness. πρᾶως, Adv. of πρᾶος, mildly, gently. πρέμνοθεν, Adv. from the stump, root and branch, utterly. From

ΠΡΕΜΝΟΝ, τό, the lowest part of the trunk of a tree, the stump, Lat. caudex: generally, the stem, trunk.

πρεπόντως, Adv. part. of πρέπω, in fit manner, fitly, meetly, befittingly, gracefully.

πρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρέπω) distinguished, eminent.

ΠΡΕΠΩ, fut. πρέψω: aor. I ἐπρεψα: no pf. is found:—to be clearly seen or heard, be conspicuous: to be distinguished in or by a thing: generally, to be plain or manifest. II. to be like, resemble. III. to become, beseech, suit; c. dat. pers., θανάτῳ θνατοῖσι πρέπει mortal things beseech mortal men. 2. impers. πρέπει, Lat. decet, it is fitting, it befits, suits, becomes, c. dat. pers. et inf.: when the acc. follows alone, this depends on an inf. omitted, as, τίσασθαι οὕτω, ὡς ἐκείνους [τίσασθαι] πρέπει to avenge ourselves, as it is fit [to avenge ourselves upon] them: rarely c. gen. pers., πρέπον ἦν δαίμονος τοῦ μου ῥόδε this were well worthy of my evil genius. 3. part. neut. τὸ πρέπον, τοῦ πρέποντος, that which is seemly, fitness, propriety, Lat. decorum.

πρεπ-ώδης, es, (πρέπω, εἶδος) fitting, becoming, suitable, proper.

πρέσβᾱ, ἡ, ὄν, old Ep. fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, honoured.

πρεσβεία, ἡ, (πρεσβείω) age, seniority; κατὰ πρεσβείαν by the right of the elder. II. rank, dignity.

III. as ambassadors were usually old men, an embassy, embassy, the body of ambassadors.

πρεσβεῖον, Ion. and Ep. -ήιον, τό, (πρεσβείω) a gift of honour, such as was offered to an elder; mostly in pl. privileges, prerogatives.

πρεσβεῖος, α, ον Ion. -ήιος, η, ον, (πρέσβυς) venerable.

πρέσβειρα, ἡ, = πρέσβα, fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, venerated.

πρέσβευμα, ατος, τό, (πρεσβεύω) one sent on an embassy, an ambassador.

πρέσβευσις, ἡ, (πρεσβεύω) a serving on an embassy, embassy.

πρεσβεύτης, οὔ, ὁ, (πρεσβεύω) an ambassador.

πρεσβεύω, f. εὔσω: pf. πεπρέσβευκα: (πρέσβυς):—intr. to be older or eldest. 2. to take the place of others, properly, by right of seniority, to take precedence, c. gen.: hence to rule over, sway, c. gen.: absol. to be best. II. trans. to place as oldest, first, to put first in rank: hence to pay honour or worship to:—Pass. to be first or foremost, hold the first place: also to have the advantage, have the best of it, Lat. antiquior esse. III. to be an ambassador, treat or negotiate as one:—Med. to send ambassadors: also to go as ambassador:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ πεπρεσβευμένα the acts of an ambassador.

πρέσβη, ἡ, Ion. for πρέσβα.

πρεσβήιον, τό, Ion. for πρεσβεῖον.

πρεσβήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρεσβεῖος.

πρεσβής, ἴδος, ἡ, = πρέσβα; πρεσβῆς τιμὴ the highest or most valued honour.

πρέσβυς, ἡ, poet. for πρεσβεία, age.

πρέσβυστος, η, ον, poet. Sup. of πρέσβυς.

πρέσβος, τό, (πρέσβυς) an object of reverence.

πρεσβυγένεια, ἡ, seniority of birth. From πρεσβυ-γενής, es, (πρέσβυς, γενέσθαι) eldest-born.

ΠΡΕΣΒΥΤΣ, vos and eus, ὁ, an old man, poet. for πρεσβυτήρ:—hence, as from an Adj., come the Degrees of Comparison, see πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβύτατος, πρέσβυστος. II. an elder: then, since the elders were preferred to power and dignity, πρέσβεις, οἱ, dat. πρέσβεσιν, elders, chiefs, princes. 2. an ambassador.

πρεσβύτατος, η, ον, Sup. of πρέσβυς, eldest: hence venerable, reverend, honoured.

πρεσβύτεριον, τό, a council of elders (πρεσβύτεροι). From

πρεσβύτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πρέσβυς, elder: hence superior by birth, and so generally, greater, bigger, more important; τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ πρεσβύτερα ποιέσθαι ἡ τὰ τῶν ἀνθρώπων to reckon their duty to the gods superior to their duty to men. II. as Subst., πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβυτής [ῶ], ον, ὁ, (πρέσβυς) an old man, Lat. senex: fem. πρεσβυτίς, ἴδος, an old woman. Hence πρεσβυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like an old man, elderly.

πρεσβυτο-δόκος, ον, (πρεσβυτής, δέχομαι) receiving the aged.

πρεμυένεια, ἡ, kindliness, graciousness. From πρεμυένης, es, (πρηγῆς, μένος) gentle of mood, kindly, gracious. II. propitiating.

πρεών, ὄνος, ὁ, = πρᾶν.

πρήγμα, Ion. for πρᾶγμα.

πρηγματεύομαι, Ion. for πραγματεύομαι.

πρηγορεών or πρηγορών, ὄνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) *the crop of a bird, so called because the food is there collected before it passes into the stomach.*

πρηθῆναι, Ion. for πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πιπράσκω.

ΠΡΗ΄ΘΩ, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἔπρησα: no perf. in use: (see πύπρημι):—*to blow up, swell out by blowing; ἔπρησεν δ' ἄνεμος μέσον ἱστίον the wind swelled out the middle of the sail.* 2. *to blow out, force or drive out by blowing.*

πρηκτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, Ion. for πρακτήρ.

πρημαίνω, (πρήθω) *to blow, blow hard.*

ΠΡΗΝΗ΄Σ Dor. πρᾶνῆς, ἐς, gen. ἐός contr. οὖς, Lat. *pronus, bent forward, head-foremost, opp. to ὕπιος.* 2. *down-hill, downwards, opp. to ὄρθιος (up-hill).* Hence

πρηνίζω, f. σῶ: aor. I pass. ἔπρηνίχην:—*to throw headlong:—Pass. to fall headlong.*

πρηῖαι, Ion. for πρᾶαι, aor. I inf. of πρᾶσσω.

πρηῖς, ios, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶξις.

πρησεν, Ep. for ἔπρησεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πρήθω.

πρησις, ios, ἡ, Ion. for πρᾶσις, sale.

πρησσω, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶσσω.

πρηστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (πρήθω, πρήσω) *a flash of lightning, a thunderbolt.* II. *a hurricane.*

πρηστis, εως, ἡ, see πρίστις.

πρησω, fut. of πρήθω *to blow.* 2. fut. of πίμπρημι *to burn.*

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πρᾶτήριον, *a market.*

πρητῖ-μομος, on, Ion. for πρᾶτμομος, (πρητῖς, νόμος) *of gentle manners, gentle, meek.* [ῥ]

πρητῖνω, Ion. for πρᾶτνω: [ῥ] From

πρητῖς, εἶα, ῥ, Ion. for πρᾶτῖς. [ῥ]

πρητῖ-τένων, onτος, ὁ, (πρητῖς, τένων) *with tamed neck.* [ῥ]

πρητῶν, ὄνος Ep. onος, ὁ, = πρῶν, *a jutting rock, forehead, headland, promontory.*

πρητῶμην, aor. 2 opt. of ὠνέομαι.

πριάμενος, aor. 2 part. of ὠνέομαι.

Πριάμικός, ἡ, ὄν, also fem. Πριάμῖς, ἴδος, of or for Priam.

Πριάμος, ὁ, Priam, king of Troy: properly *the Chief, Leader* (from πρῆν or πρῖν).

Πριάτῖζω Ion. Πρηητῖζω, f. ἴσω, *to be like Priapus.* From

Πριάπος Ion. Πρήπιος, ὁ, Priāpus, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

πριασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ὠνέομαι.

πριάσο, imperat. aor. 2 of ὠνέομαι.

πριάτο, Ep. 3 sing. of ἔπριάμην, aor. 2 of ὠνέομαι.

πρίζω, f. πρίσω, = πρίω, *to saw.*

Πρίστιος, ὁ, Ion. for Πριάσιος. [ῥ]

ΠΡΙΝ Dor. πρᾶν, Adv. of Time: I. in independent sentences, *before, formerly, erst*, Lat. *prius*: also with the Art., τὸ πρῖν or τοπρῖν, *formerly.* 2. *before that, first, sooner; πρῖν δὲ κεν οὐτὶ δεχόμεν beforetime I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,*

πρῖν ποτε *once on a time; πολλὸν πρῖν long ago.* 3. in Att. it is often inserted between the Art. and its Subst., ὁ πρῖν Αἰγέυς (sc. ὁ πρῖν ἄν), *ancient Aegaeus; ἡ πρῖν ἡμέρα* (sc. ἡ πρῖν οὐσα), *the day before.* II. πρῖν is often followed by ἡ, so that πρῖν ἡ is exactly like the Lat. *priusquam, before that...*, followed sometimes by the Inf., sometimes by Subj., etc.:—instead of ἡ, πρῖν is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, *τίς κεν ἄνῃρ πρῖν τλαίῃ, πρῖν λύσασθ' ἐτάρους*:—πᾶρος and πρόσθε are often also put in the anteced. clause instead of the first πρῖν:—but πρῖν is also very often used alone for πρῖν ἡ, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like *priusquam.*

πρινίδιον, τό, Dim. of πρίνος.

πρινίνος, η, on, (πρίνος) *made from the holm or evergreen oak, Lat. ilignus*: metaph. *oaken, tough, sturdy: ἄνδρες πρίνινοι hearts of oak.*

ΠΡΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, *the holm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. ilex.* II. *the scarlet oak.*

πρίν-ώδης, es, (πρίνος, εἶδος) *like holm-oak, tough as oak.*

πρίον-ώδης, es, (πρίων, εἶδος) *like a saw, jagged.*

πρισθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I part. pass. of πρίω.

πρίσις, εως, ἡ, (πρίω) *a sawing.*

πριστήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (πρίω) *a Sawyer: a saw: πριστήρες δδόντες the incisors or front teeth.*

πρίστις, εως, ἡ, a kind of *ubale*: but the true name is πρήστις, εως, ἡ, *the blower* (from πρήθω).

πρίστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρίω, *cut with a saw, sawn: that may be sawn.*

πρίω, = πριάσο, imperat. aor. 2 of ὠνέομαι.

πρίαμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ὠνέομαι.

ΠΡΙ΄Ω, imperat. πρίε: aor. I ἔπρισα: pf. πέπρικα: Pass., aor. I ἐπρίσθην: pf. πέπρισμαι:—*to saw, saw asunder: to sever, cut in twain.* II. *to grind or gnash the teeth, Lat. stridere or frendere dentibus; esp. with rage: generally, to bite.* III. *to seize as with the teeth, grip, hold fast, Lat. stringere.* [ῥ]

πρίων, onος, ὁ, (πρίω) *a saw.* [ῥ]

πρίων, onος, ὁ, (πρίω) *a Sawyer.* [ῥ]

ΠΡΟ΄, before, Lat. PRO, PRAE, PREP. WITH GENIT.,

I. of Place, *before, in front of; πρὸ οἴκου, πρὸ δόμων in front of the house, hence outside.*

2. of persons, *going before another.*

3. *in front of, so as to defend; στήναι πρὸ Τρώων to stand in front of, i.e. in defence of, the Trojans: hence in favour of, for.*

4. *πρὸ ὁδοῦ further on the road, i.e. forwards.*

II. of Time, *before, opp. to μετὰ c. acc. (after): often in phrase πρὸ τοῦτοῦ and πρὸ τοῦ, before this, ere this: but πρὸ δ τοῦ, for δ πρὸ τοῦ, the one before the other.*

III. of Choice, *before, sooner or rather than; αἰρεῖσθαι τι πρὸ τινος to choose one thing before another.*

IV. of Exchanging, *for, in lieu of, instead of; ἐν πρὸν πολλῶν one thing in lieu of many.*

V. of Cause, Lat. *propterea, for, because of; πρὸ φόβοιο for fear; πρὸ τῶνδε therefore.*

POSITION: some words may be put between πρὸ

and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -θι, as, Ἰλίοθι πρό, οὐρανόθι πρό. πρό, absol. as Adv., I. of Place, before: in front, forth. II. of Time, before, beforeband, sooner.

IN COMPOS., of Place, before, forth, forward: before the eyes, in one's presence; as in προ-βαίνω, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίθημι: also defence, as in προ-κινδυνεύω. II. of Time, before, beforeband, earlier, as in προ-αγγέλλω.

III. of Preference, rather, sooner, as in προ-αίρεομαι. IV. strengthening, as in πρό-παι, πρό-παλαι, πρό-κακος.

προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελάω, to announce beforeband. προ-άγγελος, ov, (πρό, ἄγγελος) announcing beforeband: as Subst., προάγγελος, ó, a herald, baringer.

προάγγελος, ή, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarning, early intimation.

προ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ηγόρευσα pf. -ηγόρευκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προεῶ, προείπον, προείρηκα:—to tell beforeband: c. inf. to tell beforeband that . . : to forewarn. 2. to foretell, prophesy. II. to tell before others or publicly: to publish or proclaim publicly: to issue a public notice.

προ-άγω, f. ἄγω: aor. 2 προήγαγον: pf. προήχα: Pass., aor. I προήχην: pf. προήγαμι:—to lead forward, lead on or onward: also to escort or conduct onward. 2. δάκρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a tear. 3. to carry forward: to bring on: metaph. to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade. 4. to promote, advance:—Pass. to advance, increase.

II. intr. to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.

προάγωγεία, ή, a leading on. II. a pandering, procuring. From

προάγωγός, f. σω, (προαγωγός) to lead on to prostitution, of a procurer.

προ-ἄγωγός, ó, (προάγω) a pander, pimp, procurer.

προ-ἄγων, ἄνος, ó, (πρό, ἄγων) a preliminary contest.

προ-ἄγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to fight before. 2. to fight for or in defence of.

προ-ἄδικέω, f. ήσω, to wrong another first: to commit the first wrong.

προ-ᾶω, to sing before, make a prelude.

προ-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -έσομαι, aor. I pass. προηδέσθην, pf. pass. προήδημι, Ion. 3 προηδέατο for -ηντο:—to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.

προ-αἰρέομαι, v. sub προαίρω.

προαίρεσις, εως, ή, (προαίρεομαι) a choosing one thing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; ἐκ προαίρεως, Lat. ex instituto, of set purpose, advisedly; κατὰ προαίρεσιν, in same sense. 2. προαίρεσις βίου a purpose or plan of life. 3. προαίρεσις πολιτείας a mode of government, a policy.

προ-αἰρετόν, verb. Adj. of προαίρεομαι, one must choose or prefer.

προαἰρετικός, ή, óν, (προαίρεομαι) disposed to prefer.

προαἰρετός, ή, óν, chosen before, preferred. From προ-αἰρῶ, f. ήσω: aor. 2 προείλον: pf. προήρηκα:—to take away before or first. 2. to bring forward or forth, produce publicly. II. Med. προαίρεομαι: f. -ήσομαι: aor. 2 προεἰλόμην: pf. pass. (in med. sense) προήρημαι:—to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another. 2. absol. to choose deliberately, prefer. 3. to purpose or intend a thing: to determine previously; to undertake.

προ-αἰσθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αἰσθήσομαι, aor. 2 -ῆσθόμην, pf. pass. προήσθημι:—to perceive, learn or observe beforeband. 2. to learn before.

προ-αἰτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. to accuse beforeband.

προακήκοα, pf. of προακούω.

προ-ἄκοντίζω, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin beforeband:—Pass. to be darted before.

προ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to bear beforeband.

προ-ἄλῃς, ές, (πρό, ἄλλομαι) springing forward: overhanging, abrupt.

προ-ἄλτισκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. (in pass. sense) -ἄλδομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf. act. -ἔαλυν, -ἔαλωκα:—to be taken or convicted beforeband.

προ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. -ἄμαρτήσομαι: pf. -ἡμάρτηκα:—to fail or sin before.

προ-ἄμυνομαι, f. -αμύνομαι, Med. to ward off or repel beforeband: absol. to defend oneself.

προ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (ἀναβολή).

προ-ἀνάγω, f. ξω, to lead up before; προανάγειν ναῦν to put out into the high sea before:—Pass. to put to sea before.

προ-ἀναιρέω, f. ήσω, to remove before.

προ-ἀναισιμώω, f. ὤσω, to use up, spend before:—Pass., (Ion. part. pf. προαναισιμωμένος for προανησιμωμένος), to be spent, consumed, used up before.

προ-ἀνακινέω, f. ήσω, to stir up before.

προ-ἀνάλισκω, fut. -ανάλωσω: aor. I -ανάλωσα:—to use up, spend, consume before:—Pass. to throw away one's life before.

προ-ἀναρπάζω, f. -άσομαι, to arrest beforeband.

προ-ἀναχωρέω, f. ήσω, to go away before. Hence προαναχώρησις, ή, a former departure.

προ-ἀνέχω, f. ξω, to bold up before. 2. intr. to jut out beyond.

προ-ἀνύω [ῥ] and -ανύω: f. -ανύσω [ῥ]:—to accomplish or complete first.

προ-ἀπαγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforeband.

προ-ἀπαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to remove beforeband:—Pass. to depart or die before.

προ-ἀπαντάω, f. ήσω, to go forth to meet, meet beforeband, be beforeband with.

προ-ἄπειμι, to go away first.

προ-απεῖπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (cp. προ-αγορεύω) : pf. προαπείρηκα : Med., aor. 1 προαπειπάμην : —to renounce first.

προαπελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-απέρχομαι, f. —ελεύσομαι : aor. 2 act. —ἦλθον : Dep. : —to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι, f. —απεχθήσομαι : Pass. : —to be hated beforehand.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

προ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for προαφικνέομαι.

προ-αποδείκνυμι, f. —δείξω, to prove or shew first.

προ-αποθνήσκω, f. —θάνομαι, to die before or first : of a coward, to die beforehand.

προ-αποθρηνέω, f. ἦσω, to bewail beforehand.

προ-αποκληρώω, f. ὥσω, to assign away beforehand.

προ-αποκτείνω, f. —κτενῶ, to kill beforehand.

προ-απολαύω, f. —σομαι, to enjoy beforehand.

προ-απολείπω, f. ψω, to abandon beforehand. II. intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απόλλυμι, to destroy first : —Pass., with fut. med. —ολοῦμαι, pf. 2 inf. —όλωλα, to perish first.

προ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away, dismiss or disband first.

προ-αποσταλῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of

προ-αποστέλλω, f. —αποστελῶ, to send away or despatch in advance : —Pass. to be sent in advance.

προ-αποσφάζω, f. ξω, to slay or butcher before.

προ-αποτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away beforehand : —Med. to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing.

προ-αποχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go away before.

προ-αρπάγω, f. ἄζω and ἄσσομαι, to snatch up first.

προ-ἄστιον Ion. —ἦιον, τό, (πρό, ἄστν) the space in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat. *pomoerium*.

προ-ἄστιον, τό, = προἄστειον.

προ-αυδάω, inf. προαυδᾶν, contr. for προαυδᾶν, f. ἦσω, to declare before or first.

προ-αὔλιον, τό, (πρό, αὐλή) a place before a court, vestibule, porch. II. (πρό, αὐλός) a prelude on the flute.

προ-αφηγέομαι Ion. προαπηγ- : f. —ἥσομαι : Dep. : —to relate, detail, or explain before.

προ-αφικνέομαι, f. —ἴσομαι : Dep. : —to arrive or come to first.

προ-αφίσταμαι, Pass., fut. med. —αποστήσομαι, aor. 2 and pf. act. —ἀπέστην, —αφέστηκα : —to revolt beforehand. II. to desist before.

πρόβα, for πρόβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of προβαίνω.

προβάδην [ᾱ], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along : going on, straight forward.

προ-βαίνω, fut. —βήσομαι : pf. —βέβηκα : aor. 2 προέβην contr. προύβην, inf. προβῆναι, part. προβάς : Ep. pres. part. προβιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν (as if from προβίβημι), and προβιβάν —ῶντες (as if from προβίβω) : —to step forward, go on, advance, make progress ; ἄσπρα προβίβηκε the stars are far gone ; προβῆναι πόρρω μοχθηρίας to be far gone in knavery : of Time, to go on, wear away, ἡ νύξ προβαίνει the night is

wearing fast ; but also, to be gone by, past. 2. to

go before, hence to be before, be superior to another.

II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. 1 —έβησα, to move or put forward, advance, promote.

III. the pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc. of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα, κῶλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχῆιος, ὁ, Ion. for προβακχεῖος, (πρό, βάκχεος) leader of the Bacchanals.

προβάλεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of προβάλλω.

προ-βάλλω, f. —βάλλω : aor. 2 προύβαλλον : pf. —βέβληκα, pass. —βέβλημαι : —to throw or cast before, throw to : to put forth beyond. II. to throw forward, throw away.

III. to expose or give up to a thing ; προβάλλειν ἑαυτόν to give oneself up for lost. IV.

to put forward, put in the foreground : to propose : —also hazard, venture, stake, pledge. 2. to put forward an argument : also to allege, plead an excuse.

B. Med. to throw before one, throw away. II.

to throw beyond, beat in throwing : hence, to surpass, excel.

III. to set before oneself, propose to oneself.

IV. to put forward, propose for election, Lat. *designare* : also to bring forward, cite, quote, produce on one's own side : to quote as an example : to use as an excuse or pretext.

V. to hold before oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence : absol. in Pass. to stand on guard : —hence also, προβά-

λεσθαι συμμαχίαν to put forward the plea of an alliance : so in pf. pass. part., προβεβλημένος τινός

put before another as a cover or shield ; προβεβλημένος, η, ον, defensive.

VI. to denounce or accuse of a thing : —Pass. to be publicly impeached.

προβαλόμην [ᾱ], aor. 2 opt. of προβάλλω.

προβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βασάνιζω, f. ἴσω, to try or torture before.

πρόβασις, ἡ, (προβαίνω) a stepping forward. II. as

a Collective noun, things that walk, cattle.

προβάτεια, ἡ, (προβατεύω) sheep-keeping, a shepherd's life.

προβατευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to the breeding of cattle : ἡ —κή (sub. τέχνη), the art of breeding or

keeping cattle, esp. sheep, Lat. *pecuaria*. From

προβατεύω, f. σω, (πρόβατον) to keep sheep, be a shepherd.

προβάτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρόβατον) of or for sheep : ἡ

προβατική (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

πρόβάτιον, τό, Dim. of πρόβατον, a little sheep :

πρόβατιον βίος the life of a poor sheep, i.e. a lazy, slothful life.

προβατο-γνώμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (πρόβατον, γνώμη) a good judge of cattle : metaph. a good judge of character.

πρόβατον, τό, (προβαίνω) anything that goes forward : mostly used in plur. πρόβατα, animals in general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock : mostly of small cattle, esp. sheep.

προβατο-πώλη, ὄν, ὁ, (πρόβατον, πωλήω) a sheep-dealer.

προβέβηκα, pf. of προβαίνω.
 προβέβηκα, pf. of προβάλλω.
 προβέβουλα, pf. 2 of προβούλωμαι.
 πρόβημα, ατος, τό, (προβαίνω) a step forward.
 προβήσομαι, fut. of προβαίνω.
 προ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to obtain by force, force through before.
 προ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβώ:—Causal of προβαίνω, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce.
 προβιβάς, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.
 προβιβών, ὄντος, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίνω.
 προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one.
 πρόβλημα, ατος, τό, (προβάλλω) anything that juts out or projects; πρόβλημα πόντου a headland that juts into the sea. II. anything held before one, a guard, a barrier, fence, armour: c. gen., πρόβλημα πετρών a defence against, a shelter from, stones. III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak. IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem.
 προβλής, ἤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, jutting, projecting:—προβλήτες absol. as Subst., forelands, headlands.
 πρόβλητος, ον, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, cast out, Lat. *projectus*.
 προ-βλώσκω, aor. 2 προῦμολον, inf. προμολεῖν: pf. προμέμβλωκα:—to go or come forth, to go out of the house.
 προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to shout before, cry out.
 προβόλαιος, ον, ὁ, (προβάλλω) a spear held out before one. 2. as Adj. outstretched, couched.
 προβολή, ἡ, (προβάλλω) a putting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δόρατα εἰς προβολὴν καθιέναι to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the fist. II. anything held out before one, a guard, defence: c. gen. a defence against. III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. as Att. law-term, προβολαί, αἱ, a vote of the Ecclesia authorising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachment.
 πρόβιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon held out for attack or defence, a spear.
 πρόβολος, ον, (προβάλλω) anything that is held forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon held out for defence, a hunting-spear. 2. a defence, bulwark: of a person, a protector, guardian.
 πρό-βοσκος, ὁ, (πρό, βόσκω) one who drives the herd to pasture, a herdsman.
 προβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary decree or order of the Senate.
 προβουλευμάτων, τό, Dim. of προβούλευμα.
 προ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert measures before or first: Med. to debate or consider first. 2. of the Senate (βουλῇ) at Athens, to frame a decree. 3. to act as πρόβουλος. II. to have the chief voice in passing decrees. III. προβουλεύειν τινός to deliberate for one, provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ἡ, (πρό, βουλή) forebought: malice preposse.
 προ-βούλωμαι, pf. 2 προβέβουλα in pres. sense: Dep.:—to wish rather, to prefer one before another.
 προβουλό-παις, -παῖδος, ἡ, (πρόβουλος, παῖς):—προβουλόπαις Ἀτης, = πρόβουλος παῖς Ἀτης the crafty child of Ate.
 πρό-βουλος, ον, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforeband or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, οἱ, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:—also, deputies or representatives elected by the people.
 προ-βύω, f. ύω [ῥ], to push forwards; πρ. λύχον to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it.
 προ-βωθέω, Ion. for προβοιθέω.
 προ-βώμος, ον, (πρό, βωμός) at or in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμα, τά, the space in front of an altar.
 προ-γαστρίδιον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as προστέρνιον for the breast.
 προ-γαστρω, ορος, ὁ, (πρό, γαστήρ) having a paunch in front, pot-bellied.
 προ-γένειος, ον, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin.
 προ-γενής, (πρό, γένος) of old time, ancient:—Comp. προγενέστερος, α, ον, earlier in birth, elder, older:—Sup. προγενέστατος, η, ον, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest.
 προ-γεννίτωρ, ορος, ὁ, a forefather, ancestor.
 προ-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later -γίνομαι [ῖ]: f. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 προῦγενόμην: pf. 2 act. προγέγονα and pass. προγενένημαι: Dep.:—to come forwards: present oneself before. II. of Time, to be, happen, come to pass before or earlier; οἱ προγεγονότες men of former times; τὰ προγεγεννημένα things that occurred of old.
 προ-γινώσκω, Ion. and later προγιν-: f. -γνώσομαι: pf. act. προέγνωκα, pass. προέγνωμαι:—to know, perceive, learn or understand beforeband: to foreknow. II. to judge or decide beforeband.
 πρό-γνωσις, ἡ, (προγινώσκω) a perceiving beforeband, foreknowledge.
 πρό-γονος, ον, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older:—as Subst., πρόγονος, ὁ, an ancestor; οἱ πρόγονοι forefathers, ancestors. II. πρόγονοι are early lambs, cp. μέτασσα.
 πρό-γραμμα, ατος, τό, (προγράφω) a public proclamation or notice, programme.
 προγράφῃ, ἡ, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertisement. 2. also used for the Lat. *proscriptio*.
 προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. II. to write in public, give public notice of:—also to appoint by public notice. 2. also used for the Lat. *proscribo*.
 προ-γυμνάζω, f. άω, to exercise beforeband.
 προδαῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. from Root *δᾶω: see προδαῖναι.
 προδαῖναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προδαῖναι with act. signif., from the root *δᾶω, to know beforeband.

προδίδωκα, pf. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δείδω, f. σω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δείελος, ον, (πρό, δείελος) happening or doing before evening.

προ-δείκνυμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—to shew beforehand, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforehand: to foreshew. II. to point before one; σκήπτρῳ προδείκνυμι to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before one.

III. χερσὶ προδεικνύναι to make a feint with the hands, Lat. *praeludere*: also in war, to make a demonstration.

προ-δειμαίνω, to fear or dread beforehand.

προ-δέκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. for προδείκτωρ, (προδείκνυμι) one who foresees: a forebewer.

προ-δέρκομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to see beforehand.

πρό-δηλος, ον, (πρό, δηλος) clear beforehand; ἐκ προδηλῶν manifestly. Hence.

προ-δηλώω, f. ὥσω, to make clear beforehand.

προ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go across before others.

προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βάλῶ, to raise prejudices against beforehand.

προ-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to understand or know thoroughly beforehand. II. to resolve or decree beforehand.

προ-διαϊτάω, f. ἤσω, to prepare by diet. Hence

προ-διαίτησις, ἡ, preparation by diet.

προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέξομαι, Med. with aor. I pass.

-διελέχην:—to speak or converse beforehand.

προ-διασφύρω, to jeer or ridicule beforehand. [ὑ]

προ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: aor. I -έφθερα: pf. act. -έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι:—to ruin or destroy beforehand: to corrupt or seduce beforehand.

προ-διδάσκω, f. ἄσω, to teach beforehand: to teach thoroughly:—Pass. to learn beforehand.

προ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: pf. act. -δέδωκα, pass. -δέδομαι:—to give beforehand, pay in advance. II. to give up to the enemy, betray, Lat. *prodo*. 2. to forsake, abandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor; ἡ χάρις προδοῦσ' ἀλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving traitor. 3. of things, to betray, fail one:—intr. to fail, give up, like ἐνδιδόναι, Lat. *deficere*. 4. to give up, surrender, lose.

προ-διεφέρχομαι, f. -διεφελεύσομαι, Dep. to go out through before, pass through first.

προ-διερευνάω, f. ἤσω, to discover by searching beforehand. Hence

προδιερευνητής, οὔ, ὁ, one sent out to march beforehand.

προ-διέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι, aor. 2. -ἦλθον: Dep.:—to go through, detail, narrate before.

προ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to relate beforehand, premise. Hence

προδιηγίσις, ἡ, a detailing beforehand.

πρό-δίκος, ὁ, (πρό, δίκη) an advocate, defender; an avenger. 2. at Sparta, a young king's guardian, a regent.

προ-διοικέω, f. ἤσω, to regulate, order, manage beforehand.

προ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue further or to a distance.

προδοθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δοκέω, pf. pass. προδέδογμαi, 3 sing. plqpf. προῦδέδοκτο:—to think beforehand:—only used in Pass., προῦδέδοκτο ταῦτά μοι this was my former opinion; τὰ προδεδογμένα previous resolutions.

προ-δοκή, ἡ, (πρό, δέχομαι) a place where one lies in wait, a lair, ambush; πέτρης ἐν προδοκῇσιν in the lurking holes of the rock.

πρό-δομος, ὁ, the fore-house, i. e. the room entered from the court (αὐλή), the hall, vestibule.

πρό-δομος, ον, being before the house.

προ-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to form an opinion beforehand.

προδοσία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) a giving up, betrayal, treachery, treason.

πρόδοσις, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) payment beforehand. II. a giving up, betrayal.

προδοτής, ον, ὁ, (προδίδωμι) a betrayer, traitor: one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδότις, ἰδος, a traitress. Hence

προδοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to betray, traitorous.

πρόδοτος, ον, (προδίδωμι) betrayed, abandoned.

πρό-δουλος, ον, serving for a slave.

προδοῦναι, προδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προδίδωμι.

προδράμειν, προδράμῶν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προτρέχω, formed from obsol. *δρέμω.

προδρομή, ἡ, (προδραμείν) a running forward, a sally or sudden attack.

πρόδρομος, ον, (προδραμείν) running before, speeding forward. II. as Subst., πρόδρομοι, οἱ, men sent on before to reconnoitre, scouts.

προ-δυστιχέω, f. ἤσω, to be unhappy beforehand.

προεδράμον, aor. 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμείν.

προεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρόεδρος) to be president: προ-

εδρεύειν τῆς Βουλῆς to be president of the council.

προεδρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (προεδρεύω) the seat or dignity of president (πρόεδρος), the first seat, presidency. 2. the privilege of the front seats at a theatre; at Athens a public honour. 3. the front seat itself, chief place: at Athens, the seats of the πρόεδροι in the Ecclesia.

πρό-εδρος, ον, (πρό, ἔδρα) sitting in front or in the first place. II. as Subst., πρόεδρος, ὁ, a president: in the assembly (ἐκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the πρυτάνεις in office were so called; see πρύτανις.

προ-εέργω, Ep. for προεἶργω, to stop by standing before, to obstruct.

προεήκα, Ep. for προῆκα, aor. I of προΐημι.

προ-εἴζω, f. ἴσω, to accustom or inure beforehand.

προ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, προοράω being used instead, part. προιδών, inf. προιδέειν:—to look forward, keep a look out ahead: to see from afar: to foresee. II. to have a care for, provide against.

προεἰλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προαἰρέω.

πρό-ειμι, (πρό, εἶμι ibo) serving in Att. as fut. of

προ-έρχομαι, to go forward, go on, advance; προϊ-
ντος τοῦ χρόνου as time went on: to go first, go
in advance. 2. to go forth. 3. προῖναι εἰς τι
to pass on to, proceed to another thing. 4. also of
a thing, to go on well, succeed.

προ-εἶπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορεύω
being used instead), inf. προειπεῖν, part. προειπών:—
to foretell, say before, to promise. II. to order or
bid beforehand, proclaim. III. to proclaim pub-
licly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προεῖρηκα, see προερέω.

προ-εἰσάγω Ion. προ-εσάγω: f. ἔω:—to bring in,
introduce before:—Med. to bring in for one's own
use before, import before.

προεσενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προεισφέρειν.

προ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. to come or go in before.

προεσιόισω, fut. of προεισφέρω.

προ-εισπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before.

προ-εἰσφέρειν, to bring in before. 2. to pay the
property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence
προεισφορά, ἡ, money advanced to pay the property-
tax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εκθέω, f. -θέυσομαι, to run out before, rush
bastily on.

προ-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to carry out beforehand.

προ-εκλέγω, f. -εκλέξω: pf. pass. -εξείλεμαι:—to
collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προξειλεγμένα
taxes collected in advance.

προ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out beforehand.

προ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforehand.

προ-εκπλήσσω, f. ἔω, to terrify beforehand.

προ-εκπονώ, f. ἦσω, to work out or finish before.

προ-εκφοβέω, f. ἦσω, to terrify before. Hence

προεκφόβησις, ἡ, a previous panic.

προελάσθαι, ἡ, a going or riding forward. From
προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσσω: pf. act. -ελάσκα, pass. -ελή-
λαμαι:—to drive before or forward:—intrans. (sub.
ἵππων), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride be-
fore one: generally, to advance:—Pass., ὡς πρόσω
τῆς νυκτὸς προελάσκατο (3 sing. plqpf.) when the
night was far advanced.

προελθεῖν, προελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-
έρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. ἴσω, to hope before.

προελών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προαιρέω.

προ-εμβάλλω, to project so as to strike in: of ships,
to make the charge (ἐμβολή) first.

προέμεν, Ep. for προείναι, aor. 2 inf. of προΐημι.

προέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προΐημι.

προ-εμπλήθω, to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -ξομαι, Dep. to begin before.

προενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρειν.

προ-εννέπω, contr. προύννέπω, to announce before
or publicly.

προ-ενοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in before. Hence

προενοικησις, ἡ, a dwelling before in a place.

προ-εξαγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, to announce beforehand.

προ-εξάγω, f. ἔω, to bring out beforehand or first:

to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in
front:—Pass., to go out first. [d]

προ-εξαίσσω Att. -ῥσσω, f. ἔω:—to dart out before.

προ-εξάμαρτανω, to fail, do wrong before.

προ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην,
pf. -ανέστηκα, plqpf. -ανεστήκειν:—to rise and go
out before; προεξανίστασθαι ἐς τοὺς βαρβάρους to rise
before others and march against the barbarians: in a
race, to start before the signal is given, start too soon.

προ-εξέδρα Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, a raised seat, chair of state.

προ-έξιμι, (πρό, ἐξ, ἐμι ibo) to go out before, to
sally forth before.

προ-εξεπιστάμαι contr. προῦξ-: fut. med. -επι-
στήσομαι, aor. I pass. προῦξεπιστήθην: Dep.:—to
know exactly, thoroughly understand beforehand.

προ-εξερευνᾶω contr. προῦξ-, to investigate or
search out before. Hence

προεξερευνητής contr. προῦξ-, οὗ, ὁ, an explorer
sent before.

προ-εξίρχομαι, aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον: pf. -εξελή-
λυθα: Dep.:—to go out or forth before: to go for-
ward.

προ-εξετάζω, f. σαι, to examine or search out before.

προ-εξεφίεμαι contr. προῦξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-
band.

προ-εξορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set out or start beforehand.

προ-επαγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, to announce before:—Med.
to promise before.

προ-επανέω, f. ἔσω, to praise beforehand, or in the
presence of others.

προ-επανασείω, f. σω, to raise the band against be-
fore: generally, to set in motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.

προεπεποίητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to plot against beforehand.

προ-επιγενόμαι, Pass. (πρό, ἐπιγενώω) to be received
as a guest before, abide in one's house first.

προ-επιστάμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass.
προῦπεστήθην: Dep.:—to know or understand before-
band.

προ-επιχειρέω, f. ἦσω, to undertake or attack before.

προ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. προεργασμαι: Dep.:
—to do or work at beforehand: esp. of the ground,
to till, work first:—the pf. is also used in pass. sense,
τὰ προεργασμένα former performances; ἡ προεργασ-
μένη δόξα glory achieved before.

προ-ερέσσω, f. ἔσω, to row forwards.

προ-ερευνάω, f. ἦσω, to search out before:—Med.,
οἱ προερευνώμενοι ἵπποις the horse reconnoitring in
advance.

προ-ερέω Att. contr. προερῶ, serving as fut. to
προεῖπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from
the same root come pf. προ-εἶρηκα, pass. -εἶρημαι;
aor. I pass. προεῖρηθην contr. προῦρηθην:—to fore-
tell. II. to order beforehand or publicly, give
public notice:—pf. pass. part. προειρημένος, fore-
ordained, appointed.

προέρυσσα, Ep. aor. I from

προ-ερίω, f. ὥσω [ῥ], to draw on or forward; προ-ερίσαι νῆα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι (cp. πρόειμι): aor. 2 -ἤλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to come or go forward, to go on, advance; τὰ Περσικὸν πρήγματα ἐς τοῦτο προελθόντα the power of the Persians having advanced to this height; προεληλυθὺς ἡλικία, Lat. *provectus aetate*, advanced in age. 2. to go before or first.

πρόες, προέτω, aor. 2 imperat. of προΐημι.
 προέσται, aor. 2 med. inf. of προΐημι.
 προεστᾶτε or προεστᾶτε, Ion. for προεστήκατε, 2 pl. pf. of προΐστημι.
 προεστῶς, contr. from προεστηκῶς, pf. part. of προΐστημι.

προέσχον, aor. 2 of προέχω.
 προετίον, verb. Adj. of προΐημι, one must throw away, throw up.

προετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προΐημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

προ-ετοιμάω, f. ἄσω, to get ready before:—Med. to prepare for one's own use.

προ-ευαγγελίζομαι, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforehand, esp. to preach the gospel beforehand.

προ-ευλαβέομαι, fut. med. ἡσομαι, aor. I pass. προ-εὐλάβηθην: Dep.:—to take heed, be cautious before-hand.

προεφθάσα, aor. I of προφθάνω.
 προ-έχω contr. προΐχω: f. προέξω:—to hold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:—Med. προέχομαι contr. προΐχομαι, impf. προΐχόμεν, to hold before oneself: metaph. to put forward or hold out as a pretext. 2. to hold forth, proffer, offer. 3. to have before or in preference to. 4. to have before or first: hence to know beforeband. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, have the start; ἡμέρης ὁδῷ προέχειν τινός to keep a day's march ahead of him. 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; οἱ προΐχοντες the chief men. 3. to surpass, exceed. 4. impers., οὐ τι προέχει it is not at all better, it naught avails.

προεώρακα, pf. of προοράω.
 προ-ηγεμῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, one who goes before as a guide.
 προ-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence
 προηγητήρ, ἡρος, and προηγητής, οὗ, ὁ, one who goes before to shew the way.
 προηγορέω, f. ἡσω, (πρόηγορος) to speak for others.
 προ-ἡγορός, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγούμενος, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέομαι, antecedently.

προήκα, aor. I of προΐημι.
 προ-ήκης, ἐς, (πρό, ἀκή) pointed in front.

προ-ήκω, f. ἔω, to have gone before, to be the first:

to have advanced.

II. to jut forward, reach beyond.

προήχα, pf. of προάγω.

προ-θαλής, ἐς, (πρό, θαλεῖν) growing, flourishing before the time, precocious.

προθεβς, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of προτίθημι.

προ-θέλυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θέλυμον) by the roots; προθελύμους ἔλκετο χαίτας he tore his hair out by the roots; προθέλυνα χαμαὶ βάλε δένδρεα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκος σάκει προθελύμῳ φράζαντες fencing shield upon shield close-compact;—θέλυμα being the several layers or coats of the shields; and so προθέλυμος means, with layer upon layer.

πρόθεσις, ἡ, (προτίθημι) a placing before, setting forth; ἄρτοι τῆς προθέσεως the bread of the setting forth, i. e. the shew-bread. II. a purpose, resolve, design.

προ-θεσμός, α, ὄν, (πρό, θεσμός) laid down before, appointed, fixed: ἡ προθεσμία (sub. ἡμέρα), a day fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσπίζω, f. ἴσω, to foretell.

προ-θέω, Ion. impf. προθέεσκον: pf. -θέυσομαι:—to run before. 2. to run forward or forth. II. c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

προ-θέω, old form of προτίθημι, to put forward, permit; τοῦνεκά οἱ προθέουσιν ἐνείδεα μυθήσασθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

προ-θνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι, to die before. II. to die for one.

προθορών, aor. 2 part. of προθρώσκω.

προθυλώ, f. ἡσω, to bruit abroad beforeband.

προ-θρώσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 προΐθορον, inf. προΐθορεῖν, part. προθορών:—to spring before or forward, to dart in front.

προ-θύελλα, ἡ, a storm the harbinger of another.

πρόθυμα, ατος, τό, (προθύω) a preparatory or preliminary sacrifice.

προθυμέομαι, Att. impf. προΐθυμούμεν: fut. med. προΐθυμήσομαι, also pass. προΐθυμηθήσομαι: aor. I προΐθυμήθην: Dep.: (πρόθυμος):—to be ready, willing, eager to do a thing; c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest, zealous, shew zeal. Hence

προθυμητέον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly.

προθυμία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (πρόθυμος) readiness, willingness, zeal, earnestness; πάσῃ προθυμίᾳ with all zeal. II. good will, ready kindness.

πρό-θυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θυμός) ready, willing, eager, zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for.

II. bearing good will, wishing well to one, well-disposed.

III. Adv. προθύμως, readily, actively: Comp. -ότερον, more readily: Sup. -ότατα, most readily.

προ-θύρατος [ῥ], ὄν, (πρό, θύρα) before the door: τὰ προθύρατα the space before a door.

πρό-θύρον, τό, (πρό, θύρα) a front door. 2. the space before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum. προ-θύω, to sacrifice before or first. II. to sacrifice in behalf of.

προθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of προτίθημι.

προί, Adv. (πρό) = παρ.

προ-ιάλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. II. to send before.

προ-ιάπτω, f. ψω; aor. I προΐαψα :—to send forward, send before the time.

προΐδαν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προεἶδον.

προΐεν, εἰς, εἰ, Ion. and Att. impf. of προτίθημι.

προΐεις, εἷσα, ἐν, pres. part. of προτίθημι.

προΐζω, to set or place before :—Med. to sit before, take the first seat.

προ-ῖστημι, 3 sing. προΐει and opt. προΐοι (as if from προ-ῖω) : Att. impf. προΐεν, εἰς, εἰ : fut. προΐσω : aor. I προΐηκα Ep. προΐηκα : aor. 2, 3 pl. προΐεσαν, imper. προΐε, προΐέτω, inf. προΐεμεν, Ep. for προΐείναι : —Med., aor. 2 προΐηκάμην : aor. 2 opt. προΐέμην or προΐοίμην :—Pass., pf. προΐέμαι : plqpf. προΐέμην :—to send before, send on or forward ; generally, to dismiss, let go : also to send on to another. 2. to let fall, let slip ; ἔπος προΐηκε be let drop a word : an inf. is often added, αλεῖω προΐηκε πέτεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly ; προΐηκεν οἶνον ἀήναι he sent forth the breeze to blow. 3. to throw before, throw away : of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, hurl, discharge. 4. to give up, deliver over ; also to devote oneself, exert oneself upon a thing. II. Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray : also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely : in bad sense, to throw away, squander, lavish ; λόγους προΐεσθαι to throw words away ; also to let go, let slip. 3. to give over to one. 4. to drive forward, force on. 5. to allow or suffer a person to do a thing. III. Pass. to be thrown away, be neglected.

προΐητι, Dor. for προΐησι.

προΐκα, Adv. freely, gratis : properly acc. of προΐξ.

προΐκτας, ου, ὃ, (προΐξ) one who asks for a free gift, a beggar.

προΐξ Att. προΐξ, ἡ, gen. προΐκός, dat. προΐκί, acc. προΐκα :—a gift, present ; προΐκός γεύεσθαι to enjoy a free gift :—hence gen. προΐκός is used as Adv. freely, without return, Lat. gratis : also with impunity ; so also acc. προΐκα. II. later a marriage-portion, dowry, Lat. dos. From

ΠΡΟΨΣΟΜΑΙ : f. προΐξομαι Att. προΐξομαι : Dep. :—to ask a gift, to beg.

προ-ῖστημι, f. προστήσω : aor. I προΐστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προστήσας : aor. 2 προΐστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάς : aor. I pass. προσεστάην, προΐσταθην, part. προσταθείς, εἷσα, ἐν : pf. προσέστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προσεστέατε, part. προσεστηκώς Ion. προσεστώε or προσεστώε. I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to set before or in front. 2. so also in Med. προΐσταμαι, aor. I προσεστησάμην, to

put before one, put in front.

3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader. 4. in Med. also to put forward, put out : to put forward as an excuse or pretence. II. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plqpf. act. :—to stand before or forward, come forward : to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to approach. 3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the head of, be the chief ; προστήναι φόνον to be the author of slaughter : οἱ προσεστώτες Ion. —εἵντες, the leading men, chiefs :—hence to manage, regulate, govern. 4. to stand before so as to protect any one ; hence to protect, guard.

προ-ῖσχω, = προέχω, to hold before, hold out. II. Med. προΐσχομαι, to hold out before oneself, stretch forth. 2. to put forward, propose, offer. 3. to put forward, allege, plead.

προΐων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πρόειμι (εἶμι ibo).

προ-ῖωξίς, ἡ, (πρό, ἰώκω = διώκω) a driving before or onwards, opp. to παλῖωξίς.

πρόκᾶ or πρόκατε, Ion. Adv. (πρό) forthwith, straightway, suddenly.

προ-καθεύδω, f. —καθευδήσω, to sleep before or first. II. to sleep in front of.

προ-κάθημαι Ion. προ-κάθημαι, properly perf. of προκαθέξομαι :—to sit before or in front of ; τοσοῦτο πρὸ τῆς ἄλλης Ἑλλάδος προκαθήσθαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece : also to protect, defend.

προ-καθίζω Ion. προ-κατίζω, f. ἰώω ; also Med. προκαθίζομαι :—to sit down before or in front. II. to sit in public, sit in state.

προ-καθίμι, f. —καθήσω, to let down beforehand : metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.

προ-καθίστημι, f. —καταστήσω, to post before : Med. to post before oneself. II. in Pass. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 —κατέστην ; pf. —καθέστηκα ; plqpf. —εσθήκειν :—to be set or posted before.

προ-καθόρμαι, f. —κατόψομαι, to view or examine beforehand.

προ-καίω, f. —καύσω, to burn before.

προ-κακοπαῖω, f. ἡώω, to suffer ills before.

πρό-κακος, ου, very bad, exceeding bad.

προ-καλέω, f. ἑώω, to call forth, call on :—Med. to call forth to one : to call out to fight, challenge, defy, Lat. provocho. 2. to invite beforehand. II. c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. III. to call up or forth, rouse.

προ-καλλίζομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf., = προκαλέομαι, to call forth, challenge, defy.

προ-καλύνδω, to make roll forward or in front :—Pass. to fall prostrate before another.

προκάλυμμα, atos, τό, anything hung in front to cover : a covering, curtain : metaph. a screen or blind. From

προ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to hang before as a covering : —Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen oneself ; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτομένη. [τε] παρη-

idos putting no veil over her face.
over, veil.

II. to cover

προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμουμαι : aor. 2 προύκαμον : pf. -κέκμηκα :—to work or toil before.

II. to work

for another.

III. to grow weary, faint too soon.

IV. to have a previous illness : to be distressed beforehand.

προκαμῶν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προκαμνω.

προ-κάρηνος, ον, (πρό, κάρηνος) head-foremost.

προκάς, ἀδός, ἥ, = πρόσ, the roe-deer.

προ-καταγγέλλω, to announce or declare beforehand.

προ-κατ'ἀγέτις, ἴδός, ἥ, Ion. form, (πρό, κατ'ἀγέομαι) a woman who goes before, a female leader.

προ-καταγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώ-

σκω : f. -γνώσσομαι : pf. -έγνωκα :—to vote against

beforehand, condemn by a judgement : πρ. φόνον

τινός to give a verdict of murder against : also c. inf.

to prejudice against one that . . .

προ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to bring to land before.

προ-καταθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run down beforehand.

προ-κατακαίω, f. -καύσω, to burn before : of a coun-

try, to ravage by fire all before one.

προ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down in front.

προ-κατακλίνω, to make to recline at table before.

προ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι :—to seize upon or

occupy beforehand : to take possession of before an-

other : metaph. to prevent, anticipate.

προ-καταλέγω, to detail or describe beforehand.

προ-καταλύω, to break up or annul beforehand :—

Med. to adjust or compose beforehand : προκαταλύεσθαι

τὴν ἐχθρὴν to end their mutual enmity before.

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. to begin first : but mostly in

technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.

προ-κατασκευάζω, to make ready beforehand.

προ-καταφεύγω, to escape to a place of refuge be-

fore : προκαταφεύγειν ἐς τόπον to escape before to a

place.

προ-καταχράομαι, Dep. to use up beforehand.

προ-κατασθίω, f. -κατέδομαι, to eat up beforehand.

προ-κατέχω, aor. 2 -κατέσχον :—to gain possession of

or occupy beforehand, preoccupy :—Med. to bolder before

for oneself.

προ-κατηγόρεω, to accuse beforehand. Hence

προκατηγορία, ἡ, previous accusation.

προ-κάττημι, Ion. for προκάθημι.

προ-κατίζω, Ion. for προκαθίζω.

προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθοράω.

πρό-κέομαι, impf. προύκειμαι, Ion. inf. προκέεσθαι :

fut. -κέισομαι :—used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set

before, lie before or in front of : to stretch forward,

put out.

II. to be set before one : metaph. to be

proposed or laid before one, mooted ; πρόκειται περὶ

σωτηρίας the question is concerning safety ; ἀεθλος

προκείμενος a task proposed ; τὸ προκείμενον πρὴγ-

μα the matter in debate.

III. to lie before

one, lie exposed ; to lie dead, ὁ προκείμενος the

corpse.

IV. to be held out, set forth.

προ-κέλευθος, ον, (πρό, κέλευθος) forerunning.

προ-κελευσματικός, ὁ, (πρό, κέλευσμα) a proceleu-
smatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g.
κατέβαλε.

προ-κενῶ, f. ῶσω, to empty beforehand.

προ-κήδομαι, Dep. to take care of, take thought for.

προ-κηραίνω, (πρό, κήρ) to be anxious for one.

προ-κηρύκευμαι, f. εὔσομαι, Med. to have pro-

claimed by berald, to give public notice.

προ-κηρύσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to proclaim by

berald, proclaim publicly.

προ-κινδύνεω, f. σω, to run the first risk, bear the

brunt of battle.

προ-κινέω, f. ῥήσω, to move forward : to urge on :—

Pass. with fut. med. -κινήσομαι, to come on, advance.

προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσομαι, to weep

beforehand or openly.

II. trans. to bewail before-

band.

προκληθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of προκαλέω.

πρόκλησις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (προκαλέω) a

calling forth :—a challenging to combat ; ἐκ προκλή-

σιος in pursuance of a challenge.

II. an invita-

tion, proposal.

III. as law-term, a formal

challenge offered by either party for the purpose of

bringing disputed points to issue.

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lean forward.

πρόκλυτος, ον, heard formerly : legendary. From

προ-κλύω, to bear or learn beforehand.

προ-κόλπιον, τό, (πρό, κόλπος) a robe falling over

the breast.

προ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to bring forward.

II. to

carry on before :—Pass. to be carried away.

προ-κόμιον, τό, (πρό, κόμη) the front hair : the

forelock of a horse.

προκοπή, ἡ, progress on a journey.

II. metaph.

progress, advancement, improvement. From

προ-κόπτω, impf. προύκοπτον : f. ψω, to cut away

before one, or clear the way in front : hence to for-

ward or promote a work :—Pass. to advance, thrive,

prosper.

II. intr. in Act. to make one's way for-

ward, to make progress : of time, to be far gone, far

advanced.

πρόκριμα, atos, τό, preference, partiality. From

προ-κρίνω [ῥ], f. -κρίνῶ : to choose before others,

pick out, prefer before :—Pass. to be preferred before,

or be superior to others.

II. to judge beforehand,

decide.

πρόκριτος, ον, (προκρίνω) preferred.

πρό-κροσσοι, η, ον or os, ον, (πρό, κροσσαί) with

projecting battlements : ranged like battlements or in

rows : so of ships, νέες πρόκροσσαι ἐς πόντον ἐπὶ

ὀκτώ ranged in rows turned sea-wards eight deep :

also of a cup, περίε αὐτοῦ γρυπῶν κεφαλῶν πρόκροσσοι

ἦσαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distances

round it.

προ-κύλινδew, f. -κυλίow [ῥ] :—to roll forth, set

rolling forward :—Pass., προκυλινδεῖσθαι τινι to

grovel or prostrate oneself before one.

προ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop forward and peep out.

προ-κῦρώ, f. ὦσω, to confirm or ratify before.
 προ-κύνω, -κύνος, ὁ, the star that rises before the Dog-star, Procyon. II. one who snarls like a dog, a snarling critic.
 προ-κῶμιος, ον, (πρό, κῶμος) before the festal revel : τὸ προ-κῶμιον ὕμνου the prelude of a hymn.
 προ-κῶπος, ον, (πρό, κῶπη) grasping the bill, sword-in-hand. II. pass. grasped by the bill.
 προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforeband.
 προ-λάττωμαι, Dep. to receive beforeband.
 προ-λάλέω, f. ἴσω, to prate before.
 προ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι : aor. 2 προῦλάβον : pf. -εἶληφα, pass. -εἶλημμαι :—to take beforeband : to receive as an earnest or deposit. 2. to take before or sooner than another : to take away before. 3. to obtain first, procure. II. to outstrip, get the start of ; προλαμβάνειν τῆς οδοῦ to get a start on the road. 2. to be beforeband with, anticipate, claim or take before the time : hence to prejudge. III. to repeat from the beginning.
 προ-λέγω, f. ἔω :—pf. pass. προλέλεγμαι :—to pick out or choose before others, prefer. II. to say beforeband : to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. 2. to tell publicly, proclaim : to warn : to profess, declare : to order.
 προ-λείπω, f. ψω : pf. προέλοιπα :—to leave by going forth, to leave behind, forsake ; μήτις σε προλέλοιπε prudence forsook thee : also to quit beforeband ; χάριν προλείπειν to abandon one's post. 2. to omit to do a thing. II. intr. to cease or fail beforeband : absol. to faint, fall into a swoon.
 προ-λεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προλέγω) foretelling, prophetic.
 προέλοιπα, pf. of προλείπω.
 προ-λεσχηνεύομαι, pf. pass. προελεσχήμεναι : Dep. :—to converse with one before, arrange by word of mouth before.
 προ-λεσχος, ον, (πρό, λέσχη) prating, chattering.
 προ-λεύσσω, to see before or in front.
 προλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προλείπω.
 προλιπών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προλείπω.
 πρόλογος, ὁ, (προλέγω) a prefatory speech : in Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece that came before the first chorus : after Euripides, it was a narrative of facts introductory to the main action, opp. to ἐπίλογος.
 προ-λοχίζω, f. ἴω : pf. pass. προελόχισμαι :—to lay an ambush before :—Pass., αἱ προελοχισμέναι ἐνέδραι the ambush that had before been laid. II. to beset with an ambuscade.
 προμάθειν, aor. 2 inf. of προμανθάνω.
 προ-μάλισσάω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to soften beforeband.
 προ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθῃσω : aor. 2 προῦμᾶθον :—to ascertain or find out beforeband.
 προ-μαντεία Ion. -ηγή, ἡ, the right of consulting the oracle first. From
 προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy.
 προ-μαντήγη, ἡ, Ion. for προμαντεία.

πρό-μαντις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἡ, a prophet or prophetess : ἡ πρόμαντις was the title of the Pythia or Delphic priestess. II. as Adj. prophetic, presaging.
 προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [v]
 προ-μάτωρ, ορος, ἡ, Dor. for προμήτωρ.
 προ-μάχῳ, = προμαχίζω.
 προμαχέων, ὄνος, ὁ, (προμάχομαι) a bulwark, rampart, Lat. propugnaculum.
 προμαχίζω, f. σω, (πρόμαχος) to fight before or in front of : also to fight with another as champion.
 προ-μάχομαι, f. -μάχισσομαι Att. -μάχομαι : Dep. :—to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in the van. II. to fight before or in defence of.
 πρό-μαχος, ον, (πρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fighting in front : as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost fighters, champions. II. fighting for, τινός.
 προ-μελετάω, f. ἴσω, to practise beforeband.
 Προμηνεία, ἡ, name of a prophetess of Dodona.
 προ-μερηνάω, f. ἴσω, to take earnest thought beforeband.
 προ-μετωπίδιος, ον, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn or being on the forehead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό, the skin of the forehead. 2. a front-piece, frontlet for horses.
 προμηθεῖα Dor. προμάθεια [ā], ἡ, (προμηθής) foresight, forethought : consideration.
 Προμήθεια, τά, (Προμηθεύς) the festival of Prometheus.
 Προμηθεῖος, α, ον, of or from Prometheus.
 προμηθέομαι, fut. med. -μηθήσομαι : aor. I pass. προῦμηθήσην : Dep. : (προμηθής) :—to take care beforeband, to provide for : to shew forethought for, Lat. cavere : c. acc. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.
 Προμηθεύς, gen. εως Ion. ἡος, ὁ, (προμηθής) Prometheus, Forethought, son of the Titan Iapetus, brother of Epimetheus or Afterthought : inventor of many arts, esp. of working in metal and clay, whence he is said to have made man from clay, and to have furnished him with the ἐντεχνον πῦρ, stolen from Olympus. II. as appellat. forethought, caution.
 προ-μηθής Dor. προμάθης, ἑς, (πρό, μήτις) forethinking, cautious, wary : caring about a thing.
 προμηθία Ion. -ηγή, ἡ, = προμήθεια.
 προμηθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προμηθής) inclined to forethought, wary. Adv. -κῶς, warily.
 προ-μηνύω, f. ὦσω [v], to inform of or denounce beforeband.
 προ-μήτωρ Dor. προμάτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (πρό, μήτηρ) the first mother, ancestress of a race.
 προμίσγειν, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προμίσγνυμι.
 προ-μίσγνυμι, f. μίξω, to mingle beforeband :—Pass., aor. 2 inf. προμίσγειν, to have intercourse with beforeband.
 προ-μισθώω, f. ὦσω, to hire beforeband.
 προ-μνάομαι, Dep. to woo for another : generally, to endeavour to obtain, solicit : to plead with, c. dat. II. to forebode, presage.

προ-μνηστῖνοι, αι, α, one by one, one after the other. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προμνηστρία and προμνηστρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (προμνάομαι) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker.

πρό-μοιρος, ον, (πρό, μοῖρα) before the destined term, untimely.

προμολαίν, aor. 2 inf. of προβλάσσω. Hence προμολή, ἡ, an approach, vestibule. II. in plur. the jutting foot of a mountain: the mouth of a river.

προμολών, aor. 2 part. of προβλάσσω.

πρόμος, ὁ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like πρόμαχος:—a chief, Lat. princeps.

προ-μοχθέω, f. ἦσω, to work beforehand.

πρό-ναός or πρό-ναος, α, ον Ion. προ-νήιος, η, ον, (πρό, ναός) before or in front of a temple: as Subst., I. προνήιον, τό, the court before a temple.

II. Προναία Ion. Προνήη, ἡ, a name of Minerva at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue there before the great temple of Apollo. III.

πρόναος, ὁ, the hall or vestibule of a temple, through which was the way to the temple itself.

προ-ναυμαχέω, f. ἦσω, to fight at sea for or in defence of, τινός.

προ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to assign beforehand: to hold forth, present. II. Med. προνέμομαι, of cattle, to go forward in grazing: hence to gain ground, spread.

προ-νέω, f. σω, to nod or stoop forwards.

πρό-νήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρόναος.

προ-νηστεύω, f. σω, to fast beforehand.

προ-νικάω, f. ἦσω, to gain a victory beforehand.

προ-νοέω, f. ἦσω; also Med. προ-νοέομαι, f. ἡσομαι, with aor. I med. and pass. προνοήσάμην, προνοήσῃν:—to perceive or observe beforehand. II.

to plan or devise beforehand: to provide. 2. c. gen. to provide for, take thought for. 3. absol. to be provident, act warily. Hence

προνοητέος, verb. Adj. one must take care.

προνοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προνοέω) disposed to practise foresight, provident, cautious, wary. II. of things, shewing forethought or design. Adv. -κῶς, with forethought.

πρόνοια Ion. -νοή, ἡ, (πρόνοος) a perceiving or knowing beforehand. II. foresight, forethought, forecast; ἐκ πρόνοιας with forethought, advisedly, Lat. ex consulto, and of crimes, with malice pre-
pense. 2. the providence of the gods.

προνομαία, ἡ, (προνέμομαι) a proboscis.

προνομία, ἡ, a foraging, plundering. From προ-νομεύω, f. σω, to go out foraging, to forage.

προνομή, ἡ, (προνέμομαι) a foraging, foray, raid.

πρόνομος, ον, (προνέμομαι) going forward to feed, grazing forward.

πρό-νοος, ον contr. πρό-νοος, ουν, (πρό, νόος) thinking beforehand, wary:—Comp. προνούστερος.

προ-νοήτης, ἐς, (πρό, ὤψ) bent or bending forwards: drooping, sinking. 2. metaph. inclined, ready.

πρό-νόπιος, ον, (πρό, ἐνώπιον) before or without the

walls: generally, in front of, outside a place. II. as Subst., προνώπιον, τό, a hall or court.

ΠΡΟΨ, gen. προκός, ἡ, a kind of deer: the gazelle or perh. the roe: also προκάς.

πρό-ξενος, ὁ, Ion. for πρόξενος.

προξένω, impf. προϋξένουν: f. ἦσω; aor. I προϋξένησα: (πρόξενος):—to be any one's πρόξενος, to be one's protector or patron. II. to negotiate, manage, effect anything for another: to supply, furnish, present, grant. 2. c. dat. et inf. to contrive for one that . . : also to advise, give directions. 3.

to introduce one person to another.

προξενία, ἡ, a treaty or compact of friendship between a state and a foreigner, public friendship, Lat. hospitium. II. the rights and privileges of a πρόξενος or public friend, esp. of an ambassador. From

πρό-ξενος Ion. πρό-ξενος, ὁ, (πρό, ξένος) a public ξένος, i.e. a public guest or host: the word expressed the same relation between a state and an individual of another state, that ξένος did between two individuals of different states: the πρόξενος possessed great privileges in the state to which he was allied; the relation usually passed on from father to son. II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of consul or agent. III. generally, a patron, assistant, defender, guardian. 2. as Adj. assisting, relieving.

προ-ξυράω, f. ἦσω, to shave beforehand.

προ-ογκάομαι, Dep. to bray beforehand.

προ-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel before.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to prepare the way before, pave the way. II. metaph. to prepare beforehand.

προ-οδοιπορέω, f. ἦσω, to travel before.

πρό-οδος, ον, (πρό, ὁδός) going before or in advance: as Subst., πρόδοι, οἱ, a party of soldiers in advance.

πρό-οδος, ἡ, (πρό, ὁδός) a going on, advance.

πρό-οιδα, inf. προειδέναι, part. προειδώς: plqpf. προήδην: fut. προείσομαι: (with no pres. in use):—to know beforehand. Cf. προείδον.

προ-ομιάζομαι Att. contr. φορμιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to make a preamble or prelude:—the pf. πεφορμιάσμαι is used in pass. sense, to be stated by way of preamble. From

πρό-ομιον Att. contr. φορμιον, τό, (πρό, οἶμος) an opening or introduction to a thing: in Music, a prelude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordium: of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning. 2. a hymn.

πρό-οιχομαι, fut. -οιχέσομαι: Dep.:—to have gone on before.

πρό-όμνυμι and -ῶ, to swear before or beforehand: to testify on oath before.

προοπτέον, verb. Adj. of προοράω, one must look beforehand, take care of: cf. sq.

πρόοπτος Att. contr. προϋπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of προοράω (as if from *προόπτουμαι), foreseen: manifest.

προορατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of προοράω, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προοράω, f. προόψομαι : aor. 2 προείδον : pf. προείδρακα :—to foresee : absol. to look forward, be provident.

2. to look forward at, see before one : also to see from afar.

3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing.

II. also in Med. προοράομαι, to foresee.

2. to look before one.

3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

προορίζω, f. ὦω, to mark out beforeband, to pre-determine.

προορμάω, f. ἥσω, to drive forward or onward :—

Pass. to rush or start on.

II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προορμίζω, f. ἴσω, to moor before or in front.

προοφείλω Att. contr. προύφείλω : f. -οφειλῶ :

—to owe beforeband :—Pass. to be due beforeband or

before, to remain as a debt.

πρό-οψις, εως, ἡ, (πρό, ὄψις) a foreseeing.

II. a seeing before one.

προ-όψομαι, fut. of προοράω (as if from *προόψομαι).

προ-πάγῃς, ἐς, (πρό, πάγηναι) fixed in front, prominent.

προπαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προπάσχω.

προ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach beforeband.

πρό-πάλαι, Adv. very long ago.

πρό-παρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before.

II. Adv. before, sooner.

προ-παραβάλλω, to put beside or along beforeband.

προ-παρασκευάζω, f. άσω, to prepare beforeband :—

Pass. to be prepared beforeband.

προ-παρέχω, to supply beforeband : to offer before.

προ-πάροιθε and before a vowel -θεν : Prep. with

gen., before, in front of ; προπάροιθε ποδῶν before

one's feet, close at hand ; προπάροιθε θυρῶν before

the door.

II. Adv., 1. of Place, in front,

forward, before.

2. of Time, before, formerly.

πρό-πᾶς, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν, (πρό, πᾶς) strengthd. for

πᾶς, πρόπαν ἡμᾶς all day long ; νῆας προπάσας all

the ships together : neut. πρόπαν as Adv. utterly.

προ-πάσχω, f. -πείσομαι, to suffer before or beforeband :

to be ill-treated before.

προ-πάτωρ, opos, ὁ, (πρό, πάτηρ) the first founder

of a family, forefather : in plur. προπάτορες, οἱ, ancestors, forefathers.

προ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade beforeband.

πρό-πειρα, ἡ, a previous trial or venture ; πρόπει-

ραν ποιείσθαι, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a

trial.

προ-πειράω, to attempt beforeband : also as Dep.

προ-πειράομαι, with aor. 1 and pf. pass. προεπειρά-

θην [ᾱ], προεπειράμαι.

προ-πέμπω, f. ψω : aor. 1 προὔπεμψα :—to send

before or beforeband : to send away, dismiss : to send

on : to send forth ; προ-πέμπειν ἰούς to shoot forth

arrows : also to afford, furnish.

II. to conduct,

accompany ; esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a

corpse to the grave, Lat. efferre.

III. to pursue.

προπεσόν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προπίπτω.

προ-πετάννυμι, f. -πέτᾶσω [ᾱ], to spread out before.

προπέτεια, ἡ, rashness, reckless haste. From

προπετής, ἐς, (προπίπτω) falling forwards, bending

forward, Lat. prociiduis, proclivis : drooping, at the

point of death.

II. metaph. being on the verge

of, ready for, prone to a thing.

2. precipitate,

sudden, rash, hasty, reckless. Hence

προπετῶς, Adv. forwards.

II. in headlong

baste.

προπέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προφαίνω.

προπεφραδμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of προφράζω.

προ-πηδάω, f. ἥσομαι, to spring out before : to

spring forward from.

προ-πηλακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (πρό, πηλός) :—to

cover with mud : to treat with indignity, to abuse

foully :—also to throw in one's teeth, reproach one

with. Hence

προπηλάκισις, εως, η, and προπηλακισμός, ὁ,

contumelious treatment.

προ-πίνω [ῖ], impf. προὔπινον : f. προπίομαι : aor. 2

προὔπιον : pf. act. προπέπωκα, pass. προπέπομαι :—to

drink before or to one, to drink to another's health,

pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as

also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself,

and then pass the cup to the person pledged.

2. as the cup was often given as a present, προπίνειν

came to signify to give away, make a present of, to

complement away : προπίνειν τὴν ἐλευθερίαν Φιλίππῳ

to pledge away liberty to Philip : so, προπέπεται τὰ

τῆς πόλεως πράγματα the interests of the state have

been complemented away.

προ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι : aor. 2 προὔπεσον, inf.

προπεσεῖν : pf. προπέπτωκα :—to fall or throw oneself

forward : to rush forward, rush headlong.

προ-πιστεύω, f. σω, to trust or believe beforeband.

προ-πίτνω, poet. for προπίπτω (v. πίτνω) :—to fall

down before, fall prostrate, of suppliants.

προ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail before. Hence

προ-πλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ονν, sailing before,

in front or at the head.

προ-πλώω, Ion. for προπλέω.

προ-ποδηγός, ὄν, going before to shew the way,

guiding.

προ-ποδίζω, f. ἴσω, (πρό, ποῦς) to put the foot for-

ward, stride forward.

προ-ποιέω, f. ἥσω, to do beforeband, take the first

step :—Pass. to be made or prepared beforeband.

προ-πολεμέω, f. ἥσω, to fight before or in front of.

προπόλευμα, atos, τό, service rendered. From

προπολέω, f. σω, (πρόπολος) to serve as a priest.

πρό-πολος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes

before one, an attendant, minister : a rower.

2. one who serves a god, a priest or priestess : a temple-

servant.

II. as Adj. ministering to a thing,

devoted or dedicated to it.

προπομπή, ἡ, (προπέμω) a sending on before.
II. an attending, escorting, conducting.

προ-πομπία, ἡ, (πρό, πομπή) the first place in a procession, like προεδρία.

προπομπός, ὁν, (προπέμω) escorting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπός χόας carrying drink-offerings in procession. II. as Subst. a conductor, escort.

προ-πονέω, f. ἴσω, to work or take pains beforeband.
II. to labour for or instead of another.

III. c. gen. rei, to work for a thing, i. e. to obtain it. IV. c. acc. rei, to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. part., τὰ προπεποιημένα things formerly pursued with zeal.

V. Med. προπονέομαι, to grow weary or tire too soon.

πρό-πονός, ὄν, very toilsome, exceeding toilsome.
Προ-ποντής, ἰδος, ἡ, (πρό, πόντος) the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.

προ-πορεύω, f. σω, to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med. -πορεύσομαι, and pass. -πορευθήσομαι, to go before or forward.

προ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω, to provide beforeband:—Pass. to be provided beforeband.

πρόποσις, εως, ἡ, (προπίνω) a drinking before or to one: a pledging. II. a drink.

προπότης, ὁ, (προπίνω) one who drinks healths.

πρό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, the projecting foot of a mountain.

προ-πράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω to do before. II. to exact beforeband.

προ-πρεών, ἄνωσ, ἡ, inclining forward: metaph. forward, ready, willing.

προ-πρηνής, ἐς, inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards:—neut. προπρηνές as Adv., forward.

προ-πρηνή, strengthened form of πρό, right before.

προπο-κυλινδόμεαι, Pass. strengthd. for προκυλινδομαι, to roll on and on, to keep rolling oneself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.

πρό-πρυμνα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμνα) stern-foremost, properly of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, utterly cast away.

προ-πταίω, f. σω, to stumble before.

προ-πύλαιος [ῥ], ὄν, (πρό, πύλη) before the gate. II. neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τά, a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaea, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.

πρό-πύλον, τό, (πρό, πύλη) a portico, vestibule.

προ-πυθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: aor. 2 προπυθόμην: Dep.:—to learn by inquiry before, hear or ascertain beforeband.

πρό-πυργός, ὄν, before or for towers: θυσαίαι πρό-πυργοι offerings made for the city.

προ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, to flow forward, flow amain, Lat. profuere.

πρόρ-ρησις, ἡ, (πρό, ῥῆσις) a foretelling. 2. previous instructions or orders. II. a proclamation, public notice.

πρόρ-ρητος, ὄν, (πρό, ῥητός) foretold. II. proclaimed, commanded.

πρόρ-ρίζω, ὄν, (πρό, ῥίζα) by the roots, root and branch: neut. πρόρριζον or πρόρριζα as Adv., up by the roots, Lat. radicitus.

ΠΡΟΣ, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: with gen. implying motion from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:—Dor. προτί and ποτί [π], contrd. πότ.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from forth: hence from or on the side or quarter of; πρὸς Νότον on the side of the South, i. e. in the direction of the South; φυλακαὶ πρὸς Αἰθίοπων garrisons on the side of, i. e. against, the Ethiopians; Ἀβδῆρα ἴδρυνται πρὸς τοῦ Ἑλλησπόντου, μᾶλλον ἢ τοῦ Στρυμόνος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hellespont rather than of the Strymon, i. e. is nearer to it. 2. metaph., πρὸς πατέρα on the father's side: also on the part of, at the hand of, ἔχειν τιμὴν πρὸς Ζηνός to have honour at the hand of Jove: so, πρὸς Διὸς εἰσι ξεῖνοί τε πτωχοὶ τε strangers and the poor are sent by Jove.

3. in presence of, before, whence its use in oaths and protestations: μάρτυροι πρὸς θεῶν, πρὸς ἀνθρώπων witnesses before gods and men: in which case the Att. insert σέ between the prep. and acc., πρὸς σε θεῶν αἰτῶ I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per te deos oro. II. with a passive Verb = ὑπό, as, δαδάσκεισθαι πρὸς τινος to be taught by one; ἀτιμάζεσθαι πρὸς τινος to be dishonoured by one.

III. from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; οὐ πρὸς τοῦ ἀπαντος ἀνδρός not befitting every man; πρὸς δικῆν agreeable to justice; πρὸς γυναικός ἐστι it is like a woman.

WITH DAT., generally, hard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτὶ γαῖῃ to dash upon earth; πρὸς ἀλλήλησιν ἔχεισθαι to cling close to each other.

II. in addition to, besides; πρὸς τούτοις in addition to this; πρὸς τοῖς ἄλλοις κακοῖς in addition to all other evils.

III. of close engagement in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῷ σκοπεῖν to be employed upon considering.

WITH ACCUS., it expresses motion, I. of Place, towards, to, upon; πρὸς ἡῷ towards the East: κλαίειν πρὸς οὐρανόν to cry to heaven. 2. in hostile sense, against: in the titles of speeches, πρὸς τινα in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat. adversus; not in accusation of, which is properly κατὰ with gen., Lat. in. 3. without hostile sense, εἰπεῖν πρὸς τινα to address oneself towards or to one.

II. of Time, towards, near, hard upon. III. generally, of Relation, with a view to, in regard or relation to; πρὸς ταῦτα in regard to this, therefore; τὰ πρὸς τὸν πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ πρὸς τοὺς θεοὺς our relations to the gods.

2. according to, suitable to, at, upon; πρὸς τὴν φήμην at the news; so, πρὸς τί; to what end? 3. in proportion to, in comparison of; πρὸς τὸν πατέρα Κύρον in comparison of his father Cyrus; πρὸς πάντας τοὺς ἄλλους in com-

parison of all the rest, implying superiority, Lat. *prae aliis omnibus*.

IV. in Att., *πρός* with acc. is often put for Adv., as, *πρός βίαν*, *πρός ἀνάγκην* by force, forcibly; *πρός καιρόν* in season; *πρός χάριν* τινί to please one; *πρός τό βίαιον* = *βιαίως*.

ABSOL. AS ADV., *besides, over and above*.

IN COMPOS. if implies I. motion towards, as in *προσάγω*.

II. addition, *besides*, as in *προσέταομαι*. III. a being by or *besides*, as in *ρεμνίσις*, as in *πρόσ-εμι* (*εἰμι sum*).

προσάββατος, *ον*, (*πρό*, *σάββατον*) before the Sabbath: as Subst., *πρόσάββατον*. *τό*, the eve of the Sabbath.

προσ-αγγέλλω, *φ. ελῶ*, to announce: to denounce. *προσ-αγορεύεις*, *εως, ἡ*, an addressing. From *προσαγορεύεος*, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. to be called or named. From

προσ-αγορεύω, *φ. σω*: *αορ. -ηγορεύσα*: *pf. -ηγορέυκα*: but the Att. fut., *αορ.* and *pf.* are *προσερεύω*, *προσεείπον*, *προσεήρκα*:—to address, accost. II. to name, call by name.

προσάγω, *φ. ξω*: *αορ. 2* *προσῆγαγον*, rarely *αορ. 1* *προσῆγα*: fut. med. in pass. sense *προσάσσομαι*:—to bring to or upon: to supply, furnish. 2. to put to, add. 3. to bring to, move towards, employ. 4. to bring in, introduce. 5. to lead on, induce. II. intr. to draw near, approach; *πρόσαγε* come on! III. Med. to attach to oneself, bring over to one's side. 2. to embrace, salute. 3. to induce to do a thing. 4. to get for oneself, procure, import: hence in Pass., *τὰ προσαχθέντα* imports. Hence *προσάγωγός*, *εως, ὁ*, one who brings to, an introducer.

προσάγωγή, *ἡ*, (*προσάγω*) a bringing to or towards: acquisition. II. (from the intr. sense of *προσάγω*) approach or access to, the privilege of entrance.

προσαγωγός, *όν*, (*προσάγω*) bringing to, attractive, persuasive.

προσάδω, Dor. *φ. ποτ-αείσομαι*:—to sing to; *τιν ποτ-αείσομαι*, Dor. for *σοι προσάδομαι*, to thee will I sing.

2. *προσάδειν τραγῳδίαν* to sing the songs in a Tragedy to music. II. to harmonise or chime in with, Lat. *concinnare*.

προσαίξας, *αορ. 1* part. of *προσαίσσω*.

προσ-αιρέομαι, Med. to choose to oneself, attach to oneself. II. to choose or elect in addition to.

προσ-αἶσσω Att. -*άσω*, *φ. ξω*, to spring or rush to: to come quickly upon or over.

προσ-αἰτέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to ask *besides*: to demand in addition. II. to continue asking, to beg of one: absol. to beg hard. Hence

προσαίτης, *ον, ὁ*, a beggar.

προσ-ακοντίξω, *φ. σω*, to shoot like a javelin.

προσ-ακούω, *φ. -ακούσομαι*, to hear *besides*.

προσ-ακτέον, verb. Adj. of *προσάγω*, one must bring to.

προσ-αλέφω, *φ. ψω*, to rub or smear upon.

προσ-αλόσκομαι, Pass. to be taken *besides*, to be cast in a lawsuit *besides*.

προσ-άλλομαι, *φ. -αλούμαι*: *αορ. 1* -*ηλάμην*: Dep.:—to jump up, at or upon one.

προσ-αμβέβομαι, Dor. *ποῖστ. αορ. 1* *ποταμειψάμην*, to answer.

προσ-άμειλω, *φ. ξω*, to milk *besides*: Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) *ποταμέλγεται* will yield milk *besides*.

προσ-αμέχομαι, (*πρός*, *ἀμέχω*), Pass. to be held fast in a thing.

προσ-ἀμύνω [*ῥ*], *φ. ὑνῶ*, to come to aid one.

προσ-αμφιέννυμι, Att. fut. -*αμφῶ*, to put on over.

προσ-αναβαίνω, *φ. -βήσομαι*, to climb up to: of riders, to mount *besides*. Hence

προσανάβασις *ποῖστ. προσάμβ-ῆ*, a going up to, approach; *κλίμακος* *προσαμβάσεις* approach and ascent by means of a ladder, i. e. a scaling-ladder.

προσανάβηθι, *αορ. 2* imperat. of *προσαναβαίνω*.

προσ-αναγιγνώσκω, to read *besides*.

προσ-ἀναγκάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, to force or constrain *besides*. 2. to bring under command, discipline. II. to force one to do a thing.

προσ-αναγορεύω, to announce *besides*.

προσ-αναγράφω, *φ. ψω*, to write or note down *besides*.

προσ-αναίρω, *φ. ἦσω*, to lift up *besides*: Med. to take upon oneself or undertake *besides*. II. of an oracle, to give an answer *besides*.

προσ-ἀναισχύω, *φ. ἄσω*, to spend or consume *besides*.

προσανάκλιμα, *τό*, that on which one leans. From

προσ-ανακλινομαι, Pass. to lean on. [*ῥ*] Hence

προσανάκλις, *ἡ*, a leaning or lying on.

προσ-αναλαμβάνω, *φ. -λήψομαι* to take up or receive *besides*. 2. metaph. to recruit or refresh *besides*.

προσ-ἀναλίσκω, *φ. -ανᾶλῶω*, to spend or consume *besides*:—*αορ. 1* part. *προσανᾶλῶσας*.

προσ-αναπληρῶ, *φ. ὥσω*, to fill up by pouring into, fill up the measure of.

προσ-αναρτάω, *φ. ἦσω*, to hang up *besides* or upon.

προσ-αναστέλλω, to hold in check *besides*.

προσ-ανатέλλω *ποῖστ. προσαντ-*, to rise up towards.

προσ-ανатίθημι, *φ. -θήσω*:—to offer or dedicate *besides*:—Med. to take something additional on oneself: to contribute *besides*: also II. to confer or consult with.

προσ-ανδράποδίζω, *φ. ἴσω* Att. *ιῶ*, to enslave *besides*.

προσ-ἀνεμι (*ἀνά*, *εἰμι* *ibo*), to go up to.

προσ-ἀνείπον, *αορ. 2* without pres. in use (*προσα-ναγορεύω* being used instead) to announce, publish or order *besides*.

προσ-ᾄνῃς, *ἐς*, Dor. for *προσηνῃς*.

προσ-ἀντῆς, *ἐς*, gen. *εὐς*, (*πρός*, *ἄντην*) rising up against or so as to meet one, up-hill, Lat. *arduus*. II. metaph. steep, arduous: irksome, displeasing, painful.

III. of persons, adverse, hostile.

προσ-απαγγέλλω, *φ. ελῶ*, to report *besides*.

προσ-απαγορεύω, to forbid *besides*.

προσ-απαίτέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to demand *besides*.

προσ-ᾄπτελέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to threaten *besides*.

προσ-απέπον, *αορ. 2* without pres. in use (*προσ-*

απαγορεύω being used instead), *to forbid, renounce besides.*

προσ-αποβάλλω, *f. -βαλῶ, to throw away or lose besides.*

προσ-απογράφω, *f. ψῶ, to enroll or register besides.*

προσ-αποδεικνύμι, *f. -δείξω, to prove besides.*

προσ-αποδίδωμι, *to pay as a debt besides.*

προσ-αποκρίνομαι, *Med. to answer besides.*

προσ-αποκτείνω, *f. -κτενῶ, to kill or slay besides.*

προσ-απολαύω, *f. σω, to enjoy besides.*

προσ-απόλλυμι and -ύω, *f. -ολέσω:—to destroy, despatch, kill besides: to lose besides:—Med., with pf. 2 act. προσ-απόλωλα, to perish besides or with others.*

προσ-αποπέμπω, *f. ψῶ, to send away or off besides.*

προσ-αποστέλλω, *f. -στελῶ, to send off besides.*

προσ-αποστερέω, *f. ἥσω, to defraud besides.*

προσ-αποτιμάω, *f. ἥσω, to value or estimate besides.*

προσ-αποφέρω, *f. -αποίσω, to carry off besides: to return or report in besides.*

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, *f. ψῶ, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon: in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with. 2. to apply to: to deliver, commit to. II. intr. to be added. III. Med. προσ-άπτομαι, to touch, lay hold on, meddle with.*

προσ-απαρίσκω, *f. -άρσω: aor 2 -ἤραρον:—to join, fit, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 προσ-ἄραρα Ion. -ἄρηρα: 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. προσ-ἄρηται:—to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.*

προσ-αράσσω Att. -ττω, *f. ξω, to dash against.*

προσ-ἄρηρα, *Ion. pf. of προσ-απαρίσκω.*

προσ-ἄρῃται, *3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσ-απαρίσκω.*

προσ-ἀρέω, *f. ἔσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour, help, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present, c. acc. rei.*

προσ-αριμῶζω later Att. -αριμῶττω *f. ὤσω: pf. pass. -ἤρυσμαι:—to fit to, put or attach closely to: metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with a thing.*

προσ-αράτω, *f. ἥσω, to fasten or attach to:—Pass. to be attached to, accrue or belong to: to be devoted to.*

προσ-ῥίσσω, *Att. for προσ-αἰσσω.*

προσ-ἄτιμῶ, *f. ὤσω, to dis honour or deprive of civil rights besides, to degrade besides.*

προσ-αναίνομαι, *Pass. (πρός, αἰνῶν) to become dried up, waste or pine away upon.*

προσ-αυδάω, *f. ἥσω: impf. προσ-αυδῶν, 3 sing. -ἡύδα, 3 dual -ἡυδήτην:—to speak to, address, accost.*

προσ-αύλειος, *ον, (πρός, αὐλή) near a farm-yard, rustic.*

προσ-αυλέω, *f. ἥσω, to accompany on the flute.*

προσ-αυξάνω, *f. -αυξήσω, to increase besides:—Pass. to grow or wax larger.*

προσ-αῦω, *to burn by touching.*

προσ-αφαιρέω, *f. ἥσω, to take away besides:—Med. to take away for oneself besides:—Pass. to have a thing taken away besides.*

προσ-αφικνέομαι, *f. -αφίξομαι, Dep. to arrive at.*

προσ-αφίστημι, *f. -στήσω, to cause to revolt besides:*

—Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ἀπέστην, *pf. -αφέστηκα, to revolt besides.*

προσ-βαίνω, *f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 -έβην, aor. I med. -εβησάμην:—to go towards, step up on: to mount or ascend. 2. to come near: to come upon, attack.*

προσ-βάλλω, *fut. -βαλῶ: aor. 2 -έβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw to or upon, to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to: of the Sun, ἀρούρας προσβάλλειν to strike the earth with his rays: to strike or reach the senses. 3. metaph., προσβάλλειν τί to lay a thing to heart, attend to it:—Med. to throw oneself upon, attack. II. intr. to strike against, make an attack or assault upon, engage: also to attack, assail: to approach, come to. 2. to put in with a ship, come to land or port.*

προσβάς, *ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of προσβαίνω.*

πρόσβασις, *ῆ, (προσβαίνω) a means of approach, access.*

προσβατός, *ῆ, ὄν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.*

προσ-βιάζομαι, *f. -άσομαι, Dep. to force, compel, constrain to a thing. II. in aor. I pass. προσ-βιασθῆναι, to be forced or hard pressed.*

προσ-βιβάζω, *f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to: metaph. to bring over, persuade.*

προσ-βλέπω, *f. ψῶ, to look at or upon.*

προσ-βλάσκω, *f. -μολούμαι: aor. 2 -έμολον:—to come or go to, to reach, arrive at: to approach.*

προσ-βοάω, *f. -βοήσομαι, to call to:—Med., Ion. aor. I προσ-εβωσάμην, to call to oneself, call in.*

προσ-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, *f. ἥσω, to come to aid, come up with succour: to bring succour or support to.*

προσβολή, *ῆ, (προσβάλλω) a putting to or upon; applying. II. a falling upon, an attack, assault; προσβολή Ἀχαιῶν an attack of the Achaeans. 2. generally, a going towards, a means of approaching: an approach. 3. of ships, a place to touch at, harbour.*

πρόσ-γεως, *ον, (πρός, γέα=γῆ) near the earth: near land.*

πρόσ-βορρος, *ον, (πρός, βορέας) exposed to the north wind.*

προσ-γελῶ, *f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], to look with a smile upon, to gladden, Lat. arridere.*

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [ῖ]: *fut. -γενήσομαι: pf. -γεγέννημαι: Dep.:—to come or go to, attach oneself to. 2. generally, to be added, accrue, Lat. accedere. 3. to arrive: of things, to come to, happen to.*

προσ-γράφω, *f. ψῶ: pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμαι:—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil; τὰ προσγεγραμμένα conditions added to a treaty.*

προσ-γυμνάω, *f. ὤσω, to exercise at or with.*

προσ-δανείζω, *f. ὤσω, to lend in addition to:—Med. with pf. pass. προσδεδάνευσμαι, to have lent one, borrow in addition.*

προσ-δᾶπνάνω, f. ἦσω, to spend besides.
 πρόσδεγμα, ατος, τό, (προσδέχομαι) reception.
 προσ-δεῖ, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen. there is still need of.
 προσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.
 προσ-δέομαι Dor. poet. ποτι-δεύομαι: f. -δέησω; aor. I pass. -εδήσθην: Dep.:—to be in want of, stand in need of besides: absol. to be in want. II. to beg or ask of another: to beg one to do.
 προσ-δέρκομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρκομαι: fut. med. -δέρξομαι: aor. I pass. -εδήρχην; and in same sense aor. 2 act. -έδρακον, pf. -δέδορκα: Dep.:—to look at, behold.
 πρόσδετος, ov, (προσδέω) tied to a thing.
 προσ-δέομαι. poet. for προσδέομαι, Dor. ποτι-δέρ-
 προσ-δέχομαι Ion. προσ-δέκομαι: fut. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Ep. aor. 2 προσεδέγην, with Dor. part. ποτιδέγμενος:—to accept or receive favourably: to admit into one's presence: generally to admit. II. to wait for or expect a thing: absol. to wait patiently, abide.
 προσ-δέω (A), f. -δήσω: pf. pass. προσδέδεμαι:—to tie, bind, or fasten to or on.
 προσ-δέω (B), f. -δέησω, to need besides.
 προσ-δηλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin besides.
 προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. II. to insinuate besides.
 προσ-διαιρέομαι, Dep. to distinguish further.
 προσ-διαλέγομαι, aor. I pass. -διελέχθην, Dep. to converse besides with.
 προσ-διαμαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω, to testify in addition.
 προσ-διανέμω, to distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.
 προσ-διασπασαλέω, to fasten to with nails.
 προσ-διαπράσσω, f. ξω, to achieve or accomplish besides:—Med. to achieve for oneself besides.
 προσ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερώ: pf. -έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι: aor. 2 pass. -έφθαρην [ᾶ]:—to destroy besides:—Pass. to perish besides.
 προσ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides or in addition.
 προσ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to narrate besides.
 προσ-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to award as a judge to a person:—Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit.
 προσ-διορθόω, f. ὥσω, to ordain besides:—Med. to correct oneself besides.
 προσ-διορίζω, f. σω, to define or specify besides.
 προσ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue besides.
 προσ-δοκάω Ion. -έω: fut. ἦσω: aor. I -εδόκησα:—to expect, look for to await.
 προσ-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. I -έδοξα:—to seem or be thought besides.
 προσδοκήτος, ov, (προσδοκάω) expected.
 προσδοκία, ἡ, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expectation, anticipation, whether of good or bad; πρὸς προσδοκίαν according to expectation.
 προσδόκιμος, ov, (προσδοκάω) expected, looked for,

or to be expected; ἐπὶ Μίλητον προσδόκιμος expected to come against Miletus.
 προσ-δότης Dor. ποτιδότης, ov, (πρὸς, δότην) belonging to or serving for supper.
 προσ-δράκναι, aor. 2 inf. of προσδέρκομαι.
 προσδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδραμῶν, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.
 προσ-εάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to suffer to go further.
 προσέβην, aor. 2 of προσβαίνω.
 προσεβήσето, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσβαίνω.
 προσ-εγγίζω, f. σω, to bring near. II. intr. to approach, draw near.
 προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a pillar: esp. to add a limiting clause.
 προσ-εγγύαομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety besides.
 προσ-εγχρίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ] to smear on besides: to besmear or bedaub besides.
 προσ-εδάφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: generally to make fast.
 προσεδρεία or -ία, ἡ, a sitting by or near: esp. a sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat. obsessio. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat. assiduitas:—esp. a sitting by a sick-bed. From
 προσεδρεύω, f. σω, (πρὸς εδρος) to sit beside or near, be near to, Lat. assidere. 2. to attend constantly.
 προσεδρία, ἡ, = προσεδρεία.
 πρόσ-εδρος, ov, (πρὸς, ἔδρα) sitting or abiding near; πρόσεδρος λιγνύς the surrounding smoke.
 προσέειπε, Ep. for προσεῖπε: see προσεῖπον.
 προσέθηκα, aor. I of προστίθημι.
 προσ-εθίζω, f. σω, to accustom or inure one to a thing:—Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing.
 προσ-ειδέναι, -δώς, inf. and part. of πρόσειδα.
 προσ-εἶδον, inf. προστῖδεν, part. προστῖδών: aor. 2 without any pres. in use, προσοράω being used instead: inf. med. προσιδέσθαι:—to look at or upon. II. Pass. προσεῖδομαι, to appear beside or near to, to be like.
 προσεῖκα, Att. for προσέοικα, q. v.
 προσ-εικάζω, f. σω: aor. I -ἠκάσα:—to make like to, liken to, make to resemble:—Pass. to be like, resemble. II. metaph. to compare.
 προσ-εἶκελος, η, ov, also os, ov, somewhat like.
 προσ-εἰλέω Dor. προτι-εἰλέω, to press or force upon or against, compress.
 προσεἰλήφα, -εἰλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσεἰλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προσαιρέω.
 πρόσ-εἰλος, ov, (πρὸς, εἰλη) towards the sun, sunny, warm, light.
 πρόσ-εἰμι, inf. προσιέναι: impf. προσ-ῆεν Ion. -ἦα Att. -ῆα: aor. 2 part. προσιών: (πρὸς, εἰμι) ibo:—to go to or towards: to approach one. 2. in hostile sense, to go or come against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. II. of Time, to come on. III. to come in; τὰ προσιόντα χρήματα or

τὰ προσιόντα alone, *the public income, revenue*, Lat. *reventus*.

πρό-σειμι, inf. προσεῖναι; impf. προσῆν: (πρός, εἰμί sum):—to be at, near or by, to be against. II.

to be added to, attached to, to belong to, be in: absol. to be there, be offered.

προσ-εἶπον, inf. προσεῖπν: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσαγορεύω being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute. 2. to call so and so: to name.

προσ-εἰσπράσσω, f. ῶ, to exact payment of besides.

προσ-σεῖω, f. σω, to bold out and shake; προσεῖναι χεῖρα to shake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to bold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσ-εκβάλλω, to cast out or expel besides.

προσ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.

προσ-εκπύρῳ, f. ὦσω, to kindle, set on fire besides.

προσ-εκτρέον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must apply: absol. one must attend.

προσεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προσέχω) attentive.

προσ-εκτίλλω, to pluck out besides.

προσέκυρσα, aor. I of προσκυρέω.

προσ-εκχλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.

προσ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ᾶ], Att. -ελάω: aor. I -ἤλα- ᾶσα:—to drive towards. II. intr., 1. (sub. ἵππον or ἄρμα), to ride towards, Lat. *adequitare*. 2.

(sub. στρατόν), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ἔρ. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω.

προσελέω, false form for προσελέω.

προσελθεῖν, προσελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκύσω [ῶ]: aor. I -ἐλ- κύσα:—to draw to or towards, draw on:—Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

προσ-ελλείπω, f. ψω, to be still wanting.

προσ-εμβαίνω, f. -εμβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἐνέβην:—to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. *insultare*.

προσ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.

προσ-εμπικραίνομαι, Pass., with fut. med. -ανοῦμαι, to be angry with besides or further.

προσ-εμφερής, ἑς, resembling.

προσ-ἐνᾶχε, Dor. for προσ-ἐνηχε, 3 sing. impf. of προσνήχω.

προσ-ενδείκνυμι, f. -ενδείξω, to declare besides:—Med. to shew oneself off to another.

προσ-ενχυράζω, f. σω, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσ-ενθυμέομαι: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμηθήσομαι: Dep.:—to think on or take into consideration besides.

προσ-εννέπω, to address, accost. 2. to intreat or command to do, c. inf. 3. to call by name.

προσ-εννόω, f. ῶσω, to think on or observe besides.

προσ-εντέλω, f. -τενῶ, to inflict besides.

προσ-εντέλλομαι, Dep. to enjoin or command besides.

προσ-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

προσ-εξάμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι, to fail still more.

προσ-εξανδράποδίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to enslave utterly besides.

προσ-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides:—Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εξεργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to work out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξείργασμαι is used in the depon. sense, but also takes a pass. sense, to have been achieved or effected besides: cf. ἐργάζομαι.

προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides.

προσ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

προσ-εῖκα, pf. with pres. sense, Att. προσεῖκα, inf. προσεῖκναι: there is also a pass. form of pf., προσήνυμαι:—to be like or resemble in a thing. II. to seem fit.

III. to seem to do.

προσ-επαινέω, f. ἑσω, to praise besides.

προσ-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ]:—to accuse besides.

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, = προσεμβαίνω.

προσ-επεφευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or devise for any purpose besides.

προσέπεσον, aor. 2 of προσπίπτω.

προσ-επιβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to throw upon besides, to add over and above.

προσ-επιγράφω [ᾶ], f. ψω, to write upon besides.

προσ-επίκειμαι, Pass. to press or bear hard upon.

προσ-επικτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or acquire besides: to make additions to.

προσ-επλαμβάνομαι, Med. to help to take hold of a thing: to help or succour, esp. in war.

προσ-επιρκέω, f. ῶσω, to swear a false oath besides.

προσ-επιπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still.

προσ-επιπονέω, f. ῶσω, to trouble oneself still more.

προσ-επισκώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

προσ-επιστάμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ἡπιστήσθην: Dep.:—to understand or know besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f. -στελῶ: to notify, enjoin, charge besides; esp. by letter.

προσ-επισφραγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι:—Med.:—to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides.

προσ-επνέρομαι, Pass. to enjoy oneself besides or still more.

προσ-επιτροπέω, f. σω, to act as guardian to one further:—Pass. to be subject to as guardian, be the ward of another.

προσ-επιφώνω, f. ῶσω, to say by way of addition.

προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσσομαι, Dep. to gratify besides.

προσεπέταμην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:—to work or effect besides.

πρόσ-εργος, ὄν, (πρός, ἔργον) industrious.

προσ-ερεύομαι, Dep. to vomit forth against: metaph., κύματα προσερεύεται πέτρην the waves break foaming against the rocks.

προσερέω Att. contr. προσερῶ, fut. to προσείπον: —to speak to, to address.

προσ-ερίζω, f. σω, to strive, vie with or against.

προσ-έρομαι, f. -ερήσομαι: aor. -ηρόμην, inf. -ερέσθαι: Dep.:—to ask besides.

προσ-έρπω Dor. ποθέρω: f. ψω: aor. I προσείρπυσα:—to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; ὁ προσέρπων χρόνος the coming time; τὸ πρόσπερον the coming event, the future.

προσέρρηξα, aor. I of προσήγγνμι.

προσ-ερυγγάνω, = προσερεύγομαι.

προσ-έρχομαι, impf. -ηρχόμεν, f. -ελεύσομαι (but the Att. impf. and fut. are προσήειν, πρόσσειμι): Dep. with act. aor. 2 -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come or go to: to come forward: absol. to approach, draw nigh; also to be nigh at hand. 2. to visit, associate with. 3. in hostile sense, to go or march against.

II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. redire.

προσ-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask or question besides.

προσ-έσπερος Dor. ποθ-έσπερος, on, verging towards evening: neut. pl. τὰ ποθέσπερα as Adv., towards evening.

προσ-εταίριζομαι, Med. to take to oneself as a friend, choose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence

προσεταιριστός, on, joined with as a comrade, attached to a party.

προσ-εῖ, Adv. over and above, besides.

πρόσευξαι, aor. I imperat. of προσεύχομαι.

προσ-ευπορέω, f. ήσω, to procure or supply besides: be provided with.

προσ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find besides.

προσ-ευχή, ή, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From προσ-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to offer prayers or vows: absol. to worship: also c. acc. to pray for a thing.

προσέφην, ης, η, aor. 2 of πρόσφημι.

προσεχής, ές, (προσέχω) of place, adjoining, bordering upon, close to, next.

προσ-έχω, f. έω: aor. 2 προσέσχον: pf. προσέσχηκα:—to have besides or in addition. II. to bold to, bring to or near: προσέχειν ναῦν to bring a ship to port or to land; and without ναῦν, to put in or touch at a place; προσέχειν τῇ γῇ, τῇ νήσῳ to touch at: to land: sometimes also ναυοί προσέχειν.

III. προσέχειν τὸν νοῦν, to turn one's mind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. animum advertere: also without τὸν νοῦν, to attend; προσέχειν ἑαυτῷ to give heed to oneself. 2. to devote oneself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. IV. Med. to attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it: also to devote oneself to the service of any one. V. Pass. to be held fast by a thing: to be implicated in.

προσ-έφως, on, (πρός, έως) towards dawn or morning.

προσ-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to yoke or fasten to:—Pass. to be bound or yoked to.

πρόσ-ηβος, on, (πρός, ήβη) near manhood.

προσήγαν, aor. 2 of προσάγω.

προσηγορέω, f. ήσω, (προσήγορος) to address kindly: to console. Hence

προσηγορία, ατος, τό, the object of an address.

προσηγορία, ή, (προσηγορέω) an addressing kindly, friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.

προσ-ήγορος, on, (πρός, ἀγορεύω) addressing, accosting; αἱ προσήγοροι drives the speaking oaks: c. gen., εὐμαίων Παλλάδος προσήγορος addressing prayers to Pallas: generally, affable. II. pass. addressed, accosted:—as Subst. προσήγορος, ὁ, an acquaintance.

προσηδάφισμαι, pf. pass. of προσεδάφισω.

προσήξαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προσέοικα.

προσηκάμην, aor. I med. of προσήμι.

προσηκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of προσήκω, suitably, fitly, becomingly.

προσήκον, part. neut. of προσήκω used absol., it being fit or becoming, Lat. quum conveniat or conveniret.

προσ-ήκω, to have come to, to have arrived at a place: to be near, be at hand. 2. metaph. to belong to. II. impers., προσήκει πρὸς τινα it concerns, has reference to one; c. dat., προσήκει μοι it is my business. 2. it belongs to, beseeems, befits: see προσήκον.

III. the Partic. προσήκων, ονσα, on, is very common, belonging to, befitting, beseeeming; and of persons, related, akin: οἱ προσήκοντες (in full οἱ προσήκοντες γένει), one's kinsmen, relatives: τὸ προσήκον or τὰ προσήκοντα that which belongs to one, all that is proper to oneself; τὴν προσήκονσαν σωτηρίαν ἐκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own safety; τὰ προσήκοντα what is fit or seemly, one's duties.

προσ-ήλιος, on, (πρός, ήλιος) towards the sun, exposed to the sun, sunny.

προσ-ηλώω, f. ώσω, to nail, pin, or affix to. II. to nail up, shut close up.

προσηλύθω, aor. 2 of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-ηλύτος, on, (προσηλυθον) come to, arrived at:—as Subst., προσήλυτος, ὁ, a new comer, stranger, Lat. advena: hence, one who has come over to Judaism, a convert, proselyte.

πρόσ-ημαι, properly pf. of προσέζομαι: Pass.:—to sit upon or close to: to remain close to.

προσ-σημαίνω, f. ανώ: aor. I προσήμηννα:—to give previous or public intimation: to foretell, announce. II. to proclaim, publish.

προσηνεγκα, used as aor. I of προσφέρω.

προσ-ήνεμος, on, (πρός, άνεμος) towards the wind, windward.

προσηνήσθην, used as aor. I pass. of προσφέρω.

προσ-ηνής Dor. προσ-ανής, ές, (πρός, έως) soft, gentle, kindly: well-disposed: hence inclined, suitable to. Adv. προσηνώς.

προσηρτημαι, pf. pass. of προσαρτάω.

προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of προσαυδάω.

προσ-ηώς, on, (πρός, ήως) Ion. for προσεφώς, towards morn: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτ-αῶν, towards morning.

προσ-θᾱκέω, f. ἦσω, to sit beside, near or upon.
 πρόσθε, Ion. and poet. for πρόσθεν.
 προσθύναι, προσθύνειν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of
 προστίθμι.

πρόσθεν Ion. and poet. πρόσθε: (πρό).

As Prep. with gen.: I. of Place, before, in: front
 of, in defence of. II. of Time, before.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front,
 forwards: with the Art., εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν forward, fur-
 ther, to the front. II. of Time, before, formerly,
 of old: also c. Art., ἡ πρόσθεν ἡμέρα the day before:

also τὸ πρόσθεν as Adv., formerly. III. also
 before, in sense of sooner, Lat. potius; πρόσθεν ἀπο-
 θανεῖν ἤ. . to die sooner than . .

προσθνήοιτο, Ion. for προσθνήτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of
 προστίθμι.

πρόσθε, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθμι.

πρόσθεσις, ἡ, (προστίθμι) a putting to, applica-
 tion. II. an adding, an addition.

προσθητέον, verb. Adj. of προστίθμι, one must
 add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, ον, or η, ον, verb. Adj. of προστίθμι,
 added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hair.

προσ-θέω, f. -θέομαι, to run towards or to.

προσθήκη, ἡ, (προστίθμι) an addition, appendage,
 supplement. 2. something added, a mere acci-
 dent. II. aid, help, assistance.

πρόσθημα, ατος, τό, (προστίθμι) an addition.

προσ-θιγγάνω, f. -θίξω: aor. 2 προσεθίγγον, inf.
 προσθιγγεῖν: to touch.

πρόσθιος, α, ον, (πρόσθεν) the foremost; οἱ πρόσθιοι
 πόδες the fore feet.

προσθό-δομος, ὁ, (πρόσθε, δόμος) the chief of a house.

προσθού, aor. 2 med. imperat. of προστίθμι.

προσ-θροέω, f. ἦσω, to call to, address.

προσ-θύμιος, ον, (πρός, θύμις) according to one's
 mind, agreeable, welcome.

προσθιδέω, προσθιδών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of
 προσείδω.

προσ-ίζάνω, to sit by or near. II. to be always
 near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. instare.

προσ-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, to sit by or near.

προσ-ίρμι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: aor. I
 προσήκα, med. -ηκάμην: to send to or towards, let
 come to: to apply. II. Med. προσίεμαι, to let

come to or near one, suffer to approach, admit. 2.
 to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve. 3.
 to accept, submit to, put up with. 4. c. inf. to un-
 dertake to do, venture: c. acc. pers. to please one;

ἐν οὐ προσίεται με one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ικνέομαι, f. -ίξομαι, Dep. to come to, arrive
 at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. 2.
 to come to as a suppliant. Hence

προσικτωρ, ορος, ὁ, one that comes to the temples, a
 suppliant. II. pass. be to whom one comes as a

suppliant, a protector, guardian.

προσ-ιπνέω, f. σω, to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: to place near, bring

near.

II. Pass. προσίσταμαι, with intr. tenses
 of Act., aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: to stand near
 to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at. 2.
 metaph., προσίσταται τί μοι something occurs to
 me. 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend,
 give offence to.

προσ-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to narrate besides.

προσ-ίσχω, = προσέχω, to bold towards or against:
 intr. to put to land, put into port:—Med. to stick or
 cleave to.

προσινός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρόσσειμι (εἰμι ibo),
 approachable.

προσινών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πρόσσειμι (εἰμι ibo).

προσ-καθίζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεζόμεν:
 Dep.: to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit down be-
 fore a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτῃμαι, properly pf. of προ-
 καθέζομαι: Pass.: to sit by or near, to sit beside
 one, to live with. II. to sit down before a town,
 besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-καθέλω, aor. I -καθεῖλκῶ, to haul down
 besides.

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c.
 acc. cognato, θέκον προσκαθίζειν to sit on a seat.

προσ-καθίστημι, f. στήσω, to appoint besides.

προσ-καθοπλίζω, f. σω, to arm or equip besides.

πρόσ-καιρος, ον, lasting but for a time, transitory.

προσ-καίω, f. -καύσομαι, to set on fire besides:—

Pass., pf. προσέκαυμαι, to be burnt through; σκεῖν
 προσεκαυμένα pots burnt through: also to be inflamed
 with love, to be in love with.

προσ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call to, call on, summon:—

Med. to call to oneself, call to one's aid. 2. in Att.
 of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuse,
 lay an indictment against; in full, δίκην ἀσεβείας

προσκαλεῖν πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα to bring an action for
 impiety against . . , but commonly without δίκην;

προσκαλεῖν τὸν ἀνδρῆν (sub. δίκην) to bring an
 action for cowardice against:—Pass., ὁ προσκληθεὶς

the party summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor. ποτι-κ-, ον, (πρός, καρδία) on or
 at the heart.

προσ-καρτερέω, f. ἦσω, to persevere in a thing. 2.
 to adhere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτερήσις, ἡ, perseverance.

προσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go down to besides.

προσ-καταβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to pay so as to make
 up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, ατος, τό, that which is paid in
 addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the
 revenue.

προσ-καταγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to condemn be-
 sides. II. to adjudge or award to.

προσ-καταισχύω, f. ἑνῶ, to disgrace still further.

προσ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to enroll in addition to.

προσ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind, bequeath
 besides: also to leave, lose besides.

προσ-κατανέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to allot or assign besides,

προσκαταριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count besides.
προσκατασκευάζω, f. σω, to furnish or prepare besides:—Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides.
προσκατασύρω [ῥ], to pull down besides.
προσκατατίθημι, f. —καταθήσω, to pay down besides, pay as a further deposit.
προσκατηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to lay to one's charge besides:—Pass., as logical term, to be predicated besides.
προσκάτῃμαι, Ion. for **προσκάθημαι**.
προσ-κείμαι Ion. **προσ-κείομαι**, f. —κείσομαι, serving as Pass. of **προστίθημι**, to be placed or laid beside or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τῇ θύρᾳ προσκείσθαι to keep close to the door. 2. to lie with. II. to be joined with, involved in. III. to be attached or devoted to; προσκείσθαι τῷ λεγομένῳ to put faith in, subscribe to a story: to devote oneself to: also in bad sense, to be given or addicted to. IV. to press upon, solicit: to press close or hard. V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.
προσκέκλῃμαι, pf. pass. of **προσκαλέω**.
προσ-κερδαίνω, f. δήσω, to gain besides.
προσ-κεφάλαιον, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow: also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion.
προσ-κηδής, ἐς, (πρός, κῆδος) attached to, affectionate. II. akin to, allied with.
προσ-κηρύκευομαι, Dep. to send a herald to one.
προσ-κηρύσσω Att. —τω, f. ξω, to summon by herald.
προσ-κιγκλίζω, (πρός, κύκλος) to move to and fro, wag the tail at:—Pass., εὖ ποτεκιγκλίσδεν (2 sing. Dor. impf. for **προσεκιγκλίζου**) nimbly didst thou twist or writhe about.
προσ-κλάω, f. άσω [ά], to shatter or shiver against.
προσ-κληρώω, f. άσω, to assign by lot:—Pass. to be associated with.
πρόσκλησις, ἡ, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons.
προσ-κλίνω, f. —κλινῶ: pf. pass. **προσκέκλῃμαι**, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλιται:—to make to lean against, to put to or against:—Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence
πρόσκλησις, εως, ἡ, inclination, bias, partiality.
προσ-κλύω, f. ύσω, to wash with waves: to dash against, of the waves.
προσ-κνάω, f. —κνήσω, to rub against:—Med. to rub oneself against.
προσ-κοιμίζομαι, Pass. to go to sleep beside.
προσ-κοινώνω, f. άσω, to communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.
προσ-κολλάω, f. ἦσω, to glue on or to:—Pass. to be fastened to, to cleave to.
προσ-κομίζω, f. ύσω Att. ιῶ, to carry or convey to a place:—Med. to bring with one, bring home: to import.
πρόσκομμα, ατος, τό, (προσκόπτω) a stumble: an occasion of stumbling, cause of offence or sin.
προσ-σκοπέω, fut. **προσκέψομαι** and aor. I **προύσκεψά-**

μην (as if from **προσκέπτομαι**, which does not occur): pf. **προύσκεμμαι**:—to see beforehand, look out for: to provide against:—Med. to watch, take care of. II. to spy or reconnoitre beforehand. Hence
προσ-σκοπή, ἡ, a spying or reconnoitring beforehand.
προσ-κοπή, ἡ, (προσκόπτω) = πρόσκομμα.
πρόσσκοπος, ον, seeing beforehand, foreseeing. II. as Subst., πρόσκοποι, οί, outposts, scouts.
προσ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike or dash against; πρ. τὸν ποῖν to strike one's foot, i. e. to stumble, against, Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. 2. to take offence, be angry at.
προσ-κορής, ἐς, (πρός, κορέννυμι) causing satiety, palling, disgusting.
πρόσ-κράνος, ον, (πρός, κρᾶνον) on or for the head:—as Subst., πρόσκρανον Dor. ποτικρ-, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow.
προσ-κρούω, f. σω, to strike against: to have a collision with, quarrel with.
προσ-κτάομαι, f. —κτήσομαι: pf. —κέκτημαι: Dep.:—to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part. also in pass. sense, τὰ προσκεκτήμενα things acquired besides.
προσ-κυλίω, f. —κυλίω [ῥ]: aor. I —εκύλισα:—to roll to or against.
προσ-κύνω, f. ἦσω: aor. I **προσεκύνησα** ποῖτ. προσκύνσα:—to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to. 2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them by worship. Hence
προσκυνήτης, οὔ, ὁ, a worshipper.
προσ-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. —κέκυφα:—to stoop to or over one, to stoop and whisper to him.
προσ-κύρω, f. ἦσω; with three irreg. tenses, impf. προσέκυρον, f. προσκύρσω, aor. I προσέκυρσα:—to reach, arrive at, c. dat.: to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.
προσκύσαι, πρόσκυσον, aor. I inf. and imper. of προσκυνέω.
πρόσ-κωπος, ον, (πρός, κώπη) working at the oar: as Subst., πρόσκωπος, ὁ, a rower.
προσλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of **προσλαμβάνω**.
προσλαβών, **προσλαβόμενος**, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of **προσλαμβάνω**.
προσ-λαγχάνω, f. —λήξομαι: aor. 2 —έλαχον: pf. —είλαχα:—to obtain by lot besides; **προσλαγχάνειν** δίκην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.
προσ-λάττωμαι, Dep. = **προσλαμβάνω**.
προσ-λάλω, f. ἦσω, to talk to or with.
προσ-λαμβάνω, fut. —λήψομαι: aor. 2 —έλαβον: pf. —είληφα:—to take or receive besides or in addition to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:—so also in Med. 2. to take another to help one, take with one. II. to take hold of: to take part in:—to take bold of a thing besides:—so also in Med., c. gen. rei, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and c. dat. pers. to help, assist.
προσ-λέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:—Pass. to lie

near or by; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. προσέ-
λεκτο. II. to speak to, address, accost:—Med. to
meditate.

προσ-λεύσω, to look at or upon.

πρόσληψις, ἡ, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming
besides: an assumption.

προσ-λιπᾶρέω, f. ἦσω, to persist or persevere in. II.
to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλιπάρησις, ἡ, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to
reckon or count in addition to. II. to impute to.

Hence

προσλογιστέον or plur. -έα, verb. Adj. one must
count besides, reckon in.

προσμάθητέον, verb. Adj. one must learn besides.
From

προσ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησμαι, to learn besides.

προσ-μαρτύρῶ, f. ἦσω, to bear witness besides,
bear additional witness: to confirm by additional
evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f. ῥω: aor. I -έμαξα:—Pass., aor. I
προσεμαχθῆν: pf. -μέμαγμα:—to knead or plaster
against, to attach closely to; προσμάσσειν τὸν Πει-
ραιᾶ τῇ πόλει to knead or stick on Peiræus to the
city:—Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραῖσι προσμα-
χθέν stuck close to his sides: so aor. I med. with pass.
sense, ποτιμαζόμενος, stuck or sticking close to (the
hand).

προσ-μάχομαι [ᾶ], f. -μαχέσμαι Att. -μαχούμαι:
Dep.:—to fight against: esp. to assault a town.

προσμένειν, προσμένεας, aor. I inf. and part. of

προσ-μένω, f. -μένω, to abide or wait still longer;
προσμένειν τινί to remain or wait for some one. II.
trans. to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand
one's ground against.

προσ-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides.

προσ-μηχανάομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Med. to contrive be-
sides for oneself. II. Pass. to be cunningly fas-
tened to.

προσ-μίνγνμι and -νω: fut. -μίξω:—to mingle or
join with, unite to, bring to. II. intr. to come

into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land,
arrive at. 2. of persons, to hold intercourse with,
meet with:—in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in
battle, engage with.

πρόσμιξις, ἡ, (προσμίγγνμι) a mixing or mingling
with. II. a coming to, approaching. a. an
attacking, assault.

προσ-μισῶ, Ion. form of προσμίγγνμι.

προσ-μισῶω, f. ἦσω, to hate besides.

προσ-μισθῶ, f. ῶσω, to let out for hire or interest
besides:—Med. to take into one's hire, hire.

προσ-μολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσβλάσκει.

πρόσ-μορος, ov, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μυθεομαι, f. ἥσομαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.:—to
address, accost.

προσ-μυθολογέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter in.

προσ-μύρομαι, Dep. to flow to or with. [ῶ]

προσ-ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, to build ships in addition.

προσ-νάχω [ᾶ], Dor. for προσνήχω.

προσ-νέω, f. -νεῦμι: aor. I -ένεμα:—to allot,
assign, devote or dedicate to; to add:—Pass. to be
assigned:—Med. to grant on one's own part, to de-
vote, dedicate. 2. προσνέμειν ποίμνας to drive flocks
to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. -νέσομαι, to swim to or towards.

προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim
towards. II. of water, to dash upon.

προσ-νίσσομαι Dor. ποτι-ν-, Dep. to come or go
to. II. to come against.

προσ-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to perceive besides.

προσ-νωμάω, f. ἦσω, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ξυν-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-
συν-.

πρόσ-ῥοδος, ov, (πρός, ῥοδός) belonging to a solemn
procession, processional: τὸ πρόσρδιον (sub. μέλος) a
solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

πρόσ-οδος, ἡ, a going or coming to, an approach,
advance: in pl. πρόσοδοι, onsets, attacks. 2. a
solemn procession to a temple. 3. a coming for-
ward to speak, leave to speak. II. income, rent,

esp. the public revenue; mostly in plur. revenues, re-
turns, profits, Lat. redditus, proventus.

πρόσ-οῖδα, pf. without any pres. in use, (πρός, οἶδα)
to know besides. 2. προσειδέναι χάριν to owe
thanks beside.

προσ-οικεῖω, f. ῶσω, to assign to a person as his own.

προσ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell by or near: of towns,
to lie near or next. II. trans. to dwell in or near
a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build in addition or near.

πρόσ-οικος, ov, (πρός, οἰκέω) dwelling near to, bor-
dering on, neighbouring: as Subst., πρόσοικος, ὁ, a
neighbour.

προσοιστέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of προσφέρω, to be
added to. 2. neut. προσοιστέον one must add.

προσ-οῖσω, used as fut. of προσφέρω.

προσ-οῖχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, aor. I -ώκειλα, to run ashore.

προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrows to.

προσ-ομαρτέω, f. ἦσω, to go along with.

προσ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to hold intercourse or converse
with, associate with. II. c. dat. loci, to remain
at or cling to a place. III. to busy oneself with,

be engaged with a thing.

προσ-ὀννμι, to swear besides or in addition.

προσ-ὀμοιος, ov, nearly like, resembling. Hence

προσομοίω, f. ῶσω, to make like to.

προσ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, to concede or grant be-
sides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to pro-
mise besides. 3. to give in, surrender, come to
terms. Hence

προσ-ὀμνυρος, ov, adjoining, adjacent.

προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσονομάζειν
θεοῖς to give them the name θεοί.

προσ-οπτάζω Dor. ποτ-, poet. for προσοράω.

προσ-οράω, f. -όφθομαι : aor. 2 -εἶδον :—to look at :—so also in Med. προσοράομαι.

προσ-ορέγομαι, Med. to reach out after : c. dat. to be urgent or pressing with.

πρός-ορθρος, ον, (πρός, ὄρθρος) towards morning : neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτόρθρον, at dawn.

προσ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides :—Med. to mark out for oneself besides ; προσορίζεσθαι οἰκίαν to have a house marked in proof of a mortgage.

προσ-ορμίζω, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near a place :—Pass. and Med., f. -ορμίζομαι, aor. 1 -ορμίσαμην and -ορμίσθην, to come to anchor near a place. Hence

προσὸρμις, ἡ, a coming to anchor or to land.

προσ-οσιδίζω, f. σω, (πρός, οἶδας) to dash to earth.

προσ-ουρέω, f. ἦσω, to make water upon.

πρός-ουρος, ον, Ion. for πρόσορος, (πρός, ὄρος) adjoining, bordering on, adjacent ; τὰ πρόσορα the adjacent parts ; ἔν' αὐτὸς ἦν πρόσορος where he was his own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.

προσ-οφείλω, f. ἦσω, to owe yet more, be in debt besides :—Pass. to be still owing, be still due.

προσ-οφλισκάω, f. -οφλήσω : aor. 2 -ᾤφλον, inf. -οφλεῖν :—to owe besides, to incur as a further debt : generally, to incur or deserve besides : as law-term, to lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.

προσ-οχθίζω, f. σω, to be wroth with : to be offended at. πρόσ-οψις, ἡ, appearance, aspect, look ; σὴ πρόσ-οψις thy presence, i. e. thine own self, thou. II. a seeing, beholding, sight.

προσ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι : aor. 1 -έπαισα :—to play, sport or jest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, mock.

πρόσ-πασιος, ον, (πρός, παῖω) striking upon : sudden, new, fresh, recent : ἐκ προσπαίου as Adv., suddenly, newly.

προσ-πᾶλαιω, f. σω, to wrestle or struggle with one.

προσ-παραγράφω, to write beside or in addition.

προσ-παρακαλέω, f. ἔσω, to call in besides, invite.

προσ-παραμένω, to remain near besides.

προσ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides.

προσ-παρασείνω, aor. 2 inf. of προσπέρω.

προσ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to furnish or provide besides.

προσ-πασσάλευ Att. -παττάλευω, f. σω, to nail fast on or to. II. to nail up or bang upon a peg.

προσ-πάσχω, f. -πέισομαι, to be affected besides. II. to be passionately in love with.

πρόσ-πεινος, ον, (πρός, πείνω) hungry, a-bungered.

προσ-περιάζω, f. ἄσω, to bring near to, drive against. II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come nigh to.

προσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send to : conduct or convoy to.

προσ-πέρδομαι, with aor. 2 act. -έπαρδον, oppedere.

προσ-περιβάλλω, to throw or put around besides :—Med. to put round oneself :—Pass. to be put or drawn round. II. Med. to compass, seek to obtain.

προσ-περιγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above.

προσ-περιλαμβάνω, to embrace besides.

προσ-περιποιέω, to lay by or preserve besides.

προσ-περονάω, f. ἦσω, to fasten with a pin to or on.

προσπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προσπίπτω.

προσ-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι : aor. 2 -επτάμην [ᾱ], for which an aor. 2 act. προσέπτην is often used : Dep. :—to fly to or towards : to come or light upon one suddenly.

προσ-πεύθομαι, poet. for προσπυνθάνομαι.

προσ-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix to or on : affix to the cross.

προσ-πίεζω, f. ἔσω, to press or oppress besides.

προσ-πίλναμαι, Dep. to approach quickly.

προσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to fall upon or against : strike against. 2. to fall upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall upon a person, embrace him, join him. 4. to run or rush up to : to embrace : to join. 5. to fall in with, light upon, encounter. II. of events, to fall upon, befall one : to happen, occur. 2. to come suddenly to one's knowledge. III. to fall down to or before, to prostrate oneself : c. acc. to fall down to, supplicate.

προσ-πίτνω, poet. for προσπίπτω, to fall upon : to embrace. II. to fall down to or before, supplicate.

προσ-πλάζω, shortd. for προσπελάζω, intr. to come near, draw nigh, approach.

προσ-πλάσσω Att. -πτω : f. -πλάσω [ᾱ] : pf. pass. -πέπλασμαι :—to form or mould upon.

πρόσπλατος, ον, (προσπλάζω) approachable.

προσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι : Ion. pres. προσπλώω :—to sail towards or against.

προσ-πληρόω, f. ὥσω, to fill up or complete a number : to man ships besides, man more ships ; and in Med. to get them manned.

προσπλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, to or on which one may sail, navigable. From

προσ-πλώω, Ion. for προσπλέω.

προσ-πνέω Ep. -πνέω : f. -πνεύσομαι :—to blow or breathe upon, inspire : impers. with gen., προσπνέει μοι κρεών there is a smell of meat.

προσ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make over to, attach or add to. II. Med. προσποιέομαι, to add or attach to oneself : of persons, to bring over to one's own side, win or gain over. 2. of things, to take to oneself, pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. 3. generally, to pretend, feign, affect ; c. inf. to pretend to do : also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce : δεῖ μὴ προσποιέσθαι one must make as if it were not, pretend it is not so, Lat. dissimulare. Hence

προσποίησις, ἡ, a gaining for oneself, an acquisition. 2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim to a thing.

προσποιητός, ὄν, (προσποιέω) taken to oneself, assumed, adopted.

προσ-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to carry on war against, be at war with : also to attack or harass in war.

προσ-πολεμέω, f. ὥσω, to make hostile besides :—Med. to go to war with besides.

προσ-πολέω, f. ἴσω, to attend or wait upon:—Pass. to be attended, ministered to. From
 πρόσ-πολος, ov, (πρός, πολέω) serving:—as Subst., πρόσπολος, ὁ and ἡ, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess; πρόσπολος φόνου minister of death.

προσ-πορεύομαι, f. εὐσομαι, Dep. to go to, approach.

προσ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to procure besides.

προσ-πορτάτος, ἡ, ὄν, (πρός, πορτάω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.

προσ-πράσσομαι, f. πράσσομαι: aor. I -επραζάμην: Med.: (πρός, πράσσω):—to exact or demand besides.

πρόσπαισμα, atos, τό, a stumble. From

προσ-πταίω, f. σω, to strike against: esp. to strike one's foot against, and absol. to stumble, to limp, halt. II. metaphor. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat.

προσπτήναι, inf. of προσέπτν, aor. 2 act. of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to crouch or cower towards; ἄκται λιμένας ποτιπεπτηνῖαι (Ep. and Dor. for προσπεπτηνῖαι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in.

πρόσπνγμος, atos, τό, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From

προσ-πνύσσω, f. ξω, aor. I -έπνυξα:—to embrace. II. as Dep., προσ-πνύσσομαι Dor. ποτι-

or ποτι-πνύσσομαι: f. πνύσομαι: pf. -έπνυμαι:—of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close round. 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. 3. of a festival, to celebrate.

προσ-πτύω, f. πτύσω [ὑ]:—to spit upon: aor. I part. προσπτύς, spitting in sign of contempt.

προσ-πυνθάνομαι, f. πεύσομαι: aor. 2 -επυθόμην:—to enquire or learn besides.

προσ-ραίνω, to sprinkle besides or about.

προσραπτέον, verb. Adj. one must sew on. From

προσ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew on.

προσ-ρέω, f. ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -έρρην:—to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.

προσ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα:—to dash or beat against.

πρόσ-ρημα, atos, τό, an address, salutation: a name, designation.

πρόσ-ρησις, ἡ, an addressing, accosting: a name.

προσ-ρήσσω, = προσρήγνυμι.

προσ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw to.

προσ-σαίνω, to fawn upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arrideo.

προσ-σέβω, to worship or honour besides.

πρόσσοθεν, poet. for πρόσωθεν, forwards, onwards.

προσσοτέρω, Adv., poet. for προσωτέρω.

προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.

προσ-στάξω Dor. ποτι-, to drop on, shed over.

προσ-σταυρόω, f. ὥσω, to draw a stockade along or in front of a place, c. acc.

προσ-στείχω, aor. 2 -έστιχον:—to go to or towards.

προσ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to compress in small compass: pf. pass. part. προσσεταλμένος, tight-drawn, tucked up, Lat. adstrictus. II. to fit to: Med.

to keep close to.

προσ-σῦκοφαντέω, f. ἴσω, to slander besides.

προσ-συμβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.

προσ-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to recommend further.

προσ-συνοικέω, f. ἴσω, to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement with.

πρόσσω, Adv., poet. for πρόσω.

προσ-σπρέω, to bear up besides.

προστάκεis, προστάκῃναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of προστάκω.

προσταβείς, aor. I pass. part. of προϊσθῃμι.

προσ-σφάζω or -σφάττω, f. ξω, to slay at or near.

πρόσταγμα, atos, τό, (πρόστασσω) an order, command; ἐκ προστάγματος by command.

προσ-τάθειis, aor. I pass. part. of προϊσθῃμι.

προστακτέον, verb. Adj. of προστάσσω, one must order.

προσ-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἴσω, to persist or persevere still further.

πρόσταξις, ἡ, (προστάσσω) an ordaining, ordinance; πρόσταξιν ποιέειναι to make an assessment.

προ-σάσια, ἡ, (προϊσθῃμι) a being at the head of, presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patron-ship. 2. partisanship, party, faction. II. a place before a building, a court, area.

προσ-τάσσω Att. -ττω fut. ξω: aor. I -έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμαi:—to place or put at a place. 2. to ascribe, assign, award to a class or party; plqpf. pass., Ἰνδοὶ προσετατάχατο the Indians had been assigned to ... 3. to appoint as commander.

II. to enjoin or give orders, to order to do; τὰ προσταχθέντα orders given.

πρόσταται, ἡ, (προστάτης) = προστασία, presidency, authority: patronage, protection.

προ-σάτεω, (προστάτης) to be leader; absol. to exercise authority: πρ. ὅπως, to provide or take care that ...

προ-σάτεω, f. ἴσω, (προστάτης) to stand before or at the head of, be ruler over, be president or leader of; ὁ προστατῶν be that acts as chief:—Pass. to be ruled or led by one. II. to stand before, protect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or guardian.

III. ὁ προστατῶν χρόνος time that is close at hand. Hence

προστατήριος, a, ov, standing before, protecting, guarding. II. standing before or close to, hovering or flitting before one.

προστάτης [ἄ], ov, ὁ, (προίσταμαι) one who stands in front, a front-rank man. II. a chief, ruler,

leader: the leader of a party. III. one who

stands before and protects, a protector, patron, guardian:—at Athens, a citizen, whom a μέτοικος chose as his patron, standing to him in much the same

relation as the Roman *cliens* to his *patronus*; γράφασθαι *προστάτον* to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράφωμαι *προστάτον* I will be enrolled under the name of a patron. IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτις, ἰδος, fem. of *προστάτης*, a protectress.

προ-σταυρώω, f. ὥσω, to draw a stockade along.

προ-τεθήσμαι, fut. pass. of *προτίθηναι*.

προ-τεχνίζω, f. σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

προ-στείχω, to advance, go before.

προ-τεκταίνωμαι, Med. to add of one's own device.

προ-τελέω, f. ἔσω, to pay or spend besides.

προ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to guard or cover in front, shelter:—Med., *προστέλλεσθαι τινα* to send one forth equipped:—Pass., aor. 2 *προβόσταν* [α], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start.

προ-σθενάζω, f. ξω, and *προ-στένω*, to sigh or grieve beforehand.

προ-στερνίδιος, ov, (πρό, στέρνων) before the breast: as Subst., *προστερνίδιον*, τό, a covering or ornament for the breast of horses.

πρό-στερνος, ov, (πρό, στέρνων) before or on the breast.

προ-στέρω Dor. *ποτι-τέρω*, to delight beside.

προσ-τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of *προτάσσω*.

προ-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to devise besides.

προ-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt into besides. II.

intrans. in pf. act. *προστέτηκα*, aor. 2 pass. *προστέα-κην* [α], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προ-στίσας, aor. I part. of *προτίσθηναι*.

προ-στίθηναι, fut. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην:—to put to, apply, fit. 2. to add. 3. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to. 5. to band over, to deliver over, consign to. II.

Med. *προστίθεμαι*: aor. 2 -εθέμην, imperat. -θοῦ, subj. -θώμαι:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards: absol. to come over, submit. 2. to take to oneself besides or to take as one's friend or ally: *προστίθεσθαι πολέμον* to make one's enemy besides: *προστίθεσθαι δάμαρτα* to take to wife. 3. to apply to oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare.

προ-τίλω, f. ήσω, to defoul with dung.

προ-τίμω, f. ήσω, to award a further penalty:—Med. to propose an additional penalty:—Pass. to be imposed as an additional penalty. Hence

προστίμημα, atos, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty.

προ-στόμιον, τό, a mouth of a river.

προ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—also in Med. to turn oneself towards, supplicate.

προ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up in.

προ-τρέχω, f. -δραμῶμαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον:—to run to, towards or against: absol. to run up. 2. in hostile sense, to run at, make a sally or sudden attack.

προ-τρίβω [ι], f. ψω: Pass., aor. 2 -ετρίβην [ι]: pf. -τέτριμμαι:—to rub on or against:—Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attach the reputation of a thing to him:—Pass. to be inflicted. II. in Pass. also to have intercourse with. Hence

πρότριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on or inflicted upon one: a brand, disgrace, affliction.

προ-τρόπαιος Dor. *ποτι-τρ-*, ov: I.

act. turning oneself towards or to a god to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant: as Adj., *προστρόπαιοι* λιταί suppliant prayers. 2.

also of one who has not yet been purified, a polluted person, Lat. *homo piacularis*: as Adj., *προστρόπαιον* αἷμα polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. II. pass.

be to whom one turns: θεὸς *προστρόπαιος* the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger:—as Adj. visiting with vengeance, implacable.

προστροπή, ή, (*προστρέπω*) a turning oneself towards in prayer or supplication: in plur. prayers, conjurings: πόλεως *προστροπήν* ἔχειν to address a petition to the city. 2. *προστροπή* γυναικῶν a suppliant band of women.

πρόστροπος, ov, (*προστρέπω*) turning towards: hence, like *προστρόπαιος*, a suppliant.

προ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύεσθαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to hit or light upon, meet with, obtain, c. gen. 2.

of events, to befall one. 3. ὁ *προστυγχάνων*, ὁ *προστυχών* the first person one meets, anybody: τὰ *προστυχόντα* ξένια the gifts that come to one's share.

προ-υβρίζω, f. ἰω, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

προ-συγγίνομαι Att. *προ-ξυγγ-*, Dep. to be with beforehand, converse with beforehand.

προ-συμμίσγω, to intermix first.

προ-συνοικέω, f. ήσω, to live together before.

προ-υπάρχω, f. ξω, to exist or happen besides.

προ-υπέχω, f. -υφέξω, to be accountable also, stand surety for.

προ-υπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise besides.

προ-φάγιον, τό, (πρός, φάγειν) anything eaten with other food: something to eat.

προ-σφαγμα, atos, τό, that which is sacrificed to or before, a victim. 2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From

προ-σφάζω later -ττω, to sacrifice beforehand. II. to sacrifice for or in behalf of.

προ-φαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides.

προ-φάσθαι, inf. med. of *πρόσφημι*.

πρό-φάτος, ov, (πρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) lately slain, fresh-slaughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat. *recens*:—neut. *πρόσφατον* as Adv., lately: also regul. Adv. *πρόσφάτως*, lately.

προσφερίς, ές, (*προσφέρω*) brought to or near, approaching. 2. like, resembling. II. = *πρό-φοπος*, serviceable, conducive.

προσ-φέρω Dor. *ποτι-φέρω*: f. *προσφίσω*: aor. I pass. *προσ-ενέγχεσθην* Ion. -ενείχεσθην:—to bring to, near or upon: to apply to, lay to or upon. 2. to

offer: also to set before one, offer meat or drink: and in Med. to take meat or drink to oneself. 3. to give besides, to add. 4. to bring forward, produce as authority. 5. to contribute to, to bring in, yield. II. Pass., with fut. med. προσίσομαι, to be borne towards: of ships, to put in. 2. to rush against or upon, attack, make an onset:—to rush. 3. to approach, converse, have dealings with. 4. absol. to behave or bear oneself. 5. to come near, be like, resemble: cp. προσφερής, ἐμπερής. 6. to be put or imposed upon one. προσ-φύγω, f. -φεύομαι, to flee for refuge to. Hence

προσφευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must be defendant in an action besides: cf. φεύγω IV.

πρόσ-φημι, to speak to, address: impf. or aor. 2 προσέφην, ης, η; inf. med. προσφάσθαι.

προσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι: f. -φθέγγομαι: Dep.:—to call to, address, accost, salute. II. to call by name, call.

προσ-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be ruined besides: to go to ruin, meet in an evil hour, esp. in aor. 2 part. προσφθαίρεις.

προσφθεγκτός, ὄν, addressed, saluted. II. act. saluting.

πρόσφθεγμα, atos, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) an address, salutation; in plur. words, accents.

πρόσφθογγος, ὄν, (προσφθέγγομαι) addressing, saluting.

προσ-φιλῶν, f. ἦσω, to oppose through envy.

προσφιλία, ἡ, (προσφιλῆς) kindness, good will.

προσφιλότερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσφιλῶς.

προσ-φιλῆς, ἐς, (πρός, φιλέω) dear, beloved, friendly: of things, dear, pleasing, grateful, Lat. gratus. II. of persons, kindly affectioned, grateful.

προσ-φιλοσοφῶ, f. ἦσω, to study philosophy besides, to speculate further upon.

προσφιλῶς, Adv. of προσφιλῆς, kindly; προσφιλῶς ἔχειν to be kindly affectioned.

προσ-φοιτῶ, f. ἦσω, to go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like: see φοιτάω.

προσφορά, ἡ, (προσφέρω) a bringing to, applying: a presenting, offering. II. that which is brought to a person, an addition, increase: also a kindness, benefit.

προσ-φορέω, = προσφέρω to put up, apply. 2. to present, offer. Hence

προσφόρημα, atos, τό, that which is taken to one, food, victuals.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτίφ-, ὄν, (προσφέρω) serviceable, useful, profitable. 2. convenient, suited to, fit or meet for: c. inf. fit or meet to do:—τὰ πρόσφορα what is fit or meet, fitting service; τὰ πρόσφορα as Adv., fitly.

προσφύεω, Ion. Adv. of προσφύης: see προσφύως.

προσφύης, ἐς, (προσφύω) growing upon, banging to, attached to, devoted. II. naturally fitted, suitable.

προσφύς, aor 2 part. of προσφύω.

πρόσφύσις, ἡ, (προσφύομαι) a growing to or upon, a clinging to.

προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. I προσέφύσα:—to make to grow to or upon, to bring upon, fasten to. II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 προσέφυν, part. προσφύς, ύσα, ύν; pf. προσπέφυκα:—to grow to or upon: to hang upon, cling to, be attached to.

προσφύως Ion. -έως, Adv. of προσφύης, with natural fitness, suitably, ably.

προσ-φώνέω, f. ἦσω, to call or speak to, address, accost. 2. to call by name, to name, speak of. 3. to address or dedicate a thing to another.

προσφώνησις Dor. ποτίφ-, εσσα, εν, (προσφωνέω) addressing, capable of addressing.

προσφώνημα, atos, τό, (προσφωνέω) that which is addressed to another, an address.

προσφώνησις, εως, ἡ, (προσφωνέω) an addressing. 2. a dedication.

προσ-χάσκω, f. -χάσσομαι: aor. 2 προσέχᾶνον: pf. (in pres. sense) προσέκχηνα:—to gape or stare open-mouthed at one, Lat. inbiare.

προ-σχεθῆν, poet. for προσχέιν, aor. 2 inf. of προέχω:—Med., προεσχεθόμην, I warded off from myself.

προσ-χέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour to or on.

πρόσχημα, atos, τό, (προέχω) that which is held before, hence, I. a screen, cloak, pretence, pretext; πρόσχημα τοῦ πολέμου the ostensible cause for the war. II. outward show, ornament; so Miletus is called πρόσχημα τῆς Ἰωνίης the chief ornament of Ionia.

προσ-χώω, old form of προσχάννυμι, to dam up.

προσ-χρίζω, f. ἦσω: Ion. προσχρηζέω, f. ἦσω:—to require or desire besides; προσχρηζέω ὑμῶν πείθεσθαι I desire you also to obey.

πρόσχυσις, ἡ, (προσχέω) a pouring upon.

προσ-χώννυμι and -ύω: f. -χάσω (from προσχώω): aor. I προσέχωσα:—to heap up besides: of water, to deposit mud, silt, etc.; προσχώννυμι χωρία to form new lands by deposition. 2. to choke up with mud, silt up. II. to throw earth against: Pass. to have earth thrown against.

προσ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to go to, approach, c. dat. II. to come or go over to, join another: to surrender, give oneself up to. 2. to accede, assent or agree to: to concur in: to believe. 3. to approach, be near to, agree with, be like. 4. to put faith in, believe.

πρόσ-χωρος, ὄν, (πρός, χώρα) lying near, adjoining, adjacent:—as Subst., πρόσχωρος, ὁ, a neighbour.

πρόσχωσις, ἡ, (προσχάννυμι) a heaping up besides: deposition of mud, etc. II. a bank or mound raised against a place.

προσ-ψάω Dor. ποτιψάω, to touch upon, touch.

προσ-ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to vote besides: to grant by a majority of votes.

προσ-ψιθύρίζω, f. σω, to whisper, chirp or whistle to

πρόσω ποῖτ. **πρόσω** Dor. and Att. **πόρσω** later **πόρρω**, like Lat. *porro*, Adv. : (πρό, πρὸς) : I. as Adv., 1. of Space, *forwards, onward, further on*; opp. to ἐγγύς, *far off, afar*; also with the Art., τὸ πρόσω *forward*. 2. of Time, *before*. II. c. gen. *far towards or to*: πρόσσω τοῦ ποταμοῦ *far into the river*; *προβαίνειν πόρρω τῆς μοχθηρίας* *to be far gone in wickedness: far from, οὐ πρόσσω Ἑλλησπόντου* *not far from the Hellespont*. 2. of Time, *πρόσω τῆς νυκτός* *far into the night*.—Comp. and Sup. *προσώτερος, -άτω*.
προσ-ῶδια, ἡ, (πρὸς, ᾧδή) *a song sung to or accompanied by music*. II. *the tone or accent of a syllable*.
προσ-ῶδός, ὄν, (πρὸς, ᾧδή) *singing or sounding to, in harmony with*.
πρόσωθεν Att. **πόρρωθεν** Ep. **πόρροθεν**, Adv. (πρό-σω) *from afar*. II. *from long ago*.
προσ-ῶνέμαι, f. -ῆσομαι, Dep. *to busy besides*.
προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of **πρόσωπον**.
προσωπίον, τό, (**πρόσωπον**) *a mask*.
προσωποληπτῶ, *to be a respecter of persons*. From **προσωπο-λήπτης**, οὐ, ὁ, (**πρόσωπον**, **λέληπται** 3 sing. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω) *a respecter of persons*.
προσωποληψία, ἡ, (**προσωποληπτῶ**) *respect of persons*.
πρόσ-ῶπον, τό: pl. **πρόσωπα** Ep. **προσώπατα**, Ep. dat. **πρόσώπασσι**: (πρὸς, ᾧψ) :—*a face, visage, countenance*; κατὰ πρόσωπον *in front, face to face*. II. also *one's look, countenance*, Lat. *vultus*; τὸ σὺν πρόσωπον, periphr. for σὺ. III. = **προσωπίον**, *a mask*, Lat. *persona*:—hence like **πρόσχημα**, *show, outward appearance*. IV. *later, a person*.
προσ-ῶρεῦν, f. ῶ, *to pile or heap up before*.
προσώτατος, ἡ, οὐ, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. **πρόσω**, *furthest*:—hence Adv. **προσωτάτω**, or neut. plur. **προσώτατα** as Adv., *furthest*.
προσώτερος, α, οὐ, Comp. Adj. formed from Adv. **πρόσω**, *further off*: hence Adv., **προσωτέρως** or τὸ **προσωτέριον**, *further*.
προσ-ῶφέλει, f. ῶσω, *to help or assist besides, contribute one's help to*: absol. *to be of use or assistance*. Hence
προσωφέλημα, ατος, τό, *assistance in a thing*: and **προσωφέλιος**, ἡ, *a helping, aiding, advantage*.
προσωφελῆτεον, verb. Adj. of **προσωφελῶ**, *one must assist*.
προτακτέον, verb. Adj. of **προτάσσω**, *one must place or post in front*. 2. *one must prefer*.
προ-τάμεινω, (πρό, ταμίης) *to lay in beforehand*.
προ-τάμνω, Ion. for **πρότεμνω**.
προτάμωμην, aor. 2 med. opt. of **πρότεμνω**.
προτάμῶν, aor. 2 part. of **πρότεμνω**.
προ-ταρβέω, f. ῶσω, *to fear beforehand*. II. *to fear or be anxious for one*.
προ-ταρίχυνω, f. ῶσω, *to salt or pickle beforehand*: generally, *to preserve or prepare for keeping*.
πρότασις, ἡ, (**προτάσσει**, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προ-

τείνω) *a stretching forward*. II. *that which is put forward*: in Logic, *a proposition assumed, a premiss*. 2. in Gramm., *the antecedent clause of a sentence, answered by the ἀποδοσις*.
προ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ῶω: aor. I -έταξα: pf. -τέταχα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχην: pf. -τέταγμαi:—*to place or post in front*: Med., **προετάξατο** τῆς φάλαγγος τοῖς ἱππέας *he posted his horse in front of the phalanx*:—Pass. *to be stationed first, take the lead*: τὸ **προταχθέν** or οἱ **προτεταγμένοι**, *the front ranks, van*. II. generally, *to determine or arrange beforehand*.
προ-τείνω, f. -τενῶ: aor. I -έτεινα: pf. -τέτακα: Pass., aor. I -ετάθην [ᾶ]: pf. -τέταμαι:—*to stretch out, put forward*: *to expose to danger*. 2. metaph. *to hold out, put forward as a pretext or excuse*. II. *to stretch forwards or forth, hold out, as a suppliant*. 2. *to offer, tender, proffer*: also *to hold out, show at a distance*, Lat. *ostentare*. III. Med., **μισθὸν προτείνεσθαι** *to claim or demand as a reward*. IV. intr. *to stretch or project forward*.
προ-τειχίζω, f. ῶω, *to protect by a wall*. Hence **προτείχιμα**, τό, *an advanced work, outwork*.
προ-τέλειος, ον, (πρό, τέλος) *before a solemnity or religious rite*. II. **προτέλεια** (sc. ἱερὰ), τά, *sacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity*; **προτέλεια γάμων** *the sacrifice before the marriage-rite*; **θύνει** τὰ **προτέλεια** *to perform an initiatory sacrifice in behalf of*. 2. **προτέλεια**, generally, *a beginning, outset*.
προ-τελέω, f. ἔσω, *to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforehand*.
προ-τελίζω, f. ἴσω, (πρό, τέλος) *to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage*.
προ-τέμνεισμαι, ατος, τό, (πρό, τέμνω) *the precincts or entrance of a τέμνος or sacred place*.
προ-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 **προϋτάμω**:—*to cut up beforehand*. II. *to cut off in front, cut short*, Lat. *praecidere*. III. *to cut forward or in front of one*: hence, in aor. 2 med. opt., εἰ ᾧλκα διηνεκέα **προταμοίμην** *if I were to cut a long furrow in front of me*.
προτενθεῖω, f. ῶω, *to pick out the dainty bits beforehand, to help oneself first to anything*. From.
προ-τένθης, ον, ὁ, *one who picks out dainty bits beforehand, a gourmand, epicure*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
προτεραιος, α, ον, (**πρότερος**) *on the day before, like δευτεραίος, τριταίος, etc.*: ἡ **προτεραία** (sub ἡμέρα), *the day before*; τῇ **προτεραίᾳ**, Lat. *pridie*, *on the day before*; c. gen., τῇ **προτεραιᾷ** τῆς καταστάσεως *on the day before the audience*.
προτεραιτερος, α, ον, Comp. of **προτεραιος**, for **πρότερος**, *very long before, much earlier*.
προτερῆς, f. ῆσω, (**πρότερος**) *to be before, in front, at the head*; **προτερῆν** τῆς δόδου *to be forward on the way*. 2. of Time, *to be beforehand, get the start*.
πρότερος, ἡ, ον, Comp. without any Posit. in use (the Sup. being **πρώτος**), answering to Lat. *prior*: of

Place, before, in front, forward; πύδες πρότεροι the fore-feet.

II. of Time, before, sooner, earlier, older; in full, πρότερος γενεῆ elder in age; πρότεροι παῖδες children by a former marriage; τῇ προτέρῃ (sc. ἡμέρᾳ), on the day before, like προτεραία.

2. as Comp. c. gen., ἐμέο πρότερος sooner, earlier than I.

3. the neut. πρότερον was used as Adv., before, sooner, earlier; πρότερον ἢ or ἥπερ, Lat. priusquam; also with Artic., τὸ πρότερον; πρότερον is often put between Art. and Subst., e.g. ὁ πρότερον βασιλεὺς the former king.

III. of Rank or Precedence,

superior.

πρωτέρω, Adv. of πρότερος, further towards, further, forward.

πρωτέρωσε, Adv. (πρωτέρω) towards the front, forward.

προ-τεύχω, f. ξω, to make or do beforehand; pf. pass. inf. προτετύχθαι, to have been done beforehand, to be past.

πρὸτί, old Ep. form for πρὸς. [Ὶ]

πρωτι-άπτω, Dor. for προσάπτω.

πρωτι-βάλλομαι, Dep. for προσβάλλομαι.

πρωτιδεγμένος, Dor. part. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσδέχομαι.

πρωτιελεῖν, Dor. of προσειλέω.

πρωτιέποι, Dor. for προσηίοποι, opt. of προσείπον.

πρότιθεν, Ep. for προετίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of προτίθημι.

προ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω; aor. I προέθηκα Att. προῦθηκα; aor. 2 προέθην contr. προῦθην, inf. προθεῖναι;—to place or set before, set out: to band to, present to:—Med. to have meat set before one.

2. to put forth or expose a child: to expose to danger.

3. to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose: also to set as a penalty: generally, to set, fix.

II. Med. to put forth on one's own part, to display: also to propose to one's mind, entertain.

III. to set forth, put out publicly; προθεῖναι νεκρὸν to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state: also to make a show of, expose for view.

IV. to put forward: to bold forth, offer, tender.

2. to hold out as a pretext.

V. to put before or over.

VI. to put before, to prefer one to another.

πρωτι-μάσσω, Dor. for προσμάσσω.

πρω-τίμαω, f. ἤσω, to honour before or above another, to prefer to another.

2. to prefer in honour: to bold in esteem or regard:—Pass. to be preferred in honour; προτιμάσθαι ἐς τὰ κοινὰ to be preferred to public honours.

3. c. gen. to take heed of, care for.

4. c. inf. to wish rather, prefer: also to wish greatly, wish much. Hence

πρωτίμησις, ἡ, a preferring in honour, preference.

πρωτιμητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of προτιμάω, to be preferred.

πρω-τίμιον, τό, (πρό, τιμή) money paid in advance, earnest-money.

πρό-τιμος, ον, (πρό, τιμή) honoured before, worth more than.

πρωτι-μυθέομαι, Dor. for προσ-μυθέομαι.

πρω-τίμωρῶ, f. ἤσω, to help beforehand or first:—Med. to revenge oneself before.

πρωτί-οπτος, ον, Dor. for πρόσ-οπτος.

πρωτι-όσσομαι, Ep. Dep., only used in pres; and impf.; (πρωτί Dor. for πρὸς, όσσομαι):—to look at or upon, behold.

II. of the mind, to foresee,

forbode, presage.

πρω-τίω, f. -τίσω [Ὶ], to honour before another,

prefer; προτεῖν τινα τάφου to deem one more worthy of the honour of burial than the other.

πρότμησις, ἡ, (προτέμνω) the waist: the loins.

πρω-τολμάω, f. ἤσω, to venture before or more:—Pass. to be first ventured or risked.

προτομή, ἡ, (προτέμνω) the upper part of any

thing: a half-length figure, a bust.

προτονίζω, f. σω, to haul up with ropes. From

πρότονος, ὁ (προτείνω) a rope from the mast-head to the bow of a ship, the forestay of the mast.

2. a balyard.

πρω-τοῦ, for πρὸ τοῦ, = πρὸ τούτου, formerly, before now, erst.

πρω-τρέπασθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προτρέπω.

πρωτρεπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fitted for urging on, persuasive. Adv. -κῶς, persuasively. From

πρω-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn or urge forwards, urge on, exhort or persuade to do a thing: so too in Med., to persuade, exhort to: also c. dupl. act., τὰ κατὰ τὸν

τέλλον προετρέψατο ὁ Σόλων τὸν Κροῖσον Solon prompted Croesus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 med. προὔτρε- πόμην in pass. sense, to turn forwards, turn in headlong flight: metaph., ἀχρεῖ προτραπέσθαι to give oneself over to grief.

πρω-τρέχω, f. -δραμῶμαι; aor. 2 προὔδραμον (formed from obsol. δρέμω):—to run forward or forth.

II. to outrun, run past, overtake.

πρω-τρίτα, Adv. (πρό, τρίτος) three days before or for three successive days.

πρω-τροτάδην, Adv. (προτρέπω) turned forwards, head-foremost, headlong, with headlong speed. [ᾱ]

πρω-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύχομαι; aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to happen before or beforehand: also to meet with first; τὸ πρωτύχον the first thing that came to hand.

πρω-τύπτω, f. ψω, intr. to strike forwards, break forth, burst out; Τρῶες προὔτυναν the Trojans burst forward.

II. trans. to drive, force on; aor. 2 pass. part. προὔτρεται, driven, urged on.

πρωτύχων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προτυγχάνω.

προὔβαλον, προὔβην, for προεβ-, aor. 2 of προβάλλω, προβαίνω.

προὔγραφο, for προέγραφο, impf. of προγράφω.

προὔδιδάζατο, προὔδεκα, προὔθετο, for προεδ-, προὔθηκε, for προέθηκε, 3 sing. aor. I of προτίθημι.

προὔθυμῆθην, for προεθ-, aor. I of προθυμέομαι.

προὔθυμωμην, impf. of προθυμέομαι.

προὔκαμον, for προέκαμον, aor. 2 of προκάνω.

προὔλαβον, for προελ-, aor. 2 of προλαμβάνω.

προὔκειτο, προὔκινδύνευε, for προεκ-.
 προὔμαθον, for προεμ-, aor. 2 of προμανθάνω.
 προὔμηθηθην, for προεμ-, aor. 1 of προμηθέομαι.
 προὔμολον, for προέμολον, aor. 2 of προβλώσκω.
 προὔνεντω, v. sub προενν-.
 προὔνοησάμην, for προεν-, aor. of προνοέομαι.
 προὔξηνσε, for προεξ-, aor. 1 of προξένω.
 προὔξ-ἐπίσταμαι, προὔξ-ερευνάω, for προεξ-.
 προὔξερευνάω, for προεξερευνάω.
 προὔξεφειμαι, for προεξεφειμαι.
 προ-ὔπαγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually:—Med. to reduce first under one's power.
 προ-ὔπαρχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. προὔπηγμα: (πρό, ὑπάρχω):—to be beforehand in a thing, begin with: c. gen. to be the first to do a thing. II. intr. to exist before; προὔπαρξαντα things that happened before, past events; τὰ προὔπηγμένα a man's antecedents.
 προὔπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, aor. 1 of προπέμψω.
 προ-ὔπεξ-ορμάω, f. ήσω, to go out secretly before.
 προὔπεσον, for προέπ-, aor. 2 of προπίπτω.
 προ-ὔπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προὔπαρχω.
 προὔπινον, προὔπιον, for προεπ-, impf. and aor. 2 of προπίνω.
 προὔπιστάθην, for προεπ-, aor. 1 of προεπίσταμαι.
 προ-ὔπισχνόμαι, Dep. to promise before.
 προ-ὔποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation.
 προ-ὔποκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to exist before.
 προ-ὔπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to assume beforehand.
 προὔπτος, ov, contr. for πρόστος.
 προὔπυθόμην, for προεπ-, aor. 2 of προπυνθάνομαι.
 προὔργιατερος, α, ov, see προὔργου.
 προὔργου, contr. for πρό ἔργου, for a work or object: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for anything; προὔργου τι ἔργον to do something of use: also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.—Comp. προὔργιατερος, α, ov, more serviceable, useful, important; προὔργιατερον ποιεῖσθαι to deem of more consequence:—Sup. προὔργιατατος, η, ov, most serviceable, etc.
 προὔρρηθην, aor. 1 pass. of προερέω.
 προὔσειώ, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 προὔστάλην, for προεστ-, aor. 2 pass. of προστέλλω.
 προὔστησα, προὔστην, for προεστ-, aor. 1 and 2 of προστήμι.
 προὔτιθει, προὔτυψα, for προετ-.
 προὔφαινε, for προέφαινε.
 προ-ὔφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to withdraw from one before.
 προὔφειλω, for προοφείλω.
 προὔχω, προὔχουσι, προὔχοντο, for προέχ-.
 προ-φαίνω, f. -φάω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to bring forth to light, shew forth, manifest, display. 2. to shew forth by word, to declare:—Pass., aor. 2 προὔφάνην [ā], part. προφανείς, εἶσα, ἐν, to be shewn forth, come forth and appear, come into sight, come to light; προὔφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly heard. II. to shew beforeband, foresew; metaph. to hold out a prospect beforeband, promise:—Pass. and Med. to

shew itself or appear before, be revealed before. III. intr. to shine forth: bold a light before.
 προφάνηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προφαίνω.
 προφάνης, ἐς, (προφανήναι) shewing itself from afar: quite plain or clear; ἀπό or ἐκ τοῦ προφανούς openly.
 προφάνω, ov, (προφαίνω) shewn or seen from afar, far-famed. II. foresew, disclosed beforeband.
 προφάσιζομαι, impf. προφασίζομην: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: aor. 1 προφασισάμην: Dep.: (πρόφασις):—to set up as a pretext, allege by way of excuse, c. acc.: absol. to make excuses: the aor. 1 pass. προφασισθῆναι takes a pass. sense, to be pretended, be made a pretence.
 προφάσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ή, (προφαίνω) an apparent cause, reason, motive, pretext: mostly in bad sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion: absol. in acc. προφασιν, as one pretends, ostensibly: also in dat. προφάσει, absol. for appearance, for a show or pretence; ἐπὶ προφάσεως and ἐπὶ προφάσει by way of excuse; πρόφασιν προτείνειν or παρέχειν to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι προφασιν [make] me no excuse: προφάσιος ἔχεσθαι to lay hold of a pretext.
 προφάσις, ov, (προφαίνομαι) shewn forth, renowned.
 προ-φάτεω, προ-φάτης [ā], Dor. for προφητ-.
 προφέρης, ἐς, placed before or in front, preferred, excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέστερος, α, ov, προφερέστατος, η, ov, more, most excellent: the Sup. also signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρτερος, προφέρτατος.
 προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη; 3 sing. subj. of προφέρω.
 προ-φέρω, f. προοίσω: aor. 1 προήνεγκα: aor. 2 προήνεγκον:—to bring before one, bring to, present. 2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring forward, object to one, Lat. objicere, exprobrare: also simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward, quote, produce. 3. of an oracle, to propose, command. II. to bring forward, display; πόλεμον προφέρειν to declare war. III. to bear on or away, to carry or sweep away. IV. metaph. to put forward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promovere; προφέρειν τινά οδόν to further one on the road. V. intr. to surpass, excel.
 προ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 προὔφυγον:—to flee forwards or away, flee. II. c. acc. to flee from, shun, avoid.
 πρό-φημι, to say beforeband, foretell.
 προφήτεία, ή, (προφήτεω) the gift of interpreting the will of the gods. 2. the gift of expounding of scripture, public instruction, preaching.
 προφήτεω Dor. προφάτ-: f. σω: aor. 1 ἐπροφήτευσα: (προφήτης):—to be an interpreter of the gods, interpret or expound their word. II. to expound publicly, preach.
 προφήτης, ov, δ, Dor. προφάτης: (πρόφημι): one who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will of a god, Διὸς προφήτης ἐστὶ Λοξίας πατρὸς Loxias

is the interpreter of his father Jove: so Poets are called Μουσῶν προφῆται interpreters of the Muses: generally, an interpreter, proclaimer. II. an interpreter of scripture, inspired teacher, preacher. III. a foreteller, prophet.

προφητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προφήτης) oracular.

προ-φήτις, ἰδος, fem. of προφήτης, a prophetess.

προ-φθάνω, f. -φθάσω and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 προ-φθῆναι:—to outrun, anticipate, be before and with.

προφθάς, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω.

προ-φθίμενος, η, ὄν, dead or killed before. [Y]

προ-φοβέω, f. ἴσω, to frighten before and:—Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fear before and.

προ-φορέω, to bring forward:—Med. προφορέομαι to pass the west to and fro: metaph. to run to and fro.

προ-φράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. -πέφραδμαι: to foretell.

πρόφρασσα, irreg. Ep. fem. of πρόφρων, having forebought, iboughtful.

προφρόνως Ep. -έως, graciously, willingly, readily, gladly: Adv. of πρόφρων.

πρό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, φρήν) with forward mind, i. e. earnest, hearty, kindly, willing, ready to do a thing.

προφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of προφεύγω,

προφύγοισθα, Ep. for προφύγεις, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφυλάκῃ, (προφυλάσσω) a guard in front, outpost, advanced guard: αἱ προφυλακαὶ outposts, picquets: διὰ προφυλακῆς on guard.

προφυλάκις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. of sq.; ναὺς προφυλακίς a look-out ship.

προ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, an advanced guard. [Y]

προ-φύλασσω Att. -ττω: f. ῥω:—to keep guard before or in front, to guard, c. acc.: προφυλάσσειν ἐνὶ τινι to keep guard over a person or place: absol. to be on guard, be on the look-out, keep watch:—Med. to guard oneself: to guard against, be on one's guard against, Lat. cavere, c. acc.

προφύλαχθε, irreg. 2 plur. imperat. of προφυλάσσω.

προ-φύρω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: pf. pass. προπεφύρᾳμαι:—to knead before and. II. metaph. to concoct, brew.

προ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant before: metaph. to produce, give birth to.

προ-φύω, f. σω, to generate before. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. προέφυν, pf. προπέφυκα, to be born before another.

προ-φωνέω, f. ἴσω, to utter or declare before and. II. to command publicly.

προ-χαίρω, to rejoice before and: 3 sing. imperat. προχαίρετο, far be it from me! away with it! cf. χαίρε, χαίρετα, sub χαίρω.

προ-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge before and.

προ-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to put into the hand, deliver up:—Pass., aor. 1 part. προχειρισθείς, and pf. προκειχειρισμένος, to be taken in hand, undertaken: also to be arranged, made ready before and. II. as Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιού-

μαι, to take into one's hand, to make ready, make use of. 2. to choose, select, appoint.

πρό-χειρος, ὄν, (πρό, χεῖρ) at hand, close to, convenient: bandy, ready. 2. easy, common. 3. of persons, ready or inclined to do.

προ-χειροτονέω, f. ἴσω, to elect before.

προχείριος, Adv. of πρόχειρος, offband, readily: Comp. -οτέρως.

προ-χέω, f. -χῶ: aor. 1 προέχεα: pf. -κέχυκα: Pass., aor. 1 προεχύθην [Y]: pf. -κέχυμαι:—to pour forth or forward:—Pass., metaph. of a crowd of men; ἐς πεδίον προχέοντο they poured or streamed on to the plain.

πρόχνη, Adv. (πρό, γόνυ) kneeling, on one's knees; πρόχνη ἄλῃσθαι to perish in a kneeling state, i. e. in wretched plight.

προχοή, ἡ, (προχέω) a pouring out or forth: in plur. προχοαί, the mouth of a river.

προχότη, ἡ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος.

προ-χοῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πρόχοος, a pot.

πρόχοος Att. contr. -χους, ἡ: irreg. dat. pl. πρόχοισι: (προχέω):—a vessel for pouring out, a jug, pitcher, vase, urn: also the flagon or wine-flask from which the cup-bearer pours out the cups.

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to lead a chorus; προχορεύειν κῶμον to lead a band of revellers.

πρό-χους, Att. for πρόχοος: πρόχουσι, irreg. dat. pl. of πρόχους, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to smear or anoint before.

πρό-χρονος, ὄν, previous, prior.

προχύσις, ἡ (προχέω), a pouring or spreading out; προχυσιν ποιέσθαι οὐλὰς κριθῶν = προχέειν οὐλὰς κριθῶν, to pour forth the sacrificial barley: also a deposit, alluvial soil.

προχύται (sub. κριθαί), αἱ, properly fem. pl. of προχύτος, the barley cakes thrown forth at the beginning of a sacrifice.

προχύτης, ὄν, ὁ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος, a jug or pitcher: an urn, vase. [Y]

προχύτός, ἡ, ὄν, (προχέω) poured forth.

πρό-χωλος, ὄν, very lame or halt.

προ-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go or come forward, advance, go on. II. metaph. of Power, to advance, become greater, προχωρεῖν ἐπὶ μέγα: of an enterprise, to go on, succeed; εὖ προχωρεῖν to go on well: impers., προχωρεῖ it goes on well; ἀς ὁ δόλω οὐ προεχωρεῖ when it did not go on well for him by craft, i. e. when he did not succeed by craft. III. to come forward to speak.

προ-ώθew, f. -ώθῃσω and -ώσω: aor. 1 προέωσα:—to push forward, push or urge on; προωθεῖν αὐτόν to urge oneself on, rush on. II. to push off or away, in wrestling.

προ-ώλης, es, (πρό, ὄλλυμι) ruined before and.

προώρισα, aor. 1 of προορίζω.

πρό-ωρος, ὄν, (πρό, ὥρα) before the time, untimely.

προωφειλόμην, impf. pass. of προοφείλω.

πυλῆες, ὄν, οἱ, soldiers, combatants on foot: opp. to chiefs fighting from chariots. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πρύμνᾱ Ion. and poet. πρύμνη, ἡ, properly fem. of πρυμνός (sub. ναῦς), the hindmost part of a ship, the stern, poop, Lat. *ruppis*: ἐπὶ πρύμνῃ ἀνακρούεσθαι (see ἀνακρούω); ἄνεμος ἐπείγει κατὰ πρύμνῃ the wind impels us right astern: ships were generally fastened to land by the stern, hence πρύμνας λύσαι mean to loose the cable.

II. metaph., πρύμνα πόλεως the Acropolis; πρύμνα Ὀσσεας the foot of Mount Ossa.

πρυμναῖος, α, ov, (πρύμνα) of a ship's stern.

πρύμνη, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for πρύμνα.

πρύμνηθεν, Adv. of πρύμνη, from the ship's stern: generally, from behind.

πρυμνήσιος, α, ov, (πρύμνη) of or from a ship's stern:—as Subst., πρυμνήσια (sub. σχοινία), τά, ropes from a ship's stern to fasten her to the shore, stern-cables, Lat. *retinacula*.

πρυμνήτης, ου, ὁ, (πρύμνη) the steersman, helmsman: metaph. the pilot of the state. II. as masc. Adj. attached or fastened to a ship's stern.

πρυμνόθεν, Adv. (πρύμνη) from the stern. II. from the lowest part, Lat. *funditus*: utterly, root and branch.

πρυμνόν, τό, the lower part, end: properly neut. of πρυμνός.

πρυμνός, ἡ, ὄν, the hindmost, undermost, endmost: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end next the body, as, πρυμνός βραχίον the end of the arm (where it joins the shoulder): hence, πρυμνήν ὕλην ἐκτάμνειν to cut off the wood at the root.—Sup. πρυμνότατος, at the lowest end.

πρυμν-οὔχος, ov, (πρύμνα, ἔχω) holding the ship's stern. II. detaining the fleet.

πρυμν-ώρεια, ἡ, (πρυμνός, ὄρος) the bottom or foot of a mountain.

πρυτάνεια Ion. —ἡλη, ἡ, (πρυτανεύω) the prytaneia or presidency, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the prytanes of each φυλή in turn presided in the βουλὴ or Council of 500, and in the ἐκκλησία or popular Assembly:—κατὰ πρυτανείαν by presidencies, i. e. every 35 or 36 days. II. any public office held by rotation for given periods: πρυτανεία τῆς ἡμέρης the chief command for the day.

πρυτάνειον Ion. —ἡιον, τό, (πρύτανις) the presidents' hall, town-hall, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to Vesta, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the Prytaneion of the mother-city: the Prytanes for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a seat at this public table. II. a law-court at Athens.

III. pl. πρυτανεία, a sum of money deposited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began, Lat. *sacramentum*; τιθέναι πρυτανεία τι to make a deposit against one, i. e. bring an action against him.

πρυτάνεύω, f. σω, (πρύτανις) to be πρύτανις or pre-

sident, bold sway.

II. at Athens, to bold office as Prytanis, to put to the vote as Prytanis, propose or lay before the assembly: the φυλὴ or tribe, whose 50 βουλευταὶ were πρυτάνεις for the time being, was called φυλὴ πρυτανεύουσα, (see πρύτανις, πρυτανεία): ὁ πρυτανεύσας he who put a question to the vote. III. generally, to manage, regulate, administer.

πρυτάνη, —ἡιον, Ion. for πρυτανεία, —εἶον.

πρυτάνης, εως, ὁ, pl. πρυτάνεις, as if from πρυτανεύς: (πρό, πρότερος): a prince, ruler, lord. II. a Prytanis or President: at Athens the πρυτάνεις were a committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming $\frac{1}{10}$ part of the βουλὴ or Council of 500: out of these fifty πρυτάνεις one was chosen by lot as chief-president (ἐπιστάτης); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμματεὺς) not of their own body, formed the Presidency (πρυτανεία). The φυλὴ which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called πρυτανεία; during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form; Ἀκαμαντὶς [φυλὴ] ἐπρυτάνευε, Φαίνιππος ἐγραμματεύε, Νικιάδης ἐπρεστάει, 'the tribe of Acamans were πρυτάνεις, Phae-nippus was secretary, Niciades was chief-president.' See πρυτανεία, πρυτανεῖον.

πρῶ or πρῶ, Adv., Att. for πρῶν.

πρῶν Dor. πρῶαν, (πρῶ) lately, just now, not long ago, Lat. *nuper*. II. the day before yesterday;

proverb, μέχρι οὗ πρῶν τε καὶ χθές till yesterday or the day before, i. e. till very lately.

πρωθ-ῆβης, ου, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἦβη) a youth in his first bloom.

πρωθ-ῆβος, ov, also η, ov, (πρῶτος, ἦβη) in the bloom or flower of youth.

πρῶ [χ], Att. shortd. πρῶ: Adv.: (πρό):—early, early in the day, at morn, Lat. *mane*: c. gen., πρῶ ἐτι τῆς ἡμέρης still early in the day; ἡμέρας τὸ πρῶ the early part of the day; ἅμα πρῶ at early morn; ἀπὸ πρῶ from morn. 2. generally, betimes, early, in good time, Lat. *mature, tempestive*. II. Comp. πρῶαιτερον, earlier, Sup. πρῶαιτάτα, earliest, formed from πρῶος.

πρῶα (sub. ὕφα), ἡ, fem. of πρῶος, morning. [χ] πρῶαιτερον, πρῶαιτάτα, Comp. and Sup. of πρῶ. πρῶϊος, ov, = πρῶος, early, timely, in good time: Adv. πρῶϊα, like πρῶν, the day before yesterday: but also too early, before the time.

πρῶϊμος, ov, (πρῶ) early.

πρῶϊνός, ἡ, ὄν, = πρῶϊος. [χ]

πρῶος Att. πρῶος, α, ov, (πρῶ): early, early in day, at morn; δεῖλη πρῶα the early part of the afternoon, opp. to δεῖλη ὕψια, the latter part; πρῶϊας, absol. as Adv., early. II. early in the season;

πρῶα τῶν καρπίμων early fruits.

πρωκτο-πεντετηρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πρωκτός, πεντετηρίς) five years of debauchery.

πρωκτός, ὁ, (πρῶγω) the anus, the hinder parts, back, tail.

πρῶν, πρῶνος, ὁ, contr. from πρῆν, πρῆνος; nom. pl. πρῶνες, as if from πρῶν:—anything that juts forward, a foreland, headland, Lat. promontorium; ἄλιος πρὸν ἀμφοτέρω κοινὸς αἰῶς the jutting ridge of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both lands.

πρῶος, α, ον, Att. for πρῶιος.

πρῶρα, as Ion. πρ, ἡ, (πρὸ) the fore-part of a ship, a ship's head, prow, bows, Lat. prora: also (as if from an Adj. πρῶρος) νηὺς πρῶρη the prow of a ship, like νηὺς πρῆμη; πνεῦμα τοῦκ πρῶρας a head-wind, opp. to πνεῦμα κατὰ πρῆμην, a stern-wind. II. generally, any front: hence a head, face.

πρῶρᾱθεν, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (πρῶρα) from the ship's head, from the front.

πρῶρᾱτεύω, f. σω, to be a look-out man, look out ahead. From

πρῶράτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (πρῶρα) a man who stood at the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.

πρῶρεῦς, εως, ὁ, (πρῶρα) = πρῶράτης.

πρῶρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πρῶρᾱθεν.

πρῶσαι, πρῶσας, πρῶσον, contr. for προ-ῶσαι, etc., aor. I inf., part., and imperat. of προωθέω.

πρῶτα, neut. pl. of πρῶτος, as Adv. first of all, in the first place.

πρωτ-ἄγος, οὔ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἄγω) leading in advance; οἱ πρωταγοί, the vanguard.

πρωτ-ἄγρια, τά, (πρῶτος, ἄγρα) the first-fruits of the chase.

πρωτ-ἄγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἄγωνιστής) one who plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. *primarium partium actor*; the other two actors being called respectively δευτεραγωνιστής, τριταγωνιστής: generally, the chief personage.

πρωτ-ἄρχος, ον, (πρῶτος, ἀρχω) first-beginning, primal, originating.

πρωτεῖον, τό, (πρωτεύω) the chief rank, first place: esp. in pl., τὰ πρωτεῖα the first prize or place.

πρωτεύω, f. σω, (πρῶτος) to be the first, to excel, be preëminent. 2. to be the first among, be superior to, c. gen.

πρωτ-ἡρότης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἡρότης) one who ploughs earliest or first.

πρωτιστος, ἡ, ον, also ον, ον, poet. Sup. of πρῶτος, the first of the first, first of all, very first; neut. πρῶτιστον and -τα as Adv., first of all.

πρωτό-βολος, ον, (πρῶτος, βαλεῖν) first thrown at or struck. II. parox. πρωτο-βόλος, ον, act. striking first.

πρωτο-γλύψης, ἐς, (πρῶτος, γλύπτω) newly-carved.

πρωτό-γονος, ον, (πρῶτος, γενέσθαι) firstborn. 2. of rank, high-born, illustrious. 3. first-ordained.

πρωτό-ζυγος, (πρῶτος, ζυγῆναι) newly married.

πρωτό-θρονος, ον, filling the first seat: irreg. pl. πρωτόθρονες (as if from πρωτόθρον).

πρωτο-καθεδρία, ἡ, (πρῶτος, καθέδρα) the first seat, chief place.

πρωτο-κλισία, ἡ, (πρῶτος, κλίνω) the first place or seat at table.

πρωτο-κτόνος, ον, (πρῶτος, κτείνω) slaying first, committing the first murder.

πρωτο-κύων, ὁ, (πρῶτος, κύων) the first dog, i. e. the chief of the Cynics.

πρωτό-λεια, τά, (πρῶτος, λεία) the first spoils in war, the firstfruits:—as Adv. in the first place.

πρωτολογία, ἡ, the right of speaking first. From πρωτο-λόγος, ον, (πρῶτος, λέγω) speaking first.

πρωτο-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (πρῶτος, μάντις) the first prophet or seer.

πρωτο-μορος, ον, (πρῶτος, μόρος) dying or dead first.

πρωτο-πάγης, ἐς, (πρῶτος, παγῆναι) first put together, i. e. newly made.

πρωτο-πήμων, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρῶτος, πήμα) hurting first: the first cause of ill.

πρωτό-πλοος, ον, Att. contr. -πλους, ονν, (πρῶτος, πλοός) making the first voyage, going to sea for the first time. II. sailing first or foremost.

πρωτόρ-ριζος, ον, (πρῶτος,ρίζα) being the first root or origin.

πρῶτος, ἡ, ον, Sup. of πρό, as if contr. from πρότατος, πρώτος, Dor. πρώτος (the Comp. being πρότερος):—first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. *primus*; ἐνι πρώτοις, μετὰ πρώτοις among the first fighters, i. e. in front. 2. neut. pl. τὰ πρῶτα (sub. ἄλλα) the first prize; τὰ πρῶτα φέρεσθαι to carry off the first prize; ἐς τὰ πρῶτα to the highest degree: of persons, ἐὼν τὰ πρῶτα τῶν Ἐρετριῶν being the first or foremost man among the Eretrians; τὰ πρῶτα τῆς ἐκεῖ μοχθηρίας the chief of the rascality there. 3. τὴν πρωτήν, as Adv., first, at present, just now: so with εἶναι, τὴν πρώτην εἶναι, like ἐκὼν εἶναι, at first. 4. neut. sing. and plur. πρῶτον, πρῶτα as Adv., first, in the first place, Lat. *primum*: first of all, above all. 5. after a Relative, πρῶτον means once, once for all, as, ὅτινα πρῶτον λάβουσιν ἄλλαι whom storms may catch for the first time, i. e. once for all. 6. ἐν πρώτοις, Lat. *in primis*, among the first, chiefly, especially; ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις, as if shortd. for ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις πρῶτοι first among the first.

II. πρῶτος is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., before, sooner than: also πρῶτον ἡ. . . , = πρὶν ἡ. . . , Lat. *priusquam*.

πρωτό-σπορος, ον, (πρῶτος, σπείρω) first sown or begotten.

πρωτο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἵσταμαι) one who stands first, the first man on the right of a line; but also, οἱ πρωτόσταται the front-rank men. II. a chief, leader. [ᾱ]

πρωτοτοκία, ἡ, a bearing her firstborn: and πρωτοτόκια, ον, τά, the privilege of the first-born, birthright. From

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκεῖν) bearing her first-born. II. proparox. πρωτότοκος, ον, pass. first-born.

πρωτό-τομος, *ον*, (πρῶτος, τεμεῖν) *first cut or cut off*.
πρωτό-φυτος, *ον*, (πρῶτος, φύω) *firstborn*.
πρωτό-χυνος, *ον* contr. -χυνος, *ονν*, *with the first down*.

πρωτό-χυτος, *ον*, (πρῶτος, χέω) *first-flowing*.
πρωῦδαν, *contr.* for προ-αυδᾶν, *inf.* of προαυδάω.
πρῶων, *ονος*, *ὁ*, *Ep.* lengthd. form for πρῶν.

πταίοισα, *Dor.* pres. part. fem. of πταίω.
ΠΤΑΙΡΩ, *f.* πταίρῳ: *aor.* 1 ἔπταρα: *aor.* 2 ἔπταρον:—*to sneeze*; μέγ' ἔπταρε *be sneezed aloud*, which was taken for a good omen:—*metaph.* of a lamp, *to sputter*.

πταῖσμα, τό, (πταίω) *a stumble, false step*: *metaph.* *a mistake, blunder*. II. *a failure, misfortune*.

ΠΤΑΙΩ, *f.* πταίω: *aor.* 1 ἔπταισα: *Pass.*, *aor.* 1 ἐπταίσθη: *pf.* ἔπταιμαι:—*to make to stumble*, *Lat.* *offendere*. II. *intrans.* (sub. πόδα) *to strike the foot, stumble*; πταίνει πρὸς τινι *to stumble against*;

also, *περί τινι*, *as*, μὴ *περί* Μαρδονίῳ *πταίσῃ* ἡ Ἑλλάς *lest Hellas should get a fall over him*. 2. *metaph.* *to make a false step or mistake, to fail*.

πτάμενος, *η*, *ον*, *aor.* 2 part. of πτάμαι. [ᾱ]

πτανός, *Dor.* for πτηνός.

πτάξ, *gen.* πτάκος, *ὁ*, *ή*, (πτήσσω) *the cowering animal*, i. e. *the hare*.

πταρμός, *ὁ*, (πταίρω) *a sneezing, sneeze*.

πταρνύμαι, *Dep.* = πταίρω, *to sneeze*.

πτάς, *part.* of ἔπτην, *aor.* 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτάσθαι, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of πέταμαι.

πτάτο, *Ep.* for ἔπτατο, *3 sing.* *aor.* 2 of πέταμαι.

ΠΤΕΛΕΑ *Ion.* -ἔη, *ή*, *the elm*, *Lat.* *ulmus*.

πτερίνος, *η*, *ον*, also *ος*, *ον*, (πτερόν) *made of feathers*; πτερίνος κύκλος *a fan of feathers*. II. *feathered, winged*.

πτερίς, *ιδος*, and πτέρις, *εως*, *ή*, (πτερόν) *a kind of fern*, so called from its leaves being like feathers.

ΠΤΕΡΝΑ *Ion.* -νῃ, *ή*, *the bee*. II. = πέρνα, *a bam*.

Πτερνο-γλύφος, *ὁ*, (πτέρνα, γλύφω) *Ham-scraper*, name for a mouse in the Batrachomomachia.

Πτερνο-πρώκτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (πτέρνα, πρῶγω) *Ham-nibbler*, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomomachia.

Πτερνο-φάγος, *ὁ*, (πτέρνα, φάγειν) *Ham-eater*, name of a mouse in the Batrachomomachia.

πτερο-δόντης, *ον*, (πτερόν, δονέω) *moved with flapping wings*: *metaph.* *big-b-soaring, big-b-flown*.

πτεροῖς, *εσσα*, *εν*, *contr.* fem. πτερούσσα, *gen.* πτερούστος: (πτερόν):—*feathered, winged*: also *light as a feather*: used by Homer mostly in phrase ἔπεα πτερόντα *winged words*.

πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) *a feather*, mostly in plur. *feathers*. 2. *wings*; ὑπὸ πτεροῖς εἶναι *to be under their mother's wings*. II. *a winged creature*. 2. *for οἰανός, an augury, omen*. III. *of anything like wings or feathers*, such as oars, ἔρετμα, τά τε πτερὰ νηυσὶ πέλονται *which are the wings of ships*. 2. ἀέθλων πτερὰ *the prize which wafts the Poet as it were to heaven*. 3. *the leafage of trees*,

like κόμη. 4. in Architecture, *the rows of columns along the sides of Greek temples*, whence the terms ἀπτερος, δίπτερος, περίπτερος.

πτερο-ποικίλος, *ον*, (πτερόν, ποικίλος) *motley-feathered, of pied plumage*.

πτερό-πους, -ποδος, (πτερόν, ποῦς) *wing-footed*. πτερορ-ροῦς and -ρῦς, *f.* ῥος: (πτερόν, ῥέω):—*to shed the feathers, lose feather, moult*: *metaph.* *to be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned*.

πτερο-φόρος, *ον*, (πτερόν, φέρω) *feathered, winged*; πτεροφόρα φύλα *the feathered tribes*.

πτερο-φύει, (πτερόν, φύω) *to grow feathers or wings*.

πτερώ, *f.* ὦσα, (πτερόν) *to furnish with feathers or wings, to feather*; πτεροῦν βιβλίον *to tie a letter to a feathered arrow and shoot it off*:—*Pass.* *to be feathered*. 2. *of ships, to furnish with oars*.

πτερώεσσι, *Ep.* dat. pl. of πτέρυξ.

πτερύγιζω, *f.* ἴσω, (πτερυξ) *to flutter or flap the wings*.

πτερύγιον [ῥ], τό, *Dim.* of πτέρυξ, *a little wing*. II. *anything like a wing, as, a turret or battlement*; or, *a pointed roof, a pinnacle*.

πτερύγ-ωκῆς, *ές*, (πτερυξ, ὠκῆς) *swift of wing*.

πτερύγωτος, *ή*, *όν*, (πτερυγῶ) *fledged, winged, wing-shaped*.

πτέρυξ, ὕγος, *ή*, (πτερόν) *a wing*. II. *anything like a wing, as* I. *a rudder*. 2. *in plur.* *the skirts of a coat of mail*. 3. *the wing of a building*.

III. *anything that covers or protects like wings, a fold, flap or cape*. IV. *metaph.*, πτέρυγες γούων *the wings, i. e. the flight or flow, of grief*.

πτερούσσομαι, *f.* ἔσομαι, *Dep.* = πτερυγίζω.

πτερώμα, *ατος*, τό, (πτερώ) *that which is feathered, a feathered arrow*.

πτερώσις, *ή*, (πτερώ) *a feathering, plumage*.

πτερωτός, *ή*, *όν*, also *ός*, *όν*, (πτερώ) *feathered*: *winged*.

πτέσθαι, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of πέτομαι.

πτήναι, *inf.* of ἔπτην, *aor.* 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτην-ολέπτις, *ιδος*, *ή*, (πτηνός, ὀλλυμι) *bird-killing*.

πτηνός, *ή*, *όν* *Dor.* πτανός, *ἄ*, *όν*, (πτήναι) *feathered, winged*: πτηνά, *τά*, *fowls, birds*. II. *of young birds, fledged*. III. *metaph.*, πτηνοὶ μῦθοι, *like ἔπεα πτερόντα, winged, passing words*; πτηναὶ ἐλπίδες *fleeing hopes*.

πτήξαι, *aor.* 1 *inf.* of πτήσσω.

πτήσις, *ή*, (πτήναι) *a flying, flight*.

πτήσομαι, *fut.* of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΗΨΣΩ, *fut.* πτήξω: *aor.* 1 ἔπτηξα *Ep.* πτήξα: *aor.* 2 ἔπτακον, only found in compd. καταπτάκων: *pf.* ἔπτηχα, *Ep.* part. πεπτηγός, ὦτος:—*to frighten, scare, alarm, terrify, Lat.* *terrere*. II. *intr.* *to crouch down or cower for fear*; πτήσσειν βωμόν *to flee cowering to the altar*. 2. *c. acc.* *to crouch for fear of a thing*.

πτήται, *Ion.* for πτάται, *3 sing.* *aor.* 2 subj. of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΥΛΟΝ [r], τό, *a feather*: *plumage*: esp. *of the under feathers, down*. II. *a wing*.

πιλό-νωτος, *ον*, (πίλον, νῶτον) *with feathered back*.
 πτίσανη [ᾱ], ἡ, (πτίσσω) *peeled barley*. II. *a drink made from it, barley-water, barley-gruel*.

ΠΤΥΣΣΩ, fut. πτίσω: aor. I ἐπτίσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπτίσθην: pf. ἐπτίσμαι:—*to husk, peel or winnow grain: also to grind coarsely, to pound*.

πτόα Ion. πτοίη, ἡ, (πτοέω) *fear, terror*.

ΠΤΟΕΩ, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἐπτόησα poet. ἐπτοίησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπτοήθην poet. ἐπτοίηθην: pf. ἐπτόημαι poet. ἐπτοίημαι:—*to frighten, scare away*:—Pass. to be scared or dismayed.

II. metaph. *to flutter, excite, agitate*:—Pass. *to be in a flutter, be agitated: to be wild, distracted; τὸ πτοηθέν distraction*. Hence πτόησις or πτοίησις, *εως, ἡ, terror: any vehement passion, excitement*.

πτοέω, πτοίησις, πτοίητός, v. sub πτοέω.

πτολεμίζω, πτολεμιστής, etc., Ep. for πολεμ-.

πτολέμος, *ὁ*, Ep. for πόλεμος, *war*.

πτολί-αρχος, *ον*, Ep. for πολίαρχος.

πτολίθερον, τό, Dim. of πόλις, but used like πόλις, *a city*.

πτολί-πορθος and πτολι-πόρθιος, *ον*, (πόλις, πέρθω) *sacking or wasting cities: also πτολι-πόρθησις, ου, ὁ*.

πτόλις, Ep. for πόλις.

πτόλισμα, Ep. for πόλισμα.

πτόρθος, *ὁ*, *a young branch, shoot, sucker, sapling*. II. *a sprouting, shooting, budding*.

πτύγμα, *ατος, τό*, (πτύσσω) *anything folded, a fold*.

πτυκτός, ἡ, *ὄν*, (πτύσσω) *folded; πτυκτὸς πίναξ, folding tablets, consisting of two thin plates of wood, one folding upon the other*.

πτύξ, πτύχος, ἡ, later πτύχη, ἡς, ἡ, (πτύσσω):—*anything in folds, a fold, leaf, layer, plate, πτύχες σάκεος plates forming a shield*. II. *of the clefts or breaks in the side of a hill, which at a distance look like folds; a cleft, dell, coomb: so also of the sky, folds or clouds*. III. *in form πτυχή, a folding tablet*.

IV. *in Comedy, wrinkles*.
 πτύον, τό, Ep. gen. πτύόφιν (πτύω) *a winnowing-sieve or fan, Lat. vannus*.

ΠΤΥΡΩ [ῶ], f. πτύρῳ:—*to frighten, scare, terrify*:—Pass. πτύρομαι, aor. 2 ἐπτύρην [ῶ]: *to be frightened*.
 πτύμα, *ατος, τό*, (πτύω) *spittle*.

ΠΤΥΣΣΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐπτυξα: Pass., aor. I ἐπτύχθην: pf. πέπτυγμαι:—*to fold or double up, fold and lay by*.

II. Pass. *to be folded or doubled up: of spear-points, to be folded or bent back*. 2. *to fold or cling round or to*. III.

Med. *to fold round oneself*. Hence

πτύχη, ἡ, see πτύξ.

ΠΤΥΩ, f. πτύω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐπτύσα: pf. pass. ἐπτυμαι:—*to spit out: to spit, Lat. spuo*.

II. *to disgorge, cast out, throw up, vomit forth*. III. metaph. πτύσας *having spat, with an expression of disgust; πτύσας προσώπῳ with loathing in his face*.

πτωκάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (πτῶξ, πτώσσω) *shy, timorous, fearful*.

πτῶμα, *ατος, τό*, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *a fall: a misfortune, calamity, disaster, Lat. casus*. II. *that which has fallen, a corpse, carcase*.

πτῶξ, *ὁ, ἡ*, gen. πτωκός, (πτῶσσω) *the cowering animal, i. e. the bare*.

πτῶσιμος, *ον*, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *fallen, slain*.

πτῶσις, *εως, ἡ*, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *a falling, fall*.

πτωσκάω, poet. for πτώσσω, *to crouch for fear*.

ΠΤΩΣΣΩ, like πτήσσω, intr. *to crouch or cower from fear: also to go cowering about, like a beggar, to visit like a beggar*. 2. *to flee affrighted: c. acc. to flee from*.

πτωχία Ion. -ῆνι, ἡ, (πτωχεύω) *begging, beggary*.

πτωχεύω, Ion. impf. πτωχεύεσκον: f. σω: (πτωχός):—*to be a beggar, beg*. II. trans., I. c. acc. rei, *to get by begging*. 2. c. acc. pers. *to beg or ask an alms of*.

πτωχήνι, Ion. for πτωχία.

πτωχικός, ἡ, *ὄν*, (πτωχός) *of or for a beggar, beggarly*.

πτωχίστερος, irreg. Comp. of πτωχός.

πτωχο-ποιός, *όν*, (πτωχός, ποιέω) *drawing beggarly characters, of a poet*.

πτωχός, ἡ, *ὄν*, also *ὁς, ὄν*, (πτῶσσω) *one who crouches or cringes; as Subst., πτωχός, ὁ, a beggar: also πτωχὸς ἄνθρωπος a beggarman*. II. as Adj. *beggarly, mean, sorry*:—later also *poor*.—Comp. and Sup. πτωχύτερος, -ότατος; irreg. Comp. πτωχίστερος.

Πυᾶνεία (sub. ἱερά), τά, (πύανος, ξύω) *the Pyanepsia, an Athenian festival in the month Πυανεψιών, in honour of Apollo: said to be so called from a dish of beans then eaten*. Hence

Πυᾶνεψιών, ἄνω, ὁ, the fourth month of the Attic year, so named from the festival Πυανέψια: corresponding to the latter part of October and former of November.

ΠΥ'ΑΝΟΣ, *ὁ*, *a bean*.

πυγαῖος, *α, ον*, (πυγή) *of or on the rump: τὸ πυγαῖον ἄκρου the tip of the rump*.

πύγ-αργος, *ον*, (πύγη, ἀργός) *white-rump, name of a Libyan antelope; also of the sea-eagle*.

ΠΥΓΗ, ἡς, ἡ, *the rump, buttocks*. Hence

πυγίδιον, τό, Dim. *a thin, narrow rump*. [Υ]

πυγμαῖος, *α, ον*, (πυγμή η) *about a foot long or tall*.

II. Πυγμαῖοι, *οἱ*, the Pigmies, a fabulous race of dwarfs on the upper Nile, said to have been attacked and destroyed by Cranes.

πυγμαῖος, f. ἥσω, *to practise boxing, be a boxer*. And

πυγμαῖα, ἡ, *boxing, Lat. pugilatus*. From πυγ-μάχος, *ον*, (πυγμή, μάχομαι) *fighting with the fist: as Subst., πυγμαῖος, ὁ, a boxer, Lat. pugil*.

πυγμή, ἡ, (πύξ) *a fist, Lat. pugnus: also a battle with fists, boxing-match; πυγμὴν νικᾶν to be conqueror in the contest of boxing*. II. *a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the knuckles,*

= 18 δάκτυλοι, about 1 ft. 1½ inches. III.

πυγῇ, dat. used as Adv., either = *πύκα*, often, frequently; or *up to the elbow*.

πύγο-στόλος, ον, (πυγή, στολή) with sweeping train, with trailing robe.

πύγουσιος, α, ον, about 15 inches long. From ΠΥΤΩΝ, όνος, ή, the elbow. II. as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 δάκτυλοι or 5 παλασταί, about 15 inches.

πυθαρίω, f. ίσω, to hop, jump, dance.

ΠΥΤΛΟΣ, ή, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding animals: a bathing-tub: a vat, boiler, copper.

Πυθαγόρας, ου Dor. α, ό, the philosopher Pythagoras. He

Πυθαγορίζω, f. ίσω, to be a disciple of Pythagoras. Πυθαγοριστής, ου, Dor. -ικτάς, α, ό, (Πυθαγορίζω) a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras.

πυθίσσαι, aor. 2 inf. of πυθάνομαι.

πύθευ, Dor. for πυθού, aor. 2 med. imperat. of πυθάνομαι.

Πύθια (sub. ίερεία), ή, fem. of Πύθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

Πύθια (sub. ίερά), τά, neut. pl. of Πύθιος, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see Πυθώ) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

Πυθιάς, άδος, pecul. fem. of Πύθιος; Πυθιάς βοά a song to Apollo.

II. (sub. περίοδος), a Pythiad, period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like Όλυμπιάς. 2. the celebration of the Pythian games.

Πυθικός, ή, όν, (Πυθώ) of or for Pytho, Pythian, Delphic.

Πύθιον, τό, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi.

Πυθώ-νικης, ου, ό, (Πύθια, νικάω) a conqueror in the Pythian games.

Πυθώ-νικος, ον, (Πύθια, νικάω) of or belonging to a victory in the Pythian games.

Πύθος, α, ον, (Πυθώ) Pythian, of or belonging to Pytho, Delphian. II. Πύθιοι, οί, at Sparta, four persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic oracle on affairs of state.

πυθμῆν, ένος, ό, (βυθός) the hollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. fundus; πυθμῆν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea: metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the depths, foundations. II.

the bottom, root of a tree: generally, a root: metaph. the original stock or stem of a family.

Πυθόι, Adv., properly dat. of Πυθώ, at Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθόλατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of πυθάνομαι.

Πυθόιδε, Adv., = Πυθάδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθό-κραντος, ον, (Πυθώ, κραίνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθόκραντα the Pythian oracles.

Πυθό-μαντις, εως, ό, ή, (Πυθώ, μάντις) a Pythian prophet. II. used as Adj., of the Pythian prophet; Πυθόμαντις έστία the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

Πυθό-χρήστης, ου, Dor. -τας, α, ό, (Πυθώ, χράω) a consulter of the Pythian god.

Πυθό-χρηστος, ον, (Πυθώ, χράω) delivered by the Pythian god. II. consulting the Pythian god.

ΠΥΘΩ [ϋ]: fut. πύσω: aor. 1 έπύσα Ep. πύσα:—to make rot, to rot, corrode:—Pass. to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder.

Πυθώ, gen. ους, dat. οί, ή, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi: also the oldest name of Delphi itself. Hence

Πυθάδε, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and

Πυθάθεν, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθών, ώνος, ή, older form for Πυθώ.

Πυθωνόθεν, Adv., = Πυθάθεν, from Pytho.

ΠΥΚΑ, poet. Adv. from same Root as πυκνός, πυκνός, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently.

πυκάω old Dor. -άσσω: f. άσω: aor. 1 έπύκασα Ep. πύκασα: Pass., aor. 1 έπυκάσθην: pf. πεπύκασμαι: (πύκα):—to make thick or close, cover up closely, encamp; πυκάζειν στεφάνους to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to protect, to shelter: absol. to crown:—aor. 1 and pf. pass. part. πυκασθείς and πεπυκασμένος, thickly covered, well clothed. 2. metaph. to overcloud, cast a shadow over:—Med. to prepare, fit, make ready for one. II. to close fast, shut up.

πυκάσσω, Dor. for πυκάζω.

πύκι-μυδής, ές, (πυκνός, μῆδος) of close or cautious mind, discreet.

πυκίνος, ή, όν, poet. lengthd. form for πυκνός: neut. πυκινόν and πυκνά as Adv. closely, thickly: sbreadly.

πύκινό-φρων, ονος, (πυκνός, φρήν) wise-minded.

πυκινώς, Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνά, neut. pl. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνίτης, ου, ό, = πυκνίτης, (Πυνή) assembling in the Pnyx. [Γ]

πυκνόν, neut. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v.

πυκνό-πτερος, ον, (πυκνός, πτερόν) thick-feathered.

πυκνορ-ράξ, -ράγος, (πυκνός, ράξ) or πυκνο-ρώξ,

-ώγος, ό, ή, (πυκνός, ρώξ) thick with berries.

πυκνός Ep. lengthd. πυκνίνος, ή, όν, (πύξ):—close, compact: of substance, close, solid: thick, close-packed, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, close. 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. creber, frequens; πυκνά βέλεα a thick shower of darts. II.

well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded. III. great, excessive.

IV. metaph. of the mind, close, guarded, cautious; hence sbread, discreet, wise. V.

besides the regular Adverbs πυκνώς and πυκινώς, Homer also uses neuters πυκνόν and πυκνά, πυκινόν and πυκινά as Adv.,

1. closely, firmly, fast. 2. much, often, excessively. 3. wisely, sbreadly.

πυκνός, gen. of πυνή.

πυκνό-στικτος, ον, (πυκνός, στίζω) thick-spotted, dappled, brindled.

πυκνότης, ητος, ή, (πυκνός) closeness, thickness,

denseness.

II. frequency.

III. metaph.

wisdom, shrewdness, discretion.

πυκνών, f. ὥσα, (πυκνός) to make close or solid : to pack close, roll into small compass, condense :—Pass. to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πύκνωμα, atos, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνῶς, Adv. of πυκνός : see πυκνός v.

πυκτάλλω, f. σω, = πυκτεύω, to box, spar.

πύκτας, Dor. for πύκτης, a boxer.

πυκτεύω, f. σω, to be a boxer, practise boxing, box, spar : to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ov, ὁ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυκτικός, ἡ, ὁν, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing.

πυκτίς, ιδος, ἡ, (πύττω) a writing tablet.

πυκτίς, ιδος, ἡ, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-αγόρας or Πυλ-αγόρος, ov, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphictyonic Council at Pylae, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphictyonic Council. Hence

πύλαγορέω, f. ἦσω, to be a Πυλαγόρας, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphictyonic Council.

Πύλ-αγόρος, see Πυλαγόρας.

Πύλαι, αἱ, see πύλη II. 2.

Πύλαια (sub. σύνοδος), ἡ, fem. of πυλαῖος, the meeting of the Amphictyons at Pylae; generally, the Amphictyonic Council : also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πυλαί-μάχος, ov, (πύλος or πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the gate, or fighting at Pylos.

πυλαῖος, α, ov, (πύλη) at or before the gate. 2. (Πύλαι) at Pylae; v. Πυλαία. [ῥ]

πύλ-άρτης, ov, ὁ, (πύλη, ἀράρισσας) he that keeps the gate of bell : Acol. gen. πύλάρταο.

πύλ-αυρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ἄρα) Ep. for πυλαυρός, keeping the gate : as Subst., πυλαυρός, ὁ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ΠΥΓΓΗ, ἡ, a gate : in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to θύρα (a house-door) : but also = θύρα, the door of a house. II. generally, an entrance, inlet. 2. an entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e.g. Πύλαι, αἱ, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylae, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also of narrow straits. [ῥ]

Πύλ-ηγόρος, ov, ὁ, Ion. for Πυλαγόρας.

πύλη-δόκος, ὁ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate. πύλεις, ιδος, ἡ, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern.

Πύλοθεν, Adv. (Πύλος) from Pylos.

Πύλοι-γενής, ἐς, (Πύλος, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylos.

Πύλῳδε, Adv. (Πύλος) to or towards Pylos.

πύλος, ὁ, = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλος, ὁ or ἡ, Pylos, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled : there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [ῥ]

πύλ-ουρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὄρος) a gate-keeper.

πύλω, f. ὥσα, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates :—Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, atos, τό, a gate, gateway.

πύλῳν, ἄνος, ὁ, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-house : also a porch or vestibule.

πύλωρῶ, to be a gate-keeper. From

πύλ-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ἄρα) a gate-keeper, warder.

πύμαστος, ἡ, ov, (πυθμῆν) the bindmost, uttermost, last : πύματον and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύνδαξ, ακος, ὁ, (πυθμῆν) the bottom of a vessel.

πυνθάνομαι, lengthd. from πεύθομαι : f. πεύσομαι Dor. πεισοῦμαι : aor. 2 ἐπύθωμην, imperat. πυνθού Dor. πύθου, inf. πύθεσθαι, Ep. 3 sing. opt. πεπύθοιτο : pf. πέπυσμαι, 2 sing. πέπυσαι Ep. πέπυσσαι : plqpf. ἐπεπύσμεν, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύσθην :

—to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking or inquiry : to bear, learn, understand : c. gen. to bear of, bear news of : also c. acc. to inquire about : c. inf. to bear or learn that ...

ΠΥΓΓΗ, Adv. with clenched fist : πύξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, i. e. at boxing.

πύξινεος, α, ov, and πύξινος, ἡ, ov, (πύξος) made of box-wood.

ΠΥΓΓΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree : also its wood.

ΠΥΓΓΟΣ or πύος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

πύππαξ, an exclamation of surprise, bravo !

ΠΥΓΓ, πύρος, τό, fire ; πύρ Διός the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverish bore.

III. to express things terrible ; κρείσσον ἀμαμακέτον πύρος stronger than invincible fire ; διὰ πύρος λέναι to go through fire and water. Hence

πύρά, ὧν, τά, watch-fires, only in pl.

πύρά, ἄς, Ion. πύρη, ἡς, ἡ, the place where fire is kindled : a funeral-pyre : also a burial-place. 2. an altar for burnt-sacrifice : also the fire burning upon the altar.

πύρ-άρα, ἡ, (πύρ, ἀγρέω) a pair of fire-tongs.

πύρ-αγρέτης, ov, ὁ, = πυράρα.

πύρ-αἶθω, (πυρά, αἶθω) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πύρ-ακτέω, f. ἦσω, (πύρ, ἀγώ) to turn in the fire, to barden in the fire, char.

πύράμινος, ἡ, ov, (πύρος) = πύρινος, of wheat, wheaten.

πύράμις, ιδος, ἡ, a pyramid :—an Egyptian word.

πύράμωτος, οὐντος, ὁ, contr. for πυράμωεις, (πύρος) a cake of roasted wheat and honey ; given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch :

generally, the need or prize of victory.

πύρ-αυγῆς, ἐς, (πύρ, αὐγή) fiery bright.

πυργηδόν, Adv. (πίργος) like a tower. II. of soldiers, in masses or columns, in close array.

πυργηρέω, f. ἦσω, to shut up in a tower :—Pass. to be beleaguered, besieged. From

πυργήρης, *ες*, (πύργος, ἀρᾶρεῖν) *shut up in a tower, beleaguered: besieged.*

πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πύργινος, *η, ον*, (πύργος) *strong as a tower.*

πυργιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πύργο-δάκτος, *ον*, (πύργος, δαίω) *destroying towers.* [α]

πυργο-μάχew, (πύργος, μάχομαι) *to assault or batter towers.*

ΠΥΡΓΟΣ, *ος*, a tower: in plur. walls and towers: generally, any fortification, a fortress, castle: also a moveable tower for storming towns, 2. metaph. a tower of defence, rampart, bulwark: πύργος θανάτων a bulwark against death. 3. the highest part of any building.

II. a division of an army drawn up in close order, a column: see πυργδόν.

πυργο-φόρος, *ον*, (πύργος, φέρω) *tower-bearing.*

πυργο-φύλαξ, *ος*, *ος*, (πύργος, φύλαξ) a tower-guard, warder. [α]

πυργῶ, *φ. ὦσαι*, (πύργος) *to gird or fence with towers:—Med. to build towers:—Pass. to be furnished with a tower.*

II. to raise up to a towering height: metaph., πυργῶσαι βήματα σεμνά 'to build the lofty rhyme:' hence to exalt, extol, exaggerate:—Pass. to exalt oneself, be overbearing, haughty.

πυργῶδης, *ες*, (πύργος, εἶδος) *like a tower.*

πύργωμα, *ατος, τό*, (πυργῶ) a place furnished with towers, a fenced city: in plur. towers and walls.

πυργῶπις, *ιδος, fem. Adj.* (πυργῶ) *towering.*

πυρ-δᾶής, *ές*, (πύρ, δαίω) *burning with fire, incendiary.*

πυρεῖον Ion. πυρήιον, τό, (πύρ) plur. πυρῆια, *pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire: generally, any means of kindling fire.*

πυρέσσω Att. —τω: fut. πυρέξω: aor. ι ἐπύρεξα: (πυρεῖα) —to be feverish, be sick of a fever.

πυρετός, *ου, δ*, (πύρ) *burning heat, fiery heat.* II. esp. feverish heat, a fever: πυρετός τριταῖος, τεταρταῖος a tertian, quartan fever.

πυρεύς, *έως, δ*, (πύρ) *a fire-proof vessel.*

πύρη, *ῆς, ῆ*, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά.

πυρήιον, τό, Ion. for πυρεῖον.

ΠΥΡΗΝ, *ῆνος, δ*, the stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc.

πύρ-ἡνεμος, *ον*, (πύρ, ἄνεμος) *fanning fire.*

πύρη-τόκος, *ον*, (πυρός, τεκεῖν) *wheat-producing.*

πύρη-φάτος, *ον*, (πυρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) *wheat-slaying, epith. of a millstone.*

πύρη-φόρος, *ον*, poet. for πυροφόρος, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρια, *ῆ*, (πύρ) *a vapour-bath, consisting of an airtight covering, within which fragrant substances were thrown on hot embers to produce steam.*

πυριάτη [α], *ῆ*, (πυρός) *a pudding made with beestings, i. e. the first milk after calving.*

πυριάτηριον, τό, *a vapour-bath.*

πυριάω, (πυρία) *to put into a vapour-bath.*

πύρι-βλήτος, *ον*, (πύρ, βάλλω) *striking with fire.*

πύρι-γενέτης, *ον, δ*, = πυριγενής.

πύρι-γενής, *ές*, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *born of fire: wrought or forged by fire.*

πύρι-γόνος, *ον*, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *fire-producing.*

πύρι-δαπτος, *ον*, (πύρ, δάπτω) *devoured by fire.*

πυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πυρός.

πύρι-ήκης, *ες*, (πύρ, ἀκή) *pointed in the fire, Lat. praenustus.*

πύρι-κάης, *ές*, = πυρικάστος.

πύρι-καυστος, *ον*, (πύρ, καίω) *burnt in the fire.*

πύρι-κοίτης, *ες*, (πύρ, κοίτη) *wherein fire lies asleep.*

πύρι-λαμπής, *ές*, (πύρ, λάμπω) *bright with fire.*

πύρινος [υ], *η, ον*, (πύρ) *of fire, fiery: sparkling.*

πύρινος [υ], *η, ον*, (πύρος) *of wheat, wheaten.*

πύρι-πνέων, *ουσα, ον*, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing.*

πύρι-πνοος, *ον*, contr. —πνους, *ον*, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing: glowing, fiery.*

πύρι-σπαρτος, *ον*, (πύρ, σπείρω) *sowing fire, inflaming.*

πύρι-σπειρητος, *ον*, (πύρ, σπειράω) *swathed in fire.*

πύρι-στακτος, *ον*, (πύρ, στάω) *streaming with fire.*

πυρίτης [ι], *ον, δ*, fem. πυρίτις, *ιδος*, (πύρ) *of or conversant with fire.*

πύρι-τρόφος, *ον*, (πύρ, τρέφω) *cherishing fire.*

πύρι-φάτος, *ον*, (πύρ, πέφαται) *slain by fire.*

Πύρι-φλεγέθων, *οντος, δ*, (πύρ, φλέγω) *one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing.*

πυρι-φλεγής, *ές*, and πυρι-φλέγων, *οντος, δ*, (πύρ, φλέγω) *blazing with fire, flaming.*

πύρι-φλεκτος, *ον*, (πύρ, φλέγω) *burnt or blazing with fire: fiery.*

πυρίχη, *ῆ*, poet. for πυρίχη.

πυρ-καεύς, *έως, δ*, (πύρ, καίω) *a fire-kindler.*

πυρκαῖά Ion. —ῆ, *ῆ*, (πύρ, καίω) *any place where fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre.* 2. a fire, conflagration. 3. metaph. the flame or fire of love. II.

an olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive.

πυρναῖος, *α, ον*, (πύρνον) *fit to eat, ripe.*

πύρνον, τό, shortd. for πύρνον (sub. σιτίον), neut. of πύρινος (πυρός), *wheaten bread.* 2. anything fit to eat, food generally.

πύρο-γενής, *ές*, (πυρός, γενέσθαι) *made from wheat.*

πύροεις, *εσσα, εν*, (πύρ) *fiery.* II. *ὁ πυροεῖς* the planet Mars, from his fiery colour.

πύροκλοπία, *ῆ*, the fire-theft. From

πύρο-κλόπος, *ον*, (πύρ, κλέπτω) *fire-stealing.*

πύρο-λόγος, *ον*, (πυρός, λέγω) *reaping wheat.*

πύροπωλέω, *φ. ἦσαι*, *to deal in wheat.* From

πύρο-πώλης, *ου, δ*, (πυρός, πωλέω) *a wheat-merchant, corn-merchant.*

πύρορ-ράγης, *ές*, (πύρ, ραγίω) *bursting or splitting in the fire: as Adv. πυρορραγές, cracked.*

πύρος, *ος*, *wheat: in plur. grains of wheat.* (From πύρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?)

πύρο-φόρος, *ον*, (πύρ, φέρω) *fire-bearing.*

πύρο-φόρος, *ον*, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρώ, *φ. ὦσαι*, (πύρ) *to set on fire, to burn: to burn*

as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. II. to fumigate.

πυρ-παλαμάω, f. ἦσω, (πῦρ, παλαμάομαι) to bandle fire: to play tricks with fire, play mischievous pranks.

πυρ-παλάμος, η, ον, (πῦρ, παλάμη) wrought of fire.

πῦρ-πνοος, ον, (πῦρ, πνέω) fire-breathing.

πυρπολέω, f. ἦσω, (πυρπόλος) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; πυρπολεῖν τοῖς ἀνθρώποις to stir up or fan the fire. II. to waste with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence

πυρπόλημα, ατος, τό, a watch-fire, beacon.

πυρ-πόλος, ον, (πῦρ, πολέω) busied with fire: wasting with fire, scorching.

πυρράζω, f. σω, (πυρρός) to be fiery-red.

πυρρίας, ου, δ, (πυρρός) name of a slave, used of the red-haired slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sub. ὄρχησις), ἡ, the Pyrrhic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion: proverb., πυρρίχην βλέπειν 'to look daggers.' (Called from Πύρριχος, the inventor.) [Ὶ]

πυρρίχιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (πυρρίχος) in the Pyrrhic metre.

πυρρίχιζω, f. ἴσω, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic dance.

πυρρίχιος, δ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrhic dance; πυρρίχιον ὄρχημα the Pyrrhic dance. II. πούς πυρρίχιος a pyrrhic, i. e. a foot consisting of two short syll., as μετά, which was much used in the Pyrrhic song: also called παρίαμβος.

πυρρίχιστής, οὔ, δ, (πυρρίχιζω) a dancer of the Pyrrhic dance.

πύρριχος, η, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red.

πυρρο-γένειος, ον, (πυρρός, γένειον) red-bearded.

πυρρό-θριξ, τρίχος, δ, ἡ, (πυρρός, θρίξ) red-haired.

πυρρ-οπίτης [Ὶ], ου, δ, (πυρρός, ὀπιτεῖν) one that ogles boys, with an allusion to πῦρ-οπίτης ogling wheat, i. e. dinner in the Prytanæum.

πυρρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. ἡ, ὄν, old Att. πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῦρ) flame-coloured, red, Lat. rufus, darker than ξανθός: generally, reddish, red, tawny.

πυρρό-τρίχος, ου, = πυρρόθριξ.

πυρσαίνω, (πυρσός) to make red, tinge with red.

πυρσεύω, (πυρσός) to set on fire, light up with beacon-fires. II. to kindle torches (πυρσοί), make signals by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρσο-βόλος, ον, (πυρσός, βαλεῖν) fire-shooting.

πυρσό-κομος, ον, (πυρσός, κόμη) red-haired.

πυρσό-νωτος, ον, (πυρσός, νῶτος) red-backed.

πυρσός, οὔ, δ: irreg. pl. πυρσά, τά: (πῦρ): a fire-brand, torch. II. a beacon or signal-fire.

πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, old Att. and Dor. for πυρρός.

πυρσο-τόκος, ον, (πυρσός, τεκεῖν) fire-producing.

πυρσο-ώδης, ες, (πυρσός, εἶδος) like a firebrand, bright-burning.

πυρσο-ῥοπος, δ, (πυρσός, ῥα) a watchman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορέω, f. ἦσω, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. From

πυρ-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing, charged

with fire: ὁ Πυρφόρος the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; πυρφόροι οἱστοί arrows with combustibles tied to them. II. θεός πυρφόρος the fire-bearing god, i. e. who produces plague or fever.

III. πυρφόρος, in the Lacedaemonian army, was a priest who kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, εἴδει μὴδὲ πυρφόρον περιγενέσθαι it was fated that not even a fire-guarding priest should survive.

πῦρ-ωπός, οὔ, (πῦρ, ὤψ) fiery-eyed.

πύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πύρω) a setting on fire, burning.

πύστις, εως, ἡ, (πυνθάνομαι) an asking, inquiring, ascertaining: a question. II. what is learnt by asking, news, tidings.

πύσω, fut. of πύθω.

πῦτίζω, f. ἴσω, (πῦύω) to spurt out water from one's mouth.

πῦτιναῖος, α, ον, plaited with willows. From

ΠΥΤΙΝΗ, ἡ, a flask covered with plaited willow twigs. [Ὶ]

πῦτισμα, ατος, τό, (πῦτίζω) that which one spits out.

πῶ Ion. κῶ, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, hitherto, mostly with negat. II. πῶ; Sicilian for πού; as interrog. where?

ΠΩΤΩΝ, ανος, δ, the beard; πάγων πυρός a beard or tail of fire. Hence

πυγωνίας, ου, δ, bearded; ἀστήρ πυγωνίας a bearded star, i. e. a comet.

πυγωνιον, τό, Dim. of πάγων, a little beard.

πῶγωνος-φόρος, ον, (πάγων, φέρω) wearing a beard. πῶσα, τά, pl. nom. of πῶν.

πωλεία, ἡ, (पालεύω) a breeding of foals.

πωλέομαι Ion. πωλεῖμαι, whence part. πωλεύμενος, impf. πωλεύωμι; also Ion. 3 sing. impf. πωλέσκειτο: fut. πωλήσομαι: Dep. —Frequent. of πωλέω, to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place: c. gen., ἀγγελίης πωλεῖσθαι to go on a message. II. to pursue a walk or line of life.

πωλείμην, Ep. for ἐπωλούμην, impf. of πωλεόμαι.

πῶλευσις, ἡ, (पालεύω) horse-breaking.

πωλεύω, (πῶλος) to break in a young horse.

πωλέω, Ion. impf. πωλέεσκον: f. ἦσω; (*πολάω, which occurs in ἐμ-πολάομαι): —to sell, opp. to ἀνείσθαι: πωλεῖν πρὸς τινα to deal with one: —πωλεῖν τέλην to let out the taxes, Lat. locare: —Pass. to be sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; cf. πιπρίσκω.

πώλης, ου, δ, (पालέω) a seller, dealer.

πῶλησις, ἡ, (पालέω) a selling, sale.

πωλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warehouse, shop. II. the place where the

taxes were let to the highest bidder: see πωλητής.

πωλητής, οὔ, δ, (पालέω) a seller, dealer. II.

at Athens the πωληταί were ten officers, who used to let out (ἐπῶλουν, Lat. locabant) the taxes and other revenues to the highest bidders.

πωλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῶλος) of foals or fillies: generally,

of or for horses; ἀπὴν πωλική a chariot drawn by horses.

II. poet. virgin, maidenly.

πωλίων, τό, Dim. of πῶλος, a pony.

πωλοδαμνέω, f. ἦσω, to break young horses.

2. metaph. to train up, rear. From

πωλο-δάμνης, ov, ὁ, (πῶλος, δαμάω) a horse-breaker.

πωλο-μάχος, ov, (πῶλος, μάχομαι) fighting on horse-

back or in a chariot. [ἀ]

Πῶλος, ὁ and ἡ, a foal, whether colt or filly:

generally, a young animal. II. poet. as fem, a

young girl, maiden, like μῶσχος, πόρτις, Lat. ju-

venca: more rarely as masc. a young man, a son.

πῶλυ-πος, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for πολύπους.

πῶμα, ατος, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.)

πῶμα, ατος, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω)

a drink, a draught, potion.

πῶ-μᾶλα, Adv. for πῶς μάλα; how in the world?

hence in Att. without any question, = οὐδαμῶς, not

the least, by no means.

πῶ-ποτε, (πω, ποτέ) ever yet, mostly with a negat.

πῶ-ρίνος, η, ov, (πῶρος) made of tufa or tuff-stone.

πῶρος, ὁ, tuff-stone, Lat. topbus, Ital. tufa, friable

and porous.

πῶρω, f. ὥσω, (πῶρος) to petrify, turn into

stone.

II. generally, to barden, make cal-

lous.

III. metaph. in Pass. to become barded or

callous, of the heart.

πῶρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πῶρώ) a turning into stone:

metaph. from Pass. πῶρομαι, bardness of heart, cal-

lousness.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, interrog. Adv. how? in what way or

manner? Lat. quomodo? in Att. sometimes c. genit.,

πῶς ἀγῶνος ἤκομεν; how are we come off in the

contest? II. at the beginning of a speech, How now?

πῶς γάρ ..; as if something had gone before, How

should that be, for it cannot be that ..? so also πῶς

δὴ; πῶς γὰρ δὴ; III. πῶς ἂν with the opt. ex-

presses a wish, O how might I ..? would that I

could! πῶς ἂν ὀλοίμην; would that I could pe-

rish! IV. καὶ πῶς; introducing an objection, yet

how can that be? but how? V. πῶς οὐ; Lat.

quidni? why not? certainly. VI. πῶς δοκεῖς; how

think you? i. e. you cannot think how.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, by

any means, Lat. aliquo modo.

(Strictly speaking, πῶς is Adv. of *πός; quis?

whence ποῦ, ποῖ, πῇ, etc.)

πῶτόμαι, f. -ῆσομαι, Ep. for πέτομαι, ποτάομαι,

to fly. Hence

πῶτήμα, ατος, τό, flight.

Πῶ-τ', εως, τό, pl. πῶεα, τά, a flock of sheep, with

or without ὠλῶν, opp. to βοῶν ἀγέλαι.

P

P, ρ, ῥῶ, τό, indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek Alphabet: as numeral ρ' = 100, but ρ = 100,000.

Dialectic changes of ρ: I. Aeol. at the end of words σ passed into ρ, as, οὔτορ μάρτυρ for οὔτος μάρτυς: so in Lat. arbor arbos, bonor bonos.

II. in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. ρ passed into ρρ, as ἄρρην θάρρος, for ἄρσην θάρρος.

III. Att., ρ was often put for λ, as κρίβανος ναύκαρος σιγήρῳ, for κλίβανος ναύκαρος σιγήλῳ.

IV. in Poets, ρ is transposed, as κάρτος Ep. for κράτος, θάρτος for θράσος.

V. ρ is doubled after a Prep. or a privat., and commonly after the augment, as ἀπορ-ρίπτω, ἀρ-ρωστος, ἔρριψε.

VI. ρ at the beginning of a word sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg. word long by position, as, ψυχρὴ ὑπὸ ῥιπῆς, σπεῖδειν ἀπὸ ῥυτίδος.

VII. ρ was called by the ancients littera canina, = irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plurima dicat, Lucil.

ῥά, enclit. Particle, Ep. for ἄρα, q. v. [ἀ]

ῬΑ' or ῥε', Adv. easily: see ῥέα, ῥεῖα.

ῥαββί, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, Rabb-i, i. e. my master:—so also ῥαββονί or ῥαββουνί, ὁ, Rabb-oni, my master, a term of higher honour than Rabb-i.

ῥαβδίω, f. σω, (ῥάβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel: to thrash out corn.

ῥαβδίον, τό, Dim. of ῥάβδος, a small wand.

ῥαβδονομέω, f. ἦσω, to sit as umpire. From

ῥαβδο-νόμος, ov, (ῥάβδος, νέμω) holding a rod or wand: as Subst., ῥαβδονόμος, ὁ, = ῥαβδούχος, the Roman Lictor.

ῬΑ'ΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, a rod, wand, stick, witch. 2. a magic wand, as that of Circe or Hermes.

3. a fishing-rod. 4. a spear-staff or shaft. 5. a wand or staff of office: a sceptre.

6. in pl. ῥάβδοι are the fasces of the Roman lictors.

ῥαβδούχεω, f. ἦσω, (ῥαβδούχος) to carry a rod or wand of office.

2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor:—Pass. to be attended by lictors.

Hence ῥαβδουχία, ἡ, the office of lictor.

ῥαβδ-ούχος, ov, (ῥάβδος, ἔχω) carrying a rod:—as Subst., ῥαβδούχος, ὁ, one who bears a staff of office, a judge, umpire.

2. a magistrate's attendant, a sort of constable or beadle:—at Rome, a lictor.

ῥαβδο-φόρος, ov, = ῥαβδούχος.

ῥαβδωτός, ὁ, ὄν, (ῥάβδος) striped, streaked, Lat. virgatus.

ῥάγας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ῥαγῆναι) a rent, chink.

ῥαγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ῥάγνυμι.

ῥαγδαῖος, α, ov, (ῥάσσω) tearing, furious.

ῥαγίζω, f. ἴσω, (ῥάγ) to gather grapes.

ῥαγο-λόγος, ov, (ῥάγ, λέγω) gathering berries or grapes.

ῥαδινακῆ, ἡ, Persian name for a black ill-smelling petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.

ῬΑ'ΔΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. βραδυνός, ἄ, ὄν, slender: taper, slim, delicate, tender.

ῥάδιος, α, ov, Att. also os, ov, Ion. ῥηιδίος, η, ov [ῖ], or ῥίδιος, η, ov (ῥά, ῥέα, ῥεῖα), easy, easy to make

or do; οἶμος ῥηιδίη an easy road: c. inf., τάφρος ῥηιδίη περῆσαι a trench easy to cross:—also light,

simple, little-beeded.

II. of persons, easy, ready,

willing to oblige, complaisant, affable, Lat. facilis, commodus.

2. in bad sense, heedless, reckless.—The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root ῥα:—Comp. ῥᾶν, neut. ῥᾶν Ion. ῥῆλον, ῥῆλον Ep. ῥῆτερος contr. ῥάτερος:—Sup. ῥᾶστος, ῥ, ov Ion. ῥῆστος Dor. ῥάιστος Ep. ῥῆτατος.

ῥαδιουργέω, f. ῥῶω, (ῥαδιουργός) to do with ease.

II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, reck-

lessly: to misbehave. 2. to lead an easy, lazy life.

Hence
ῥαδιούργημα, τό, a thoughtless, reckless action: and
ῥαδιουργία, ἡ, doing or acting easily, a ready way
of doing a thing, facility.

II. in bad sense, reck-

lessness. 2. indolence, laziness.

ῥαδι-ουργός, ὄν, (ῥάδιος, ἔργον) doing things easily,
ready.

II. in bad sense, acting lightly or care-

lessly, thoughtless, reckless.

ῥάδιος Ep. and Ion. ῥηιδίως, Adv. of ῥάδιος, easily,

lightly, readily; ῥάδιως φέρειν to bear lightly, make

light of a thing.

ῥαθάμγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (ῥαίνω) a drop.

II. of solids,

a grain, bit.

ῥαθα-πυγίζω, (ῥάσσω, πυγή) to slap one on the

back.

ῥαθυμέω, f. ῥῶω, (ῥάθυμος) to be easy-tempered,

thoughtless, careless.

II. to slacken work, be idle.

Hence

ῥαθυμία, ἡ, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, care-

lessness.

II. a taking things easily, indifference,

sluggishness, laziness.

III. relaxation, amuse-

ment, pastime.

ῥά-θυμός, ov, (ῥάδιος, θυμός) easy-tempered, thought-

less, careless.

II. sluggish, lazy, slothful.

Hence

ῥαθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly; ῥαθύμως

φέρειν to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing.

ῥαιβό-κράνος, ov, (ῥαιβός, κράνιον) crook-beaded.

ΠΑΙΒΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked, bent, bandy.

ῥαιβο-σκελής, ἐς, (ῥαιβός, σκέλος) crook-legged.

ῥαίλω Ion. ῥηίλω, f. ῥῶω, (ῥάδιος) to grow easy: to

find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

ΠΑΙΝΩ, fut. ῥάνω: aor. I ἔρῃα, Ep. 2 pl. imper-

at. ῥάσσετε (as if from *ῥάω): pf. pass. ἔρῃασμαι

(also from *ῥάω), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. ἐρῃάσται,

-ατο:—to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to

strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph. to bedew, besprinkle,

bespatter.

ῥαισμέναι, Ep. for ῥαίσειν, fut. inf. of ῥαίω.

ῥαίση, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of ῥαίω.

ῥαιστήρ, ἦπος, ὁ, (ῥαίω) a breaker, crusher: a

hammer.

ΠΑΙΩ, f. ῥῶω: aor. I ἔρῃασα:—to break, smash,

shiver, shatter:—Pass. to be shivered, shattered,

crushed.

II. to crush, destroy:—Pass. to be

broken down, crushed.

ῥάκω, ὁ, a worthless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.)

ῥάκιον, τό, Dim. of ῥάκος, a rag, shred, patch: in

plur., rags. [ᾶ]

ῥάκω-συρραπτάδης, ov, ὁ, (ῥάκιον, συρραπτάω) a

rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

ῥάκω-δύτος, ov, (ῥάκος, δύω) clad in rags: ragged.

ῥάκοις, εσσα, εν, ragged, tattered.

II. wrin-

kled. From

ΠΑΚΟΣ [ᾶ], eos, τό, a ragged, tattered garment:

in plur. ῥάκος, ῥάκος, rags, tatters: generally, a strip

or shred of cloth.

2. in plur. wrinkles.

3. metaph., σώματος ῥάκος a shred of life, of an old

man.

ῥάκω, f. ῥῶω, (ῥάκος) to tear in strips.

Hence

ῥάκωμα, ατος, τό, = ῥάκος, a rag: in pl. rags. [ᾶ]

ΠΑΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, a thorn or prickly shrub.

Hence

Ῥαμνούς, ούντος, ὁ, Rhamnūs, a demus or borough

in Attica: properly contr. from ῥαμνούς, εσσα, εν,

thorny. Hence

Ῥαμνούσις, α, ov, of Rhamnūs: ἡ Ῥαμνουσία the

Rhamnusian goddess, name of Nemesis from her

temple at Rhamnūs.

ΠΑΜΦΟΣ, eos, τό, the crooked beak of birds, esp.

of birds of prey: a beak, bill.

ῥάνις, ιδος, ἡ, (ῥαίνω) anything sprinkled: a drop

of rain, etc.

ῥαντήριος, α, ov, (ῥαίνω) sprinkled: reeking.

ῥαντίζω, f. ῥῶω, (ῥαίνω) to sprinkle, moisten: hence

to cleanse by sprinkling.

ῥαντισμός, ὁ, (ῥαντίζω) a sprinkling, purification.

ῥάξ, gen. ῥάγος, ἡ, a grape; cp. Lat. racemus.

ῥᾶν, neu., of ῥᾶν, often used as comp. Adv.,

more easily.

ῥάκως, Adv. of ῥᾶν, more easily.

ῥάπιζω, f. ῥῶω: pf. pass. ῥεπάσμαι: (ῥάπις):—to

strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel.

II. to slap

in the face, box on the ear, cuff.

ῥάπις, ιδος, ἡ, (ῥάβδος) a rod, stick.

ῥάπισμα, ατος, τό, (ῥάπις) a blow with the palm

of the hand, a slap on the face, cuff.

ῥαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥάπτω) sewn, stitched, patched:

generally, strung together.

II. worked with the

needle, embroidered; ῥαπτὴ σφαῖρα a ball patched

of divers colours.

ΠΑΠΤΩ, f. ῥάπω: aor. I ἔρῃα Ep. ῥάπα: Pass.,

aor. 2 ἔρῃαφην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔρῃαμαι:—to sew or stitch

together:—Med. to stitch, sew, patch for one-

self.

II. later, to work with the needle, em-

broider.

III. metaph. to devise, contrive, concert,

plot:—proverb., τούτο τὸ ὑπόδημα ἔρῃαται μὲν σύ,

ὑπέδησάτο δὲ Ἀρισταγόρης this shoe you indeed

stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i.e. you planned

the plot, but he executed it.

IV. to link or string

together.

Ῥάριος, α, ov, from Raros, Rarian: Ῥάριον (sub.

πέδιον), τό, the Rarian plain near Eleusis, sacred to

Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called

Ῥαρίς. From

Ῥάρος, ov, ὁ, Raros, father of Triptolemus.

ῥάσσετε, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ῥαίω (as if from

*ῥάω).

ΠΑΨΣΩ, f. *τω*: aor. I *ἔρρασα*:—like *ἀράσσω*, to strike, smite, dash down: akin to Ion. *ῥήσσω*, *ῥήγνυμι*.
ῥᾶστα, neut. pl. of *ῥᾶστος*, as Adv., most easily.
ῥᾶστος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of *ῥᾶδιος*, contr. of *ῥᾶϊστος*, most easy.

ῥᾶστωνένω, = *ῥαθυμένω*, to be idle, listless. From *ῥαστώνη* Ion. *ῥηστώνη*, η, (*ῥᾶστος*) easiness of doing anything, facility. II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. *facilis*; *ἐκ ῥαστώνης τῆς Δημοκρίδους* from kindness to Democedes. III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing: absol. *rest*, *leisure*, *ease*: indolence.

ῥᾶτερος, α, ov, irreg. Comp. of *ῥᾶδιος*, more easy.
ῥαφάνιδος, (*ραφανίς*) to punish as an adulterer.
ῥαφᾶνις, ιδος, η, the radish, Lat. *rapanus*. From *ΠΑΦΑΝΟΣ*, η, cabbage. [*ῥα*]
ῥαφεύς, έως, δ, (*ῥάπτω*) a stitcher, sewer. II. metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner.
ῥαφή, η, (*ῥάπτω*) a seam; *ῥαφή κρανίου* the suture of the skull.

ῥαφήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *ῥάπτω*.
ῥαφίδεύς, έως, δ, = *ραφεύς*.
ῥαφίς Dor. *ραπίς*, ιδος, η, (*ῥάπτω*) a needle, pin.
ῥαχία Ion. *ῥηχίη*, η, (*ῥάσσω*) like *ῥηγμίν*, the breaking of the sea on the shore, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to *ἀμπαις* the ebb: generally, a high tide, flood. II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break. 2. a mountain-ridge.

ῥαχίζω, f. *ίσω*, (*ράχισ*) to cut through the spine: to cleave in twain, hew in pieces.

ράχιν [*ῥ*], gen. ios Att. *εως*, η, the back of men or animals, the cline: also the backbone, Lat. *spina dorsi*: *ὑπὸ ῥάχιν παγῆναι* to be impaled. II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

ραχός Ion. *ῥηχός*, ου, η, a thorn-bush, briar. 2. a thorn-bede. 3. a thorn-stick, a twig.

ράψαι, aor. I inf. of *ῥάπτω*.

ραψώδew, f. *ήσω*: (*ραψωδός*):—to recite poems:—Pass. of the poems, to be recited. 2. to repeat by heart or rote, declaim: to reiterate, keep saying that ... II. c. acc. pers. to sing of one. Hence

ραψωδία, η, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

ραψωδός, δ, (*ῥάπτω*, *ωδή*) one who stitches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodist; sometimes of the bard who recited his own poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called *rhapsodies*, i. e. lays or cantos, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called

ραψωδός κύνων, from proposing her riddle.

ῥᾶων, ov, irreg. Comp. of *ῥᾶδιος*, more easy.

ῥέα, Ep. Adv. for *ῥᾶ* (whence *ῥᾶδιος*), easily, lightly. [*υ* u, but also contr. as one long syll.]
ῥέα, η, Ep. and Ion. *ῤέη* or *ῤέα*, Rhea, wife of Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos. from *ἔρα*, Earth?)

ΠΕΤΚΩ, f. *πέγγω*, to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

ΠΕΤΟΣ, εος, τό, = *ῥήγος*, a rug, coverlet.

ΠΕΓΧΩ, = *πέγκω*, q. v.

ΠΕΔΗ, η, a wagon, from the Lat. *rheda*.

ΠΕΕΘΡΩ, τό, Ion. and poet. for *ῥείθρων*, a stream.

ΠΕΖΩ, Ion. impf. *πέζεσκον*: fut. *πέξω*: aor. I *ἔπεξα* and *ἔρπεξα* of Pass. only aor. I *ῥεχθῆναι* is used:—like *ἔρω*, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit, to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. acc. to do something to one: also c. Adv., *κακῶς ῥέειν τινα* to maltreat one. II. *ἱερὰ ῥέειν θεῷ* to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. *sacra facere*: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. *operari*, *facere*.

ΠΕΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb. II. the face, countenance.

Πέα, another Ep. form of *ῥέα*, Adv. of *ῥᾶδιος*, easily, lightly, carelessly.

Πείη, η, Ep. and Ion. for *ῥέα*.

ΠΕΙΘΡΩ, τό, Att. contr. from Ion. *ῥέεθρον*, (*ῥέω*) a river, stream. 2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream.

ΠΕΚΤΕΡΑ, η, fem. of *ῥεκτήρ*.

ΠΕΚΤΗΡ, ἦπος, δ, (*πέξω*) a doer, agent.

ΠΕΜΒΟΜΑΙ, Dep. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

Πέξαι, Πέξας, aor. I inf. part. of *πέξω*.

Πέος, τό, (*πέω*) a stream.

ΠΕΠΩ, f. *ψω*, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. *vergere*, *inclinare*: hence simply to fall or turn downwards. 2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh. 3. of persons, to incline towards a thing. 4. of duties, to fall or devolve upon one. 5. of events, to incline, fall, happen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards ... II.

trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: hence in Pass., *ἴσως ῥέπεσθαι* to be equally balanced or poised.

ΠΕΠΥΩΜΕΝΟΣ, pf. pass. part. of *ῥηνώω*.

ΠΕΥΜΑ, ατος, τό, (*ῥέω*) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood or tide of men. 2. a flood.

ΠΕΥΣΟΜΑΙ, fut. of *ῥέω*, to flow.

ΠΕΥΘΕΙΣ, aor. I pass. part. of *πέξω*.

*ΠΕΩ, to say, root of some tenses given under *ἔρω*, *εἶπον*.

ΠΕΩ, f. *πέυσομαι*: Att. fut. *ῥηύσομαι* and aor. 2 *ἔρρῳνη*, in pass. form but with act. sense; pf. *ἔρρῳνηκα*:—to flow, run, stream, gush; *ῥέειν αἷματι γαῖα* the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognate, *ῥέτω χώρα γάλα*, *μέλι* let the land flow with milk, honey; *ῥέειν ἀπὸ χιόνος* to flow from melted snow. 2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glibly. 3. to fall, drop off. 4. to flow or melt away.

II. trans. to let flow, make stream, pour.

ῥήγμα, αἶος, τό, (ῥήγνυμι) *a fracture, breakage, crash, downfall.*

ῥηγμῖν or -μῖς, gen. ἴνος, ὁ, (ῥήγνυμι) *the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf.* 2. metaph. *the verge or edge of a thing.*

ῥΗΤΝΥ ΜΙ or -νω: 3 sing. impf. ῥήγνυσκε, Ion. for ῥήρηνυ: fut. ῥήξω: aor. 1 ῥήξα: pf. 2 ῥήραγα (in the sense of the Pass.):—Med., f. ῥήσονται: Ep. aor. 1 ῥήξάμην:—Pass.: fut. 2 ῥάρῃσονται: aor. 1 ῥήρχθην, more usu. aor. 2 ῥράγην [ᾱ]: pf. ῥήγγυμαι:—to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces, shiver, shatter: of garments, to tear, rend, esp. in sign of grief.

2, as a term of war, to break a line of battle; τὸ μέσον ῥήξαι to break through the centre:—also in Med., ῥήσασθαι στήχας to break oneself a way through the ranks:—also absol. both in Act. and Med., ῥήξαι, ῥήσασθαι, to break or force one's way through.

3, to let break loose, to uncabin, let loose; ῥήξαι φωνήν to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's *rumpere vocem*: so, ῥήξαι βροντήν to let loose the thunder; ῥήξαι δάκρυα to burst into tears. 4. in form ῥήσσω, absol. to beat the ground, to dance. 5. of boxers, to fell, knock down.

II. Pass. to break, burst: to break asunder: to break open, yawn, as the earth in an earthquake. 2. to burst forth, like lightning. 3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered.

III. intr. chiefly in pf. ῥήραγα, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks:—metaph. to burst or gush forth.

ῥήγνυσκε, Ion. for ῥήρηνυ, 3 sing. impf. of ῥήγνυμι. ῥΗΓΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a rug or blanket, used as a coverlet for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment.

ῥήδιος, η, ov, Ion. contr. from ῥηίδιος, easy.

ῥηθεῖς, aor. 1 part. pass. of ῥέω, ῥέω: ῥηθῆναι inf.

ῥηίδιος, η, ov, Ion. for ῥάδιος, easy.

ῥηίστος, η, ov, Ion. for ῥᾱίστος, Sup. of ῥάδιος.

ῥηίτατος, η, ov, Sup. of ῥάδιος.

ῥηίτερος, η, ov, Ep. Comp. of ῥάδιος.

ῥηκτός, η, ov, (ῥήγνυμι) broken, rent: to be broken or rent, vulnerable, made of penetrable stuff.

ῥήμα, αἶος, τό, (*ῥέω=ῥέω) *that which is said or spoken, a word, saying, expression, phrase.* 2. also *the thing spoken of, a thing.* II. in Gramm. a Verb, opp. to ὄνομα (a noun).

ῥημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ῥήμα, a little word, a pet phrase.

ῥΗ'Ν, η, gen. ῥηνός, acc. ῥήνα, a sheep, lamb.

ῥηνο-φορεὺς, ὁ, (ῥήν, φέω) wearing sheepskin.

ῥήξαι, ῥήξας, aor. 1 inf. and part. of ῥήγνυμι.

ῥήξηνορία, η, might to break through ranks of warriors. From

ῥήξ-ἥνωρ, opos, ὁ, (ῥήγνυμι, ἀνὴρ) breaking through ranks of warriors.

ῥήξι-κέλευθος, ov, (ῥήγνυμι, κέλευθος) forcing a path, clearing the way.

ῥήξι-voos, ov, (ῥήγνυμι, νόος) breaking the spirit.

ῥήξῃς, εὖς, η, (ῥήγνυμι) a breaking. II. a rent, cleft.

2. a bursting or breaking forth of the entreaties of victims.

ῥήσας, gen. εὖς Ion. ιος, η, (*ῥέω=ῥέω) a saying, speaking; a word, speech; καταπλέξαι τὴν ῥήσιν to bring one's speech to an end.

II. a tale, legend. III. an expression or passage in an author, a speech in a play.

ῥήσσω, rarer collat. form of ῥήγνυμι; ῥήσσειν τύμπα να to beat drums. 2. absol. to strike the earth in dancing, to dance, Lat. *tripudiare*.

ῥηστῶν, η, Ion. for ῥαστῶν.

ῥητέον, verb. Adj. of *ῥέω, one must say.

ῥητήρ, ῥητορ, ὁ, (*ῥέω=ῥέω) like ῥήτωρ, a speaker.

ῥητορεὺς, f. σω, (ῥήτωρ) to be a public speaker, practise oratory, speak in public:—Pass., of a speech, to be spoken.

ῥητορικὸς, η, ὄν, (ῥήτωρ) fit for a public speaker or public speaking, oratorical, rhetorical:—η ῥητορικὴ (sub. τέχνη), rhetoric, the art of speaking.

ῥητός, η, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *ῥέω=ῥέω, said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. *ratus*; ἐπὶ ῥητοῖς γέ- πασι with specified prerogatives; ἐπὶ ῥητοῖσι on set terms. 2. spoken of, known, famous.

ῥήτρα Ion. ῥήτρη, η, (*ῥέω=ῥέω) a word, saying, maxim. 2. an unwritten law, whence the laws of Lycurgus were called ῥήτραι. 3. a verbal agreement, covenant.

ῥήτωρ, opos, ὁ, (*ῥέω=ῥέω) a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. *orator*. II. a rhetorician, Lat. *rhetor*.

ῥητώς, Adv. of ῥητός, in express terms.

ῥηχλή, η, Ion. for ῥαχία.

ῥηχός, η, Ion. for ῥαχός.

ῥηγεδανός, η, ὄν, or ὅς, ὄν, making one shudder, chilling; βυγεδανὴ Ἑλένη Helen at whose name one shudders. From

ῥιγέω, f. ἥσω: aor. 1 ἐπρίγησα Ep. ῥίγησα: pf. ἐπρίγα, Dor. 3 pl. ἐπρίγαντι (for -ᾱσι), Ep. 3 sing. subj. ἐπρίγησι, Ep. dat. part. ἐπρίγοντι, in pres. sense: (ῥίγος)—to shiver or shudder with cold: metaph. to shudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to shudder or fear to do a thing. 2. to grow cold, cool, slacken in zeal.

II. trans. c. acc. to shudder at anything. Hence

ῥιγηλός, ὄν, making one shiver, chilling.

ῥίγιον, Comp. Adv. formed from ῥίγος, more chilly. II. metaph. more horribly.

ῥίγιστος, η, ov, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. ῥίγιον) from ῥίγος, most chilly. II. metaph. most horrible.

ῥιγο-μάχης, ov, ὁ, (ῥίγος, μάχομαι) fighting with frost or cold. [ᾱ]

ῥΙΤΟΣ, εὖς, τό, Lat. *FRIGUS*, frost, cold. II. shivering from cold, shuddering, Lat. *horror*.

ῥιγώω, f. ὤσω, (ῥίγος) like βυγέω, to be cold, shiver from frost or cold, be chilled.—This Verb sometimes

contracts into *ω* instead of *ου* (as if it were *ρίζω*), as, part. *ρίζων*, *ρίζωσα*, dat. *ρίζωντι*; also opt. *ρίζωην*.

‘ΡΙΖΑ, *η, ή*, a root: in pl. the roots: metaph. the roots of the eye; the roots or foundations of the earth, of a mountain, etc. II. that from which anything springs; metaph. a root, stem, stock of a family, Lat. stirps: a race, family. 2. the root or origin of anything.

ρίζον, τό, Dim. of *ρίζα*, a little root.
ρίζόθεν, Adv. (*ρίζα*) from the root or roots.
ρίζο-τόμος, *ον*, (*ρίζα*, *τεμεῖν*) cutting roots, esp. for purposes of medicine or witchcraft.

ρίζω, *φ. ωσω*: pf. pass. *ἐρρίζωμαι*: (*ρίζα*):—to make strike root, plant: metaph. to plant, fix firmly; τυραννὶς ἐρρίζωμένη a firmly rooted tyranny:—Pass. of trees and plants, to take root: also to be rooted or made fast. II. in Pass. also, of a place, to be planted with trees.

ρίζωμα, *ατος, τό*, (*ρίζω*) a root: II. metaph. a root, stem, stock, race, lineage.

ρίζ-ωρύχος, *ον*, (*ρίζα*, *ὀρύσσω*) digging for roots.
ρικνός, *ή, όν*, (*ρίγος*) stiff or stark with cold: withered, shrivelled.

ρικν-ώδης, *ες*, (*ρικνός*, *εἶδος*) shrivelled-looking.
ρίμφα, Adv. (*ρίπτω*) lightly, swiftly, fleetly.
ρίμφα-άρματος, *ον*, (*ρίμφα*, *ἄρμα*) of a swift chariot; *ρίμφαρματοι ἄμιλλαι* swift racing of chariots.

ρίν, *ή*, later form for *ρίς*.
ρίνάω, *φ. ήσω*, to file down or off: Pass. to be filed off: to be the result of filing. From

‘ΡΙΝΗ, *ή*, a file, rasp. [Ὶ]
ρίνηλατέω, *φ. ήσω*, to track by the nose, follow by scent, hunt down. From

ρίν-ηλάτης, *ον, ό*, (*ρίς*, *εἰλάνω*) one who tracks by the nose or scent.

ρίν-ό-βολος, *ον*, (*ρίς*, *βάλλω*) forced through the nostril, snorting.

ρίνόν, *ατος, τό*, a hide, skin. 2. an ox-hide, a shield.

‘ΡΙΝΟΞ, *ου, ό* and *ή*, the skin of a man. II. the hide of a beast, esp. an ox-hide: a wolf's skin. 2. an ox-hide shield.

ρίνο-τόπος, *ον*, (*ρίνός*, *τοπέω*) piercing shields.

‘ΡΙΟΝ, τό, the peak of a mountain. 2. the end of a promontory, a beadland, foreland.

ρίπεσι, Ep. pl. dat. of *ρίψ*.

ρίπτω, *ή, (ρίπτω)* the force with which a thing is thrown, rushing motion, flight, sweep, swing, Lat. impetus; *ρίπη πυρός* the rush or blast of fire. 2. a rushing sound, flapping, fluttering of wings; the buzzing of a gnat; also the quivering notes of a lyre: of time, a twinkling of the eye. 3. any quivering motion, a quivering or twinkling light, as of stars:—also the quick glancing of feet.

ρίτίζω, *φ. ίσω*, (*ρίπις*) to blow up or fan the flame, Lat. conflare.

ρίτις, *ιδος, ή, (ρίπη)* a fan for raising the fire, used for bellows. 2. a lady's fan.

ρίπισμα, *ατος, τό*, (*ρίπιζω*) the air or wind of a fan.
ρίπος, *εος, τό*, (*ρίψ*) a mat or wicker burdle.

ρίπτάω, *φ. άσω*, Frequentative of *ρίπτω*, to throw to and fro, throw or toss about, Lat. jactare:—Pass. to toss oneself about.

ρίπτασκον, Ion. impf. of *ρίπτω*.

ρίπτέω, a form of *ρίπτω*, used only in pres. and impf. to throw or toss about.

ρίπτός, *ή, όν*, verb. Adj. of *ρίπτω*, thrown, cast, hurled; *ρίπτός μός* death by being thrown down a precipice.

‘ΡΙΠΤΩ, *φ. ρίψω*: aor. 1 *ἔρριψα* Ep. *ῥίψα*: pf. *ἔρριπα*: Pass., fut. 1 *ρίψθήσομαι*, fut. 2 *ρίψήσομαι*, paullo-p. fut. *ἐρρίψομαι*: aor. 1 *ἐρρίβην*, and aor. 2 *ἐρρίβην* [Ὶ]: pf. *ἔρριμαι*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. *ἐρέριπτο*:—to throw, cast, hurl; *ρίπτειν χθονί* to throw on the ground: to cast a net, *ἔρριπται ό βόλος* the cast has been made. 2. to cast out. 3. to cast away: to throw away, waste. 4. to throw about. 5. to throw forth, let drop, utter, of words; *ρίπτειν τί τινας* to throw a thing at one. 6. to cast down; *ρ. ἑαυτόν*. 7. *ρίπτειν κίνδυνον* to make a venture or hazard, run a risk. II. intr. to throw or cast oneself, to fall.

‘ΡΙΞ, *ή*, gen. *ρίνός*, acc. *ρίνα*: plur. *ρίνες*, Ion. gen. *ρίνέων*:—the nose:—in pl. the nostrils, Lat. nares.

ρίφθεις, *ρίφεις*, aor. 1 and 2 pass. part. of *ρίπτω*.

‘ΡΙΨ, *ή*, gen. *ρίπός*, mat-work of osiers or rushes, wicker-work: a mat, or wicker burdle, Lat. crates.

ρίψα, Ep. for *ἔρριψα*, aor. 1 of *ρίπτω*.

ρίψ-αστις, *ιδος, ό, ή*, (*ρίπτω*, *αστις*) throwing away a shield in battle, a dastard, recreant.

ρίψις, *εος, ή*, (*ρίπτω*) a throwing: a casting. II. a being thrown, falling.

ρίψο-κίνδυνος, *ον*, (*ρίπτω*, *κίνδυνος*) running needless risk, foolhardy; see *ρίπτω* γ.

ρίψ-οπλος, *ον*, (*ρίπτω*, *οπλον*) throwing away one's arms, panic-struck.

ρόα, *ή*, see *ρόα*.

ροδάνη, *ή*, the thread spun, woof, weft. From

ροδάνός, *ή, όν*, (*κραδάω*) waving, quivering.

ροδέα contr. *ροδη*, *ή*, (*ρόδον*) a rose-bush, rose-tree.

ρόδεος, *α, ον*, (*ρόδον*) of roses, Lat. roseus.

ροδη, *ή*, contr. for *ροδέα*.

ρόδίνος, *η, ον*, (*ρόδον*) made or twined of roses.

‘Ρόδιος, *α, ον*, (‘Ρόδος) Rhodian, of or from Rhodes.

ροδο-δάκτυλος, *ον*, (*ρόδον*, *δάκτυλος*) rosy-fingered.

ροδο-ειδής, *ές*, (*ρόδον*, *εἶδος*) rosy-like, rosy.

ροδόεις, *εσσα, εν*, (*ρόδον*) of roses.

ροδο-κισσος, *ό*, (*ρόδον*, *κισσός*) rose-ivy.

ροδο-μῆλον Dor. -μαλον, τό, (*ρόδον*, *μῆλον*) a rose-apple: metaph. a rosy cheek.

‘ΡΟΔΟΝ, τό, the rose, Lat. rosa.

ροδο-πηγυς Dor. -παχυς, *υ*, gen. *υος*, (*ρόδον*, *πηγυς*) rosy-armed.

ροδο-πνοος, *ον* contr. -πνους, *ονν*, (*ρόδον*, *πνέω*) breathing of roses.

‘Ρόδος, *ον, ή*, the island of Rhodes, Lat. Rhodus.

ροδόχρως, ὡτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ρόδον, χρῶς) rose-coloured, of rose complexion.

ροδανία, ἡ, (ρόδον) a rose-bed, garden of roses, rosary, Lat. rosarium.

ροή Dor. ροά, ἡ, (ρέω) a river, stream, current, flow; ἀμπέλου ροή the juice of the grape;—metaph., ροαὶ streams of events, the tide of affairs.

ροθέω, f. ἤσω, (ρόθος) to dash, plash, esp. of the stroke of oars. 2. to murmur, sound boarse or loud.

ροθαίω, f. ἄσω, (ρόθος) to dash with the oar. 2. of pigs eating, to make a guttling noise.

ροθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, ποэт. fem. of ρόθιος, roaring, dashing. ρόθιον, τό, a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf. 2. a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar. Properly neut. from

ρόθιος, ον, also α, ον, (ρόθος) rusbing, roaring, dashing.

ΡΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a rusbing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars; ἐξ ἐνὸς ρόθου with one stroke, all in time. II. a rusbing motion. (Formed from the sound.)

ροά or ρόα Ion. ροιή, ἡ, a pomegranate-tree. II. the fruit, a pomegranate.

ροιβδέω, f. ἤσω, (ροιβδος) to swallow greedily down: also to make rustle.

ροιβδέσειν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ροιβδέω.

ροιβδησις, ἡ, (ροιβδῶ) a whistling, piping.

ροιβδος, ὁ, any rusbing noise or motion, the whirling or flapping of wings, the rusbing of the wind.

ροίτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ροιζέω.

ροιζέω, f. ἤσω, (ροίζος) to make a whistling or rusbing sound, whistle, burtle, whiz, Lat. stridere. Hence

ροιζήδον, Adv. with a rusbing noise or motion.

ροιζήμα, ατος, τό, (ροιζέω) a rusbing noise or motion, the flapping of wings.

ΡΟΙΖΟΣ, ὁ, Ion. ἡ, any whistling or rusbing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

ΡΟΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked.

ρομβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρομβέω) spun round like a top, whirled about.

ρόμβος, ὁ, (ρέμβω) anything that may be spun or whirled round: a top, Lat. turbo. 2. a magic wheel, Lat. rombi rota. II. a spinning, whirling motion;

ρόμβος αἰετοῦ the eagle's wheeling flight. III. a rhombus, i. e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

ρομβῶ, f. ὤσω, to make into the shape of a rhombus.

ρομβωπός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρομβῶ) panelled in lozenge.

ρομφαία, ἡ, a large sword or scimitar, used by the Thracians; generally, a sword. (Foreign word.)

ρόος Att. contr. ροῦς, ον, ὁ, (ρέω) a stream, current; κατὰ ρόον, Ep. κατὰ ρόον, down stream, with stream; ἀνὰ ρόον up stream, against stream.

ρόπαλον, τό, (ρέπω) a club, a stick or cudgel which is thicker at one end: a war-club or mace of brass. II. a knocker on a door.

ροπή, ἡ, (ρέπω) inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging: the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale. 2. metaph. the turn of the scale, the critical moment; ἐπὶ ροπῆς μᾶς ἐστι it is just on the turning-point; ροπή βίου the turning-point, verge of life.

II. the weight which makes the scale turn; συμκρὰ παλαιὰ σώματ' εὐνάξει ροπή a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest.

ροπτήρον, τό, (ρέμβω) a club, mace, cudgel. 2. the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse. 3. the knocker on a house-door. 4. a kettle-drum or tambourine.

ροῦς, ὁ, Att. contr. for ρόος.

ροφέω, f. ἤσομαι, (ρόφος), to sup greedily up, gulp or bolt down.

ΡΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a swallowing or gulping down. 2. that which is gulped down.

ροχθέω, f. ἤσω, to roar, of the waves. From

ΡΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a roaring, esp. of the sea.

ρο-ώδης, es, (ρόος, εἶδος) fluid, liquid: also surging, billowy, rough.

ρύαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ρέω) a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rains: a stream of lava.

ρύατο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 of ρύομαι.

ρύγχ-ελέφας, αττος, ὁ, (ρύγχος, ἐλέφας) with an elephant's trunk.

ρύγχιον, τό, Dim. of ρύγχος, a snout, muzzle.

ρύγχος, εος, τό, (ρύζω) a snout, muzzle, of swine: of birds, a beak, bill, neb.

ρῦδην and ρῦδόν, Adv. (ρέω) flowingly, abundantly, copiously.

ρύεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ρέω.

ρύήσομαι, Att. fut. of ρέω.

ΡΥΨΩ, to growl, snarl. (Formed from the sound.)

ρύη, Ep. for ἔρρη, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ρέω.

ρύθμις, f. ἴσα: pf. pass. ἐρρυθμισμαι: (ῥυθμός): —to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time.

II. generally, to order, arrange, control, train; ὧδ' ἐρρυθμισμαι thus have I been controlled.

ῥυθμός Ion. ρυσμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ρέω) measured motion, time, Lat. numerus, rhythm, in Prose as well as Verse; ἐν ρυθμῷ in time, Lat. in numerum; ρυθμὸν ὑπάγειν to keep time; θάπτονα ρυθμὸν ἐπάγειν to introduce a quicker time (in playing). II. proportion or symmetry of parts: hence form, shape. III. generally, proportion, arrangement, order, method. 2. the state or condition of anything: of a man, temper, disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing.

ΡΥΚΑΝΗ, ἡ, a plane, Lat. runcina. [ῥ]

ρύμα, ατος, τό, (*ρύω = ἐρίω) that which is drawn, a drawing; τόξου ρύμα the drawing of the bow, i. e. men that draw the bow (the Persians), opp. to λόγχης λόγχις the might of the spear (the Greeks); ἐκ τόξου ρύματος within bow-shot. II. (ρύομαι) deliverance, protection.

ρύμβος, ον, ὁ, Att. for ρόμβος.

ρύμη [ῥ], ἡ, (*ρύω = ἐρίω) the force, swing, rush of a

body in motion, Lat. *impetus*; *περίγων ῥύμη* the rush of wings: absol. an onset, charge, attack: dat. *ῥύμη* with a swing, with a run. II. a quarter of a city, street, Lat. *vicus*; also a lane, alley.

ρύμμα, ατος, τό, (*ῥύπτω*) anything used for washing, soap.

ῥύμος, οὔ, δ, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) the pole of a car.

ΡΥ'ΟΜΑΙ, f. *ῥύσομαι* [ῥ]: aor. I *ἔρρυσάμην* Ep. *ῥύσάμην*: aor. 2, 3 sing. *ἔρρυτο* Ep. *ἔρυτο*, 3 pl. *ἔρυντο* Ep. *ῥύατο*; inf. *ῥύσθαι*: Dep.:—to draw to oneself, draw out of harm's way: hence to rescue, save: c. inf., *ῥύσθαι τινα θανεῖν* to rescue one from death:—absol. to cure, heal. II. to free, redeem, deliver.

III. to shield, guard, protect, defend: of armour, to shield, cover: also to conceal. IV. to draw back, hold back, check. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ῥύπα, τά, irreg. plur. of *ῥύπος*.

ῥύπαῖνα, f. *ανῶ*: aor. I *ἔρρῡπάνα*: (*ῥύπος*):—to cover with dirt:—Pass. to be or become dirty.

ῥύπαρία, ἡ, dirt, filth. From

ῥύπαρος, ἁ, ὄν, (*ῥύπος*) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid, mean. Adv. *-ῖως*.

ῥύπαω Ep. *ῥύπῶ*: impf. *ἔρρῡπων*: (*ῥύπος*):—to be foul or dirty.

ῥύποις, εσσα, εν, (*ῥύπος*) foul, dirty.

ΡΥ'ΠΟΣ, δ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: irreg. pl. *ῥύπα*, τά, but also regul. *ῥύποι*, οί. II. Att. sealing-wax. [ῥ] Hence

ῥύπω, f. ὠσω, pf. pass. *ῥεῤῥῡμαι*:—to make dirty:—Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

ῥύπῶ, Ep. for *ῥύπαω*.

ῥυπᾶπαι, a cry of the Athenian rowers, *yoḃo!* τὸ *ῥυπᾶπαι* is put for the rowers, the crew.

ῥύπτω, f. *ψω*, (*ῥύπος*) to remove dirt, to cleanse, wash:—Pass. to wash oneself.

ῥυσσάινωμαι, Pass. (*ῥυσσῶ*) to be wrinkled.

ῥύσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of *ῥύομαι*.

ῥύσιάζω, f. ἄσω, (*ῥύσιον*) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property: hence to drag away, carry off by force.

ῥύσι-βαιμος, ον, (*ῥύομαι*, *βαιμός*) defending altars.

ῥύσι-διφρος, ον, (*ῥύομαι*, *διφρος*) preserving the chariot.

ῥύσιον [ῥ], τό, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of cattle.

II. that which is seized as a pledge or surety, a pledge, security; *ῥύσια*, τά, pledges entrusted to a god, i. e. suppliants. III. that which is seized by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. *ῥύσια*, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat. *res repetundae*. 3. in plur., *ῥύσια*, τά, deliverance.

ῥύσιος, ον, (*ῥύομαι*) delivering, rescuing. [ῥ]

ῥύσι-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (*ῥύομαι*, *πόλις*) saving the city.

ῥύσι-πινος, ον, (*ῥύομαι*, *πίνος*) setting free from toil and trouble.

ῥύσις, ἡ, (*ῥέω*) a flowing: a river, stream. [ῥ]

ῥύσκομαι, collat. form of *ῥύομαι*, Dep. to save, rescue: hence *ῥύσκειν*, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

ῥυσμός, ὁ, rarer form for *ῥυθμός*.

ῥύσος, ὁ, ὄν, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, sbrivelled.

ῥυστάζω, f. ἄσω, Frequentat. of **ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*, to drag along violently, drag to and fro; πολλά *ῥυστάζεσκε* (3 sing. Ion. impf.) *περὶ σῆμα* be dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence

ῥυστακτός, ὅς, ἡ, a dragging violently: generally, violent treatment or behaviour.

ῥυσ-ώδης, ες, (*ῥυσός*, *εἶδος*) wrinkled-looking.

ῥυτ-ἀγχιεύς, εως, ὁ, (**ῥύω*, *ἀγχιεύς*) the rope of a horse's halter.

ῥυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) one who draws or stretches. 2. a rope to draw with, a trace:—the thong by which one holds a horse, a rein; ἀπὸ *ῥυτήρος* with loose rein, at full speed. II. (*ῥύομαι*) a saver, defender, rescuer.

ῥυτιδó-φλοιος, ον, (*ῥυτίς*, *φλοιός*) with sbrivelled rind.

ῥυτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) a wrinkle, Lat. *ruga*.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) dragged along. II. as neut. Subst., *ῥυτά*, τά, poet. for *ῥυτήρ*, a rein.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (*ῥέω*) flowing, running, fluid, liquid.

ῥύτωρ [ῥ], ορος, ὁ, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) one who draws; *ῥύτωρ τόξου* a bowman, archer. II. (*ῥύομαι*) a saver, deliverer, defender.

ῥύψις, ἡ, (*ῥύπτω*) a cleansing, purifying.

**ΡΥ'Ω*, = *ἔρύω*, to draw, not used in Act.; see *ῥύομαι*.

ῥωγάλλος, α, ον, (*ῥάγ*) broken, rent, torn, ragged.

ῥωγᾶς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*ῥάγ*) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; *ῥωγᾶς πέτρα* a cleft rock.

Ῥωμαϊκός, ἡ, ὄν and *Ῥωμαῖος*, α, ον, (*Ῥώμη*) Roman: as Subst., a Roman. Adv. *-κῶς*, in Roman fashion. Hence

Ῥωμαῖστί, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language.

ῥωμαῖλος, α, ον, (*ῥώμη*) strong of body: generally, powerful, mighty, strong.

ῥώμη, ἡ, (*ῥύομαι*) bodily strength, might: generally, strength, force. II. a force, i. e. army. III.

Ῥώμη, ἡ, Roma, Rome.

ῥώννυμι or *-νω*, f. *ῥάσω*: aor. I *ἔρρωσα*: (*ῥάωμαι*):—to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. II.

Pass. *ῥώννυμαι*, but the pf. *ἔρρωμαι* is generally used as pres., and the plqpf. *ἔρρωμην* as impf.: aor. I *ἔρρωσθην*:—to be strong or vigorous: pf. imperat. *ἔρρωσο* fare-well, Lat. *vale*, the usual way of ending a letter; also, *φράζω τινί ἔρρωσθαι*, like Lat. *jubeo valere*:—see *ἔρρωμένος*.

ῥῶγ, ἡ, gen. *ῥωγός*, (*ῥήγνυμι*) a cleft, narrow passage; *ῥῶγες μεγάροιο* the narrow entrance of a room.

ΡΩ'ΟΜΑΙ, 3 pl. impf. *ἔρρῶντο* Ep. *ῥῶντο*: 3 pl. aor. I *ἔρρῶσαντο*: Dep.:—to move violently, to dart or rush on; *ῥάσθαι περὶ πυρὴν* to move rapidly round the pyre; c. acc. cognato, *χορὸν ἔρρῶσαντο*

they plied the lusty dance; of hair, ἐρρώντο μετὰ πνοῆς ἀνέμοιο it streamed on the wind.

ῥωπήιον τό, (ῥάψ) Ep. and Ion. for ῥωπειὸν (which is not used), a thicket, coppice: in plur. *busbes, brushwood, underwood*.

ῥωπικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥῶπος) of or like small wares: hence cheap, worthless.

ῤΩ ΠΟΣ, ὅ, any small wares, frippery, trumpery.

ῥωσθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ῥώννυμι.

ῥωχημή, ἡ, = ῥωχμός.

ῥωχμός, οὐ, ὅ, (ῥώξ) like ῥήγμα, a cleft; ῥωχμὸς γαίης a gutter or channel worked out in the earth.

ῤΩΨ, ἡ, gen. ῥωπός, a low shrub, bush; in plur. underwood, brushwood.

Σ

Σ, σ, σίγμα, τό, indecl., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral σ' = 200, but σ = 200,000.

The final σ was written s. This s must not be confounded with σ, *stau*, which was in fact the digamma, f, *vau*, and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet: hence σ' = 6. There was another form, san or sanpi, Ϻ, which was retained as a numeral, = 900.

Changes of σ in the dialects: I. Aeol., Dor. and Ion. into δ, as δδμή ἴδμεν for δσμή ἴσμεν.

II. Dor. into θ, as αἰὺς ἀγασὺς παρσένος for θεὸς ἀγαθὸς παρθένος.

III. Aeol. and Dor. into τ, as in τὸ τέ φατί for σὺ σέ φησί. 2. also in later Att., as μέτ-αυλος τήμερον τῦκον for μέσ-αυλος σήμερον σῦκον:—so σσ passed into ττ, as πράττω τάττω for πράσσω τάσσω; θάλαττα διττός for θάλασσα δισός.

IV. Aeol. and Ep., σ was often doubled, as ὅσσος μέσσος for ὅσος μέσος, and in the Ep. fut. and aor. forms ἄσω ἔσω ἴσω, as δαμάσσω ὀλέσσω κομίσσω for δαμάσω ὀλέσω κομίσω; so ὀπίσσω for ὀπίσω.

V. σσ and πτ were sometimes interchanged, as πέσσω πέπτω, ἐνίσσω ἐνίπτω. VI. Dor. σ becomes ξ in fut. and aor. I of Verbs, as θεσπιζῶ for θεσπίσω: so, διξός τριξός for δισσός τρισός.

2. in old Att., the Prep. σύν was written ζύν. VII. σ took the place of the aspirate, esp. in Aeol., with which the Lat. agrees, vs, svs sus, als sal, έξ sex, επτά septem, ερπω serpo. 2. σ was added to words beginning with a conson., esp. μ and τ, as μάρμαδος σμάρμαδος, μύραινα σμύραινα, μικρός σμικρός, τέγος στέγω Lat. tego. 3. σ was inserted by Poets in the I pers. pl. pass. and med., as τυπτόμεθα for τυπτόμεθα metri grat.: so too in the Adv. in -θεν, as, ὅπισθεν for ὅπθεν.

VIII. σ is changed into ρ when another ρ precedes, as ἄρρην χερρὸς θάρπος for ἄρρην χερσὸς θάρπος. IX. σ is added to οὗτω ἄχρι μέχρι before a vowel.

σά μάν; Dor. for τί μήν;

Σαβᾶριος, ὁ, (Σαβός) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of Bacchus himself.

σαβάκτης, ου, ὁ, (σαβάω) a shatterer, destroyer, name of a mischievous goblin who broke pots.

σαβαχθα-νι, Chaldaean form, thou-bast-forsaken me, or bast-thou-forsaken me?

σαβαῶθ, Hebrew plur. noun, hosts, armies.

Σάββασι, irreg. dat. pl. of Σάββατον.

Σαββάτιζω, f. ἴσω, (Σάββατον) to keep the Sabbath.

Σαββατικός, ὁ, ὄν, (Σάββατον) of or for the Sabbath. 2. for a Jew.

Σαββατισμός, ὁ, (Σαββατίζω) a keeping of the Sabbath: rest on the Sabbath.

Σάββατον, τό, the Hebrew Sabbath, i.e. Rest: hence the seventh day or day of Rest:—also in plur., τὰ σάββατα; irreg. dat. pl. σάββασι, as if from a nom. σάββας. 2. a week.

σάγαρις, ιος, ἡ: pl. σαγάρις, Ion. -ις:—a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a single-edged axe or bill.

σάγη or σαγή, ἡ, (σάττω) the housings, harness, of a horse or mule; hence of a man, furniture, equipment: esp. armour, harness.

σαγηνάιος, α, ον, (σαγήνη) belonging to a drag-net.

σαγηνεύς, ἐως, ὁ, = σαγηνευτήρ.

σαγηνευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, one who fishes with a drag-net: hence a comb is called τριχῶν σαγηνευτήρ.

σαγηνεύω, f. σῶ, (σαγήνη) to enclose fish in a drag-net: metaph. of men, to sweep as with a drag-net.

ΣΑΤΗΝΗ, ἡ, a large drag-net for taking fish, a seine.

σαγηνό-βόλος, ον, (σαγήνη, βαλεῖν) throwing the drag-net: as Subst. a fisherman.

σαγηνό-δετος, ον, (σαγήνη, δέω) attached to a net.

σάγμα, ατος, τό, (σάττω) the housings of a horse, a saddle, packsaddle. II. of persons, a covering, clothing, a large cloak.

III. the covering or case of a shield.

IV. a heap or pile.

Σαδδουκαῖος, ου, ὁ, a Sadducee, one of the Sadducees, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a Resurrection, nor in the existence of Spirits.

σαθρός, ἁ, ὄν, = σαπρός, rotten, decayed, unsound, cracked. II. metaph. unsound, decayed, rotten, perishable.

ΣΑΙΝΩ, f. σάω: aor. I ἔσηνα Dor. ἔσανα:—to wag the tail, fawn. II. metaph. to fawn upon, caress, wheedle; σαίνειν μόρον to deprecate, shrink from death. 2. absol. to be gentle, kind: of a summer sea, to smile.

III. to cheer, please.

ΣΑΙΡΩ, f. σάω: pf. (with pres. sense) σέσηρα, part. σεσηρῶς Dor. σεσάρως, via, ὅς, Ep. fem. σεσάρωια:—to show the teeth, grin like a dog, Lat. ringi; esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, to smile.

II. to sweep clean: to sweep away.

σακέο-πᾶλος, ον, (σάκος, πάλλω) wielding or brandishing a shield.

σακέο-φόρος, ον, (σάκος, φέρω) shield-bearing.

σακίον, = σακκίον.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for σηκίτης, ου.

σακκέω, (σάκος) to strain, filter.

σακκίον Att. σάκκιον, τό, Dim. of σάκκος or σάκος, a small bag.

σακκο-γενειο-τρόφος, ον, (σάκκος, γένειον, τρέφω) cherishing a large beard.

ΣΑΚΚΟΣ or σάκος, ὁ, a coarse cloth of hair, esp. of goats' hair, Lat. cilicium: sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth: 1. a sack, bag. 2. a sieve, strainer. III. a baggy beard.

σάκος, ὁ, v. sub σάκκος.

σάκος, ὁ, Dor. for σάκος.

σάκος [ἄ], gen. σάκος Ion. σάκευς, τό, (σάττω) a shield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides: it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid.

σάκτας, ου, ὁ, (σάττω) a sack.

σάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σάττω) one who crams or fills up; Αἰδων σάκτωρ one who crowds the nether world, i.e. a slayer of many.

σακχ-ύφαντης, ον, ὁ, (σάκκος, ύφαίνω) a weaver of sackcloth or canvas, a sailmaker.

σαλλάκων [ἄ], ανος, ὁ, (σαλλάσσω) one who walks in a swaggering fashion, a swaggerer, roysterer.

σαλλάκωνεύω, f. σω, (σαλλάκων) to play the swaggerer, to swagger.

σαλάμανδρα or -μάνδρα, the salamander, a kind of lizard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σαλαμὶν-ἄφειτης, ου, ὁ, (Σαλαμῖς, ἀφίημι) betrayer of Salamis.

Σαλαμίνιος [μῖ], α, ον, also ος, ον, Salaminian, of or from Salamis. II. ἡ Σαλαμῖνία (sub. ναῦς or τρήρη), the Salaminia, one of the two state galleys of the Athenians, used for special missions; cf. παράλος. From

Σαλαμῖς, gen. ἱνός, ἡ, Salamis, an island opposite Athens. II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer of Salamis.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

σάλασσω Att.-ττω: f. ξω: pf. pass. σεσάλαγμαi: (σάλος):—to cram full, stuff.

σάλευω, f. σω: aor. I ἐσάλευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσαλεύθην: pf. σεσάλευμαι: (σάλος):—to shake much: to make to totter:—Pass. to be shaken, to totter, reel. II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea: metaph. to toss, be in sore distress.

σάλος, ὁ, (ἄλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge: hence the open, exposed sea. 2. a roadstead, anchorage. II. of ships, a rolling about, tossing on the sea: hence sea-sickness: metaph. restlessness, disquiet.

σαλπυγο-λογχ-ὑπηνάδαι, οἱ, (σάλπιγξ, λόγχη, ὑπὴρ) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπικτής, οὔ, ὁ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγξ, ἱγγος, ἡ, a war-trumpet, trumpet: the σαλπίγξ was called Tuscan, Τυρσηνική: ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trumpet-call. From

ΣΑΛΠΙΖΩ, fut. -ίγξω, aor. I ἐσάλπιγα: later fut. σαλπῖσω, aor. I ἐσάλπισα:—to sound the trumpet,

give signal by trumpet: to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder:—impers., ἐπεὶ ἐσάλπιγξε (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής) when the trumpet sounded:—c. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

σαλπικτής, οὔ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάλπιγξ, ἱγγος, ἡ, poet. for σάλπιγξ.

σαλπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, = σαλπικτής.

σάμα, τό, Dor. for σήμα.

σαμαῖνον, Dor. for σημαῖνον.

Σαμαρείτης, ον, ὁ, a Samaritan, inhabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galilee formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes: the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the Jews. Fem. Σαμαρείτις, ἰδος, ἡ, a Samaritan woman.

σάμβαλον, τό, Aeol. for σάνδαλον.

σάμερον, Dor. for σήμερον, to-day.

Σάμη, ἡ, Same, the older name of Κεφαλληνία.

Σάμιον, τό, Dor. for σημεῖον.

Σάμιος, α, ον, (Σάμος 3) of Samos, Samian.

Σάμο-θράκη Ion. -θρηκίη, ἡ, = Σάμος Θρακία, Samothrace, an island near Thrace.

Σάμο-θράκιος, α, ον Ion. -θρηκίος η, ον, Samothracian.

Σάμό-θραξ Ion. -θρηξ, ἱκος, ὁ, a Samothracian.

Σάμος [ἄ], ἡ, Samos, the name of several Greek islands: 1. an old name for Κεφαλληνία: also called Σάμη. 2. Σάμος Θρηκίη, = Σαμοθράκη. 3. the large island over against Ephesus.

σαμπί, an old letter, see Σ, σ, σίγμα.

σαμ-φόρος, ον, ὁ, (σάν, φέρω) a horse branded with the letter σάν (v. σίγμα) (v. σίγμα) f. κοππατίας.

σάν, Dor. for σίγμα, q. v.

σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, a small sandal or slipper.

σανδάλισκος, ὁ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, = σανδάλιον.

σάνδαλον Aeol. σάμβαλον, τό, a wooden sole, bound on by straps round the instep and ankle, a sandal.

σανδάρακη, ἡ, a bright-red mineral: hence scarlet, Lat. sandaraca. [ρᾶ] Hence

σανδάρακιος, η, ον, of or like σανδάρακη, bright-red.

σανίδιον, τό, Dim. of σανίς, a panel: a trencher.

σανίς, ἰδος, ἡ, a board, plank: anything made of board or plank: a door, in plur. folding doors. 2. a wooden scaffold or stage. 3. a wooden floor: a ship's deck. 4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing on, tablets covered with gypsum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

σαοῖ, 3 sing. of σαῶω.

ΣΑ'ΟΞ, as posit., found only in contr. form σῶς, safe: Comp. σῶωτερος.

σδο-φρονέω, σδο-φροσύνη, σδῶ-φρων, poet. for σαφρονέω, σαφροσύνη, σάφρων.

σάωω Ep. σῶω, = σῶζω, to save:—3 sing. pres. σαοῖ, 3 pl. σοοῦσι: 3 sing. impf. ἐσάω Ep. σῶω: 2 sing. imperat. σάον or σῶω: fut. σῶσω: aor. I act. ἐσάωσα, pass. ἐσάσθην: fut. med. σῶσομαι.

σάπειν, aor. 2 pass. opt. of σήπω.
 σάπεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of σήπω.
 σάπηη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω.
 σάπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.
 σάπρος, ἄ, ὄν, (σαπῆναι) rotten, putrid; diseased,
 Lat. tabidus; decayed, unsound. II. generally,
 worthless, useless. III. old, obsolete, musty.

σάπτερος, ἡ, the sapphires or the lapis lazuli, a
 precious stone.

Σαπφώ, οὐς, vocat. Σαπφοῖ, ἡ, Sappho. Hence
 Σαπφῶς, α, ὄν, of Sappho, Sapphic.

σάπων, aor. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαργάνη, ἡ, like ταργάνη, wickerwork, a basket: a
 plait, band. [α]

σαρδάνιος, α, ὄν, (σαίρω) in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc.
 γέλωτα] γελᾶν, to laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bitter-
 ly, from anger or secret triumph; μέδιχε δὲ θυμῷ
 σαρδάνιον μᾶλα τοῖον but he laughed in his soul a
 very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, α,
 ὄν, as if from σαρδόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Σαρδῶ),
 which was said to distort the face of the eater.

Σάρδεϊς, εων, Ion. Σάρδεις, ιων, αἱ, Sardis, the capi-
 tal of Lydia:—hence Adj., Σαρδιάνιος Ion. -ιηνός,
 and Σαρδιανικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sardis;
 βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i.e. scarlet, dye,
 hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδίνη [ἴ], ἡ, or σαρδίνος, ὁ, the sardine.

σάρδιον, τό, (Σάρδεϊς) the Sardian stone.

σαρδ-όνυξ, ὄν, (σάρδιον, ὄνυξ) the sardonix, a
 kind of onyx, so called when the different colours
 were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Σαρδῶ, gen. ὅς contr. οὐς, ἡ, Sardinia: hence
 Adj., Σαρδῶς, α, ὄν, Σαρδωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Σαρδώνιος
 and Σαρδόνιος, α, ὄν, of or belonging to Sardinia,
 Sardinian.

ΣΑΡΔΩ'Ν, ὄνος, ἡ, the upper edge of a bunting-net.
 σάρισσα or rather σάρισα, ἡ, the sarissa, a long
 pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to rend off flesh like dogs.

σαρκασμο-πίτυο-κάμπτης, ὄν, ὁ, (σαρκάζω, πτύς,
 κάμπτω) sneering-pinebender.

σαρκίζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh; σαρκί-
 ζειν τὸ δέρμα to drain off the skin, to flay.

σαρκικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, of
 the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικός.

σάρκινος, ἡ, ὄν, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, fat.

σαρκο-λίπτης, ἐς, (σάρξ, λιπύν) forsaken by flesh, lean.

σαρκο-πάγης, ἐς, (σάρξ, παγῆναι) with compact flesh.

σαρκοφάγος, f. ἦσω, to eat flesh: devour. From

σαρκο-φάγος, ὄν, (σάρξ, φάγειν) eating flesh. II.

λίθος σαρκοφάγος a lime-stone which like slacked
 lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins
 were often made of it:—hence as Subst., σαρκοφά-
 γος, ὁ, a sarcophagus, coffin.

σαρκῶ, f. ὦσω, (σάρξ) to make fleshy, make into
 flesh.

σαρκ-ώδης, (σάρξ, εἶδος) like flesh, fleshy; θεοὶ ἑναί-
 μοι καὶ σαρκώδεες gods of flesh and blood.

ΣΑΡΞ, ἡ, gen. σαρκός, flesh: in plur. all the flesh
 or muscles in the body: hence the flesh, body. 2.

flesh, human nature, human kind.

σάρων, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, broom.

σάρῳ, f. ὦσω, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, cleanse.

Σαρπηδῶν, ὄνος, also ἡδοντος, ἡδοντι, ὁ; voc.

Σαρπηδῶν:—pr. n. Sarpedon.

σάρῳ, fut. of σαίρω.

Σατάνης, ἄ and Σατάν, ὁ, indecl. Satan; a Hebr.
 word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατιλή, ἡ, a war-chariot: generally, a chariot, car.

στάτον, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and half.

σατραπεία Ion. -ητή, ἡ, a satrapy, the office or pro-
 vince of a satrap. From

σατραπεύω, f. σω, intr. to be a satrap. II.

trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From

σατράπης, ου, ὁ, a satrap, Lat. satrāpa, title of a
 Persian viceroy or governor of a province. (Persian
 word.)

ΣΑΤΤΩ, fut. σάξω: aor. I ἔσαξα: Pass., aor. I
 ἐσάχην: pf. σέσαγμαi: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ἐσε-
 σάχατο:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of
 burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour,
 harness: Pass. to be armed or barnessed. 2. to

load, furnish, equip, fit out. II. to load heavily:

in pf. pass., πημίτων σσεαγμένους laden with woes;

σεαγαμένους πλουτοῖν overloaded with riches. III.

to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σατύρικος, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr.

Σατύρισκος, ὁ, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

ΣΑΤΥΡΟΣ [ῥ], ὁ, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus,
 represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail:
 later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed
 from Pan or the Faun in having no horns. 2. a

lewd, goatish fellow. II. a kind of play, in which
 the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyric drama.

σαυλόμοι, Pass. (σαῦλος) to be affected or effemi-
 nate in one's gait.

σαυλο-πρωκτίω, (σαῦλος, πρωκτός) to walk in a
 swaggering, affected way.

ΣΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, concealed, affected, effeminate.

ΣΑΥΡΑ Ion. σαύρη, ἡ, a lizard, Lat. lacerta.

ΣΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, = σαύρα, a lizard, Lat. lacertus.

σανρωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spike at the butt-end of a
 spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, the
 butt-end.

σαντοῦ, σαντῆς contr. for σεαντοῦ, σεαντῆς.

σάφα, poet. Adv. of σαφής, clearly, plainly, assuredly;
 σάφα εἶδως knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα

εἰπεῖν to tell plainly, speak truth. [σά]

σάφάνης, ἐς, Dor. for σαφηνῆς.

σάφεστερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of σαφής.

σάφως, Ion. for σαφῶς.

σαφ-ηγορίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (σάφα, ἀγορεύω) speak-
 ing truth.

σαφήνεια, ἡ, (σαφηνῆς) clearness, plainness: the
 truth.

σάφηνέως, Ion. for σαφηνῶς.

σάφηνής Dor. σάφανής, ές, (σαφής) *clear, plain, open, manifest: true: τὸ σαφανές the whole truth.*

σάφηνίζω, f. ἰώ, (σαφηνής) *to make clear or plain, to explain, clear up.*

σαφηνῶς, Adv. of σαφηνής, *clearly, plainly.*

ΣΑΦΗΣ, ές, gen. έος contr. οὖς, *clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain: τὸ σαφές the truth: of seers, sure, unerring.* Comp. and Sup. σαφέστερος, -έστατος.

σαφῶς Ion. σαφέως, like σάφα, *clearly, plainly, surely:* Comp. σαφέστερον: Sup. σαφέστατα.

σαχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of σάττω.

ΣΑΩ, Root of σήσω, *to sift, bolt: 3 pl. σῶσι.*

σάω, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of σάω.

σαωθείς, -θήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of σάω.

σαωσέμεν, Ep. for σάωσιν, fut. inf. of σάω.

σάωσω, fut. of σάω.

σάώτερος, Comp. of σάος.

σάωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for σωτήρ, *a saviour, deliverer.*

σάωτης, ου, ὁ, (σάω) poet. for σωτήρ, *a saviour.*

σβείην and σβείς, aor. 2 opt. and part. of σβέννυμι.

σβέννυμι and -ῶ, fut. σβέσω: aor. I έσβεσα Ep.

σβέσα, Ep. inf. σβέσσαι:—*to quench, put out, Lat. extinguere.*

2. generally, *to quench, quell, put out, put down.*

II. Pass. σβέννυμαι: aor. I έσβέσθην: pf. έσβεσμαι: with intrins. tenses of Act.,

aor. 2 έσβην Dor. έσβάν, opt. σβείην, inf. σβήναι: pf. έσβηκα:—*to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extinguere: to die.*

2. of liquids, *to become dry, be exhausted.*

3. generally, *to become still, lull, cease.*

σβέσσαι, Ep. for σβέσαι, aor. I inf. of σβέννυμι.

σβεστήριος, α, ον, (σβέννυμι) *serving to quench or put out.*

σβήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of σβέννυμι.

-σε, adverbial termin., denoting motion towards, as,

ἄλλο-σε *to some other place, etc.*

σβαντοῦ Ion. σβαντοῦ, -τῆς, -τοῦ, reflexive Pron.

of 2nd pers., of *thyself*, only used in sing. gen., dat.,

acc., masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ὑμῶν αὐτῶν,

etc.: so also in sing. in Homer, who uses σοὶ αὐτῷ,

σ' αὐτόν.

σεβάσσομαι, f. -άσσομαι: aor. I έσεβασάμην, Ep. 3

sing. σεβασσάτο: also aor. I pass. έσεβασθήν: Dep.: (σεβας):—*to feel awe of, to dread.*

σεβας, τό, (σεβομαι) *reverential awe, a feeling of*

awe: generally reverence, worship, honour, respect,

awe.

II. the object of reverential awe, majesty.

2. an object of wonder, a wonder.

III. an honour conferred on one.

σεβασμα, ατος, τό, (σεβάσσομαι) *an object of awe or*

worship.

Σεβαστιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, special fem. of Σεβαστός, *Au-*

gusta, title of the Roman Emperress.

σεβαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σεβάσσομαι) *reverenced, awful,*

august.

II. the Lat. *Augustus*, as a title applied

to the Roman Emperors, was rendered by Σεβαστός.

σεβίλω, f. ίσω: aor. I έσέβισα:—*to worship, honour.*

ΣΕΒΟΜΑΙ: aor. I έσέφθην: Dep.:—*to feel awe*

or fear, to feel shame, be ashamed, be afraid. 2.

to worship, pay high regard or respect to.

ΣΕΒΩ, f. σέσω, = the earlier form σέβομαι, *to wor-*

ship, honour: absol. to worship, be religious:—hence

σέβομαι also as Pass., to be revered.

σέθεν, old poet. form of σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

Σελήνιος, ὁ, *Silenus*, a companion of Bacchus, the

most famous of the Satyrs.

σεῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

σεῖος, σεῖα, σεῖον, Lacon. for θεῖος, α, ον.

σειρά Ion. σειρή, ἡ, (είρω) *a cord, rope, string,*

ibong: also a chain. II. *a cord with a noose, a*

lasso, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag

away their enemies.

σειραῖος, α, ον, (σειρά) *joined by a cord or band:*

of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger;

see σειραφόρος.

σειρᾶ-φόρος Ion. σειρη-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω)

having a rope attached, led by a rope: ὁ σειραφόρος

(sub. ἵππος), the horse which draws by the trace only,

an outrigger, whereas the ζύγιοι drew by the yoke or

collar:—metaph. a partner, coadjutor. A quadriga

(τέθριππος) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the

middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Σειρήν, ἦρος, ἡ, *a Siren: in pl. Σειρήνες, αἱ, the*

Sirens, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet

songs and then slew them. II. metaph. *a Siren,*

deceitful woman.

σειριό-καντος, ον, (σειριος, καίω) *scorched by the*

heat of the dog-star.

σειρίος, α, ον, (σειρός) *hot, scorching: epith. of the*

heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σειρίος ἀστήρ

the sun: but, ὁ Σείριος (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat.

Sirius, also called Κύνος σειρίος or Κύνος.

ΣΕΙΡΟΨ, α, ὄν, *hot, scorching, of summer-heat.*

σειρο-φόρος, ον, (σειρά, φέρω) = σειραφόρος.

σεισατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of σείω.

σεισ-άχθεια, ἡ, (σειώ, ἀχθος) *a shaking off of bur-*

dens, the name given to the disburdening ordinance

of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering

to the Lat. novae tabulae.

σεισί-χθων, ονος, ὁ, (σειώ, χθών) *earth-shaker.*

σεισμός, ὁ, (σειώ) *a shaking, shock: the shock of*

an earthquake, an earthquake.

σειστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σειώ) *shaken.*

-σειώ, ending of Verbs expressing desire or inten-

tion, *Desideratives*, like Lat. -urio. They are formed

from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as δράω, δράσω, δρα-

σειώ: γελῶ, γελᾶσω, γελασείω.

ΣΕΙΩ, f. σείσω: aor. I έσεισα: Pass., aor. I έσει-

σθην: pf. σέσεισμαι:—*to shake, move to and fro,*

brandish. 2. absol., *σειεῖ there is an earthquake (see*

σεισμός), like ύεῖ it rains, etc. 3. Pass. and Med.

to be shaken, shake, heave: generally, to move, sway to

and fro: of places, to feel the shock of an earth-

quake. II. in Att. *to harass, annoy with accu-*

sations, so as to extort money.

σέλα, for σέλας, dat. of σέλας.

σελαγέω, *ε. ήσω, (σέλας) to enlighten:—Pass. to beam brightly, blaze, flash.* II. in Act. to shine, to beam.

σελαη-γενέτης, ου, *δ, (σέλας, *γένω) father of light.*
σελάνα, σελάναια, Dor. for σελήνη, σεληναία.

ΣΕ'ΛΑΣ, *αος, τό: Ep. dat. σέλαϊ contr. σέλα: a bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.*

σελασ-φόρος, *ον, (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing.*

σελάχος, *τό, a shark.*

Σεληναίη, *ή, Ion. and Ep. for Σελήνη Att. Σεληναία:—the Moon.*

σεληναίος, *α, ον, lighted by the moon; σεληναία νύξ a moonlight night.* From

σελήνη, *ή, (σέλας) the moon; σελήνη πλήθουσα the full-moon; πρὸς τὴν σελήνην by the light of the moon.* II. a moon, month; δεκάτη σελήνη in the tenth moon.

σεληνιαζομαι, *Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-struck or lunatic.*

σελιση-φάγος, *ον, (σελῖς, φάγείν) devouring leaves of books.*

ΣΕ'ΛΙ'ΝΟΝ, *τό, parsley, Lat. apium: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.*

ΣΕΛΙ'Σ, *ιδος, ή, the space between two rowing-benches (σέλματα).* II. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

Σελλοί, *οι, the Selli, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.*

σέλμα, *ατος, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the deck.* 2. pl. σέλματα, *τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. transtra,* 3. generally, a seat, throne. II. any timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

σεμιδᾶλις, *ιος and εως, ή, the finest wheaten flour, Lat. simila, similago.*

σεμνό-θεσμος, *ον, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.*

σεμνολογέω, *φ. ήσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:—Dep. σεμνολογέομαι, to talk in solemn speech.* From

σεμνο-λόγος, *ον, (σεμνός, λέγω) speaking solemnly.*

σεμνο-μαντις, *εως, δ, (σεμνός, μάντις) a reverend seer.*

σεμνομυθεύω, *φ. ήσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely.* From

σεμνο-μῦθος, *ον, (σεμνός, μυθεομαι) talking solemnly.*

σεμνοπροσωπῶ, *φ. ήσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance.* From

σεμνο-πρόσωπος, *ον, (σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave countenance.*

σεμνός, *ή, όν, (σέβομαι) august, holy, solemn, awful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called σεμναὶ θεαί or Σεμναί.* II. of men,

grave, solemn, stately, majestic: in bad sense, haughty, pompous, grand; σεμνὸν βλέπειν to look grave and solemn.

III. of things, stately, solemn, august, grand.

σεμνό-στομος, *ον, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.*

σεμνότης, *ητος, ή, (σεμνός) solemnity, dignity, majesty: in bad sense, pomposity.*

σεμνό-τίμος, *ον, (σεμνός, τιμή) revered with awe.*

σεμνός, *φ. ώσω, (σεμνός) to make grand or pompous, to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify.*

σεμνύνω [ν], *φ. ὕνω, (σεμνός) to make pompous or majestic, to dignify, magnify:—Med. σεμνύνομαι,*

αορ. 1 ἔσεμνυάμην, to be pompous or haughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt oneself or be proud of a thing.

σεμνῶς, *Adv. of σεμνός, solemnly, grandly.*

σέο, *Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.*

σεπτός, *ή, όν, verb. Adj. of σέβομαι, august, holy.*

ΣΕ'ΡΙΣ, *εως or ιδος, ή, endive or succory.*

σέρφος, *δ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant.*

σίσταγμα, *pf. pass. of σάττω.*

σισαρωμένος, *pf. pass. part. of σαρώω.*

σισαῖρος, *νία, ός, Dor. for σισαῖρος, pf. part. of σάιρω:—σισαῖρία, Ep. fem.*

σίσσεισμαι, *pf. pass. of σείω.*

σίσσηπα, *pf. of σήπω.*

σιστηρός, *pf. part. of σάιρω.*

σισσοφισμένος, *Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφίζω, cunningly, cleverly.*

σισύλημαι, *pf. pass. of σῦλδω.*

σίσσυρκα, σίσσυρμαι, *pf. act. and pass. of σῦρω.*

σίσσωσμαι, *pf. pass. of σῶζω.*

σισσωφρονισμένος, *Adv. pf. pass. part. of σωφρονίζω, temperately, soberly.*

σέτω, *Lacon. for θέτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imp. of τίθημι.*

σεῦ enclit. σευ, *Ion. and Dor. gen. of σύ.*

σεῦα, *Ep. for ἔσσεα, αορ. 1 of σέωω: pres. σεύας.*

σεῦμαι, *contr. for σεύομαι, pres. pass. of σέωω: 3 sing. σεῦται.*

σεῦτλον, *τό, Ion. for τεῦτλον.*

ΣΕΥ'Ω, *with σσ in augm. tenses, impf. ἔσσεον, pass. and med. ἔσσεύομην: αορ. 1 ἔσσεα, med. ἔσσεάμην; also Ep. without augm. σεῦα, σεῦε, σεῦατο: pf. pass. ἔσσυμαι, part. ἔσσυμενος: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἔσσυμην [ν], 2 sing. ἔσσυο for ἔσσυσσο, 3 sing. ἔσσυτο Ep. σῦτο; part. σύμενος: αορ. 1 pass. ἔσσυθην [ν].* There is also 3 sing. σεῦται from a contr.

pres. σεῦμαι: also σοῦμαι, 3 pl. σοῦνται: imperat. σοῦ, 3 sing. σοῦσθω, 2 pl. σοῦσθε: inf. σοῦσθαι. To put in quick motion, drive, hunt, chase.

2. to set on, let loose at. 3. to drive or chase away.

4. of things, to throw, hurl: also to bring forth, cause to spring; αἷμα ἔσσεα I made blood spout forth:—Med., αἷμα σῦτο blood spouted forth.

II. Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along; συθεῖς having started, gone.

2. c. inf. to hasten, speed; ὅτε σεῖατο διώκειν when he basted to pursue.

3. metaph. to be eager, yearn after, long for.

σεφθεῖς, *αορ. 1 pass. part. of σέβω.*

σέω, *Dor. for θέω, to run.*

σεωυτοῦ, *fem. σεωυτῆς, Ion. for σεαυτοῦ, σεαυτῆς.*

σηκάζω, f. -άσω, (σηκός) to drive into a pen, coop up, shut up.

σηकाσθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σηκάζω.

σηκός, ἰδος, ἡ, (σηκός) a housekeeper, portress.

σηκίτης, ου, ὁ Dor. σακ-, (σηκός) a stall-fed animal: σκατταν ἄρνα a house-fed lamb.

σηκο-κόπος, ου, (σηκός, κοπέω) cleaning a stable or pen: as Subst., σηκοκόπος, ὁ, a berdsman.

ΣΗΚΟΨ Dor. σακός, ὁ, a pen or fold, for sheep and goats. 2. any dwelling. II. any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, shrine: also a sepulchre sacred to the dead.

III. the trunk of an olive-tree. Hence.

σηκός, f. ὥσω, to weigh, balance. Hence

σηκωμα Dor. σάκωμα, ατος, τό, a weight in the balance, a counterpoise. II. like σηκός, a chapel, sacred enclosure, shrine.

ΣΗΜΑ Dor. σάμα, ατος, τό, a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forehead.

2. a sign from heaven, an omen, portent: also, 3. a battle-sign, signal.

4. a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by: generally, a grave, tomb.

5. in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρά of Bellerophon in the Iliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices.

6. the device or bearing on a shield: also the device on a seal, a seal.

7. a constellation: in plur. the heavenly bodies, Lat. signa.

σημαίνονσα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from

σημαίνω, fut. -άνω Ion. -άνειν: aor. I ἐσήμνηα or ἐσημῆνα, inf. σημήναι: Pass., aor. I ἐσημάνθην: pf. σεσημασμαι, but 3 sing. σεσημάνται, inf. σεσημάνθαι: (σημα):—to shew by a sign or token, point out: absol. to give a sign or token.

II. to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol., σημαίνω a commander.

2. in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνει (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής), like σαλπίζει, signal is given: τοῖς Ἑλλήσι ὡς ἐσήμνηεν when the signal was given for the Greeks to attack.

III. to signify, announce, intimate: with a part., to signify that a thing is.

IV. to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημασμένα things sealed, opp. to δσημῆται.

V. Med. σημαίνομαι, to infer or conclude for oneself from signs.

2. to mark for oneself, note down.

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal set upon a thing.

σημαντήρις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. suited for sealing: σημαντήρις γῆ clay used for sealing.

σημαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal.

σημάντωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σημαίνω) one who gives a sign or signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a berdsman.

σημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σημα. [ᾶ]

σημάτεις, εσσα, εν, (σημα) full of tombs.

σηματ-ουργός, ὄν, (σημα, *ἐργω) making devices for shields.

σημιο-γράφος, ου, (σημειον, γράφω) writing in cipher. [ᾶ]

σημειον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (σημα) a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace.

2. a sign from the gods, an omen.

3. a sign or signal to do anything: the signal for battle.

4. a flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign.

5. a device upon a shield: also on a seal: a seal itself.

II. in reasoning, a sign or proof.

σημειώ, f. ὥσω, (σημειον) to mark:—Med. to mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.

σήμερον Dor. σάμερον Att. τήμερον, Adv. (ἡμέρα with σ prefixed) to-day: so also ἡ σήμερον (sub. ἡμέρα), and τὸ τήμερον.

σημήιον, τό, Ion. for σημεῖον.

σημήνα, Ep. for ἐσήμνηα, aor. I of σημαίνω.

σημι-κίνηιον, τό, the Lat. semi-cinctium, an apron.

σημιό-θετος, ου, (σημα, τίθημι) made for ruling lines.

σηπέδων, ὄνος, ἡ, (σηπέω) decay, putrefaction: of quick flesh, mortification.

ΣΗΠΙ΄Α, ἡ, the sepia or cuttle-fish, which when pursued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

ΣΗΠΙΔ, f. σήψω: aor. I ἐσηψα:—to make rotten or putrid: to make fester or mortify.

II. Pass. σήπομαι: aor. 2 ἐσάπην [ᾶ], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σαπήη, for σάπη: pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσηπα:—to be or become rotten, to moulder, putrefy: of diseased flesh, to mortify.

Σήρ, Σήρός, ὁ, mostly in pl. Σήρες, the Seres, an Indian people, from whom silk was first brought: hence,

II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σήρ, ὁ, Lacon, for θήρ.

σήραξ, ἄγγος, ἡ, (σάωρα, σέσηρα) a hollow rock, a cleft, cave hollowed out by the sea.

σηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σήρ) Seric: silken.

σηρο-κτόνος, ου, Lacon, for θηροκτ-.

ΣΗ΄Σ, ὁ, gen. σεός, nom. pl. σέες, gen. σέων: later also gen. σητός:—a moth, Lat. tineæ: a book-worm.

σῆς, Ion. for σαῖς, dat. pl. fem. of σός, σή, σόν.

σησαμαῖος, α, ου, made of sesamé. From σησάμη, ἡ, sesamé, an eastern leguminous plant. [ᾶ]

σησαμή, ἡ, a mixture of sesamé-seeds roasted and pounded with boney, a sesamé-cake.

σησαμίνος, η, ου, (σησάμη) made of sesamé: σησαμινον ἔλαιον sesamé-oil. [ᾶ]

σησαμέεις, εσσα, εν, (σησάμη) of sesamé: ὁ σησαμῖνος (sub. ἄπτος) a sesamé-cake.

σήσαδον, τό, (σησάμη) the seed or fruit of the sesamé-tree (σησάμη).

σησαμό-τύρον, τό, (σησάμη, τυρός) sesamé-cheese.

σησαμόους, ουντος, contr. from σησαμοῖεις.

Σηστός, ἡ, also ὁ, Sestos, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σῆτες Att. τήτες, (ἔτος) this year: see σήμερον.

σητό-βρωτος, ου, (σῆς, βιβρώσκω) fretted by moths, moth-eaten.

σητό-κοπος, ου, (σῆς, κοπήναι) fretted by moths.

σθενάρως, ἄ, ὄν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

ΣΘΕΝΟΣ, eos, τό, strength, might, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river; σθένος ἡλίου the strength of the sun; σθένει by force; παντὶ σθένει with all one's might. 2. might, power, force. II. a force of men. III. periphr.

like βίη, ἴς, μένος with a gen., as, σθένος Ἐκτορος Hector himself.

σθενώω, f. ὠω, (σθένος) to strengthen, make strong. σθένω, only used in pres. and impf.: (σθένος):—to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένει χειρὶ, ποσὶ to be strong in hand, in foot; οἱ κάτω σθένοντες they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or power to do, be able or competent to do.

σιά, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΙΑΤΩΝ Ion. σιγῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, the jaw-bone, jaw.

ΣΙΑΔΟΝ Ion. σιέλων, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙΑΔΟΣ, δ, a fat hog: also with another Subst., σὺς σιάλος, like σὺς κάρπιος, etc. II. fat, grease.

Σίβυλλα, ἡ, a Sibyl, prophetess. (Deriv. uncertain.) [Y] Hence

Σιβύλλειος, α, ον, Sibylline.

Σιβυλλιάω, (Σίβυλλα) to play the Sibyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

Σιβυλλοστής, οὐ, δ, a believer in the Sibyl, diviner.

ΣΙΒΥΝΗ, ἡ, σιβύνης, ον, δ, a bunting-spear. [Y]

σιγά, Adv. (σιγή) silently, stillly, noiselessly: as an exclam., σίγα bush! be still!

σιγά, imperat. of σιγάω, bush! be still!

σιγά, Ep. for ἐσίγα, 3 sing. impf. of σιγάω.

σιγά, 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat. of σιγή.

σιγάω, f. ἄω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or constrain to silence.

σιγαῖλος, α, ον, (σιγάω) silent, still.

σιγαῖλος, εσσα, εν, (σιάλος) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' reins. 2. rich, splendid, sumptuous.

σιγαῖλος, Dor. for σιγῆλος.

σιγᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σιγή) silent.

σιγάω, f. -ήσμαι, later -ήσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass., aor. I σεσίγην: pf. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή):—to be silent or still, to keep silence:—imper. σίγα, bush! be still! —Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. taceri; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σιγεῖν, Lacon. for θιγεῖν.

σιγή Dor. σιγά, ἡ, (σιγή) silence, a being silent; σιγήν ἔχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; σιγήν ποιεῖσθαι to make silence. II. dat. σιγῇ as Adv., in silence, silently: also like σίγα, as an exclam., σιγῇ νυν silence now! σιγῇ ποιεῖσθαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone. 2.

secretly: also as a Prep., σιγῇ τινος, Lat. clam aliquo, like κρύφα τινός unknown to him.

σιγηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σιγάω.

σιγηθός, ἡ, ὄν Dor. σιγαθός, ὄν, (σιγή) silent, still, mute, busbed:—τὰ σιγηλά silence.

σιγηρός, ἄ, ὄν, = σιγηλός.

σιγητέον, verb. Adj. of σιγάω, one must be silent.

σίγλος or **σίκλος**, ὁ, the Hebrew shekel = 2 drachmae; a Persian σίγλος is mentioned by Xenophon as worth 7½ or 8 oboli, about 1 shilling English.

σίγμα, (σίω) the letter sigma, see Σ, σ.

σιγύνης, ου, ὁ, Cyprian word for δόρυ, a spear. II. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for κάπηλος.

III. the Σιγύναι were a people on the Danube, see Herodotus 5. 9.

σιγῶντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σιγάω: also dat. sing. pres. part.

σιδάρος, ὁ, Dor. for σίδηρος: for σιδάρειος and other Dor. forms, v. sub σιδήρ-.

ΣΙΔΗ, ἡ, a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [I]

σιδηρέα, ἡ, (σιδηρεύω) a working in iron.

σιδήρεος, α Ion. η, ον, Att. contr. σιδηροῦς, ἄ, οὔν, Ep. σιδήρειος, η, ον, Dor. σιδάρεος [ᾱ], α, ον: (σιδήρος):—made of iron or steel, iron; σιδήρεος οὐρανός the iron sky: metaph., σιδήρεος θυμός a mind of iron; σιδηρεῖον ἤτορ an iron heart. II. σιδάρειοι, οἱ, a Byzantine iron coin.

σιδηρεύς, εως, ὁ, (σιδήρος) a worker in iron, a smith.

σιδηριον, τό, (σιδήρος) a tool of iron or steel, an iron: a sword or knife.

σιδηρίτης [I], ον, δ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, Dor. σιδάρι-τας, α, δ, (σιδήρος) of iron.

σιδηρο-βριθής, ἐς, (σιδήρος, βριθῶ) iron-loaded.

σιδηρο-βρώς, ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σιδήρος, βιβρώσκω) iron-eating, epith. of a whetstone.

σιδηρο-δάκτυλος, ον, (σιδήρος, δάκτυλος) iron-fingered.

σιδηρό-δετος, ον, (σιδήρος, δέω) iron-bound, sbod with iron.

σιδηρο-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (σιδήρος, κάμνω) slain by iron, slain by the sword.

σιδηρο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (σιδήρος, μήτηρ) mother of iron, epith. of the earth.

σιδηρο-νόμος, ον, (σιδήρος, νέμω) distributing by the sword, or swaying the sword.

σιδηρό-νωτος, ον, (σιδήρος, νῦτον) iron-backed.

σιδηρό-πλακτος Dor. for -πληκτος, ον, (σιδήρος, πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σιδηρό-πλαστος, ον, (σιδήρος, πλάσσω) moulded of iron.

ΣΙΔΗΡΟΣ Dor. σίδαρος, ὁ, iron: it was of high value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were given as prizes: it mostly came from the north and east of the Euxine. II. like Lat. ferrum, anything made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword, spear, axe: also a knife, sickle. III. a place for selling iron, a culler's shop.

σιδηρό-σπαρτος, ον, (σιδήρος, σπείρω) sown or produced by iron.

σιδηρο-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, (σιδήρος, τέκτων) a worker in iron.

σιδηρο-τόκος, ον, (σιδήρος, τεκεῖν) iron producing.

σιδηροτομέω, f. ἥσω, to cleave with iron. From

σιδηρο-τόμος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, τεμῆν) *cutting with iron*.

σιδηροφορέω, *φ. ήσω*, to wear iron arms, wear arms: so also as *Dep.* —έομαι. From

σιδηρο-φόρος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, φέρω) wearing iron, bearing arms.

σιδηρό-φρων, *ον*, *gen. onos*, (σίδηρος, φρήν) of iron heart.

σιδηρό-χαλκος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, χαλκός) of iron and copper.

σιδηρο-χάρμης, *ον*, *δ*, (σίδηρος, χάρμη) fighting in iron, *epith.* of mailed war-horses.

σιδηρώ, *φ. ώσω*, (σίδηρος) to make of iron, overlay with iron:—*impers.* in *plqpf. pass.* έσειδηρωτο έπὶ μέγα καὶ τοῦ άλλου ξύλου iron had been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood.

σιδιον, *τό*, (σίδη) pomegranate-peel. [σ']

Σιδονήβη, *Adv.* from Sidon. From

Σιδών, *ώνος, ή*, Sidon, one of the oldest cities of Phoenicia. *Adj.* Σιδώνιος or Σιδώνιος, *α, ον*, of or belonging to Sidon; *fem.* also Σιδωνιάς, *άδος*.

Σιδών, *όνος, δ*, a man of Sidon.

ΣΙΨΩ, *impf. έσιζον Ep. σίζον*: no fut. in use:—to hiss, of hot iron plunged into water; σίς' όφθαλμός έλαινέω *περί μοχλώ* the eye of the Cyclops bitted when the burnt stake was thrust into it. II. to set a dog on.

Σιθωνία, *ή*, Sithonia, a part of Thrace, generally for the whole country: *Adj.* Σιθώνιος and Σιθόνιος, *α, ον*, Thracian: Σιθών, *όνος, δ*, a Sithonian; and Σιθονία, *ίδος, ή*, a Sithonian woman.

Σικάνια, *ή*, Sicania, properly a part of Sicily near Agrigentum, used generally for the whole of Sicily.

Σικανός, *ου, δ*, a Sicanian (see Σικανία): *Adj.* Σικανικός, *ή, όν*, Sicanian.

σικάριος, *ος, δ*, the Lat. sicarius, assassin. [α]

Σικελία, *ή*, (Σικελός) Sicily: *Adj.* Σικελικός, *ή, όν*, Sicilian. Hence

Σικελίζω, *φ. ήσω*, to do or speak like the Sicilians: to favour the Sicilians.

Σικελικός, *ή, όν*, (Σικελός) of or like a Sicilian.

Σικελιώτης, *ον, δ*, a Sicilian Greek, a Greek settler in Sicily, as distinguished from the Σικελοί or Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. *Ιταλιώτης*.

Σικελός, *ή, όν*, Sicilian, of or from Sicily, Lat. Siculus: the Σικελοί originally migrated from Italy to Sicily; the Σικελιώται were the later Greek settlers.

σίκερα [τ], *τό*, *gen. σίκερος*, a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink. (Hebr. *shakar*, to be intoxicated.)

σικιννίς or σίκιννις, *ίδος, ή*, the Sicinnis, a dance of Satyrs used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor Sicinnos.

σίκλος, *δ*, = σίγλος.

σίκυα *Ion.* σικύη, *α*, a fruit like the cucumber or gourd, but eaten ripe. II. a cupping glass, from its shape, Lat. *cucurbita*. [υ]

σίκυος, *δ*, the common gourd or cucumber.

Σικυνών, *ώνος, ή*, Sicyon, a town and district on the

north of the Peloponnesus: *Adj.* Σικυνώνιος, *α, ον*, Sicyonian: *Adv.* Σικυνώνοθε, of or from Sicyon.

σικχαίνω, to loathe. From

ΣΙΚΧΟΣ, *δ*, a squeamish, fastidious person.

Σιληνός, *δ*, see Σειληνός.

σίλι, *τό*, the palma Christi, called also σιλλικύπριον.

σιλλαίνω, (σίλλος) to insult, mock, jeer.

σιλλικύπριον, *τό*, = σίλι. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΣΙΛΛΟΣ, *δ*, one who looks askance: a satirist. II. a satire, satirical poem.

ΣΙΛΟΥΤΡΟΣ, *δ*, a river-fish, prob. the sbad, Lat. silurus.

ΣΙΛΨΗ, *ή*, a kind of grub or beetle, Lat. blatta. II. a book-worm.

ΣΙΛΨΙΟΝ, *τό*, Lat. laserpitium, a plant, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific; according to Bentley, the assa-foetida. Hence

σιλψωτός, *ή, όν*, prepared with silphium.

συμβλεύω, *φ. σω*, (σίμβλος) to form or grow in the hive, of honey.

ΣΥΜΒΛΟΣ, *δ*, a bee-bive: metaph. any store or board.

συμ-κίνθιον, less correct form of σημ-κίνθιον.

Σιμόεις, -όεντος *contr.* Σιμοῦς, -οὔντος, *δ*, the Simois, a river near Troy:—*Adj.* Σιμοέντιος *contr.* Σιμοῦντιος, *α, ον*, of, near the Simois: *fem.* also Σιμοεντίς, *ίδος*.

ΣΙΜΟΣ, *ή, όν*, snub-nosed, flat-nosed:—generally, flat. II. of other things, steep, up-bill, Lat. acclivis; πρὸς τὸ σιμόν διάκειναι to pursue up-bill.

2. bent in, hollow, concave.

σιμότης, *ητος, ή*, (σιμός) the shape of a snub-nose; flatness.

Σιμόεις, -οὔντος, *δ*, *contr.* form of Σιμοῦς.

σιμός, *φ. ώσω*, (σιμός) to turn up the nose, bend upwards. Hence

σίμωμα, *ατος, τό*, anything bent upwards. From σινάμωρε, *φ. ήσω*, to damage wantonly: generally, to handle roughly. From

σινά-μωρος [α], *ον*, (σίνος, μῶρος) mischievous, hurtful: c. *gen.* rei, τὰν έαυτοῦ σινάμωρος ruining his own affairs: wanton, lewd.

σινάπι, *ως*, and σινάπυ, *ος, τό*, (vāny) mustard, Lat. sinapi: the better Att. form was vāny.

σινδά, *οῖς, ή*, Att. for σινδών.

σινδών, *όνος, ή*, sindon, a fine Indian cloth, muslin. II. a garment or napkin made of this cloth.

σινέομαι, *Ion.* for σίνωμαι.

σίνηπι, *ιος*, and σίνηπυ, *ος, τό*, *Ion.* for σινάπι, σινάπυ. [σ']

σινάζω, *φ. σω*, (σινίον) to sift, fan, winnow.

ΣΙΝΙΟΝ, *τό*, a sieve.

σίνης, *ίδος, δ*, *acc.* σίνιν, (σίνωμαι) a destroyer, ravager, robber: as *Adj.* destroying, ravaging. II.

as *prop. n.*, Σίνις, *δ*, Sinnis, the Destroyer, a famous robber of early Greece. [υ υ]

ΣΙΝΟΜΑΙ [τ] *Ion.* σινέομαι: *Ion.* *impf.* σίνεσκό-

μην: aor. 1 ἐσινάμην: Dep. —to plunder, spoil, pillage: to harry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear in pieces, devour. II. in more general sense, to damage, distress. 2. also to hurt, wound. Hence

σίωος [ῥ], eos, τό, hurt, harm, mischief, damage. II. anything hurtful, a mischief, plague.

σίντης, ου, ὁ, (σίνομαι) tearing, ravenous, devouring. σίντις, ιος, ὁ, = σίντης, only as plur. in prop. n., Σίντιες, the Sintians, the early inhabitants of Lemnos, who were pirates.

σίντωρ, οπος, ὁ, = σίντης.

Σίνωπη, ἡ, Sinope, a town of Paphlagonia, on the Black Sea: —Σινωπίτης, ου, ὁ, an inhabitant of Sinope: Adj. Σινωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sinope.

ΣΙΩΝ, τό, a marsh or meadow plant.

σιός, Lacon. for θεός.

σίπιλη, ἡ, a flour-bin, meal-jar.

ΣΙΤΑΙΟΝ, τό, new wine boiled down, Lat. defrutum.

σίπος, ὁ, a pit or hole sunk in the ground, for keeping corn in: also a pitfall.

σίσυμβρον, τό, = σίσυμβρον.

ΣΙΣΥΜΒΡΟΝ, τό, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or thyme.

σίσυρα [ῥ] or σίσυρνα, ἡ, a shaggy goatskin worn as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a coarse nap.

σίσυρνο-φόρος, ου, (σίσυρνα, φέρω) wearing a σίσυρνα or cloak of goatskin.

Σισύφειος, α, ου, of Sisyphus, Corinthian: fem. also Σισύφεις, ιδος. From

Σίσυφος [ῥ], ου, ὁ, an ancient king of Corinth, punished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl. from σοφός, the Wise or Cunning.)

σίτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σίτος.

σιτάγωγέω, f. ἥσω, (σιταγωγός) to transport corn to a place. Hence

σιτάγωγία, ἡ, conveyance of corn to a place.

σιτ-άγωγός, ὄν, (σίτος, ἄγω) transporting corn to a place; σιταγωγὰ πλοῖα vessels engaged in conveying corn, corn-ships.

σιτάθην, Dor. for ἐσιτήθην, aor. 1 pass. of σιτέω.

σιτεύσιμος, η, ου, (σιτεύω) well-fed, fattened.

σιτενός, ἡ, ὄν, fattened, stalled, Lat. altitilis. From σιτεύω, f. ὦω: Ion. impf. σιτεύεσκον: (σίτος): —to feed, fatten: —Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σιτέω, f. ἥσω, (σίτος) to feed: —Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion. 3 pl. impf. σιτέσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: aor. 1 pass. ἐσιτήθην: —to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed on, eat a thing, c. acc.

σιττήγέω, f. ἥσω, (σιττήγός) to convey or transport corn: to import corn. Hence

σιττήγία, ἡ, the conveyance or importation of corn.

σιτ-τήγός, ὄν, (σίτος, ἄγω) conveying corn.

σιττήρεῖον, τό, (σιττήρης) provisions, victuals: forage-money, of soldiers.

σιττήρός, ὁ, ὄν, (σίτος) of or belonging to corn.

σίτησις, εως, ἡ, (σιτέω) an eating, feeding: also

food, provisions; σίτησις ἐν Πρυτανείῳ public maintenance in the Prytanæum.

σιτίζω, f. ἴσω, (σίτος) to feed, fatten: —Pass. to feed upon, eat.

σίτιον, τό, (σίτος) mostly in plur. σιτία, food made of corn, bread; generally, food, victuals, provisions, diet; σιτία τριῶν ἡμερῶν three days' provision; τὰ ἐν Πρυτανείῳ σιτία public maintenance in the Prytanæum, like σίτησις.

σιτιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σιτίζω, like σιτευτός, fed, fattened: as Subst. a failing.

σιτο-δέα Ion. —δηλή, ἡ, (σίτος, δέομαι) want or scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

σιτο-δόκος, ου, (σίτος, δέχομαι) holding food.

σιτοδοτέω, f. ἥσω, to furnish with corn, victual: —Pass. to be provisioned or victualled. From

σιτο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (σίτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn.

σιτο-μέτριον, (σίτος, μετρέω) a measured allowance of corn.

σιτο-νόμος, ου, (σίτος, νέμω) dealing out corn or food; σιτονόμος ἐλπῖς the hope of getting food.

σιτοποιέω, f. ἥσω, (σιτοποιός) to prepare corn for food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or victuals: —Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take food. Hence

σιτοποιία, ἡ, bread-making, preparation of food. Hence

σιτοποιικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for bread-making.

σιτο-ποιός, ὄν, (σίτος, ποιέω) preparing corn for food: as Subst., σιτοποιός (sub. γυνή), ἡ, a woman that ground the corn in the hand-mill: generally, a maker of bread, baker. 2. σιτοποιός ἀνάγκη the task of grinding corn.

σιτο-πομπία, ἡ, (σίτος, πέμπω) the conveyance of corn: also provision for its safe convoy, an escort, a convoy.

σιτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (σίτος, πωλέω) a corn-merchant, corn-factor.

ΣΙΤΟΣ, ὁ, irreg. pl. σίτα, τά, wheat, corn, grain: also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, victuals, provisions; but properly of bread, as opp. to meat: but also of anything eaten as opp. to drink σίτος ἢ δὲ ποτὶς meat and drink.

σιτο-φάγος, ου, (σίτος, φάγειν) eating corn or bread.

σιτο-φόρος, ου, (σίτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

σιτο-φύλακες, οἱ, (σίτος, φύλαξ) corn-watchers, corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three in number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in Peiræus, who superintended the importation and sale of corn.

σιττά and σίττε, a cry of drovers to their flocks, st! when ἀπό follows, to drive them off; when πρὸς follows, to call them on.

σιτ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (σίτος, ἀνέομαι) a buyer of corn.

σιτώνια, ἡ, (σιτώνης) a buying of corn, purchase of corn.

ΣΙΦΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crippled, maimed: also lame, limping: of the eyes, blind. Hence

σιφλόω, f. ὥσω, to maim, cripple: to hurt, confound, ruin: σιφλώσειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt.

Σίφνιος, α, ον, of or from Siphus, Siphnia. From Σίφνος, η, Siphus, one of the Cyclades.

σίφων, ανος, ὁ, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask. 2. a sucker, as of a pump. Hence

σιφώνίζω, f. σω, to tap a cask with a siphon, to draw off wine.

σιωπάω, fut. -ήσομαι: aor. I εἰσιώπησα: pf. σεσιώπηκα:—to be silent or still, to keep silence: σιωπᾶν τινα to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιώπα hush! be still!

II. transit. to keep in silence, keep secret, Lat. tacere:—Pass. to be kept silent or secret, Lat. taceri. From

ΣΙΩΠΗ΄, η, silence, a being silent: dat. σιωπῇ, in silence. 2. silence, stillness, a calm.

σιωπηλός, η, ὄν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.

σιωπηρός, ἄ, ὄν, collat. form of σιωπηλός.

σιωπήσειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of σιωπάω.

σιωπητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωπάω, to be passed over in silence. II. σιωπητέον, one must pass over in silence.

ΣΚΑΨΩ, f. ἄσω, to limp, halt. II. σκάζω, also χαλιάμβος (sub. πούς), ὁ, the iambic verse of Hipponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the iambus in the last place.

ΣΚΑΙΟ΄Σ, ἄ, ὄν, Skaeus, left, on the left hand or side, like ἀριστερός:—η σκαιά (sub. χεῖρ), the left hand.

II. western, westward, for the Greek αὐσπεκ turned towards the north, and so had the West on his left; Σκαίαι πύλαι the West-gate (of Troy).

2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek αὐσπεκ, or in the West; birds of good omen on the right, or in the East; (cf. δεξιός).

III. metaph. like French gauche, left-banded, awkward, clumsy, uncouth. Hence

σκαιοσύνη, η, = σκαιότης.

σκαιότης, ητος, η, (σκαίος) leftbandedness, awkwardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαί-ουργέω, f. ἥσω, (σκαίος, ἔργον) to be left-banded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously.

ΣΚΑΙ΄ΡΩ, to skip, dance, bound.

σκαίως, Adv. of σκαίος, in a left-banded manner, awkwardly.

σκαλάθυρμα, ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρω) a subtle question: generally, trifling, nonsense.

σκαλάθυρματιον, τό, Dim. of σκαλάθυρμα, a trifling subtlety, petty quibble.

σκαλάθωρμα, = σκάλλω, to dig: metaph. to explore over-subtly or cunningly. [V]

σκαλεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (σκάλλω) one who hoes: a boer or a boe.

σκαλεύω, = σκάλλω, to stir, hoe; σκαλεύειν ἄνθρακας to stir or poke a coal-fire.

σκάληνός, η, ὄν, or ὁς, ὄν, (σκάζω) limping, halt-

ing.

II. uneven; ἀριθμὸς σκαληνός an odd number; τρίγωνον σκαληνόν a triangle with unequal sides.

ΣΚΑ΄ΛΛΩ, to stir up, hoe, harrow.

σκαλμός, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the pin or thole to which the Greek oar was fastened by the τροπωτήρ, Lat. scalmus, raxillus.

σκάλοψ, σπος, ὁ, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole.

Σκάμανδρος, ὁ, the Scamander, a river of Troy, ὃν ἔαυθον καλέουσι θεοὶ ἄνδρες δὲ Σκάμανδρον:—Adj. Σκάμάνδριος, α, ον, Scamandrian; whence Hector called his son Σκαμάνδριος.

σκανά, Dor. for σκηνή.

σκανδάληθρον, τό, the stick or support in a trap on which the bait is placed, and which, when touched, makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκανδάληθρ' ἱστᾶς ἐπὶ ὧν setting word-traps, i.e. words which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκανδάλλω, f. σω, to make to stumble, give offence or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way. From

σκανδάλον, τό, = σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανδικο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (σκάνδιξ, πωλέω) a dealer in chervil.

ΣΚΑ΄ΝΔΙΞ, ἱκος, η, chervil, Lat. scandix.

σκάπνη, η, (σκάπτω) a spade or hoe. [πᾶ]

σκάπετος, ὁ, (σκάπτω) = κάπετος.

σκάπτειρα, η, fem. of σκαπτήρ, a woman that digs.

σκαπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (σκάπτω) a digger, delver.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

σκαπτός, η, ὄν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be dug. II. Σκαπτὴ ἕλη a country in Thrace, named after a forest in which mines had been worked.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

ΣΚΑ΄ΤΙΤΩ, fut. σκάψω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσκαμμαι:—to dig; σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρδᾶ-μύσσω Att. -τω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω):—to blink, wink.

σκαρίφημος, ὁ, a scratching or scraping up: σκαρίφισμοι λήρων a raking up of trifles. From

σκαρίφος, ὁ, = κάρφος: also a stile for drawing outlines: an outline, sketch.

σκάτος, genit. of σκάω.

σκάτο-φάγος, ον, (σκατός, φαγεῖν) dung-eating.

σκάφews, ἔως, ὁ, (σκαφήναι) a digger, delver, ditcher, σκάφη, η, (σκαφήναι) anything dug or scooped out, a hollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl. 2. a light boat, skiff, Lat. scapha.

σκαφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.

σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, basin, or bowl: a small boat or skiff. II. a fashion of hair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythians), in which the hair was cut off all round the head, leaving only the hair on the crown, which then looked like a bowl. 2. the crown of the head.

σκάφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, like σκάφον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, bowl, pail. 2. a small boat, skiff. II. a digging-tool, a spade, mattock.

σκάφος, εὖς, τό, (σκαφήναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging. II. that which is dug or scooped out, any hollow vessel, a tub: esp. the hull of a ship, Lat. *alveus*, and generally a ship, boat. III. a digging-tool, spade. [ᾶ]

σκεδάννυμι and -ύω, lengthd. from obsol. *σκεδάω: fut. σκεδάσω [ᾶ] Att. σκεδῶ, ᾤς, ᾔ: aor. I ἔσκεδάσα Ep. σκέδασα: Pass., aor. I ἔσκεδάσθην: pf. ἔσκεδάσμαι:—to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to shiver, break a thing. II. Pass. to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be shed abroad: of a report, to be spread about, bruited abroad.

σκέδασα, Ep. aor. I of σκεδάννυμι.
σκέδασις, ἡ, (σκεδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing.
σκεδῶ, Att. fut. of σκεδάννυμι.
σκερός, ᾧ, ὄν, tight, exact, careful. Adv. σκερῶς, thoroughly, exactly. (From σθεβεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.)

Σκεῖρων, ἄνθρωπος, ὁ, Σείρων, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Σκεῖρωνος ἄκται, i. e. the coast of Megara; also called Σκεῖρωνίδες πέτραι: Σκεῖρωνικὸν ὄλμα the sea off this coast.

σκέλις, ἴδος, ἡ, —Att. σχελίς.
σκελίσκος, οὐ, ὁ, Dim. of σκέλος, a small leg.
ΣΚΕΛΛΩ, fut. σκελῶ Ion. σκελέω: aor. I ἔσκηλα:—to dry, dry up, parch, wither. II. Pass. σκέλλομαι: fut. σκελλῶμαι: with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἔσκηλν, inf. σκλήναι (as if from *σκληῖν): pf. ἔσκηλμα with pres. signif.:—to be parched, lean, withered.

ΣΚΕΛΟΣ, εὖς, τό, the leg; ἐπὶ σκέλος ἀνάγειν to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire leisurely. II. τὰ σκέλη the legs, i. e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peiræus.

σκέμμα, ματος, τό, (ἔσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of σκέπτομαι) a subject of reflexion, a question.

σκένος, Aeol. for ξένος.
σκέπᾱ, poet. nom. and acc. pl. of σκέπας.
σκεπάω, f. ᾶω, (σκέπας) like σκεπάω, to cover, shelter, screen. Hence

σκέπᾱνον, τό, (σκέπας) a covering.
σκεπᾱνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκέπας) covered, sheltered.
ΣΚΕΠΑΡΝΟΝ, τό, or σκέπαρνος, ὁ, a carpenter's axe or adze.

ΣΚΕΠΙΑΣ, αὖς, τό, a covering, shelter; ἐπὶ σκέπας in or under shelter; σκέπας ἀνέμοιο shelter from the wind.

σκέπασμα, αὖτος, τό, (σκεπάω) = σκέπας.
σκεπάω Ep. σκεπῶ, to cover, shelter.

ΣΚΕΠΗ, ἡ, like σκέπας, a covering, shelter: metaphor., ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ πολέμου under shelter from war; ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ φόβου under shelter from fear.

σκεπῶσι, Ep. for σκεπῶν, 3 pl. pres. from σκεπάω.
σκεπτόν, one must look or consider: verb. Adj. of

σκέπτομαι, fut. σκέψομαι: aor. I ἔσκεψάμην: pf. ἔσκεμμαι: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέπτομαι, ἔσκεπτόμην, are seldom found in Att., σκοπῶ or σκοποῦμαι being used instead: I. intr. to look about, look carefully at, look after, watch. II. of the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider.

ΣΚΕΠΩ, rare radic. form of σκεπάω.
σκερβόλος and σκερβόλλω, (σκέρβολος) to scold, abuse, revile. From
σκερβόλος, like κέρτομος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκευάγωγός, f. ἦσω, to remove one's goods and chattels. From

σκευ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (σκεύος, ἄγω) conveying or moving one's goods and chattels:—as Subst., σκευαγωγός, ὁ, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggage-master.

σκευάζω, f. ᾶω: aor. I ἔσκεύασα: Pass., pf. ἔσκευασμαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἔσκευάδαται: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἔσκευάδατο: (σκεύος, σκευή):—to prepare, make ready: to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide:—Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, devise. II. of persons, to furnish or supply with a thing. 2. to dress up, disguise: pf. pass. part. ἔσκευασμένος, dressed up.

σκευάριον, τό, Dim. of σκεύος or σκευή, a trifling part of one's dress or equipment. [ᾶ]

σκευαστός, verb. Adj. of σκευάζω, one must prepare.
σκευαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκευάζω) prepared, artificial.

σκευή, ἡ, (σκεύος) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. *apparatus*: the properties or dress of an actor, etc. 2. a fashion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like σκεύος: the tackling of a ship.

σκευοθήκη, ἡ, (σκεύος, θήκη) a storehouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal.

σκευοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (σκευοποιός) to make arms or implements, to manufacture. Hence

σκευοποιήμα, ματος, τό, the dress of an actor.
σκευοποιός, ὄν, (σκεύος, ποιέω) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

ΣΚΕΤΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a vessel or implement of any kind. 2. in plur. σκεῖν, τά, implements, tools: the baggage of an army, Lat. *impedimenta*: the trappings of horses: the tackling of ships, naval stores: the dresses of actors. II. the body, as the vessel or instrument of the soul.

σκευοφόρος, f. ἦσω, (σκευοφόρος) to carry baggage:—Pass. to have one's baggage carried.

σκευοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the carrying of baggage: βάρος σκευοφορικόν the load of a beast of burden. From

σκευο-φόρος, ον, (σκεύος, φέρω) carrying baggage: οἱ σκευοφόροι the sutlers, camp-followers: σκευοφόροι κάμηλοι the baggage-camels; τὰ σκευοφόρα the beasts of burden.

σκευοφυλάκις, f. ἦσω, to watch the baggage. From σκευο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (σκεύος, φύλαξ) a storekeeper.
σκευωρόμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -ήσσομαι, pf. pass.

ἐσκευώρημαι, (σκευωρός):—to watch or look after the baggage. 2. to examine thoroughly. II. to contrive cunningly:—intr. to act knavishly. Hence σκευώρημα, ατος, τό, a cunning trick.

σκευωρία, ἡ, (σκευωρέομαι) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence. II. cunning, knavery.

σκευωρός, ὁν, (σκευός, ὦρα) looking after baggage. σκεψάμενος, aor. I part. of σκέπτομαι or σκοπέω. σκέψις, εως, ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the senses. II. examining: consideration, reflexion.

σκήλαι, aor. I inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλαιε, 3 sing. opt. σκηνώσαι, Dep., with pf. pass. ἐσκήνημαι, to dwell, live. II. also as Med. to build for oneself.

σκηνώ, f. ἦσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally, to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

ΣΚΗΝΗ, ἡ, a tent, booth: a tabernacle in plur. a camp, Lat. castra. 2. a dwelling-place, house: a temple.

II. a wooden stage or scaffold for actors to perform on:—hence the stage, the part on which the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang).

III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage: also a bed-tester. IV. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, ατος, τό, (σκηνέω)=σκηνή, a dwelling-place, nest, abode.

σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [νί]

σκηνίς, ἰδος, ἡ,=σκηνή.

σκηνίτης, ου, ὁ, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a tent. [τ]

σκηνοπηγέω, (σκηνοπήγος) to put up a tent or booth. Hence

σκηνοπηγία, ἡ, a pitching of tents. II. the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπήγια, τά.

σκηνοπήγος, ὄν, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent.

σκηνοποιός, ὄν, (σκήνω, ποίεω) making tents: as Subst., σκηνοποιός, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκηνορ-ράφος, ὄν, (σκηνή, ράφηναι) stitching tents: as Subst., σκηνορράφος, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκήνος Dor. σκάνος, εως, τό, like σκηνή. 2. a body.

σκηνο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκηνή, φύλαξ) a guard or watcher in a tent.

σκηνώ, f. ὦσω, (σκήνος) to pitch tents, encamp. II. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up one's abode.

σκηνίδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή.

σκήνωμα, ατος, τό, (σκηνώ) a tent, tabernacle: a habitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments.

σκηπάνιον, τό,=σκήπτρον, a sceptre, staff.

σκηπτο-βάμων [ᾱ], ὄν, gen. ονος, (σκήπτρον=σκήπτρον, βαίνω) sitting, perched on the sceptre.

σκήπτρον, τό,=σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκάπτρον, and a few compds.

σκηπτός, ὁ, (σκήπτω) a gust or squall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt. II. metaph. a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκηπτούχια, ἡ, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτ-ούχος, ὄν, (σκήπτρον, ἔχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. 2. as Subst., σκηπτούχος, ὁ, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

σκηπτο-φόρος, ὄν,=σκηπτο-φόρος.

σκήπτρον Dor. σκάπτρον, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick. II. a staff

or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a σκήπτρον from the herald. 2. the sceptre, to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear rule over. From

σκηπτο-φόρος, ὄν, (σκήπτρον, φέρω) bearing a sceptre, kingly, princely.

ΣΚΗΠΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐσκηψα: I. trans.

to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, hurl, shoot: also in Med. 2. intr. to fall or dart down, light.

II. Pass. and Med. to prop or support oneself by a staff, to lean upon: metaph. to depend or rely upon. 2. σκήπτεσθαι c. acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of excuse: c. inf. to pretend to be. 3. absol. to excuse or defend oneself; σκήπτεσθαι πρὸς τινα to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπων, ονος, ὁ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκίπων, a staff.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:—Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψις, εως, ἡ, (σκήπτω) a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ', as Ion. σκιά, ἡς, ἡ, a shadow, shade: the shade or ghost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere shadow, phantom, spectre. 2. the shade of trees; πετραία σκιά the shade of a rock; ἐν σκιάῳ indoors. 3. a shady place.

σκιᾷ-γράφω, f. ἦσω, (σκιᾷ-γράφος) to paint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

σκιᾷ-γράψια, ἡ, (σκιᾷ-γραφέω) painting in light and shade, rough painting.

σκιᾷ-γράφος, ὄν, (σκιᾷ, γράφω) painting in light and shade (without colours). [γράφ]

σκιάδελον, τό, (σκιᾷ) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιᾷδισκη, ἡ,=σκιάδελον, an umbrella, parasol.

σκιᾶζω, f. σκιάσω Att. σκιάω: aor. I ἐσκίασα: (σκιᾶ)—to shade, overshadow, darken: to throw a shadow on. II. to cover, veil.

σκιᾷ-μάχew, f. ἦσω, (σκιᾶ, μάχη) to fight in the shade (i.e. in the school, not in real battle), to spar.

II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight in vain.

Σκιά-ποδες [ᾱ], οἱ, (σκιᾶ, ποῦς) the Shadow-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σκιᾶρό-κομος, ὄν, (σκιᾶρός, κόμη) shady with leaves.

σκιάρως, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for σκιερὸς.
σκιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σκιὰ) any shady covering, a canopy, pavilion.

σκιάσμα, ματος, τό, (σκιάζω) a shadow.
σκιᾷ-τροφέω Ion. σκιητρ-, f. ἦσω: (σκιὰ, τρέφω):
—to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass.
to keep in the shade, shun beat and toil, live effeminately.
II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

σκιᾶω Ep. σκιῶω, = σκιάζω: only in Pass. to be shaded, become dark.

σκιδναμαι, like κιδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered, scattered abroad, dispersed; σκιδναμένης Δημήτερος ἡ συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in, i. e. at seed-time or at harvest; ἄμα ἡλιφ σκιδναμένης as the sun begins to scatter his beams, spread his light.

σκιερὸς Dor. σκιαρὸς, ἄ, ὄν, (σκιὰ) shady, shaded. σκιή, ἡ, Ion. for σκιὰ.

ΣΚΙ' ἈΛΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla. σκιᾶλλίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown.)

σκιμπτους, -ποδος, ὁ, (σκιμπτω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabātus.

σκιμπτω, f. ψω, = σκήπτω.
σκιנדάλῃμος, ὁ, contr. σκινδαλμός Att. σχινδάλῃμος contr. σχινδαλμός: (σχίζω) a piece of cleft wood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λόγων ἀκριβῶν σχινδάλῃμοι straw-spittings, quibbles.

σκινδάλῃμο-φράστης, ου, ὁ, (σκινδάλῃμος, φράζω) a straw-splitter.

σκινδαλμός, ὁ, contr. for σκινδάλῃμος.
σκιο-ειδής, ἐς, (σκιὰ, εἶδος) like a shadow, fleeting like a shadow, shadowy.

σκιόεις, εἶσσα, ἐν, (σκιὰ) shady, shadowy: gloomy, dark.

σκιῶντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκιᾶω.
σκιῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, (σκιῶν) a staff, Lat. scipio. [Ὶ]
Σκίρα, τό, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφόρια.

Σκίρας, ἄδος, ἡ, epith. of Athena, see Σκιροφόρια.
σκιράφειον, τό, a gambling-bouse. From
σκιράφος [Ὶ], ὁ, a dice-box. 2. metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σκιρίται, οἱ, the Sciries, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the Arcadian district Σκιρίτις.

ΣΚΙΡΟΝ [Ὶ], τό, like σκιάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena Σκίρας, thence called τὰ Σκίρα or τὰ Σκιροφόρια, giving name to the month Σκιροφοριών.

σκίρον, τό, the hard rind of cheese, cheese parings.
ΣΚΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φόρια, τά, (σκίρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκίρας, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριών.

Σκίρο-φοριών, ἄνος, ὁ, (Σκιροφόρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of June and former part of July.

ΣΚΙΡΤΑ' Ὠ, f. ἦσω, to spring, leap, bound.

σκιρτήμα, ατος, τό, a bound, leap.

σκιρτητής, ου, ὁ, (σκιρτάω) a leaper, jumper.

σκιρτο-πόδης, ου, ὁ, (σκιρτάω, ποῦς) spring-footed, with bounding foot.

σκιρτών, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σκιρτάω.

Σκίτῃλοι, οἱ, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634).

σκιφίζω, Dor. for ξιφίζω.

σκιφος, τό, Dor. for ξίφος, a sword. [Ὶ]

σκι-ώδης, ἐς, = σκιοειδής, shady: gloomy.

σκληναι, inf. aor. 2 of σκέλλω.

σκληρ-ἄγωγος, (σκληρός, ἀγωγή) to bring up hardy.

σκληρο-καρδία, ἡ, (σκληρός, καρδία) hardness of heart.

σκληρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκληρῖναι) dry, hard, Lat. durus. 2. of sound, boarse, harsh, rough. 3. of taste and smell, harsh, rough. 4. stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus: sturdy, tough. II. metaph., 1. of things, hard, austere. 2. of persons, hard, harsh, stern, also stubborn.

σκληρότης, ητος, ἡ, (σκληρός) hardness, harshness, roughness.

σκληρο-τράχηλος, ον, (σκληρός, τράχηλος) stiff-necked. [α]

σκληρύνω [Ὶ], f. ὕνω: aor. 1 ἐσκήρυνα: pf. pass. ἐσκήρυνμαι: (σκληρός):—to harden, esp. to harden the heart: to make thick, gross, stupid.

σκληρῶς, Adv. of σκληρός, in hard or rough fashion.

σκληνίπαλος, α, ον, (κνέφας) of or in the twilight.

σκολιό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκολιός, θρίξ) with curled, twining hair or leaves.

σκόλιον, τό, neut. of σκολιός (sub. μέλος), a song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μυρρίνη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one he chose.

ΣΚΟΛΙΟ' Σ, ἄ, ὄν, crooked, bent: twisting, winding. II. metaph. crooked, tortuous, unjust.

σκολιῶς, Adv. crookedly.

σκολόπεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ.

σκολοπίζω, f. σος, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ΣΚΟ' ΛΟΥΨ, σος, ὁ, a pale, stake: in plur. σκόλοπες, οἱ, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σκολοπίζω, ἀνασκολοπίζω. II. a tree.

ΣΚΟ' ΛΥ' ΜΟΣ, ὁ, an eatable kind of thistle: an artichoke.

ΣΚΟΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of fish, of which the θύννος and πηλαγύς were varieties.

σκοπ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπός, ἀρχω) leader of the spies or of a party of videttes.

σκοπελο-δρόμος, ὁ, (σκόπελος, δραμεῖν) running over rocks.

σκόπελος, ὁ, (σκοπέω) a look-out place, a crag or headland, Lat. scopulus: generally, a high rock, peak.

σκοπεύω, = σκοπέω.

σκοπέω, also σκοπέομαι as Dep.: only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses, fut. σκεψομαι, aor. 1 ἐσκεψάμην, pf. ἔσκεμμαι, being supplied by σκέπτομαι: (σκοπός):—to look at or after a thing: to behold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look out.

II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to; σκοπεῖν τὰ ἑαυτοῦ to look to one's own affairs.

III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

σκοπή, ἡ, a look-out place, watch-tower.

σκοπία Ion. -νῆ, ἡ, (σκοπός) a look-out place, mountain-peak.

2. a watch-tower, Lat. specula.

II. a looking out, keeping watch; σκοπιῖν ἔχειν to keep watch. Hence

σκοπιάζω, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore.

II. transit, to spy out, search out, discover.

σκοπιάνω, later poet. form for σκοπιάζω.

σκοπιήτης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπιάνω) a spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοποι-ωρέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: Dep.: (σκοπία, ὥρα):—to spy or observe from a look-out place.

σκοπός, ὁ and ἡ, (σκέπ-τομαι) one that watches or looks out: in bad sense, one who lies in wait for another.

2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary god of a place.

3. a look-out man or watcher in war, Lat. speculator; also one who marks game: a spy, scout: a messenger.

II. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus; ἀπὸ σκοποῦ αὐτοῦ to mark the mark.

σκοροδίνωμαι Ion. -έομαι: f. ἡσομαι: Dep.:—to stretch one's limbs, yawn, gape, feel tired or lazy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδ-άλμη, ἡ, (σκόροδον, ἄλμη) a sauce or pickle composed of brine and garlic.

σκοροδίξω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐσκοροδίσμαι: (σκόροδον):—to feed with garlic: to train game-cocks on garlic for fighting; ἐσκοροδισμένους primed with garlic.

σκοροδίων, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or stalks of garlic.

ΣΚΟΡΟΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlic, Lat. allium; often mentioned with the onion (κρόμμυν), and leek (πράσον). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευρία-αρτόπωλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σκόροδον, πανδοκευρία, ἀρτόπωλις) a garlic-bread-selling-bossess.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavish: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙ'ΟΣ, ὁ, a scorpion.

σκοταῖος, α, ον, (σκότος) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτανός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, blind.

II. metaph. dark, obscure:—Adv. -νός.

σκοτία, ἡ, (σκότος) darkness, gloom, dusk.

σκοτίζω, f. ἴσω, (σκότος) to make dark:—Pass. to be dark, darkened.

σκότος, α, also os, ον, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-δάσϋ-πυκνό-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκότος, δάσϋς, πυκνός, θρίξ) with dark rough thick hair.

σκοτο-δίνεω, (σκότος, δίνος) to grow blind and dizzy, to have a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδινία, ἡ, dizziness, vertigo.

σκοτοδινιάω, = σκοτοδινέω.

σκοτο-εἰδής, ἐς, (σκότος, εἶδος) dark-looking.

σκοτῆς, εσσα, εν, poet. for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark, gloomy.

σκοτό-μηναι, ἡ, Att. for σκοτομήνη.

σκοτο-μήνη, ἡ, (σκότος, μήνη) a moonless night.

σκοτομήνιος, ον, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

ΣΚΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, darkness, gloom: in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, τὸν δὲ σκότος ὅσσε κάλυψεν: of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i. e. to be blind: metaph., σκότῃ κρύπτειν to hide in darkness.—The neut. form σκότος,

εος, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Attic Greek. Hence

σκοτώω, f. ὥσω, to make dark, darken, to blind.

σκοτῶδης, ἐς, = σκοτοειδής.

σκύβαλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be derived from ἐς κίνας βαλεῖν.)

σκυδμαίνω, = σκυζομαι, to be angry with one.

ΣΚΥΖΟΜΑΙ, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one.

Σκύθαινα, ἡ, fem. of Σκύθης. [ῥ]

Σκύθης, ου, ὁ: voc. Σκύθα:—a Scythian: proverb., Σκυθῶν ἔρημία a Scythian wilderness.

2. as Adj. Scythian. II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [ῥ] Hence

σκυθίζω, f. ἴσω, to be or behave like a Scythian: to side with the Scythians.

2. to drink like a Scythian.

3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, hence to shave the head.

Σκυθιστί, Adv. (Σκυθίζω) in the Scythian fashion, in the Scythian tongue.

Σκύθα-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (Σκύθος, τοξότης) a Scythian bowman.

σκυθράζω, f. ἄσω, (σκυθρός) to be angry or sullen.

ΣΚΥΘΡΟ'Σ, ἄ, ὄν, angry, sullen, gloomy.

σκυθρῶπάξω, f. ἄσω, (σκυθρῶπός) to look angry or sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ωπός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (σκυθρός, ὤψ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. σκυθρῶπῶς ἔχειν to be of a sad countenance.

σκυλάκαινα, ἡ, fem. of σκύλαξ, a she-wheelp.

σκυλάκευμα, ατος, τό, a wheelp, cub. From

σκυλάκευω, f. σῶ, (σκύλαξ) to pair dogs for breeding: generally, to breed dogs.

σκυλάκ-ώδης, ἐς, (σκύλαξ, εἶδος) like a young dog: neut. τὸ σκυλακῶδες as Subst., the nature of puppies.

σκύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ and ἡ, like σκύμνος, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a wheelp, puppy.

σκύλευμα, ατος, τό, plunder, booty, spoil. From

σκύλλω, f. σῶ, (σκύλον) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoliare: c. acc. pers. et rei, Κύκνον τεύχεα ἀπ' ὤμων σκυλεύσαντες having stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκύλη-φόρος, ον, = σκυλοφόρος.

Σκύλλα or Σκύλλη, ἡ, *Scylla*, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who *rended* her prey in pieces: (hence called Σκύλλα from σκύλλω.)

ΣΚΥΤ'ΑΛΩ, aor. I ἔσκυα:—properly to *flay*: generally, to *rend, mangle, tear*: metaph. to *trouble, annoy*, Lat. *vescare*. Hence

σκύμα, ατος, τό, a *piece plucked out*.

σκυμός, ὁ, (σκύλλω) a *rending, mangling*: metaph. *trouble*.

σκύλοδεφέω, f. ἦσω, to *tan bides*. From σκύλο-δέψης or -δέψος, ον, ὁ, (σκύλον, δέψω fut. of δέφω) a *tanner of bides*.

σκύλον, τό, (σκύλλω) mostly in plur. σκύλα, the *arms stript off a slain enemy, spoils*, Lat. *spolia*; σκύλα γράφειν to *write one's name on arms gained as spoils*: rarely in sing. *booty, spoil, prey*.

σκύλος [ῥ], εος, τό, (σκύλλω) the *skin of an animal, a lion's bide*.

σκύλο-φόρος, ον, (σκύλον, φέρω) *receiving the spoil*.

σκύλο-χάρης, ἐς, (σκύλον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in spoils or booty*.

ΣΚΥΤΜΝΟΣ, ὁ, like σκύλαξ, any *young animal*; but properly a *lion's whelp*, as σκύλαξ was a *dog's whelp, puppy*. Hence

σκύμνος, Dor. for σκύμνος, acc. pl. of σκύμνος.

Σκύρος, ἡ, the *isle of Scyros*, one of the Sporades, not far from Euboea: Σκυρόθεν, Adv. from Scyros.

σκυτάλη [α], ἡ, (akin to ξύλον) a *stick, staff, cudgel*: at Sparta, a *staff*, used by way of a cipher for writing despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round it, on which the despatches were written, so that when unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers, and so were able to read the despatches. Hence σκυτάλη meant a *Spartan despatch*, and metaph. a *message*.

σκυτάλιον, τό, Dim. of σκυτάλον, a *cane*. [α]

σκυτάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of σκυτάλη.

σκυτάλον, τό, = σκυτάλη, a *cudgel, club*. [ῥ]

σκυτεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (σκύτος) a *shoemaker, cobbler*.

σκυτεύω, f. σω, (σκυτεύς) to *be a shoemaker*.

ΣΚΥΤΗ Dor. σκυτά, ἡ, the *neck*.

σκύντινος, ἡ, ον, (σκύτος) *leathern, made of leather*; τὸ σκύντινον a *leathern ornament or appendage*.

σκύντος, τό, (κύτος, whence Lat. *cutis*) a *skin, bide*, esp. a *dressed or tanned bide, leather*. II. anything made of leather, a *whip, ibong*.

σκυτοτομεῖον, τό, a *shoemaker's shop*. From σκυτοτομέω, f. ἦσω, (σκυτοτόμος) to *cut leather for shoes, to be a shoemaker*.

σκυτοτομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *shoemaker*. From σκυτο-τόμος, ον, (σκύντος, τεμείν) *cutting leather*: as Subst., σκυτοτόμος, ὁ, a *worker in leather, shoemaker*.

σκυτο-τραγέω, (σκύντος, τραγείν) to *consume leather*. σκύφος, ον, ὁ, and σκύφος, εος, τό, (akin to κύπελλον, κύπη) a *cup, beaker, can, flagon*.

σκοληκό-βρωτος, ον, (σκόληξ, βιβρώσκω) *eaten of worms, worm-eaten*.

ΣΚΩΛΗΞ, ηκος, ὁ, a *worm*, Lat. *lumbricus*.

ΣΚΩΛΟΣ, ὁ, a *pointed stake*: a *thorn, prickle*.

σκόμμα, ατος, τό, (σκόπτω) a *jest, joke, gibe, scoff*.

σκομμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκόμμα, a *petty joke*.

σκοπτόλης, ον, ὁ, (σκόπτω) a *mock, jester*.

ΣΚΩΠΤΩ, fut. σκώλομαι: aor. I ἔσκωπα: aor. I pass. ἔσκάφθην:—to *mock, jeer, scoff at, jest at*:—absol. to *jest, joke, be in fun*.

ΣΚΩΡ, τό, gen. σκάτος, *dung*.

σκόψ, ὁ, gen. σκαπός, nom. pl. σκῶπες: (from σκέπτομαι, as κλώψ from κλέπτω) a *kind of owl*.

σκόπος, Dor. for σμήνος; dat. pl. σμάνεσσι.

σμάραγδιος, ἡ, ον, of *emerald*. From

ΣΜΑΡΑΓΔΟΣ or μάραγδος, ὁ and ἡ, Lat. *smaragdus*, a *precious stone of green colour*: prob. not the *emerald*.

ΣΜΑΡΑΤΕ'Ω, f. ἦσω, to *crash*: of the sea, to *roar*: of birds, to *scream*, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

Σμάραγος, ὁ, (σμαραγέω) a *brawling goblin*.

σμάω, f. σμήσω Dor. σμάσω: aor. I ἔσμησα: in the pres., the Att. contr. is σμῶ, σμῆς, σμῆ, inf. σμῆν: (μάω):—to *smear, rub*: to *anoint*: Med., σμάσθαι τὴν κεφαλὴν to *anoint one's head*. 2. to *rub, wipe, wash off, cleanse*. Cp. σμήχω.

σμερδᾶλος, ἔα Ion. ἐή, εόν, *terrible, fearful, awful*:—neut. σμερδαλέον as Adv. *terribly*.

σμερδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = σμερδαλός.

σμέω, Ion. for σμάω.

σμηνο-δόκος, ον, (σμήνος, δέχομαι) *holding a swarm of bees*.

σμήνος, εος, τό, (from ἐσμός) a *bee-bive*. II. a *swarm of bees*: generally, a *swarm, crowd, ibrong*.

σμήχω, f. ἔω: aor. I pass. ἐσμήχην:—collat. form of σμάω, to *rub, wipe off or away*. 2. to *wipe clean*. See σμάω.

σμίκερός, for words beginning thus, see μικρο-.

σμίκερος, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. and old Attic for μικρός. [ῖ]

σμικρότης, σμικρύνω, v. sub μικρ-.

σμικρῶς, Adv. of σμικρός, but *little*.

σμίλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, = Att. μίλαξ, the *yew*, Lat. *taxus*.

σμίλειμα, ατος, τό, (σμίλειω) *carved work*: metaph., σμιλεύματα ἔργων *finely carved works*.

σμιλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σμιλεύω, *carved*.

σμιλεύω, f. σω, to *cut out, carve finely*. From ΣΜΙΤΩ [ῖ], ἡ, a *knife for cutting or carving*, Lat. *scalprum*: a *graving tool, chisel*: generally, a *knife*.

Σμίνθη, ἔως, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from Σμίνθη a town in the Troad, the *Sminthian*.

σμίνθη, ἡ, a *two-pronged hoe or mattock*, Lat. *bidentis*.

σμίγερός, Adv. -ρῶς, poet. for μογερός, -ρῶς.

σμίξαι, aor. I inf. of σμίχω.

σμίρνα Ion. -νη, ἡ, (μύρρα) *myrrh*, the resinous gum of an Arabian tree, used for embalming the dead. Hence

σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of myrrh. II. Σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of Smyrna, an inhabitant of Smyrna.
 σμυρνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σμύρνα) to flavour with myrrh.
 ΣΜΥΤΧΩ [v], f. ξω: aor. I ἔσμυξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσμυχθην: pf. ἔσμυγμα:—to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away.
 ΣΜΩΔΙΞ, σμῶδιγος, ἡ, a weal or swollen bruise caused by a blow, Lat. *vibex*.
 σμῶχω, f. ξω,=σμήχω, to rub: to rub to pieces, grind down.
 σοβαρεύομαι, Dep. (σοβαρός) to stalk about in a haughty way, to strut pompously.
 σοβάρο-βλέφαρος, ον, (σοβαρός, βλέφαρον) with haughty eyebrows, in pompous fashion.
 σοβάρος, á, óν, (σοβέω) scaring people away: hence bustling, swaggering, pompous, haughty, insolent. 2. of things, stirring, bustling, violent.
 σοβέω, f. ἴσω, to make the noise σοῦ, σοῦ (sboo! sboo!), to scare away birds: generally, to drive away, knock off. II. to excite, agitate. III. intr. in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.
 σοί, dat. of σύ.
 σοῖο, Ion. gen. masc. and neut. of σός.
 σολοικία, ἡ,=σολοικισμός.
 σολοικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σόλοικος) to speak or write incorrectly, commit a solecism; φωνῇ Σκυθικῇ σολοικίζειν to speak bad Scythian. Hence
 σολοικισμός, ó, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism.
 σολοικωτής, οὔ, ó, (σολοικία) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commits solecisms.
 σόλοικος, ον, speaking incorrectly; using barbarisms or solecisms:—hence barbarous. II. metaph. awkward, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Σόλοι in Cilicia.)
 ΣΟΛΟΟΣ, ó, a mass of iron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round δίσκος.
 σῶος, ἡ, ον, Ep. form of σῶος, safe and sound in body, whole, unhurt, Lat. *integer*.
 σορο-πηγός, ó, (σορός, πήγνυμι) a coffin-maker.
 ΣΟΡΟΣ, ἡ, a vessel or urn to hold the ashes of the dead: a coffin.
 σός, ἡ, óν, possessive Adj. of the 2nd pers. pron. σύ, thy, thine, of thee, Lat. *tuus, tua, tuum*: also objective, σός πόθος regret for thee. Earlier Ep. and Dor. form τεός, τεή (Dor. τεάδ), τεύν.
 σοῦ, gen. of σύ; also of σός.
 σοῦ, σοῦ, sboo! sboo! a cry to scare away birds. Properly imperat. of σοῦμαι: see σοβέω.
 σουδάριον, τό, the Lat. *sudarium*, a napkin or cloth to wipe off sweat with.
 σοῦμαι, contr. for σόομαι,=σεύω, σεύομαι.
 σοῦνεκα, by crasis for σοῦ ἔνεκα, on thy account.
 Σουν-άρματος, ον, (Σούνιον, ἀράομαι) invoked or worshipped at Sunium.

Σουνία, ἄδος, ἡ, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.
 Σουν-ιεράκος, ó, (Σούνιον, ἱεράξ) hawk of Sunium.
 Σούνιον, τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of Attica.
 σοῦσθαι, inf. of σοῦμαι: σοῦσθε, σοῦσθω, imperat.
 Σουσί-γενής, ἐς, (Σούσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa.
 σοῦσον, τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σούσα, τά, Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susiana or Shushan: also Σούσιος, ó, a man of Susa: fem. Σούσις, ἰδος (sub. γυνή) a woman of Susa; or (sub. χώρα), the province of Susiana.
 σοῦστί, by crasis for σοῖ ἐστί.
 σοφία Ion. -τη, ἡ, (σοφός) cleverness or skill in art. 2. cleverness, skill, wisdom in common things, prudence: also cunning, shrewdness, craft. 3. perfect scientific knowledge, wisdom, philosophy.
 σοφίζω, f. ἴσω, (σοφός) to make σοφός, to instruct, make wise or learned. II. Pass. to become or be wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing. 2. to play the sophist: to deal subtly or cunningly. 3. aor. I inf. σοφισθῆναι in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived. III. σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, pf. σεσόφισμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, shrewdly. 2. to deceive, beguile. Hence
 σόφισμα, ατος, τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stage-trick. 2. a captious argument, a quibble: so a person is called σόφισμ' ὅλον a trick all over.
 σοφιστεύω, to act as a sophist, give lectures. From
 σοφιστής, οὔ, ó, (σοφίζω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians. 2. generally, one who is clever or shrewd in matters of life, a prudent man; so the seven Sages are called σοφισταί: hence a wise man, philosopher.
 II. at Athens, one who professed to make men wise, a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sophist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: hence, 2. a sophist, quibbler, cheat.
 σοφιστικός, ἡ, óν, (σοφιστής) of or for a sophist: τὸ σοφιστικόν the body of the sophists.
 Σοφοκλῆς contr. -κλῆς; gen. -κλέους and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σοφός, κλέος) Sophocles, the tragic Poet.
 σοφόν-voos, ον, contr. -vous, ουν, (σοφός, νόος, νοῦς) clever, wise of mind.
 ΣΟΦΘ'ΟΣ, ἡ, óν, clever or skilful in any art,unning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf. σοφὸς λέγειν clever in speaking, etc. 2. clever in common matters, prudent, shrewd, cunning. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, cleverly devised, prudent, wise. Hence
 σοφός, Adv. cleverly, wisely: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup. -ώτα. Hence
 σοφο-ουργός, ὡν, (σοφός, *έργω) working skilfully.
 σῶω, Ep. for σῶζω.
 σπαδίζω, f. ξω, (σπάω) to draw off.

σπαδιξ [ᾱ], ἱκος, ἦ, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm colour, bay, Lat. *spadix*.

σπαδονίζω, f. σω, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence

σπαδόνισμα, ατος, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπαδων [ᾱ], ὠνος and οντος, ὁ, (σπάω) an eunuch, Lat. *spado*.

σπαθῶω, f. ἦσω, (σπάθω) to strike down the woof with the σάθῃ (q.v.); λιαν σπαθῶω to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away money. II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, Lat. *texere*: see *ράπτω*, *ὕφαίνα*.

ΣΠΑΪΘΗ [ᾱ], ἦ, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the woof home, so as to make the web close. 2. a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. the stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword.

σπάθιον, τό, Dim. of σάθῃ, a little spatula. [ᾱ]

ΣΠΑΙΡΩ, = σπαίρω.

σπάκα, Persian for κίνα.

σπάλεϊς, Aeol. for σταλεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of στέλλω.

σπανίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπάνις) of things, to be rare, scarce, few or scanty. 2. of persons, to lack or be in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. ἐσπάνισμαι.

σπάνιος, α, ον, like σπανός, rare, few, scarce, scanty: —dat. fem. σπανίᾳ, as Adv. = σπανίως. II. of persons, lacking, needy, in want. —Comp. and Sup. σπανιώτερος, —ώτατος. Hence

σπανιότης, ητος, ἦ, want, lack, need.

σπάνις, εως, ἦ, (σπάνος) of things, scarceness, rareness; οὐ σπάνις [ἐστὶ], c. inf. 'tis not hard to do a thing. II. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen.

σπανιστός, ἦ, ὄν, (σπανί(ω)) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. —ώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

ΣΠΑΪΝΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, of things, scarce, rare. II. of persons, in want of, lacking. [ᾱ]

σπανο-σίτια, ἦ, (σπανός, σίτος) lack of corn or food.

σπαράγμα, ατος, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a shred. II. a rending, tearing.

σπαράγμός, ὁ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing, mangling. II. a convulsion, spasm.

σπαράσσω Att. —ττω: f. ξω: aor. 1 ἐσπάραξα; (σπάω): —to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. *lacerare*; Med. σπαράσσεσθαι κόμας to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργάνιζω, f. ἴσω, (σπαργάνον) to swathe, wrap up.

σπαργανιώτης, ου, ὁ, a child in swaddling-clothes. From

σπαργάνον, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swathing band: in pl. swaddling-clothes; and so, in Trag., remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's extraction is discovered, Lat. *monumenta*, *crepundia*. Hence

σπαργάνωω, f. ὠσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

ΣΠΑΡΓΑΪΩ, f. ἦσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. *turgere*.

ΣΠΑΪΤΩ, f. ξω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

σπαρείς, σπαρήναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of σπείρω.

σπανός, ἦ, ὄν, poët. for σπανός, σπάνιος.

σπάρτη, ἦ, a rope made from the shrub σπάρτος.

Σπάρτη, ἦ, Sparta in Laconia: —Adv., Σπάρτηθεν, from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence

Σπαρτιάτης [ᾱ], ου, ὁ, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιάτις, ἴδος, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan woman; or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia. Adj. Σπαρτιατικός, ἦ, ὄν, Spartan.

σπαρτίον, τό, Dim. of σπάρτον, a small cord or rope.

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub σπάρτος.

σπαρτός, ἦ, ὄν, (σπείρω) sown, scattered: metaph. begotten. II. at Thebes, Σπαρτοί, οἱ, the Sown-men, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Σπαρτοί generally = Θηβαῖοι.

ΣΠΑΪΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἦ, spartum, a kind of broom, growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes.

σπασθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 1 pass. part. of σπάω.

σπασσάμενος, Ep. for σπασ-, aor. 1 med. part. of σπάω.

σπᾶω, II.

σπασμός, ὁ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. II. tension.

σπατάλαω, f. ἦσω, to live riotously. From

σπατάλη, ἦ, (σπαθάω) wantonness, riot.

σπατάλλημα, ατος, τό, (σπατάλαω) = σπατάλη.

σπατάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet.

σπατάλης, ὄν, (σπατάλη) wanton, riotous.

σπατίλι [ῖ], ἦ, excrement, dung. (From σκατός, gen. of σκύρ, and τιλάω.)

ΣΠΑΪΩ, f. σπάσω [ᾱ]: aor. 1 ἐσπάσα Ep. σπάσα: pf. ἐσπάκα: Med., aor. 1 ἐσπασάμην Ep. σπασάμην, Ep. part. σπασσάμενος: Pass., aor. 1 ἐσπάσθην: pf. ἐσπασμαι: —to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, etc. II. to pluck off or out. 2. to tear, rend. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert. III. to draw in, suck in: to drain, quaff. IV. to draw tight, pull the reins. 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proverb., οὐκ ἐσπασε ταύτη γε 'be took nothing by his motion.' V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, of a bone.

σπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔπω.

σπεῖο, Ep. for σπέο, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔπομαι.

σπεῖος, τό, Ep. for σπέος.

ΣΠΕΙΡΑ, ἦ, Lat. *spira*, anything wound or wrapped round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coils of a serpent (which Milton calls *spires*). 3. in pl. also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. σπεῖραι βόειαι thongs or straps of ox-hide to strengthen the blow of the fist, the caestus. II. a body of soldiers, the Roman *manipulus*, = two centuries: but also a cohort.

σπειράμα, Dor. and Att. for σπείρμα.

σπειρεσκον, Ion. impf. of σπείρω.

σπειρηδόν, Adv. (σπείρα) in coils or spires.

σπείρημα, Dor. and Att. -ἄμα, atos, τό, (σπείρα) a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.

σπειρίον, τό, a light, thin garment: Dim. of σπείρον, τό, (σπείρα) a cloth for wrapping about, a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas.

σπειροῦχος, ὁ, (σπείρα, ἔχω) containing a spiral figure or a circle, circular.

ΣΠΕΙΡΩ, f. σπειρῶ: aor. I ἔσπειρα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐσπάρην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσπαρμαι:—to sow: I. to sow seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ἡ σπειρομένη Αἴγυπτος the arable part of Egypt; πόντον σπείρειν to sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like Lat. *serere arenam*.

II. metaph. to engender or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be born. III. to scatter like seed, fling, throw about: to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed.

σπείσαι, σπείσας, aor. I inf. and part. of σπένδω.

σπείσασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of σπένδω.

σπείσω, fut. of σπένδω.

σπεκουλάτωρ, opos, ὁ, the Lat. *speculator*, a guard.

ΣΠΕΝΔΩ, f. σπείσω: aor. I ἔσπεισα Ep. σπείσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσπέισθην: pf. ἐσπείσμαι:—there are also Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I σπένδωσκε, σπείσασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. σπένδῃσθα:—to pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before drinking wine, Lat. *libare*, mostly with dat. of the god to whom the libation was made, σπένδειν θεοῖς, Δαί, etc.—The religious sense was not always retained, and sometimes it means simply to pour: to sprinkle. II. Med., f. σπείσομαι: pf. ἐσπείσμαι (which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations one with another, and since this was the custom in making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., σπείσασθαι εἰρήνην to conclude a formal peace; σπείσασθαι ἀναιρεῖσιν τῶν νεκρῶν to make a truce so as to allow of taking up the dead.

ΣΠΕΥΩΣ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπείος, gen. σπείους, dat. σπῆϊ, gen. pl. σπείων, dat. σπέσσι and σπῆεσι:—Lat. *SPECUS*, a cave, cavern, grot.

σπείρα, atos, τό, (σπείρω) that which is sown, seed, the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2. also of animals, seed, Lat. *semen*. II. metaph. seed, offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family.

σπερμ-ἄγοραιο-λεκιθο-λᾶχανο-πῶλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σπείρα, ἄγοραῖος, λέκιθος, λᾶχανον, πῶλεομαι) a green-grocery market-woman.

σπερμαίνω, (σπείρα) to sow: metaph. to beget.

σπερμολογέω, f. ἡσώ, (σπερμολόγος) to pick up seeds: to babble. Hence

σπερμολογία, ἡ, babbling, gossip.

σπερμο-λόγος, on, (σπείρα, λέγω) picking up seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, ὁ, a crow that picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up scraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπερμο-φόρος, on, (σπείρα, φέρω) bearing seed.

Σπερχεῖος, ὁ, the *Spercheios* or *Spercheus*, a river of Thessaly, the *Rapid* (from σπέρχω).

σπερχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπέρχω) basty, rapid: generally, basty, hot, violent.

ΣΠΕΡΧΩ, f. ξω: aor. I pass. ἐσπέρχην:—to drive, hasten, hurry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or hastily, to haste; σπέρχεσθαι ἑρετοῖς to ply rapidly with oars:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενος is used as Adj., basty, rapid; of the mind, eager, vehement:—of temper, to be basty, hot; σπέρχεσθαι τινι to be angry with one. II. intr. in Act. = Pass., to rush or be driven rapidly.

σπείσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔσποιμαι, as σχέσθαι of ἔχομαι.

σπείσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σπείος.

ΣΠΕΥΩ, f. σπείσω: aor. I ἔσπειυσα, Ep. subj. I pl. σπείσομεν (for -ωμεν): pf. pass. ἐσπενυμαι: I. trans. to urge on, press on, hasten, quicken: also to seek eagerly, strive after: to promote or further zealously, to advance or forward a thing. II. intr. to press on, hasten: to exert oneself, strive eagerly: to be eager or anxious to do a thing: also in Med. to haste, hurry.

σπεύδωμες, Dor. I plur. pres. subj. of σπείδω.

σπευστέον, verb. Adj. of σπείδω, one must hasten.

σπῆσις, Ep. dat. pl. of σπείος.

σπῆϊ, Ep. dat. sing. of σπείος.

σπήλαιον, τό, (σπείος) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. *spelaeum*.

σπῆλυξ, νγγος, ἡ, (σπείος) = σπήλαιον, Lat. *spelunca*.

ΣΠΙΔΗΨ, ἑς gen. ἑός, only in II. II. 754, διὰ σπιδέος πείδιο through the far-stretched, broad plain:

ΣΠΙΖΩ, to pipe, chirp, of the shrill note of small birds, Lat. *pipio*.

ΣΠΙΘΑΜΗ, ἡ, the space one can span between the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat. *dodrans*:—

as a measure, about $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches.

ΣΠΙΔΑΣ, ἄδος, ἡ, a rock or crag against which the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a hollow rock, cave.

ΣΠΙΔΟΣ, ὁ, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, blemish. Hence

σπιλόω, f. ὠσω: pf. pass. ἐσπίλωμαι:—to stain, spot, contaminate.

σπινθάρης, ιγγος, ἡ, and σπινθάρης, ἰδος, ἡ, = σπινθήρ, a spark.

ΣΠΙΝΘΗΡ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spark, Lat. *scintilla*.

σπίνος [ι], ὁ, (σπί(ω) a small bird, so called from its shrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a kind of finch.

σπλαγχνέω, f. σω, (σπλάγχνα) to eat the inwards or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.

σπλαγχνίζομαι, f. -ισθήσομαι: aor. I ἔσπλαγχνίσθην: Dep.: (σπλάγχνον):—to feel bowels of pity, have pity, compassion or mercy. Hence

σπλαγχνισμός, ὁ, a feeding the inwards of a victim, Dat. *visceratio*. II. compassion.

σπλάγχχνον, τό:—mostly in plur. **σπλάγχχνα**, τὰ, Lat. *viscera*, the inward parts, inwards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for eating. 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. *visceratio*. 3. any of the inward parts, the bowels, also the womb. 4. metaph. the heart, the seat of the feelings: as also in sing., ἀνδρὸς σπλάγχχνον ἐκμαθεῖν to learn a man's inward nature.

ΣΠΑΗΝ, ὁ, gen. **σπληνός**, the milt, spleen.

σπογγία, ἡ, = σπόγγος, a sponge, Lat. *spongia*.

σπογγίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπόγγος) to wipe with a sponge.

σπογγιον, τό, Dim. of σπόγγος, a small piece of sponge.

ΣΠΟΤΤΟΣ Att. σφόγγος, ὁ, a sponge.

σποδά, ἡ, Lacon. for σπονδή.

σποδ-εὔνης, es, (σποδός, εὐνή) sleeping on ashes.

σποδέω, f. ἴσω, (σποδός) to beat off ashes or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass., σποδοῦμενος νιφάδι pelled by the storm; σποδοῦμενος πρὸς πέτρας dashed against the rocks; absol., στρατὸς κακῶς σποδοῦμενος an army handled roughly. II. to eat greedily, devour, gulp down.

σποδιά Ion. -ιῆ, ἡ, (σποδός) a heap of ashes: ashes.

σποδίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σποδός) to roast or bake in the ashes. II. to burn to ashes.

ΣΠΟΔΟΣ, ἡ, ashes: wood-ashes, embers: the ashes of the dead. II. dust. III. metaph., σποδὸς κυλίκου a soaker of cups, i. e. a drunkard. Hence

σποδός, f. ὥσω, to burn to ashes:—Med. to strew with ashes.

σπολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a leathern garment, buff jerkin. (For στολάς, from στέλλω.)

σπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἐσποιμαι.

σπονδ-αρχία, ἡ, = σπονδῆς ἀρχή, the beginning of the drink-offering or libation, the right of beginning it.

σπονδεῖος, α, ον, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drink-offering or libation. II. σπονδεῖος (sub. ποῦς),

ὁ, in metre, a spondee, a foot consisting of two long syllables, as τίμη, so called because at σπονδαὶ slow solemn melodies were used.

σπονδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. *libatio*: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc. 2. in plur. σπονδαί, αἱ, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; σπονδαὶ ἄκρητοι a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; σπονδαὶ τέμνειν (like ἕρκια τέμνειν) to conclude a treaty.

σπονδο-φόρος, ον, (σπονδή, φέρω) bringing drink-offerings: as Subst., σπονδοφόρος, ὁ, one who brings proposals for a truce or treaty of peace. II. a herald or officer who published the sacred truce of the Olympic and other games.

σπονδύλη, ἡ, Att. σφονδύλη, q. v. [ῥ]

σπορά, ἡ, (σπείρω) a sowing: a begetting of children: generation, birth. 2. seedtime. II. the seed sown. 2. that which is born, seed, off-

spring, issue: in plur. young ones; θηλὺς σπορά the female race.

σποράδην, Adv. (σποράς, σπείρω) spread or scattered about, Lat. *passim*. [ᾶ]

σποράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: αἱ Σποράδες (sub. νήσοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

σπορεῦς, ἔως, ὁ, (σπορά) a sower.

σπορητός, ὁ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a crop. 2. a sowing.—See ἀμήςτος.

σπόριμος, ον, (σπείρω) sown, fit for sowing: τὰ σπόριμα the corn-fields: μέτρον σπόριμον a measure of seed-corn.

σπόρος, ὁ, (σπείρω) a sowing. 2. seed-time. II. seed, produce, a crop.

σπού, in Scythian, an eye.

σπουδάξω, f. -άσομαι: aor. I ἐσπούδασα: pf. ἐσπούδακα: Pass., aor. I ἐσπούδασθην: pf. ἐσπούδασμαι: (σπονδή): I. intr. to make haste, to be busy,

zealous or earnest: absol. to speak seriously, to be serious or earnest. II. trans. to do hastily or earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:—Pass.

to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

σπουδαιολογέω, f. ἴσω, to speak seriously, talk on serious subjects:—Pass. to be treated or discussed seriously. From

σπουδαιο-λόγος, ον, (σπουδαῖος, λέγω) speaking seriously.

σπουδαῖος, α, ον, (σπονδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. II. of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent: σπουδαῖος εἰς ὅψιν goodly, comely to look on.—Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιότερος, -ότατος:—also irreg. Comp. and Sup. σπουδαιέστερος, -έστατος. Hence

σπουδαῖως, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:—Comp. σπουδαιότερον, Sup. σπουδαιότατα.

σπουδ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (σπονδή, ἀρχή) one who canvasses eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence

σπουδ-αρχίδης, ον, ὁ, a comic Patronymic of σπουδ-άρχης, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n.

σπουδάσμα, ατος, τό, (σπουδάξω) a thing eagerly pursued, a study.

σπουδαστής, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σπουδάξω, to be sought for zealously. II. σπουδαστέον, one must be anxious, to be in earnest.

σπουδαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (σπουδάξω) a zealous supporter.

σπουδή, ἡ, (σπείδω) haste, speed, eagerness; σπουδῇ in haste, hastily; so also, διὰ σπουδῆς, κατὰ σπουδῆν. II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπουδῆς ἄξιος worth pains: dat. σπουδῇ as Adv. with great trouble, i. e. scarcely, hardly. 2. σπουδαί in plur. heart-burnings, rivalries.

III. earnestness, seriousness; ἀπὸ σπουδῆς, μετὰ σπουδῆς, or σπουδῇ, in earnest, seriously.

IV. zeal, regard for a person; κατὰ σπουδὰς through regard of persons, through party influence.

σπυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of σπυρίς, a band-basket. [ῥ]

σπῦρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σπείρα) a round plaited basket: a fish-basket.

σπάγγειν, aor. 2 inf. pass. of σπάζω.

σπάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) a drop, a liquid; σπάγμα τῆς ἀνθεμουργοῦ, periph. for honey.

σπάγων, ὄνος, ἡ, (στάζω) a drop.

στάβαιος, α, ον, (στάβην) standing erect or upright; ἔγχε σταδαία spears for close fight.

στάβην, Adv. (ἵστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [ᾶ]

σταδιοδραμοῦμαι, irreg. fut. of

σταδιοδρομέω, to run in the stadium, run a race. From

στάδιο-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιον, δραμεῖν) running in the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [ᾶ], τό: in plur. στάδιοι, οἱ, or στάδια, τά:—a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 ὀργυαί, i.e. 600 Greek or 606½ English feet, about $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Roman mile; ἑκατὸν σταδίοισιν ἄριστος 'a hundred miles best'; so, πλεὺν ἢ σταδία λιλίστερος more talkative by a mile and more.

II. a race-course, because that of Olympia was exactly a stade long; hence, ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικᾶν to win a race; ξύλινον στάδιον a kind of chess-board.

στάδιος [ᾶ], α, ον, (ἵστημι) standing firm, standing fast: steady; σταδίη ὑσμίνη a close fight, a battle fought hand to hand, Lat. pugna stataria.

ΣΤΑΖΩ, fut. στάζω: aor. 1 ἔσταξα Ep. στάξα: I. trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil.

II. intrans. to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάζειν χεῖρας αἵματι to have one's hands dripping or reeking with blood; στάζειν κέρα ἰδρώτι to have one's head dripping with sweat. 2. to fall off, e.g. of ripe fruit.

στάθεν, Aeol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἵστημι:—but σταθέν, aor. 1 pass. part. neut. [ᾶ]

στάθερός, ἁ Ion. ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea; σταθερά μεσημβρία high noon, when the sun seems to stand still in the meridian:—ἡ σταθερά (sub. γῆ), the solid earth.

στάθευτός, ἡ, ὄν, scorched, burnt, fried. From σταθεύω, f. σω, (σταθερός) to scorch, burn, roast, fry.

στάθῆσθαι, fut. pass. of ἵστημι.

στάθι, Dor. for στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

σταθμάω, f. ἥσω, (στάβην):—to measure by rule: Pass., with fut. med. in pass. sense σταθμήσθαι, to be measured. II. σταθμάομαι, f. ἥσομαι: aor. 1 ἑσταθησάμην: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measure, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ἡ, (ἵστημι) a carpenter's line or rule:—proverb., παρὰ στάθμην along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amussim; also in bad sense, beside the rule, wrongly:—κατὰ στάθμην νοεῖν to guess aright. II. like γραμμή, the line which bounds the race-course, the goal.

III. metaph. order, law, Lat. norma.

σταθμόνδε, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall: homewards. From

σταθμός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. σταθμά, τά, but also σταθμοί, οἱ: (ἵσταμαι):—a standing-place, of farm-yard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat. stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. 2. quarters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers, Lat. statio:—in Persia, σταθμοί were stations or stages on the royal road, where the king rested in travelling. 3. generally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles.

II. an upright standing-post, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also the door-posts.

III. a balance, pair of scales: also, weight by the balance; σταθμόν ἔχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμόν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμόω, f. ᾶσω, (σταθμός) to bring to the scale. II. Med., esp. in aor. 1 ἑσταθμωσάμην, to conjecture, conclude or infer by or from a thing.

σταῖην, ἡς, ἡ, aor. 2 opt. of ἵστημι.

σταῖμεν, σταῖτε, σταῖεν, Att. for σταίημεν, σταίητε, σταῖσαν, aor. 2 opt. plur. of ἵστημι.

ΣΤΑΙΣ or σταῖς, τό, gen. σταίτος, wheaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

σταίτινος, ἡ, ον, of wheaten flour or dough.

στακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στάζω) oozing out in drops, trickling, dripping.

στάλα, ἡ, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τό, (σταλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [σῑᾶ]

στάλαγμός, ὁ, (σταλάζω) a dropping, dripping: also = στάλασσα, a drop.

στάλάσσω, f. ξω, and σταλάω, to fall in drops, drip, drip. II. trans. to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall.

στάλῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω.

στάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. στάλιξ, (ἵστημι) anything set up; a pole or stake to which nets were fastened.

σταλ-ουργός, ὄν, Dor. for στήλ-, (στήλη, ἔργον) marked, furnished with a gravestone.

*σταῖν or σταῖς, ἴνος, ὁ, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσι: (ἵστημι): anything set upright: in plur. the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; ἱκρία ὀραρὸν θαμέσι σταμίνεσσι having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμνίον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup.

στάμνος, ὁ, also ἡ, (ἵστημι) an earthen jar or bottle for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

σάν, Aeol. for ἔσαν, ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἵστημι. 2. aor. 2 part. neut. of ἵστημι.

σταζέμεν, Dor. for στάζομεν, fut. of στάζω.

στάξις, εως, ἡ, (στάζω) a dropping.

στάς, σῑσας, σάν, aor. 2 part. of ἵστημι.

στάσιάζω, f. ᾶσω, (στάσις) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, τινί against one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; στασιάζειν μετὰ τινος to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

στάσι-αρχος, ὁ, (στάσις, ἀρχω) the chief of a band or company: the head of a faction, leader of a seditious party.

στᾶσιασμός, ὁ, (στασιάω) a raising of sedition.
 στᾶσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στασιάω) seditious.
 στάσιμος, ὄν, (στάσις) standing, stationary, stable, steady, fixed. 2. στάσιμον, τό, in Tragedy, a continuous song of the Chorus.

στάσις [ᾱ], εως, ἡ, (ἵσταμαι) a standing, the posture of standing. 2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, στάσις τοῦ νότου, τῆς μεσημβρίας. 3. the state or condition in which a person is, Lat. status. II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party. 2. sedition, faction.

στάσι-ώδης, ἐς, (στάσις, εἶδος) seditious.
 στάσι-ωρον, τό, = στάσις ἐν ὄρει, a mountain-fold; but better στασι-ώρος, ὁ, (στάσις, ὥρα) watcher of the station or fold.

στασιώτης, ὄν, ὁ, (στάσις II) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plur. the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence

στάσιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to faction, seditious.

στάσκε, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.

στασῶ, Dor. for στήσω, fut. of ἵστημι.

στατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) any weight. II. a coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also τετράδραχμος, worth about 3s. 3d. 2. later, a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 20 Att. drachmae, = 16s. 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him Darics, στατήρες Δαρεϊκοί, worth about 1l. 1s. 10d.

στατήριζω, poet. for ἵστημι, to place: Pass. ἵσταμαι, to stand. II. intr. also in Act., to stand.

στατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) causing to stand. II. skilled in weighing: ἡ στατική (sub. τέχνη), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

στατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἵστημι, placed, standing: στατός ἵππος a stalled or stall-fed horse; στατόν ἵδιον standing water.

σταυ, see Σ, σ.

σταυρός, ὁ, (ἵστημι) an upright pale, stake or pole; in plur. a palisade. II. the Cross.

σταυρο-φάνης, ἐς, (σταυρός, φανῆναι) appearing like a cross. Adv. -νός.

σταυρο-φόρος, ὄν, (σταυρός, φέρω) bearing the cross. σταυρώ, ἡ, ὥσω, (σταυρός) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place. II. to crucify. Hence

σταύρωμα, ατος, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

σταύρωσις, ἡ, (σταυρώ) a palisading. II. crucifixion.

σταφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a dried grape, raisin, also ἀσταφίς. (Akin to σταφυλή.)

ΣΤΑΦΥΛΗ, ἡ, a bunch of grapes. II. parox., σταφυλή, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; ἵπποι σταφυλή ἐπὶ νῶτον ἕισαι horses matched in height by the level.

σταφύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, = σταφυλή, a bunch of grapes.

σταφύλο-κλοπίδης, οὐ, ὁ, (σταφυλή, κλοπή) a grape-stealer.

στάχνη-τόμος, ὄν, (στάχυν, τεμείν) cutting ears of corn, reaping.

στάχνη-τρόφος, ὄν, (στάχυν, τρέφω) nourishing ears of corn.

στάχνη-φόρος, ὄν, (στάχυν, φέρω) bearing ears of corn.

στάχυ-μήτωρ, ὀρος, ἡ, (στάχυν, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn.

στάχυ-θρίξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (στάχυν, θρίξ) with leaves like ears of corn.

στάχυ-στέφανος, ὄν, (στάχυν, στέφανος) crowned with ears of corn.

ΣΤΑΧΥΣ, vos, ὁ: pl. nom. and acc. στάχυες, -ας, contr. σταχύς:—an ear of corn, Lat. spica. II. generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [σ-]

στέαρ, τό, gen. στέατος [as trochee], contr. στήρ, στήτος: (ἵστημι):—hard fat, tallow, suet, Lat. sebum, sebum; opp. to πιμελή soft fat, Lat. adeps.

στεγάζω, ἡ, ὥσω, = στέγω, to cover, protect:—Pass. to be covered; of a ship, to be decked.

στεγανή, ἡ, (στεγανός) a covering. [ᾱ]

στεγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέγω) covered, sheathed: roofed over. 2. close-covered or close-covering, waterproof. II. covering: confining, enclosing. Hence

στεγανῶς, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. στεγανότερον, more closely.

στέγ-αρχος, ὁ, (στέγη, ἀρχω) master of the house.

στέγασμα, ατος, τό, (στεγάζω) anything which covers or shelters, a covering, roof, Lat. tectum.

στεγαστίον, verb. Adj. of στεγάζω, one must cover.

στεγαστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (στεγάζω) fem. Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

στέγαστρον, τό, (στεγάζω) a cover, wrapper.

στέγη, ἡ, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. II. a covered place, a chamber, room: a tent. 2. in pl., like Lat. tecta, a house, dwelling, abode; κατὰ στέγας at home.

στεγνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. from στεγανός, covered, close, water-tight.

στεγνο-φύης, ἐς, (στεγνός, φύη) of a thick nature.

στέγος, εως, τό, = στέγη, a roof: a house. 2. an urn for the dead.

ΣΤΕΤΩ, ἡ, ἴω, to cover closely, so as to keep out wet: absol., νῆες οὐδὲν στέγουσαι ships not water-tight. 2. generally, to keep off, fend off:—Med.,

στέγεσθαι ὀμβροὺς to keep off rain from oneself. II. to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, hold. 2. to hide, to keep secret:—Pass. to be kept secret.

III. to hold water; τὸ μὴ στέγον a leaky vessel. IV. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

ΣΤΕΪΒΩ, ἡ, στείβω: aor. 2 ἐστίβον:—to tread, tread on, tread under foot; στείβον ἐν βόθροιςιν εἴματα they tread on the clothes in pits, to wash

them. 2. c. acc. cognato, to tread, walk; χορὸν *στείβειν* to tread a measure, dance; to tread, walk on a road, etc.:—Med. to go upon any one's track, to trace or hunt out.

στεῖλα, Ep. for ἔστεῖλα, aor. I of στέλλω.

στεῖλαιά Ion. -εἰή, ἡ, (στέλλω) the bole for the handle of an axe. Hence

στεῖλαιόν, τό, the handle or belve of an axe fitted into the στεῖλαιά.

στεῖν-αὐχὴν, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στεῖνός Ion. for στενός, αὐχὴν) narrow-necked.

στεῖνδ-πορος, ον, Ion. for στενδ-πορος.

στεῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.

στεῖνος, εος, τό, (στεῖνω) a narrow, close or confined space, a strait; στεῖνες ὁδοῦ a narrow part of the way, a pass. II. metaph. press, straits, distress, Lat. angustiae.

στεῖνω, (στεῖνός) Ion. for στενῶ, = στένω.

στεῖνω, (στεῖνός) to make strait, narrow or close, to straiten:—Pass. to become strait, to be narrowed: to be straitened for room. 2. to be full, be thronged. 3. metaph. to be straitened, hard pressed, distressed.

στεῖν-ωπός, Ion. for στενωπός.

στεῖομεν, Ep. for στῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στεῖρα Ion. -ρη, ἡ, (στεῖρος) the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater, Lat. carina.

στεῖρα, ἡ, pecul. fem. of στεῖρος, barren.

στεῖρος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (στερρός, στερεός) barren, Lat. sterilis.

ΣΤΕΙΧΩ, f. στείχω: aor. I ἔστειχα: aor. 2 ἐστήχον:—to walk, go or come: to approach: to go in line or order, to march. 2. sometimes c. acc. cognato, στείχειν ὁδὸν to go a journey; also, ἀνὴρ ὀπλίτης κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις στείχει an armed man advances scaling-ladders.

στεῖλα, Ep. for στῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στελεά Ion. -εἰή, ἡ, = στελεῖη.

στελεόν, τό, = στελεῖον, a bundle. Hence

στελεῶ, f. ὦσω, to fit with a handle or haft.

στελεχ-τόμος, ον, (στέλεχος, τεμῖν) cutting stems or trunks.

ΣΤΕΛΕΧΟΣ, τό, the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump, Lat. codex: generally, a trunk, log, Lat. fustis. Hence

στελεχῶ, f. ὦσω, to form a stem, to shoot out with.

στελίδιον, τό, Dim. of στελεόν.

στέλλω, fut. στελῶ Ep. στελέω: aor. I ἔστεῖλα: pf. ἔσταλα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐστάλην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσταμαι: plqpf. ἐστάμην:—to set in order, arrange, array: to furnish, equip, get ready: of a ship, to rig or fit out; στόλον στεῖλαι to fit out an armament:—Med., στελλασθαι to equip oneself, to put on clothes:—Pass. to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare: also to be dressed, decked. II. to despatch on an expedition, to despatch, send: Pass. to get ready for an expedition, start, set off: hence to go, depart, travel. 2. intr. in Act. to start, set forth. III.

to fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place:—so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαι τινα to send for one.

IV. as a nautical term, ἰστία στέλλειν to take in sail, shorten sail: generally, to contract, draw in, withhold: Med. to avoid.

στεμῳναί, αἱ, (τελαμών) broad belts or girths, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.

στέμμα, ατος, τό, (στέφω) anything to crown with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself: in plur. στέμματα, τά, a shrub decked with chaplets.

στεμματόω, f. ὦσω, (στέμμα) to furnish, adorn with a wreath or chaplet.

στέμφυλον, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα, (στέμβω = στείβω) olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.

στενάγμα, ατος, τό, (στενάω) a groan, moaning.

στεναγμός, ὁ, (στενάω) a groaning, moaning.

στενάω, f. ὀέω, Frequentat. of στενῶ, to sigh much or deeply, to groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail. Hence

στενακτέον, verb. Adj. one must groan.

στενακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στενάω) to be sighed for, to be mourned: mournful.

στεν-αὐχὴν, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στενός, αὐχὴν) narrow-necked.

στεναχίζω, f. ἴσω, = στενάχω, to sigh, groan, moan. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενάχω [ᾶ], lengthd. form for στενῶ, to sigh, groan, moan: metaph. of a torrent, etc., to roar; of horses galloping, to breathe loudly; στοὰ στεναχουσα the magazine groaning from fulness. II. trans. to bemoan, bewail, lament.

στενολέσχω, to talk subtly, raise nice points. From στενο-λέσχης, ον, ὁ, (στενός, λέσχη) a quibbler.

στενό-πορθμός, ον, (στενός, πορθμός) at or on a strait.

στενό-πορος Ion. στεν-, ον, (στενός, πόρος) with a narrow pass or outlet:—τὰ στενόπορα narrow passes, defiles; or in the sea, straits, narrows.

ΣΤΕΝΟΣ Ion. στεῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, narrow, strait, Lat. angustus: ἐν στενῷ in a narrow compass: τὸ στενὸν the strait (i. e. the Hellespont); τὰ στενά the straits, narrows: στενή, ἡ, a narrow strip of land. II. metaph. close, cribbed, confined, scanty.—Comp. and Sup. στενότερος, -ότατος, Ion. στεινότερος, -ότατος: but the regular forms στενώτερος, -ώτατος, also occur. Hence

στένος Ion. στεῖνος, εος, τό, a strait, difficulty, trouble.

στενότερος, Comp. of στενός, ἡ, ὄν.

στενότης Ion. στεν-, ἡ, (στενός) narrowness, straitness.

στενο-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, (στενός, χωρέω) to crowd, straiten for room. II. intr. to be straitened or pressed for room. Hence

στενοχωρία, ἡ, narrowness of space, a confined space, want of room. II. metaph. straits, difficulty, distress.

στενών, *f. ὥσω, (στενός) to make narrow.*

Στέντωρ, *ος, ὁ, Stentor, a Greek at Troy, famous for his loud voice: hence proverbially, a Stentor.*

στενωγρός, *ή, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.*

στένω, only used in pres. and impf., (*στενός*) to sigh, groan, moan. 2. transit. to bemoan, bewail, lament, deplore.

στενωπός Ion. στεινωπός, *όν, (στενός, ὄψ) made narrow, straitened, strait, confined, Lat. arcus. 2. as Subst., στενωπός, ή, a narrow way, by-way, Lat. angiportus.*

στεπτός, *ή, ὄν, (στέφω) crowned.*

στέργγηθρον, τό, (*στέργω*) a love-charm. II.

love, affection, regard.

στέργημα, *ατος, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.*

στέργοισα, Dor. for στέργουσα, part. fem. of

ΣΤΕΡΓΩ, *f. έω: aor. I έστεργα: pf. 2 έστοργα: Pass. aor. I έστεργθην: pf. έστεργμαι:—to love, of the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people. II.*

to be fond of, like, be pleased with. III.

to be content or satisfied, acquiesce; c. acc., στέργειν τὰ παρόντα to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things; στέργειν τὴν τυραννίδα to bear with tyranny; also c. dat., στέργειν τοῖς παροῦσι, etc. IV. to pray, beg, entreat that . . . c. acc. et inf.

ΣΤΕΡΕΟΣ, *ά, ὄν, stiff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. rigidus. 2. metaph. stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, cruel.* II. of bodies and quantities, solid, cubic;

στερεός ἀριθμός *a cubic number. Hence*

στερεότης, *ητος, ή, stiffness, firmness.*

στερεό-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ή, (στερεός, φρήν) hard or firm of soul, stubborn-hearted.*

στερεώ, *f. ὥσω, (στερεός) to make firm or strong: to confirm.*

στερέσαι, *aor. I inf. of στερεώ.*

ΣΤΕΡΕΩ, fut. στερήσω Att. στερῶ: *aor. I έστέρησα, Ep. inf. στερέσαι:—Pass. στερέομαι, σπερούμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. έστέρήθην, έστέρημαι:—to deprive, bereave, or rob a person of anything:—Pass. to be deprived, bereaved, or robbed of anything. II. to take away a thing: Pass. to have a thing taken away.*

στερέωμα, *ατος, τό, (στερεώ) a solid body. 2. a foundation, basis: metaph. steadfastness. 3. the firmament of heaven.*

στερεώς, *Adv. of στερεός, firmly, strongly, fast.*

στέρημα, *ατος, τό, (στερεώ) that which is taken away, plunder, booty.*

στέρησις, *ή, (στερεώ) privation, loss.*

στερήσομαι, *fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερεώ.*

στερίσκω, *Att. collat. form of στερεώ.*

στερίφος, *ή, ον, = στερεός, στεπρός, firm, hard, solid. II. unfruitful: of women, barren.*

στερκτός, *ή, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στέργω, to be loved, lovedly.*

ΣΤΕΡΝΟΝ, τό, *the breast, chest. 2. the breast as the seat of the affections, the heart.*

στερνο-τύπής, *ές, (στέρνον, τυπῆναι) of a beaten breast, caused by beating the breast. Hence στερνοτύπια, ή, a beating of the breast for grief, Lat. planctus.*

στερνο-ούχος, *ον, (στέρνον, ἔχω) with broad bosom, broad-swelling, of the plain at Athens.*

ΣΤΕΡΟΜΑΙ, *Pass., aor. 2 έστέρν:—collat. form of στερέομαι, to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want, Lat. carere.*

στεροπή, *ή, = άσπεροπή, άστροπή, a flash of lightning: generally, any flashing, dazzling light, glare.*

στεροπ-ηγερέτᾱ, *δ, (στεροπή, άγείρω) Aeol. for στεροπηγερέτης, collector of lightning.*

Στερόπης, *ου, δ, (στεροπή) Lighter, name of one of the three Cyclopes.*

στίροψ, *ος, ὁ, ή, (στεροπή) lightning, flashing, dazzling.*

στερρό-γυιος, *ον, (στεπρός, γυῖον) strong-limbed.*

στερρός, *ά, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, = στερεός, stiff, firm, solid: also strong, stout: of water, frozen. II.*

of countries, hard, stony, barren, Lat. sterilis. III. stiff with age. IV. metaph. stiff, stubborn, obstinate, cruel. Hence

ΣΤΕΡΦΟΣ, *τό, a hide, skin.*

ΣΤΕΡΩ, *see στέρομαι.*

στερρός, *Adv. stiffly, obstinately.*

στεύμαι, *Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres. and impf. στεύται, στεύτο, and in 3 pl. pres. στεύνται: (στημι):—to stand on the spot:—c. inf. to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do.*

στεφανεύνται, *Ion. for στεφανοῦνται.*

στεφάνη [ᾱ], *ή, (στέφω) anything that encircles the head: the brim of the helmet, a helmet. II. part*

of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, a head-dress. III. the brim or border of

anything, brow of a bill, edge, verge: also the parapet or battlement of a wall.

στεφάνηπλοκία, *f. ήσω, (στεφανηπλόκος) to plait wreaths or chaplets.*

στεφανηπλόκιον, τό, *the wreath-market. From*

στεφάνη-πλόκος, *ον, (στεφάνη, πλέκω) plaiting wreaths or chaplets.*

στεφάνηφορος, *f. ήσω, (στεφανηφόρος) to wear a wreath or chaplet. Hence*

στεφάνηφορία, *ή, the wearing a wreath of victory. II. the right of wearing a crown.*

στεφάνη-φόρος, *ον, (στεφάνη, φέρω) wearing a crown or wreath, crowned, wreathed; άγων στεφανηφόρος a contest in which the prize was a crown. II.*

στεφανηφόροι, ol, certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens.

στεφάνιζω, *f. σων: Dor. aor. I έστεφάνιξα: (στέφανος):—to crown.*

στεφάνιον, τό, *Dim. of στέφανος.*

στεφάνισκος, *δ, Dim. of στέφανος.*

στεφάνιτης [ι], *ου, δ, fem. -ιτις, ιδος, (στέφανος) of*

or consisting of a crown or wreath; στεφανίτης ἀγών a contest in which the prize was a crown or wreath.

στέφανος, ὁ, (στέφω) *that which encircles; στέφανος πολέμοιο the circling crowd of war.* II. a crown, wreath: *the conqueror's wreath at the public games, crown of victory: hence the prize, Lat. palma.* These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (κότυνος) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφνη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσος) at the Isthmian. III. a crown as a badge of office, public honours: hence a crown conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη.

στεφάνω, f. ὥω: pf. act. ἐστεφάνωκα, pass. ἐστεφάνωμαι: (στέφανος):—*to put round as a crown: Pass. to be so put round; περί νήσον πόντος ἐστεφάνωται the sea lies round about the island.* II. *to wreath with a crown, to crown: c. acc., στεφανοῦν εὐαγγέλια to crown one for good tidings:—Pass. to be crowned or rewarded with a crown:—Med. to crown oneself, win a crown.* 2. *to crown, honour.* III. in Pass. also *to wear a crown*, as persons sacrificing, or magistrates in office.

στεφάν-ῶδης, ἐς, (στέφανος, εἶδος) *like a crown or wreath, wreathing, twisted.*

στεφάνωμα, ατος, τό, (στεφανώ) *that which surrounds or encompasses, a circlet.* II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, honour, glory.

στεφάνως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.

στέφος, εος, τό, (στέφω) poet. for στέφανος, a crown, wreath.

ΣΤΕΦΩ, ψω: aor. I ἔστεψα: Pass., aor. I ἔστέφην: pf. ἔστημι:—*to put round as a crown.* II. *to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath:—Med. to crown oneself:—Pass. to be crowned, wreathed, garlanded.* 2. generally, *to crown, to honour.*

στέμμεν, Ion. for στᾶμεν, I plur. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στή, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.

στήσης, στήη, Ep. for στής, στή, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στήθεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of στήθος.

στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἵστημι.

στηθο-μελής, ἐς, (στήθος, μέλος) *singing with or from the breast.*

ΣΤΗΘΟΣ, εος, τό, *the breast, chest, Lat. pectus.* II. metaph. *the breast, the heart, i. e. the feelings, affections: cf. στήρνον.*

στήκω, formed from ἔστηκα, pf. of ἵστημι, used only in pres., to stand.

ΣΤΗΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ἡ, *an upright stone, a post: a block or post, Lat. cippus.* II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. 2.

a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.: hence, κατὰ τὴν στήλην according to treaty. III. a boundary-post; the

turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta:

—Στήλαι Ἡρακλήαι the pillars of Hercules.

στηλίδιον, τό, Dim. of στήλη, a small monument. [Ὶ]

στηλιτεύω, f. ὦω, to inscribe on a στήλη, to post or placard publicly. From

στηλίτης [Ὶ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ιδος, (στήλη) of or like a block or pillar. II. inscribed on a pillar, placarded as infamous.

στήμεναι, στήμην, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στημορ-ράγιω, f. ἦσω, (στήμων, βαγγῆναι) to tear or undo the threads of a warp. II. intr. to be torn to shreds.

στήμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) the warp in the upright loom: the woof was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun.

στήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἵστημι.

στήρ, τό, gen. στήτος, contr. for στέαρ, στέατος, as κῆρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στήριγμα, ατος, τό, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay. 2. = Lat. furca.

στηριγμός, ὁ, (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, supporting. II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: steadfastness.

στήριγξ, ιγγος, ἡ, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay.

ΣΤΗΡΙΖΩ, f. ἰώω: aor. I ἐστήριξα Ep. στήριξα: Pass., aor. I ἐστήριχθην: pf. ἐστήρικμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐστήρικτο:—*to set fast, make fast, prop, fix: metaph. to confirm, establish.* II. Pass. *to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, have a footing, be rooted to a spot, tarry, linger.* III. the Act. also is intrans. *to stand fast or firm: to be joined or fastened to.*

στήσα, Ep. for ἔστησα, aor. I of ἵστημι. στήσομαι, fut. med. of ἵστημι.

στήτη or στήτα, ἡ, Dor. for γυνή.

στήωσι, Ep. for στῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἵστημι.

στιβάρος, ὁ, ὄν, (σείβω) close pressed, compact: thick, stout, sturdy: Comp. στιβαρώτερος. Adv. -ῶς, closely.

στιβός, ἄδος, ἡ, (σείβω) a bed of straw, rushes or leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στιβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of σείβω.

στιβέω, f. ἦσω: pf. παύ. ἐστίβημι: (σείβω):—*to tread, walk upon: πᾶν ἐστίβηται πέδον all the plain has been traversed, searched.*

στιβη [Ὶ], ἡ, (σείβω) frozen dew, rime, hoar-frost.

στιβος [Ὶ], ὁ, (σείβω) a trodden or beaten way, a track, foot-path. II. a track, footstep: κατὰ

στίβον on the track or trail. III. a going, gait.

στιγεύς, εὐος, ὁ, (στίγω) a brander.

στίγμα, ατος, τό, (στίγω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγματίζομαι, to bear brand-marks. From

στιγματίζομαι, ον, (στίγω, φέρω) bearing brand-marks.

στιγματίας, ου, ὁ, (στίγμα) one who has been branded: a runaway slave.

στιγμή, ἡ, (στίγω) a prick, mark, puncture: a ma-

thematical point, Lat. *punctum*.

jot, tittle: of time, a moment.

ΣΤΙ'ΖΩ, f. στίξω: aor. I ἔστιξα: pf. pass. ἔστιγμαι, inf. ἔστιχθαι: — to prick, puncture, Lat. *pungere*: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves: also to brand cattle with a distinctive mark: στίγματα στίξεν τινά to brand one with a mark.

2. to make spotted; βακτηρία στίξεν to beat black and blue:—Pass. to be spotted.

3. to mark with a full stop, Lat. *interpungere*.

στικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στίξω, pricked, branded: hence marked, spotted, dappled.

στικτό-χροος, ὄν, contr. -χρους, οὖν, (στικτός, χροός) with spotted skin.

ΣΤΙΛΒΩ, f. ψω, to shine, glitter, glisten; στίλβειν ἀστράπας to flash lightning.

2. metaph. to shine, to be bright or brilliant.

ΣΤΙΛΛΗ [r], ἡ, a drop, Lat. *stilla*: metaph. a moment.

στιλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (στίλβω) glittering, glistening.

*στίξ, ἡ, only used in gen. sing. στίχός, and in nom. and acc. plur. στίχες, στίχας: see στίχος.

στιπτός or σταιπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στείβω) trodden down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. *stipatus*:

hence sturdy, tough, stout.

στίφος, εὖς, τό, (στείβω) a close, compact body: a body of men in close array; νεῶν στίφος the close array of the ships; στίφος ποιήσασθαι to form a close column.

στιφρός, ἄ, ὄν, (στείβω) close-pressed: close, compact, solid, tough, stout.

στίχ-αοιδός, ὁ, (στίχος, αἰδῶ) a verse-maker, poet.

στίχας, acc. pl. of *στίξ.

στίχων, (στίχος) to set, range, place in ranks:—Med. στίχασμαι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἔστιχῶντο, to march in rows or ranks.

στίχες, αἰ, pl. nom. of *στίξ.

στίχο-γράφος, ὄν, (στίχος, γράφω) writing verses.

στίχος [r], ὁ, there is also a gen. sing. στίχός, and a nom. and acc. pl. στίχες, στίχας, as if from an old nom. στίξ: (στείχω)—a row, line, rank: a line of soldiers, a row of trees.

II. a line of writing, a verse.

στίχός, τῆς, gen. from *στίξ.

ΣΤΑΕΓΓΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a sort of scraper, Lat. *strigil*, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath.

στοά or στοιά, ἄς, ἡ, (ἵστυμι) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. *porticus*.

II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storehouse, magazine, warehouse, for corn.

2. ἡ βασιλείος στοά the court where the ἄρχων βασιλεὺς sat.

3. the Poecile, or painted Stoa:—since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called οἱ ἐκ τῆς στοᾶς or Στωικοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ἡ, see στοά.

στοιβάω, f. ἄσω, (στοιβή) to pile or heap up.

στοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στείβω) anything trodden or pressed

down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence boughs or branches strewn on the ground.

στοιβή, ἡ, (στείβω) a stuffing, filling up.

II. metaph. anything stuffed in, an expletive.

Στοικός, ἡ, ὄν, = Στωικός.

στοιχείον, τό, Dim. of στοίχος, a small upright post: the gnomon of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it.

II. a first beginning, first principle or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language.

2. τὰ στοιχεῖα the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, elements.

3. the elements of knowledge, rudiments.

στοιχέω, f. ἤσω, (στοίχος) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order.

II. to walk straight.

στοιχ-ηγούμεν, f. ἤσω, (στοίχος, ἀγορεύω) to tell in regular order.

στοιχίζω, f. ἴσω, (στοίχος) to set a row of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοίχος, ὁ, (στείχω) a row, line, rank; ἐπὶ στοίχου or κατὰ στοίχον all in a row: of soldiers, a file.

II. a line of poles with hunting-nets into which the game was driven.

στολ-άρχης, ὄν, ἄ (στόλος, ἄρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στέλλω) going in a body.

II. as Subst., στολάς, ἡ, a horseman's cloak.

στολή, ἡ, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping.

II. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. *stola*.

στολιδός, f. ὤσω, (στολίσ) to draw on, put on:—Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολιδωμά, ατος, τό, (στολιδός) a fold of a robe.

στολιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στολιδός, folded, hanging in folds.

στολίζω, f. ἴσω, (στολίσ) to make ready, trim, equip, deck:—Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of στολή, a small or scanty garment.

στολός, ἰδος, ἡ, (στολή) a garment, robe; νεβρῶν στολίδες garments of fawn-skin.

στόλισμα, ατος, τό, (στολίζω) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός, ὁ, (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: in plur. στολμοί, folds.

στόλος, ὁ, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike purposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, voyage; ἰδίᾳ στόλῳ in a journey privately undertaken;

opp. to κοινῷ στόλῳ in a journey on behalf of the state.

2. the purpose or cause of a journey.

3. that which is sent on an expedition, an army, a fleet, band, troop, company; πρόπας στόλος all the people.

II. a ship's beak.

στόμα Aeol. στόμα, ατος, τό, the mouth, Lat. *os*, *oris*; also the whole face; sometimes used in pl. στόματα, like Lat. *ora*, of one person: ἐπὶ στόμα on one's face; κατὰ στόμα face to face: metaph., στόμα πολέμοιο the very jaws of battle.

2. the mouth, tongue: speech, words, language: ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν to speak by word of mouth, i.e. by memory;

ἀνὰ στόμα or ἐν στόματι ἔχειν to have always in one's mouth; διὰ στόμα εἶναι to be in people's mouths; ἐξ ἐνὸς στόματος with one voice, all at once. II.

the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ostia, fauces; also a chasm or cleft in the earth: any outlet or entrance.

III. the foremost part, front; of weapons, the point: the edge, point of a sword, Lat. acies; also the front ranks of the battle, the front; οἱ ἀπὸ στόματος the front ranks; ἄκρον στόμα πύργων the utmost verge of the towers.

στόμ-αργος Att. στόμαλγος, ον, (στόμα, ἀλγέω) grievous on the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, babbling, wearisome.

στόματ-ουργός, ὄν, (στόμα, *ἐργω) making with the mouth, word-coining.

στόμαχος, ὅ, (στόμα) the throat, gullet.

στόμιον, τό, Dim. of στόμα, a small mouth. II. the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a cave, vault: the socket of a bolt. III. a bridle-bit, bit.

στομῶ, f. ὠσω, (στόμα) to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag. II. to furnish with a mouth or opening. III. to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel: metaph. to steel, harden.

στομφάζω, f. ἄσω, (στόμφος) to rant, mouth: metaph. to talk big, vaunt.

στόμφαξ, ἄκος, ὅ, ἡ, (στόμφος) one who uses bombastic turgid words.

στόμφος, ὅ, (στόμα) lofty phrases, bombast, rant.

στόμωμα, ατος, τό, (στομῶ) a mouth, inlet.

στόμωσις, εως, ἡ, (στομῶ) a giving an edge to a thing, a hardening of iron into steel; στόμα πολλὴν στόμωσιν ἔχον a mouth that has much mouting or sharpness of tongue.

στοναῶ, f. ἡσω, (στοναχῇ) to groan, sigh, moan. II. trans. to sigh, groan over or for, lament.

στοναχῇ, ἡ, (στενάχω) a groaning, sighing, wailing: in plur. groans, sighs.

στονόεις, εσσα, εν, (στονός) causing groans or sighs: generally, mournful, sad, wretched.

στονός, ὅ, (στενῶ) a groaning, sighing, wailing.

στονύξ, ὅχος, ὅ, like ὄνυξ, a sharp point: a sharp instrument, knife, scissors.

στοργή, ἡ, (στέργω) love, affection, the natural affection of parents and children.

ΣΤΟΡΕΝΝΥΜΙ shortd. σπρόνυμι, by metath.

σπρόνυμι and σπρωννύω: fut. σπορέσω Att. σπορῶ, also σπρώσω: aor. I ἐσπόρεσα, also ἐσπρωσα: pf. pass. ἐσπρωμαι:—to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew; λέγος σπορέσαι, Lat. lectum sternere, to spread or make up a bed; to strew with a thing, ὁδὸν μυρσίνησι σπορέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs. 2. to spread smooth, level: ὁδὸν σπορέσαι to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere:—metaph. to level, lay low; also to level, calm, assuage.

σπορέσαι, aor. I inf. of σπορέννυμι.

σπορεσέντι, Dor. for σπορέσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of σπορέννυμι.

στορεστής, οὔ, ὁ, (στορέννυμι) one who lays low, a calmer.

σπρόνυμι, a later form of σπορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι: aor. I med. ἐστοχασάμην: pf. pass. ἐστοχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχος):—to aim or shoot at, c. gen.: metaph. to aim at, seek after. 2. to guess, c. acc.: to surmise, conjecture.

στόχασμα, ατος, τό, (στοχάζομαι) a missile aimed at a mark, an arrow, javelin.

στοχαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στοχάζομαι) able to hit: able to guess, shrewd, sagacious. Adj. -κώς.

ΣΤΟΧΟΣ, ὅ, an aim, shot. 2. a guess, conjecture.

στραγγέω, f. σω, (στράγγω) to twist, wind:—Med. στραγγέομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter.

στραγγ-ουρία, ἡ, (σπράγξ, οὐρέω) retention of the urine, strangury. Hence

στραγγουριάω, to suffer from strangury or retention of the urine.

ΣΤΡΑΤΤΩ, fut. σπράγξω, Lat. stringo, to draw tight, bind tight, squeeze, compress.

σπράγξ, ἡ, gen. σπραγγός, (σπράγγω) that which oozes or is squeezed out, a drop.

στράπτω, f. ψω, for δσπράπτω, to lighten.

στράτ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (στρατός, ἄρχω) the general of an army, a commander.

στράτ-αρχος, ὁ, = στρατάρχης.

στρατάω, (στρατός) to encamp:—Pass. to lie encamped; Ep. 3 pl. ἐστρατώντο.

στρατεία Ion. -ητή, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition, campaign; ἐπὶ στρατείᾳ εἶναι to be on foreign service; οἶκοι καὶ ἐπὶ στρατείας, Lat. domi et militiae, at home and abroad: in pl. campaigns, military service, warfare.

στράτεια, ἡ, fem. Adj. the Warlike, epith. of Minerva.

στράτευμα, ατος, τό, (στρατεύω) an expedition. II. an armament, army: a company.

στρατεύσιμος, ον, (στρατεύω) belonging to or fit for military service, serviceable.

στρατεύσις, ἡ, (στρατεύω) an expedition.

στρατευτέον, verb. Adj. one must march. From

στρατεύω, f. σω, (στρατός) to serve in war, serve as a soldier: to take the field, march. II. Dep.

στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστρατεύθην, ἐστρατεύμαι: to take the field, serve as a soldier; pf. pass. part. ἐστρατευμένος, having been a soldier.

στράττηγιον, τό, incorrect form of στρατήγιον.

στράττηγέω, f. ἡσω, (στρατηγός) to be a general: c. gen. to be general of an army, command. II.

c. acc. rei, to do a thing as general. Hence

στράττηγμα, ατος, τό, the act of a general, esp. a stratagem, piece of generalship.

στρατήγια Ion. -ητή, ἡ, (στρατηγός) the office, dignity, post of a general, command. 2. the qualifications of a general, generalship. 3. the time of a general's command.

στράττηγιάω, Desiderat. of στρατηγέω, to wish to be general.

στρατηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρατηγός) *of or fit for a general: ἡ στρατηγική* (sub. τέχνη), *or τὰ στρατηγικά, generalship, Lat. scientia rei militaris.* II. *fitted for command, versed in generalship, skilled in military matters.* Adv. -κῶς, *like a general.*

στρατήγιον, τό, (στρατηγός) *the general's tent, Lat. praetorium: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings.* II. = στρατόπεδον, *a camp.*

στρατήγης, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (στρατηγός) *of a general: πύλαι στρατηγίδες the door of the general's tent; ναὺς στρατηγίς the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and so, ἡ στρατηγίς alone.* II. as Subst. *a female commander or general.*

στράτ-ηγός, ὁ, (στρατός, ἄγω) *the leader or commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral.* II. at Athens, οἱ στρατηγοὶ *were ten general officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department.* III. στρατηγός ὑπατος *the Roman Consul; στρατηγός alone, the Praetor.*

στρατηγία, ἡ, Ion. for στρατεία.

στρατήλασις Ion. -λή, ἡ, *an expedition, campaign.* II. *the army itself.* From

στρατήλαδεν, f. ἦσω, *to lead an army into the field: to take the field.* II. *trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From*

στράτ-ηλάτης [ἄ], οὐ, ὁ, (στρατός, ἐλαύνω) *a leader of an army, a general, commander.*

στράτιά Ion. -τή, ἡ, (στρατός) *an army, armament: generally, a company, band.* II. = στρατεία, *an expedition.* Hence

στρατί-αρχος, ὁ = στρατάρχης, *a general.*

στράτιος, οὐ, (στρατός) *of, belonging to an army or expedition, warlike: στρατίον as Adv., valiantly.*

στρατιώτης, οὐ, ὁ, (στρατιά) *a citizen on military service: a soldier.* Hence

στρατιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *of or for soldiers: τὸ στρατιωτικόν* (sub. ἀργύριον), *the pay of the forces; τὸ στρατιωτικόν* (sub. πλῆθος) *the soldiery; τὰ στρατιωτικά* (sub. πράγματα) *military affairs.* II. *fit, suited for a soldier or military service.* Hence

στρατιωτικῶς, Adv. *in military style, like soldiers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted out more like transport-ships.*

στρατιώτις, ἴδος, fem. of στρατιώτης, *a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial.* 2. στρατιώτις (sub. ναὺς), ἡ, *a troop-ship, transport.*

στράτο-λόγος, f. ἦσω, (στρατός, λέγω) *to levy an army, enlist soldiers.*

στράτό-μαντις, εὖς, ὁ, (στρατός, μάντις) *a prophet to the army.*

στράτοπεδ-άρχης, οὐ, ὁ, (στράτοπεδον, ἄρχω) *the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.*

στράτο-πέδεια, ἡ, and

στράτο-πέδευσις, ἡ, *an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet.* From

στράτοπεδεύω, also as Dep. στρατοπεδεύομαι, (στράτοπεδον) *to encamp, take up a position.*

στράτο-πεδον, τό, (στρατός, πέδον) *the ground on which soldiers are encamped: Στρατόπεδα, τά, as pr. n. a part of Egypt held on a military tenure.* 2. generally, *a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army.* 3. *a squadron of ships, fleet.*

ΣΤΡΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, *a camp, encamped army: generally, an army, host, armament.* II. *the soldiers as opp. to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.*

στράτοφι, Ep. gen. of στρατός.

Στράτ-ωνίδης, οὐ, ὁ, *Comotic patronymic as if from Στράτ-ωνης (στρατός, ἀνέομαι) a dealer in armies.*

στράφεις, στράφῃναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of στρέφω.

στραφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

στρέβλη, ἡ, (στρεβλός) *an instrument for winding, a windlass: a screw, press.* II. *an instrument of torture, rack.*

στρεβλός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρέφω) *twisted, bowed, distorted.*

στρεβλώ, f. ὠσω, (στρεβλός) *to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make taut.* II. *to wrench, dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass. to be racked, wrenched, tortured.*

στρέμμα, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) *that which is twisted or dislocated: a sprain.*

στρέπτ-αιγλος, η, ον, (στρέφω, αἶγλη) *whirling-bright.*

στρεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (στρέφω) *anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket.*

στρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στρέφω, *easily bent or twisted, pliant: στρεπτός χιτῶν a flexible coat, i.e. a shirt of chain-armour or mail: pliant, supple.* 2. as Subst., στρεπτός (sub. κύκλος), ὁ, *a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. torques: στρεπτά, τά, necklaces.* II. *metaph. to be bent or turned, to be wrought upon; στρεπτή γλῶσσα a glib, pliant tongue.* III. *bent, curved.*

στρεπτο-φόρος, ον, (στρεπτός, φέρω) *wearing a collar or necklace, Lat. torquatus.*

στρεύγομαι, Pass. (στράγγω) *to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.*

στρεφε-δινέω, f. ἦσω, (στρέφω, δινέω) *to spin or whirl a thing round:—Pass. to be whirled, to spin round and round.*

στρεφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

ΣΤΡΕΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἔστρεψα Ep. στρέψα: pf. ἔστρεψα:—Pass., aor. I ἔστρεψθην Dor. ἔστράφθην: aor. 2 ἔστράφην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔστραμμαι.

A. Act. *to twist, turn, bend; ἵππους στρέφειν to turn or guide horses: to wheel soldiers round.* II. *to turn about: to change, alter: also to pervert.* III. *to twist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back.* IV. *metaph. to turn over in one's mind, revolve.* V. *to divert from the right course, embezzle, intercept.* VI. *intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or wheel about.*

B. Pass. and Med. *to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro: absol. to turn back; to*

turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, *to revolve, circle*. 2. metaph., *στροφὰς στρέφεσθαι to twist about*, like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, *to shuffle, evade*; *πάσας στροφὰς στρέφειν* *to twist every way, practise every kind of evasion*.

3. c. gen., *στρέφεσθαι τινας to turn oneself to, attend to*. II. *to attach oneself, stick close, adhere*.

III. of limbs, *to be twisted, dislocated*.

IV. *to roam about*: of things, *to be rife*.

στρέψασκον, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of *στρέφω*.

στρέψις, εως, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a turning, twisting*.

στρεψο-δικέω, f. ἤσω, (*στρέφω, δίκη*) *to twist or pervert justice*.

στρεψοδικό-πάνουργια, ἡ, (*στρεψοδικέω, πανουργία*) *cunning villany in the perversion of justice*.

ΣΤΡΗΝΗ'Σ, ἐς, rough, barbs, grating.

στρηνιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], (*στρήνος*) *to riot, to wax wanton*.

στρήνος, εος, τό, (*στρηνῆς*) *excess of strength: insolence, wantonness*.

στρίβιλικίγξ, Comic word, *the very least fraction or particle*.

ΣΤΡΙΨΩ, collat. form of *τρίζω*, *to cry in a shrill tone, to scream*.

στροβέω, f. ἤσω, (*στρόβος*):—*to spin or whirl about like a top: to make giddy, dizzy*:—Pass., with fut. med. *στροβήσομαι, to spin round and round*. Hence

στροβητός, ἡ, ὄν, *whirled round or about*.

στροβιλίζω, f. ἴσω, (*στρόβιλος*) *to twist about*.

στροβίλος, ὁ, (*στροβέω*) *anything which whirls round or spins: a top*: hence, from likeness of shape, *a fir-cone, pine-cone*. 2. *a whirlwind*. 3. *a whirling dance, pironette*.

στροβίλος, ἡ, ὄν, (*στροβέω*) *spinning, whirling*.

στροβιλώδης, ἐς, (*στρόβιλος, εἶδος*) *like a pine-cone*.

στρόβος, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *a whirling round*.

στρογγύλλω, (*στρογγύλος*) *to round off: to twirl*.

στρογγύλος [ῶ], ἡ, ὄν, (*σπάγγω*) *round, rounded*;

στρογγύλη ναῦς *a merchant ship, from its round shape*, opp. to the long ship of war (*μακρὰ ναῦς*), Lat. *navis longa*. II. metaph. *well-rounded, neat, terse*.

στρομβέω, f. ἤσω, (*σρόμβος*) = *στροβέω, to whirl*.

στρομβηδόν, Adv. (*στρομβέω*) *spinning like a ball*.

στρομβός, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *anything whirled round, a top*.

2. *a spiral shell*.

στρούθειος, α, ὄν, (*στρουθός*) *of or for small birds*:

στρούθειον μῆλον *a quince*.

στρουθίον, τό, Dim. of *στρουθός*, *a young sparrow*.

ΣΤΡΟΥΘΟ'Σ, δ, also ἡ, *any small bird, esp. a sparrow*.

II. *any bird, as an eagle*:—*ὁ μέγας στρουθός* *the large bird, the ostrich*, called *στρουθός κατάγαιος* from its running along the ground: also simply *στρουθός* (ἡ).

στροφαῖος, α, ὄν, (*στροφή*) *cunning, versatile*; also (*from στροφεῖν*) *standing at the door-post*:—name of Mercury, in both senses.

στροφάλιγξ, ἡ, (*στροφαλίζω*) *a whirl, eddy*. [ᾶ]

στροφαλίζω, a lengthd. form of *στρέφω, to turn quickly*; *ἡλάκατα στροφαλίζειν to whirl the spindle*.

στροφάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *whirling, circling*; ἀρκτου *στροφάδες κέλευθοι* *the Bear's circling paths*.

στροφάειον, τό, (*στρέφω*) *a twisted noose, cord*. 2. *a wooden windlass*.

στροφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *one of the vertebrae*. II. *the socket in which the pivot of a door moves*; cf. *στροφίγξ*.

στροφέω, = *στρέφω*: esp. *to have the colic*.

στροφή, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a turning: a turning round, circling, rolling*. 2. *a twist, a slippery trick*. 3. in Music, *a twist or turn*. II. *the dancing of the Chorus towards one side of the ὀρχήστρα*: hence also *the song sung during this evolution, the strophe*, to which the *ἀντιστροφή* answers.

στροφίγξ, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *the pivot or axle on which a body turns*. 2. *στροφίγγες* were pivots sunk in sockets, which served as hinges; cf. *στροφεῖς*. 3. *στροφίγξ γλώττης*, of *a well-bung tongue*.

στροφίον, τό, Dim. of *στροφή*, *a band or girdle worn by women round the head or round the breast*.

στροφίς, ἰος, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a twisting, slippery fellow, a shuffler*.

στροφίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = *στροφίον*, *a band, girdle*.

στροφο-δινέομαι, Pass. (*στροφή*, *δινέομαι*) *to wheel eddying round, of birds*.

στροφή, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *a twisted band, a belt: a cord, rope*. 2. *a swaddling-band*. II. *a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat. tormina*.

Στρυμόνιας Ion. -της, ὁ, *a wind blowing from the Thracian river Strymon, i. e. a NNE. wind*.

Στρυμόνιος, α, ὄν, of the Strymon. From *Στρυμών*, ὄνος, ὁ, the Strymon, a river in Thrace.

στρυφνός, ἡ, ὄν, (*στύφω*) *sour, barsh, rough to the taste*. II. metaph. *sour, barsh, austere, morose*.

στρώα, ατος, τό, (*σπώννυμι*) *anything spread out for lying or sitting upon*: in pl. *the bed and bed-clothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. vestis stragula*.

στωματό-δεσμον, τό, (*στώμα, δεσμός*) *a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes*.

στωματο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (*στώμα, φύλαξ*) *one who has the care of the bedding*.

στωμνή, ἡ, *a bed spread out: a bed, mattress, bedding*. From

σπώννυμι and *σπρωννύω*, f. *σπώσω*, formed by metaph. from *σπώννυμι, σπρόννυμι*: v. *σπρόννυμι*.

σπρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*σπώννυμι*) *spread, laid, covered, Lat. stratus, of bed-furniture*.

στροφάκος, Ion. Frequent. of *στρέφω*, as *πρωπάω* for *πρώω*:—*to turn constantly, keep whirling or winding*:—Pass. *to turn oneself about, like Lat. versari, to stay or dwell in a place*.

στιγ-άνωρ [ᾶ], ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (*στυγέω, ἀνὴρ*) *bating the man or men in general*.

στυγερός, ἄ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abominated, hateful, loathsome*: c. dat. *bearing malice or hatred towards* a man.

στυγερ-ώπης, ες, and **στυγερ-ωπός**, ὄν, (στυγερός, ὤψ) *with hateful look*: *hateful*.

στυγερός, Adv. of *στυγερός*, *to one's sorrow, miserably*.

στυγέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐστύγησα: also (as if from *στυγών*), aor. I ἐστύξα, opt. στύξαιμι: aor. 2 ἐστύγον: fut. 2 pass. στυγήσομαι: (στύγος)—*to hate, abominate, abhor, loathe*: stronger than *μισέω*, *to express abhorrence*. II. *to make hateful or horrid*.

Hence

στυγῆμα, ατος, τό, *a hated object, abomination*. [ῥ]

στυγήνός, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abominated, loathed*: *hateful*.

Στύγιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (Στύξ) *of the Styx or the nether world, Stygian*. II. = *στυγηρός*. [ῥ]

στυγιάζω, f. ἄσω, (στυγνός) *to be sad or gloomy, to be of sad countenance*.

στυγνός, ἡ, ὄν, (στυγέω) *bated, abhorred, hateful, hostile*. II. *sad, gloomy*, Lat. *tristis*: —neut., *στυγνός* as Adv., *gloomily*.

στυγνός, f. ὥσω, (στυγνός) *to make sad or gloomy*: —Pass. *to be or become gloomy*.

στυγρό-δεμος, ον, (στυγέω, δέμνιον) *hating the marriage-bed*.

στύγος, εος, το, (στυγέω) *hatred, abhorrence*: *gloom, horror*. II. *an object of hatred, an abomination*. [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΛΟΣ, ὁ, *a pillar*: also, 2. *a post, pale, a beam or mast of a ship*.

στυλός, f. ὥσω, (στύλος) *to support with pillars*.

στύμα [ῥ], ατος, τό, Aeol. for *στύμα*.

ΣΤΥΞ, ἡ, gen. Στύγος, *the Styx*, i. e. *the Hateful, Horrible*, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths. II. *that which is hated, an abomination*.

στύξαιμι, aor. I opt. of *στυγέω*.

στυπεῖον or **στυπτεῖον**, τό, like *στύπη*, *tow, coarse flax or hemp*: *a rope or balter made of it*.

στυπειο-πώλης or **στυππ-**, ον, ὁ, (στυπεῖον, πωλέω) *a hemp or rope-seller*.

ΣΤΥΠΗ, ἡ, *tow, the coarse part of flax or hemp*. [ῥ]

στύπος, εος, τό, (στύφω) *a stem, stump*, Lat. *stipes*: also *a stick*. [ῥ]

στυπηρία Ion. —ίη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, *an astringent salt, alum*: strictly fem. of

στυπηρός, α, ον, (στύφω) *binding, astringent*.

στυράκιον, τό, Dim. of *στυράξ*. [ᾱ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, *the spike at the butt end of a spear-shaft*. [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storax*: [ῥ]

στυφελιγμός, ὁ, *a striking, beating, pushing about*; generally, *ill-usage*. From

στυφέλιζω, f. ξω, (στυφελός) *to thrust or push*

rudely, shake, smite: of the wind, *to scatter the clouds*: generally, *to treat roughly, maltreat*.

στυφελός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (στύφω) *close, solid, tough*: of flavour, *sour, acid*. 2. metaph. *harsh, crabbed, cruel*.

στυφλός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, shortd. from *στυφελός*, *hard, rugged*. 2. *tough, stern*.

στυφο-κόπος, ον, (στύπος, κόπτω) *striking with a stick*.

στύφω, f. ψω, *to contract, draw together*: of an astringent taste, in Pass., *χείλεα στυφθεῖς* *having one's lips drawn in*. [ῥ]

στωά, ἡ, Dor. for *στοά*.

στωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στοά) *of or like a colonnade or portico*. II. *Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics or their system*: **Στωικός**, ὁ, *a Stoic*.

στωμύλλω, = *στωμύλλω*. Hence

στωμύλία, ἡ, *wordiness, chattering, gossip*.

στωμύλιο-συλλεκτάδης, ου, ὁ, (στωμύλία, συλλέγω) *a gossip-monger*.

στωμύλλω or as Dep. **στωμύλλομαι**, (στωμύλος) *to be talkative, to chatter, prate*: in good sense, *to talk, converse*.

στώμυλα, ατος, τό, = *στωμύλια*, *chattering*: of persons, *a gossip, chatterer*.

στωμύλος, ον, (στώμα) *mouthy, wordy, talkative, gossiping*: also *fluent*. [ῥ]

ΣΤ Dor. **ΤΥ**, Lat. **TU**, **THOU**; subst. Pron. of 2nd pers.: Ep. nom. *τύνη*:—gen. σου, dat. σοί, acc. σέ, enclit. σου, σοι, σε. There are also Ep. forms of gen. σεῦ, σέο, σείο, σέθεν, enclit. σευ, σεο: Dor. τεῦ, rarely τέο, lengthd. τεοῦ and τεοῖο: Aeol. and Dor. τεῦς, τεοῦς.—Ion. and Ep. dat. τοί; Dor. τειν and τίν.—Dor. acc. τέ, enclit. τυ.—Dual σφῶι, σφῶ:

gen. and dat. σφῶιν, σφᾶν: pl. ὑμεῖς, ὑμῶν, ὑμῖν or ὑμῖν, ὑμάς, Ep. ὑμεας.

συ-αγρεσία, ἡ, (σὺς, ἄγρα) *a boar-hunt*.

σύ-αγρος, ὁ, (σὺς, ἄγρα) *one who hunts wild boars*.

Συβαρίτης, f. ἴσω, *to live like a Sybarite*, i. e. *luxuriously, effeminately*. From

Σύβαρις [ῥ], gen. εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, *Sybaris*, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name, noted for luxury.

Συβαρίτης [ῥ], ου, ὁ, (Σύβαρις) *a Sybarite: a luxurious liver, voluptuary*.

Συβαρίτικος, ἡ, ὄν, (Σύβαρις) *of or like to Sybaris*.

Συβαρίτις, ιδος, fem. of *Συβαρίτης*, *a woman of Sybaris*.

σὺβήνη, ἡ, *a flute-case*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σὺ-βόσιον, or rather **σὺ-βοσείον**, τό, (σὺς, βόσκω) *a herd of swine*. II. *a pigsty*.

Σύ-βοτα [ῥ], τά, (σὺς, βόσκω) *the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite*; originally, *swine-pastures*.

σὺ-βότης and **σὺ-βώτης**, ου, ὁ, (σὺς, βόσκω) *a swineherd*.

σὺν-γάμος, ον, (σύν, γαμῶ) *united in marriage, married, wedded*: as Subst., **σύνγαμος**, ὁ, ἡ, *a bus-*

band or wife. 2. *sharing the marriage-bed; in plur. of rival wives.*

συγγείτων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, γείτων) bordering on.*
 συγγελάω, *φ. -άσομαι, (σύν, γελάω) to laugh with or together.*

συγγένεια, *ἡ, (συγγενής) connexion by descent or family, relationship, kin.* 2. *kinsfolk, kin, family.*

συγγενέσθαι, *αορ. 2 inf. of συγγίνομαι.*

συγγενέτερα, *ἡ, a common mother: fem. of*

συγγενετής, *ου, ὁ, (σύν, γενέσθαι) a common father.*

συγγενής, *ἐς, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn.*

II. *of the same stock, descent or family, akin: of συγγενεῖς kinsfolk, kinsmen; τὸ συγγενεῖς = συγγενεῖς, kin, relationship.* 2. *metaph. of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural.*

συγγενικός, *ἡ, ὄν, (συγγενής) becoming or like kinsmen.* Adv. *-κῶς, like kinsfolk.*

συγγέρον, *οντος, ὁ, (σύν, γέρον) a fellow in old age.*

συγγεωργέω, *φ. ἴσω, to be a fellow-labourer. From*

συγγεωργός, *ὁ, (σύν, γεωργός) a fellow-labourer in the fields.*

συγγιθῆω, *φ. ἴσω, to rejoice with.*

συγγιθράσκω, *φ. -άσομαι [ᾱ], to grow old together with.*

σύγγηρος, *ον, (σύν, γῆρας) growing old together.*

συγγίνομαι later -γίνομαι [Γ]: fut. -γενήσομαι:—*to be with, bold communication or associate with, live with, bold intercourse with, converse with.* 2. *to come to assist.* 3. *absol. to come together, meet.*

συγγινώσκω later -γινώσκω: *φ. συγγνώσσομαι: αορ. 2 συνέγαν: pf. συνέγνακα:—to think with, agree with, bold the same sentiments with; absol. to consent, agree.*

II. *to yield, concede, own, allow, acknowledge, confess: also in Med. to grant, allow.* III. *συγγινῶναι ἑαυτῷ to be conscious.* IV. *to have a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon:—Pass. to obtain pardon or forgiveness.*

σύγγνοια, *ἡ = συγγνώμη.*

συγγνώμη, *ἡ, (συγγινῶναι) fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, excuse.*

συγγνωμονικός, *ἡ, ὄν, (συγγνώμων) inclined to make allowance, indulgent.* II. *of things, pardonable.*

συγγνωμοσύνη, *ἡ, fellow-feeling, forgiveness. From συγγνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (συγγινῶναι) disposed to pardon or forgive: indulgent.* II. *pass. pardoned, forgiven, deserving pardon, allowable.*

συγγινῶναι, *αορ. 2 inf. of συγγινώσκω.*

συγγνωστός, *ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of συγγινώσκω, to be pardoned, pardonable, allowable.*

σύγγονος, *ον, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn.* 2. *connected by blood, akin. Lat. cognatus: as Subst., σύγγονος, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.*

σύγγραμμα, *ατος, τό, (συγγράφω) that which is noted or written down, a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose work.*

συγγραφέως, *ἑως, ὁ, (συγγράφω) one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author.* II. *συγγραφεῖς, οί, commissioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.*

συγγραφή, *ἡ, (συγγράφω) a writing or noting down.* II. *that which is written, a book, a engagement.*

2. *a written contract, a covenant, engagement.*

III. *work done by contract.*

συγγραφικός, *ἡ, ὄν, given to writing history. From*

συγγράφω *φ. ψω, to write or note down, Lat. conscribere:—to describe.* II. *to compose or compile a work, Lat. componere: c. acc., πόλεμον συγγράφειν to write the history of the war: generally, to compose or write in prose.* III. *to draw a written contract: Med. to settle by written contract.* 2. *to draw up a resolution.* IV. *to paint by contract.*

συγγυμνάζω, *φ. ἄσω, to exercise with.*

συγκαιρέω Ion. -καταιρέω, *φ. ἴσω: αορ. 2 συγκαιρίων:—to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.*

συγκαταρμόζω, *φ. σω, to join in arranging or burying.*

συγκαθίζομαι, fut. -καθεδούμαι: *Med.:—to sit with or together.*

συγκαιέρω Ion. συγκαιέρω, *to sbut up or enclose with others.*

συγκάθλω, *φ. -ελκύσω [ῥ]: αορ. I -εἰλκύσα: fut. pass. -ελκυσθήσομαι: (see ἔλκω):—to drag down, destroy with.*

συγκαθεῖδω, *φ. ἴσω, to sleep with.*

συγκάθημαι, properly pf. of συγκαθίζομαι, *to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.*

συγκάθιζω, *φ. ἴσω, to make to sit or place together:—Med. to sit together, meet for deliberation.* II. *intr. also in Act. to sit with.*

συγκάθημι, *φ. -κάθσω, to let down with or together:—Pass. to let oneself down, stoop, condescend.*

συγκαιστήμι, *φ. -καταστήσω, to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing.*

συγκάω Ion. -κάω [ᾱ]: fut. -κάσω:—*to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo.*

συγκάκοπαθῶ, *φ. ἴσω, to suffer with or together.* II. *to feel with or for any one in suffering.*

συγκάκουχέομαι, *Pass. (σύν, κακουχέω) to endure trouble or suffering with.*

συγκάλέω, *φ. ἴσω: pf. -κέκλημαι pass. -κέκλημαι:—to call or summon together, call to council:—Med. to call to oneself.* 2. *to call together, invite to a feast.*

συγκάλυπτός, *α, ον, to be covered or veiled: and συγκάλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, covered, enwrapped. From*

συγ-κάλυπτω, f. ψω, to cover or veil completely, sbroud :—Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face.

συγ-κάμνω, f. -κάμῃμαι : aor. 2 -έκαμον :—to labour or suffer with, sympathise with. 2. to labour or travail with.

συγκαμπή, ἥ, (συγκάμπω) a joint.

συγ-κάμπω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knee :—Pass. to bend oneself.

συγ-κάσινιγτη, ἥ, one's own sister.

συγ-κάσις, ιος, ὁ and ἡ, (σύν, κάσις) one's own brother or sister.

συγ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι : aor. 2 -κατέβην : pf. -καταβέβηκα : to go or come down with : to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with. 2. to condescend.

συγ-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβᾶλῶ : aor. 2 -κατέβαλον :—to pay down together.

συγκαταβάσις, ἥ, (συγκαταβαίνω) a going down with. 2. condescension, submission, accommodation.

συγ-καταγερᾶσκω, f. -γερᾶσομαι [ᾶ] :—to grow old with or together.

συγ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to lead down with ; to join in bringing back.

συγ-καταδαρθάνω, aor. 2 -κατέδαρθον, to sleep with.

συγ-καταδιώκω, f. ξω, to pursue with or in company.

συγ-καταδουλόω, f. ὦσω, to join in enslaving.

συγ-καταδύνω and -δύω : aor. 2 -κατέδυν :—to sink or set together with.

συγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry : metaph., συγκαταζεύξαι τινα ἄτη to make him a yoke-fellow with misery.

συγ-καταθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with.

συγκατάθεσις, ἥ, (συγκατατίθημι) agreement, approval, assent. II. submission.

συγ-καταθίω, to make an inroad with another.

συγ-καταθνήσκω, to die along with.

συγ-καταίθω, to burn all together.

συγ-κατααινέω, f. έσω or ήσω, to agree with, favour, assent to.

συγ-κάτινος, on, agreeing, approving, assenting to.

συγ-καταίρω, Ion. for συγκαθαίρω.

συγ-κατακαίω Att. -κάω [ᾶ] : f. -καύσω :—to burn down along with :—Pass. to be burnt with.

συγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down with, lie with.

συγ-κατακλείω Ion. -κλήϊω, to shut in or enclose with or together.

συγ-κατακλίνω, to make lie down with :—Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table.

συγ-κατακόπτω, to cut up together.

συγ-κατακότομαι, f. ήσομαι : Dep. to get or gain with, to join in acquiring.

συγκατακτάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of

συγ-κατακτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to slay with or together.

συγ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together.

συγ-καταλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting down : to help to depose.

συγ-καταμίγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix in with, mingle with : metaph. to absorb in a thing.

συγ-καταμύω, f. σω, to be shut close.

συγ-καταναυμάχew, f. ήσω, to assist in conquering.

συγ-κατανέω, to allot jointly :—Med. to share among themselves.

συγ-καταπλήπλημι, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγ-καταπλέω, f. ξω, to intertwine with.

συγ-καταπράσσω, f. ξω, to join in effecting.

συγ-καταρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down together.

συγ-κατασκάπτω, f. ψω, to demolish with another or utterly.

συγ-κατασκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ], to pour over at the same time :—Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to help in making or setting up. 2. to furnish completely.

συγ-κατασκηνώ, f. ὦσω, to bring into one tent with.

συγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together.

συγ-κατασπᾶω, f. -σπᾶσω [ᾶ], to pull down together. II. to gulp down together.

συγ-καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to bring to an end together :—to make subject together or at the same time.

συγ-κατατάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange or draw up with or together.

συγκατατεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of

συγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay down or deposit at the same time. II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγ-κατατίθεμαι, to agree with, assent to.

συγ-κατατρώγω, aor. 2 -έτρωγον, to eat up together.

συγ-καταφαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of συγκατεσθίω.

συγ-καταψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

συγ-καταψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass. to be reckoned along with.

συγ-κάτεμι, (σύν, κατά, έϊμι ιβο) to go down with.

συγ-κατείργω, Ion. for συγκαθαίργω.

συγ-κατεργάζομαι, f. ᾶσομαι : pf. -είργασμαι : Dep. :—to help or join in accomplishing a work : to coöperate with. II. to help in subduing. III. to kill with or together, help in slaying.

συγ-κατέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι : aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα : Dep. to come or go back together.

συγ-κατεσθίω, f. -έδομαι : aor. 2 -έφαγον :—to eat up with or together.

συγ-κατεύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to pray for with or together.

συγ-κατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to accuse together.

συγ-κάττημι, Ion. for συγκάττημι.

συγ-κατοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell with or together.

συγ-κατοικίζω, f. ίσω, to colonise jointly with another, join or assist in colonising. II. to settle in a place along with. III. to establish at the same time.

συγ-κατοικτίζω, f. ίσω, to pity with or together :—Med. to bewail with or together.

συγ-κατορύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἴσω, to bury with.
 συγ-καττύω, to patch up, cobble, furbish up.
 συγκείας, aor. I part. of συγκαίω.
 σύγ-κειμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. II. to have been put together, to be composed or compounded of.
 III. to be agreed on; ὁ συγκείμενος χρόνος, or τὸ συγκείμενον χωρίον, the time or place agreed upon; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms of the agreement.
 2. impers. σύγκειται, it is agreed on: so absol. in neut. gen., συγκειμένου σφι since it had been agreed to by them.
 συγκεκαλυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκαλύπτω.
 συγκεκλήμαι, Att. pf. pass. of συγκλείω: Ion. συγκεκλήμαι.
 συγκεκομμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκόπτω.
 συγκεκράμαι, pf. pass. of συγκεράννυμι.
 συγκεκράμενός, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκεράννυμι, in a tempered manner.
 συγ-κεκορπημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκροτέω, as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely.
 συγκεκρήκα, pf. of συγκρέω.
 συγκεκρύφα, pf. of συγκρύπτω.
 συγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to join in ordering or bidding.
 συγ-κεντέω, f. ἴσω, to pierce or stab together.
 συγ-κεράννυμι or -ύω: f. -κεράσω [ᾶ]: pf. -κέκρᾶκα pass. -κέκράμαι: aor. I pass. -εκράθην [ᾶ] Ion. -εκρήθην:—to mix together, mingle: to blend together, temper by mixing:—Med., συγκεράσασθαι φιλιαν to form a close friendship.
 II. Pass. to be mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce.
 2. to become deeply involved or implicated in.
 συγ-κεραυνώω, f. ὥσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, shiver in pieces:—Pass. to be thunder-stricken, astounded.
 συγ-κεφαλαιώω, f. ὥσω, to bring under one head or summary, to sum up, reckon up.
 συγχεχύμαι, pf. pass. of συγχέω.
 συγ-κέχυσμαι, pf. pass. of συγχύννυμι.
 συγ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to incur danger along with others: to be partners in danger.
 συγ-κινέω, f. ἴσω, to move or put in commotion with.
 συγ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ᾶ]: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep or lament with.
 συγ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. -κέκλασμαι:—to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.
 σύγκλεισις Att. σύγκλησις, εως, ἡ, a shutting up, closing up. From
 συγ-κλείω, f. -κλείσω, Ion. συγκληίω, f. ἴσω, old Att. συγκληίω, f. ἴσω: Pass., aor. I συνεκλείσθην old Att. ξυνεκλήσθην: pf. -κέκλεισμαι or -ῆμαι Ion. -κεκλήσμαι or -ῆμαι:—to shut up, to hem in, enclose.
 2. to shut, close.
 3. to close up; συγκλείειν τὰς ἀσπίδας to lock their shields.
 II. Pass. to be shut in, enclosed, surrounded.
 2. to be closely united.
 συγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.
 συγ-κληίω, Ion. for συγκλείω.
 συγ-κληρονόμος, on, a joint-heir.

σύγκληρος, on, having one's lot together, having a neighbouring lot, neighbouring.
 II. assigned by the same lot. Hence
 συγ-κληρώω, f. ὥσω, to embrace in one lot. II. to assign by the same lot.
 σύγκλησις, Att. for σύγκλεισις.
 σύγκλητος, on, (συγκαλέω) called together, convened.
 II. σύγκλητος (sub. ἐκκλησία), ἡ, a specially convened assembly; a senate.
 συγκληίω, Att. for συγκλείω.
 συγκλίνα, ἡ, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From
 συγ-κλίνω [ῆ], f. ἴνω, to lay together:—Pass. to lie with.
 συγ-κλονέω, f. ἴσω, to shake up together, confound.
 σύγ-κλυς, ὕδω, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, κλύω) washed together by the waves: thrown together, promiscuous.
 συγ-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κοιμήσομαι, pf. pass. -κεκοίμημαι:—to sleep with another, lie with. Hence
 συγκοίμημα, ατος, τό, a sleeping together. II. the partner of one's bed, consort: and
 συγκοίμησις, ἡ, a sleeping together.
 συγ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to put to bed together, join in wedlock.
 συγ-κοινοῦμαι, Dep. to make common with, impart, give a share of.
 συγκοινωνέω, f. ἴσω, to have a joint share of a thing, c. gen. rei. II. to partake in a thing, c. dat. rei. From
 συγ-κοινωνός, ἡ, ὅν, partaking jointly of a thing.
 σύγκοιτος, on, (σύν, κοίτη) sharing one's bed. II. of or belonging to the marriage-bed.
 συγ-κολλάω, f. ἴσω, to glue or stick together. Hence
 συγκολλήτης, οὔ, ὁ, one who glues or sticks together: metaph. a fabricator, concocter.
 σύγ-κολλος, on, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely joined:—Adv. συγκόλλως, in accordance with.
 συγκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing together: esp. of harvest, a gathering in, bousing. From
 συγ-κομίζω, f. -ίω Att. -ιάω, to carry or bring together: of harvest, to gather it in, bouse it; in Pass., ὁρᾶν συγκομίζεσθαι it is ripe for carrying:—Med. to get together or gather in for oneself, supply oneself with: to send for; συγκομίζεσθαι πρὸς ἐαυτόν to claim as one's own.
 2. in Pass. also to be gained together.
 II. to help in burying.
 συγκοπή, ἡ, a cutting into small pieces. II. a retrenching, cutting away: in Gramm. syncope, i. e. a striking out one or more letters in a word. III. a fainting fit, swoon. From
 συγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in pieces, cut up. II. to thrash soundly, maltreat.
 συγ-κοσμέω, f. ἴσω, to set in order together, arrange.
 II. to confer honour on.
 συγ-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, to help to lighten.
 σύγκρσις, εως, ἡ, (συγκεράννυμι) a mixing together, blending, tempering.

σύγκρατος, *ov*, (συγκεράννυμι) mixed together, blended: closely united.

συγκρίνω [ῥ], *f.* -κρίνω, to compound, put together. II. to compare: to estimate. Hence

σύγκρισις, *ῆ*, a putting together, compounding. II. a comparing, comparison.

συγκροτέω, *f.* ἴσω: *pf.* pass. -κεκρότημαι:—to strike together; συγκροτεῖν τὰ χεῖρε to clap the hands: *absol.* to clap, applaud. II. to beat, hammer, or weld together. 2. metaph. to weld into one; of soldiers, to drill, discipline:—*Pass.* to be well trained, in good discipline. 3. metaph. also, to concoct.

συγκρουσις, *ews*, *ῆ*, a collision. II. a quarrel. From

συγκρούω, *f.* σω, to strike together; συγκρούειν τὸ χεῖρε to clap the hands. II. to bring into collision, to wear out by collision. 2. to confound, throw into confusion.

συγκρύπτω, *f.* ψω, to cover up completely, envelope: to conceal utterly, to hide.

συγκτάομαι, *f.* -κτῆσομαι, *Dep.* to gain along with, help to acquire.

συγκτιζω, *f.* ἴσω, to join in colonising. Hence συγκτίστης, *ov*, *ῶ*, a joint founder or coloniser.

συγκυβευτής, *ov*, *ῶ*, a person with whom one plays at dice, a fellow-gamster. From

συγκυβεύω, to play at dice with.

συγκυκάω, *f.* ἴσω, to throw into an utter ferment.

συγκυλινδέομαι, *Pass.* to roll about or wallow together.

συγκύνηγός *Dor.* and *Att.* συγκυνᾱγός, *ῶ*, *ῆ*, a fellow-hunter, fellow-huntress.

συγκύπτω, *f.* ψω: *pf.* -κέκυφα:—to bend forwards so as to meet, to stoop and lay beads together, to conspire; τοῦτο δ' ἐς ἐν ἐστι συγκεκυφός this comes all to one point. II. to be bowed down, bent double.

συγκυρέω, *f.* -κυρήσω or -κύρω: *aor.* I -έκυρσα or -έκυρσα: *pf.* -κεκύρηκα:—to come together or encounter by chance: to meet with, light upon. II.

of events, to happen at the same time: also to come to pass: *impers.*, συνεκύρησε γενέσθαι it came to pass that... Hence

συγκυρία, *ῆ*, a coincidence.

συγκυρῶσαι, 3 *pl.* *aor.* I *opt.* of συγκυρέω.

σύγκωλος, *ov*, (σύν, κῶλον) with limbs united: standing close together.

συγκωμάω, *f.* ἴσω *Dor.* ἄω, to march together in a κῶμος or band of revellers, to revel with.

σύν-κωμος, *ov*, (σύν, κῶμος) a partner in a κῶμος, a fellow-reveller.

συγκωμῶδῶ, *f.* ἴσω, (σύν, κομῶδῶ) to play with in a comedy.

συγχαίρω, *f.* med. -χαρήσομαι: *aor.* 2 *pass.* -εχαίρην [ᾱ]:—to rejoice with, join in one's joy. II.

to wish one joy, congratulate.

συγχαῖρητε, 2 *pl.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* *subj.* of συγχαίρω.

συγχεῖας, *aor.* I *part.* of συγχέω.

συγ-χεμάζω, *f.* ἴσω, to winter with or at the same time:—*Pass.* to weather the same storm.

συγ-χειρουργέω, *f.* ἴσω, to bear a hand at the same time, to perform together.

συγχεύω, *Ep.* *aor.* I *inf.* of

συγχέω, *f.* -χεῶ: *aor.* I συνέχεα *Ep.* συνέχευα, *inf.*

συγχεύω: *pf.* -κέχυκα: *Pass.*, *aor.* I -εχούην [ῥ], and 3 *sing.* *Ep.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* σύγχυτο: *pf.* -κέχυμαι:

to pour together, mix by pouring: hence to throw into disorder or confusion: to confound, disturb, trouble, disquiet: of things, to frustrate, make of none effect: esp. of treaties, etc., to confound, break through, violate.

συγχορευτής, *ov*, *ῶ*, a partner in a dance. From

συγχορεύω, *f.* σω, to dance with.

συγχορηγέω, *f.* ἴσω, to assist in supplying. From

συγχορηγός, *ov*, acting as choregus with one: generally, helping to defray expenses.

σύν-χορτος, *ov*, (σύν, χόρτος) properly with the grass joining; bordering upon, adjacent to.

συγ-χόω, *Ion.* for συγχάννυμι.

συγ-χράομαι, *f.* -χρήσομαι, *Dep.* to join with in using: hence to have dealings with.

σύν-χρους, *ov* *contr.* -χρους, *ov*, (σύν, χρῶα) of like colour, of one colour.

συγ-χύνω [ῥ], late form of συγχέω.

σύγχυσις, *ews*, *ῆ*, (συγχέω) a mixing together, blending: confounding: a breaking through, violating.

σύγχυτο, 3 *sing.* *Ep.* *aor.* 2 *pass.* of συγχέω.

συγ-χυνέω, *f.* σω, to melt together, to melt down.

συγ-χυννύμι and -ύνω: *Ion.* *pres.* συγχύνω, *inf.*

συγχύνω: *f.* συγχύνω: *aor.* I συνέχυσα: *pf.* *pass.* συγέχυσμαι:—to heap all together, to heap up with earth, bank up. II. to make into ruinous heaps, dismantle, demolish. III. to heap one thing on another, confound.

συγ-χωρέω, *f.* ἴσω and ἴσομαι:—to come together, unite. II. to give place, give way: metaph. to make concessions, compromise matters: in bad sense, to be in collusion with, connive at. 2. *c.* *acc.* *rel.* to concede, give up, yield. 3. to accede or agree to, assent, acquiesce in: *c.* *inf.* to agree to do: *absol.* to agree, acquiesce. 4. *impers.* συγχαυεῖ, it is agreed, it is possible. Hence

συγχωρητέον or *plur.* -έα, *verb.* *Adj.* one must agree to, concede.

σύδην [ῥ], *Adv.* (σεύω) with rushing motion, hurriedly.

σύνεως, *a*, *ov*, (σύν) of swine, *Lat.* suillus; χρίσμα στέιον bog's-lard.

συ-ζάω, *inf.* συζῆν: *f.* -ζήσω:—to live with, live together.

συ-ζεύγνυμι and -ύνω: *f.* -ζεύω *Pass.*, *aor.* 2 συνεζύγην [ῥ]:—to yoke together, couple, unite, esp. in marriage:—*Pass.* to be yoked or coupled with:—*Med.* to yoke for oneself.

συ-ζητέω, *f.* ἴσω, to seek or examine together with, to join in seeking out. Hence

συζήτησις, *ῆ*, joint inquiry: a disputation; and

συζητητής, οὐ, δ, *a fellow-inquirer : a disputer.*
συ-ζοφόμαι, Pass. (σύν, ζῶφος) *to grow dark together.*
συσύγια, ἡ, (συσέγγνυμι) *union : a joint.* II. *a yoke or pair of animals.*

συσύγγναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *συσέγγνυμι*.
συσύγγος [ῥ], α, ον, poet. for *σύν-υγος*, *yoked together, joined, united.*

σύζυγος, ον, (συσυγγῆναι) *yoked together, paired, united*, esp. *wedded* :—as Subst., *σύζυγος*, ἡ, *a wife* : but also, *σύζυγος*, δ, *a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend.*

σύζυξ, ὅς, ἡ, = *σύζυγος*.
σύζωμα, ατος, τό, *a girding together.* II. *a girdle.* From

συ-ζώννυμι, f. -ζῶσω, *to gird together, gird up* :—Med. *to gird oneself, gird up one's loins.*
συ-ζωποῖσθε, f. ἦσω, *to quicken at the same time.*

σὺθείς, aor. I pass. part. of *σεύω*.
σύνθε, Accl. for *ἐσύνθησαν*, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *σεύω*.
σύνθε, f. δῶω (συνθε) *to gather ripe figs.*

συκάμινον, τό, *the fruit of the συκάμνος, a mulberry*, Lat. *morum*.
συκάμινος, ἡ, *the mulberry-tree*, Lat. *morus*.

συκία, έας, Ion. and Ep. *συκή*, έης contr. *συκή*, ἡ, ἡ; Ion. gen. pl. *συκέων* : (σῦκον) :—*the fig-tree*, Lat. *ficus*.

συκιδιον, τό, Dim. of *σῦκον*, *a small fig.*
συκίζω, f. ἰῶω, (σῦκον) *to fatten with figs.*

σύκινος, η, ον, (σῦκον) *of or belonging to the fig-tree or figs*; *σύνκινον* *ξύλον* *the wood of the fig-tree.* II. metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, *σύνκινος* *ἀνδρες weak, good-for-nothing fellows*; also with allusion to *συκοφαντής*, *false, treacherous.*

συκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (συνέκη) *a slip or cutting from a fig-tree, a young fig-tree.*

συκολογέω, f. ἦσω, *to gather figs.* From
συκο-λόγος, ον, (σῦκον, λέγω) *gathering figs.*

συκο-μορέα, ἡ, = *συνέμορος*.
συνέ-μορος, ἡ, (σῦκον, μόρον) *the fig-mulberry*, an Egyptian kind, called also *συνάμνος* ἡ *Αἰγυπτία*.

ΣΥΚΟΝ, τό, *a fig*, Lat. *ficus*.
συκο-πέδιλος, δ, (σῦκον, πέδιλον) *with sandals of fig*, a parody on Homer's *χρυσοπέδιλος*.

συκο-τράγιε, f. ἦσω, (σῦκον, τραγείν) *to eat figs.*
Hence

συκοτραγίδης, ον, δ, *a fig-nibbler.*
συκοφαντέω, f. ἦσω, (συκοφάντης) *to be an informer* : c. acc. pers. *to inform against, accuse falsely, slander.*

2. c. acc. rei, *to lay information against a thing* : but, *συκοφαντεῖν* *τράκοντα* *μῶς* *to extort 30 minae by laying informations*; *συκοφαντεῖν* *τί τινας* *to extort money from another by false informations.*

Hence
συκοφάντημα, ατος, τό, *false accusation, slander, misrepresentation.*

συκοφάντης, ον, δ, (σῦκον, φαίνω) *properly a fig-sheuer, i. e. one who brings figs to light by shaking the tree*; or *a fig-informer, i. e. one who informed against persons exporting figs from Attica* : but used

in the sense of *a common informer, a false accuser, slanderer.*

συκοφαντία, ἡ, (συκοφαντέω) *the behaviour of a sycophant, false accusation, slander.* Hence
συκοφαντίας, ον, δ, *the Sycophant-wind.*

συκοφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συκοφάντης) *like a sycophant, slanderous.* Adv. -κῶς.

συκοφάντρια, ἡ, fem. of *συκοφάντης*, *a female informer.*

συκοφάσις, εως, ἡ, poet. for *συκοφαντία*.
συκοφορέω, f. ἦσω, *to carry figs.* From

συκο-φόρος, ον, (σῦκον, φέρω) *carrying figs.*
συκῶ, f. ὦσω, *to feed with figs.*

σύλα, Ep. for *ἐσύλα*, 3 sing. impf. of *σῦλάω*.
σῦλ-ἀγῶνέ, f. ἦσω, (σῦλον, ἀγῶ) *to carry off as booty or plunder.* II. *to rob, despoil.*

σῦλσσκε, Ion. for *ἐσύλα*, 3 sing. impf. of *σῦλάω*.
ΣΥΤΛΑΪ, ὄν, f. ἦσω : aor. I *ἐσῦλησα* : Pass., aor. I *ἐσῦλήην* : pf. *σσύλημαι* :—*to strip off the arms of a slain enemy* : c. acc. pers. et rei, *to strip off arms from a person, or to strip him of his arms* : so also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei :—Pass. c. acc. rei, *to be robbed or deprived of a thing.*

2. c. acc. pers. only, *to strip, despoil, pillage, plunder.* 3. c. acc. rei only, *to strip off* : hence *to take away, carry off* :—Pass. *to be taken away or carried off as spoil* : generally, *to be taken away.*

συνεῦμενος, Dor. for *συνλούμενος*, pres. pass. part. of *σῦλέω*.

σῦλέω and **σῦλέω**, collat. forms of *σῦλάω*, *to despoil.* 1. *to rob secretly, defraud* : *to trick, cheat.*

σῦλη, ἡ, or **σῦλον**, τό, only used in plur. *σῦλαι*, αἰ, or *σῦλα*, τά, (σῦλάω) *the right of seizing the ship or cargo of a foreign merchant* : *the right of seizure, right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to modern letters of marque.*

σῦληθεις, εἶσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of *σῦλάω*.
σῦλητήρ, ἦρος, and **σῦλητῶρ**, ορος, δ, (σῦλάω) *a robber* :—fem. **σῦλητῆρα**.

σῦλλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *σῦλλαμβάνω*.
σῦλλαβεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of *σῦλλαμβάνω*.

σῦλλαβή, ἡ, (σῦλλαβεῖν) *that which holds together.* II. (from pass.) *that which is held together*, esp. *several letters forming one sound, a syllable*; έν *γραμματων* *εῦλλαβαῖς* in written words.

σῦλλαβίζω, f. σω, (σῦλλαμβάνω) *to read in syllables.*
σῦλ-λαλέω, f. ἦσω, *to talk or converse with.*

σῦλ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήφομαι : aor. 2 *συνέλαβον*, inf. *σῦλλαβεῖν* : pf. -εἴληφα, pass. -εἴλημαι : cf. *λαμβάνω* :—*to bring together or collect into a body, to rally troops.*

II. *to put together, close the mouth and eyes (of a corpse).* III. *to take together, lay bold of, seize, apprehend, arrest.*

IV. *to comprehend, comprise* : of the mind, *to comprehend, understand.* V. *to receive all together, to enjoy.* VI. of a woman, *to conceive.* VII. c.

dat. pers. *to take part with another, to assist one in a thing* : absol. *to assist* : so also in Med. *σῦλλαμβά-*

νομαι, to *help* to take bold of a thing, and so to *help*, assist.

συλ-λέγω, f. ξω: aor. I συνέλεξα: pf. συνείλοχα: Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομαι: aor. I συνέλεχθην, aor. 2 συνελέγην: pf. συνέλεγμαi and συλλέγεμαi:—to gather, collect, bring together: of persons, to call together, also to raise or levy an army, Lat. conscribere:—Pass. to come together, assemble. 2. of things, to gather, collect:—Pass., of things, to become customary.

σύλ-λεκτρος, ον, (σύν, λέκτρον) sharing one's bed: as Subst., σύλλεκτρος, ὁ, ἡ, the partner of one's bed, husband or wife.

συλλήβδην, Adv. (συλλαμβάνω) taken together, collectively, in sum, in short.

συλ-λήγω, f. ξω, to cease or come to an end together.

συλληπτόν, verb. Adj. of συλλαμβάνω, one must lay hold of together.

συλληπτρια, ἡ, fem. of συλληπτήρ.

συλληπτήρ, ορος, ὁ, (συλλαμβάνω) one that takes hold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor.

συλληφθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.

σύλληψις, εως, ἡ, (συλλαμβάνω) a taking or putting together.

II. a seizing, laying hold of, apprehending.

III. a grasping with the mind, comprehension.

IV. conception in the womb.

συλλήψομαι, fut. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλογή, ἡ, (συλλέγω) a gathering, collecting. 2.

a raising, levying of soldiers, Lat. conscriptio. II.

an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting.

συλ-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up.

II. to collect or conclude from premises: to infer by way of syllogism.

συλλογισμός, α, ον, (συλλέγω) collected from different places.

συλλογισμός, ὁ, (συλλογίζομαι) a reckoning all together, reckoning up.

II. a collecting from premises, reasoning:—a syllogism, inference or conclusion drawn from premises.

σύλλογος, ὁ, (συλλέγω) a gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons; σύλλογον ποιήσασθαι to convene an assembly.

II. metaph. power of collecting oneself, presence of mind.

συλ-λούομαι, Pass. to bathe together.

συλ-λοχίτης [ῖ], ου, ὁ, (σύν, λόχος) a soldier of the same λόχος or company.

συλ-λύπew, f. ἥσω, to hurt together:—Pass. with fut. -λυπηθήσομαι and med. -λυπήσομαι, to sympathise or console with.

συλ-λυσάομαι, Pass. to be mad in company with.

συλ-λύω, f. ὥσω [ῶ], to help in loosing or setting free.

σύλον, τό, see σύλη.

σύλ-δυνεῖ, ὅχος, ὁ, ἡ, (συλάω, δυνεῖ) paring the nails.

συμβαίνω, aor. 2 opt. of συμβαίνομαι.

συμ-βαίνομαι, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμ-βῆναι: pf. -βέβηκα, syncop. 3 pl. -βεβᾶσι, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. -βεβώς: Pass., 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβᾷῃ: pf. inf. συμβεβάσθαι: (cf. -βαίνομαι):—to

stand with the feet together.

or beside, hence to assist.

II. to stand with, meet: hence, like συμμίσγω, to reach to or be at a place, c. dat.; συμβαίνειν κακοῖσι to fall in with evils.

3. to agree with, Lat. convenire; to come to an agreement, make an agreement; generally, to be or make friends with: in perf. inf. συμβεβάναι, of the terms, to be agreed on.

3. to suit, fit, be like: to coincide or correspond with: to be fitting.

IV. to fall to one's lot.

V. of events, to come to pass, fall out, happen, Lat. contingere: impers. συμβαίνει, συνέβη it happens or happened that ..; so, συμβαίνει εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι:—τὸ συμβεβηκός, a chance event, contingency; κατὰ συμβεβηκός by chance.

2. to turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill: absol. to turn out well, succeed, ἦν ξυμβῆ ἡ πείρα if the attempt succeeded.

3. of consequence, to come out, result, ensue: of conclusions, to follow.

συμ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to join in the feast of Bacchus or Bacchic revelry.

σύμ-βακχος, ὁ, ἡ, joining in Bacchic revelry.

σύμ-βάλλω, f. -βάλw: aor. 2 συνέβαλον, inf. συμ-βάλειν: pf. -βέβληκα: Med., fut. -βλήσομαι: Pass., aor. I συνεβλήθην:—Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass. συνεβλήμην in forms εὔμβλητο, -βλήτην, -βληντο, subj. σύμβληται, inf. -βλήμεναι, part. -βλήμενος:—to throw or dash together: to bring together, esp. of rivers, to unite their streams: to throw together, collect:—συμβάλλειν ἀσπίδας to lock, join closely their shields; συμβάλλειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes: generally, to join, unite: of contracts, to conclude, to lend money on bond:—Med. to contribute of one's own property, to pay a share: generally, to contribute, bear a part in: εὔμβalletai πολλά τοῦδε δέματος many things contribute [their share] of this fear, i. e. join in causing it; συμβάλλεσθαι ξενίαν to contract friendly relations; συμβάλλεσθαι λόγους, or absol. συμβάλλεσθαι, to hold a conference with, converse, confer: generally, to do one's part, be useful.

II. to bring men together, to set them together, match them to fight, Lat. committo; so also, συμβάλλειν μάχην to engage in, join battle; ἔχθραν, ἐπὶν συμβάλλειν to contract enmity, etc.

2. Med. to fall in with one, meet him by chance.

III. to put together, to compare, reckon, compute: Pass. to correspond; τὸ Βαβυλώνιον τάλαντον συμβαλλέμενον πρὸς τὸ Εὐβοϊκόν the Babylonian talent being reduced to the Euboic.

2. to conclude from a comparison of facts, to conclude, infer: c. acc. to guess or make out by conjecture, to interpret, understand.

IV. Med. to agree upon.

V. intr. to come together: to meet, join.

2. to engage, encounter.

συμβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of συμβαίνει.

συμ-βάσσειν, Desiderat. of συμβαίνομαι, to wish to make a league or covenant with.

συμ-βάσσειν, f. σω, to rule conjointly with.

σύμ-βάσις, εως, ἡ, (συμβαίνομαι) an agreement, arrangement, convention, treaty.

συμβατήριος, *ον*, and συμβατικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβαίνω) *tending to agreement, conciliatory.*

συμβεβάναι [ᾶ], *Ion.* for συμβεβηκέναι, *perf. inf. of συμβαίω.*

συμβεβάσθαι, *pf. inf. pass. of συμβαίω.*

συμβέβηκα, *pf. of συμβαίω.*

συμβήναι, *aor. 2 inf. of συμβαίω.*

συμ-βιάζω, *f. άσω, to extort by force at the same time.*

συμ-βιβάσω, *f. -βιβάσω, Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of συμβαίω, to bring together, put together: metaph. to bring to terms, reconcile:—Pass. to come to terms with another.*

II. to compare, contrast. III. to prove.

IV. to teach, instruct.

συμ-βιών, *f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 συνεβίωv, inf. συμβιώναι: pf. συμβεβίωκα:—to live with.*

συμβιώτης, *ου, ό, one who lives with, a companion.*

συμβλήμενος, *Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλω.*

συμβλήσεαι, *Ep. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω.*

συμβλητός, *ή, όν, verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω, comparable.*

συμ-βοάω, *f. -βοήσομαι, to cry aloud or shout together with, τιvί: c. acc. pers. to shout to, call on at once.*

συμβοηθεία, *ή, joint aid or assistance. From συμβοητέω, f. ήσω, to render joint aid, join in giving aid.*

συμβόλαιον, τό, (συμβάλλω) *a mark or sign to conclude from, a token: a symptom.*

II. plur. συμβόλαια, τά, a contract, covenant or bond: acknowledgment for money lent.

a. intercourse.

συμβόλαιος, *α, ον, (σύμβολον) of or referring to bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.*

συμβολέω, *f. ήσω, (συμβάλλω) to fall in with.*

συμβολή, *ή, (συμβάλλω) a bringing together.*

II. (from Pass.) a coming together, meeting, joining: the part that meets, the joining, end.

a. a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering.

3. a contribution, subscription:—plur. συμβολαί, αί, contributions to provide a common meal: δειπνέιν άπό συμβολών, Lat. de symbolis esse; also the meal or entertainment itself. Hence

συμβολαικός, *ή, όν, of or for a contribution or common meal.*

σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) *a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token; σύμβολα λαμπάδος a beacon-fire, signal.*

2. σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part, tallies, Lat. tesserae hospitalitatis.

3. at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, Lat. tessera, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also a permit or licence.

II. σύμβολα, τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty between two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιείσθαι προς πόλιν to make a commercial treaty with a state.

σύμβολος, *ον, (συμβάλλω) coming together: accidental.*

II. σύμβολος (sub. οίανός), ό, an augury, omen.

συμβούλευμα, *ατος, τό, (συμβουλεύω) advice given.*

συμβουλευτέος, *α, ον, (συμβουλεύω) to be deliberated upon.*

2. to be advised.

συμβουλευτικός, *ή, όν, (συμβουλεύω) deliberative.*

συμ-βουλεύω, *f. σω, to advise, counsel, c. dat. pers., as in Lat. consulere alicui; c. inf. to advise one to do: c. acc. rei, to recommend a thing.*

II. Med. to take counsel with a person, Lat. consulere aliquem: absol. to consult together, deliberate.

συμβουλή, *ή, (σύν, βουλή) advice or counsel given.*

II. a taking counsel, consultation.

συμβουλία, *ή, = συμβουλή 1.*

συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) *advice, counsel.*

II. a council.

συμ-βούλομαι, *fut. -βουλήσομαι, Dep. to will or wish together with: to agree with.*

σύμ-βουλος, *ό, (σύν, βουλή) an adviser, counsellor.*

συμ-βύω, *f. ύώω [ῡ], to cram together.*

συμμάθείν, *aor. 2 inf. of συμμαθάνω.*

συμμάθητής, *ου, ό, (συμμαθάνω) a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow, Lat. condiscipulus.*

συμ-μαίνομαι: *pf. 2 συμμεμένα: aor. 2 pass. συνεμάνην [ᾶ]:—to rave or be mad along with or together.*

συν-μαθάνω, *f. -μάθησομαι: aor. 2 συνέμαθον:—to learn along with one:—ό συμμαθών one who has learnt thoroughly, i. e. is used to a thing.*

συμ-μάρπτω, *f. ψω, to grasp together.*

συμπαρτύρεω, *f. ήσω, to bear witness with or in accordance with, to testify to a thing with another. And*

συμπαρτύρομαι [ῡ], *Dep. = συμπαρτύρεω. From συμπαρτύς, ύπος, ό, ή, a fellow-witness.*

συμμάχω, *f. ήσω, (σύμμαχος) to be an ally, be in alliance with: and so generally, to help, aid. Hence*

συμμάχια *Ion. -ία, ή, in war, an alliance offensive and defensive (whence έπιμαχία is a defensive alliance):—generally, aid, succour, help.*

II. = οι σύμμαχοι, the body of allies: also an auxiliary force. Hence

συμμάχικός, *ή, όν, of or for alliance; θεοί ζυμμάχοι the gods invoked at the making of an alliance.*

II. τδ συμμαχικόν, = οι σύμμαχοι, the auxiliaries, allied forces.

a. a treaty of alliance.

συμ-μάχis, *ιδος, pecul. fem. of σύμμαχος, allied: ή ζυμμάχis (sub. πόλις), an allied state.*

II. the body of allies.

συμ-μάχομαι, *f. -μαχούμαι, Dep. to fight along with, to be an ally: generally, to take part with.*

σύμ-μαχος, *ον, (σύν, μάχη) fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary:—as Subst., σύμμαχος, ό, an ally, auxiliary in war: an assistant, helper, supporter.*

συμμέμνημι, *pf. pass. of συμμνήννμι.*

συμ-μεθέπω, *to sway jointly with.*

συμ-μελετάω, *f. ήσω, to practise with or together.*

συμ-μένω, *fut. -μενῶ, to stay together, keep together.*

2. to hold together, abide, continue.

συμ-μερίζω, f. σω, (σύν, μέρος) to give a share of a thing with others:—Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly with others, c. dat.

συμ-μεταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμ-μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to join in changing:—Pass. to change sides and take part with.

συμ-μεταχειρίζομαι, f. -σομαι: Dep.: also Act. συμμεταχειρίζω:—to manage or take charge of along with.

συμ-μετέχω, f. -μεθίξω, (σύν, μετέχω) to take part in or partake of along with.

συμ-μετίσχω, = συμμετέχω.

συμμετόχος, ov, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly. συμ-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:—Med. to compute, ascertain: to make an estimate of a thing:—Pass. to be commensurate, measured out along with; ήμαρ συμμετρούμενον χρόνῳ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμέτρησις, ή, a measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

συμμετρία, ή, symmetry, due proportion. From σύμ-μετρος, ov, (σύν, μέτρον) measured or commensurate with: of like measure or size with. II. in due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet. 2. resembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure with.

III. Adv., συμμετέρος ήχειν to be in proportion: Comp. -ότερον, in a manner better fitted.

συμ-μητιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to take counsel with or together.

συμ-μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to help to bring about.

σύμμιγξις, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From συμμιγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμίσγνυμι.

συμμιγής, ές, (συμμιγῆναι) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμ-μίσγνυμι or -ύω: fut. συμμίξω: Ep. and Ion. pres. συμμίσγω:—to mix or mingle one thing with another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexion with, unite: to communicate a thing to a person. II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμίσομαι, to be commingled or blended: to be formed by combination: of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or collision with. III. intrans. in Act., to have dealings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat or negotiate with: also 2. to engage, encounter, come to blows. Hence

συμμικτός, όν, commingled, promiscuous. II. mingled, confounded.

συμ-μιμέομαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence συμμιμήτης, ov, ή, a joint or fellow imitator.

συμ-μνησκομαι, pf. -μένηναι, Dep. (σύν, μνησκάω) to remember, bear in mind along with.

συμμίξει, aor. 1 inf. of συμμίσγνυμι.

σύμμιξις, έως, ή, (συμμίσγνυμι) a mixing together, commixture. II. intercourse.

συμ-μίσγω, Ep. and Ion. for συμμίσγνυμι.

σύμ-μολπος, ov, (σύν, μολπή) in harmony or unison with, harmonious.

συμ-μορία, ή, (σύν, μέρος) a joint division: at Athens, the 1200 wealthiest citizens were divided into 20 συμμορίαί or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

σύμ-μορος, ov, (σύν, μόρος) contributing or rated along with: ol έξύμμοροι the confederate states of Boeotia.

συμ-μορφίξω, = συμμορφίω. From σύμ-μορφος, ov, (σύν, μορφή) like-shaped, conformed to. Hence

συμμορφός, f. ώσω, to form or fashion alike:—Pass. to be conformed to.

συμ-μοχθέω, f. ήσω, to share in toil with. συμ-μύω, f. ύώω [v]: intrans. to be shut up close, be closed, of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips. II. trans. to shut, close.

συμπάθεια, ή, (συνπαθής) fellow-feeling, sympathy.

συμπάθω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympathise with a person, sympathise in a thing. From

σύν-πάθής, ές, (σύν, παθείν) of like feelings, sympathetic: sympathising with.

συμπάθια, ή, poet. for συμπάθεια.

συμπάθω, Adv. of συμπαθής, sympathetically.

συμ-παιδάινω, f. ύώω, to raise the pæan with another: to shout out together.

συμ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to teach together:—Pass. to be educated with others.

συμ-παίζω, f. -παίσομαι, to play or sport with: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, συμπαίξειν έορτήν μετά τινος to keep holiday with. Hence

συμπαίκτης, ov, ή, = συμπαιστής: fem. συμπαίκτης.

συμ-παίκτηρ, opos, ή, = συμπαιστής.

συμπαίσδεν, Dor. for συμπαίξεν.

συμ-παιστής, ov, ή, (συμπαίζω) a playmate, play-fellow: fem. συμπαίστρια, ή.

συμ-παίστωρ, opos, ή, = συμπαιστής.

συμ-παύω, f. -παήσω: aor. I -έπαυα:—to beat, strike, dash one thing against another. II. intrans. to dash or beat against.

σύμπαν, τό, neut. of σύνπας, q. v.

συμ-παραβύω, f. ύώω [v], to cram in along with.

συμ-παραγίγνομαι, Dep. to come in or come to band at the same time. II. to come in to assist.

συμ-παραθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run along with.

συμ-παραινέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to join in recommending or approving.

συμ-παρακαθίζω, f. ύώω, to set beside with another: Med. to set beside or with.

συμ-παρακάλλω, f. έσω, to call upon or exhort together: to invite at the same time. II. to ask for at the same time.

συμ-παρακελεύομαι, Med. to join in exciting.

συμ-παράκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with, follow close, stick to.

συμ-παρακομίζω, f. σω, to conduct alongside together; of ships, to convey along shore.

συμ-παρακύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself along with.

συμ-παραλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to take along with.

συμ-παρμένω, to stay along with or among, c. dat.

συμ-παρμίγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίζω, to mix in together.

συμ-παρνεύω, f. σω, to nod assent, incline both ways, of ambiguous oracles.

συμ-παρνήχομαι, f. -νήχομαι, Dep. to swim beside together.

συμ-παραπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort along with others.

συμ-παραπύλλωμι, f. -ολέσω, to destroy along with:—Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or besides.

συμ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or providing for.

συμ-παραστέτω, f. ήσω, to stand by one so as to help or support. From

συμπαραστάτης, ου, ό, (συμπαρίσταται) one who stands by to aid, a joint helper or assistant.

συμ-παρατάσσομαι Att. -ττομαι, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order along with.

συμ-παρτηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch alongside of or together.

συμ-παρτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed or nurture along with.

συμ-παραφέρω, f. -παοίσω, to carry forth along with:—Pass. to rush forth or along with.

συμ-παρεδρεύω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with.

συμ-πάρεμι, inf. -παρεῖναι, (εἰμι sum) to be present along with: to be present together or at the same time.

συμ-πάρεμι, inf. -παρίεναι, (εἰμι ibo) to go along at the same time: to go on together.

συμ-παρεισέρχομαι, fut. -παρελίσσομαι: aor. 2 act. -παρήλθον, pf. -παρέλθουθα: Dep.:—to go or slip into along with.

συμ-παρέπομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany.

συμ-παρέχω, f. έω, to offer or present along with.

συμ-παρίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.

συμ-παρίστημι, to place together by the side of:—Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -παρέστην, pf. -παρέστηκα, to stand beside so as to assist.

συμ-παρομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to follow together with, to accompany closely.

συμ-παροξύνω, f. ύνω, to provoke together with.

σύμ-πῶς Ep. and Att. ξύμ-πας, -πᾶσα, -πάν: all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing. the whole together. II. τὸ σύνπαν the whole together, the sum of the matter:—τὸ σύνπαν also as Adv., altogether, on the whole, in general.

συμ-πάσχω, f. -πίσσομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathise with.

συμ-πάτασσω, f. έω, to strike along with or together.

συμ-πάττω, f. ήσω, to tread together, tread clothes in washing. 2. to trample under foot.

συμ-πατριώτης, ου, ό, a fellow-countryman.

συμ-πεδάω, f. ήσω, to bind together, bind hand and foot: metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.

συμ-πείθω, f. σω, to persuade along with or together, to join in persuading:—Pass. to be persuaded at the same time.

σύμ-πειρος, ου, (σύν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing.

συμ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send or despatch along with or together. 2. to help in conducting.

συμ-πενθέω, f. ήσω, trans. to mourn for or bewail along with others. II. intr. to mourn together with.

σύμ-πεντε, (σύν, πέντε) five together, by fives.

συμ-περαίνω, f. άνω, to finish along with or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:—in Logic, συμπεραίνεται it is concluded, the conclusion is so and so. II. Med. συμπεραίνωμαι, to join fully in a thing with.

συμ-πέρθω, f. σω, to destroy with, help to destroy.

συμ-περίγω, f. έω, to lead about along with or together:—Med. to lead about with oneself.

συμ-περιέμι, inf. -ιέναι, (εἰμι ibo) to go about along with.

συμ-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to embrace or comprehend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with others.

συμ-περινοστέω, f. ήσω, to go to and fro, travel about with.

συμ-περιφέρω, to carry about with. II. Pass.

συμπεριφέρωμαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with. 2. to have intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.

συμ-πίσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to help in cooking: to digest entirely.

συμπέφρασμαι, pf. of συμφράσσομαι.

συμπέφυρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύρω.

συμ-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω:—to put together, frame, construct. 2. to make solid, congeal. II. Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded. 2. to congeal or become frozen together. Hence

σύμ-πηκτος, ου, joined together, framed, constructed.

συμ-πίεζω, f. έω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, squeeze hard:—Pass. to be squeezed up.

συμ-πίνω [ι], f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 συνέπινον, inf. συμπεῖν:—to drink with or together, join in a drinking-bout with.

συμ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπέπτακα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrere: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to blows. 2. generally, to fall in with, meet with. 3. of accidents, to fall or light upon, happen to. 4. absol. to happen or fall out at the same time, concurr. 5. impers. συνέπιπτε, συνέπεσε it happened, fell out, came to pass. II. to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly. III. to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. concidere: σῶμα συμπεσόν a frame fallen away by sickness.

συμ-πίνω, poet. for συμπίπτω, to fall together, dash together. II. to agree.

συμπλάκῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέω.
σύμ-πλάνος, ον, (σύν, πλάνος) wandering or roaming about together.

συμπλάσας [ᾶ], aor. I part. of συμπλάσσω.
συμ-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I συνέπλᾶσα:—to mould or fashion together, γαίης out of clay. II. metaph. to fabricate together.

σύμ-πλάττω, f. ἴσω, to clap together.
σύμπλεκτος, ον, twined together, interlaced. From σύμ-πλέκω, f. ἴω: aor. I συνέπλεξα: Pass., aor. 2 συνεπλάκην [ᾶ]: pf. συμπλέγαμαι:—to twine or plait together: also to twist, force together. II.

Pass. to be twined together, plaited: of persons wrestling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close struggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her opponent: metaph. to be entangled in; ἔχνη συμπεπλεγμένα a maze of footsteps.

συμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail, float, swim along with or together.

συμ-πληγὰς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (συμπληγῶν) striking or dashing together. II. Συμπληγάδες (sc. πέτραι), αἱ, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Κυνέαι νῆσοι, which were supposed to close on all who sailed between them: also συνορμάδες.

συμπληγῶν, Adv. (συμπληγῶν) by beating or dashing together.
συμ-πληθύνω [ῶ], to multiply together.
συμ-πληθύω, to help to fill, swell, increase.

συμ-πληρόω, f. ὥσω, to help to fill, fill completely: of ships, to man with a full complement.
συμπλοκή, ἥς, ἡ, (συμπλέω) an intertwining. II. a close struggle.

σύμπλοκος, ον, (συμπλέω) entwined, interwoven.
σύμπλοκος, ον contr. -πλους, ον: (συμπλέω):—sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., ξύμπλους, δ, a shipmate: metaph. a partner or comrade in a thing.

συμ-πλώω, Ep. and Ion. for συμπλέω.

συμ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow or breathe together. II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspirare: συμπνεῖν ἐμπλοῖς τύχαις to blow with, i.e. be carried along with, sudden blasts.

συμ-πνίγω [ῖ], f. -πνιγούμαι, to throttle: to choke up.

συμ-ποδίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰῶ, to tie the feet together, bind hand and foot: metaph. to entangle, involve.

συμ-ποιέω, f. ἴω, to help in doing.

συμ-ποιμαίνωμαι, Pass. (σύν, ποιμαίνω) to feed together: to herd together.

συμ-πολεμέω, f. ἴω, to take part in a war with.

συμ-πολιορκέω, f. ἴω, to join in besieging, besiege jointly.

συμπολιτεύω, f. ῶ, to be a fellow-citizen, be a member of the same state: so also in Med. συμπολιτεύομαι; οἱ συμπολιτευόμενοι one's fellow-citizens. From

συμ-πολίτης [ῖ], ον, δ, a fellow-citizen, Lat. concivis.

συμ-πονήω, f. ῶ, to accompany in a procession.

συμ-πονώ, f. ἴω, to work with or together, to help, or relieve in work.

συμ-πονηρεύομαι, Dep. to join in villainy, play the knave together.

συμ-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -πορεύσομαι: aor. I pass. συνεπορεύην: Dep.:—to go or journey together.

συμ-πορθέω, f. ἴω, like συμπέρθω, to help to demolish or lay waste.

συμ-πορίζω, f. ἴω, to help in procuring or providing.

συμψοία, ἡ, (συμπίνω) a drinking together.

συμψοί-αρχος, ὁ, (συμπόσιον, ἄρχω) the president of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister bibendi.

συμπόσιον, τό, (συμπίνω) a drinking-party, entertainment, Lat. convivium.

συμπότης, ον, ὁ, (συμπίνω) a fellow-drinker, boon-companion. Hence

συμποτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or suited for a συμπόσιον or drinking-party, convivial:—as Subst., συμποτικός, ὁ, a jolly fellow.

συμ-πράκτωρ Ion. -πρήκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, a helper, assistant: συμπράκτωρ ὁδοῦ a fellow-wayfarer. From

συμ-πράσσω Att. -ττω Ion. συμπρήσσω: fut. ἴω: aor. I συνέπραξα:—to do with another, to help in doing: to act with, assist. 2. to be in the interest of another, side with another. II. Med. συμπράσσομαι, to help in exacting a debt.

συμ-πρετῆς, ἐς, (σύν, πρέπω) beseeching, besetting.

συμπρεσβευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador. From

συμ-πρεσβεύω, to be a fellow-ambassador, be associated with on an embassy:—Med. to join in sending an embassy.

σύμ-πρεσβυς, εως, ὁ, a joint-ambassador.

συμ-πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, a fellow-presbyter or elder.

συμ-πρήκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, Ion. for συμπράκτωρ.

συμ-πρήσσω, Ion. for συμπράσσω.

συμ-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συνανέομαι (no pres. συμ-πρίαμαι in use), to buy together, buy up.

συμ-προθύμιομαι, f. med. -ήσομαι: aor. I pass. -προθύμηθην: Dep.:—to join zealously in promoting, to have equal zeal for a thing: absol. to share one's eagerness.

συμ-προξενέω, f. ἴω, to help in furnishing with means.

συμ-προπείμω, f. ῶ, to escort together, join in escorting.

σύμπτυκτος, ον, folded together, fitted together. From

συμ-πτύσσω, f. ἴω, to fold together, fold up and lay by.

συμπτωθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of συμπίπτω, συμπτωμα, ατος, τό, (συμπίπτω) anything that has befallen one, a chance, mischance, calamity.

σύμ-πυκνος, ον, (σύν, πυκνός) compressed.

συμ-πυνθάνομαι, Dep. to ascertain along with.

συμ-πύρω, f. ὥσω, to burn up or consume along with or together.

συμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of συν-εσθίω.

συμ-φερόν, τό, see συμφέρω II. 3. Hence συμφερόντως, Adv. profitably, with expediency.

συμφερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (συμφέρω) brought together, united, banded.

συμ-φέρω, f. συνόλω: aor. I συνήνεγκα Ion. -ήνεκα: aor. 2 συνήνεγκον: pf. συνένηχα: (cf. φέρω):—to bring together, gather, collect: to contribute.

2. to match together. 3. to bear along with or jointly, help to bear; συμφέρεν κακά to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse.

II. intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's advantage. 2. impers. συμφέρει, it is of use, profitable, expedient.

3. part. συμφέρον, οὔσα, ον, useful, expedient: neut. συμφέρον, οὗτος, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency. 4. to agree with: to assist: to come to terms with, give way to.

5. of events, to happen, take place, turn out.

III. Pass. συμφέρομαι, fut. med. συνόλισμαι: aor. I pass. συνηνέχθην Ion. συνηνέχθην: pf. συνήνεμαι:—to come together, meet: in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage, Lat. congregari.

2. to agree together, agree with, allow, assent to: to bear with. 3. generally, to be acquainted, versed in.

4. of events, to happen, turn out: also impers., it happens, falls out; οὐδέν σφι χρηστὸν συνέφεροτο no good came of it to them.

συμ-φύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, to flee along with: to be banished or be in exile along with.

συμ-φῆμι, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to agree with, τινί: c. inf. to agree that...

συμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to accord with.

συμ-φθείρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

συμ-φθίνω [ῥ], to perish along with: so in aor. 2 pass. συνέφθιτο.

σύμ-φθογγος, ον, sounding together.

συμ-φίλω, f. ἡσώ, to love mutually, join in loving.

συμ-φιλονεικῶ, f. ἡσώ, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

συμ-φιλοσοφῶ, f. ἡσώ, to join in philosophic study.

συμ-φιλοτιμέομαι, f. -ῆσομαι, Dep. to join in emulous efforts.

συμ-φλέγω, f. ἡσώ, to set on fire together, burn to ashes.

συμ-φοβέω, f. ἡσώ, to frighten along with:—Pass. to be afraid at the same time.

συμ-φοιτάω Ion. -ῶ: fut. ἡσώ:—to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together.

Hence συμφοιτήσις, ἡ, a going to school together.

And συμφοιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a schoolfellow.

συμ-φονεύω, f. σῶ, to kill along with or together.

συμφορά Ion. -ρή, ἡ, (συμφέρω) a bringing together.

II. an event, circumstance, chance, either in good or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a mishap, mischance, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

συμφορέυς, ὁ, (συμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer, a kind of aide-de-camp.

συμ-φορέω, f. ἡσώ, to bring together, gather, heap up.

συμφορήσις, εως, ἡ, (συμφέρω) a bringing together.

συμφορητός, ἡ, ὄν, (συμφέρω) brought together, promiscuous.

σύμφορος, ον, (συμφέρω) happening with, accom-

panying. II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

συμφόρος, Adv. profitably: συμφόρος ἔχειν to be expedient: Comp. συμφορώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

συμφράδμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

συμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I συνεφράσάμην,

Ep. 3 sing. συμφράσσαστο: pf. pass. συμέφρασμαι:

Dep. I.—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, contrive together.

συμ-φράσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἡσώ: aor. I συνέφραξα: to press or pack closely together. II. to force into an enclosed space.

συμ-φροντίζω, f. ἡσώ, to have a joint care for.

σύμ-φρουρος, ον, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward together; μέλαθρον ξυμφρουρον ἐμοί the chamber that keeps watch with me, i. e. in which I lie without sleeping.

σύμ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

συμ-φύγας, ἀδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φυγή) a fellow-exile.

συμψύεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of συμψύω.

συμ-φύτης, ἐς, (συμ-ψύομαι) growing together, attached to, congenital.

συμ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [ῥ]

συμ-φύλασσω, f. ἡσώ, to keep guard along with or together.

2. c. acc. to guard together.

συμ-φύλης, ον, ὁ, of or from the same tribe, Lat. contriibulis: generally, a countryman.

σύμ-φύλος, ον, (σύν, φυλή) of the same tribe or race: οἱ σύμφυλοι his congeners.

σύμφυρτος, ον, kneaded or mixed together: metaph. confounded, confused.

From συμ-φύρω [ῥ]: pf. pass. συμπέφυρμαι:—to knead or mix together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound, confuse.

συμ-φύσσω, f. ἡσώ, to blow together, make up, Lat. conflare.

II. metaph. to agree exactly, harmonise.

συμ-φύτεύω, f. σῶ, to plant in together: metaph. to contrive or concoct with.

σύμφυτος, ον, (συμψύω) planted together with, congenital, innate, inborn; σύμφυτος αἰὼν one's natural age; ἐς τὸ σύμφυτον according to one's nature.

συμ-ψύω, f. ὕσω: aor. I συνέψυσα:—to make to grow together.

II. Pass., with act. pf. συμπέφυκα, aor. 2 συνέψυν, aor. 2 pass. part. συμψύεις:—to grow together, to grow into one.

συμ-φωνέω, f. ἡσώ, to agree in sound, be in harmony or unison.

II. generally, to agree with, to make an agreement or engagement with.

Hence συμφωνήσις, ἡ, an agreeing in sound, agreement.

συμφωνία, ἡ, (συμφωνος) an agreeing in sound, harmony.

II. symphony or unison of voices or instruments in concord.

σύμ-φωνος, ον, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, harmonious: as Subst. a musician.

II. metaph. in unison or concert with, friendly.

συμ-ψαύω, f. σῶ, to touch one another.

συν-ψάω, inf. -ψήν : f. -ψήσω; aor. I συνέψησα :—to scrape together, to wipe out, sweep away, as a torrent.
συν-ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to reckon together, count up, compute. II. Med. to vote with.

συν-ψηφος, ov, voting with another.
συν-ψυχος, ov, (σύν, ψυχή) of one mind, unanimous.

ΣΥΝ old Att. ξύν, Prep. with dat., Lat. cum :—along with, in company with, together with.

2. with collat. notion of help, σύν θεῷ with God's help, (the God being conceived as standing with or by one); σύν τινι εἶναι to be with another, on his side. 3. furnished with, endowed with; σύν ὅπλοις with arms.

4. in connexion, conjunction with; σύν τῷ σὺ ἀγαθῷ with advantage to you; σύν τοῖς νόμοις in accordance with the laws. 5. more rarely of the instrument or means with or by which a thing is done, with, by means of; σύν νεφέεσι κάλυπεν γαῖαν καὶ πόντον he covered earth and sea with clouds.

σύν as Adv., together, at once, jointly. 2. besides, moreover, furthermore, too.

συν- in Compos., with, along with, together, at the same time. With a transit. Verb it may mean two things, e.g. σύν in συν-κτείνειν may mean to kill one person as well as others, or to join with others in killing.

2. of the completion of an action, quite, thoroughly, completely. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, σύνδυο two and two together, by twos.

II. συν-, before β, μ, π, φ, ψ, changes into συμ-; before γ, κ, ξ, χ, into συγ-; before λ, into συλ-; before σ into συσ-

σύν, acc. of οὐς.

συνάγειν, aor. 2 act. inf. of συνάγω.

συνάγων, Dor. for συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of συνάγω.

συν-άγγελος, ὁ, a fellow-messenger.

συν-αγείρω, f. -αγερῶ; aor. I συνήγειρα Ep. ἐνύγειρα; Pass., aor. I συνηγέρθην, Ep. 3 pl. συνάγερθεν :—to gather persons together, assemble or collect them; Med. and Pass. to gather themselves together or be gathered together, to come together, assemble; συναγρόμενοι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part., those assembled. II. to collect things; and in Med. to collect for oneself.

III. συναγείρειν ἑαυτόν to collect oneself; Pass. to recover one's strength, rally.

συν-αγινέω, f. ἴσω, to bring together, to collect.

συν-αγκεία, ἡ, (σύν, ἀγκος) = μισγαγκεία.

συν-αἵνυμι, f. -άσω; aor. I συνάξα;—to break together, break in pieces, shiver.

συν-αγορεύω, f. ῶ, to speak with another, join in advising or recommending; to agree to, concur in. II. to speak with or in behalf of a person, support, advocate his cause.

συν-αγρεύω, (σύν, ἀγρα) to join in the chase.

συναγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συναγείρω.

συν-άγω, f. -άξω; aor. I σύνηξα; aor. 2 συνήγαγον; Att. pf. συνήξα, later συναγέτοχα; pf. pass. σύννημαι :—to lead or bring together, to gather together, assemble; συναγεῖν Ἀθησ. πύλεμον to join battle; also

to set to fight, match one against the other : also intr. to engage. II. to bring together, unite, combine;

συναγεῖν γάμους to contract a marriage. 2. metaph. to bring together, reconcile. III. to draw together, straiten, narrow, contract. IV. to gather from premises, collect, infer. Hence

συνάγωγός, ἑως, ὁ, one who brings together, a uniter.

συνάγωγή, ἡ, (συνάγω) a bringing together, a gathering, uniting, collecting; συναγωγή πολέμου a levying war. 2. a place of meeting or assembling; among the Jews after the captivity, a synagogue. II. a drawing together, contracting.

συν-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι; Dep. :—to contend along with, to share or take part in a contest; to help in a contest. Hence

συνᾶγωνιστής, οὗ, ὁ, one who contends along with, a fellow-combatant; generally, an assistant.

συν-ἀδελφος, ov, one that has a brother or sister.

συν-ἀδικέω, f. ἴσω, to join in doing wrong or injury.

συν-ᾄδω Ion. συν-αείδω; f. -ᾄσομαι :—to sing with or together, to accompany in a song. 2. generally, to accord with, agree with. II. c. acc. to sing of or celebrate together.

συν-αείρω, aor. I -ἤειρα, poet. form of συναίρω. II. to yoke together; Med. to yoke together for oneself.

συν-αέξω, poet. for συναύξω.

συν-αθλέω, f. ἴσω, to contend along with, share or take part in a contest.

συν-ᾠροῦν, f. ῶ, to gather together, assemble.

συν-ᾠδῆν, Adv. (σύν, ᾠδω) pressing violently together.

σύν-αιμος, ov, (σύν, αἷμα) of common blood, kindred; νεῖκος ξύναιμον strife between kinsmen; Ζεύς ξύναιμος Jove the protector of kin :—as Subst., σύναιμος, ὁ, ἡ, a kinsman or kinswoman, a brother or sister.

συναίμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, = σύναιμος.

συν-αινέω, f. ἑσω, to join in praising or approving; to agree or come to terms with a person. II. to agree to a thing, grant it at once.

συν-αινύμαι, defect. Dep. to take hold of together, to gather up; Ep. 3 sing. impf. συναίνυτο.

συν-αίρω, fut. ἴσω; fut. 2 συνελῶ; aor. 2 συνείλον Ep. σύνειλον, part. συνελών; (cf. αἰρέω) :—to grasp or seize together, seize at once. 2. to bring into small compass, comprise, comprehend; hence, ἐνελών λέγω I say briefly. II. to help to conquer or subdue; metaph. to cut short, make an end of, destroy.

συν-αίρω poet. συναίρω (q. v.), to raise, lift, or take up together; συναίρειν λόγον to cast up accounts. II. Med. to take part in a thing, c. gen. rei. to help bear or support, undertake jointly. III. Pass. to be joined, knitted together.

συν-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, to perceive or feel together.

συν-αίτιος, ov, also α, ov, (σύν, αἰτία) being the joint cause of a thing, helping towards; sharing in the guilt, accessory to :—as Subst., συνάιτιος, ὁ, ἡ, an accomplice, τινός in a thing.

συν-αιχμάζω, f. άσω, to fight along with.
 συν-αιχμάλωτος, ov, a fellow-prisoner.
 συν-αιρούμαι, Pass. to be held in suspense with.
 συν-ακμάζω, f. σω, to blossom or flourish together.
 συν-ακολασταίνω, to live dissolutely together.
 συν-άκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow along with or closely : to follow an argument, understand.
 συν-άκοντιζω, f. ίσω, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.
 συν-άκουω, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear along with or at the same time. 2. to bear one another.
 συνακτέον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring together.
 συνακτικός, ή, όν, (συνάγω) able to bring together : τὸ συνακτικόν power of accumulation in oratory.
 συν-αλάζω, f. άσω, to cry aloud with.
 συν-αλγέω, f. ήσω, to share in suffering or grieving for. II. to feel with, sympathise in : absol. to share in sorrow.
 συν-αλγιδών, όνος, ή, joint pain or grief :—in plur. = αἱ συναλγούσαι, partners in grief.
 συν-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear together, daub over : to help to anoint.
 συν-αλιάζω, f. ξω, (σύν, άλία) = συναλίζω.
 συν-αλίζω, f. ίσω : aor. I Ion. συνάλισα : to gather together, collect, assemble :—Pass. to come together, meet.
 συναλλαγή, ή, (συναλλάσσω) an interchange ; λόγων συναλλαγαι interchange of words : absol. a making up of strife, reconciliation ; pl. συναλλαγαί, a treaty of peace. 2. commerce, intercourse. II. intervention, interference, interposition ; νόσου συναλλαγῇ by the intervention of disease. 2. a contingency, result.
 συνάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (συναλλάσσω) a mutual agreement, covenant, contract.
 συν-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω : f. ξω : aor. I συνήλλαξα :—Pass., aor. I συνηλλάχθην : pf. συνήλλαγμα :—to interchange with : to exchange. 2. intr. to deal, associate, have intercourse with. II. to bring into association or union with : to reconcile :—Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms : make a league or alliance with : make peace.
 συν-αλοάω poet. -αλοιάω : f. ήσω : aor. I συνηλόησα :—to thresh with or together : to dash to pieces, smash.
 συν-άμα, Adv. for σύν άμα, together.
 συν-αμιλλάομαι, f. med. ήσομαι : aor. I pass. -ημιλλήθην : Dep. :—to race or contend together.
 συν-αμπέχω, fut. -αμφέξω : aor. 2 -ήμπεσχω, inf. -αμπιχεῖν :—to cover up entirely, wrap closely : metaphor. to shroud.
 συν-αμπίσχω = συναμπέχω.
 συν-αμφότερος, α, ov, both together : used both in sing. and plur.
 συν-αναβαίνω, f. -αναβήσομαι : aor. 2 -ανέβην :—to go up along with or together, esp. of going up into central Asia from the coast.

συν-αναβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry out together.
 συν-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf. :—Pass. to be compelled at the same time. II. to extort by force.
 συν-ανάγω, f. ξω, to carry up along with :—Pass. to go to sea together.
 συν-αναδίδωμι, to give up along with or together.
 συν-αναιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away or destroy along with or together. II. to give the same answer.
 συν-ανακέμαι, Pass. to recline together at table.
 συν-ανακλινόμεαι, Pass. to lie down along with, to recline along with at table. [I]
 συν-ανάλισκω, f. -ανάλωσω, to spend or waste along with. II. to help by furnishing money.
 συν-αναμίνγνμι, f. -αναμίξω, to mix up with at the same time :—Med. and Pass. to associate with.
 συν-αναπαύομαι, Pass. to take rest together, to refresh oneself or receive comfort together with.
 συν-αναπειθω, f. σω, to join in persuading.
 συν-αναπέμπω, f. ψω, to send up together.
 συν-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine together.
 συν-αναπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to join in exacting payment.
 συν-αναρριπτέω, f. ήσω, to throw up together.
 συν-ανάσσω, to rule as king with another.
 συν-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn back together :—Pass. to live along with or among.
 συν-ανατήκω, f. ξω, to melt with or together.
 συν-ανατρέχω, f. -θρέω, to run up along with.
 συν-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to set up along with.
 συν-αναθέγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.
 συν-αναφύρω [φῦ], to knead or mix up together :—Pass. and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.
 συν-αναχρέμπομαι, Dep. to cough up together.
 συν-ανίστημι, to make to stand up or rise together. II. Pass., with act. 2 -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, to rise at once or together. 2. to help in setting up again or restoring.
 συν-αντάω Ion. -έω : f. ήσω : aor. I -ήντησα :—to meet face to face : generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to happen to one. Hence
 συν-άντησις, ή, a meeting.
 συναντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναντάω.
 συν-αντάζω, f. άσω, = συναντάω, to encounter.
 συναντιλαμβάνηται [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of συν-αντιλαμβάνομαι, Dep. to lay hold of along with : to take part with, help.
 συν-αντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain along with or together ; συναντλεῖν πόνον τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exaurire labores.
 συν-άντομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = συναντάω, to come to meet, fall in with : also to engage in battle.
 συν-άντω [δ], to come to an end together with.
 συν-αξίω, f. άσω, to join in thinking fit : generally, to approve, allow.

συν-αἰδός, ὄν, = συνφδός.
 συν-άρος, ὄν, Dor. for συνήρος.
 συν-ἀπάγω, f. ἔω, to lead away with :—Pass. to be led away together with or besides.
 συν-ἀπῶς, ἄσα, ἄν, like σύμπας, all together, the whole together.
 συν-ἀπεμι, inf. -ἀπέναι, (εἰμι ibo) to go away together.
 συν-ἀπεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to help in finishing.
 συν-ἀπισταμι, Ion. for συναφισταμαι.
 συν-ἀποβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go away along with or together : to disembark along with.
 συν-ἀποδιδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι [ἀ] : aor. 2 -ἀπέδραν :—to run away or escape along with.
 συν-ἀποδοκιμάζω, f. σω, to join in reprobating or disapproving.
 συναποθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of συναποθνήσκω.
 συν-ἀποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνουμαι : aor. 2 -ἀπέθανον :—to die together with.
 συν-ἀποικίζω, f. ἴσω, to go as colonists together.
 συν-ἀποκάμνω, to be tired or worn out together.
 συν-ἀποκτείνω, to kill along with or together.
 συν-ἀπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι :—to receive from another with or together : to take or receive in common.
 συν-ἀπολάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth together.
 συν-ἀπώλλυμι, fut. -απολώ :—to destroy with or together ; συναπώλλυται τοὺς φίλους to involve one's friends in one's own ruin :—Pass., with pf. 2 -ἀπόλωλα, to perish along with or together.
 συν-ἀπολογέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to join or help in defending.
 συν-ἀπομάραίνω, to make to wither away together :—Pass. to fade away or wither together.
 συν-ἀπονεύω, f. σω, to swerve away from a blow together.
 συν-ἀποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away together.
 συν-ἀπορρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, to break off together.
 συν-ἀποστέλλω, to send off or despatch together with.
 συν-ἀποστερέω, f. ἴσω, to help to strip or cheat, join in robbing.
 συν-ἀποφαινομαι, Med. to declare together.
 συν-ἀποφέρω, to carry off along with or together.
 συναπτός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied : continuous. From
 συν-ἄπτω, f. -ἄψω : aor. 1 συνῆψα : Pass., pf. συνῆμαι :—to lie or join together, unite ; συνάπτειν πόδα to meet ; συνάπτειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes ; συνάπτειν στόμα to join lips, to kiss ; συνάπτειν μηχανήν to frame, concert a plan ; ἐνάπτειν τινὶ κακὰ to fasten evil upon him. II. to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action ; συνάπτειν μάχην to join battle. 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person ; συνάπτειν ἑαυτὸν ἐς λόγους τινὶ to enter into conversation with a person ; so συνάπτειν μῦθον, etc. ; also συνάπτειν λόγοισι or ἐς λόγους τινὶ (sub. ἑαυτὸν) ; συνάπτειν γάμους to form an alliance by marriage.
 III. intrans., of lands, to border on, lie next to : to be joined to. 2. of Time, to be nigh

at hand. IV. Med. to reach, attain to : to take part with, contribute towards.
 συνᾶραι, aor. 1 inf. of συναίρω.
 συν-ἄρᾶρισκω, to join together. II. intr. in pf. συνάρηρα Att. συνάραρα, to be well fitted, suit well together.
 συν-ἄρασσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to dash together : to dash in pieces, crush, destroy :—Pass. to be dashed in pieces ; but, συναράσσεσθαι κεφαλὰς to get their heads broken.
 συν-ἄρέσκω, f. -ἄρῶ :—to please or satisfy together. II. impers., like Lat. placet, συναρέσκει μοι I am content also, c. inf.
 συνάρηρε, 3 sing. pf. 2 of συναρᾶρισκω.
 σύν-ἄρθρος, ὄν, (σύν, ἄρθρον) linked together : in accordance with.
 συναριθμῶ, f. ἴσω, to count along with.
 συν-ἀριθμός [ἄ], ὄν, (σύν, ἀριθμός) included in a number. II. of like or equal number.
 συν-ἄριστάω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἄριστον) to take breakfast or luncheon with.
 συν-ἄριστεύω, f. σω, to do feats of bravery together.
 συν-ἄριστος, ὄν, (σύν, ἄριστον) breakfasting with. [ἀ]
 συν-αρμόζω Att. -ττω ; f. ὅσω Dor. ὅξω : Pass., aor. 1 συν-ἡρμόσθη : pf. -ἡρμόσμαι :—to fit together, close, join exactly ; συναρμόζειν βλέφαρα to close the eyelids ; εὐχρεία συναρμόσαι βροτοῖς to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct. II. intr. to agree together, fit, suit.
 συν-αρμολογῶ, f. ἴσω, to frame accurately together.
 συναρμοστής, οὗ, ὅ, (συναρμόζω) one who joins together ; συναρμοστής πολιτείας a remodeller of a state.
 συν-αρμόττω, Att. for συναρμόζω.
 συν-αρπάξω, fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι : aor. 1 συνήρπασα :—to carry off or away with one :—Pass. to be seized and carried off. 2. to bold fast together :—Med. aor. 1 ἐναρπάσασθαι, of a wrestler, to seize and hold one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, catch at.
 συν-αρτάω, f. ἴσω : aor. 1 συνήρτησα :—to bang up with : to fasten on along with, knit together :—Pass. to be closely engaged or entangled with.
 συν-ἄρχω, f. ἔω, to rule jointly with : to be a colleague in office ; ὁ συνάρχων a colleague.
 συν-ἄρωγός, ὄν, a joint-helper.
 συν-ἄσπεύω, f. ἴσω, to join in impiety.
 συν-ασκέω, f. ἴσω, to practise together, join in practising.
 συν-ἄσοφός, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ἄσος) to be unwise or foolish along with.
 συν-ασπιδόω, f. ὥσω, (σύν, ἄσπης) to keep the shields locked close together.
 συν-ασπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ : (σύν, ἄσπης) :—to hold the shields together : generally, to fight together, be comrades ; συνασπίζειν τινὶ to be his messmate.
 συν-ασπιστής, οὗ, ὅ, a fellow-soldier, comrade.
 συν-ασχάλλω, to feel joint indignation at a thing.

συν-ἄτυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be unlucky with or together, to share a person's ill luck.

συν-αυαίνω, f. ἄνω, to dry quite up: Pass. to wither away.

συν-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak together: to agree, confess, allow.

συν-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to accompany on the flute. Hence

συναυλία, ἡ, a playing on the flute together, a concert: ξυναυλιαν κλαίειν Οὐλύμπου νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert. 2. any concert, agreement, fellowship.

συν-αυλίζομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι: aor. I pass. συνηλίσθην: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute together: in concord or union with, harmonious: metaph. agreeing with, in harmony with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλή) dwelling together or with: σ. μανία associated with madness, i. e. mad.

συν-αυξάνω and συν-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment with or together:—Pass. to increase or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take away together:—Med. to assist in rescuing.

συν-αφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw into a revolt. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην

pf. -έστηκα, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναχθῆναι, aor. I inf. of συνάγω.

συν-ἄχθομαι, fut. med. -αχθέσομαι Att. -αχθήσομαι: aor. I pass. -ηχθέσθην: Dep.:—to be troubled or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

συν-δαίω, f. ξω, to kill together with another.

συν-δαινύμι, f. -δαίω, to feast along with or together: συνδαίον γάμουσιν τινί to share a marriage feast with one. Hence

συνδαιτήρ, οπος, ὁ, a companion at table, messmate.

συν-δάκνω, f. -δήσομαι, to bite or clamp together, bold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], to weep with or together.

συν-δειπνέω, f. ἦσω, to dine or sup with: to dine or eat together.

σύν-δειπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

σύν-δειπνος, ον, (σύν, δειπνον) dining together: as Subst., σύνδειπνος, ὁ, a companion at table, Lat. conviva.

συν-δεκάω, f. ἄσω, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δεήσομαι: aor. I pass. -εδεήθην: Dep.:—to beg along with, to join in begging.

σύν-δεσμος, ὁ, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμα, τά:—that which binds together, a band, bond: a cramp. 2. in Surgery, a ligament. 3. in Grammar, a conjunction: a particle.

συν-δεσώτης, ον, ὁ, a fellow-prisoner.

σύν-δετος, ον, (συνδέω) bound together, bound band and foot, Lat. constrictus. II. as Subst., σύνδετον, τό, a band, bond.

συν-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind together: συνδεῖν τινα to bind him band and foot: to bind up a wound.

συν-διαβαίνω, to go through or cross over together.

συν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans. to cross over together, Lat. trajicio. II. to accuse

along with or together: Pass. to be so accused.

συν-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along with, join in decreeing.

συν-διαιτάομαι, f. -διαιτήσομαι: Dep.: (σύν, διαίται):—to live with or together.

συν-διαιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a joint arbitrator.

συν-διακινδυνεύω, f. σω, to meet danger along with, incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to set in order together.

συν-διακτορος, ὁ, a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διαλύω, f. -λύσω [ῡ], to help to reconcile:—Med. to help to pay.

συν-διαμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue with throughout.

συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σω, to bring to remembrance along with.

συν-διαπολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to join in carrying on a war to the end or throughout.

συν-διαπράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to carry through or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. -διασκέψομαι, to examine along with.

συν-διασώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving.

συν-διαταλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω, to endure hardship with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with throughout or to the end.

συν-διατίθω, f. -διαθήσω, to help in arranging.

συν-διατρίβω [Ὶ], f. ψω, to pass one's time with or together: esp. with a master, οἱ τῷ Σωκράτει συνδιατρίβοντες the disciples of Socrates. II. of things,

to occupy oneself with.

συν-διαφέρω, f. -διολίσσω, to carry through or over with. II. to bear throughout along with or together, to help in sustaining.

συν-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ, to destroy with or together:—Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφυλάσσω, f. ξω, to guard along with or together.

συν-διαχειρίζω, f. ἴσω, to take in hand together, assist in managing.

συν-διέειμι, inf. -διείεμαι (εἶμι ἰδο) to go through in detail along with.

συν-διημερεύω, f. σω, to spend the day with.

συνδιήνεκα, Ion. for -ήνεγκα, aor. I of συνδιαφέρω.

συν-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to help to judge: act as assessor to a judge.

συν-δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-dicast or jurymen.

συνδικέω, f. ἦσω, (σύνδικος) to defend one accused, to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for or in support of anything.

σύν-δικος, ον, (σύν, δικη) helping one in a trial or lawsuit: as Subst., σύνδικος, ὁ, an advocate, esp. at Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to συνήγορος the prosecutor's: generally, an advocate, supporter, backer. 2. at Athens after the thirty Tyrants, σύν-

δικοι were the syndics or judges appointed to determine on confiscations. II. belonging to, befitting in common: Adv. συνδικώς, jointly.

συν-διοικέω, f. ἦσω, to administer or arrange together.

συν-διорάω, f. -διόψομαι, to see through or examine together.

συν-δισκέω, to play at quoits with.

συν-διώκω, f. -διώξω or -ώρομαι, to chase away along with.

II. as law-term, to join in a prosecution. συν-δοκέω, f. -δόξω and -δοκῆσω, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: συνδοκεῖ, impers. like Lat. *placet*, συνδοκεῖ ἡμῖν we are all agreed: —the neut. part. is also used absol., συνδοκοῦν ἅπασιν ἡμῖν since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree: σύνδοξαν πατρὶ since it seemed good to the father also.

συν-δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to test or examine along with.

συν-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to agree in opinion. II. to glorify or extol jointly.

συνδόξαν, aor. I part. neut. of συνδοκέω.

σύν-δουλος, ὁ, ἡ, serving with: as Subst., σύνδουλος, ὁ, a fellow-slave.

συν-δράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to do along with or together, help or concur in doing; αἶμα συνδρᾶν to assist in shedding blood.

συν-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of σύνδρομος; αἱ συνδρομάδες πέτραι, = συμπληγάδες.

συν-δρομή, ἡ, (σύν, δρῆμος) a running together: a concourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ον, (σύν, δραμεῖν) running together, meeting; σύνδρομοι πέτραι = συμπληγάδες. II.

running along with, following close. Hence

συνδρόμως, Adv. close upon the track.

συν-δύαζω, f. ἄσω, (σύν, δύω) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock.

συν-δύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύνδυο) two together, paired, wedded.

σύν-δυο, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (σύν, δύω) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. *bini*.

συν-δυστυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

συν-δώδεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, every twelve, by twelves or dozens.

συνέβαλον, aor. 2 of συμβάλλω.

συνεβάν, Dor. for συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

σύν-εγγύς, Adv. quite near, close to, hard upon.

συν-εγείρω, f. -εγερω, to awaken together: esp. to raise from the dead with another: —Pass. to rise together.

συνεδράμω, aor. 2 of συντρέχω.

συνεδρεύω, f. σω, (σύνεδρος) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: οἱ συνεδρεύοντες the members of a council.

συνεδρία, ἡ, (σύνεδρος) a sitting together, of gregarious birds. II. a sitting in council, a council.

συνέδριον, τό, (σύνεδρος) a number of persons as-

sembled in council, a council-board, council: —in N.T. the Sanhedrim. 2. a council-chamber, senate-house, Lat. *curia*.

σύν-εδρος, ον, (σύν, ἔδρα) sitting together or with, assembled in council.

II. as Subst., σύνεδρος, ὁ, one who sits with others in council, a councillor, senator.

συν-εἰκοσι, Ep. for συνέικοσι.

συν-εἰργάθων, Ep. lengthd. impf. of συνεργῶ.

συν-εἰργω, Ep. for συνεργῶ.

συνέιξα, aor. I of συνείργνυμι.

συνήκα, Ion. for συνῆκα, aor. I of συνῆμι.

συν-εθέλω poet. συν-θέλω, to wish with or together, to concur in a wish.

συνέθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

συνεθηκάμην, aor. I med. of συντίθημι.

συν-εθίζω, f. ἴσω, to accustom, inure, make habitual:

—Pass. to become used or inured to.

συνειδέαι, inf. of σύννοια; v. *συνείδω. Hence συνειδήσις, ἡ, a joint knowledge, consciousness. 2. conscience.

*συν-εἶδω, in aor. 2 συν-εἶδον, inf. -ἴδειν: —to see together, see in one view, see plainly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is συν-οράω, fut. συν-ύσσομαι, pf. συν-εόρακα.

II. pf. σύννοια in pres. sense, inf. συνειδέαι: plqpf. with impf. sense συνῆδεν Att. συνῆδη, Ion. 2 plur. συνῆδατε: also fut. συνείσομαι: —to share in the knowledge, be cognisant of a thing, privy to it: part. συνειδώς an accomplice: τὸ συν-εἶδος = συνειδήσις.

2 c. dat. pers. to know the same as another; συνειδέαι ἑαυτῷ οὐδ' ὅτι οὖν σοφὸς ὢν I am conscious to myself of not being in the least wise; or in the dat., σύννοια ἑμαυτῷ οὐδὲν ἐπισταμένῳ I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to his plans or opinions.

συν-εἰκοσι Ep. συνέικοσι, twenty together, by twenties, Lat. *viceni*.

συνελεγμένος, pf. part. of συλλέγω.

συν-εἰλέω, f. ἦσω, to crowd or throng together: —of persons, to bind firmly together: —Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνεῖληφα, pf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνεῖληχα, pf. of συλλαγχάνω.

συνεῖλκυσα, aor. I of συνέλκυω.

συνεῖλοχα, pf. of συλλέγω.

σύν-εμι, f. -έσομαι, (σύν, εἰμί sum) to be with, be joined or united with, be conversant with; συνεῖναι νόσῳ = νοσεῖν; συνεῖναι μερίμναις to be acquainted with cares; συνεῖναι πράγμασι to be engaged in business.

2. of persons, to have intercourse, associate, live with: of a woman, to live with her husband: generally, to associate with, have to do with, take part with, follow: οἱ συνόντες partisans, disciples.

σύν-εμι, (σύν, εἰμί ibo) to go or come together, hence to assemble, meet.

2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage with: of states, to engage in war.

3. in peaceable sense, to come together, meet

to deliberate.

4. of revenue, to come together, to come in.

συν-εἶπον, inf. -εἰπεῖν, aor. 2 of συναγορεύω or σύμφημι, there being no pres. in use:—to speak with any one, agree with, confirm: to advocate a person's cause: generally, to help, further. 2. to tell along with one, help one to tell.

συν-εἰργνύμι, = συνείργω.

συν-εἰργω Ep. -εἰργω old form -έργω: Ep. impf. συνέργον: Ep. aor. 2 συνέργαθον: f. συνέρξω:—to shut in or enclose together: to bind together: generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνείρηκα, used as pf. of σύμφημι.

συν-εἶρω, to string together, join one after another, add on without stopping. II. intr. to string words together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συνέλς, εἶδα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of συνήμι.

συν-εἰσάγω, f. ἔω, to bring in with or together.

συν-εἰσβαίνο, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with.

συν-εἰσβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-εἰσέρχομαι, aor. 2 act. -εἰσῆλθον, pf. -εἰσελήλυθα: Dep.:—to enter along with or together.

συνείσομαι, fut. without any pres. in use: v. *συν-εἶδω II.

συν-εἰσπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or be thrown into along with. II. to rush in along with or together, to burst or break in together.

συν-εἰσπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together.

συν-εἰσπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to help in exacting money from others.

συν-εἰσφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (εἰσφορά).

συν-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together.

συν-εκβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to cast out along with: to assist in casting out.

συν-εκβιβάζω, f. -εμβιβάζω Att. -εμβιβῶ, Causal of συνεκβαίνο, to help in bringing out.

συν-έκδημος, ον, travelling with: as Subst. a fellow-traveller.

συν-εκδιδωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together: to help a poor man in portioning out his daughter.

συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύσω [ῶ], to strip off together:—Med. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθάνομαι, to die along with or together: metaph. to fail or be exhausted together.

συν-εκαίδεκα, sixteen together, by sixteens.

συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to help to steal away: συνεκκλέπτειν γάμουσι to help in frustrating a marriage.

συν-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to help in carrying out. II. to help in bearing or supporting.

συν-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to help to cut out or away.

συνέκλεισα, aor. I of συνεκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ἦ, ον, chosen along with or together.

συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [ῶ], to dissolve with or together.

συν-εκμᾶχέω, f. ἦσω, (σύν, ἐκ, μάχομαι) to march out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever.

συν-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out together.

συν-εκπεράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [ῖ], f. -πίομαι, to drink off together.

συν-εκπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to rush out along with. II. of the votes taken out of the voting urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur: c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead heat with.

III. to fall out, be thrown out, fail together.

συν-εκπλέω Ion. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with.

συν-εκπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out. one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπονέω, f. ἦσω, to help in working out or achieving: to coöperate with.

συν-εκπορίζω, f. σω, to help in supplying or providing.

συν-εκπότην or -έα, verb. Adj. of συνεκπίνω, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. -ττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ἔω, to exact money with or together:—Med. to help a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκσώω, f. σω, to help in preserving or delivering.

συν-εκτάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔω, to arrange in line or battle order along with others.

συν-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with one or together.

συν-εκτίω [ῖ], f. -τίσω [ῖ], to pay along with, to help in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear up along with:—Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον:—to run out along with, to sally out together.

συνεκύρησα and συνεκύρσα, aor. I of συγκύρω.

συνέκυψα, aor. I of συγκύπτω.

συν-εκφέρω, f. -εφοίσω, to carry out together to burial: to attend a funeral.

συνέλαβον, aor. 2 of συλλαμβάνω.

συνέλαλουν, impf. of συλλαλέω.

συν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I -ήλασα Ep. -έλασσα: pf. -εληλάκα:—to drive, force or bring together: συνελαύνειν ὀδόντας to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat, set to fight. 2. intr., ἐριδι συνελαύνειν to meet in quarrel.

συνελείν, σύνελεν, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of συναλεῖν.

συν-ελευθερώω, f. ὠσω, to join in freeing from: absol. to join in freeing or delivering.

συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήφθην, aor. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελθειν, aor. 2 inf. of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ελκυστέον, verb. Adj. of aor. I of συνέλκω, one must draw together.

συν-έλκω, f. ἔω: aor. I συνέλκυσα (as if from συνεκλύω):—to draw together or to a point. 2. to draw up, contract. II. to help to draw out.

συνελών, aor. 2 part. of συναίρειν.
 συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put in along with, help in putting in. II. intr. to fall in or upon together, join in attacking: to make a joint invoad. Hence
 συνεμβολή, ἡ, a throwing in together; συνεμβολή κώπης the regular dip of all the oars together.
 συνέμεν, poet. for συνεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of συνήμι.
 συνέμιξα, aor. 1 of συμμίγνυμι.
 συνέμιχθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of συμμίγνυμι.
 συν-εμπήρημι, fut. -εμπήρσω; aor. I -ενέπηρσα: —to burn along with or together.
 συν-έμπορος, ον, travelling with: as Subst., συνέμπορος, ὁ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορεύς a partner in dancing.
 συνεμπήρησαι, aor. 1 inf. of συνεμπήρημι.
 συνενέγκαντες, aor. 1 part. pl. of συμφέρειν.
 συν-ενέκομαι, Ep. for συμφέρομαι, Pass. to be carried so as to meet, to strike or dash against.
 συν-ενθουσιάζω, to be inspired together with.
 συν-εξάγω, f. ἔγω, to lead out together: Pass. to be carried away with.
 συν-εξαίρω, f. ἦσω, to take out together, to help in removing: to help in taking or capturing:—Med. to take away forcibly from one.
 συν-εξάκουω, f. -ακούσομαι, to hear of a thing all together.
 συν-εξάμαρταν, f. -αμαρτήσομαι to err along with, to commit a joint error, have part in a fault.
 συν-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand up together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανίστην, pf. -εξανίστηκα:—to rise and come forth together.
 συν-εξάπτω, f. ἦσω, to cheat along with or together.
 συν-έξιμι, (εἰμι ibo) to go out along with or together.
 συν-εξελαύνω, f. -εξελάσω, to drive out along with or together. II. (sub. στράτον, ἵππον) to march or ride out together.
 συν-εξέρω, f. ὦ, to draw out with or together.
 συν-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξῆλθον, pf. -εξεληλύθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι):—to go or come out with.
 συν-εξετάζω, f. ἄσω, to search out or examine along with or together:—Pass. to be reckoned with or among.
 συν-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out together.
 συν-εξορμάω, f. ἦσω, to help to urge on. II. intr. to sally forth together: to shoot up along with.
 συν-εοχμός, ὁ, poet. for συνοχμός.
 συν-επάγω, f. ἔγω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.
 συν-επάδω poet. -αείδω, to join in celebrating.
 συν-επαίνεω, f. ἔσω Ep. ἦσω, to approve or advise together: to join in advising or recommending: to approve, agree to. II. to join in praising.
 συν-έπαυος, ον, joining in, consenting to a thing, being a consenting party to it.
 συν-επαίρω, f. -επαράω, to raise or lift at the same time. II. to urge on together or also:—Pass. to rise together with.

συνέπαισα, aor. I of συμπαίω.
 συν-επαιτιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [α], Dep. to accuse together, involve in a common charge with.
 συν-επακολουθέω, f. ἦσω, to follow together, follow close.
 συν-επαμύνω, f. -αμύνω, to join in repelling.
 συν-επανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to rise or rebel along with or together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to join in a revolt or rebellion.
 συν-επανορθώω, f. ὦσω, to join in re-establishing.
 συν-επάξω, Dor. aor. I of συμπήγνυμι.
 συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεπάπτομαι.
 συνεπέδησα, aor. I of συμπεδάω.
 συν-έπειμι, (σύν, ἐπί, εἰμι ibo) to go with against, join in attacking.
 συν-επεισφέρομαι, Med. to join in bringing in.
 συν-επεκπίνω [ι], f. -πίομαι, to drink off quickly.
 συν-επελαφρύνω [υ], to help to make light, to help to bear or sustain.
 συν-επερίζω, f. ἴσω, to contend with.
 συνέπεσον, aor. 2 of συμπίπτω.
 συνεπεσπόμην, aor. 2 of συνεφέπομαι.
 συνεπέστην, aor. 2 of συνεπίσθημι.
 συν-επέυχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to join in a prayer: to vow at the same time.
 συν-επιχέω, f. ἦσω, to join in singing, join in a chant or chorus.
 συν-επιβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to mount together upon. II. to enter upon along with.
 συν-επιβουλεύω, f. ὦ, to join in plotting against.
 συν-επιγράφω, ὁ, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk.
 συν-επιθυμέω, f. ἦσω, to desire along with.
 συν-επικέμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to press upon together, to join in attacking.
 συν-επικοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to help to array or adorn.
 συν-επικουρέω, f. ἦσω, to join as an ally, help to support or relieve.
 συν-επικουφίζω, f. ἴσω, to lighten at the same time.
 συν-επικραδύνω, to move backwards and forwards together with.
 συν-επιλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήψομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him.
 συν-επιμαρτύρω, f. ἦσω, to join in attesting or ratifying: to confirm.
 συν-επιμελέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. I pass. -επεμελήθην:—to join in taking care of: to have joint charge of: to join in providing.
 συν-επιμελητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who joins in taking care of, an associate, coadjutor.
 συνέπιον, aor. 2 of συμπίνω.
 συν-επιπλέω, f. ἔγω, to help to twine or plait.
 συν-επιπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert.
 συν-επιρρώννυμι, f. -επιρρώσω, to help to strengthen.
 συν-επισκοτέω, f. -επισκέψομαι: pf. -επέσκεμμαι:—to examine along with or together.
 συν-επισπάω, f. ἄσω [α], to draw on together:—

Med. to draw along with or together: to draw to oneself, draw over to one's own views.

συνεπισπένθαι, συνεπισπόμενος, aor. 2 inf. and part. of συνεπείωμι.

συν-επισπένδω, f. σω, to join in urging forward.

συν-επιστάμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to.

συν-επιστέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to send with or together.

συν-επιστράτεύω, f. σω, to make war together with.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. ψω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχύω, f. ὕσω [ῡ], to help to strengthen or support.

συν-επιτελέω, f. ἔσω, to join in performing or accomplishing.

συν-επιτίθημι, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together:

—Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτρίβω [Ὶ], f. ψω, to wear away or destroy utterly.

συν-επίτροπος, ὁ, a joint-guardian.

συνέπλᾶσα, aor. I of συμπλάσσω.

συνέπλεξα, aor. I of συμπλέκω.

συν-έπομαι, aor. 2 -εσπόμεν, Dep. to follow close upon, to keep up with; ποιῶντας συνέπessθαι to follow the flocks. II. to follow with the mind, understand.

συν-επόμενυμι, to swear to in addition or besides.

συνέπνευξα, aor. I of συμπνέω.

συνέπρηξα, Ion. aor. I of συμπράσσω.

συν-εραστής, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-lover, joint-lover. From

συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert:—Med., συνεράσθαι τι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι; pf. -είργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work or labour together with another, to help, assist or contribute to a thing; pf. part. in pass. sense, λίθοι ξυνειργασμένοι stones wrought for building.

συν-εργάτης [ᾱ], ου, ὁ, a fellow-worker, partner, colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργάτινός [Ὶ], ου, ὁ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συν-εργάτις [ᾱ], ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of συνεργάτης.

συνεργέω, impf. συνήργουν, (συνεργός) to work together with, to join or help in work: to cooperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συνεργία, ἡ, (συνεργός) a joint-work, assistance, cooperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργός, ὄν, (σύν, ἔργον) working together with another, joining or helping in work: taking part in a thing, contributing towards it:—as Subst., συνεργός, ὁ or ἡ, an associate or partner in a work, a fellow-workman, a cooperator, coadjutor.

συνέργω, old form of συνεργέω.

συν-έρδω, f. ξω, to join in a work, cooperate with.

συν-ερείδω, f. σω; aor. I συνήρεια:—to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together, to clench:—Pass., aor. I συνήρεια: pf. συνήρεια or -εήρεια:—to be fast bound or set firmly together.

συν-ερέω Att. συν-ερέω, fut. without any pres. in

use (συναγορεύω or σύμφημι being used instead): —I shall speak with or in support of, advocate, support.

συν-ερίθος, ὁ, also ἡ, a fellow-worker, helpmate.

συνεριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving his opponent into a corner, cogent, forcible.

συν-έρπω, f. ψω, to creep together.

συνέρραξα, aor. I of συρράσσω.

συνέρρηγμα, pf. pass. of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρηξα, aor. I of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρωγα, pf. 2 intr. of συρρήγνυμι.

συν-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι; aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα; Dep.:—to go along with or together. II. to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with. 2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere: of a battle, to be engaged in.

3. c. acc. cognate, στρατείας συνελθεῖν to join in an expedition; συνελθεῖν λέχος σὺν to share thy bed. III. of things, to be joined in one, be united. IV. of events, to concur, coincide, happen together.

συν-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, to ask questions with or at the same time. II. to establish a point by questioning:—Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνίημι, mind! mark!

συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι; aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat together with.

σύνεσις Att. ξύνεσις, εως, ἡ, (συνίημι) a joining, meeting together. II. the faculty of apprehension, judgment, understanding, intelligence. 2. conscience, = συνείδησις.

συνεσπάραξα, aor. I of συσπάρσσω.

συνεσπόμεν, aor. 2 of συνεπείωμι.

συνέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεσταότες, Ep. pf. part. pl. of συνίστημι.

συνεσταυρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of συσταυρόω.

συνεστάλην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεστείλα, aor. I of συστέλλω.

συνέστην, aor. 2 of συνίστημι.

συν-εστίαω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ], to entertain in one's house:—Pass. to feast along with or together.

συν-εστίη, ἡ, (σύν, ἔστια) a common feast.

συν-έστιος, ου, (σύν, ἔστια) sharing one's hearth or home, living or dwelling together: as Subst., συνεστίος, ὁ, ἡ, an inmate, guest. 2. of Jupiter, the guardian of the hearth.

συνεστώς, pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνέσχον, aor. 2 of συνέχω.

συν-ἑταῖρος, ὁ, (σύν, ἑταῖρος) a companion, partner, comrade.

συνετάρχη, aor. I pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετάρχη, aor. 2 pass. of συντάττω.

συνετάρχη, aor. I pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετίθεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of συντίθημι.

συνέτλην, Dor. aor. 2 of συντάλλω.

σύνετο Ep. ξύνετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ξυνίημι.

συνετός, ἡ, ὄν, (συνίημι) quick at apprehending, understanding, intelligent, sagacious. II. pass. easy

to be comprehended, intelligible: neut. pl. *συνερά* as Adv. intelligibly.

συνετρίβην [τ], aor. 2 pass. of *συντρίβω*.

συνετῶς, Adv. of *συνετός*, intelligently.

συν-ευδαίμονέω, f. ἦσω, to share in happiness with.

συν-ευδοκέω, f. ἦσω, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep or lie with; ὁ *ξυνεύδων* χρόνος the time which sleeps with one, i. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευνάζω, f. σω, to make to sleep together, to marry to each other:—Pass. to lie with.

συν-ενετής, ου, ὁ, a bedfellow, consort, husband, consort: fem. *συνενετής*, ιδος, a wife, mate.

σύν-εννος, ου, (σύν, εὐνή) sharing one bed: as Subst., *σύνεννος* ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort, husband or wife.

συν-ευνάσχω, f. -πέισομαι, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-επιτρέω, f. ἦσω, to help to provide, contribute, c. acc. rei: c. gen. rei, to provide a part of, contribute towards:—c. dat. pers. to assist, help.

συν-ευτύχέω, to be fortunate along with or together.

συν-εύχομαι, f. -ζομαι, Dep. to pray with or together, to join in making a prayer.

συν-ευωχέομαι, to feast with or together.

συνεπαγγόν, used as aor. 2 of *συνεσθίω*.

συν-επάπτομαι Ion. -επάπτομαι: f. -επάφομαι: Dep.:—to lay hold of, put hand to along with or together, c. gen. rei. 2. c. gen. pers. to join in attacking.

συν-εφέλω, f. ξω: aor. I -εφέλευσα:—to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφέπομαι, aor. 2 -εφεσπόμην Ion. -επεσπόμην: Dep.:—to follow along with or together.

συν-εφηβος, ου, at the age of youth together.

συν-εφίστημι, to place over together: metaphor. to make attentive: also (sub. τὸν νοῦν) to attend to.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -επέστην, pf. -εφέστηκα:—to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2. to rise up against, attack jointly.

συνέφραξα, aor. I of *συνφράσσω*.

συνεχάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of *συχχαίρω*.

συνέχεια, aor. I of *συχχέω*.

συνέχεια, ἡ, (*συνεχής*) a continuous series of things, continuity.

II. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχεια, Ep. aor. I of *συχχέω*.

συνεχῶς, Ion. for *συνεχῶς*.

συνεχής, ἐς, (*συνέχω*) keeping or holding together: continuous, in an unbroken line: c. dat. continuous with, next to, adjacent.

II. of Time, continuous, continued, unceasing, unintermitting: the neut. *συνεχὲς* is used as Adv., = *συνεχῶς*.

συν-εχθαίρω, to hate along with, join in hating.

συν-έχω, poet. for *συνεχθαίρω*.

συνεχῦθην [ῦ], aor. I pass. of *συχχέω*.

συν-έχω Att. ξυν-: f. -έξω: aor. 2 *συνέσχον*:—to hold or keep together:—*συνέχεν τὴν εἰσεσίαν* to keep the towers together. 2. to contain, comprise. 3.

to constrain, oppress: Pass. to be constrained, distressed, affected by. 4. in Pass., *συνέχεσθαι* αἰχμησί to engage with spears.

συνεχῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of *συνεχής*, continually, unceasingly.

συν-επλάω, (σύν, ἐπιάομαι) to play together.

συνεώνημαι, pf. of *συνανέομαι*.

συν-ηβῶ, f. ἦσω, to pass their youth together: to be young together.

συν-ηβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ηβος, ου, (σύν, ἡβη) young at the same time: as Subst., *σύνηβος*, ὁ, ἡ, a young friend or comrade.

συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of *συνάγω*.

συνηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of *συνάγω*.

συνηγορέω, f. ἦσω, (*συνήγορος*) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*; *συνηγορεῖν τῷ κατηγορῷ* to second the accuser. Hence

συνηγορία, ἡ, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνηγορικὸς, ὁ, ὅν, of or for a *συνήγορος* or advocate; τὸ *συνηγορικόν*, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public *συνήγοροι* while the court sat.

συν-ήγορος, ου, (σύν, ἀγορεύω) speaking with, agreeing with. 2. supporting, on one's side, esp. in a court of justice: as Subst., *συνήγορος*, ὁ, an advocate, counsel for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*.

συνήδην Att. ξυνήδη, plqpf. of *σύννοια*.

συνήδρατε, Ion. 2 pl. plqpf. of **συνεῖδω*.

συν-ἡδῶμαι, fut. -ησθήσομαι: aor. I -ἡσθην: Dep.:—to rejoice together; *συνῆδεσθαι τινι* to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathise with one's good fortune.

συνήθεια, ἡ, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. *consuetudo*. II. use, custom, habit, usage. From

συν-ἦθος, ἐς, gen. εὖς contr. ους: gen. pl. *συνηθέων* contr. *συνηθῶν*: (σύν, ἦθος):—dwelling or living together, of like habits or customs, akin, well suited to: *συνήθης τινι* well-acquainted or intimate with him; *χερὶ συνήθης* = *χειροήθης*, tame. II.

habitual, customary: familiar.

συνθηροισμένος, pf. pass. part. of *συναθροίζω*.

συνήθως, Adv. of *συνήθης*, customarily.

συνήκα, aor. I of *συνήμι*.

συν-ήκα, to have come together, to be assembled.

συνήλδσα, aor. I of *συνελεύω*.

συνήλθον, aor. 2 of *συνέρχομαι*.

συν-ηλικιώτης, ου, ὁ, = *συνήλις*.

συν-ήλις, ἕκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, ἡλις) of like or equal age, Lat. *aequalis*: as Subst., *συνήλις*, ὁ, ἡ, an associate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνηλῶσι and *συνήλυσιν*, ἡ, (*συνέρχομαι*, *συνελεύσομαι*) a meeting, assembly.

συν-ημερεύω, f. σω, (σύν, ἡμέρα) to pass the day with or together, to live with.

συνημοσύνη, ἡ, union, connexion: in plur. covenants, solemn promises. From
συνήμιων, ov, gen. ovos, (συνήμι) joined together, united: a companion.

συν-ῥοπος Dor. and Att. συν-ῥοπος, ov, (σύν, αἰσ-ρέω) banging together, linked with, wedded to: as Subst., συν-ῥοπος, ὁ, ἡ, a consort, a husband or a wife.
συν-ῥεπορεύω, f. ῥσω, to join in cheating or tricking.
συν-ῥετρεύω, f. ῥσω, (σύν, ἐρετής) = συνῥετρεύω.

συν-ῥετρεύω, f. ῥσω, to row with: generally, to work or ply with, be friends with.

συνῥεφέω, f. ῥσω, to throw a shade over. From
συν-ῥεφής, ἐς, (σύν, ἐρέφω) thickly shaded, covered over.

συν-ῥιθμος, ov, poet. for συνάριθμος.

συν-ῥπάκα, pf. of συναρπάω.

συν-ῥπασα, aor. 1 of συναρπάω.

συν-ῥητμαι, pf. pass. of συναρτάω.

συν-ῥων, impf. of συνεράω.

συν-ῥσάομαι Att. -ττάομαι, Pass. to be conquered or overcome together.

συνῥυλίσσιν, aor. 1 of συναυλίζομαι.

συν-ῥχέω, f. ῥσω, to sound or ring together.

συν-ῥχθην, aor. 1 pass. of συνάγω.

συν-ῥψα, aor. 1 of συνάπτω.

συν-ῥακέω, f. ῥσω, to sit with or together, to sit in council with, take counsel with. From
σύν-ῥακος, ov, sitting with or together. 2. sharing in, partaking of.

συν-ῥαμβέω, to be astounded along with.

συν-ῥάλω, f. ῥω, to warm with or together: metaph. to soothe by flattery.

συν-ῥάπτω, f. ῥω, to bury with or together:—Pass. to be buried with or together.

συν-ῥεάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to view together, to see a spectacle together. 2. to examine together, examine carefully. Hence

συν-ῥεατής, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-spectator or looker on.

συν-ῥεατρία, ἡ, fem. of συνῥεατής.

συνῥεῖς, aor. 2 part. of συντίθημι.

συν-ῥέλω, poet. for συνεθέλω.

σύνθεμα, atos, τό, poet. for σύνθημα.

συνθέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of συντίθημι.

σύνθεο, Ep. for σύνθου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of συντίθημι.

συνθεσία, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a placing together, an arrangement, covenant, treaty: in plur. injunctions, instructions.

σύνθεσις, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together, compounding, composition; σύνθεσις γραμμάτων a combination of letters. II. metaph. an agreement, treaty, covenant: cf. συνθήκη.

συνθετικός, ἡ, ὁν, (συντίθημι) skilled in putting together.

σύνθετο, Ep. for συνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

σύνθετος, ov, also ἡ, ov, (συντίθημι) put together, compounded of parts, compound: complex. II.

put together, feigned, forged. III. metaph. agreed upon, covenanted; ἐκ συνθέτου by agreement, Lat. ex compacto.

συν-θέω, f. -θέσομαι, to run along with, to run together: of things, to go along with, to go smoothly with, concur with one's wishes: to run together, meet.

συν-θεορέω, f. ῥσω, to contemplate together: to go to a spectacle together.

συνθήκη, ἡ, (συντίθημι) a putting together. II. an agreement, arrangement: in plur. articles of agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty.

σύνθημα, atos, τό, (συντίθημι) that which is put together.

II. anything agreed upon, a preconcerted signal: generally, a token, sign. 2. a watch-word, Lat. tessera.

3. an agreement, covenant, engagement. Hence

συνθηματίας, a, ov, agreed upon: bargained for.

συνθηράτης, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-hunter. From

συν-θηράω, f. ᾶω [ᾶ], to hunt with or together:—Med. to catch together:—Pass. to be caught and bound together.

συνθηρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, = συνθηρατής. From

συν-θηρεύω, = συνθηράω, to hunt together:—Pass. to be found out to be.

σύν-θηρος, ov, (σύν, θήρα) hunting with or in company: joining in chase or pursuit of.

συν-θησώτης, ov, ὁ, a partner in the thiasos or sacred company: generally, a fellow, comrade.

συν-θλάω, f. ᾶω [ᾶ], to crush along with or together.

συν-θλιβω [ῖ], f. ῥω, to press together, compress.

συν-θνήσκω: f. -θνούμι: aor. 2 -έθανον, inf. -θανεῖν:—to die with or together.

συν-θινάτωρ [ᾶ], opus, ὁ, (σύν, θινάω) a partaker of the same feast, a fellow-banqueter.

συν-θράνώω, f. ᾶω, to break in pieces, shiver.

συν-θραύω, f. ῥω, to break in pieces, crush, shiver.

σύν-θρηνος, ov, mourning with or together.

σύν-θρονος, ov, sitting on the same seat or throne with: ruling jointly.

σύν-θροος, ov, sounding with, in harmony with.

συν-θρύπτω, f. ῥω, to break in pieces, crush: metaph. to enervate, weaken.

συν-θύω, f. -θύσω [ῥ], to offer sacrifice along with.

συντιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *συντιδω.

συντιεῖ [ῖ], imperat. and 3 sing. impf. of συνήμι.

συντιέμεν, Ep. for συντιέναι, inf. pres. of συνήμι.

σύντιεν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of συνήμι.

συν-ιεροποιέω, f. ῥσω, to join in sacrifice with.

συν-ικάνω, to settle down, collapse, shrink. 2. to sink, fall, of the wind.

συν-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, intr. to sit together, to hold a sitting.

συν-ήμι Att. ξυνήμι [for the quantity, see ἤμι]: impf. συνήν or συνιέν: f. συνήσω or συνήσομαι: aor. 1 συνήκα: pf. συνέκα:—also (as if from συνιέν) 3 pl. pres.

συνιοῦσι, inf. συνιενθ, imperat. ξυνιεῖ, inf. συνιέμεν; 3 sing. impf. συνιέει, 3 pl. ξυνιέσαν Ep. ξυνιέν; also (as if from συνιέν) impf. 3 pl. ξύνιον: aor. 1 ξυνήκα: aor. 2

imperat. *ῥύνε*; aor. 2 med. 3 sing. *ῥύνετο*, 3 pl. subj. *συνάμεθα*:—to send, bring or set together, Lat. *committere*. II. metaph. to perceive, bear: to take notice of, observe, understand, know. III. Med. to come to an understanding about a thing.

συνίμεν, Ep. for *συνίειν*, inf. of *σύνειμι* (εἴμι ibo). [r] *συνιοῦσι*, 3 pl. pres. of *συνίημι*, as if from *συνίειν*. *συν-ἱππάρχος*, ὁ, a joint commander of horse. *συν-ἵππεύς*, ἄνδρ, ὁ, a fellow-rider or horseman, a fellow-knight.

σύνισαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of *σύνειμι* (εἴμι ibo), they went together. II. Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of *σύνοιδα*, they shared in the knowledge.

συνίστασι, 3 pl. of *σύνοιδα*. *σύνισθι*, imperat. of *σύνοιδα*. *σύνισμεν*, I pl. of *σύνοιδα*.

συν-ίστημι, impf. *συνίστην*: f. *συστήσω*: aor. 1 *συνέστησα*:—to place or set together, to combine, unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, attach to.

2. to put together, organise, compose, create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert together. 3. to bring together as friends, introduce, recommend: to advise one to do. 4. to produce, exhibit, represent to one. 5. to make firm or solid, harden.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. *συνέστην*; pf. *συνέστηκα*, part. *συνεστηκώς* contr. *συνεστώς*, ὦσα, ὤς, Ion. *συνεσετώς*, ἑῶσα, ἑῶς:—to stand together, stand in close order; also to stand one's ground.

2. to meet or come together: in hostile sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., *συνεστηκότων τῶν στρατηγῶν* when the generals were in dispute. 3. of friends, to form a league or association, to club, league together; τὸ *ξυνιστάμενον* or τὸ *συνεστηκός*, a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or allied.

4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a thing. 5. to be put together, to be composed, framed: to hold together, endure, continue. 6. to be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen.

συν-ίστωρ, ὁπος, ὁ, ἡ, knowing also or along with, conscious of a thing; θεοὶ *συνίστορες* the gods are witnesses.

συν-ισχναίνω, to help dry up: metaph. to join with in diminishing or reducing.

συν-ισχυρίζω, f. *ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, to help to strengthen. *συνιών*, Ion. for *συνιέας*, pres. part. of *συνίημι*.

συν-ναίω, to dwell along with or together.

συν-νάσσω, f. *ῥω*, to pack tight together.

συν-ναυβάτης, οὐ, ὁ, a shipmate. [α]

συν-ναυκλῆρος, οὐ, a joint owner of a vessel.

συν-ναυμάχew, to engage in a sea-fight along with.

συν-ναυστολέw, f. ἴσω, to be shipmate with another.

συν-ναύτης, οὐ, ὁ, a shipmate.

συν-νεάζw, f. *σω*, to spend one's youth or be young with.

συννέειται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of *συννέω*.

συν-νεύw, f. *σω*, to bend together: also, 2. intr.

to incline to the same point, converge. II. to

assent to or approve by a nod, consent.

συν-νεφέλος, οὐ, (σύν, νεφέλη) cloudy, overcast. *συννεφέw*, f. ἴσω, to collect clouds. II. intr. to be clouded over: impers. *συννεφεῖ* it is cloudy.

III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity. From *συν-νεφέης*, ἑς, (σύν, νέφος) overcast with clouds, clouded.

συν-νέw, f. -νήσω: pf. pass. *συννένημαι*, Ion. 3 pl. *συννένηται*:—to pile or heap together, heap up.

συν-νέw, f. -νεύσωμαι, to swim together.

συν-νήχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to swim together with.

συν-νικάw, f. ἴσω, to have part in a victory with. II.

transit. to help in conquering.

συν-νοέw, f. ἴσω, to think upon together, to think over, meditate or reflect on: also in Med. Hence *σύννοια* Ion. -οίη, ἡ, meditation, thought: anxious thought, trouble. 2. consciousness.

συν-νομοθετέw, f. ἴσω, to be a joint-lawgiver.

σύν-νομος, οὐ, (σύν, νέμος) feeding or herding together, consorting:—metaph. consorting with. 2.

partaking or sharing in a thing: hence, 3. as Subst., *σύννομος*, ὁ, ἡ, one who lives with, a consort; of birds, a mate; generally, a partner, fellow, companion, congener.

σύν-νοος, οὐ, Att. contr. -νους, οὐν, thinking deeply, thoughtful, anxious.

συν-νοσέw, f. ἴσω, to be ill together or along with.

σύν-νους, οὐν, contr. for *σύννοος*.

συν-νυφοκόμος, οὐ, helping to deck a bride.

συν-οδεύw, f. *σω*, to journey along with. Hence

συνοδία, ἡ, a journey in company. II. a party of travellers, a caravan.

συν-οδίτης, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

συνοδοιπορέw, f. ἴσω, to travel together. And

συνοδοιπορία, ἡ, a travelling together. From

συν-οδοιπόρος, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

σύν-οδος, ὁ, ἡ, = *συνδοιπόρος*.

σύν-οδος, ἡ, a coming together, assembly, meeting; also an association. 2. in hostile sense, a meeting of two armies, engagement, Lat. *concursum*.

3. of things, a coming together; *χρημάτων σύνοδοι* a coming in of money, income, like *πρόσοδοι*. 4. a meeting, joining, junction.

σύν-οιδα, pf., with pres. sense, of **συνείδω*, q. v.

συν-οικεῖw, f. ὥσω, to bind one to another by ties of friendship.

συν-οικέw, f. ἴσω: pf. -ῥηκα:—to dwell or live together: of the scattered inhabitants of a country, to dwell together, form a community: of persons, to live together as man and wife: absol. to marry, wed: metaph. to be wedded or yoked to misery. II.

to make to dwell in together: in Pass., of a country, to be thickly peopled. Hence

συνοίκημα, ἄρος, τό, that with which one lives; σ. ἀχαριώτατον a most unpleasant bouse-mate.

συνοίκησις, ἡ, (συνοικέw) a dwelling or living together: wedded life, marriage.

συνοικήτωρ, ὁπος, ὁ, ἡ, (συνοικέw) one that lives with.

συνοικία Att. *ξυνοικία*, ἡ, (συνοικέw) a living to-

gether. 2. a body of people living together, a community.

II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to οἰκία, as Lat. *insula* to *domus* (a house occupied by one family). 2. a room built on to a house, an out-house.

συννοκία (sub. *ἑπά*, *τά*, *συννοκίῳ*) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, celebrated on the 17th of Boëdromion.

συν-οικίω, f. *ἴσω* Att. *ἰῶ*, to make to live with: to give in marriage. 2. to make to live together, to join in one city; *ξυνοικίσαι τὴν Λέσβον ἐς τὴν Μυτιλήνην* to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytilene.

II. to join in peopling or colonising a country. Hence

συννοκίαις, ἡ, a making to live together, joining under one city as a capital.

συνοικιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (συνοικίω) one who joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build with or together:—Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, οἰκῶ) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., *ξύνοικος ἀλλαγῆ βίου* associated with change of life.

συν-οικοῦρός, ὄν, keeping house together: metaph., *συνοικοῦρος κακῶν* a partner in mischief.

συν-οικτιζέω, f. *ἴσω* Att. *ἰῶ*, to pity along with or together.

συνόλοσ, fut. of *συνφέρω*, med. *συνόισμαι*.

συν-ολισθάνω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλλυμι, f. -όλεω Att. -όλω, to destroy along with or together:—Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-ολολύζω, f. *ἴσω*, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-ολος, ον, also η, ον, all together: τὸ σύνολον the whole together. Hence

συνόλωσ, Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαίων, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, ὁμαίος) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., *συνομαίμων*, ὅ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

συν-ομάλιξ, Dor. for *συν-ομήλιξ*.

συν-ομαρτέω, f. ἴσω, to follow along with, attend upon.

συν-ομήλιξ Dor. -ομάλιξ, ἴκος, ὅ, ἡ, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομιλέω, f. ἴσω, to converse or associate with.

συν-ὀμνύμι or -ἰω: f. -ομύσω: aor. I -ἔμυσα:—to swear along with or together, to join in a league or confederacy, to form a league or conspiracy. II.

συν-ομολογέω, f. ἴσω, to say the same thing with, agree with: to agree mutually. II. to agree to do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ὁμορος) to border or abut on.

συν-οπιδός, ὄν, following along with, attending on. σύν-οπλος, ον, (σύν, ὄπλον) armed together, allied. συν-οράω, f. *συνόψομαι* (as if from *συνόπτωμαι*): aor. 2 *συνείδον*, inf. *συνιδεῖν* (as if from *συν-εἶδω*):—to see together or at the same time. II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. -ίσομαι: aor. I pass. *συν-ωργίσθη*: Dep.:—to be angry along with or together.

σύν-ορθρος, ον, dawning together with.

συν-ορίνω [ἴ], to stir up together or violently:—Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, ὄρκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύν, ὄρμή) clashing together.

συνόρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of *συνόρνυμι*.

συν-ορμίζω, f. *ἴσω*, to bring to anchor together.

συν-ὀρνύμι, = *συνορνῶ*: Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. *συν-ὀρμενος*, having started or set forth together.

σύν-ορος Ion. σίνουρος, ον, bordering on; *κόνις πηλοῦ κάσις ξίνουρος* dust twin-brother of mud.

συν-οροφώω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ὀροφή) to roof all over, cover completely.

σύν-ουρος, ον, Ion. for σίνουρος.

συν-ουσία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (from *συνών*, *συνούσα*, part. of *σύνειμι*) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society. II.

a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who lives with, a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνουσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited for society, sociable.

συν-οφρύνωμαι, f. med. ὥσομαι: pf. pass. -ᾠφρύνωμαι: Dep. (σύν, ὀφρύς):—to knit the brow, frown.

συν-οχή Att. *ξυνοχή*, ἡ, (συνέχω) a holding or being held together, a meeting, joining. 2. metaph.

straitness, distress, anguish. Hence

συνοχηδόν, Adv. holding together.

συν-οχμός, ὁ, Ep. *συνεοχμός*, = *συνοχή*, junction.

σύναχος, ον, (συνέχω) held together: metaph. agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχωκα, for *συνόκωχα*, Ep. intr. pf. of *συνέχω*, to be held together, come together; ἄνω ἐπὶ στήθος *συν-οχωκότε* shoulders contracted over the chest.

συνόψομαι, fut. of *συνοράω*.

σύνταγμα, ατος, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent. 2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *συντάττω*.

συντακτέον, verb. Adj. of *συντάσσω*, one must arrange.

συν-τάλαιπυρέω, f. ἴσω, to endure hardships together, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for *συντέμνω*.

συν-τάννω, = *συντείνω*, to bring together into one.

σύνταξις, εως, ἡ, (συντάσσω) a putting together in order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete array: hence 2. order, arrangement: organisation, system. 3. a body of troops. 4. in Gramm.

the combination of words and sentences, syntax. II. a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. 3. = σύνταγμα, a contingent of soldiers. 4. a settled rate of remuneration.

συν-τάρασσω Att. -ττω: f. ἔω: aor. I -ετάραφα: Pass., aor. I -εταράχην: pf. -τετάραγμαi:—to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare: to trouble, confound, perplex, disquiet:—Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion: to be much disturbed, troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἔω: aor. I -έταφα: Pass., aor. I -ετάθην: pf. -τέταγμαi:—to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array: also to draw up or bring into line along with others. 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere: to regulate, ordain: to command. II. Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to, drawn up with. 3. metaph. to be collected or firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. III. Med. to put themselves in order of battle, form in line. 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree together, bargain. 4. to take leave of, bid farewell.

συν-τάχυνω [5], to help to urge on, hurry. II. intr. to hasten, hasten to an end.

συντεθαμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρέφω.

συν-τένω, pf. -τέτνω, pass. -τέτνωμαι:—to stretch together, strain, draw tight: metaph. to exert, strain: Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours. II. intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. 2. to direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

συν-τεχνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to help to build a fortification.

συν-τεκμαίρομαι, aor. I -ετεκμηράμην: Dep. to conjecture, guess, calculate.

συν-τεκνοποιέω, f. ἴσω, to breed children with another.

συν-τεκνώνω, f. ὤσω, to help in breeding: also to breed.

συν-τελέω, = συντελέω intr., to belong to.

συντέλεια, ἡ, (συντελής) a joint payment, a contribution to the public burdens, subscription. II. at Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called συντελείς. III. an union or partnership formed for bearing public burdens, a club or company. IV. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τελέω, f. ἔσω: pf. pass. συντετέλεσμαι:—to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, complete, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute equally: συντελεῖν εἰς τὸν πόλεμον to pay all alike towards the war. 2. συντελεῖν εἰς τοὺς ἵππεῖς to be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights: hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body: esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συν-τελής, ἐς, (σύν, τέλος) paying joint taxes, contributing one's share: συντελής πόλις the city which

had to pay its share of the penalty. 2. belonging to the same συντέλεια or company. 3. tributary to another's state.

συν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έτεμον:—to cut in pieces, to chop up. II. to cut down, cut short, Lat. concidere: metaph. to cut short, abridge, curtail. III. intr. (sub. δδόν), to make a short cut: (sub. λόγον), to cut the matter short, speak briefly, concisely: τοῦ χρόνου συντάμνοντος as the time became short.

συν-τερετίζω, to whistle an accompaniment.

συν-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on, **συνταγμαένως**, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω, in an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντετάμνως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντείνω, earnestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραγμαi, pf. pass. of συνταράσσω.

συντετέλεσμαι, pf. pass. of συντελέω.

συντήκηκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκη.

συν-τετραίνω, f. -τρήσω: aor. I -έτρησα: pf. pass. -τέτρημαι:—to bore through so as to meet, to perforate:—Pass. to be connected by openings or channels. II. metaph., συντετραίνειν μῦθον δι' ὠτων to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply.

συντετριμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβω.

συντετριβήκα, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω.

σύν-τεχνος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art: as Subst., σύντεχνος, ὁ, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήκη, f. ἔω: aor. I -έτρηα:—to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down, dissolve by melting, make to waste away. 2. Pass.

συντήκομαι, aor. I συνετήχην: aor. 2 συνετάκην [δ]: with pf. act. intrans. συντέτηκα:—to melt away, dissolve, disappear.

συν-τηρέω, f. ἴσω, to watch closely: to preserve, keep safe: keep in mind. 2. to watch one's opportunity.

συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω:—to place or put together, to add together. 2. to put together so as to form

a whole, frame, construct: to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. 5. to put together in one, unite, comprehend. II. Med.

συντίθεμαι: aor. I συνεθήκαμην: aor. 2 συνεθέμην:—to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take heed to: σὺ δὲ σύνθεο do thou take heed. 2. to set in order, organise. 3. to agree on, conclude: to covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τιμάω, f. ἴσω, to value together:—Med. to fix an estimate:—Pass. to increase in value, rise in price.

συν-τίνάσσω, f. ἔω, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concutere: to confuse, confound.

συν-πυράσσω, f. -τρώσω, to wound in many places. ***συν-πλάω**, aor. 2 συνέπλην, to venture together.

σύντομος, ον, (συντεμῆν) cut off, cut short: metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a road, σύντομος δδὸς a short cut: συντομώτατον or τὰ συντομώτατα, by the shortest cut. 2. concise, brief, short.

Hence

συντόμως, Adv. *concisely, shortly* : Comp. —ώτερον and —ωτέρως : Sup. —ώτατα and —ωτάτως.

σύντονος, ov, (συντείνειν) *on the stretch, strained tight*, . . . 2. metaph. *intense, excessive* : of persons, *earnest, serious, vehement* : neut. pl. σύντονα as Adv. *earnestly, vehemently*. II. (σύν, τόνος) *in harmony or unison with*.

συν-τράγωδῶ, f. ἴσω, *to act tragedy together*.

συν-τράπεζος, ov, (σύν, τράπεζα) *eating at the same table* : as Subst., συντράπεζος, ὁ, ἡ, *a messmate*.

σύν-τρεις, oi, αἱ, σύν-τρια, τά, (σύν, τρεῖς) *three together, three and three*.

συν-τρέφω, f. —θρέψω, *to feed besides, help to feed* : —Pass. *to grow up together, live together*. II.

of liquids, *to congeal* : —Pass. *to be congealed, freeze*.

συν-τρέχω, f. —θρέξομαι, or more commonly —δράμωμαι : aor. 2 —έδραμον :—*to run together, gather together* : to commingle. 2. of enemies, *to rush together, meet in battle, encounter*, Lat. concurrere. 3. as friends, *to come together, agree* : generally, *to concur, coincide*. 4. *to meet with*. 5. *to run or strive up*.

συντρήσαι, aor. I inf. of συντρίβω.

συν-τρίαινω, f. ὥσω, (σύν, τρίαῖνα) *to overthrow with a trident* : generally, *to overwhelm in ruin*.

συντριβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντριβω.

συν-τρίβω [τ] : f. ψω : aor. I —έτριψα : Pass., aor. 2 —έτριβην [τ] : pf. —έτριψαμι :—*to rub together*. II. *to crush, grind down, shiver to atoms*, Lat. conterere : συντριβειν τὰ ναῖς *to stave the ships in* : Pass., συντριβήναί τῆς κεφαλῆς *to have one's head broken*. III. metaph. *in Pass. to run against, clash with*.

συντριπαρχέω, f. ἴσω, *to be a συντριπαρχος*. From

συντριπαρχος, ὁ, *a partner in fitting out a trireme*.

σύντριμμα, ατος, τό, (συντριβω) *a fracture, destruction*. II. *a stumbling-block, offence*.

συντριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, ἡ, (συντριβω) *shattering, smashing* : of a lubber-fiend that breaks the pots in the kitchen.

συντροφία, ἡ, *a being reared together* : *a brood*. From

συντροφος, ov, (συντρέφω) *brought up together with* : of the same origin as. 2. generally, *living with* : familiar, ordinary, common : of animals, *brought up together*. 3. *natural, usual, common*. II.

act., —συντροφος ζωῆς *helping to preserve life*.

συν-τροχάζω, = συντρέχω.

συν-τυγχάνω, fut. —τεύξομαι : aor. 2 —έτυχον :—*to meet with, fall in with* : *to converse, speak with* : ὁ συντυχών, *like ὁ τυχών, the first that meets one, any one* : τὸ συντυχόν *the first thing that comes to hand, anything common or mean*. II. of accidents, *to happen to, befall* : absol. *to happen, fall out, chance* ; εὖ συντυχόντων *if things should go well* : impers., συνετύγχανε, συνέτυχε *it happened that . . .*

συν-τυμβωρύχέω, f. ἴσω, *to help in robbing graves*.

συν-τύραννοκτονέω, f. ἴσω, *to join in slaying tyrants*.

συν-τύρω, f. ὥσω, (σύν, τυρός) *to make into cheese together, hence to concoct*, Lat. concoquere.

συντυχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συντυγχάνω.

συντύχια Ion. —ή, ἡ, (συντυχεῖν) *an occurrence, incident* : *a conjuncture, happy chance, happy event* : also *a mischance, accident*.

συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. *to play a part along with* : *to help in maintaining a character*.

συν-υποτίθηναι, f. —θήσω, *to help in putting under* : Med. *to help in composing*.

συν-υπουργέω, f. ἴσω, *to join in serving or assisting*.

συν-ύβालω, aor. I —ύβηναι [ῡ] : aor. I pass. —ύβανθην :—*to weave together* : metaph. *to combine as in one web, frame cunningly*.

συν-ὠδίνω [τ], *to be in travail together* : *to share in any agony*.

συν-ᾠδός, ὄν, (σύν, ᾠδή) *singing or sounding in unison* : *echoing or responsive to* : metaph. *according with, in unison with*.

συνᾠκησα, aor. I of συνουκέω.

συνᾠμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of συνίμην.

συνωμοσία, ἡ, (συνόμνυμι) *a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy* : confederacy.

συνωμότης, ου, ὁ, (συνόμνυμι) *one who is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate*.

συνώμοτος, ov, (συνόμνυμι) *leagued or banded by oath* : confederate.

συν-ὠνέομαι, f. ἴσομαι : pf. pass. —έωνηναι : Dep. : —*to buy together* : *to collect by offering pay, take into one's pay*. II. *to buy up*, Lat. coemere : pf. also

in pass. sense, ὁ συνωνημένος σῖτος corn bought up.

συν-ὠνύμος, ov, (σύν, ὄνομα Accl. for ὄνομα) *of like name or meaning*.

συνωριαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συνωρίς) *one who drives a pair-horsed chariot*.

συνωρίξω, f. σω, (συνωρίς) *to yoke together* :—Med. *to link with oneself*.

συνωρίκευομαι, Dep. *to drive a synwripis*. From

συνωρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (συνάριος) *a pair of horses or mules, a two-horse chariot*. II. generally, *a pair or couple of anything*, Lat. biga. III. *that which binds together, a pair of fetters*.

συν-ὠφέλω, f. ἴσω, *to join in helping* : absol. *to be of use, assist together* :—Pass. *to derive profit together*.

συνωφρυνέμενος, pf. part. of συνοφρυνόομαι.

συν-ᾠγᾶδόν, Adv. (συνέχω) of Time, *perpetually, continually* : continuously.

συο-κτᾶσία, ἡ, (σὺς, κτεῖναι) *a slaying of swine*.

συο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (σὺς, φένω) *a slayer of swine*.

συο-φόντης, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of Συῶς, a Syrian woman.

Συράκουσαι [ᾱ], αἱ, Ion. Συρήκουσαι Dor. Συράκοσαι, Syracuse. Hence

Συράκοσιος, α, ov, Ion. Συρηκ-, Dor. and Att. Συράκόσιος, Syracusan.

σὺρ-γαστρος, ὁ, (σύρομαι, γαστήρ) *trailing the belly, of a worm or snake*.

σύρδην, Adv. (σύρω) *rushing furiously*. 2. in a long line.

Σύρια, ἡ, (Σύρος) *the land of the Syrians, Syria*.

σύριγμα, ατος, τό, (σύριτω) *the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound*.

σύριγμός, ὁ, (σύριτω) *the sounding of a pipe, a piping, whistling*.

σύριγξ, ἰγγος, ὁ, *a shepherd's pipe, Pan's pipe*. II. anything in shape like a pipe, as, . . . I. a spear-case. 2. the box or hole in the nave of a wheel. 3.

metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From

ΣΥΡΙΓΩ Att. συρίτω Dor. συρίσσω: fut. -ίξω Att. -ίξομαι: aor. I ἔσυριξα later ἔσυρισα, inf. συρίσαι:—to play on the Pan's pipe (σύριγξ). II.

to make a piping, whistling sound: hence to hiss an actor, Lat. *explodere*.

Συρίη-γενής, ἐς, (Σύρια, γένος) *Syrian-born*.

σύρικτας, ἁ, ὁ, Dor. for συριστής, οὔ.

Σύριος, α, ον, (Σύρος) *Syrian*.

σύρισδω, σύρισδες, Dor. for συρίσω, συρίσεις.

σύρισμα, ατος, τό, = σύριγμα.

συριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = συριστής.

συριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συρίω) *a player on the Pan's pipe (σύριγξ), a piper*.

Συριστί, Adv. (Σύρος) *in the Syrian language*.

σύριττω, f. ἴξω, = συρίω, q. v.

σύρμα, ατος, τό, (σύρω) *anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train*.

συρμαία Ion. -αίη, ἡ, (συρμός) *an emetic or purgative draught, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt-water, whence the radish itself is called συρμαίη*. Hence

συρμαίω, f. σω, *to take an emetic or purge*.

συρμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύρω) *anything swept together, refuse, rubbish*.

συρμός, ὁ, (σύρω) *any sweeping or trailing motion, Lat. tractus, the track of meteors, etc.* II. *that which is dragged along, a trail*. III. *a vomiting, purging*.

σύρουσα, Dor. for σύπουσα, part. fem. of σύρω.

Σύρος, ὁ, *Syros, one of the Cyclades; also called Σύρα, ἡ, and in the Odyssey Συρίη*.

Σύρος, ὁ, *a Syrian*. [ῥ]

Σύρο-φοίνις, ἴκος, ὁ, (Σύρος, Φοινίκη) *a Syroboe-nician: fem. Σύροφολινισσα, a Syroboe-nician woman*.

συρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, *to sew or stitch together, sew up*.

συρ-ράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, = συρρήννυμι in intr. sense, *to dash together, clash together, fight with*, Lat. *confligere*.

συρ-ρέω, f. ξω, *to sacrifice together*.

συρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύομαι: pf. -εppήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -εppήν—*to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, to flow or stream in together*.

συρ-ρήννυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I συνέppηκα: Pass. aor. 2 συνεppάγην [ᾶ]: pf. συνέppηγαί, but also pf. 2 intr. συνέppαγα:—*to break to pieces: συρ-ρῆσαι eis ἓν to break up and make into one: metaph. in Pass. to be broken down by sufferings*. II. Pass.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 συνέppαγα): *to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together: of rivers, to run into one another: of war, to break out*. συρ-ρίζομαι, (σύν, ρίζω) Pass. *to have the roots united: to take root together with*.

Σύρτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (σύρω) *a sand-bank in the sea: of the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor*.

σύρφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σύρω) = συρφετός. II. as Adj. swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous.

συρφετός, ὁ, (σύρω) *anything swept together, refuse, litter, rubbish, Lat. quisquiliae*. II. metaph. a mixed crowd, mob, rabble.

ΣΥΡΩ [ῥ], f. σύρω: aor. I ἔσυρά: pf. σέσυρκα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐσύρων [ῥ]: pf. σέσυρμαι:—*to draw, drag, trail along: to drag by force, force away, hale: generally, to sweep away*.

ΣΥΨ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. σῦος, acc. σὺν: nom. pl. σῦες, acc. σῦας contr. σὺς, dat. σὺσί Ep. σῦεσαι:—Lat. SUS, = *us, a swine, pig, whether hog or boar, or sow; σὺς κάπριος a wild boar*.

συ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -κεδάσω, *to toss all about*.

συ-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, *to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up: generally, to make ready, prepare: to contrive, concert*. II. Med. *to pack up one's own baggage, and generally to pack up: part. pf. pass. συσκευασμένος or συσκευασάμενος all packed up, in marching order*. 2. *to prepare, make ready, provide*. 3. *to contrive, concert*. 4. generally, *to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together*. Hence

συσκευασία, ἡ, *a packing up, getting ready, for a journey or march*.

συ-σκευοφόρῳ, f. ἡσω, *to carry baggage together*. συ-σκευώρομαι, f. ἥσομαι, Dep. *to contrive, devise, concert*.

συ-σκηνέω, f. ἡσω, *to live in the same tent or bouse with another, to lodge together: to mess with any one*. Hence

συσκηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *one who lives in the same tent, a messmate, Lat. contubernalis*.

συσκηνητρια, ἡ, fem. of συσκηνητήρ.

συσκηνία, ἡ, (σύσκηνος) *a dwelling in one tent: of soldiers, a messing together*.

συσκήνιον, τό, *a common meal, of the Lacedaemonians*. From

σύ-σκηνος, ον, (σύν, σκηνή) *living in one tent: as Subst., σύσκηνος, ὁ, a messmate, comrade, Lat. contubernalis*. Hence

συ-σκηνώω, f. ὥσω, = συσκηνέω.

συ-σκιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to throw a shade quite over, to cover entirely*.

σύ-σκιος, ον, (σύν, σκιά) *shaded over, shaded*.

συ-σκοτέω, *to contemplate along with or together*.

συ-σκοτάζω, f. ἄσω, *to grow or become dark: impers., συσκοτάζει it grows dark*.

συ-σκυθρωπάζω, f. σω, *to look sad or gloomy together*.

συ-σπαράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to rend in pieces.
 συ-σπάω, f. άσω [ά], to draw or squeeze together :
 of skins, to sew together.
 συ-σπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπείρα) to be coiled up
 together : of soldiers, to be formed in close order : to
 march in close order.
 συ-σπείρω, to sow or sprinkle together.
 συ-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to join in making a liba-
 tion :—Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc.
 συ-σπενδύω, f. σω, to join in hastening or promoting,
 to lend a helping hand.
 συ-σπλαγγνέω, f. σω, (σύν, σπλάγγνα) to help to
 the flesh of the victim at a sacrifice.
 σύ-σπονδος, ov, (σύν, σπονδή) making a libation
 with : joining in the same treaty.
 συ-σπουδάω, f. άσω, to make haste along with or
 together, to be in earnest about a thing. II. trans.
 to pursue or manage zealously together.
 συ-σσειώ, f. σω, to shake together : to make to quiver
 or tremble.
 συ-σσημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαίνω) to join in
 sealing and signing.
 σύς-σημος, ov, (σύν, σήμα) marked in common : as
 Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.
 συ-σσιτέω, f. ήσω, (σύσσιτος) to eat or mess with :
 to eat or mess together. Hence
 συ-σσίτησις, εως, ή, = συσσιτία : and
 συ-σσιτία, ή, a messing together or in common. II.
 a club or mess.
 συ-σσίπινω, τό, (συ-σσιτέω) : I. in pl. a common
 meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together accord-
 ing to the institution of Lycurgus. II. a dining-
 room, hall.
 σύ-σιτος, ov, (σύν, σιτέω) eating together with or
 in common : as Subst., σύσσιτος, ό, a messmate.
 συ-σώζω, f. σω, to help to save or deliver.
 σύς-σωμος, ov, (σύν, σώμα) united in one body.
 συ-σσωφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be a partner in tem-
 perance.
 συστᾶδόν, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close toge-
 ther : of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. cominus.
 συστᾶθεις, aor. 1 pass. part. of συνίσταμαι.
 συστᾶλεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω.
 συ-στιάδω, f. άσω, to join in sedition, be factious
 with. Hence
 συ-στιάσασαίης, ου, ό, one who takes part in a sedi-
 tion, a fellow-rioter.
 συ-στιάσις, ή, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together,
 meeting : in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, bat-
 tle : σύστασις γνώμης a conflict of mind. 2. an
 union, association, club. 3. metaph. sternness,
 barsbness, rigour.
 συ-στιάσωτης, ου, ό, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of
 the same party, a partisan.
 συ-στιάτικός, ή, όν, (συνίσταμαι) of or for bringing
 together, introductory, commendatory ; ή συστατική
 επιστολή a letter of introduction.
 συ-σταυρόω, f. ώσω, to crucify along with.

συ-στεγάζω, f. άσω, to cover together or entirely.
 συ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω : aor. 1 -έσταια : pf. act. -έσ-
 ταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι :—to draw together, draw in :
 hence to shorten sail. 2. to draw in, contract, com-
 press, condense :—Pass. to be contracted, get smaller ;
 συ-στέλλεσθαι εις ετέλειαν to be drawn in towards
 economy, i. e. to retrench : so also in pf. pass. part.
 συνεσταλμένος, drawn in, brought into narrow com-
 pass, moderate. 3. metaph. to lower, humble,
 abase :—Pass. to be lowered or cast down. II. to
 wrap closely up, shroud, veil :—Med., συ-στέλλεσθαι
 θοιμάτιον to wrap one's cloak close round one ; συ-
 στέλλεσθαι έαυτόν to gird up one's loins ; so aor. 2
 pass. part. συ-σταλεις ready for action. III. in
 Gramm. to use a syllable short.
 συ-σθενίζω, f. ξω, to sigh or groan with.
 συ-στεφανών, f. ώσω, to crown along with or together.
 σύστημα, ατος, τό, (συνίσταμαι) that which is put
 together, a composite whole : a composition ; a col-
 lege, assembly.
 συ-στοιχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, στοίχος) to stand in the
 same row or line with : to be coordinate or in conform-
 ity with, to correspond to.
 συ-στολίζω, f. ίσω, = συ-στέλλω, to put together, fa-
 bricate. II. to unite.
 συ-στοράτεια, ή, a common campaign or expedition.
 From
 συ-στρατεύω, f. -εύσω ; also as Dep. συ-στρατεύο-
 μαι, f. -εύσομαι :—to make a campaign, serve along
 with or together, to join or share in an expedition.
 συ-στοράτηγέω, f. ήσω, to be the fellow-general of.
 From
 συ-στράτηγος, a fellow-general, joint commander.
 συ-στράτιωτης, ου, ό, a fellow-soldier.
 συ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, Dep. to encamp along with.
 συ-στρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. 2 συνεστράφην [ά] :
 pf. συνέστραμμαι :—to twist or coil up together, roll
 into a mass, Lat. globare ; generally, to collect in
 one, combine : of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid
 body ; συ-στρέφειν έαυτόν to rally or collect oneself :
 —Pass. to be united in one body, combine : to club
 together, conspire. 2. of sentences, to compress,
 condense, make terse or concise ; συνεστραμμένη λέ-
 ξις a rounded, periodic style. II. to twist or whirl
 round, whirl away, carry off. III. to turn all
 together, to make wheel round. Hence
 συ-στροφή, ή, a rolling up together, winding into
 a ball. II. any dense or compact mass : a body
 of men, a crowd, Lat. globus : a coming together,
 gathering.
 συ-σφάζω, f. ξω : aor. 2 pass. συνεσφάγην [ά], inf.
 συ-σφαγήναι :—to slay along with or together.
 συ-σφιγέω, f. ξέω, to lace or bind close together.
 συ-σχημάτιζω, f. σω, to conform one thing to
 another :—Pass. to be conformed to another's ex-
 ample.
 συ-σχολάζω, f. σω, to pass one's leisure with or to-
 gether.

σύτο [ῥ], Ep. for ἔσσυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with aor. sense) of σέω.

σῦφεός, ὁ, lengthd. form for συφεός.

σῦφεός, ὁ, (σὺς) a hog-sty; συφεόνδε = εἰς or πρὸς συφεόν, to the sty.

σῦ-φόρβιον, τό, (σὺς, φέρβω) a herd of swine.

σῦ-φορβός, ὁ, (σὺς, φέρβω) = ὑφορβός, a swine-herd.

σύφος, α, ον, Aeol. for σόφος.

ΣΥΧΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, of Time, long; with plur. nouns, many together. 2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, numerous, frequent. 3. the dat. συχνῶ is often joined with a Comp. Adj., like πολλῶ, as, συχνῶ βελτίων far better. 4. neut. συχνόν and συχνά as Adv. often, much.

σφαγεῖον, τό, (σφαγήναι) a bowl for catching the blood of the victim in sacrifices. II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself.

σφαγείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of σφάζω.

σφαγείς, ἑως, ὁ, (σφάζω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: ὁ σφαγεὺς ἕστηκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a sacrificial knife.

σφαγή, ἡ, (σφαγήναι) slaughter, butchery, sacrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαὶ πυρὸς the sacrificial fire. 2. a wound. II. the throat, Lat. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγιαζομαι, f. ἀσμαι, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice. II. more rarely an Act. σφαιγιαζω occurs in the same sense, whence aor. I part. σφαιγιασθείς as Pass., having been sacrificed. Hence

σφαιγιασμός, ὁ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σφάγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σφάγια, τά, a victim: δοῦλα σφάγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from sq. [ᾱ]

σφάγιος, ον, also α, ον, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing: killing, deadly.

σφαγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (σφάζω) a sacrificial knife: generally, a knife.

ΣΦΑΔΑΖΩ, f. σω, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhe or struggle convulsively. Hence σφαδασμός, ὁ, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑΖΩ Att. σφάττω: f. σφάζω: aor. I ἔσφαξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσφαχθην: aor. 2 ἔσφαχην [ᾱ]: fut. σφαγήσομαι: pf. ἔσφαγμαι:—to slay by cutting the throat, Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, sacrifice, immolate.

ΣΦΑΙΡΑ, ας, ἡ, a ball, esp. a ball to play with; σφαίρῃ παίζειν to play at ball; σφαῖραν βίπτειν to toss the ball about. 2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιρηδόν, Adv. (σφαῖρα) like a globe or ball.

σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω, (σφαῖρα) to play at ball.

σφαιρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαῖρα) like a ball, spherical:

τὰ σφαιρικά the science of the spheres, astronomy.

σφαιρίον, τό, Dim. of σφαῖρα, a small ball.

σφαιριστής, οὗ, ὁ, (σφαίριζω) a ball-player.

σφαιρο-ειδής, ἑς, (σφαῖρα, εἶδος) ball-like, globular, spherical: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρώ, f. ὠσω: pass. pf. ἐσφαιρωμαι, plqpf. ἐσφαιρώμην: (σφαῖρα):—to make globular or spherical:—Pass., στήθεα δ' ἐσφαιρωτο his chest was rounded and arched. II. to tip with a ball or button; ἀκόντια ἐσφαιρωμένα spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαιρώ) rounded, made globular. II. tipped with a ball or button.

σφακέλλω, f. σω, to be gangrened, mortify; ἐσφακέλισε τε τὸ ὀστέον καὶ ὁ μηρὸς ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From σφάκελος, ὁ, gangrene, mortification. 2. a spasm, convulsion: convulsive fury. [ᾱ]

ΣΦΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, the plant sage, Lat. salvia. [ᾱ]

σφακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάζω) slaughtered, sacrificed.

σφαλέως, aor. 2 part. pass. of σφάλω.

σφαλέρος, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάλω) making to fall, totter or stagger: metaph. slippery, perilous, precarious, Lat. lubricus. II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, staggering. Adv. -ρῶς.

σφαλήναι, aor. inf. pass. of σφάλω.

σφαλλόντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλω.

ΣΦΑΛΛΩ, f. σφάλω: aor. I ἐσφηλα, inf. σφήλαι: Pass., with fut. med. σφαλήσομαι, σφαλῶμαι: aor. 2 ἐσφάλην [ᾱ]: pf. ἐσφαλμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐσφαλτο:—to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wrestling: make to stumble, throw down, overbrow: to make to totter or reel. 2. metaph. to baffle, foil, balk, disconcert, disappoint. II. Pass. to be tripped up, to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters. 2. to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccessful; οὐ τι μὴ σφαλῶ γ' ἐν σοὶ ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee:—c. gen. rei, to be balked or disappointed of a thing. 3. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

σφάλμα, ατος, τό, a stumble, false step. II. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault, failing, trespass.

σφάξ, Dor. for σφήξ, a wasp.

σφάγας, aor. I part. of σφάζω.

σφαράγεσθαι, Dep. (σφάραγος) to burst with a noise, to crack, crackle, hiss. 2. to groan with fulness, be full to bursting.

σφαράγιζω, f. σω, to stir up with a loud noise. From ΣΦΑΡΑΓΟΣ, ὁ, a bursting with a noise, crackling, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφαρά]

σφᾶς, enclit. acc. of σφέις.

σφᾶς [ᾱ], acc. pl. fem. of σφός.

σφάττω, Att. for σφάζω.

σφε, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and fem. of σφέις, them. II. in Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. bim, her.

σφεῖς, nom. and acc. pl. neut. of σφέις.

σφεῖς, Ep. and Ion. acc. pl. for σφᾶς.

σφεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of σφοδρός, eager, vehement, earnest: neut. σφεδανόν as Adv. eagerly, vehemently.

ΣΦΕΙΓΣ, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, *they*, neut. **σφέα**: gen. **σφῶν**: dat. **σφίσι**: acc. **σφᾶς**, neut. **σφέα**. The Ep. and Ion. forms are,—nom. **σφεῖς**: genit. **σφῶν** Ep. also **σφεῖων**: dat. **σφί** and **σφῖν**, very rarely used also for dat. sing.: accus. **σφέας** Ep. also **σφέας**, also **σφε** (both sing. and pl.). There are also some Aeol. and Dor. forms,—nom. **σφές**, dat. **σφῖν** and **ψῖν**, acc. **ψε**. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus. The notion is often strengthened by αὐτός, as in **σφῶν αὐτῶν, σφέας αὐτούς**. II. there is a rare usage of σφεῖς for 2nd pers. pl., **μετὰ σφίσιν** for **μεθ' ὑμῖν**.

ΣΦΕΛΛΑΣ, ατος, τό, a footstool: Ep. contr. plur. **σφέλα**, for **σφέλατα, σφέλαα**.

σφενδάμνινος, η, ον, of maple wood, Lat. *acernus*: metaph. **ἄνδρες σφενδάμνινοι** 'hearts of maple.' From **ΣΦΕΝΔΑΜΝΟΣ**, ἡ, the maple, Lat. *acer*.

σφενδονάω, f. ῥω, to sling, to use the sling. II. to throw as from a sling, hurl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish. 3. to smite with a sling. From

σφενδόνη, ἡ, a sling, Lat. *funda*, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each end. II. anything like a sling in shape; the hoop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone, Lat. *funda* or *pala annuli*. III. the act of slinging, a throw, cast. IV. that which is slung, the stone or bullet of the sling.

σφενδονήτης, ου, δ, (σφενδονάω) a slinger. **σφές**, Aeol. and Dor. for **σφεῖς**.

σφετερίζω, f. ῥω Dor. **ῖζω**, (σφέτερος) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp: also as Dep. **σφετερίζομαι**, whence Dor. aor. I part. **σφετεριζάμενος**.

σφέτερος, α, ον, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. **σφεῖς**, *their own, their, belonging to them*:—also of the 3rd pers. sing., *his, hers*. II. sometimes also used of others than the 3rd pers., as: I. of the 2nd pers. pl., = **ὑμέτερος**, *your own*: and of the 2nd pers. sing., = **σός**, *thy, thine own*. 2. of the 1st pers. pl., = **ἡμέτερος**, *our own*: and of the 1st pers. sing., = **ἐμός**, *my own, mine*.

σφεῖων, Ep. and Ion. for **σφῶν**, gen. of **σφεῖς**. **σφῆ**, dat. fem. of **σφός**.

σφηκιά, ἡ, (σφήξ) a wasp's nest. **σφηκίσκος, δ**, (σφήξ) a piece of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

σφηκο-εἰδής, ἐς, (σφήξ, εἶδος) = **σφηκώδης**. **σφηκῶς, f. ῥω**, (σφήξ) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the waist: generally, to pinch in, bind tightly:—Pass., **πλοχομοὶ χρυσῷ τε καὶ ἀργύρῳ ἐσφηκωντο** (3 pl. plqpf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

σφηκο-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for **σφηκοειδής**, (σφήξ, εἶδος) wasp-like, pinched in at the waist like a wasp.

σφήκομα, ατος, τό, (σφηκῶς) the point of a helmet in which the plume is fixed.

σφήλαι, aor. I inf. of **σφάλλω**.

σφήλα, Ep. for **ἐσφηλα**, aor. I of **σφάλλω**.

ΣΦΗΝ, **σφήνός, δ**, a wedge, Lat. *cuneus*.

σφήνο-πῶγων, ανος, δ, (σφήν, πῶγων) with a wedge-shaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented: in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage.

σφήνω, f. ῶσω, (σφήν) to wedge up, close.

ΣΦΗΞ, **σφής, δ**, a wasp, Lat. *vespa*.

Σφήττος, δ, an Attic deme: Adv. **Σφήττοι** at *Sphettus*: Adj. **Σφήττιος, α, ον**, a *Sphettian*.

σφί, σφῖν, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl. of **σφεῖς**: also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

σφίγγω, τό, (σφίγγω) a band, a bracelet or necklace.

ΣΦΙΓΓΩ, f. σφίγξω: aor. I **ἐσφίγγα**: Pass., aor. I **ἐσφίγχθην**: pf. **ἐσφίγγμαι**:—to bind tight, bind in or together: to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture: to shut close: also to straiten, compress. Hence

σφικτήρ, ἥρος, δ, a tight binder, a lace, band.

σφικτός, η, ον, verb. Adj. of **σφίγγω**, tight-bound: **θάνατος σφικτός** death by strangling.

σφίγκτωρ, ορος, δ, poet. for **σφικτήρ**.

Σφίγξ, ἡ, gen. **Σφίγγος**, the *Sphinx*, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself: in works of art she is represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From **σφίγγω**, so the *Sphinx* properly means the Throttler.)

σφῖν, v. σφί.

σφίστι, σφίστιν, dat. of **σφεῖς**.

σφογγία, σφόγγιον, σφόγγος, Att. for **σπογγ-**.

σφόδρᾶ, Adv., properly neut. pl. of **σφοδρός**, very, very much, exceedingly, with vehemence.

ΣΦΟΔΡΟΣ, ᾶ, ον, also **ὄς, ον**, vehement, violent, excessive. II. of men, violent, impetuous: also active, zealous.

σφοδρύνω, (σφοδρός) to make vehement:—Pass. **σφοδρύνομαι**, to be violent or overbearing: **σφοδρύνεσθαι τι** to put overweening trust in a thing. [v]

σφοδρῶς, Adv. of **σφοδρός**, violently: Sup. **σφοδρότατον**.

σφονδύλη, ἡ, Att. for **σπονδύλη**, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

σφονδύλιος, δ, like **σπόνδυλος**, a vertebra.

σφονδύλο-βλήτης, ον, (σφόνδυλος, δινέω) twirled on a spindle.

σφόνδυλος, δ, Att. for **σπόνδυλος**, a vertebra. II. any round body: the round weight which twirls a spindle.

σφός, σφή, σφόν, (σφέ) sing. masc., *his, his own*; fem., *her, her own*. II. (σφεῖς) plur. masc. and fem., *their, their own*, like **σφέτερος**.

σφραγίδιον, τό, Dim. of **σφραγίς**.

σφραγίδονυξ-αργο-κομήτης, ου, δ, (σφραγίς, ὄνυξ, ἀργός, κομῶ) Comic name for a coxcomb, a lazy long-haired fellow that wears an onyx signet-ring.

σφραγίζω Ion. **σφρηγ-**: f. **ῥω**: pf. pass. **ἐσφρά-**

γισμαι: (σφραγίς):—to seal: to seal up, shut up. II. generally, to mark as with a seal, stamp. III. metaph. to seal or stamp with approval, limit, define, determine.

ΣΦΡΑΓΙΣ Ion. σφρηγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a seal to mark anything with: a seal, signet-ring: generally, a ring: also the gem or stone for a ring. II. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal. III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit.

σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφραγίζω) an impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίς, Ion. for σφραγ-.

σφρηγῖαω, f. ἥσω, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere: esp. of horses, to be in full health and strength, Lat. vigere. II. metaph. to swell with pride; σφρηγῶν μῦθος an overweening speech.

σφυγμός, ὁ, (σφύζω) the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts: also the beating of the heart, the pulse.

σφύζω, f. ξω, to throb, beat violently: of the pulse, to beat; τὰ σφύζοντα the veins or arteries.

ΣΦΥΡΑ, ἡ, a hammer.

II. an implement of husbandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth.

σφυράς, ἄδος, ἡ, Att. for σφυράς, σφυραθος, the dung of goats and sheep.

σφυρ-ήλατος, ον, (σφυρα, ἐλαύνω) wrought or beaten out with the hammer. II. metaph. wrought as out of iron, rigid.

ΣΦΥΡΟΝ, τό, the ankle: metaph., ὀρθῶ στήσαι ἐπὶ σφυρῷ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright. II. metaph. the lowest part or base.

σφύσσω, Dor. for σφύζω.

σφῶ, apocopate Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶν: gen. and dat. σφῶν for σφῶν.

ΣΦΩΕ, dual masc. and fem. nom. and acc. of person. Pron. of 3rd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶν:—they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩΤ, nom. and acc. dual masc. and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers.; gen. and dat. σφῶν:—you two, both of you.

σφωίτερος, α, ον, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφῶν, of or belonging to you two. 2. as possess.

Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφῶε, of or belonging to them two or both of them. II. also used as possess.

Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., thy, thine. 2. of 3rd pers. sing., his, her.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶν, gen. and dat. of σφῶν.

ΣΧΑΔΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the larva of the bee or wasp. II. the cell of a honeycomb, the honeycomb, Lat. favus.

ΣΧΑΖΩ, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἔσχασα:—to slit, cut open;

σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open a vein. II. to let fall, let drop, let down: metaph., σχάσθαι τὴν ἱπικὴν to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf. 2. to check, stop, master. 3. to let go;

σχάζειν τὴν φροντίδα to let the mind go free.

ΣΧΑΛΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a forked stick, used as a ladder, Lat. scala:—a forked stick, used as a prop for nets.

σχάω, impf. ἔσχων, rare Att. form of σχάζω.

σχέ, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω, for σχές.

σχεδία Ion. -λή, ἡ, a light boat or craft, raft, float; σχεδία διφθέρην a raft of hides: poet. a boat, ship. 2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.

σχεδιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχεδιος) to make or do a thing off-hand: to speak or write off-hand.

σχεδῖην, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σχέδιος, near, nigh, Lat. cominus. II. at once.

σχεδιος, α, ον, (σχεδόν) near, at close quarters; σχεδία μάχη a close fight, hand to hand.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεδόν) from near, from nigh at hand: also nigh at hand, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus: also used as Prep., c. dat. and c. gen. 2. of Motion, into the neighbourhood of, towards. 3. of Degree, nearly, hard upon, all but

σχεδὸν πάντες nearly all; σχεδὸν ἐπίσταμαι I am pretty well assured.

σχεθον, Ep. for ἔσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.

σχεθεῖν Ep. σχεθέειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω: see ἔσχεθον.

σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχεῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Att. for σκεῖς, mostly in plur. σκελίδες, ribs of beef.

σχεμεν, σχέμεναι, Ep. for σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχενδύλα or σχενδύλη, ἡ, (σχεῖν) a carpenter's tool, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχεό, Ep. for σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

Σχερία, ἡ, Scheria, the island of the Phaeacians: later Κέρκυρα, Lat. Corcyra, now Corfu.

σχερός, ὁ, used only in the phrase ἐν σχερῷ, in a row or line, one after another, successively. Compare ἐπισχερῷ.

σχές, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω.

σχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἔχω.

σχέσις, εως, ἡ, (σχεῖν) state, condition, habit of body: the nature or fashion of a thing; βίου σχέσις a way of life.

σχετήριον, τό, (σχεῖν) a check, a remedy.

σχετλιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχετλιος) to complain of bardship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, ὁ, angry complaining, invective.

σχετλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον: (σχεῖν):—properly, able to bear: I. of Persons, hardhearted, merciless, cruel, savage. 2. much-suffering, unflinching, bardy. 3. miserable, unhappy. II. of Things, cruel, shocking, horrid, abominable. Hence

σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably: Sup. σχετλιώτατα.

σχετό, Ep. for ἔσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἔχω.

σχῆμα, ατος, τό, (σχεῖν) form, shape, outward appearance, the figure, person. 2. the form, outside, opp. to the reality: a mere show, pretence. 3. the bearing, look, mien: stateliness, dignity: in plur.

gestures. 4. the fashion, manner, way of a thing ; σχῆμα στολῆς fashion of dress. 5. the state, nature, constitution of a thing. 6. a figure in dancing ; in plur. steps. Hence

σχηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to form, fashion, shape, arrange : so in Med., σχηματίζεσθαι κόμην to dress her hair, Lat. fingere. 2. intr. to assume a certain form or position : to make steps or figures, to dance.

II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way. 2. to demean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend ; σχηματίζονται ἀμαθεῖς εἶναι they pretend to be unlearned. 3. to gesticulate.

σχημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σχῆμα : in plur. the figures of a dance ; σχηματία Λακωνικά Laconian figures.

σχημάτο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (σχήμα, ποιέω) to form, shape or fashion a thing :—Pass. to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate.

σχῆσω, fut. of ἔχω.

σχίδαξ, ἄκος, δ. (σχίζω) = σχίζα.

σχίζα Ion. σχίζη, ἡ, (σχίζω) a cleft piece of wood, splinter, latb, splint, Lat. scindula : in plur. wood split small, firewood. II. an arrow, spear.

ΣΧΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω : aor. I ἔσχισα : Pass., aor. I ἔσχισθην : pf. ἔσχισμαι :—to split, cleave, Lat. scindere : to rend asunder : generally, to part asunder, separate, divide :—so in Pass., Νεῖλος σχίζεται τριφασίας ὁδοῦς the Nile branches into three channels ; ἐσχίζοντο σφεων αἱ γνώμαι their opinions were divided. Hence

σκανδάλιμος, Att. for σκανδάλαμος.

ΣΧΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, the mastich tree, Lat. lentiscus. II. a squill.

σχίνο-τρώκτης, ου, δ. (σχίνος, τρώγω) one who chews mastich-wood.

σχισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of σχίζω.

σχίσις, εως, ἡ, (σχίζω) a cleaving, parting, division.

σχίσμα, ατος, τό, (σχίζω) that which is cloven or parted : a rent, cleft, division. II. generally, division, schism.

σχισμός, δ. (σχίζω) a cleaving, splitting, rending.

σχίσμα, ποῖος, for ἔσχισα, aor. I of σχίζω.

σχιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σχίζω) split, cloven, parted, divided ;

σχιστή ὁδός a road that branches off.

σχοῖστο, ποῖος, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἔχω.

σχοῖνον, aor. 2 opt. of ἔχω.

σχοίνινος, ἡ, ὄν, (σχοῖνος) of rushes, made of rushes.

σχοίνιον, τό, (σχοῖνος) a rope twisted of rushes : generally, a rope, cord, line.

σχοίνις, ἴδος, ἡ, (σχοῖνος) = σχοίνιον.

σχοινίτης [ι], ου, δ. (σχοῖνος) made of rushes : fem.

σχοινίτις, ἴδος.

σχοινο-βάτης [α], ου, δ. (σχοῖνος, βαίνω) a rope-dancer, Lat. schoenobates.

ΣΧΟΙΝΟΣ, δ. also ἡ, a rush, Lat. juncus. 2. a sharp, tough rush or reed, used as an arrow ; also as a spit. 3. a place where rushes grow, a rush-bed.

II. anything twisted or plaited of rushes, a

rope, cord ; πλεκτή σχοῖνος a wicker basket. III. in Greece, the σχοῖνος was a land measure, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοινο-τενής, ἐς, (σχοῖνος, τείνω) stretched out like a measuring-line : in a straight line, straight. II. twisted or plaited of rushes.

σχολάζω, f. ἴσω, (σκολή) to have leisure or spare time, be at leisure : also to have rest or respite from a thing : c. inf. to have leisure or time to do a thing. 2. to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter. II.

σχολάζειν τινί, Lat. vacare rei, to have leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything : also c. dat. pers. to devote oneself to one.

σχολαῖος, α, ον, (σκολή) at one's leisure or ease, leisurely, slow :—Comp. σχολαίτερος. Hence

σχολαιότης, ἡ, σκολή, slowness, laziness.

σχολαῖως, Adv. of σχολαῖος, leisurely :—Comp.

σχολαίτερον or -αίτερα : Sup. σχολαίτατα :—formed like παλαιότερος.

σχολαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκολάζω) being at leisure, leisurely, at ease, Lat. otiosus. II. devoting all one's leisure to learning, learned : hence pedantic.

ΣΧΟΛΗ, ἡ, leisure, spare time, ease, Lat. otium ;

σκολῆν ἄγειν to be at leisure ; σκολῆς ἔργον a work for leisure ; ἐπὶ σκολῇ at leisure ; so, ἐπὶ or μετὰ σκολῆς, κατὰ σκολῆν. II. dat. σκολῇ absol. as Adv., (1) leisurely, slowly : (2) at one's leisure, by leisure, hardly, scarcely, scarcely at all. III. c.

gen. leisure, rest from a thing. IV. idleness.

V. a work of leisure, esp. a learned discussion, disputation, Lat. schola. VI. the place

where such lectures were given, a school.

σκολῆ, dat. of σκολῆ, used as Adv. : in a leisurely way, slowly, late. 2. scarcely, hardly, not at all.

σχολίον, τό, (σκολή) a scholium, note, comment.

σχοῖμος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἔχω.

σχοῖο, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

σχω, aor. 2 subj. of ἔχω : I plur. σχῶμεν.

σχω, aor. 2 part. of ἔχω.

σῶ, Att. nom. pl. contr. for σῶοι.

σῶεσκον, Ion. impf. of σῶω.

σῶζω, lengthd. from ΣΑΪΝ, ΣΑΟΪΝ, ΣΩΪΝ : f. σῶσω : aor. I ἔσωσα : pf. σέσωκα : Pass., aor. I ἐσώθην : pf.

σέσωσμαι Att. σέσωμαι. From the obsol. σαῶω are formed fut. σάσω, aor. I act. ἐσάωσα [α] : fut. med. σάωσομαι : aor. I pass. ἐσάωθην. 2. from contr.

pres. σῶω we have part. σῶοντες, Ion. impf. σῶεσκον. 3. from σῶω, subj. σῶη, σῶης, σῶωσι. To

save, keep : esp. to keep alive, preserve :—Pass. to be saved, preserved ; σάζω, Lat. salvus sis ! vale ! God be with you ! 2. of things, to keep safe, preserve.

3. of the laws, to keep, observe. 4. to keep in mind, remember, opp. to διαλλάναι to forget ; mostly in Med.

II. σῶζω is often used with the additional sense of motion to a place, to bring one safe to :—Pass. to get safe or escape to a place ; ἐς οἶκον σωθῆναι to be brought or get safe home. 2.

σῶζειν ἐκ πολέμου to carry off safe, rescue from war ;

ἐχθρῶν σώσαι χθόνα *to rescue a country from the enemy.*

σωθῆναι, aor. I inf. of σώω.

σώκω, f. ἥσω, like λῶμαι, *to have power or bodily strength: to be able to do*, c. inf. From

ΣΩ ΚΟΞ, ὁ, stout, strong.

Σωκράτew, f. ἥσω, *to do like Socrates, to imitate his dress, gait, speech, etc.* From

Σωκράτης, gen. eos contr. ous: acc. Σωκράτη or Σωκράτην: vocat. Σώκρατες:—*Socrates, the philosopher.* Hence

Σωκρατίδιον, τό, Dim. *dear little Socrates.* [τῷ]

Σωκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, Adj. of Σωκράτης, of or befitting Socrates, Socratic: οἱ Σωκρατικοὶ *the philosophers of his school, Socratics.*

ΣΩΛΗ'Ν, ἦνος, ὁ, a channel, gutter, pipe.

σῶμα, ατος, τό, *the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcase, whereas the living body is δέμας: but later either of the living or dead body.* 2. *body, as opp. to soul (ψυχή): τὰ τοῦ σώματος ἔργα* bodily labours: αἱ τοῦ σώματος ἡδοναὶ pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures. 3. *one's bodily existence, life.* II. *any material body.* III. *a person, human being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.*

σωμ-ασκέω, f. ἥσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκέω) *to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling.* Hence

σωμασκία, ἡ, *bodily exercise, training.*

σωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σῶμα) *of or for the body, bodily, Lat. corporeus.* Hence

σωματικῶς, Adv. *in bodily form.*

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῶμα, *a small body.* [ᾶ]

σωμάτο-ειδής, ἐς, (σῶμα, εἶδος) *of the nature of a body, corporeal.*

σωμάτο-φθορέω, f. ἥσω, (σῶμα, φθεῖραι) *to corrupt or enervate the body.*

σωμάτο-φύλακion, τό, (σῶμα, φυλακή) *a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulchre.* [ᾶ]

σῶος, α, ὄν, contr. σῶς, acc. σῶν: v. σῶς.

σῶπας, Dor. for σιωπᾶς, *to be silent.*

σῶρευμα, ατος, τό, (σῶρεω) *that which is heaped up: a heap, pile.*

σῶρεω, f. σω, (σῶρεω) *to pile or heap one thing on another.* II. *to heap with, cover over with.*

ΣΩΡΟ'Σ, ὁ, a heap, Lat. cumulus: *a heap of corn: generally, a heap, quantity, store: a heap or mound of earth.*

ΣΩ Σ, ὁ, σῶν, τό, acc. sing. σῶν, acc. pl. masc. and fem. σῶς: defect. Adj. σῶος=σός, qq. v.: (the radic. form ΣΑΟΣ was found only in the Homeric comp. σῶστος):—*safe and sound, in good case, healthy, Lat. saluus: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer.* 2. *metaph. safe, sure, certain.*

σωσί-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (σῶζω, πόλις) *saving the city or state.* [ῖ]

σωστέον, verb. Adj. of σῶζω, *one must save.*

σωστρον, τό, mostly in plur. σωστρα, τά, (σῶζω) *like ζῳάγριον, a reward for saving one's life, a thank-*

offering for deliverance from a danger: σωστρα τοῦ παιδὸς θύειν θεοῖς to offer a sacrifice in thanksgiving for his son's deliverance.

II. *the reward for bringing back a runaway slave.*

σώτερα, ἡ, fem. of σωτήρ, *she that saves.* II.

epith. of protecting goddesses, as of Τύχα.

σωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, vocat. σῶτερ, (σῶ(ω) *a saviour, deliverer, preserver: c. gen. subjecti, σωτήρ Ἑλλάδος* a saviour of Greece: also c. gen. objecti, σωτήρ νόσου *a preserver from disease.* 2. as epith. of protecting gods, esp. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Ζεὺς Σωτήρ, *the third cup of wine was dedicated: generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σώτερα, as epith. of Τύχη.* II. poet.

as Adj. *saving, preserving: even with a fem. noun, σωτήρες τιμαὶ* the office of saving. Hence

σωτηρία Ion. -λη, ἡ, *a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus.* 2. *a safe return: ἡ οἰκᾶδε σωτηρία* a safe return home. 3. *a keeping safe: ἐνὶ σωτηρίᾳ* for safeguard.

σωτήριος, ὄν, (σωτήρ) *saving, delivering: neut. pl., σωτήρια, τά, like σωτηρία, ἡ, deliverance, safety.* 2. σωτήρια (sc. ἱερὰ), τά, *an offering in return for safety.* II. pass. saved, delivered, preserved.

σῶτρον, τό, (σῶ(ω) *the wooden circumference of the wheel, the felloe: the iron hoop or tire being ἐπισῶτρον.*

σωφρονέστερον, -ίστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρόνους.

σωφρονέω, f. ἥσω: poet. σωφρονέω: (σώφρων):—*to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moderate.* 2. *to learn moderation, to recover one's senses.* Hence

σωφρόνημα, ατος, τό, *an act of self-control, an instance of temperance, act of moderation: and σωφρονιτέον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate.*

σωφρονητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σωφρονέω) *disposed to temperance, moderate, under self-control.*

σωφρονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σώφρων) *to moderate, control, chasten.* 2. *to chastise, correct.*

σωφρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σώφρων) *disposed to temperance, moderate, sober.* Adv. -κῶς.

σωφρονισμός, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) *a making temperate: chastening.*

σωφρονιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) *one that makes temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor.*

σωφρόνως, Adv. of σώφρων, *temperately, moderately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονέστερον: Sup. σωφρονέστατα.*

σωφροσύνη Ep. σαοφροσύνη, ἡ, *the character or conduct of the σώφρων, moderation, discretion: self-control, temperance, chastity, sobriety, Lat. temperantia.* From

σώ-φρων Ep. σαόφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ: neut. σώφρων: (σῶς, φρήν):—*of sound mind, discreet, prudent, moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, chaste, sober.* Comp. and Sup., σωφρονέστερος, -ίστατος:

σῶχω, Ion. form for ψῶχω, *to rub to pieces*.

σῶω, Ep. for σῶζω.

T

T; **τ**, ταῦ, τό, indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral, $\tau' = 300$, but $\tau = 300,000$.

Changes of **τ**: in Aeol. and Dor., **τ** into **σ**, as *τύ* (Lat. *tu*), *τοί, τέ, τύκον, πατή, etc.* for *σύ, σοί, σέ, σὺκον, φησί, etc.* 2. in new Att., **ττ** for **σσ**, as *πράττω*, *πάττω*, for *πράσσω*, *τάσσω*.

3. in Ion., **τ** for **θ**, as *αἶτις* for *αἰθίς*: in the substantive termin. —*τρον* for —*θρον*, as in *κόσμητρον, φόβητρον*, for *κόσμηθρον, φόβηθρον*.

4. **τ** is inserted in some words metri grat., as *πτόλις, πτόλεμος*, for *πόλις, πόλεμος*.

5. in Dor. and Ion., **τ** is omitted in the oblique cases of some neut. nouns of 3rd decl., as *κέρας, τέρας*, for *κέρᾱ-τος, τέρατος*.

τ, apostroph. for *τε*, and. 2. the particle *τοι* is

joined by crasis with other particles beginning with a vowel, as *τάν, τᾶρα, μετάν*, for *τοι ἄν, τοι ἄρα, μέντοι ἄν*.

3. the Artic. *τό, τά*, is never elided, though joined with another word by crasis, as *τάγαθόν* for *τὸ ἀγαθόν*.

τά, neut. pl. of *ὁ, ὅ, and ὅς*.

ταβέρνη, ης, η, the Lat. *taberna, a tavern, inn*: *τρῆς ταβέρναι* the *Three Taverns*, a place on the Apian Road.

ταγαθά, Att. contr. for *τὰ ἀγαθὰ*.

ταγεία, ἡ, (*ταγεύω*) the office or rank of *Tagus*: generally, *command, rule*.

ταγεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of *τάσσω*.

ταγεύω, *ἰ. σω*, (*ταγός*) to be *Tagus*: generally, to *command, rule*:—Pass. to be united under one *ταγός*.

ταγῆν, *ἰ. ἡσσω*, (*ταγός*) to be commander or ruler.

ταγή, ἡ, = *τάξις*, an ordering, arraying.

ταγή, ἡ, (*ταγός*) authority: as Collective Noun, the commanders.

τάγηνον, τό, like *τήγανον*, a frying-pan.

τάγκλημα, ατος, Att. crasis for *τὸ ἐγκλημα*.

τάγμα, ατος, τό, (*τάσσω*) an ordinance, command. 2. a regular body of soldiers, a corps, division.

ταγός, ὁ, (*τάσσω*) an orderer, commander, ruler: esp. as title of the Chief of Thessaly.

ταγ-οὔχος, ὁ, (*ταγή, ἔχω*) he that has the command or rule, a commander, ruler.

τάδελφού, Att. crasis for *τοῦ ἀδελφού*.

τάδικον, Att. crasis for *τὸ ἀδικον*.

τάθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 1 pass. part. of *τείνω*.

τάθην, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of *τείνω*. [ᾶ]

ταί, Ep. and Ion. for *αἱ*, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. *ὁ*. *Ταινᾶρος, ὁ, ἡ*, also *Ταινάρων, τό*, *Taenarus*, a promontory and town at the southern extremity of Laconia.

ταινία, ἡ, (*τείνω*) a band, riband, fillet, Lat. *taenia*: esp. a riband or headband worn in token of victory.

ταινό-πωλις, ἡ, (*ταινία, πωλέω*) a dealer in ribands.

ταινῶν, ἰ. ὥσω, (*ταινία*) to bind with a *ταινία* or head-band, esp. as conqueror:—Med. *ταινιόμαι*, to wear a head-band or fillet.

ταῖτιον, crasis for *τὸ αἶτιον*.

τάκει, τάκείνων, crasis for *τὰ ἐκεῖ, τὰ ἐκείνων*.

τάκερός, ὁ, ὄν, (*τακῆναι*) fluid, melting, soft, tender: metaph. melting, languishing.

τάκῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *τήκω*.

τακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*τάσσω*) fit for ordering or arranging, of or fit for military tactics; *τὰ τακτικά* military tactics.

τακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τάσσω*, ordered, arranged, fixed, stated; *τακτὸν ἀργύριον* a stated sum.

τάκω, Dor. for *τήκω*.

τάλᾱ-εργός, ὄν, (*τλάω, ἔργον*) enduring labour, painful, drudging: generally, much-enduring.

τάλαινα, fem. of *τάλας*.

τάλαιπωρέω, ἰ. ἡσώ: pf. *τεταλαιπώρηκα*: also as Dep. *ταλαιπωρόμαι*, with *ἰ. med.* —*ἡσσομαι*, aor. pass. *ἐταλαιπώρηθην*: (*ταλῆιππος*):—to endure hardship, do hard work: suffer hardship or distress. II. trans. to weary, wear out, annoy grievously. Hence

τάλαιπωρία Ion. —*ἴη, ἡ*, hard work, severe labour: in pl. bodily hardships or exertions. 2. bodily pain, suffering: affliction, misery.

τάλαιπωρος, ὄν, (*τάλας*) enduring toil, laborious. II. suffering hardship, miserable. Adv. —*πως*.

τάλαι-φρων, ὄν, ὁ, ἡ, (**τλάω, φρήν*) patient of mind, wretched: also stout-hearted, daring.

τάλᾱ-κάρδιος, ὄν, (**τλάω, καρδία*) patient of heart, stout-hearted. 2. much-enduring, miserable.

τάλάντερος, α, ὄν, *τάλάντατος, ἡ, ὄν*, Comp. and Sup. of *τάλας*.

τάλαντεύω, ἰ. σω, (*τάλαντον*) to balance: Pass. to sway to and fro, oscillate. 2. to weigh out, measure out by weight.

τάλανταῖος, α, ὄν, (*τάλαντον*) worth a talent. 2. weighing a talent.

τάλαντιζω, = *τάλαντεύω*, q. v.

ΤΑΛΑΝΤΟΝ [*τᾶ-*], *τό*, a balance: in plur. a pair of scales. II. anything weighed: but mostly used of a fixed weight, a talent: in the post-Homeric times it had a double sense: 1. the talent of weight: the Euboic or old Attic talent weighed about 57lb. avoird., and the Aeginetan 95. 2. the talent of money, i.e. a talent's weight of silver, or a sum of money equivalent to this, which would make the Euboic or old Attic talent worth in our money 243l. 15s. The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drachmae. 3. that which is weighed out or apportioned to one.

τάλαντ-οὔχος, ὄν, (*τάλαντον, ἔχω*) holding the scale or balance: metaph. turning the scale of battle.

τάλᾱός, ἡ, ὄν, (**τλάω*) = *τάλας*, patient, enduring: hence hard-fated, wretched.

τάλᾱ-πείριος, ὄν, (**τλάω, πείρα*) one who has suffered much, epith. of Ulysses: hence later rambling, vagabond.

τᾶλᾶ-πενθής, ἐς, (*τλᾶω, πένθος) *enduring great woe, patient in woe.* 2. of things, *toilsome.*

ΤΑΛΑΡΟΣ [τᾶ-], ὁ, a basket, Lat. *qualus*: a cheese-basket, through which the whey ran off.

ταλάρως, Dor. acc. pl. of ταλάρος.

τάλας, τάλανᾶ (sometimes τάλας), τάλαν: gen. ἄνος, ἀνῆς, ἄνος: voc. τάλαν or τάλας: (*τλᾶω):—*suffering, wretched*, Lat. *miser*: *enduring, patient*: also *fool-hardy, headstrong*; τάλαν Ὁ wretch! Comp. τάλαντερος, α, on: Sup. τάλαντατος, η, on. [τάλας: Dor. also τᾶλᾶς.]

τάλασειος, α, on, Ion. and Ep. τᾶλᾶσῆιός, η, on, (ταλασία) of wool-spinning.

τᾶλᾶσία, ῆ, (τλᾶω) wool-spinning.

τᾶλᾶσιουργέω, f. ῆσω, (ταλασιουργός) to spin wool: generally, to spin.

τᾶλᾶσιουργικός, ῆ, ὄν, of or for wool-spinning. From τᾶλᾶσι-ουργός, ὄν, (ταλασία, *ἐργω) spinning wool: as Subst., ταλασιουργός, ὁ, ῆ, a wool-spinner.

τᾶλᾶσι-φρων, onos, ὁ, ῆ, (*τλᾶω, φρήν) *patient of mind, stout-bearded, of enduring spirit.*

ταλάσσης, -ση, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I subj. of *τλᾶω.

τᾶλαῦ-ρῖνος, on, (*τλᾶω, ῖνός) with shield of tough bull's-hide: neut. as Adv., ταλαῦρινον πολεμίζειν to fight on toughly, stoutly.

τᾶλᾶ-φρων, onos, ὁ, ῆ, shortd. for ταλασίφρων.

τᾶληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

ταλιθά, Syrian word, a damsel, maiden.

ΤΑΛΙΣΣ, ἴδος, ῆ, a marriageable maiden, bride.

τᾶλλα or τᾶλλα, crasis for τὰ ἄλλα.

τᾶμά, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.

τᾶμε [ᾶ], Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τέμνω.

τᾶμεῖν Ep. τᾶμέειν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τᾶμεῖον, τό, = ταμεῖον, a chamber, closet.

τᾶμέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τέμνω.

τᾶμεσί-χρως, oos, ὁ, ῆ, (τάμνω, χρώς) cutting or penetrating the skin, wounding.

τᾶμία, Ep. -λή, ῆ, fem. of ταμίας, a housekeeper, housewife; also γυνὴ ταμίη.

ταμίας Ep. ταμίης, on, ὁ, (τάμνω) one who cuts up and distributes, a distributor, dispenser: a manager, overseer.

II. a steward, receiver, treasurer; ταμίης τοῦ ἱεροῦ the comptroller of the sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens. 2. = Lat. quaestor.

ταμίεια, ῆ, (ταμεῖω) the office of steward, house-keeping, management. II. = Lat. quaestura, the quaestorship.

ταμεῖον, τό, (ταμεῖω) a magazine, storehouse, treasury.

ταμεῖμμα, ατος, τό, (ταμεῖω) management, house-keeping.

ταμεινικός, ῆ, ὄν, of or for housekeeping. II. = Lat. quaestorius, of the quaestor or the quaestorship. From

ταμεῖω, f. σω, and Dep. τᾶμεῖομαι, f. σομαι: (ταμίας):—to be a housekeeper, manager or steward;

οὐκέτι ταμεύσεις μοι thou shalt no longer be my steward. 2. to be quaestor. II. trans. to

serve out stores, dispense. III. to regulate, manage. 2. to husband, save, store up: metaph. to turn to good account.

ταμίη, ῆ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμία.

ταμίης, on, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμίας.

τάμνω, Ion. for τέμνω.

τάμος, Dor. for τῆμος.

τάμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμπαλιν.

ταμών, Ion. aor. 2 part. of τέμνω.

τάν or τάν, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase ᾧ τάν or ᾧ τάν, as a form of address, sir, my good friend.

τάν, Att. crasis for τοι ἄν.

τάν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐν.

Τανάγρα, ῆ, Tanagra, a town of Boeotia. Hence Ταναγραῖος, α, on, of or from Tanagra.

τᾶνᾶ-κῆς, ἐς, (ταναός, ἀκή) with long point or edge, cutting far or deep.

τᾶνᾶ-μῦκος, on, (ταναός, μυκάομαι) bellowing so as to be heard far off, loud-bellowing.

τᾶναντία, crasis for τὰ ἐναντία.

τᾶνᾶῶ-δεῖρος, on, (ταναός, δειρή) long-necked.

τᾶνᾶός, ῆ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (τανύω, τείνω) stretched, outstretched, tall, taper, long.

τᾶνᾶ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ῆ, Ep. for τανύπους.

τᾶνδον or τᾶνδον, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνδον.

τᾶνδρῖ, τᾶνδρός, Att. crasis for τῷ ἀνδρῖ, τοῦ ἀνδρός.

τᾶνη-λεγῆς, ἐς, (ταναός, λέγω) stretching one at length, epith. of death.

τᾶνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.

τᾶνίκα, Dor. for τῆνίκα.

Ταντάλειος or Ταντάλεος, α, on, of or for Tantalus: and

Ταντάλις, ἴδος, ῆ, daughter of Tantalus. From Τάνταλος, on, ὁ, Tantalus king of Phrygia, ancestor of the Pelopidae.

ταντᾶλῶ, f. ὦσω, (τάλαντον) quasi ταλαντόω, to swing:—aor. I pass. part. τανταλωθείς, swung, buried, dashed down.

τᾶνῦ-γλωσσος, on, (τανύω, γλώσσα) long-tongued, chattering, noisy.

τᾶνῦ-γλώχῆς, ἴνος, ὁ, ῆ, (τανύω, γλωχίς) with long point or beard.

τᾶνῦ-δρομος, on, (τανύω, δρόμος) running at full stretch.

τᾶνῦ-έθιρος, on, (τανύω, έθαιρα) long-haired, with flowing hair: fem. also τανυέθειρα.

τανῦ-κῆς, ἐς, like τανακῆς, (τανύω, ἀκή) with a long point or long edge. II. far-stretching.

τᾶνῦ-ήλις, ἴκος, ὁ, ῆ, (τανύω, ήλις) of extended age.

τᾶνῦ-θρις, -τρίχος, ὁ, ῆ, (τανύω, θρίξ) long-haired, shaggy.

τᾶνῦ-κραιρος, on, (τανύω, κραιρα) long-borned.

τᾶνῦμαι, Pass. = τανύομαι, to be stretched, extend.

τᾶνῦ-μήκης, ἐς, (τανύω, μήκος) long-stretched, long drawn out, tall and tapering.

τανῦν, Adv., = τὰ νῦν, now at present.

τανύ-πεπλος, ον, (τανύω, πέπλος) *with flowing robe*.
 τανύ-πλεκτος, ον, (τανύω, πλέκω) *in long plaits*.
 τανύ-πλευρος, ον, (τανύω, πλευρά) *long-sided, enormous*.

τανύ-πους Ep. ταναύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, ποῦς) *stretching the feet, long-striding, long-skanked*.
 τανύ-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) *shorter form for τανυσίπτερος*.

τανύ-πτερυγος, ον and τανύ-πτερυξ, ὅγος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανύω, πτερυξ) = τανύπτερος, τανυσίπτερος.

τανύρ-ριζος, ον, (τανύω, ρίζα) *with spreading roots*.

τανύσειεν [ῥ], 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of τανύω.

τανυσθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τανύω.

τανύσθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τανύω: Ep. 3 pl. τανυσθεν.

τανυσί-πτερος, ον, (τανύω, πτερόν) *with extended wings, long-winged*.

τάνυσσα, Ep. aor. I of τανύω.

τάνυστος, ὅος, ἡ, (τανύω) *a stretching, straining: τανυστὶς τόξον a stringing of the bow*.

τανύ-σφύρος, ον, (τανύω, σφυρόν) *with taper ankles*.

τανύ-φλοιος, ον, (τανύω, φλόις) *with extended bark: of trees, of tall or slender growth*.

τανύ-φύλλος, ον, (τανύω, φύλλον) *with long-pointed leaves, of the olive*. II. *with thick foliage, leafy*.

τανύω [ῥ]: fut. ὕωω, Ep. also -ῶω: aor. I ἐτάνυσσα Ep. ἐτάνυσσα or τάνυσσα: Pass., aor. I ἐτανύσθην: pf. τετάνυσμαι:—Ep. form of τείνω, to stretch, strain, stretch out: τανύειν τόξον to draw a bow: in Med., τόξον τανύσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i. e. to string it; ἰμᾶσι τανύειν to pull or guide with the reins. 2. to stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full length. 3. metaph. to strain, make more intense.

II. Pass. to be on the stretch, to expand, be filled out. 2. to lie stretched out, to extend; aor. I pass. part. τανυσθεῖς, stretched on the ground. 3. metaph. to strain or exert oneself, to run at full stretch.

ταξιάρχω, f ἦσω, (τάξις) *or commander of a division*. From

ταξι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, = ταξιάρχος.

ταξι-άρχος, ὁ, (τάξις, ἀρχή) *a taxiarach, the commander of a brigade or division, a brigadier*. II. at Athens, the commander of the τάξις or quota of infantry furnished by each of the ten φυλαί.

ταξι-λόχος, ον, (τάξις, λόχος) *commanding a division of an army*.

ταξιόω, f ὠσω, (τάξις) *to arrange, set in order*.

τάξις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (τάσσω) *an arranging: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of an army*. 2. *battle-array, order of battle, Lat. acies*. 3. *a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat. ordo*. 4. *a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. statio; ἐκλείπειν τὴν τάξιν to desert one's post*. 5. like τάγμα, *a division of an army, a brigade*:

at Athens, the quota of infantry furnished by each φυλή: also of smaller bodies, *a company, cohort*; generally, *a band, company*. II. *an arranging, ar-*

rangement. 2. *an assessment of tribute*. III. *order; ὕστερον τῇ τάξει later in order*. IV. *the post, rank or position one holds; ἐν ἐχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy*. 2. *one's duty towards another; ἡ εὐνοίας τάξις the duty of good-will*. V. *an order, class of men*.

ΤΑ΄ΞΟΣ, ὁ, the yew tree, Lat. *taxus*.

ΤΑ΄ΠΕΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, low, Lat. *humilis*: of Place, *lying low: of stature, low*. 2. of Condition, Rank, etc., *brought down, humbled, lowly*. 3. *humiliated, humiliated: in bad sense, mean, abject; in good sense, lowly, humble*. Hence

τάπεινότης, ἡ, ὅς, ἡ, *lowness of stature*. 2. of condition, *lowliness, low estate, abasement*. 3. *lowness of spirits, dejection, baseness, vileness: in good sense, lowliness, humility*.

τάπεινοφροσύνη, ἡ, *lowliness of mind*. From τάπεινός-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (τάπεινός, φρήν) *low-minded, base*. 2. *lowly in mind, humble*.

τάπεινός, f ὠσω, (ταπεινός) *to make low, lower, humble, abase: also to make light of a thing*. 2. *to cast down, discourage*. 3. *to make lowly or humble*.

ταπεινός, Adv. of ταπεινός, *lowly, poorly*.

τάπεινως, ἡ, (ταπεινός) *alowering, bumping*. 2. *lowliness, humility*.

ΤΑ΄ΠΗΣ, ἡ, ὅς, ἡ, Lat. *TAPES, a carpet, rug, made of wool*. [ᾱ]

τάπι, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπί.

τάπεικῃ, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐπεικῇ.

ταπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, later form of τάπη.

τάπό, Att. crasis for τὰ ἀπό.

τα-πρώτα, Adv. for τὰ πρώτα, *at first*.

τάρα, Att. crasis for τοῖ ἀρα.

τάραγμα, αρος, τό, (ταράσσω) *disquietude, trouble*.

τάραγμός, ὁ, (ταράσσω) *τάραξις*.

τάρακτρον, τό, (ταράσσω) *a thing to stir with: a ladle*.

τάράκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (ταράσσω) *a disturber, disquieter, agitator*.

Τάραντίνιδιον, τό, (Τάρας) *a fine Tarentine garment*.

Ταράντινος, ἡ, ον, (Τάρας) *Tarentine*.

τάραξι-καρδιος, ον, (ταράσσω, καρδία) *heart-troubling, vexing the heart*.

τάραξ-ἱππο-στράτος, ον, (ταράσσω, ἵππος, στρατός) *troubling troops of horse*.

τάραξις, ἡ, (ταράσσω) *disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult*.

Τάρας, ατος, ὁ, also ἡ, Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia.

ΤΑ΄ΡΑ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -ττω, Att. also contr. θράσσω: fut. ταραξήσομαι contr. θράξω: aor. I ἐτάραξα: Pass., fut. ταραχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ταραξομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐτάραχθην: pf. τετάραχμαι:—to stir, stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet: ταρασσείν τὸν θῖνα to stir up the sand: metaph. to stir up, rouse, provoke. 2. to trouble the mind, to confound, alarm, frighten: generally, to disturb, throw into disorder:—

Pass, to be in disorder. 3. of political matters, to

agitate, distract:—Pass. to be in a state of disorder or anarchy. II. to this Verb belongs the intrans.

πρ. *τέρηχα*, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plqpf. Ep. 3 sing. *τερήχει*: part. *τερηχώς*, *vita*, troublous, disturbed, confused. Hence

τάρᾱχή, ἡ, trouble, disorder, confusion: commotion, tumult.

τάρᾱχος, ὁ, (*ταράσσω*) = *τάρᾱχή*.

τάρᾱχ-ώδης, ες, (*ταρχή*, *είδος*) troublous, fond of troubling or perplexing. II. troubled, disordered: confused:—Adv. -*δως*, in confusion.

ταρβάλεος, α, ον, (*τάρβος*) frightened, fearful.

ταρβέω, f. ἡσω, (*τάρβος*) to be frightened or alarmed, to fear: τὸ *ταρβεῖν* the being frightened, a state of fear: also to feel awe. 2. c. acc. to stand in awe of, fear, dread.

ΤΑΨΟΣ, εος, τό, *fright, alarm, terror*: also awe, reverence. II. an object of alarm, a cause of dread.

ταρβосύνη, ἡ, poet. for *τάρβος*.

ταρβосυνος, η, ον, (*τάρβος*) affrighted.

τάργα or *τάργα*, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔργα.

ταργύριον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀργύριον.

ταρίχεα Ion. -*ήλη*, ἡ, (*ταριχεύω*) a preserving, pickling, salting: *ταριχηαί* were places in Egypt where fish was salted.

ταρίχευσις, ἡ, (*ταριχεύω*) = *ταριχεία*, an embalming.

ταριχευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (*ταριχεύω*) a salter, pickler, embalmer.

ταριχευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. salted, pickled. From *ταριχεύω*, f. -*εύσω*, (*τάριχος*) to preserve the body by artificial means, to embalm as in the case of the Egyptian mummies. II. to preserve meat, fish, etc. by smoking, salting, pickling; *τεμάχη τεταριχυμένα* preserved, pickled meat. III. metaph. in

Pass. to waste away, wither, pine.

ταρίχιον, τό, Dim. of *τάριχος*. [π]

ταρίχοπωλείον, τό, the salt-fish market. From

ταρίχο-πωλέω, f. ἡσω, (*τάριχος*, *πωλέω*) to sell dried or salt fish. II. to be engaged in the embalming of corpses.

τάριχος, ου, ὁ, or *τάριχος*, εος, τό, anything preserved or pickled by artificial means: a dead body preserved by embalming, a mummy. II. generally, meat preserved by smoking, salting or pickling, dried or smoked fish.

ταρπῆναι Ep. -*ήμεναι*, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *τέρπω*.

ταρρός, ὁ, Att. for *ταρός*.

Ταρσός, έως, ὁ, a native of Tarsus in Cilicia.

ταρός Att. *ταρρός*, ὁ, (*τέρσσομαι*) a stand or frame of wicker-work, a crate, flat-basket, Lat. *crates*, for drying cheeses on: also a mat of reeds, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a wicker-basket, like *τάλαρος*. II. any broad, flat surface; *ταρός ποδός* the flat of the foot, the part between the toes and the heel. 2. *ταρός κοπέως* the flat end, blade of an oar, Lat. *palmula*: generally, an oar. 3. *ταρός πτέρυγος* the flat of the wing,

when stretched out, then generally, a wing:—from the fabled fall of the wing of Pegasus there, the city of Tarsus was so called.

Ταρτάρειος, α, ον, of or like Tartarus, Tartarean. From

Τάρταρος, ὁ, also ἡ: irreg. pl. *Τάρταρα* (as in Lat., *Tartarus, Tartara*):—Tartarus, a dark abyss, as deep below Hades, as earth below heaven, the prison of the Titans, etc. Later, Tartarus was either the nether-world generally, or a place of torment and punishment, as opp. to the Elysian fields.

Ταρτάρω, f. ὥσω, to hurl into Tartarus.

ταρφέες, οἱ, *ταρφέα*, τά, pl. of *ταρφύς*.

ταρφεῖός, ἄ, ὄν, = *ταρφύς*, thick, close, frequent.

τάρφθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.

τάρφθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.

τάρφος, εος, τό, a thicket. From

ΤΑΡΦΥ΄Σ, εἰα or ὕς, ὕ, thick, close, frequent, dense: neut. pl. *ταρφέα* as Adv., oftentimes, often. The Ep. fem. *ταρφεαί* belongs to *ταρφεῖός*: if referred to *ταρφύς*, it must be written *ταρφεαί*.

ταρχύω, f. ὕσω, shortened form of *ταριχεύω*, to bury solemnly, inter.

τάσις, εως, ἡ, (*τείνω*) a stretching, straining. [ᾱ]

ΤΑ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -*ττω*: fut. *τάξω*: aor. I *έταξα*: pf.

τέταχα: Pass., fut. *ταχθήσομαι*, and *παυλο-ρ*. pf.

τετάξομαι: aor. I *έταχθην*: aor. 2 *έταγην* [ᾱ]: pf.

τέταγμα: to arrange or put in order, esp. in military sense, to draw up in line, array; so in Med., ἐπὶ *τεσσάρων ταξάμενοι τὰς ναῦς* having drawn up their ships in four lines; and absol., *τάσασθαι* to draw up, form in order of battle:—Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to post, station. 3. to appoint: to appoint one to do a thing:—Pass. to be appointed to do, τοῦτο *τετάγμαθα* this we have been charged to do. 4. to order, command, give instructions. 5. to assign to a class. 6. to fix or assess payments to be made:—Med. to agree to pay a sum, *χρήματα ἀποδιδῶναι ταξάμενοι* having covenanted to return the money: absol. in part. *ταξάμενος*, paying at intervals or by instalments. 7. to assign or impose punishments. 8. generally, to fix, settle, ὁ *τεταγμένος χρόνος* the appointed time.

τατάω, Dor. for *τητάω*.

τάτιον, Att. crasis for τὸ αἶτιον.

τάττω, Att. for *τάσσω*.

ταύρειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (*ταῦρος*) of bulls, oxen or cows, Lat. *taurinus*: in Homer, of bull's-bide.

ταυρ-ελάτης, ον, ὁ, (*ταῦρος*, *εἰλάνω*) a bull-driver; a bull-fighter.

ταῦρεος, α, ον, (*ταῦρος*) = *ταύρειος*.

ταυρηδόν, Adv. (*ταῦρος*) like a bull: savagely, Lat. *torvo vultu*.

ταυρο-βόλος, ον, (*ταῦρος*, *βαλεῖν*) striking or slaughtering bulls.

ταυρο-βόρος, ον, (*ταῦρος*, *βορά*) devouring bulls.

ταυρο-γάστωρ, οπος, ὁ, (*ταῦρος*, *γαστήρ*) with the paunch or body of a bull: enormous.

ταυρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ταῦρος, δέω) *binding bulls*: fem. ταυρο-δέτις, ἰδος.

ταυρό-κερως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, κέρας) *with bull's horns*.

ταυρό-κράνως, ον, (ταῦρος, κρᾶνον) *bull-beaded*.

ταυροκτονέω, f. ἦσω, *to slaughter or sacrifice bulls*; with cognate acc., ταυροκτονεῖν βοῦς. From.

ταυρο-κτόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, κτείνω) *bull-slaying*. II. προπαροχ. ταυροκτονος, *slain by a bull*.

ταυρό-μορφος, ον, (ταῦρος, μορφή) *bull-formed*.

ταυρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πᾶτήρ) *sprung from a bull*.

ταυρο-πόλος or ταυρο-πόλη, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πολέω) *hunting bulls*, epith. of Diana.

ταυρό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, (ταῦρος, πούς) *bull-footed*.

ΤΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, a *bull*: joined with another Subst., ταῦρος βοῦς, like σὺς κῆπιος.

ταυροσφᾶγίω, f. ἦσω, *to cut a bull's throat*; ταυροσφαγεῖν ἐς σάκος *to cut its throat* (so that the blood runs) *into a hollow shield*. From

ταυρο-σφάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, σφάττω) *bull-slaughtering*: sacrificial. [ᾶ]

ταυρο-φάγος, ον, (ταῦρος, φάγειν) *bull-eating*: a *beef-eater*.

ταυρο-φόνος, ον, (ταῦρος, *φένω) *bull-slaughtering*: sacrificial.

ταυρώω, f. ὠσω, (ταῦρος) *to change into a bull*:—Pass., ταυροῦμαι, *to be or become savage as a bull*, *to look savagely at*, *eye savagely*.

ταῦτα, neut. pl. of οὗτος.

ταῦτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, *the same*.

ταῦτη, also ταυτηί, dat. fem. of οὗτος, freq. as Adv. *in this way or manner*.

ταυτή [τ], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.

ταυτό Ion. ταυτό, Att. also ταυτόν, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό, *the same*.

ταυτόγε, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό γε.

ταῦτο-λόγος, ον, (τὸ αὐτό, λέγω) *repeating the same that has been said*, *tautologous*.

ταυτόματον, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτόματον, *what falls out by accident*, *a hap, chance*; ἀπὸ ταυτομάτου, *for ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου of itself, by chance*: cf. αὐτόματος.

τάφε, in Pindar for ἔταφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use; see τέθηπα.

τάφειος, α, ον, see ταφῆιος.

τάφευς, ἑως, ὁ, (θάπτω) *one who buries the dead*, a *burier*.

ΤΑΦΗ, ἡ, (θάπτω) *burial*, Lat. *sepultura*: a mode of burial: in plur. *a burial-place*.

τάφῆιος, η, ον, Ep. and Ion. for ταφείος, (ταφή) of a *burial* or a *grave*; φάρος ταφῆιον a *burial-cloth*, *winding-sheet*, *shroud*.

τάφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

τάφιος [ᾶ], α, ον, (τάφος) of a *grave*; τάφιος λίθος a *gravestone*.

τάφῶδια, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐφῶδια.

ΤΑΦΟΣ [ᾶ], ὁ, (θάπτω) a *burial*, Lat. *funus*: also a

funeral-feast, *wake*; τάφον τυχεῖν *to obtain the rites of burial*. II. *the grave*, *tomb*: in plur. *a burial-place*.

ΤΑΦΟΣ [ᾶ], τό, (τέθηπα) *astonishment*, *amazement*.

Τάφος, ἡ, old name of one of the small islands between Acarnania and Leucadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates.

ταφρεύω, f. σω, (τάφρος) *to make a ditch*.

τάφρη, ἡ, Ion. for τάφρος.

ΤΑΦΡΟΣ, ἡ, a *ditch*, *trench*; τάφρον ἐλαίνειν *to draw a trench*.

τάφών, part. of aor. 2 ἔταφον: see τέθηπα.

τάχα, Adv. (ταχύς) *quickly*, *soon*, Lat. *statim*. II. in prose and Att., τάχα is often joined with ἄν, when it means, *probably*, *perhaps*, like ἴσως:—Sup. τάχιστα; see τάχος, ταχύς.

τάχως, Adv. of ταχύς, *quickly*.

τάχινός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ταχύς, *swift*, *speedy*.

τάχτιον, ονος, neut. of ταχίον, Comp. of ταχύς, often as comp. Adv. of τάχα.

τάχιστα, sup. Adv.: see ταχύς.

τάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ταχύς, *quickest*, *swiftest*.

τάχίον, ονος, neut. τάχιον, Comp. of ταχύς. [τ]

ΤΑΧΟΣ, εος, τό, (ταχύς) *swiftness*, *speed*, *quickness*, *fleetness*; τάχος ψυχῆς *quickness of mind*. II.

τάχος is also used as Adv. for ταχέως, *quickly*, *with speed*; so also with a Prep., ἀπὸ τάχους, διὰ τάχους, ἐν τάχει, κατὰ τάχος, σὺν τάχει: also ὡς or ὅ τι τάχος, like ὡς or ὅ τι τάχιστα, *with all speed*; ὡς εἶχον τάχος *as they were for speed*, i. e. as quickly as they could.

ταχυ-άλωτος, ον, (ταχύς, ἀλίσκομαι) *conquered or captured quickly*.

ταχύ-βουλος, ον, (ταχύς, βουλή) *quick or hasty of counsel*.

ταχύ-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) *soon moved to tears*.

ταχυ-δρόμος, ον, (ταχύς, δραμεῖν) *fast-running*.

ταχύ-εργία, ἡ, (ταχύς, ἔργον) *quickness in working*.

ταχύ-ήρης, ες, (ταχύς, ἐρέσσω) *fast-rowing*.

ταχύ-μηνις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήνις) *quick to anger*.

ταχύ-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήτηρ) *being quickly a mother*.

ταχύ-μορος, ον, (ταχύς, μύρος) *quick-dying*, *short-lived*.

ταχύ-ναυτέω, (ταχύς, ναύτης) *to sail fast*.

ταχύνω [υ], f. δνῶ, (ταχύς):—*to make quick*, *to hasten*, *to urge on*. II. intr. *to make haste*, *speed*.

ταχύ-πειθής, ες, (ταχύς, πείθω) *soon persuaded*, *credulous*.

ταχύ-πομπος, ον, (ταχύς, πέμπω) *quickly-sending*, *quick-sailing*.

ταχύ-πορος, ον, (ταχύς, πόρος) *quick-passing*, *quick of motion*.

ταχύ-ποτμος, ον, (ταχύς, πότης) *quick-fated*, *short-lived*. [υ]

ταχύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, πούς) *swift-footed*.

ταχύ-πτερος, ον, (ταχύς, πτέρνα) *with swift heels*, *swift-footed*.

ταχύ-πτερος, *ον*, (ταχύς, πτερόν) *swift-winged*.

ταχύ-πῶλος, *ον*, (ταχύς, πῶλος) *with swift, fleet horses*. [ῥ]

ταχύρ-ροθος, *ον*, (ταχύς, ῥοθῶ) *rusbing rapidly*.

ταχύρ-ρωστος, *ον*, (ταχύς, ῥώσμαι) *borne quickly along, quick-rusbing*.

ΤΑΧΥΣ, *εἶα, ὦ, quick, swift, fast, fleet*. 2. of events, *quick, speedy*. II. Comparison: I.

regul. Comp. ταχύτερος, *α, ον*, only in Ion. 2.

irreg. Comp. θάσσων Att. -ττων, neut. θάσσων, gen. ονος; neut. θάπτον, also used as Adv. *more quickly*.

3. another Comp. is ταχίων [ἴ], neut. *ιον*: Sup. τάχιος, *η, ον*; neut. pl. τάχιστα as Adv., *most quickly, most speedily*; ὅτι τάχιστα as soon as may be, as soon as possible; also in Prose, τὴν ταχίστην (sub. δδόν), as Adv. *by the quickest way, i. e. most quickly*.

ταχύ-σκαρθμος, *ον*, (ταχύς, σκαίρω) *quick-springing*.

ταχύτης, *ἦτος, ἦ*, (ταχύς) *quickness, swiftness, speed*.

ταχύ-χειλῆς, *ἐς*, (ταχύς, χεῖλος) *over which the lips run quickly, of a flute*.

τάων, Dor., and Acol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article.

ΤΑΩΣ, *ὁ*, gen. ταῶ, acc. ταῶν: nom. pl. ταῶ: another form of the nom. is ταῶν, gen. ταῶνος; pl. ταῶνες, dat. ταῶσι:—Lat. *PAVO*, a peacock: metaph. of cockcombs.

ΤΕ, enclitic Particle, *and*, answering to Lat. *que*, as καὶ answers to *et*. When it stands before another τε or before καὶ, it takes the sense of *both*; εἰδὺς τε μέγθος τε *both* in form and in size; αὐτοὶ τε καὶ ἵπποι *both* themselves and their horses. II. in Ep. and Ion., τε is attached to Relatives, without altering their sense, as, ὅτε, ὅσος τε, etc., which is to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pronouns were originally Demonstratives, and required to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained as a mere affix, as in ὥστε, οἷός τε, ἐφ' ὅτε. It is also joined in like manner with many relat. Adv. as ἔνθα τε, ὅτε τε, ὥσεί τε, ἵνα τε, ἀλλὰ τε, etc.

τέ, Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σὺ.

τέ, apostroph. for τεά, nent. pl. of τεός.

ΤΕΤΤΩ, fut. τέγξω: aor. ἱτέγξα: aor. I pass. ἐτέγχην:—to wet, moisten, esp. with tears: to bedew with tears. 2. with cognate acc., τέγγειν δάκρυα to shed tears: Pass., ὁμβρος ἐτέγγετο a shower was poured, fell. II. to soften, melt: metaph. to soften, move to compassion, make to relent. III. to dye, stain, Lat. *tingere*: metaph. to stain or mix with anything else.

Τεγία Ion. -ῆη, ἡ, Tegea, in Arcadia. Hence

Τεγάτης [ῆ] Ion. -ῆτης, ὁ, a man of Tegea, a Tegeate: fem. Τεγεάτις, ἰδος, (sub. γῆ) the land of Tegea. Hence

Τεγεατικός Ion. -ητικός, ὅ, ὢν, of or for a Tegeate.

τέγος, *ον*, (τέγος) *with a roof, roofed, or near the roof*.

ΤΕΤΟΣ, *εος, τό*, like στέγος, a roof, covering of a

house or room, Lat. *tectum*. II. a room, chamber, garret: a brothel.

τέθαλα, τεθαλῶς, ὅτος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc.

τεθαλνῖα, Ep. for τεθηλνῖα, pf. part. fem. of θάλλω.

τεθάλθαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάλλω.

τεθαμμαι, -ψαι, -πται, pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθάφται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθάψομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθάται, for τέθεινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of τίθημι.

τίθεικα, τίθειμαι, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι.

θεμελιῶτο, 3 sing. pass. plqpf. of θεμελιῶ.

τίθηγαί, pf. pass. of θήγω.

τίθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plqpf. Ep. τεθήλει.

τεθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τίθημι.

τίθηπα, pf. with pres. sense, without a pres. in use:—*intr.* to be astonished, astounded or amazed, chiefly used in part. τεθηπῶς: also in Ep. plqpf. as impf. ἐτέθηπα. II. from same root comes aor. 2 ἐτάφον, with part. ταφών, astonished or amazed.

τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of τίθημι.

τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω.

τεθλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλίβω.

τεθμός, *α, ον*, Dor. for θέσμος, fixed, settled, stated, regular, Lat. *solennis*: generally, *due, fitting*.

τεθμός, *ὁ*, (τίθημι) Dor. for θεσμός, that which is fixed, a law, custom, ordinance.

τίθναθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκει.

τεθναῖην, pf. opt. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάκαμες, Dor. for τεθνήκαμεν, 1 pl. pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾶ], Ep. pf. inf. of θνήσκει.

τέθναμεν, Att. for τεθνήκαμεν, 1 pl. pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάει [ᾶ], rarely τεθνάειν, pf. inf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνάσαι, for τεθνήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνεῖως, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνεώς.

τεθνεώς, -ῶτος, ὁ, Att. part. pf. of θνήσκει; fem. τεθνεῶσα; neut. τεθνεώς and τεθνεός.

τέθνηκα, pf. of θνήσκει.

τεθνήξομαι, Att. fut. of θνήσκει.

τεθνήσκει, -ῶτος, Ep. for τεθνεώς, masc. and neut. part. pf. of θνήσκει: Ep. gen. τεθνητός, acc. -ῶτα; but the fem. is τεθνηκυία formed from the orig. τεθνηκῶς.

τεθνήσκει, poet. for τεθνεώς.

τεθορεῖν, redupl. forθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκει.

τέθραμμαι and τέθρεμμαι, pf. pass. of τρέφω.

τέθρημερον, τό, (τέτταρα, ἡμέρα) a time of four days.

τεβριππο-βάμων [ᾶ], ονος, ὁ, (τέβριππος, βαῖνω) driving a four-borsed chariot: a driver of four horses.

τεβριππο-βάτης, *ον*, ὁ, (τέβριππος, βαῖνω) driver of a four-borsed chariot. [βᾶ]

τέβρ-ιππος, *ον*, (τέτταρα, ἵππος) with four horses yoked abreast: as Subst., τέβριππον (sub. ἄρμα), τό, a four-borsed chariot; τέβριππον ἵππων a team of four abreast.

τεβριπποτρόφω, f. ἦσω, to keep a four-borsed chariot. From

τεβριππο-τρόφος, *ον*, (τέβριππον, τρέφω) keeping

a four-horsed chariot; *θετριποτρόφος οἰκία* a family that could furnish such a chariot in the games.

τεθυμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τεθυμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τε, poet. for *τέ*, which is Dor. for *σέ*, acc. sing. of *σύ*.

τείν, Dor. for *σοι*, dat. of *σύ*. [I]

τεῖδε, Dor. for *τῆδε*, *this way, here*.

τεῖνα, Ep. for *εἰτενα*, aor. I of *τεῖνω*.

ΤΕΙΝΩ, f. *τεῖνω*: aor. I *εἰτενα*: pf. *τέτῃκα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐτέθην* [α]: pf. *τέτῃμαι*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf.

τέτῃτο, 3 dual *τετάσθην*, 3 pl. *τέταντο*:—to stretch, strain, extend, to draw tight; *τόσον τείνειν* to stretch the bow to its full compass:—Pass. to be stretched to the full; *ιστία τέτατο* the sails were stretched taut; *πάσα πύδα τείνειν* to keep the sheet taut; *νύξ τέταται βροτοῖσιν* night is spread over mankind. II.

to lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay prostrate; *ταβὴς ἐπὶ γαίῃ* stretched upon the ground. III.

metaph. to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense:—Pass. to be strained to the utmost, to be intense: also, to be stretched on the rack: also to exert oneself, be anxious. IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. 2.

to aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards . . : absol. to stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach a thing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer, belong to, Lat. *spectare, pertinere ad* . . : *τείνει ἐς σέ* it has reference to you.

τεῖος, Adv., Ep. for *τεῖως*, *τέως*.

τεῖρα, Ep. pl. of *τέρας*, the heavenly bodies, signs.

ΤΕΙΡΩ, impf. *εἶπειρον*; only found in pres. and impf.:—to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away, wear out:—Pass. to be worn away, worn out, distressed. II. intr. to suffer greatly.

τεῖχεσι-πλήτης, ου, ὁ, (*τεῖχος*, *πελάω*) approacher, assailer, stormer of walls.

τεῖχω, f. ἡσω, (*τεῖχος*) to build walls: to build. II. to wall, fortify, c. acc.

τεῖχ-ήτης, ἐς, (*τεῖχος*, *ἀραρεῖν*) enclosed by walls, beleaguered, besieged.

τεῖχιζω, f. ἰσω Att. ᾶ: aor. I *εἰτέχισα*: pf. *τετέχικα*: Pass., pf. *τετέχισμαι*: 3 sing. Ion. plqpf. *τετέχιστο*: (*τεῖχος*):—to build a wall, generally, to build; *τεῖχος τεχίσασθαι* to build oneself a wall: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. *τετέχιστο*, impers., *there were buildings*. II. to wall or fortify:—Pass. to be walled, fenced or fortified with walls.

τεῖχόεις, εσσα, εν, (*τεῖχος*) walled.

τεῖχον, τό, Dim. of *τεῖχος*, a wall, mostly of the walls of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town (*τεῖχος*, *τείχη*).

τεῖχισις, ἡ, (*τεῖχιζω*) the work of walling, building a wall.

τεῖχισμα, ατος, τό, (*τεῖχιζω*) a wall or fort, a raised fortification.

τεῖχισμός, ὁ, (*τεῖχιζω*)—*τείχισις*.

τεῖχοδομός, f. ἡσω, to build a wall or fort. From *τεχο-δόμος*, ου, (*τεῖχος*, *δέμω*) building a wall.

τεχομαχέω, f. ἡσω, to attack the walls, to assault or besiege a fortified place; *τεχομαχεῖν* δυνατοί skilled in conducting sieges. From

τεχο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (*τεῖχος*, *μάχομαι*) assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer. [α]

τεχομαχία Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, (*τεχομαχέω*) an assault of walls, a siege: this was the name of II. 12.

τεχο-μελής, ἐς, (*τεῖχος*, *μέλος*) raising walls by music, of Amphion's lyre.

τεχο-πόιός, ὄν, (*τεῖχος*, *ποιέω*) building walls or forts: οἱ *τεχοποιοί*, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls.

ΤΕΙΧΟΣ, εος, τό, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; *τεῖχων κιβῶνες* coats of wall, i. e. walls one within the other; *τεῖχεα ῥήσασθαι* to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from *τοιχος*, *τείχον*, as Lat. *murus*, *moenia* from *paries*, or city-walls from a house-wall. II. any fortification, a castle, fort: a walled town or city: a fortified post.

τεχο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (*τεῖχος*, *φύλαξ*) one that guards the walls, a sentinel, warder.

τεχυδριον, τό, Dim. of *τεῖχος*, a small wall or fortified place.

τεῖως, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for *τέως*.

τέκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τίκτω*.

τεκεῖν, *τεκέσθαι*, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of *τίκτω*.

τεκμαίρομαι, fut. *τεκμηρύμαι*: aor. I *ἐτεκμηράμην*: Dep.: (*τέκμαρ*):—to fix by a mark or boundary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint: to mark out. II. to perceive from certain signs and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; *τεκμαίρεσθαι τὰ καινὰ τοῖς παλαιοῖς* to judge of new by old events: to conjecture. III. the Act. *τεκμαίρω* is rare, to shew by a sign or token.

ΤΕΚΜΑΡ Ep. *τέκμωρ*, τό, a fixed mark or boundary, a goal, end; *Ἰλίου τέκμωρ* the end of Troy: generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an end, purpose. II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token, a solemn pledge.

τέκμασις, ἡ, (*τεκμαίρομαι*) a concluding from signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way or mode of shewing.

τεκμηράμην, Ep. aor. I of *τεκμαίρομαι*.

τεκμήριον, τό, (*τεκμαίρομαι*) a sure sign or token, a positive proof; *τεκμήριον δέ* is sometimes put in an independent clause, *here is the proof*. II. in Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the fallible *σημεῖον*. Hence

τεκμηρίω, f. ὥσω, to give a token or proof, to shew or prove by evidence:—Med. to conclude from a sure sign or token.

τεκνίδιον, τό, = *τεκνίον*.

τεκνίον, τό, Dim. of *τέκνον*, a little child.

τεκνογονέω, (*τεκνογόνος*) to bear children. Hence *τεκνογονία*, ἡ, child-bearing.

τεκνο-γόνος, ου, (*τέκνον*, **γίγνω*) begetting or bearing children.

τεκνο-κτόνος, ου, (*τέκνον*, *κτείνω*) child-murdering.

τεκνολετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τέκνον, ὄλλυμι) *losing or having lost one's children*: fem. τεκνολέτειρα, of the nightingale, *having lost her young*.

τέκνον, οὐ, τό, (τεκεῖν) *that which is borne or born, a hairn, child, whether son or daughter*: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, τέκνον ἔμον *my son*: sometimes with masc. Adj., φίλε τέκνον. : 2. of animals, *the young*.

τεκνοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (τεκνοποιός) *to bear children, of the mother*:—Med. *to beget children*, of the father; but Med. also of both parents, *to breed children*. Hence

τεκνοποιά, ἡ, *a bearing or begetting of children*.

τεκτό-ποινος, ον, (τέκνον, ποινή) *child-avenging*.

τεκνο-ποιός, ὄν, (τέκνον, ποιέω) *bearing or begetting children*.

τεκνο-σπορία, ἡ, (τέκνον, σπείρω) *a begetting of children*.

τεκνο-τροφέω, f. ἦσω, (τέκνον, τρέφω) *to bring up or rear children*.

τεκνοῦς, οὔσσα, οὖν, (τέκνον) contr. from τεκνούεις, ὄσσα, ὄν, *having children*.

τεκνο-φάγος, ον, (τέκνον, φάγειν) *eating children*.

τεκνοφόνεω, *to murder children*. From

τεκνο-φόνος, ον, (τέκνον, *φένω) *child-murdering*.

τεκνώω, f. ὠσω (τέκνον) *to furnish with children*. II. *to beget children, of the father*:—Med.

of the mother, *to bear children*; metaph., χθὼν ἐτεκνώσατο τέκνα *the earth gave birth to her children*; also of wealth, etc.:—Pass. *to be born*.

τέκνωσις, ἔως, ἡ, (τεκνώω) *a begetting or bearing of children*.

τέκνειν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίκτω.

τέκον, Ep. aor. 2 of τίκτω.

τέκος, εὖς, τό, Ep. dat. pl. τέκεσσι, τεκέεσσι: (τεκεῖν):—poët. for τέκνον, *a child*.

τεκταίνομαι, Dep. (τέκτων) *to make, build, frame*:—metaph. *to devise, plan, contrive*. II. later also in Act.: whence in Pass. *to be built, contrived*.

τεκτῖναιτο, 3 sing. aor. 1 opt. of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτῖνατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 1 of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτονεῖον, τό, (τέκτων) *a carpenter's shop*.

τεκτονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέκτων) *of or for a carpenter*

or *builder, skilled in building*: as Subst., τεκτονικός, ὁ, *a good carpenter*; ἡ τεκτονική (sub. τέχνη) *carpentry*.

τεκτοσύνη, ἡ, *the art of a carpenter or builder*: *carpentry, building*. From

τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, *a worker in wood, a carpenter, joiner, builder*; νηῶν τέκτων *a ship-carpenter, ship-builder*.

2. *any craftsman or workman, a master of any art*; hence of the art of poetry, τέκτορες ὕμνων *makers of songs*. II. *a planner, contriver, plotter*: generally, *an author*.

τεκών, aor. 2 part. of τίκτω.

ΤΕΛΑ-ΜΩΝ, ὠνος, ὁ, *a broad band or strap for bearing or supporting anything, a leather strap or belt for carrying either the shield or sword*. 2. a

broad linen bandage or roller for wounds; also for swathing mummies.

ΤΕΛΕΪΣ, εσσα, εν, shortened form of τελέεις.

ΤΕΛΕΨΘΩ, 3 sing. Ion. impf. τελέεσθε:—*to come forth, come into being, arise*: hence *to be, become*.

τέλειον, τό, *a complete feast, a royal feast*. From

τέλειος or τέλειος, α, ον, in Att. also ος, ον: (τέλος):—*complete, perfect, entire*; of victims, *without spot or blemish*: but, ἱερὰ τέλεια are *perfect sacrifices, performed with full rites*. 2. of animals, *full-grown*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a full-grown man*, Lat. *adultus*: hence *perfect in his or its kind*. 3. of numbers, etc., *full, complete*. 4. of actions, *ended, finished*: of vows, etc., *fulfilled, accomplished*: also *fixed, resolved upon*. II. act. *bringing to pass, accomplishing*; ἀπὸ τελεία *a curse working its own fulfilment*. 2. *able to do or bring about*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a man who has full rule or authority*.

τελειότης, ητος, ἡ, (τέλειος) *completeness, perfection*.

τελειῶω or τελεῶω, f. ὠσω, (τέλειος):—*to make perfect*: *to inaugurate, consecrate*. II. *to complete, bring to accomplishment*: *to make successful*. 2.

generally, *to fulfil, accomplish, effect*.

τελείται, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of τελεῶω.

τελεῶω, Ep. for τελεῶω.

τελείωσις, doubtful form for τελέωσις.

τελείωσις, ἡ, (τελείωω) *a becoming perfect, completion, accomplishment, consummation*.

τελειώτης, οὔ, ὁ, (τελείωω) *a perfecter, finisher*.

τελεό-μηνος, ον, (τέλειος, μήν) *revolving with full completion of months*; ἄροτος τελεόμηνος, i. e. *a full twelvemonth*.

τελεον, Ep. impf. of τελέω.

Τελεόντες, οί, one of the four original Attic tribes, (τελέω II) *Payers, Farmers*; or (τελέω III), *Priests*.

τέλειος, α, ον, (τέλος) = τέλειος.

τέλεισσεια, Aeol. aor. 1 opt. of τελέω.

τελεσθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of τελέω.

τέλεσμα, ατος, τό, (τελέω) *a payment, outlay*.

τέλσσεια, Ep. aor. 1 of τελέω.

τελεσσι-δότερα, ἡ, poët. for τελεσιδ-, (τέλος, δίδωμι) *she that gives completeness or accomplishment*.

τελεσσί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for τελεσίφρων, (τέλειω, φρήν) *working its complete will*.

τελεστήριον, τό, (τελέω) *a place of initiation*. II.

plur. τελεστήρια, τά, *a thank-offering for success*.

τελίστωρ, ορος, ὁ, poët. for τελεστής, (τελέω) *a magistrate*.

τελεσφορέω, f. ἦσω, *to bring fruit to perfection*: generally, *to bring to perfection*. II. *to pay toll or custom*. From

τελεσ-φόρος, ον, (τέλος, φέρω) *brought to an end, coming to an end*; τελεσφόρον εἰς ἐνιαυτόν *for the space of a complete year*. 2. *brought to an end or fulfilment, accomplished*.

II. *act. bringing to an end, accomplishing*; πεσεῖν ἐς τὸ μὴ τελεσφόρον *to fall with fruitless result, i. e. powerless, idle*. 2.

bearing fruit in due season. 3. bearing rule, having the control or management of.

τελετή, ἡ, (τελέω) a making perfect: initiation in the mysteries, the celebration of mysteries. II. in plur. mystic rites, any religious rites, a festival.

τελεύμενος, Ion. part. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of τελέω.

τελευντί, Dor. for τελοῦσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.

τελευταῖος, α, ον, (τελετή) at the end, last, Lat. ultimus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. neut. τὸ τελευταῖον, as Adv. the last time, last of all. 2. last, in the last place.

τελευταῖα, f. ἥσω: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. med. τελευτήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., aor. I ἐτελεύτηθην: pf. τετελεύτημαι: (τελετή):—to bring to an end, complete, accomplish, Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify:—Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, happen. II.

τελευτᾶν ὄντιον, τὸν αἰῶνα to bring one's life to an end, i. e. to die: absol. τελευτᾶν, to die, be deceased: τελευτᾶν ὑπό τινος to die by another's hand: c. gen., τελευτᾶν βίον to make an end of life. 2.

intrans. to come to an end, finish: αἱ εὐτυχία ἐς τοῦτο ἐτελεύτησαν his good fortune came to this end. 3. the part. pres. τελευτῶν, ὦσα, ὦν, was used with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at last; as, κἂν ἐγίγνετο πληγὴ τελευτῶσα there would have been blows at the last.

τελευτώ, Ion. for τελευτῶ: part. τελευτέοντες.

τελευτή, ἡ, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, fulfilment, accomplishment. II. a finish, end: βίου τελευτή the end, finish of life: absol. the end of life, death; so, θανάτω τελευτή the end that death brings, Lat. mortis exitus: ἐς τελευτήν at the end, at last: in plur. the boundaries or extremities, esp. of countries: metaph. the issues or events of things.

τελευτήγεια, Aeol. aor. I opt. of τελευτῶ.

τελέω, Ep. also τελείω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσσω, Ion. τελέω contr. τελῶ: aor. I ἐτέλεσα Ep. ἐτέλεσσα: pf. τετέλεκα:—Pass. τελέομαι Ep. εἰομαι: fut. med. in pass. sense τελέσομαι Ep. τελόομαι contr. τελοῦμαι: aor. I ἐτέλεσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:—(τέλος):—to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to perform, execute, Lat. perficere: to fulfil or keep one's word: with dat. pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the accomplishment of anything: generally, to work out, accomplish one's end:—Pass. to be completed, fulfilled, accomplished: to come to pass, happen: part. pf., τὸ καὶ τετελεσμένον ὄναι which shall also be accomplished. 2. to make perfect, bring to maturity. 3. to bring to an end, finish, end: in Pass. to come to one's end. 4. sometimes intr. like τελευτῶ, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also, τελεῖν εἰς τόπον to finish (one's course) to a place, i. e. arrive at it.

II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to pay as tax, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend:—Pass. of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be liable to pay tax. 2. since at Athens the citizens were distributed into classes and rated according to

their property, τελεῖν meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among, as, τελεῖν εἰς ἱππέας to be rated among the knights; so of states, τελεῖν ἐς Ἑλλήνας, ἐς Βοιωτοὺς to belong to, be rated among the Greeks, the Boeotians; εἰς ἀστούς τελεῖν to be rated among the citizens. III. to consecrate, initiate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to have oneself initiated, Lat. initiari; Διονύσω τελεσθῆναι to be initiated in the mysteries of Dionysos; c. acc., τελεσθῆναι Βακχεῖα to be initiated in the rites of Bacchus. 2. τελεῖν ἱερά to perform sacred rites.

τελέως, Adv. of τέλεος or τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελεώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

τελής, εσσα, εν, (τελέω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number; ῥέξειν τεληέσσας ἑκατόμβας to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemish; τεληέντες οἰωνοὶ birds of sure augury; ἔπει τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέεις). II. τεληεῖς ποταμός, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

ΤΕΛΑΔΩ, f. τελῶ: aor. I ἔτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: piapf. ἐτετάλμην:—Med. τέλλομαι, aor. I ἐτειλάμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:—Pass. to come forth, arise. 2. intr. to arise; ἥλουν τέλλοντος at sun-rise.

τέμα, ατος, τό, (τέλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond. II. the mud of a pool: mud or clay to build with, mortar.

ΤΕΛΟΣ, eos, τό, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: τέλος ἔχειν to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplishment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to have full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition, as, τέλος γάμοιο; τέλος ἡβης manhood:—generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus; τέλος βίου the end of life, then like τελευτή, without βίου, the end of life, death: but also, τέλος θανάτου the end or completion of death, i. e. death itself: so, νόστοιο τέλος the end or accomplishment of return, i. e. a safe return. 3. τέλος is often used adverbially; τέλος for κατὰ τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, ἐς τὸ τέλος, eis τέλος:—in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omnino:—διὰ τέλους, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II. the end proposed, chief matter. III. a body of soldiers, κατὰ τέλεια in regular bodies, in divisions or troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νεῶν squadrons of ships; ὀρνίθων τέλεια flocks of birds. IV. the highest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; οἱ ἐν τέλει men in authority; so, οἱ τὰ τέλη ἔχοντες; in Att., τὸ τέλος the government, τὰ τέλη the magistrates. V. that which is paid to the state (cf. τελέω II), a tax, duty, toll, due; τέλος πρίασθαι to farm a tax; λύνει τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be advantageous, like λυσitelῶ. 2.

at Athens, the property at which a citizen was as-

sessed: hence a class or order of citizens. VI. *consummation* by being admitted to mysteries, initiation, esp. into the Eleusinian mysteries: in pl. also, *the mysteries themselves*. 2. generally, any religious ceremony, a solemnity, esp. of marriage.

τέλοσδε, as Adv. towards the end or term.

τέλσον, τό, collat. form of τέλος, a boundary, limit, τέλσον ἀρούρης a piece of corn land marked off.

Τελχίν, ἴνος, ὁ, (θέλγω) one of the Telchines, the first workers in metal: also a mischievous elf:—as Adj., τελχίνες σήτης mischievous moths.

τελωνέω, f. ἥσω, to be a farmer of tolls, be a tax-gatherer, to farm the taxes. From

τελ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (τέλος, ἀνέομαι) one who farms the tolls, customs or taxes of a state, a tax-gatherer, Lat. publicanus.

τελωνία, ἡ, (τελωνέω) the office of a farmer of the customs, the farming of the taxes.

τελωνιάς, ἄδης, ἡ, (τελώνης) of tax-gatherers.

τελωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τελώνης) of or for tax-gathering.

τελώνιον, τό, (τελωνέω) a toll-house, custom-house.

τεμάχος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a slice cut off, a slice of salt-fish.

τεμείν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τεμένιος, α, ον, (τέμενος) of or in the sacred precincts: φυλλὰς τεμενία the grove in the sacred precincts.

τεμενίτης [ἱ], ου, ὁ, (τέμενος) the God of the sacred precincts, epith. of Apollo at Syracuse, whence a quarter of the city was called Τεμενίτης: fem., ἡ ἄκρα ἡ Τεμενίτης the height on which stood the temple of Apollo Temenites.

τέμενος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a piece of land cut off and allotted for any purpose: a portion of land, esp. of corn-land.

II. a piece of land sacred to a god: the precincts of a temple: hence, from the worship offered to the Nile, the valley of the Nile is called τέμενος Νείλοιο.

ΤΕΜΝΩ Ion. τάνω: fut. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἔτεμον Ep. and Ion. ἔταμον, Ep. inf. ταμέειν: pf. τέτμηκα: Med., fut. τεμουμαι: aor. 2 ἐταμόμην, inf. ταμέσθαι: Pass., aor. I ἐτέμην: pf. τέτμημαι:—to cut or hew in battle, to wound, maim. 2. of the surgeon, to cut, use the knife, as opp. to cautery.

II. of animals, to cut up, cut in pieces: to slaughter, sacrifice:—since truces, covenants, and the like were solemnised with sacrifices, ὅρκια τάνειν came to mean to conclude, ratify oaths, as in Lat. foedus ferire, foedus ictum.

III. of timber, to cut, cut down, fell, hew, lop: in Med. c. acc., δοῖρα τάνεσθαι to fell oneself timber; λίθους τάνεσθαι to hew stone wrought or hewn.

2. φάρμακον τέμνειν to cut or chop up a plant for medicinal purposes: metaph., πόρον τέμνειν to contrive a means.

3. τέμνειν γῆν, πεδίον to lay waste a country by felling fruit trees, cutting the corn, etc.

IV. to cut off, sever: to part off, mark off: to divide.

V. to cut or draw a line, τέμνειν ἀρουραν to plough corn land; τέμνειν ὀχέτους to cut

trenches: also, τέμνειν ὁδούς to cut or make roads: τέμνειν ὁδὸν to cut or cleave one's way, go on, advance (cf. προκόπτω); μέσον τέμνειν to hold a middle course.

2. of ships, to cut through or cleave the waves, Lat. secare mare: so too of birds, to plough or cleave the air: absol., τέμνειν to go. VI. to cut short, bring to a crisis.

Τέμπεα contr. Τέμπη, τά, Tempe, the valley between mounts Olympus and Ossa, through which the river Peneius flows into the sea.

τεμῶ, fut. of τέμνω.

τενάγιτης [ἱ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, used as Adj., shallow. From

ΤΕΝΑΤΟΣ, εος, τό, a shoal, shallow, Lat. vadum.

ΤΕΝΔΩ Att. τένθω, to gnaw, nibble at. Hence

τενθεία, ἡ, a nibbling: epicurism, gluttony.

τένων, οντος, ὁ, (τείνω) a sinew, tendon: usually, a tendon of the foot: hence the foot itself.

τέτω, τέτομαι, fut. act. and med. of τίκτω.

τέο, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of interrog. τίς. II. τεο, enclit., Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of enclit. τίς.

τέο, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεοῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τέοισι, Ion. for τίσι, dat. pl. of τίς.

τέος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. for σός, Lat. tuus.

τεοῦς, Dor. and Aeol. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεράζω, f. ἄσω, (τέρας) to interpret portents or prodigies, to bode.

τέραμον or τέρεμον, τό, anything closely shut, a room, chamber: only used in plur.

ΤΕΡΑΣ, gen. ατος Ep. aos Ion. εος, τό: plur., nom. τεράτᾱ Ep. τεράᾱ contr. τερά; Ep. gen. τεράων; dat. τεράσι Ep. τεράσσι:—a sign, wonder, marvel, portent. II. anything that serves as an omen: a monster, strange creature, Lat. monstrum.

2. like Lat. signum, a sign in the heavens, a constellation, meteor; cf. τέρεα.

τερα-σκόπος, ον, poet. for τερατο-σκόπος (τέρας, σκοπέω) boding, prophetic.

τεράστιος, α, ον, (τέρας) of portents, portentous.

τεράτεια, ἡ, (τεραπεύομαι) a dealing in the marvellous, imposture, quackery.

τεράτευμα, ατος, τό, a juggling trick, quackery. From

τεράτεύομαι, Dep. (τέρας) to talk marvels, Lat. portentosa loqui: to deal in the marvellous, be an impostor. τερατολόγω, f. ἥσω, (τερατολόγος) to tell of marvels.

τεράτολογία, ἡ, (τερατολογία) a telling of marvels.

τεράτο-λόγος, ον, (τέρας, λέγω) telling of marvellous sights or portents. II. pass. of which marvellous things are told, marvellous.

τεράτο-σκόπος, ον, (τέρας, σκοπέω) observing portents: as Subst., τερατοσκόπος, ὁ, a soothsayer.

τεράτουργία, ἡ, a working of wonders. From τεράτ-ουργός, ὄν, (τέρας, ἐργω) wonder-working.

τετραῶδης, *es*, (τέρας, εἶδος) like a prodigy, marvellous, wondrous.

τετραῶ-ωπός, *όν*, (τέρας, ὤψ) with a marvellous face; τετραῶπός ιδεῖσθαι marvellous to behold.

τερεβινθίνος, *η, ov*, made or taken from the turpentine-tree, made from turpentine. From

ΤΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, *ή*, the terebinth or turpentine-tree: also the resin that flows from it, turpentine.

τερεβινθ-ώδης, *es*, (τερεβινθος, εἶδος) like turpentine: full of turpentine-trees.

ΤΕΡΕΙΝΑ, *fem.* of τέρην.

τέρεμνον, *τό*, = τέραμνον.

τέρενος, *η, ov*, collat. form of τέρην.

τερετίσω, *f. σω*, to whistle. (Formed from the sound.)

Hence

τερέτισμα, *ατος, τό*, a whistling, trilling.

τέρετρον, *τό*, a borer, gimlet, Lat. terebra. From τερέω, *f. ήσω* and *έσω*, (τέρω) to bore, pierce, perforate. Hence

τερεδών, *ονος, ή*, the wood-worm, Lat. teredo.

τέρην, *εινά, εν*, gen. τέρενος, *εινης, ενος*, etc.: (τέρω): —worn smooth, smooth, soft, delicate, Lat. tener:—

Comp. τερενώτερος.

τερπεινομαι, *Dep.* = τερατεύομαι, to practise juggling tricks, use rhetorical artifices.

τέρβριος, *ό*, (τέρβρον) the rope from the end of a sail-yard (τέρβρον), the brace.

ΤΕΡΕΡΟΝ, *τό*, an end, extremity: properly, the end of a sail-yard.

τέρμα, *ατος, τό*, an end, boundary, Lat. terminus: the goal round which horses and chariots had to turn at races, Lat. meta. 2. a mark for throwing or shooting at. II. an end, limit: in plur. the boundaries.

2. metaph. the finishing point: the acme, height, summit.

τερμίνθινος, *η, ov*, = τερεβινθίνος.

τέρμινθος, *ή*, = τερεβινθος.

τερμόεις, *εσσα, εν*, (τέρμα) reaching to the end; *άσπις* τερμόεσσα a shield that covers one from top to toe; *χιτών* τερμόεις a tunic reaching to the ground.

τέρμους, *α, ov*, (τέρμα) at or coming to the end, last, final: of Time, *τερμία ήμέρα* the day of death.

τερμόνιος, *α, ov*, (τέρμων) at the far-end.

τέρμων, *ονος, ό*, = τέρμα, a boundary. II. an end.

τερπί-κέραυνος, *ov*, (τέρπω, κεραυνός) delighting in thunder.

τερπνός, *ή, όν*, (τέρπω) delightful, pleasant, agreeable, cheering. II. pass. delighted, pleased.—

Comp. and Sup. *τερπνότερος, -ότατος*. Hence

τερπνός, *Adv.* agreeably, pleasantly.

ΤΕΡΠΗΝ, *f. ψω*: aor. I *έτερπηα*:—Pass., aor. I *έτέρφην* or *ετάρφην*: aor. 2 *έταρην*, inf. *ταρπηναι* Ep. *ταρπήμεναι*, Ep. I sing. and pl. subj. *τράπειω, τράπειομεν*:—Med. aor. I *έτερψάμην*: aor. 2 *έταρπόμεν*, Ep. redupl. *τεταρπόμεν*, *τετάρπετο*, I pl. subj. *τεταρπώμεθα*, part. *τεταρπόμενος*:—to delight, please. II. in Pass. and Med. to be cheered, enjoy oneself, make

merry:—absol., *πίνε και τέρπου* drink and be merry. 2. c. gen. *rei*, to have enough of, have one's full enjoyment of, be content with. 3. rarely c. acc., *τέρπεσθαι όνησιν* to enjoy profit. Hence

τερπωλή, *ή*, poet. for τέρψις, delight.

τερσαίνω, aor. I *έτέρσηνα* Ep. *τέρσηνα*: (τέρσομαι):—to dry, dry up, wipe up; *αίμα μέλαν τέρσηνε* be dried up the black blood. Cp. *τέρσομαι*.

τερσά, *ή*, like *ταρσία*, *τρασία*, a frame for drying anything on, a frame of wickerwork. From

ΤΕΡΣΟΜΑΙ, aor. 2 inf. *τερσηναι* Ep. *τερσήμεναι* (but no indic. *έτέρσην* occurs):—to be or become dry, to dry, dry up, be staunch: also to be parched or dried up: c. gen., *όσσε δακρυόφιν τέρσοντο* his eyes became dry from tears. II. the Act. *τέρσω* occurs in Alexandr. poets, = *τερσάω*.

τερφθείη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. opt. of *τέρπομαι*.

τερψίμ-βροτος, *ov*, (τέρπω, βροτός) gladdening the heart of man.

τερψί-voos, *ov*, (τέρπω, νόος) gladdening the heart.

τέρψις, *εως, ή*, (τέρπω) enjoyment: gladness, delight.

Τερψι-χόρη Att. -χόρᾱ, *ή*, (τέρπω, χορός) she that delights in the dance, Terpsichore, one of the nine Muses.

τερψί-χορος, *ov*, (τέρπω, χορός) delighting in the dance.

τέσσαρα, neut. of τέσσερες.

τεσσαρά-βοιους, *ov*, (τέσσαρα, βούς) worth four steers.

τεσσαρά-καί-δεκα, *τά*, see *τεσσαρες-καί-δεκα*.

τεσσαράκαιδέκα-δωρος, *ov*, (τεσσαρακαίδεκα, δώρον) fourteen handbreadths long, broad or high.

τεσσαράκαιδεκ-έτης, *ov, ό*, (τεσσαρακαίδεκα, έτος) fourteen years old: fem. -έτις.

τεσσαράκοντα Att. τεττάρκοντα, *oi, ai, τά*, indecl. (τέσσαρες) forty, Lat. quadraginta. [ρά]

τεσσαράκοντᾱ-έτης, *ov, ό*, and -έτης, *es*, (τεσσαράκοντα, έτος) forty years old.

τεσσαράκοντ-όργυιος, *ov*, (τεσσαράκοντα, όργυια) forty fathoms high, deep, etc.

τεσσαράκοντ-ούτης, *ov, ό*, contr. for *τεσσαρακονταέτης*.

τεσσαράκοστος, *ή, όν*, (τεσσαράκοντα) fortieth, Lat. quadragiesimus. II. *ή* *τεσσαρακοστή* (sub. μοίρα):

1. a tax of one fortieth, i. e. 2½ per cent. 2. a fortieth, a coin of Chios.

ΤΕΣΣΑΡΕΣ, *oi, ai, τέσσαρα, τά*; gen. *τεσσάρων*; dat. *τέσσαρσι* poet. *τέτρασι*:—Att. *τέτταρες, τέτταρα*: in Ion. prose *τέσσερες, τέσσερα*, dat. pl. *τέσσερσι*: Dor. *τέττορες* or *τέτορες*: Aeol. *πίσυρες*:—four, Lat. quatuor.

τεσσαρες-καί-δεκα Ion. *τεσσερες-*, *oi, ai, τά*, indecl. = *τέσσερες και δεκα*, fourteen: the neut. form *τεσσαρα-καί-δεκα* is very rare. Hence

τεσσαρεςκαιδέκατος, *η, ov*, Ion. *τεσσερεςκ-*, the fourteenth.

τεσσαράκοντα, Ion. for *τεσσαράκοντα*.

τέσσερες, τέσσερα, Ion. for *τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα*.

τεσσερήκοντα, f. l. for τεσσεράκοντα.
 τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of τάσσω; hence Adv.
 τεταγμένως, in set order, regularly.
 τετᾶνών, ὄντος, ὁ, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. with no
 pres. in use; βάβε ποδὸς τεταγών he threw him taking
 him by the foot.
 τέτακα, pf. of τείνω.
 τέταλμαι, pf. pass. of τέλλω.
 τέταλτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τέλλω.
 τετάμαι, pf. pass. of τείνω.
 τετάνός, ὄν, (τείνω) stretched, strained, smooth.
 τετάνος, ὁ, (τείνω) a stretching, straining; tension.
 τετάνυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τάνω.
 τετάξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τάσσω.
 τεταραγμένος, pf. pass. part. of ταρασσω;—hence
 Adv. τεταραγμένως, confusedly.
 τετάρπετο, —πόμεθα, —πόμενος, Ep. redupl. aor. 2
 3 sing., 1 pl. subj., and part. med. of τέρπω.
 τεταρταῖος, α, ὄν, (τέταρτος) of or for four days:
 on the fourth day.
 τεταρτημόριον, τό, (τέταρτος, μόριον) the fourth
 part; a quarter-obolus, Lat. quadrans.
 τέταρτος Ep. τέταρτος, η, ὄν, (τέσσαρες) the fourth,
 Lat. quartus;—neut. τὸ τέταρτον as Adv., the fourth
 time. II. ἡ τετάρτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the fourth
 day. 2. (sub. μοῖρα), a liquid measure, a quart.
 τετάσθην, Ep. 3 dual plqpf. pass. of τείνω.
 τέτατο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τείνω.
 τετάχθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of τάσσω.
 τετελεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of τελέω.
 τετέλεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τελέω.
 τετεύξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τεύχω.
 τέτευχα, pf. of τεύχων.
 τετεύχθαι, τετεύχτο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf.
 pass. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχετον, 3 dual pf. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχημαι, inf. τετευχῆσθαι, Ep. pf. pass. with
 pres. sense, formed from the Subst. τεύχεα, without
 any pres. τεύχω in use;—to be armed.
 τέτῃκα, intr. pf. of τήκω.
 τετίνημαι, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. τίω in use,
 to be sorrowful, be grieved, to sorrow, mourn;—used in
 2 dual τετινήσθον; but more commonly in part. τετι-
 νήμενος, τετινμένη, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in
 phrase τετινήμενος ἦτορ grieved at heart.
 τετινώς, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pres. τίω in
 use, = τετινήμενος, grieved, sorrowing.
 τέτιμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.
 τετιμήσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of τιμάω.
 τέτισμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.
 τέτλαδ, shortd. for τέτλαθι.
 πέτλαθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of *τλάω.
 τετλαίνην, Ep. pf. opt. of *τλάω.
 τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [ᾶ], Ep. pf. inf. of *τλάω;
 but τέτλαμεν; 1 pl. pf. for τετλήκαμεν.
 τετλάτω [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *τλάω.
 τέτληκα, pf. of τλήμ.
 τετληώς, νία, gen. ὅτος, Ep. pf. part. of *τλάω.

τέτμηκα, pf. of τέμνω.
 τετμημένος, pf. pass. part. of τέμνω.
 τετμηώς, Ep. pf. part. of τέμνω.
 τέτοιμεν, 1 pl. opt. of τέμνω.
 τέμον, Ep. for ἔτεμον, an aor. 2 without pres. in
 use, to overtake, come upon. 2 c. gen. to partake of.
 τετοκώς, τετοκυία, pf. part. of τίκτω.
 τέτορες, οἱ, αἱ, τέτορα, τά, Dor. for τέσσαρες.
 τετορήσω, irreg. fut. of τορέω.
 τετρά-, shortd. for τέτορα = τέσσαρα, only found in
 compd. words.
 τετρά-βάμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (τέτρα-, βαῖνω) four-
 footed, quadruped. [βᾶ]
 τετρα-γλῶχῖς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τετρα-, γλῶχῖς) with four
 points or angles, square.
 τετρά-γυος, ὄν, (τέτρα-, γύα) as large as four acres
 (γύαι) of land. II. τετράγυνον, τό, as Subst., a mea-
 sure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day.
 τετράγωνος, (τετράγωνος) an astrological term, to
 stand in square with, c. acc.
 τετράγωνο-πρόσωπος, ὄν, (τετράγωνος, πρόσωπον)
 square-faced, like otters and beavers.
 τετρά-γωνος, ὄν, (τετρα-, γωνία) with four equal
 angles, square;—as Subst., τετράγωνον, τό, a square,
 a body of men drawn up in square, Lat. agmen quad-
 ratum. II. perfect as a square, complete, perfect.
 III. τετράγυνος ἀριθμός a square number,
 i. e. a number multiplied into itself.
 τετράδιον, τό, (τετράς) the number of four, four
 persons or things, a quaternion. [ᾶ]
 τετρά-έλικτος, ὄν, (τετρα-, ἐλίσσω) four times wound
 or coiled.
 τετρά-έτης, ἐς, (τετρα-, ἔνος) = τετραετής. [ᾶ]
 τετρά-ετής, ἐς, (τετρα-, ἔτος) four years old. II.
 of four years.
 τετρά-ζυγος, ὄν, (τετρα-, ζυγόν) four-yoked, with
 four horses: as Subst., τὸ τετράζυγον (sc. ἄρμα) a
 four-horsed chariot.
 τετρά-θέλυμος, ὄν, (τετρα-, θέλυμον) of four lay-
 ers; τετραθέλυμος σάκος a shield of four ox-bides.
 ΤΕΤΡΑΙΝΟ, fut. τετράνω: aor. 1 ἐτέτρηνα Ep.
 τετρήνα: aor. I pass. ἐτετράνθη: also (from the
 root ΤΡΑΨ) aor. tr. τρήσω: aor. ἐτρησα: pf. pass. τέ-
 τρημαι:—to bore through, pierce, perforate.
 τετρά-και-δεκ-έτης, fem. -ετις, ἴδος, (τετρα-, καί,
 δέκα, ἔτος) fourteen years old.
 τετρά-κερος, ὄν, (τετρα-, κέρας) four-horned. [ᾶ]
 τετρά-κέφαλος, ὄν, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) four-beaded.
 τετράκις, Adv. (τετρα-) four times. [ᾶ]
 τετράκισ-μύριοι, αἱ, α, (τετράκις, μύριοι) four times
 ten thousand, forty thousand. [ῦ]
 τετράκισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, (τετράκις, χίλιοι) four thou-
 sand. [χῖ]
 τετρά-κλινος, ὄν, (τετρα-, κλίνη) with four beds or
 couches to recline on at table.
 τετρά-κνᾶμος, ὄν, Dor. for τετράκνημος, (τετρα-,
 κνήμη) with four spokes, fastened to a four-spoked
 wheel.

τετρά-κόρυμβος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κόρυμβος) *with four bunches or clusters; generally, thick-clustering.*

τετρά-κόρυνος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κορώνη) *four times a crow's age.*

τετρακόσιοι, *αι, α*, (τετρα-) *four-hundred.* Hence τετρακόσιοστός, *ή, όν*, *the four-hundredth.*

τετρακτύς, *ύος, ή*, (τετράς) *the number four.*

τετρά-κύκλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, κύκλος) *four-wheeled.*

τετρά-λογία, *ή*, (τετρα-, λόγος) *a tetralogy, i. e. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus:—without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called a trilogy, τριλογία, such as the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe, and Eumenides of Aeschylus.*

τετρά-μετρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, μέτρον) *consisting of four metres, i. e. in iambic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. versus octonarius; in dactylic, choriambic, dochmiac verse, consisting of four feet:—as Subst., τετράμετρος (sub. σίχως), ό, a tetrameter or verse of four feet.*

τετρά-μηνιαίος, *α, ον*, and τετράμηνος, *ον*, (τετρα-, μῆν) *of four months, lasting four months.*

τετραμμῆαι, *pf. pass. of τρέπω.*

τετραμοῖρία, *ή*, *a fourfold portion.* From

τετρά-μοῖρος, *ον*, (τετρά-, μοῖρα) *consisting of four parts, fourfold.*

τετρανθείς, *aor. I pass. part. of τετραίνω.*

ΤΕΤΡΑΪ, *ἄγος, and ἄκος, ό*, *prob. the pheasant, Lat. avis Phasianus.*

τετραορία, *ή*, *a four-borsed chariot.* From

τετρά-ορος *contr. τέτρωρος, ον*, (τετρα-, δαίρω) *yoked four together; τετράορον ἄμα a four-borsed chariot.* II. *four-legged.* [α]

τετρά-πάλαι, *Adv. four times long ago, long long ago.*

τετρά-πάλαιστος, *ον*, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) *of four spans, four spans long or broad.*

τετρά-πηχυς, *υ, gen. εος*, (τετρά-, πῆχυς) *four cubits (i. e. six feet) long, broad, etc.: of men, six feet high.*

τετραπλάσιος, *α, ον*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, four times as much, Lat. quadruplus.* [πλά]

τετρά-πλευρος, *ον*, (τετρά-, πλευρά) *four-sided.*

τετραπλή, *Adv. (τετρα-) in a fourfold manner, fourfold.*

τετραπλός, *η, ον contr. -πλοῦς, ή, ούν*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, Lat. quadruplus: as Subst., τὸ τετραπλοῦν = τετραμοῖρία, a fourfold portion.*

τετρά-ποδιδόν, *Adv. (τετρα-, ποῦς) on four feet.*

τετρά-ποδιστί, *Adv. (τετρα-, ποῦς) on all fours.*

τετρά-πολις *poët. τετράπολις, εως, ή*, (τετρά-, πόλις) *of, with four cities.*

τετρά-πολος, *ον*, (τετρά-, πολέω) *turned up or ploughed four times.*

τετρά-πους, *ό, ή, -πουν, τό*, (τετρά-, ποῦς) *four-footed:—as Subst., τετράποδα, τά, quadrupeds.* II. *of four feet in length.*

τετρά-πτερος, *ον*, (τετρά-, πτερόν) *four-winged.* Hence

τετρα-πτερυλλίς, *ίδος, ή*, (τετρα-, πτερόν) *a four-winged creature, grasshopper, locust.*

τετρά-πύλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, πύλον) *four-winged.*

τετραπτό, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.*

τετρά-πτολις, *ή*, *poët. for τετράπολις.*

τετράρ-ρύλος or τετράρ-ρυμός, *ον*, (τετρα-, ρυμός) *with four poles, i. e. drawn by eight horses.*

τετραρχέω, *to be a tetrarch.* From

τετράρ-ρχης, *ον, ό*, (τετρα-, ἄρχω) *a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country.* Hence τετραρχία, *ή*, *a tetrarchy, the power or dominions of a tetrarch:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four tetrarchies, and so Palestine under the Romans.*

τετράς, *ἄδος, ή*, (τέτταρες) *the number four.* 2. *the fourth day.*

τετρα-σκελής, *ές*, (τετρα-, σκέλος) *four-legged, four-footed.*

τετρα-στάτηρος, *ον*, (τέτρα-, στάτηρ) *worth four staters, i. e. about 13 shillings.*

τετρα-συλλάβος, *ον*, (τετρα-, συλλαβή) *of four syllables.*

τετρά-σώματος, *ον*, (τετρα-, σώμα) *with four bodies.*

τέττατος, *η, ον*, *poët. for τέταρτος, fourth:—neut. τὸ τέτατον as Adv., for the fourth time.*

τετρά-τρυφός, *ον*, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) *broken or that may be broken into four pieces.*

τετράφα, *pf. of τρέπω.*

τετρά-φάλῃρος, *ον*, *of a helmet, = τετραφαλος.* [φά]

τετρά-φᾶλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, φᾶλος) *of a helmet, with four φάλοι; see φάλος.*

τετράφᾶται, -φᾶτο, *Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.*

τετράφθω, *3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τρέπω.*

τετρά-φύλος, *ον*, (τετρα-, φυλή) *divided into four tribes.*

τέτταχά, *Adv. (τέτταρες) fourfold, in four parts.*

τετράχῃ, *Adv. = τέτραχα.*

τετραχθά, *Adv. poët. for τέτραχα.*

τετρά-χοος, *ον contr. -χους, ουν*, (τετρα-, χοεύς) *holding four χόες.*

τετρά-χορδος, *ον*, (τετρα-, χορδή) *four-stringed:—as Subst., τὸ τετράχορδον, the tetrachord, a scale comprising two tones and a half.*

τετρά-χύτρος, *ον*, (τετρα-, χύτρος) *made of four pots.*

τετρεμαίνω, *redupl. form of τρέμω, to tremble.*

τέτρημαι, *pf. pass. of τετραίνω.*

τέτρηνα, *Ep. for ἐτέτρηνα, aor. I of τετραίνω.*

τέτρηχα, *intr. pf. with pres. signf. of ταρασσω; part. fem. τετρηχῖα; 3 sing. plqpf. τετρηχει.*

τετρίγει, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τρίζω.* [ῖ]

τετρίγυς, *τετρίγυια, pf. part. of τρίζω.*

τετρίγῶτος, *Ep. for τετριγώτος, acc. pl. pf. part. of τρίζω.*

τέτριμμαι, *pf. pass. of τρίζω.*

τετρά-όργυιος, *ον*, (τετρα-, όργυια) *four fathoms long or broad.*

τέτροφα, *pf. of τρέπω; also intr. pf. of τρέφω.*

τετρύσθαι, *pf. pass. inf. of τρύω.*

τετρ-ώβολος, *ον*, (τετρα-, ὀβόλος) *weighing* or *worth* four obols:—as Subst., τετράβολον, τό, *a four-obol piece*.

τετρώκοστος, *η*, Dor. for τεσσαρακοστός, *fortieth*.

τέτρωμαι, *pf. pass.* of τετρώσκω.

τετρ-ώρος, *ον*, contr. for τετράρορος.

τετρ-ώροφος, *ον*, (τετρα-, ὄροφος) *of four stories*.

τετρ-ώρυγος, *ον*, more correct form of τετράργυρος.

τέττα, an address of youths to their elders, *Father*, like ἄττα, πάπα.

τεττάρανκοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-

τεττιγο-φόρος, *ον*, (τέττιξ, φέρω) *wearing a τέττιξ* or *cicada*: *epith.* of the Athenians, because in early times they wore golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being αὐτόχθονες.

τεττιγ-ώδης, *ες*, (τέττιξ, εἶδος) *like a τέττιξ* or *cicada*.

ΤΕΤΤΙΞ, ἴγος, ὁ, *a kind of grasshopper, the cicada*, Lat. *cicada*, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise:—see τεττιγοφόρος.

τέτυγμαί, *pf. pass.* of τεύχω.

τετύγμην, *Ep. plqpf. pass.* of τεύχω.

τετύκεῖν, *Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf.* of τεύχω.

τετύκεσθαι, *Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med.* of τεύχω.

τετυμμένος, *pf. pass. part.* of τύπτω.

τετυφωμένος, *Adv. pf. pass. part.* of τυφώω, *stupidly*.

τετύχηκα, *pf.* of τυγχάνω. [ῥ]

τετύχθαι, *pf. pass. inf.* of τεύχω.

τετύχθω, 3 *sing. pf. pass. imperat.* of τεύχω.

τεύ, Dor. for σοῦ, *gen.* of τυ, σὺ.

τεύ, *Ion.* and Dor. for τίνος, *gen.* of τίς (interrog.). II. τευ, *enclit. gen.* for τινός, from τίς (*enclit.*).

τεύγμα, *ατος, τό*, (τεύχω) *that which is made, a work*.

τευθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, *a cuttle-fish*, Lat. *sepia*, loligo.

τευκτός, ἡ, ὄν, *verb. Adj.* of τεύχω, *made, prepared, wrought*.

τεύξα, *Ep. aor. I opt.* of τεύχω: *opt.* τεύξεια.

τεύξομαι, *fut.* of τυγχάνω. 2. *fut. med.* of τεύχω.

τεύλτος = τεῦτλον, *beet*.

ΤΕΤΤΑΟΝ, τό, Att. for σεῦτλον, *a kitchen-herb, beet*, Lat. *beta*.

τεύχεια, τά, *see* τεύχος.

τευχες-φόρος, *ον*, (τεύχεια, φέρω) *bearing arms, wearing armour*.

τευχηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, or τευχηστής, οὔ, ὁ, (τεύχεια) *an armed man, warrior*.

τεύχουσα, Dor. *pres. part. fem.* of τεύχω.

τεύχος, *εος, τό*, (τεύχω) *like ὅπλον, a tool, implement, utensil* in plur. τεύχεια *implements of war, armour, arms, harness*. 2. *in plur.* also *the tackle or rigging of a ship*. 3. *a vessel of any kind, as a bathing-tub, a balloting or funeral urn*. 4. *a book*, whence the term *Pentateuch* or *Five-books*.

ΤΕΤΥΧΩ, *f. ζω*: *aor. I. έτευξα*: *Ep. aor. 2 τέτυ-*

κον: *pf. τέτευχα*: *Med., fut. τεύξομαι*: *Ep. aor. 2 τετύκην*: *Pass., fut. 3 τετεύξομαι*: *aor. I. έτεύχην*: *pf. τέτυγμαί*: *Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. τετεύχαι, τετεύχαιτο*:—*to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge, to weave*: also *metaph. to work, bring about, cause*: *to form, create*:—*Pass., c. gen. rei, τεύχσθαι χρυσοῖο to be wrought of gold*. II. *c. dupl. acc. to make a person so and so*: and *pf. pass. τετυγμαί* is often used = *εἰμί* or *γίγνομαι*, *to have been made, i. e. to be, so and so*: γυναικὸς ἀντὶ τέτυγο ἰβου badst been made, i. e. ἰβου wert, like a woman. 2. the *pf. pass. part. τετυγμένος* commonly means *well or finely made, well-wrought, compact, lasting*; *metaph. of a field, well-tilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous*.

τέφρα *Ion. τέφρη, ἡ*, (τύφω) *ashes, sprinkled over the head and clothes in token of grief: the ashes of the funeral pile*.

τεφρώ, *f. ὦσω*, (τέφρα) *to reduce to ashes, consume*.

τεχθεῖς, *aor. I. pass. part.* of τέκτω.

τεχνάζω, *f. ἄσω*, (τέχνη) *to use art or cunning, deal subtly, contrive cunningly*.

τεχνάεις, *εσσα, εν*, Dor. for τεχνήεις.

τεχνασμα, *ατος, τό*, (τεχνάζω) *anything made by art, a piece of bandiwork*. II. *an artifice, trick*.

τεχνόομαι, *f. ἥσομαι*: *aor. I. έτεχνησάμην*: *Dep.: (τέχνη)*:—*to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully*: also followed by a *relat.*, *to contrive that ...*

II. τεχναόμαι also occurs as a *Pass.*, with *pf. τετεχνάμαι, to be made by art*.

τέχνη, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) *art, skill, regular method of making a thing; τέχνη by rules of art*. 2. *art, craft, cunning, sleight*: in plur. *cunning devices, arts, wiles*. 3. *generally, a way, manner, means whereby a thing is gained*; μηδεμὴ τέχνη in no wise; πάσῃ τέχνῃ by all means; παντοίῃ τέχνῃ by all manner of means. II. *an art, craft, trade*. III. *a work of art*.

τεχνήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (τέχνη) *cunningly wrought, ingenious*. *Adv. τεχνήντως, artfully, with art*.

τεχνημα, *ατος, τό*, (τεχνάω) *that which is wrought by art, a work of art, a bandiwork*. II. *an artful device, trick, artifice*: of a man, *all trick and cunning*.

τεχνήμων, *ον*, *gen. ovos*, = τεχνήεις.

τεχνήσσο, *contr.* for τεχνήσσο, *fem.* of τεχνήεις.

τεχνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέχνη) *artistic, skilful*. *Adv. -κάς, artistically*.

τεχνίτης [ῖ], *ου, ὁ*, (τέχνη) *an artificer, artist, craftsman, workman*: *one who works by rules of art*.

τεχνίτης, ἴδος, *fem.* of τεχνίτης.

τεχνοσύνη, ἡ, *poët.* for τέχνη, *art, skilfulness*.

τέφ, *Ion.* for τίνι, *dat.* of τίς (*interrog.*). 2. *αεφ* *Ion.* for τινί, *dat.* from τίς (*enclit.*).

τέων, *Ion.* for τίνων, *gen. pl.* of τίς (*interrog.*). 2. *for τίνων, gen. pl.* of τίς (*enclit.*).

τέως *Ep. τεῖος*, *Adv. of Time, so long, meanwhile, the while*; also *before, ere this*:—*antecedent to the relat. έως*.

II. *absol. a while, for a time*. [τέων: but it also occurs as one long syllable.]

τῇ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat., with no other form in use, like λάβε, ἔχε, φέρε, *there! take!* always followed by a second imperat., as τῇ, σπείσον Δί .. *take and pour a libation to Jove* .. τῇ, πῖε οἶνον .. *take and drink wine*.

τῇ, dat. fem. of the Art. ὁ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat. ὅς. II. as Adv., like ταύτη, *here, this way*.

τῇδε, dat. fem. of ὅδε, used as Adv., *in this direction, in this way*.

τῇδί, dat. fem. of ὀδί, used as Adv. = τῇδε.

ΤΗΘΗ or τηθή, ἡ, a grandmother.

τηθίς, ἰδός, ἡ, (τήθη) a father's or mother's sister, aunt.

ΤΗΘΟΣ, εὖς, τό, an oyster.

Τηθύς, ὅς, ἡ, (τήθη) Tetby, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia, a sea deity. II. later, put for *the sea itself*.

τηκεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (τήκω) a melting away, wasting away: hence consumption, decline, phthisis.

τηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τήκω, melted, melted down so as to be poured in: soluble.

ΤΗΚΩ Dor. τάκω: fut. τήξω: aor. I ἐτήξα: I. transit. to melt, melt down, make to melt away; to smelt metals: metaph. to make pine or melt away. II. Med. and Pass., f. med. τήξομαι, pass. τήκησομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἐτάκην [ᾶ]: —to melt, melt away: to pine, waste away: to ooze away, vanish, fall away. III. the pf. act. τέτηκα is used intr. = pres. pass., and plqpf. ἐτέτηκεν = impf. pass., to pine, melt away; κρέα τετηκῶτα sodden flesh.

τηλ-αυγής, ἐς, (τῆλε, αὐγή) far-shining, glittering from afar: hence far-seen, conspicuous. Comp. and Sup. τηλαυγεστός, -έστατος. Adv. τηλαυγῶς, clearly, distinctly.

ΤΗΛΑΕ, Adv., like τηλοῦ, far off, far away, far: abroad: c. gen. far from.

τηλε-βόας, οὐ, ὁ, (τῆλε, βοᾶω) shouting afar or loud.

τηλε-βόλος, οὐ, (τῆλε, βαλεῖν) striking from afar.

τηλε-γονος, οὐ, (τῆλε, γενέσθαι) born far from one's father or one's fatherland.

τηλεδαΐπός, ἡ, ὄν, (τῆλε) from a far country, foreign: also afar off, distant.

τηλεθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf. τέθηλα), used only in Ep. part. pres. τηλεθάων, Ep. -ων, ὅσα, luxuriant, blooming, flourishing, of trees and plants, as, ἔλαια, ἐλαῖα, δένδρεα, etc.: metaph., παῖδες τηλεθάοντες blooming children; χαίτη τηλεθόωσα luxuriant hair.

τηλε-κλειτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλέος) far-famed.

τηλε-κλητός, οὐ, (τῆλε, κλητός from καλέω) called from afar, summoned from afar.

τηλε-κλυτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλυτός from κλύω) = τηλε-κλειτός.

τηλε-μάχος, οὐ, (τῆλε, μάχομαι) fighting from afar: as pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, ὁ, a son of Ulysses.

τηλε-πλάνης, οὐ, (τῆλε, πλανᾶμαι) far-wandering, devious.

τηλε-πομπος, οὐ, (τῆλε, πέμπω) sent from afar, far-journeying.

τηλε-πορος, οὐ, (τῆλε, πύρος) far-reaching.

τηλε-πύλος, οὐ, (τῆλε, πύλη) with gates far apart.

τηλε-σκοπος, οὐ, (τῆλε, σκοπέω) far-seeing. II.

προπαρὸς. τηλεσκοπος, οὐ, pass., far-seen, conspicuous.

τηλε-φάνης, ἐς, (τῆλε, φανῆναι) appearing afar, seen from far: of sound, heard from afar.

τηλε-φίλον, τό, (τῆλε, φίλος) far-love, love-in-absence, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned: if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other, burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

ΤΗΛΙΑ, ἡ, any flat board with a raised rim, as, I. a sieve, the hoop of a sieve. 2. a stand or platform on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. 3. a gambling-table. 4. a chimney-top, i. e. a lid which covered the aperture in the roof.

ΤΗΛΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, οὐ, Dor. τελίκος, α, οὐ [ῖ]: —of such an age, so old or so young: generally, so great, Lat. tantus: antec. to the Relative ἡλικός, Interrog. ηλικίος. Hence

τηλικόσδε, -ῆδε, -όνδε, and τηλικούτος, -αὐτή οἱ -ούτος, -ούτο, Att. for ηλικίος, so very, so much.

τηλόθεν or -θε, Adv. (τηλοῦ) from afar, from a foreign land: c. gen. far from.

τηλόθι, Adv. (τηλοῦ) = τῆλε, τηλοῦ, far, afar, at a distance: also c. gen., τηλόθι πάτρης far from fatherland.

τηλο-πέτης, ἐς, (τῆλε, πέτομαι) far-flying.

τηλ-ορός, ὄν, collat. form of τηλοῦρος.

τηλόσσε, Adv. (τηλοῦ) to a distance, far away.

τηλοτάτω, Adv., Sup. of τηλοῦ, furthest away.

τηλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τηλοῦ, further away.

τηλοῦ, Adv., like τῆλε, afar, far off or away, in a far country: also c. gen. far from.

τηλ-ουρός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὄρος) with distant boundaries or confines: generally, far, distant, remote.

τηλύγετος, ἡ, οὐ, also ὄν, an epith. of sons, who have no brother, or of daughters who have no sister, a darling: hence in bad sense, τηλύγετος ὥς like a spoil child or pet. II. born afar off. (The latter sense points to the deriv. τῆλε, *γένω. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τηλ-οτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὥψ) looking afar, seeing to a distance. II. pass. perceived or heard from afar.

τημελέω, f. ἦσω, to take care of, c. gen. 2. to heed, look after, see to, c. acc. From

τη-μελής, ἐς, careful, heedful. (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix τη- added.)

τῆμερα, τῆμερον, Att. for σήμερον.

τῆμη, Att. crasis for τῇ ἐμῇ.

τῆμος, Adv. iben, ibereupon: ἐς τῆμος till iben.

τημόσδε Dor. ταμόσδε, Adv. = τῆμος.

τημοῦτος, Adv. = τῆμος.

τῆνε, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there: also for ὅδε here.

τῆνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate

the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, *τήρελλα ὦ καλλίνικε, χαίρε*; hence *τήρελλα καλλίνικε* became a common mode of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence *τήρελλος*, ὁ, Comic word, a conqueror who is received with a cry of *τήρελλα*, a victor in the games. *τηνικά*, Adv. (*τήνος*) at this or that time of day, *then*. [Y]

τηνικάδε, Adv. (*τηνικά*) at this time of day, so early; *αὔριον τηνικάδε* to-morrow at this time of day. [ā]

τηνικάυτα, commoner form for *τηνικά*, at this particular time: c. gen., *τηνικάυτα τοῦ θεοῦ* at this time of the summer. II. in this case, *then*.

τηνότι, Adv. (*τήνος*) Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, *there*.

τήνος, *τήνα*, *τήνο*, Dor. for *κείνος*, *ἐκεῖνος*, *that*. Hence

τηνώ, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκεῖ*, *there*.

τηνώθε and *-θεν*, Adv., Dor. for *ἐκεῖθεν*, *thence*.

τηξί-μελής, ἐς, (*τήκος*, μέλος) melling or wasting away of the limbs.

τῆπερ, Ep. and Ion. for *ἦπερ*, dat. fem. of *ὅσπερ*, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

τηρέω, f. ἦσω, (*τηρός*) to give heed to, watch narrowly; to take care of, keep, guard; *τηρεῖν εἰρήνην* to keep, observe peace.

2. metaph. to observe, watch for a person or thing; *τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέλγυνον* having watched for a moonless night. II.

Med., f. ἥσομαι, like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, take care or heed: fut. med. *τηρήσομαι* is also used in pass. sense. Hence

τήρησις, εως, ἡ, a watching, guarding: *vigilance*. II. a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison.

ΤΗΡΟΣ, ὁ, a watch, guard.

τής, *τήσι*, Ep. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of ὁ and ὅς.

τηράω, f. ἥσω, to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be in want: c. gen. to be bereft or deprived of a thing.

τήτες, Adv., Att. for Ion. *σῆτες*, this year, of or in this year. (From *ἔτος*, as *τῆμερον* from *ἡμέρα*.)

τήτινος, η, ον, (*τήτης*) of this year, Lat. *bornus*.

τηῖστος, α, ον, empty, idle, vain. Adv. *-τως*, in vain.

τί and *τι*, neut. of *τίς* (interrog.) and *τις* (enclit.).

τιάρᾱ [ā], ἡ, or *τιάρας* Ion. *τιήρης*, ου, ὁ, a *tiāra*, the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

τιάρο-εἰδής, ἐς, (*τιάρα*, εἶδος) shaped like a tiara, like or resembling a tiara.

τιέμεν, *τιέμεναι*, Ep. inf. for *τιέιν*.

τιέσκεν, *τιέσκειτο*, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med. of *τιώ*.

τιῆ, strengthd. for *τί*; why? wherefore?

τιήρης, ου, ὁ, Ion. for *τιάρας*.

τιθαυώσσω, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make honeycombs. (Akin to *τιθῆναι*, *τιθασός*.)

τιθάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (*τιθασός*) a barn-door fowl.

τιθᾶσεν, οὔ, ὁ, one who tames, domesticates.

From

τιθᾶσένω, to tame, break in, domesticate. From

τιθᾶσός, ὄν, (*τίτθη*, *τιθήνη*) tamed, domesticated, of

animals, *tame*: of plants, *cultivated*: of men, *moderate*, *mild*: metaph., *τιθασός* 'Arys domestic strife.

τιθέμεν, for *τιθέμεν*, like *διδόμεν* for *δίδομεν*, 1 pl. pres. of *τίθημι*: so *τιθέασι*, 3 pl. for *τιθεῖσι*.

τιθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, pres. part. of *τίθημι*.

τιθέω, *τιθεῖ*, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω* = *τίθημι*.

τιθεῖς, *τιθεῖ*, 2 and 3 sing. of *τιθέω* = *τίθημι*.

τιθέμεν, Ep. for *τιθέναι*, inf. of *τίθημι*: but *τιθέμεν*, 1 pl.

τιθέν, Aeol. and Dor. for *ἐτίθεσαν* Ep. *τίθεσαν*, 3 pl. impf. of *τίθημι*.

τιθέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of *τίθημι*.

τιθέσο Ep. *τιθέσσο*, pres. med. imperat. of *τίθημι*.

τιθέω, poet. form of *τίθημι*, whence 2 and 3 sing.

τιθεῖς, *τιθεῖ*, and impf. *ἐτιθεῖς*, *ἐτιθεῖ* Ep. *τιθεῖ*.

τιθήμεναι, Ep. for *τιθέμεναι*, *τιθέναι*, inf. of *τίθημι*.

τιθήμενος, Ep. for *τιθέμενος*, pres. med. part. of *τίθημι*.

τιθήμι, *τίτης*, *τίσησι*, also Ep. 2 sing. *τίτησθα*; 3 pl. *τιθεῖσι* Ion. *τιθεῖσι*; inf. *τιθέναι* Ep. *τιθήμεναι*, *τιθέμεν*; Impf. *ἐτίθην*, Ep. 3 pl. *τίθεσαν*; Ion. *τίθεσκον*: (there are also some forms from the pres. *τιθέω*, q. v.) Fut. *θήσω*, Ep. inf. *θησέμεναι* or *θησέμεν*: Aor. 1 *ἔθηκα* Ep. *θήκα*: Pf. *τέθεικα*, plqpf. *έτεθεικα*: Aor. 2 *έθην* only used in pl. *έθεμεν*, *έθετε*, *έθεσαν* Ep. *έθεσαν*; imperat. *θέε*; subj. *ῶ* Ion. *θέω*, 1 pl. *έθεμεν*; lengthd. Ep. *θεῖα*, 2 sing. *θήης*, pl. *θειόμεν* for *θειώμεν*, *θώμεν*; opt. *θειήν*, pl. *θειήμεν* or *θειήμεν*, *θειέτε*, *θεισαν*; inf. *θειναι* Ep. *θειέμεναι*, *θειέμεν*; part. *θείς*.—MED. *τιθέμαι*, *τιθεσθαι*, imperat. *τίθεσο*, *τιθοῦ*, Ep. part. *τιθήμενος*: impf. *ἐτίθεμην*: Fut. *θήσομαι*: Aor. 1 *έθηκάμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *θήκατο*: part. *θηκάμενος*: Aor. 2 med. *έθην*; imperat. *θέο* contr. *θοῦ*; opt. *θειήμην*, 3 sing. *θεθρο*.—

PASS. *τιθέμαι*: fut. *τεθήσομαι*: aor. 1 *έτέθην*: pf. *τέθειμαι*: plqpf. *έτεθειμην*. To place, put, set, Lat. *ponere*; *θεῖναι* *τινί* *τιν* *ἐν* *χερσὶ* to place a thing in a person's hands: metaph., *θεῖναι* *τινι* *ἔπος* *ἐν* *φρεσὶ* or *βουλήν* *ἐν* *στήθεσιν*, to plant a word, warning, etc., in his mind; but, *τιθέμεν* *νώμῃ* to lay a thing to one's own heart, bear in mind.—MED., *θέσθαι* *θυμὸν* *ἐν* *στήθεσιν* to lay up or treasure anger in one's heart. II. to fix, settle, determine; *τιθέναι* *ἀγῶνα* to appoint, hold games: of the prizes, *θεῖναι* *ἐς* *μέσσον* to set them in the middle, propose them for competition; also of sovereign power, *ἑμὴν* *ἐς* *μέσσον* *ἀρχήν* *τιθεῖς* throwing it open to you publicly. 2. to assign, award; *θεῖναι* *νόμον* to lay down, fix the law, of a king or legislator; *θεσθαι* *νόμον* to give oneself a law, of the people. 3. to ordain, establish, order, institute. 4. in Med. to fix in common with others, agree upon, settle. III. to set up, in a temple, to devote, dedicate. 2. of Artists, to represent, portray, depict. IV. to assign to a place or class, to hold, reckon, esteem: to believe, consider. V. in Med., *τιθεσθαι* *ψῆφον* to put down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence *τιθεσθαι* *τὴν γνώμην* to determine, decide: *τιθεσθαι* *τινι* (sc.

τὴν ψῆφον) to decide in a person's favour: τίθεσθαι τῇ γνώμῃ to agree or subscribe to an opinion. 2. to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, discharge. VI. to deposit, as in a bank. VII.

in military language, τίθεσθαι τὰ ὅπλα has three senses: 1. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take up one's quarters: generally, to take up a position. 2. to get soldiers under arms, to draw them up in order of battle. 3. to lay down one's arms, surrender.

VIII. τίμημι is often used of persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; ναὺν λάαν ἔθηκε he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, appoint. 2. with an Adj., θεῖναι τινα ἀθάνατον καὶ ἀγήραον to make him undying and undecaying. 3.

παῖδα τίθεσθαι τινα to make him one's child, adopt him, like θετὸν παῖδα ποιεῖσθαι. IX. of things, to make, cause, bring to pass:—Med. to make or prepare for oneself; θέσθαι δῶμα to build oneself a house; θέσθαι κέλευθον to make oneself a road. 2.

εὖ or καλῶς θέσθαι τι to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it. X. τίθημι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκέδασιν θεῖναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσαι; θεῖναι κρύφον, θεῖναι αἶνον, for κρύπτειν, αἰνεῖν, etc.

τιθηνέω, f. ἥσω, to take care of, tend, nurse; and so generally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med. From τιθήνη, ἡ, (τιθηνός) a nurse.

τιθηνήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τιθηνέω) = τιθηνός. Hence τιθηνήτηριος, α, ον, nursing, tending. τιθηνός, ὄν, (τίτῃ) nursing: as Subst., τιθηνός, ὁ, a foster-father.

τιθήσθα [ῖ], Ep. for τίθης, 2 sing. of τίθημι. τίθητι [ῖ], Dor. for τίθησι, 3 sing. of τίθημι.

τιθύμαλος, ὁ, irreg. pl. τὰ τιθύμαλα:—spurge, Lat. *euphorbia*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Τίδωνός, ὁ, *Titbonus*, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Memnon: metaph. of a decrepit old man, because he had immortal life without the continuance of youth.

τίκτω, for τίτεω, which is formed by redupl. from Root *TEKŌ: fut. τέξω or τέξομαι, poet. τεκούμαι, inf. τεκείσθαι: aor. 2 ἔτεκεν Ep. τέκον: pf. τέτοκα, part. τετοκώς, νῆα, ὅς:—Med. *τίκτομαι* occurs in the same sense:—to bring into the world. 1. of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. *parere*. 2. of the father, to beget, Lat. *gignere*: hence, 3. οἱ τεκόντες the parents; ὁ τεκὼν the father; ἡ τεκούσα the mother: and even as Subst. c. gen., ὁ κείνου τεκὼν his father. II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to hatch; ὡς τίκτειν to lay eggs. III.

of trees, to bear, produce. IV. metaph. to produce, bring about, give birth to.

Τίλλουσα, Dor. for τίλλουσα, fem. part. of τίλλω. ΤΙΛΛΩ, f. τίλλω: aor. 1 ἔτιλα: pf. pass. τέτιλμαι:

—to pluck, pull, tear, strip the hair in token of lamentation:—Med., χαίτας τίλλεσθαι to pluck out

one's hair.

2. from tearing the hair in token of sorrow, it came to mean absol. to mourn bitterly for any one.

3. to pluck at, vex, annoy.

τιλμός, ὁ, (τίλλω) a plucking, tearing.

τίλφη, ἡ, = σίλφη.

τίλων, ὁ, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake

Prasias.

τιμαλφῶ, f. ἥσω, to do honour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τιμ-αλφής, ἑς, (τιμή, ἀλφεῖν) fetching a price: hence, costly, precious.

τιμάν, Dor. for τιμήν.

τιμᾶντα, Dor. for τιμῆντα, acc. of τιμής.

τιμ-όρος, ον, Dor. for τιμωρός.

τιμά-οχος, ον, poet. for τιμώοχος, held in honour, honoured, esteemed.

τιμασύντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of τιμάω.

τιμάω, f. ἥσω: aor. 1 ἔτιμησα: pf. τετίμηκα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but always in pass. sense): aor. 1 ἐτιμησάμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paullo-p. fut.

τετιμήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐτιμήθην: pf. τετίμημαι: (τιμή):—to deem or hold worthy, to honour, respect, revere, hold in reverence: in Pass. c. gen. rei, τετιμῆσθαι

τιμῆς to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love. 2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen.

to estimate or value at a certain price; πλοῖα τετιμημένα χρημάτων vessels valued at a certain sum: Med., πολλοῦ τιμᾶσθαι, like πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι, to hold in much account.

II. c. dat. rei, to honour with a thing, τιμᾶν τινα τάφῳ, στεφάνοις, etc., to honour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward. III.

as Att. law-term: 1. Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punishment due to the prisoner, Lat. *litē aestimare*; τ. τὴν δίκην to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακρὰν τινι to award the long line, i. e. sentence of death; hence, τιμᾶν τινι θανάτου (sc. δίκην) to give sentence of death against a man. 2.

Med., of the accuser, τιμᾶσθαι τινι [δίκην] δεσμών, φυγῆς, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc.: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called ἀντιτιμᾶσθαι or ὑποτιμᾶσθαι.

τιμή, ἡ, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing. II. metaph. the honour in which one is held, worship, esteem, respect. 2. a place or post of honour, rank, dignity. 3. generally, distinction, privilege: hence a dignity, office, magistracy. 4. an offering to the gods, Lat. *donor*: a reward, present. III. a prizing, valuing. 2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong, and so punishment, damages. Hence

τιμήεις, εσσα, εν; contr. τιμής, acc. τιμῆντα; Dor. τιμαῖς:—valued, honoured, esteemed, of men. 2.

of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. τιμηέστερος: Sup. —έστατος.

τίμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμάω) that which is estimated or valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, τίμημα

A a

τύμβου the honour of a tomb. II. an estimate, valuation; esp. the estimate of damages: hence a penalty, punishment: a fine. 2. the value at which an Athenian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census; ἡ ἀπὸ τιμημάτων πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment. [i]

τιμήντα, poet. for τιμήντα, contr. acc. of τιμήεις.

τιμή-ορος, ov, Ion. for τιμάορος, τιμαρός.

τιμήεις, poet. contr. for τιμήεις.

τιμήεις, eos, ἡ, (τιμάω) an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing: an assessment of damages. [i]

τιμήσσα, contr. poet. for τιμήσσα, fem. of τιμήεις.

τιμητεία or τιμητία, ἡ, (τιμητής) the censorship at Rome, Lat. censura.

τιμητός, α, ov, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, to be honoured. II. τιμητέον, one must honour.

τιμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (τιμάω) a valuer, assessor. II. at Rome, a censor.

τιμητικός, ἡ, ὁν, (τιμητής) estimating, valuing: for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment. II. at Rome, of censorial rank.

τιμητός, ἡ, ὁν, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, estimated, valued, assessed: as Att. law-term, δίκη τιμητή a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to δίκη ἀτίμητος, where the penalty is fixed by law.

τίμιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (τιμή) valued: of persons, esteemed, held in honour: of things, prized, precious, honourable. 2. of high price, dear, Lat. carus. Hence

τιμότης, ητος, ἡ, worth, value, preciousness.

τίμος, ὁ, poet. form for τιμή.

τιμαρέω, f. ἦσω, (τιμαρός) to help, aid, succour: esp. by way of redressing injuries, to avenge:—in full, τιμαρεῖν τινι τοῦ παιδὸς τὸν φονέα to avenge a man on the murderer for (the murder of) his son:—Pass., τιμαρησθαι τινι to have vengeance taken for any one. II. Med., f. -ήσομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) τιμαρήσμαι:—to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers.: also c. gen. rei, τιμαρεῖσθαι τινά τινος to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing: absol. to avenge, right oneself, seek vengeance. Hence

τιμώρημα, ατος, τό, help, aid, succour. II. an act of vengeance.

τιμαρητέον, verb. Adj. of τιμαρέω, one must assist: one must avenge, punish.

τιμαρητής, ητος, ὁ, (τιμαρέω) a helper, aider. 2. an avenger.

τιμαρία Ion. -λη, ἡ, (τιμαρέω) help, aid, succour. II. vengeance, retribution: also punishment, torture.

τιμωρός, ὁν, (τιμή, αἶρω) contr. from τιμάορος: helping, aiding, succouring: as Subst., τιμαρός, ὁ, a helper, aider. II. avenging, punishing for wrong.

τίν, like τείν, Dor. for σοί, dat. of σὺ. II. Dor. for σέ.

τίνανγμα, ατος, τό, (τίνασσω) a shake, quaking.

τίνακτῆρ, ἦρος, and τινάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (τίνασσω) one who shakes, a shaker: fem. τινάκτειρα.

τιναξάσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. I of τινάσσω.

τινάσσω, f. ξω, (τείνω) to swing, shake, brandish: disturb, upset: of a harp, to make the strings quiver:—Pass. to be shaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear.

τιναχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τινάσσω.

τινάχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

τίνωμαι, Med., poet. for τίνομαι, to take vengeance upon, punish, chastise, c. acc. pers.: absol. to avenge oneself. 2. to avenge, take vengeance for.

τίνω [i Ep., ὕ Att]: f. τίσω [i]: aor. I ἔτισα: pf. act. τέτικα, pass. τέτισμαι: I. Act. to pay a price, mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas: also to pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: τίειν χάριν τινί to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one pays is put in gen., τίειν ἀμοιβὴν Βοῶν to pay compensation for the oxen: but, the price being omitted, in acc., to pay or atone for a thing, τίσαι ἕβην to atone for one's insolence: also c. acc. pers. to make atonement, pay the price for a person slain: absol. to make return or recompence, repay. II. Med. to have a price paid one, make another pay for a thing, avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo:—mostly c. acc. pers. et c. gen. rei, τίσεσθαι Ἀλέξανδρον κακότητος to punish Alexander for his wickedness: c. acc. rei only, to take vengeance for a thing: but also c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, τίσασθαι τινι δίκην to exact retribution from a person: but also with the means of punishment in the dat., τίνεσθαι τινι φυγῇ to requite, punish with exile: absol. to repay oneself, take vengeance.

τίδ, τίδ, imitation of a bird's note.

τίον, Ep. for ἔτιον, impf. of τίω.

τί-ποτε; contr. τίπτε; Adv. (τί, πότε) what or why then? why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. quid tandem?

ΤΙΣ, neut. τι; gen. τινός Ep. τευ Att. του; dat. τινί Ep. τῷ or τῇ; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινές, τινά; gen. τινῶν; dat. τισί; acc. τινάς, τινά:—indef. Pronoun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., one, any one, some one, freq. answering to our indef. Article, a, an: of places and things, νῆσός τις an island, etc.; neut. anything, something: εἰ τις, εἰ τι, Lat. si quis, si quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whatever. II. τις is often used indef. of a number of persons, as ἄδε δέ τις εἶπεσκεν but thus some one said, i. e. thus men said. 2. like ἕκαστος or πᾶς, each, each one, every one; εὖ μὲν τις δόρυ θεξάσθω let each man look to sharpening his spear; ἀλλά τις αὐτὸς ἴτω let each come of himself. 3. so in Att., φοβεῖσθαι τις some one fears, fear is among them; πείσεσθαι τις some one will suffer.

III. τις, τι, of a person or thing, some great person, some great thing, ἧχαις τις εἶναι

you boasted that you were somebody: opp. to οὐδείς, μηδείς; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. to οὐδὲν λέγειν. 2. emphatically a man, opp. to a brute; τίς ἢ κύων a man or a dog: but also in sign of contempt, somebody or other, Θεοσίτης τις ἦν there was one Thersites: hence τις is used for a slave.

IV. joined with Adjs., τις makes them less precise; μαινόμενος a madman, μαινόμενός τις a crazy sort of fellow: so with an Adj. of number or size, ὅλος τις such a kind of person as...; πᾶς τις every one; εἰς τις some one; ὀλίγοι τινές some few; τρεῖς τινες some three or so. 2. joined with Adjectives, somewhat, in a certain way; ἡττόν τι somewhat less.

V. in long sentences τις is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when ὅστις follows in the relative clause, τις must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

ΤΙΣ, neut. τί; gen. τίνος, Hom. τέο contr. τεῦ, Att. τοῦ; dat. τινί Att. τῷ; acc. τίνα, neut. τί; Plur. τίνες, τίνες, gen. τίνων Hom. τίνων; dat. τίσιν; acc. τίνας, τίνες;—interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. who? which? neut. what? which? Lat. quis, quae, quid? strengthd. τίς γάρ; τί γάρ; like Lat. quisnam? quidnam? ἐς τί; until when? how long? with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; τίς δ' οὐτος ἐρχεται; who art thou that comest?

II. the question is modified by ἄν or κεν and a change of mood; τίς ἄν or κεν with the opt. expresses strong doubt, who could, who would do so? when there is no doubt the ἄν or κεν is omitted, τίς ἐργάσατο who could do it? i.e. no one.

III. τίς is also used in indirect questions; ἥρῳτα δὲ ἔπειτα, τίς εἶπεν καὶ πόθεν ἔλθοι he asked thereupon who he was, and whence he came.

IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; ἐκ τίνος τίς ἐγένετο; who is he, and from whom descended?

V. τίς is also used for ποῖος; of what sort? as Lat. quis for qualis? so also for ποτέρος; as Lat. quis for uter?

VI. τί; alone, what?—it takes the Article, τὸ τί; when the question refers to something going before.

VII. τί; often stands absol. as Adv., how? for why? wherefore? 2. τί δέ; but how? 3. τί δή; τί δή ποτε; why ever? τί δήτα; how pray? expressing surprise.

4. τί μήν; why not? how else? i.e. yes surely! Lat. quidni?

[τί was never elided, and sometimes stands before a vowel even in Trag., as τί οὖν; τί εἶπας;]

ΤΙΣΑΙΛΑΤΟ, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of τίω.

ΤΙΣΙΣ [χ], eos, ἡ, (τίω) payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; τίσις δοῦναι to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare. II. a requital in good sense, reward.

III. in plur. retributive justice, retribution.

ΤΙΣΩ, aor. I imperat. of τίω; inf. τίσαι.

ΤΙΣΩ [χ], fut. of τίω; also aor. I subj.

ΤΙΤΑΙΝΩ, aor. I ἐτίτῃνα, Ep. for τεῖναι, τανῶν, to stretch: Med., τόξα τιταίνεσθαι to stretch one's bow. 2. to spread out or along, spread, ex-

tend:—Med. or Pass. to stretch oneself, to extend, spread. 3. to draw along:—in Med. to strain or exert oneself; τιταίνόμενος πεδίῳ stretching on over the plain; ἀν' ὥσασκε τιταίνόμενος he thrust it back exerting himself, with all his strength.

ΤΙΤΑΙΝΩΝ, part. from Τίταν, only in passage, φάσκε δὲ τιταίνοντας διασθαλίη μέγα βέβαιον ἔργον he said that, being Titans, they had done violence in their pride.

ΤΙΤΑΝ [χ], ἄνως, ὁ, mostly in plur. Τίτᾶνες, Ep. and Ion. Τίτῃνες, of, the Titans, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets Titan is a name for the Sun.

ΤΙΤΑΝΙΣ Ion. Τίτῃνίς, ἴδος, fem. of Τίταν, a Titaness.

ΤΙΤΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, a white earth, chalk or gypsum.

ΤΙΤΑΝ-ᾠδης, es, (Τίταν, εἶδος) like Titans; Τίταν-ᾠδες βλέπειν to look Titanic.

ΤΙΤΑΣ, ου, ὁ, (τίω) Dor. for τίτης, = τιμωρός, an avenger. [χ]

ΤΙΤῃνες, οἱ, Ep. and Ion. for Τίτᾶνες.

ΤΙΤΘΕΙΑ, ἡ, a suckling by a nurse, fostering. From

ΤΙΤΘΕΙΑ, f. σω, to suckle, nurse, foster. From

ΤΙΤΘΗ, ἡ, the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse.

ΤΙΤΘΙον, τό, Dim. of τίτθος, a nipple, teat.

ΤΙΤΘΟΣ, ὁ, the teat or nipple of a woman's breast.

ΤΙΤΛΟΣ, ου, ὁ, formed from Lat. titulus, a title, superscription.

ΤΙΤΡΩΣΚΩ, f. τρώσω; aor. I ἔτρωσα; Pass., fut. τρωθήσομαι, but also fut. med. τρώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐτρώθην; pf. τέτρωμα; (formed from Root *ΤΡΩ-Ω):—to wound, hurt; τετρώσθαι τὸν μηρὸν to have been wounded in the thigh:—of ships, to damage, cripple, scatter: of wine, to overpower.

ΤΙΤΥΒΙΞΩ, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, to twitter, chirrup. (Formed from the sound.)

ΤΙΤΥΟ-ΚΤΩΝΟΣ, ὁ, (Τίτυός, κτείνω) slayer of Τίτυος.

Τίτυός, ὁ, Τίτυος, son of Gaia, a giant.

ΤΙΤΥΟΣΚΟΜΑΙ, only used in pres. and impf., akin both to τεύχω and τυγχάνω: I. like τεύχω, to make, make ready, prepare. II. like τυγχάνω, to aim;

ἅντα τίτυσκέσθαι to aim straight before one; c. gen. to aim at an object. 2. metaph., φρεσὶ τίτυσκεσθαι to aim at a thing in one's mind, i.e. to purpose or design to do, c. inf.

ΤΙΤΨΗ, a kind of beetle or water-spider, that runs on the top of smooth water. [χ]

ΤΙΨΘ', for τίπτε, before an aspirate.

ΤΙΨΟΣ, eos, τό, a pool.

ΤΙΩ [χ], Ep. inf. τίμεν; impf. ἔτιον; Pass., pres. τίομαι; pf. τέτιμαι, part. τετιμένος:—Ion. impf. act. and pass. τίεσκον, τίεσκόμην, 3 sing. τίεσκετο:—to pay honour to a person, to esteem, honour, respect, regard: also of things, θεοὶ δίκην τίουσιν the gods honour right. 2. to value or rate at a certain worth.

II. fut. and aor. I act. τίσω, ἔτισα, and fut. and aor. I med. τίσομαι, ἐτιόσμεν, are only used

in the sense of *τίνα, τίνομαι*:—in Act. *to pay a price, make return*: in Med. *to have a price paid, or return made one*: see *τίνω*.

τλά-θύμος, *ον*, Dor. for τλήθυμος.

τλαίην, aor. 2 opt. of *τλάω.

τλάμων, Dor. for τλήμων.

τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν, aor. 2 part. of *τλάω.

*ΤΛΑΨΩ, a radic. form never found in pres.: fut. τλήσσομαι: aor. 2 ἔτλην (formed as if from τλημί), imperat. τλήθι, opt. τλαίην, Ep. 3 pl. τλαίεν (for τλαίησαν), inf. τλήναι, part. τλάς, τλάσα, τλάν: pf. τέτληκα, also used in pres. sense; from this pf. is formed imperat. τέτλαθι, τετλάτω [ᾱ]; opt. τετλαίην; inf. τετλάναι [ᾱ] Ep. τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι, Ep. part. τετληώς, τετληυῖα, gen. τετληότος:—there is also a poet. aor. ἱ ἐτάλασα (as if from a pres. ταλάω), Ep. ἐτάλασσα, subj. ταλάσσω, ps, η:—*to take upon oneself, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship*: sometimes absol., esp. in imperat. τλήθι, *bear up, endure*: so in pf. part., τετληότι θυμῷ with *enduring, patient heart*. II. *to bear steadfastly, hold out*: c. inf. *to dare to do something, whether good or bad*: also c. acc. *to dare a thing, i. e. dare to do it*.

τλή, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τλάω.

τλή-θύμος Dor. τλά-, *ον*, (*τλάω, θυμός) of *enduring soul, stout-hearted*.

τλήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of *τλάω.

τλημῶνως, Adv. of τλήμων, *patiently*.

τλημοσύνη, ἡ, *that which is to be endured, misery, distress*. II. *endurance, patience*. From

τλήμων, *ονος, ὅ, ἡ*, vocat. τλήμων, (*τλάω) *suffering, enduring*: hence, I. *patient, steadfast, stout-hearted*: also *bold, daring*: in bad sense, *reckless, rash*, Lat. *audax*. II. *full of suffering, wretched, miserable*.

τλήναι, aor. 2 inf. of *τλάω.

τλησι-κάριος, *ον*, (*τλάω, καρδία) of *patient heart, much-enduring, miserable*. II. *hard-hearted*.

τλήσσομαι, fut. of *τλάω.

τλήῃτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of *τλάω.

τλητός, ἡ, *όν*, verb. Adj. of *τλάω: I. *act. suffering, patient, constant in suffering or labour*. II. *pass. suffered, endured*: *to be suffered, endurable*.

τμήγον, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω. [ᾱ]

τμάγον, Ep. for ἔτμάγον, aor. 2 of τμήγω.

τμήγω, f. τμήξω: aor. ἱ ἐτμήξα: aor. 2 ἔτμάγον: aor. I med. ἐτμηξάμην: aor. 2 pass. ἐτμάγην [ᾱ] and ἐτμήγην:—Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, *to cut, cleave*:

—*Pass. to be divided, be parted asunder*. Hence

τμήθην, Adv. *by cutting, scratching, grazing*.

τμηθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τέμνω.

τμήξας, aor. I part. of τμήγω.

τμητός, ἡ, *όν*, (τέμνω) *cut, hewn, cut into shape*. 2. *cut lengthwise, furrowed*.

τμητο-σίδηρος, *ον*, (τμητός, σίδηρος) *cut down with iron*.

τοδί, neut. of ὅδι.

τόθεν, demonstr. Adv., *answering to relat. ὅθεν and*

interrog. πόθεν, (properly an old form of the gen. τοῦ) *bence, thence*. II. *bence, therefore, thereupon*.

τόθι, demonstr. Adv. *there, in that place*. II. also for relat. ὅθι, *where*.

τοι, enclit. Particle of inference, *therefore, accordingly*; also strengthening an assertion, *in truth, in sooth, verily*: it is often joined with other Particles: with ἄρα it coalesces by crasis into τᾶρα, with ἄν into τάν, with μέντοι ἄν into μεντάν.

τοι, Dor., Ion., and Ep. for σοί, dat. sing. of σύ: always enclitic.

τοί, ταί, Ep. and Ion. nom. plur. masc. and fem. of the Art. ὁ and the Relat. ὅς.

τοι-γάρ, strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle τοι, *so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly*.

τοι-γαρ-οὖν Ion. τοι-γαρ-ὦν, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, *therefore indeed, therefore assuredly*.

τοι-γάρ-τοι, strengthd. form of τοιγάρ, used at the beginning of a speech or narrative.

τοῖν, Ep. for τοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of ὁ.

τοί-νυν, (τοί, νυν) strengthd. form of the Particle τοι, *so then, therefore*. 2. in Att. often used to continue a speech, *further, moreover*.

τοῖο, Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. ὁ.

τοῖος, τοία Ion. τοίη, τοίων: (from τοῖο, old gen. of ὁ, ἡ, τό):—*of such kind, nature or quality, such, such-like*, Lat. *talis*, demonstr. Pron., to which the relat. οἷος, interrog. ποῖος, and indefin. ποῖός correspond: τοῖος in Homer commonly refers to something gone before: in later authors it points to something to come, *the following*. 2. τοῖος c. inf., *such as to do, i. e. fit or able to do*; τοῖοι ἀμυνόμενοι *able to assist*; cf. οἷος. II. with an Adj. it makes the sense of the Art. more prominent, *so very, just*; ἐπι-εικῆς τοῖος *just of moderate size*; κερδαλέος τοῖος *so very crafty*.

III. Homer uses neut. τοῖον as Adv., *so, thus, so very, so much*.

τοιόσδε, τοιάδε Ion. τοιήδε, τοιονήδε: Att. also τοι-οσδί, etc., like τοῖος, with stronger demonstr. sense, *of such kind, nature or quality*; more commonly of what follows than what has gone before, to which τοιούτος properly refers; ἕτερος τοιόσδε *just such another*.

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιοῦτο, Att. also τοιοῦτον: and in strengthd. form Att. τοιουτοσί, like τοῖος and τοῖσδε, *of such kind, nature or quality*: more commonly of what has gone before than what follows, *such as the foregoing*: absol., ἐν τῷ τοιούτῳ, ἐν τοῖς τοιούτοις *in such a state of things*: strengthd., τοιού-τος ἕτερος: also in neut. ἕτερον τοιούτον, ἕτερα τοιαῦτα.

τοιουτό-τροπος, *ον*, (τοιούτος, τρόπος) of *such fashion or kind, such like*. Adv. —τρόπως, *after such a fashion*.

τοιουτ-ώδης, *ες*, (τοιούτος, εἶδος) of *such kind or form*.

τοῖσδεσι and τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσιν, Ep. forms for τοῖσδε, dat. pl. of ὅδε.

τοίχα-αρχος, ὁ, (τοίχος, ἄρχω) captain of the towers on each side of the ship.

τοίχος, ὁ, (τείχος) the wall of a house or court, opp. to τείχος, as Lat. paries to moenia: proverb., ὁ εὖ πρᾶτταν τοίχος, = 'the right side of the hedge.' II. in plur. the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρύχῃω, f. ἦσω, (τοιχωρύχος) to be a house-breaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence τοιχωρύχια, ἡ, housebreaking, burglary.

τοιχωρύχος [ῥ], ὁ, (τοίχος, ὀρύσσω) one who breaks through the wall, a housebreaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

τοῖας, τοῖωσθε, Adv. of τοῖος, τοῖωσθε.

τοκά, Dor. for τότε.

τοκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) one who has just brought forth, Lat. foeta: as Adj., τοκάς λέαινα a lioness with cubs; ἐκ τοκάδων from one's birth.

τοκετός, ὁ, = τόκος.

τοκεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) one who begets, a father: plur. τοκεῖς Ion. τοκήεις, parents.

τοκίζω, (τόκος) to lend on interest; τοκίζειν τόκον to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, ὁ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) a bringing forth, birth, the time of delivery. 2. offspring, young child, son. II.

metaph. the produce or usance of money lent out, interest, Lat. usura: also in pl., τόκοι τόκων interest of interest, i.e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τόκος, φέρω) to bring in interest.

ΤΟΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμᾱ, ἡ, courage to venture on a thing, boldness, daring. 2. in bad sense, over-boldness, recklessness, Lat. audacia: a bold or daring deed.

τολμᾶσαι, Dor. 2 fut. of τολμάω.

τολμάω Ion. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμήτε Dor. for τολμᾶτε: f. ἦσω: (τόλμα):—to undertake, take heart to do or bear anything, to endure, undergo. 2. to take courage, have the heart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμᾶν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμᾶν to dare all things.

τολμᾶν, Dor. 2 fut. of τολμάω.

τολμήεις, ἑσσω, εν, Dor. -άεις, Ep. contr. τολμῆς, ἦσσω, ἦν (whence Sup. τολμήστατος) enduring, steadfast, stout-hearted: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, atos, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

τολμηρός, ἁ, ὄν, (τολμάω) daring, bold:—Comp. τολμηρότερος. Adv. -ρῶς, boldly; Comp. -ρότερον; Sup. -ρότατα.

τολμῆς, ἦσσω, ἦν, Ep. contr. for τολμήεις, q. v.

τολμητέον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must venture.

τολμητής, οὐ, ὁ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturesome man.

τολμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or hazarded.

τολμίστατος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of τολμήεις.

το-λοιπόν or divisim τὸ λοιπόν, (λοιπός) as Adv., henceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τολῦπέω, f. σω, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning. II. metaph. to contrive, devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a hard task.

ΤΟΛΥΠΗ, ἡ, a clew or ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. glomus. [ῥ] τομαῖος, α, ov, also os, ov, (τομή) cut, cut off; ἄκος τομαῖον a remedy cut ready for use.

τομάω, (τομή) to need cutting; πῆμα τομῶν a disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ἡ, (τέμνω) the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree: the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. II. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; καὶ τομή cautery and the knife.

τόμιος, ov, (τομή) cut up: in pl., τὰ τόμια (sc. ἱερά), parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: cf. τέμνω.

τομός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, cutting, sharp: Comp. τομώτερος, cutting sharper: Sup. τομώτατος.

τόμος, ὁ, (τέμνω) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. II. a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορύξω or -ίξω, to speak inarticulately, mutter: also of inarticulate cries of animals. (Formed from the sound.)

τόνος, ὁ, (τείνω) that which strains and tightens a thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; οἱ τόνοι τῶν κλινέων the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals, the sinews or tendons, Lat. nervi. II. a stretching, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. 2. of sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; τόνος ἑξάμετρος hexameter measure. 3. in Music, τόνοι were measures or modes, Lat. modi: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three, the Dorian, Lydian and Phrygian.

III. exertion of force, force, intensity: also direction, tenour.

το-νῦν, = τὸ νῦν, for the present.

τοξάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (τόξον) to shoot with a bow: c. gen. to shoot at, take aim at.

τοξ-αλκότης, ου, ὁ, (τόξον, ἀλκή) a strong archer.

τόξ-αρχος, ὁ, (τόξον, ἄρχω) master of the bow, a Bowman, archer. II. the captain of the τοξῶται at Athens.

τόξευμα, atos, τό, (τοξεύω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; ὅσον τόξευμα ἐξικνέεται as far as an arrow reaches, i.e. a bowsbot. II. collective in plur. for οἱ τοξῶται, the archers.

τοξευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (τοξεύω) a Bowman, archer.

τοξευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τοξεύω, struck by an arrow, shot.

τοξεύω, f. σω, (τόξον) to shoot with the bow, use the bow: c. gen., τοξεύειν τινός to shoot at a mark. 2. metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow. II. to shoot as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

τοξήρης, *es*, (τόξον, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with the bow.

2. of or for the bow.

τοξικός, *ή, όν*, (τόξον) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. *ή τοξική* (sub. τέχνη), bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-δάμας, *avros*, *ό*, and τοξό-δαμνος, *ov*, (τόξον, δάμασ) subduing with the bow; τοξόδαμνος Ἀρης the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξον.

ΤΟΞΟΝ, τό, a bow, its arrows being ὀιστοί or ἰοί, the string νευρά or νεῖρον: often in pl. τόξα, because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the πήχυς in the middle; τόξα τιταίνειν to draw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon, τόξον ῥύμα, i. e. the Persians, is opp. to λόγχης ἰσχύς, i. e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see τοξόδαμνος.

II. in plur. also, bow and arrows, or even the arrows only.

τοξοποιέω, *f. ήσω*, to make like a bow, to arch. From τοξο-ποιός, *όν*, (τόξον, ποιέω) making bows.

τοξοσύνη, *ή*, (τόξον) bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-τευχής, *ές*, (τόξον, τεύχεα) armed with the bow.

τοξότης, *ον*, *ό*, (τόξον) a Bowman, archer. II. at Athens, of τοξόται were the police, also called Ξύ-θαι, because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

τόξοτις, *ιδος*, fem. of τοξότης, an archeress; as Adj., τόξοτις χεῖρ an archer hand.

τοξο-ουλός, *όν*, (τόξον, ἔλκω) drawing the bow; τοξοουλὸν λήμα the spirit of archers, i. e. of the Persians; see τόξον.

τοξο-φόρος, *ον*, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., τοξοφόρος, *ό*, also *ή*, (τόξότης, an archer, Bowman.

τοπάζιον, τό, = τόπαζος.

ΤΟΠΑΖΟΣ, *ό*, the topaz, a precious stone.

τοπάζω, *f. άσω*, (τόπος) to guess, divine.

το-πάν, Adv., = τὸ πᾶν, altogether, quite, wholly: *ἐς τοπᾶν* in general, for the mass.

το-πᾶντικά, Adv., = αὐτικά, immediately, on the instant.

το-πάροιθε, -θεν, Adv., = πάροιθε.

το-πάρος, Adv., = πάρος. [ᾶ]

τόπ-αρχος, *ό*, also *ή*, (τόπος, ἀρχω) ruling over a place: as Subst., τόπαρχος, *ό*, *ή*, a master or mistress.

ΤΟΠΟΣ, *ό*, a place, spot, Lat. locus; χθονὸς πᾶς τόπος the whole space of earth. 2. place, position.

3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus.

II. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

το-πρίν, Adv., = τὸ πρίν.

το-πρόσθεν, Adv., = τὸ πρόσθεν.

το-πρώτον, Adv., = τὸ πρῶτον, first, at first, in the first place.

τόρευμα, τό, embossed work, work in relief. II. = τόννευμα, a circling or wheeling round.

τορεύς, *εως*, *ό*, (τορεύω) the graver of a sculptor.

II. a borer, auger.

τορευτός, *ή, όν*, verb. Adj. of τορεύω, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

τορεύω, properly, = τορέω, to bore through: metaph. to sing in a piercing tone.

II. to work in relief.

2. to chase, Lat. caelare.

*ΤΟΡΕΩ/Ω, obsol. pres., whence aor. 2 ἔτορον, also aor. I ἐτόρησα, part. τήρησας, and redupl. fut. τετορήσω:—to bore, pierce.

II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tone. Hence

τόρμος, *ό*, a bole, socket: the nave of a wheel.

τορνευτο-λύρ-ασπίδο-πηγός, *ό*, (τορνεύω, λύρα, ἀσπίς, πηγνυμι) lyre-turner and shield-maker.

τορνεύω, *f. σω*, to turn, work with a lathe and chisel.

Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off: and generally, to twist round.

From

τόρνος, *ό*, (τορέω) a carpenter's tool to draw a circle with, compasses, Lat. tornus.

II. a turner's chisel, a lathe-chisel. Hence

τορνόμοι, *f. -ώσομαι*, Dep. to make round, mark off with compasses; τορνώσαντο σήμα they rounded off the barrow; ἔδαφος νηὸς τορνώσεται ἀνήρ he will round him off the ship's bottom.

τορός, *ό*, *όν*, (τείρω) piercing; of the voice, piercing, thrilling.

2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. II. of persons, sharp, quick, smart.

τοροτήξ or τοροτήξ, imitation of a bird's note.

τορήνη, *ή*, (τείρω) a stirrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula. [ῥ]

τορήνω, (τορήνη) to stir, stir up or about. [ῥ]

τοσάκις, Ep. τοσσάκι [ᾶ], Adv. (τόσος) many times, so often.

τόσος Ep. τόσος, *η, ov*, Lat. tantus, of Size, so great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much, so very: answered by the Relat. ὅσος; but τόσος often stands alone in Homer, as τρίς τόσος thrice as many.

In Homer τόσον and τόσσον are often Adv., so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantum; λίην τόσον so much too much.

2. ἐκ τόσον so long since.

τοσσό-δε Ep. τοσσόσο-δε, -ήδε, -όνδε, = τόσος, with stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, wide, etc.:—c. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing.

II. τοσσόνδε Ep. τοσσόνδε, as Adv., so very, so much, to such a degree.

τοσσου-ἀριθμός, *ον*, (τοσσότος, ἀριθμός) of so large a number. [ᾶ]

τοσσούτος Ep. τοσσούτος, -αὐτή, -οῦτο Att. -οῦτον, = τόσος, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence τοσσούτον, only so much, so much and no more; *ἐς τοσσούτο*, Lat. eatenus, so far; *ἐπερον τοσσούτο* as great, as much or many again.

II. τοσσούτο or -ον, Ep. τοσσούτο or -ον, as Adv., so much, so far.

τοσσουτοσί, τοσαυτή, τοσσουτοσί, Att. for τοσσούτος.

τοσσάκι and τοσσάκις, Adv. Ep. for τοσσάκι. [ᾶ]

τόσας, in Dor. form τόσας, = τυχάνω, aor. I part. of an obsol. pres., = τυχάνω, to hit, hit upon.

τοσσήνος, Dor. for τοσσότος.

τόσσος, *η, ov*, Ep. for τόσος.

τοσσόσδε—ή-δε, -όν-δε, Ep. for τοσσόσδε.
τοσσούτος, -αῦτη, -ούτο and -ούτον, Ep. for τοσσούτος.

τόσως, Adv. of τόσος, so much, as much.

τότε, Adv. at that time, then: often in Att., *aforetime, formerly*: sometimes emphatic, at that famous time.

2. joined with other Particles, τότε δή, τότε ἤ πεῖτα, δή τότε γε. 3. with the Article, οἱ τότε people then living; ἐν τῷ τότε in the then time. It answers to the Relat. ὅτε and interrog. πότε.

τοτέ, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answering clauses, τοτέ μὲν . . , τοτέ δέ . . , at one time . . , at another; τότε ἢ τότε' at one time or other.

το-τέταρτον, Adv. = τὸ τέταρτον, for the fourth time, like τόπρωτον, etc.

το-τηνικά, or divisim τὸ τηνίκα, Adv., = τηνίκα. [ἴ]

τοτοβρίξ, imitation of a bird's note.

το-τρίτον, Adv., = τὸ τρίτον, for the third time; cf.

τοτέταρτον. [ἴ]

τοῦ, gen. of Art. ὁ, and interrog. Pron. τίς.

τοῦ, enclit., gen. of enclit. Pron. τις.

τοῦβολοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀβολοῦ.

τοῦκ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἐκ.

τοῦλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἑλάσσον.

τοῦλάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον.

τοῦλεύθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλεύθερον.

τοῦμόν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόν.

τοῦμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπαλιν.

τοῦμπόδων, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπόδων.

τοῦμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπροσθεν.

τοῦμφάνες, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφάνες.

τοῦμφύλον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφύλον.

τοῦναντίον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐναντίον.

τοῦνεκα, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἔνεκα, for that reason, therefore.

τοῦνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνθένδε.

τοῦνομα, Att. crasis for τὸ ὄνομα.

τοῦντεῦθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντεῦθεν, henceforth.

τοῦπέκεινα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα.

τοῦπος or τοῦπος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔπος.

τοῦργον or τοῦργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐργον.

τοῦρανοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ οὐρανοῦ.

τουτάκις or τουτάκι, Adv. ποῖτ. for τότε, then. II.

so many times, so often. [ἄ]

τουτέλ, Adv., Dor. for ταῦτη, in that direction, there, yonder.

τούτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἕτερον.

τουτόθε Adv. (οὗτος) hence, thence.

τουτώθεν, Dor. Adv. (οὗτος) thence.

τόφρᾱ, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; answering to the Relat. ὅφρα. II. τόφρα sometimes stands absol., meantime, meanwhile.

τραγᾶλίζω, = τρώγω.

Τραγᾶσαι, α, ον, of or from the city Τραγασαί in Epirus: but of swine, ὡς τραγασαῖα φαίνεται, with allusion to τραγεῖν, to eat: and again τραγασαῖον πατρός, with play upon τράγος, a goat.

τράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of τρώγω.

τράγεος, α, ον, ποῖτ. for τράγεος: τραγείη (sub. δορά), ἡ, a goat's skin. [ἄ]

τράγ-ἐλάφος, ὁ, (τράγος, ἑλαφος) the goat-stag, a fabulous creature mentioned in Aristophanes.

τράγεος, α, ον, (τράγος) of or from a be-goat; τραγῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, a goat's skin. [ἄ]

τράγημα, ατος, τό, (τράγειν) mostly in plur. sweetmeats, dessert, Lat. bellaria.

τραγηματίζω, f. σω, to eat sweetmeats: so also in Med. τραγηματίζομαι.

τραγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος) of or for a goat. II. of or for a tragedy, tragic (cf. τραγωδία): τραγικὸς λῆρος the tawdry decorations of tragedy:—hence generally, stately, majestic; in bad sense, pompous: Adv. -κῶς, in tragic style.

τραγίνος, η, ον, (τράγος) like τράγεος, of a be-goat.

τράγισκος, ὁ, Dim. of τράγος, a young be-goat.

τράγο-κουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος, κουρά) of or for shearing be-goats.

τράγο-κτονος, ον, (τράγος, κτείνω) of slaughtered goats.

τράγο-μάσχᾶλος, ον, (τράγος, μασχάλη) with arm-pits smelling like a be-goat.

τράγο-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τράγος, ποῖς) goat-footed.

τράγος, ὁ, (τράγειν) a be-goat, Lat. bircus, caper. II. the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. bircus alarum.

τράγο-σκελής, ἐς, (τράγος, σκέλος) goat-shanked, of Pan.

τράγω, Dor. for τρώγω, like πᾶτος for πῶτος. [ἄ]

τραγῶδew, f. ἡσαι, (τραγωδός) to act a tragedy: generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy:—Pass. to be made the subject of a tragedy. II. metaph.

to tell in tragic phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically. Hence

τραγωδία, ἡ, a tragedy or heroic play, invented by the Dorians, and with them of lyric character (τραγικοὶ χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it assumed its dramatic character. See τραγῶδς.

τραγῶδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τραγῶδς) befitting a tragic poet or tragedy.

τραγῶδο-διδασκᾶλος, ὁ, (τραγῶδς, διδάσκω) a tragic poet, who himself trained the chorus and actors.

τραγῶδο-ποιός, ὄν, (τραγῶδς, ποιέω) making tragedies: as Subst., τραγωδοποιοῖς, ὁ, a tragic poet.

τραγῶ-ωδς, ὁ, (τράγος, αἰοῖδς contr. ῶδς) a tragic poet and singer, as the poet took part in the performance of his play: later, the term τραγῶδς was confined to the tragic actor. Properly, the goat-singer, either because a goat was the prize, or because the actors were clothed in goat-skins.

TPA'NH'Σ, ἐς, piercing: metaph. clear, plain, distinct.

τῶνός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of τρανής.

τῶνός, (τρανός) to make clear, plain, distinct.

τῶνῶς, Adv. of τρανής, clearly, distinctly.

τράπε, for ἔτραπε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τρέπω. [ἄ]

τρά-πεζα [τρά], ης, ἡ, a table, esp. a dining-table;

ξενίη τράπεζα the hospitable board; τραπέξη καὶ κούρη

δέχεσθαι to entertain at bed and board. 2. a table, dinner, meal. II. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. mensa argentaria. III. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. tabula. (Acc. to some from τραπέζα; acc. to others from τριπέζα: Horace speaks of mensa tripes.) Hence τράπεζεύς, εὖς, δ, at or of a table; κύνες τραπέζης dogs that were fed at mealtime.

τράπεζευν, to be a money-changer or banker. From τράπεζις [τ], ου, δ, (τράπεζα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. mensarius, argentarius. Hence

τράπεζικός, ῆ, δν, concerning a banker or banking. τράπειομεν, Ep. for τραπέωμεν, τραπῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 pass., both of τρέπω and τρέπω.

τράπεσθα, ῆ, Dor. for τράπεζα. τράπεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τρέπω. τράπεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράπω = τρέπω. [ᾱ] ΤΡΑΠΕΩΩ, to tread grapes: Lat. trapētes, trapētum, an oil-press.

τράπηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρέπω. τράπητέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one must turn.

τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [ᾱ] τράσιᾱ, ῆ, (from τασός, as if τασιά) a crate to dry figs on.

τραυλίζω, f. ἴσω, to lisp, mispronounce a letter, Lat. balbutire; so of children. From

ΤΡΑΤΑΟΣ, ῆ, δν, lisping, Lat. balbus: of the swallow, twittering.

τραῦμα Ion. τρώμα, atos, τό, (τιτρώσκω) a wound, hurt; ἀπὸ τοῦ τρώματος ἀποθνήσκειν to die of the wound. II. a hurt, damage, as of ships. III. metaph. a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence

τραυματίας, ου, δ, Ion. τραῦμα, a wounded man. τραυμάτιζω, Ion. τραῦμα, f. ἴσω, (τραῦμα) to wound. τράφμεν, Ion. for τραπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέφω: see τρέφω III.

τράφειν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐτράφισαν 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. [ᾱ]

τράφερός, ᾱ, δν, (τρέφω) like τρόφισ, well-fed, fat, solid, substantial: τραπερῆ (sub. γῆ), as opp. to ὑγρῆ, dry land, ἐπὶ τραπερῇ τε καὶ ὑγρῇ over dry land and sea: as Subst. οἱ τραπεροὶ or τὰ τραπερά, the fishes.

τράφη [ᾱ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. τράφηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τρέφω.

τράφω, Aeol. and Dor. for τρέφω. [ᾱ] τρᾶχως Ion. τρηχῆως, Adv. roughly, barsbly; τρηχῆως περιεφθῆναι to be roughly handled.

τράχηλα, τά, (τράχηλος) scraps of meat from about the neck thrown away, gristle, offal.

τράχηλιάω, (τράχηλος) to arch the neck, as a pampered horse: metaph. to be bawbly, headstrong.

τράχηλίζω, f. ἴσω, (τράχηλος) to take by the throat: to bend back the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.

τράχηλο-δεσμός, ου, δ, (τράχηλος, δεσμός) as masc. Adj., chaining the neck.

ΤΡΑΧΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, the throat, neck. [ᾱ]

Τραχίς Ion. Τρηχίς, ἴνος, ῆ, Trāchis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τραχύς). Hence

Τράχινος, α, ον Ion. Τρηχίνος, η, ον, of or from Trachis, Tracbinian; αἱ Τραχίνιαί the Tracbinian women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.

τράχυν Ion. τρηχύνω [ῆ]: f. ἰνῶ: pf. τετράχυνκα: Pass., aor. I ἐτραχύνθη: pf. τετράχυνμαι and τετράχυναι: (τραχύς):—to make rough, rugged: in Aesch. Theb. 1045, τράχυνε refers to τραχύς ὁ δῆμος just before, call them, make them rough.

ΤΡΑΧΥΨ Ion. τρηχύς, εἰα, ὅ, rough, rugged: metaph. rough, barsb, savage.

τράχυτης, ητος, ῆ, (τραχύς) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit:—metaph. roughness, barsbness.

τράχω, Dor. for τρέχω. [ᾱ]

τράχυν, ὄνος, δ, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Τραχωνίτις, ἴδος, Trachonitis, i. e. the rugged country.

ΤΡΕΙΣ, οἱ, αἱ, τρία, τά; gen. τριῶν; dat. τρισί; acc. τρεῖς, τρία:—THREE, Lat. TRES, tria.

τρεῖς-καὶ-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τρια-καὶ-δεκα, τά, thirteen, Lat. tredecim.

τρέω, poet. for τρέω.

τρέω, only used in pres. and impf., (τρέω) Lat. tremo, to tremble, quake, quiver.

II. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at, fear.

τρεπρέον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn.

ΤΡΕΠΩ Ion. τράπω: f. τρέπω: aor. I ἐτρεψα: aor. 2 ἐτρεπόν: pf. τέτροφα or τέτραφα: Med., aor. 2 ἐτράπουν: Pass., aor. I ἐτρέφην Ion. ἐτράφην:

aor. 2 ἐτράπη, whence Ep. I plur. τραπεῖομεν (for τραπεῖομεν, τραπῶμεν): pf. τέτραμμα, 3 plur. τετράφαται; imperat. τέτραφθι, τετράφθω: plqpf. ἐτετραμμην, Ep. 3 sing. τέτραπτο; 3 plur. τετράφατο:

—to turn, Lat. vertere; τρέπειν τινα εἰς τι to turn, lead, guide to a thing:—Pass. and Med. to turn, be-

take oneself, Lat. converti; ἐπὶ ἔργα τρέπεσθαι to turn or go to work; also of place, ἀντ' ἡελίοιο τετραμμένος turned towards the sun; ποῖ τράπωμαι; which way must I turn me?

II. to turn, i. e. turn round, put about; also, πάλιν τρέπειν to turn back: to turn away, divert; τρέπειν τὴν ὁργὴν εἰς τινα to divert anger on any one: Pass. and Med. to turn round.

2. to turn another way, alter, change: Pass. and Med. to be changed, change: absol., τράπομαι I am changed, change my opinion: also, οἶνος τρέπεται the wine is turned, become sour.

III. to turn or put to flight, rout, defeat: later, τρέπειν εἰς φυγὴν, Lat. convertere in fugam, to put to flight:—Pass. to be put to flight, turn and flee:—Med. to turn oneself to flight, flee.

IV. to turn away or off, keep off: to binder, prevent.

V. to overturn, upset.

VI. to turn, apply to a purpose.

τρέσσαι, Ep. for τρέσαι, aor. I inf. of τρέω.

τρεφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέπω.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Acol. and Dor. **τράψω** [ᾶ]: fut. **θρέψω**: aor. I **ἔθρεψα**: Ep. aor. 2 **ἔτραπον**: pf. **τέτροφα**: Pass., aor. I **ἔθρεφθην**: aor. 2 **ἐτράφην** [ᾶ]: pf. **τέθραμμαι** and **τέθρεμμαι**, inf. **τεθράφθαι**:—to make firm or solid, to thicken or congeal; γάλα **θρέψαι** to curdle milk; τυρόν **τρέφειν** to make cheese:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. **τέτροφα**, to become firm, curdle, congeal. II. commonly, to nourish, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med. to rear for oneself:—Pass. to grow, grow up, wax, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live, be.

2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: **τρέφειν κόμην** to cherish one's hair, wear it long, **Lat. comam alere**: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, **Lat. nutrire, alere**: hence poet. to contain, have.

III. Homer uses aor. 2 act. **ἔτραπον** in intrans. or pass. sense, as, **ἔτραφε** for **ἐτράφη**, **ἔτραφέτην** for **ἐτραφήτην**, inf. **τραφέμεν** (**Att. τραφεῖν**) = **τραφήναι**.

ΤΡΕΨΩ Dor. **τράχω** [ᾶ]: fut. **θρέξωμαι**: aor. I **ἔθρεξα**: but more commonly (from Root ***ΔΡΕΨΩ**), fut. **δράμωμαι** Ion. **δραμέομαι** poet. **δράμομαι**: aor. 2 **ἔδραμον**: pf. **δεδράμηκα** [ᾶ] poet. **δέδρομα**:—to run, **Lat. currere**: of things, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. loci, to run over. 3. c. acc. cognato, **τρέχειν δρόμον** to run a course; metaph., **ἀγῶνας δραμεῖν περὶ ἐαυτοῦ** to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without δρόμον or ἀγῶνα, to run a risk or chance, as **τρέχειν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς** to run a race for one's life; also, **παρ' ἐν παλαίσμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν** he was within one bout of carrying off the victory.

τρέψειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of **τρέπω**. **ΤΡΕΨΩ** poet. **τρέω**, inf. **τρεῖν**: f. **τρέσω**: aor. I **ἔτρεσα** Dor. **τρέσσα**:—to tremble, quake, esp. for fear: hence to run away, flee, fly: **ὁ τρέσας** the coward. II. trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. acc.

τρήμα, atos, τό, (**τιτράω**) that which is pierced or bored through: a hole, aperture.

τρημάτοις, εσσα, εν, (**τρήμα**) with many holes, porous.

τρήμων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (**τρέω**) fearful, timorous, shy: epith. of doves (**πέλειαι** or **πελειάδες**): hence later as Subst., **τρήμων**, ἡ, = **πέλειαι**, a dove.

τρήσω, fut. of **τιτράω**.

τρητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **τιτράω**, bored or pierced through; **τρητά λέχεια** bedsteads perforated for inlaid work.

τρηχᾶλέος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for **τρηχύς**, **τραχύς**.

τρηχύς, εἶα, ὕ, Ion. for **τραχύς**: Adv. **τρηχέως**, Sup. **τρηχύτατα**.

τρί-, in compds. three times, thrice, **Lat. ter**.

τρίδ, neut. from **τρεῖς**.

τριάσω, f. ἄσω, (**τρία**) to conquer, vanquish; metaph. from a wrestler, who did not win until he had thrice thrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: hence, **διὰ τριῶν ἀπόλλυσθαι** to be utterly undone.

τρίαυα, ἡ, (**τρία**) **Lat. tridens**, a trident, the attri-

bute of Neptune: generally, a three-pronged spear. Hence

τριαίνω, f. ὦσω, to move or heave with the trident: hence to heave or prise up, overthrow; **τριαίνου ἡν γῆν** διέκλλη to break up the ground with a mattock.

τριακάς Ep. and Ion. **τρηκάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, (**τρεῖς**, **τρία**), the number thirty. II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. **τριακάδες**. III. also any division of thirty.

τριακονθ-ἄμματος, ὄν, (**τριάκοντα**, ἄμμα) with or of thirty knots.

τριακονθ-ἡμερος Ion. **τρηκοντήμερος** Dor. **τριακοντάμερος**, ὄν, (**τριάκοντα**, ἡμέρα) of thirty days.

τριάκοντα Ep. and Ion. **τρηκόντα**, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl.: (**τρεῖς**, **τρία**), **Lat. TRIGINTA**, thirty. II. as Subst. οἱ **τριάκοντα**:

1. at Sparta, the council of thirty, assigned to the kings. 2. at Athens, the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by Lysander (B. C. 404).

τριακοντά-εἰς Ion. **τρηκ-**, ἔς, (**τριάκοντα**, εἶτος):—thirty years old. II. of or lasting thirty years: also fem. —**εἰς**, ἰδος:—**Att. contr. τριακοντούτης**, ες:

fem. **τριακοντούτις**, ἰδος, whence **τριακοντούτιδες σπονδαὶ** a thirty years' truce.

τριακοντά-ζυγος, ὄν, (**τριάκοντα**, ζυγόν) with or of thirty benches of oars.

τριακοντ-αρχία, ἡ, (**τριάκοντα**, ἄρχω) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. **τριάκοντα** II. 2.

τριακοντ-όργυιος, ὄν, (**τριάκοντα**, ὄργυια) of thirty fathoms.

τριακόντορος Ion. **τρηκόντερος**, ὄν, with thirty oars:—as Subst. **τριακόντορος** (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, a vessel of thirty oars.

τριακοντούτης, ες, see **τριακονταετής**.

τριακοντ-ώρτυγος, ὄν, more correct form of **τριακοντ-όρτυγος**.

τριακόσιοι Ion. **τρηκόσιοι**, αι, α, (**τρεῖς**, **τρία**) three hundred, **Lat. triceni**.

τριακοσιο-μέδιμνος, ὄν, (**τριακόσιοι**, μέδιμνος) of three hundred medimni: οἱ **τριακοσιομέδιμνοι** those whose property produced three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Athenian Ἱππεῖς.

τριακοστός Ion. **τρηκ-**, ἡ, ὄν, (**τριάκοντα**) the thirtieth: ἡ **τριακοστή** (sub. μοῖρα), a duty of one thirtieth.

τριακή, ἡρος, ὅ, (**τριάω**) a conqueror: see **τριάω**.

τριάρμενος, ὄν, (**τρία**, ἄρμενα) with three sails.

τριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (**τρεῖς**) the number three, a triad.

τριάσσω, ἄζω, = **τριάζω**.

τριβάκος, ἡ, ὄν, (**τρίβω**) rubbed, worn, **Lat. tritus**:

ἡ **τριβάκη** a threadbare coat: cf. **τρίβων**.

Τριβαλλοί, the Triballi, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

τρι-βελής, ἔς, (**τρι-**, βέλος) three-pointed.

τριβή, ἡ, (**τριβῆναι**) a rubbing. II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; **βίος οὐκ ἀχαρὶς ἐς τὴν τριβὴν** a pleasant life in the spending. 2. a busying oneself

about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine. 3. *ibat* about which one is busied, the object of one's care. 4. delay, putting off, evasion; ἐς τριβάς ἔλάν to seek delays; and without a Verb, μὴ τριβάς ἔτι no more delays.

τριβήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τριβω.

τριβολ-εκτραπέλος, ov, (τριβολος, εκτραπελός) neut. plur. as Subst., τριβολεκτράπελα unmannerly, coarse jests. [α]

τριβόλος, ov, (τρι-, βαλεῖν) three-pointed, three-pronged. II. as Subst., τριβόλος, ὁ. I. a prickly plant, burr. 2. in plur. smart sayings, gibes.

3. in plur. also, a threshing-machine.

τριβος, ἡ, also ὁ, (τριβήναι) a worn or beaten track, a road, path: the high road, bigway. 2. metaph. a path of life, course, career. II. a rubbing, like τριβίς.

III. metaph. practice. 2. delay.

ΤΡΙΒΩ [χ], f. τριβω: aor. I ἔτριψα, inf. τριβῶναι: pf. τέτριψα: Pass., fut. I τριψήσομαι, fut. 2 τριβήσομαι, paulo-p. fut. τριβήσομαι, also fut. med. τριβήσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἔτριψην: aor. 2 ἐτριβην [χ]: pf. τέτριμμαι:—to rub: esp. to rub corn, thresh it out, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, bruise: to rub a thing in or on another; μόχλον τριβάν ἐν ὀφθαλμῷ to grind the stake in his eye; χρυσὸν βασάνω τριβείν to rub gold on a touchstone, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with. II. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: of a road, to wear or tread it smooth. 2. of Time, to wear away, spend; τριβείν βίον to pass away life, Lat. terere vitam: absol. to waste time, tarry. 3. metaph. of persons, to wear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander. 4. to wear or use:—Pass. to be much busted or engrossed with a thing.

τριβώμε [χ], Dor. for τριβόμεν, I pl. subj. of τριβω. τριβων [χ], ανος, ὁ, (τριβήναι) a worn garment, threadbare cloak. II. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, practised, well versed or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc. 2. absol. as Subst. a backneyed rogue, crafty knave.

τριβωνικῶς, Adv. (τριβων) in the fashion of a τριβων, cloak-wise.

τριβώνιον, τό, Dim. of τριβων, a small cloak, a cape. τρι-γέρον, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γέρον) triply old, very old.

ΤΡΙΤΑΛᾶ, ἡ, a mullet, Lat. triglia.

τρι-γληννος, ov, (τρι-, γληννος) epith. of ear-rings or drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγλο-φόρος, ov, (τριγλα, φέρω) catching mullets.

τρι-γλύφος, ov, (τρι-, γλύφω) thrice-cloven: as Subst., τρίγλυφος, ἡ, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a three-grooved tablet placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρι-γλώχης, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, γλωχίς) three-barbed, three-forked.

τριγμός, ὁ, = τρισμός.

τριγμόνις, ἡ, = τρισμόνις.

τριγόνια, ἡ, the third generation. From

τρι-γονος, ov, (τρι-, γενέσθαι) produced at three births, of children; τριγόνοι κόραι three daughters.

τρι-γωνος, ov, (τρι-, γωνία) three-cornered, triangular. Hence

τρίγωνον, τό, a triangle. II. a musical instrument of triangular form. [χ]

τρι-δουλος, ov, (τρι-, δούλος) a slave through three generations, thrice or trebly a slave.

τρι-δραχμος, ov, (τρι-, δραχμή) worth or weighing three drachms.

τρι-δύστηνος, ov, thrice wretched.

τρι-έλικτος, ov, (τρι-, ἑλίσσω) thrice wound or coiled: of a rope, consisting of three strands or cords.

τρι-έμβολος, ov, (τρι-, ἐμβολον) with or like three ships' beaks.

τρι-έσπερος, ov, (τρι-, ἑσπέρα) in three successive nights.

τρι-ετηρίς, ἴδος, (τρι-, ἔτος) fem. Adj. triennial: as Subst. (sub. ἑορτή) a triennial festival.

τρι-έτης, ov, ὁ, (τρι-, ἔτος) of three years, three years old. Adv. τριέτες, three years long.

τριετία, ἡ, (τριέτης) a space of three years, Lat. triennium.

τρι-ζυγής, ἐς, and τρι-ζυγος, ov, and τρι-ζυξ, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, (τρι-, ζυγῆναι) three-yoked: three-fold, triple: also simply three.

ΤΡΙΖΩ, f. τριζω: pf. τέτριγα with pres. sense; part. τεριζώς, Ep. pl. τεριζώτες for τεριζώτες; plqpf. ἑτετριγειν Ep. τεριζέιν, with sense of impf.: of animals and birds, to make a shrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, νῶτα τεριζει their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. stridere. (Formed from the sound.)

τριηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριήκοντα, τριηκόσιοι, Ep. and Ion. for τριακᾶν.

τρι-ημι-πόδιον, τό, (τρι-, ἡμι-, πούς) three half-feet, i. e. a foot and half.

τριηραρχέω, f. ἦσω, to be a triηραρχος, command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme; c. gen. τριηραρχεῖν νηὺς to be captain of a ship. II. at Athens, to be trierarch, fit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχία, ἡ, (τριηραρχέω) the command of a trireme. II. at Athens, the fitting out of a trireme for the public service: the office of trierarch. Hence

τριηραρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, fitted for a trierarch or his office.

τριήρ-αρχος, ὁ, (τριήρης, ἄρχω) the captain of a trireme. II. at Athens, a trierarch, one who had to fit out a trireme for the public service.

τριηρ-αῦλης, ov, ὁ, (τριήρης, αἰλέω) the flute-player who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.

τρι-ήρης, gen. eos Ion. evs; acc. ea, η: plur., nom. ees, eis; gen. τριηρέων contr. τριηρῶν (τρίς, ἀρᾶ-ρεῖν or ἐρέσσω): properly an Adj. thrice-fitted or thrice-rowed:—but only used as Subst. τριήρης (sub. ναὺς), ἡ, Lat. triremis, a galley with three banks of oars, first built by the Corinthians: the lowest rowers

being called *θαλάμιοι*, the middle *ζυγίται*, and the topmost *θρανίται*; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times *quadriremes* (*τετρήρεις*), *quinqueremes* (*πεντήρεις*), etc., came into use.

τρι-ηρίτης [τ], ου, ὁ, (*τριήρης*) one who serves on board a trireme.

τριηρο-ποιός, ὄν, (*τριήρης, ποιέω*) building triremes.

τρί-κάρηνος, ου, (*τρί-, κάρηνον*) three-beaded. [κᾶ]

τρί-κέφαλος, ου, (*τρί-, κεφαλῇ*) three-beaded.

τρί-κλινος, ου, (*τρί-, κλίνη*) with three beds or couches, for sleeping or reclining on at meals:—as Subst., *τρίκλινος* (sc. οἶκος), ὁ, like the Roman *triclinium*, a dining-room with three couches; also *τρίκλινον*, τό.

τρί-κλωστός, ου, (*τρί-, κλώθω*) thrice spun.

τρί-κόρυθος, ου, and *τρί-κορυς*, ὅθος, ὁ, (*τρί-, κόρυς*) with triple plume.

τρί-κόρωνος, ου, (*τρί-, κορώνη*) thrice a crow's age.

τρί-κράνος, ου, (*τρί-, κράνον*) three-beaded, with triple crest.

τρί-κύαθος, ου, (*τρί-, κύαθος*) holding three κύαθοι.

τρί-κύμια, ἡ, (*τρί-, κύμα*) the third wave, a huge, overwelling wave, since every third wave (as also every tenth, cf. *δεκακύμια*) was supposed to be larger than the rest: metaph., *τρικύμια κακῶν* a flood of evils.

τρί-λυστος, ου, poet., for *τρίλυστος*, (*τρί-, λίσσομαι*) thrice prayed for, i. e. often or earnestly prayed for.

τρί-λογία, ἡ, (*τρί-, λόγος*) a trilogy; see *τετραλογία*.

τρί-λοφία, ἡ, a triple crest. From

τρί-λόφος, ου, (*τρί-, λόφος*) with three crests.

τρί-μακαρ, -μακάρα, (*τρί-, μάκαρ*) thrice-blessed.

τρί-μετρος, ου, (*τρί-, μέτρον*) of verses, consisting of three metres; the metre consisting either of one foot as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse; *τόνος τρίμετρος* trimeter iambic verse.

τρί-μηνης, ου, (*τρί-, μήν*) of three months, three months old: ἡ *τρίμηνης* a period of three months.

τρίμμα, ατος, τό, (*τρίβω*) that which is rubbed: metaph., like *τρίβων*, a practised, backeyed knave.

τριμμός, ὁ, (*τρίβω*) a beaten road, like *τρίβος*.

τρίμοιρα, ἡ, triple pay. From

τρί-μοιρος, ου, (*τρί-, μοίρα*) threefold, triple.

τρί-μορφος, ου, (*τρί-, μορφή*) three-formed, triple: *Μοίραι τρίμορφοι* the three fates.

Τρίν-ακρία, ἡ, (*τρί-, ἄκρα*) epith. of Sicily, from its three promontories (*ἄκρα*): also written *Τρινακρία* Ion. -ῖη (*from τριναῖς*).

Τρινάκριος, α, ου, of Trinacria or Sicily, Sicilian.

τρίν-αξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (*τρίς, ἀξί*) a trident.

τριξός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for *τρισσός*, threefold, triple; so *διξός* for *δισσός*.

τρί-οδος, ἡ, (*τρί-, ὁδός*) a meeting of three roads, three cross-roads, Lat. *trivium*.

τρι-όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τρί-, ὁδός*) with three teeth: as Subst., *τριόδους*, ὁ, a trident.

τρι-όργυιος, ου, (*τρί-, ὀργυια*) three fathoms long.

τρι-όροφος, ου, = *τριώροφος*.

τρί-όρχης, ου, ὁ, and *τρί-ορχος*, ου, ὁ, (*τρί-, ὄρχις*) a kind of falcon or kite.

τριοτό, a sound imitative of a bird's voice.

τρί-πάλαι, Adv. (*τρί-, πάλαι*) thrice long since, i. e. very long ago.

τρί-πάλαιστος, ου, (*τρί-, παλαιστή*) thrice hands broad, long, etc.

τρί-παλτος, ου, (*τρί-, πάλλω*) thrice-brandished; metaph. *furious, fierce*.

τρί-πάνουργος, ου, (*τρί-, πάνουργος*) trebly a rogue.

τρίπαχυος, ου, Dor. for *τριπήχυν*, q. v.

τρί-πέτηλος, ὄν, (*τρί-, πέτηλον*) thrice-leaved.

τρί-πηχυν, γ, gen. εος, (*τρί-, πήχυν*) thrice cubits long.

τρί-πίθηκνος, η, ου, (*τρί-, πίθηκος*) thrice apish.

τρίπλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τρίς*) triple, threefold, Lat. *triplex*. [τ]

τρίπλάσιος, α, ου, (*τρί-*) thrice as many, thrice as much, thrice as great as, c. gen.; neut. *τριπλάσιον* as Adv., *τριπλάσιον σοῦ* thrice as much as you.

τρί-πλεθρος, ου, (*τρί-, πλέθρον*) thrice plethra long.

τρίπλη, v. *τριπλός*.

τριπλοιστός, ὄν, (*τριπλός*) made threefold, tripled, trebled.

τρίπλός, η, ου contr. *τριπλοῦς*, ἡ, οὖν, (*τρεῖς*) triple, threefold. Adv. -πλῶς, but dat. fem. *τριπλῇ* is also used as Adv., *triply, trebly*.

τρίπδεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of *τρίπους*.

τρί-πόδες, ου, ὁ, (*τρί-, ποῦς*) three feet long.

τρί-πόθητος, ου, (*τρί-, ποθέω*) thrice longed for, much or earnestly desired.

τρί-πολις, εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τρί-, πόλις*) with three cities; cf. *δεκάπολις*.

τρί-πόλιστος, ου, (*τρί-, πολίω*) thrice-built, triply or firmly founded.

τρί-πολος, ου, (*τρί-, πολέω*) thrice turned up or ploughed, bearing three crops in a year, of corn land.

τρί-πόνητος, ου, (*τρί-, πονέω*) thrice-worked: *ἐπὶ τριπόνητος* a dispute between three labourers.

τρί-πορθος, ου, (*τρί-, πορθέω*) thrice wasted.

τρί-πος, ου, ὁ, poet. for *τρίπους*. [τ]

τρί-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, (*τρί-, ποῦς*) three footed, three-legged or with three feet: measuring three feet.

II. going on three feet; proverb. of an old man who leans on a staff, *τρίποδας ὁδοὺς στείχει*.

2. as Subst., *τρίπους*, ὁ, a tripod, a three-footed brass kettle or caldron; tripods were often made of exquisite material and workmanship, and dedicated in temples.

3. the stool or throne of the Delphic priestess.

τρί-πράτος, ου, (*τρί-, πιπράσκω*) thrice sold.

τριπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*τρίβω*) a rubber or tool for rubbing with, a pestle.

τρίπτης, ου, ὁ, (*τρίβω*) a rubber, shamprover.

Τρί-πτόλεμος, ὁ, *Τριptolemus*, an Eleusinian, who established the worship of Demeter.

τρί-πτύχος, ου, (*τρί-, πτύσσω*) consisting of three layers or plates, threefold, triple; also simply *thrice*.

τρί-πῶλος, ου, (*τρί-, πῶλος*) of or with three horses.

τρίρ-ρῦμος, *ον*, (τρι-, ρῦμός) *with three poles*, i. e. *with four horses abreast*.

τρίς, Adv. of τρεῖς, *thrice, three times*, Lat. *ter*; τρίς τόσος *thrice as much*; ἐς τρίς *up to three times*: often used indefinitely in compds., to strengthen the force of the simple word, like *Lat. ter*, and our *thrice*. Proverb., τρίς ἑξ βάλλειν *to throw thrice six*, i. e. *the highest throw (there being three dice)*, hence *to have the best luck*. [Ὶ]

τρίσ-ἀθλιος, *α, ον*, *thrice-unhappy*.

τρίσ-άλαστος, *ον*, *thrice-tormented*.

τρίσ-ἀριθμος, *ον*, *thrice-numbered*.

τρίσ-ἄσμενος, *η, ον*, *thrice-pleased*, i. e. *well-contented*.

τρίσ-ἄωρος, *ον*, *very untimely*.

τρίσ-δεῖλαιος, *ον*, = τρισάθλιος.

τρίσ-δύστηνος, *ον*, *trebly*, i. e. *very, miserable*.

τρίσ-εἰνάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (τρίς, ἐνέας) sub. ἡμέρα, *the third ninth day in a month*; i. e. *the ninth day of the third decad, the 29th*.

τρί-σεληνος, *ον*, (τρι-, σεληνή) *of three moons or nights*.

τρίσ-ἐπαρχος, *ὁ*, (τρίς, ἐπαρχος) *thrice an overseer*.

τρίσ-θάνης, *ἐς*, (τρίς, θανεῖν) *thrice worthy of death*.

τρίσ-καὶ-δεκα, *οἱ, αἱ, τὰ*, = τρισκαίδεκα.

τρίσκαϊδεκά-πηχυς, *υ, gen. εος*, *thirteen cubits high, long, etc.*

τρίσκαϊδεκα-στάσιος, *ον*, (τρίσκαϊδεκα, ἵστημι) *of thirteen times the weight or value*. [στᾱ]

τρίσκαϊδεκάτος, *η, ον*, (τρίσκαϊδεκα) *the thirteenth*.

τρίσκαϊδεκ-έτης, *ον, ὁ, fem. τρισκαϊδεκέτις, ἰδος*,

(τρίσκαϊδεκα, ἔτος) *of thirteen years, thirteen years old*.

τρίσ-κακοδαίμων, *ον, gen. ονος*, *thrice-unlucky, trebly ill-fated*.

τρί-σκαλμος, *ον*, (τρί-, σκαλμός) *with three benches of rowers*; νῆες τρισκαλμοὶ = τριῆρεις.

τρίσ-κατάρατος, *ον*, (τρίς, καταράσμαι) *thrice accursed*.

τρίσ-κοπάνιστος, *ον*, (τρίς, κοπανάω) *thrice struck*; ἄρτος τρισκοπάνιστος *thrice-kneaded bread*.

τρίσ-μάκαρ, *fem. -μάκαιρα, gen. -μάκαρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (τρίς, μάκαρ) *thrice blest*; τρισμάκαρες καὶ τετράκις, Virgil's *terque quaterque beati*.

τρίσ-μάκαριος, *α, ον*, = τρίσμακαρ.

τρίσμός, *ὁ*, (τρίω) *a squeaking*: *a squeak*.

τρίσ-μύριοι, *αι, α, (τρίς, μύριοι) thrice ten thousand, 30,000*: also in sing. with a collective Subst., as, τρισμύρια ἵππος *thirty thousand horse*. [ῡ]

τρίσ-μύριό-πάλαι, (τρίσ-μύριοι, πάλαι) Adv. *thirty thousand times long ago, immensely long ago*.

τρίσ-ολυμπιο-νίκης, *ον, ὁ*, (τρίς, Ὀλυμπιονίκης) *thrice victorious at Olympia*. [νῖ]

τρι-σπιθάμος, *ον*, (τρι-, σπιθαμή) *three spans long*.

τρί-σπονδος, *ον*, (τρι-, σπονδή) *thrice-poured, forming a triple libation or drink-offering*.

τρίσσάκις, Adv. (τρίς) *thrice, three times*. [ᾱ]

τρίσσάτιος, *η, ον*, poet. for τρισσός. [ᾱ]

τρίσσόθεν, Adv. (τρισσός) *from three sides*.

τρίσσός Att. τριττός Ion. τριξός, *ἡ, ὄν*, like δισσός, διξός, (τρίς) *threefold*, Lat. *triplex*: in plur. = τρεῖς. Adv. —σώς, *three times*.

τρίσσο-φαής, *ἐς*, and τρισσό-φωτος, *ον*, (τρίς, φάος, φῶς) *in a threefold light*.

τρί-στεγος, *ον*, (τρι-, στέγη) *of or with three stories*: τὸ τρίστογον (sub. οἶκημα), *the third story*.

τρι-στοιχεί or —χί [Ὶ], Adv. of τρίστοιχος, *in three rows*.

τρί-στοιχος, *ον*, (τρι-, στοῖχος) *in three rows*.

τρί-στομος, *ον*, (τρι-, στόμα) *three-mouthed*. II. *thrice-edged or three-pointed*.

τρίσ-χίλιοι, *αι, α, (τρίς, χίλιοι) three thousand*: also in sing. with a collective Subst., τρισχίλια ἵππος *3000 horse*. [χῖ]

τρί-σώματος, *ον*, (τρι-, σῶμα) *with three bodies*, Lat. *tricorpor*.

τρίτᾱγωνιστέω, *ἢ, ἴσω*, *to be a τριταγωνιστής, to play third-rate characters*. From

τρίτ-ᾱγωνιστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (τρίτος, ᾱγωνιστής) *the player who takes the third part, a third-rate performer*.

τρίταιος, *α, ον*, (τρίτος) *of time, in three days, on the third day*; τριταῖοι ἐγένοντο *they arrived on the third day*. 2. *three days old*; τριταῖος γενόμενος *after being three days dead*. 3. *three days ago*. 4. generally for τρίτος, *third*.

τρί-τάλαντος, *ον*, (τρι-, τάλαντον) *of three talents weight or worth*. [τᾱ]

τρί-τάλας, τάλαινα, τάλαν, (τρι-, τάλας) *thrice-wretched*. [τᾱ]

τρί-τάνυστος, *ον*, (τρι-, τανύω) *triply stretched or drawn out*, i. e. *very long*.

τρίτατος, *η, ον*, poet. lengthd. for τρίτος, like μέσσαςτος for μέσος. [Ὶ]

τρίτη-μόριος, *α, ον*, (τρίτος, μέρος) *equal to a third part, forming a third part*: as Subst., τριτη-μόριον (sub. μέρος), *τό, a third part*.

τρίτη-μορίς, *ἰδος, ἡ*, like τριτημόριον, *a third part*.

τρίτο-βάμων [ᾱ], *ον, gen. ονος*, (τρίτος, βαίνω) *going as third, forming a third foot*.

Τρίτο-γένεια, *ἡ*, *the Triton-born*, epith. of Minerva; derived from the lake Τριτώνις in Libya, near which the goddess was born.

Τρίτο-γενής, *εὖς, ἡ*, = Τριτογένεια.

τρίτοκέω, *to bring forth thrice, have three at a birth*. From

τρί-τόκος, *ον*, (τρι-, τεκεῖν) *bearing thrice or three at a birth*.

τρίτος, *η, ον*, (τρίς, τρεῖς) *the third*, Lat. *tertius*; τρίτος ἐλθεῖν *to come as third*, i. e. *with two others*;

τρίτος γενέσθαι *to be third in a race*; ἐς τρίτην ἡμέραν *on the third day*, i. e. *the day after to-morrow*.

II. τρίτον as Adv. *thirdly*, also τὸ τρίτον: also ἐκ τρίτου or ἐκ τρίτων, *in the third place*.

III. τὰ τρίτα λέγειν *τινὶ* *to play the third part to any one*, like τριταγωνιστεῖν *τινι*. [Ὶ]

τρίτό-σπονδος, *ον*, (τρίτος, σπονδή) = τρίσπονδος, *crowned with triple libation*; τριτόσπονδος αἶων *a life*

in which one pours the third libation (to Ζεὺς Σωτήρ), i. e. a life without drawback.

τρίτοσπορος, *ον*, (τρίτος, σπείρω) sown for the third time; τρίτοσπορος γονή the third generation.

τριττός, *ή, όν*, Att. for τρισσός.

τριττός, *ύος, ή*, also τριτύς, (τρεῖς) the number three, Lat. *ternio*.

II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman *su-ovis-aurilia*).

III. at Athens, a third of the φυλή or tribe.

Τρίταν, *αυος, ό*, Triton, a sea-god, son of Poseidon and Amphitrite.

2. the god of the Libyan lake Tritonis.

II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis with the sea. [Ἱ] Hence

Τρίτωνιάς, *άδος, ή*, like *Τριτανιάς*, epith. of Minerva: λίμνη Τριτανιάς the Libyan lake Tritonis.

Τρίτωνίς, *ίδος, ή*, the lake Tritonis in Libya famous for the birth of Athena.

2. epith. of Minerva.

τρίφαστος, *α, ον*, (τρεῖς) threefold, Lat. *triplex*: also simply *three*. [ἄ]

τρί-φίλητος Dor. -άτος, *ον*, (τρι-, φιλέω) thrice-beloved.

τρί-φύλλον, *τό*, (τρι-, φύλλον) a plant, trefoil, clover.

τρί-φύλος, *ον*, (τρι-, φύλη) of three tribes; τριφύλους ποιεῖν to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα or τριχῇ, Adv. (τρίς) threefold, in three parts, Lat. *trifariam*: c. gen., τρίχα νυκτός in the third watch of the night; τρίχα σχίζειν to divide in three. [Ἱ]

τρί-χάϊκες [Ἱ], *οί*, the threefold people, i. e. the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τρί-χάλεπτος, *ον*, (τρι-, χαλέπω) very angry.

τρί-χάλος, *ον*, Dor. for τρί-χηλος, (τρί-, χηλή) cloven in three.

τρίχες, *αί*, nom. pl. of θρίξ. [Ἱ]

τρίχῃ, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poet. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts.

[ἄ] Hence

τριχθάδιος, *α, ον*, threefold. [ἄ]

τρίχινος, *η, ον*, (θρίξ) of or from hair. [τρί]

τρίχίς, *ίδος, ή*, (θρίξ) a kind of anchovy full of small bones like hair, whence its name.

τρίχό-βρως, *αυος*, (θρίξ, βιβρώσκω) eating hair: as Subst., τριχόβρωτες, hair-eaters, i. e. moths.

τρί-χοϊνικός, *ον*, (τρί-, χοϊνίξ) holding three χοϊνίκες: τριχοϊνικον έπος a most capacious word.

τρί-χόλωτος, *ον*, (τρι-, χολώω) thrice-detested.

τρίχό-μαλλος, *ον*, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with fleece-like hair.

τρίχορυνέω, *ή, ήσω*, to shed or lose the hair. From τριχορ-ρύης, *ές*, (θρίξ, βέω) shedding or losing the hair.

τριχός, gen. of θρίξ.

τρίχου, Adv. (τρίχα) in three places.

τρί-χρωμος, *ον*, (τρί-, χρώμα) three-coloured.

τρίχωμα, *αυος, τό*, (τρίχώω) a growth of hair, shock of hair.

τρίχως, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τρίψαι, aor. I inf. of τρίβω.

τριψ-ημερέω, *ή, ήσω*, (τρίβω, ήμέρα) to idle away the day, waste time in delays, Lat. *terere tempus*.

τρίψς, *αυος, ή*, (τρίβω) a rubbing, friction. II. firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed. III.

τρίψς, *αί*, potted meat.

τρι-ώβολον, *τό*, (τρι-, όβολός) a three-obol piece, i. e. a half-drachma, about 4½d., from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's sitting in court.

τρί-ώροφος, *ον*, (τρι-, όροφή) of three stories or floors:—as Subst., τριώροφον, *τό*, the third story.

τριώρηνος, *ον*, more correct Att. form of τριόργηνος.

Τροίανεν Ion. -ήνεν or -θε, (Τροία) Adv. from Troy.

Τροίανδε Ion. -ηνδε, (Τροία) Adv. to Troy.

Τροία Ion. Τροίη, *ή*, either the city or the country, Troy or the Troad: also Τροία as trisyll.

τρομεόιατο, Ion. for τρομέοιντο, 3 pl. med. opt. of τρομέω.

τρομέοντι, Dor. and Ep. for τρομέοσι, 3 pl. of τρομέω.

2. dat. pres. part. of τρομέω.

τρομερός, *ά, όν*, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, quivering.

τρομέμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομέω.

τρομέω, *ή, ήσω*, (τρόμος) to tremble, quake, quiver: hence to be afraid.

II. c. acc. to tremble before or at, to fear, dread, shudder at.

τρόμος, *ό*, (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering, esp. from fear.

τροπαία (sub. πνοή), *ή*, (τροπαῖος) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαία a change in one's spirit.

2. a change from, release from.

τρόπαιον Ion. τροπαῖον, *τό*, properly neut. of τροπαῖος; a trophy, Lat. *tropaeum*, in token of the enemy's rout (τροπή): consisting of shields, helmets, etc., taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts:—στήσαι or στήσασθαι τρόπαια to set up trophies.

τροπαῖος, *α, ον*, (τρέπω) of a turning or change. II. of defeat or rout (τροπή); θεοὶ τροπαῖοι the gods who caused the defeat; Έκτορος όμμασι τροπαῖοι terrible to the eyes of Hector.

III. turning away, averting, Lat. *averruncus*.

τροπαιο-φόρος, *ον*, (τρόπαιον, φέρω) bearing trophies.

τροπαλίζω, poet. for τρέπω.

τροπάλης, *ίδος, ή*, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poet. form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, *ή*, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about; τροπαί ηελίοιο the solstices or tropics, i. e. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called τροπαὶ θερινά and χειμερινά, Lat. *solstitium* and *bruma*.

II. the turning about of the enemy, putting him to flight; τροπήν τινος ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι to put one to flight; εν τροπή δορός in the rout of the spear.

2. (from Pass. τρε-

πομαι) a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. *conversio in fugam*. 2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίας, ου, ὁ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour. τροπικός, ἡ, ὁν, (τρόπος) of or like a turn or turning: ὁ τροπικός (sc. κύκλος) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή. II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

τρόπις, ἡ, Ep. gen. τρόπιος or -ιδος; acc. τρόπιν: (τρέπω):—a ship's keel: metaph., ἡ τρόπις τοῦ πράγματος the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

τρόπος, ὁ, (τρέπω) a turn, direction, way. II. metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρώπῳ τοιῶδε in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρώπῳ in no wise; παντὶ τρώπῳ by all means; ἔκονσίῳ τρώπῳ willingly; τρώπῳ φρενός according to one's way or humour; ἐν τρόποις Ἰξίονος after the fashion of Ixion. 2. absol. in acc., πάντα τρώπον in every way or manner; βάρβαρον τρώπον in barbarous fashion. 3. ἐκ παντὸς τρώπον by all means. III.

of persons, a way of life, habit, custom: a man's habits, character, temper; οὐ τοῦμοῦ τρώπον not after my taste; πρὸς τοῦ Κύρου τρώπον suitably to his temper or taste. IV. in Music, a particular mode.

τροπός, ὁ, (τρέπω) a twisted leathern thong, with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead of a rowlock.

τροπο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (τρόπος, φέρω) to bear with another man's manners.

τροπῶν, f. ὥσω, to furnish the oar with its thong (τροπός): Med., τροποῦντο κώπην fastened his own oar by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

τροπωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = τροπός, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφαῖς, ίδος, ἡ, (τρέφω) fresh cheese.

τροφέα, τά, (τροφεύω) pay or recompence for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother. II. living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, ὃ τροφῆς ἐμοὶ ye who have fed me.

τροφέω, = τρέφω, as φορέω for φέρω.

τροφή, ἡ, (τρέφω) nourishment, food, victuals, maintenance: βίου τροφή a livelihood, living: one's means of living.

II. a rearing or nursing, bringing up: a tending or keeping of animals. III. that which is reared, a nursing, brood.

τροφίμος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (τροφή) nourishing, nutritious, fruitful: c. gen., γῇ τρώμιος τέκνων earth prolific in children. II. pass. nourished, reared up: as Subst. a nursing, foster-child.

τρόφις, ὁ, ἡ, τρόφι, τό, gen. ιος, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big; τρόφι κύμα a huge, swollen wave.

τροφέις, εσσα, εν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, huge.

τροφός, ὁ and ἡ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse. τροφο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourishment to, maintain, support.

Τροφώνιος, ὁ, the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along. [ᾶ]

τροχάζω, f. ἄσω, (τρόχος) to run along, run quickly, trip along.

τροχαῖος, α, ον, (τρόχος) running, tripping: in prosody, ὁ τροχαῖος (sc. πούς) a trochee, foot consisting of a long and short syllable, used esp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχᾶλός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρέχω) running: swift: round. τροχληάτεω, f. ἦσω, to drive a chariot. II.

metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chase. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (τροχός, ἐλαύνω) a driver of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ηλάτος, ον, (τροχός, ἐλαύνω) moved on wheels, wheel-drawn. 2. dragged by or at the wheels. 3. turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel. 4. metaph. driven round and round, driven about.

τροχία, ἡ, (τροχός) the track of wheels. 2. the round of a wheel.

τροχιζώ, f. ἴσω, (τροχός) to turn upon the wheel, torture.

τροχίλα, ἡ, (τροχός) a pulley, Lat. *trochlea*.

τροχίλος, ὁ, (τρέχω) a small bird of the wagtail kind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick βδέλλα out of the crocodile's throat. 2. a small land-bird, the wren. [Υ]

τροχίος, ἄ, ὄν, (τροχός) running round or quickly. τρώχης, ιος and εως, ὁ, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger. τροχο-δινέω, f. ἦσω, (τροχός, δινέω) to turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-εῖδής, ἐς, (τροχός, εἶδος) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχέεις, εσσα, εν, (τροχός) round, circular.

τροχοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make wheels. From τροχο-ποιός, ὅς, (τροχός, ποίω) making wheels: as Subst., τροχοποιός, ὁ, a wheelwright.

τροχός, οὔ, ὁ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round: anything round or circular, a round ball or cake; the sun's disc: esp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III. a boy's hoop, Lat. *Graecus trochus*. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχιζώ; ἐπὶ τροχοῦ στρεβλοῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ου, ὁ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution. 2. a place for running.

ΤΡΥΓΑΙΟΝ, τό, a cup, bowl.

τρύγῳ, f. ἦσω, (τρίγγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gather in the vintage or harvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph., τρυγᾶν τινα to reap advantage from some one.

2. proverb., ἐρῆμας τρυγᾶν (sc. ἀμπελούς) to strip unwatched vines, of one that is bold where there is nothing to fear.

τρίγγη [Υ], ἡ, (τρίγω) ripe fruit gathered in, a crop

of corn, fruit, grapes, etc.

II. a gathering of such fruits; ἀμπέλων τρύγη the vintage.

τρυγήτης, ἥρος, ὁ, (τρυγᾶω) one who gathers ripe fruits, esp. grapes.

τρυγήτης, ὁ, (τρυγᾶω) a gathering of fruits, harvest, esp. the vintage. 2. the time of gathering in the crops or vintage.

τρυγήτρια, ἡ, fem. of τρυγήτης, a woman that gathers in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρυγή-φόρος, ον, (τρυγή, φέρω) wine-bearing.

τρυγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρυξ) made of lees. II. = τρυγδικός, of or for comedy.

τρυγ-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, (τρυξ, δαίμων) for τρυγικός, with allusion to κακοδαίμων, a luckless wight of a poet.

τρυγ-οἶπος, ὁ, (τρυξ, ἴπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [ῥ]

τρυγώνων, Ep. for τρυγῶν, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγᾶω.

ΤΡΥΤΩ, to dry. [ῥ]

τρυγ-ωδία, ἡ, (τρυγικός) = κωμωδία, comedy. Hence τρυγ-ωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, = κωμωδικός, of or for comedy or the comic art.

τρυγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τρυξ, ᾠδή) a must-singer or lea-singer; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with lees as a ludicrous disguise: afterwards called κωμωδός when their performance assumed a more regular character.

τρυγών, ὄνος, ἡ, (τρυξω) the turtle-dove, named from its cooing.

ΤΡΥΨΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to make a murmuring sound; of doves, to coo; of men, to mutter, murmur. (Formed from the sound.)

τρυμάλις, ἡ, (τρυώ) = τρύμη: the eye of a needle.

τρύμη, ἡ, (τρυώ) a bole. II. metaph. a sharp fellow, a sly knave. [ῥ]

τρυξ, ἡ, gen. τρυγός, (τρυγᾶω) new wine not yet fermented, must, Lat. mustum. II. the lees of wine, dregs, Lat. faex: generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat. scoria: metaph. of an old man or woman.

τρυπάνον, τό, (τρυπάω) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet. [ῥ]

τρυπάω, f. ἥσω: pf. pass. τετρυπήμαι: (τρύπη):—to bore, pierce through, perforate; ὅσα τετρυπημένα

ears pierced for earrings; ψήφος τετρυπημένη the pebble of condemnation (which had a bole through it).

τρύπη, ἡ, (τρυώ) a bole.

τρύπημα, ατος, τό, (τρυπάω) that which is bored, a bole: in a ship, a port-hole.

τρυπῶ, contr. for τρυπάω, 3 sing. opt. of τρυπάω.

τρυς-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (τρυώ, ἀνήρ) boring, i. e. wearing out, men, harassing. [ᾱ]

τρυσι-βλος, ον, (τρυώ, βλος) wearing out life. [σῆ]

ΤΡΥΤΑΝΗ, ἡ, the tongue of a balance: generally, a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trutinā. [ᾱ]

τρυ-φάλεια, ἡ, a helmet. (Prob. from τρυώ and φάλος, strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the phalos.)

τρυφᾶω, f. ἥσω, (τρυφή) to live softly or delicately, fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρυφῶν, ὡσα,

delicate, effeminate; neut. τὸ τρυφῶν as Subst., effeminacy. 2. to be licentious, to revel. 3. to carry oneself high, give oneself airs, be insolent.

τρυφεραίνομαι, Pass. (τρυφερός) to be fastidious or delicate: aor. I part. τρυφερανθείς, with a fastidious air.

τρυφερός, ἁ, ὄν, (τρυφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. τὸ τρυφερόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -ρῶς, voluptuously.

τρυφερότης, ητος, ἡ, (τρυφερός) delicacy, luxury.

τρυφή, ἡ, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plur. luxuries, daintinesses, Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit, insolence.

τρυφήλος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for τρυφερός.

τρυφήμα, ατος, τό, (τρυφάω) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.

τρυφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω.

τρυφος, εος, τό, (τρυφήναι) that which is broken off, a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [ῥ]

τρυχηρός, ἁ, ὄν, (τρυχος) ragged, tattered, in rags and tatters.

τρυχος, ὁ, = στρύχνος, rough, rugged.

τρυχος, εος, τό, (τρυχω) a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, shred: in plur. rags, tatters. Hence

τρυχώ, rare form of τρύχω.

τρύχω, f. εἶω, (τρύω) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph. to eat one out of house and home. 2. generally, to distress, afflict, harass, vex:—Pass. to be worn out; λιμῶ τρυχεσθαι to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen., τρύχεσθαί τινας to waste or pine away for some one. [ῥ]

ΤΡΥΤΩ, chiefly in pf. pass. τέτρυμαι, part. τετρυμένος, inf. τρυτῶσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, harass, afflict, vex; τετρυτῶσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to have been ground down to the extreme of misery. [ῥ]

Τρωάς, ἁδος, ἡ, fem. of Τρῶς, a Trojan woman. II. the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρωγάλια, τά, (τρώγω) fruits eaten at dessert, figs, almonds, sweetmeats, etc. [γά]

τρώγλη, ἡ, (τρώγω) a bole.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ου, ὁ, (τρώγλη, δύω) one who creeps into boles; of Τρωγλοδύται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwell in holes or caves. [ῥ]

τρωγλο-δύω, (τρώγλη, δύω) to creep into boles.

τρωγοίσας, Dor. for τρωγοῦσας, fem. part. acc. pl. of τρώγω.

τρώγοντι, Dor. for τρώγουσι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώγω.

ΤΡΩΤΩ, f. τρώομαι: aor. I ἐτρώφα: aor. 2 ἐτρώην: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτράγην [ᾱ]: pf. τέτρωγα:—to gnaw, chew: of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: esp. of dessert, to eat fruits, cp. τρωγάλια.

Τρωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Τρῶς) of Troy, Trojan.

Τρώϊος, η, ου, Ep. for Τρωός, Trojan: fem. Τρωαίς, ἁδος, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτός.

τρωκτής, ου, ὁ, (τρώγω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called τρώκται, *greedy knaves*; so as Adj., τρώκται χεῖρες *greedy, grasping hands*.

τρωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τρώγω, *gnawed, nibbled at*; of vegetables, fruit, etc., *eaten raw, eatable*: neut. τρωκτά, τὰ, as Subst., = τρωγάλια.

τρώμα, τρωματίζω, τρωματῆς, Ion. for τραυμ-.

τρώμη Dor. τρώμα, ἡ, = τρώμα, Ion. for τραύμα.

τρώξις, εως, ἡ, (τρώγω) *a gnawing*.

Τρώς, ἄ, ὄν, contr. for Τρώιος, (Τρώς) *Trojan*.

Τρωο-φθόρος, ὄν, (Τρώς, φθείρω) *destructive to the Trojans or to Troy*.

τρωπάω, Ep. for τρέπω, *to turn, to change, alter*;—Med. *to turn oneself, turn about or back*; 3 sing. Ep. and Ion. Impf. τρωπάσκειτο φεύγειν *be turned himself to flight*.

Τρώς, ὁ, gen. Τρώς, Τρός, the founder of Troy: plur. Τρώες, ὄν, gen. Τρώων, dat. Τρώσι, *Trojans*.

τρώσσεσθαι, fut. med. inf. of τιτρώσκειν.

τρώσκω, fut. of τιτρώσκειν.

τρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τρώω, τιτρώσκειν, *wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable*.

τρωθῦμα, false reading for τρώμα, Ion. for τραύμα.

τρωχάω, Ep. for τρέχω, *to run*.

ΤΡΩΩ, radic. form of τιτρώσκειν, *to wound: to hurt, harm, damage, do one a mischief*.

τύ, Dor. for σύ: also acc. for σέ. [ῥ]

τύβη, τό, an Egyptian winter month.

τυγχάνω, fut. τεύεσθαι: aor. 2 ἐτύχον, Ep. subj.

τύχαιμι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐτύχησα [ῥ]: pf. τετύχηκα [ῥ], Ion. also τετεύχα: plpf. ἐτετεύχην:—*to hit*, esp. *to hit with an arrow*, commonly joined with acc., when the object hit is alive, with gen. when it is lifeless.

II. generally, *to hit, hit upon, light upon*: so of persons, *to meet by chance, fall in with*, c. gen. 2. of things, *to meet with, hit, reach, gain, get, obtain* a thing, also c. gen. 3. in aor. 2 part.,

ὁ τυχών *one who meets one by chance, the first one meets*, any one whatever, Lat. quivis: οἱ τυχόντες *every-day men, the ordinary run of men*; τὸ τυχόν *any chance thing*.

4. in bad sense, *blas τυχεῖν to meet with, suffer violence*. III. absol. *to hit the mark, gain one's end or purpose*; καλῶς τυχεῖν *to fare well, succeed*, in speaking, *to hit the mark*, i. e. *to be right*.

2. generally, *to have the lot or fate*.

Intr. *to happen, to be at a place*. 2. of things, *to come to pass, fall out, occur by chance*; often impers., ἔβησ ἐτύχανεν, ὥσπερ ἐτύχεν, etc., *as it chanced, by mere accident*.

3. of events or undertakings, *to happen to, befall one, come to one's lot or share*, c. dat. pers.: esp. *to fall out well, come to a good end, succeed*.

II. in Att. τυγχάνω was used almost as an auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the participles of other Verbs, τυγχάνω ἔχων *I happen to have*, i. e. *I have in possession*; παρὰν ἐτύχανον *I chanced to be by*; ἐτύχε κατὰ τοῦτο καιροῦ ἐλθόν *he happened to come at that nick of time*; but, τυγχάνω ὦν = εἶμι, *I am*; so also without any part., εἰ σοι χαρὰ τυγχάνει *tāde* if these things are pleasant

to thee. 2. in such phrases as ἐτι ἂν τύχῃσι, τοῦτο λέγουσι, we must supply a part. from the other Verb, ἐτι ἂν τύχῃσι λέγοντες, τοῦτο λέγουσιν, etc.

Τυδεύς, εως, Ep. εὖς, ὁ, Tydeus.

τύδις, Adv. Dor. for τῇδε, *here*.

τύκις, f. σῶν, (τύκος) *to work stones with a chisel or pick, to dress stones*. Hence

ΤΥΚΗ, ἡ, (τέτυγμα) *mason's work*. [τῷ]

τύκιμα, ατος, τό, *a working or dressing of stones*: in plur., κανόνων τυκίσματα *walls of stone worked square by rule*. [ῥ]

τύκος, ὁ, (τέτυγμα) *a tool to dress stones with, a mason's hammer or pick*. II. *a battle-axe, pole-axe*. [τῷ]

τυκτά, a Persian word, which Herodotus explains by τέλειον δεῖπνον βασιλῆιον.

τυκτός, ἄ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω (τέτυγμα), *made, made ready*: esp. *made by art, artificial*, as opp. to natural: τυκτὴ κρήνη *a fountain made by man's hand*: esp. *well-made, well-wrought, finished carefully*.

ΤΥ'ΑΗ, ἡ, like τύλος, any swelling or lump: esp., I. *a place worn hard by rubbing*, Lat. callus: *the shoulder*. II. *a pad for carrying burdens on*, a porter's knot. III. *a cushion*. [ῥ in Att., ῥ later.]

τύλος, ὁ, = τύλη, *a knot or callus*; esp. on the hands, as from rowing, etc. II. *anything rising like a lump, a knob, knot*; esp. *a wooden nail or bolt used in ship-building*. [ῥ]

τύλω, freq. used in pf. part. τετυλωμένος: (τύλος):—*to make hard or callous*:—Pass. *to grow hard or callous from rubbing*, as the hand from rowing or digging: ῥόπαλα σιδηρὰ τετυλωμένα *clubs knobbed or knotted with iron*: cf. τυλωτός.

τύλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τύλω; ῥόπαλα τυλωτά *clubs knobbed with iron, like τετυλωμένα*.

τύμβευμα, ατος, τό, (τυμβεύω) *a burial, grave*. II. *the corpse to be burnt or buried*.

τυμβεύω, f. σω, (τύμβος) *to bury, burn or entomb a corpse*. 2. χοὰς τυμβεύσαι τι *to pour libations as an offering on one's grave*. II. intr. *to be entombed*.

τυμβ-ήρης, es, (τύμβος, ἀρᾶρεῖν) *buried, entombed, interred, sepulchred*. II. *like a grave or tomb*.

τυμβίτης [ῥ], ὄν, ὁ, fem. τυμβίτις, ιδος, (τύμβος) *in or at the grave*.

τυμβο-γέρον, οντος, ὁ, (τύμβος, γέρον) *an old man on the verge of the grave*.

τυμβ-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (τύμβος, ἔλλυμι) *a destroyer of tombs*: fem. τυμβόλετις, ιδος.

ΤΥΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, *the place where a dead body is burnt*, Lat. bustum: commonly, *a mound of earth heaped over the ashes, a cairn, barrow*, Lat. tumulus: generally, *a tomb, grave*.

II. metaph., γέρον τύμβος, = τυμβογέρον, *a decrepit old man*: so also τύμβος, absol.

τυμβ-οῦχος, ου, (τύμβος, ἔχω) *dwelling in a tomb, sepulchral*.

τυμβο-φόνος, ου, (τύμβος, *φένω) *tomb-destroying*.

τυμβοχοεώ, f. ἦσω, (τυμβοχόος) to throw up a cairn or barrow: to raise a mound over a grave. Hence τυμβοχοή, a throwing up a cairn or barrow. τυμβο-χόος, ον, (τύμβος, χέω) throwing up a cairn or barrow. II. pass. thrown or poured upon the tomb. τυμβό-χωστος, ον, (τύμβος, χάννυμι) beaped up into a cairn or barrow. τυμωρυχέω, f. ἦσω, to break open graves. From τυμβωρύχος, ον, (τύμβος, ὀρύσσω) digging up, breaking open graves: as Subst., τυμβωρύχος, ὁ, a grave-robber. [pū] τύμμα, ατος, τό, (τύπτω) a blow, stroke, wound. τυμπάνιζω, f. ἰσώ, (τύμπανον) to beat a drum. II. generally, to beat with a stick, bastinado. τυμπάνισμός, ὁ, (τυμπανίζω) a beating of drums, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybele. τυμπανιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (τυμπανίζω) one who beats the τυμπανον, a drummer: fem. τυμπανίστρια, of a priestess of Cybele. τύμπανον, τό, (properly for τύπανον, from τυπεῖν) a kettle-drum, such as was used in the worship of Cybele. II. a drum-stick: generally, a staff, cudgel. III. in Lat., tympana were wagon-wheels made of a solid piece of wood, rollers. Τυνδάριος, α, ον, or ος, ον, of Tyndarus. From Τυνδάρεος Att. Τυνδάρεως, ω, ὁ, Tyndarëus, Tyndarus, husband of Leda. Τυνδαρίδης [γ], ον, ὁ, (formed as if from Τύνδαρος) son of Tyndarus: Τυνδαρίδαι, οἱ, Castor and Pollux: fem. Τυνδαρίς, ἰδος, daughter of Tyndarus. τύνη, Ep. and Dor. for τυ, σύ, as ἐγώνη for ἐγώ. τυνεός, ἡ, ὄν, akin to τυτθός, so small, so little. Hence τυννοῦτος, ον, Att. τυννουτοσί, -ονί, so small, so little, Lat. tantillus. τυντλάζω, to dabble in the mud or mire: esp. to grub round the roots of a vine. From ΤΥΝΤΛΑΟΣ, ὁ, mud, mire, dirt. τύπανον, τό, (τύπτω) orig. form of τυμπανον, preserved also in Latin typanum. τυπεῖν, ης, η, aor. 2 pass. opt. of τύπτω. τυπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τύπτω. τυπέις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. pass. of τύπτω. τύπη, ἡ, (τύπτω) a blow, wound. τυπήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τύπτω. ΤΥΠΟΣ, ὁ, a blow. II. the mark of a blow, the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind: τυποὶ στίβου the prints or tracks of footsteps. 2. figures or impressions wrought in metal or stone: simply, a figure, image, statue of a man. 3. an outline, sketch, draught: τύπῳ λέγειν to describe in outline. 4. the original pattern, model, mould, type: metaph. a type, figure. 5. a system, form of doctrine. III. the effect produced on the ear by a blow, as the beat of horses' feet. Hence τυπόω, f. ὠσω, to impress, stamp. II. to form, mould, model.

τυπτήσω, Att. fut. of τύπτω. τύπτοντι, Dor. for τύπτουσιν. ΤΥΠΤΩ, fut. τύψω or τυπτήσω: aor. I ἐτύψα: aor. 2 ἐτύπον: Pass., fut. τυπήσομαι: aor. I ἐτύφην: aor. 2 ἐτύπην [ϋ]: pf. τέτυμμαι:—to beat, strike, smite, knock: metaph. to strike or smite at heart: ἄχος δὲ κατὰ φρένα τύψε sharp grief smote him to the heart: ἡ ἀληθινή ἐτύψε Καμβύση the truth of it struck Cambyses: later of bees, etc., to sting. In Homer τύπτω is chiefly used of a blow struck hand to hand, as opp. to βάλλω, which implies a blow from a missile. 2. ἅλα τύπτειν ἑρετμοῖς to beat the sea with oars, i. e. to row: absol., Ζέφυρος λαίλαπι τύπων the west wind beating, lashing with fury. II. Med. to beat or strike oneself: esp. like κόπτομαι, Lat. plangere, to beat one's breast for grief:—c. acc. pers., τύπτεσθαι τινα to mourn for a person. III. Pass. to be beaten, struck or wounded: c. acc. cognato, τύπτομαι πολλὰς (sc. πληγὰς) I get many blows. τύπωμα, ατος, τό, (τύπω) that which is formed, fashioned, modelled: a vessel wrought: τύπωμα χαλκόπλευρον a brazen urn: a figure, outline. τυραννέω, f. εύω and τυραννέω, f. ἦσω: fut. med. τυραννήσομαι in pass. sense: (τύραννος):—to be a τύραννος or absolute sovereign: to rule absolutely: c. gen. to be ruler of a people or place: τυραννεύειν Ἀθηνῶν to be tyrant of Athens:—the aor. I τυραννεύσαι means to have acquired a tyranny, to have made oneself tyrant. II. Pass. τυραννεύομαι or -έομαι, to be ruled by τύραννοι, to be governed with absolute power. τυραννικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τύραννος) of or fit for an absolute prince, royal, imperial: besitting a tyrant, lordly, imperious. Sup. τυραννικώτατος. τυραννίς, ἰδος, ἡ, vocat. τυραννί: (τύραννος):—the rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway, sovereignty, royalty. τυραννος [ϋ], ὁ, also ἡ, properly Dor. for κόιραννος (from κύρος, κύριος) a lord and master: hence an absolute sovereign, unlimited by law or constitution: it was applied to anyone who had made himself king by force: not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance) not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia: and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing conduct: later however the term was used as our tyrant or despot: and in poets it was taken loosely for a king. 2. in a wider sense, the whole family of a τύραννος:—hence also, ἡ τύραννος was the queen, princess: as ὁ τύραννος was the king's son, prince. II. τύραννος, ον, as Adj., like τυραννικός, princely, lordly: imperious, despotic: τυραννον δῶμα the king's palace. τυραννο-φόνος, ον, (τύραννος, *φένω) slaying tyrants. τυρβάζω f. ὠσω, to trouble, confuse, stir up, Lat. turbare:—Pass. to be in disorder, be jumbled or crowded together. From ΤΥΡΒΗ, ἡ, disorder, throng, bustle, Lat. turba. τύρευμα, ατος, τό, (τυρεῖω) that which is curdled, cheese. [ϋ]

τυρεντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and τυρεντής οὐ, ὁ, (τυρεῖναι) *one who makes cheese*; said of Hermes as god of goat-herds and goats-milk cheese.

τυρεύνω, f. εὐσώ, and τυρέω, f. ἴσω: (τυρός):—to make cheese.

II. metaph. to stir up, jumble, confound.

2. to concoct, brew a thing cunningly.

Τύριος, α, ον, of or from Tyre: a Tyrian. [ῥ]

τύριδω, Dor. for τυρίω.

τύροεις, εσσα, εν contr. τυρούς, οὔσσα, οὖν, (τυρός) like cheese: as Subst., τυρούς Dor. τυρώς, ὁ, cheese-bread, a cheese-cake or cheese.

τύρο-κνηστις, ἡ, (τυρός, κνάω) a cheese-grater.

τύρο-νωτος, ον, (τυρός, νῶτος) with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese.

τύροπώλῳ, f. ἴσω, to sell cheese, sell like cheese.

From

τύρο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (τυρός, πώλῳ) a cheesemonger.

ΤΥΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, cheese. II. the cheese-market.

Τύρος, ὁ, Tyre, an ancient city of Phoenicia. [ῥ]

τυρούς, contr. for τυροίς.

τύρο-φόρος, ον, (τυρός, φέρω) bearing cheese, spread with cheese.

Τυρρη-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Τυρρηνός, ἄλλυμι) destroyer of Tyrrhenians.

Τυρρηνός Ion. and old Att. Τυρσηνός, ἡ, ὁν, Tyrrhenian, Etruscan: Τυρσηνοί or Τυρρηνοί the Etruscans:—Adj. Τυρσηνικός, ἡ, ὁν, Etruscan.

ΤΥΡΣΙΣ, ἡ, gen. ιος: acc. τύρην: nom. pl. τύρσεις, gen. ἑων, dat. εοι, Lat. TURRIS:—a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion.

τυρώς, ὄντος, Dor. for τυρούς.

ΤΥΤΘΟΣ, ὁν, also ἡ, ὁν, little, small, young, of children. II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., a little, a wee bit: hence scarcely, hardly: of the voice, low, softly, gently.

2. also in pl., τυτθα διατμηταί to cut into small pieces.

Τυφῶν, ονος, ὁ, poet. Ep. lengthd. form for τυφῶν: hence, τυφάνιος, α, ον, poet. for τυφάνιος.

τυφεδάνος, ὁ, (τύφω) one with clouded wits, a stupid fellow, a dullard.

τυφ-ήρης, es, (τύφος, ἀρᾶρειν) set on fire, burning.

τυφλό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τυφλός, πούς) with blind foot, stepping in blindness.

τυφλός, ἡ, ὁν, blind, Lat. caecus: c. gen., τυφλός τινος blind to a thing.

2. metaph., τυφλός τὰ τ' ὦτα τὸν τε οὖν τὰ τ' ὄμματα blind in ears and mind and eyes.

3. of things, dark, unseen, dim, obscure: τυφάλα σιλάδες blind, i. e. sunken, rocks.

τυφλόω, (τυφλός) to blind, make blind:—Pass. to be blinded or blind.

II. metaph. to blind, dull, baffle, dim. Hence

τυφλῶς, Adv. of τυφλός, blindly.

τύφλωσις, ἡ, a making blind, blinding.

τυφλώτω, (τυφλός) to be blind.

τύφο-γίρων, οντος, ὁ, (τύφος, γίρων) a silly old man, a dotard: cf. τυμβογέραν.

τύφος, ὁ, (τύφος) smoke, mist, cloud. II. metaph. conceit, vanity, Lat. fucus.

τύφω, f. ὥσω, (τύφος) to wrap in smoke or mist: metaph. to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure: pf. pass. τετύφωμαι, to be shrouded in conceit and folly, to be silly, stupid, absurd.

ΤΥΨΩ [ῥ], f. θύψω: aor. 1 ἐθύσα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτύφην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι:—to raise a smoke: c. acc. cognato, καπνὸν τύφειν to make a cloud of smoke. II. to smoke: καπνὸν τύφειν μελίσσας to smoke bees, and metaph., καπνὸν τύφειν πόλιν to fill the town with smoke.

III. to consume in smoke, burn with fire and smoke:—Pass. to smoke, smoulder.

Τυφωεύς, ἑως, Ep. εός, ὁ: contr. Τυφῶς, ὦ:—Typhoeus, Typhos, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf. τυφῶς.

Τυφῶν, ὄντος, Ep. Τυφῶν, αονος, ὁ, Typhon, Typhæon, the same giant who is more freq. called Τυφῶς, Τυφωεύς.

II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean a furious storm, hurricane, typhoon. Hence

Τυφωνικός, ἡ, ὁν, of or from Typhon. II. stormy, tempestuous.

Τυφῶς, ὁ, contr. for Τυφωεύς. II. as appellat., τυφῶς, gen. τυφῶ, dat. τυφῶ, acc. τυφῶ:—like τυφῶν II, a furious storm, hurricane.

τύχε, Ep. for ἐτύχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of τυγχάνω.

τύχῃν, aor. 2 inf. of τυγχάνω.

ΤΥΧΗ [ῥ], ἡ, what man obtains (τυγχάνει) from the gods, good fortune, luck, Lat. fortuna: κοινὸν τύχη luck is a thing common to all: τύχη θεῶν, ὁν θεοῦ τύχη by luck from the gods; esp. in phrase, θεία τύχη by divine providence; later, Τύχη was deified, like Lat. Fortuna, by the name of Τύχη Σώτειρα or Σωτήρ.

2. generally, chance, fortune, good or bad, good luck or ill luck; often with an Adj. to shew which; e. g. τύχη ἀγαθῇ was often used in public acts, by crasis τύχᾱγαθῇ, also ἐπ' ἀγαθῇ τύχῃ and μετ' ἀγαθῆς τύχης, like Lat. quod felix faustumque sit.

3. Adverbial usages, τύχη by chance, Lat. forte, forte fortuna:—so also ἀπὸ or ἐκ τύχης, κατὰ τύχην.

II. a chance, hap, lot, accident: in plur., τύχαι ὑμέτεραι your fortunes. Hence

τύχηρός, ἁ, ὁν, fortunate, lucky. 2. by chance, accidental. Hence

τύχηρως, Adv. luckily.

τύχησας, aor. I part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τεύχω.

τύχοιμι [ῥ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνω.

τύχων, Adv., by chance, perhaps; properly acc. neut. of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύχων, οὔσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύχασκον, Ion. aor. I of τύπτω.

τῶ, dat. sing. of neut. τό, used absol., therefore, so, in this wise. II. for τίνι, dat. sing. of τίς; quis? τῷ, enclit. for τινί, dat. sing. of τίς, aliquis.

τῷγαλμα, ατος, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀγαλμα.

τῷδε, dat. of ὅδε, used as Adv.,=οὕτως, in this manner, thus.

ΤΩΘΑΪΖΩ Dor. τωθάσω fut. -άσσομαι: aor. I

ἐτώσασα, subj. τωθᾶσω:—to mock or scoff at, jeer, flout.

τωθάσδοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τωθάζω.

τῶληθές, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

τῶποβαῖνον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀποβαῖνον.

τῶρχαῖον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀρχαῖον.

τῶς, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. πῶς; and to the Relat. ὧς, = ὡς, οὕτως, so, in *this* wise. II. Dor. = οὗ, where.

τῶτρεκές, crasis for τὸ ἀτρεκές.

τῶντό, gen. τούτῳ, dat. τῶντῳ, Ion. for τὸ αὐτό, τοῦ αὐτοῦ, τῷ αὐτῷ.

Υ

Υ, υ, ὕ φιλόν, τό, indecl., twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral υ' = 400, but υ = 400,000. The written character Υ is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a vowel it was distinguished by the name of Υ φιλόν.

The use of υ was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for ο, as in ὄνυμα ὕμοιος μῦγος for ὄνομα ὀμοιος μῦγος. They often inserted υ after α and ε, as, θεῶν χεύω for θέω χέω. The Aeol. sometimes changed the diphthong ου into οι, as Μοῖσα for Μοῦσα, λέγοισα for λέγουσα.

Υάδες, ον, αἶ, (ὕς) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. *Pluviae*, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [ὕ in Hom., ὗ in Eur.]

ὑαινᾶ, ἡ, (ὕς) a Libyan wild beast, the hyena, an animal of the dog kind, with a bristly hog's mane (whence the name).

Υάκινθια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Hyacinthia, a Lacedaemonian festival in honour of Hyacinthus.

ὑάκινθινο-βαφής, ἐς, (ὑάκινθος, βαφῆναι) dyed hyacinth colour. [ὕ]

ὑάκινθινος, η, ον, (ὑάκινθος) hyacinthine, hyacinth-coloured.

Υάκινθος, ὁ, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beloved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the discus. Hence

ὑάκινθος, ὁ or ἡ, the hyacinth, a flower said to have sprung from the blood of Hyacinthus, or acc. to others from that of Telamonian Ajax: some pretended to decipher on the petals the initial letters of these names, ΥΑ or ΑΙ, or the interjection αἶ αἶ; hence it is called γραπτὰ ὑάκινθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. The older poets describe it as very dark, later authors make it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have been included under the name. II. ὑάκινθος, ἡ, the jacinth or perhaps the sapphire, a precious stone of blue colour.

ὑάλος, α, ον, contr. ὑαλοῦς, ᾧ, οὖν, (ὑαλος) of glass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

ὑάλινος later ὑέλινος, η, ον, (ὑαλος) of or made of glass, glass.

ὑάλειος, εσσα, εν, (ὑαλος) of glass: like glass, glassy. ὑάλος or ὑελος, ἡ, a clear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, etc.

2. a convex lens of crystal, used as a burning-glass, explained by Aristophanes as λίθος διαφανῆς ἀφ' ἧς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι a transparent stone from which they light fire. II. glass, Lat. vitrum; glass itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called ὑαλος till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

ὑαλοῦς, ᾧ, οὖν, contr. for ὑαλέος.

ὑάλο-χροος, ον, contr. -χρους, ονν, (ὑαλος, χροῖα) glass-coloured.

ὑάλο-χρώδης, ἐς, = ὑαλόχροος.

ὑβ-βάλλω, Ep. contr. for ὑποβάλλω.

ΥΒΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὅν, bent outwards, hump-backed.

ὑβρίζω, f. ὑβρίσω Att. -ῶ: aor. 1 ὑβρισα: pf. ὕβρικα: plqpf. ὕβριkein. Med., fut. ὕβριούμαι: Pass., fut. ὕβρισθῆσομαι: aor. 1 ὕβρισθην: pf. ὕβρισμαι:—to wax wanton, run riot, Lat. lascivire, opp. to σφρονεῖν to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigh, snort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank. II. with regard to others, to treat despitefully, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat; in Att. more commonly, ὕβριζεν εἰς τινα to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; ὕβριζεν ἐπὶ τινα to commit over one: c. acc. cognato, ὕβριζεν ὕβρεις to commit outrages; so, ὕβριζεν ἀδικήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do one a personal outrage, to beat and insult, assault. [v naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.]

ΥΒΡΙΣ [ὕ], εως Ep. ιος, ἡ, wanton violence, arising from the pride of strength, passion, etc., riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness. 2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, spiteful treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings, ὕβρις meant an aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being αἰκία [i]; hence in the former case the injured person proceeded by γραφή or prosecution; in the latter by δίκη or private suit. 3. harm, detriment, damage, loss.

II. as mascul. Adj., ὕβρις ἀνὴρ, = ὑβριστής. ὑβρίσδω, Dor. for ὑβρίζω, 3 sing. ὕβρισθαι for ὕβριζει. ὕβρισμα, ατος, τό, (ὕβριζω) a wanton act, outrage, insult, Lat. contumelia. II. the object of insult.

ὑβριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ὑβριστής.

ὑβριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὕβριζω) one who is violent and overbearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man.

II. as masc. Adj. unbridled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage. Hence ὑβριστικός, ἡ, ὅν, given to wantonness or insolence, outrageous: τὸ ὑβριστικόν an insolent disposition. Adv. -κῶς, insolently.

ὑβριστος, η, ον, (ὕβρις) insulting, insolent: Comp. and Sup., ὑβριστότερος, -τατος.

ὑγιάζω, *f. σω*: *aor. I ὑγίασα (ὑγίης)* to make sound or healthy, to heal.

ὑγιαίνω, *f. ἄνω*: *aor. I ὑγιάνα: (ὑγίης)*:—to be sound, healthy, *Lat. bene valere*: to be in a certain state of health, *Lat. valere*. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind: also to be staunch, true, trustworthy; τὸ ὑγιαίνειν τῆς Ἑλλάδος the sound part of Greece. 3. ὑγιαίνει, like χαίρει, a common form of taking leave, farewell, *Lat. vale*. [ὑ, but ὕ in augmented tenses.]

ὑγίειά *Ion. -είη, ῆ*, and sometimes in Att. **ὑγίειά**: (*ὑγίης*):—health, soundness of body, *Lat. salus*; ὑγίεια φρενῶν soundness of mind. [ὑ]

ὑγιεινός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (*ὑγίης*) wholesome, sound, healthy, healthful: of food, wholesome. II. of persons, sound, healthy, stout, *Lat. sanus*. [ὑ] Hence

ὑγιεινῶς, *Adv. healthily*:—Comp. **ὑγιεινότερος** and **-ρον**; Sup. **-ότατα**.

ὑγίεις, *εσσα, εν*, Boeot. for *ὑγίης*: acc. masc. **ὑγίεντα**. [ὑ]

ὑγιήρως, *ἄ, ὄν*, (*ὑγίης*) good for the health, wholesome, hearty, strong, *Lat. sanus*:—Sup. **ὑγιήροτατος**. **ὑγίης**, *ἑς, gen. έος*: acc. **ὑγιά** or **-ιῆ** *Ion. -έα*: plur. nom. neut. **ὑγιά** or **-ιῆ**:—sound, healthy, hearty, stout, *Lat. sanus*; σώς καὶ ὑγίης safe and sound. II.

sound in mind, sound-minded: metaph. of advice, sound, wholesome, wise; οὐδὲν ὑγίεις προφέρειν to make no one sound proposal:—Comp. and Sup. **ὑγιέστερος**, **-έστατος**. [ὑ]

ὑγραίνω, *f. ἄνω*, (*ὑγρός*) to wet, moisten: of a river, to water a country.

ὑγρο-βόλος, *ον*, (*ὑγρός, βαλεῖν*) wetting, moistening.

ὑγρο-μελής, *ἑς*, (*ὑγρός, μέλος*) with pliant limbs.

ὑγροπορεύω, *f. ῆσω*, to traverse water. From

ὑγρο-πόρος, *ον*, (*ὑγρός, πόρος*) traversing water.

ὑγρός, *ἄ, ὄν*, (*ὑω, ὑδωρ*) wet, moist, liquid, *Lat. liquidus*, opp. to *ξηρός (siccus)*; ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον liquid oil, as opp. to fat; ἀνεμοὶ ὑγρὸν ἀέννεις winds blowing moist or rainy: *ἡ ὑγρὰ Ion. ὑγρή, the moist, the sea*, opp. to *χέρσος* the dry land; so, ὑγρὰ κέλευθα, or ὑγρὰ alone, the watery ways: τὸ ὑγρὸν and τὰ ὑγρὰ, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor: θῆπες ὑγροὶ water animals. II. soft, pliant, supple, lithe, waving, *Lat. mollis*; κέρας ὑγρὸν a pliant bow: metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. 2. slack, languid, faint.

III. of the eyes, swimming, melting, languishing; ὑγρὸς πόνθος languishing desire; neut. pl. as Adv., ὑγρὰ δεδορκῶς with languishing glances. Hence

ὑγρότης, *ητος, ῆ*, (*ὑγρός*) wetness, moisture. II. generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness: metaph. pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper. 2. feebleness.

ὑγρό-φθογγος, *ον*, (*ὑγρός, φθόγγος*) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gurgling sound.

ὑγρῶς, *Adv. of ὑγρός*, in liquid fashion: softly, pliantly.

ὑγρῶσω, poet. for *ὑγραίνω*, to be wet or moist.

ὑδάρης, *ἑς, gen. έος*, (*ὑδωρ*) watery, wasby: metaph. unstable as water, unstable, wavering.

ὑδάτινος, *η, ον* also *ος, ον*, (*ὑδωρ*) of water, watery: wet, moist. II. transparent as water, of thin garments.

II. like ὑγρός, pliant, supple, flexible.

ὑδάτιον, *τό*, Dim. of ὑδωρ, a small stream, rivulet.

ὑδάτειος, *εσσα, εν*, (*ὑδωρ*) watery, like water.

ὑδάτοποσία, *ῆ*, water-drinking. And

ὑδάτοποτέω, *f. ῆσω*, to drink water. From

ὑδάτο-πότης, *ον, ὁ*, (*ὑδωρ, πίνω*) a water-drinker, *Lat. aquae potor*.

ὑδατος, *gen. of ὑδωρ*.

ὑδάτο-τρέφης, *ἑς*, (*ὑδωρ, τρέφω*) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

ὑδατ-ώδης, *ἑς*, (*ὑδωρ, εἶδος*) like water: watery, wet, sloppy.

ὑδερὸς, *ὁ*, (*ὑδωρ*) the dropsy.

ὑδης, *ον, ὁ, ῆ*, (*ὑω*) watered, nourished.

ὑδρα, *ῆ*, (*ὑδωρ*) like ὑδωρ, a water-serpent, *Lat. hydra*.

ὑδραίνω, (*ὑδωρ*) to water, to sprinkle or bedew with water:—Med. to wash oneself, to bathe; λουτρά ὑδραῖνασθαι χροί to pour water over one's body.

ὑδρεία, *ῆ*, (*ὑδρεύω*) a drawing water, fetching water. II. a watering place.

ὑδρεῖον *Ion. -ήιον, τό*, (*ὑδρεύω*) a water-bucket, well-bucket.

ὑδρεύω, *f. σω*, (*ὑδωρ*) to draw, fetch or carry water:—Med. to draw water for oneself, get water.

ὑδρήιον, *τό*, *Ion.* for ὑδρεῖον.

ὑδρηλός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (*ὑδωρ*) watery, moist, wet, damp.

ὑδρηναμένη, *aor. I med. part. fem. of ὑδραίνω*.

ὑδρία, *ῆ*, (*ὑδωρ*) a water-pot, bucket, picher. II. a vessel of any kind, a balloting urn, a funeral urn.

ὑδριάς, *ἄδος, ῆ*, (*ὑδωρ*) of or from the water.

ὑδρια-φόρος, *ον*, (*ὑδρία, φέρω*) carrying a water-vessel.

ὑδρο-εἰδής, *ἑς*, (*ὑδωρ, εἶδος*) like water, watery.

ὑδροείος, *εσσα, εν*, (*ὑδωρ*) watery.

ὑδροποσία, *ῆ*, water-drinking; and

ὑδροποτέω, *f. ῆσω*, to drink water. From

ὑδρο-πότης, *ον, ὁ*, (*ὑδωρ, πίνω*) a water-drinker, a drinker of thin potations; hence, in Comic phrase, for a thin-blooded fellow, Horace's aquae potor.

ὑδρορ-ρῶα or **-ρῶη**, *ῆ*, (*ὑδωρ, ρῶη*) a water-course, a conduit, canal, sluice, gutter.

ὑδρος, *ὁ*, (*ὑδωρ*) like ὑδρα, a water-serpent.

ὑδροφορέω, to carry water. From

ὑδρο-φόρος, *ον*, (*ὑδωρ, φέρω*) carrying water:—as Subst., ὑδροφόρος, ὁ or ῆ, a water-carrier.

ὑδρο-χόος, *ὁ*, (*ὑδωρ, χέω*) the water-pourer, the constellation Aquarius: Ep. dat. ὑδροχοῆς, as if from ὑδροχοεύς.

ὑδρό-χυτος, *ον*, (*ὑδωρ, χέω*) gushing with water.

ὑδρωπικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, (*ὑδραῖ*) dropsical.

ὑδρωψ, *απος*, also *απος, ὁ*, (*ὑδωρ*) dropsy. II. a dropsical person.

ὑδωρ, *τό*, *gen. ὑδατος*: Ep. dat. ὑδεῖ:—water of any kind; of rivers, ὑδατα Καφίσια the waters of

Cephus; ὕδωρ πότιμον *fresh water*; ὕδωρ πλατὺ *salt water*:—Proverb., γράφειν τι εἰς ὕδωρ to write in water. 2. *rain-water*, and then *rain*, also called ὕδωρ ἐξ οὐρανοῦ. 3. in Attic law-phrase, τὸ ὕδωρ was the *water of the water-clock* (κλεψύδρα), and also the *time it took in running out*; ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ ὕδωρ to stop the *water* (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [ῥ]

υεῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, and υειος, α, ον, (ὕς) of or belonging to a swine. [ῥ]
 ὑέλιος, ὑελίτης, Ion. forms of ὑαλ-.
 ὑελος, v. sub ὑαλος.
 ὑεσσι, dat. pl. of ὑς.
 ὑέτιος, α, ον, and ὑετός, εσσα, εν, (ὕετός) rainy, bringing or causing rain.
 ὑετός, ὁ, (ὕω) rain, Lat. *pluvia*: a heavy shower, a storm of rain, Lat. *nimbis*; whereas ὄμβρος, Lat. *imber*, is a lasting rain, and ψεκας or ακας, a drizzling rain.

II. as Adj. in Sup., ἀνεμοὶ ὑετότατοι the rainiest winds.
 ὑγνία, ἡ, swinishness, boggishness. From ὑγνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὕς) swinish, boggish.
 ὑθλέω, f. ἡσω, (ὕθλος) to talk nonsense, drivel, trifle, Lat. *nugari*.
 ῥΥΘΛΟΞ, ὁ, idle talk, nonsense, Lat. *nugae*.
 υῖα, υῖας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of υῖός, as if from υῖς.
 υῖάσι, poet. dat. pl. of υῖός. [ἀ]
 υῖδεύς, εὖς, ὁ, (υῖς) a son's son, grandson: fem. υῖδῆ, a son's daughter, granddaughter.
 υῖδιον, τό, Dim. of υῖός, a little son. II. Dim. of ὕς, a little pig.
 υῖδοῦς, οὗ, ὁ, (υῖός) a son's son, grandson.
 υῖῷ, Ep. dat. of υῖός.
 υῖικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὕς) of or fit for swine, like a swine, swinish, boggish.
 υῖο-θεσία, ἡ, (υῖός, τίθημι) adoption as a son.
 υῖος, Ep. gen. of υῖός, as if from υῖς.

ΥΙΟΣ, ὁ, declined regul. υἱοῦ, υἱῶ, υἱόν, etc.: but it is also declined as if from nom. *υἱεύς,—gen. υἱέος, dat. υἱεῖ, υἱεῖ, acc. υἱέα; Dual υἱέε, υἱέουν; Plur. υἱέος or υἱεῖς, gen. υἱέων, υἱῶν, dat. υἱέσιν, acc. υἱέας, υἱεῖς:—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from nom. υῖς,—gen. υῖος, dat. υῖῷ, acc. υῖα; Dual υῖε; Plur. υῖες, dat. υῖάσι, acc. υῖας:—Lat. *FILIUS*, a son; υἱόν ποιεῖσθαι or τίθεσθαι τινα to adopt as son. 2. later, the plur. was often periphr., λατρῶν υἱεῖς, βητρόων υἱεῖς sons of physicians, sons of orators, i. e. physicians, orators themselves; so in Homer, υἱεῖς Ἀχαιῶν for Ἀχαιοί.
 υἱωνός, οὗ, ὁ, (υῖός) a child's child, a grandson.
 ὑλαγμα, ατος, τό, (ὕλαω) the bark of a dog, a bark, bowl, yelp; metaphorically in plur. snarling words. [ῥ]
 ὑλαγμός, ὁ, (ὕλαω) a barking, baying. [ῥ]
 ὑλαγωγέω [ῥ], f. ἡσω, to carry wood. From ὑλ-αγωγός, ὄν, (ὕλη, ἄγω) carrying wood. [ῥ]

ὕλαεις, Dor. for ὑλήεις.

ὕλαϊος, α, ον, (ὕλη) woody, belonging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest. [ῥ]

ὕλακη, ἡ, (ὕλαω) a barking, howling. [ῥ]
 ὑλακώ-μωρος, ον, (ὕλακη) ever barking, howling or yelling. Ep. word, formed like ἐγχεσίμωρος, ἰώμωρος.
 ὑλακτέω, f. ἡσω, (ὕλαω) to bark, bay, bowl, Lat. *latrare*; metaph. of a hungry stomach, to cry out, yelp, bark: also, ἄμυσσα ὑλακτεῖ he bowls his uncouth songs.
 II. transit. to bark or yelp at, Lat. *allatrare*. Hence

ὕλακτητής, οὗ, ὁ, a barker, howler. [ῥ]
 ὑλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὕλακτης) yelping.
 ὕλας, gen. ἄντος, contr. for ὑλάεις,—ἡεις.
 ὕλσσω = ὑλακτέω.

ῥΥΛΑΩ [ῥ], radic. form of ὑλακτέω, only used in pres. and impf., to bark, bay:—3 pl. impf. med. ὑλάοντο in same sense.

II. transit. to bark or bay at.
 ῥΥΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *SYLVA*, wood, a wood, forest, woodland, as opp. to δένδρα (fruit-trees): also of copse, brushwood, underwood, as opp. to timber-trees.

II. wood cut down, timber, firewood, fuel, logs of wood.
 III. generally, like Lat. *materia*, the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of, subject-matter, Lat. *sylva*. 2. matter, as opp. to mind, Lat. *sylva*.

ὕληεις, εσσα or -εις, εν, (ὕλη) woody, wooded.
 ὕλη-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὕλη, κοίτη) one who lodges or makes his lair in the wood. [ῥ]
 ὕλη-τόμος Dor. ὕλατ-, ον, = ὑλοτόμος.
 ὕλη-φόρος, ον, = ὑλοφόρος.
 ὕλη-ωρός, ὄν, (ὕλη, οὔρος) watching the wood, forest-ranging. [ῥ]

ὕλο-δρόμος, ον, (ὕλη, δραμεῖν) wood-ranging.
 ὕλο-κομος, ον, (ὕλη, κόμη) overgrown with wood.
 ὕλο-νόμος, ον, (ὕλη, νέμωμαι) haunting the woods.
 ὕλοτομέω, f. ἡσω, to cut or fell wood. From ὕλο-τόμος, ον, (ὕλη, τεμνέω) cutting or felling wood:—as Subst., ὑλοτόμος, ὁ, a woodcutter, woodman.

II. proparox. ὑλότομος, ον, pass. cut in the wood:—as Subst., ὑλότομον, τό, a plant cut in the wood, used as a charm. [ῥ]

ὕλο-ουργός, ὄν, (ὕλη, *έργω) working wood:—as Subst., ὑλοουργός, ὁ, a carpenter or woodman. [ῥ]

ὕλο-φάγος, ον, (ὕλη, φάγειν) feeding in the woods.
 ὕλο-φορβός, ὄν, (ὕλη, φέρβω) feeding in the woods.
 ὕλο-φόρος, ον, (ὕλη, φέρω) carrying wood.

ὕλ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὕλη, εἶδος) woody, wooded, bushy.

ὕμεῖς [ῥ], old Aeol., Dor., and Ep. ὕμεις Ion. ὑμέες Dor. ὑμέες, gen. ὑμῶν Ion. ὕμεων, Ep. also ὑμείων: dat. ὑμῖν, old Aeol. ὕμμῃ, ὕμμῖν: but ὑμῖν [-υ] or ὑμῖν, only in Trag.: also ὕμας Ion. ὑμέας: Aeol. ὕμμε Dor. ὑμέ, in Trag. also ὕμας [-υ] or ὕμας. —Pron. of 2nd pers. plur. of σύ, ye, you.

ὕμέναιος [ῥ], ὁ, (*ῥμήν) hymenaeus, a wedding-song, sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the bridegroom's house. II. later, = ῥμήν, Hymen,

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs as Ἑμὴν ὦ Ἑμέναιε Dor. Ἑμᾶν ὦ Ἑμέναιε, Lat. *Hymen o Hymenaeae*. Hence ὑμεναῖος, f. ὥσω, to sing the wedding-song. II. to take to wife. [ῥ]

ὑμενήϊος, ὁ, (Ἑμὴν) epith. of Bacchus as god of joy. ὑμενό-πτερος, ον, (ὑμὴν, πτερόν) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [ῥ]

ὑμεν-όστρακος, ον, (ὑμὴν, ὀστρακον) made of earthenware as thin as a membrane. [ῥ]

ὑμέις, Dor. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμέτερος, α, ον, (ὑμεῖς) your, yours, Lat. *vester*; also with gen. of the personal pron. added, as ὑμέτερος αὐτῶν θυμός your own mind; ὑμέτερόνδε to your house; τὸ ὑμέτερον (sc. μέρος) what in you lies, for your part. [ῥ]

ἙΜΗ'Ν [ῥ], ἑνος, ὁ, a skin, membrane.

ἙΜΗ'Ν [ῥ], ἑνος, ὁ, *Hymen*, the god of marriages, cf. Ἑμέναιος. II. like ὑμέναιος, a wedding-song.

ὑμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμι, ὑμμιν, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. dat. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμος, α, ον, Aeol. for ὑμός, ὑμέτερος.

ὑμν-άγρος, ον, ὁ, (ὑμνος, ἀγορεύω) a singer of hymns.

ὑμνεῖσθαι [ᾱ], Ion. for ὑμνηται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέω, Ep. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέομεν, Dor. for ὑμνέομεν, I pl. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέω, Dor. 3 pl. ὑμνεῖσι, part. fem. ὑμνεῖσα; fut. ἥσω; aor. I ὑμνησα; pf. ὑμνηκα; (ὑμνος):—to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, descendant upon, Lat. *canere*, c. acc.: part. pass. ὑμνούμενος, renowned, famous. 2. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. *increpare*. 3. to tell over and over again, to be always telling of, keep harping upon, Lat. *decantare*: to recite, as, τὸν νόμον ὑμνεῖν to recite the form of the law. II. intr. to sing, chant.

ὑμνητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and ὑμνητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑμνέω) a singer of hymns, a minstrel, bard.

ὑμνητός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

ὑμνία, Dor. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑμνος, τίθημι) a composer of hymns, a lyric poet:—as Adj., ὑμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

ὑμνο-ποιός, ὄν, (ὑμνος, ποίω) making hymns: as Subst., ὑμνοποιός, ὁ, a minstrel.

ὑμνο-πόλος, ον, (ὑμνος, πολέω) busied with hymns: as Subst., ὑμνοπόλος, ὁ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

ἙΜΝΟΣ, ὁ, a song: a hymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

ὑμνωδῶ, f. ἥσω, (ὑμνωδός) to sing a hymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognato, to sing, chant. II. to give a prophetic response. Hence

ὑμνωδία, ἡ, the singing or chanting of a hymn. II. a prophetic strain.

ὑμν-ωδός, ὄν, (ὑμνος, ᾠδή) singing hymns or odes; ὑμνωδοὶ κόραι the minstrel maids.

ὑμός, ἄ and ἡ, ὄν, Dor. and Ep. for ὑμέτερος, your.

ῥν, acc. of ῥς.

ῥο-μουσία, ἡ, (ῥς, Μούσα) swine's music, swinish taste in music.

ῥός, gen. of ῥς.

ῥος-κύαμος, ὁ, (ῥς, κύαμος) hog-bean, answering to our *ben-bane*, which causes giddiness and madness.

ῥπ-ἀγγελος, ον, (ῥπό, ἀγγελος) summoned by a messenger.

ῥπ-αγκάλιζω, f. ἰω, (ῥπό, ἀγκάλιζομαι) to take in the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass., γένος ῥπηγαλισμένη having clasped the children in her arms. Hence

ῥπαγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the arms, a wife, mistress.

ῥπ-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to dictate, Lat. *praeire verbis*.

ῥπ-άγω [ᾱ]: impf. ῥπήγον; f. ῥπάξω; aor. 2 ῥπήγαγον:—to lead or bring under; ῥπάγειν ἵππους ζυγον to bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them; also simply ῥπάγειν ἵππους. 2. to bring under one's power:—Med. to bring under one's own power, reduce. 3. to draw from under, Lat. *subducere*:—Pass., ῥπαγομένου τοῦ χώματος as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; ῥπάγειν τινά ὑπὸ τὸ δικαστήριον to bring one before the court or under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ῥπάγειν τινά θανάτον ὑπὸ τὸν δῆμον to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so ῥπάγειν τινά alone. III. to lead slowly on, Lat. *inducere*; to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing):—Med. to suggest, throw out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, drawn on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw. V. intrans. to take oneself away secretly, withdraw, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slowly. 2. to go after, go slowly on: ῥπαγε, like ἀγε, come! cheer up!

ῥπάγωγε, ἑός, ὁ, (ῥπάγω) a trowel or tool for shaping bricks.

ῥπάγωγη, ἡ, (ῥπάγω) a leading on gradually or secretly. II. intr. a withdrawing, a retreat.

ῥπ-ᾄδω, f. -ᾄσομαι, (ῥπό, ᾄδω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude.

ῥπαί, poet. for ῥπό.

ῥπαιδέοικα, Ep. for ῥποδέοικα, pf. of ῥποδεῖν.

ῥπα-αἰδέομαι, f. -έσομαι, Dep. to shew some respect to another, c. acc.

ῥπαθα, Adv. (ῥπαί poet. for ῥπό) out under, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. II. as Prep. with gen., under, near, at one's side.

ῥπ-αἰθριος, ον, also α, ον, (ῥπό, αἰθήρ) under the sky, in the open air.

ῥπ-αἰθρος, ον, = ῥπαθριος, mostly in phrase, ἐν ῥπαίθρῳ, Lat. *sub Dio*, in the open air.

ῥπ-αἰθω, = ῥποκαίω, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

ῥπ-αἰνίσσομαι Att. -ττομαι; f. -ξομαι; Dep.:—

to intimate darkly, give a slight hint of, make a covert allusion to.

ὑπ-αίρω, Ion. for ὑφαίρω.

ὑπ-αἰτσω, f. ξω, to dart beneath, c. acc. II. to dart from under, c. gen.

ὑπ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, αἰσχύνω) to be somewhat asbamed of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

ὑπ-αίτις, ov, (ὑπό, αἰτία) under accusation, called to account for a thing; ὑπαίτιος τιμι responsible or accountable to one.

ὑπάκοή, ἡ, (ὑπακούω) hearkening to, obedience.

ὑπάκουσον, Dor. for ὑπάκουσον, aor. I imperat. of ὑπακούω.

ὑπ-ακούω, f. ακούσομαι : pf. ακήκω :—to listen, hearken, give ear to : to listen to and answer. II.

to hearken to, give ear to, with gen. or dat. : often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. 2.

to obey, submit to, c. gen. pers. : to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers. : absol. to submit, comply.

ὑπ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to spread thinly on, spread like salve.

II. to anoint :—Med. to anoint oneself ; ὑπαλείφειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to anoint one's eyes.

ὑπ-αλεύομαι, imperat. αλέυεο : Dep. : (ὑπό, αλεύω) :—to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, elude, c. acc. ; mostly used in aor. I part. ὑπαλενόμενος.

ὑπαλλάγή, ἡ, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, exchange.

II. bypallage, a figure of speech, by which the parts of a proposition seem to be interchanged.

ὑπ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to interchange, exchange, barter.

ὑπαλύξας, aor. I part. of ὑπαλύσκω.

ὑπάλυξ, εως, ἡ, an avoiding, shunning, escaping, eluding. From

ὑπ-αλύσκω, f. ξω : aor. I part. ὑπαλύξας :—like ὑπαλέυομαι, to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, evade, c. acc. ; χρεῖος ὑπαλύξας having got quit of a debt.

ὑπ-αναγινώσκω, later -γινώσκω : f. -γνώσομαι :—to read by way of preface.

ὑπ-ανακίνω, f. ἡσω, intr. to rise up and go away.

ὑπ-ανάλίσκω, f. -ανάλῶσω : aor. I -ανάλῶσα :—to spend, waste, consume gradually.

ὑπαναστάτεον, verb. Adj. of ὑπανίσταμαι, one must rise up to make room for another.

ὑπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἡσω, to retire slowly.

ὑπ-άνδρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀνὴρ) under or subject to a man, married.

ὑπανηλόθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπαναλίσκω.

ὑπ-ανίαω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἡσω :—to trouble or vex a little :—Pass. to be somewhat distressed.

ὑπ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω : aor. I -ανέστησα :—to make to rise up, raise up gradually. II. Pass.,

with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην ; pf. -ανέστηκα :—to rise, stand up ; of game, to start up, to be sprung or roused ; ὑπαναστήναι τῆς εἰρας to rise up from one's seat to shew respect to another, Lat. assurgere alicui ; ὑπαναστήναι τοῖς πρεσβυτέροις to rise up so as to make room for one's elders.

ὑπ-ανοίγω, f. ξω, to open underband or furtively ; ὑπανοίγειν γράμματα to intercept and open letters.

ὑπ-αντάω Ion. -έω : f. ἡσω :—to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. II. to meet, reply to.

Hence

ὑπάντησις, εως, ἡ, a coming to meet.

ὑπ-αντιάξω, f. ἄσω, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat. ; also c. acc.

ὑπ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἡσω, to threaten underband.

ὑπ-ἀπειμι, (ὑπό, ἀπό, εἰμι ibo) to depart underband or slowly, to retreat, retire.

ὑπ-αποκινέω, f. ἡσω, intr. to move off secretly, slink away, c. gen. :—verb. Adj. ὑπαποκινήτεον, one must make off, slink away.

ὑπ-αποτρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμῳμαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

ὑπ-άπτω, Ion. for ὑφάπτω.

ῥῆμα, τό, indecl. a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to ὄναρ a mere dream : οὐκ ὄναρ, ἀλλ' ὕπαρ, i.e. no illusion but a reality. II.

the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake : hence really, actually. [ῥ]

ὑπαργαί, Ion. for ὑπηργαί, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπ-ἀργυρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀργυρος) having silver underneath : of rocks, containing silver, veined with silver : of metallic substances, containing a proportion of silver.

II. turned into silver, sold for silver. III. of silver-gilt. IV. bired for silver, vental.

ὑπ-αρνος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀρνός gen. of ἀμνός) with a lamb under, suckling a lamb : metaph. suckling an infant.

ὑπαρξίς, εως, ἡ, (ὑπάρχω) subsistence : one's substance, possessions, goods.

ὑπ-αρπάξω, Ion. for ὑφαρπάξω.

ὑπ-αρχή, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἀρχή) the beginning ; ἐξ ὑπαρχῆς from the beginning, over again, afresh.

ὑπ-αρχος, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἀρχω) commanding under another : a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ὑπ-άρχω, f. ξω : aor. I ὑπῆρξα : Pass., pf. ὑπηργαί : 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπηρκετο : (ὑπό, ἀρχω) :—to begin : c. gen. : 1. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing ; ὑπάρχει εὖ ποιῶν τινα he begins doing good to one.

3. c. acc., ὑπάρχειν εὐεργεσίας εἰς τινα to begin [doing] kindnesses to one : Pass., τὰ ἐκ τινος ὑπαρχόμενα (Ion. for ὑπηργόμενα) the beginnings made by one ; τὰ παρὰ τῶν θεῶν ὑπηργόμενα what has been given by the gods. 4. absol. to begin.

II. to come into being, arise, spring up. 2. to be at hand, be ready. 3. to be : ὑπάρχει impers., the case is . . ; ἡ ὑπάρχουσα τιμή the price being what it may.

III. to lie under, hence like ὑπόκειμαι, to be taken for granted ; τοῦτον ὑπάρχοντος, Lat. his positus, this being granted, this being the case. IV. to belong to, fall to : of persons, to be devoted to. 2. often in part., τὰ ὑπαρχοντα one's property, or present circumstances or advantages ; ἐκ τῶν ὑπαρχόντων according to one's means. 3. impers., ὑπάρχει μοι it belongs to me, I have. V. to be sufficient : ὑπάρχει impers., it

is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in part. neut. ὑπαρχον, since it is possible.

ὑπ-ασπίδιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀσπίς) under cover of the shield; ὑπασπίδιος κόσμος the body-armour. [X]

ὑπ-ασπίζω, f. ἴσω, to carry the shield for one, serve as a shield-bearer. Hence

ὑπασπιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑπασπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer.

ὑπ-αστρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄστρον) under the stars: guided by the stars.

ὑπάτικος, ἡ, ὅν, (ὑπατος II) of consular rank, Lat. consularis.

ὑπάτος [ῥ], η, ον, contr. for ὑπέρτατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the highest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; οἱ ὑπατοί, Lat. superi, the gods above, opp. to those beneath the earth (χθόνιοι, ἐνεροί, Lat. inferi). 2. of Place, highest, topmost; ἐν πυρῇ ὑπάτῃ on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen. (as if it were a superlative Preposition), ὑπατοί λεχέων high above their nest. 3. of Quality, highest, best. 4. of Time, last, Lat. supremus. II. ὑπάτος, ὁ, as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

ὑπ-αυγάζω, f. ἄσω, to begin to shine, dawn, of day-break.

ὑπ-αυλέω, f. ἡσω, to play the flute in accompaniment.

ὑπ-αυλος, ον, (ὑπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκηνῆς ὑπαυλος under cover of the tent.

ὑπ-αυχένιος, α, ον, (ὑπό, αὐχὴν) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπαυχένιον, τό, a cushion or pillow for the neck.

ὑπ-αφίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. -ἀπέστην, pf. -ἀφίστηκα:—to step back slowly, retire.

ὑπ-αφρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀφρός) somewhat frothy, moist.

ὑπ-ἄφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἄφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ὑπαφρονέστερος.

ὑπέασι, Ion. for ὑπείσι, 3 pl. of ὑπείμι (εἰμί sum).

ὑπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ὑποβάλλω.

ὑπ-έγγυος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surety: of persons, having given surety, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπέγγυος πλὴν θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ὑπέδαμνα, 3 sing. impf. of ὑποδάμνημι.

ὑπέδδισαν, Ep. for ὑπέδδισαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὑποδίδω.

ὑπ-εδείδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of ὑποδεῖδιω.

ὑπέδειξα, aor. I of ὑποδείκνυμι.

ὑπέδεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπέδραμον, aor. 2 of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπέδυν, aor. 2 of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπέδυστο [ῥ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπεθερμάνθη, aor. I pass. of ὑποθερμάνω.

ὑπ-ειδομένη, (ὑπό, *εἶδω), aor. 2 med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. suspicari.

ὑπ-εἰκάθω, inf. ὑπείκαθῆναι, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπέκω.

ὑπ-εἰκτέον, verb. Adj. one must give way. From

ὑπ-εἰκω Ep. ὑποέκω: fut. -εἰξω or -εἰξομαι: aor. ὑπέεξα Ep. ὑπόεξα: poet. aor. 2 ὑπέεκαθον:—to retire, withdraw; ὑπέκειν τινί ἔδρη to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; ὑπέκειν τινί λόγον to give him the first word. 2. c. acc.

to escape, shun, elude; χεῖρας ἐμάς ὑπόειτε be scared my hands. II. to yield, give way: generally, to submit to, to obey.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί sum) to be under, Lat. subesse; φίλτατοι ἄνδρες ἐμῷ ὑπέσσι μελάρῳ my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to be under the yoke, to be yoked in the chariot. II. to be or lie underneath: to be at the bottom. 2. to be laid down, granted, assumed. 3. of things, to be left remaining: to remain behind, after everything else. III. generally, to be at or near, be at hand, at command. IV. to be subjected or subject.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί ibo) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. subire; ὑπέναι τινά to insinuate oneself into a person's favour. II. to depart gradually or secretly.

ὑπέιξομαι, fut. med. of ὑπέκω: Ep. 2 sing. ὑπέιξαι.

ὑπέϊπον, (ὑπό, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to say or repeat before another, Lat. praeire verba: also to premise, say by way of introduction: to suggest. 2. to explain, interpret.

ὑπεῖρ, poet. for ὑπέρ, used when a long syll. is needed before a vowel, e. g. ὑπεῖρ ἄλα. [ῥ]

ὑπερέβαλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπείρεχον, Ep. for ὑπείρεχον, impf. of ὑπέρεχω.

ὑπείρηκα, ὑπείρημαι, see ὑπερέω.

ὑπέροχος, ον, poet. and Ion. for ὑπέροχος.

ὑπέσας, Ion. for ὑφέσας, aor. I part. of ὑφέσαι having set on, suborned.

ὑπ-εισδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εἰσέδυν, pf. -εἰσέδδκα:—to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

ὑπ-εἰσεμι, (εἰμί ibo) to go in covertly.

ὑπ-έκ, before a vowel ὑπέξ, (ὑπό, ἐξ) Prep. with gen., out from under, from beneath: also written division ὑπ' ἐκ.

ὑπεκ-βάλλω, to cast out secretly.

ὑπεκδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκτρέχω.

ὑπ-εκδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξέδυν, pf. -εκδέδκα:—to get secretly out of, slip out of, shun, escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

ὑπ-εκέχυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὑποχέω.

ὑπ-εκκαίω, f. -κάνσω, to set on fire from below or by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ὑπ-εκκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover from below or a little.

ὑπέκκαυμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπεκκαίω) fuel put under to light a fire, combustible matter. 2. metaph. a provocative, incentive.

ὑπ-έκκειμαι, Pass. to be carried out and away, to be put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place.

ὑπ-εκκλίω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

ὑπ-εκκομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to carry out or away secretly:—Med., ὑπεκκομίσσασθαι πάντα to get all one's goods carried secretly out.

ὑπ-εκλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to carry off underhand.

ὑπεκλίνθη, aor. I pass. of ὑποκλίνω.

ὑπ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away underband; ὑπεκπέμπειν χθονός to send secretly out of the land.

ὑπ-εκπροβέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run forth from under, start out before: c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

ὑπ-εκπρολίσσω, f. σωί, to loose from under: of horses, to unloose from under the yoke.

ὑπ-εκπρορέω, f. -ρήσομαι, to flow forth from under.

ὑπ-εκπροφεύγω, f. -φεύσομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from.

ὑπεκπροφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκπροφεύγω.

ὑπεκρύψθην, aor. I pass. of ὑποκρύπτω.

ὑπ-εκσώζω, to save from under, rescue or deliver from.

ὑπ-εκτάνω, to stretch out under.

ὑπ-εκτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put out secretly:—Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away:—Pass. to be carried safe away.

ὑπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing:—Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.

ὑπ-εκτρέχω, f. -τρέξομαι and -δραμούμαι: aor. 2 -εξέδραμον (cf. τρέχω):—to run out from under, run beyond: to escape from, c. acc.

ὑπέκυψα, aor. I of ὑποκύπτω.

ὑπ-εκφέρω, to lift up a little. II. to carry out from under, esp. from danger: to carry away.

intr., ὑπεκφέρειν ἡμέρης ὁδῷ to get on before, to get the start of another by a day's journey.

ὑπ-εκφεύγω, f. -φεύσομαι, to fly out or escape secretly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.

ὑπέκφυγε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

ὑπεκ-χαλάω, f. άσω [ά], to slacken from below or slightly.

ὑπ-εκχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire secretly: withdraw quietly from a place: c. dat. pers. to retire and give place to one.

ὑπέλαβον, aor. 2 of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπ-ελαίνω, f. -ελάσω [ά] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive under: intr. (sub. ἵππον) to ride up to.

ὑπελείφθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπέλθοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπέλοντο, Ep. for ὑφείλοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ὑφαιρέω.

ὑπέλυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπελύσσο [υ], Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. of ὑπολύω.

ὑπέμεινα, aor. I of ὑπομένω.

ὑπεμνάσθεις, Ep. 2 pl. impf. of ὑπομνάσθαι.

ὑπεμνήμυκε, Ep. for ὑπήμυκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπ-ημύω, to hang down the head. This is the only form of the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an orphan boy,—πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε be stands with head utterly hung down: see ἡμύω.

ὑπ-εναντιόομαι, Dep. to oppose covertly.

ὑπ-εναντίος, α, ον, (ὑπό, ἐναντίος) set over against, opposite.

II. set against, hostile: as Subst., οἱ ἐπενάντιοι the enemy:—neut. as Adv., τὸ ἐπεναντίον τοῦτου in opposition thereto.

ὑπεναντίως, εως, ή, (ὑπεναντιόομαι) a being opposed to: contrariety.

ὑπ-ενδίδωμι, to give way a little, give in a little.

ὑπ-ἐνδύμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπό, ἐνδύω) an under-garment.

ὑπ-ἐνερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπό, ἐνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: to under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.

ὑπ-εξ, form assumed by ὑπ-εκ before a vowel.

ὑπεξάγαι [γά], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπεράγω.

ὑπ-εξάγω, f. έω, to carry out from under or secretly, esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or withdraw gradually.

ὑπ-εξαίρω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. -εξήρημαι Ion. -εξαπαίρημαι: aor. 2 -εξείλον:—to take away privily, destroy, remove secretly or gradually: τοῦτίκλημ' ὑπεξέλων having done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf. pass. part., τούτων ὑπεξαπαρημένων these things having been put out of the question:—Med. to take out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.

ὑπ-εξαίρω, to raise, lift up from below.

ὑπ-εξακρίζω, to go up to the mountain-top.

ὑπεξάλλασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑπεξάλλεομαι (a Dep. pres. not in use, see ἀλλέομαι), to flee out away and escape, c. acc.

ὑπ-εξάλλυσκω, f. ύξω, to flee away or escape from secretly, c. acc.

ὑπ-εξαναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually.

ὑπ-εξανάγομαι, Pass. with aor. 2 med. -εξηγαγόμεν, to sail out and away secretly. [άγ]

ὑπεξαναδύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέδυν, pf. -εξαναδέυνκα:—to come up from under gradually, esp. to rise from out the sea.

ὑπεξαναδύς, ύσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of foreg.

ὑπ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to rise up and give place to.

ὑπ-εξαντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out from below, exhaust.

ὑπεξαπαίρημαι, Ion. for ὑπεξήρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑπεξαιρέω.

ὑπ-έξειμι, (ὑπό, έξ, εἰμι ibo) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually: ὑπεξίεναι τινί to make way for one. II. to go out to meet or against one.

ὑπ-εξείρω, Ion. for ὑπεξέρω.

ὑπ-εξελαύνω, fut. -εξελάσω [ά] Att. -εξελῶ:—to drive out from under, drive off secretly. II. intr. to march away secretly or slowly.

ὑπεξελεῖν, -ών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ὑπεξαίρω.

ὑπ-εξερώ Ion. -εξείρω, to draw out from under, draw away underband.

ὑπ-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξελήλυθα:—to go out from under: to go out secretly, withdraw, retire: also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before. 2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate. II. to go out to meet.

ὑπεξεσάσεν, 3 sing. aor. I of an Ep. pres. ὑπεκσαάω, = ὑπεκσάω.

ὑπεξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

ὑπ-εξέχω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place.

ὑπ-εξίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξέστην, pf. -εξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come out suddenly. II. to go out of the way of, shun, avoid:

c. dat. *to give place to, rise up and make way for.* III. c. gen. rei, *to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition.*

ὑπέπλευσα, aor. I of ὑποπλέω.

ὑπέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποπτάμαι.

ΥΠΕΡ Ep. ὑπείρ, in phrases ὑπείρ ἄλός and ὑπείρ ἄλα: Prep. governing gen. and acc., Lat. *SUPER*. Hence are formed the Comp. and Sup. ὑπέρτερος, -τατος. [ῥ]

WITH GENIT., expressing that *over* which something is: I. of Place, *over*: of rest, *over, above*; ὑπὲρ κεφαλῆς στήναι *to stand over a person's head.* 2. of motion, *over, across*; or *over, beyond*. II. (from the notion of standing over to protect) *for, in defence of, in behalf of*; ὑπὲρ τῆς πατρίδος ἀμύνειν *to fight in defence of one's country.* 2. *for, because of, by reason of*: *for the purpose of, for the sake of*; ὑπὲρ τοῦ μὴ ἀποθανεῖν *for the sake of not dying.* 3. *for, instead of, in the name of, acting for*; ὑπὲρ ἑαυτοῦ *in his stead.* III. like περί, *on, of, concerning, respecting*, Lat. *de*.

WITH ACCUS., expressing that *over* and *beyond* which a thing goes: I. of Place, *over, beyond, past*. II. of Measure, *over, above, exceeding, beyond*; ὑπὲρ τὴν ἡλικίαν *above his years.* 2. *beyond what is right, against, contrary to*; ὑπὲρ αἰσαν *contrary to right*; ὑπὲρ θεόν *contrary to the will of the god.* III. of Number, *above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over*; ὑπὲρ τὸ ἥμισυ *above half.*

POSITION: ὑπὲρ may follow its Subst. in all cases, when it is written ὑπερ.

IN COMPOS., ὑπέρ signifies *over, above, of Place*, as in ὑπερβαῖνα. 2. *in defence of, in behalf of*, as in ὑπερ-αλγέω, mostly c. gen. 3. of excess, as in ὑπερ-ῥήφανος.

ὑπέρα, ἦ, (ὑπέρ) *the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (ἐπίκρια), by means of which the sails are shifted.* [ῥ]

ὑπερ-ἄβέλτερος, *on, also a, on, above measure simple or silly.*

ὑπερ-ἀγάμαι, Dep. *to admire above measure.* [ἄγ]

ὑπερ-ἀγανακτέω, f. ἦσω, *to be exceedingly angry or indignant at a thing.*

ὑπερ-ἀγαπάω, f. ἦσω, *to love exceedingly.*

ὑπερ-ἀγωνιάω, *to be in great distress of mind.*

ὑπερ-αῆς, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, αἶμα) *blowing down from above or blowing very hard.*

ὑπερ-αἰμώω, (ὑπέρ, αἶμα) *to have overmuch blood.*

ὑπερ-αἶρω, *to lift up over*: Med. and Pass. *to rise above, be lifted up.* II. *to rise up over, to climb over, scale*, Lat. *transcendere*, c. acc. 2. *to transcend, excel, outdo*: *to conquer.* 3. *to overshoot, go beyond, exceed*, c. acc. 4. absol. of a river, *to overflow.*

ὑπερ-αἰσχος, *on, exceeding base or ugly.*

ὑπερ-αἰσχύνομαι, Pass. *to feel much ashamed.*

ὑπερ-αἰρώω, f. ἦσω, *to bang up over or above.* II. Pass. *to be suspended over, project*

over a thing;—of ships, c. gen. loci, *to lie off a place.*

ὑπέρ-ακμος, *on, (ὑπέρ, ἀκμή) beyond the bloom of youth.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκοντιζώ, f. ἴσω, *to overshoot, hence to outdo, surpass*: c. part., ὑπερακοντίζειν τινὰ κλέπτων *to outdo one in stealing.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκριβής, ἐς, *exceedingly accurate or careful.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκρίζω, f. ἴσω, *to mount and climb over.* II. *to project or beeline over*, c. gen.

ὑπέρ-ἄκρος, *on, (ὑπέρ, ἀκρά) over or upon the heights*: τὰ ὑπεράκρια *the heights above the plain*; οἱ ὑπεράκριοι, at Athens, *the inhabitants of the Attic uplands.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκρος, *on, (ὑπέρ, ἀκρος) over the top*: metaph. *going to extremes*; Adv. ὑπεράκρως, *to excess.*

ὑπέρ-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, *to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing*; *to grieve exceedingly at a thing*: absol. *to feel great pain of mind.*

ὑπέρ-αλγής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἄλγος) *exceeding grievous or painful.*

ὑπέρ-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπεράλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring or leap over*, c. gen.; also c. acc.

ὑπέρ-ἄλλος, *on, over or above others.*

ὑπεράλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπεράλτο, 3 sing. aor. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπέρ-αναιδεύομαι, Pass. *to be surpassed in impudence.*

ὑπέρ-ανασχυντος, *on, exceeding impudent.*

ὑπέρ-ανατείνω, f. -ανατενῶ, *to stretch excessively.*

ὑπέρ-ανίσταμαι, Pass. with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, *to stand up or project above.*

ὑπέρ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ἀντλέω) *to be very leaky, to be waterlogged.*

ὑπέρ-αντλος, *on, quite full of water, waterlogged*: metaph. *overwhelmed, borne down.* II. act. *overflowing, overwhelming.*

ὑπέρ-άνω, Adv. *above*: ὑπεράνω γίγνεσθαι *to get the upper hand of.* [ἄ]

ὑπέρ-άνωρ, opos, ὁ, Dor. for ὑπερήνωρ.

ὑπέρ-ἄπτάω, f. ἦσω, *to deceive or cheat excessively.*

ὑπέρ-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνομαι, *to die for.*

ὑπέρ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. *to answer for any one, vindicate.* [ῥ]

ὑπέρ-απολογέομαι, fut. med. ἥσομαι: Dep. *to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend.*

ὑπέρ-αρρωδέω, f. ἦσω, Ion. for ὑπερρωδέω, *to be exceedingly afraid*, τῇ Ἑλλάδι for Hellas.

ὑπέρ-ασθμος, *on, (ὑπέρ, ἀσθμα) gasping or panting exceedingly.*

ὑπέρ-ασπάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. *to be exceeding fond of, greet very kindly.*

ὑπέρ-ἀτοπος, *on, beyond measure absurd.*

ὑπέρ-αττικός, ἦ, ὄν, *excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess.* Adv. -κῶς.

ὑπέρ-αυγής, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, αὐγή) *exceedingly bright.*

ὑπέρ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, *to increase or enlarge*

above measure.

II. intr. to abound beyond measure.

ὑπερ-αὔξω, rarer form of ὑπερᾶνξάνω.

ὑπεραυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be over-proud. From

ὑπέρ-αυγος, ον, (ὑπέρ, αὐχὴ) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ὑπερ-άφανος, ον, Dor. for ὑπερήφανος.

ὑπερ-αχθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἀχθος) overburdened.

ὑπερ-άχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -αχθέσθαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat.

ὑπερ-βαῖνω, fut. -βήσθαι; aor. 2 ὑπερέβην Ep. ὑπέρβην; pf. -βέβηκα:—to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their banks.

2. to overstep or transgress a law: absol. to transgress, trespass, offend.

3. to pass over, pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitto: hence to omit.

4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed.

II. Causal, in aor. I ὑπερέβησα, to put over, lift or raise over.

ὑπέρβαλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of ὑπερβάλλω, above measure, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-βάλλω, f. -βάλῳ: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπερ-έβαλον; pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw over or beyond a mark, to overshoot: to beat at throwing, to throw further.

2. to outstrip in racing. II. to overshoot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed; ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν χρόνον to exceed the time; ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν καιρὸν to go beyond the right time: absol. to exceed all bounds, to go too far.

2. to go on further and further, bid more and more; προέβαινε τοῖς χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλων he went on bidding more and more.

3. to be at its height, at the zenith, of the sun.

4. to be over and above. 5. part. ὑπερβάλλων, οὔσα, ον, exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure; τὰ ὑπερβάλλοντα an exceeding high estate.

III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trajicere; of ships, to double a headland.

2. of rivers, to overflow; of a kettle, to boil over.

Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc. 2. to exceed all bounds: so in pf. pass. part., ὑπερβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman.

II. to put off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing; absol. to delay, linger.

ὑπερ-βάρης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, βάρος) overloaded, overweighed, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπέρβασαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαῖνω.

ὑπερβασία, ἡ, (ὑπερβαῖνω) an overstepping or transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

ὑπερβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑπερβαῖνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be scaled.

II. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

ὑπέρβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαῖνω.

ὑπερβήτη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ὑπερβαῖνω.

ὑπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ἥσομαι; Dep.: (ὑπέρ, βιάζω):—to press with great violence, of the plague.

ὑπερ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑπερβαῖνω, to carry over, transport.

ὑπέρ-βίος, ον, (ὑπέρ, βία) of overwhelming strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. ὑπέρβιον as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

ὑπερβολάδην, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, excessively. [α]

ὑπερβολή, ἡ, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyond: an overshooting, superiority, excess in anything; οὐκ ἔχει ὑπερβολὴν it can go no further; ἐς or καθ' ὑπερβολὴν as Adv., excessively.

2. excessive praise, hyperbole.

II. a passing over or crossing mountains, rivers, etc.

2. a place of passage, a mountain-pass.

III. (from Med.) delay, putting off.

ὑπερ-βόρεος, ον, (ὑπέρ, Βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north: οἱ ὑπερβόρειοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness; τύχη ὑπερβόρεος more than mortal fortune.

ὑπερ-βράζω, f. σω, to boil or foam over.

ὑπερ-βριθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, βριθος) overloaded, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερ-βρῶω, to be overfull, overflow.

ὑπερ-εργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι; pf. pass. ὑπείργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work under, plough up, prepare for sowing, Lat. subigare.

II. to subdue, reduce, bring under one: pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, ὑπείργασμαι ψυχὴν ἔρωτι I have been subdued in my soul by love.

III. = ὑπηρετέω, to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πόλλ' ὑπείργασται φίλα many kind services have been done.

ὑπερ-γέλοιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, γέλοιος) above measure ridiculous or laughable.

ὑπερ-γεμίζω, f. ἴσω, to overfill, overload.

ὑπερ-γίρειος, and ὑπέρ-γηρος, ον, = ὑπέργηρος.

ὑπέρ-γηρως, ον, (ὑπέρ, γήρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπέργηρον extreme old age.

ὑπέρ-δάσους, v, gen. ἐός, very hairy.

ὑπερ-δεής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, Ep. acc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερδέα, -α: (ὑπέρ, δέος): above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ὑπερ-δεῖδω, f. -δείσω, to fear for or on account of one: absol. to be in exceeding fear.

ὑπερ-δειμαίνω, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

ὑπέρ-δενος, ον, exceeding dangerous or formidable.

ὑπέρ-δέξιος, ον, placed high above one on the right hand.

2. placed above or over; ὑπερδέξιον χωρίον higher ground; ἐξ ὑπερδεξίου from vantage-ground.

II. superior.

ὑπερ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind upon.

ὑπερ-διατείνομαι, Pass. to strain or exert oneself above measure.

ὑπερ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give up in behalf of.

ὑπερδικέω, f. ἦσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπέρ-δικος, ον, (ὑπέρ, δική) exceeding righteous or just.

II. pleading for.

ὑπερ-εθίζω, to stimulate a little.

ὑπερ-εἶδον, inf. ὑπερίδεν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, ὑπεροράω being used instead:—to overlook, neglect, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.: cf. *εἶδω.

ὑπ-ερίδω, f. σω, to put under as a prop. 2. to prop or support from beneath.

ὑπ-ερίπτω, f. ψω, to undermine, subvert. II. intr. in aor. 2 ὑπέρπτον, to tumble, fall down.

ὑπ-ερίκεινα, Adv. (ὑπέρ, ἐκεῖνος) on your side, on the further part, beyond.

ὑπ-ερεθραπύω, f. σω, to seek to win over by excessive attention.

ὑπ-ερεκρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], to hang out over.

ὑπ-ερεκπερισσοῦ, Adv. for ὑπέρ ἐκ περισσοῦ, more than superabundantly: also ὑπερεκπερισσῶς.

ὑπ-ερεκπίπτω, f. -επεσοῦμαι, to fall out over or beyond. II. absol. to go beyond all bounds.

ὑπ-ερεκπλήσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ὑπερεκπέπληγμαι:—to frighten or astonish beyond measure:—Pass. to be astonished excessively: c. acc. to be frightened beyond measure at.

ὑπ-ερεκτείνω, f. -τενῶ, to stretch beyond measure: ὑπερεκτείνειν ἑαυτὸν to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

ὑπ-ερεκτίω [ῖ], f. ἰσω [ῖ], to pay for any one.

ὑπ-ερεκχέω, f. -χεῶ, also ὑπ-ερεκχύνω [ῦ], to pour out over:—Pass. to run over, overflow.

ὑπ-ερελαφρος, ov, exceedingly light or active.

ὑπ-ερεμπλήγω, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill overfull of a thing:—Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.

ὑπ-ερεμφορέομαι, Pass. to be filled quite full of.

ὑπ-ερεντυχάνω, f. τεύχομαι, to intercede for another.

ὑπ-εξηκοντα-έτης, es, gen. εος, (ὑπέρ, ἐξήκοντα, ἔτος) above sixty years old.

ὑπ-ερεπαινέω, f. ἔσω and ἤσω, to praise above measure.

ὑπ-ερεπιθυμέω, f. ἤσω, to desire exceedingly.

ὑπ-ερεπίττω, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπ-ερέπτω, f. ψω, (ὑπό, ἐρέπτω) to cut away from below, undermine.

ὑπ-ερέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.: absol. to exceed, excel.

ὑπ-ερεσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat immoderately.

ὑπ-ερεσσύμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπερσεύω.

ὑπ-ερεσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπ-ερέσχω, aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπ-ερέν, Adv. exceeding well.

ὑπ-ερένυγε, Adv., strengthd. for εἵγε, bravo, capital.

ὑπ-ερεντυχία, ἡ, exceeding good luck.

ὑπ-ερεφραίνομαι, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly.

ὑπ-ερεφθαίρω, to bate exceedingly, c. acc.

ὑπ-ερέχω Ep. ὑπερείχω: Ep. impf. ὑπείρεχον: f. ὑπερέω aor. 2 ὑπερέσχω poet. -έσχεθον:—to hold over, esp. to hold over so as to protect: ὑπερέχειν

χεῖρας τινὸς to hold one's arms over one to shield him.

II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up over a thing, c. gen., e.g. γαίης: of a star, to rise above the horizon.

2. metaph. to be above, be superior, to excel, surpass, be the better: οἱ ὑπερέχοντες the more powerful: ἐὰν ἡ θάλαττα ὑπερῶχη if the sea be too powerful:—Pass. to be outdone.

3. c. gen. rei, to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear.

4. to outflank, overlap.

5. to get over, cross.

ὑπ-ερέω Att. -ερώ, fut. of ὑπεῖπον, in same senses: from same root come pf. act. ὑπ-είρηκα, pass. ὑπ-είρημαι.

ὑπ-ερέζω, f. -ζέσω, to boil over.

ὑπ-ερέθεις, Adv. of ὑπέρηδus, very pleasantly: Sup. ὑπ-ερήδιστα.

ὑπ-ερέδομαι, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part., ὑπ-ερήδετο ἀκούων he rejoiced much at hearing.

ὑπ-ερέδus, v, exceeding sweet or pleasant: Sup. -ήδιστος.

ὑπ-ερηκόντις, aor. I of ὑπερακοντίζω.

ὑπ-ερήλιξ, ἴκος, δ, ἡ, above a certain age.

ὑπ-ερήμαι, properly pf. of ὑπερέζομαι, to sit above.

ὑπ-ερήμερία, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagements at the proper day.

2. forfeiture of recognisances, a distraining of goods, execution.

ὑπ-ερήμερος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, having an execution levied: metaph., c. gen., ὑπ-ερήμερος γάμων over-due for marriage.

ὑπ-ερήμιος, v, (ὑπέρ, ἡμιος) above half, more than half.

ὑπ-ερήμιος, ov, somewhat desolate.

ὑπ-ερηγορέω, ovτος, δ, (ὑπέρ, ἡγορή) exceeding mainly: in bad sense, overbearing, overweening.

II. excelling men, thinking oneself more than man.

ὑπ-ερηγορ, opos, δ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἀνὴρ) overbearing.

ὑπ-ερήγω, fut. of ὑπερήγω.

ὑπ-ερηφάνεω, f. ἤσω, (ὑπερήφανος) to be conspicuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like ὑπερηγορέω, overweening, arrogant.

II. transit. to treat disdainfully.

ὑπ-ερηφάνια, ἡ, (ὑπερηφάνεω) arrogance, haughtiness: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

ὑπ-ερή-φάνος, ov, = ὑπ-ερ-φανής with η inserted, conspicuous above others: in good sense, magnificent, splendid, noble.

2. in bad sense, extravagant, overweening, arrogant. Hence

ὑπ-ερηφάνως, Adv. magnificently: arrogantly.

ὑπ-ερ-θαλασσιδίας, ov, (ὑπέρ, θάλασσα) some way above the sea. [στ]

ὑπ-ερ-θαυμάζω Ion. ὑπερθαύμ-, f. ἄσομαι, to wonder exceedingly.

2. c. acc. to admire above measure.

ὑπ-ερ-θαύμαστος, ov, exceedingly admirable.

ὑπ-ερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπέρ) from above: above: c. gen. above, over: ὑπερθεν εἶναι ἡ.. to be above or beyond, i. e. worse than.

ὑπερ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run over or beyond. 2. to outstrip, to surpass, excel.

ὑπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θάνομαι, to die for or instead of.

ὑπερθορεῖν Ion. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπερθρόσκω.

ὑπερθοροῦμαι Ion. -έομαι, fut. of ὑπερθρόσκω.

ὑπερ-θρώσκω, fut. -θοροῦμαι Ep. -θορέομαι: aor. 2

ὑπερέθορον Ep. ὑπέθορον, inf. -θορέειν contr. -εῖν:

—to overleap, leap, spring, vault or bound over, c. acc.

ὑπερ-θύω, on, big, big-spirited, daring. II. in bad

sense, over-spirited, overweening: of a horse, too high-

couraged, restive. Hence

ὑπερθύμως, Adv. in excessive wrath.

ὑπερ-θύριον, τό, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) the lintel of a door. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-θύρος, on, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) above the door: as

Subst., ὑπέρθυρον, τό, = ὑπερθύριον.

ὑπερ-ιάω, to shout above, outdo in shouting, c.

gen. [ᾱ]

ὑπεριδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ὑπεριδών.

ὑπερ-ιήμι, f. -ήσω, to send or throw further, hurl

beyond the mark.

ὑπερ-ικταίνομαι, Pass. to move exceeding swiftly:

the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation

is uncertain.

ὑπεριονίδης, on, δ, patronym. from ὑπερίων [ῖ],

son of Hyperion, i. e. the Sun.

ὑπερ-ιστάμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf.

-έστηκα: (ὑπέρ, ἵστημι):—to stand over, c. gen.: to

stand over so as to protect one, to shield, guard.

ὑπερ-ίστωρ, opos, δ, ἡ, knowing but too well, c. gen.

ὑπερ-ίσχυρος, on, (ὑπέρ, ἰσχυρός) exceeding strong.

ὑπερ-ίσχω, = ὑπερέχω, to hold above. II. intr.

to be above: to prevail over, c. gen. 2. to protect,

c. gen.

ὑπερ-ίων [ῖ], onos, δ, Hyperion, the sun-god, com-

monly joined with Ἥλιος in Homer, as ὑπερίων Ἡέ-

λιος, or Ἡέλιος ὑπερίων. (Said to be derived from

ὑπέρ, ἰών, he that walks on high.)

ὑπερ-κάθημαι, properly pf. pass. of ὑπερκαθέξομαι,

to sit over, above or upon. II. metaph. to sit over

and watch, keep an eye upon.

ὑπερ-καλλής, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, κάλλος) exceeding

beautiful or fine.

ὑπερ-κάμνω, f. -κάμομαι, to suffer or labour for

any one, c. gen.

ὑπερ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι, to get down over.

ὑπερ-καταγέλαστος, on, exceedingly absurd.

ὑπερκατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερκαταβαίνω.

ὑπερ-καχλάζω, f. σω, to laugh outright.

ὑπερ-κειμαι, Pass. to be situated over or above.

ὑπερ-κηλέω, f. ἡσω, to charm beyond measure.

ὑπερ-κολάκεω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately.

ὑπερ-κομπος, on, (ὑπέρ, κόμπω) over-confident, over-

weening, boastful, arrogant: generally, excessive; c.

dat., νῆες ὑπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in

ὑπερ-κορέω, f. ἡσω, to overfill or glut.

ὑπερ-κοτος, on, exceedingly angry or furious: ex-

ceedingly savage. Adv. -τως, overmuch, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾱ] Att. -κρεμῶ:—to

hang up over or out of the way.

ὑπερ-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: aor. I -εκτησάμην:—

to acquire over and above.

ὑπερκύδαντας, acc. pl. of

ὑπερ-κύδος, αντος, δ, (ὑπέρ, κύδος) exceeding famous

or renowned, very glorious.

ὑπερ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend, to bend over, peep

over. 2. c. acc. to overstep.

ὑπερ-λαμπρος, on, exceeding bright or glistening. II.

of sound, exceeding clear or loud.

ὑπερ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. to make a very splendid

show: also to shew great eagerness. [ῥ]

ὑπερ-λίαν, Adv. (ὑπέρ, λίαν) beyond all measure or

doubt, undeniably. [ῖ]

ὑπερ-λῦτέω, f. ἡσω, to pain exceedingly, cause one

great distress:—Pass. to be distressed beyond measure.

ὑπερ-μαίνομαι, Pass., with f. med. -μάνομαι: aor.

2 pass. ὑπερμάνην [ᾱ]:—to be struck mad.

ὑπερ-μάκης, ές, Dor. for ὑπερμήκης.

ὑπερ-μάχέω, f. ἡσω, (ὑπέρ, μάχη) to fight for or in

defence of one: also to fight with one for another.

ὑπερμαχητικός, ἡ, on, inclined to fight for another.

ὑπερ-μάχομαι [μά], fut. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep., like ὑπερ-

μαχέω, to fight for any one; ὑπερμαχοῦμαι τάδε πατρός

I will fight out this for my father.

ὑπερ-μάχος, on, (ὑπέρ, μάχομαι) fighting for: as

Subst., ὑπέρμαχος, δ, a champion.

ὑπερ-μεγάθης, Ion. for ὑπερμεγέθης. [ᾱ]

ὑπέρ-μεγας, μεγάλην, μεγα, enormously great.

ὑπερ-μεγέθης Ion. ὑπερμεγέθης [ᾱ], ές, gen. έος,

(ὑπέρ, μέγεθος) excessively large, enormous. II.

exceedingly difficult.

ὑπερ-μεθύσκομαι, aor. I -μεθύσθην: Pass.:—to be

excessively drunk.

ὑπερ-μενέτης, on, δ, poet. for ὑπερμενής.

ὑπερμενέων, onτος, δ, excessively mighty. From

ὑπερ-μενής, ές, (ὑπέρ, μένος) exceeding strong: also

in bad sense, overweening, insolent.

ὑπέρ-μετρος, on, (ὑπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure,

excessive. Adv. -τως.

ὑπερ-μήκης, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπέρ, μήκος) exceeding

long, big, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud.

ὑπερ-μίσέω, f. ἡσω, to bate exceedingly.

ὑπερ-μορον, Adv. = ὑπέρ μορον, beyond fate or

destiny.

ὑπερ-νέφελος, on, (ὑπέρ, νεφέλη) above the clouds.

ὑπερ-νίκω, f. ἡσω, to be more than conqueror.

ὑπερ-νοέω, f. ἡσω, to think or reflect upon, c. acc.

ὑπερ-νότος, on, (ὑπέρ, νότος) beyond the south wind,

at the extreme south, opp. to ὑπερβόρεος.

ὑπέρ-ογκος, on, (ὑπέρ, ὄγκος) of excessive size or

bulk, overgrown, immensely great.

ὑπερ-οιδαίνω or -άνω, to swell, be much swollen.

ὑπερ-οιδαίνω Ion. -έω, f. ἡσω, to swell excessively.

ὑπερ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell above or beyond.
 ὑπερ-οικος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οικέω) dwelling above, beyond.
 ὑπερoπλία, ἡ, (ὑπερoπλος) proud confidence, defiance, presumption: high courage. [I Ep.]
 ὑπερ-οπλίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι, Dep. (ὑπέρ, ὀπλίζω) to vanquish by force of arms.

ὑπέρ-οπλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὄπλον) confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., ὑπέρ-οπλον εἰπεῖν to speak haughtily, arrogantly. II. generally, excessive, immense.

ὑπερoπίτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπερoφoμαι) a contemner, disdainer: absol. disdainful, haughty.

ὑπερoπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, contemptuous, disdainful, scornful. Adv. -κῶς, disdainfully. From

ὑπέρ-οπτος, ον, (ὑπερoφoμαι) overlooking: hence disdainful, haughty: neut. pl. as Adv. haughtily.

ὑπερ-οράω, fut. -όψομαι: aor. 2 -εἶδον inf. -ιδεῖν: aor. I pass. -ώφθην: (cf. ὁράω):—to look over, survey.

II. to overlook, pay no heed to, disregard: to slight, despise, disdain, both with acc. and gen.

ὑπερ-όριος poet. -οὔριος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὅρος) over or beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish. 2. ἡ ὑπερορία (sc. γῆ) the country beyond one's own frontiers, a foreign land or country.

ὑπερ-ὀρνύμαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ὀρνυμι) to rise up over a thing.

ὑπερ-ορρωδέω Ion. -αρρωδέω: f. ἦσω:—to be much afraid, be in great terror on account of.

*ΤΙΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, or ὑπερον, τό, a pestle to bray and pound with.

ὑπερ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οὐρανός) above the heavens.

ὑπεροχή, ἡ, (ὑπερέχω) a projection, prominence, summit. II. metaph. preeminence, superiority, supremacy: excellence. 2. excess, superabundance.

ὑπέρoχος Ep. ὑπείροχος, ον, (ὑπερέχω) prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπείροχον ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing. Sup. -ώτατος.

ὑπερoψία, ἡ, contempt, disdain: arrogance. From ὑπερ-όψομαι, used as fut. of ὑπερoψάω, from obsol. ὑπερoπτομαι.

ὑπερ-πάγῃς, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) excessively frosty: as Subst., τὸ ὑπεργάγες extremely hard frost.

ὑπερ-παθῶ, f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, παθεῖν) to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.

ὑπερ-παύω, f. -παύσω: pf. -πῆπακα:—to strike beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.

ὑπερ-παλύνω, to strew or scatter over. [v]

ὑπερ-περισσεύω, also Dep. -εὔομαι:—to abound overmuch, to superabound.

ὑπερ-πέρισσος, η, ον, excessive:—Adv. -σως, beyond measure.

ὑπερ-πέτᾱμαι, Dep., = ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπερ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [α], to stretch over.

ὑπερ-πέτομαι or -πέτᾱμαι: fut. -πτήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτάμην [α], whence Ep. 3 sing. ὑπερπτατο: we also find Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. ὑπερέπᾱ, from ὑπερέπην: Dep.:—to fly over, above or beyond.

ὑπερ-πέττω, Att. for ὑπερπέσσω.

ὑπερ-πιδᾱώ, f. -ῆσομαι, to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from. II. metaph. to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.

ὑπέρ-πικρος, ον, exceeding sharp or bitter.

ὑπερ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to overfill:—Pass. to be overfull of a thing.

ὑπερ-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink overmuch. [x]

ὑπερ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall over or beyond. II. of time, to be past, gone by, be spent.

ὑπερ-πλεονάζω, f. ἄσω, to abound exceedingly.

ὑπερ-πλήθης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πλήθος) superabundant.

ὑπερ-πληρῶ, to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull.

ὑπερπλουτέω, f. ἦσω, to be exceeding rich. From

ὑπέρ-πλουτος, ον, (ὑπέρ, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich.

ὑπέρ-πολυσ, πόλλη, πολυ, (ὑπέρ, πολὺς) overmuch, very much or many.

ὑπερ-πονέω, f. ἦσω, to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly. II. to bear or endure for another:—Med., ὑπερπονεῖσθαι τινος to take trouble on oneself for another.

ὑπερ-πόντιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπέρ, πόντος) over or beyond the sea, far away. II. over or across the sea.

ὑπέρπᾱτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπερ-πυπᾱ́ζω, (ὑπέρ, πύππαξ) to make very much of one, to caress fondly.

ὑπερ-πυρρίῳ, f. ἄσω [α] (ὑπέρ, πυρρός) to redden or blush for another.

ὑπερ-πυάομαι, Ep. for ὑπερπέτομαι.

ὑπερράγην, aor. 2 pass. of ὑπορρήγνυμι. [α]

ὑπερ-σεμνύομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, σεμνύνω) to be exceeding solemn or pompous.

ὑπέρ-σοφος, ον, extremely wise or clever.

ὑπερ-σπουδάζω, f. σῶ, to take excessive pains, be very anxious.

ὑπερ-στάτέω, = ὑπερίσταμαι, to stand over and protect, c. gen.

ὑπέρσoχη, ὑπέρσoχοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. of ὑπέρ, uppermost, highest: eldest: more used in shortened form ὑπατος: there is also a form ὑπερώτατος. [v]

ὑπερτέλας, aor. I part. of ὑπερτέλλω.

ὑπερ-τείνω, f. -τενῶ: pf. -τέτακα:—to stretch over or above: to hold out over; ὑπερτείνειν σκιάν σείριου κυνός to spread a shade from the dog-star over the house; ὑπερτείνειν πόδα ἀκτῆς to stretch one's foot over the beach, i.e. pass over it. II. intr. to stretch, stand out or project beyond: c. acc., ὑπερτείνειν τὸ κέρας to outflank the enemy's wing. 2. metaph. to surpass, excel.

ὑπερτελέω, to pass quite over, overleap. From

ὑπέρ-τελής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (ὑπέρ, τέλος) going over or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overleaping: c. gen., ἄθλον ὑπερτελής one who has reached the end of his labours. II. = ὑπερτέλλω, rising over or above.

ὑπερ-τέλλω, f. -τελῶ: aor. I -έτειλα:—to rise or

appear over or above; ὑπερτείλας ὁ ἥλιος the sun *having risen above the horizon*; ὑπερέλλειν ἐκ γαίας to start from the ground: c. gen. to bang or project over.

ὑπερτερία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, the upper part, esp. the upper frame of a carriage. From

ὑπέρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ὑπέρ, over or above, upper, higher: hence better, more excellent; γενεῇ ὑπέρτερος higher by birth, nobler; ὑπέρτερα νέρτερα θείναι to turn topsy-turvy. II. stronger, mightier; victorious over, c. gen.: neut. as Adv., μαντέων ὑπέρτερον better than soothsayers. III. further, more.

ὑπερ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην: —to put or set over:—Med., ὑπερτίθεσθαι τινί τι to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice.

ὑπερ-τίμῳ, f. ἦσω, to prize or honour above measure.

ὑπέρ-τολμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, τόλμα) overbold. ὑπέρτονος, ον, (ὑπερτείνω) overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch or stretch.

ὑπερτοξέυσμος, ον, to be overshot: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone. From

ὑπερ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to overshoot.

ὑπερ-τρέχω, f. -δράμουναι: aor. 2 ὑπερέδραμον: —to run over or beyond, outrun, escape from. 2. to excel, surpass. 3. to overstep, transgress a law.

ὑπερ-τρυφάω, f. ἦσω, to revel extravagantly.

ὑπερ-ερυθρίαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to grow rather red, to blush or colour a little.

ὑπέρ-ερυθρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐρυθρός) somewhat red.

ὑπερ-ύψηλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὑψηλός) exceedingly high.

ὑπερ-υψόω, f. ὤσω, to exalt or extol exceedingly.

ὑπερ-φαίνομαι, aor. 2 ὑπερφάνην [ᾶ]: Pass. to appear over or above.

ὑπερ-φάλαγγέω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, φάλαγξ) to extend one's phalanx so as to outflank.

ὑπερφάνηαι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑπερφαίνομαι. Hence

ὑπερφάνης, ἑς, gen. ἑός, appearing over or above.

ὑπερ-φάτος, ον, beyond expression, ineffable.

ὑπερ-φέρω, f. -οίσω: aor. I act. -ήνεγκα, pass. -νήεχθην: —to carry over or across. II. intr. to have the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.

ὑπέρ-φευ, Adv. like ὑπερφυῶς, excessively, overmuch: too highly.

ὑπερ-φθίνομαι, poet. 3 sing. aor. 2 -έφθιτο: Pass. to perish for or in behalf of one.

ὑπερφιάλος, ον, properly exceeding in power, exceeding puissant: but mostly in bad sense, overbearing, overweening, arrogant; θυμὸς ὑπερφιάλος an overbearing spirit. Adv. ὑπερφιάλως, exceedingly, excessively: also haughtily, arrogantly. (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of ὑπέρβιος.)

ὑπερ-φίλῳ, f. ἦσω, to love beyond measure.

ὑπερ-φοβέομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to be excessively afraid.

ὑπέρ-φοβος, ον, exceeding timid, very fearful.

ὑπερ-φορέω, to carry over.

ὑπερ-φρίσσω Att. -ττω: f. ἔω: —to shudder at one beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of.

ὑπερφρονέω, f. ἦσω, to have high thoughts, to be overproud. 2. to look down upon, disdain. From

ὑπέρ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, φρήν) highminded, highspirited: haughty, disdainful, arrogant: ἐκ τοῦ ὑπερφρονος from a confidence in one's superiority.

ὑπερ-φυής, ἑς, (ὑπέρ, φυή) beyond natural size, overgrown, enormous, immense. II. of things, extra-

ordinary, singular: beyond the natural course of things, marvellous, strange, absurd: also joined with a relat., ὑπερφυῆς ὅσος, like Lat. mirum quantum, wonderful how great, i. e. excessively great.

ὑπερ-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έφυν pf. -πέφυκα: —to spring or shoot up over or above: hence to outshoot, surpass, excel.

ὑπερφυῶς, Adv. of ὑπερφυῆς, excessively, marvelously: ὑπερφυῶς ὥς wonderfully how, i. e. most wonderfully.

ὑπερφύς, ὅσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of ὑπερφύομαι.

ὑπερ-χαίρω, f. -χάρῃσω: —to rejoice exceedingly at a thing, c. dat. II. c. part. to delight in doing.

ὑπερ-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to let down over.

ὑπερ-χθόνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, χθών) above the earth.

ὑπερ-χλιδάω, f. ἦσω, strengthd. for χλιδάω, like ὑπερτρύφω, to be over wanton or arrogant.

ὑπέρ-ερχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἤλυθον or -ἦλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. ἐρχομαι): Dep.: —to go or come under, get under, enter, Lat. subire, c. acc. II. to go into secretly, to steal or creep into:

metaph. to come upon or over one: ἐπέρχεται με φρίκη a shuddering steals over me. III. to creep into another's good graces, to fawn on: hence to undermine, deceive. IV. to advance slowly.

ὑπερ-χρεως, ον, (ὑπέρ, χρέος) excessively in debt.

ὑπερ-ερώω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπό, ἐρώω) to shrink back, recoil.

ὑπερή Att. ὑπερῶ, ἡ, the upper part of the mouth, the palate: properly fem. of ὑπερῶς.

ὑπερωϊόθεν, Adv. from the upper story. From

ὑπερῶν, Ep. and Ion. ὑπερωϊον, τό, the upper part of the house, the upper story or upper rooms, where the women resided: properly neut. of ὑπερῶς (sub. οἰκημα).

ὑπερῶς, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. ὑπερωίως (from ὑπέρ, as παρῶς from πατήρ), being above or over, overbead. ὑπερωτάτος, η, ον, poet. Sup. for ὑπέρτατος.

ὑπερσεύται, Dor. 3 sing. fut. of ὑπείμι (εἰμι sum).

ὑπέστην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑφίστημι, also 2.

Dor. for ὑπέστην, I sing. of same.

ὑπέστελλα, aor. I of ὑποστέλλω.

ὑπέστρεψα, aor. I of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑπέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπέχω.

ὑπέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπέσχημαι, pf. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπέστρεσας, 2 sing. aor. I of ὑποτρέπω.

ὑπέτυψα, aor. I of ὑποτύπτω.

ὑπε-εύθυνος, ον, (ὑπό, εὐθύνη) liable to give account,

accountable, responsible; ὑπεύθυνος ἀρχή an office at the expiration of which the magistrate has to give an account of his conduct. 2. c. genit. liable to, amenable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of a thing. 3. also c. dat. subject, liable, exposed to.

ὑπ-ενύομαι, Pass. (ὕπo, εὐνάω) to lie under.

ὑπέφθηνα, aor. I of ὑποφαίνω.

ὑπέφραδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποφράζω.

ὑπέχευα, aor. I of ὑποχέω.

ὑπέχρισα, aor. I of ὑποχρίω.

ὑπ-έχω, f. ὑφέω: aor. 2 ὑπέσχον poet. ὑπέσχεθον: (cf. ἔχω):—to hold under or underneath. 2. to put under or place under. 3. to hold out the hand as a pledge: ὑπέχειν οὖδας, Lat. praebere aurem, to lend an ear: hence to hold out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of. 4. to supply, afford, place at one's disposal. II. to hold from underneath, uphold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo, submit to, suffer. 2. in law-phrase, ὑπέχειν δίκην τινός to have to give an account of a thing; ὑπέχειν λόγον to have to give account.

ὑπῆγγαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήγγον, ὑπήγγον, impf. and aor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήκοος, ον, (ὑπακούω) giving ear, hearkening, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen.: as Subst., ὑπήκοοι, οί, subjects.

ὑπήλθον, aor. 2 of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπ-ημύω, to hang down: see ὑπεμνήμυκε.

ὑπήνευκα, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of ὑποφέρω.

ὑπ-ημέμω, ον, (ὑπό, ἀνεμος) full of wind; ὑπηνέμων ὄν a wind-egg which produces no chicken.

ὑπ-ήμεμος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀνεμος) under the wind, under shelter from it; ἐκ τοῦ ὑπηνέμου on the lee side.

ὑπήνη, ἡ, (ὑπό) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

ὑπηνήτης, ον, ὁ, a bearded man; πρῶτον ὑπηνήτης a youth with his first beard.

ὑπ-ηοίος, η, ον, (ὑπό, ἡώς) about dawn, towards morning, early.

ὑπηρεγμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπηρεσία, ἡ, (ὑπηρετέω) the service or duty of rowers. 2. Collective for οἱ ὑπηρέται, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew. II. generally, hard service, hard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

ὑπηρεσίον, τό, (ὑπηρετέω) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

ὑπηρετέω, f. ἥσω: pf. act. ὑπηρετήκα, pass. ὑπηρετήμαι: (ὑπηρετής):—to row, serve on board ship. II. generally, to do hard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; ὑπηρετεῖν τι to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; τὰ ἀπ' ἡμῶν εἰς ὑμᾶς ὑπηρετεῖται the services which are rendered to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, humour. 3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

ὑπηρετήμα, ατος, τό, service rendered, service, help, Lat. officium.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἐρέτης) a rower: generally, a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant, servant, inferior officer, Lat. apparitor; ὑπηρετής ἐργου a helper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each heavy-armed soldier.

ὑπηρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑπηρετής) of or fit for rowing. II. generally, belonging to, suited for serving: of or for an ὑπηρετής or inferior officer or soldier; ὅπλα ὑπηρετικά the arms of the common men; κέλης ὑπηρετικός a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ἰδος, fem. of ὑπηρετής, a helpmate, assistant.

ὑπήριπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερείπω.

ὑπήσω, Ion. for ὑψήσω, fut. of ὑψίμυ.

ὑπ-ηχέω, f. ἥσω, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

ὑπ-ημι, Ion. for ὑψίμυ.

ὑπ-ἰλλω: aor. I ὑπῖλα: (ὑπό, ἰλλω = εἰλω):—to force or draw in underneath: metaph. to keep under, check, restrain; ὑπῖλλεν στόμα to check one's tongue.

ὑποῖσα, part. fem. of ὑπείμι (εἰμι ἰδο).

ὑπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ὑψίστημι.

ὑπ-ισχνέομαι, contr. -οῦμαι Ion. ὑπίσχομαι: fut. ὑποσχέσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπέσχεθον, imperat. ὑπόσχεο: pf. ὑπέσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἴσχω = ἔχω):—to bind oneself under, i. e. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight her troth: also to promise or vow to the gods: generally, to assure, assert, profess.

ὑπ-ίσχομαι, Ion. for ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπνᾶλέος, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleep-bringing, drowsy.

ὑπν-ἀπάτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπνος, ἀπάτῳ) cheating of sleep.

ὑπνιδίος, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleepy, drowsy. [γῆ]

ὑπνο-δοτήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, and ὑπνο-δότης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπνος, δίδωμι) giver of sleep; νόμος ὑπνοδότης a lulling strain: fem. ὑπνοδότεια.

ὑπνο-μάχέω, f. ἥσω, (ὑπνος, μάχομαι) to resist or strive against sleep.

ΥΨΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, sleep, slumber: metaph. the sleep of death. • II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death.

ὑπνο-φόβης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπνος, φοβέω) frightening in sleep.

ὑπνώω, f. ὥσω: pf. act. ὑπνωκα, pass. ὑπνωμαι: (ὑπνος):—to lull to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber. II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep.

ὑπνω, Dor. gen. of ὑπνος.

ὑπν-ώδης, ες, (ὑπνος, εἶδος) of a sleepy nature, drowsy.

ὑπνώω, Lacon. for ὑπνοῦν, inf. of ὑπνώω.

ὑπνώσω Att. -ττω, = ὑπνώω, to be sleepy or drowsy; οὐκ ὑπνώσσει κέαρ my heart slumbers not.

ὑπνώω, Ep. for ὑπνώω, to sleep, fall asleep.

ΥΠΟ΄, Prep, governing gen., dat., et acc.: under: poet. ὑπᾶ, metri grat.

WITH GENIT.,

I. of Place, from under; βέει

κρήνη ὑπὸ σπείους a fountain flows from under a cavern; ἱππους ὑπὸ ζυγοῦ λύειν to unharness horses from under the yoke; ἡμ' ἀρνεοῦ λυόμεν I loosed myself from under the ram.

2. of that under which a thing is, under, beneath; ὑπὸ στέροιο τυχήσας having hit him under the chest.

II. of the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neuters in pass. sense, by, through, Lat. a or ab; κτείνεσθαι ὑπὸ τινος to be slain by a man; θανεῖν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ to fall by his hand; ὑφ' ἑαυτοῦ by one's own free action; ἀκούειν ὑπὸ τινος to hear, i.e. be told by, one.

2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος to flee by reason of one; ὑπὸ κήρυκος προηγόρευε he proclaimed by voice of herald.

3. ὑπὸ is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; ὑπὸ δέους, χαρᾶς, etc., by or from fear, joy, etc.; hence with active Verbs also, as πράττειν τι ὑμ' ἀρετῇς to do somewhat by reason of courage; ὑπὸ δέους by reason of fear, etc.; ὀρύσσειν ὑπὸ μαστιγῶν to dig by constraint of the lash.

4. to express subjection, ἀρετῶσιν ὑμ' αὐτοῦ they are virtuous under his sway.

5. ὑπὸ is often used of attendant circumstances; ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο λαῖς at the blast of Zephyr; of music, κωμάζειν ὑμ' αὐλοῦ to revel to the sound of the flute; πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, ὑμ' εὐδμήνου βοῆς θῦσαι to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

WITH DAT. of the object, under which a thing is:

I. of Place; ὑπὸ ποσσὶ ὑπὸ one's feet; ὑπὸ τῇ ἀκροπόλει under the acropolis; ὑφ' ἄρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; ὑπὸ χερσὶ δαμῆναι to be subdued under, i.e. by force of, one's arm; so φοβεῖσθαι ὑπὸ τινι to fear under, i.e. by reason of, one; ὑπὸ πομπῇ τινος βῆναι to proceed under one's guidance.

II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence ὑπὸ τινι under one's power; εἶναι ὑπὸ τινι to be subordinate, subject to a person; ἔχειν ὑφ' ἑαυτῷ to have under one, at one's command.

WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, to express motion towards and under an object, as, ὑπὸ σπέος ἤλασε μῆλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; ὑπὸ Τροίην λείναι to go under the walls of Troy; so, ὑπὸ δικάστηριον ἀγειν to bring under the judgment-seat.

2. under an object, without signif. of motion, ὑμ' ἡῶ τ' ἡλιόν τε under morning and the sun.

II. of Time, like Lat. sub, about, near upon, ὑπὸ νύκτα towards night; ὑπὸ τὴν ἑω about morning; ὑπὸ τὸν σεισμόν about the time of the earthquake; also c. part., ὑπὸ τὸν νῆν κατακάεντα about the time of the burning of the temple.

POSITION: ὑπὸ sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written ὑπο.

Ἵπὸ stands absol. AS ADV., under, beneath, beneath. 2. behind. II. secretly, unnoticed.

IN COMPOS.: I. under, either of rest, as in ὑπ-εἰμι to be under; or of motion, as in ὑπο-βαῖνω to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with another, as in ὑπ-άργυρος, ὑπ-χρυσός. 3. to express

subjection, as in ὑπο-δαμάω, ὑπο-δύω. II. denoting what is gradual, secret, etc., somewhat, a little, by degrees, like Lat. sub, as in ὑπο-θαμνέω.

ὑπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop, stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

ὑπο-βαῖνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base.

II. metaph. to be below, be less in height; τεσσαράκοντα πόδας ὑποβάς τῆς ἐτέρης [πυραμίδος] ταῦτὸ μέγεθος going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i.e. building it forty feet lower.

ὑπο-βάλλω, ἑ. ὑββάλλω, f. -βάλλω: pf. act. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw, put or lay under, Lat. subternere.

II. Med. to substitute another's child for one's own, palm a supposititious child upon one.

2. metaph. to palm or pass off false charges.

III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort.

IV. to suggest, submit to one.

ὑπόβασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποβαῖνω) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden.

ὑπο-βένθος, ον, (ὑπό, βένθος) in the depths below.

ὑπο-βήσσω Att. -βήττω: f. -βήξω:—to cough a little, have a slight cough.

ὑπο-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑπο-βαῖνω, to draw or bring down:—Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down.

ὑπο-βλέπω, f. -βλέψομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at, look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrily.

ὑποβλήδην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in underhand or covertly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof.

II. looking sidelong.

ὑποβλητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ὑποβάλλω, to be laid or put under.

ὑπόβλητος, ον, (ὑποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeit, false.

ὑποβολή, ἡ, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting or laying under. 2. a suggesting, reminding.

II. pass. that which is put under, a foundation, groundwork: metaph. the subject, subject-matter.

ὑποβολιμαῖος, α, ον, (ὑποβάλλομαι) substituted by stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit; τὰ ὑποβολιμαῖα (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children.

ὑπο-βρέω, to roar under or in answer to.

ὑπο-βρέχω, f. ἔω: pf. pass. -βέβρεγμα:—to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:—pf. pass. part. ὑποβεβρεγμένος, somewhat drunk.

ὑπο-βρύχιος, ον, also α, ον, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ὑ]

ὑπόβρυχος, ον, = ὑποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα to be covered with water.

ὑπό-γαιος or ὑπόγειος, ον, (ὑπό, γαῖα) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous.

ὑπο-γάστριον, τό, (ὑπό, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the paunch.

II. the lower part of a sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

ὑπό-γειος, *ov*, = ὑπόγειος.

ὑπο-γέλαω, *f*, -άσομαι [ᾱ] :—to laugh at.

to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. subridere.

ὑπο-γενεάζω, *f*, *σω*, (ὑπό, γένειον) to intreat by touching the chin.

ὑπο-γίγνομαι, later and Ion. -γίνομαι : aor. 2 -εγενόμην : Dep. :—to grow up by degrees or in succession, Lat. subnasci.

ὑπό-γλαυκος, *ov*, somewhat gray.

ὑπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under, to eye askance or suspiciously.

ὑπο-γλυκαίνω, (ὑπό, γλυκός) to sweeten a little : metaph. to coax and smooth down.

ὑπο-γνάμπτω, *f*, *ψω*, to bend under or gradually.

ὑπογνώσκει, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ὑπογινώσκω.

ὑπογράμμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑπογράφω) that which is written under : a signature. 2. an inscription.

ὑπο-γραμμάτεως, *ἑως*, ὁ, an under clerk, under secretary. Hence

ὑπογραμμάτεω, *f*, *σω*, to be a ὑπογραμμάτεως, act as under clerk.

ὑπογραμμός, ὁ, (ὑπογράφω) a writing-copy, pattern, model.

ὑπογραφεύς, *ἑως*, ὁ, (ὑπογράφω) one who writes under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis : at Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (ἐκκλησία).

ὑπογραφή, ἡ, a subscription, signature : an indictment. 2. an impression, mark, print. II. a sketch, design, outline, Lat. adumbratio.

III. a painting under of the eyelids. From

ὑπο-γράφω [ᾱ], *f*, *ψω* : pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι : —to write under, subjoin : to subscribe, sign : to write the name or title upon a thing. II. Med. to set one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringing a charge against any one, Lat. subscribere accusationem in aliquem. 2. in drawing, to sketch, draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat. adumbrare : metaph. to sketch out, delineate. III. to paint under the eyelids.

ὑπό-γυος or -γυος, *ov*, (ὑπό, γυῖον) under the band, close at hand : fresh, new ; hence late, recent. II. sudden, unexpected ; ἐξ ὑπογύου off band, from the spur of the moment. Hence

ὑπογυῖος or -γυῖος, Adv. newly, lately : Comp. ὑπογυϊότερον more recently ; Sup. ὑπογυϊότατα very lately.

ὑπό-γυος, *ov*, = ὑπόγυος.

ὑπο-δακρύω, *f*, ὡς [ῡ], to weep a little or in secret.

ὑπο-δάμω, *f*, ἄω [ᾱ] : pf. -δέδημκα : Pass., aor. I ὑπεδήμην : pf. -δέδημαι :—to subdue under one, to overpower, overcome : aor. I pass. part. fem. ὑποδηθείσα, having yielded to.

ὑπο-δάμνημι, = ὑποδαμῶ ; so also in Med. :—Pass. ὑποδανῶμαι, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome.

ὑποδδεῖσας, Ep. aor. I part. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑποδεμένος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδεμένος, pf. pass. of ὑποδέω.

ὑποδεδηγμαί, pf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδεδῶς, pf. part. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑποδεδῶς, ὁ, (ὑπό, δεδῶς) literally, crouching for fear, name of a bird in Aristophanes.

ὑποδέδρομα, poet. pf. of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δεῖς, *ἑς*, gen. *ἑος*, (ὑπό, δέος) somewhat deficient, slighter, less, generally, below another, inferior to him ; esp. in Comp., ὑποδέστερος inferior ; ἐκ πολλῶν ὑποδεστέρων with means much inferior.—Comp. Adv. ὑποδεστέρας, in inferior numbers.

ὑποδείγμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑποδείκνυμι) a sign, token, mark. II. a pattern, copy, example.

ὑπο-δεῖδω, *f*, *σω* : aor. I ὑπέδεια Ep. ὑπέδδεια : Ep. pf. ὑποδεῖδω : 3 pl. Ep. plqpf. ὑποδεῖδισαν : poet. pf. ὑπαδεῖδωκα, for ὑποδεῖδωκα :—to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc. 2. to shrink in fear from, cower before. II. absol. to be somewhat afraid.

ὑπο-δεῖνυμι and -ῶω : fut. -δέξω Ion. -δέξω : aor. I ὑπέδεια Ion. -έδεξα :—to shew underhand or secretly : to give a mere glimpse of. 2. to intimate, give to understand. II. to mark out : to shew, teach by example. III. to shew forth, make a display of, pretend to : also simply, to shew.

ὑπο-δειλιάω, *f*, ἄω [ᾱ], to be somewhat cowardly.

ὑπο-δειπνέω, to stand in secret awe of.

ὑπο-δειπνῶ, *f*, ἥω, to dine instead of another.

ὑποδέσας, aor. I part. of ὑποδεῖδω.

ὑπο-δέχομαι, Ion. for ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέω, to build under, lay as a foundation.

ὑποδεξί, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) reception of a guest, means of entertainment. [I in Ep., metri grat.]

ὑποδέξιος, *αος*, *ov*, (ὑποδέχομαι) able to receive, capacious, ample.

ὑπο-δερίς, *ἰδος*, ἡ, (ὑπό, δέρη) a neck-ornament, necklace.

ὑπόδεως, *ἑως*, ἡ, (ὑποδέω) = ὑποδήματα, one's shoes.

ὑποδέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι : *f*, -δέχομαι : aor. I -έδεξάμην : pf. -δέδεμαι : also aor. I pass. -έδεχθην (in pass. sense) : Dep. :—to receive beneath the surface of the sea. 2. to receive under one's roof, welcome, entertain ; ὁ ὑποδεξάμενος one's entertainer or host. 3. to give ear to, hearken to. II. to undertake, engage, promise, Lat. in se recipere : also to undertake a work or task. 2. to admit or allow the justice of a thing ; with a negat., οὐχ ὑποδέχεσθαι to refuse to admit, deny. III. to endure, bear. IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, Lat. excipere. 2. to follow in rank or order : to come next to, border upon. V. of a woman, to conceive, become pregnant.

ὑπο-δέω, *f*, -δήσω : pf. pass. ὑποδέδεμαι :—to bind or tie under :—Med. to bind under one's feet, put on shoes, etc., κοθίρους ὑποδέσθαι to put on one's buskins : absol., ὑποδέσθαι to put on one's shoes : pf. pass. part., ὑποδεμένος, with one's shoes on ; ὑποδεμένοι τὸν ἀριστερὸν πόδα with the left foot shod.

ὑπο-διδάσκειν, f. ὥσω, to *show secretly, indicate*.
ὑπόδημα, atos, τό, (ὑποδέω) *that which is bound under, a sandal*, Lat. *solea*: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. *calceus*.

ὑπόδησαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὑποδέω.
ὑποδησαι, aor. I act. inf. of ὑποδέω.
ὑπο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, the under-teacher of a chorus.
ὑπό-δικος, on, (ὑπό, δική) *subject to trial, brought to trial*: c. gen., ὑπόδικος γενέσθαι *χερῶν* to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.

ὑπο-διφθερος, on, (ὑπό, διφθέρα) *clothed in skins*.
ὑποδυμηνός, aor. I pass. part. of ὑποδύω.
ὑπο-δύω, -ῶς, ὁ, an under-servant, assistant.
ὑποδοχή, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a hospitable reception, entertainment: also a harbouring, as of slaves.

II. acceptance, approval: hence support, aid, succour.
III. a supposition, assumption.
IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, quarters.

ὑπόδρα, (ὑποδρακύν) poet. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase ὑπόδρα ἰδὼν *looking askance, i. e. fiercely, sternly*.

ὑποδρακύν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποδέρκομαι.
ὑποδραμύν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποτρέχω.
ὑπο-δράω poet. ὑποδράω: f. -δράσω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.

ὑποδρηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

ὑποδρομή, ἡ, (ὑποδραμύν) a running under or into the way of a thing.

ὑπόδρομος, on, (ὑποδραμύν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομος ἔχοντες a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

ὑπό-δροςος, on, somewhat dewy or damp.

ὑποδρώσις, poet. for ὑποδρῶσις, 3 pl. of ὑποδράω.

ὑπο-δύνω, = ὑποδύω. [ὑ]

ὑποδύς, ὅσα, ὅν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύνω.

ὑπόδυσις, εως, ἡ, a diving or plunging under. II. refuge, escape from a thing. From

ὑπο-δύω or -δύνω [ὑ]: f. -δύσω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑπέδυσα:—to slip on under. 2. intr. to slip in under, to slip or slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip from under, c. acc.

II. mostly in Med. ὑποδύομαι, aor. I ὑπεδυσάμην: also with aor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, pf. ὑπέδυνκα:—to dive under, slip into, steal or slink into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes. 2. c. gen. to creep or come forth, emerge from. 3. to go under, take on one's shoulders: then, to undergo, take on oneself, c. acc. 4. of feelings, to steal into or over, come on gradually. 5. ὀφθαλμοὶ ὑποδεδυκότες *sunken eyes*.

ὑπο-εἰκώ, f. ὑπο-εἰσέομαι, Ep. for ὑπέκω, ὑπέιστομαι.

ὑπο-εργός, ὄν, contr. ὑποεργός, q. v.

ὑπο-ἐλάκος, ὁ, also ἡ, an under-priest or priestess.

ὑπο-ἐλκύνω and -ῶ, f. -ἐλκύνω: aor. I. ὑπέλκυα: Pass., aor. 2 ὑπέλκυσθην [ὑ]: pf. ὑπέλκυσμαι:—to yoke under, put under the yoke: to bring under:—Pass. to be yoked under, be subjected to.

ὑπο-ἐλύνω, τό, (ὑπό, ζυγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

ὑπο-ἐλύνω, f. ὥσω, = ὑπο-ἐλύνω.

ὑπόζωμα, atos, τό, (ὑποζώννυμι) a flat rope or strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ὑπο-ζώννυμι and -ῶ: f. -ζῶσω: pf. act. ὑπέζωκα, pass. ὑπέζωμαι:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a ship, i. e. to fasten ropes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ὑπο-θάλλω, f. ψω, to beat underneath or inwardly:—Pass. to glow beneath.

ὑποθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θερμαίνω, to beat gently:—Pass. to grow somewhat hot, to glow.

ὑπό-θερμος, on, somewhat hot or passionate:—Comp. -ότερος, too basty or passionate.

ὑποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπόθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundation.

II. that which is laid down or assumed, a hypothesis, supposition, Lat. *assumptio*. 2. a question for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat. *argumentum*.

III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle. 2. generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

ὑπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip up. II. to run in before, slip in before in running a race.

III. to run in too hastily.

ὑποθήκη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, hint, piece of advice.

II. a pledging, mortgage.

ὑποθημοσύνη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ὑποθήσομαι, fut. med. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θλιβω [ῥ], f. ψω, to press under or gently.

ὑπο-θορύβω, f. ῥσω, to make a little noise: to begin to make a noise.

ὑπο-θράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -θράξω, Att. contr. from ὑποταράσσω.

ὑπο-θρύπτομαι, fut. -θρύψομαι: aor. I ὑπεθρύφην: Dep. i.—to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ὑπο-θυμιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. *suffire*.

ὑπο-θυμῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, θυμός) a garland worn on the neck.

II. a kind of bird.

ὑπο-θαπέω, to flatter a little, win by flattery.

ὑπο-θωρήσω, f. ξω, to arm underband:—Med. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ὑπο-ιχῶ [ᾶ], to sound forth a little or below.

ὑπο-οἶνυμι and ὑπο-οίγω, f. οἶστω, to open a little or secretly.

ὑπο-οικῶ, f. ῥσω, to dwell or lie under.

ὑπο-οικίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, οἰκίζω) = ὑποοικέω.

ὑπο-οικοδομέω, f. ῥσω, to build under or beneath.

ὑπο-οικουρέω, f. ῥσω, to keep house, stay at home.

II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at home, to contrive underband. 2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with.

ὑπο-οιμῶζω, fut. -ώξομαι, to moan a little or softly.

ὑπο-καθέζομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down under.

ὑπο-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτῃμαι, (properly perf. of ὑποκαθέζομαι):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under.

II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambush.

2. c. acc. pers. to lie in wait for.

ὑπο-καθίζω, fut. Att. ἰῶ, to set down under: to place in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidere.

ὑπο-καίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below.

ὑπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend short back.

2. intr. to turn short back, double, as a hare.

II. metaph. to fall short of, c. acc.

ὑπο-κάρδιος, ον, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the heart.

ὑπο-καταβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

ὑπο-κατακλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lay down under:—Pass. to lie down below: metaph. to give way, submit, yield.

ὑπο-κάτῃμαι, Ion. for ὑποκάθημαι.

ὑπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, underneath. [ᾶ]

ὑπό-κειμαι, f. -κέισομαι, used as Pass. of ὑποτίθημι, to lie under or below; πεδίον ἱερῷ ὑπόκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie bidden under.

II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; δυνὸν ὑποκειμένων two things being proposed.

2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: ὑπόκειται absol. a rule is laid down.

3. to be suggested.

4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved.

5. to be subject to, submit: also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ὕλη ὑποκειμένη subject matter.

6. to be subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; τὰ ὑποκειμένα the articles pledged.

ὑπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κενυστής: to give the time in rowing.

ὑπο-κηρύσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to proclaim by voice of herald:—Med. to have a thing proclaimed or cried.

ὑπο-κινέω, f. ἤσω: aor. 1 -έκινῃσα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently on.

II. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδὲμια πόλις ἂν ὑπεκίνησε no city would ever have moved so gently.

ὑπ-οκλᾶζω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ὑπο-κλαίω, to weep in secret.

ὑπο-κλάω, f. ᾶσω [ᾶ], to break underneath or by degrees.

ὑπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal underhand:—Pass. to be defrauded in a matter.

ὑπο-κλίνω, to lay under:—Pass., aor. 1 ὑπεκλίνθην, to be laid or lie under.

ὑπο-κλονέω, f. ἤσω, to rout under one or by one's prowess:—Pass. to be routed, scattered before one.

ὑπο-κλοπέω, f. ἤσω, like ὑποκλέπτω, to conceal under:—Pass. to be bidden under.

ὑπο-κλύω, f. ὕσω, to wash or cleanse from below:—Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

ὑπο-κνίξω, f. ἴσω, to irritate or excite secretly:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὑπο-κόλπιος, ον, (ὑπό, κόλπος) lying on the bosom: as Subst. a darling.

2. worn under the girdle.

ὑπό-κοπος, ον, (ὑπό, κόπος) somewhat tired.

ὑπο-κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence,

1. to call by endearing names: 2. to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate.

3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

ὑποκόρισμα, ατος, τό, a coaxing or endearing word: a fair name for something base.

ὑποκορισμός, ὁ, = ὑποκόρισμα.

ὑπο-κουρίζομαι, Ion. for ὑποκορίζομαι: to console with songs.

ὑπο-κρέω, f. ξω, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's hand: to sound in harmony with, c. dat.

2. c. acc. to play an accompaniment.

ὑπο-κρητηρίδιον, τό, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [ῤ]

ὑποκρίνατο, 3. sing. aor. 1 opt. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [ῤ]

ὑποκρίνασθαι, aor. 1 inf. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [ῤ]

ὑπο-κρίνομαι [ῤ], f. -κρινούμαι: aor. 1 med. ὑπεκρινάμην, pass. ὑπεκρίθην [ῤ]: Med.:—to reply, make answer, answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound, interpret.

II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue, play a part on the stage, the part played being put in acc.; ὑποκρίνεσθαι Προμηθεῖα to play Prometheus.

2. of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant.

3. metaph. to play a part, dissemble, play the hypocrite.

ὑποκρίσις, ἡ, = ὑποκρίσις.

ὑποκρίσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) a reply, answer.

II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also an orator's delivery, elocution.

2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

ὑποκρίτης, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) one who answers: an interpreter or expounder.

II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor.

2. a dissembler, pretender, hypocrite. Hence

ὑποκρίτικος, ἡ, ὄν, besitting an actor: skilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ὑποκριτική (sub. τέχνη) the art of delivery, elocution.

ὑπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harper striking the strings: to beat time.

II. metaph. to take up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack.

ὑπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 pass. ὑπεκρύφθην:—to bide under or beneath:—Med., c. acc. pers. to keep something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρώω, f. ξω, to croak against.

ὑπό-κυκλος, ον, running upon wheels.

ὑπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ὑπέκυβα:—to bend or stoop under, esp. under a yoke; οἱ Μῆδοι ὑπέκυβαν Πέρσας the Medes submitted to the Persians: to bow down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to peep into a place.

II. c. acc., ὑποκύπτειν τὴν τύχην to stoop the shoulder so as to let a load be put on.

ὑπο-κύομαι, Med. (ὑπό, κύνει) of the woman, to conceive, to become pregnant; aor. I part. ὑποκυσσάμενη. ὑπο-κώλιον, τό, (ὑπό, κῶλον) the hip-bone, or the thigh.

ὑπο-κωμῶδεις, f. ἤσω, to ridicule a little or underhand.

ὑπό-κωφος, ov, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.

ὑπολαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι; aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον; pf. ὑπέλαβα, pass. ὑπελήμμαι; (cf. λαμβάνω):—to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. 2. to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake; of events, to follow next, come next. 3. to take up a word and answer, to reply, rejoin, retort; often in aor. 2 part., ἐφ' ὑπολαβὼν he said in answer. 4. to take up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat. excipere. II. = ὑποδέχομαι, to take or receive under one's protection. 2. to accept or entertain a proposal. III. to take up a notion, assume, understand:—Pass. to be supposed; ἢ ὑπελημμένη χάρις the supposed favour. 2. to suspect. IV. to seize underhand: to draw away, entice. V. ὑπολαμβάνειν ἵππον to hold up or check a horse.

ὑπολαμπής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, shining with inferior light, gleaming. From ὑπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine in under, to gleam beneath. II. to shine a little, begin to shine or dawn.

ὑπο-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour a libation therewith or to. ὑπο-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave remaining, leave behind. 2. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὑπολείβομαι, to be left behind, stay behind or at home; ὑπολείπεσθαι τοῦ στόλου to stay behind the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced by any one, properly in a race: of stragglers, to lag behind: metaph. to be inferior to one. 3. absol. to fail, come to an end: also to fall short of what one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind one, c. acc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve; ὑπολείπεσθαι αἰτίαν to leave cause for reproach against oneself.

ὑπό-λεπτος, ov, somewhat fine or delicate. ὑπο-λεπτύνω, to make rather fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λευκαίνω, to make white underneath:—Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white.

ὑπο-λήγω, f. ξω, to desist gradually.

ὑπο-λήνιον, τό, (ὑπό, ληνός) the vessel under a press to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Lat. lacus.

ὑπο-λήπτειν, verb. Adj. of ὑπολαμβάνω, one must suppose or understand.

ὑπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching up a word; ἐξ ὑπολήψεως in turn, alternately. 2. a rejoinder, reply. II. a taking in a certain sense, an understanding, opinion.

ὑπο-ολίζω, ov, gen. ονος, (ὑπό, ὀλίγων) somewhat less, slighter or smaller.

ὑπό-λίθος, ov, somewhat stony.

ὑπο-λημπάνω, collateral form of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπό-λίσσος Att. -λίσφος, ov, somewhat smooth, worn smooth.

ὑπό-λιχνος, ov, somewhat dainty.

ὑπο-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι; Dep.:—to take into account or consideration.

ὑπό-λογος, ὁ, a taking into account, a reckoning, account; ὑπόλογον ποιεῖσθαι τινας to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem habere rei.

ὑπό-λόγος, ov Adj. taken into account, beld accountable, responsible.

ὑπό-λοιπος, ov, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat. superstes.

ὑπο-λόχαγος, ὁ, a lieutenant.

ὑπο-λύριος, ov, (ὑπό, λύρα) under the lyre; δόναξ ὑπολύριος a bridge of reed on which the strings rest. [ῥ]

ὑπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ]; aor. 1 -ἐλύσα; pf. -λέλυκα; Pass., pf. -λέλυμαι; plqpf. -ελελύμην; Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἐπέλυτο, 3 pl. ἐπέλυντο:—to loosen, untie or unwind from below, loosen or slacken gradually; ἐπέλυσε γυνία he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυνία ἐπέλυντο his limbs were relaxed under him. II. to loose from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by stealth. 2. to untie a person's sandals from under his feet, take off his shoes, unshoe him:—Med. to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp. to ὑποδεῖσθαι.

ὑπό-μακρος, ov, rather long, longish.

ὑπο-μαλᾶκίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, μαλακίζω) to grow soft or cowardly by degrees.

ὑπο-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften a little or by degrees:—Pass. to be softened gradually.

ὑπό-μαργος, ov, somewhat mad, crazy; Comp. -ότερος.

ὑπο-μάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneath.

ὑπο-μειδία, f. ᾶω [ᾶ], to smile a little or gently.

ὑπομείναι, aor. I inf. of ὑπομένω.

ὑπο-μείων, ov, gen. ονος, somewhat less or inferior: as Subst., ὑπομείονες, oi, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. to ὅμοιοι (peers).

ὑπο-μενετόν or -ητέον, verb. Adj. one must abide, endure. From

ὑπο-μένω, fut. -μενῶ; aor. I -έμεινα:—to stay behind: to stay at home. 2. to survive, remain alive.

II. trans. to abide or await another, to bide his attack. 2. c. acc. rei, to be patient under, to abide patiently, submit to, endure: absol. to stand one's ground, stand firm: c. inf. to undertake to do a thing. 3. to wait for an event: to abide the issue of a thing. 4. to uphold, support, maintain.

ὑπο-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω; pf. pass. -μέμικμαι:—to mix among or up with.

II. intr. to come near secretly, c. dat.; ὑπομῖαι τῇ γῇ to run close under land.

ὑπο-μιμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω; aor. I ὑπέμνησα: I. c. acc. pers. to put one in mind or remind one of a thing. 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind, mention, suggest.

II. Pass. and Med., f. -μνή-

σομαι; aor. 1 -εμνησάμην; pf. -μέμνημαι:—to call to mind, remember: to make mention of.

ὑπό-μισθος, ον, serving for pay, hired, retained.
ὑπο-μνάομαι contr: -μνῶμαι; Dep.:—to court a woman underhand or behind her husband's back.

ὑπο-μνάομαι, Ion. pass. of ὑπομνήσκω; Ep. 2 pl. impf. ὑπεμνάσθε. Hence

ὑπόμνημα, ατος, τό, a remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder: mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. commentarii.

ὑπομνήσκω, aor. 1 inf. of ὑπομνήσκω.
ὑπόμνησις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπομνήσκω) a reminding, calling to mind. II. remembrance.

ὑπο-μνηστεύομαι, Med. to betroth underhand.
ὑπό-μνυμι, to interpose by oath. II. Med. ὑπό-μνῳμαι, f. ὑπομῳμαι; aor. 1 ὑπομῳσάμην:—to swear in bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit: to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

ὑπομονή, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) a remaining behind. II. a biding out, endurance, patience: c. gen. ῥατιεα under, endurance of a thing.

ὑπό-μωρος, ον, (ὑπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly.
ὑπο-ναίω, to dwell under.

ὑπο-νεύω, incorrect form of ὑπονίφω.

ὑπο-νέμομαι, aor. 1 -ενεμάμην; Med.:—to eat away from beneath; metaph. to consume secretly, undermine.

ὑπο-νέφελος, ον, (ὑπό, νέφελῃ) under the clouds.
ὑπο-νήμις, ον, (ὑπό, Νήμιον) under the promontory Neium, lying at its base.

ὑπο-νήχομαι, f. -ἤσομαι, Dep. to swim under, dive.
ὑπο-νίφω [Ὶ], to snow a little:—impers. ὑπένιφε, there was a little snow:—Pass., νύξ ὑπονιφομένη a snowy night.

ὑπο-νοέω, f. ἤσω, to think covertly, suspect: to conjecture, guess, guess at; ὑπονοεῖν τι εἰς τινα to entertain a suspicion of one. Hence

ὑπόνοια, ἡ, a hidden meaning or sense: I. a suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy. 2. the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing.

ὑπονομήδον, Adv. underground, by pipes. From ὑπόνομος, ον, (ὑπονέμα) going underground, underground.

II. as Subst. ὑπόνομος, ὁ, an underground passage, mine, Lat. cuniculus: a water-pipe.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἤσω, to be somewhat sickly.
ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἤσω, to go down, sink, settle down, Lat. subsidere: of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ὑπο-νύσσω, f. ξω, to prick underneath: to sting.
ὑπο-νέζω, f. ἴσω, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ξύλος, ον, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath, made of wood plated over.

ὑπο-ξύραω or -έω, f. ἤσω, (ὑπό, ξυράω) to shave or cut off some of the hair: ὑπεξυρηνένος, half-shaven.

ὑπο-ξύριος, α, ον, (ὑπό, ξυρόν) under the razor.
ὑπο-ξύω, f. ὕσω, [Ὶ], to scrape a little: to graze slightly, Lat. stringo.

ὑπο-παρωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underhand.

ὑπο-πάσσω, f. -πάσω [ᾶ], to strew under.

ὑπο-πείνω, f. ἤσω, to be rather hungry, begin to be hungry.

ὑποπεμπτός, ὄν, despatched underhand, sent covertly, Lat. submissus. From

ὑπο-πέμπω, f. φω, to send under or into, c. acc. II. to send secretly: to send as a scout or spy, Lat. submittere.

ὑποπεπηγότες, Ep. pf. part. nom. pl. of ὑποπηγίσσω.

ὑποπέπτωκα, pf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑποπέτωκα, pf. of ὑποπίνω.

ὑπο-πέρδομαι, aor. 2 act. ἐπέπαρδον; Dep.:—to break wind a little, Lat. suppedere.

ὑπο-περκάζω, f. ἄσω, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

ὑποπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποπίπτω.

ὑπο-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ᾶ]; pf. pass. -πέπαμαι:—to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετρος, ον, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewhat rocky.

ὑπο-πίθηκίζω, f. σω, to play the ape a little.

ὑπο-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω; aor. 1 ἐπέπλησα, pass. -επλήσθην:—to fill a little, fill by degrees:—Pass., τέκνον ὑποπλησθῆναι to abound with children.

ὑπο-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ὑπο-πίνω [Ὶ], f. -πίομαι; pf. -πέπωκα:—to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tipping: ὑποπεπωκάς rather tipsy.

ὑπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῖμαι; pf. -πέπτωκα; aor. 2 ὑπέπεσον:—to fall under or down, sink. 2. to fall down before anyone: of a flatterer, to cringe to, fawn on. 3. to fall behind, fall in the rear. II.

to get in under or among. III. of things, to fall out, happen to, befall.

ὑπο-πιστώω Att. -ττώω, f. ὤσω, to smear with pitch or tar.

ὑπο-πλάκιος, α, ον, (ὑπό, Πλάκος) under mount Placos near Troy: cf. ὑπονήμιος. [ᾶ]

ὑπό-πλάτius, υ, somewhat flat or extended. II. somewhat salt: cf. πλατύς.

ὑπό-πλεος, ον Att. -πλεως, ον, (ὑπό, πλέως) pretty full of, c. gen.

ὑπο-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail close under.

ὑπό-πλεως, ον, gen. ω, Att. for ὑπόπλεος.

ὑπο-πλήθσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to strike beneath.

ὑπο-πλώω, Ion. for ὑποπλέω.

ὑπο-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow gently.

ὑπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, ποῖς) a footstool.

ὑπο-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, to bring under:—Med. to make subject to oneself, bring into one's power, win by secret arts. II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ὑπο-πόλιος, ον, (ὑπό, πολίος) somewhat gray.

ὑπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under: go secretly.

ὑπό-πορτις, ιος, ἡ, with a calf under it: of a mother, with a child at the breast.

ὑπο-πραύνω Ep. and Ion. -πρηγνύω, to appease a little or by degrees. [ῡ]

ὑπο-πρίμαι, Dep. to buy under the price.
 ὑπο-πρίω, to gnash (the teeth) secretly. [ῥ]
 ὑπό-πτερος, ον, (ὑπό, πτερόν) feathered, winged:
 swift-winged, fleet: also soaring, flighty.
 ὑποπτεῖν, f. σω, to be suspicious, have suspicion of,
 suspect that, c. inf.: also to suspect, surmise:—Pass.
 to be suspected, mistrusted. From
 ὑπ-όπτῃς, ον, ὁ, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) as masc.
 Adj., suspicious, jealous: of a horse, shy.
 ὑπο-πτήσσω, f. ξω: pf. -πέπηχα, Ep. part. -πεπ-
 τῆς, pl. -πεπτηῶτες:—to crouch or cower down
 from fear; πετάλοις ὑποπεπτηῶτες crouching under
 the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cower be-
 fore another: absol. to be modest, abashed.
 ὑποπτος, ον, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) looked at
 from under: looked askance at, viewed with suspicion
 or jealousy, suspected. II. act. suspecting, fear-
 ing, Lat. suspicax: as Subst., τὸ ὑποπτον, suspicion,
 jealousy.
 ὑπόπτως, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.
 ὑπ-όρθριος, ον, also, α, ον, (ὑπό, ὄρθρος) towards
 morning, about dawn, at break of day.
 ὑπο-ρίπίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, ῥίπις) to fan from below
 or gently.
 ὑπ-όρνυμι, f. -όρω: aor. I -ῶρσα:—to stir up
 from under, rouse gently or gradually:—Pass. ὑπόρ-
 νύμαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ὑπώρτο: pf. 2 -ῶpora:—to
 arise from under or gradually.
 ὑπ-όροφος, ον, = ὑπώροφος. II. sounding softly
 from a reed; ὑπόροφος βοά the soft note of the pipe.
 ὑπο-ρύπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up:
 metaph. to devise, make up.
 ὑπο-ρέω, f. pass. -ρνήσομαι and aor. 2 ὑπερρῆνυ
 (in act. sense): pf. -ερρήκη:—to flow away under:
 to glide into unperceived, Lat. subrepere; to flow or
 fall in gradually. 2. to slip away: of the hair,
 to fall off: of Time, to run on.
 ὑπο-ρήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω, to make to break
 underneath:—Pass. to be rent from beneath, break
 gradually open.
 ὑπόρ-ρηνος, ον, (ὑπό, ῥήν) poet. for ὑπαρνος, with
 a lamb under it.
 ὑπορ-ρίπίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, = ὑπορίπίζω.
 ὑπ-ορύσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to dig under, under-
 mine.
 ὑπ-ορχέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to dance with or to
 music.
 ὑπό-σαθρος, ον, somewhat rotten, tainted.
 ὑπο-σαλπίζω, f. ἰγξω, to sound the trumpet slightly.
 ὑπο-σεῖω Ep. ὑποσσεῖω, f. -σεῖω:—to shake from
 below or gently, set in motion a little.
 ὑπο-σημαίνω, f. ἀνῶ, to give a hint of, intimate,
 indicate quietly: c. dat., σάλπιγγι ὑποσημαίνειν to
 make signal by sound of trumpet.
 ὑπο-σιγάω, f. -ήσομαι, to be silent to or during.
 ὑπο-σιωπάω, f. -ήσομαι, to pass over in silence.
 ὑπο-σκάζω, f. ἄσω, to bait a little.
 ὑπο-σκάλεύω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire.

ὑπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.
 ὑπο-σκελίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, σκέλος) to trip up one's
 heels, to upset, throw down, Lat. supplantare.
 ὑπό-σκιος, ον, (ὑπό σκιά) under the shade, over-
 shadowed: of suppliants, shaded by their olive-
 branches.
 ὑπο-σμούω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire:—
 Pass. to smoulder away. [ῶ]
 ὑπο-σπάνίζομαι, pf. ὑπεσπάνισμαι: Pass.:—to suf-
 fer want a little, c. gen. rei, βορᾶς ὑπεσπανισμένους
 stinted or in want of food.
 ὑπο-σπῶω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to draw away from under,
 to withdraw secretly:—Med., ὑποσπάσασθαι τὸν ἱπ-
 πον to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.
 ὑπό-σπονδος, (ὑπό, σπονδή) under a truce or treaty,
 secured by treaty: subject to the conditions of a truce
 or treaty: τούς νεκρούς ὑποσπόνδους ἀποδιδόναι or
 ἀναμείβεσθαι, to grant or ask for a truce to take up
 the bodies of the slain.
 ὑποστάθμη, ἥ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the
 bottom, sediment.
 ὑποσταῖν, aor. 2 opt. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑποστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπόστασις, εως, ἥ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles
 at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under,
 a support: metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter
 of a thing. 2. metaph. the foundation or ground
 of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. III.
 subsistence, reality: substance, nature, essence.
 ὑποστατός, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑφίσταμαι, set under.
 ὑπό-στεγος, ὄν, (ὑπό, στέγη) under the roof, under
 cover of a house. 2. covered over.
 ὑπο-στῆγω, f. ξω, to cover, stow, bide under.
 ὑπο-στέλλω, f. -στελέω: aor. I ὑπέστειλα: pf.
 ὑπέσταλκα, pass. -έσταλμαι:—to let down, lower,
 take in: to furl, strike sail, etc. II. Med. to
 draw or shrink back from, shrink from the presence
 of. 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear:
 absol. to dissemble; οὐδὲν ὑποστελλόμενος with no
 dissimulation.
 ὑπο-στενάζω, f. ξω, = ὑποστένω, to sigh or moan in
 an under tone. II. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόλον νώτοις
 ὑποστενάζει be groans under the weight of heaven
 on his back.
 ὑπο-στενᾶχίζω, f. ἴσω = ὑποστενάξω.
 ὑπο-στένω, to sigh or groan in a low tone, begin to
 sigh or groan.
 ὑποστηῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπο-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to underprop.
 ὑποστηῆναι, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπο-στήλβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shine softly.
 ὑποστολή, ἥ, (ὑποστέλλω) a letting down or lower-
 ing of sails: a shrinking back. II. submission.
 ὑπο-στοναχίζω, = ὑποστεναχίζω.
 ὑπο-στορέννυμι also -στέρνυμι and -στρώννυμι:

fut. —στορέσω and —στρώσω : aor. I ὑπεστόρεσα and —έστρωσα : pf. ὑπέστρωκα, pass. ὑπέστρωμαι :—to spread, lay or strew under :—Med., to strew or lay under for oneself : 3 sing. pf. pass., ᾤ χαλκὸς ὑπέστρωται which has copper laid under it.

ὑποστορέσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑποστράτηγέω, f. ἴσω, to serve under as lieutenant.

From

ὑποστράτηγος, ὁ, a lieutenant-general.

ὑποστρέφθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. from

ὑπο-στρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. I —εστρέφην : pf.

—έστρωμαι :—to turn round about, guide back. II.

intr. to turn short round, wheel round, turn and flee :

to return : so in fut. med. ὑποστρέφομαι and aor. I

pass. 3, to turn away, elude a person. Hence

ὑποστρεψεία, Ep. aor. I opt. of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑποστρέφῃ, ἡ, (ὑποστρέφω) a turning round : a

turning about, either to flee or to rally ; ἐξ ὑποστρο-

φῆς, Lat. *denuo*, again, anew : also on the contrary.

ὑπόστρωμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποστράννυμι) that which is spread or strewed under, a bed, litter.

ὑπο-στρώννυμι, = ὑποστορέννυμι.

ὑπο-στρίξω or —ίτω, f. ξω, to whistle gently, rustle.

ὑπο-σύρω, to drag down ; to trip up. [ῥ]

ὑπο-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight below.

ὑπόσχεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπόσχεῖς, έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποσχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑποσχεσίη, ἡ, Ep. for ὑπόσχεσις, a promising.

ὑποσχεσίον, τό, = ὑπόσχεσις.

ὑπόσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπισχνέομαι) a promising, promise, engagement ; ὑπόσχεσιν ἐκκληρῶσαι to fulfil a promise ; ὑπόσχεσιν ἀπολαβεῖν to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

ὑποσχομένος, aor. 2 part. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπόσχωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑποσχωῖν, έτω, aor. 2 part. of ὑπέχω.

ὑποτάγη, ἡ, (ὑποτάσσω) subordination, subjection.

ὑπο-ταμνόν, τό, a plant cut off at the root for magic

purposes. From

ὑπο-τάμνω, Ion. for ὑποτέμνω.

ὑπο-τάρασσω Att. —ττω, contr. —θράσσω : f. ξω : pf. pass. —τετάραγμαi :—to stir up, trouble from below

or a little :—Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

ὑπο-ταρβέω, f. ἴσω, to be somewhat afraid : c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

ὑπο-ταρτάρως, ov, (ὑπό, Τάρταρος) under Tartarus, dwelling below Tartarus.

ὑπὸτάσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτείνω) a stretching or spreading out from under ; πεδίων ὑποτάσεις the plains that stretch below.

ὑπο-τάσσω Att. —ττω : f. ξω : pf. pass. —τέταγμαi :—to place or arrange under, subject.

ὑπο-τείνω, f. —τενῶ : aor. I —έτεινα :—to stretch under, put under as a prop or stay. 2. to hold out before

or towards, to hold out, suggest hopes, to promise, offer :—Med. to propose by way of question, submit. 3. to strain to the utmost, make intense.

ὑπο-τείχιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to build a wall under or across : to build a cross-wall. Hence

ὑποτείχιος, εως, ἡ, the building of a cross-wall ; and

ὑπο-τείχισμα, ατος, τό, a cross-wall.

ὑπο-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay off, discharge, liquidate : absol. to pay tribute, be tributary.

ὑπο-τελής, ές, gen. έος, (ὑπό, τέλος) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. *vectigalis*, *tributarius*. II.

act. receiving payment, c. gen.

ὑπο-τέμνω Ion. —τάμνω : f. —τεμῶ and —τάμομαι :

aor. 2 ὑπέταμον : Pass., aor. I —ετμήθην : pf. —τέτ-

μημαι :—to cut away or under : to cut unfairly. II.

to cut off, Lat. *intercipere* ; ὑποτέμνειν τὴν ἐλπίδα to

cut off all ground for hope ; so also in Med., ὑπο-

τέμνεσθαι τὸν πλοῦν to cut off one's passage :—Pass.,

ὑποταμνεσθαι τὸ ἀπὸ τῶν νεῶν to be cut off from the ships.

ὑπο-τίθημι, f. —θήσω : aor. I ὑπέθηκα : aor. 2 ὑπέ-

θην :—to place under : to put under, make sub-

ject. 2. to place under as a foundation, to lay down :

esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for

oneself, presuppose, premise. 3. to propose to one-

self for discussion or argument : to propose to

do. II. to suggest, mostly in Med. : c. dat.

pers. to advise, counsel, admonish : c. inf. to advise

one to do a thing. III. to put down as a deposit or

stake, pawn, pledge, mortgage : hence, 2. to stake,

hazard, venture. 3. to lay in store, store up, keep.

ὑπο-τίμαμαι, f. —ήσομαι, Med. : as Att. law-term, to propose a less penalty for oneself, to lay the damages

at a lower rate.

ὑπο-τίτρώω, to bore through below.

*ὑπο-τλάω, obsol. pres., whence are formed fut.

ὑποτλήσομαι, aor. 2 ὑπέτην, pf. ὑποτέτληκα :—to

bear, endure, submit to.

ὑπο-τονθορίζω or —ύζω, to murmur or bunt softly.

ὑποτοπένω, = ὑποτοπῶ.

ὑποτοπέω, f. ἴσω : aor. I ὑπετόπησα : also as Dep.

ὑποτοπέομαι : aor. I ὑπετοπήθην : (ὑποπτος) :—to

suspect or surmise that : also c. acc. to suspect a per-

son or thing.

ὑπο-τραυλίζω, f. σω, to lisp a little.

ὑπο-τρέω, Ep. for ὑποτρέω.

ὑπο-τρέφω, f. —θρέψω, to bring up secretly or in succession : Med. to foster or cherish secretly.

ὑπο-τρέχω, fut. —θρέξομαι and —δράμομαι : aor. 2

ὑπέδραμον : pf. ὑποδέδρομα :—to run in under ; ὁ

κύων ὑπέδραμε ὑπὸ τοῖς πόδας τοῦ ἵππου the dog ran

under the horse's legs. II. to run under or be-

low. III. to run in between, intercept. IV.

to insinuate oneself into anyone's good graces, flatter,

deceive.

ὑπο-τρέω, f. —τρέσω, to tremble a little : to shrink back, give ground. II. c. acc. to tremble at any-

one, be afraid of him.

ὑπο-τρίβω, f. ψω, to rub beneath, rub or wear away

gradually. II. to grate or pound ingredients for

a dish ; cf. ὑπὸτρυμμα. [Γ]

ὑπο-τρίζω, to cibir or whistly softly.

ὑπότριμμα, ατος, τό, (ὑποτρίβω) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together; ὑποτριμμα βλέπειν to look sharp and sour.

ὑπο-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, to tremble under or a little. II. c. acc. to tremble before anyone.

ὑπότρομος, ου, (ὑποτρέμω) trembling a little, somewhat fearful.

ὑποτροπή, ἡ, (ὑποτρέπω) a turning back, reverse. II. a return, recurrence.

ὑπότροπος, ου, (ὑποτρέπω) turning back, returning or returned home.

ὑπο-τροχάω, ποῖτ. for ὑποτρέχω, to run under.

ὑπο-τρίζω, to hum in an undertone.

ὑπο-τρώγω, f. τρώγομαι : aor. 2 -έτρώγων : to eat underhand or secretly.

ὑπο-τύπω, f. ὥσω, (ὑπό, τύπος) to sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

ὑπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to strike or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύπας κληωνήρ ἀντλέει he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface; ὑποτύπουσα φιάλη τοῦ χρυσοῦ ἐδωρέετο dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.

ὑποτύπωσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτύπω) a general representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio : a copy, pattern.

ὑπο-ουάτιος, α, ου, (ὑπό, οὐδαρ) under the udder, hence sucking. [α]

ὑπο-ουλος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐλή) of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over : hence unsound or rotten underneath, hollow, unreal; κάλλος κακῶν ὑπουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.

ὑπο-ουράνιος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐράνιος) under heaven or the heavens : reaching up to heaven.

ὑπουργέω, f. ἦσω : pf. act. ὑπουργηκα, pass. ὑπούρημαι : (ὑπουργός) :—to render service, to serve, succour : to be of service : c. neut. acc., χρηστά Ἀθηναίοισι ὑπουργεῖν to do the Athenians good service; τὰ ὑπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence ὑπούρημα, ατος, τό, a service rendered.

ὑπουργητέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπουργέω, one must serve or be kind to.

ὑπουργία, ἡ, (ὑπουργέω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium : in bad sense, obsequiousness, complaisance.

ὑπουργός, όν, contr. for ὑποεργός, (ὑπό, *ἐργω) rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.

ὑπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω : aor. I -έφηνα :—to shew or bring to light from under; θρίνυν ὑπέφηνε τραπέζης he drew the stool from under the table. 2. to shew a little, give a glimpse of. II. Pass. to shew oneself or to be seen under; ὑπό τὰς πύλας πόδες ὑποφαίνονται feet are seen under the gates.

III. intr. to shine forth a little : of morning, to dawn, break, glimmer : so also of the first appearance of spring; cf. ὑπολάμπω.

ὑπο-φάτις, ιος, ἡ, Dor. for ὑποφήτις, fem. of ὑποφήτης, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑπόφασσις, ἡ, a small light glimmering through a hole : generally, a narrow opening. From ὑπο-φάσκω, (ὑπό, φάος) to begin to shine.

ὑπό-φανυσις, ιος, ἡ, Aeol. for ὑπόφασσις, (ὑπό, φάσις) a secret whispering.

ὑπο-φείδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to spare or forbear.

ὑπο-φέρω, f. ὑποίωσις : aor. I ὑπήνεγκα Ion. ὑπήνεκα : aor. 2 ὑπήνεγκον : (cf. φέρω) :—to bear or carry away under, to bear out of danger, to rescue. II. to bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden : generally, to bear, endure, suffer. III.

to bold out under or before : to bold out, suggest, proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.

ὑπο-φεύγω, f. -φεύβομαι, to flee from under, evade : to retire a little, shrink back.

ὑποφητεύω, to hold the office of ὑποφήτης. From

ὑπο-φήτης, ου, ό, (ὑπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.

ὑπο-φθάνω [α], f. ὑποφθίσσομαι later also -φθάσω [α] : aor. I ὑπέφθασα : aor. 2 ὑπέφθην, inf. ὑποφθῆναι, part. ὑποφθάς : pf. ὑπέφθόκα :—to haste before, be or get beforehand; ὑποφθάς δουρὶ μέσον περόνησεν getting beforehand he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part., ὑποφθάμενος κτεῖνεν he killed him beforehand.

ὑπο-φθονέω, f. ἦσω, to feel secret envy at.

ὑπό-φθονος, α, ου, a little envious or jealous : Adv. -ως, somewhat jealously.

ὑπο-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire or heat from below.

ὑπο-φόνιος, ου, (ὑπό, φόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.

ὑπο-φραδισσύνη, ἡ, suggestion : in plur. counsels. From

ὑπο-φράζομαι, Med. to conjecture.

ὑπο-φρίσσω Att. -πτω : f. ξω : pf. -πέφρικα :—to shudder a little.

ὑποφύγών, οὔσα, όν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποφεύγω.

ὑπο-φωλεύω, to lie hidden under.

ὑπο-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to call gently to.

ὑπο-φάζομαι, aor. 2 -κεκαῶδην : Dep. :—to give way gradually or a little, retire slightly.

ὑπο-χαλινίδιος [ν], α, ου, (ὑπό, χαλινός) under the bridle; ὑποχαλινιδία (sc. ἡνία), ἡ, a kind of snaffle-bridle.

ὑπο-χαροπός, όν, (ὑπό, χαροπός) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.

ὑπο-χάσκω, to gape or yawn open a little.

ὑπο-χέριος, ου, also α, ου, (ὑπό, χεῖρ) under one's hands, in the hand : under anyone's power or control, subject to; ὑποχειρίους ποιέισθαι to make subject.

ὑπο-χέω, f. -χεύω : aor. I ὑπέχεα Ep. ὑπέχευα : pf. pass. -κέχϋμαι : 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπεκέχϋτο :—to pour under, pour out for another : of dry things, to strew or spread under; φύλλα ὑποκεχυμένα ὑπὸ τοῖς ποσὶ the leaves strewn under their feet : metaph. in Pass. to be spread or steal over one gradually; ἀπιστίη ὑπεκέχϋτο αὐτῷ distrust stole over him.

ὑπο-χθόνιος, *ον*, (ὑπό, χθών) *under the earth, subterraneous.*

ὑπό-χθων, *ονος*, *ὁ, ἡ*, = ὑποχθόνιος.

ὑποχος, *ον*, (ὑπέχω) *subject, under control*, τινί to one: also *c. gen.*, ὑποχοί τινος *a king's subjects.*

ὑπό-χρεως, *ων*, *gen. ω*, (ὑπό, χρεός) *subject to debt, in debt*: of property, involved, embarrassed, *Lat. obaeratus.*

ὑπο-χρῶ, *φ.*—χρῶω [ῥ]: *aor. I act. ἐπέχρισα, pass. ἐπεχρίσθην*:—to smear under or on: to besmear or anoint a little, *Lat. sublinere*: to paint or colour the face under the eyes.

ὑπό-χρῦσος, *ον*, containing a mixture of gold.

ὑπο-χωρέω, *φ. ἡσμαι*, to go back, recoil; ὑποχωρεῖν τοῦ πεδίου to retire from the plain; ὑποχωρεῖν τινι τοῦ θρόνου to withdraw from one's seat in honour of one, give it up to him. 2. *c. acc. pers.* to retire before, avoid meeting. II. to go on in succession.

ὑπό-ψαμμος, *ον*, having sand under or in it, mixed with sand, sandy: *Comp.*—ότερος, somewhat sandy.

ὑποψία *Ion.*—ἐη, ἡ, (ὑπόψομαι) suspicion, jealousy; ὑποψίαν λαμβάνειν κατὰ τινος to entertain suspicion of a person; of things, ἔχειν ὑποψίαν to admit of suspicion. II. a jealous watchfulness, censoriousness.

ὑπόψιος, *ον*, (ὑπόψομαι) viewed from below, *Lat. suspectus*; hence viewed with suspicion.

ὑπόψομαι, serving as fut. of ὑφοράω.

ὑπο-οφινέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (ὑπό, οφινέω) to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.

ὑπτιάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, (ὑπτίος) to bend oneself back: to carry one's head high. II. transit. to bend or throw back: *Pass.*, ὑπτιάζεται κάρα his head is stretched back.

ὑπτίασμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑπτιάζω) that which is stretched out with the under side uppermost; ὑπτιάσματα χερῶν hands stretched up in supplication, *cp. Lat. supinis manibus.* II. a backward fall.

ὑπτιαστόν, *verb. Adj.* of ὑπτιάζω, one must throw back.

ὑπτίος, *α, ον*, (ὑπό) with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back, *Lat. supinus, resupinus*; of one falling, πέσεν ὑπτίος he fell on his back; ὑπτίος σέλμασιν ναυτίλαται he sails with planks turned bottom upwards; γαστήρ ὑπτία belly uppermost. 2. generally, anything turned up, inverted; κράνος ὑπτιον a helmet with the hollow uppermost; so, ἀσπίς ὑπτία; but, κύλιξ ὑπτία a cup with the bottom uppermost; ἄλῃς ὑπτία a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost. 3. of Place, sloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually. Hence

ὑπτίω, *φ. ὤσω*, to turn over, upset.

ὑπ-ωθέω, (ὑπό, ὠθέω) to push or thrust away.

ὑπ-ωλένιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (ὑπό, ὠλένη) under the arm or elbow.

ὑπωμοσάμη, *aor. I med.* of ὑπομνυμι.

ὑπωμοσία, ἡ, (ὑπομνυμι) an oath taken to bar proceedings at law, an application for delay upon affidavit: it was resisted by an ἀνυπωμοσία.

ὑπωπιάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, (ὑπώπιον) to strike one under the eye: generally, to beat black and blue: metaph. to mortify, afflict, vex or annoy greatly. Hence

ὑπωπιασμός, *ὁ*, a striking under the eye: affliction.

ὑπ-ώπιον, τό, (ὑπό, ὤψ) the part under the eyes, the face.

II. generally, like ὑπωπιασμός, a blow under the eye, a black eye.

ὑπ-ωρεία or ὑπ-ωρέα, ἡ, (ὑπό, ὄρος) the foot of a mountainous track: plur. ὠνρέα, the roots of a mountain, *Lat. radices montis.*

ὑπόωρε, *3 sing. pf. intrans.* of ὑπώννυμι.

ὑπ-ωρόφιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (ὑπό, ὄροφος) under the roof, under cover of a house, in a house: generally, under shelter.

ὑπ-ώροφος, *ον*, = ὑπωρόφιος.

ῥΥΡΧΑ, ἡ, an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a pickle-jar, *Lat. orca.* (*Aeol. word.*)

ῥΥΣ, *ὁ* and ἡ, *gen. ὕς* [ῥ]: *acc. ὕν*:—like *cūs*, a swine, pig, boar or sow, a tame pig; but *ὕς* ἄγριος a wild boar.

ῥΥΣΗ, ἡ, a shrub from which comes the dye ὕσινον.

ὑσγίνο-βάφης, *ἐς*, (ὑσγινον, βαφῆναι) dipped or dyed in ὕσινον, scarlet.

ὑσγίνον, τό, (ὑσγή) a vegetable dye of scarlet colour. ὕσδος, for ὀσδος, *Aeol.* for ὄξος.

ὑσθινον, *aor. I pass.* of ὕω.

ῥΥΜΙΝΗ [ῥ], ἡ, irreg. dat. ὕμινι, a fight, battle, combat; πρώτη ὕμινι the front of the fight: ὕμινυρδε to the fight. *Ep. word.*

ὑσπληγίς, *ἰδός*, ἡ, *Dor.* for ὑσπληγίς, = ὕσπληγξ.

ὕσπληγξ, *αγγος*, ἡ, *Dor.* for ὕσπληγξ.

ὕσπληγξ, *ηγγος*, or —πληγξ, *ηγος*, ἡ, a rope which was drawn across a race-course, and was let down when the racers were to start. II. the snare of the fowler. (*Deriv. uncertain.*)

ὕσσωπος, ἡ, the aromatic plant *byssop.* (*Oriental word.*)

ὑστάτιος, *α, ον*, = ὕστατος, (*cp. μεσάτιος = μέσσος, τοσάτιος = τόσσος*.) last, bindmost: *neut. ὑστάτιον* as *Adv.*, last, at last. [*ᾶ*]

ὑστάτος, *η, ον*, (*Comp. ὕστερος, q. v.*) last, utmost, bindmost, of space: also of time, ἡ ὑστάτη (*sc. ἡμέρα*) the last day:—*neut. ὕστατον* and ὕστατα, as *Adv.*, last, at last.

ὑστερά *Ion.*—ἐρη, ἡ, (ὕστερος) the womb, mostly in plur. ὑστεραί, *αί, Ion. gen.*—ἐων.

ὑστεραίος, *α, ον*, (ὕστερος) properly on the day after; ἡ ὑστεραία (*sub. ἡμέρα*) the day after, following day; τῇ ὑστεραία *Ion.*—αἶν, on the following day, next day, *Lat. postridie*: generally, —ὕστερος, later, next.

ὑστερέω, *φ. ἦσω*: *aor. I* ὑστέρησα: *pf.* ὑστέρηκα: *Pass. aor. I* ὑστερήσθην: (ὕστερος):—to be behind, come later: of Place, to come after or afterwards.

II. of Time, *c. gen. rei*, to come later than, come too late for; ὑστερεῖν τῆς μάχης πέντε ἡμέρας they were five days too late for the battle: *c. dat. pers.* to be too late for him: *absol.* to come late

or too late.

III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to: also to be robbed of a thing. 2. to be in want of:—in Pass. to be in want.

IV. of things, to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence

ὑστέρημα, ατος, τό, a coming short, deficiency.

ὑστέρησις, εως, ἡ, (ὑστερέω) a coming short: want, need.

ὑστερίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὑστερίσθ: (ὑστερος):—to come after, come later or too late.

II. c. gen. rei, to come later than; ἡμέρη μὴ τῆς συγκειμένης ὑστερίζειν to be one day behind the day appointed.

III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to, c. gen.

IV. to be in want of, to lack.

ὑστερό-ποιος, ον, (ὑστερος, ποιή) late-avenging.

ὑστερό-πους, -ποδος, ὅ, ἡ, with late foot, late-coming.

ὑστερος, α, ον, (Sup. ὕστατος, q. v.):—the latter, coming after, following, opp. to πρότερος.

II. of Time, after, later, too late; c. gen., ὑστερός τινας later than a person: c. gen. rei, too late for a thing; with Preps., ἐς ὑστερον afterwards; so, ἐν ὑτέρῳ, ἐξ ὑτέρου and ἐξ ὑτέρης.

III. standing after, inferior, weaker; γυναικὺς ὑστερος under a woman's power.

IV. the neut. ὑστερον is used as Adv. of Time, after, afterwards, hereafter, in future, for the future; also ὑστερα; c. gen., ὑστερον τούτων later than these events.

ὑστερο-φθόρος, ον, (ὑστερος, φθείρω) destroying after, late-destroying.

ὑστερό-φωνος, ον, (ὑστερος, φωνή) sounding after, echoing.

ἸΣΤΡΙΞΙΣ, ἴχος, ὁ and ἡ, a hedgehog, porcupine.

Hence

ὑστρίχis, ἴδος, ἡ, a whip for punishing slaves.

ὑφάγῃ, Dor. for ὑφηγοῦ, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of ὑφηγεομαι.

ὑφαίματος, ον, (ὑπό, αἷμα) suffused with blood, blood-shot.

II. bot-blooded.

ὑφαίνεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὑφαίνω.

ὑΦΑΙΝΩ, f. ὑβάνω: aor. I ὑφῆνα later ὑβᾶνα: Pass., aor. I ὑφάνθην: pf. ὑφασμαι:—to weave; ἰσ-τὸν ὑφαίνειν to weave a web.

II. absol. to weave, ply the loom.

III. metaph. to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise, Lat. texere, as, μῆτιν or δόλον ὑφαίνειν.

2. to make, construct, fabricate.

ὑφαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφαίρω) a taking away under or underhand, a purloining, pilfering.

ὑφ-αίρω Ion. ὑπ-αίρω: f. -αίρῃω: aor. 2 ὑφέλκω: pf. ὑφῆρκα: Pass., aor. I ὑφῆρέθην: pf. ὑφῆρκα, part. ὑφῆρημένος Ion. ὑπαρημένος:—to seize underneath or inwardly, to seize secretly.

II. to draw from under.

2. to take away something of, c. gen.

3. to draw away, seduce.

III. Med.

to take away from underhand, filch away, purloin: ὑφαίρεσθαι τινά τι or τινας to deprive one secretly of a thing.

2. to make away with underhand, keep out of the way.

ὑφ-άλος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄλς) under the sea; ὑφαλον Ἐρεβος the darkness of the deep.

ὑφάντης, ον, ὁ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaver. Hence ὑφάντικος, ἡ, ὄν, of or for weaving: skilled in weaving.

ὑφάντο-δόντης, ον, (ὑφάντός, δονέω) weaving in the weaving, wovener.

ὑφάντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑφαίνω, woven: τὰ ὑφάντὰ cloth inwoven with figures.

ὑφ-άπτω Ion. ὑπ-άπτω: f. ψω: aor. I ὑφῆψα Ion. ὑπήψα: pf. pass. ὑφήμμαι:—to set on fire from underneath: metaph. to inflame secretly, excite.

2. absol. to light underneath: to light a fire under or in a place.

ὑφ-αρπάξω Ion. ὑπ-αρπάξω: f. -άσσομαι later -άσω: aor. I ὑφῆρπασα:—to snatch away from under, take away underhand, filch away, Lat. surripere: to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt.

ὑφαρπάμενος, poet. for ὑφαρπασάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ὑφαρπάζω.

ὑφασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑφαίνω) a thing woven, web, woven garment. [ὑ]

ὑφάω, poet. for ὑφαίνω: Ep. 3 pl. ὑφάωσι.

ὑφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὑφίημι: Adv. ὑφειμένως, slackly, less violently or insolently, quietly, Lat. submisse.

ὑφ-εἶσα, (ὑπό, εἶσα) Causal aor. I of ὑφίξω, I placed under or secretly; Ion. part., ὑφείσας ἄνδρας having set men in ambush.

ὑφ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπέχω, one must support.

ὑφ-ελκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑφέλκω, one must draw away under or underhand.

ὑφ-έλκω, f. -έλω or -ελκύω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑφέλκυσα: (cf. ἔλω):—to draw away under, underhand or gently; ὑφέλκειν τινὰ ποδοῖν to draw one away by the two legs:—to draw away by undermining, diminish by drawing from under:—Med. to draw along under one, trail along, as a pair of slippers.

ὑφελόατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ὑφαίρω.

ὑφέντας, acc. pl. of ὑφέσι, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίημι.

ὑφ-έρπω, f. -έρψω or -ερπίσω [ὑ]: aor. I ὑφέρπυσα: (cf. ἔρπω):—to creep under or secretly; ὑφ-εἶρπε πολύ it crept far on secretly, spread abroad.

II. c. acc. to steal upon, come over.

ὑφ-έσπερος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐσπερά) towards evening: neut. pl. ὑφέςπερα as Adv., about evening.

ὑφῆ, ἡ, (ὑφαίνω) a weaving, web; πέπλων ὑφαί woven garments.

ὑφ-ηγέμων, ὄνος, ὁ, = ἡγεμών.

ὑφ-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: pf. ὑφῆγῃμαι: Dep.:—to go just before, to guide, lead the way.

2. to shew the way to do, instruct in a thing,

3. hence also to lead to, prove a thing. Hence

ὑφῆγησις, εως, ἡ, a leading, guiding; and ὑφῆγητής, ἥρος, ὁ, and ὑφ-ῆγητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who leads the way, a conductor: metaph. a leader, adviser.

ὑφῆνα, aor. I of ὑφαίνω.

ὑφηνιοχέω, f. ἤσω, to be a charioteer:—Pass. to drive after or behind. From

ὑφ-ηνίوخος, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἡνίوخος) the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot.

ὕψ-ήσσω, *ov*, gen. *ονος*, (ὕπό, ἥσσω) somewhat less or younger.

ὕψ-ιζάνω, *f*. ζήσω, = ὑψίζω.

ὕψ-ιζώ, *f*. ζήσω, (ὕπό, ἥζω) to sit or crouch down: to sink or fall in.

ὕψ-ιζμι Ion. ὑπίζημι: *f*. ὑψήσω: aor. I ὑψηκα: pf. ὑψεικα, pass. ὑψείμαι: (see ἵημι):—to send down, let down, to lower: ὑφίεναι ἱστὸν to lower the mast; ὑφίεναι ἱστία to let down the sails. 2. to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in Med., of a woman, ὑφίσσθαι μαστοῖς to put a child to her own breasts, to suckle it. 3. to engage secretly, Lat. *submittere*: hence pf. pass. part. ὑψιμένος, secretly lurking.

II. intr. to slacken, relax or abate from a thing; *c*. gen. *rei*, ὑφίεναι τῆς ὀργῆς to cease from anger; so in Med., ὑφίσσθαι ὀργῆς; τὸ ὕδωρ ὑφίσταται τοῦ ψυχροῦ the water abates its coldness. 2. absol. to submit, give in, slacken, abate.

III. in Pass. absol. to submit, surrender: *c*. inf. to submit to do a thing: so in pf. pass. part., πλεῖν ὑφειμένη to sail with lowered sails.

ὕψιητι, Dor. for ὑψίσι, 3 sing. of ὑψίημι.

ὕψ-ιστημι: (cf. ἵστημι): I. Causal in pres. and impf., in *f*. ὑποστήσω and aor. I ὑπέστησα:—to place or set under. 2. to post secretly. 3. to submit, propose, suggest: so also in fut. and aor. I med. to lay down, suggest; εἰ μή τι πιστὸν ὑποστήσῃ unless thou shalt give some ground for confidence.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ὑπέστην, pf. ὑπέστηκα:—to stand under, be under or beneath; τὸ ὑφίστάμενον that which is underneath, of milk, as opp. to τὸ ἐφίστάμενον that which comes to the top, the cream. 2. to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do: *c*. acc. cognato, ὑποσθῆναι ὑπόσχεσιν to make a promise: absol. to promise. 3. to submit, yield to one: also *c*. inf. to submit to do. 4. *c*. acc. *rei*, to submit to. 5. ὑποσθῆναι ἀρχὴν to undertake an office. 6. to put oneself under, bide oneself, lie concealed. 7. to support an attack, to resist, withstand: absol. to stand one's ground, face the enemy, Lat. *subsistere*.

ὕψ-οράω, or as Dep. ὑφοράομαι: fut. ὑπόψομαι: (ὕπό, ὀράω):—to look at from below, to look askance at, to view with suspicion, Lat. *suspicere*, *suspiciari*.

II. to keep in view.

ὕ-φορβός, *δ*, (ὕς, φέρβω) a swineherd.

ὕψ-ορμίζω, *f*. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to bring into harbour secretly:—Pass. to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor. Hence

ὕφόρμυσις, ἡ, a place for ships to run into, harbour.

ὕφος, *eos*, τό, = ὑφή.

ὕφόσσι, Ep. for ὑφάσσι, 3 pl. of ὑφάω.

ὕψ-υδρος, *ov*, (ὕπό, ὕδωρ) under water.

ὕψ-ἀγόρας, *ov*, *δ*, Ion. -αγόρης, (ὕψι, ἀγορεύω) a big talker, a boaster, braggart.

ὕψαυχεύω, *f*. ἴσω, and ὕψαυχενίζω, *f*. ἴσω, to carry the neck high, strut proudly. From

ὕψ-αύχην, *enos*, *δ*, ἡ, (ὕψι, αὐχὴν) carrying the neck high: hence stately, towering: haughty.

ὕψ-ερεφής, *és*, (ὕψι, ἐρέφω) high-roofed, high-vaulted.

ὕψ-ηγόρας, Ion. for ὑψαγ-.

ὕψ-ήγορος, *ov*, (ὕψι, ἀγορεύω) talking loftily, vaunting.

ὕψηεις, *εσσα*, *en*, poet. for ὑψηλός.

ὕψηλās, Dor. for ὑψηλῆς, fem. gen. of ὑψηλός.

ὕψηλ-αυχενία, ἡ, (ὕψηλός, αὐχὴν) a carrying the neck high.

ὕψηλό-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὕψηλός, κρημνός) with high crags.

ὕψηλός, ἡ, *όν*, (ὕψι, ὕψος) high, lofty, towering; χώρα ὑψηλή a highland country:—metaph. high, lofty, stately, proud.

ὕψηλοφρονέω, *f*. ἴσω, to be highminded, bearing oneself haughtily. From

ὕψηλό-φρων, *onos*, *δ*, ἡ, (ὕψηλός, φρήν) highminded, high-spirited, haughty.

ὕψ-ηρεφής, *és*, gen. *έος*, = ὑπερεφής.

ὕψ-ηρχής, *és*, gen. *έος*, (ὕψι, ἥχος) sounding on high.

ΨΥΨ, Adv. high, aloft, on high: on the high sea: hence are formed Comp. ὑψίαν, Sup. ὕψιστος.

ὕψι-βάτος, *ov*, (ὕψι, βαίνω) set on high, standing high, high-placed.

ὕψι-βρεμέτης, *ov*, *δ*, (ὕψι, βρέμα) high-thundering.

ὕψι-γέννητος, *ov*, (ὕψι, γεννάω) high-born, topmost.

ὕψι-γυος, *ov*, (ὕψι, γυῖον) with high limbs or branches, high-stemmed. [r]

ὕψι-ζυγος, *ov*, (ὕψι, ζυγόν) of the benches in ships, sitting high or aloft on the bench: metaph. of Jove, high-enthroned.

ὕψι-θρονος, *ov*, (ὕψι, θρόνος) high-throned.

ὕψι-κάρηνος, *ov*, (ὕψι, κάρηνον) with high head, high-topped. [ā]

ὕψι-κέλευθος, *ov*, (ὕψι, κέλευθος) with a path on high, moving on high or aloft.

ὕψικέρατα, irreg. acc. of ὑψικέρας.

ὕψι-κερως, *ων*, gen. *ω*, (ὕψι, κέρας) with high or lofty horns; there is also an irreg. acc. in phrase, ὑψικέρατα πέτρων a high-peaked rock.

ὕψι-κομος, *ov*, (ὕψι, κόμη) with lofty foliage, of the oak.

ὕψι-κόμπος, Adv. (ὕψι, κόμπος) with high boasts, arrogantly.

ὕψι-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὕψι, κρημνός) with high steep or cliffs, high-beetling, built on a cliff.

ὕψι-λοφος, *ov*, (ὕψι, λόφος) high-crested. [r]

ὕψι-μέδων, *onos*, *δ*, (ὕψι, μέδω) high-ruling, ruling on high: lofty.

ὕψι-μέλαθρος, *ov*, (ὕψι, μέλαθρον) high-built.

ὕψι-νεφής, *és*, (ὕψι, νέφος) dwelling high in the clouds.

ὕψι-πάγης, *és*, (ὕψι, παγῆναι) built on high.

ὕψι-πέδος, *ov*, (ὕψι, πῆδον) with high ground, high-placed.

ὕψι-πετῆεις, *εσσα*, *en*, poet. for ὑψιπέτης.

ὕψι-πέτηλος, *ov*, (ὕψι, πέτηλον) with high leaves or foliage.

ὑψί-πέτης, ου, δ, (ὑψι, πέτομαι) *flying on high, soaring.*

ὑψί-πολις, δ, ἡ, (ὑψί, πόλις) *highest in one's city.*

ὑψί-πους, δ, ἡ, neut. —πουν, gen. —ποδος, (ὑψί, πούς) *high-footed: on high, sublime.*

ὑψί-πύλος, ου, (ὑψί, πύλη) *with high gates.*

ὑψί-πυργος, ου, (ὑψί, πύργος) *high-towering.*

ὑψίστος, η, ου, Sup. from Adv. ὑψι, *highest, loftiest; τὰ ὑψιστα the highest heavens. 2. of persons, most high, dwelling on high.*

ὑψίτερος, α, ου, Comp. from Adv. ὑψι, *higher, loftier.*

ὑψί-φαής, ἐς, (ὑψι, φάος) *beaming on high.*

ὑψί-φανής, ἐς, (ὑψι, φανῆναι) *seen on high.*

ὑψί-φόρητος, ου, (ὑψι, φορέω) *high-borne, soaring on high.*

ὑψί-φρων [X], ουος, δ, ἡ, (ὑψί, φρήν) *high-minded, dauntless.*

ὑψί-χαίτης, ου, δ, (ὑψι, χαίτη) *long-haired.*

ὑψίων, ου, gen. ουος, poet. Comp. from ὑψι, *higher, loftier.*

ὑψίθεν, Adv. (ὑψος) *from on high, from aloft, from above, Lat. desuper. II. high, aloft; on high, above, over.*

ὑψόθι, Adv. (ὑψος) *high, aloft, on high.*

ὑψ-όροφος, ου, (ὑψι, ὀροφή) *high-roofed, high-vaulted.*

ὑψος, εος, τό, (ὑψι) *height: the top, summit, crown: absol. in acc. ὑψος, in height.*

ὑψόσε, Adv. (ὑψος) *on high, upwards, aloft, up.*

ὑψηλό, Adv. (ὑψος) *high, aloft, on high, up.*

ὑψώω, f. ὕσω: aor. I ὑψώσα: Pass., fut. ὑψωθήσομαι: aor. I ὑψώθην: (ὑψος):—*to heighten, raise, elevate, exalt. Hence*

ὑψημα, ατος, τό, *height, elevation.*

ἽΩ, f. ὕω [y]: aor. I ὕσα: Pass., fut. med. ὕσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ὕσθην: pf. ὕσμαι:—*to wet, water: to rain, Zeus ὕε Jove sent rain; so, ὁ θεὸς ὕει the god sends rain; but the nom. was soon omitted, and ὕει used impers., like Lat. pluit, it rains; εἰ ὕει if it rained; part. neut. used absol., ὕοντος πολλῶ as it was raining heavily: c. acc. loci, ἐπὶ δέτιον οὐκ ὕε τὴν Θήβην for seven years it did not rain on Theba: c. acc. cognato, ὕσε χρυσόν it rained gold. II. Pass., of places, to be rained on, to be wetted; λέων ὕμενος a lion drenched with rain; ὕσθησαν αἱ Θήβαι Thebes was rained upon; ἡ γῆ ὕεται the country is rained upon, it rains in the country.*

Φ

Φ, φ, φῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-first letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral φ' = 500, but φ = 500,000.

The Consonant Φ arose from the labial Π followed by the aspirate; and was anciently written ΠΗ, and was expressed in Lat. by *ph*, though φ was used to express the Lat. *f*.

Changes of Φ.

I. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion. the aspirate was often dropped, and φ became π, as λίσπος σπόγγος σπονδύλη for λίσφος σφόγγος σφονδύλη: the Att. sometimes used it for π, as φανός πάτρα for πανός πάτρα.

II. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion., φ is put for θ, as φήρ φλάω for θήρ θλάω.

Φ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so that a short vowel before it became long by position, as in ὄφει, quasi ὄφεις.

φᾶ, Dor. and poet. for ἔφα, ἔφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φάνθεν, lengthd. for φάνθεν, Ep. for ἐφάνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

φαιάντατος, η, ου, Ep. Sup. of φαινός, *most brilliant, brightest.*

φαιάντερος, α, ου, Ep. Comp. of φαινός, *more brilliant, brighter.*

ΦΑΓΕΙΝ Ion. φαγείν Ep. φαγέμεν, inf. of ἔφαγον, with no pres. in use, used as aor. 2 of ἐσθίω, *to eat, devour, c. acc.: c. gen. to eat of a thing: generally, to eat up, devour, consume, waste.*

φάγες, Ep. for ἔφαγες, 2 sing. aor. 2: see φαγείν.

φάγησι, Ep. for φάγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγείν.

φάγος, δ, (φαγείν) *a glutton.* [α]

φάγωντι, Dor. for φάγωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγείν. [α]

φάε, 3 sing. impf. of φάω.

φαιέοντις, ίδος, poet. for φαιέουσα, fem. of φαιέων, *shining.*

φαιέω, (φάος) *to shine; only found in part. φαιέων, beaming, radiant: hence φάεων as Subst., the beaming one, the Sun; neut. pl., πάννυχτα καὶ φαιέοντα whole nights and days.*

Φαιέων, δ, (properly part. of φαιέω) *Shining, one of the steeds of Morning. 2. son of Apollo, famous for upsetting the chariot of the sun,*

φαινός, η, ὄν poet. φαινός, (φάος) *shining, beaming, radiant:—Comp. φαινότερος. 2. also like λαμπρός, of the voice, clear, distinct. 3. generally,*

splendid, brilliant.

φαινέω, poet. form of φαίνω, *to shine, give light.*

φαινός, η, ὄν, poet. form of φαινός.

φαιεσιμ-βροτος, ου, (φάος, βροτός) *bringing light to mortals, shining on mortals.*

φαιε-φορός contr. φωσφόρος, ου, (φάος, φέρω) *light-bringing.*

φάη, contr. for φάεα, pl. of φάος.

φᾶθι, imperat. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

Φαλαῖ, ἄκος, Ep. and Ion. Φαίηξ, ηκος, δ, a Phaeacian: the Phaeacians are in Homer inhabitants of the island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu), and were famous as sailors.

φαιδιμίους, εσσα, εν, poet. form of φαιδιμος.

φαιδιμός, ου, also η, ου, (φαίνω) *shining, brilliant: metaph. famous, glorious, Lat. clarus.*

φαιδρό-vous, ου, (φαιδρός, νοῦς) *of cheerful, joyous mind.*

φαιδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (φάω, φαίνω) *beaming, radiant:*

metaph. *beaming or radiant with joy, jocund, gay.*
 Adv. —δρως, *joyously, cheerily*: also neut. pl. φαιδρά
 as Adv. Hence
 φαιδρότης, ητος, ή, *brightness, lustre.* II. metaph. *joyousness.*
 φαιδρῶς, f. ὥσω, (φαιδρός) *to make bright.* II.
 metaph. in Pass. *to be cheerful or joyous.*
 φαιδρύντρια, ή, a *washer, cleanser.* From
 φαιδρύνω [ῥ], f. ὑνῶ: aor. I ἐφαιδρῦνα: (φαιδρός):
 —*to make bright, clean, cleanse.* II. metaph. *to*
cheer, please: —Pass. *to brighten up with joy.*
 φαιδρ-ωπός, ὄν, (φαιδρός, ὦψ) *with a bright, joy-*
ous look.
 φαίην, pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.
 φαίικς, ἄδος, ή, (φάος) *a kind of white shoe.*
 φαίμεν, for φαίμεν, I pl. pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.
 φαίμεν, Ep. for φαίνεν, inf. of φαίνω.
 φαίνεσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. med. of φαίνω.
 φαινόλης, ου, ὅ, formed from the Lat. *paenula*, a
thick upper garment or cloak.
 φαινόλης, ἰδος, ή, (φαίνω) *light-bringing.*
 φαिनομένηφι, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνομαι.
 φαίνω, f. φάνῶ: Att. aor. φάνῶ: aor. I ἐφῆνα, inf.
 φῆνα Dor. ἐφῆνα: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε: pf.
 πέφαγκα: pf. 2 (intr.) πέφηνα: Pass. and Med. φαί-
 νομαι: fut. φάνομαι Ion. φανέομαι; also φανήσομαι:
 also poet. paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι: aor. I ἐφάνθην,
 Ep. 3 sing. φάανθη, 3 pl. φάανθεν: aor. 2 ἐφάνην, Ep.
 inf. φῆναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφανται,
 inf. πεφάνθαι, part. πεφασμένος: (φάω). I. *to bring*
to light, make to appear: to shew, to make clear or
known, hence to lay bare, uncover, disclose: hence
almost to grant, as, γόνον Ἑλένη φαίνειν to grant
Helen a child:—at Sparta, φρουρὰν φαίνειν to pro-
claim a levy, call out the array. 2. *of sound, to*
make distinct, make ring clear. 3. *to bring to*
light, display, exhibit: also to explain, expound. 4.
 in Att. *to inform against, indict, impeach: to inform*
of a thing as contraband: τὰ φανθέντα articles in-
formed against as contraband. 5. aor. I med. φῆ-
 νασθαι *to shew or display as one's own.* II. intr.
to give light, shine forth. 2. *to appear, like the*
Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε, pf. 2 πέφηνα. III.
 Pass. *to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or*
manifest. 2. *of the rising of heavenly bodies, to*
appear: ἅμα ᾧ φαινομένην at break of day. 3.
 generally, *to appear to be, c. part. or c. inf., which*
are used in different senses, φαίνεται c. inf. denoting
what appears or is likely: φαίνεται c. part. what is
apparent or manifest; as, φαίνεται εἶναι be appears
or seems to be (like δοκεῖ), φαίνεται εἶναι be manifestly
is. 4. often in dialogue, *φαίνεται σοι ταῦτα; does*
this appear so? is not this so? Answ., φαίνεται
it does appear so, yes. 5. the phrase *φανῆναι ὁδόν*
to appear on the road, is shortd. for ἵεναι ὁδόν ὥστε
φανῆναι: so also, κέλευθον φανεῖς. 6. in Att., esp.
 in aor. I ἐφάνθην, *to be denounced, informed against;*
 see φαίνω I. 4.

ΦΑΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *dusky, dun, gray, Lat. fuscus.* II.
 also like Lat. *fuscus*, of the voice, *deep, hollow.*
 φαιο-χίτων, ανος, ὅ, ή, (φαιός, χιτῶν) *dark-robed.*
 ΦΑ΄ΚΕΛΟΣ, ὅ, a *bundle, Lat. fasciculus.*
 φάκη, ής, ή, (φακός) *a dish of lentils or pulse, pease-*
porridge.
 ΦΑ΄ΚΟΣ, ὅ, the *plant lentil; also its fruit, which*
was eaten at funerals.
 φάλαγγδόν, Adv. (φάλαγξ) *in phalanxes.*
 φάλαγγιον, τό, (φάλαγξ) *a venomous kind of spider.*
 φάλαγγομάχης, f. ήσω, *to fight with or in a pha-*
lanx: to fight in the ranks. From
 φάλαγγο-μάχης, ου, ὅ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομαι) *one that*
fights in the phalanx: fighting in the ranks.
 ΦΑ΄ΛΑΓΞ, αργος, ή, in Homer, *a line or order of*
battle, battle-array: mostly in plur. the ranks of an
army in battle. 2. later, *the Greek mode of draw-*
ing up infantry, the phalanx, a compact mass of in-
fantry usu. of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep:
the phalanx was brought to great excellence under
Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under
Philip of Macedon: ἐπὶ φάλαγγος ἄγειν to lead in
phalanx, Lat. quadrato agmine. 3. generally, *the*
main body, centre, as opp. to the wings (κέρατα). 4.
 also *a camp.* II. *a round piece of wood, a trunk*
or log: φάλαγγες ἐβένου logs of ebony. III. *a*
spider: see φάλαγγιον.
 φάλαγξ, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.
 ΦΑ΄ΛΑΙΝΑ, ή, a *whale, Lat. balaena: hence of a*
devouring monster. [φᾶ]
 φάλακρα, ή, (φαλακρός) *baldness, a bald head.*
 φάλακρός, ἄ, ὄν, (φάλος) *bald-beaded, bald-pated.*
 φάλακρός, f. ὥσω, (φαλακρός) *to make bald: Pass.*
to become bald.
 φάλανθίας, ου, ὅ, a *bald man.* From
 φάλανθος, ου, (φάλος) = φαλακρός. [φᾶ]
 φάλαρα, τά, (φάλος) *the cheek-pieces of the hel-*
met. II. *the cheek-pieces of horses: generally,*
trappings. [φᾶ]
 φάλαρίς Ion. φαληρίς, ἰδος, ή, (φαλαρός) *a cool,*
Lat. fulica, so called from its bald white head.
 φάλαρός, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for Ion. φαληρός, (φάλος)
having a patch of white, white-crested.
 Φάληρεὺς, ἑως, ὅ, a *man of Phalerum, a Phalerian.*
 φάληριῶν, (φαληρός) *to be or become white: Ep.*
part., κύματα φαληριώοντα waves crested with white
foam.
 Φάληρον, τό, *Phalērum, the western harbour of*
Athens: Φαληρόθεν from Phalerum; Φαληρόνδε to
Phalerum. [ᾶ]
 φάληρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for φαλαρός.
 φάλης or φάλης, ητος, ὅ, = φάλλος.
 φάλαυνα, ή, = φάλαυνα.
 ΦΑΛΛΟΣ, ὅ, *membrum virile, a figure thereof,*
which was borne in solemn procession in the Bacchic
orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in
nature.
 ΦΑ΄ΛΟΣ, ὅ, *a part of the helmet worn by the*

Homeric heroes: either the *peak* or *fore-piece*, or perh. a metal ridge on the crown in which the plume (λόφος) was fixed. [ᾶ]

φάμα, ἡ, Dor. for φήμη.

φάμεν, Ep. for ἔφαμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. 2. poet. for φάναι, inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φᾶμένα (enclit.), 1 pl. pres. of φημί.

φᾶμένη, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.

φάμενος, pres. and aor. 2 med. part. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φαμί, Dor. for φημί.

φάν, poet. for ἔφησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάναι, pres. or aor. 2 inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάναι, aor. 1 inf. of φαίνω.

φάνειν, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνειμεν, Att. for φανεῖμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίνω.

φάνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φαίνω.

φάνεν, Aeol. and poet. for ἔφανησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω; but φάνέν, aor. 2 part. neut. [ᾶ]

φάνερός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (φαίνω) open to sight, visible; manifest, evident: freq. joined with part., ἐπισπείδων φανερὸς ἦν he was conspicuous urging the matter forward: ἐκ τοῦ φανεροῦ=Adv., φανερώς, plainly, clearly: so, ἐν φανερῷ, ἐν τῷ φανερῷ, κατὰ τὸ φανερόν. 2. of persons, known, famous, conspicuous. 3. of property, tangible, real, opp. to money.

φάνερός, f. ὥσω, (φανερὸς) to make visible or manifest. II. to make known or famous:—Pass. with aor. 1—ὤθην:—to become known or famous. Hence

φάνερός, Adv. of φανερὸς, openly, manifestly: Comp. φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερώτατα.

φάνερωσις, ἡ, a making visible: a manifestation.

φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω. [ᾶ]

φάνῃ, ἡ, (φαίνω) a torch: in plur. φανάι, torch-processions.

φάνῃη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of φαίνω.

φάνῃθι, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίνω. [ᾶ]

φάνῃμεναι, for φανῇναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φαίνω.

φάνῃσομαι, fut. pass. of φαίνω.

φάνιόν, τό, Dim. of φανός, (Subst.), a small torch, taper.

φάνοιην, for φανοῖμι, aor. 2 opt. of φαίνω.

φάνός, ἡ, ὄν, (φαίνω) light, bright; τὸ φανόν brightness:—of garments, washed clean. 2. bright, joyous, like φαιδρός. Comp. and Sup. φανότερος, -ότατος. [ᾶ]

φᾶνός, also πᾶνός, ὁ, (φαίνω) a lamp, lantern, torch.

φᾶνούμαι, fut. med. of φαίνω.

φαντάζω, f. ᾶσω, (φαίνω) to make visible, clear or manifest. II. Pass. fut. φαντασθήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐφαντάσθην:—to become visible, appear, shew oneself.

2. to make a show or parade, Lat. se ostentare. 3. φαντάζεσθαι τι to be like, assume a likeness to some one. 4. used for φαίνεσθαι or συκοφαντίζεσθαι, to be informed against. Hence

φαντάσια, ἡ, a making visible, displaying. 2. display, parade, Lat. ostentatio. II. as a term

of philosophy, the power of the mind, by which it places objects before itself, presentative power.

φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) an appearance, image, phanton, like φάσμα: also a vision, dream. 2. an image presented to the mind by an object, Lat. visum: a mere image, unreal appearance.

φάντες, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of φημί.

φαντί, Dor. for φᾶσι, 3 pl. of φημί.

φάο, Ep. pres. or aor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.

φάος, φάεος, εος contr. φάους, τό contr. φῶς, φωτός: Ep. also φῶς: (φάω):—light, daylight; ἐν φάει by daylight; ἔτι φάος ὄντος while there was still daylight: often in phrases ὁρᾶν φάος ηελίοιο, or φάος βλέπειν, to see the light of the sun, i. e. to be alive; so also, φάος λείπειν ηελίοιο, i. e. to be dead; els φῶς λέναι to come into the light, i. e. into public.

2. the light of a fire or torch, fire-light or torch-light. II. metaph. light, i. e. joy, deliverance, happiness, and the like; ὃ μέγιστον Ἑλλησιν φάος O greatest light of safety to the Greeks. III. plur. φάεα, the eyes, Lat. lumina: so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑΡΑΓΞ [φᾶ], αγγος, ἡ, a mountain cleft, a deep chasm, ravine, gully. (Akin to φάρυγξ.)

φάρω, to plough.

φᾶρέτρα Ion.—τηρ, ἡ, (φέρω) a quiver for carrying arrows, Lat. pharetra. Hence

φᾶρετρών, ὧνος, ὁ,=φᾶρέτρα.

φᾶρέτριον, τό, Dim. of φᾶρέτρα, a small quiver.

φᾶρετρο-φόρος, ὄν, (φᾶρέτρα, φέρω) quiver-bearing.

Φαρισαῖος, ὄν, ὁ, a Pharisee: pl. of Φαρισαῖον, the Pharisees or Separatists, a sect of the Jews, who affected superior holiness of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φαρμακάω, (φάρμακον) to suffer from poison, be mad from the effects of poison. II. to require medicine, as τομάω to require cutting.

φαρμακεία, ἡ, (φαρμακεύω) the use of any kind of drugs, potions or spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery.

φαρμακία, ἡ, poet. for φαρμακεία.

φαρμακεύς, εως, ὁ, (φάρμακον) one who deals in drugs or poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner: fem. φαρμακεύτρια.

φαρμακεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) to administer a drug: to use enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεύειν τι ἐς τὸν ποταμόν to use a thing as a charm to calm the river. 2. c. acc. pers. to drug, purge.

φαρμακίς, ἴδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, a sorceress, witch.

φαρμακός, εως, ἐν, (φάρμακον) drugged, poisonous.

ΦΑΡΜΑΚΟΝ, τό, a medicine, drug, remedy; φάρμακον νόσου a medicine for disease; metaph., φάρμακον λύπης, a remedy against grief. The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά ointments or salves, and παστά, ἐπίπαστα or καταπλαστά plasters; those taken inwardly were βρώσιμα, such as

ills, and *πότιμα*, *ποτά*, *πιστά*, *draughts* or *potions*. II. *a poisonous drug, drug, poison*. III.

an enchanted potion, philtre: also *a charm, spell, enchantment*: *any secret means of effecting a thing*. IV.

also *a means of producing something*, as, *φάρμακον σωτηρίας* *an expedient to procure safety*. V. *a means for colouring, a dye, colour*.

φάρμακο-ποσία, ἡ, (*φάρμακον*, ΠΟ—Root of *πίνω*) *a drinking of medicine or poison*.

φάρμακο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (*φάρμακον*, *πωλέω*) *one who sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary*.

φαρμάκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*φάρμακον*) = *φαρμακεύς*. II. *one who is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat*: then since worthless fellows were reserved for this fate, *an arrant rascal, polluted wretch*, Lat. *bomo piacularis*.

φάρμακο-τριβής [ῖ], ὁ, (*φάρμακον*, *τριβῆναι*) *one who grinds and prepares drugs or colours*.

φαρμάκω, f. ὥσω, (*φάρμακον*) *to endure with healing power*.

φάρμασσω Att. —ττω: f. ἔω: pf. pass. *πεφάρμαγμα*: (*φάρμακον*):—*to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres*; *φάρμασσειν χαλκόν* *to temper metal by plunging it in cold water*. II. *to enchant or bewitch by the use of poisons, to poison*. III. *to alloy, adulterate*: *season, spice*.

ΦΑΡΟΣ [ᾱ] or *φάρος* [ᾱ], εὖς, τό, *a cloth, sheet, web*: *sail-cloth*. II. *a wide, loose cloak or mantle*, worn as an outer garment, also used as a shroud; *πίματον φάρος* *my last rag*.

Φάρος, ἡ, *Pbaros*, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. II. as appellat. *φάρος*, ὁ, *a lighthouse*.

φάρωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of *φάρω*.

φάρτος, εὖς, τό, (*φάρω*) *a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division*, Lat. *pars*; *φάρσεα πόλιος* *the quarters of a city*.

φάρυγξ, ἡ or ὁ, gen. ὕγος, (*φάρω*) *the throat*. II. *a gulf, cleft, chasm* in the earth: cf. *φάραγξ*. [ᾱ]

ΦΑΡΩ, f. *φάρω*: pf. *πέφαρκα*:—*to cleave, part*.

φάς, *φᾶσα*, *φάν*, part. pres. and aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φάσαντες, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of *φάσανον*, *a knife*.

φάσανον, τό, (*σφάζω*, for *σφάσανον*) *a thing to cut with, a sword*.

φάσαν-ουργός, ὄν, (*φάσανον*, **ἐργω*) *forging swords*.

φᾶσε, Dor. and poet. for *ἐψησε*, 3 sing. aor. 1 of *φημί*.

φάσηλος [ᾱ], ὁ, *a sort of bean*, Lat. *phasēlus*. II. *a light boat, canoe, skiff*, from its likeness to the pod of the *φάσηλος*. (Egyptian word.)

φάσθαι, Ep. med. inf. of *φημί*.

φάσθε, *φάσθω*, 2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of *φημί*.

φᾶσι, 3 pl. of *φημί*.

Φᾶσιανικός, ἡ, ὄν, *from the river Phasis*, but with *a play on συνοφαντικός, informing-like*.

Φᾶσιανός, ὄν, (*Φᾶσις*) *from the river Phasis*: hence *ὁ φασιανός* (sub. ὕψις) *the Phasian bird, pheasant*,

Lat. *phasianus*: but *Φασιανός ἀνήρ* with *a play on συνοφαντικός, an informer*: cf. *Φασιανικός*.

φᾶσις, εὖς, ἡ, for *φάνσις*, (*φαίνω*) *an accusation, information*. [ᾱ]

φᾶσις, εὖς, ἡ, (*φημί*) *a saying, speech, sentence*. II. *affirmation, assertion*. [ᾱ]

Φᾶσις, ἰος, ὁ, *the river Phasis* in Colchis or Pontos.

φάσκω, impf. *ἐφασκον* Ep. *φάσκω* (which is used as impf. of *φημί*) = *φημί*, *to say*, but often with a collat. notion of *saying what you do not believe, to allege, to pretend*, Lat. *prae se ferre*: also *to think, suppose: to promise to do*.

φάσμα, ατος, τό, (*φαίνω*) *an apparition, phantom*; *φάσμα ἀνδρός* *the phantom of a man*. 2. *a sign from heaven, a portent, omen*. 3. *a monster, prodigy, portent*; *φάσμα ταύρου* *a monster of a bull*.

ΦΑΣΣΑ Att. *φάττα*, ἡ, *the wood-pigeon, ring-dove* or *cusbat*, Lat. *palumbes*.

φασσο-φόνος, ον, (*φάσσα*, **φένω*) *dove-killing*, of the hawk; as Subst., *φασσοφόνος*, ὁ, *name of a kind of hawk*.

φᾶσω, *φᾶσεις*, Dor. for *φήσω*, *φήσεις*, fut. of *φημί*.

φᾶτέ, 2 plur. of *φημί*.

φᾶτεός, ἄ, ὄν, (*φημί*) poet. for *φατός*, *to be spoken of, pronounced*.

φᾶτέον, verb. Adj. of *φημί*, *one must say*.

φᾶτῖ, Dor. for *φησί*, 3 sing. pres. of *φημί*.

φᾶτίξω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἔξω: aor. 1 *ἐφάτισα*: Pass., aor. 1 *ἐφάτισθην*: pf. *πεφάτισμαι*: (*φᾶτις*):—*to say, speak, report*; τὸ *φατίζομενον* used absol., *as the saying is*. II. *to promise, plight, betroth*. III. *to call, name*.

φᾶτις, εὖς Ion. ἰος, ἡ, (*φημί*) *a saying, speech, report*; *κατὰ φᾶτιν* *as the report goes*; ἡ *φᾶτις* *ἐχει μὲν* *the report goes of him*. II. *one's (good or bad) report, reputation, fame, report*, Lat. *fama*. III.

the saying, answer of an oracle. [ᾱ]

φᾶντη, ἡ, (*πατέομαι*) *a manger, crib*.

φᾶτο, Ep. for *ἐφᾶτο*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *φημί*.

φᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *φημί*, *said, spoken*; *that may be spoken, uttered or pronounced*: with a negat., *οὐ φᾶτός* *unspeakable, unutterable*. II. *famous*.

φᾶττα, ἡ, Att. for *φάσσα*.

φαυλ-ἐπί-φαυλος, (*φαύλος*, ἐπί, *φαύλος*) *bad upon bad, bad as bad can be*.

φαυλίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (*φαύλος*) *to hold cheap, to depreciate, disparage*.

ΦΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, like *φλαύρος*, *light, easy, slight, trifling*. 2. *trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, bad*. II. of persons, *low in rank, mean, common*:

worthless, poor, common, of no account; οἱ *φαῦλοι* *the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or uneducated*, as opp. to οἱ *σοφοί*. 2. of outward appearance, *ugly, mean-looking*. 3. *careless, thoughtless*.

φαυλότης, *ητος*, ἡ, *meanness, paltriness*. 2. *want of accomplishments*; ἡ *ἐμὴ φαυλότης* *my lack of judgment*.

φαύλως, Adv. of *φαύλος*, *easily, lightly*; *φαύλως*

φέρειν τι to bear a thing *lightly*, take it *easily*. 2. *at a rough guess*; φαύλως λογισσάθαι to estimate *roughly*; φαύλως εἰπεῖν to speak *loosely*.
ΦΑΝΣΙΜΒΡΟΤΟΣ, *ον*, = *φαισιμβροτος*.
ΦΑΩ, Root of φαῖνω, to give *light*, shine, beam, esp. of the heavenly bodies.
ΦΕΒΟΜΑΙ, poet. Dep., used only in pres. and imperf. = φοβέομαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted: c. acc. to flee from.
ΦΕΤΤΟΣ, *εος*, τό, *light*, splendour, lustre: sunlight, daylight; δεκάτω φέγγει ἔτους, periphr. for in the tenth year. II. poet. *light*, gladness, joy. Hence **Φέγγω**, to make bright:—Pass. to shine, gleam, be bright.
φείδοο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.
φειδέομαι, Ion. for φείδομαι.
φειδίτιον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια, τά, *sparc ibrifty meals*, being the Spartan name for the public tables (συσσίτια), at which all citizens ate together the same *frugal meal*. 2. also the common hall, in which these meals were taken.
ΦΕΙΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. φείσομαι Ep. paullo-p. fut. πεφίδησμαι: aor. I ἐφείσαμην Ep. φεισάμην: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 πεφιδόμην, opt. πεφιδόμην, πεφιδόιτο, inf. πεφιδέσθαι: Dep.:—to spare, to be sparing or chary of a thing, Lat. *parcere*, c. gen.: of provisions, to use sparingly or thriftily: also to draw back or from, turn away from: c. inf. to spare or forbear to do. Hence **φειδομένος**, Adv. pres. part. of φείδομαι, sparingly, thriftily, charily.
φειδῶ, *ους* contr. *ους*, ἡ, (φείδομαι) a sparing, restraining. II. *thrift*, stinginess.
φειδωλὴ and **φειδωλᾶ**, ἡ, = φειδῶ. From **φειδωλός**, ἡ, *όν*, (φειδῶ) *sparing*, *thrift*, *chary* of a thing: c. gen., φειδωλὸς χρημάτων *sparing* of money. Adv. -λῶς, *sparingly*, *thriftily*.
φείσασθαι, aor. I inf. of φείδομαι.
φείσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of φείδομαι.
φειστον, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, *one must spare*.
φέλλεις, *εως*, δ, *stony ground* or *soil*: hence as the name of a rocky district of Attica.
φέλλινος, *η*, *ον*, (φέλλης) *made of cork*.
φέλλον, τό, mostly in plur. *stony ground*: cf. φέλλεις.
φέλλους, *ους* contr. *ους*, ἡ, (φείδομαι) a sparing, restraining.
φειδωλός, ἡ, *όν*, (φειδῶ) *sparing*, *thrift*, *chary* of a thing: c. gen., φειδωλὸς χρημάτων *sparing* of money. Adv. -λῶς, *sparingly*, *thriftily*.
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φέλλους, *ους* contr. *ους*, ἡ, (φείδομαι) a sparing, restraining.

inf. πεφάσθαι: paullo-p. fut. πεφήσσομαι, Ep. 2 sing. πεφήσσει.
φέρ-ανθής, *ές*, (φέρω, ἄνθος) *bringing flowers*.
φέρ-ασπης, *ιδος*, δ, ἡ, (φέρω, ἀσπίς) *shield-bearing*.
φέρ-αυγής, *ές*, (φέρω, αὐγή) *bringing light*, *shining*.
ΦΕΡΒΩ, plarf. ἐπεφόρβειν:—to feed, nourish: to preserve. II. Pass. to be fed or feed upon a thing: hence to eat, consume, Lat. *depasci*: metaph. to feed on.
III. Med. c. acc. to feed oneself on a thing; φέρβεσθαι νόον to feed one's mind.
φέρ-εγγυός, *ον*, (φέρω, ἐγγύη) *giving surety* or *bail*, able to give security, trusty, responsible: generally, capable, competent: c. inf., λιμὴν φερέγγυος διασῶσαι τὰς νέας a harbour capable of preserving the ships: c. gen. able to answer sufficiently for a thing, trusty:—cf. ἐχεγγυος.
φέρ-εμεν, Ep. inf. of φέρω.
φερεμ-μελής, poet. for φερεμελής, *ον*, δ, (φέρω, μελία) a warrior bearing an aspen spear, generally, a spear-bearer.
φερέ-νικος, *ον*, (φέρω, νίκη) *carrying off victory*, *victorious*.
φερέ-οικος, *ον*, (φέρω, οἶκος) *carrying one's house with one*, of the nomad Scythians:—as Subst., φερέοικος, δ, the bouse-carrier, i.e. snail; cf. πουλύπους, ἀνύστεος.
φερέ-πονος, *ον*, (φέρω, πόνος) *bringing trouble* or *sorrow*.
φερέ-βιος, *ον*, (φέρω, βίος) *bearing life* or *food*, *life-giving*, *food-giving*.
φέρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φέρω.
φερεσ-σάκης, *ές*, gen. *έος*, (φέρω, σάκος) *shield-bearing*, *heavy-armed*.
φερε-στάφυλος, *ον*, (φέρω, σταφυλή) *bearing bunches of grapes*.
φέρετρον contr. **φέρτρον**, τό, (φέρω) a bier, litter, Lat. *feretrum*.
φέρην, Aeol. for φέρην, inf. of φέρω.
φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη, 3 sing. subj. of φέρω.
φέριστος, *η*, *ον*, like φέρτατος, *stoutest*, *bravest*, *best*; mostly in addresses, ὦ φέριστε.
φέριμα, *ατος*, τό, (φέρω) *that which is borne*, a load, burden: the burden or fruit of the womb.
φερνή, ἡ, (φέρω) *that which is brought by the wife*, a dowry, portion, Lat. *dos*; φερναί πολέμον the dowry of war, i.e. a wife won in battle.
φέροιτα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.
φέροντι, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω; but also part. dat.
Φερσεφάτιον Att. **Φερρεφάτιον**, τό, a temple or sanctuary of Persephone. From
Φερσεφασσα Att. -ττα, and **Φερρέφαττα**, ἡ, = **Περσεφασσα**, -ττα, **Περσεφώνη**, *Proserpine*.
Φερσεφώνη, ἡ, = **Περσεφώνη**.
φέρτατος, *η*, *ον*, Sup. Adj. = φέριστος, *stoutest*, *bravest*, *best*, *mightiest*, *most powerful*. (From φέρω, as Lat. *fortis* from *fero*.)
φέρτε, Ep. for φέρετε, 2 pl. of φέρω.
φέρτερος, *α*, *ον*, Comp. Adj. *stouter*, *braver*, *better*, *mightier*, *more powerful*. See φέρτατος.

φερτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φέρω, *to be borne, enduring*.

φέρτρον, contr. for φέρετρον.

ΦΕΥΓΩ, a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. φέρετε for φέρετε; 3 sing. subj. φέρῃσι, Ep. for φέρῃ; Ion. impf. φέρεσκον, φέρεσκε. From the Root *ΟΓΩ comes the fut. οἶσσω, med. οἶσομαι; Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἰσμέν, οἰσόμεναι; also fut. pass. οἰσθήσομαι. From the Root *ΕΝΕΤΚΩ come aor. 1 ἤνεγκα, Ion. ἤνεκα Ep. ἔνεκα, subj. ἐνέκω, inf. ἐνεύκαι; aor. 2 ἤνεγκον Ion. ἤνεικον, Ep. inf. ἐνεικέμεν; Ion. aor. 1 pass. ἤνεχθην; 3 pl. aor. 1 med. ἤνεικαντο. From the same Root come pf. act. ἐνήνοχα, pass. ἐνήνεγμαι, fut. pass. ἐνεχθήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. ἤνεχθην. I. like Lat. FERŌ, *to bear or carry a load*.

II. *to bear along*, with an idea of *motion* added, as of horses, ἄρμα φέρειν, etc.

III. *to bear, endure, suffer*, esp. with an Adv., βαρέως, χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegre, graviter ferre, *to bear a thing impatiently, take it ill or amiss, be disconcerted at it*; opp. *to κούφως φέρειν τι*, Lat. leviter ferre, *to bear a thing cheerfully, take it easily*.

IV. *to fetch: to bring, present, give*; δῶρα φέρειν *to bring presents*; and Med. *to bring with one or for one's own use*:—χάριν τινὶ φέρειν *to grant any one a favour, do him a kindness*; but later, *to shew gratitude to one*.

2. *to occasion, cause, work*; as, κακὸν or πῆμα φέρειν. 3. *to bring in, pay, discharge*; φόρον or δασμὸν φέρειν *to pay tribute*; τιμὴν φέρειν *to pay a fine*. 4. ψήφον φέρειν *to give one's vote*, Lat. ferre suffragium.

V. *to bear, bring forth, produce*: absol. of the earth or of trees, *to bear fruit, be fruitful*: metaph. *to bring in, yield, produce*; ἀγὼν ὁ τὸ πᾶν φέρον the contest that bestows everything.

VI. *to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder*, mostly in phrase φέρειν καὶ ἀγεῖν, Lat. agere et ferre, where φέρειν refers to the moveables which are carried off, and ἀγεῖν to the cattle which are driven away; also simply φέρειν *to rob*.

2. *to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain*: also *to receive one's due*, c. g. *to receive pay*:—Med., esp. in phrases ἀέθλον φέρεσθαι *to carry off a prize*; τὰ πρῶτα, τὰ δεύτερα φέρεσθαι *to win and hold the first, the second rank*: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and behoof, so as to take and carry away to one's home.

VII. absol. of roads, *to lead to a place*; ἡ ὁδὸς φέρεῖ, like Lat. via fert or ducit.

2. of a tract of country, *to stretch, extend, verge to or towards*: metaph. *to lead or tend to an end or object*; τὰ πρὸς τὸ ὑμᾶνιν φέροντα that which is conducive to health; and so generally, *to contribute or conduce to or towards*.

3. *to aim at, hint or point at, refer to a thing*; ἐς ἀπρίους ἀγῶνας φέρον τὸ μαντήιον the oracle referring to martial contests; τῶν ἡ γνώμη ἔφερε συμβάλλειν their opinion inclined to giving battle: also c. dat. pers.,

πλέον ἔφερε ὁ ἡ γνώμη, c. inf., his opinion inclined rather to do so and so:—φέρει is also used like συμφέρει, *it tends [to one's interest], is expedient*. VIII. *to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of*; εὖ or πονηρῶς φέρεσθαι *to be well or ill spoken of*. 2. *to be carried about, to be in circulation*.

IX. φέρε is used in Homer as imperat., *bear, carry, bring*: but, like ἀγε, it was afterwards used as an Adv., *come, now, well*, before the ι sing. or plur. subj., φέρε ἀκούσω come let me hear; φέρε στήσομεν come let us set.

Pass. *to be borne or carried from a place*, esp. involuntarily; *to be borne, carried on or along by waves, to be hurried, swept away, rush, fly along*, Lat. ferri; ἰθὺς φέρεσθαι *to rush right upon*; φερόμενοι ἐσέπιπτον ἐς τοὺς Αἰγινήτας bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetans: so also part. act. used intrans., φέρουσα ἐνέβαλε νηὶ φιλῆρ bearing down she ran into a friendly ship.

2. also of bodies moved by their own power, *to hasten, run, fly, speed*.

3. metaph., εὖ or κακῶς φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., *to turn out, prosper well or ill*; τὰ πράγματα κακῶς φέρεται our affairs are in a bad state.

ΦΕΥ, Exclamation of grief or anger, *ab! alas!* *woe!* like Lat. vab, vae, our *fy!*: c. gen., φεύ τῆς Ἑλλάδος *woe for Hellas!* II. of astonishment or admiration, *ab! ob!*

φεύγμεν, —έμεναι, Ep. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγω. φεύγεσκεν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω.

φευγόντων, Ep. for φευγέτωσαν, 3 pl. imperat., *let them flee*: also part. gen. pl. of φεύγω.

ΦΕΥΓΩ, Ion. impf. φεύγσκον: f. φεύξομαι Dor. φευξοῖμαι; aor. 2 ἐφύγον: pf. act. πέφυνγα, pass. (inact. sense) πέφυγμα: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυγότες, as if from φύω:—*to flee, take flight*: c. acc. cognato, φεύγειν φυγῆν *to flee in flight*: also, φεύγειν τὴν παρὰ θάλασσαν [sc. τὴν ὁδὸν] *to flee [the way] by the sea*.

2. the pres. part. φεύγων often expresses only *the purpose or endeavour to flee*, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being added to denote *the escape*; as, βέλτερον, ὡς φεύγων προφύγῃ κακὸν ἢ ἐλάνη it is better that running off one should escape than be caught; so, φεύγων ἐκφεύγειν, φεύγων ἀποφεύγειν.

3. φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος *to flee before any one*.

4. c. inf. *to shun or shrink from doing*: absol. *to fear, flinch*.

II. c. acc. *to flee, shun, avoid*: as, φεύγειν θάνατον, πῆλεμον, etc.: metaph. of any rapid movement, ἡνίοχον φύγον ἡνία the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer.

2. pf. pass. part. retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένος μοῖραν, ὄλεθρον having escaped, being quit of fate, destruction: but also c. gen., πεφυγμένος ἀέθλων escaped from toils.

III. *to flee one's country for a crime*; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος *to be banished by one*: hence *to go into exile, live in banishment, be banished*, Lat. exulare.

IV. as Att. law-term, *to be accused or prosecuted at law*, opp. *to δῖωκω*: hence, ὁ φεύγων *the accused, defend-*

ant, Lat. *reus*, δ διώκων *the accuser, prosecutor*; *c. acc.*, φεύγειν γραφήν or δίκην *to be put on one's trial* on a public or private indictment: the crime being added in gen., as φεύγειν φόνον (*sc. δίκην*) *to be defendant on a charge of murder, i.e. to be charged with murder*.

φεύζω, *ἔξω*: aor. I ἐφεύξα:—*to cry* φεύ, *cry woe, wail*. (From φεύ, as οἰμώζω from οἶμοι, αἰάζω from αἶ αι.)

φευκτέον, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, *one must flee*.

φευκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, *to be avoided: that can be shunned or avoided*.

φευξέω, Desiderat. of φεύγω, *to wish or desire to flee*.

φεύξαι, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φύξαι.

φεύξομαι Dor. φεύξομαι, fut. of φεύγω.

φεύξω, fut. of φεύζω (not of φεύγω).

ΦΕΨΑΛΟΣ, ον, δ, and φεψάλυξ, ὄγος, δ, α *spark, brand, piece of the embers or hot ashes*. Hence

φεψάλλω, *ἴωσω*, *to reduce to ashes, to burn up*.

φεψάλυξ, υγος, ὄ, = φεψάλος. [ᾱ]

φή, Ion. for ἐφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φημί.

φηγίνεος, α, ον, and φηγίνος, η, ον, (φηγός) *oaken, of oak*, Lat. *fraginus*.

φηγίνους, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for φηγινέος.

ΦΗΓΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of oak, bearing an esculent acorn, not the Lat. *fagus* (beech). II. *the esculent fruit of the same tree*.

φήη, Ep. for φῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of φημί

φήληξ, ηκος, ὁ, (φηλός) *deceiver, name of a wild-fish, which seems ripe when it is not really so*.

φηλητεύω, *ἴωσω*, *to cheat, deceive, trick*. From φηλητής, ου, or φηλητής, ου, ὁ, (φηλός) *a deceiver, cheat, knave, thief*.

ΦΗΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *deceitful, knavisb*. Hence

φηλόω, *ἴωσω*, *to deceive, cheat, trick*. Hence

φηλωμα, ατος, τό, *a deceit, deception, cheat*.

φήμη Dor. φάμα, ἡ, Lat. *fama*, (φημί) *a voice from heaven, a prophetic voice: an oracle, an augury*.

II. *any voice or words, a speech, saying: also a song*. b. *a common saying, an old tradition, legend, adage*.

3. like Lat. *fama*, *a rumour, report: hence a man's good or bad report, his fame, reputation, character*.

4. *a message*.

ΦΗΜΙ, φῆς, φησί: aor. 2 ἐφην (*the impf. being ἔφασκον, see φάσκω*), ἐφησθα Ep. φῆσθα, ἐφη; imperat. φάθι; inf. φάναι; part. φάς, φάσας, φάν: fut. φήσας: aor. I ἐφήσα. Med., aor. 2 ἐφάμην [ᾱ], inf. φάσθαι, part. φάμενος: impf. or aor. 2 ἐφάμην: also pf. pass. πέφασμαι; 3 sing. imperat. πεφάσθω. Ep. forms I pl. pres. opt. φαίμεν for φαίμεν; 3 sing. subj. φῆη for φῆ; aor. 2 φῆν, φῆς, φῆ, for ἐφην, ἐφῆς, ἐφη, and 3 pl. ἐφάν, φάν for ἔφασαν; med. imperat. φάο for φάσο:—Ἥμι is a shortd. form of φημί: φάσας is also a collat. form. The pres. indic. φημί is enclitic, except in 2 pers. φῆς. To say, speak, tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts: hence, to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine, esp. in Med.; ἴσων ἐμοὶ φάσθαι *to fancy himself equal to*

me; in familiar language φημί is often put before its pronoun, as, ἐφην ἐγὼ said I; ἐφη δ Σωκράτης said Socrates: φημί is sometimes joined with a synon. Verb, as, ἐφη λέγων, ἔλεγε φάς, etc. II. φημί often means, to say yes, affirm, assert: opp. to οὐ φημι or φημί οὐχί, to say no, deny, refuse.

φημίξω, *ἴωσω* Att. ἰῶ Dor. ἰζω: aor. I ἐφήμισα: (φημί):—*to speak, utter, name:—Med. to express in words*.

φήμεις, ιος, ἡ, poet. for φῆμη, speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation; δῆμοιο φήμεις *the voice or judgment of the people*.

φήν, Ep. for ἐφην, aor. 2 of φημί.

φήναι, aor. I inf. of φαίνω.

φήνεε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of φαίνω.

ΦΗ'ΝΗ, ἡ, a kind of vulture.

φήρ, ὁ, gen. φηρός, Aeol. for θήρ, esp. in plur. Φήρες, the Centaurs.

φηρο-μάνης, ἑς, gen. ἑος, (φήρ, μανῆναι) *madly fond of wild animals or hunting*.

φῆς, 2 sing. of φημί: but 2. φῆς, Ep. for ἐφῆς, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φῆσθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φήτρη, ἡ, Ion. for φάτρα.

φθαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φθάνω.

φθαίρω, Dor. for φθείρω.

φθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of φθάνω. [ᾱ]

φθάν, Ep. for ἐφθασαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

ΦΘΑ'ΝΩ, fut. φθήσομαι, later also φθάσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐφθάσα: aor. 2 ἐφθην, 3 pl. φθάν for ἐφθασαν, subj. φθῶ, Ep. 3 sing. φθῆρ and φθῆσιν, Ep. I pl. φθέμεν, 3 pl. φθέσιν, opt. φθαίην, inf. φθῆναι, part. φθάς: pf. ἐφθάκα: Ep. aor. 2 med. part. φθάμενος [ᾱ]: Dor. fut. φθαζέω, aor. I ἐφθαξα. To come before, do, reach before; ὁ φθάσας *the first comer*; φθάνειν εἰς τὴν πόλιν *to come first into the city*:—c. acc. pers. to be beforehand with, overtake, outstrip, anticipate, Lat. *praevenire*; and sometimes simply to arrive; ἐφθησαν τὸν χειμῶνα *they anticipated the storm*; it is often joined with a part. act. agreeing with the agent, ἐφθῆ βαλὼν αὐτὸν *he was beforehand in striking him*; ἡ κε πολλὴ φθαίη πόλις ἀλοῦσα *the city would be beforehand in being taken, i.e. it would be taken first*.

II. in these constructions, φθάνειν is best rendered in English by an Adv. before, sooner, first; ἐφθην ἀρικόμενος *I came sooner or first: we also find the part. of φθάνω joined with another Verb, οὐκ ἄλλος φθὰς ἐμεῦ κατήγορος ἔσται* no other shall be an accuser before me; φθάσας προσπεσοῦμαι *I will first fall upon you*; so part. φθάσας with imperat., λέγε φθάσας *speak quickly*.

III. φθάνειν with οὐ and part., followed by καί, etc., like Lat. *simul ac*, denotes two actions following close on each other, οὐ φθάνει εξαγόμενος καὶ εὐθὺς ὁμοῖς ἔστι *no sooner is he brought out than he is like*; οὐκ ἐφθῆ μοι συμβάσα ἡ ἀτυχία καὶ εὐθὺς ἐπεχείρησαν *scarcely or no sooner had misfortune befallen me than they attempted*.

IV. in questions with οὐ, φθάνω de-

notes impatience to have the thing done; ἀποτρέχων οὐκ ἂν φθάνοις; *will you not be quick and run off?* i. e. make haste and run off. V. in answers with οὐ and opt. c. ἂν, οὐκ ἂν φθάνομαι I could not be too quick, i. e. I will begin directly.

φθάρῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φθεῖρω.
φθαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθεῖρω, *corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory.*

φθᾶς, φθᾶσα, φθάν, aor. 2 part. of φθάνω.
ΦΘΕΓΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγγομαι: aor. 1 ἐφθεγγάμην: pf. ἐφθεγαί: Dep. —to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; τὸ φθεγγόμενον, *that which uttered the sound, the voice.* 2. of animals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a fawn, to cry; of a door, to creak. II. c. acc. cognate, φθέγγεσθαι ἔπος to utter or say a word. III. to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, ατος, τό, (φθέγγομαι) a voice: language, speech: a saying, word: in plur. accents, words. 2. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγγομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι.
φθεῖρωμεν, Ep. for φθέμεν, φθῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΙΡ, ὁ, gen. φθειρός, a louse, Lat. pediculus. II. the small fruit or cone of a kind of pine.

φθειριάω, f. ἄσω, (φθείρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis.

φθειρο-τραγέω, f. ἦσω, (φθείρ, τραγεῖν) to eat lice, or rather to eat fir-cones; cf. φθείρ.

φθείρω, fut. φθεῖρω Ep. φθέρω: aor. 1 ἐφθειρα: pf. ἐφθαρκα, pf. 2 ἐφθορα: Pass., pf. ἐφθαρμαι, 3 pl. ἐφθάρται: aor. 2 ἐφθάρην [α]: (φθίω):—to corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, pessumdare:—Pass. to go to ruin, perish; in Att., φθέρειν was a common imprecation, *go and be banged!* Lat. *abi in malam rem!* hence, εἰ μὴ φθερεῖ unless thou depart; but, φθείρεσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to run headlong into a thing. 2. in Pass., of shipwrecked persons, to be cast away. II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of women, to seduce:—Pass. to perish, pine away.

φθεροῦ-γενής, ἐς, (φθείρω, γένος) *destroying the race or family.*

φθέμεν, φθέσω, Ep. for φθῶμεν, φθῶσιν, 1 and 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆ, Ep. for ἐφθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

φθῆῖ, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω.

φθῆσιν, Ep. for φθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθίσσομαι, fut. of φθάνω.

Φθία, ας, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ης, ἡ, Phthia, a district in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [γ]

Φθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of Φθίος, a Phthian woman.

φθίεται, Ep. for φθίηται, aor. 2 pass. subj. of φθίω.

Φθίηνδε, Adv. to Phthia. [γ]

Φθίηφι, Ep. dat. sing. of Φθίη, at Phthia. [γ]

φθίμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. [γ]

φθίνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φθίνω) intr. *perishing, wasting,*

waning. II. act. *causing to decline, wasting:* νόσος φθινάδες *wasting diseases.*

φθίνασμα, ατος, τό, (φθίνω) a declining, wasting, pining, *waning.* [γ]

φθινάω and φθινέω, (φθίνω) to waste or pine.

φθινό-καρπος, ον, (φθίνω, καρπός) *with blighted fruit.*

φθινοπαρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (φθινοπαρον) autumnal.

φθινοπωρίς, ἰδος, fem. of φθινοπωρινός.

φθίν-ὅπωρον, τό, (φθίνω, ὅπωρα) *the last part of ὅπωρα or the time after ὅπωρα, late autumn, the fall of the year.*

φθινύθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φθινύθω. [β]

φθινύθω, poet. for φθίνω, used only in pres. and impf.: I. intr. to waste away, decay. II.

trans. to consume, waste. [β]

ΦΘΙΝΩ, common form of φθίω. [γ]

φθίωμα, Ep. for φθίωμαι, aor. 2 pass. subj.

Φθίος, α, ον, (Φθία) Phthian; οἱ Φθίοι the Phthians.

φθίσσεται [γ], fut. med. inf. of φθίνω.

φθισ-ῥωπος, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (φθίνω, ἄνθρωπος) *man-destroying, destructive, deadly, fatal.*

φθίσσαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω, φθίω.

φθισίμ-βροτος, ον, (φθίνω, βρότος) *man-destroying.*

φθίσως, εως, ἡ, (φθίνω) of persons, consumption, decline, decay, Lat. *tubas.* 2. generally, a dwindling or wasting away, decay, *waning.* [γ]

φθίτω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φθίω: but, 2.

φθίτω [γ], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. indic.

φθιτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθίω, *wasted, decayed, dead;* οἱ φθιτοὶ the dead.

ΦΘΙΩ, impf. ἐφθίων, more common in form ΦΘΙΝΩ [γ Hom., γ Att.]: fut. φθίσσομαι [γ]: pf. pass.

(in same sense as act.) ἐφθίμαι: plqpf. ἐφθίμην [γ]:

—but ἐφθίμην is more commonly Ep. aor. 2 pass., 3 pl. ἐφθίω: subj. φθίωμαι Ep. φθίωμαι, 3 sing. φθίεται (for φθίηται), 1 pl. φθιόμεσθαι (for φθιόμεθα);

opt. φθίμην, φθίω, φθίτω; inf. φθίσθαι; part. φθιμένος [γ]:—to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste away,

perish, die; οἱ φθιμένοι the dead: of Time, πρὶν κεν νῆξ φθίτω first of the night come to an end; φθίνουσιν νύκτες the nights wane; μηνῶν φθινόντων in the moon's wane, i. e. towards the month's end;

in Homer's time, the month was divided into two parts, μην ἱστάμενος and μην φθίνων, as in phrase, τοῦ μὲν φθινόντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἱσταμένου both at the *waning* of the month, and at its beginning; at Athens the month was divided into 3 decads, μην ἱστάμενος, μην μεσῶν, μην φθίνων; in the two first of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, wither, die.

II. Causal in fut. φθίσω [γ], aor. 1 act. ἐφθίσαι (like βήσω, ἐβησα):—to make to decline, decay or pine away, to consume: also of money, etc., to waste, squander.

Φθιώτης, ον, ὁ, (Φθία) a man of Phthia:—fem. Φθιώτις, ἰδος (sub. γῆ), the land of Phthia.

φθόγγῃ, ἡ, (φθέγγομαι) like φθόγγος, the voice of men: also the cry of animals.

φθόγγος, ὁ, (φθέγγομαι) *the voice of men: also the cry of animals: generally, a sound.*

ΦΘΟΥΤΨ, ἴος, ὁ, nom. pl. φθοῖς, *a kind of cake.*

φθονερός, ὁ, ὄν, (φθόνος) *envious, jealous; τὸ θεῶν πᾶν ἐστι φθονερόν the gods are altogether jealous. Adv. φθονερώς ἔχειν to be enviously disposed.*

φθονῶ, f. ἥσω: aor. I ἐφθόνησα, in late Poets ἐφθόνεσα: Pass., aor. I ἐφθονήθην: (φθόνος):—*to be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or ill-will; c. dat. pers., φθονεῖν τινι εὖ πρὸςσονται to envy a man in a state of prosperity: absol., μὴ φθονήσῃς bear no malice, Lat. ne graveris: also c. gen. rei, οὐ τοι ἡμῶν φθονέω I bear thee no grudge for the mules.*

2. c. acc. rei, *to grudge, refuse or withhold through envy or jealousy.* 3. c. inf., οὐκ ἂν φθονέοιμι ἀγορεύσαι I will not grudge to tell; ἐφθόνησαν ἄνδρα ἓνα τῆς Ἀσίας καὶ τῆς Εὐρώπης βασιλεῦσαι they were jealous that one man should be king both of Asia and Europe. 4. Pass. φθονοῦμαι, *to be envied or begrudged, Lat. invidetur (in Horace).* Hence φθόνησις, εὖς, ἡ, *an envying, a being jealous or grudging: envy.*

ΦΘΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *ill-will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of another: also an envying, a grudge, malice, Lat. invidia; οὐδεὶς φθόνος there is no grudging, i. e. I am willing: c. gen. rei, envy for or because of a thing—φθόνος jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase τὸν φθόνον πρόσκυσον intreat, i. e. disarm, their envy.*

φθορά Ion. φθορή, ἡ, (ἐφθορα) *corruption, decay: destruction, ruin: also a mortality, perdition, death.* 2. *seduction of a woman.* II. *moral corruption, depravity, wickedness.*

φθόρος, ὁ, = φθορά, *destruction, ruin, perdition: hence, οὐκ ἐς φθόρον [sc. ἀπεί]; as a curse, like Lat. abi in malam rem, wilt thou not go to ruin? i. e. go bang.*

II. like ὄλεθρος, *a pestilent fellow.*

-φι, -φιν, in Ep. poetry a termin. of the dat. and of genit., both in sing. and plur.: hence as an adverbial termin., mostly of place.

ΦΙΑΛΗ [ᾱ], ἡ, *a flat shallow cup or bowl, esp. a drinking-bowl or bowl for libations, Lat. patera: also a funereal vase or urn:—from its broad flat shape, Ἀρεος φιάλη the bowl of Mars, was a comic metaph. for ἀσπίς a shield.*

φιάλλω, f. φιάλῶ, *to take in hand, undertake, set about a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

φιάρός, ὁ, ὄν Ion. φιέρός, ἡ, ὄν (πίαρ) *sleek, plump.*

φιβάλει Att. φιβάλεω, αἰ, with or without ἰσχύδες, *a kind of early figs, so called from Φίβαλις, a district of Attica or Megaris.*

φιδίτιον, see φειδίτιον.

φιλ-άβουλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄβουλος) *wilfully thoughtless, wayward.*

φιλ-ἀγάθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγαθός) *loving goodness.*

φιλ-ἀγλαός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγλαός) *loving splendour.*

φιλ-ἀγραιλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγραιλος) *fond of a country life. [ἀγρ]*

φιλ-ἀγρέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (φίλος, ἄγρα) *a lover of the chase: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ἴδος, a huntress.*

φιλ-ἄγρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρός) *fond of the country or of a country life.*

φιλ-ἀγρυπνος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρυπνος) *fond of waking or watching, wakeful. [ἀγρ]*

φιλ-ἄγων, αὖος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ἀγών) *fond of contests: used in contests. [ἀ]*

φιλ-ἀδελφία, ἡ, *brotherly or sisterly love. From φιλ-ἀδελφος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀδελφός) fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly. [ἀ]*

φιλ-ἀέθλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀέθλον) *fond of the games.*

φιλ-ἀθηναῖος, ὄν, (φίλος, Ἀθηναῖος) *fond of the Athenians.*

φίλαι, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of φιλέω.

φιλ-αἰακτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰάω) *fond of wailing: lamentable.*

φιλ-αἰδήμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (φίλος, αἰδώς) *loving modesty.*

φιλ-αἰμάτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἷμα) *fond of blood, blood-thirsty.*

φιλ-αἰτερος, α, ὄν and φιλ-αἰτατος, ἡ, ὄν, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of φίλος, *dearer, dearest.*

φιλ-αἰτίας, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰτία) *fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censorious.* II. *liable to blame.*

φιλ-ἀκόλουθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) *readily following.*

φιλ-ἀκρατος Ion. -ἀκρητος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκρατος) *fond of sheer wine: given to wine. [ἀκρ]*

φιλ-ἄμα, Dor. for φιλήμα.

φιλ-άμενος, poet. aor. I med. part. of φιλέω, in pass. sense.

φιλ-ἄμπελος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄμπελος) *friend of the vine.*

φιλ-ανδρία, ἡ, *love for a husband: love for men. From φιλ-ανδρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνὴρ) loving one's husband, conjugal.* II. *loving men. [Υ]*

φιλ-ανθής, ἐς, (φίλος, ἄνθος) *fond of flowers.*

φιλ-ανθρακεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀνθρακεύς) *friend of colliers.*

φιλ-άνθρωπεύω, (φιλάνθρωπος) *to be a friend to mankind: in Med. φιланθρωπεύομαι, to act humanely or kindly.*

φιλ-άνθρωπία, ἡ, (φιλάνθρωπος) *love for mankind, humanity, benevolence, kindliness, clemency: in plur. acts of humanity or kindness.*

φιλ-άνθρωπος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄνθρωπος) *loving mankind, humane, benevolent, kind. Hence φιλανθρώπως, Adv. humanely, kindly: Sup. -ότατα, most humanely.*

φιλ-ἄνωρ [ᾱ], ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for φιλήνωρ, (φίλος, ἀνὴρ) *loving one's husband, affectionate.*

φιλ-αοιδός, ὄν, (φίλος, αοιδός) *fond of singing or singers.*

φιλ-αιοιδῶ, Dor. gen. of φιλαοιδός.

φιλ-ἄπεχθημοσύνη, ἡ, *fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels: in pl. quarrelsome attempts. From*

φῖλ-ἄπεχθήμων, *ον*, gen. *ονός*, (φίλος, ἀπεχθάνομαι) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome, wrangling.*
Adv. —μόνος.
 φῖλ-ἄπλοικός, ἡ, *όν*, (φίλος, ἀπλός) *fond of simplicity or frankness.*
 φῖλ-ἀπόδημος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀπόδημος) *fond of going abroad or travelling.*
 φῖλαργυρία, ἡ, *love of money, covetousness.* From
 φῖλ-ἀργυρός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀργυρός) *fond of money, covetous, avaricious.*
 φῖλ-Ἀριστείδης, *ου, δ*, (φίλος, Ἀριστείδης) *a friend of Aristides.*
 φῖλ-ἄρματός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἄρμα) *fond of chariots or the chariot-race.*
 φῖλαρχία, ἡ, *love of rule, lust of power.* From
 φῖλ-αρχος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀρχή) *fond of rule, ambitious.*
 [φῖλ]
 φῖλᾱσε, —ᾱσας, *Dor.* for ἐφίλησε, φιλήσας.
 φῖλᾱσει, *Dor.* for φιλήσει, 3 *sing. fut.* of φιλέω.
 φῖλ-αστράγαλος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀστράγαλος) *fond of playing at dice.* [τῖλ]
 φῖλ-ἄσωτος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἄσωτος) *fond of profligacy.*
 φῖλᾱτο, 3 *sing. Ep. aor. I med.* of φιλέω. [ῖ]
 φῖλ-αυλός, *ον*, (φίλος, αὐλός) *fond of the flute.* [ῖ]
 φῖλ-αυτός, *ον*, (φίλος, αὐτοῦ) *fond of oneself, self-loving, selfish.* *Adv.* —τως. [ῖ]
 φῖλέσκει, 3 *sing. Ion. impf.* of φιλέω.
 φῖλ-θεῖρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἔθειρα) *loving the hair, i.e. worn in the hair.*
 φῖλ-ἑλλην, *ηρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (φίλος, Ἑλλην) *fond of the Hellenes or Greeks.*
 φῖλ-ἐννυχός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐννυχός) *loving night.*
 φῖλεῖσαι, *Dor. pres. part. fem. pl.* of φιλέω.
 φῖλεόντι, *Dor. 3 pl. pres.* of φιλέω: but also *pres. part. dat. sing.*
 φῖλ-ἐορτός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐορτή) *fond of feasts or holidays.*
 φῖλ-ἐπιτίμητής, *ου, δ*, (φίλος, ἐπιτιμᾶω) *fond of fault-finding: a censorious person.*
 φῖλ-εραστής, *ου, δ*, (φίλος, ἐραστής) *dear to lovers.*
 φῖλεργία, ἡ, *love of labour, industry.* From
 φῖλ-εργός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἔργον) *loving work, working willingly, industrious.*
 φῖλ-ἐριθός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐριθός) *fond of wool-spinning.*
 φῖλ-ερώς, *αυτός, ὁ, ἡ*, (φίλος, ἔρω) *prone to love, full of love.* [ῖ]
 φῖλ-ἐσπερος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐσπέρα) *fond of evening.*
 φῖλεταιρία, ἡ, *love of comrades, friendship.* From
 φῖλ-ἐταῖρος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐταῖρος) *fond of one's comrades or friends, true to them.* *Adv.* —πως.
 φῖλ-εὐίος, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐοί) *loving the cry of εὐοί, epith. of Bacchus.*
 φῖλ-εὐ-λειχός, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐ, λείχω) *fond of dainties.*
 φῖλ-ευνός, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐνή) *fond of the bed, esp. the marriage-bed.* [ῖ]
 φῖλεῦντα, φῖλεῦντι, φῖλεῦσα, *Dor.* for φιλοῦντα, φιλοῦντι, φιλοῦσα, *forms of the pres. part.* of φιλέω.
 φῖλ-εὐτακτός, *ον*, (φίλος, εὐτακτός) *fond of order.*

φῖλ-ἐφηβός, *ον*, (φίλος, ἐφηβός) *fond of youths.*
 φῖλ-ἐχθής, *ἐς*, gen. *ἐός*, (φίλος, ἐχθός) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome.*
 φιλέω, *f. ἦσω*: *aor. I* ἐφίλησα: *pf.* πεφίληκα: *Med., Ep. aor. I* ἐφιλᾶμην in 3 *sing.* ἐφίλατο, φίλατο; *imperat.* φίλα; 3 *plur. subj.* φίλωνται; *part.* φιλάμενος in *pass. sense, beloved*; also *fut. φιλήσομαι* in *pass. sense*: *Pass., paullo.-p. fut.* πεφιλήσομαι: *aor. I* ἐφίληθην: *pf.* πεφιλήμαι: (φίλος):—*to love*: *Pass. to be beloved by one.* From the general sense of *loving* came various special meanings, as, *to treat affectionately or kindly, to welcome, to befriend*; παρ' ἄμμι φιλήσῃαι *thou shalt be welcome with us.* 2. *to shew signs of love, esp. to kiss*; φιλεῖν τῷ στόματι *to kiss on the mouth*:—*Med. to kiss one another.* 3. *to like, be fond of, practise.* II. *c. inf.*, like *Lat. amo, to be fond of doing, be wont, use to do*: *impers., φιλεῖ γίγνεσθαι* *it is wont to happen, usually, happens*: *absol., οἷα δὴ φιλεῖ* *as is wont, Lat. ut solet.* [ῖ, except in *Ep. aor. I* ἐφιλᾶμην.]
 φίλη, ἡ, *fem. of φίλος, a mistress.* [ῖ]
 φῖλῆδεν, *to love pleasure, find delight in a thing, c. dat.* From
 φῖλ-ῆδης, *ἐς*, (φίλος, ἥδος) *loving pleasure.* Hence
 φῖλῆδία, ἡ, (φῖλῆδεν) *fondness for pleasure, delight.*
 φῖλ-ῆδονος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἥδονή) *fond of pleasure.* 2. *causing pleasure.*
 φῖληκοῖα, ἡ, *fondness for listening, attentiveness.* From
 φῖλ-ῆκοος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἀκοή) *fond of listening: fond of hearing discussions.*
 φῖλ-ἡλακάτος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἡλακάτη) *fond of the spindle.* [ᾱ]
 φῖλ-ἡλιαστής, *ου, δ*, (φίλος, ἡλιαστής) *one who delights in trials, esp. as a jurymen in the court Heliaea.*
 φίλημα, *ατος, τό*, (φίλέω) *a kiss.* [ῖ]
 φίληματιον, *τό, Dim.* of φίλημα, *a little kiss.*
 φίλημεναι, *Ep. pres. inf.* of φιλέω.
 φίλημα, *Aeol.* for φιλέω. [ῖ]
 φίλημοσύνη, ἡ, (φίλέω) *friendliness.*
 φῖλ-ῆνιος, *ον*, (φίλος, ῆνία) *obeying the rein, tractable.*
 φῖλ-ῆρετμος, *ον*, (φίλος, ἔρετμος) *loving the oar, fond of the sea.*
 φίλησα, *Ep.* for ἐφίλησα, *aor. I* of φιλέω. [ῖ]
 φίλησέμεν, *Ep. fut. inf.* of φιλέω.
 φίλησι-μολπος, *ον*, (φίλος, μολπή) = φιλόμολπος.
 φίλητέον, *verb. Adj.* of φιλέω, *one must love.*
 φίλητής, *ου, δ*, *a kisser, lover.*
 φίλητῶρ, *ορος, ὁ*, = φιλητής, *a lover.*
 φίλια *Ion.* φίλη, ἡ, (φίλέω) *love, friendship, Lat. amicitia*; φίλια ἡ ἐμῇ, ἡ σῇ *friendship for me, for thee.*
 φιλικός, ἡ, *όν*, (φίλος) *of or for a friend, friendly, affectionate*; φιλικὰ *proofs or marks of friendship.* *Adv.* —κῶς, *in a kind, friendly way*: *Comp.* φιλικώτερον; *Sup.* —ώτατα.
 φίλιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (φίλος) *of or from a friend, friendly, kindly*: *opp. to πολέμος, friendly, in alliance with one*: ἡ φίλια (*sc. χώρα*) *a friendly*

country, opp. to ἡ πολεμία. 2. Ζεὺς φίλιος, Jove as god of friendship.

φίλιος, in a friendly way. [φι] II. beloved, dear. Adv.

Φιλίππειος, α, ον, of Philīp.

Φιλίππησιος, ον, (Φιλίπποι) of or from Philīppi: as Subst. a Philīppian.

Φιλίππιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (Φιλίππος) to be on Philīp's side or party, to Philīppize.

Φιλίπποι, αἱ, a town in Thrace.

Φίλο-ἵππος, ον, (φίλος, ἵππος) fond of horses: Sup. φιλιππότατος. II. as masc. pr. n., Philīp. [φι]

φιλίτιον, τό, (φίλος) = φειδίτιον.

φίλιον, ον, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of φίλος, dearer.

φιλίως, Adv. of φίλιος, in a friendly manner.

φίλο-βακχος, ον, (φίλος, Βάκχος) leaving Bacchus or wine.

φίλο-γαθής, ἐς, Dor. for φιλογηθής.

φίλο-γαῖος, ον, (φίλος, γαῖα) loving the earth.

φίλο-γάμος, ον, (φίλος, γάμος) longing for marriage.

φίλο-γαστροῖδας, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, γαστήρ) fond of one's belly.

φίλο-γέλοιος, ον, (φίλος, γέλοιος) fond of the ludicrous, loving a joke.

φίλο-γέλως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, γέλως) laughter-loving.

φιλογεωργία, ἡ, fondness for farming or for a country life. From

φίλο-γεωργός, ὄν, (φίλος, γεωργός) fond of farming or of a country life.

φίλο-γηθής Dor. -γαθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, γῆθος) loving mirth, mirthful, cheerful.

φίλο-δαφνος, ον, (φίλος, δάφνη) loving the laurel.

φίλο-δένδρος, ον, (φίλος, δένδρον) fond of trees.

φίλο-δέσποτος, ον, (φίλος, δεσπότης) loving one's lord or master: of slaves, attached, submissive.

φίλο-δημος, ον, (φίλος, δῆμος) befriending the commons or people, the commons' friend.

φίλοδικέω, f. ἦσω, to be fond of law, litigious. From

φίλο-δίκος, ον, (φίλος, δίκη) fond of lawsuits: litigious.

φίλο-οδίτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, ὁδίτης) a friend of travellers. [ἱ]

φίλο-δοξος, ον, (φίλος, δόξα) loving honour or glory.

φίλο-δοῦπος, (φίλος, δοῦπος) loving noise.

φίλο-δύρτος, ον, (φίλος, ὀδυρόμαι) fond of lamenting, indulging sorrow, melancholy.

φίλο-δώρος, ον, (φίλος, δῶρον) fond of giving, bountiful. Adv. -ρως.

φίλο-εργός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἔργον) fond of work, industrious.

φίλο-ξέφυρος, ον, (φίλος, Ζέφυρος) loving the west-wind.

φίλο-ζωος, ον, (φίλος, ζωή) fond of one's life, cowardly. II. (φίλος, ζῶον) fond of animals.

φίλο-θεάμων [α], ον, (φίλος, θεάομαι) fond of seeing, fond of spectacles or shows.

φίλο-θεός, ον, (φίλος, θεός) loving God, pious, devout.

φιλοθηρία, ἡ, love of hunting, love of the chase. From

φίλο-θηρος, ον, (φίλος, θήρα) fond of hunting.

φίλο-θουκυδίδης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, Θουκυδίδης) fond of Thucydides.

φίλο-θρηνής, ἐς, (φίλος, θρήνος) fond of wailing or lamentation.

φίλο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, θύω) one fond of sacrificing, a zealous worshipper. [υ]

φίλο-θύτος, ον, (φίλος, θύω) fond of sacrificing; φιλόθута ὅργια sacrifices offered with zeal.

φίλο-οικοδόμος, ον, (φίλος, οικοδομέω) fond of building.

φίλο-οικτίρων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, ολκείρω) prone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μόνος.

φίλο-οικτίστος, ον, (φίλος, ολκίζω) = φίλοικτος.

φίλο-οικτος, ον, (φίλος, ολκτος) fond of compassionating, fond of lamentation: piteous. [ι]

φίλοῖναι, ἡ, love, fondness of wine. From

φίλο-οῖνος, ον, (φίλος, οἶνος) fond of wine.

φίλο-οίφης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, οἰφάω) a lewd fellow.

φίλο-οἶδω, f. ἦσω, to be a lover of the beautiful, to indulge a taste for refinement. From

φίλο-οἶδλος, ον, (φίλος, καλός) loving the beautiful, loving beauty and goodness: fond of refinement and elegance. II. also fond of honour, seeking honour.

φίλο-καμπής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, καμπή) easily bent, pliant, lithe.

φίλο-καρποφόρος, ον, (φίλος, καρποφόρος) bearing fruit abundantly.

φίλοκέρδεια, ἡ, (φιλοκερδής) love of gain.

φίλοκερδῶ, f. ἦσω, to be greedy of gain. From

φίλο-κερδής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, κέρδος) loving gain, greedy of gain.

φίλο-κέρτος, ον, (φίλος, κέρτος) fond of jeering or mocking.

φίλο-κηδεμών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, κηδεμών) fond of one's relatives or connections.

φίλο-κίνδυνος, ον, (φίλος, κίνδυνος) fond of danger, venturesome, enterprising, bold. Adv. -ρως, venturously, in an enterprising way.

φίλο-κισσοφόρος, ον, (φίλος, κισσοφόρος) fond of wearing ivy.

φίλο-κνίσος, ον, (φίλος, κνίζω) fond of pinching.

φίλο-κοῖνος, ον, (φίλος, κοινός) fond of what is common.

φίλο-κρημνος, ον, (φίλος, κρημνός) loving steep rocks, crag-loving.

φίλο-κρινέω, f. ἦσω, (φίλος, κρίνω) to pick and choose as friends.

φίλο-κρόταλος, ον, (φίλος, κρόταλον) loving a rattle or din.

φίλο-κροτος, ον, (φίλος, κρότος) loving noise or din.

φίλο-κτέανος, ον, (φίλος, κτέανον) = φιλοκτήμων, loving possessions, greedy of gain, covetous: Sup. φιλοκτηαίνωτος, most covetous, most grasping.

φίλο-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, κτῆμα) = φιλοκτέανος.

φίλο-κύβος, ον, (φίλος, κύβος) fond of dice or gambling.

φιλο-κυνδής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φίλος, κῦδος) *loving splendour, joyous, brilliant.*

φιλο-κυνήγτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, κυνήγητος) *a lover of hunting or the chase.*

φιλο-κῶμος, ου, (φίλος, κῶμος) *fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry.*

φιλο-λάκων, ονος, ὁ, (φίλος, Λάκων) *fond of the Lacedaemonians.* [ἀ]

φιλο-λήης, ου, ποët. for φιλόλειος, (φίλος, λήη, λεία) *loving booty.*

φιλο-λίχνος, ου, (φίλος, λίχνος) *loving dainties.*

φιλολογία, ἡ, *love of discussion, love of learning and literature: the study of language and history.* From φιλό-λογος, ου, (φίλος, λέγω) *fond of words, wordy.*

II. *fond of dissertation; fond of learning and literature*, Lat. studiosus:—as Subst., φιλό-λογος, ὁ, *a student of language and history, a learned man.*

φιλο-λοιδορος, ου, (φίλος, λοιδορος) *fond of reviling, abusive.*

φιλομάθεια, ἡ, *love of knowledge.* [μᾶ] From

φιλο-μαθής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φίλος, μαθεῖν) *fond of learning, loving knowledge.* Adv. —θῶς.

φιλο-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (φίλος, μάντις) *loving soothsayers or soothsaying.*

φιλο-μαστός, ου, (φίλος, μαστός) *loving the breast.*

φιλομάχος, ἡ, ἥσω, *to be fond of fighting, eager to fight.* From

φιλο-μάχος, ου, (φίλος, μάχη) *loving fighting, warlike.*

φιλο-μβριος and φιλο-μβρος, ου, (φίλος, ὄμβρος) *rain-loving.*

φιλομήλα Ion. —λη, ἡ, *the nightingale*, so called, because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence

φιλομήλειος, α, ου, of, *belonging to the nightingale.*

φιλο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, μήτηρ) *loving one's mother.*

φιλομ-μειδής, ἐς, ποët. for φιλομειδής, (φίλος, μειδάω) *laugbter-loving, epith. of Venus.*

φιλο-μολπος, ου, (φίλος, μολπή) *loving the dance and song.*

φιλομουσέω, ἡ, ἥσω, (φιλόμουσος) *to love the Muses.*

φιλομουσία, ἡ, (φιλομουσέω) *love of the Muses.*

φιλό-μουσος, ου, (φίλος, Μοῦσα) *loving the Muses, loving music and the arts: refined, learned.*

φιλο-μῦθος, ου, (φίλος, μῦθος) *fond of fables.*

φιλό-μῶμος, ου, (φίλος, μῶμος) *given to find fault, censorious.*

φιλο-μωσος, Dor. for φιλόμουσος.

φιλο-ναυτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, ναῦτης) *loving sailors.*

φιλονεικέω, ἡ, ἥσω, (φιλονεικος) *to be fond of dispute, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τὰ χεῖρα φιλονεικεῖν to choose the worse part out of obstinacy.* Hence

φιλονεικία, ἡ, *love of strife, contentiousness, rivalry, party-spirit, pertinacity, obstinacy.*

φιλό-νεικος, ου, (φίλος, νέικος) *fond of strife, contentious, pertinacious, obstinate.*

φιλονικέω, ἡ, ἥσω, (φιλονικος) *to strive for victory.* Hence

φιλονικητέον, verb. Adj. *one must strive for victory.*

φιλό-νικος, ου, (φίλος, νίκη) *striving for victory.*

φιλο-νύμφιος, ου, (φίλος, νύμφιος) *loving the bridegroom or bride.*

φιλό-ξενος, ου, ποët. for φιλόξενος.

φιλό-ξενος ποët. —ξενος, ου, (φίλος, ξένος) *loving strangers, hospitable.* Adv. —νως, *hospitably.*

φιλό-οινος, ου, ποët. for φιλοινος.

φιλο-παίγμων, ου, gen. ονος, (φίλος, παῖγμα) *fond of play or sport, playful, sportive.*

φιλό-παις, —παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, παῖς) *loving one's children, loving boys.*

φιλό-πατρία, (φίλος, πάτρις) *love of one's country.* 2. (φίλος, πατήρ) *love of one's father.*

φιλό-πάτρις, ιδος, ἡ, acc. —πάτρην, (φίλος, πατρίς) *loving one's country.*

φιλο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, πατήρ) *loving one's father.*

φιλό-πλεκτος, ου, (φίλος, πλέκω) *constantly braided.*

φιλό-πλοος, ου, contr. —πλοος, ου, (φίλος, πλόος) *fond of sailing.*

φιλό-όπλος, ου, (φίλος, ὅπλον) *loving arms or war.*

φιλόπλουτία, ἡ, *love of riches.* From

φιλό-πλουτος, ου, (φίλος, πλούτος) *loving or seeking riches; φιλόπλουτος ἀμύλλα the race for wealth.*

φιλο-ποιμνιος, ου, (φίλος, ποιμήν) *loving the flock.*

φιλο-πόλεμος ποët. (φιλοπρόλεμος, ου, (φίλος, πρόλεμος) *fond of war, warlike.* Adv. —μως.

φιλό-πολις, εως and ιδος, Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἡ: acc. —ιν: ποët. also φιλόπολις: (φίλος, πόλις):—*loving one's city, state or country:* as Subst., φιλόπολις, ὁ, *a patriot:*

φιλόπολις ἀρετή or τὸ φιλόπολις *patriotism:*—at Athens, φιλόπατρις was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολις of one who was devoted to his own state.

φιλοπονέω, ἡ, ἥσω, (φιλόπονος) *to love labour, work hard, be diligent; τὸ φιλοπονέω, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry.*

φιλοπονηρία, ἡ, *love of bad men.* From

φιλο-πώνηρος, ου, (φίλος, πωνήρ) *fond of bad men.*

φιλοπονία, ἡ, (φιλοπονέω) *love of labour, patient industry.*

φιλό-πονος, ου, (φίλος, πόνος) *loving labour, diligent, industrious.* II. of things, *toilsome, laborious.* Adv. —νως, *laboriously:* Comp. —νότερον; Sup. —νότερα.

φιλοποσία, ἡ, *love of drinking, drunkenness, Lat. vinolentia.* From

φιλό-πότης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, ΠΟ— Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a lover of drinking, a toper, Lat. vinolentus.*

φιλοπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, *a restless, meddling disposition, officious interference, meddlesomeness.* From

φιλό-πράγμων, ου, gen. ονος, (φίλος, πρᾶγμα) *fond*

of business, meddlesome, officious: as Subst., φιλοπρά-
γμαν, ὁ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv. —μύνης.
φιλοπροσηγορία, ἡ, easiness of address, affability,
courtesy. From

φιλο-προσῆγορος, ον, (φίλος, προσῆγορος) easy of
address, affable.

φιλο-πρωτεύω, f. σω, (φίλος, πρωτεύω) to strive to
be first or in the front rank.

φιλο-πτόλεμος, ον, ποῖτ. for φιλοπύλεμος.

φιλό-πολις, ὁ, ἡ, ποῖτ. for φιλόπολις.

φιλό-πυρος, ον, (φίλος, πυρός) loving wheat.

φιλο-σπυριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, σπύρα) a lover of
autumn fruits.

φιλο-δργιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄργια) fond of orgies.

φιλο-δρθιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄρθιος) loving what is right.

φιλο-ορμίστρια, ἡ, (φίλος, ὀρμίζω) she who loves
the barbour.

φιλο-ορνιθία, ἡ, fondness of birds. From

φιλορνις, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρνις) fond of birds:
sheltering, harbouring birds.

φιλο-ορώς, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ῥώξ) loving or bearing
grapes.

φιλο-ὄρτυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρτυξ) fond of quails.

ΦΙΛΑΟΣ, η, ον; vocat. φίλε, sometimes even with
neut. nouns, as φίλε τέκνον:—loved, beloved, dear,
Lat. amicus, carus. 2. as Subst., φίλος, ὁ, φίλη, ἡ,
Lat. amicus, amica, a friend; ὁ Διὸς φίλος the friend
of Jove: in addressing others, ὦ φίλος, ὦ φίλε, ὦ
φίλοι, O friend, O friends: οἱ φίλοι friends, kins-
men, one's kith and kin; κοινὰ τὰ τῶν φίλων friends
have all in common. 3. of things, dear, pleasing;
φίλον ἐστὶ μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat.
cordi est.

4. Homer and other Poets use φίλος for
the possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart,
limbs, etc., as, φίλον ἦτορ, φίλα γυῖα, γούνατα, φίλος
θυμός, ἄλοχος, τέκνα etc.; even when no affection is
implied in it, as, μητρὶ φίλῃ Ἀλθαίῃ χωόμενος κῆρ
enraged in heart with his mother Althaea: also to
denote possession or custom, φίλα εἴματα their own
garments; φίλος πόνος their wonted labour.

II. in Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλιος, loving,
friendly, fond: kindly, kind; φίλα φρονεῖν to feel
kindly; φίλα ποιεῖσθαι τινα to do one a kindness.

φίλος has several forms of Comparison: I.
Comp. φίλιον, ον; Sup. φίλιστος, η, ον, 2. Comp.
φίλιτερος: Sup. φίλιτατος. 3. Comp. φιλαίτερος,
Sup. φιλαίτατος.

φιλό-σιτος, ον, (φίλος, σίτος) fond of corn, agri-
cultural. II. generally, fond of food or eating.

φιλο-σκήπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκήπτρον) sceptered.

φιλο-σκήπων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σκήπων) loving or
carrying a staff.

φιλο-σκόπελος, ον, (φίλος, σκόπελος) loving or
baunting the rocks.

φιλο-σκώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, σκῶμμα) loving
a jest.

φιλοσοφέω, f. ἦσω; pf. πεφιλοσόφηκα (φιλόσο-
φος):—to be a lover of knowledge, seek to become

wise, to seek after knowledge, study hard, Lat. philo-
sophari.

II. c. acc. rei, to discuss or examine a
subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically,
Lat. meditari; φιλοσοφίαν φιλοσοφεῖν to seek out a
philosophic system. 2. generally, to study, work
at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφῆτέον, verb. Adj. one must pursue wisdom.
φιλοσοφία, ἡ, (φιλοσοφείω) love of knowledge and
wisdom, fondness for studious pursuits. 2. the
systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investiga-
tion, Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy, Lat. philosophia
or sapientia.

φιλό-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom or
knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called him-
self φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφός a sage:
hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgar
(οἱ πολλοί). 2. as Subst., φιλόσοφος, ὁ, one who
professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one
who discusses subjects scientifically. II. philo-
sophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφως, Adv. philosophically.

φιλο-σπηλυγξ, ὤγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σπηλυγξ) fond
of dwelling in grottoes.

φιλό-σπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drink-
offerings or libations, employed in libations.

φιλό-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal,
zealous.

φιλο-στέφανος, ον, (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns,
wreathed, garlanded.

φιλό-στονος, ον, (φίλος, στόνος) loving sighs or
groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv. —νως.

φιλοστοργία, ἡ, tender love, warm affection. From

φιλό-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly,
affectionate, esp. of natural affection. Adv. —γως.

φιλο-στράτιωτης, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, στρατιώτης) the
soldier's friend.

φιλο-σώματος, ον, (φίλος, σῶμα) loving, indulging
the body; sensual.

φιλοτάσιος [α], α, ον, Dor. for φιλοτήσιος.

φιλό-τέκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) loving one's children
or offspring.

φιλοτεχνέω, f. ἦσω, to love art, practise an art. From

φιλό-τέχνος, ον, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, inge-
nious: of things, curious.

φιλότης, ητος, ἡ, (φίλος) friendship, love, affection:
also of friendship between nations.

φιλοτήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φιλότης) of friend-
ship or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια
ἔργα works of love. II. ἡ φιλοτησία κύλιξ, or
absol. ἡ φιλοτησία (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to
friendship, the loving-cup; φιλοτησίαν λαβεῖν to have
one's health drunk; φιλοτησίαν προπίνειν to drink
a health.

φιλοτιμέομαι, fut. med. ἦσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλο-
τιμησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοτιμήθην: pf. πεφιλοτιμή-
μαι: Dep.: (φιλότιμος):—to love honour or distinc-
tion; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's
fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

φιλοτιμῆσθαι τι or πρὸς τι to be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμῆσθαι πρὸς τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him.

3. c. inf. to strive emulously, endeavor earnestly, aspire to do a thing; οὐ πᾶν ἂν φιλοτιμηθεῖεν φίλῳ σοι χρησθαι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.

φιλοτιμία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (φιλοτιμέομαι) love of honour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry: hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing: in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy. 2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality. II. a coveted object, honour, distinction.

φιλότης, ον, (φίλος, τιμή) loving honour, ambitious: zealous, emulous. Adv. -μως, emulously. II. pass. much-honoured.

φιλοτάριον, τό, poet. for φιλοτάριον, Dim. of φιλότης, a little pet, darling.

φιλό-φθογος, ον, (φίλος, φθογή) noise-loving.

φιλό-φίλος, ον, loving one's friends.

φιλό-φόρμιγξ, ἰγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φόρμιγξ) loving the lyre, accompanying it.

φιλό-φρονέομαι, f. med. ἡσσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοφρονήσῃ, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθην: (φιλόφρων):—to treat or deal with affectionately, to shew kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονήθην, to shew kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, = φιλοφρονήσασθαι ἀλλήλους. II. absol. to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.

φιλοφρονέστερος, α, ον, Comp. of φιλόφρων.

φιλοφροσύνη, ἡ, (φιλόφρων) friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindness: friendly greeting, welcome. II. cheerfulness, gaiety.

φιλοφρόσυτος, η, ον, = φιλόφρων.

φιλό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, φρήν) kindly minded or affectioned, friendly, kindly. Adv. -φρόνως, kindly, affectionately, cheerfully.

φίλο-χορευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, χορεύω) friend of the choral dance.

φιλό-χορος, ον, (φίλος, χορός) loving the choir or choral dance, epith. of Pan.

φιλοχρημαῖτε, f. ἡσώ, (φιλοχρήματος) to love money, be covetous. Hence

φιλοχρηματία, ἡ, love of money, covetousness.

φιλό-χρηματος, ον, (φίλος, χρήματα) loving money, fond of money, covetous. Adv. -τως.

φιλό-χρηστος, ον, (φίλος, χρηστός) loving goodness, fairness or honesty.

φιλό-χριστος, ον, (φίλος, Χριστός) loving Christ.

φιλό-χρῦσος, ον, (φίλος, χρυσός) greedy of gold.

φιλοχωρέω, f. ἡσώ, (φιλόχωρος) to be fond of a place or country, to baunt a particular spot. Hence

φιλοχωρία, ἡ, fondness for a place, attachment to a particular spot or baunt.

φιλό-χωρος, ον, (φίλος, χώρα) fond of a place.

φίλο-ψευδής, ἐς, gen. ἐος, (φίλος, ψεύδος) fond of lies or lying.

φίλο-ψογος, ον, (φίλος, ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

φίλοψυχέω, (φίλοψυχος) to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fainthearted. Hence

φίλοψυχία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness.

φίλο-ψυχος, ον, (φίλος, ψυχή) loving one's life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted. Adv. -χως.

φίλατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of φίλος, dearest, most loved, best beloved.

φίλτερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, dearer, more or better loved.

φίλτρον, τό, (φιλέω) a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespeare's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλατρα τόλμης spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον. II. in plur. charms, loveliness.

φίλ-υβριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) one given to wanton violence.

φίλ-ύδρηλος, ον, (φίλος, ὑδρηλός) abounding in moisture.

φίλ-υμνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕμνος) loving song. [Υ]

φίλ-υπνος, ον, (φίλος, ὕπνος) loving sleep. [Υ]

ΦΙΛΑΤΡΑ Ion. φιλύρα, ἡ, the lime or linden tree, Lat. tilia. II. the bass underneath its bark, Lat.

philyra, used to tie up flowers, etc. [Υ]

φιλύρινος, η, ον, (φιλύρα) of the lime or linden tree, light as linden wood. [Υ]

φίλ-υδός, ὅς, (φίλος, ὕδωρ) fond of singing or song.

φίλ-ωρείτης, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, ὄρος) a lover of mountains.

φίλος, Adv. of φίλος, in friendly manner, in a pleasing way, kindly. [Υ]

ΦΙΜΟΣ, ὁ, with irreg. neut. pl. φῖμα, τά, any instrument for keeping the mouth closed, a muzzle for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. caputrium, fiscella. II. the nose-band of a horse's bridle, to which pipes and bells were sometimes attached. III. a kind of cup,

used as a dice-box, Lat. friuillus. Hence

φίμω, f. ὥσω: aor. I pass. ἐφίμωμαι: pf. πεφίμωμαι:—to muzzle, gag, shut up as with a muzzle; φειμὸν τῷ ῥύλῳ τὸν αὐχένα to make fast his neck in the pillory: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silence; Pass., φειμώθητι be thou silent; πεφίμωσο be still.

ΦΙΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log; generally, a piece of wood.

φίτυ, τό, poet. contr. for φίτυμα, as δῶ for δώμα.

φίτυμα, ατος, τό, (φίτω) a shoot, scion: metaph. a son, scion.

φίτυ-ποιμήν, ἐνος, ὁ, (φίτυ, ποιμήν) a tender of plants, gardener.

φίτυσσαι, Ep. 2 sing. fut. med. of φιλύω.

φίτύω, f. ὥσω [Υ]: aor. I ἐφίτυσα: (φίτυ) = φυτεύω, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.

*φλάζω, aor. 2 ἐφλαδον, (φλάω) to be broken or rent asunder with a noise.

φλασῶ, Dor. for φλάσω, fut. of φλάω.

φλαττόθρατ and φλαττοθραττοφλαττόθρατ, Comic words in Aristophanes, meant to ridicule sound without sense.

φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. for φαυλίζω. From φλαύρος, α, ον, collat. form of φαῦλος, preferred by Ion. writers.

φλαυρότης, ητος, ἡ, = φαυλότης.
φλαυρ-ούργος, ον, (φλαῦρος, ἔργον) working badly: φλαυρούργος, ὁ, a sorry workman.

φλαύρος, Adv. of φλαῦρος, badly, meanly; φλαύρος ἔχειν τὴν τέχνην to know an art indifferently well; φλαύρος ἀκούειν, Lat. male audire, to be ill spoken of.

ΦΛΑΨΩ, 3 sing. impf. ἔφλα: f. φλάσω [α] Dor. φλάσω: aor. I ἔφλασα: Pass., aor. I ἔφλασθην: pf. πέφλασμα:—collat. form of θλάω, to crush, bruise, pound: hence to hurt, wound. II. in Att. Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλεγέθω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres.:—transit. to burn, scorch, burn up:—Pass. to be burnt. II. intr. to blaze, blaze up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, ατος, τό, (φλέγω) a flame, fire, heat. II. as Medic. term, inflammation, heat. 2. phlegm, Lat. pīuita.

φλεγμῖναι, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἔφλεγμῖνα and ἔφλεγμῖνα: (φλέγμα):—to be heated, inflamed, to fester.

Φλέγρα, ας, ἡ, Phlegra; Φλέγρας πεδίον a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire; here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods: also in plur. Φλέγραι, as name of any place exposed to volcanic agency.

Φλεγραιός, α, ον, (Φλέγρα) of Phlegra, Phlegraean. φλεγυῖας, ον, ὁ, (φλέγω) a kind of vulture or eagle, so called from being flame-coloured.

φλεγυρός, α, ὄν, (φλέγω) like φλογερός, burning, scorching: metaph. bot. ardent.

ΦΛΕΨΩ, fut. φλέω: aor. I ἔφλεξα:—trans. to burn, scorch: Pass. to become hot, blaze up. 2. metaph. to kindle, inflame, Lat. urere: Pass., like Lat. uri, to be inflamed, burn, glow.

3. metaph., also c. acc. rei, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal, to make to flash; φλέγειν βέλος to hurl a flaming bolt:—metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat. illustrare:—Pass. to be or become renowned or famous. II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. 2. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth, become famous.

φλέδων, ονος, and φλεδών, ὠνος, ὁ, (φλέω) an idle talker, babbler.

ΦΛΕΨΙΣ, εως, ἡ, name of an unknown bird.

φλέψ, ἡ, gen. φλεβός, (φλέω) a vein: metaph. any vein or channel: a vein of metal: a spring of water.

ΦΛΕΨΑ, to gush, teem, overflow.

φλέως, α, ὁ, Att. for the Ion. φλοῦς, a kind of rush or reed.

φληνῶφάω, f. ἴσω, to chatter, babble, drivel. From φληνῶφας, ὁ, (φλέω) idle talk, babble, chatter.

ΦΛΙΓΑΨ, ἡ, in plur. φλῑαί, the doorposts, jambs.

φλῑω, f. ψω, Aeol. and Ion. for θλίβω. [ῑ]

φλόγεος, α, ον, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, flashing. φλογερός, α, ὄν, (φλόξ) flaming, blazing, gleaming.

φλογίζω, f. ἴσω, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, kindle, scorch: metaph. to inflame:—Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγινος, η, ον, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, burning.

φλογιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φλογίζω, burnt, set on fire.

φλογμός, ὁ, (φλέγω) a blazing, blaze: inflammation.

φλογόεις, εσσα, εν, (φλόξ) flaming, fiery, blazing.

φλογόωδης, ες, (φλόξ, εἶδος) like flame, fiery bot.

φλογωπός, ὄν, (φλόξ, ὤψ) fiery-looking, flaming.

φλογώσις, εως, ἡ, (φλογώω) burning heat.

φλογώωψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, = φλογωπός.

φλόινος, η, ον, (φλοῦς, φλέως) of or from the vulture-plant φλοῦς or φλέως; ἔσθῃτες φλόιναι garments made of φλοῦς, mat-garments:

φλοῖος, ὁ, (φλέω) the inner bark of trees, smooth bark, bass.

φλοῖστος, ὁ, any roaring noise, the hum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din: the roaring of the sea. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ, ἡ, gen. φλογός, (φλέγω) a flame, blaze; φλόγα ἐγείρειν to raise a flame: metaph., φλόξ οἴνου the fiery heat of wine: pl. φλόγες, flames, fire.

φλοῦς, ὁ, Ion. for φλέως.

φλυᾶρες Ion. φλυρη: f. ἴσω: (φλύαρος):—to talk folly or nonsense, speak idly: also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. nugari. Hence

φλυᾶρία, ἡ, silly talk, nonsense, foolery.

φλύᾶρος, ὁ, (φλύω) silly talk, foolery. II. a silly talker, prater.

φλυκταῖνα, ἡ, (φλύω) a rising on the skin: a blister: a pustule.

φλύος, τό, = φλυᾶρία, idle talk, foolery.

φλύω, f. φλύσω [ῡ]: aor. I ἔφλυσα: (φλέω):—to boil over, rise up. II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble; γράμματ' ἐπ' ἀσπίδος φλύοντα devices idly threatening on his shield.

φνεί, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound.

φοβᾶσθῃς, Dor. for φοβηθῇς, 2 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of φοβέω.

φοβέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φοβέω.

φοβεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερός, α, ὄν, (φοβέω) fearful: either, I. act. causing fear, frightful, awful, formidable; πλήθει φοβερός formidable only from numbers. 2. fearful, giving cause for fear; οὐδὲ ὄρκος φοβερός nor was an oath a matter of dread; φοβερόν [ἔστι] μή there is reason to dread that ... II. pass. feeling fear, frightened, affrighted, afraid.

2. caused by fear, panic; anxious.

φοβερός, Adv. of φοβερός, fearfully, both in act. and pass. sense.

φοβεσι-στράτη, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατός) scarer of hosts, epith. of Minerva.

φοβέ-στράτος, ἡ, (φοβέω, στρατός) striking fear or panic into armies.

φοβέμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβούμενος, pres. pass. part. of φοβέω.

φοβέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφόβησα: (φόβος):—to strike with fear, to frighten, terrify, dismay: to put to flight. II. Pass. φοβέομαι: fut. med. φοβήσομαι, and pass. φοβηθήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφοβήσάμην, and pass. ἐφοβήθην: pf. pass. πεφόβημαι:—to be put in fear, take fright, be affrighted, to fear, dread: in Hom. usually, to be put to flight, to flee; ὑπό τινος φοβέσθαι to flee before him: c. acc., φοβεῖσθαι τινα to flee from, fear, dread anyone; φοβεῖσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to be alarmed at a thing: but, φοβεῖσθαι ἀμφὶ τι, περὶ τινος or τι, to fear or be anxious about a thing; c. acc. cognato, φόβον φοβεῖσθαι to fear: c. inf. to fear to do, be afraid of doing.

ΦΟΒΗ, ἡ, a lock, curl or tuft of hair, hair; the mane of a horse: δρακόντων φόβαι, the Gorgon's snaky locks. II. metaph. like κόμη, Lat. coma, the leaves, foliage of trees; ἰαν φόβαι tufts of violets. φοβηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φοβέω. φόβηθεν, Ep. and Dor. for ἐφοβήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φοβέω.

φόβημα, ατος, τό, (φοβέω) an object of fear, a terror. φοβητικός, ὅς, ὢν, (φοβέω) liable to fear, timid. φόβητρον, τό, (φοβέω) an object of terror, a terror. φόβος, ὁ, (φέβομαι) fear, terror, fright, dismay: in Homer flight, properly the outward show (as opp. to δέος the sensation) of fear: c. gen., φόβος ἀνδρῶν the flight of men; but also c. gen. objecti, fear or dread of another:—φόβονδε ἵππους ἔχειν, τροπᾶσθαι, ἀΐσσειν to turn the horses, turn, start to flight, like φύγαδε; φόβονδε ἀγορεύειν to advise to flight: also in plur., causes of fear, ἢν φόβους λέγῃ. 2. an object of terror, a terror.

II. Φόβος, personified, son of Mars, coupled with his brother Δαίμω. φοιβάζω, f. ἄσω, (φοίβος) to cleanse, purify. II. (Φοίβος) to utter prophetic words. φοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Φοίβος) the priestess of Phoebus: generally, one inspired by Phoebus, a prophetess. φοιβάω, f. ἡσω, (φοίβος) poet. for φοιβάζω, to cleanse, wash.

Φοίβειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, Ion. Φοιβήλιος, η, ον: (Φοίβος): of Phoebus, belonging or sacred to Phoebus; hence prophetic, inspired.

Φοίβη, ἡ, Phoebe, Lat. Phoebe, a frequent name of Diana, as is Phoebus of Apollo.

Φοιβηίς, ἴδος, poet. fem. of Φοίβειος.

Φοιβό-λαμπτος, ον, Ion. for φοιβόληπτος, (Φοίβος, λαμβάνω) rapt or inspired by Phoebus.

Φοίβος, η, ον, (φάος) pure, bright, radiant, beaming. II. as prop. n., Φοίβος, ὁ, Phoebus, the Bright One, epith. of Apollo: often joined Φοίβος Ἀπόλλων. φοινίχης, εσσα, εν, (φοινός) blood-red, deep-red; δράκων φοινίχης a blood-red dragon.

φοινικ-άνθεμος, ον, (φοινίξ, ἄνθεμον) with purple flowers; φοινικάνθεμον ἔαρ, Lat. purpureum ver.

φοινίκιος, α, ον, contr. -οὖς, ἡ, οὖν, (φοινίξ) of a purple dye, purple or crimson, Lat. puniceus. [ῖ]

Φοινίκη [νί], ἡ, (Φοινίξ) Phoenicia.

φοινικήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for φοινίκιος, = φοινίκινος,

of the date or palm-tree; ἐσθῆς φοινικητῆ a garment of palm-leaves; φοινικίος οἶνος palm-wine. II.

= Φοινικικός, Phoenician.

Φοινικικός, ἡ, ὢν, (Φοινίξ) Phoenician: later, Punic, Carthaginian:—Adv. -κῶς, in Phoenician fashion. II. = φοινίκιος, red.

φοινικίνος, η, ον, (φοινίξ) = φοινικίος, of, from the palm-tree; φοινικίνον μύρον palm-unguent. [νί]

φοινίκιους, οὖσα, οὖν, = φοινίκιος, purple, crimson.

φοινικίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (φοινίξ) a red or purple cloth, a red cloak, Lat. punicea vestis: esp. a dark-red military cloak worn by the Lacedaemonians. 2. a red curtain.

3. at sea, a red flag hung out by the admiral as the signal for action: generally, a red standard or banner.

φοινικιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (φοινίξ) among the Persians, a wearer of purple, i. e. one of the highest rank, Lat. purpuratus.

φοινικό-βαπτος, ον, (φοινίξ, βάπτω) purple-dyed, crimson.

φοινικό-βάτέω, f. ἡσω, (φοινίξ, βαίνω) to climb palms.

φοινικό-γενής, ἐς, (Φοινίξ, *γένω) Phoenician-born.

φοινικό-δάκτυλος, ον, (φοινίξ, δάκτυλον) crimson-fingered.

φοινικόεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for φοινίκιος, dark-red, purple or crimson: of a blood-red.

φοινικό-κροκος, ον, (φοινίξ, κροκός) of purple wool.

φοινικό-λόφος, ον, (φοινίξ, λόφος) purple-crested.

φοινικό-πάρεος Ion. -πάρηος, ον, (φοινίξ, παρειά) purple-cheeked, red-cheeked, of ships having red bows.

φοινικό-πέδος, ον, (φοινίξ, πέδον) with a red bottom or ground, of the Red Sea.

φοινικό-πέξα, ἡ, (φοινίξ, πέξα) the ruddy-footed goddess, Virgil's rubicunda Ceres.

φοινικό-πτερος, ον, (φοινίξ, πτερόν) with purple or crimson wings: as Subst., φοινικόπτερος, ὁ, a red water-bird, the flamingo.

φοινικό-ροδος, ον, (φοινίξ, ῥόδον) red with roses.

φοινικό-σκελής, ἐς, (φοινίξ, σκέλος) red-legged, red-shanked.

φοινικό-στερόπης, ον, Dor. -ας, α, ὁ, (φοινίξ, στερόπη) hurling red lightnings.

Φοινικό-στολος, ον, (φοινίξ, στέλλω) sent by Phoenicians.

φοινίκιους, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for φοινίκιος.

φοινικό-φάξ, ἐς, (φοινίξ, φάος) red-skinning.

Φοινίξ, ἴκος, ὁ, a Phoenician, first mentioned in Homer; Φοινίξ ἀνὴρ ἀπατήλια εἰδώς a Phoenician skilled in trickery, so mentioned as being the first commercial nation: fem. Φοινίσσα, ἡ, a Phoenician woman. 2. a Carthaginian, Lat. Poenus.

φοινίξ, ἴκος, ὁ, Subst. a purple-red, deep purple or crimson, because the discovery of this colour was ascribed to the Phoenicians. II. the palm, date-

palm: the male palm is called by Herodotus ὁ φοινίξ ἔρσην, to distinguish it from ἡ φοινίξ βαλανόφορος the female or fruit-bearing palm. 2. the fruit of the palm, date.

3. a musical instrument, like a

guitar, invented by the Phoenicians. III. the fabulous Egyptian bird *phoenix*, described by Herodotus 2. 73.

φοῦνιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, also fem. φοίνισσα, Adj. *purple-red, purple or crimson, red*; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. *fulvus*, of the colour of fire. The words φοῦνιξ, φοινίκεος, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter shades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεος, etc., scarlet being κόκκινος, κοκκοβαφής.

φοῖνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φοινύς) *blood-red*: hence *blood-stained, bloody*, Lat. *cruentus*: also *warlike*.

Φοίνισσα, fem. of Φοῖνιξ (Subst.), a Phoenician woman. II. φοίνισσα, fem. of φοῦνιξ (Adj.)

φοίνισσα, f. ζω: aor. I pass. ἐφοίνισθην: (φοινύς): —to redden, to make red: to tinge, dye red:—Pass. to become red, to colour, blush.

φοῖνός, ἡ, ὅν, (φόνος) *blood-red: blood-stained, bloody*.

φοιτάλος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φοιτάω) *straying, ranging, roaming about: metaph. distraught, raving, frenzied*.

II. act. driving madly about, maddening. φοιταλιώτης, ου, ὁ, (φοιτάω) epith. of Bacchus, a roamer, ranger.

φοιτάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φοιτάω) poet. fem. of φοιταλέος, a strolling woman: metaph. a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantes. II. as Adj. mad or maddening;

φοιτάς νόσος madness, frenzy. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιτάσι πτεροῖς on roaming, wandering wings.

φοιτάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω: (φοῖτος): —to go to and fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; διὰ νηὸς φοιτᾶν to range up and down the ship; ἐφοῖταν ἄλλοθεν ἄλλος they roamed one one way, one another. 2. to roam wildly about: hence to go mad, rave; cf. φοιταλέος, φοιτάς.

3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times. II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to come in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρεια τὰ ἐς Ἑλλάδας φοιτέοντα horns which are imported into Greece; σίτος σφισι πολλὰς ἐφοῖτα corn was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. *redire*; τάλαντον ἀργυρίου Ἀλεξάνδρῳ ἡμέρης ἐκάστης ἐφοῖτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander every day.

2. φοιτᾶν παρὰ τινα to go to visit a person; φοιτᾶν ἐπὶ τὰς θύρας τινὸς to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again. 3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; φοιτᾶν εἰς διδασκάλου [οἶκον] to go to school; absol. to go to school: whence συμφοιτάω, to go to school with another. Hence

φοιτησις, εως, ἡ, a constant going or coming, a visiting. 2. a going to school.

φοιτητήν, Ep. for ἐφοιτάτην, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω.

φοιτητής, ἦρος, ὁ, and φοιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, (φοιτάω) one who goes or comes regularly: one who goes to school, a disciple, pupil.

φοιτίζω, poet. for φοιτάω.

ΦΟΙΤΟΣ, ὁ, a going to and fro.

II. mad-

ness, frenzy.

φολκός, ὁ, found only in the description of Thersites, either (from φάεα ἔλκειν) *squint-eyed*; or more probably (akin to ἔλκω, ὀλκός) *bandy-legged*, Lat. *valgus*.

φόλλις, εως, ἡ, also ὁ, a single piece of money, formed from Lat. *folis*.

φονάω, f. ἦω, (φόνος) to be athirst for blood, have murderous desires.

φόνευμα, ατος, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύς, εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ; acc. φονεᾶ or φονεᾶ: nom. pl. φονεῖς, φονεῖς, acc. φονεάς: (φονεύω): —a murderer, slayer, homicide.

φονεύω, (φόνος) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ἡ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter; ἐν φοναῖς in the midst of slaughter; σπᾶν φοναῖς to rend in murder, i. e. murderously.

φονικός, ἡ, ὅν, (φόνος) inclined to slay, murderous, bloody. II. of, relating to blood or murder; φονικαὶ δίκαι trials for homicide.

φόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φόνος) of blood, bloody. II. bloody, blood-stained: murderous.

φονο-λίβηθς, ἐς, (φόνος, λείβω) blood-dripping.

φονορ-ρύτος, ον, (φόνος, ῥέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, ὁ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter, Lat. *caedes*; φόνος Ἑλληνικός a slaughter of Greeks: in plur. murders.

2. blood shed in murder, gore, blood, Lat. *cruo*. 3. a murdered body, corpse.

φοξέ-χειλος, ὁ, (φοξός, χεῖλος) narrowing towards the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

φοξός, ἡ, ὅν, (ὀξύς) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Thersites, φοξὸς ἐπὶ κεφαλῇ he was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ἡ, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φορά the giving one's vote. 2. a bringing in, paying of money, payment. 3. a bearing, producing.

II. (from Pass. φέρομαι) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ἡ φορὰ ὀκοντίου the javelin's range. 2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat. *impetus*.

III. (also) from Pass. that which is borne or carried, a load, freight, burden. 2. that which is paid as rent or tribute, Lat. *vectigal*.

3. that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat. *proventus*: metaph. a large crop, harvest.

φορᾶδην [ᾶ], Adv. (φέρομαι) with a rushing or violent motion. II. borne or carried in a litter.

φορβάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φέρβω) giving pasture or food, feeding. II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβεῖά, ἡ, (φέρβω) the biter by which a horse is tied to the manger, Lat. *capistrum*. 2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of fiers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ἡ, (φέρβω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals: metaph. fuel.

φορέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φορέω.

φορήσι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of φορέω.

φορέων, τό, (φορά, φέρω) a handbarrow, litter, sedan-chair, Lat. *sella, lectica*.

φορείουσα, Dor. part. fem. of φορέω.

φορεῦντος, Dor. part. gen. of φορέω.

φορέυς, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (φέρω) a bearer, carrier.

φορέω, f. ἦσω: aor. 1 ἐφόρησα Ep. φόρησα:—Frequentat. of φέρω, to bear or carry constantly: hence to wear: and so, to have, possess: as differing from φέρειν, ἀγγελίην φέρειν meant to convey a message; but, ἀγγελίας φορέειν to be in the habit of conveying messages, serve as a messenger:—Pass. to be borne violently along, be hurried along: to be tossed about at sea:—Med. to fetch for oneself, fetch regularly.

φορηδόν, Adv. (φορέω) like a bundle.

φόρημα, ατος, τό, (φορέω) that which is carried: a load, freight: a burden.

φορήμεναι, Ep. for φορεῖν, inf. of φορέω.

φορήναι, Ep. for φορέειν, inf. of φορέω.

φορητός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φορέω, borne, carried: to be borne or endured, bearable.

φορήμος, ὄν, (φέρω) bearing, fruitful.

Φορκίδες [Ὶ], ἰδων, αἱ, the daughters of Phorcys,

i. e. the three Gorgons, Stheino, Euryale, Medusa.

Φόρκος, ὁ, = Φόρκυς.

Φόρκυς, ὕνος and ὕος, ὁ, Phorcys, an old sea-god, son of Pontos and Gaia, father of the Gorgons.

φορμηδόν, Adv. (φορμός) like mat-work or wadding: crosswise, atwart.

φόρμιγξ, ἡ, ἱγος, ἡ, the *phorminx*, a kind of lyre, the oldest stringed instrument of the Greek minstrels, esp. the instrument of Apollo: it was richly inwrought, and had seven strings. (From φέρω, because it was carried on the shoulder by a strap.) Hence

φορμίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἰζω, to play the *φόρμιγξ* or lyre. Hence

φορμικτής, οὔ, ὁ, Dor. -τάς, a lyre-player, harper.

φορμῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of φορμός, a small basket.

φορμο-ράφειω or φορμορ-ραφέω, f. ἦσω, (φορμός, ῥάπτω) to stitch mats:—Pass. to be stitched up like a mat, straitened, hampered.

φορμός, ὁ, (φέρω) anything made of wicker-work: 1. a wicker basket to carry corn, sand, etc. 2. a mat, Lat. *stercia*: also a seaman's cloak made of coarse plaited stuff. II. a measure of corn.

φόρον, ου, τό, the Lat. *forum*; Φόρον Ἀππίου Ἀππίου *Forum*, a small town on the Appian Way.

φόρος, ὁ, (φέρω) that which is brought in, tribute, paid by foreigners to a ruling state, as that paid to Athens by her subject states; φόρον ὑποτελεῖν to pay tribute; φόρον τάσασθαι to agree to pay tribute; φόρον τάσαι to impose tribute; φόρον ὑποτελής subject to pay tribute.

φορταγωγέω, f. ἦσω, to carry loads or burdens: of a merchant-ship, to carry a freight or cargo. From

φορτ-αγωγός, ὄν, (φόρτος, ἄγω) carrying freights; ναὺς φορταγωγός a ship of burden, merchantman.

φορτηγέω, f. ἦσω, (φορτηγός) = φορταγωγέω.

φορτηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, belonging to the freight of a ship;

πλοῖον φορτηγικόν a ship of burden, merchantman.

From

φορτ-ηγός, ὄν, (φόρτος, ἄγω) like φορταγωγός, carrying burdens: of a ship, freighted:—as Subst., φορτηγός, ὁ, a carrier, porter: a trafficker, merchant.

φορτίζω, f. ἴσω, (φόρτος) to load; φορτία φορτίζειν τινὰς to load men with loads:—Med., τὰ μείονα φορτίζεισθαι to ship the smaller part of one's wealth:—Pass., pf. part. πεφορτισμένος heavy laden.

φορτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φόρτος) of persons, burdensome, tiresome, common, vulgar:—so of things, φορτικὴ κωμῳδία a vulgar, commonplace comedy. Hence

φορτικῶς, Adv., vulgarly.

φορτίον, τό, (φόρτος) a burden, load: a ship's freight or lading: in plur. wares, merchandise. II. the burden of the womb, a child unborn.

φορτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (φόρτος) a ship of burden, merchantman.

φόρτος, ὁ, (φέρω) a ship's freight or cargo. II. in Att. something coarse or vulgar, tiresome stuff.

φορύνω, = φύρω, of dough, to knead: generally, to mix up, spoil, defile. [ῶ]

φορύσσω, f. ῶω, = φορύνω, to stain, defile.

φορῦτός, ὁ, (φέρω) whatever is swept along by the wind, rubbish, refuse, Lat. *quisquilae*: also chaff, sawdust, etc., used for packing earthenware.

φῶς, τό, Ep. lengthd. from φῶς, light. Hence

φῶσθε, Adv. to the light, to the light of day.

φραγγέλιον, τό, the Lat. *flagellum*, a scourge. Hence

φραγελλῶ, f. ῶσω, the Lat. *flagello*, to scourge.

φράγηναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φράσσω.

φράγισομαι, fut. pass. of φράσσω.

φράγμα, ατος, τό, (φράσσω) a fence, protection, palisade, defence.

φραγμός, ὁ, (φράσσω) a shutting up, blocking up: fencing, partition. II. like φράγμα, a bedge, fence, paling.

φράγγνυμι, = φράσσω.

φράδαω, f. ἄσω: aor. 1 ἐφράδασα poet. φράδασα: (φραδῆ):—to tell of, make known.

φραδῆ, ἡ, (φράζω) understanding, knowledge. II. advice, a hint, warning, intimation. Hence

φραδής, ἑς, gen. ἑός, understanding, shrewd, cunning.

φραδμοσύνη, ἡ, understanding, shrewdness, cunning. From

φράδην, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (φράζω) = φραδῆς. From ΦΡΑ'ΖΩ, f. φράσω: aor. 1 ἐφράσα Ep. φράσα and φράσσα: pf. ἐφράρα: Ep. aor. 2 ἐφράδον or ἐπέφραδον, inf. πεφραδέναι or πεφραδέμεν:—to tell, declare, pronounce, stronger than λέγω:—c. dat. pers. et inf. to counsel, advise, bid, order: also absol. to advise, counsel:—c. acc. rei, σήματα πέφραδε he gave indications by signs:—φράζειν χερί to make signs, signal with the hand. Med. and Pass. φράζομαι:

3 sing. Ion. impf. φράζῃσκετο: fut. φράσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφράσασθην, pass. ἐφράσθην: pf. pass. πέφρασμαι and πέφρασμαι: to speak with oneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by εἰ with indicat. fut., to consider whether; ἀμφὶς φράζεσθαι to think differently.

2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for him.

3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, imagine that.

4. to remark, perceive, notice: to come to know, see, understand: also 5. to mind, heed, take care or heed of, c. acc.

φράν, ἡ, gen. φράνός, Dor. for φρήν.

φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of φράσσω.

φράζας, ασα, av, aor. I patt. of φράσσω.

φράσσω, Dor. for φράζω.

φράσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of φράζω.

φρασθείς, είσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of φράζω.

ΦΡΑ΄ΣΣΩ Att. -τω: f. ζω: aor. I ἐφραξα: Pass.,

fut. φράζῃσσομαι: aor. I ἐφράχην: aor. 2 ἐφράγην

[α]: pf. πέφραγμαί:—in Att. the letters are sometimes transposed, as φάρασθαι for φράξαθαι, πέ-

φαγμαί for πέφραγμαί, φαρκτός for φρακτός—to

fence in, hedge round, for defence; to fence, defend,

fortify; φράζει δέμας ὕπλοις to fence in one's body

with arms, to arm oneself:—so in Med., ἐφράξαντο

τὸ τεῖχος they strengthened the wall: in Med. also, to

fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications.—Pass.

to be fenced in, fortified; φραχθέντες σάκεσιν fenced

with shields: absol. πεφραγμένοις, fenced, secur-

ed.

II. to put up as a fence; φράξαντες δόρυ

δουρί, σάκος σάκει locking spear fast to spear, shield

to shield (so as to make a fence); φράξαντες τὰ γέρεα

having put up the shields as a fence.

III. to block up: make close, fill quite full.

φραστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φράζω) a teller, informer, of or about a thing; φραστήρ ὁδὼν a man who tells one the way, a guide:—φραστήρες ὁδόντες the teeth that tell the age.

φράστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φράζω) = φραστήρ.

φράτρη, ερος, or φράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φράτρα) a member of a φράτρα: pl. φράτερες or φράτορες those of the same φράτρα or ward, Lat. curiales; εισάγειν τὸν νόον εἰς τοὺς φράτερας to introduce one's son to his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of age; οὐκ ἔφασκε φράτερας he has not yet got his φράτερες, i. e. he has been entered in no φρατρία, is no true citizen, with allusion to φραστήρες ὁδόντες (see φραστήρ). [α]

φράτρηικός, ὅν, (φράτωρ) of, belonging to a clan or clansmen.

φράτρα or φράτρη Ion. φρήτρη Dor. πάτρα, ἡ:—a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan; κρῖν' ἄνδρας κατὰ φρήτρας, ὡς φρήτρη φρήτρηφιν ἀρήγη choose men by clans, that clan may stand by clan: originally derived from ties of blood: but, II.

at Athens, the subdivision of the φυλή, as at Rome the curia was the subdivision of the tribus; every φυλή consisted of three φράτραι or φρατρίαί, whose

members were called φράτερες or φράτορες, as those of a φυλή were called φυλῆται, and at Rome the members of a tribus, tribules, those of a curia, curiales. (The word is derived from the same Root as Lat. frater, and properly meant a brotherhood.)

φράτρία, ἡ, = φράτρα.

φράτριάξω, f. ἄσω, to be in the same φρατρία.

φράτρι-άρχης, ου, ὁ and φάτρι-αρχος, ὁ, (φρα-

τρία, ἄρχω) president of a φρατρία, Lat. magister curiae.

φράτριος, α, ου, (φράτρα) of or concerning a φρά-

τρα: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minerva, as

tutelary deities of the φρατρίαί. [α]

φράττω, Att. for φράσσω.

φράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, see φράτρη.

ΦΡΕ΄Α'Ρ', τό, gen. φρέατος: Ion. φρέιαρ, gen.

φρείατος:—a well; or more commonly a water-tank,

cistern, reservoir, Lat. puteus: an oil-jar. Hence

φρεατία, ἡ, a tank or reservoir.

φρεατίας, ου, τό, (φρέαρ) of a tank or reservoir.

φρέιαρ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. and poet. for φρέαρ.

φρεν-ἁπάτω, f. ἡσω, (φρήν, ἀπατάω) to deceive

the mind, deceive. Hence

φρεν-ἁπάτης, ου, ὁ, one who deceives the mind, a

seducer.

φρεν-ήρης, ες, gen. εος, (φρήν, ἀρᾶειν) master of

his mind, sound of mind, Lat. compos mentis.

φρενοβλάβεια, ἡ, damage of the understanding.

From

φρενο-βλάβης, ες, (φρήν, βλαβῆναι) damaged in

understanding, crazy.

φρενο-γυθής, ες, (φρήν, γῆθος) of glad heart, de-

lighting the heart.

φρενο-δάλης, ες, (φρήν, δηλέομαι) impairing the

mind, maddening.

φρενόθεν, Adv. (φρήν) = ἐκ φρενός, from the heart,

heartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, ου, (φρήν, κλέπτω) stealing away

the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-ληστής, ου, ὁ, (φρήν, ληστής) a robber of the

understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μάνης, ες, (φρήν, μανῆναι) frenzied in mind.

φρενο-μόρος, Adv. (φρήν, μόρος) only found in

phrase φρενομόρος νοσείν to be diseased in mind.

φρενο-πληγής, ες, (φρήν, πληγῆναι) giving a stroke

to the mind, maddening.

φρενό-πληκτος, ου, (φρήν, πλήσσω) stricken in mind,

smitten with madness, frenzied.

φρενο-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, = φρενόπληκτος.

φρενο-τέκτων, ου, gen. ονος, (φρήν, τέκτων) making

with the mind, ingenious.

φρενώω, f. ὥσω, (φρήν) to make wise, make under-

standing, instruct, inform, teach; φρενοῦν οὐκέτ' ἐξ

αἰνυγμάτων to teach no longer by riddles; κλαίων

φρενώσεις θου shalt teach me to thy sorrow.

φρεν-ῶλης, ες, (φρήν, ὄλλυμι) destroyed in mind,

frenzied.

ΦΡΕ΄Ω, f. φρήσω, a root, which is found only in

the compds. ἐκ-φρέω, εἰς-φρέω, δια-φρέω.

φρεωρύχέω, f. ἴσω, (φρέαρ, ὀρύσσω) to dig tanks: metaph. of a gnat, to make a hole in one's skin.

ΦΡΗΝ, ἡ, gen. φρένης, plur. φρένες, gen. φρενῶν, etc.: Dor. φράν, gen. φρανός, dat. plur. φρασί, φρασίν:—in plur. the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also called διάφραγμα. 2. in Homer both in sing. and plur., the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the heart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with θυμός, as, κατὰ φρένα καὶ κατὰ θυμόν, as in Lat. mens animusque; φρενῶν ἐκστήναι to be out of one's wits; φρενῶν ἐπήβολος possessed of sense, in one's right mind; ἐκ φρένος from one's very heart; ἐξ ἄκρας φρενός from the surface of one's mind, i. e. superficially, carelessly. 3. of beasts, sense, instinct. 4. φρένες is also used in Homer in the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp. to ψυχή (the departed soul).

φρήτρη, ἡ, Ion. for φράτρα, a clan.
φρήτρηφιν, Ep. dat. of φρήτρη.
φρήτριος, η, ον, Ion. for φράτριος.
φρίκη [Ὶ], ἡ, = φρίξ, the rustling or ripple on a smooth sea. II. a shuddering, shivering, chill. 2. shivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. horror: then any fear.
φρίκ-άδης, ἐς, (φρίξ, εἶδος) that causes shuddering or horror, awful, horrible: neut. φρικῶδες as Adv., horribly.

ΦΡΙΜΑΨΣΟΜΑΙ Att. -πτομαι: f. -ξομαι: Dep.:—to snort, neigh, of horses, to shew their mettle: to move briskly or wantonly.

φρίξ, ἡ, gen. φρίκός, (φρίσσω) the rustling of a smooth surface, the rustling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat. horror; μέλαινα φρίξ the dark ripple. II. a bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίξαι, aor. I inf. of φρίσσω.
φρίξο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling hair.
φρίξος, ὁ, a shivering, shuddering. From
ΦΡΙΨΣΩ Att. -πτω: f. φρίξω: aor. I ἐφρίξα: pf. πέφρικα: poet. part. πεφρίκωντες formed as if from a redupl. pres. πεφρίκω:—to be rough or rustled, to bristle, Lat. borreare, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc., φρίσσειν λοφίην to bristle with the mane; πτεροῖσι νύττα πεφρίκωντες bristling on their backs with feathers: of smooth water, to be rustled, to ripple, Lat. borrescere. II. often of a feeling of chill, which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle: to have a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver with cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to shudder before anyone, to dread him. 3. also to tbrill or quiver with delight; ἐφρίξ' ἔρωτι I tbrilled with love.

φροιμάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (φροῖμω) contr. for προοιμάζομαι, to make a prelude or beginning, to

begin: c. acc., φροιμάζεσθαι θεοῦς to begin with invoking the gods.

φροῖμω, τό, contr. for προοῖμω (cp. φροῦδος) a prelude.

φρονέησι, Ep. for φρονέη, 3 sing. subj. of φρονέω.

φρονέω, Ep. impf. φρόνεον: f. ἴσω: (φρήν):—to think, to have understanding; ἀριστοὶ μάχεσθαι τε φρονέειν τε best both in battle and counsel; οἱ φρονούντες the wise; τὸ φρονεῖν, like φρόνησις, understanding. 2. to be in one's sound senses; ξὺν ἐλαίνειν τινα τοῦ φρονεῖν to drive one out of his understanding or senses; ἐξίστασθαι τοῦ φρονεῖν to lose one's wits. 3. c. acc. rei, to have in mind, purpose.

II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; φρονῶν ἐπρασσον I did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; ἴδως φρονεῖν to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; τοῦτο φρονεῖ ἡ ἀγωγή ἡμῶν this is what your bringing us means. 2. often with a neut. Adj., ἀγαθὰ or φίλα φρονεῖν τι to be well or kindly minded towards him; κακὰ φρονεῖν τι to be evil minded towards him; τὰ ἀμείνω φρονέειν to be of the better mind, hold the better opinion: and without a dat. pers., to be minded or inclined in a certain way; πυκνὰ φρονεῖν to have wise thoughts; μέγα φρονεῖν to have high thoughts, either in good sense to be high-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and conceited, of animals, to be high-spirited; μικρὸν φρονεῖν to be low-minded, poor-spirited; οὐ κατ' ἀνθρώπων φρονεῖν to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, τὰ τινος φρονεῖν to hold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party; τὸ αὐτὸ φρονεῖν to be like-minded; ἄλλη φρονεῖν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, heed, hence to take heed of, guard against a thing. IV. to have one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence

φρόνημα, ατος, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus: in plur. thoughts, purposes. II. high feeling, high spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence

φρονημάτεις, ον, ὁ, one who is high-spirited, or in bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.
φρόνησις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. high-mindedness: and in bad sense, pride, presumption. II. thoughtfulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονητέον, verb. Adj. of φρονέω, one must pride oneself.
φρόνιμος, ον, (φρονέω) understanding, in one's right mind or senses. II. discreet, sensible, steady. III. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudens; τὸ φρόνιμον practical wisdom, good sense; ἄπορος ἐπὶ φρόνιμα without resource in matters of thought.

φρονίμως, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently, skilfully.

φρόνις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) wise thoughts, wisdom.

φρονούντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of φρονέω, wisely, prudently.

φροντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ: aor. I ἐφρόντισα: (φρον-

τίς):—to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give heed; φροντίζειν ὅπως τι γενήσεται to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent. III. c. gen. to take thought for, give heed to a thing, care about, reckon of, regard it; μηδὲν φροντίζειν τῶν θεῶν to take no thought of the gods; φροντίζειν περὶ τίνος to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μὴ φροντίσης heed not. IV. absol. to be thoughtful or anxious; πεφροντισμένος βλέπειν to have a careworn look.

φροντίς, ἰδος, ἦ, (φρονέω) thought, care, heed to a thing, c. gen. II. absol. thought, reflection, meditation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, concern. 3. power of thought, mind. φρόντισμα, ατος, τό, (φροντίζω) that which is thought out, a contrivance, invention. φροντιστέον, verb. Adj. of φροντίζω, one must take care.

φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίζω) a place for hard thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes.

φροντιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (φροντίζω) a deep, hard thinker; φροντιστῆς τῶν μετέωρων or φροντιστῆς τὰ μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence

φροντιστικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for thinking, thoughtful, speculative. Adv. —κῶς, thoughtfully, carefully.

φροῦδος, η, ον, also ος, ον: (contr. from πρὸ ὁδοῦ, as φροῖμιον from προῖμιον):—gone away: I. of persons, gone, departed; c. part., φροῦδοί [εἰσι] διῶκόντες σε they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, φροῦδος εἶ θανάων thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined. 2. of things, gone, vanished.

φρουρά Ion. φρουρή, ἦ, (φρουρός) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; φρουρὰν ὀχεῖν to keep watch; φρουρὰς ἀδεῖν (sub. ἔνεκα) to sing on guard. 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, imprisonment. II. of men, a watch or guard, a garrison. 2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for φρουρὰν φαίνειν, see φαῖνω.

φρουραρχία, ἦ, the post of commandant. From φρούρ-αρχος, ὁ, (φρουρά, ἀρχα) a commander of a watch, an officer or guard: the commandant of a garrison or fortress.

φρουρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφρούρησα: Pass., f. med. —ήσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐφρούρήθην: (φρουρός):—to keep watch or guard; οἱ φρουροῦντες those on guard, the watch or guard. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep: to garrison a place. 2. to watch for, observe. 3. Med., like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence

φρουρήμα, ατος, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λείας βουκόλων φρουρήματα the herdsmen's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single man. III. watch, ward, guard; φρουρήμα ἔχειν to keep watch.

φρουρητός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded.

φρουρήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard. φρουρικός, ἦ, ὄν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison.

φρούριον, τό, (φρουρός) a watch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a castle, tower, isolated fort. II. the guard or garrison of a place.

φρουρίς, ἰδος, ἦ, (φρουρός) a guard-ship.

φρουρο-δόμος, ον, (φρουρός, δόμος) watching or guarding the house.

φρουρός, ὁ, (contr. for προορός from προοράω, as φροῦδος from πρὸ ὁδοῦ): a watcher, guard; οἱ φρουροὶ the guards or garrison of a fort or city.

φρουρώμες, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρουρέω.

φρύαγμα, ατος, τό, (φρύασσομαι) a violent snorting, the neighing of a spirited horse. II. metaph. insolence, arrogance.

φρυαγμο-σέμνᾱκος, ον, (φρύαγμα, σεμνός) wanton and haughty.

φρύασσομαι Att. —τομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to snort and neigh, of a spirited horse. II. metaph. to be wanton, insolent.

φρύανξιζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. (φρύγανον) to gather sticks for fuel.

φρύανσιμος, ὁ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood.

φρύγανον [ῥ], τό, (φρύγω) a dry stick: mostly in plur. dry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta.

φρύγηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φρύγω.

ΦΡΥΓΓΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a finch, Lat. fringilla. [r]

Φρύγιος, α, ον, (Φρύξ) Phrygian; Φρύγιοι νόμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Phrygian music, i. e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [ῥ] Hence

Φρύγιοςτί, Adv. in Phrygian fashion; of music, in the Phrygian mode.

ΦΡΥΓΓΩ [ῥ], also ΦΡΥΓΓΩ Att. —ττω: f. φρύγω Dor. —ξῶ: aor. I ἐφρυξα: Pass., aor. I ἐφρύχθην: aor. 2 ἐφρύγην [ῥ]: pf. πέφρυγμαi:—to roast, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrere. Hence

φρυκτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. roasted, toasted, parched. II. as Subst., φρυκτός, ὁ, a firebrand, torch: in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοὶ πολέμοι αἰρονται ἐς τόπον fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place.

φρυκτωρέω, f. ἦσω, (φρυκταρός) to give signals by fire:—Pass., ἐφρυκταρήθησαν νῆες προσπλέονσαι the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by alarm-fires. Hence

φρυκτωρία, ἦ, a giving signals by beacon or alarm-fires. II. a night-watch to make fire-signals.

φρυκτ-ωρός, ὁ, (φρυκτός, οἶρος) one who watches to give signals by beacons or alarm-fires.

ΦΡΥΓΓΗ, ἦ, a toad. [ῥ]

ΦΡΥΓΓΕ, ὁ, gen. Φρύγιος, α Phrygian.

φρύξω Dor. —ξῶ, fut. of φρύγω.

φρύσσω Att. —ττω, = φρύγω.

φρυχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of φρύγω.

φῦ, faugh! an exclamation of disgust.

φῦ, Ep. for ἔφυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φύω.

φύα, Dor. for φύη.

φύγαδε, Adv. (φύγη) like φύβονδε, *to flight*; φύγαδ' ἔτραπεν ἵππους he turned his horse *to flight*.

φύγαδεύω, f. σω, (φυγᾶς) *to make one an exile, drive from a country, banish*. II. intr. *to be an exile, live in banishment*.

φύγαδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φυγᾶς) *fit for an exile or refugee*; φυγαδική προθυμία *the zeal of an exile*.

φύγ-αίχμης, ου, ὅ, (φυγείν, αἰχμή) *fleeing from the spear, unwarlike, cowardly*.

φύγας, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) *a fugitive, esp. a banished man, exile, refugee*, Lat. *exul, profugus*; κατάγειν φυγάδας *to recall the exiles*; κατεῖναι or κατελθεῖν was said of their returning themselves. 2. *a deserter*.

φυγγάνω, collat. form of φεύγω.

φύγδα, Adv., contr. for φύγαδε, *to flight*.

φύγε, Ep. for ἔφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγειν Ion. φυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of φεύγω.

φύγη, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) *flight in battle*, Lat. *fuga*: dat. φυγῇ, *in hasty flight, hastily*. 2. *flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.*; νόσον ἀμυχάνων φυγὰς ξυμπεφρασται he has devised *means of escape* from incurable diseases. II. *banishment*, Lat. *exilium*; φυγῇν φεύγειν *to live in banishment*. 2. *as a collective*

Noun φυγή, =φυγάδες, *a body of exiles or refugees*.

φύγησι, Ep. for φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγο-δέμνιος, ον, (φυγεῖν, δέμνιον) *shunning the marriage-bed*.

φύγο-δίκηος, f. ἡσώ, (φυγεῖν, δίκη) *to shun a lawsuit: to dislike litigation*.

φύγό-ξενος, ον, (φυγεῖν, ξένος) *shunning strangers or guests, hence inhospitable*.

φύγο-πόλεμος, ον, poët. for φυγοπόλεμος, (φυγεῖν, πόλεμος, πόλεμος) *shunning war, cowardly*.

φύγαν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of φυγεῖν.

φύεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φύω.

φύζα, (φεύγω) poët. for φυγή, *flight, rout*. Hence φυζακινός, ἡ, ὄν, *flying, shy, scared*.

φυζαῖλος, α, ον, =φυζακινός.

φύη Dor. φύα, ἡ, (φύω) *growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature*. II. *one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius: nature*. III. *the flower or prime of age*.

φύη, for φυή, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φύηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φύω.

φύηται, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φύκιος, εσσα, ἐν, (φύκος) *full of sea-weed, weedy*.

φύκιον or φύκιον, τό, (φύκος) *sea-weed*.

φύκο-γείτων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (φύκος, γείτων) *near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea*.

ΦΥΚΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. *FUCUS*, *sea weed, seawrack, tangle*. II. *a red paint or dye* formed from φύκος, Lat. *fucus*.

φυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, =φευκτός, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, *to be shunned or escaped, that can be escaped*. II. *shunned, avoided*.

φυλάκεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

φύλακῃ, ἡ, (φυλάσσω) *a watching or guarding, keeping watch or guard, watch or guard*: in plur. *a night-watch*, Lat. *excubiae*; φυλακὰς ἔχειν *to mount the night-guard*; φυλακὰς φυλάττειν *to keep guard or watch*; τὰς φυλακὰς καταστήσασθαι *to set the watches*. 2. *a watch or guard*, Lat. *custodia*: also *a guard or garrison of a place*. 3. *a watch-tower*; *a fortified post or station*. 4. *of time, a watch, esp. a watch of the night*. 5. *a ward, prison, place of security*.

II. *a watching, guarding, keeping in ward*; ἔχειν τινα ἐν φυλακῇ *to keep in custody*:—also φυλακῇ ἔχειν, =φυλάττεσθαι *to take heed or care, be cautious*; δεινὸς ἔχειν ἐν φυλακῇσι *to be straitly on one's guard*.

φύλακιζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ, (φυλακή) *to throw into prison*.

φύλακος, ὁ, poët. for φύλαξ.

φυλακτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of φυλάσσω, *to be watched or kept*. II. φυλακτέον (from Med. φυλάττομαι) *one must guard against*.

φύλακτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, =φύλαξ, *a guard*. Hence φύλακτῆριον, τό, *a post for a garrison, a fort or casile: an outpost*, Lat. *statio*. 2. *a safeguard, preservative, amulet*: amongst the Jews, φυλακτήρια were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against evil spirits.

φύλακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φύλασσω) *fit for preserving, preservative, c. gen.* II. *cautious*:—Adv. -κῶς.

φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, also ἡ, (φυλάσσω) *a watcher, guard: a sentinel*, Lat. *excubitor*; οἱ φύλακες *the garrison*; also *body-guards*. II. *a guardian, keeper, protector, governor*; φύλαξ παιδὸς *a protector of the lad*.

φύλαξις, Dor. for φυλάξις, 2 sing. fut. of φυλάσσω.

φύλαξις, εως, ἡ, (φύλασσω) *a watching, guarding*.

II. (from Med.) *occasion for guarding against, caution*.

φύλαρχεω, f. ἡσώ, *to command the contingent of a tribe* (φυλή). II. *to command the cavalry*. From φύλ-αρχος, ὁ, (φύλη, ἀρχω) *the chief of a tribe* (φυλή).

II. *a commander of cavalry*.

φύλασμέμεναι, Ep. inf. of φυλάσσω.

ΦΥΛΑΪΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. φυλάω: aor. I ἐφύλαξα Ep. φύλαξα: pf. πεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαχθήσομαι, also f. med. φυλάξομαι: aor. I ἐφυλάχην: pf. πεφύλαγμαi: I. absol. *to watch, be sleepless*: esp. *to keep watch and ward, be on guard*; νύκτα φυλάσσειν *to watch the night through*. II. trans. *to watch, guard, keep, secure*; φυλάττειν τινα ἀπὸ τινος *to guard one from a person or thing*. 2. *to watch for, lie in wait or ambush for*; *to watch, wait for or observe the right time*. 3. metaph. *to preserve, keep, maintain*; φυλάσσειν ὅρκια *to keep, respect oaths*; φυλάσσειν ἔπος *to observe a command*. III. Med. *to heed, take heed or care, be on one's guard*; used by Homer only in pf. pass.,

πεφυλαγμένοι εἶναι to be cautious, prudent. 2. to keep a thing, bear it in mind or memory : c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take heed, beware of, be on one's guard against, shun, avoid; φυλάσσεσθαι τοὺς πολεμίους to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φυλέτης, οὗ, ὁ, (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribesman, Lat. tribulis.

φυλή, ἡ, (φύω) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or caste. 2. later, a union according to local habitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood. II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή: also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥΛΑΙΑ, ἡ, a wild olive-tree.

φυλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φύλλον) a heap of leaves; a bed or litter of leaves. II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ἦδη κατακαρ-

φομένης when his leaf now becoming sere and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself: a branch or bough. φυλλεῖον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, herbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the bargain; ραφανίδων φυλλεῖα radish-tops.

φύλλινος, ἡ, ον, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves.

φυλλοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves. From

φυλλο-βόλος, ον, (φύλλον, βαλεῖν) shedding leaves.

φυλλο-κομος, ον, (φύλλον, κόμη) covered with leaves, thick-leaved, leafy.

ΦΥΛΛΟΝ, τό, a leaf; in plur. leaves, foliage; οἷπερ φύλλον γενεῇ, τοιγὰρ καὶ ἀνδρῶν as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; πλεκτὰ φύλλα wreathed leaves. 2. in pl. also flowers.

φυλλόρ-ροος, ον, (φύλλον, ρέω) leaf-shedding. Hence

φυλλορροέω, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Comic phrase, φυλλορροεῖν ἀσπίδα to shed or let drop one's shield.

φυλλό-στρωτος, ον, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen. ὤτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewn or covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόρος, ον, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; φυλλοφόρος ἀγών a contest in which the prize is a crown of leaves.

φυλλο-χρέω, f. ἦσω, (φύλλον, χρέω) to shed like leaves.

φυλλο-κρίνέω, f. ἦσω, (φύλλον, κρίνω) to distinguish races, choose by races.

φύλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φύλον θεῶν, γυναικῶν. 2. in plur. to denote a number of one kind, a troop, host, crowd, as, φύλα θεῶν, φύλα γυναικῶν, etc.: a swarm of gnats: φύλον ὀρνίθων the race of birds.

3. sex, τὸ γυναικεῖον φύλον the female sex. II. a race, people, nation.

III. in a more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατὰ φύλα by races or clans.

φύλ-οπις, ἴδος, ἡ: acc. φύλοπιν or φυλόπιδα:—(φύλον, ὄψ) the battle-cry, din of battle, battle.

φύμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

φύναι, aor. 2 inf. of φύω.

φύε-άνωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω, ἀνήρ) fleeing men. [ᾱ] φύετης, ἴος and ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω) fugitive, shy, cowardly.

φύξιμος, ον, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, where one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, a place of refuge. II. c. acc., φύξιμός τινα able to flee from or escape one.

φύξις, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φυγή, flight.

φύρμα, ατος, τό, (φύρω) that which is mixed or kneaded, paste, dough.

φύραω, f. ἄσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐφύρασα Ion. -ησα: Pass., aor. I ἐφύράσθην [ᾱ] Ion. -ήσθην: pf. πεφύρημαι:—lengthd. form of φύρω, to mix up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., μαλακὴν φωνὴν πρὸς τοὺς ἐραστὰς φυράσασθαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρῃην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion.

φύρῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φύρω.

ΦΥΡΩ, f. φύρωω: aor. I ἐφύρωσα: Pass., paullo-p. fut. πεφύρωμαι: aor. I ἐφύρῃην: aor. 2 ἐφύρῃην [ῶ]: pf. πέφωμαι:—to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. 2. to mix and knead dough; ὁ φύρων one who kneads bread, a baker. II. metaph. to mingle or jumble together, confound, confuse:—Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [ῶ]

φύς [ῶ], aor. 2 part. of φύω: ὁ φύς a son. φύσα, ης, ἡ, (φύω) a pair of bellows, bellows. II. a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φύσαθεις, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσάλης, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσάλης, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

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φυσάλης, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσάλης, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσάλης, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

snorting : a roaring, raging : of a horse, a snorting, snuffing : αἵματος φύσημα a blowing forth blood.

φουσητέον, verb. Adj. of φυσάω, one must blow up.

φουσητήρ, ἥρος, ὁ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing, a blow-pipe or tube. 2. a pair of bellows, a fan for blowing fire.

φουσητήριον Dor. φυσατήριον, τό, (φυσάω) a pair of bellows. II. a wind-instrument.

φυσίλαμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From φυσιάω, Ep. part. φυσιάων, (φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort, breathe hard, pant. II. transit. to blow or puff up :—metaph. to elate, make vain.

φυσιογόμεαι, Pass. (φύσιγγε) to be excited by eating garlic, properly of fighting cocks : of the Megarians, ὀδυναῖς πεφυσιογούμενοι inflamed to fury with their woes, in allusion to the garlic grown in Megara : cf. φύσιγγε.

φύσι-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, = φυσιογνώμων.

φύσιγγε, ιγγος, ἡ, (φυσάω) the hollow stalk or clove of garlic : garlic itself.

φύσι-ζοος, ον, (φύω, ζωή) producing or sustaining life, life-giving.

φύσικος, ἡ, ὄν, (φύσις) natural, produced or implanted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or belonging to external nature, physical, as opp. to moral, metaphysical, etc.

φύσιογνωμόνως, f. ἤσω, (φυσιογνώμων) to judge of a man by his features, know or detect him by his looks.

φύσιογνωμονία, ἡ, the art of judging a man by his features, physiognomy.

φύσιο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φύσις, γνώμη) judging of a man's character by his outward look.

φυσίω, f. ὥσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud.

φυσιώων, Ep. pres. part. of φυσιάω.

φύσις [v], εως, ἡ, (φύω) the nature, inborn quality, property or constitution of a person or thing : φύσις ἀριθμῶν the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat. vis : φύσεως ἀποστήναι χαλεπὸν it is hard to part from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature ; natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. 3. the outward form, stature, look, Lat. species, like φύς.

4. natural order, nature : φύσει or κατὰ φύσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμῳ or κατὰ νόμον (by custom, conventionally) ; ἅπας ὁ ἀνθρώπων βίος φύσει καὶ νόμοις διοικεῖται the whole life of man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by laws ; ὁ κατὰ φύσιν θάνατος a natural death, opp. to παρὰ φύσιν, contrary to nature ; so, προδότης ἐκ φύσεως a traitor by nature. II. natural origin, birth : φύσει by birth.

III. a creature ; θνητὴ φύσις mankind ; πόντου εἰναλία φύσις the creatures of the sea ; θήλεια φύσις woman-kind.

φυσίωσις, εως, ἡ, (φυσίω) a being puffed up, vanity. φύσκη, ἡ, (φυσάω) the large intestine : a sausage or black pudding.

φυστή or φύστη, ἡ, (φύρω) a kind of barley-cake, not kneaded firmly.

φύστις, εως, ἡ, (φύω) a progeny, race.

φύτᾱλιά, ἡ, (φυτόν) a planted place, an orchard or vineyard, as opp. to corn-land (ἀρουρα). II. a plant, esp. of the vine.

φύτᾱλμος, ον, (φυτός) producing, nourishing, fostering ; fatherly. II. by nature, from one's birth ; ἀρα καὶ ἡσθα φυτάλμος δυσαίων ; wast thou thus miserable from thy birth ?

φύτεῖα, ἡ, (φυτεύω) a planting. II. a plantation ; or simply a plant.

φύτευθεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐφύτευθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φυτεύω : but φυτευθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of φυτεύω.

φύτευμα, ατος, τό, (φυτεύω) that which is planted, a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucker, a seedling, Lat. planta, stolo. From

φύτεύω, f. σω : aor. I ἐφύτευσα : Pass., aor. I ἐφύτευθην : pf. πεφύτευμαι : (φυτόν) :—to plant trees or plants : mostly as opp. to ἀρόω (to sow). 2. metaph. to beget ; ὁ φυτεύσας πατήρ or ὁ φυτεύσας alone, the father ; οἱ φυτεύσαντες the parents :—

Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents. 3. generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. to plant ground with trees ; φυτεῖν χωρίον to plant a spot with trees :—Pass., γῇ πεφυτευμένη land planted with trees.

φύτλη, ἡ, (φύω) poet. for φύσις, a stock, generation, race, tribe.

φύτο-εργός, ὄν, poet. for φυτουργός.

φύτῶν, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant, tree, fruit-tree. II. a creature ; of men, a descendant, child. Properly neut. of φυτός.

φύτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φύω, grown, growing. 2. metaph. of a statue, made of the natural wood, native.

φύτο-σκάφος, ον, (φυτόν, σκάπτω) digging or delving round plants ; φυτοσκάφος ἀνὴρ a gardener.

φύτο-σπόρος, ον, (φυτόν, σπείρω) planting trees :—metaph. begetting, φυτοσπόρος, ὁ, a father.

φύτ-ουργός poet. φυτο-εργός, ὄν, (φυτόν, *ἐργω) cultivating plants or trees : as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a gardener, vine-dresser. II. metaph. begetting :

as Subst., φυτουργός, ὁ, a father.

ΦΥΩ, fut. φύσω [v] : aor. I ἐφύσα : in these tenses Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow ; τρίςας φύειν to make hair grow ; φύειν πτερά to put forth, grow wings ; of a country, φύειν καρπὸν τε θωυμαστὸν καὶ ἀνδρας ἀγαθοὺς to produce excellent fruits and brave men :—also to beget, generate : ὁ φύσας the begetter, father. 2. metaph., φρένας φύειν to get understanding ; δόξας φύειν to get or gain reputation.

II. Pass. and Med. φύομαι : f. φύσσομαι : the sense of Pass. and Med. also belongs to intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐφύν, inf. φύναι, part. φύς, φύσα, φύν ; later in pass. form ἐφύην, φύναι, φυείς : perf. πέφυκα, plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν :—Ep. 3 pl. pf. πεφύασι for πεφύκασι, part. πεφυνάς, πεφυννία, πεφυνώτος, for πεφυνκώς, -κυία, -κότος : there is also an Ep. redupl. impf. ἐπέφυκον, as if from a pres. πεφύκω ; Ep. 3 plur. aor. 2

ἐφῦν for ἐφῦσαν: aor. 2 opt. φύην for φύην:—to grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced; δένδρα πεφυκότα trees growing there. 2: of men, to be begotten or born, μή φύναι νικά not to have been born were best:—φύναι or πεφυκέναι τινός to be born or descended from any one; ὁ φύς the son, opp. to ὁ φύσας the father. 3: to be so and so by nature, be formed so and so: hence simply to be; the pf. πέφυκα being often used as a pres., I have been born, I am; plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν as impf., I had been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἐφῦν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατεῖν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i. e. they naturally prevail. 4. c. dat. to fall to one by nature, be one's natural lot; ἄνθρωπος πεφυκώς man according to his nature, as he is. (φῶς, ἰδος, ἦ, contr. φῶς, φῶδός: pl. φωίδες, φῶδες: (φῶς)—a blister or weal, caused by a burn, a burn, blister.

Φώκαια Ion. —αῖη, ἦ, a city in Ionia. Hence Φωκαίεύς Att. —αῖος, εως, and Φωκαίτης, ὁ, a Phocaeen: fem. Φωκαίς, ἰδος, a Phocaeen woman. Φωκεύς, εως, ὁ, (Φωκίς) a Phocian. ΦΩ'ΚΗ, ἦ, a seal, sea-calf, Lat. phoca. Φωκεύς, ἦ, ὄν, (Φωκίς) of Phocis, Phocian. Φωκίς (sub. γῆ), ἰδος, ἦ, Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Boeotia.

φωλάς, ἄδος, ἦ, fem. Adj. (φωλεός) lurking in a hole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear. φωλεῖός, ὁ, Ep. for φωλεός.

ΦΩΛΕΟ'Σ, ὁ, with irreg. plur. φωλεά, τά, a den, lair, hole, as of bears, foxes, mice.

φωλεύω, f. εὔσω, or φωλέω, f. ἥσω, (φωλεός) to lie in a hole or den: to lie torpid in a hole.

φωνάεις, Aeol. and Dor. for φωνήεις.

φωναῖσαι, Dor. for φωνῆσαι, aor. I inf. of φωνέω.

φωνασκέω, f. ἥσω, (φωνασκός) to practise or cultivate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence φωνασκία, ἦ, practice of the voice.

φων-ασκός, ὄν, (φωνή, ασκείω) practising the voice.

φωνεύντες, φωνεύντα, Dor. for φωνοῦντες, φωνοῦντα, pres. part. from

φωνέω, f. ἥσω, (φωνή) to produce an articulate sound or tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to call out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα φωνέειν to have the loudest voice. 2. of animals, to cry. 3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to sound sweetly. 4. τὰ φωνοῦντα the vowels, like τὰ φωνήεντα.

II. c. acc. pers. to speak to, accost, address: to call by name, call to, cry to, call upon: c. acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do. III. c. acc. rei, to speak of.

ΦΩΝΗ', ἦ, a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, Lat. vox: a loud clear voice, a cry; φωνὴν ῥηγνύναι to utter a clear, articulate sound. 2. the voice or cry of animals. 3. sound: the sound of musical instruments. 4. any articulate sound, as opp. to inarticulate (ψόφος); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that

of consonants. II. the faculty of speech, discourse, Lat. sermo. 2. language, Lat. lingua. 3. a kind of language, dialect. Hence φωνήεις Dor. φωνάεις, εσσα, εν; contr. in neut. plur. φωνάωντα:—sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνάωντα συνοροῖσι that have speech to the wise: uttering a sound, tone or speech:—τὰ φωνήεντα vowels opp. to ἀφωνα (consonants). See φωνή.

φώνημα, ατος, τό, (φωνέω) a sound made or uttered, voice. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for ἐφώνησα, aor. I of φωνέω.

ΦΩ'Ρ, ὁ, gen. φωρός, dat. pl. φωράσι, Lat. FUR, a thief; φωράν λιμήν, a harbour at Athens, used by smugglers. Hence

φωρά, ἄς, Ion. φωρή, ἦς, ἦ, (φώρ) a theft. II. detection.

φωράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: Pass., aor. I ἐφωράθην [ᾶ]: pf. πεφωράμαι: (φωρά):—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a theft: generally, to trace, detect, discover:—Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωράσθαι κλέπτῃς ὄν to be convicted of being a thief; of things, ἀργύριον ἐφωράθη εξαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation.

φωρή, Ion. for φωρά.

φωριᾶμός, ὁ, a chest, trunk, coffer, esp. for clothes and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωρίδιος, α, ον, poet. for φώριος, stolen. φώριος, ον, (φώρ) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit.

φῶς, ὁ, gen. φωτός; dual φῶτε, φωτᾶν; pl. φῶτες, φωτῶν: (*φάω, the Root of φημί):—poet. for ἀνὴρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god.

φῶς, τό, contr. for φάος.

φωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φῶς) a light-giver, luminary. II. metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσ-φόρος, ον, (φῶς, φέρω) bringing light; as Subst., φωσφόρος, ὁ, with or without ἀστήρ, the light-bringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star. 2. φωσφόροι κέρα, the eyeball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye. II. torch-bearing.

φωτ-ἀγωγός, ὄν, (φῶς, ἀγω) guiding with a light:—φωταγωγός (sub. θύρα), ἦ, an opening for light, a window.

φωτεινός, ἦ, ὄν, (φῶς) shining bright, giving light. φωτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (φῶς) intr. to shine, give light, beam. II. transit. to bring to light, make known. 2. metaph. to enlighten, instruct, teach:—Pass. to be enlightened or instructed.

φωτισμός, ὁ, (φωτίζω) an enlightening. II. that which enlightens, illumination, light.

X

X, χ, χῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-second letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral χ' = 600, but ,X =

600,000: also in Inscr. χ stands as first letter of χίλιοι, 1000.

Changes of χ, esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. for θ, as ὄρνιχος for ὄρνιθος. II. Ion. very freq. into κ, as δέκομαι κινῶν κύθρα for δέχομαι χιτάν χύτρα. III. put before λ, as χλαῖνα for λαῖνα, χλιαρός for λιαρός.

Like φ, χ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it long by position, as in φαῖδχιταν.

χάδε, Ep. for ἐχάδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of χανδάνω.

χάδειν Ep. χᾷδέν, aor. 2 inf. of χανδάνω.

ΧΑΨΩ, Ep. fut. κεκᾷδῃσω: Ep. aor. 2 κέκᾳδον, for κέχᾳδον;—to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, c. gen.

II. Med. χάζομαι: f. χάσομαι Ep. χάσσομαι: aor. I ἐχασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. χάσσατο, Ep. part. χασσάμενος: there is also Ep. 3 pl. κεκᾳδόντο for κεχᾳδόντο, from a redupl. aor. 2 κεκᾳδόμεν;—to give way, give ground, draw or shrink back, recoil, retire: absol., ὅπως χάζεσθαι to retire or retreat back.

2. c. gen. to draw back or retire from: पुलान χάζεσθαι to retire from the gates; χάζεσθαι ἐταρῶν eis ἔθνος to retire into the troop of his companions. 3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, hesitate, fear to do.

ΧΑΙ'ΝΩ, seldom used in pres. and impf., ΧΑ'ΣΚΩ, ἔχασκον being used instead: fut. χᾷνούμαι: aor. 2 ἐχᾷνον: pf. κέχρηνα, with pres. sense:—to yawn, gape, open wide; τότε μοι χάνοι εὐρεία χῶν then may earth yawn wide for me: to open the mouth: of a wound, to gape, yawn.

II. in Comic Poets, to gape or yawn from weariness or in eager expectation; ἀνω κεχρηνέαι to look gaping up; οἱ κεχρηνότες gapers, stargers: χάσκειν πρὸς τι to gape or look greedily after a thing; χάσκειν πρὸς τινα to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about.

III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. biscere, c. acc.; δεινὰ ῥήματα κατὰ τινος χανεῖν to speak foul words against any one.

ΧΑΙΤΟΣ, α, ov, genuine, true, good, staunch.

χαίροσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of χαίρω.

χαυριτίω, f. σω, (χαῖρε) to greet. Hence

χαυριτωμός, ου, ὁ, a greeting.

χαυρηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (χαίρω) joy, delight, formed like ἀλγηδών.

χαίρην, Dor. for χαίρειν, inf. of χαίρω.

χαίροισα, Dor. for χαίρουσα, pres. part. fem. of χαίρω.

χαυρόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of χαίρω.

ΧΑΙ'ΡΩ, f. χαίρῃσω Ep. κεχᾷρήσω: pf. κεχᾷρηκα, Ep. part. κεχᾷρήως:—Med., fut. χᾷροῦμαι: Ep. aor. I ἐχᾷρήμην, 3 sing. χᾷρητο: and from a redupl. aor. 2 κεχᾷρόμην the 3 pl. ind. κεχᾷροντο, 3 sing. and pl. opt. κεχᾷροίτο, κεχαροῖατο: Pass., in same sense as Act., fut. χᾷρήσομαι; Ep. paullo-p. fut. κεχᾷρήσομαι:

aor. 2 ἐχᾷρην [ᾱ], Ep. 3 sing. χᾷρη, opt. χαρείην, inf. χᾷρήναι, part. χαρείς: pf. κεχᾷρημαι, later κέχαρμαι: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. κεχᾷρηντο:—to rejoice, be glad, be

delighted or pleased; χαίρειν νόω to rejoice in one's mind.

2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with, take pleasure in a thing; also, χαίρειν γέλωτι to express one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, χαίρω δέ σ' εὐτυχοῦντα I rejoice at your prosperity.

3. c. part., χαίρω ἀκούσας I rejoice at having heard, am glad to hear; χαίρειν ὁρῶν φῶς thou rejoicest at seeing the light.

4. with the pres. part., χαίρω is used also in sense of φιλέω, to delight in doing, to be wont to do.

II. often with a negat., οὐ χαίρησιν thou wilt or shalt not rejoice, i.e. thou shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. χαίρων with impunity; οὐ χαίροντες ἀπαλλάξετε ye shall not get off with impunity.

III. the imperat. χαῖρε is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, bail, welcome, Lat. salve; or at parting, farewell, Lat. vale; so in part., χαίρων ἴθι fare-thee-well.

IV. inf. χαίρειν, in phrase χαίρειν λέγω σοι, is used as a greeting like χαῖρε; προσεῖπὼν τινα χαίρειν having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, Κίρος Κναζάρη χαίρειν [sc. λέγει], Lat. salvere jubet, salutem dicit.

2. in bad sense, χαίρειν εἶν or κεύειν to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at naught; πολλά χαίρειν εἰπεῖν τινι to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. χαίρετω, like ἐρπέτω, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

ΧΑΙ'ΤΗ, ἡ, long flowing hair, both in sing. and plur.: also a horse's mane; later also a lion's mane, Lat. juba.

II. of trees, like Lat. coma, leaves, foliage. Hence

χαίτης Dor. -άεις, εσσα, εν, with long flowing hair: also with a long mane.

χαίτωμα, = χαίτη, hair, the plume of a helmet.

χάλα, ἡ, Dor. for χηλή.

ΧΑ'ΛΑΖΑ', ης, ἡ, bail: a bail-shower, bail-storm: metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows. II. a small pimple or tubercle. Hence

χάλαζάω, to bail. II. to have pimples or tubercles.

χάλαζ-επιής, ἐς, (χάλαζα, ἐπος) burling abuse as thick as hail.

χάλαζ-ηεις Dor. -άεις, εσσα, εν, (χάλαζα) like hail, thick as hail, pelting, pitiless.

χάλαζο-βολέω, f. ἦσω, (χάλαζα, βαλεῖν), to strike with hail.

χάλαίνω, poet. for χαλάω.

χάλαρός, ὁ, ὄν, (χαλᾶν) slackened, loosened, slack; χαλαρά κοτυλιδῶν a loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

χάλαρότης, ητος, ἡ, slackness, looseness.

ΧΑ'ΛΑ'Ω, f. ᾱσω [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐχάλασα Ep. χάλασσα, Dor. part. χαλάσαις; pf. κεχάλακα: Pass., aor. I ἐχάλασθην: pf. κεχάλασμαι:

I. transit. to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; χαλᾶν τόξα to unstring the bow; ἡνίας χαλᾶν to slack the reins; χαλᾶν πόδα to slack the sheet of the sail.

2. to let down, let fall or droop; μέτωπον χαλᾶν to smooth

the brow. 3. to let loose, loose, release; κλῆθρα or κλῆδας χαλᾶν to loose the bar or bolts. 4. metaph. to relax, let go, give up. II. intr. to become slack or loose: to gape, stand wide open. 2. metaph. c. gen. to relax or leave off from a thing, to cease from. 3. c. dat. to give way or yield to any one: to be indulgent to any one, pardon him. 4. absol., like εἰκειν, to give in, yield:—Pass., like the intr. usage, to be loosened or slackened.

Χαλδαῖος, ὁ, a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, caster of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much given to such pursuits. Hence

Χαλδαῖστί, Adv. in the Chaldee tongue.

χαλ-εμῖς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χαλᾶω, εἶμα) Lat. laxivestis, loose-robed, ungirt.

χαλεπαῖνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐχαλέπηνα, pass. ἐχαλεπάνθην: (χαλεπός):—to be hard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storms, Lat. ingravescere: metaph. of men, to deal severely or harshly, to be harsh, ill-tempered; χαλεπαίνειν τινί to be embittered or shew harshness towards one; χαλεπαίνειν ἐπὶ τινί to be angry at a thing: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρὸς ἀλλήλους to be angry or grow embittered towards one another.

χαλεπῆναι, aor. I inf. of χαλεπαῖνω.

χαλεπηρός, ἑς, poet. for χαλεπός.

ΧΑΛΕΠΟΣ [ᾱ], ἡ, ὄν, hard to bear, sore, severe, grievous: τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνέματος the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπὰ hardships, sufferings. 2. hard to do or deal with, difficult, troublesome. 3. difficult, dangerous. 4. of approaches, difficult, rough, rugged, steep.

II. of persons, hard to deal with, bitter, hostile, angry; οἱ χαλεπώτεροι bitter enemies: mischievous, dangerous, troublesome. 2. harsh, cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict. 3. ill-tempered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

χαλεπότης, ητος, ἡ, difficulty, roughness, ruggedness. II. of persons, harshness, severity, rigour.

χαλέπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἐχαλέφθην:—poet. for χαλεπαῖνω, to deal harshly with, oppress, distress, harass: also to bring low, humble. 2. to provoke, enrage, irritate. II. intr. to be angry, irritated.

χαλεπῶ, Dor. for χαλεποῦ, gen. of χαλεπός.

χαλεπῶς, Adv. of χαλεπός, hardly, with difficulty; χαλεπῶς ἦν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. 2. scarcely, Lat. aegre. II. of persons, severely, cruelly, harshly. 2. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegre, graviter ferre, to bear a thing ill.

χαλεπώτερον, -ώτατα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπῶς. χαλί-κράτος Ion. χαλί-κρητος, on, (χάλις, κερᾶν-νυμι) unmixed, of wine, Lat. merus. χαλῖν-ἄγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλινός, ἄγω) to guide with or as with a bridle: hence to curb, restrain.

χαλινός, ὁ, irreg. pl. χαλινά, τὰ, (χαλᾶω) a bridle, esp. the bit of a bridle; χαλινὸν ἐνδρακύν to chomp the bit; χαλινὸς δίδουαι to give a horse the rein. 2. metaph. of anything which curbs or compels; Διὸς χαλινὸς the curb imposed by Jove.

χαλινῶω, f. ὦσω, to bridle or bit a horse:—Pass. to be bridled or curbed. Hence

χαλινώσις, εως, ἡ, a bridling. [ῖ]

χαλινωτήρια, τὰ, (χαλινῶω) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

ΧΑΛΪΣ, ἱκος, ὁ and ἡ, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [ᾱ]

χάλις, ιος, ὁ, (χαλᾶω) sheer wine, Lat. merum.

χαλιφρονέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλίφρων) to be light-minded, flighty, silly. Hence

χαλιφροσύνη, ἡ, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness.

χαλί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλᾶω, φρήν) light-minded, flighty, thoughtless.

χαλκ-ἄρματός, ον, (χαλκός, ἄρμα) with brassen chariot, epith. of Mars.

χάλκ-ασπις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, ἀσπίς) with brassen shield.

χαλκ-έγχης, ες, gen. εως, (χαλκός, ἔγχος) with brassen lance.

χαλκεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (χαλκεῖω) a smith's shop, forge, smithy, Lat. officina. II. anything made of copper: 1. a copper vessel, caldron. 2. a concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκεος, α, ον Ion. χαλκήμιος, η, ον, poet. for χάλκεος, (χάλκος) of brass, brassen.

χαλκ-ἐλάτος, ον, (χαλκός, ἐλαύνω) poet. for χαλκήλατος.

χαλκ-εμβολός, poet. fem. of χαλκέμβολος.

χαλκ-εμβολος, ον, (χαλκός, ἐμβολον) with brassen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-εντής, ἑς, (χαλκός, ἔντεα) armed with brass.

χαλκ-εο-γομφος, ον, (χάλκεος, γόμφος) fastened with brassen nails.

χαλκεο-θώραξ, ἄκος, Ep. -θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ: (χάλκεος, θώραξ) with brassen breastplate.

χαλκεο-κάρδιος, ον, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with heart of brass.

χαλκεο-πέζος, ον, (χάλκεος, πέζα) brass-footed.

χαλκεο-οπλος, ον, (χάλκεος, ὅπλον) with arms or armour of brass.

χάλκεος, ἑα Ion. ἐή, εον, also εος, εον: contr. χαλκοῦς, ἦν, οὔν: poet. χάλκεος Ion. -ήιος, η, ον: (χάλκος):—of copper or bronze, brassen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Ζεὺς a brassen statue of Jove; χάλκεον ἰστάναι

τινὰ to raise a brassen statue to one. 2. metaph. like brass, hard, stout; χάλκεον ἦτορ a heart of brass; χάλκεος ὕπνος a brassen sleep, i. e. sleep of death.

χαλκεο-τευχής, ἑς, (χάλκεος, τεῦχος) in arms of brass.

χαλκεο-φωνος, ον, (χάλκεος, φωνή) with voice of brass, i. e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκεῖω) anything made of brass, a brassen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brassen bonds.

χαλκεύς, εως, ὁ, (χαλκεῖω) a worker in copper, a

coppersmith, brasier. 2. more generally, a worker in metal, smith, even of a goldsmith; esp. a blacksmith.

χαλκευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) = χαλκεύς: metaph. a forger.

χαλκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the brasier or his art: skilled in metal-working: ἡ χαλκευτική (sub. τέχνη), the smith's art or trade.

χαλκευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαλκεύω, wrought of copper or metal.

χαλκεύω, f. σω, (χαλκός) to make of copper or of metal, to forge:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II. intr. to be a smith, work as a smith, ply the hammer or forge; τὸ χαλκεύειν the smith's art.

χαλκεῖον, ὄνος, ὁ, = χαλκεῖον, a forge, smithy.

χαλκεῖδον, ὄνος, ὁ, (χαλκός) chalcedony, name of a gem like an onyx.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for χαλκεῖον.

χαλκήϊος, η, ον, Ion. for χάλκειος.

χαλκ-ἡλάτος also χαλκ-ἐλατος, ον, (χαλκός, ἐλαύνω) forged out of brass, of beaten brass.

χαλκήρης, es, gen. εος, (χαλκός, ἀρᾶρειν) furnished with brass: of spears and arrows, tipped with brass.

χαλκί-οικος, ον, (χαλκός, οἶκος) dwelling in a brassen house or shrine.

χαλκίον, τό, (χαλκός) a copper utensil, vessel, implement. 2. copper money, copper coin.

χαλκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, a bird of prey.

Χαλκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Chalcis, a city in Euboea, said to have its name from neighbouring copper-mines.

χαλκοάρης, es, gen. εος, poet. lengthd. form for χαλκήρης. [ἀ]

χαλκο-βάρης, es, gen. εος, (χαλκός, βάρος) heavy or loaded with brass.

χαλκοβάρεα, used as fem. of χαλκοβαρής.

χαλκο-βατής, es, gen. εος, (χαλκός, βαίνω) standing on brass, with foundation of brass, with brassen base.

χαλκο-βόας, ου, ὁ, (χαλκός, βοή) with voice of brass.

χαλκο-γένειος, ον, (χαλκός, γένειον), and χαλκο-γενυς, υ, gen. υος, (χαλκός, γένυς) with teeth of brass.

χαλκο-γλῶχιν, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, γλῶχις) with point or barbs of brass.

χαλκο-δαίδαλος, ον, (χαλκός, δαίδαλλω) inlaid with brass. II. act. working in brass.

χαλκο-δάμᾱς, αντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, δαμάω) subduing, i. e. sbarpening brass.

χαλκο-δέτος, ον, (χαλκός, δέω) brass-bound.

χαλκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, θώραξ) = χαλκο-θώραξ, with brassen breastplate.

χαλκο-κνήμις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, κνήμις) with greaves of brass.

χαλκο-κορυστής, ου, ὁ, (χαλκός, κορύσσω) as masc. Adj., with or in brassen armour.

χαλκο-κροτος, ον, (χαλκός, κροτέω) sounding or rattling with brass: of horses, brassen-boofed. II. beaten or forged of brass.

χαλκο-λίβανον, τό, fine or glowing brass. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χαλκο-μίτρας, ου, ὁ, (χαλκός, мітра) with girdle of brass.

χαλκο-νωτος, ον, (χαλκός, νῶτος) brass-backed.

χαλκο-πᾶγής, es, (χαλκός, παγῆναι) compacted of brass.

χαλκο-πάρηος Dor. -πάρηος, ον, (χαλκός, παρεία) with cheeks or sides of brass, epith. of helmets.

χαλκο-πέδος, ον, (χαλκός, πέδον) with floor of brass.

χαλκο-πλευρος, ον, (χαλκός, πλευρά) with sides of brass, of an urn.

χαλκο-πληθής, es, gen. εος, (χαλκός, πλήθος) filled with brass, armed all in brass.

χαλκο-πληκτος Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (χαλκός, πλησσω) forged or welded of brass.

χαλκο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό; gen. -ποδος (χαλκός, πούς):—brassen-footed, with brassen tramp. II. with steps of brass, brassen.

χαλκο-πύλος, ον, (χαλκός, πύλη) with gates of brass or bronze.

ΧΑΛΚΟΣ, ου, ὁ, brass, or rather copper, Lat. *aes*, called from its colour *ἐρυθρός* and *αἰθαψ*. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hence *χαλκός* was used as a name for metal in general; and afterwards, when iron began to be worked, the word *χαλκός* was used for *σίδηρος*. Later, *χαλκός* was applied to bronze, a mixture of copper with tin, which was the chief metal used by the ancients in the arts. II. in the Poets, anyibing made of brass or metal, esp. of brassen arms: also a brassen vessel, urn.

χαλκο-σκελής, es, (χαλκός, σκέλος) with legs of brass.

χαλκο-στέφανος, ον, (χαλκός, στέφανος) crowned or compassed with brass.

χαλκο-στομος, ον, (χαλκός, στόμα) with brassen mouth. II. with edge or point of brass.

χαλκο-τευκτος, ον, (χαλκός, τεύχω) made of brass.

χαλκο-τευχής, es, (χαλκός, τεύχος) in brassen armour.

χαλκο-τοξος, ον, (χαλκός, τόξον) with brassen bow.

χαλκοτορέω, f. ἦσω, to form or mould of brass. From

χαλκο-τορος, ον, (χαλκός, τείρω) wrought of brass.

χαλκο-τύπος, ον, (χαλκός, τύπτω) beating or working copper:—as Subst., χαλκοτύπος, ὁ, a worker in copper, coppersmith: generally, a smith.

2. striking brass together, beating the cymbals, of the priests of Cybele. II. χαλκοτύπος, ον, pass., struck with brass, inflicted with brassen arms.

χαλκ-οὔργος, ὁ, (χαλκός, *ἐργω) a coppersmith.

χαλκοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, Att. contr. from χάλκεος. II. as Subst., χαλκοῦς, ὁ, a copper coin, somewhat less than a farthing.

χαλκο-φάλαρος, ον, (χαλκός, φάλαρα) adorned or ornamented with brass or copper. [φᾱ]

χαλκοφί, Ep. for χαλκοῦ, gen. of χαλκός.

χαλκο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (χαλκός, χάρμη) fighting in brassen armour.

χαλκο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, χιτών) brassen-coated, brass-clad.

χαλκό-χυτος, ον, (χαλκός, χέω) cast in copper or brass.

χαλκῶω, f. ὥσω, (χαλκός) to cover with brass:— aor. 1 pass. part. χαλκωθεῖς, clad in brass. II. to make in brass or bronze.

χάλκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαλκῶω) anything made of bronze or copper, a brassen vessel or instrument.

χάλυβδίκος, ή, όν, (χάλυψ) of steel; τό χαλυβδίκον steel.

χάλυβος, ό, poet. for χάλυψ, steel.

Χάλυψ, υβος, ό, one of the nation of the Chalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel. II. as

appellat., χάλυψ, υβος, ό, barded iron, steel.

χαμᾶδῖς [μά], Adv. (χαμαί) poet. for χαμᾶζε, on the ground, to the ground.

χαμᾶζε, Adv. (χαμαί) to the ground, on the ground, Lat. bumi.

χαμᾶθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) from the ground.

ΧΑΜΑΙ, Adv. on the earth, on the ground. 2.

like χαμᾶζε, Lat. bumi, to the ground, to earth.

χαμαί-γενής, ές, gen. έός, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) earth-born, sprung from the soil.

χαμαί-ενυάς, άδος, poet. fem. of sq. [αἱ metri grat.]

χαμαί-ευνής, ου, ό, (χαμαί, ευνή) making one's bed or lair on the ground. [αἱ metri grat.]

χαμαίζηλος, ον, (χαμαί) growing low or near the ground: generally, low: ό χαμαίζηλος (sub. διάσπος), a low stool. II. metaph. fond of mean things, bumble; τό χαμαίζηλον bumility.

χαμαίκοιτέω, f. ήσω, to lie, make one's bed on the ground. From

χαμαί-κοίτης, ου, ό, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making one's bed on the ground.

χαμαίλεχής, ές, gen. έός, (χαμαί, λέχος)=χαμαίκοίτης.

χαμαί-λέων, οντος, ό, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon, a kind of lizard known for changing its colour.

χαμαίπειτέω, f. ήσω, to fall to the ground; γνώμα χαμαίπειόσα a thought that falls to the ground. From

χαμαί-πετής, ές, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ-Root of πίπτω) falling to or on the earth; χαμαίπετης πίπτειν to fall to earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust. 2. lying or sleeping on the ground. 3. on the ground. II. metaph. falling to the ground, coming to naught, fruitless.

χαμαίπετοῖσα, Dor. for χαμαίπετοῦσα, part. fem. of χαμαίπετο.

χαμαί-τυπεῖον, τό, (χαμαί, τυπεῖν) a droitel.

χαμ-ερπής, ές, (χαμαί, έρπω) creeping on the ground, grovelling.

χαμ-ευνή, ή, for χαμαευνή, (χαμαί, ευνή) a bed on the ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed. II. a bedstead.

χαμ-ευνίς, ίδος, ή, (χαμαί, ευνή) a low bed, a pallet-bed.

χαμήςλος, ή, όν, (χαμαί) on the ground. 2. diminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.

χαμόθεν, Adv. (χαμαί) later form for χαμᾶθεν, from the ground.

χάμψαι, οἱ, the Egyptian name for crocodiles.

χάν, ή, Dor. for χήν, a goose.

Χανααῖος, α, ον, Canaanitish, of Canaan:—as Subst., Χανααῖος, ό, a Canaanite; Χανααία, ή, a Canaanitish woman. See Καναανίτης.

χανᾶνω, fut. χείσομαι: aor. 2 έχᾶδον Ep. χᾶδον: pf. with pres. sense έχᾶνδα: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. with impf. sense κεχᾶνδει:—to hold, take in, comprise, contain, ξε μέτρα χᾶνδανε κρητήρ the bowl held six measures: οὐκ ἐδυνήσατο πάσας αἰγιαλὸς νῆας χαδέειν the beach could not hold all the ships.

χανδόν, Adv., (χαῖνω) gaping, with mouth wide open: metaph. greedily, eagerly.

χᾶνειν, aor. 2 inf. of χαῖνω.

χάνοι [ᾱ], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of χαῖνω.

ΧΑ'ΟΨ [ᾱ], εος, τό, Chaos, Space, personified by Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of existence, the rude unformed mass. 2. infinite space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space, a gulf, chasm.

χᾶός, όν, like χᾶῖος, genuine, true, good.

χᾶρά, ή, (χαρῆναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρῆ with joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing.

χάραγμα, ατος, τό, (χάρασσω) any mark imprinted:

χ. ἐχῖδης the serpent's bite. 2. a graven mark or line, character, inscription.

χᾶράδρα Ion. χαράδρη, ή, (χαράσσω) like χείμαρπος, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself (χαράσσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. torrens.

II. the bed of such a stream, a deep gully, rift, ravine. Hence

χᾶραδραῖος, α, ον, of or from a mountain-torrent.

χᾶραδριός, ό, (χαράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts (χαράδραι) whence its name, the curlew.

χᾶραδρώω, f. ὥσω: Pass., aor. 1 ἐχαράδρῶθην: pf. κεχαράδρωμαι: (χαράδρα):—to tear up into clefts:—

Pass. to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to be full of ravines and gullies; χώρα κεχαράδρωμένη a country intersected with ravines.

χᾶράκωω, f. ὥσω, (χάραξ) to pale round, palisade, fortify. II. to prop with a pole or stake.

χᾶρακτήρ, ήπος, ό, (χαράσσω) that which is cut in or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, seals, etc.; χαρακτήρα ἐπεμβάλλειν τίνι to set a stamp upon a thing.

2. metaph. the mark or token impressed on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive mark, character; ἀνδρῶν οὐδεὶς χαρακτήρ ἐμπεφύκε σώματι no outward mark has been impressed by nature on the person of men. 3. a likeness, image, exact representation.

χᾶρακτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of χαράσσω, cut in, notched, like a saw. *perforated*

χᾶράκωμα, ατος, τό, (χαράκωω) a place paled round or palisaded, a fortified camp. II. a paling, palisade, Lat. vallum.

χᾶράκωσις, εως, ή, (χαράκωω) a fencing with pales, a palisading, fortifying.

χάραξ, άκος, ό, also ή, (χάρασσω) a pointed stake: a vine-prop, vine-pole. II. a pale used in fortifying the rampart of a camp, Lat. vallus: hence 2.

collectively, a place paled in, a fortified camp, Lat. *vallum*.

ΧΑΨΑΨΣΩ Att. —**πτω**: f. **ἔω**: aor. I **ἐχάραξα**: Pass., aor. I **ἐχαράχθην**: pf. **κεχάραγμα**: —to make sharp or pointed, sharpen: Pass. to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasperate, irritate, provoke:—Pass. to be irritated, exasperated. II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. III. to engrave, inscribe.

χάρηνα, aor. I inf. pass. of **χαίρω**.

χάρησσομαι, later fut. of **χαίρω**.

χάρη-δότης, ov, δ, (**χάρις**, **δίδωμι**) be that gives joy or grace.

χάρις, **χαρίεσσα**, **χαρίεν**, gen. **εντός**: (**χάρις**):—graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, elegant. II. in Att., **χαρίεις** was often used of persons, graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined; oi **χαρίεντες** men of taste and refinement, men of education.

III. the neut. was used in Att. as Adv., when it was written **χάριεν**. Hence

χάριεντίσσομαι, f. —**ίσσομαι** Att. —**ιούμαι**: Dep.:—to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest; σπουδῇ **χαριεντίσσειν** to jest in earnest.

χάριέντως, Adv. of **χαρίεις**, gracefully, elegantly: neatly, cleverly. 2. kindly, courteously.

χάρι-εργός, όν, (**χαίρω**, **εργον**) delighting in the arts, epith. of Minerva.

χαρίζομαι, fut. med. —**ίσσομαι** Att. —**ιούμαι**, also f. pass. —**ισθήσομαι**: aor. I **ἐχαρίσαμην** and **ἐχαρίσθην**: pf. **κεχαρίσμαι** both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.: (**χάρις**):—to shew favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour. 2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. *indulgere*; **χαρίζεσθαι τῷ σώματι** to indulge one's body. II. c. acc. rei, to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; **χαρίζεσθαι ἀλλοτρίων** to give freely of what does not belong to one; **ταμὴν χαρίζομένην παρεόντων** the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand. III. in pass. sense, to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour; τοῖσι **Εὐβοέεσσι ἐκεχαρίστω** it was done to please the Euboeans. 2. pf. part. **κεχαρισμένος**, pleasing, acceptable, welcome; **ἐμὲ κεχαρισμένον θυμῷ** most welcome to my heart; **κεχαρισμένος ἦλθεν** he came wished for, was welcome.

χαρίζη, Dor. for **χαρίσει**, 2 sing. fut. of **χαρίζομαι**.

χάρις [ἀ], ἡ, gen. **χαρίτος**: acc. **χάριον** or **χάρητα**: plur. **χάριτες**, dat. pl. **χάρισι** Ep. **χαρίτεσι** poet. also **χάρισσι**: (**χαίρω**):—favour, grace, Lat. *gratia*: I.

outward grace, grace, loveliness; **χάρις καταχευαί τινι** to shed grace over one. 2. of things, a grace, a charm. II. grace or favour felt, either, I.

by the Doer, kindness, good-will: or, 2. by the Receiver, the sense of favour received, thanks, gratitude; esp. in phrases **χάριν εἶδέναι** to feel gratitude; **χάριν ὀφείλειν** to owe a debt of gratitude, be beholden; **χάριν** or **χάρητα κατατίθεσθαι τινι** to lay up

a store of gratitude with a person, i. e. earn him thanks; **χάριν λαμβάνειν** to receive thanks. 3.

influence, as opp. to force, Lat. *gratia*; **χάριτι πλείον ἢ φόβῳ** more by favour than fear. III. a favour done, a grace, kindness, boon; **χάριν φέρειν τινι** to confer a favour on one: hence in phrases, **χάριν θέσθαι**, **νέμειν**, **δρᾶσαι** to confer a grace, favour, kindness. IV. a gratification, delight; **φόρμιγγος** from the harp. 2. **δαίμόνων χάρις** homage or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift; **εὐκταία χάρις** a gift in consequence of a vow. V.

special usages: acc. sing. absol. **χάρις**, c. gen., in anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, **χάριν Ἐκτορος** for the sake of Hector: also with the Artic., **τὴν Ἀθηναίων χάριν** for the sake of the Athenians:—it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., = **ἐνεκα**, Lat. *gratia*, *causa*, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of: so too, **ἐμὴν χάριν**, **σὴν χάριν** for my, thy pleasure or sake, Lat. *mea*, *tua gratia*. 2. **εἰς χάριν τινός** to do one a pleasure; **πρὸς χάριν λέγειν τινι** to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him; but, **πρὸς χάριν ἐμὰς σαρκός** for the sake of my flesh, i. e. of devouring it. 3. **ἐν χάριτι κρίνειν τινά** to decide from partiality to one. 4. **διὰ χαρίτων εἶναι** or **γίγνεσθαι τινι** to be on terms of friendship or mutual favour with one. VI. in Mythology, αἱ **Χάριτες** the Charites or Graces were the goddesses who confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games: three in number, *Aglāia*, *Euphrosyne*, *Thalia*.

χάρισμα, atos, τό, (**χαρίζομαι**) a grace, favour: a free gift, grace.

χαρίσασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of **χαρίζομαι**.

χαριστήριος, ov, (**χαρίζομαι**) in token of thanks-giving. II. as Subst., **χαριστήριον**, τό, a grace, gift. 2. τὰ **χαριστήρια** (sub. **ιερά**), thank-offerings.

χαρίτια, ἡ, (**χάρις**) a jest, joke.

χάριτο-βλέφαρος, ov, (**Χάρις**, **βλέφαρον**) with eyelids like the Graces.

χάριτο-γλωσσέω Att. —**πτέω**, f. ἦσω, (**χάρις**, **γλῶσση**) to speak to please, glaze with the tongue.

χάριτῶς, f. ὥσω, (**χάρις**) to shew favour or grace to anyone:—Pass. to be highly favoured.

χάριτ-ώπης, es, (**χάρις**, **ὤψ**) graceful of aspect: fem. **χαριτώπης**, idos.

χάρμα, atos, τό, (**χαίρω**) a source of joy, a joy: joy, delight.

χάρμη, ἡ, (**χαίρω**) = **χάρμα**, joy: the joy of battle, battle.

χαρμονή, ἡ, (**χάρμα**) joy, delight: in pl. joys, delights.

χαρμόσυνος, η, ov, (**χάρμη**) joyful, glad; **χαρμόσυνα ποιεῖν** to make rejoicings.

χαρμό-φρων, onos, ό, ἡ, (**χάρμα**, **φρῆν**) gladdening the heart or of joyous heart.

χάρο-ποιός, όν, (**χαρά**, **ποιέω**) causing joy, gladdening.

χάρο-οπός, ἡ, ός, also ός, όν, (**χαρά**, **ὤψ**) glad-eyed, bright-eyed: properly it only implied brightness and fierceness: later, it came to mean light blue or gray, much like **γλαυκός**.

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χαρτάριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτης.

χάρτης, ου, ὁ, (χαράσσω) Lat. *charta*, a leaf of paper, made from the separated layers of the papyrus.

χαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαίρω, delightful, gladdening, cheerful.

Χάρυβδις, εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, *Charybdis*, a dangerous whirlpool on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian rock Scylla: then generally a whirlpool, gulf; metaph. of a greedy rapacious person, like *Lat. barathrum*.

Χάρων [ᾶ], ανος, ὁ, *Charon*, the ferryman of the Styx, so called from his bright fierce eyes. Cp. *χαροπός*, *χασκάζω*, f. ἄσω, Freq. of χασκάω, c. acc. to keep yawning or gaping at or for a thing.

χάσκω, ἔχασκον, to gape, yawn, used as pres. and impf. of χαίνω: see χαίνω.

χάσμα, ατος, τό, (χαίνω) a yawning hollow, a chasm, gulf. II. the open mouth, like Lat. *riectus*.

III. any wide space or expanse.

χασμάομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, Dep. (χαίνω) to yawn, gape wide, of the mouth.

χασμέομαι, Ion. for χασμάομαι.

χασμέμενος, Dor. pres. part. of χασμάομαι.

χάσμημα, ατος, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, Lat. *riectus*.

χασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of χάζομαι.

χάσσω, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χάζομαι.

ΧΑ-ΤΕΩ, f. ἴσω, to long, desire, wish much to do a thing, c. inf.: absol. to wish, desire. II. c.

gen. to crave, want, have need of a thing.

χάτίζω, f. ἴω, like χάρέω, to long for, desire, crave: to want, have need of; *χατίζειν ἔργοιο* to want or be without work: absol. in part. one who is in want, a needy, poor person.

χάτις, ἡ, and χάτος, εως, τό, want, need, = *χητίς*, *χιῆτος*.

χαυλί-όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαύλιος, ὀδούς) with outstanding or projecting teeth. II. *χαυλίδοντες* ὀδόντες of the crocodile's teeth, outstanding, tusk: absol., *χαυλίδοντες* sharp, jagged teeth.

χαυνο-πολίτης, ου, ὁ, (χαύνος, πολίτης) an open-mouthed citizen, a gaping cit. [ἱ]

χαυνό-πρωκτος, ου, (χαύνος, πρωκτός) wide-breeched.

χαύνος, ἡ, ου, and os, ου, (χαίτω) gaping: flaccid, loose, porous. II. metaph. loose, foolish, silly, vain. Hence

χαυνότης, ητος, ἡ, looseness, porousness. II.

metaph. folly, vanity.

χαυνώσις, εως, ἡ, (χαυνώω) a making loose or slack. II. metaph. making a thing light, weakening its force.

χέε, χέεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. or aor. I of χέω.

χέζητιώω, like χεσείω, Desiderat. of χέζω, to wish to ease oneself.

ΧΕΨΩ, f. χεσσομαι: pf. *κέχθα*: aor. I *έχεσα*: aor. 2 *έχesson*: pf. pass. *κέχασμαι*:—to ease oneself:—Pass., *σπένθετος ἀρτίως κεχασμένος* dung just dropt.

ΧΕΙΑ' Ion. *χείη*, ἡ, a bole, esp. of serpents.

χείλευς, Dor. for χείλος, gen. of χείλος.

χείλο-ποτέω, f. ἴσω, (χείλος, πίνω) to drink with the lips only, to sip.

ΧΕΙΛ' ὈΣ, εως, τό: plur., gen. *χειλέων* contr. *ῶν*; dat. *χείλεσι* Ep. —εσι:—a lip: proverb., *χείλεσι γελάω* to laugh with the lips (only); *χείλεα μὲν τ' ἔδινην*, *ὑπερώην δ' οὐκ ἔδιθεν* it wetted the lips, but the palate it wetted not. 2. of beasts, the snout, muzzle: of birds, a bill, beak. II. metaph. of things, the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χείμα, ατος, τό, winter-weather, cold, frost, Lat. *biems*: winter, as a season of the year, opp. to *θέπος*: *χείμα* absol. in acc., in winter. II. a storm: metaph. a storm of passion.

χειμάδιον [ᾶ], τό, a winter-dwelling, winter-quarters; *χειμαδίω χρησθαι Ἀλμῶν* to fix upon Lemnos as winter quarters. From

χειμάζω, f. ἄσω: (χείμα): I. transit. to expose to the winter, set in the frost or cold: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: live through the winter. II. intr. to pass the winter: to go into winter quarters, to winter, Lat. *biemare*. III. to raise a storm or tempest: metaph. to trouble, afflict. 2. absol. *χειμάζει* (sc. ὁ θεός), there is a storm, like *ῦει*, *νίφει*, etc.; *έχειμαζε* *ἡμέρας τρεῖς* the storm lasted three days. 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, suffer from it: metaph. to be tempest-tost, distressed, esp. of the state: to be distracted, overwhelmed by suffering.

χειμαίνω, f. ἄνω, (χείμα) to distress by a storm or tempest;—Pass. to be driven by a storm, be tempest-tost. II. intr. to be stormy.

χειμάδος, ὁ, (χείμα) a plug in a ship's bottom, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the bilge-water.

χειμάρ-ποος, ου, Att. contr. —πους, ουν: (χείμα, βέω): winter-flowing, swollen in winter; *χειμάρποος ποταμός* a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rain and melted snow. 2. as Subst., *χειμάρπους*, ὁ, a water-drain, conduit. II. wintry, stormy.

χειμάρπος or χειμάρπος, ου, poet. for *χειμάρποος*.

χειμαδία Ion.—ἡ, ἡ, (χειμάζω) a passing the winter, wintering: winter-quarters.

χειμερίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰω, (χείμα) to pass the winter, winter.

χειμερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (χείμα) of or in winter, in winter-time, wintry, stormy; *χειμερινὸν χορίον* a wintry, bleak place. See *χειμέριος*.

χειμέριος, α, ου, Att. also os, ου: (χείμα):—in, of, belonging to winter, wintry; *ῶρη χειμερινή* the winter-season; *μήνες χειμερινῶτατοι* the most wintry, i.e. most stormy, months; *ἀκτὰ χειμερία κυματοπλήγῃ* a shore lashed by the waves of winter: metaph., *χειμερία λύπη* raging pain.—Generally, *χειμέριος* and *χειμέριος* are distinguished thus:—*χειμέριος* wintry, like winter, stormy; *χειμερινός* wintry, in winter-time.

χειμο-θής, ητος, ὁ, ἡ, (χείμα, θνήσκω) frozen to death.

χειμῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, (χείμα) winter, the season of winter; *τὸν χειμῶνα* during winter; *χειμῶνος* in winter-

time.

II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; χειμών νοτερός a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm, fury: also great distress or suffering.

χειμωνο-τύπος, *ov*, (χειμών, τύπτω) beating tempestuously.

ΧΕΙΡΉ, *ή*, gen. χειρός: plur. χείρες, χειρῶν, χειροί: Ion. decl., χεῖρ, χερός, χερί, χέρα, χέρες, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are χειρῶν (rarely χειροῦν) even in Att.: Ep. dat. pl. χεῖραισι and χεῖρεσσι:—the band, or rather the hand and arm, the arm; ἄκρα χεῖρ the band; χεῖρ σιδηρᾶ an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, grapple.

2. χεῖρ is often joined with δεξιός and ἀριστερός, to mark the side on which a thing is; see ἀριστερός, δεξιός. 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. to mere words; ἔπεισιν καὶ χειρσὶν ἀρήξειν to assist with word and deed; προσφέρειν χεῖρας to apply force; of deeds of violence, χειρῶν ἀρχεῖν to begin the fray.

4. like Lat. *manus*, a number or body of men, a band: the band, skill of an artist or workman: also his bandywork.

II. special usages: χεῖρας ἔχειν τινὰ to have, hold one by the band; χεῖρας ἀνασχεῖν θεοῖς to raise one's bands to the gods in prayer; χεῖρας ὀρέσθαι to stretch or spread the arms in token of entreaty. 2. ἀγεσθαί τι ἐς χεῖρας to take a thing in band; ἐν χειροῖ, μετὰ or διὰ χεῖρας ἔχειν τι to have a thing in band, be engaged in it.

3. ἐν χειρὶ, ἐν χειροῖ in one's band or bands, and so in one's power: but also in warlike sense, ἐν χειροῖ in the fray, in close fight, Lat. *cominus*. 4. εἰς χεῖρας ἐλθεῖν to fall into anyone's bands or power, but also to come to blows. 5. ἐκ χειρός out of band, off band; ἀπὸ χειρός λογίσασθαι to reckon off band, roughly.

6. πρὸ χειρῶν at band, in readiness. 7. ὑπὸ χειρός or χειρῶν under the bands, under the power; cp. ὑποχείριος.

χειρ-ἄγρα, *ή*, (χείρ, ἄγρα) gout in the band; as ποδ-ἄγρα in the feet.

χειρ-ἄγωγός, *f*, ἡσω, to lead by the band. From χειρ-ἄγωγός, *ov*, (χείρ, ἄγω) leading by the band: as Subst., χειραγωγός, *ος*, one that leads by the band.

χειρ-ἄπτω, *f*, ἄσω, (χείρ, ἄπτω) to touch with the band, take in band, bandle.

χειρεσι, χεῖρεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of χεῖρ.

χειριδωτός, *ov*, (χείρ) having sleeves, sleeved, of the χιτῶν or tunic: the χιτῶν without sleeves was called ἐξωμίς.

χείριος, *a, ov*, (χείρ) in the bands, in the power of, subject, captive.

χείρις, ἴδος, *ή*, (χείρ) a covering for the band, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

χείριστος, *η, ov*, irreg. Sup. of χείρων, worst, Lat. *pessimus*: of χείριστοι men of lowest degree.

χειρο-βολός, *f*, ἡσω, (χείρ, βαλεῖν) to throw with the band.

χειρό-γράφος, *ov*, (χείρ, γράφω) written with the band, in bandwriting:—as Subst., χειρόγραφον, τό, a bandwriting, written decree.

χειρο-δακτός, *ov*, (χείρ, δακνῶ) slain by the band.

χειρό-δεκτος, *ov*, (δεκνυμι) pointed out by the band, Lat. *digito monstratus*: manifest, confessed.

χειρο-δίκη, *ov, δ*, (χείρ, δίκη) one who asserts his right by force of hands, who uses the right of might. [Ὶ]

χειρο-δράκων, *ov, os*, (χείρ, δράκων) with serpent-bands or arms. [ᾱ]

χειρο-ήθης, *es*, (χείρ, ἥθος) accustomed to the band, manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. *mansuetus*; used or habituated to a thing; submissive, obedient.

χειρό-μακτρον, τό, (χείρ, μάσσω) a cloth for wiping the bands, a towel, napkin, Lat. *mantile*: the Scythians used scalp as χειρόμακτρα.

χειρομαχία, *f*, ἡσω, to fight with the bands. From χειρο-μάχος, *ov*, (χείρ, μάχομαι) fighting with the band.

χειρο-μύλη, *ή*, (χείρ, μύλη) a band-mill. [Ὶ]

χειρονομία, *f*, ἡσω, (χειρονομός) to move the bands to a certain time or order; σκέλεσι χειρονομεῖν to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms. Hence

χειρονομία, *ή*, measured motion of the bands, gesticulation.

χειρο-νόμος, *ov*, (νέμω) moving the bands regularly gesticulating: as Subst., χειρονόμος, *ος*, Lat. *pantomimus*, a pantomimic performer.

χειρόνως, Adv. of χείρων, worse.

χειρο-πληθής, *es*, (χείρ, πῖμπλημι) filling the band, as large as can be held in the band.

χειρο-ποιέομαι, *f*, ἡσομαι, Dep. to make or do by band. Hence

χειροποίητος, *ov*, made by band, artificial: made on purpose.

χειρό-σοφος, *ov*, (χείρ, σοφός) skilled with the bands: hence = χειρονόμος.

χειρο-τένων, *ov, os*, (χείρ, τείνω) with out-stretched arms, of the crab.

χειρότερος, *a, ov*, poet. for χείρων, worse.

χειρο-τέχνης, *ov, δ*, (χείρ, τέχνη) a bandicraftsman, artisan, mechanic; χειροτέχνης λατοπίας a chirourgeon, surgeon. Hence

χειροτεχνία, *ή*, bandicraft, art.

χειροτεχνικός, *ος, ov*, (χειροτέχνης) of or for bandicraft or a bandicraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. —κῶς.

χειροτονία, *f*, ἡσω, (χειροτόνος) to stretch out the band, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian ἐκκλησία.

II. c. acc. to vote for, elect:—Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to λαγχάνειν κλήρου to be chosen by lot: c. acc. rei, to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

χειροτονιτέον, verb. Adj. one must vote.

χειροτονιτός, *ος, ov*, verb. Adj. of χειροτονέω, elected by show of hands; ἀρχή χειροτονιτή an elective magistracy.

χειροτονία, *ή*, (χειροτονέω) a stretching out of bands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of hands; χειροτονία τοῦ δήμου election by the people. II. a vote, Lat. *suffragium*: also collectively, the votes.

χειρο-τόνος, *ον*, (χείρ, τείνω) stretching out the hands; of prayers, offered with outstretched hands.

χειρο-τύπης, *ἐς*, (χείρ, τυπεῖν) striking with the hands.

χειρουργία, *ῥ*, *ῥ*ήσω, (χειρουργός) to do with the hands, execute; to commit acts of violence. Hence

χειρουργία, *ῥ*, a working by hand, practice of a handicraft or art. II. a trade, business.

χειρ-ουργός, *ον*, (χείρ, ἔργω) working or doing by hand, practising a handicraft or art. 2. as Subst.,

χειρουργός, *ὁ*, a chirurgeon, surgeon.

χειρώω, *ῥ*, ὥσω: Med., *ῥ* χειρώσσομαι: aor. I ἔχειρ-ρῶσαμην: Pass., fut. χειρωθήσομαι: aor. I ἔχειρώθην:

pf. κείρωμαι: (χείρ) —to take in hand, bundle: to get into one's hands, to master, subdue, take possession of: to take prisoner:—Pass. χειρούμαι, to be mastered, subdued, led captive, taken prisoner. Hence

χείρωμα, *ατος*, τό, that which is done by hand; **τυμβοχόα χειρώματα** offerings to the dead poured by one's own hand. II. that which is brought into one's hands or under one's power, a conquest. 2. a deed of violence.

χείρων, *ὁ*, *ῥ*, neut. *ον*; gen. *ονος*: plur., nom. and acc., *χείρῳες*, *χείρῳας* contr. *χείρῳες*, neut. *χείρῳα* contr. *χείρῳ*; dat. *χείρῳσι* poet. *χείρῳνεςσι*: Ep. *χερείων*, *ον*: Dor. *χερῖων*: poet. also *χειρότερος*, *χειριώτερος*:

irreg. Comp. of *κακός* (formed from **χέρης*):—worse, meaner, inferior: the comparative force sometimes almost disappears, esp. with a negat., as, *οὐ τι χερείον ἐν ὥρῃ δειπνόν ἐλέσθαι* 'tis not ill to take one's meal in season; so, *οὐ χερίον [ἔστι]* it is well: of persons, *ὁ χείρων* one of lower degree; *οἱ χείρῳες* men of lower degree:—*ἐπὶ τὸ χερίον τρέπεσθαι* to fall off. II.

χείρων, as Adv., worse.—See *χείριστος*.

Χείρων, *ανος*, *ὁ*, Cbeiron, one of the Centaurs, teacher of Aesculapius, Achilles, Jason, etc.; famous for his skill in surgery (whence his name, cf. *χειρουρ-γός*).

χειρ-ῶναξ, *ακος*, *ὁ*, (χείρ, ἄναξ) one who is master of his hand, a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic, like *κώπης ἄναξ*: also as Adj., *πᾶς ὁ χειρῶναξ* λέως all the mechanic sort. Hence

χειρ-ῶναξ *ἰον*. —*ἰη*, *ῥ*, skill in workmanship, handicraft, trade.

Χείρωνις, *ἰδος*, fem. Adj. of Cbeiron: as Subst. (sub. βίβλος) a book on surgery.

χειρωτός, *ῥ*, *ὁν*, verb. Adj. of *χειρώω*, subdued: to be subdued.

χείσσομαι, fut. of *χανδάνω*.

χέλω, Ep. for *χέω*, to pour.

χελιδόι, irreg. voc. of *χελιδών*, as if from *χελιδώ*.

χελιδονίζω, *ῥ*, ἰσω Att. *ἰώ*, (χελιδών) to twitter like a swallow: to speak unintelligibly, to speak a foreign language.

χελιδόνιον, τό, (χελιδών) swallow-wort, celandine, of which there were two kinds, *χελιδόνιον κνάνεον* (or *γλαυκόν*) and *χλωρόν*. Properly neut. of

χελιδόνιος, *α*, *ον*, (χελιδών) of the swallow, like the

swallow: coloured like the swallow's throat, russet brown.

χελιδόνισμα, *ατος*, τό, (χελιδονίζω) the swallow-song, an old popular song at the return of the swallows.

χελιδών, *ῶνος*, *ῥ*: irreg. vocat. *χελιδόι* (as if from *χελιδώ*):—the swallow, Lat. *hirundo*. The twittering of the swallow was a proverbial expression for foreign or barbarous speech; for *χελιδόνων μου-σεία*, see *μουσείων*: proverb., *μία χελιδών ἔαρ οὐ ποιεῖ* one swallow does not make a summer. II. the

frog in the hollow of a horse's foot.

χελύνη (*ῥ*), *ῥ*, (χέλος) the lip; **χελύνῃ** ἐσθίειν ὑπ' ὀργῆς to bite the lip from passion. II. Aeol. for *χελάνη*.

ΧΕ'ΑΤ'Σ, *ῶος*, *ῥ*, a tortoise, Lat. *testudo*: Mercury made the first lyre by stretching strings on its shell: hence 2. the shell or lyre itself, Lat. *testudo*. II. the arched breast, the chest.

χελώνη, *ῥ*, (χέλος) a tortoise: proverb., *ὡς χελῶναι μακάριαι τοῦ δέρματος* oh tortoises, happy in your thick hides! 2. the shell of the tortoise. II. the lyre: see *χέλος*. III. as a military term, a

pent-house formed of shields overlapping each other as in a tortoise's back, the Roman *testudo*, used by storming parties in approaching a city's walls: hence a shed or moveable roof for protecting besiegers.

χένας, poet. for *χῆνας*, acc. pl. of *χῆν*.

χέννιον, τό, a kind of quail.

χερ-άγρα, *ῥ*, = *χεράγρα*.

ΧΕ'ΡΑ'ΔΟΣ, τό, the gravel and silt brought down by rivers, shingle.

ΧΕΡΑ'Σ, *ἄδος*, *ῥ*, doubtful form of *χεράδος*.

χέραι, see *χέρης*.

χειρότερος, *α*, *ον*, Ep. Comp. for *χερείων*.

χερείων, *ὁ*, *ῥ*, neut. *χερείον*, poet. for *χείρων*, worse.

χέρεσσι, poet. for *χερσί*, dat. pl. of *χείρ*.

ΧΕΡΗΣ, an absol. Adj. from which the irreg. Comparatives *χείρων* and *χερείων* are formed, used in dat. *χέρη*; acc. *χέρη*; nom. pl. *χέρηες*; acc. neut. *χέρη* or *χέρεια*:—*χέρης* itself has a comparative sense, weaker, worse, inferior.

χερῖων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, Dor. for *χερείων*.

χερῖ-ἄρης, *ον*, *ὁ*, (χείρ, ἀρᾶν) fitting with the hand.

χερῖ-φύρης, *ῥ*, gen. *ῥος*, (χείρ, φύρω) mixed or kneaded by hand.

χερμάδιον, τό, = *χερμάς*, properly neut. of *χερμάδιος*.

χερμάδιος, *ον*, of the size of a large stone, fit for throwing. [*ᾶ*] From

χερμάς, *ἄδος*, *ῥ*, a stone or large pebble, for throwing or slinging, a sling-stone. (Deriv. doubtful: either from *χεράδος*; or from *χείρ*, a stone that can be grasped in the hand.)

χερμαστήρ, *ῥρος*, *ὁ*, (χερμάς) a slinger: as masc. Adj., *χερμαστήρ ὀνύς* the leather of a sling.

χέρνης, *ῥτος*, *ὁ*, (χείρ) one who lives by the work of his hands, a day-labourer: a poor, needy man. II, as Adj., poor, needy.

χερνήτης, *ον*, *ὁ*, = *χέρνης*.

χερνήτις, ἴδος, fem. of χερνήτης, a workwoman, a woman that works for her daily bread.

χερ-νίβειον and χερ-νίβον, τό, (χείρ, νίω) a vessel for water to wash the hands, a hand-basin.

χερνίπτομαι, f. πομαι, Med. to wash one's hands with holy water: to sprinkle or purify with holy water, Lat. lustrare. From

χέρ-νιψ, ἴβος, ἡ, (χείρ, νίω) holy water to wash or sprinkle the hands before a sacrifice. II. plur.

χέρνιβες, purifications with holy water; εἰργασθαι χερνίβων to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed; χερνίβων κοινωνός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

χερνίψαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of χερνίπτομαι.

χερο-μύστος, ἐς, (χείρ, μύσος) hand-defiling.

χερό-πληκτός, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by or with the hand.

χερός, Ion. and poet. gen. of χεῖρ.

χερρό-νησος, ἡ, Att. for χερσώνησος. For all words formed from it, see under χερσ-.

χέρρος, Att. for χέρρος.

χερσαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χέρσος) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; ὄρνιθες χερσαῖοι land-fowl, opp. to λιμναῖοι sea-fowl: also of landmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαῖον κύμα στρατοῦ the land wave of an army.

χερσεύω, f. σω, (χέρσος) to lie waste or barren.

χερσόθεν, Adv. (χέρσος) from dry land: from the earth or ground.

χερσόθι, Adv. (χέρσος) on dry land.

χερσόνδε, Adv. (χέρσος) to or on dry land.

χερσονησίτης Att. χερρον-, ον, ὁ, (Χερσώνησος) a dweller in the Chersonese.

χερσονησο-εἰδής Att. χερρον-, ἐς, (χερσώνησος, εἶδος) like a peninsula, peninsular.

χερσό-νησος Att. χερρόν-, ἡ, (χέρσος, νῆσος) a land-island, i. e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersonese or Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

χερσονησο-ῶδης Att. χερρον-, ἐς, contr. for χερσονησοειδής.

ΧΕΡΣΟΣ Att. χέρπος, ἡ, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρπον ἰκέσθαι to reach the land. II. as Adj., χέρσος, ον, dry, firm, of land; χέρσος Εὐρώπη the mainland of Europe.

2. dry, barren, waste, barren: χέρσα waste places. 3. c. gen. barren or destitute of.

χερῦδρον, τό, Dim. of χεῖρ, a little hand or arm.

χεσεῖω, Desiderat. of χέσω, to want to ease oneself.

χεύαι, χεῦαν, χεῖε, Ep. inf., 3 plur., and 3 sing. aor. I of χέω.

χεῦμα, ατος, τό, (χέω) that which is poured: a stream. II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

χεύομεν, Ep. for χέωμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of χέω.

χεύω, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of χέω.

ΧΕΨΩ, fut. χεῶ Ep. χεῖω: aor. I ἔχεα Ep. ἔχενα or χεῖα; imperat. χέον Ep. χεῖον; subj. χέω Ep. χεῖω, Ep. I pl. χεῖομεν; inf. χέαι Ep. χεῖαι, part. χέας Ep. χεῖας: Ep. aor. I med. ἐχεῖναι; Pass., f. χυθήσονται: aor. I ἐχέθηεν [ῥ]: pf. κεχύμαι [ῥ]: 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. κεχύτο: also Ep. aor. 2 ἐχύμην [ῥ], used in 3 sing. ἐχυτο, χύτο, 3 pl. ἐχυντο, χύντο, part. χύνμενος:—to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill:—Pass. to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush forth. 2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed:—Med. to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χόην χεῖσθαι νεκρῶσι to pour forth a libation to the dead. II. of solids, to pour or shoot out, shed, scatter: also, like χόω, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβον χεῖν to raise a mound. 2. χεῖν δοῦρα to pour or shower spears. 3. to let fall or drop:—Pass. to be thrown or beaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in a dense mass. III. metaph. of sounds, to pour, let stream or flow. 2. ἀχλὺν κατ' ὀφθαλμῶν χεῖν to shed darkness over the eyes; so, χεῖν ἡέρα to shed a mist abroad:—Pass. to be spread or flung around; ἀμφὶ δέ οἱ θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο ἡρῆ the mist dissolved or vanished. 3. ἀμφ' αὐτῷ χυμένη throwing herself around him; in pf. pass. part., κεχυμένος εἰς τι given up to a thing.

χηλ-αργός Dor. χᾱλ-, ον, (χηλή, ἀργός) with fleet hoofs; χηλαργοὶ ἄμυλλαι the racing of fleet horses. χηλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From χηλεύω, f. σω, (χηλή) to net, plait.

ΧΗΛΗ', ἡ, a horse's hoof: also a cloven hoof, as of an ox: pl. χηλαί also of bird's talons, of a wolf's claws, of a crab's claws. II. a sea-bank, sea-wall or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its stretching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of rocks forming a natural mole.

χηλινός, ἡ, ὄν, = χηλευτός.

ΧΗΛΟΣ', οὐ, ὁ, a large chest, coffer or strong box.

ΧΗ'Ν, ὁ and ἡ, gen. χηνός: irreg. acc. plur. χένας: Dor. χάν: (χαῖνω, κέχνην):—a gander, goose, named from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

χην-ἀλώπηξ, εκος, ὁ, (χῆν, ἀλώπηξ) the fox-goose, an Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake

χηνεῖος, α, ον, (χῆν) of or belonging to a goose, like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

χῆνεος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for χῆνιους.

χηνίσκος, ὁ, (χῆν) the end of a ship's stern which turned up like a goose's neck.

χῆρα Ion. χήρη, ἡ, see χῆρος.

ΧΗΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, a kind of muscle.

χηράμο-δύτης, ον, ὁ, (χηραμός, δύω) one who creeps into holes. [ῥ metri grat.]

ΧΗΡΑΜΟΣ', ὁ, a hole, cleft, gap, hollow.

χῆρατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χαιράω.

χῆρεῖα, ἡ, (χηρεῖω) widowhood, widowed estate.

χῆρειος, α, ον, (χῆρος) widowed.

χηρεύ, f. σω, (χήρος) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., νήσος ἀνδρῶν χηρεύει the island is destitute of men: to be bereaved of a husband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in solitude. II. transit. to keep in widowhood, keep aloof or apart.

χρήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for χήριος.
χῆρος, α, ον, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. bereft of a husband or wife, widowed. II. as Subst.,

χήρα Ion. χήρη, ἡ, a widow, Lat. vidua. Hence

χῆρῶν, f. ὥσω: aor. I ἐχῆρωσα Ep. χῆρωσα, pass. ἐχῆρώην:—to bereave, make desolate or deserted.

2. c. gen. to bereave of.: "Ἀργος ἀνδρῶν ἐχῆρώη was left destitute of men: to bereave of a husband or wife, to make widowed. II. intr.,

like χηρεύω, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence

χῆρωστίς, οὐ, ὁ, a collateral relation, heir-at-law.

χῆρετε, Dor. crasis for καὶ ἥστε, fut. of ἵμμι.

χῆτις, ιος Att. εως, ἡ, = χῆτος.

χῆτος, εος, τό, (χατέω) want, need, destitution;

mostly in dat., χῆτεϊ τοιοῦτ' ἀνδρὸς from want or loss of such a man; χῆτι (Ion. dat. of χῆτις) συμμάχων from need of allies. Hence

χῆτοςύνη, ἡ, want, need, destitution.

χῆφθᾶ, Dor. for καὶ ἥφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.

χθᾶμᾰλός, ἡ, ὅν, (χαμᾶλ) near the ground, on the ground, low, sunken, flat.

ΧΘΕΣ, Adv., lengthd. ἐχθές, yesterday; πρῶν τε καὶ χθές or χθές καὶ πρῶν yesterday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

χθεσινός, ἡ, ὅν, = χθιζός, of yesterday; τὸ σκόροδον τὸ χθεσινόν yesterday's onion.

χθιζᾶ, Adv.: see χθιζός.

χθιζίνος, ἡ, ὅν, = χθεσινός.

χθιζός, ἡ, ὅν, (χθές) = χθεσινός, of yesterday; ὁ χθιζὸς πόνος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as, χθιζὸς ἔβη he went yesterday: the neut. χθιζόν and χθιζᾶ are used as Adv., = χθές, of yesterday; χθιζᾶ τε καὶ πρῶτα yesterday and the day before, lately, like χθις καὶ πρῶν.

χθόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χθών) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; θεοὶ χθόνιοι the gods of the nether world, Lat. inferi; χθόνιος Ἑρμῆς Hermes conducting below the earth. II. of or from the earth.

χθονο-στῆβίς, ἐς, (χθάν, στήβειν) treading the earth, on or of the earth.

χθονο-τρέφίς, ἐς, γεν. ἐος, (χθών, τρέφω) nourished by or growing on earth.

ΧΘΩΝ, ἡ, gen. χθονός, the earth, ground; χθόνα δύναι to go beneath the earth, i. e. to die; ὑπὸ χθονός κενεθέναι to be hidden under the earth, i. e. to be buried. 2. of ὑπὸ χθονός those beneath the earth, i. e. those in the shades below, Lat. inferi. II.

Earth, personified as a goddess. III. a particular land or country.

ΧΓΑΡΟΝ, τό, pl. χῆδρα, τά, a dish of unripe wheaten groats toasted:—as ἀλφίτα is a dish of barley groats.

χιλιάκις, Adv., (χίλιοι) a thousand times. [ᾶ]
χιλί-ἀνδρος, ον, (χίλιοι, ἀνὴρ) containing a thousand men.

χιλί-ἀρχης or χιλί-αρχος, ου, ὁ, (χίλιοι, ἀρχω) the commander of a thousand men. II. used to translate the Roman tribunus militum, a legionary tribune. Hence

χιλιαρχία, ἡ, the office or post of χιλιαρχος, command of 1000 men.

χιλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χίλιοι) the number one thousand, a thousand.

χιλί-έτης, ου, ὁ, or χιλι-ετής, ἐος, ὁ, ἡ, (χίλιοι, ἔτος) lasting a thousand years.

ΧΙΛΙΟΙ, αι, α, a thousand, Lat. mille: the sing. is used with collective nouns, as, χιλιά ἵππος a thousand horse, like μυρία ἵππος, etc.

χιλίῳ-ναυς, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (χίλιοι, ναῦς) of or consisting of a thousand ships.

χιλιο-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. -τας, (χίλιοι, ναύτης) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., χιλιοναύτης ἀρωγῇ the help of a thousand ships.

χιλιό-πᾶλαι, Adv. (χίλιοι, πάλαι) long ago a thousand times over, very long ago.

χιλιστοτός, ἡ, ὅν, (χίλιοι) the thousandth.

χιλιοστῆς, υός, ἡ, (χίλιοι) the body of a thousand.

ΧΙΛΟΨ, οὐ, ὁ, green fodder for cattle, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; προέρχεσθαι ἐπὶ χιλόν to go on to forage; χιλὸς ἐπὶ ἡρὸς bay. Hence

χίλω, f. ὥσω, to turn out to graze.

χιμαῖρα [r], ἡ, a she-goat, Lat. capra, fem. of χίμαρος.

II. as prop. n., Χίμαῖρα, ἡ, Chimaera, a monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

χιμαῖρο-βάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (χιμαῖρα, βαίνειν) epith. of Pan, be who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

χιμαῖρο-θύτης, ου, ὁ, (χιμαῖρα, θύω) one who sacrifices goats.

χιμαῖρο-φόνος, ον, (χιμαῖρα, *φένω) slaying goats.

χιμάρ-αρχος, ὁ, (χιμαρος, ἀρχω) leading goats; τράγος χιμάραρχος the he-goat that leads the flock.

ΧΙΜΑΡΟΣ [r], ὁ, a he-goat, Lat. caper, = τράγος.

χιμᾶρο-σφάκτης, ου, ὁ, (χιμαρος, σφάζω) a goat-slayer.

χιμάρως, Dor. for χιμάρους, acc. pl. of χίμαρος.

χιμεῖλον [r], τό, (χειμα) a chilblain, kibe.

Χιτο-γενής, ἐος, (Χίος, γενέσθαι) of Chian birth or growth, of wine.

χῖον, τό, (χίος) a wine-vessel, holding about 1½

χοῦς, i. e. about a gallon.

χιόνεος, α, ον, (χιών) of snow, snowy.

χιονίζω, f. ἴσω, (χιών) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., εἰ ἐχιόνιζε τὴν χώραν if snow fell upon the country; absol., ἐχιόνιζε it was snowing.

χιονο-βλέφαρος, ον, (χιών, βλέφαρον) with eye of dazzling white.

χιονό-βλητος, ον, (χιών, βάλλω) beaten or covered with snow.

χιονο-βόσκος, *ον*, (χιών, βόσκω) *fostering snow, snow-clad.*

χιονο-θρέμμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (χιών, θρέμμα) *feeding snow, snow-clad.*

χιονό-κτύπος, *ον*, (χιών, κτυπέω) *snow-beaten.*

χιονο-τρόφος, *ον*, (χιών, τρέφω) *nursing snow, snow-clad.*

χιονό-χρως, *ατος* and *οος*, *δ*, *ή*, (χιών, χρώς) *with snow-white skin: generally, snow-white.*

χιον-ώδης, *ες*, (χιών, εἶδος) *like snow, snow-white.*

Χίος, *ή*, *Cbios*, an island in the Aegean sea, now *Scio*. Hence

Χίος, *α*, *ον*, *Cbian*, of or from *Cbios*: οἱ Χίοι *the Cbians*. II. *δ* χίος (sub. βόλος), an unlucky

throw with the dice: the side with the ace-dot was χίος ἀσπράγματος, the opp. side with the size-dot was called κῶος, Lat. *unio*; cp. κῶος. The proverb οὐ Χίος ἀλλὰ Κεῖος referred to the contrast between the dishonest Cbians and the honest Ceians.

ΧΙΤΩΝ, *ἄνος*, *δ*, in Ion. Prose *κιθών*, an undergarment, frock, kirtle, Lat. *tunica*, both of men and women: it was a woollen shirt worn next the body: on going out they threw a wide cloak over it, called φάρος, χλαῖνα, or ἱμάτιον: the χιτών sometimes reached to the feet, and was then called χιτών ποδήρης: with sleeves it was called χιτών χειρῶν-τός. II. of soldiers, a coat of mail, cuirass; χιτώνες λεπίδος σιδηρέης coats of iron scales. III.

in plur. *the pieces of a shoe*. IV. metaph. any coat, case or covering; λάνος χιτών *a coat of covering of stones*, i. e. a tomb; τευχῶν κιθῶνες coats, lines of walls: also in plur. *the coats of an onion*.

χιτώνιον, τό, Dim. of χιτών, *a little tunic, short coat*.

χιτώνισκος, *δ*, = χιτώνιον.

ΧΙΩΝ, *ἄνος*, *ή*, *snow*; properly *fallen snow*, opp. to νιφάς or νιφετός, *falling snow*; χιών τηκομένη *melting snow*. II. *snow-water*.

ΧΛΑΨΩ, only found in pf. κέχλαδα part. κεχλάδως, and plur. κεχλαδόντες (for κεχλαδότες):—*to sound, ring, shout*: hence redupl. καχλάζω.

ΧΛΑΓ'ΝΑ Ion. χλαῖνη, *ης*, *ή*, Lat. *laena*, a large square upper garment, a cloak, mantle, worn loose over the χιτών: it was made of wool, was thrown over the shoulders, and fastened with a clasp; it served also as a covering in sleep. It was nearly the same as the φάρος and ἱμάτιον.

χλαινιον, τό, Dim. of χλαῖνα, *a small cloak*.

χλαινώ, *φ*, ὥσω, (χλαῖνα) *to clothe or cover with a cloak: generally, to clothe*. Hence

χλαινώμα, *ατος*, τό, *a clothing, covering*.

χλαμυδῆ-φόρος, *ον*, (χλαμύς, φέρω) *wearing a χλαμύς* or *horseman's cloak*: as Subst., χλαμυδηφόρος, *δ*, a horseman, cavalier.

χλαμυδ-ουργία, *ή*, (χλαμύς, *ἔργω) *the making of cloaks, the art or trade of a cloak-maker*.

χλαμύς, ὄδος [ῥ], *ή*, *a short cloak or mantle*, worn by horsemen: generally, *a military cloak, the general's cloak*, Lat. *paludamentum*. It was fastened by

a brooch on the right shoulder so as to hang over the left. (Akin to χλαῖνα.)

χλαῖνιδιον, τό, Dim. of χλανίς, *a small cloak or coverlet*. [νῖ].

χλαῖνδο-ποιία, *ή*, (χλανίς, ποιέω) *the art or trade of cloak-making*.

χλαῖνίς, ἰδος, *ή*, (χλαῖνα) *an upper garment of wool*, like the χλαῖνα, but of finer make: worn by women as well as men: hence χλανίδα φορεῖν, *to wear the χλανίς*, was a mark of effeminacy.

χλανισκιδιον [κῖ], or χλανίσκιον, τό, and χλαῖνισκος, *δ*, Dim. of χλανίς, *a small cloak*.

χλευάζω, *φ*, ἄσω, (χλεύη) *to joke, jest, scoff*. II. trans. *to mock, scoff at, jeer, treat scornfully*. Hence

χλευασία, *ή*, and χλευασμός, *δ*, *mockery, scoffing*.

ΧΛΕΥ'Η, *ή*, *a joke, jest*; χλεύην ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι *to make one a jest*.

ΧΛΗΔΟΣ, *δ*, *slime, mud*: *the dirt and rubbish carried down by a flood*; also *rubbish swept out of a house*, Lat. *quisquiliae*.

χλαινω, *φ*, ἄνω: aor. I ἐχλήνω: (χλίω):—*to make warm*:—Pass. *to warm oneself: to grow warm*. II. *to soften by warmth, melt*.

χλιαρός, *ά*, *όν* Ion. χλιερός, *ή*, *όν*, (χλίω) *warm, lukewarm*, Lat. *tepidus*.

χλιδαίνω, (χλιδή) *to make soft or delicate*:—Pass. *to be luxurious or delicate, revel in luxury*.

χλιδανός, *ή*, *όν*, (χλιδάω) *delicate, voluptuous, luxurious*.

χλιδάω, *φ*, ἥσω, (χλιδή) *to be soft or delicate*: in bad sense, *to live delicately or luxuriously, to revel, luxuriate*; χλιδᾶν ἐπὶ τινι *to pride oneself upon a thing*: hence *to be insolent or arrogant*.

χλιδή, *ή*, (χλίω) *delicacy, luxury, voluptuousness*. 2. wantonness, insolence, arrogance. 3.

any sign or accessory of luxury: in plur. *fine raiment, costly ornaments*, Lat. *deliciae*: also *charms, beauty*.

χλιδημα, *ατος*, τό, (χλιδάω) = χλιδή. [ῖ]

χλιερός, *ή*, *όν*, Ion. for χλιαρός.

χλιώ, Ep. for χλιάω.

ΧΛΙΩ, only used in pres. and impf., *to become warm or soft, melt*: metaph. *to be luxurious, to revel, luxuriate*. [ῖ]

χλόα, see χλόη.

χλο-αυγής, *ες*, (χλόη, αὐγή) *with a greenish lustre*.

χλοερός, *ά*, *όν*, poet. lengthd. for χλωρός.

χλοερο-τρόφος, *ον*, (χλοερός, τρέφω) *producing green herbs, grass-growing*.

χλοερό-ωπης, ἰδος, *ή*, (χλοερός, ὥψ) *greenish looking*.

ΧΛΟ'Η, *ης*, and χλόα, *ας*, also Ion. χλοῖη, *ή*, *the tender shoot of plants in spring, the blade of young corn or grass*: poet. *the young verdure of trees, foliage, leaves*.

χλοη-κόμω, *φ*, ἥσω, (χλόη, κόμω) *to be green as a young leaf*.

χλο-ήρης, *ες*, (χλόη, ἀρᾶρην) = χλοερός, χλωρός.

χλοη-τόκος, *ον*, (χλόη, τεκείν) *producing young shoots*.

χλο-φόρος, *ον*, (χλόη, φέρω) *putting out young shoots, bearing grass or leaves.*

χλοῖάω, (χλοῖη) *Ion.* for χλοάω.

χλοῖη, ἡ, *Ion.* for χλόη.

χλοῦννς, *ου, ἡ*, *Epic* epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean *feeding or living alone*: later as *Subst.* = κάμπος, *the wild boar itself.* (*Deriv.* uncertain.)

χλοῦνις, ἡ, a doubtful word in *Aesch.* *Eum.* 189, commonly derived from χλόη, and taken to mean *green age*, i. e. *youth, freshness.*

χλωρ-αύχην, *ενος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χλωρός, αὐχὴν) *with pale green or olive neck, of the nightingale*: see χλωρηῖς.

χλωρηῖς, ἴδος, *poët. fem.* of χλωρός, for χλωρά, *pale green, olive-green, epith.* of the nightingale.

χλωρὸ-κομος, *ον*, (χλωρός, κόμη) *green-leaved.*

χλωρός *poët.* χλοερός, ἄ, *ον*, (χλόη) *pale green, light green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass*: also of the colour of honey and yellow.

II. generally, *pale, pallid.*

III. without regard to colour, *green, fresh*, as opp. to *dry*; τυρὸς χλωρός *fresh cheese*: *metaph. fresh, blooming, youthful*: *tender, delicate.*

χναῦω, = κνάω, *to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble.*

χνοάζω, *φ. άσω*, (χνόος) *properly of youths, to get the first down on their chin*: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάζων ἄρτι λευκανθὲς κάρα *having his head just sprinkled with white.*

χνοάω, = χνοάζω.

ΧΝΟΉ *Ion.* χνοίη, ἡ, *the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle itself.*

2. *metaph.*, χνόαι ποδῶν *the joints on which the feet are set.*

χνόιος, *α, ον*, (χνόος) *downy.*

ΧΝΟΨ *Att.* *contr.* χνούς, *gen.* χνού, ὁ, *any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea: the fine down or bloom on the peach: the first down on the chin, like άχνή.*

χόα, *acc.* of χόος. χούς.

χράνεω *contr.* χρῶνεω, *to cast metal.* From

χράνη *contr.* χώνη, ἡ, *a funnel.* II. = χά-
νος. [ά]

χόάσις, ὁ, (χέω) *the hollow in which metal was placed for melting, a melting-pot: also the mould for casting metal in.*

χόες, αἱ, *nom. pl.* of χόος, χούς.

χοή, ἡ, (χέω) *a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio, made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and water.*

χο-ήρης, *es, gen.* εος, (χοή, ἀρᾶρεῖν) *furnished with drink-offerings to the dead; άγγος χοήρης a vessel filled with them.*

χοη-φόρος, *ον*, (χοή, φέρω) *bearing drink-offerings.*

χοικίος, ἡ, *ον*, (χούς) *of rubbish, of earth or clay.*

χοινίκις, ἴδος, ἡ, (χοῖνιξ) *an iron ring.*

χοῖνιξ, ἴκος, ἡ, a *choenix*, a dry measure, containing three κοτύλαι (about 1½ pint *Engl.*) or four κοτύλαι (about a quart): the *choenix* of corn was a slave's

daily allowance; ὅς κεν ἐμῆς γε χοῖνικος ἄπτηται *whoever tastes of my rations.* II. from the shape, *the box or nave of a wheel.*

2. a kind of *shackle* or *stocks* for fastening the legs in.

χοῖρας, ἄδος, ἡ, (χοῖρος) *a low rock rising above the sea, like a bog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo; χοῖρας ἀμυδρά a sunken rock; χοῖρας Δηλία the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Delos.* II.

χοιράδες, αἱ, *glandular swellings.*

χοίρειος, *α, ον*, (χοῖρος) *of a swine or hog.*

χοίρεος, *α, ον*, *poët.* for χοίρειος: χοίρεα (*sub. κρέατα*), τὰ, *hog's-flesh.*

χοιρίδιον, τό, *Dim.* of χοῖρος, *a little pig.* [πῖ]

ΧΟΙΡΙΨΗ, ἡ, *a small sea-muscle, used by the Athenian dicasts in voting.* [ῖ]

χοιρίον, τό, *Dim.* of χοῖρος, *a little pig, porker.*

χοιρίσκος, ὁ, *Dim.* of χοῖρος, = χοιρίον.

χοῖρο-κομῖον, τό, (χοῖρος, κομῶ) *a fence for keeping swine in, a pig-sty.*

χοῖρο-κτόνος, *ον*, (χοῖρος, κτείνω) *slaying swine.* II.

χοιρόκτονος, *pass.* of or belonging to a slain swine; αἷμα χοιρόκτονον *blood of a slain swine.*

χοῖρο-πώλης, *ου, ὁ*, *Dor.* -πώλας: (χοῖρος, πᾶ-
λέω) = a dealer in swine.

ΧΟΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus*: generally, *a pig.*

χολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χολή) *in plur.* χολάδες, *the bowels, intestines.*

χολάω, (χολή) *like μεταγχολάω, to be full of black bile, to be melancholy mad.* II. = χολόμαι, *to be*

angry, rage.

ΧΟΛΗ, ἡ, = χόλος, *gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis*; χολή μέλαινα *black, i. e. diseased bile*: *pl.* χολαί, *the gall-bladder.* II. *metaph.* like *Lat. bilis, anger, wrath, bitterness: anything which causes disgust or aversion.*

ΧΟΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ἡ, *mostly in plur.* χολίκες, *like χολάδες, the entrails or bowels of oxen, tripe.*

χόλιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (χόλος) *enraged, angry.*

ΧΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, *like χολή, in physical sense, gall, bile, though this sense was mostly confined to χολή.* II. *bitter anger, wrath, Lat. bilis*; χόλον σβέσαι, *παύσαι, to smother, get rid of wrath*: *c. gen.*, χόλος τινός *either rage towards another or another's rage towards oneself.* Hence

χολώω, *φ. άσω, to stir one's gall or bile*: hence *to make angry, embitter.* II. *Med.* and *Pass.*, *f.*

χολώσομαι, *paulo-post fut.* κεχολώσομαι: *aor.* I *nied.* ἐχολώσασμην, *pass.* ἐχολώθην: *pf. pass.* κεχόλωμαι: — *to have one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered*; κεχολωμένους τινί *angry at or with a person.*

χολωθείς, εἶσα, *έν, aor.* I *pass.* part. of χολώω.

χολώθην, *Ep. aor.* I *pass.* of χολώω.

χολωσέμεν, *Ep. fut. inf.* of χολώω.

χολωτός, ἡ, *ον*, *verb.* Adj. of χολώω, *angry, wrathful, passionate.*

χόνδρος, ὁ, *a corn, grain, groat, Lat. granum, mica*; ἄλδς χόνδροι *lumps of salt.* 2. *wheat-groats.* 3.

a drink made from groats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, *χόνδρον λείψαι* to sip gruel.

χονδρός, ὁ, ὄν, (*χόνδρος*) like groats; *χονδροὶ ἄλες* coarse-grained salt, opp. to *λεπτοὶ ἄλες*, fine salt.

χός, see *χούς*.

χορ-άγιον, *χορ-ἄγιος*, Dor. and Att. for *χορηγ-*, *χόρδευμα*, ατος, τό, a sausage or black-pudding.

From

χορδεύω, f. *σω*, (*χορδή*) to make into sausages: metaph., *χορδεύειν τὰ πράγματα* to make mincemeat of state affairs.

χορδή, ἡ, a string of gut: the string or chord of a lyre. II. a sausage.

χορεία, ἡ, (*χορεύω*) a dancing: the choral dance.

χόρευμα, ατος, τό, (*χορεύω*) a choral dance.

χορευτὴν, verb. Adj. of *χορεύω*, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

χορευτῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (*χορεύω*) a choral dancer; *θεοῦ χορευτῆς* the votary of a god.

χορεύω, fut. -εύσω; aor. I *ἐχόρευσα*: Med., fut. -εύσομαι; aor. I *ἐχορευάμην*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχορεύθην*: pf. *κεχόρευμαι*: (*χορός*):—to join in the dance, to dance: to form a chorus, perform the part of chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus. 2. metaph. to practise for the chorus, hence to practise a thing, be versed in it: c. acc. cognato, *χορείας χορεύειν* to ply the dance; *φοῖμον χορεύσομαι* I will begin festivities with a dance: pass., *κεχόρευται ἡμῖν* our dance has been danced. III. trans. to celebrate with choral dances.

III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or call to the dance. *χορηγέω* Dor. *χορᾶγέω*: f. ἤσω: (*χορηγός*):—to lead a chorus. II. in Att. of the *χορηγός*, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; *χορηγεῖν ταῖς αὐτοῦ ἡδοναῖς* to find money for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:—Pass. to have choregi found or supplied one; *χορηγοῦσιν μὲν οἱ πλούσιοι, χορηγεῖται δὲ ὁ δῆμος* the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them. III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing. Hence

χορηγία, ἡ, the office of *χορηγός*: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian *λειτουργαίαι*. II. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty. *χορηγικός*, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορηγός*) of or for a *χορηγός*; *χορηγικοὶ ἄνθρωποι* rivalry in bringing out choruses. *χορήγιον* Dor. and Att. *χορᾶγιον*, τό, a place of rehearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

χορ-ηγός Dor. and Att. *χορᾶγός*, ὁ, (*χορός*, ἡγέομαι) one who leads the chorus, = *κορυφαῖος*: generally, the leader of a train or band. 2. at Athens, one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus.

II. generally, one who supplies the costs for any purpose.

χορ-ἰαμβος, ὁ, (*χῆρος*, ἱαμβος) in metre, a *choriambus*, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a *chorius* (or trochee) and *iambus*, as *ἰππομέδων*.

χορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορός*) of or for a choral dance; τὸ *χορικόν* the choral song.

ΧΟΡΙΟΝ, τό, *skin, leather*, Lat. *corium*: Doric proverb., *χαλεπὸν χορίω κύνα γεῦσαι* 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's *canis a corio nunquam absteribitur uncto*.

χῆριος, ὁ, (*χορός*) a metrical foot, = *τροχαῖος* or *trochee*, e. g. *ἰππῶς*.

χορο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (*χορός*, *διδάσκαλος*) one who teaches and trains the chorus, the *chorus-master*, who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = *χοραγός* or *κορυφαῖος*, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

χορο-θήτης, ἐς, gen. *εὸς*, (*χορός*, *ἦθος*) accustomed to the dance.

χορο-θάλής, ἐς, gen. *έος*, (*χορός*, *θαλεῖν*) rejoicing in the dance.

χορο-μᾶνία, ἡ, (*χορός*, *μανία*) a rage for dancing.

χορο-τυπία, ἡ, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plur. From

χορο-τύπος, ον, (*χορός*, *τυπεῖν*) beating the ground in the dance: dancing. II. *χοροῖτυπος*, ον, pass. played to the choral dance.

χορο-μᾶνής, ἐς, gen. *έος*, (*χορός*, *μανῆναι*) mad after dancing.

χορόνδε, Adv. (*χορός*) to the festive dance.

χορο-παίγμων, ον, gen. *ονος*, and *χορο-παίκτης*, ον, ὁ, (*χορός*, *παίζω*) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

χορο-ποιός, ὄν, (*χορός*, *ποιέω*) forming or arranging a chorus: leading the dance.

ΧΟΡΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or choral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of the gods. 2. a chorus, choir, i. e. a band of dancers and singers, who performed such dances. 3. generally, a troop, band, company of persons; also of things, as, *χορὸς ἀστρων* the company of the stars; *χορὸς καλᾶμων* a row of reeds. II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the *χορὸς κυκλικός* performed at the Athenian Dionysia. This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the *χῶρος τραγικός* consisting of twelve or fifteen persons, the *κωμικός* of twenty-four, and the *σατυρικός*. When a Poet wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (*χορὸν ἔδωκε*) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called *χορηγός*: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called *χοροδιδάσκαλος*.

χορτάζω, f. άσω, (χύρτος) to feed or fatten in a stall: generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence χορτάσια, ή, a feeding at the stall: generally, a feeding, fattening.

χορτάσμα, ατος, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle: rarely, food or provisions for men.

ΧΟΨΤΟΣ, δ, a feeding-place; αύλῃς ἐν χόρτῳ in the feeding-place of the court-yard: plur. feeding-grounds; χόρτοι λέοντος the haunt of the lion. II. fodder, provender, esp. for cattle, grass, hay, opp. to σίτος (food for man); but in Poets used for food generally.

χορ-ωφέλητης, ου, δ, (χορός, ώφέλειά) helping or cheering the chorus.

χοῦν, inf. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦσι, 3 pl. of χόω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦς, δ and ή, gen. χόος; dat. χοῦ; acc. χόα: plur. χόες, χοῶν, χουσί, χόας: but also, gen. χόως, acc. χόα [α] (χέω)—a liquid measure, Lat. congius, = 1 2 κοτύλαι or 6 sextarii, about 3 quarts. 2. of Xóes the feast of Pitebers, the second day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion.

χοῦς, δ, gen. χοῦ, acc. χοῦν, (χέω) a bank, mound, heap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound. χόω, see χώννυμι.

χραίνω, f. χρᾶνθαι: aor. I ἔχρᾶνα=χράω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: hence to smear, paint. 2. metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

χραισμέω, (χράσμαι) a Verb hardly used in pres., whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμησέμεν: aor. I χραισμήσα: aor. 2 χράισμον, 3 sing. subj. χράισμη and -ποι, inf. χραισμεῖν:—like άμύνω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo; δλεθρόν τινι χραισμεῖν or χραισμήσαι to ward off destruction from one. 2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, help, aid, succour: with a neut. Adj., χραισμεῖν τι to assist or avail at all. Hence

χραισμήσιον, τό, a means of help, remedy.

χραισμησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω.

χραίσμησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of χραισμέω.

χράσμαι, see χράω c.

ΧΡΑΪΝ (A), Aeol. χραῖνω, f. σω, to touch lightly, wound slightly, Lat. radere, stringere.

ΧΡΑΪΝ (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, annoy; στυγερός οί ἔχραε δαίμων a hateful god vexed him. II. to be eager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρήῃς, χρήσθα=χρήσεις.

ΧΡΑΪΝ (C), Ion. χρέω Ep. χρέω: fut. χρήσω: aor. I ἔχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι; aor. I ἐχρησάμην: Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεχρήσομαι, aor. I ἐχρήσθην: pf. κέχρησμαι and κέχρημαι.—χράω contracts ae into η, as χρεῖς, χρεῖ, inf. χρεῖν, etc., but Ion. into α, as χρᾶς, χρεῖ, χρεῖν, etc.: there are also special Ion. forms of Med., κρέεσθαι, κρέεσθαι, κρέεμενος, ἐχρέοντο. Radic. sense, to give what is needful: I. Act., of the gods and their oracles, to give the needful answer, to proclaim, declare, pronounce; χρήσω βουλὴν Διὶς ἀνθρώποισιν I

will proclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. 2. Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered; τὸ χρησθέν ibe divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle: also in pf. pass. part., κεκρημένος one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρήσθαι περί τινος to consult an oracle about a thing: more commonly c. dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχῇ χρησόμενος Θερβαίου Τειρεσίαο to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias; hence, χρήσθαι μαντιῇ, χρηστηρίῳ, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of χράσμαι to use; see below. II. in aor. I ἔχρησα, pf. κέχρηκα, with the pres. κίχρημι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχραμαι, aor. ἐχρησάμην, to have furnished one, hence to borrow; πόδας χρήσας, ὄμματα χρησάμενος having lent feet and borrowed eyes.

III. the Med. χράσμαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. κέχρημαι in same sense, (see above χράω 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. 2. metaph. in various relations, to be possessed of, shew, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσὶ γὰρ κέχρητ' ἀγαθήσιν for he was endowed with a kind disposition; ὀργῇ or θυμῷ χρήσθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχία, εὐτυχία χρήσθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; ὁμολογία χρήσθαι to come to an agreement; ὦνῃ καὶ πράσει χρήσθαι to buy and sell: often periph. with a Subst. for the simple Verb; as, μόρω χρήσθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρήσθαι τέχνην to follow a trade; χρήσθαι ἀνομία to practise lawlessness. 3. χρήσθαι τινι εἰς τι to use a thing for an end or purpose: also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τούτῳ; what use shall I make of him? χρήσθαι τινι ὅτι βούλεται τις to make what use one likes of him; ἀπορῶν ὅ τι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of it.

4. of persons, to have intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρήσθαι τινι ἐς φίλῳ, ὡς πολεμίῳ to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρήσθαι τινι, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχειν ἑαυτὸν τινι χρήσθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol., οἱ χράμενοι friends. 5. absol., or with an Adv., οὕτω χρώνται οἱ Πέρσαι such is the practice of the Persians. 6. c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' ἀγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχρημαι with pres. sense, to be in need or want of a thing, c. gen.; τοῦ κεκρημένοιο; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but κεκρημένος occurs in the regular sense of χράσμαι, as συμφορῇ κεκρημένος having experienced a misfortune. 8. the aor. I pass. ἐχρήσθην has a pass. sense, αἱ νῆες οὐκ ἐχρήσθην the ships were not used.

χρέα, Ep. shortened for χρέα, acc. pl. of χρέος. χρέεσθαι, Ion. for χρήσθαι, inf. of χράσμαι.

χρεία, ἡ, (χράομαι) *use*, Lat. *usus*: *advantage, service*: τὰ οὐδὲν εἰς χρείαν things of no use or service: in plur. *services*.

2. *using, usance, use*; κτήσις καὶ χρήσις *having and using*.

3. of persons, *acquaintance, intimacy*.

II. like Lat. *opus, need, necessity*: ἐν χρείᾳ εἶναι or γίνεσθαι *to be in need, want of a thing*.

2. *want, poverty, lack*: c. gen. *want, lack of a thing*.

3. *need of a person's help, hence a request on the score of necessity*: generally, *a request*.

4. *a needful matter, business*; ἐν πάσας ταῖς τοῦ σώματος χρείαις in all functions of the body.

χρήη, 3 sing. pres. opt. of χρεῖ.

χρεῖος, τό, Ep. for χρέος.

χρεῖος, ον, (χρή) *useful: needful, fitting*.

II. act. *needing, being in want of*, c. gen.: absol. *needy*.

χρεῖω, Ep. for χρέω, χράω, *to deliver an oracle*.

χρεῖω, ὅς contr. οὖς, ἡ, Ep. for χρέω.

χρεμετίζω, f. ἴσω, *to neigh, snort*, Lat. *hinnire*, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

χρεμέτισμα, τό, and χρεμετισμός, ὁ, *a neighing*.

χρέμισαν, shortd. poet. for ἐχρεμέτισαν, 3 pl. aor. I of χρεμετίζω.

ΧΡΕΜΙΤΟΜΑΙ, f. -ψομαι, Dep. *to hawk and spit, expectorate*.

χρέομαι, Ion. for χράομαι: part. χρέόμενος.

χρέων, Ion. for χρεών.

χρέος, τό, gen. χρέους contr. χρέους: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. χρεᾶ Att. χρεᾶ: Ep. nom. sing. χρεῖος Att. χρέως: (χράομαι, χρή):

I. like χρεία, *want, need*.

II. *a needful matter, business, affair*; κατὰ χρέος τινὸς ἐλθεῖν *to come for need of a person or thing*; ἐφ' ὃ τι χρέος ἐμόλετε; *for what need came ye?*—also, like χρήμα, *a thing*.

III. *a debt*;

χρεῖος ὀφείλεται μοι *a debt is due to me*; χρέος ἀποδιδόναι and ἀπολαμβάνειν *to pay and recover debts*;

τὴν οὐσίαν ἅπασαν χρέα κατέλιπε *he left all property in outstanding debts*.

2. metaph. *a debt, trespass, sin*.

3. *a debt, due, duty*; κατὰ χρέος according to what is due: hence *a promise due*, ἀπὸς τίθεν χρέος *to pay the debt*, i. e. *to do the work*, of a curse.

χρέω, Ion. for χράω, *to deliver an oracle*.

χρεῶ Ep. χρεῶ, gen. ὅς contr. οὖς, ἡ: (χρέος, χρεία):—*want, need, hence desire, longing, urgent wish*, c. gen., χρεῶ ἐμεῖο *want, need of me*; ἐν οὐ χρεῶ πείσματός ἐστιν *where there is no need of a cable*.

2. in phrase, χρεῶ ἰκάνεται *want or necessity arises*, c. acc. pers.; τίνα χρεῶ τόσον ἴκει; *to whom doth necessity come so much?* so also with γίγνομαι and εἶμι, ἐμὲ δὲ χρεῶ γίγνεται *need of a ship comes upon me*; οὐδέ τι μιν χρεῶ ἔσται τυμβοχῶς *nor will need of a grave come upon him*.

3. hence χρεῶ is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., τίποτε δέ σε χρεῶ [sc. ἰκάνει] *wherefore does need [come to] thee*, i. e. *why must thou do so?* so also c. gen., οὐτι με ταύτης χρεῶ τιμῆς *no need of this honour [touches] me*; an inf. is also used, οὐδέ τι μιν χρεῶ νεῶν ἐπιβαίνεμεν *nor does need at all*

[reach] him to embark on board this ship. [χρεῶ in Homer is used as a monosyllable, χρεῶ.]

χρεῶμενος, Ion. for χράμενος, part. of χράομαι.

χρεῶν, τό, Ion. χρέων, indecl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc.: properly a part. neut. from χρέω (Ion. for χράω), = τό χρεῶν γίνεσθαι, *that which an oracle declares, that which must be, fate, necessity*;

χρεῶν or χρέων ἐστι *it is fated or necessary*; it must be:—absol. χρεῶν, *it being necessary, since it was necessary*.

2. *that which is expedient or right*: absol. as Adv., οὐ χρεῶν ἀρχετὲ *ye rule not rightly*.

[οὐ, but sometimes poet. χρεῶν as one long syllable.]

χρέωνται, Ion. for χράωνται, 3 pl. of χράομαι.

χρέως, τό, Att. for χρέος, *a debt*.

χρεώστης, ον, ὁ, (χρέως) *a debtor*.

χρε-ωφειλέτης, ον, ὁ, (χρέως, ὀφείλω) *a debtor*.

χρή or χρή, ἡ, = χρεία II, *need, necessity*.

χρή, impers.: subjunct. χρή: optat. χρείη: inf. χρήναι, poet. also χρήν: impf. ἐχρήν and χρήν: fut. χρήσει: (for part., see χρεῶν):—*it is fated, necessary*: c. inf. *it must needs be, it is good, fit, meet*.

2. like δεῖ, Lat. *oportet, decet*, c. acc. pers. et inf.; *one must needs do a thing, it beoves or befits, it is right and proper that one should do*.—

Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase οὐδέ τί σε χρή, as τίποτε μάχης ἀποπαύεαι; οὐδέ τί σε χρή *why restest thou from the battle? it beoves thee not* (sc. ἀποπαύεσθαι μάχης).

3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, οὐδέ τί σε χρή ἀφροσύνης *thou hast no need of impudence*, i. e. *it does not befit thee*; οὐ σε χρή ἐτ' αἰδοῦς *thou hast no longer need of shame*.

II. in a less strong sense, *one may, one can*; πῶς χρή τοῦτο περᾶσαι; *how is one to get through this?*

III. τό χρήν *fatē, destiny*.

χρή, shortened for χρήσει.

χρήζω, used only in pres. and impf.: Ep. and Ion.

χρήζω: Dor. χρήσδω and χρήδω: (χρεία):—*to need, want, lack, have need of*: absol. in part. χρηζών, *needy, poor*.

2. *to desire, long for*; *to ask, crave, desire*, Lat. *solicitare*:—c. gen. rei, *to ask or demand a thing*.

3. μή ἐχρήσθης θανεῖν, like μή ὠφελες, *thou oughtest not to have died, oh that thou hadst not* . . .

4. the part. χρήζων is used absol. for εἰ χρήσει, *if one will, if one chooses*: hence *wishing well, well-inclined*.

χρήζω, like χράω I, *to deliver an oracle, foretell*.

χρηῖα, ἡ, Ion. for χρεία, *use, need*.

χρητίζω, Ep. and Ion. for χρήζω.

χρηρίσκομαι, Ion. collat. form of χράομαι, *to use, make use of*.

χρήμα, ατος, τό, (χράομαι) *a thing that one uses or needs*: mostly used in plur. *goods, money*: proverb., κρείσσαν χρημάτων *superior to money*, i. e. *inaccessible to bribes*.

II. *a thing, matter, business, affair, event*; κινεῖν πᾶν χρήμα *to set everything in motion*, 'to leave no stone unturned': *a dealing, business*,

transaction, like Lat. res. 2. *χρῆμα* is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, τί *χρῆμα*; for τί; what? 3. *χρῆμα* is also used to express something strange or unusual, μέγα σὺνδ *χρῆμα* a huge monster of a boar; τοῦ χειμῶνος *χρῆμα* ἀφόρητον the intolerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass, *χρῆμα* πολλὸν ἀρδίων, νεῶν, etc., a vast amount of javelins, ships, etc.; ὅσον τὸ *χρῆμα* παρόντων what a lot of locusts; μέγα *χρῆμα* Λακωνῶν a great host of Laconian women.

χρηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: pf. κεχρημάτω: (χρῆμα):—to do or carry on business, have dealings: to negotiate, transact business. 2. to consult, debate, advise about a matter. 3. to give an answer after due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be solemnly warned.

II. Med. *χρηματίζομαι*, f. -ιούμαι, to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, have dealings with another.

III. in late Greek, the Act. *χρηματίζει* means to bear a title or name; *χρηματίζει* βασιλεὺς he takes the title of king; οἱ μαθηταὶ Χριστιανοὶ ἐχρημάτισαν πρῶτον ἐν τῇ Ἀντιοχείᾳ the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

χρηματικός, ὁ, ὄν, (*χρῆμα*) of or for money.

χρηματίσις, εὖς, ἡ, and *χρηματισμός*, ὁ, (*χρηματίω*) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning.

II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

χρηματιστέον, verb. Adj. of *χρηματίζω*, one must make money.

χρηματιστής, οὗ, ὁ, (*χρηματίζω*) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence

χρηματιστικός, ὁ, ὄν, fitted for money-making; *χρηματιστικὸς* οἶκον an omen portending gain.

χρηματοδότης, οὗ, ὁ, (*χρῆμα*, δατέομαι) a divider of money or of possessions.

χρηματοποιός, ὄν, (*χρήματα*, ποιέω) money-making, money-getting.

χρημοσύνη, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) = *χρεία*, need, want, lack.

χρήναι, inf. of *χρῆ*.

χρής, *χρήσθα*, shortd. for *χρήζεις*, see *χράω* (B) II.

χρήσθω, Dor. for *χρήζω*.

χρήσιμος, η, ον, also ος, ον: (*χράομαι*):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: τὸ *χρήσιμον* use, advantage. 2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceable to the state. 3. used, made use of. Hence

χρήσιμως, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

χρησίμως, Dor. for *χρησίμως*, acc. pl. of *χρήσιμος*.

χρήσις, εὖς, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) a using, employment, use made of a thing: in plur. uses. 2. power or means of using. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. usus. II. (*χράω* c) an oracle.

χρησολογέω, f. ἴσω, to utter oracles, divine. From *χρησμο-λόγος*, ον, (*χρησμός*, λέγω) uttering oracles, divining; *χρησμολόγος* ἀνὴρ a soothsayer, diviner. II. an expounder or interpreter of oracles.

χρησμο-ποιός, ὄν, (*χρησμός*, ποιέω) making oracles in verse.

χρησιμός, ὁ, (*χράω* c) the answer of an oracle, an oracular response, oracle.

χρημοσύνη, ἡ, (*χράομαι*) like *χρημοσύνη*, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

χρησμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (*χρησμός*, φύλαξ) a keeper of oracular responses.

χρησμοδέω, f. ἴσω, (*χρησμοδέος*) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophesy. Hence

χρησμοδία, ἡ, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophecy.

χρησμοδικός, ὁ, ὄν, of or fit for a soothsayer or diviner, oracular. Adv. -κῶς. From

χρησμο-φδός, ὄν, (*χρησμός*, φδῆ) reciting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., *χρησμοφδός*, ὁ, a soothsayer, prophet.

χρήσον, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of *κίχρημι*, to lend.

χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, one must use.

χρηστοίμαι, Dep. (*χρηστός*) to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

χρηστηριάζω, f. ἄσω, like *χράω*, to give oracles, prophesy:—in Med., like *χράομαι*, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; *χρηστηριέσθαι* θεῷ to consult a god; ἰποῖσι *χρηστηριάσθαι* to consult victims. From

χρηστηρίον, τό, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi. 2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response.

II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of *χρηστήριος*.

χρηστήριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (*χράω*) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

χρήστης, ον, ὁ: gen. pl. *χρήστων* (to distinguish it from *χρηστῶν*, gen. pl. of *χρηστός*): (*χράω*):—one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, soothsayer.

II. a creditor, usurer. 2. (*χράομαι*) a debtor.

χρηστολογέω, f. ἴσω, (*χρηστολόγος*) to use fair words. Hence

χρηστολογία, ἡ, fair-speaking: a kind address.

χρηστο-λόγος, ον, (*χρηστός*, λέγω) speaking fairly.

χρηστός, ὁ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χράομαι*, like *χρήσιμος*, useful, serviceable: *χρηστά*, τά, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. 2. good, favourable; *τελευτή χρηστή* a happy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky.

II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, upright, deserving: ironically, *χρηστός* εἰ you are a nice fellow.

2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

χρηστότης, ητος, ἡ, of persons, goodness, honesty, uprightness. 2. kindness, good-nature, like εὐθεία.

χρίμα, ατος, τό, = *χρίσμα*.

χρίμπτω, f. ψω: also as Dep. *χρίμπτομαι*, f. *χρίψομαι*; aor. I med. *ἐχρίμψαμην*, pass. *ἐχρίμψην*, part. *χρίμψθείς*:—poet. for *χρίω*, to touch the surface

of a body, to *graze, scratch, wound*, Lat. *radere, stringere*; *χρῖμθεις πέλας grazing close*:—more generally, to *come nigh, draw near, approach*, c. dat.; *δόμοις χρίμπεσθαι to draw near the house*. 2.

also intr. in Act. to *come or keep near*: also with πόδα added, *πόδας χρίμπτουσα βραχίαισι keeping her feet close to the shore*; so, *ἐν' ἐσχάτῃ στήλῃ ἐχρίμπτ' αὐτὴ σύριγγα he kept the axle close upon the post*.

χρίσαν, Ep. for *ἐχρίσαν*, 3 pl. aor. I of *χρίω*.
χρίσμα, *ατος, τό, (χρίω)* anything smeared on, a *scented unguent*, of thicker consistency than *μύρον*.

Χριστιανός, ὁ, (Χριστός) a Christian.

Χρίστος, ὁ, ὢν, verb. Adj. of *χρίω*, to be rubbed on, used as ointment or salve; *φάρμακα χριστά* salves. II. *anointed*; *τὸ χριστόν* anointing oil. 2. *Χριστός, ὁ, the Anointed One, the CHRIST*, as a transl. of the Hebrew *Messiah*.

ΧΡΙΩ, f. *χρίω* [ῖ]: aor. I *ἐχρίσα* Ep. *χρίσα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχρίσθην*: pf. *κέχριμαι*:—to *touch the surface of a body*: to *anoint with scented unguents or oil*, esp. after bathing:—Med. *χρίομαι*, aor. I *ἐχρίσάμην*, to *anoint oneself*; *χρίεσθαι* *λοιὸς to anoint, i.e. poison, one's arrows*. 2. to *rub over with colour, to colour, dye, stain*; *χρίεσθαι τὰ σώματα μίλῳ to dye their bodies with vermilion*. 3. to *puncture the skin slightly, prick, sting*.

χρόα, προῖ, irreg. acc. and dat. of *χρώς*.

χροιά, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. *χροιή*, Att. also *χροά*: (*χρώς*):—the surface of a body, the skin; hence the body itself.

II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; *χροιδὴν ἀλλάσσειν to change colour*: also the colour of a thing.

χροῖζω, f. *ῖωω*: contr. *χρώζω*, f. *σω*: (*χροά*):—to *touch or graze the surface*, also generally, to *touch*:—Med. *χροῖζομαι*, to *touch another person, to lie with*.

χρόμβος, ὁ, a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gnashing, *crushing*. (Formed from the sound.)

χρονίζω, f. *ῖωω* Att. *ῖω*, (*χρόνος*) intr. to *spend time, tarry*: to *continue or last long, hold out*: c. part. to *persevere in doing*; c. inf. to *delay to do*: absol. to *linger, delay, be slow*. II. to *prolong, put off*:

—Pass. to be *prolonged or protracted*: absol. to *grow up*.

χρόνος, α, ον, and Att. *ος, ον*: (*χρόνος*):—after a long time or interval, late. 2. for a long time;

χρόνιός εἰμι ἀπὸ βορᾶς I have been for a long time apart from food. 3. long, lasting long; *χρόνιοι πόλεμοι* lasting wars: *lingering, delaying*:—neut. pl. *χρόνια* as Adv., after a long time.

ΧΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time: absol. in acc. *χρόνον for a while*; *πολὺν χρόνον for a long time*; *τὸν αὐτὸν χρόνον for ever*; *ὀλίγου χρόνου in a short time*; *πόσου χρόνου; for how long?* *χρόνῳ* in time, at last. 2. with Prepositions:—*ἀνὰ χρόνον* in course of time: *διὰ χρόνον* after an interval; *ἐκ πολλοῦ χρόνου* long ago; *ἐν χρόνῳ* in time, at length; *ἐντὸς χρόνου* within a certain time; *ἐπὶ*

χρόνον for a time: *ἐς χρόνον till after time*. II.

time of life; *χρόνον βραδύς slow from his time of life*.

χρονο-τρίβω, (*χρόνος, τρίβω*) to waste time, loiter.

χρός, gen. of *χρώς*.

χρυσ-ἀλάκατος, *ον*, Dor. for *χρυσήλ-*.

χρυσ-ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (*χρυσός, ἀμείβω*) changing gold or gold money: metaph., *Ἄρης σωματῶν χρυσάμοιβός* Mars with buys men's bodies with gold.

χρυσ-ἀμπυξ, *έκος, ὁ, ἡ*, (*χρυσός, ἀμπυξ*) with fillet or frontlet of gold, epith. of horses: also of goddesses.

χρυσ-ανθής, *ές*, gen. *έος*, (*χρυσός, ἄνθος*) with flower of gold.

χρυσ-άνιος, Dor. for *χρυσήνιος*.

χρυσ-ανταυγής, *ές*, (*χρυσός, ανταυγής*) reflecting a golden light.

χρυσ-άρος, *ον*, (*χρυσός, ἄρ*) with sword of gold, epith. of the gods.

χρυσ-άρματος, *ον*, (*χρυσός, ἄρμα*) with or in car of gold, epith. of the moon.

χρυσ-άσπης, *ιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (*χρυσός, ἄσπίς*) with shield of gold. [ῶ]

χρυσ-αυγής, *έος*, gen. *έος*, (*χρυσός, αὐγή*) gold-gleaming.

χρυσ-άωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ἡ*, (*χρυσός, ἄωρ*) = *χρυσάωρος*.

χρυσείον, *τό*, (*χρυσός*) mostly in plur., *χρυσεία, τά*, gold mines, in full *χρυσεία μέταλλα*.

χρυσέος, *η, ον*, poet. for *χρυσέος*.

χρυσ-ελεφαντ-ήλεκτρος, *ον*, (*χρυσός, ἐλέφας, ἤλεκτρον*) of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum.

χρυσεο-βόστρυχος, *ον*, (*χρυσέος, βόστρυχος*) with locks or ringlets of gold.

χρυσέο-δημτος, *ον*, (*χρυσέος, δέμω*) built or formed of gold.

χρυσέο-κμητος, *ον*, (*χρυσέος, κάμνω*) wrought of gold.

χρυσέο-κύκλος, *ον*, (*χρυσέος, κύκλος*) with disk of gold.

χρυσέο-μαλλος, *ον*, = *χρυσόμαλλος*.

χρυσεο-μήτρης, *ον, ὁ*, = *χρυσομήτρης*.

χρυσέο-νωτος, *ον*, = *χρυσόνωτος*.

χρυσεο-πήληξ, *ηκος, ὁ, ἡ*, (*χρυσέος, πήληξ*) with helm or casque of gold.

χρυσεο-πήνητος, *ον*, (*χρυσέος, πήνη*) with woof of gold, wrought with gold.

χρυσέος, *η, ον*, and *ος, ον*; Att. contr. *χρυσούς, ἡ, οὖν*; Ep. *χρυσέος*, *η, ον*, (*χρυσός*):—golden, of gold, inlaid with gold: also gilded, gilt; *χρυσούν τινα ἱστάναι* to raise a statue of gold to one.

2. *χρυσεία μέταλλα* gold mines; see *χρυσείον*. II. gold-coloured, of golden hue.

III. metaph. golden, happy, blessed: hence the first Age of Man was the golden. [In Homer, *χρυσήν, χρυσήν, χρυσέου, χρυσεύ*, etc. must be pronounced as spondees.]

χρυσεο-σάνδαλος, *ον*, (*χρυσέος, σάνδαλον*) with sandals of gold; *ἕχνος χρυσεοσάνδαλον* the step of golden sandals.

χρυσεο-στοφέανος, *ον*, = *χρυσοστέφανος*.

χρυσέο-στολμος, *ον*, or *χρυσέο-στολος*, *ον*, (*χρυσέος, στόλλω*) decked or dight with gold.

χρυσό-τευκτος, *ον*, = χρυσότευκτος.

χρυσο-φάλαρος, *ον*, (χρύσεος, φάλαρα) with trappings of gold.

Χρυσῆς, *ιδος, ἡ*, patronym. of Χρύσης, *ον, ὁ*, daughter of Chryses.

χρυσ-ηλάκτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ἡλακᾶτη) with spindle or arrow of gold.

χρυσ-ηλάτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ἐλαίνω) beaten out of gold, of beaten gold.

χρυσ-ήνιος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ἡνία) with reins of gold.

χρυσ-ήρης, *ες, γεν. εος*, (χρυσός, ἀράειν) furnished or decked with gold, golden.

χρυσίδιον, *τό*, Dim. of χρυσίον, a small piece of gold.

χρυσίον, *τό*, Dim. of χρυσός, a piece of gold, gold in general: anything made of gold, gold coin, money; ἀργύριον καὶ χρυσίον silver and gold money: but the generic term for money was ἀργύριον, as in Lat. argentum. II. as a term of endearment, my little treasure!

χρυσίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (χρυσός) a vessel of gold. 2. a golden dress.

χρυσίτης [*ι*], *ον, ὁ*, fem. χρυσίτις, *ιδος*, (χρυσός) like gold, containing a proportion of gold.

χρυσο-βάφης, *ές*, (χρυσός, βαφῆναι) gilded, gold-embroidered.

χρυσό-βωλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, βῶλος) with soil containing gold.

χρυσό-γονος, *ον*, (χρυσός, γενέσθαι) born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danae.

χρυσο-δαίδαλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, δαιδάλλω) richly wrought with gold.

χρυσο-δακτύλιος, *ον*, (χρυσός, δακτύλιον) with a gold ring. [κτύ]

χρυσό-δετος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (χρυσός, δέω) bound with gold, set in gold: overlaid with gold.

χρυσό-θειρ, *ειρος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, ἔθειρα) with golden hair.

χρυσο-εἰδής, *ές*, (χρυσός, εἶδος) like gold.

χρυσό-ζυγος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ζυγόν) with yoke of gold.

χρυσό-θριξ, -τρίχος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, θρίξ) golden-haired.

χρυσό-θρονος, *ον*, (χρυσός, θρόνος) on throne of gold, gold-enthroned.

χρυσο-κάρηνος Dor. -ᾶνος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κάρηνον) with head of gold. [κᾶ]

χρυσό-κερως, *ωτος, ὁ, ἡ*, and χρυσό-κερως, *ων, γεν. ω*: (χρυσός, κέρας):—with horns of gold. II. with gilded horns, like a victim for the sacrifice.

χρυσο-κόλλητος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) welded or wrought of gold: generally, of gold, golden.

χρυσό-κολλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κολλάω) welded or inlaid with gold.

χρυσο-κόμης, *ὁ*, Dor. -μας, *α, ὁ*, (χρυσός, κόμη) be of the golden hair: ὁ Χρυσοκόμης the golden-haired, for Apollo.

χρυσό-κομος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κόμη) golden-haired: with golden plumage.

χρυσο-κρόταλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, κρόταλον) rattling or ringing with gold.

χρυσό-λίθος, *ἡ*, (χρυσός, λίθος) the chrysolite or gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz.

χρυσολογέω, *ι. ἦσω*, to talk of gold. II. to collect gold, i. e. money. From

χρυσο-λόγος, *ον*, (χρυσός, λέγω) speaking of gold.

χρυσό-λογχος, *ον*, (χρυσός, λόγχη) with golden spear.

χρυσό-λοφος, *α, ον*, (χρυσός, λόφος) with golden crest.

χρυσο-λύρης, *ον, ὁ*, Dor. -λύρας, (χρυσός, λύρα) with golden lyre. [λύ]

χρυσό-μαλλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, μαλλός) with golden fleece.

χρυσο-μάνης, *ές*, (χρυσός, μανῆναι) mad after gold.

χρυσο-μηλολόνηθ, *ἡ*, (χρυσός, μηλολόνηθ) the gold-beetle or cockchafer. Hence

χρυσο-μηλολόνηθιον or -όντιον, *τό*, Dim. of χρυσομηλολόνηθ, a little cockchafer: used as a term of endearment.

χρυσο-μίτρης, *ον, ὁ*, (χρυσός, μίτρα) with girle or bead-band of gold. [μί]

χρυσό-μορφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, μορφή) in the shape or likeness of gold.

χρυσό-νωτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, νῶτος) with golden back: covered with gold; χρυσόνωτος ἡνία a rein studded with gold.

χρυσό-παστος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πάσσω) sprinkled or sbat with gold; χρυσόπαστος τήρης a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρυσόπαστα gilded splendours.

χρυσο-πέδιλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πέδιλον) with sandals of gold.

χρυσό-πέπλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πέπλον) with robe of gold.

χρυσο-πήληξ, *ηκος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, πήληξ) with helm or casque of gold.

χρυσο-πλόκαμος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πλόκαμος) with tresses of gold.

χρυσο-ποιός, *ον*, (χρυσός, ποιέω) working in gold: as Subst., χρυσοποιός, *ὁ*, a goldsmith.

χρυσό-πράσος, *ὁ*, (χρυσός, πράσον) the chrysopease, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour.

χρυσό-πτερος, *ον*, (χρυσός, πτερόν) with wings of gold.

χρυσό-ράπης, *ὁ*, poet. for χρυσόρραπης.

χρυσό-ροος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ρέω) streaming with gold.

χρυσό-ροφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ροφή) with golden roof or ceiling.

χρυσόρ-ῥαπης, *ιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, ῥαπίς) with wand of gold.

χρυσόρ-ῤυτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, ῥέω) flowing with gold, in a stream of gold.

ΧΡΥΤΉΟΨ, *ου, ὁ*, gold, Lat. aurum; χρυσός κοῖλος gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρυσός ἀνεφθός refined gold; λευκός χρυσός white gold, i. e. alloyed with silver.

χρυσο-στέφανος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στέφανος) gold-crowned.

χρυσό-στομος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στόμα) of golden mouth, dropping words of gold.

χρυσό-στροφος, *ον*, (χρυσός, στρέφω) twisted with gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.

χρυσο-τέκτων, *ονος, ὁ*, a worker in gold, goldsmith. χρυσότερος, *α, ον*, Comp. Adj. formed from χρυσός, more golden.

χρυσό-τευκτος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold. χρυσο-τευχής, *ἑς*, (χρυσός, τεύχος) with golden armour.

χρυσό-τοξος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τόξον) with bow of gold.

χρυσο-τρίαινος, *ον*, (χρυσός, τρίαινα) with trident of gold. [χ]

χρυσ-οὔατος, *ον*, (χρυσός, οὖας) with ears or handles of gold.

χρυσούς, *ῆ, οὖν*, Att. contr. for χρύσεος.

χρυσό-φαιεννος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φαίνομαι) = χρυσοφάης.

χρυσο-φάης, *ἑς*, (χρυσός, φάος) with golden light.

χρυσο-φεγγής, *ἑς*, (χρυσός, φέγγος) with golden beam.

χρυσό-φίλος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-loving.

χρυσοφορέω, *ῆ, ἴσω*, to wear gold or golden apparel. From

χρυσο-φόρος, *ον*, (χρυσός, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρυσό-φύλαξ, *ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, φύλαξ) a guarder or keeper of gold: a treasurer. [φύ]

χρυσο-χαίτης, *ου, ὁ*, (χρυσός, χαίτη) with golden hair: fem. χρυσόχαιτις, *ιδος*.

χρυσο-χάλινος, *ον*, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with gold-studded bridle. [α]

χρυσό-χειρ, -χειρος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, χεῖρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρυσό-χιτων, *ωνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, χιτών) with coat of gold. [χι]

χρυσοχοεῖον, *τό*, the shop of a goldsmith. From χρυσοχοεῶ, *ῆ, ἴσω*, (χρυσοχός) to be a goldsmith or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

χρυσοχοϊκός, *ῆ, ὄν*, belonging to a goldsmith or gold-refiner: χρυσοχοϊκὴν τέχνην ἐργάεσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

χρυσο-χόος, *ον*, (χρυσός, χέω) melting or casting gold:—as Subst., χρυσοχόος, *ὁ*, one who gilds the horns of a victim; a goldsmith.

χρυσό-χροος, *ον* contr. -χρους, *ουν*, (χρυσός, χρύα) gold-coloured.

χρυσόω, *ῆ, ὠσω*, (χρυσός) to make golden, gild.

χρυσῶ, Dor. for χρυσοῦ, gen. of χρυσός.

χρύσωμα, *ατος, τό*, (χρυσάω) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [ῥ]

χρῦσ-ωνέω, (χρυσός, ἀνέχομαι) to buy or change gold.

χρῦσ-ώπητις, *ου, ὁ, fem.* -ῶπις, *ιδος*, = χρυσωπός.

χρῦσ-ωπός, *όν*, (χρυσός, ὤψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

χρύσωσις, *εως, ὁ*, (χρυσάω) a gilding. [ῥ]

χρῦσ-ῶψ, *ῶπος, ὁ, ἡ*, (χρυσός, ὤψ) gold-coloured, shining like gold.

χρῶ, contr. from χράω, pres. imperat. of χράομαι.

χρῶ, irreg. dat. of χράω.

χρώω, *ῆ, χρώσω*: aor. I ἔχρωσα: Pass., aor. I ἐχρώσθην: pf. κέχρωσαι: (χράω):—like χρῶω, to touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch, clasp. 2. to tinge, stain: generally, to taint, defile.

χρώμα, *ατος, τό*, (χρώννυμι) the surface of the body, the skin. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion;

μεθίσταναι τοῦ χρώματος to change colour. III.

metaph. in pl. ornaments, embellishments. IV.

as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonic music. Hence

χρωματικός, *ῆ, ὄν*, suited for colour. II. ἡ χρωματική (sc. μουσική) the chromatic music of the ancients, differing from the diatonic in having the tetrachord divided into less simple intervals.

χρωμάτιον, *τό*, (χρώμα) a colour, paint, dye. [α]

χρώννυμι, = χρώω.

χράω, *ὁ, χρατός, χρατί, χράτα*: Ion. χρούς, χροί, χρός: Att. dat. χρῶ:—like χροιά and χρώμα, the surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: the flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's body, frame. 2. ἐν χροί, Att. ἐν χρῶ, close to the skin;

ἐν χροί κείρειν to shave close: metaph., ξυρεῖ ἐν χρῶ it shaves close, i.e. it touches one nearly, comes home; ἐν χρῶ παραπλέειν to sail past so as to shave or graze, Virgil's radere litus. II. the colour

of the skin, complexion; χράω τρέπεται his colour changes.

χρωστήρ, *ῆρος, ὁ*, (χράω) one who colours or dyes: χρωστήρ μολύβος a lead-pencil.

χρωτίζω, *ῆ, ἴσω*, (χράω) like χράω, to colour, dye, tint:—Med., χρωτίζεσθαι τὴν φύσιν τινὶ to tinge one's nature with something.

χύνειν [ῥ]. Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly. II. in flowing language, i.e. in prose, opp. to poetry. III. abundantly, utterly.

χύνειν, aor. I pass. opt. of χέω.

χῦλος, *ου, ὁ*, (χέω) juice, moisture: a decoction. 2. juice drawn out by digestion, chyle. II. the flavour, taste of a thing.

χόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ῥ]

χῦμιζω, *ῆ, ἴσω* Att. ἰῶ, (χυμός) to make savory, season: metaph. to tone down, temper.

χυμός, *ου, ὁ*, (χέω) juice. II. taste, flavour.

χύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.

χύσις, *εως, ἡ*, (χέω) a pouring, shedding. II. a flood, stream, gush. 2. of dry things, a heap: a quantity. [ῥ]

χῦτλάω, *ῆ, ἴσω*, to pour out: metaph. to throw carelessly down. From

χῦτλον, *τό*, (χέω) anything that can be poured, a liquid, fluid: esp., I. in plur. χῦτλα, *τά*, water for washing or bathing. 2. a mixture of water and oil rubbed in after bathing. [ῥ] Hence

χῦτλώω, *ῆ, ὠσω*, to wash, bathe, anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself after bathing.

χῦτλώσαιο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of χῦτλώω.

χῦτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ῥ]

χυτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χέω, poured, shed. 2. of dry things, beaped up; χυτή γαῖα a mound of earth. 3. as Subst., χυτοί, oil, mounds, dykes, dams.

II. made liquid, cast, melted; ἀρτήματα λίθινα χυτά pendants of melted stone, i.e. of glass.

III. liquid, fluid, flowing.
χύτρα, ἡ, (χέω) an earthen pot:—pl. χύτραι, αἱ, the pottery-market:—χύτραι were also pots of pulse, used to consecrate altars and statues of inferior gods; hence of a statue, ταύτην χύτρας ἰδρυέον this must be erected with pots of pulse. [ῥ]

χύτρεος, α, ὄν, = χυτρεὺς, of earthenware: τὰ χύτρεα earthenware, pottery. [ῥ]

χύτρεος, ἡ, οὖν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.
χύτρεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (χύτρα) a potter.

χυτρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χυτρίς, a small pot. [ῥ]

χυτρίδιω, ἑ. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

χυτρίνος, ἡ, ὄν, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen, Lat. testaceus. [ῥ]

χυτρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of χύτρα or χύτρος, a pot.

χυτρό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, (χύτρος, πούς) a pot or caldron with feet: also a kind of chafing-dish.

χύτρος, ὁ, (χέω) an earthen pot, esp. for boiling: οἱ χύτροι was the name given to the hot-baths at Thermopylae.

II. οἱ χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Anthesteria, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [ῥ]

χῶ, contr. for καὶ ὁ.

χῶεο, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χῶμαι.

χωλεῖναι, ἑ. ἄνω, (χολός) to be or go lame.

χωλεῖω, (χολός) to be or become lame, to halt, limp.

χωλ-ἰαμβος, ὁ, (χολός, ἰαμβος) a lame or halting iambic, i.e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hippognax; also called σκάζων.

χωλο-ποιός, ὄν, (χολός, ποιέω) making lame men, of Euripides, who was fond of introducing lame men upon the stage.

ΧΩΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, lame, halting, limping: also of the hand, maimed.

II. metaph. maimed, imperfect, defective, Lat. mancus.

χῶμα, ατος, τό, (χάννυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound, mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Lat. moles: also like Lat. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

χῶν, part. of χῶω: see χάννυμι.

χώνη, ἡ, contr. from χόανη, (χέω) a melting-pit, a mould to cast in. 2. a funnel.

χώννυμι, ἑ. χῶσω: aor. I ἔχωσα: Pass., fut. χωσθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχώσθη: pf. κέχωσμαι: there is also the regul. pres. χῶω, inf. χούν, part. χῶν: (χέω):—to throw or bear up; χῶματα χούν to bear up a mound: to raise a sepulchral mound. 2. to block up by throwing in earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from rivers. 3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury; χῶσαι τινα λίθοις to cover any one over with stones:—Pass. to be beaped up with earth, have a sepulchral mound raised over one.

ΧΩΓΟΜΑΙ, ἑ. χῶσομαι: aor. I ἐχώσαμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χῶμενος κῆρ enraged at heart; also c. dat., χῶεσθαι φρέσιν ἥσιν:—c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing: and c. neut. acc., μή μοι τότε χῶεο be not angry with me for this.

χῶρα Ion. χῶρη, ἡ, = χῶπος, the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; κατὰ χῶραν εἶναι to be in one's place; κατὰ χῶραν μένειν to stay in one's place, to stand one's ground; ἐν κατὰ χῶραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χῶραν λαβεῖν to take a position, find one's place; ἔως ἂν χῶραν λάβῃ τὰ πράγματα till the affairs find their proper place. 2. metaph. the place assigned to any one, one's post, station, office, position; ἐν ἀνδραπόδων χῶρα εἶναι to be ranked in the place of slaves; ἐν οὐδεμῇ χῶρα εἶναι to be of no account, Lat. nullo in numero haberi.

II. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ἡ χῶρα one's country. 2. landed property, land, an estate, farm, Lat. ager. 3. the country, opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

χωρεῖω, ἑ. ἥσω Att. ἥσομαι: aor. I ἐχώρησα: pf. κεχώρηκα: (χῶπος):—to make room for another, give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; νεκροῦ χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; ἀπὸ νηῶν ἐχώρησαν πρὸς Ἰλίον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him.

II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; χερσὶν πρὸς ἔργον to come to action; χερσὶν πρὸς ἥπαρ to go to one's heart. 2. to advance, make way, proceed; οὐ χερσὶ τοῦργον the work advances not.

3. to come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; παρὰ σμικρὰ χερσὶν to come to little. 4. to spread abroad, become current, of reports.

III. transit. to have space or room for a thing, to hold, contain, like χανδάνω; ὁ κρητὴρ χερσὶ ἀμφορέας ἑξακοσίους the bowl holds 600 amphorae; ἡ πόλις αὐτὸν οὐ χερσὶ the city cannot contain him.

χωρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [ῖ]

χωρίζω, ἑ. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: pf. pass. κεχωρίσμαι, Ion. 3 pl. κεχωρίδῃται: (χωρίς):—to separate, part, sever, divide:—οἱ χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to those Grammarians who ascribed the Iliad and Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated, severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance; νόμοι κεχωρισμένοι different laws.

χωρίον, τό, Dim. of χῶπος and χῶρα, a particular place, a place, spot, country; ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ χωρίου from the same spot. 2. also a place or passage in a book, Lat. locus.

II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort.

landed property, an estate.

χωρίς, Adv. *separately, asunder, apart by oneself*; *κέῖται χωρίς δ' νεκρός* the corpse lies apart. 2. *separately, one by one*. 3. *χωρίς μὲν . . , χωρίς δέ . . , on one side . . , on the other, by themselves . . , by themselves . .* 4. *χωρίς ἢ ὁκόσοι* except so many as . . ; *χωρίς ἢ ἐξέπαι* except that. II. of different or distinct kind; *χωρίς τό τ' εἰπεῖν πολλὰ καὶ τὰ καίρια* it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

χωρίς, Prep. with gen., *without: without the help or will of*; *χωρίς θεοῦ*, Lat. *sine diis*, *without the favour of the gods*. 2. *separate from, apart from*; *χωρίς ὁμμάτων ἐμῶν* far from my eyes. 3. *independent of, without reckoning, besides*.

χωρισμός, ὁ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation.

χωρίτης [τ], ου, ὁ, fem. **χωρίτις**, ἰδος, (χώρα, χώρος) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. *χωρίτις*, ἰδος, a country girl. Hence

χωρίτικος, ἡ, ὄν, *beseeming a countryman, rustic, rural*. Adv. *-κῶς*, in rustic fashion.

χώρος, ὁ, space to hold a thing, room, a place, spot.

II. a place, a land, country, Lat. *regio*: c. gen. *the district or tract belonging to or about a place*; *χώρος τῆς Ἀραβίης* the tract of Arabia. 2. *landed property, an estate*. (Akin to *χανδάνω, χάζομαι*.)

Χῶρος, ου, ὁ, *Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind: the NW. quarter*.

χωρο-φιλέω, φ, ἴσω, (χώρος, φιλέω) *to love a place or spot, haunt, frequent it*.

χῶς, contr. for καὶ ὤς.

χῶσαι, aor. I inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσάμενος, aor. I part. of χῶμαι.

χωσθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χῶσις, εως, ἡ, (χῶσαι) a bearing up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: *a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in*; *ἡ χῶσις τῶν λιμένων* the blocking up of harbours.

χῶσους, crasis for καὶ ὄσους.

χωστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χώννυμι, *heaped up made of earth thrown up*.

Ψ

Ψ, ψ, ψι, τό, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral $\psi = 700$, but $\text{ps} = 700,000$.—The letter ψ is a double Consonant, compounded of σ and a labial, $= \text{ps}$, bs , or fs . The character ψ was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with η , ω and ξ : see H, η .

Changes of ψ , esp. in the dialects: I. in Aeol. the older ps was retained, esp. in prop. names, as *Πέλοψ* for *Πέλοψ*.

II. ψ was resolved into σp , as, *ἄσπινθιον* for *ἄψινθιον*, *ψίν* Dor. for *σφίν*, *ψέ* for *σφέ*.

III. ψ was sometimes put for σ or σs , as,

ψιττακός for **σιττακός**, **κόψιχος** for **κόσσυφος**.

IV. ψ was omitted or added as in *ἄμμος ἄματος, ψάμμος ψάματος*.

ψαθύρός, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) to graze or touch gently; *ψαίρειν πτεροῖς οἴμον αἰθέρος* to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil *radere iter liquidum*. II. intrans. to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.

ψαιστόν, τό, Dim. of **ψαιστόν**, a small cake.

ψαιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, ground; *τὰ ψαιστά* (sub. *πέμματα*) cakes of ground barley.

ψαίστωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, masc. Adj. *that which wipes off*.

ψαίω, f. *σω*, (ψάω) to rub away, grind down, pound.

ψακάω later **ψεκάω**, f. *άσω*, (ψακάς) to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like *ὑεῖ*, etc., *ψακάει* it drizzles.

ψακάς later **ψεκάς**, ἄδος, ἡ, (ψάω) any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; *ἀργυρίου μηδὲ ψακάς* not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., *ψάμμου ψακάς* grains of sand.

2. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to *ὄμβρος*; *ὑσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι ψακάδι* Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., *φοίνισσα ψεκάς* a shower of blood.

ψαλίδδ-στομος, ὄν, (ψαλῖς, στόμα) having a mouth or head like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.

ψαλίω, fut. *ίσω* and *ίξω* Att. *ῶ*: (ψαλῖς):—to clip with shears or scissors.

ΨΑΛΙΟΝ, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. *ψάλια*, *τά*, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψάλῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors, Lat. *forfex*.

ΨΑΛΛΩ, strengthen. from ψάω: f. *ψάλλω*: aor. I *ἔψηλα*: pf. *ἔψαλκα*:—to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck.

2. to pull and let go again, to pull, twang with the fingers; *τόξου νευρὸν ψάλλειν* to twang the bow-string: to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a harp.

3. Pass. of the instrument, to be struck or played. Hence **ψάλλα**, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers.

2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χαρής, ἐς, (ψαλμός, χαρῆναι) delightful in harp-playing.

ψαλτήρ, ἴπος, also *της*, του, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a harper.

ψάλτρια, ἡ, fem. of *ψαλτήρ*.

ψάμαθος, ἡ, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, *ὅσα ψάματα ἴσος τε κόινος τε* as many as the sand and dust. See **ψάμμος**. [ψά]

ψάμαθ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψάματος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψάμαθών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ψάματος) a sandy place, sand-pits, Lat. sabuletum.

ψαμμακόσιοι-γάργαροι, αἱ, α, (ψαμμακόσιοι, Γάργαροι) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as bears of sand: cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ἄκονσιοι, αἱ, α, sand-hundred, numberless as the sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος ἑκατόν, as the cardinal numbers δακόνσιοι, τριακόνσιοι from δις ἑκατόν, τρίς ἑκατόν, to denote a countless multitude.

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα, ἡ, = ψάμμος, sand. ψάμμινος, ἡ, ὄν, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy. ψάμμιος, α, ὄν, = ψάμμινος, on the sand. ψαμμίτης [τῆ], ὄν, ὁ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ἴδος, (ψάμμος) of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ἡ, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose crumbling nature: proverb., ἕκ ψάμμου σχοινίον πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in vain.

II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both ψάμμος and its poet. form ψάματος sometimes drop the ψ, and become ἄμμος ἄματος.

ψαμμ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψάμμος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψᾶνός, Dor. for ψήνός.

ψᾶρ, ψᾶρός, Ion. ψήρ, ψηρός, ὁ, a starling, Lat. sturnus.

ψᾶρός, ἁ, ὄν, (ψᾶρ) like a starling, ashen-gray or speckled; ψαρὸς ἵππος a dapple-gray horse.

ψάω, f. ψάισω: aor. I ἐψάνα: pf. act. ἐψαυκα, pass. ἐψασμαι: (ψάω)—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instrumenti, ψαῶν κούρηνες φάλοισιν the helmets touched with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two passages of Sophocles, (1) ἐψασας ἀλγεινότητας ἐμοὶ μερίμνας, πατρός τριπόλιστον οἶτον ἰδοὺ hast touched upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thrice-told fate of my father; (2) κείνος ἐπὶ νῶ ψαῶν τὸν θεὸν ἐν κερτομίῳ γλώσσῃς he knew too late that he had attacked the god with abusive speech.

II. to touch as an enemy, lay hands upon. III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψᾶφᾶριτης, ὄν, ὁ, fem. -ιτις, ἴδος, = ψαφαρός.

ψᾶφᾶρός, ἁ, ὄν Ion. ψαφᾶρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, loose, crumbling, without consistency. II. dry, dusty, sandy:—as Subst., ἡ ψαφαρά the shore, opp. to ἅλς.

ψᾶφᾶρό-τριχος, ὄν, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough shaggy hair or coat.

ψᾶφᾶρό-χροος, ὄν contr. -χρους, ὄν, (ψαφαρός, χροά) rough on the surface.

ψᾶφιγξ, ψᾶφος, Dor. for ψήφιγξ, ψήφος.

ΨΑ'Ω [ᾱ], ψῖς, ψῆ, inf. ψῖν (for the regular forms ψᾶς, ψᾶ, ψᾶν are incorrect): f. ψῖσω: Pass., aor. I ἐψῆθην: pf. ἐψημαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub: to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away, disappear.

ψέ, Dor. for σφέ, as ψῖν for σφῖν: always enclit.

ΨΕΓΩ, f. ψέξω: aor. I ἐψεξα:—to blame, disparage, find fault with, c. acc.; ψέγειν τινα περὶ τίνος to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut.

Adj., ἃ με ψέγεις the things wherein thou blamest me.

ψεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty, of hair: of a person, bald-headed.

ψεδυρός or ψευθυρός, ἁ, ὄν, = ψευθός.

ψέω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάξω, ψεκάς, see ψακάξω, ψακάς.

ψέκτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censorer, disparager.

ψεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be blamed, blameable. Adv. -τῶς.

ΨΕ'ΛΙΟΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. armilla: in pl. ψέλια, τά, bracelets, armlets, a favourite ornament of the Persians.

ψελιο-φόρος, ὄν, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets.

ψελίω, f. ὥσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

ψέλλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.

ΨΕΛΛΟ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, unable to pronounce certain letters or syllables, like a child. II. of words, indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελής, ἐς, gen. εὖος, = ψευδάγγελος. Hence

ψευθαγγελία, ἡ, a false message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, ὄν, (ψευδής, ἀγγέλλω) bringing a false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, ὁ, a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-ἄδελφος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀδελφός) a false brother: a pretended Christian. [ᾱ]

ψευδ-ἄμαμαξός, νοσ, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀμάμαξος) a false, barren vine. [μᾰ]

ψευδ-ἄποστολος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀπόστολος) a false apostle.

Ψευδ-αρτάβας, (ψευδής, ἀρτάβη) Comic name of a mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, False-measure: see ἀρτάβη.

ψευδ-ατράφαξ, νοσ, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἀτράφαξ) false orach, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes.

ψευδ-αττικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψευδής, Ἀττικός) false Attic, sham Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sham deserter.

ψευδ-ἐνέδρα, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἐνέδρα) a sham ambush.

ψευδεο, Ep. imperat. of ψευδομαι.

ψευδηγορέω, f. ἥσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ὄν, (ψευδής, ἀγορεύω) false-speaking.

ψευδη-λογέω, f. ἥσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ψευδομαι) lying, false, untrue, Lat. mendax, falsus, opp. to ἀληθής; ψευδής φαίνεται to be detected in falsehood:—as Subst. ψευδής, ὁ, a liar: ψευδῆ, τά, falsehoods:—ψευδεῖς λόγοι fallacies.

II. pass. belied, deceived. III. Att.

irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, ὁ, ὄν, most lying: as Subst.,

ψευδίστατος, ὁ, an arch-liar.

ψεῦδης, νοσ, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for ψευδής.

ψευδο-βοήθεια, ἡ, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended help.

ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ὄν, ὁ, (ψευδής, κήρυξ) a false or lying herald.

ψευδο-κλητεία or -κλητία, ἡ, (ψευδής, κλητεῖν) a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service of it; γραφή ψευδοκλητείας a prosecution for such false indorsement.

ψευδό-λιτρος, ον, (ψευδής, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδόνιτρος, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδολογέω, f. ἥσω, (ψευδολόγος) to speak falsely, spread false reports. Hence

ψευδολογία, ἡ, a false speech, falsehood, false report.

ψευδο-λόγος, ον, (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, μάντις) a false, lying prophet.

ψευδομαρτυρέω, f. ἥσω, to be a false witness, bear false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτύρια, ἡ, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριῶν ἀλῶναι to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δίκη, (ψευδής, μαρτύριον) an action for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, ὅρος, ὁ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false witness.

ψευδο-νίτρος ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) see ψευδόλιτρος.

ψευδο-νύμφευτος, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφεύω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφευτος γάμος a pretended marriage.

ψευδο-παρθένος, ἡ, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ψεύδος, ποιέω) framing lies.

ψευδο-προφήτης, ου, ὁ, (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false or lying prophet.

ψευδορκέω, f. ἥσω, (ψεύδορκος) to swear falsely, be forsworn.

ψευδο-όρκιος, ον, (ψευδής, ὅρκιον) perjured, forsworn.

ψευδ-ορκος, ον, (ψευδής, ὅρκος) = ψευδύρκιος.

ψεύδος, εως, τό, Ep. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι, (ψεύδω) a lie, falsehood, untruth: a fraud, deceit. II. a pimple on the nose.

ψευδοστομέω, f. ἥσω, to speak falsely, lie. From

ψευδό-στομος, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely.

ψευδό-φημος, ον, (ψευδής, φήμη) of false augury or divination.

Ψευδο-χρίστος, ὁ, (ψευδής, Χριστός) a false Christ.

ΨΕΥΔΩ, f. ψεύω: aor. I ἔψευσα: Pass., aor. I ἔψεύσθην: pf. ἔψευσαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; ἔψευσάς με ἐπίδοσις ἰβου βαστ defrauded me of my hope:—Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευσθῆναι δειπνῶν to be cheated of a supper; ἔψευσμένοι τῆς τῶν Ἀθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; ἡ τρίτη τῶν ὁδῶν μάλιστα ἔψευσαι the third mode of explanation is most untrue. II. c. acc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. 2. to falsify: Pass., ἡ ψευσθεῖσα ἰπὸς ἡσχεσι the promise broken.

Dep. ψεύδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: aor. I ἔψευσάμην: pf. pass. ἔψευσμαι in act. sense:—absol. to lie, speak

false, play false. 2. generally, to be false or faithless, to be perjured or forsworn.

II. to belie, falsify; ὅρκια ψεύσασθαι to falsify or break the oaths; οὐκ ἔψεύσαντο τὰς ἀπειλὰς they did not belie, i. e. they made good, their threats; τὰ χρήματα ἔψευσμένοι ἦσαν they had broken their word about the money.

III. to belie or deceive by lies, cheat, impose upon.

ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. -μως.

ψευδώς, Adv. of ψευδής, falsely, untruly.

ψεῦσι-στυξ, ὅρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψεύσις, στυγέω) bating falsehood and fraud.

ψεῦσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud.

ψευστέω, f. ἥσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play false. From

ψεύστης, ον, ὁ, (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also as Adj., like ψευδής, lying, false.

ψεφνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέφος) dark, obscure: metaph. obscure, base, mean.

ΨΕΨΟΣ, εως, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

ψέω, Ion. form for ψάω.

ψη, 3 sing. pres. of ψάω; but ψη, Ep. for ἔψη, 3 sing. impf.

ψηγμα, ατος, τό, (ψηχῶ) that which is rubbed or scraped off, shavings, Lat. ramentum; ψηγμα χρυσοῦ gold-dust; and so absol. ψηγμα, gold-dust.

ψηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ψηκτρα, ἡ, (ψηχῶ) an instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλαφάω, f. ἥσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερσὶ ψηλαφῶν (Ep. for -άων) feeling one's way with one's hands: c. acc. to feel for, grope after.

II. to feel, stroke, Lat. palpare, mulcere. Hence

ψηλάφημα, ατος, τό, a touch: a caress. [ἀ]

ψηλαφῶν, Ep. part. of ψηλαφάω.

ΨΗΝ, ψηνός, ὁ, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (δλυνθος) and male palm. Hence ψηνίζω, f. ἴσω, to hang wild figs (δλυνθοί) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (ψηνές) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of the latter.

II. to write a play called the Ψήνες, as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηνός Dor. Ψανός, ὁ, like ψενός or ψιλός, = φαλακρός, a bald-head.

ψηξίς, εως, ἡ, (ψηχῶ) a rubbing or scraping: the currying of a horse.

ψήρ, gen. ψηρός, ὁ, Ion. for ψάρ (q. v.), a starling.

ψησσα Att. ψήπτα, ἡ, a kind of flat-fish, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rhombus.

ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον, (ψηφίς, φέρω) giving one's vote, entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to count or reckon. II.

Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: aor. I ἐψηφίσαμην: pf. pass. ἐψηφίσμαι: (ψηφος):—to give one's vote with a pebble, which was thrown into the voting-urn; ψηφίζεσθαι ἐς ὑδρίαν to throw one's ballot into the urn: generally, to vote, Lat. suffragari,

ψηφίζεσθαι τι *to vote for any one.* 2. c. acc. *to vote for, adjudge a thing by vote, ψηφίζεσθαι τι τὸν πλοῦν to vote him the voyage:* also, *to decide by vote, to vote:* κληρὸν τι ψηφίζεσθαι *to adjudge the inheritance to one.* 3. c. inf. *to vote or resolve to do something:* the aor. I ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pf. ἐψηφίσαμεν, are used in pass. sense, *to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote:* τοῖς στρατηγοῖς εἰ τοῦ προσδεόοντο ψηφισθῆναι *that anything which they wanted should be voted to the generals.*

ψηφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ψήφος) *a small stone: a pebble for counting, Lat. calculus.*

ψήφισμα, atos, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) *a proposition carried by vote:* at Athens, *a measure passed in the popular assembly (ἐκκλησία), a vote, decree:* ψήφισμα γράφειν *to move such a measure in the ἐκκλησία, propose a vote:* ψήφισμα καθαιρῆν *to rescind a vote.*

ψηφισμᾶτο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (ψήφισμα, πωλέω) *one who drives a traffic in acts or statutes.*

ψηφο-ποιός, ὁ, (ψήφος, ποιέω) *a making or tampering with votes.*

ψήφος Dor. ψάφος, ἡ, (ψάω, ψέω) *a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble.* II. *a pebble used for reckoning, a counter, Lat. calculus:* —in plur. accounts, καθαραὶ ψήφοι *an exact balance.*

2. in Att. *a pebble used in voting, which was thrown into the voting-urn (ὑδρία), the vote itself:* ψήφον φέρειν *to give one's vote* Lat. *suffragium ferre:* ψήφῳ κρίνειν, διακρίνειν *to determine by vote:* also *that which is carried by vote, a vote of the Assembly:* ψήφος καταγνώσεως *a vote of condemnation:* hence *any resolution or decree.* The ψήφος Ἀθηνῶς, *calculus Minervae*, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even; because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by ψήφος, ballot, was different from that by κλῆμος, lot; the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers. The ψήφοι of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (τετραπημέναι), the latter whole (πληρεῖς). 3. *the place of voting* (as πεσσοί is used for the place of play).

ψήχω, f. ξω, from ψάω, (as νήχω from νέω), *to rub down, curry a horse.* II. *to rub down, wear away.*

ΨΙΑΖΩ Dor. ψιάδδω, fut. άσω, *to play, sport, dance, be merry.*

ψιάθος Ion. ψιέθος, ἡ, *a covering of rushes or reeds, a rush mat.*

ψιάθως, Dor. acc. pl. of ψιάθος.

ψιάς, άδος, ἡ, (ψίω) like ψακάς or ψεκάς, *a drop:* in plur. *a shower of drops, small rain.*

ΨΙΖΩ, f. ψίσω: pf. pass. ἐψισμαι:—*to feed on rap.*

ψιθύριζω Dor. ψιθυρίσδω: fut. ίσω Att. ω: (ψι-θυρός):—*to whisper, speak in a low tone:* also *to*

mutter, mumble.

2. of any *whispering noise, as of trees, to rustle.*

ψιθύρισμα, atos, τό, (ψιθυρίζω) *a whispering, rustling.*

ψιθύρισμός, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) *a whispering.* 2. *a whispering of slander, slander.*

ψιθύριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ψιθυρίζω) *a whisperer.* 2. *a tale-bearer, slanderer.*

ψιθύρός, όν, *whispering.* 2. *whispering, slanderous.* (Formed from the sound.)

ψίλο-μετρία, ἡ, (ψιλός, μέτρον) *heroic poetry, as not being accompanied by music, opp. to lyric.*

ΨΙΛΟΣ, ἡ, όν, bare, naked: c. gen. *stript bare of a thing:* of land, *without trees, ψιλὴ ἄροσις a bare corn-field (without trees):* πεδιον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλόν *a champaign country of large extent and without trees:* in full, γῇ ψιλῇ δενδρέων *land bare of trees.*

II. of animals, *stript of hair, feathers, etc., bald, Lat. calvus:* ἱβις ψιλῇ κεφαλῇ *the ibis without feathers on the head.* 2. generally, *unclad, uncovered, bare:* c. gen., *ψιλῇ σώματος οὔσα ἡ ψυχὴ the soul being divested of the body:* ψιλῇ τρόπις *the bare keel with the planks torn from it:* ψιλῇ θριδάξ *a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off.* III. in Att. Prose, as a military term, οἱ ψιλοὶ (sc. τῶν ὅπλων) *soldiers without heavy armour, light troops, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to ὀπλίται:* ψιλὸς ἵππος *a horse without housings:* generally, *unarmed, defenceless.*

IV. ψιλὸς λόγος *language without accompaniments or accessories, prose, as opp. to poetry:* also of a speech, *unsupported by evidence.* 2. *ψιλῇ ποιησις mere poetry without singing or music, Epic poetry, as opp. to Lyric:* cf. *ψιλομετρία.*

ψιλός, f. ώσω: pf. pass. ἐψίλωμαι: (ψιλός):—*to strip bare, to make bald:*—Pass. *to become bald.* II. c. gen. *to strip bare of a thing:* ψιλοῦν τινα τὰ πλείστα τῆς δυνάμειος *to strip one of the chief part of his power:* generally, *to leave naked or defenceless.*

2. *to strip one thing off another:* pf. pass. part., *κρέα ἐψιλωμένα τῶν ὀστέων the flesh stript from the bones.*

ψιλός, Adv. of ψιλός, simply, merely, only.

ψιμίθιον, ψιμίθως, etc., later forms for ψιμίθιον, etc. ψιμιύθιον or ψιμμύθιον, later also ψιμίθιον, τό: (ψιμύθος):—*white lead, Lat. cerussa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face.* Hence

ψιμμυθίω, f. ώσω, *to paint with white lead:* Med., *ψιμμυθισθαι τὸ πρόσωπον to apply a pigment of white lead to one's face.*

ΨΙΜΥΘΟΣ, ὁ, radic. form of ψιμίθιον, *white lead.*

ψίν, Dor. for σφίν, as ψέ for σφέ.

ΨΙΞ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ψίχης: nom. pl. ψίχες: *a crumb, morsel, bit.*

ψίττα, = σίττα, *a drover's or shepherd's cry, 'st.'* ψίττάκος, ὁ, or ψιττάκη, ἡ, *a parrot.* (Foreign word.)

ψίχλον, τό, Dim. of ψίξ, *a crumb of bread.*

ψίω, aor. I ἔψισα, = ψίω.
 ψογερός, ὁ, ὄν, (ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.
 ψόγιος, α, ὄν, blaming, fond of blaming. From
 ψόγος, ὁ, (ψέγος) blame, censure.
 ψολόεις, εσσα, εν, (ψόλος) sooty, smoky: of the
 thunderbolt, smouldering.

ψολο-κομπία, ἡ, (ψόλος, κομπέω) talk that ends in
 smoke: empty noise and fury.

ΨΟΛΟΣ, ὁ, soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐψόφηκα: (ψόφος):—to make
 a noise or din, Lat. strepere, of the creaking or sound
 made in opening a door; εἰ αἱ θύραι νύκτωρ ψοφοῖεν
 if the doors were heard to open at night, Lat. si cre-
 puiissent fores.

ψοφο-δεής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψόφος, δέος) frightened at
 every noise. Adv. -εὖς, timidly.

ψοφο-μήδης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψόφος, μήδος) caring for
 noise, noisy, uproarious.

ΨΟΦΟΣ, ὁ, any inarticulate sound, as opp. to
 φωνή: a noise, sound, Lat. strepitus: the sound of a
 door opening.

2. a mere sound, empty sound or
 noise; τοῦ σοῦ ψόφου οὐκ ἂν στραφείην I would
 not heed your noise; ψόφοι mere sounds without
 sense.

ψοφ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψόφος, εἶδος) noisy, ranting.

ψύγῃναι, aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ψύγῃσομαι, fut. pass. of ψύχω.

ψυδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = ψυδρός.

ψυδρός, ὁ, ὄν, (ψύδω, ψεύδομαι) with collat. form
 ψυδνός, lying, untrue.

ψυθής, ἐς, (ψύθος) = ψευδής, lying, false.

ψύθος, ἐς, τό, collat. form for ψεύθος, a lie. [v]

ψυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler. II. in
 plur. οἱ ψυκτήρες cool shady places.

ψυκτήριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place.

ψυκτήριος, α, ὄν, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥΛΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a flea, Lat. pulex.

ψύλλιον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-word.

ψύλλο-τοξότης, ὄν, ὁ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a flea-
 archer, flea-knight, formed like ἵπποτοξότης, Comic
 word in Lucian.

ψύλασα, aor. I part. fem. of ψύχω.

ψύξις, εως, ἡ, (ψύχω) a cooling: a becoming cold.

ψύπτω, = ψίπτα, σίπτα.

ψύχ-αγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (ψυχαγωγός) to be a con-
 ductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the
 nether world, esp. of Hermes.

II. to evoke or
 conjure up the dead by sacrifice. 2. metaph. to
 win or attract the souls of the living, to win over,
 persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce,
 delude. Hence

ψύχ-αγωγία, ἡ, an evoking of souls from the nether
 world. 2. metaph. a winning of men's souls, per-
 suasion.

ψύχ-αγωγός, ὄν, (ψυχή, ἄγω) leading departed souls
 to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like ψυχο-
 πομπός.

II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the
 dead: as Subst., ψυχαγωγός, ὁ, a necromancer.

ψύχ-ἁπάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ψυχή, ἁπάτω) deluding the
 soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, glad-
 dening.

ψύχενός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψύχος) cooling, cool, fresh.

ψύχῃ, ἡ, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the
 sign of life, life, spirit; ψυχή τε μένος τε life and
 strength; ψυχή τε καὶ αἰὼν spirit and life, etc.;
 ποιῆν τῆς Αἰσώπου ψυχῆς ἀνελέσθαι to take revenge
 for the life of Aesop; ψυχὴν παρθέμενος staking
 or risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θέειν περὶ ψυχῆς to
 fight, run for one's life.

II. the soul of man, as
 opp. to the body: 1. in Homer, only a departed
 soul, spirit, ghost, which still retained the shape of its
 living owner.

2. generally, the soul or spirit of
 man, Lat. anima; ἀνθρώπου ψυχῇ ἀθάνατός ἐστι the
 soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχῇ τινος is used
 for the man himself, e.g. ψυχῇ Ὀρέστου = Ὀρέστης:
 ψυχαὶ absol. = ἀνθρώποι, ψυχαὶ πολλαὶ ἔθανον many
 souls perished: so in addressing persons, ὦ μελέα
 ψυχῇ O wretched being.

3. also as the seat of
 the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart; ἐκ τῆς
 ψυχῆς from the inmost soul, with all the heart: de-
 sire, appetite.

III. the soul, mind, reason, un-
 derstanding. Hence

ψύχῃς, ἡ, ὄν, having breath, alive, living.

ψυχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ψυχή, Lat. animula. [χι]

ψυμικός, ὁ, ὄν, (ψυχῇ) of the soul or life. II.

mental, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life

only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψύχο-δαίκτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ψυχή, δαίω) destroying or
 killing the soul.

ψύχο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the
 soul or life.

ψύχο-λίπτης, ἐς, (ψυχή, λιπεῖν) left by the soul,
 lifeless.

ψύχδ-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (ψυχή, μάντις) one who con-
 jures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a
 necromancer.

ψύχο-μάχέω, f. ἦσω, (ψυχή, μάχομαι) to fight to
 the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψύχο-πλάνης, ἐς, (ψυχή, πλανᾶω) perplexing or
 misleading the soul.

ψύχο-πομπός, ὄν, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls
 to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury:
 cf. ψυχαγωγός.

ψύχορραγέω, f. ἦσω, to let the soul break loose, to
 lie at the last gasp, be at the point of death, Lat. ani-
 mam agere. From

ψύχορ-ράγῃς, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψυχή, ραγῇναι) letting
 the soul break loose, lying at the last gasp.

ψύχος, εως, τό, (ψύχω) coolness, cold, chill: cold,
 frost, in pl. ψύχαι, extreme colds: also winter-time,
 ἐν ψύχει in winter.

ψυχοσ-σός, ὄν, (ψυχή, σῶζω) saving the soul.

ψύχο-τάκτης, ἐς, (ψυχή, τακῆναι) melting the soul.

ψύχω-ζω, f. ὠσω, (ψυχή) to give soul or life, to animate.

ψύχρο-βαφής, ἐς, (ψυχρός, βαφῆναι) dipt in cold
 water, like red-hot iron.

ψυχρο-δόχος, *ον*, (ψυχρός, δέχομαι) *receiving what is cold*; οἶκος ψυχροδόχος *the cold-bath room*.

ψυχρο-λογία, *ή*, (ψυχρός, λέγω) *the use of frigid phrases, exaggeration*.

ψυχρο-πότης, *ον*, *δ*, (ψυχρός, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a cold-water drinker*.

ψυχρός, *ά*, *όν*, (ψύχω) *cold, chill*, Lat. *frigidus*: τὸ ψυχρόν (*sc. ὕδωρ*) *cold water*, Lat. *gelida* (*sc. aqua*); ψυχρῷ λούνται *they bathe in cold water*:—τὸ ψυχρόν also = ψύχος, *cold*. II. metaph. *cold, vain, fruitless, unreal*; ψυχρὰ νίκη *a delusive victory*: also *chilling, horrible*. 2. of persons, *cold-hearted, heartless, spiritless, indifferent*. 3. of exaggerated phrases, *cold, frigid*. Hence

ψυχρότης, *ητος, ή*, *coldness, chill*. II. metaph. of persons, *coldness of heart, indifference*. 2. of phrases, *frigidity*.

ψυχρῶ, *f. ὥσω*, (ψυχρός) *to make cold*:—Pass. *to grow cold or cool*.

ψυχρῶς, Adv. of ψυχρός, *coldly, frigidly*. ΨΥΧΩ [ψ], *f. ψύχω*: aor. I ἐψύξα: Pass., aor. I ἐψύχθην: aor. 2 ἐψύχην and ἐψύγγην [ψ]:—*to breathe, blow*; ἦκα μάλα ψύξασα *breathing very faintly*. II. *to make cool or cold*: hence *to refresh, recruit*. 2. Pass. *to grow cool or cold*.

ψωλός, (ψάω) *δ*, *one circumcised*. 2. *a lewd fellow*.

ψωμίζω; *f. ὥσω* Att. *ῶ*: (ψωμός):—*to feed by putting little bits into the mouth*, as nurses do children: hence *to pamper, feed, fatten*.

ψωμίον, τό, Dim. of ψωμός, *a morsel, crumb*.

ψωμός, *οὔ*, *δ*, (ψάω) *a bit, morsel, scrap*, esp. of meat or bread; ψωμοὶ ἀνδρόμεοι *gobbets of man's flesh*.

ψώρα Ion. ψώρη, *ή*, (ψάω) *a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange*, Lat. *scabies*.

ψωράλεος, *α, ον*, (ψάρα) *scabby, mangy*.

ψάχω Ion. σάχω, (ψάω) *to rub in pieces, rub*.

*ψάω, collat. form of ψάω, *to rub, rub in pieces*.

Ω

Ω, ω, ῶ μέγα, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral ω' = 800, but ω = 800,000. The name of ῶ μέγα, *great or long* ω, was given to distinguish it from the δ μικρόν *little or short* ο. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see H. 7.

Changes of ω in the dialects: I. Ion. sometimes for α, as ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος for ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος. II. Ion. also for α, as θῶμα τῶμα for θαῦμα τῶμα. III. Aeol. and Dor., ω is often put for οὔ, as ὠρανός Μῶσα κῶρος λιπῶσα for οὔρανός Μοῦσα κοῦρος λιποῦσα; also in genit. sing. and acc. pl. of 2nd decl., as, βροτῶ βροτῶς for βοροτοῦ βοροτούς. IV. Dor. ω into αῖ, as πῶτος πῶτιστος θεῶρος into πᾶτος πᾶτιστος θεᾶρός; and so the

gen. plur. of first decl. *ων* becomes ἄν, as Μουσῶν for Μουσῶν.

Ω and ῶ, an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our *O! ob!* 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. *O!* As an exclamation it is written ῶ, as an address ῶ.

ῶα or ῶά ή, (ῶς) *a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it*. 2. *the edge or skirt of a garment*.

ῶδῶρον [ῶ], *ωνος, δ*, poet. for Ὀρίαν. Hence ῶδῶρῖναιος, *α, ον*, of Orion.

ῶας, *ατος, τό*, Dor. for ὄας, ὄς, *the ear*.

ῶγαθέ, with apostroph. ῶγάθ', contr. for ῶ ἀγαθέ.

ῶγμός, *οὔ*, *δ*, (ῶζω) *a crying ob!*

ῶγγυλία, ή, Ogygia, a fabulous island in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. the oldest name of Egypt.

ῶγγυλος, *α, ον*, Att. also *ος, ον*, Ogygian, of or from Ogyges, an Attic king of the earliest times: hence *primeval, primal*. [ῶ]

ῶδᾶς, Dor. for ῶδή, gen. of ῶδή. ῶδε Att. ῶδῖ, from ὅδε, demonstr. Adv., I. of Manner, in this wise, so, thus, also so very, so exceedingly: as opp. to οὕτω it refers to what follows, in the following way, as follows; ῶδ' ἡμεῖςπατο he answered in the following terms. 2. c. gen., ῶδε γέ- νους thus off for family. II. of Place, hither, here.

ῶδεε, 3 sing. impf. of οἰδέω.

ῶδεῖον, τό, (ῶδή) the Odæum, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

ῶδή, ή, contr. for ᾠδή, (ᾠδῶ, ᾠδω) *a song, lay, ode, strain*: in plur. lyric poetry.

ᾠδῆκαντι, Dor. for ᾠδήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of οἰδέω.

ῶδῖ, Att. strengthd. form of ῶδε. [ῖ]

ῶδῖκος, ή, *όν*, (ῶδή) *fond of singing, musical*. Adv. -κῶς, *musically, in good time or harmony*.

ῶδῖνας, acc. pl. of ῶδῖς.

ῶδῖνα [ῖ], *f. ῖνω*: aor. I ῶδῖνα: (ῶδῖς):—*to have the pains or throes of childbirth, to be in travail or labour*: c. acc. *to be in travail of a child*; metaph. of a bee, κηρίον ῶδῖναι *to be in labour with honey*. 2. of any great pain, *to be in travail, be in pangs or pains*. 3. *to work painfully or bard, to travail, labour with*, c. acc. 4. metaph. of the mind, *to be in the throes or agonies of thought*.

ῶδῖς, *ίνος, ή*, the pain of childbirth, travail-pain; mostly in plur. *the pangs or throes of labour*. 2. in sing. also *the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, child*. II. generally, *travail, pain, distress*. (Akin to δδῖνη.)

ῶδο-ποιός, *όν*, (ῶδή, ποιέω) *making songs or odes*.

ῶδός, *δ*, contr. for ᾠδός, *a singer, minstrel*.

ῶδῶδε, poet. for ὀδῶδε, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὀζω.

ῶσον, τό, = ὠόν, *an egg*.

ῶζησα, aor. I of ὀζω.

ῶζω, *to cry ob!* Hence ὠγμός. (From ῶ or ῶ, as οἶζω from οἶ, οἰμῶζω from οἰμῶ.)

ὤή, a call to another, *bo! bol! Lat. obe! heus!*
 ὤθη, aor. I pass. of ὀθομαι.
 ὤθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ὠθέω.
 ὠθέοντο, Dor. for ὠθοῦντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of
 ὀθεῖν, impf. ἔωθον: fut. ὠθήσω and ὠσω: aor. I
 ἔωσα Ion. and Ep. ὠσα: pf. ἔωκα: Pass., aor. I ἔ-
 ὠσθη: pf. ἔωμαι Ion. ὠσαι:—Ion. 3 sing. impf.
 ὠθεσκε, 3 sing. aor. I ὠσασκε:—to *thrust, push, shove,*
force away or from a place; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ὠσε θε
forced the spear from the thigh; ξίφος ἀπ' ἐς κουλεὸν
ὠσε θε thrust back the sword into its sheath: to push
or force back in battle; ὠσαι ἑαυτὸν ἐς τὸ πῦρ to rush
into the fire; ὠσαι τὴν θύραν to force the door: also
to break open, force a passage: metaph. to hurry,
push on; ὠθεῖν τὰ πρήγματα to push matters on:—
absol. to push off from land:—Pass. to be thrust or
pushed away: also to force one's way:—Med. to thrust
or push from oneself, push or force back.
 ὠθίζω, f. ἴσω, = ὠθέω, to thrust or push on:—Pass.
 and Med. to push against one another, struggle; metaph.
 to be in hot dispute, Lat. altercari. Hence
 ὠθισμός, ὁ, a thrusting, pushing; a struggling,
 wrestling: metaph., ὠθισμὸς λόγων a struggle of
 words, a hot debate.
 ὀγγυντο, Ep. for ὄγγυντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of ὀγγνυμι.
 ὠλετο, Ep. for ὤλετο, 3 sing. impf. of ὀλομαι. [Ὶ]
 ὠλαι, Ep. for ὀλαι, inf. of ὀγγνυμι.
 ὠλε, ὠλεαν, Ep. for ὤλε, ὤλεαν, 3 sing. and 3 pl.
 aor. I act. of ὀγγνυμι.
 ὠλοσθη, Ep. aor. I of ὀλομαι.
 ὠκα, poet. Adv. of ὠκύς, quickly, swiftly, fast.
 ὠκᾶλέος, η, on, later Ep. form for ὠκύς.
 ὠκέα, Ep. and Ion. for ὠκέα, fem. from ὠκύς.
 Ὀκεανίνη, ἡ, (Ὀκεανός) daughter of Ocean, an
 Ocean-nymph. [Ὶ]
 Ὀκεανίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Ὀκεανός) daughter of Ocean.
 Ὀκεανόνδε, Adv. to the ocean or sea. From
 Ὀκεανός, οὔ, ὁ, Oceanos, acc. to Hesiod, son of
 Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters:
 according to Homer, Ocean was a river which en-
 compassed the whole earth, hence often called
 ὠκεανὸς ποταμός. In later times, Ocean remained
 as the name of the great Outerward Sea, opp. to the
 Inward or Mediterranean, which was called θάλασσα.
 (From ὠκύς and νᾶω.)
 ὠκειᾶων, Ep. gen. pl. fem. of ὠκύς.
 ὠκέως, Adv. of ὠκύς, quickly, swiftly.
 ὠκῆεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for ὠκύς, swift.
 ὠκιστα, neut. plur. of ὠκύς used as Adv., most
 swiftly, very swiftly.
 ὠκιστος, η, on, irreg. Sup. of ὠκύς.
 ὠκίον, on, gen. onos, irreg. Comp. of ὠκύς.
 ὠκνεον, impf. of ὠκνέω.
 ὠκτεира, aor. I of ὠκτερω.
 ὠκύ-ἄλος, on, (ὠκύς, ἄλος) sea-swift, speeding over
 the sea, epith. of a ship. [Ὶ]
 ὠκύ-βόλος, on, (ὠκύς, βαλεῖν) quick-biting or quick-
 shot: quick-darting.

ὠκύ-δῆκτωρ, oros, ὁ, (ὠκύς, δάκνω) biting sharply.
 ὠκύ-διδάκτος, on, (ὠκύς, διδάσκω) quickly taught.
 ὠκύ-δίνητος Dor. -δινάτος, on, (ὠκύς, δινέω) quick-
 whirling. [Ὶ]
 ὠκυ-δρόμας, on, ὁ, = ἠκυδρόμος.
 ὠκυ-δρόμος, on, (ὠκύς, δραμεῖν) swift-running.
 ὠκυ-επής, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ὠκύς, ἔπος) quick-speaking.
 ὠκύ-θοος, on, also η, on, (ὠκύς, θέω) swift-running.
 ὠκύ-μάχος [Ὶ], on, (ὠκύς, μάχομαι) quick to fight.
 ὠκύ-μορος, on, (ὠκύς, μῆρος) short-lived, dying
 early: Sup., ἠκυμῶρτατος. II. act. bringing
 a quick or early death.
 ὠκύ-πέτης, on, ὁ, (ὠκύς, ΠΙΕΤ- Root of πίπτω)
 quick-flying.
 ὠκύ-πλάνος, on, (ὠκύς, πλάνη) quick-wandering.
 ὠκύ-πλοος, on, (ὠκύς, πλέω) fast-sailing.
 ὠκύ-πόδης, on, ὁ, poet. for ὠκύπους, swift-footed.
 ὠκύ-ποινος, on, (ὠκύς, ποινή) quickly-avenged.
 ὠκύ-πομπος, on, (ὠκύς, πέμπω) swift-conveying.
 ὠκύ-πορος, on, (ὠκύς, πόρος) swift-passing.
 ὠκύ-πος, on, collat. form of ὠκύπους. [Ὶ]
 ὠκύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος (ὠκύς, πούς),
 swift-footed, fleet of foot.
 ὠκύ-πτερος, on, (ὠκύς, πτερόν) swift-winged, swift-
 flying: τὰ ὠκύπτερα the long quill-feathers in a
 wing.
 ὠκύ-ρόης, on, ὁ Dor. -ρόας, = ἠκυροός.
 ὠκύ-ροος, on, (ὠκύς, ῥέω) swift-flowing.
 ὠκύς [Ὶ], ὠκεῖα, ὠκύ, gen. ὠκέος, εἰας, εἰος, Ep. fem.
 ὠκέα:—quick, swift, fleet, speedy. Adv. ὠκέως, but
 more commonly ὠκα, swiftly, fleetly.—Comp. and Sup.
 ὠκύτερος, ὠκυτάτος: irreg. ὠκίαν, on, gen. onos (like
 Lat. oclor, oculis), ὠκιστος. (Akin to ὀξύς.)
 ὠκύ-σκοπος, on, (ὠκύς, σκοπέω) quick-aiming.
 ὠκύτης, ητος, ἡ, (ὠκύς) quickness, swiftness, fleetness,
 speed. [Ὶ]
 ὠκυτόκειος or -τόκιος, on, belonging to or pro-
 moting a quick and easy birth: τὸ ὠκυτόκιον (sc. φάρ-
 μακον) a medicine to cause easy delivery. From
 ὠκύ-τόκος, on, (ὠκύς, τεκνέω) causing quick and
 easy birth; of a river, fertilising: τὸ ὠκυτόκον a quick
 and easy birth.
 ὠλαξ, ακος, ἡ, Dor. for αἰλαξ.
 ὠλάφιον, contr. for ὠ ἐλάφιον.
 ὠλέ-κρᾶνον, τό, properly ὠλενός-κρανον, = ὠλένης
 κρᾶνον, the point of the elbow: also ὀλέκρανον.
 ὈΛΕ'ΝΗ, ἡ, the elbow, or rather the arm from the
 elbow to the wrist, the lower arm, Lat. ulna: gene-
 rally, an arm; περὶ ὠλένας δέρμα βάλλειν to throw
 one's arms round a person's neck.
 ὠλεσα, aor. I of ὠλλυμι.
 ὠλεσί-βωλος, on, (ὠλλυμι, βῶλος) crushing clods of
 earth.
 ὠλεσί-καρπος, on, (ὠλλυμι, καρπός) of a tree, losing
 its fruit, i. e. shedding its fruit before it is ripe.
 ὠλεσί-οικος, on, (ὠλλυμι, οἶκος) destroying or ruin-
 ing the house.
 ὠλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὠλλυμι.

ὄλισθον, aor. 2 of ὄλισθάνω.
 ὄλισθηκα, pf. of ὄλισθάνω.
 ὄλλος, ὄλλοι, Ion. for ὁ ἄλλος, οἱ ἄλλοι.
 ὄλαξ, ἡ, poet. contr. for ὄλαξ, αὐλαξ, a furrow :
 mostly used in acc. ὄλλα.
 ὄλωμην, aor. 2 med. of ἄλλωμι.
 ὄμα-αχθῆς, ἐς, (ὄμος, ἀχθος) heavy to the shoulders.
 ὄμες, Dor. for ὄμειν, 1 pl. pres. subj. of εἰμι sum.
 ὄμ-ηστῆς, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄμός, ἐσθίω) as masc. Adj. eating
 raw flesh; also with a fem. Subst., Ἐχιδνα ὄμη-
 στῆς. II. generally, *savage, brutal*.
 ὄμμαι, pf. pass. of ὄραω, formed from *ὀπτομαι.
 ὄμο-βοέος or -βοέος, α, ον, (ὄμός, βοῦς) of raw,
 untanned ox-hide :—as Subst., ὄμοβοέη (sc. δорά), ἡ,
 a raw ox-hide, like λεοντή, etc. : but, ὄμοβοείον
 (sc. κρέας), τό, raw ox-flesh.
 ὄμο-βοεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (ὄμός, βοῦς) as masc. Adj. of raw
 ox-hide : acc. pl. ὄμοβοείς.
 ὄμο-βόινος, η, ον, like ὄμοβοέος, of raw ox-hide.
 ὄμο-βρώς, ὥτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὄμός, βιβρώσκω) eating raw
 flesh.
 ὄμό-βρωτος, ον, (ὄμός, βιβρώσκω) eaten raw.
 ὄμο-γέρων, οντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὄμός, γέρων) a fresh, active
 old man, a man in a green old age ; cp. Virgil's *cruda*
viridisque senectus.
 ὄμο-δακῆς, ἐς, (ὄμός, δακεῖν) fiercely stung or fiercely
 stinging.
 ὄμό-δροπος, ον, (ὄμός, δρέπω) plucked unripe ; νό-
 μιμα ὄμοδροπα the rights of the marriage-bed.
 ὄμο-θετέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄμός, τίθημι) :—in sacrificing,
 to place the raw pieces cut from a victim on the
 thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (δημός) : also
 in Med.
 ὄμο-θύμος, ον, (ὄμός, θυμός) savage-bearded.
 ὄμοι, not ὄμοι, = ὦ μοι, ah me, Lat. *hei*
mihi.
 ὄμο-κράτης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὄμος, κράτος) strong-
 shouldered, or (ὄμός, κράτος) of savage strength.
 ὄμολογημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ὁμολογέω,
 confessedly, without contradiction.
 ὄμο-πλάτη, ἡ, (ὄμος, πλάτη) the shoulder-blade,
 mostly in plur. ὄμοπλάται, αἱ, Lat. *scapulae*. [α]
 *ὌΜΟΣ, ὁ, the shoulder with the upper part of the
 arm, the shoulder, Lat. *umerus* ; φέρειν ὄμοις to bear
 on one's shoulders ; ὄμοισι τοῖς ἐμοῖσι by the strength
 of mine arms : also of animals, as of a lion : of a horse,
 like Lat. *armus*.
 *ὌΜΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, raw, undressed, Lat. *crudus*, esp. of
 flesh ; ὄμόν καταφαγεῖν τινα to eat one raw : of
 food, undigested. 2. unripe, unseasonable, properly
 of fruits : also of a man, ὄμόν γῆρας an untimely old
 age. II. metaph. *savage, rude, cruel*. 2.
rough, hardy.
 ὄμοσσα, aor. 1 of ὀμνυμι.
 ὄμό-σιτος, ον, (ὄμός, σιτέομαι) eating men raw :
 hence *savage, ferocious*.
 ὄμο-σπάρακτος, ον, (ὄμός, σπάρασσω) torn in pieces
 raw.

ὄμότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (ὄμός) rawness, unripeness. II.
 metaph. *savageness, cruelty*.
 ὄμο-φάγος, ον, (ὄμός, φαγεῖν) eating raw flesh. II.
 ὄμοφάγος, ον, pass., eaten raw, raw.
 ὄμό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὄμός, φρήν) savage-minded.
 Adv. —φρόνως.
 ὄμωξα, aor. 1 of οἰμῶζω.
 ὄμός, Adv. of ὄμός, *savagely*.
 ὤν, Ion. for οὖν, now, therefore.—Herodotus often
 places this particle between a verb and its preposition,
 as, ἀπ' ὧν ἔδοντο for ἀπέδοντο ὤν.
 ὤνα, ὤναξ, poet. contr. for ὦ ἄνα, ὦ ἀναξ.
 ὠνάθη, Dor. for ὠνήθη, aor. 1 pass. of ὀνύημι.
 ὠνάμην, ὠνάτο, 1 and 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὀνύημι.
 ὠνάσα, Dor. aor. 1 of ὀνύημι.
 ὠνεμος, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἄνεμος.
 ὠνόεμαι contr. ὠνούμαι : fut. ὠνήσομαι : impf. ἑω-
 νούμην Ion. ὠνεόμην : aor. 1 ἑωνησάμην, pf. ἑώνημαι ;
 (but pf. part. ἑωνημένος, and 3 sing. plqpf. are also
 used in a pass. sense) :—ἐπριάμην [α] is used as aor. 2,
 Ep. 3 sing. πριάτο ; imperat. πριάσο, πρίω ; subj. πρί-
 ωμαι ; opt. πριαίμην ; inf. πρίασθαι ; part. πριάμενος :
 (ἄνος) : Dep. :—to buy, purchase, opp. to πάλéω, πι-
 πράσκω, as Lat. *emere* to *vendere* ; ἀνείσθαι τι παρά
 τινος to buy a thing from a person : c. gen. pretii, for
 so much, ἀνείσθαι δραχμῆς to buy for a drachma. 2.
 to farm public taxes or tolls. 3. in pres. and impf.
 to wish or offer to buy, hence to bargain, bid for a
 thing, Lat. *liceri* : hence to buy off, effect a compro-
 mise by money : hence to bribe. II. as Pass. to
 be bought. Hence
 ὠνή, ἡ, (ἄνος) a buying, Lat. *emptio*, ὠνή καὶ πῶσις
 buying and selling. 2. purchase, a bargain : esp.
 a contract for the farming of taxes.
 ὠνήμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀνύημι.
 ὠνησα, aor. 1 of ὀνύημι.
 ὠνητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἄνέομαι) a buyer.
 ὠνητός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἄνέομαι,
 bought. II. to be bought, that may be bought.
 ὠνθρωπε, crasis for ὦ ἄνθρωπε.
 ὠνθρωποι, Ion. crasis for οἱ ἄνθρωποι.
 ὠνιος, α, ον, (ἄνος) to be bought, for sale, Lat. *venalis* ;
 πῶς ὁ σῖτος ὠνιος ; how is corn selling ? what is the
 market price ? τὰ ὠνια goods for sale, market-wares.
 ὠνομα, ατος, τό, Aeol. for ὄνομα.
 ὠνομάδαται, Ion. for ὠνομασμένοι εἰσιν, 3 pl. pf.
 pass. of ὀνομάζω.
 *ὌΝΟΣ, ὁ, a price, value, payment for a thing. II.
 a buying, like ὠνή. (Hence Lat. *venum*, as *vinum*
 from οἶνος, *vicus* from οἶκος.)
 ὠνοσάμην, aor. 1 med. of ὀνομαι.
 ὠνοχέει, 3 sing. impf. of οἰνοχέω.
 ὠνωμαι, pf. pass. of οἰνώω.
 ὠξ, Dor. contr. for ὁ ἐξ.
 ὠξε, 3 sing. aor. 1 of οἰγγνυμι.
 ὠον, τό, an egg, Lat. *OVUM*.
 ὠοπ, a cry of the κελυστής to make the rowers
 stop pulling, *avast* !

ῥασα, aor. I of ῥάσσω.

ῥασ, Dor. for ῥασ, Adv. *where*.

ῥασπον, poet. crasis for ῥ' Ἀσπον.

ῥασπον, by crasis for ὁ Ἀσπον.

ῥασπον, Dor. crasis for οἱ ἀσπον.

ῥασπον, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ῥάσσω.

ῥασπον, ῥασπον, aor. I and impf. of ῥάσσω.

ῥασπον, pf. 2 of ῥάσσω.

*ῥασ Ion. ῥασ, ῥ, Lat. *CURA*, care, concern, heed, regard for a person or thing; ῥασπον τινος ἔχειν or ποιεῖσθαι to pay heed or regard to a thing.

*ῥασ Ion. ῥασ, ῥ, Lat. *HORA*, any limited time or period fixed by natural laws, a season: in plur. the seasons; hence also in plur. the climate of a country as dependent on its seasons. 2. the blooming season of the year, the spring-time, in full εἶπος ῥασ or ῥασ εἰσίν; but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, ῥάσπον or autumn, was not distinguished in Homer's time. 3. later, the whole year, ἐν τῇ πέρυσιν ῥάσπον last year, (as we say) last season. II. the time of day: also, ῥάσπον νυκτός night-time.

III. generally, the right, fitting time or hour, the time or season for a thing: the time of corn ripening; ἐν ῥασ in good time, early: c. gen. rei, ῥασ ὕπνου the time for sleep, bed-time. IV. in plur. also as connected with the seasons, the four quarters of the heavens. V. in Att. the spring or prime of life, youth: also manhood.

VI. in Att. also sometimes for τὰ ῥάσπον, the fruits or produce of the year. VII. as pr. n., *ῥασ, αἱ, the Hours, keepers of Heaven-gate: generally, ministers of the gods; often joined with the Χάριτες or Graces.

ῥάσπον, α, ον, (ῥάσπον) produced or ripened at the fit season: hence in due season, ripe, mature; ῥάσπον καρποῖ or τὰ ῥάσπον the fruits of the season. 2. as Subst., ῥάσπον, ῥ, the season of corn or fruit ripening: generally, the good season, season fit for military operations. II. happening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable.

III. of persons, seasonable, ripe for a thing; παρθένος γάμον ῥάσπον a maid ripe for marriage: of old persons, ripe or ready for death. IV. of the age of man, at the freshest, fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming: hence of things, beautiful. Hence

ῥάσπον, ῥ, the bloom of youth, beauty. ῥάσπον, ῥ, ἄσπον [ῥ], to faint, swoon away. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ῥάσπον, ὁ, Dor. for ὀσπον.

ῥάσπον, ῥάσπον, Adv. (ῥάσπον) in season, in good time. ῥάσπον-τροφος, ον, poet. for ῥάσπον-τροφος, (ῥος, τρέφω) mountain-bred.

ῥάσπον, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ῥάσσω.

ῥάσπον-δουπος, ον, (ῥος, δουπέω) making a din on the mountains.

ῥάσπον-δότης, ον, ὁ, (ῥάσπον, δίδωμι) one who gives the fruits in their due season.

ῥάσπον, Ep. for ῥάσπον, dat. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ῥάσσω.

ῥάσπον, (ῥάσπον) to take care of, attend to, c. acc.

ῥάσπον, ῥ, Ion. for ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, ῥ, Ion. for ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον-φόρος, ον, (ῥάσπον, φέρω) leading on the seasons or bringing on the fruits in their season.

ῥάσπον, pf. pass. inf. of ῥάσσω.

ῥάσπον, Ion. impf. of ῥάσσω.

ῥάσπον, ῥ, ὄν, (ῥάσπον) ripe in one's prime or bloom. II. in season, seasonable: Adv. -ῥως, ῥάσπον πυνθάνει you ask seasonably.

ῥάσπον, ον, (ῥάσπον) ripe, timely, in season.

ῥάσπον, aor. I pass. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, ον, (ῥάσπον) happening or returning in due season; ῥάσπον πάντα all the fruits of the seasons. II. timely, seasonable, ripe. III. at the right time, in season, seasonable.

ῥάσπον, pf. pass. part. of ῥάσσω.

ῥάσπον, Ion. crasis for ὁ ῥάσπον.

*ῥάσπον, ἄσπον, ὁ, Orion, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis. II. a bright constellation named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [ῥ Ep., ῥ Att.]

ῥάσπον [ῥ], Dor. for ῥάσπον, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, ῥάσπον, 3 sing. impf. and aor. I pass. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, -ῥάσπον, Ion. for ῥάσπον, ῥάσπον, 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, 3 pl. aor. I of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, 3 sing. impf. med. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον-ῥάσπον, ῥ, ῥάσπον, (ῥάσπον, ῥάσπον) to take note of a thing in casting a nativity or observing the natal hour. II. to be in the ascendant at that hour, of one's ruling planet.

ῥάσπον, 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 of ῥάσπον. ῥάσπον, εος, τό, Dor. for ῥάσπον Ion. ὄσπον, a mountain. ῥάσπον, aor. I of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, ὁ, a howling, bellowing, roaring.

ῥάσπον, aor. I of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, fut. ὄσπον [ῥ]: aor. I ῥάσπον: Dep.: —to bowl, bellow, roar, Lat. *rugire*: mostly of animals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, to roar. II. transit. to bowl over, bewail.

ῥάσπον, Ion. crasis for ὁ ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, 3 dual impf. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, 3 sing. plqpf. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, Ion. for ῥάσπον ἐισίν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥάσπον.

ῥάσπον, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ῥάσπον.

*ῥάσπον, I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, I. Demonstr. Adv. so, thus, when it takes an accent, ῥάσπον. 2. Relat. Adj. as, when it is without accent, ῥάσπον. II. as Conj. that, when it is also without accent, ῥάσπον.

I. *ὥς*, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, *so, thus*, Lat. *sic*. 2. *καὶ ὥς* *even so, nevertheless*: with a negat., οὐδ' *ὥς*, μηδ' *ὥς* *not even so, in no way soever*. 3. in Comparisons, *ὥς* is answered by *ὥς*, *so as*, Lat. *sic ut*: also, *ὥστε* .. *ὥς*, *as* .. *thus*. II. *ὥς*, Relat.

Adv. of Manner, *as*, Lat. *ut*, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—*ὥς* in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as, *θεὸς ὥς* for *ὥς* *θεός*. 2. with Elliptical Phrases, *ὥς* *ἐμοί* or *ὥς* γ' *ἐμοί* (sc. *δοκεῖ*); *ὥς* ἀπ' *ὀμμάτων* (sc. *εἰκάσαι*) to judge by eyesight; *ὥς* Λακεδαιμόνιος (sc. *εἶναι*) for a Lacedaemonian; *συμπέμψας* αὐτὸν *ὥς* φύλακα (sc. *εἶναι*) having sent him with them as a guard. 3. so with Participles,

to give the reason of the principal Verb; *ἀγανακτοῦσιν ὥς* ἀδικοῦμενοι they are indignant as being injured, i. e. *by reason* of being injured; so with questions, *ὥς* τί δὴ θέλῃ; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; *εἰργουσιν* αὐτὸν *ὥς* ἀδικοῦντα they restrain him as acting wrongfully, i. e. *by reason* of: so also with Participles used absol.; *ὥς* οὕτως ἐχόντων, Lat. *res cum ita sint*, since things are so, i. e. *by reason* of their being so. 4.

so also with Prepositions; *ὥς* ἐπὶ *ναυμαχίαν* as for a sea-fight, i. e. as if about to fight; *ὥς* ἐπὶ *φρυγανισμὸν* as though to collect fuel: usu, with the Preps. ἐπί, εἰς, πρὸς, but also with others; *ὥς* ἐκ *κακῶν* ἐχάρη he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i. e. considering his evil plight: hence 5. sometimes the Prep. is omitted, and *ὥς* itself is used like a Prep., = *εἰς*, c. acc., as Lat. *usque* for *usque ad*, only with the names of persons, as, *ὥς* τὸν Φίλιππον to Philip: first in Homer, *ὥς* αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς *ὥς* τὸν ὅμοιον how God does ever bring like to like. 6. with Adverbs:—

with the Positive, *ὥς* ἀληθῶς, *ὥς* ἑτέρως *how truly! how differently!* Lat. *quam vere, quam aliter*: so too *ὥς* follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, *θαυμαστῶς ὥς*, *ὑπερφῶς ὥς*, etc. 7. *ὥς* strengthens the Superlative, like *ὅτι* and *ὅπως*, Lat. *quam*, *ὥς* μάλιστα, Lat. *quam maxime*, as much as possible; *ὥς* βᾶστα, Lat. *quam facillime*, as easily as possible; *ὥς* τάχιστα, Lat. *quam celerrime*, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases *ὥς* τὸ πολύ, *ὥς* ἐπὶ τὸ πολύ, *ὥς* ἐπὶ τὸ πλείστον for the most part, commonly, Lat. *plerumque, ut plurimum*. 8. so also with Superlative Adjectives, *ὥς* ἀριστος, *ὥς* βέλτιστος the best possible, etc.

III. *ὥς* as CONJUNCTION: 1. expressing a fact, *that*, like *ὅτι*, Lat. *quod*. 2. = *ὥστε*, so *that*, Lat. *adeo ut*. 3. *ὥς*, *that*, Lat. *quod*, where, as in Latin, the acc. c. inf. may be put instead; *εἰπον ὥς* τοῦτο εἶη, or *εἰπον* τοῦτο εἶναι. 4. *ὥς*, marking an end, like *ἵνα* or *ὅπως*, *that*, in order *that*, Lat. *ut*. 5. in Inferences, like *ὥστε*, c. inf., so *that*, Lat. *adeo ut*, *ita ut*; *εἵρος* *ὥς* δύο τρήρεις *could sail abreast*. 6. *ὥς* is also used like *ὅτι* and *ἐπεὶ*, as, *since*, Lat. *quippe*,

quandoquidem: also for *ὅτε*, *when*, Lat. *ut*: sometimes also = *ὅπως*, Lat. *quomodo, quemadmodum*.

IV. *ὥς* is sometimes used in independent sentences, as in phrase *ὥς* αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς *ὥς* τὸν ὅμοιον how God ever brings like to like: also with Adjs. and Advs., *ὥς* ἡλίθιος εἰ *how silly thou art*; *ὥς* σεμνὸς ὁ καταρατὸς *how pompous the rascal is*; *ὥς* ὀξεία κλάζει *how shrilly it screams*. 2. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events, *ὥς* ἴδεν, *ὥς* μιν Ἔρως πικρίας φρένας ἀμφεκάλυψεν *how he saw, how did Love encompass his soul*; so, *ὥς* ἴδον, *ὥς* ἐμάνην, *ὥς* μευ περὶ θυμὸς λάβθη, as in Virgil, *ut vidi, ut perii, ut me malus abstulit error*.

3. *ὥς* to express a wish, *ob that!* like εἴθε, Lat. *utinam*, with the optat., *ὥς* ἀπόλοιτο καὶ ἄλλος *ob that* another also might perish: also negatively, *ὥς* μὴ θάνοι *ob that* he might not die!

V. *ὥς* with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, *about, nearly*; *ἀπέθανον ὥς* πεντακόσιοι *about 500 fell*.

VI. *ὥς* in some Elliptical Phrases: 1. *ὥς* τί (sc. *γένηται*); in order *that what may happen?* for *what end? wherefore?* 2. *ὥς* ἕκαστοι ἦσαν or *ἐτυχον ὄντες*, each separately, Lat. *pro se quisque*.

(*ὥς* is an old pl. acc. of *ὅς*, as *τὼς* pl. acc. of *ὁ*: *οὕτως* from *οὗτος*, etc.: so *ἄτε* is used Adv.)

ὥς or *ὡς*, Dor. for *οὗ*, *where*.

ὥς, τό, gen. *ὡτός*, Dor. for *οὗς*, *the ear*.

ὦσα, Ion. and Ep. for *ἔωσα*, aor. I of *ὠθέω*.

ὦσαιμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of *ὠθέω*.

ὦς ἂν, Ep. *ὥς* *κε* or *ὥς* *κεν*, = *ὥς* with a conditional force added.

ὦσ-αν-εἰ or *ὦς* ἂν *εἰ*, *like as if, as if*.

ὦσαννά, Hebr. word meaning *save now! save we pray!*

ὦσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of *ὠθέω*.

ὦσ-αὐτως, Adv. of *ὁ αὐτός* (*the same*), strengthd. for *ὥς*, in *like manner, just so*; *ὦσαύτως* καὶ .. in *like manner* as ..

ὦσδε, Dor. for *ὀδε*, 3 sing. impf. of *ὀδῶ*.

ὦσ-εἰ or *ὦς* *εἰ*, Adv. as *if, as though*: in Comparisons, as *if, like, just as*; so also *ὦσ-εἰ-τε*. II. with Numerals, *about*.

ὦσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of *ὠθέω*.

ὦσίν, dat. plur. of *ὦς*.

ὦσμαι, pf. pass. of *ὠθέω*: part. *ὠσμένος*.

ὦσ-περ, Adv. (*ὥς*, *περ*) *even as, just as*; in Homer there is often a word interposed between *ὥς* and *περ*, as, *ὥς* τοπάρος *περ*, *ὥς* ἐσεναι *περ*, etc. 2. of Time, as soon as, Lat. *simul ac*. 3. to limit or modify an assertion, as *if, as it were*: and so with Participles used absolutely, *ὥσπερ* ἐξόν as *if* it were in our power.

ὦσ-περ-εἰ or *ὦσπερ*, *just as if, even as*, Lat. *tanquam*.

ὦσ-περ-οὖν, Adv. *even as, just as*: as really, εἰ δ' *ἔστιν ὥσπερ* οὖν *ἔστι* θεός but if he is, as he really is, a god.

ὦσ-τε, as Adv. (*ὥς*, *τε*) being to *ὥς*, as *ὥστε* to *ὅς*,

used to introduce a comparison, *as, like as, just as*. 2. to mark the power by which one does a thing; *as, as being, like ἄτε*, Lat. *utroque*; τὸν δ' ἐξηρπαξ' Ἀφροδίτῃ βεῖω μάλ', ὥστε θεός but Aphrodite bore him very easily away, *as being* a goddess.

II. *as* Conjunction, to express a *result* or *effect*; εἰ δέ σοι θυμὸς ἐπέσσυται, ὥστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, *so as* to return.—This Construct. is very freq. in Att. 2. ὥστε is sometimes used like *as* with a Part.; ὥστε φυλασσομένων τῶν ὀδῶν *as* or *since* the Way were guarded. 3. ὥστε is used after Comparatives with *ἢ*; μέζω κακὰ ἢ ὥστε ἀνακλαίειν greater woes than *that one could* weep for: but ὥστε is sometimes left out, *as, μείζον ἢ φέρειν* too great to bear:—the Posit. is sometimes used, ψυχρὸν ὥστε λούσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in. III. ὥστε is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e. g. ὥστε θάρρει *so that, or therefore*, be of good cheer.

ὠσιζω, f. ἴσω, Frequentat. of ὠθέω, to push to and fro, Lat. *trudo*. II. in Med., Att. fut. ὠσιτοῦμαι, c. dat. *jostle with another*: so absol., ὠσιτίξασθαι *eis* τὴν προεδρίαν to *jostle* for the first seat.

ῶστοργος, crasis for ὁ ἄστοργος.

ὠσφρόμην Ion. ὀσφράμην, aor. 2 med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

ῶσω, fut. of ὠθέω.

ὠτ-ἀκουστέω, f. ἦσω, (οὖς, ἀκούω) to *hearken* or *listen* *courteously* or *anxiously*.

ὦ τᾶν or ὦ τάν, see τᾶν.

ὠτάριον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, a *little ear*. [ἄ]

ῶτε, Dor. for ὥστε.

ὠτειλῆ, ἦ, (οὐτάω) a *wound*: later also a *scar*, Lat. *cicatrix*.

ὠτίον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, a *little ear*.

ῶτις, ἴδος, ἦ, (οὖς) a *bustard with long ear-feathers*.

ῶπτος, ὁ, Oios, son of Alöeus, brother of Ephialtes.

ῶτρῦνα, aor. I of ὀτρύνω.

ὠτώεις, εἶσα, εν, (οὖς) with *ears* or *handles*.

ωὔτος, Ion. and Dor. for ὁ αὐτός: also ὠτός or ωὔτος.

ῶφειλα, aor. I of ὀφέλλω.

ῶφέλεια Ion. ὠφελίη also in Att. ὠφελία, ἦ, (ὠφελέω) *help, aid, assistance, succour, especially in war*. 2. *profit, advantage, gain*: in plur. *gains, profits*.

ὠφελέω, f. ἦσώ: (ὠφέλος):—to *help, aid, assist,*

succour, benefit: to be of use or service to any one: absol. to be of use or service; οὐδὲν ὠφελεῖ it does no good: also with a neuter Adj., οὐδὲν τινα ὠφελεῖν to do one no service: sometimes c. dat. pers., like Lat. *prodesse*:—in phrase οὐδεὶς ἐρωτος τοῦδ' ἐφαίνετ' ὠφελῶν, the part. is taken as a Subst. a *helper*. II.

Pass. ὠφελούμαι, with fut. med. ὠφελήσομαι, pass. ὠφελήθησομαι:—to be helped, to receive help, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage; πρὸς τινας from a person or thing: so, ἕκ or ἀπὸ τινος; and c. dat., ὠφελείσθαι τινι to be profited by a thing: c. part., ὠφελείσθαι ἰδὼν to be benefited by the sight of a thing. Hence

ὠφέλημα, atos, τό, that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing. II. generally=ὠφελία, use, advantage, benefit.

ὠφέλησιμος, on, (ὠφελέω) useful, serviceable.

ὠφέλησις, εως, ἦ, (ὠφελέω) a *helping, aiding*: generally, *service, advantage*.

ὠφέλητέος, a, on, verb. Adj. of ὠφελέω, necessary or proper to be assisted. II. ὠφελητέον, one must assist.

ὠφέλεια, Att. for ὠφέλεια.

ὠφελίμος, on, sometimes also η, on, (ὠφελέω) *helping, aiding*: useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous. Adv. -μως: Sup. ὠφελιμώτατα.

ὠφέλλον, Ep. for ὠφελον.

ὠφέλον, aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

ὠφθην, aor. I of ὀράω, in pass. sense.

ὠφληκα, pf. of ὀφλισκάνω: ὠφλον, aor. 2.

ὠφρόντιστος, crasis for ὁ ἀφρόντιστος.

ῶχα, pf. of οἶγνυμι.

ῶχάτο, Ion. for ῶγήμενοι ἦσαν, 3 plur. plqpf. pass. of οἶγνυμι.

ῶχετο, ῶχοντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of οἶχομαι.

ῶχηκα, Ep. for ῶχωκα, pl. of οἶχομαι.

ῶχθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὀχθέω.

ῶχράω, f. ἦσω, (ῶχρός) to turn pale, be pale, wan, etc.

ῶχριάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], (ῶχρός) to be or turn pale.

ῶχροΨ, ᾶ, ὄν, pale, wan, sallow. Hence

ῶχρος, on, ὁ, or eos, τό, like ῶχρότης, paleness, wanness, esp. the paleness of fear.

ῶχωκα, Ion. pf. of οἶχομαι.

ῶψ, ἦ, gen. ὠπός acc. ὠπα, (ὠφωμαι, fut. of ὀράω) the eye, face, countenance; εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι τινι to look one full in the face: so absol., εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι but, θεῶς εἰς ὠπα ἔοικεν as to the face, i. e. in face she is like the goddesses.

FINIS.

πικτή	pygmy
Quæcus	congregationalise
εἰρητὴ	dungeon
Χιτταίω	enrich
κευρὸς	smooth

